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CHAPTER 1  
ADMINISTRATION

MISSION STATEMENT

The department's mission is to assure state and federal program integrity by adjudicating, examining, and enforcing compliance to protect the health, safety and welfare of Iowans.

**481—1.1(10A) Organization.**

**1.1(1) *Overview of the department.*** The Iowa department of inspections and appeals was established by Iowa Code sections 10A.101 to 10A.801. The chief executive officer of the department is the director of the department of inspections and appeals who shall be appointed by the governor to serve at the pleasure of the governor subject to confirmation by the senate no less frequently than every four years.

**1.1(2) *Appointment of deputy.*** The director is assisted by a deputy director who is appointed by the director of inspections and appeals.

**1.1(3) *Organization of department.*** The department is organized into divisions which are further divided into bureaus and units.

**1.1(4) *Director's duties.*** The director has general supervision over the administration and operation of all divisions. The director also develops statewide programs in compliance with the goals of the department.

**1.1(5) *Deputy director's duties.*** The deputy director serves as the principal deputy to the director. The deputy director represents the director in various capacities as directed.

**1.1(6) *Issuance of subpoenas.*** The director, or designee of the director, shall have the authority to issue subpoenas in accordance with the provisions of Iowa Code sections 10A.104(6) and 17A.13. In connection with audits, appeals, investigations, inspections, hearings, and any other permissible matters conducted by the department, the director, or designee of the director, may, upon the written request of a department employee or on the director's own initiative:

*a.* Issue subpoena duces tecum for the production and delivery of books, papers, records and other real evidence; and

*b.* Issue subpoenas for the appearance of persons to provide statements, statements under oath and depositions.

**1.1(7) *Contents of subpoenas.*** Each subpoena shall contain the following:

*a.* The name and address of the person to whom the subpoena is directed;

*b.* The date, time and location for the appearance of the person;

*c.* A description of the books, papers, records or other real evidence requested;

*d.* The date, time and location for production, inspections, or copying of the books, papers, records or other real evidence;

*e.* The signature and address of the director or designee;

*f.* The name, address and telephone number of a department employee who can be contacted for purposes of providing clarification or assistance in compliance with the subpoena;

*g.* The date of issuance; and

*h.* A return of service.

**1.1(8) *Motions to quash or modify subpoena.*** A person who desires to challenge a subpoena directed to that person must, within ten days after service of the subpoena, or before the time specified for compliance, if such time is less than ten days, file with the director a motion to quash or modify the subpoena. Upon receipt of a timely motion to quash or modify a subpoena, the director or the director's designee may issue a decision or request an administrative law judge to issue a decision. Oral argument may be scheduled and conducted at the discretion of the director or the director's designee or the administrative law judge. The director or the director's designee or the administrative law judge may quash or modify the subpoena, deny the motion, or issue other appropriate orders. A person aggrieved by a ruling of an administrative law judge and who desires to challenge that ruling must appeal the ruling to the director by serving the director, either in person or by certified mail, a notice of

appeal within ten days after service of the decision of the administrative law judge. The director's or the director's designee's decision is final for purposes of judicial review.

**1.1(9) Failure to comply with subpoena.** If the person to whom the subpoena is directed refuses or fails to obey the subpoena, the director, or the director's designee, may cause a petition to be filed in the Iowa district court seeking an order for the person's compliance. Failure to obey orders of that court shall render the person in contempt of the court and subject to penalties provided for that offense.

[ARC 8431B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—1.2(10A) Definitions.** For rules of the department of inspections and appeals[481], the following definitions apply:

*"Department"* means the department of inspections and appeals.

*"Director"* means the director of the department.

[ARC 8431B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—1.3(10A) Administration division.** This division provides administrative support to the department, including fiscal, policy and planning, information technology, and public information. This division negotiates and provides oversight for compacts entered into between the state of Iowa and Indian tribes located in the state. The division certifies targeted small businesses. The division also inspects and licenses the following entities:

1. Social and charitable gambling pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 99B;
2. Food establishments, including but not limited to restaurants, vending establishments, and mobile food units;
3. Hotels, home food establishments, and egg handlers;
4. Inspections for sanitation in any locality of the state upon written petition of five or more residents of the locality.

[ARC 8431B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—1.4(10A) Investigations division.** This division conducts audits and investigations, including but not limited to the following:

1. Investigations relative to the practice of regulated professions and occupations, except those within the jurisdiction of the board of medicine, the board of pharmacy, the dental board, and the board of nursing.
2. Audits relative to the administration of hospitals and health care facilities.
3. Audits relative to administration and disbursement of funding under the state supplementary assistance program.
4. Investigations and collections relative to the liquidation of overpayment debts owed to the department of human services.
5. Investigations relative to the operations of the department on aging.
6. Investigations relative to the administration of the state supplemental assistance program, the state medical assistance program, the food assistance program, the family investment program, and any other state or federal benefit assistance program.
7. Investigations relative to the internal affairs and operations of agencies and departments within the executive branch of state government, except for institutions governed by the state board of regents.
8. Investigations relative to Medicaid fraud and dependent adult abuse.

[ARC 8431B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—1.5(10A) Health facilities division.** This division conducts inspections and investigations, including but not limited to the following:

1. Investigations relative to the standards and practices of hospitals, hospice programs, and health care facilities.
2. Inspections and other licensing procedures relative to hospice programs, hospitals, and health care facilities. The division shall be the sole designated licensing authority for these programs and facilities.



3. Inspections relative to hospital and health care facility construction projects.
  4. Inspections of child foster care facilities and private institutions for the care of dependent, neglected, and delinquent children.
  5. Inspections and certification of elder group homes, assisted living programs, and adult day services programs.
  6. Registration of boarding homes.
  7. Investigation of dependent adult abuse in facilities and programs.
- [ARC 8431B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—1.6(10A) Administrative hearings division.** The division conducts contested case hearings for state agencies, departments, boards, and commissions. In addition, the division conducts contested case hearings for some counties and municipalities.

**1.6(1)** All hearings are governed by Iowa Code chapter 17A, other applicable statutes, including the transmitting agency's enabling statute and the statute authorizing the action taken, applicable agency rules, and the department's administrative rules found at 481—Chapter 10.

**1.6(2)** The administrator shall coordinate the division's conduct of all hearings.  
[ARC 8431B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—1.7(10A) Administering discretion.** Nothing in the aforesaid allocation of duties shall be interpreted to prevent flexibility in interdepartmental operations or to forbid other divisional allocations of duties in the discretion of the director.  
[ARC 8431B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—1.8(10A) Employment appeal board.** The employment appeal board consists of three members appointed by the governor, subject to confirmation by the senate, to staggered six-year terms. One member shall be qualified by experience and affiliation to represent employers, one member shall be qualified by experience and affiliation to represent employees, and one member shall represent the general public. This board hears and decides contested cases under Iowa Code chapters 8A, subchapter IV, 80, 88, 96, and 97B in accordance with administrative rules promulgated by the employment appeal board.  
[ARC 8431B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—1.9(10A,237) Child advocacy board.** The child advocacy board consists of nine members appointed by the governor, subject to confirmation by the senate. This board administers foster care review and the court appointed special advocate programs, as defined in Iowa Code section 237.18, in accordance with administrative rules promulgated by the board.  
[ARC 8431B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—1.10(10A,13B) State public defender.** The governor shall appoint the state public defender, who shall serve at the pleasure of the governor, subject to confirmation by the senate. The state public defender shall coordinate the provision of legal representation of all indigents under arrest or charged with a crime, seeking postconviction relief, against whom a contempt action is pending, in proceedings under Iowa Code section 811.1A or Iowa Code chapter 229A or 812, in juvenile proceedings, on appeal in criminal cases, and on appeal in proceedings to obtain postconviction relief when ordered to do so by the district court in which the judgment or order was issued, and may provide for the representation of indigents in proceedings instituted pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 908.  
[ARC 8431B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—1.11(10A,99D,99F) Racing and gaming commission.** The Iowa racing and gaming commission regulates pari-mutuel dog and horse racing, gambling structures, and excursion gambling boats in Iowa. The commission, whose five members are appointed by the governor, seeks to preserve the integrity of these industries and to maintain confidence in the industries by protecting the public. In performing its duties, the commission investigates the eligibility of applicants for licensure and selects those that can best serve the citizens of Iowa. The commission adopts standards for the licensing of racing industry

occupations, as well as standards for the operation of all race meetings and facilities. The commission also adopts standards for the operation and licensing of gambling structures and excursion gambling boats.

[ARC 8431B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—1.12(10A) Health facilities division.** Rescinded IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapters 10A, 13B, 99D, 99F, and 237.

[Filed emergency 7/1/86—published 7/16/86, effective 7/1/86]

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[Filed 4/26/02, Notice 3/20/02—published 5/15/02, effective 6/19/02]

[Filed ARC 8431B (Notice ARC 8242B, IAB 10/21/09), IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

CHAPTER 2  
PETITIONS FOR RULE MAKING

**481—2.1(17A) Petition for rule making.** Any person or agency may file a petition for rule making with the agency at the Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319. A petition is deemed filed when it is received by that office. The agency must provide the petitioner with a file-stamped copy of the petition if the petitioner provides the agency an extra copy for this purpose. The petition must be typewritten or legibly handwritten in ink and must substantially conform to the following form:

|   |   |                             |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| IOWA DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS AND APPEALS  |   |                             |
| Petition by (Name of Original Petitioner)<br>for (the adoption, amendment, or repeal)<br>of rules relating to (state subject matter). | } | PETITION FOR<br>RULE MAKING |

The petition must provide the following information:

1. A statement of the specific rule-making action sought by the petitioner including the text or a summary of the contents of the proposed rule or amendment to a rule and, if it is a petition to amend or repeal a rule, a citation and the relevant language to the particular portion or portions of the rule proposed to be amended or repealed.
2. A citation to any law deemed relevant to the agency's authority to take the action urged or to the desirability of that action.
3. A brief summary of petitioner's arguments in support of the action urged in the petition.
4. A brief summary of any data supporting the action urged in the petition.
5. The names and addresses of other persons, or a description of any class of persons, known by petitioner to be affected by, or interested in, the proposed action which is the subject of the petition.
6. Any request by petitioner for a meeting provided for by 2.4(17A).

