

# **Fiscal Note**



Fiscal Services Division

HF 94 – Counterfeit Money (LSB1612HV)

Staff Contact: Isabel Waller (515.281.6561) isabel.waller@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - New

# **Description**

<u>House File 94</u> prohibits using movie prop money for the purpose of obtaining property or services with the intent to defraud or injure anyone. This offense is punishable as follows:

- A Class C felony for property or services exceeding \$10,000 in value.
- A Class D felony for property or services exceeding \$1,500 in value but not exceeding \$10,000 in value.
- An aggravated misdemeanor for property or services exceeding \$750 in value but not exceeding \$1,500 in value.
- A serious misdemeanor for property or services exceeding \$300 in value but not exceeding \$750 in value.
- A simple misdemeanor for property or services not exceeding \$300 in value.

# **Background**

A Class C felony is punishable by confinement for up to 10 years and a fine of at least \$1,370 but not more than \$13,660. A Class D felony is punishable by confinement for up to five years and a fine of at least \$1,025 but not more than \$10,245. An aggravated misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for up to two years and a fine of at least \$855 but not more than \$8,540. A serious misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for up to one year and a fine of at least \$430 but not more than \$2,560. A simple misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for up to 30 days and a fine of at least \$105 but not more than \$855.

# **Assumptions**

- The following will not change over the projection period: charge, conviction, and sentencing
  patterns and trends; prisoner length of stay (LOS); revocation rates; plea bargaining; and
  other criminal justice system policies and practices.
- A lag effect of six months is assumed from the effective date of this Bill to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system.
- Marginal costs for county jails cannot be estimated due to a lack of data. For purposes of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails is assumed to be \$50 per day.

#### **Correctional Impact**

House File 94 creates a new criminal offense, and the correctional impact cannot be estimated for the Bill due to a lack of existing conviction data. **Table 1** below shows estimates for sentencing to State prison, parole, probation, or community-based corrections (CBC) residential facilities; LOS under those supervisions; and supervision marginal costs per day for all convictions of Class C felonies, Class D felonies, aggravated misdemeanors, and serious misdemeanors. A conviction for a simple misdemeanor does not result in a prison sentence, but does carry the possibility of confinement for up to 30 days. Marginal county jail costs are estimated to be \$50 per day. Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly.

<u>Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements</u>, dated January 20, 2023, for information related to the correctional system.

Table 1 — Sentencing Estimates and Length of Stay (LOS)

Conviction Offense Class	Percent Ordered to State Prison			Ordered to	FY 22 Avg LOS on Probation In Months	Cost Per Day	Residential	Marginal		Marginal	_	FY 22 Marginal Cost Per Day Parole
C Felony (Non-Persons)	84.2%	20.9	\$23.42	67.4%	38.7	\$7.27	12.0%	\$20.67	31.5%	\$50.00	22.8	\$7.27
D Felony (Non-Persons)	83.9%	13.9	\$23.42	68.0%	33.5	\$7.27	13.3%	\$20.67	31.4%	\$50.00	15.5	\$7.27
Aggravated Misdemeanor (Non-Persons)	31.4%	7.5	\$23.42	45.6%	20.7	\$7.27	3.3%	\$20.67	72.2%	\$50.00	8.2	\$7.27
Serious Misdemeanor	1.9%	5.5	\$23.42	51.2%	13.7	\$7.27	0.9%	\$20.67	73.3%	\$50.00	0.5	\$7.27

# **Minority Impact**

House File 94 establishes a new offense. As a result, the Division of Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning (CJJP) of the Department of Human Rights cannot use existing data to estimate the minority impact of the Bill. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, *Minority Impact Statement*, dated January 20, 2023, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

# **Fiscal Impact**

House File 94 establishes a new offense, and the fiscal impact cannot be estimated due to a lack of existing conviction data. **Table 2** below shows the average State cost per offense for a Class C felony, Class D felony, aggravated misdemeanor, serious misdemeanor, and simple misdemeanor. The estimated impact to the State General Fund includes operating costs incurred by the Judicial Branch, the Indigent Defense Fund, and the Department of Corrections (DOC). The cost would be incurred across multiple fiscal years for prison and parole supervision.

Table 2 — Average State	e Cost Per Offense
Class C Felony	\$12,100 to \$25,100
Class D Felony	\$9,500 to \$17,400
Aggravated Misdemeanor	\$5,000 to \$9,600
Serious Misdemeanor	\$400 to \$5,600
Simple Misdemeanor	\$35 to \$375

# **Sources**

Division of C	Criminal	and Juvenile	Justice	Planning,	Department	of Human	Rights
Legislative S	Services	Agency					

 /s/ Jennifer Acton	
January 25, 2023	

Doc ID 1367697

The fiscal note for this Bill was prepared pursuant to <u>Joint Rule 17</u> and the Iowa Code. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.

www.legis.iowa.gov