

Fiscal Note



Fiscal Services Division

<u>HF 2531</u> – Nuisances, Adult Cabarets (LSB5507HV) Staff Contact: Justus Thompson (515.725.2249) justus.thompson@legis.iowa.gov Fiscal Note Version – New

Description

<u>House File 2531</u> provides the circumstances where an adult cabaret may be deemed to be a public safety nuisance and provides penalties. The Bill establishes when a city or county attorney may file suit to seek relief from an adult cabaret that has been deemed a public nuisance.

Background

lowa Code chapter <u>657</u> establishes what constitutes a nuisance and provides penalties. A person who is convicted of constructing, causing, or continuing a public or common nuisance is guilty of an aggravated misdemeanor.

An aggravated misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for up to two years and a fine of at least \$855 but not more than \$8,540.

Assumptions

- The following will not change over the projection period: charge, conviction, and sentencing patterns and trends; prisoner length of stay (LOS); revocation rates; plea bargaining; and other criminal justice system policies and practices.
- A delay of six months is assumed from the effective date of this Bill to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system.
- Marginal costs for county jails cannot be estimated due to a lack of data. For purposes of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails is assumed to be \$50 per day.

Correctional Impact

House File 2531 creates a new criminal offense, and the correctional impact cannot be estimated due to a lack of existing conviction data. **Figure 1** shows estimates for sentencing to State prison, parole, probation, or community-based corrections (CBC) residential facilities; LOS in months under those supervisions; and supervision marginal costs per day for aggravated misdemeanors. Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements</u>, dated January 16, 2024, for information related to the correctional system.

							Percent					
	Percent	FY 2023	Marginal	Percent	FY23		Sentenced		Percent			
	Ordered	Avg LOS in	Cost Per	Ordered	Field Avg	Avg Cost	to CBC	Marginal	Ordered	Marginal	FY23 Field	Marginal
	to State	Prison (All	Day	to	LOS on	Per Day on	Residential	Cost Per	to County	Cost Per	Avg LOS	Cost Per
Conviction Offense Class	Prison	Releases)	Prison	Probation	Probation	Probation	Facility	Day CBC	Jail	Day Jail	on Parole	Day Parole
Aggravated Misdemeanor (Non-Persons)	30.4%	7.5	\$24.94	45.0%	25.1	\$ 7.67	3.6%	\$ 20.00	71.7%	\$ 50.00	11.9	\$ 7.67

Figure 1 — Sentencing Estimate and Length of Stay (LOS)

Minority Impact

House File 2531 creates a new criminal offense. As a result, the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning (CJJP) of the Department of Management (DOM) cannot use existing data to estimate the minority impact of the Bill. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly,

<u>*Minority Impact Statement*</u>, dated January 16, 2024, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

House File 2531 creates a new criminal offense, and the fiscal impact cannot be estimated due to a lack of existing conviction data. The average State cost for an aggravated misdemeanor conviction ranges from \$7,500 to \$10,800. The estimated impact to the State General Fund includes operating costs incurred by the Judicial Branch, the Indigent Defense Fund, and the Department of Corrections (DOC). The cost would be incurred across multiple fiscal years for prison and parole supervision.

<u>Sources</u>

Department of Corrections Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning, Department of Management Legislative Services Agency

/s/ Jennifer Acton

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The fiscal note for this Bill was prepared pursuant to <u>Joint Rule 17</u> and the Iowa Code. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.

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