**2.1(1)** The petition must be dated and signed by the petitioner or the petitioner's representative. It must also include the name, mailing address, and telephone number of the petitioner and petitioner's representative, and a statement indicating the person to whom communications concerning the petition should be directed.

**2.1(2)** The agency may deny a petition because it does not substantially conform to the required form.

**481—2.2(17A) Briefs.** The petitioner may attach a brief to the petition in support of the action urged in the petition. The agency may request a brief from the petitioner or from any other person concerning the substance of the petition.

**481—2.3(17A) Inquiries.** Inquiries concerning the status of a petition for rule making may be made to the director of the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

**481—2.4(17A) Agency consideration.**

**2.4(1)** Within 14 days after the filing of a petition, the agency must submit a copy of the petition and any accompanying brief to the administrative rules coordinator and to the administrative rules review committee. Upon request by petitioner in the petition, the agency must schedule a brief and informal meeting between the petitioner and the agency, a member of the agency, or a member of the staff of the agency, to discuss the petition. The agency may request the petitioner to submit additional information or argument concerning the petition. The agency may also solicit comments from any person on the substance of the petition. Also, comments on the substance of the petition may be submitted to the agency by any person.

**2.4(2)** Within 60 days after the filing of the petition, or within any longer period agreed to by the petitioner, the agency must, in writing, deny the petition, and notify petitioner of its action and the specific grounds for the denial, or grant the petition and notify petitioner that it has instituted rule-making

proceedings on the subject of the petition. Petitioner shall be deemed notified of the denial or grant of the petition on the date when the agency mails or delivers the required notification to petitioner.

**2.4(3)** Denial of a petition because it does not substantially conform to the required form does not preclude the filing of a new petition on the same subject that seeks to eliminate the grounds for the agency's rejection of the petition.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 17A.7 as amended by 1998 Iowa Acts, chapter 1202, section 11.

[Filed emergency 7/1/86—published 7/16/86, effective 7/1/86]

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[Filed 4/29/99, Notice 3/24/99—published 5/19/99, effective 7/1/99]

CHAPTER 3  
DECLARATORY ORDERS

The department of inspections and appeals adopts the declaratory orders segment of the Uniform Rules on Agency Procedure printed in the first volume of the Iowa Administrative Code with the following amendments.

**481—3.1(17A) Petition for declaratory order.** In lieu of the words “(designate agency)”, insert “department”. In lieu of the words “(designate office)”, insert “the Director’s Office, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, 321 East 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083”. In lieu of the words “(AGENCY NAME)”, the heading on the petition form should read:

BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS AND APPEALS

**481—3.2(17A) Notice of petition.** In lieu of the words “ \_\_\_ days (15 or less)”, insert “15 days”. In lieu of the words “(designate agency)”, insert “department”.

**481—3.3(17A) Intervention.**

**3.3(1)** In lieu of the words “within \_\_\_ days”, insert “within 15 days”. Strike the words “(after time for notice under X.2(17A))”. In lieu of the number “X.8(17A)”, insert “3.8(17A)”.

**3.3(2)** In lieu of the words “(designate agency)”, insert “the department”.

**3.3(3)** In lieu of the words “(designate office)”, insert “the Director’s Office, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, 321 East 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083”. In lieu of the words “(designate agency)”, insert “department”. In lieu of the words “(AGENCY NAME)”, the heading on the petition form should read:

BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS AND APPEALS

**481—3.4(17A) Briefs.** In lieu of the words “(designate agency)”, insert “department”.

**481—3.5(17A) Inquiries.** In lieu of the words “(designate official by full title and address)”, insert “the Director, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, 321 East 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083”.

**481—3.6(17A) Service and filing of petitions and other papers.**

**3.6(2)** In lieu of the words “(specify office and address)”, insert “the Director’s Office, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, 321 East 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083”. In lieu of the words “(agency name)”, insert “department”.

**3.6(3)** In lieu of the words “(uniform rule on contested cases X.12(17A))”, insert “rule 481—10.12(17A)”.

**481—3.7(17A) Consideration.** In lieu of the words “(designate agency)”, insert “department”.

**481—3.8(17A) Action on petition.**

**3.8(1)** In lieu of the words “(designate agency head)”, insert “director”.

**3.8(2)** In lieu of the words “(contested case uniform rule X.2(17A))”, insert “rule 481—10.1(10A)”.

**481—3.9(17A) Refusal to issue order.**

**3.9(1)** In lieu of the words “(designate agency)”, insert “department”.

**481—3.12(17A) Effect of a declaratory order.** In lieu of the words “(designate agency)”, insert “department”.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 17A as amended by 1998 Iowa Acts, chapter 1202, section 13.

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[Filed 2/6/87, Notice 10/8/86—published 2/25/87, effective 4/1/87]

[Filed 4/29/99, Notice 3/24/99—published 5/19/99, effective 7/1/99]

CHAPTER 4  
AGENCY PROCEDURE FOR RULE MAKING

[481—Chapter 4 renumbered as 481—Chapter 10, effective 3/16/88.]

The department of inspections and appeals adopts the agency procedure for rule making segment of the Uniform Administrative Rules printed in the first Volume of the Iowa Administrative Code with the following amendments.

**481—4.3(17A) Public rule-making docket.**

**4.3(2) *Anticipated rule making.*** In lieu of the words “(commission, board, council, director)” insert “director”.

**481—4.4(17A) Notice of proposed rule making.**

**4.4(3) *Notices mailed.*** In lieu of the words “(specify time period)” insert “one calendar year”.

**481—4.5(17A) Public participation.**

**4.5(1) *Written comments.*** Strike the words “(identify office and address) or”.

**4.5(5) *Accessibility.*** In lieu of the words “(designate office and telephone number)”, insert “the administrative services bureau at (515)281-6407”.

**481—4.6(17A) Regulatory analysis.**

**4.6(2) *Mailing list.*** In lieu of the words “(designate office)”, insert “Director’s Office, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319”.

**481—4.10(17A) Exemptions from public rule-making procedures.**

**4.10(2) *Categories exempt.*** In lieu of the words “(List here narrowly drawn classes of rules where such an exemption is justified and a brief statement of the reasons for exempting each of them)”, insert the following:

“a. Rules which are mandated by federal law or regulation in any situation where the department has no option but to adopt specified rules or where federal funding is contingent upon the adoption of the rules;

“b. Rules which implement recent legislation when a statute provides for an effective date which does not allow for the usual notice and public participation requirements;

“c. Rules which confer a benefit or remove a restriction on licensees, the public or some segment of the public;

“d. Rules which are necessary because of imminent peril to the public health, safety or welfare; and

“e. Nonsubstantive rules intended to correct typographical errors, incorrect citations, or other errors in existing rules.”

**481—4.11(17A) Concise statement of reasons.**

**4.11(1) *General.*** In lieu of the words “(specify the office and address)” insert “Director’s Office, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319”.

**481—4.13(17A) Agency rule-making record.**

**4.13(2) *Contents.*** Amend paragraph “c” by inserting “director” in lieu of “(agency head)”.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 17A as amended by 1998 Iowa Acts, chapter 1202, and Iowa Code section 25B.6.

[Filed 1/22/88, Notice 12/16/87—published 2/10/88, effective 3/16/88]

[Filed 4/29/99, Notice 3/24/99—published 5/19/99, effective 7/1/99]





CHAPTER 5  
PUBLIC RECORDS AND FAIR INFORMATION PRACTICES

[481—Chapter 5 renumbered as 481—Chapter 11, IAB 2/10/88, effective 3/16/88]

The department of inspections and appeals adopts, with the following exceptions and amendments, rules of the Governor’s Task Force on Uniform Rules of Agency Procedure relating to public records and fair information practices printed in the first volume of the Iowa Administrative Code.

**481—5.1(17A,22) Definitions.** As used in this chapter:

“*Agency.*” In lieu of the words “(official or body issuing these rules)”, insert “department of inspections and appeals”.

“*Custodian*” means an agency, which owns and exercises control over public records. The originating agency, if any, is the custodian of records which are used to perform work or a service for the originating agency.

“*Originating agency*” means any government agency which has requested the department to perform work or a service on its behalf. An originating agency retains custody of all records provided by the originating agency to the department.

**481—5.3(17A,22) Requests for access to records.**

**5.3(1) Location of record.** In lieu of the words “(insert agency head)”, insert “director”. In lieu of the words “(insert agency name and address)”, insert “Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319”.

**5.3(2) Office hours.** In lieu of the words “(insert customary office hours, and if agency does not have customary office hours of at least thirty hours per week, insert hours specified in Iowa Code section 22.4)”, insert “8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday through Friday except legal holidays.”

**5.3(7) Fees.**

*c. Supervisory fee.* In lieu of “(specify time period)” insert “one hour”.

**481—5.6(17A,22) Procedure by which a subject may have additions, dissents, or objections entered into the record.** In lieu of the words “(designate office)” insert “the originating agency, or to the director’s office”.

**481—5.9(17A,22) Disclosures without the consent of the subject.**

**5.9(1)** Open records are routinely disclosed without the consent of the subject.

**5.9(2)** To the extent allowed by law, disclosure of confidential records may occur without the consent of the subject. Following are instances where disclosure, if lawful, will generally occur without notice to the subject:

*a.* For a routine use as defined in rule 5.10(17A,22) or in the notice for a particular record system.  
*b.* To a recipient who has provided the agency with advance written assurance that the record will be used solely as a statistical research or reporting record, provided that the record is transferred in a form that does not identify the subject.

*c.* To another government agency or to an instrumentality of any governmental jurisdiction within or under the control of the United States for a civil or criminal law enforcement activity if the activity is authorized by law, and if an authorized representative of such government agency or instrumentality has submitted a written request to the agency specifying the record desired and the law enforcement activity for which the record is sought.

*d.* To an individual pursuant to a showing of compelling circumstances affecting the health or safety of any individual if a notice of the disclosure is transmitted to the last-known address of the subject.

*e.* To the legislative services agency under Iowa Code section 2A.3.

*f.* Disclosures in the course of employee disciplinary proceedings.

*g.* In response to a court order or subpoena.

**481—5.10(17A,22) Routine use.** “Routine use” means the disclosure of a record without the consent of the subject or subjects, for a purpose which is compatible with the purpose for which the record was

collected. It includes disclosures required to be made by statute other than the public records law, Iowa Code chapter 22.

To the extent allowed by law, the following uses are considered routine uses of all agency records:

1. Disclosure to those officers, employees, and agents of the department or the originating agency who have a need for the record in the performance of their duties. The custodian of the record may, upon request of any officer or employee, or on the custodian's own initiative, determine what constitutes legitimate need to use confidential records.
2. Disclosure of information indicating an apparent violation of the law to appropriate law enforcement authorities for investigation and possible criminal prosecution, civil court action, or regulatory order.
3. Transfers of information within the agency, to other state agencies, or to local units of government as appropriate to administer the program for which the information is collected.
4. Information released to staff of federal and state entities for audit purposes or for purposes of determining whether the agency is operating a program lawfully.
5. Any disclosure specifically authorized by the statute under which the record was collected or maintained.
6. Information transferred to any originating agency when inspections and appeals department has completed the authorized audit, investigation, or inspection.

**481—5.11(17A,22) Consensual disclosure of confidential records.**

**5.11(1)** *Consent to disclosure by a subject individual.* To the extent permitted by law, the subject may consent in writing to agency disclosure of confidential records as provided in rule 5.7(17A,22).

**5.11(2)** *Complaints to public officials.* A letter from a subject of a confidential record to a public official which seeks the official's intervention on behalf of the subject in a matter that involves the agency may to the extent permitted by law be treated as an authorization to release sufficient information about the subject to the official to resolve the matter.

**5.11(3)** *Obtaining information from a third party.* The department of inspections and appeals occasionally requests personally identifiable information from third parties during the course of its authorized audits, investigations, hearings or inspections. Requests to third parties for this information involve the release of confidential identifying information. These requests shall be made according to the following rules:

481—21.3(10A) indicates when the department may review trust account records.

481—72.3(10A) describes investigation procedures including forms used by food stamp investigators.

481—73.6(10A) explains audit investigative procedures used in Medicaid provider audits or investigations.

481—74.3(10A) describes procedures used to investigate possible public assistance fraud.

**5.11(4)** *Child support recovery unit.* Under the provision of Iowa Code Supplement section 252J.2(4), the department may share information with the child support recovery unit of the department of human services through manual or automated means for the sole purpose of identifying licensees or license applicants subject to enforcement under Iowa Code Supplement chapter 252J or 598.

**481—5.12(17A,22) Release to subject.**

**5.12(1)** A written request to review confidential records may be filed by the subject of the record as provided in rule 5.6(17A,22). The department need not release the following records to the subject:

*a.* The identity of a person providing information to the agency need not be disclosed directly or indirectly to the subject of the information when the information is authorized to be held confidential pursuant to Iowa Code section 22.7(18) or other provision of law.

*b.* Records need not be disclosed to the subject when they are the work product of an attorney, or a hearing officer's personal notations to be used by the hearing officer and not intended for public dissemination; or they are otherwise privileged.

c. Investigative reports may be withheld from the subject, except as required by the Iowa Code. (Iowa Code section 22.7(5).)

d. Others authorized by law.

**5.12(2)** Where a record has multiple subjects with interest in the confidentiality of the record, the department may take reasonable steps to protect confidential information relating to another subject.

The list below indicates rules prohibiting release.

1. 481—21.5(10A). Real estate broker trust account information is governed by Iowa Code section 272C.6(4).

2. 481—22.2(10A). Health care facility audits are confidential under Iowa Code section 217.30.

3. 481—40.4(10A). DHS determines accessibility of foster care inspection records.

4. 481—50.8(22,135B,135C). Survey information is confidential pursuant to Iowa Code sections 135B.12 and 135C.19.

5. 481—71.9(10A). Recoupment records and appeals and hearing records are governed by Human Services rules and Iowa Code section 217.30.

6. 481—72.4(10A). Food stamp investigation records are released only to DHS when an investigation is complete.

7. 481—73.8(10A). Iowa Code sections 10A.105, 17A.2(7)“f,” and 22.7(18) describe some of the investigation records as confidential.

8. 481—74.3(1)“e.” Economic assistance fraud bureau investigative material is not released pursuant to Iowa Code sections 10A.105, 17A.2(7)“f,” and 22.7(18).

In all cases, the originating agency shall determine whether records may be released.

**481—5.13(17A,22) Availability of records.** Agency records are open for public inspection and copying unless otherwise provided by rule or law.

**5.13(1) Confidential records.** The following records may be withheld from public inspection. Records are listed by category, according to the legal basis for withholding them from public inspection.

a. Sealed bids received prior to the time set for public opening of bids. (Iowa Code section 72.3)

b. Tax records made available to the agency.

c. Exempt records under Iowa Code section 22.7.

d. Minutes of closed meetings of a government body. (Iowa Code section 21.5(4))

e. Identifying details in final orders, decisions and opinions to the extent required to prevent a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy or trade secrets under Iowa Code section 17A.3(1)“d.”

f. Those portions of department staff manuals, instructions or other statements issued which set forth criteria or guidelines to be used by department staff in auditing, in making inspections, in settling commercial disputes or negotiating commercial arrangements, or in the selection or handling of cases, such as operational tactics or allowable tolerances or criteria for the defense, prosecution or settlement of cases, when disclosure of these statements would:

(1) Enable law violators to avoid detection;

(2) Facilitate disregard of requirements imposed by law; or

(3) Give a clearly improper advantage to persons who are in an adverse position to the agency. (See Iowa Code sections 17A.2, 17A.3)

g. Confidential records are also described in the rules of each division as follows:

(1) Inspection records—Chapters 50 to 69.

(2) Investigation records—Chapters 70 to 74.

(3) Audit records—Chapters 21 and 22.

(4) Hearing records—Chapters 10 and 11.

h. Records which constitute attorney work product, attorney-client communications, or which are otherwise privileged. Attorney work product is confidential under Iowa Code sections 22.7(4), 622.10 and 622.11, Iowa R.C.P. 122(c), Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(3), and case law. Attorney-client communications are confidential under Iowa Code sections 622.10 and 622.11, the rules of evidence, the Code of Professional Responsibility, and case law.

i. Any other records made confidential by law.

Iowa Code sections 10A.105, 22.7, 135B.12, 135C.19, 217.30, and 272C.6 contain specific authority.  
**5.13(2)** Reserved.

**481—5.14(17A,22) Authority to release confidential records.** The department may have discretion to disclose some confidential records which are exempt from disclosure under Iowa Code section 22.7 or other law. Any person may request permission to inspect records withheld from inspection under a statute which authorizes limited or discretionary disclosure as provided in rule 5.4(17A,22). If the department initially determines that it will release these records, the department may notify interested parties and withhold the records from inspection as provided in subrule 5.4(3).

**481—5.15(17A,22) Personnel files.** The agency maintains files containing information about employees, families and dependents, and applicants for positions with the agency. The files include payroll records, biographical information, medical information relating to disability, performance reviews and evaluations, disciplinary information, information required for tax withholding, information concerning employee benefits, affirmative action reports, and other information concerning the employer-employee relationship. Some of this information is confidential under Iowa Code section 22.7(11).

**481—5.16(17A,22) Personally identifiable information.** The department maintains systems of records which contain personally identifiable information.

**5.16(1) Rule making.** Rule-making records may contain information about people who make written or oral comments about proposed rules. Iowa Code section 17A.4 requires collection and retention of this information. It cannot be retrieved by an individual identifier. It is not stored in a computer system.

During the rule-writing process, committees are occasionally used to gather basic information. Minutes of committee meetings are available for public inspection. The minutes are retained. Minutes of meetings are not retrievable by personal identifier. Minutes collected and stored in the health facilities division are available from the Health Facilities Division, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319, in compliance with Iowa Code section 135C.14.

**5.16(2) Appeals and fair hearings division.** Contested case records are maintained in paper and computer files and contain names and identifying numbers of people involved. Evidence and documents submitted as a result of a hearing are contained in the contested case records.

Records are collected by authority of Iowa Code section 10A.202. None of the information stored in a data processing system is compared with information in any other data processing system.

Records of hearings are recorded on magnetic cassette tapes or in written transcripts.

**5.16(3) Appellate defender.** By authority of Iowa Code chapter 13B, the appellate defender maintains information and records relating to criminal and postconviction relief cases that are being appealed. Records contain names and identifying numbers of persons involved in these cases, and are maintained in paper files. Case information is not stored in a data processing system and cannot be compared with information in any data processing system. By authority of Iowa Code section 910A.13, the appellate defender shall not disclose the names of child victims. Presentence investigation reports in the possession of the appellate defender are confidential records pursuant to Iowa Code section 901.4.

Litigation files or records contain information regarding litigation or anticipated litigation, which includes judicial and administrative proceedings. The records include briefs, depositions, docket sheets, documents, correspondence, attorney's notes, memoranda, research materials, witness information, investigation materials, information compiled under the direction of the attorney, and case management records. The files contain material which is confidential as attorney work product and attorney-client communications. Some materials are confidential under other applicable provisions of law or because of a court order. Persons wishing copies of pleadings and other documents filed in litigation should obtain them from the clerk of the appropriate court which maintains the official copy.

**5.16(4) Audits division.** Paper files stored according to a person's or company's name are collected for purposes of auditing gaming, beer, wine, liquor, or real estate licenses. In each case the name of the

licensee is part of the record. The list below shows Iowa Code authority for collection of information about those who hold:

- Gaming licenses, 99B.2(2)
- Beer permits, 123.138
- Liquor control licenses, 123.33
- Wine permits, 123.185
- Real estate broker licenses, 543B.46

The audits division can also access computer records about real estate brokers or sales people by name. The data processing system is owned by the department of commerce. Historical information regarding licensure, audits, and disciplinary action is stored in this system.

All of these records are used to conduct audits according to Iowa Code section 10A.302.

**5.16(5)** *Investigations division.* Paper and data processing files are stored and are retrievable using a name, social security number, or state identification number. Computer records are also kept on microfiche. Personal computer floppy disks are used to monitor referral information and civil or small claims actions.

All records are collected and stored by the investigations division pursuant to Iowa Code section 10A.402. All records are collected to decrease mispayments in human services programs or to help collect funds paid in error.

Comparisons between record systems are explained in rule 481—71.8(10A).

**5.16(6)** *Inspections division.*

*a.* By authority of Iowa Code chapters 232 and 217, child protective investigation records are collected in paper files and may contain names and social security numbers of people involved in child protective investigations. The division does not compare these records with information on a data processing system.

*b.* Names or social security numbers collected during license processing are stored in paper and computer files pursuant to Iowa Code section 10A.501(2).

*c.* The records in health facilities are not retrievable by personal identifier. A list of records considered confidential is available in rule 481—50.8(10A).

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.105, 22.7, 22.11, 135B.12, 135C.19, 217.30 and 272C.6.

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[Filed emergency 11/30/95—published 12/20/95, effective 11/30/95]



CHAPTER 6  
UNIFORM WAIVER AND VARIANCE RULES

**481—6.1(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Applicability.** This chapter outlines a uniform process for the granting of waivers or variances from rules adopted by the department. The intent of this chapter is to allow persons to seek exceptions to the application of rules issued by the department.

**481—6.2(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Definitions.**

*“Attached units”* means units attached to the department and includes the employment appeal board, hospital licensing board, state citizen foster care review board, racing and gaming commission, and state public defender’s office.

*“Department”* means the department of inspections and appeals authorized by Iowa Code chapter 10A, which is comprised of the administrative division, administrative hearings division, audits division, health facilities division, inspections division and investigations division. Pursuant to Iowa Code section 7E.2(5), five attached units are included in the department.

*“Director”* means the director of the department of inspections and appeals or the director’s designee.

*“Director/board”* means the director, board, commission or state public defender depending on which one has the decision-making authority pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 10A or 7E.

*“Person”* means an individual, corporation, limited liability company, government or governmental subdivision or association, or any legal entity.

**481—6.3(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Interpretive rules.** This chapter shall not apply to rules that merely define the meaning of a statute or other provision of law or precedent if the department does not possess delegated authority to bind the courts to any extent with its definition.

**481—6.4(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Compliance with statute.** The department shall not grant a petition for waiver or a variance from a rule unless a statute or other provision of law has delegated authority to the department sufficient to justify that action and the waiver or variance is consistent with the statute or other provision of law. No waiver or variance may be granted from a requirement that is imposed by statute, unless the statute itself specifically authorizes that action. Any waiver or variance must be consistent with statute.

**481—6.5(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Criteria for waiver or variance.** At the sole discretion of the director/board, the director/board may issue an order, in response to a completed petition or on the department’s own motion, granting a waiver or variance from a rule adopted by the department, in whole or in part, as applied to the circumstances of a specified person or a specific and narrowly drawn class of persons if the director/board finds based on clear and convincing evidence that:

1. The application of the rule to the petitioner would pose an undue hardship on the person or class of persons for whom the waiver or variance is requested;
2. The waiver or variance from the requirements of a rule in the specific case would not prejudice the substantial legal rights of any person;
3. The provisions of a rule subject to a petition for a waiver or variance are not specifically mandated by statute or another provision of law; and
4. Substantially equal protection of public health, safety, and welfare will be afforded by a means other than that prescribed in the particular rule for which the waiver or variance is requested.

**481—6.6(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Filing of petition.** A petition for a waiver or variance must be submitted in writing to the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Office of the Director, Lucas State Office Building, 321 East 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319. If the petition relates to a pending contested case, the petition shall also be filed in the contested case proceeding.

**481—6.7(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Content of petition.** A petition for waiver or variance shall include the following information where applicable and known to the requester:

1. The name, address, and telephone number of the entity or person for whom a waiver or variance is being requested and the case number of any related contested case.
2. A description and citation of the specific rule from which a waiver or variance is requested.
3. The specific waiver or variance requested, including the precise scope and operative period that the waiver or variance will extend.
4. The relevant facts that the petitioner believes would justify a waiver or variance. This statement shall include a signed statement from the petitioner attesting to the accuracy of the facts provided in the petition and a statement of reasons that the petitioner believes will justify a waiver or variance.
5. A history of any prior contacts between the department and the petitioner relating to the regulated activity, license, appeal, hearing, audit, investigation, inspection, representation or other assigned function of the department that would be affected by the proposed waiver or variance, including a description of each regulated activity, license, appeal, hearing, audit, investigation, inspection, representation or other assigned function of the department, any notices of violation, contested case hearings, or investigative reports relating to the regulated activity, license, appeal, hearing, audit, investigation, inspection, representation or other assigned function of the department within the last five years.
6. Any information known to the requester regarding the department's treatment of similar cases.
7. The name, address, and telephone number of any public agency or political subdivision which also regulates the activity in question or which might be affected by the granting of a waiver or variance.
8. The name, address, and telephone number of any person or entity that would be adversely affected by the granting of a petition.
9. The name, address, and telephone number of any person with knowledge of the relevant facts relating to the proposed waiver or variance.
10. Signed releases of information authorizing persons with knowledge regarding the request to furnish the department with information relevant to the waiver or variance.

**481—6.8(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Additional information.** Prior to issuing an order granting or denying a waiver or variance, the department may request additional information from the petitioner relative to the petition and surrounding circumstances. If the petition was not filed in a contested case, the department may, on its own motion or at the petitioner's request, schedule a telephonic or in-person meeting between the petitioner and the department or department's designee.

**481—6.9(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Notice.** The department shall acknowledge a petition upon receipt. The department shall ensure that notice of the pendency of the petition and a concise summary of its contents have been provided to all persons to whom notice is required by any provision of law within 30 days of the receipt of the petition. In addition, the department may give notice to other persons. To accomplish this notice provision, the department may require the petitioner to serve the notice on all persons to whom notice is required by any provision of law and provide a written statement to the department attesting that notice has been provided.

**481—6.10(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Hearing procedures.** The provisions of Iowa Code sections 17A.10 to 17A.18A regarding contested case hearings shall apply to any petition for a waiver or variance of rule filed within a contested case and shall otherwise apply to agency proceedings for a waiver or variance only when the department so provides by rule or order or is required to do so by statute.

**481—6.11(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Ruling.** An order granting or denying a waiver or variance shall be in writing and shall contain a reference to the particular person and rule or portion thereof to which the order pertains, a statement of the relevant facts and reasons upon which the action is based, and a description of the precise scope and operative period of the waiver if one is issued.



**6.11(1) Director/board discretion.** The decision on whether the circumstances justify the granting of a waiver or variance shall be made at the discretion of the director upon consideration of all relevant factors, except for the below-listed programs, for which the applicable board, commission or state public defender shall make the decision, upon consideration of all relevant factors:

- a. Employment appeal board, 486—Chapter 1.
- b. Hospital licensing board, 481—Chapter 51.
- c. State citizen foster care review board, 489—Chapter 1.
- d. Racing and gaming commission, 491—Chapter 1.
- e. State public defender's office, 493—Chapter 1.

**6.11(2) Burden of persuasion.** The petitioner has the burden of persuasion when a petition is filed for a waiver or variance from a department rule. The standard of proof is clear and convincing evidence.

**6.11(3) Special waiver or variance rules not precluded.** This chapter shall not preclude the department from granting waivers or variances in other contexts or on the basis of other standards if a statute authorizes the department to do so and the department deems it appropriate to do so.

**6.11(4) Administrative deadlines.** When the rule from which a waiver or variance is sought establishes administrative deadlines, the director/board shall balance the special individual circumstances of the petitioner with the overall goal of uniform treatment of all persons similarly situated.

**6.11(5) Conditions.** The director/board may condition the granting of the waiver or variance on such reasonable conditions as appropriate to achieve the objectives of the particular rule in question through alternative means and in compliance with the following provisions:

- a. Each petition for a waiver or variance shall be evaluated by the department based on the unique, individual circumstances set out in the petition;
- b. A waiver or variance, if granted, shall be drafted by the department so as to provide the narrowest exception possible to the provisions of the rule;
- c. The department may place on a waiver or variance a condition that the department finds desirable to protect the public health, safety, and welfare;
- d. A waiver or variance shall not be permanent, unless the petitioner can show that a temporary waiver or variance would be impracticable; and
- e. If a temporary waiver or variance is granted, there is no automatic right to renewal. At the sole discretion of the department, a waiver or variance may be renewed if the department finds that all of the factors set out in rule 6.5(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) remain valid.

**6.11(6) Time for ruling.** The director/board shall grant or deny a petition for a waiver or variance as soon as practicable but, in any event, shall do so within 120 days of its receipt, unless the petitioner agrees to a later date. However, if a petition is filed in a contested case, the director/board has the discretion to wait until the contested case is resolved before entering an order on the petition for waiver or variance.

**6.11(7) When deemed denied.** Failure of the director/board to grant or deny a petition within the required time period shall be deemed a denial of that petition by the director/board.

**6.11(8) Service of order.** Within seven days of its issuance, any order issued under this chapter shall be transmitted to the petitioner or the person to whom the order pertains and to any other person entitled to such notice by any provision of law.

**481—6.12(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Public availability.** Subject to the provisions of Iowa Code section 17A.3(1)“e,” the department shall maintain a record of all orders granting or denying waivers and variances under this chapter. All final rulings in response to requests for waivers or variances shall be indexed and available to members of the public at the director's office.

Twice each year the department must prepare a report that:

1. Identifies the rules for which a waiver or variance has been granted or denied;
2. The number of times a waiver or variance was granted or denied for each rule;
3. A citation to the statutory provisions implemented by these rules; and
4. A general summary of the reasons justifying the department's actions.

**481—6.13(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Voiding or cancellation.** A waiver or variance is void if the material facts upon which the request is based are not true or if material facts have been withheld. The director/board may at any time cancel a waiver or variance upon appropriate notice and hearing if the director/board finds that the facts as stated in the request are not true, material facts have been withheld, the alternative means of compliance provided in the waiver or variance have failed to achieve the objectives of the statute, or the requester has failed to comply with the conditions of the order.

**481—6.14(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Violations.** Violation of conditions in the waiver or variance approval is the equivalent of violation of the particular rule for which the waiver or variance is granted and is subject to the same remedies or penalties.

**481—6.15(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Defense.** After the director/board issues an order granting a waiver or variance, the order is a defense within its terms and the specific facts indicated therein for the person to whom the order pertains in any proceeding in which the rule in question is sought to be invoked.

**481—6.16(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Appeals.** Any request for an appeal from a decision granting or denying a waiver or variance shall be in accordance with the procedures provided in Iowa Code chapter 17A and departmental rules. An appeal shall be taken within 30 days of the issuance of the ruling in response to the request unless a contrary time is provided by rule or statute.

**481—6.17(10A,17A,ExecOrd11) Sample petition for waiver or variance.**

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BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS AND APPEALS

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Petition by (insert the name of petitioner)  
for the waiver of (insert rule citation)  
relating to (insert the subject matter).

}

PETITION FOR WAIVER

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Include the following information in the petition for waiver where applicable and known:

1. Provide the petitioner's (the person that is asking for the waiver or variance) name, address and telephone number.
2. Describe and cite the specific rule from which a waiver or variance is requested.
3. Describe the specific waiver or variance requested. Include the exact scope and time period that the waiver or variance will extend.
4. Explain the important facts that the petitioner believes justify the waiver or variance. Include in your explanation (a) why application of the rule would pose an undo hardship to the petitioner; (b) why granting the waiver or variance would not prejudice the substantial legal rights of any person; (c) state whether the provisions of a rule subject to this petition are specifically mandated by statute or another provision of law; and (d) state whether public health, safety and welfare will be affected if the requested waiver or variance is granted.
5. Provide history of prior contacts between the department and the petitioner relating to the regulated activity, license, audit, investigation, inspection or representation that would be affected by the waiver or variance. In that history, include a description of each affected regulated activity, license, appeal, hearing, audit, investigation, inspection, representation or other assigned function of the department, any notices of violation, contested case hearings, or investigative reports relating to the regulated activity, license, appeal, hearing, audit, investigation, inspection, representation or other assigned function of the department within the last five years.
6. Provide information known to the petitioner regarding the department's treatment of similar cases.
7. Provide the name, address and telephone number of any public agency or political subdivision which also regulates the activity in question or which might be affected by the granting of a waiver or variance.

8. Provide the name, address and telephone number of any person or entity that would be adversely affected or disadvantaged by the granting of the waiver or variance.

9. Provide signed releases of information authorizing persons with knowledge regarding the request to furnish the department with information relevant to the waiver or variance.

I hereby attest to the accuracy and truthfulness of the above information.

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Petitioner's signature

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Date

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 17A.9A and Executive Order Number 11.  
[Filed 4/12/01, Notice 1/24/01—published 5/2/01, effective 6/6/01]



CHAPTER 7  
CONSENT FOR THE SALE OF GOODS  
AND SERVICES

**481—7.1(68B) General prohibition.** An official of the department shall not sell, either directly or indirectly, any goods or services to individuals, associations, or corporations subject to the regulatory authority of the department without obtaining written consent as provided in these rules.

**481—7.2(68B) Definitions.**

“*Compensation*” means remuneration for the sale of goods and services, including cash or other forms of payment.

“*Department*” means the department of inspections and appeals.

“*Official*” means an officer of the state of Iowa receiving a salary or per diem whether elected or appointed or whether serving full-time or part-time. Official includes, but is not limited to, supervisory personnel and members of state agencies and does not include members of the general assembly or legislative employees.

Where the term “official” is used in this chapter, it includes a firm of which any of those persons is a partner and a corporation of which any of those persons hold 10 percent or more of the stock, either directly or indirectly, and the spouse and minor children of any of those persons.

“*Sale of goods or services*” means the receipt of compensation by an official for providing goods or services.

**481—7.3(68B) Conditions of consent for officials.** Consent to sell goods or services shall not be given to an official unless all of the following conditions are met:

1. The official’s job duties or functions are not related to the department’s regulatory authority over the individual, association, or corporation.
2. The selling of the goods or services does not affect the official’s job duties or functions.
3. The selling of the goods or services does not include acting as an advocate on behalf of the individual, association, or corporation to the department.
4. The selling of the goods or services does not result in the official selling goods or services to the department on behalf of the individual, association, or corporation.

**481—7.4(68B) Application for consent.** A written application for consent shall be signed by the official and filed with the department in advance of the proposed sale of goods or services. An application shall be considered filed when all the information specified in subrule 7.4(1) is received by the department.

**7.4(1)** The written application shall include the following information:

- a. The name and address of the prospective employer or recipient of the goods or services;
- b. The direct or indirect relationship of the department to the regulated entity;
- c. The anticipated date(s) of employment or delivery of the goods or services;
- d. A description or list of the goods or services to be supplied, detailing the duties or functions to be performed;
- e. The amount and form of compensation; and
- f. An explanation of why the proposed sale of goods or services will not create a conflict of interest or provide financial gain by virtue of the official’s position within the department.

**7.4(2)** Consent or denial of consent shall be given in writing by the department in a timely manner. If the consent is denied, the department shall state the reason(s) for the denial.

**481—7.5(68B) Effect of consent.** The consent is valid only in relation to the specific facts, dates, and circumstances described in the application. Consent can be revoked at any time by reasonable prior written notice to the official.

**481—7.6(22,68B) Public information.** The application and consent are public records and are available for public examination, except where the record is exempt from disclosure under Iowa law.

**481—7.7(68B) Appeal.** An official may grieve the decision in accordance with 581—Chapter 12 of the Iowa department of personnel rules.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 68B.4.

[Filed 5/6/92, Notice 4/1/92—published 5/27/92, effective 7/1/92]

CHAPTER 8  
LICENSING ACTIONS FOR NONPAYMENT OF CHILD SUPPORT  
AND STUDENT LOAN DEFAULT/NONCOMPLIANCE  
WITH AGREEMENT FOR PAYMENT OF OBLIGATION

**481—8.1(252J) Certificates of noncompliance.** The department shall suspend, revoke, or deny the issuance or renewal of a license upon the receipt of a certificate of noncompliance from the child support recovery unit of the department of human services according to the procedures in Iowa Code chapter 252J. In addition to the procedures set forth in Iowa Code chapter 252J, the rules in this chapter shall apply.

**8.1(1)** The notice required by Iowa Code section 252J.8 shall be served upon the applicant or licensee by restricted certified mail, return receipt requested, or personal service in accordance with R.C.P. 56.1. Alternatively, the applicant or licensee may accept service personally or through authorized counsel.

**8.1(2)** The effective date of the revocation or suspension of a license, or denial of the issuance or renewal of a license as specified in the notice required by Iowa Code section 252J.8, shall be 60 days following service of the notice upon the applicant or licensee.

**8.1(3)** The department director or designee of the director is authorized to prepare and serve the notice as required by Iowa Code section 252J.8 upon the applicant or licensee.

**8.1(4)** Licensees and license applicants shall keep the department informed of all court actions, and all child support recovery unit actions taken under or in connection with Iowa Code chapter 252J, and shall provide the department copies, within seven days of filing or issuance, of all applications filed with the district court pursuant to Iowa Code section 252J.9, all court orders entered in such actions, and withdrawals of certificates of noncompliance by the child support recovery unit.

**8.1(5)** All department fees for license applications, license renewal or reinstatement must be paid by licensees or applicants before a license will be issued, renewed or reinstated after the department has denied the issuance or renewal of a license, or has suspended or revoked a license pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 252J.

**8.1(6)** A licensee or applicant may file an application with the district court within 30 days of service of a department notice pursuant to Iowa Code sections 252J.8 and 252J.9.

*a.* The filing of the application shall stay the department action until the department receives a court order lifting the stay, dismissing the action, or otherwise directing the department to proceed.

*b.* For purposes of determining the effective date of the revocation or suspension, or denial of the issuance or renewal of a license, the department shall count the number of days before the action was filed and the number of days after the action was disposed of by the court.

**8.1(7)** The department shall notify the applicant or licensee in writing through regular first-class mail, or such other means as the department deems appropriate in the circumstances, within ten days of the effective date of the suspension or revocation of a license or the denial of the issuance or renewal of a license, and shall similarly notify the applicant or licensee when the license is issued, renewed, or reinstated following the department's receipt of a withdrawal of the certificate of noncompliance.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 252J.

**481—8.2(261) Student loan default/noncompliance with agreement for payment of obligation.**

**8.2(1) Definitions.** For the purposes of these rules, the following definitions shall apply.

*“Certificate of noncompliance”* means written certification from the college student aid commission to the licensing authority certifying that the licensee has defaulted on an obligation owed to or collected by the commission.

*“Commission”* means the college student aid commission.

*“Department”* means department of inspections and appeals.

*“Licensing authority”* means the department of inspections and appeals.

**8.2(2) Denial of issuance or renewal of a license.** The department shall deny the issuance or renewal of a license upon receipt of a certificate of noncompliance from the college student aid commission

according to the procedures set forth in Iowa Code sections 261.121 to 261.127. In addition to the procedures contained in those sections, the following shall apply:

*a.* In order to process the certificate of noncompliance received by the department, the department will maintain records of licensees by name, current known address and social security number.

*b.* Upon receipt of a certificate of noncompliance duly issued by the commission, the department shall initiate procedures for denial of issuance or renewal of a license.

*c.* The notice required by Iowa Code section 261.126(4) shall be served by restricted certified mail, return receipt requested, or by personal service in accordance with the Iowa Rules of Civil Procedure. Alternatively, the applicant or licensee may accept service personally or through authorized counsel.

*d.* The department's notice referred to in Iowa Code section 261.126(4) shall state all of the following:

(1) The licensing authority intends to deny issuance or renewal of an applicant's/licensee's license due to the receipt of a certificate of noncompliance from the commission.

(2) The applicant/licensee must contact the commission to schedule a conference or to otherwise obtain a withdrawal of a certificate of noncompliance.

(3) Unless the commission furnishes a withdrawal of a certificate of noncompliance to the licensing authority within 30 days of the issuance of the notice under 8.2(2) "c," the applicant's/licensee's license or application shall be denied.

*e.* The applicant or licensee served with a notice under 8.2(2) "c" shall not have a right to a hearing before the department but may request a court hearing pursuant to Iowa Code section 261.127. Such court hearing must be requested within 30 days of providing notice.

*f.* The effective date of the denial of the issuance or renewal of a license, as specified in the notice under 8.2(2) "c" and required by Iowa Code section 261.126(4), shall be 60 days following service of the notice upon the applicant or licensee.

*g.* The department is authorized to prepare and serve the notice required by Iowa Code section 261.126(4) upon the applicant or licensee.

*h.* All department fees required for application, license renewal, or license reinstatement must be paid by an applicant or licensee and all continuing education requirements must be met before a license will be issued, renewed, or reinstated after the department has denied the issuance or renewal of a license pursuant to Iowa Code sections 261.121 to 261.127.

*i.* In the event an applicant or licensee timely files a district court action following service of a department notice pursuant to Iowa Code section 261.126(4), the department shall continue with the intended action described in the notice upon the receipt of a court order lifting the stay, dismissing the action, or otherwise directing the department to proceed.

*j.* Upon the filing of a district court action, the applicant or licensee shall promptly file with the department a copy of the petition filed with the district court. In addition, the applicant or licensee shall provide the department with copies of all court orders and rulings entered in such action, including copies of any order entered dismissing the action, and shall provide such copies to the department within seven days of the action taken by the district court.

*k.* For purposes of determining the effective date of the denial of the issuance or renewal of a license, the department shall count the number of days before the action was filed and the number of days after the action was disposed of by the court.

**481—8.3(261) Suspension or revocation of a license.** The department shall suspend or revoke a license upon receipt of a certificate of noncompliance from the college student aid commission according to the procedures set forth in Iowa Code sections 261.121 to 261.127. In addition to the provisions contained in those sections, the following shall apply:

**8.3(1)** In order to process the certificate of noncompliance received by the department, the department will maintain records of licensees by name, current known address and social security number.

**8.3(2)** Upon receipt of a certificate of noncompliance duly issued by the commission, the department shall initiate procedures for suspension or revocation of a license.



**8.3(3)** The notice required by Iowa Code section 261.126(4) shall be served by restricted certified mail, return receipt requested, or by personal service in accordance with Iowa Rules of Civil Procedure. Alternatively, the applicant or licensee may accept service personally or through authorized counsel.

**8.3(4)** The department's notice referred to in Iowa Code section 261.126(4) shall state all of the following:

*a.* The licensing authority intends to suspend or revoke an applicant's/licensee's license due to the receipt of a certificate of noncompliance from the commission.

*b.* The applicant/licensee must contact the commission to schedule a conference or to otherwise obtain a withdrawal of a certificate of noncompliance.

*c.* Unless the commission furnishes a withdrawal of a certificate of noncompliance to the licensing authority within 30 days of the issuance of the notice under subrule 8.3(3), the applicant's/licensee's license shall be revoked or suspended.

**8.3(5)** The applicant or licensee served with a notice under subrule 8.3(3) shall not have a right to a hearing before the department but may request a court hearing pursuant to Iowa Code section 261.127. Such court hearing must be requested within 30 days of providing notice.

**8.3(6)** The effective date of suspension or revocation of the license, as specified in the notice required under subrule 8.3(3) and required by Iowa Code section 261.126(4), shall be 60 days following service of the notice upon the applicant or licensee.

**8.3(7)** The department is authorized to prepare and serve the notice required by Iowa Code section 261.126(4) upon the licensee.

**8.3(8)** All department fees required for application, license renewal, or license reinstatement must be paid by the applicant or licensee and all continuing education requirements must be met before a license will be issued, renewed, or reinstated after the department has revoked or suspended a license pursuant to Iowa Code sections 261.121 to 261.127.

**8.3(9)** In the event an applicant or licensee timely files a district court action following service of a department notice pursuant to Iowa Code section 261.126(4), the department shall continue with the intended action described in the notice upon the receipt of a court order lifting the stay, dismissing the action, or otherwise directing the department to proceed.

**8.3(10)** Upon the filing of a district court action, the applicant or licensee shall promptly file with the department a copy of the petition filed with the district court. In addition, the applicant or licensee shall provide the department with copies of all court orders and rulings entered in such action, including copies of any order entered dismissing the action, and shall provide such copies to the department within seven days of the action taken by the district court.

**8.3(11)** For purposes of determining the effective date of the denial of the issuance or renewal of a license, the department shall count the number of days before the action was filed and the number of days after the action was disposed of by the court.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 252J and Iowa Code sections 261.121 to 261.127.

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CHAPTER 9  
INDIGENT DEFENSE CLAIMS PROCESSING  
Rescinded **ARC 1829C**, IAB 1/21/15, effective 2/25/15



CHAPTER 10  
CONTESTED CASE HEARINGS

[Prior to 2/10/88, see Inspections and Appeals Department[481],Ch 4]

**481—10.1(10A) Definitions.**

“*Administrative law judge (ALJ)*” means the person who presides over contested cases and other proceedings.

“*Agency*” means the agency as defined in Iowa Code subsection 17A.2(1) which has original subject matter jurisdiction in the contested case.

“*Appointing authority*” means the appointed or elected chief administrative head of a department, commission, board, independent agency, or statutory office or that person’s designee or in the case of gubernatorial appointees, the governor.

“*Board*” means a licensing board as defined in Iowa Code chapter 272C.

“*Department*” means the department of inspections and appeals (DIA).

“*Division*” means the division of administrative hearings in the department of inspections and appeals.

“*Ex parte*” means a communication, oral or written, to an ALJ or other decision maker in a contested case without notice and an opportunity for all parties to be heard.

“*Filing*” is defined in subrule 10.12(3) except where otherwise specifically defined by law.

“*Issuance*” means the date of mailing of a decision or order or date of delivery if service is by other means.

“*Party*” means a party as defined in Iowa Code subsection 17A.2(5).

“*Personally investigated*” means taking affirmative steps to interview witnesses directly or to obtain documents or other information directly. The term “personally investigated” does not include general direction and supervision of assigned investigators, unsolicited receipt of information which is relayed to assigned investigators, review of another person’s investigative work product in the course of determining whether there is probable cause to initiate a proceeding, or exposure to factual information while performing other agency functions, including fact gathering for purposes other than investigation of the matter which culminates in a contested case.

“*Presiding officer*” means, as used in the code of administrative judicial conduct, all persons who preside in contested case proceedings under Iowa Code section 17A.11(1) as amended by 1998 Iowa Acts, chapter 1202, section 15.

“*Proposed decision*” means the administrative law judge’s recommended findings of fact, conclusions of law, and decision and order in contested cases where the agency did not preside.

**481—10.2(10A,17A) Time requirements.** Time shall be computed as provided in Iowa Code subsection 4.1(22). For good cause, the administrative law judge may extend or shorten the time to take any action, except as provided otherwise by rule or law.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.202(1) and 17A.22.

**481—10.3(10A) Requests for a contested case hearing.** Requests for a contested case hearing are made to the agency with subject matter jurisdiction. That agency shall determine whether to initiate a contested case proceeding.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 10A.202(1).

**481—10.4(10A) Transmission of contested cases.**

**10.4(1)** In every proceeding filed with the division, the agency shall complete a transmittal form. The following information is required:

- a. The name of the transmitting agency;
- b. The name, address and telephone number of the contact person in the transmitting agency;
- c. The name or title of the proceeding, which may include a file number;
- d. Any agency docket or reference number;
- e. A citation to the jurisdictional authority of the agency regarding the matter in controversy;

- f.* Any anticipated special features or requirements which may affect the hearing;
- g.* Whether the hearing should be held in person or by telephone conference call;
- h.* Any special legal or technical expertise needed to resolve the issues in the case;
- i.* The names and addresses of all parties and their attorneys or other representatives;
- j.* The date the request for a contested case hearing was received by the agency;
- k.* A statement of the issues involved and a reference to statutes and rules involved;
- l.* Any mandatory time limits that apply to the processing of the case;
- m.* Earliest appropriate hearing date; and
- n.* Whether a petition or answer is required.

**10.4(2)** The agency and the department determine by agreement whether the agency or the department shall issue the notice of hearing.

*a.* If agreed by the agency and the department, the agency shall attach a notice of hearing to the transmittal form.

*b.* If the division by agreement issues the notice of hearing, the agency must provide the information required by Iowa Code section 17A.12(2) (except for the date, time and place of the hearing) for inclusion in the notice.

*c.* The agency, and not the division, shall prepare:

- (1) The citation to the jurisdictional authority of the agency regarding the matter in controversy;
- (2) A statement of the issues involved;
- (3) A reference to statutes and rules involved; and
- (4) The remaining information required by the transmittal form as stated in subrule 10.4(1).

**10.4(3)** The following documents shall be attached to the completed transmittal form when it is sent to the division:

*a.* A copy of the document showing the agency action in controversy; and

*b.* A copy of any document requesting a contested case hearing.

**10.4(4)** When a properly transmitted case is received, it is marked with the date of receipt by the division. An identifying number shall be assigned to each contested case upon receipt.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 10A.202(1).

#### **481—10.5(17A) Notices of hearing.**

**10.5(1)** Responsibility for issuance of notice of hearing and the manner of service shall be resolved by agreement between the division and the transmitting agency.

**10.5(2)** Notices of hearing shall contain the information required by Iowa Code subsection 17A.12(2) and any additional information required by statute or rule. Notices shall be served by first-class mail, unless otherwise required by statute or rule, or agreed pursuant to subrule 10.5(1).

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 17A.12(1) and 17A.12(2).

**481—10.6(10A) Waiver of procedures.** Unless otherwise precluded, the parties in a contested case may waive any provision of this chapter pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.10.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 10A.202(2).

**481—10.7(10A,17A) Telephone proceedings.** A prehearing conference or a hearing may be held by telephone conference call pursuant to a notice of hearing or an order of the ALJ. The division shall determine the location of the parties and witnesses in telephone hearings. The convenience of the witnesses or parties, as well as the nature of the case, shall be considered when location is chosen.

**481—10.8(10A,17A) Scheduling.** Contested case hearings are scheduled according to the following criteria:

**10.8(1) Agency hearings.** The division shall promptly schedule hearings. The availability of an administrative law judge and any special circumstances shall be considered.

**10.8(2) Board hearings.** Boards are requested to consult with the division prior to scheduling hearings to determine the availability of an administrative law judge. The board shall determine the time and place of hearing.

**481—10.9(17A) Disqualification.**

**10.9(1)** An administrative law judge shall withdraw from contested cases for lack of impartiality or other legally sufficient cause including, but not limited to, cases where:

*a.* The ALJ has a personal bias or prejudice concerning a party, or personal knowledge of disputed evidentiary facts concerning the case;

*b.* The ALJ has prosecuted or advocated in connection with the case, the specific controversy underlying the case, or another pending factually related contested case or pending factually related controversy that may culminate in a contested case involving the same parties;

*c.* A private party is a client or has been a client of the ALJ within the past two years;

*d.* The ALJ has a financial interest in the case or any other interest that could be substantially affected by the outcome of the case; or

*e.* The ALJ, the ALJ's spouse, or relative within the third degree of relationship:

(1) Is a party to the case or an officer, director or trustee of a party;

(2) Is a lawyer in the case;

(3) Is known by the ALJ to have an interest that could be substantially affected by the outcome of the case; or

(4) Is to the ALJ's knowledge likely to be a material witness in the case.

**10.9(2)** If an ALJ does not withdraw, the ALJ shall disclose on the record any information relevant to the grounds listed in subrule 10.9(1).

**10.9(3)** If a party asserts disqualification on any appropriate ground, including those listed in subrule 10.9(1), the party shall file an affidavit pursuant to Iowa Code subsection 17A.17(4). The affidavit must be filed with the division within 15 days of the date of the notice of hearing, or as soon as the reason alleged in the affidavit becomes known to the party, but in any case shall be filed prior to the hearing.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 17A.17.

**481—10.10(10A,17A) Consolidation—severance.**

**10.10(1) Consolidation.** The administrative law judge may, upon motion by any party or the ALJ's own motion, consolidate any or all matters at issue in two or more proceedings docketed under these rules where:

*a.* There exist common parties or common questions of fact or law;

*b.* Consolidation would expedite and simplify consideration of the issues; and

*c.* Consolidation would not adversely affect the rights of parties engaged in otherwise separate proceedings.

At any time prior to the hearing, any party may on motion request that the matters not be consolidated, and the motion shall be granted for good cause shown.

**10.10(2) Severance.** The administrative law judge may, upon motion by any party or upon the ALJ's own motion, for good cause shown, order any proceeding or portion thereof severed.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.202(1) and 17A.22.

**481—10.11(10A,17A) Pleadings.** Pleadings may be required by the notice of hearing or by order of the administrative law judge. If pleadings are required, they shall be filed as follows:

**10.11(1) Petition.** When an action of the agency is appealed and pleadings are required under subrule 10.10(1), the aggrieved party shall file the petition.

*a.* Any required petition shall be filed within 20 days of delivery of the notice of hearing, unless otherwise ordered.

*b.* The petition shall state in separately numbered paragraphs the following:

(1) The relief demanded and the facts and law relied upon for relief;

(2) The particular provisions of the statutes and rules involved;

- (3) On whose behalf the petition is filed; and
- (4) The name, address and telephone number of the petitioner and the petitioner's attorney, if any.

**10.11(2) Answer.** If pleadings are required, the answer shall be filed within 20 days of service of the petition or notice of hearing, unless otherwise ordered.

*a.* Any party may move to dismiss or apply for a more definite, detailed statement when appropriate.

*b.* The answer shall show on whose behalf it is filed and specifically admit, deny or otherwise answer all material allegations of the pleading to which it responds. It shall state any facts deemed to show an affirmative defense and may contain as many defenses as the pleader may claim.

*c.* The answer shall state the name, address and telephone number of the person filing the answer and of the attorney representing that person, if any.

*d.* Any allegation in the petition not denied in the answer is considered admitted. Any defense not raised which could have been raised on the basis of facts known when the answer was written may be waived unless manifest injustice would result.

**10.11(3) Amendment.** Any petition, notice of hearing or other charging document may be amended before a responsive pleading has been filed. Amendments to pleadings after a responsive pleading has been filed may be allowed at the discretion of the ALJ or board if applicable. The presiding ALJ or board may impose terms or grant a continuance without terms, as a condition of allowing late amendments.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.202(1) and 17A.12(6) "a."

#### **481—10.12(17A) Service and filing of documents.**

**10.12(1) When service is required.** Except where otherwise specifically authorized by law, every pleading, motion, or other document filed in the contested case proceeding and every document relating to discovery in the proceeding shall be served upon each of the parties to the proceeding, including the originating agency. Except for the notice of the hearing and an application for rehearing as provided in Iowa Code subsection 17A.16(2), the party filing a document is responsible for service on all parties.

**10.12(2) Methods of performing service.** Service upon a party represented in the contested case proceeding by an attorney shall be made upon the attorney unless otherwise ordered. Service is made by delivering, mailing, or transmitting by facsimile (fax) or by electronic mail (e-mail) a copy to the party or attorney at the party's or attorney's last-known mailing address, fax number, or e-mail address. Service by first-class mail is complete upon mailing, except where otherwise specifically provided by statute, rule or order. Service by fax or electronic mail is complete upon transmission unless the party making service learns that the attempted service did not reach the person to be served.

**10.12(3) Filing with the division.** After a matter has been assigned to the division, and until a proposed decision is issued, every pleading, motion, or other document shall be filed with the division, rather than the originating agency. All documents that are required to be served upon a party shall be filed simultaneously with the division.

*a.* Except where otherwise provided by law, a document is deemed filed with the division at the time it is:

(1) Delivered to the division at the Wallace State Office Building, Third Floor, 502 East Ninth Street, Des Moines, Iowa, and date-stamped received;

(2) Delivered to an established courier service for immediate delivery to the division;

(3) Mailed to the division by first-class mail or by state interoffice mail so long as there is adequate proof of mailing; or

(4) Transmitted by facsimile (fax) to (515)281-4477, by electronic mail (e-mail) to [adminhearings@dia.iowa.gov](mailto:adminhearings@dia.iowa.gov), or by other electronic means approved by the division, as provided in subrule 10.12(3), paragraph "b."

*b.* All documents filed with the division pursuant to these rules, except a person's request or demand for a contested case proceeding (see Iowa Code subsection 17A.12(9)), may be filed by facsimile (fax), electronic mail (e-mail), or other electronic means approved by the division. A document filed by fax, e-mail, or other approved electronic means is presumed to be an accurate reproduction of the original. If a document filed by fax, e-mail, or other approved electronic means is illegible, a legible copy may



be substituted and the date of filing shall be the date the illegible copy was received. The date of filing by fax, e-mail, or other approved electronic means shall be the date the document is received by the division. The division will not provide a mailed file-stamped copy of documents filed by fax, e-mail, or other approved electronic means.

**10.12(4) Proof of mailing.** Adequate proof of mailing includes the following:

- a. A legible United States postal service postmark on the envelope;
- b. A certificate of service;
- c. A notarized affidavit; or
- d. A certification in substantially the following form:

I certify under penalty of perjury and pursuant to the laws of Iowa that, on (date of mailing), I mailed copies of (describe document) addressed to the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Administrative Hearings Division, Wallace State Office Building, Third Floor, 502 East Ninth Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319, and to the names and addresses of the parties listed below by depositing the same in (a United States post office mailbox with correct postage properly affixed) or (state interoffice mail).

(date)

(signature)

[ARC 1993C, IAB 5/27/15, effective 7/1/15]

**481—10.13(17A) Discovery.**

**10.13(1)** Pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.13, discovery procedures applicable in civil actions are applicable in contested cases. Unless lengthened or shortened by rules of the agency or by a ruling by the ALJ, time periods for compliance with discovery shall be as provided in the Iowa Rules of Civil Procedure.

**10.13(2)** Any motion relating to discovery shall allege that the moving party has made a good faith attempt to resolve the issues raised by the motion with the opposing party. Motions in regard to discovery shall be ruled on by the ALJ. Opposing parties shall be afforded the opportunity to respond within ten days of the filing of the motion unless the time is shortened as provided in subrule 10.13(1). The ALJ may rule on the basis of the written motion and any response or may order argument on the motion.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 17A.13.

**481—10.14(10A,17A) Subpoenas.**

**10.14(1) Issuance.**

a. Pursuant to Iowa Code subsection 17A.13(1), the division shall issue an agency subpoena to a party on request unless otherwise excluded pursuant to this rule. A request for a subpoena shall be in writing. The request may be made in person or by mail, facsimile (fax), electronic mail (e-mail), or other electronic means approved by the division. The request shall include the names of the parties, the case number, the name and address of the requested witness, and a description or list of any documents or other items requested. The request shall also note the nature of the proceeding at which the witness is requested to testify (e.g., deposition, telephone hearing, or in-person hearing), the date and time of the proceeding, whether the witness is requested to appear in person or by telephone, the location of the proceeding if it is being conducted in a location other than the Wallace State Office Building, and the method of recording any deposition. A request for a subpoena shall be received by the division at least seven calendar days before the scheduled hearing. The request shall include the name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the requesting party.

b. The division shall provide the subpoena to the requesting party by regular mail, fax, e-mail, or other electronic means or allow for pickup during the department's regular business hours.

c. When authorized by law, an administrative law judge (ALJ) may issue a subpoena on the ALJ's own motion.

d. When there is reasonable ground to believe a subpoena is requested for the purpose of harassment, or that the subpoena requests irrelevant evidence or is untimely, the division may refuse to issue the subpoena. If the division refuses to issue a subpoena, the division shall provide a written

statement of the ground for refusal. A party to whom a refusal is issued may obtain a prompt hearing before an ALJ regarding the refusal by filing with the division and serving on all parties a written request for a hearing, including a statement of testimony, documents, or other items expected to be elicited from the subpoenaed witness and a showing of relevancy to the proceeding.

*e.* The issuance of a subpoena by the division does not constitute a ruling by the ALJ that the subpoenaed witness may testify at the hearing or that a subpoenaed document may be admitted into evidence. A party seeking to call a subpoenaed witness to testify or seeking to introduce a subpoenaed document at a hearing must comply with any applicable requirement in statute, administrative rule, or ALJ order regarding the submission of witness or exhibit lists and the disclosure of proposed exhibits to opposing parties.

**10.14(2) Form and contents.**

*a. Requirements.* Any subpoena issued after the commencement of a contested case or other proceeding conducted by the division shall be issued on a form approved by the division and must:

(1) State that the subpoena is issued by the administrative hearings division of the department of inspections and appeals;

(2) State the title of the proceeding and its case number;

(3) Command each person to whom it is directed to do the following at a specified time and place: attend and testify; produce designated documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things in that person's possession, custody or control; or permit the inspection of premises; and

(4) Include a guidance document for subpoenaed persons that has been approved by the division and that shall include the text of subrules 10.14(4) and 10.14(5).

*b. Command to attend a deposition; notice of the recording method.* A subpoena commanding attendance at a deposition must state the method for recording the testimony.

*c. Combining or separating a command to produce or to permit inspection; specifying the form for electronically stored information.* A command to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things or to permit the inspection of premises may be included in a subpoena commanding attendance at a deposition, hearing, or trial or may be set out in a separate subpoena. A subpoena may specify the form or forms in which electronically stored information is to be produced.

*d. Command to produce; included obligations.* A command in a subpoena to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things requires the responding party to permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the materials.

**10.14(3) Service of subpoenas.**

*a.* The requesting party is responsible for arranging service of a subpoena prior to the hearing or deposition at which the testimony is commanded or the time at which the requested documents must be produced. The party is responsible for any cost associated with serving a subpoena and for the payment of witness fees and mileage expenses. If requested, pursuant to Iowa Code section 622.69, the witness fee is \$10 for a full day's attendance and is \$5 for attendance less than a full day, and mileage shall be paid for each mile actually traveled to participate in an in-person hearing or deposition at the rate established by the supreme court for witnesses in court proceedings, except that:

(1) No peace officer who receives a regular salary, or any other public official shall in any case receive fees as a witness for testifying in regard to any matter coming to the officer's or official's knowledge in the discharge of the officer's or official's official duties in a telephone hearing or an in-person hearing held in the county of the officer's or official's residence, except police officers who are called as witnesses when not on duty. An officer is on duty when paid by the officer's employing agency regardless whether the officer would regularly be on duty at the time of the hearing.

(2) A volunteer fire fighter, as defined in Iowa Code section 85.61, who is subpoenaed to appear as a witness in connection with a matter regarding an event or transaction which the fire fighter perceived or investigated in the course of duty as a volunteer fire fighter shall receive a fee only as provided for under Iowa Code section 622.71A.

*b.* Any person who is at least 18 years old and not a party may serve a subpoena. Serving a subpoena requires delivering a copy to the named person and, if the subpoena requires that person's attendance and, if demanded, tendering the fees for one day's attendance and traveling fees to and

from the proceeding. If the subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, then before it is served, a notice must be served on each party. For purposes of this rule, an employee of a state or local governmental agency is not a party merely because the agency is a party and may serve a subpoena unless the employee is also a named party in the proceeding or otherwise ineligible to serve a subpoena.

*c. Permissible place of service.* A subpoena may be served any place within the state of Iowa.

*d. Proof of service.* Proving service, when necessary, requires filing with the division a statement showing the date and manner of service and the names of persons served. The server must certify the statement in accordance with Iowa Code section 622.1.

**10.14(4) *Protecting a person subject to a subpoena.***

*a. Avoiding undue burden or expense; sanctions.* A party or attorney responsible for serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The administrative law judge must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction, which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees, on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

*b. Command to produce materials or permit inspection.*

(1) Appearance not required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition or hearing.

(2) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises, or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

1. At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move for an order compelling production or inspection.

2. These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

*c. Attendance.* Any party shall be permitted to attend at the same time and place and for the same purposes specified in the subpoena. No prior notice of intent to attend is required.

*d. Quashing or modifying a subpoena.*

(1) When required. On timely motion, the administrative law judge must quash or modify a subpoena that:

1. Fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;

2. Requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 50 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, except that a person may be ordered to attend a hearing anywhere within the state in which the person is served with a subpoena;

3. Requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies;

or

4. Subjects a person to undue burden.

(2) When permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the administrative law judge may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

1. Disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;

2. Disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or

3. A person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 50 miles to attend a hearing.

(3) Specifying conditions as an alternative. In the circumstances described in subparagraph 10.14(4) "d"(2), the administrative law judge, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, may order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

1. Shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and

2. Ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(4) A motion to quash or modify a subpoena shall be filed with the division and served on all parties of record pursuant to rule 481—10.12(17A), except that a motion filed by or on behalf of a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer may be filed with the division and served only on the agency with a request for the division to provide a copy of the motion to all non-agency parties. The division may require a person requesting the division to provide the motion to a non-agency party to provide an additional paper copy of the motion and any attached exhibits for the division to provide to the non-agency party.

(5) The motion may be set for argument at the discretion of the administrative law judge. The administrative law judge may limit the participation of a person who is not a party, or the representative of such a person, to the extent necessary to protect any confidential information related to the proceeding.

**10.14(5) Duties in responding to a subpoena.**

*a. Producing documents or electronically stored information.* These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

(1) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

(2) Form for producing electronically stored information not specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(3) Electronically stored information produced in only one form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(4) Inaccessible electronically stored information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the administrative law judge may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Iowa Rule of Civil Procedure 1.504(1)(b). The administrative law judge may specify conditions for the discovery.

*b. Claiming privilege or protection.*

(1) Information withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:

1. Expressly make the claim; and

2. Describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

(2) Information produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.104(6) and 17A.13.  
[ARC 9616B, IAB 7/13/11, effective 8/17/11; ARC 2404C, IAB 2/17/16, effective 3/23/16]

**481—10.15(10A,17A) Motions.**

**10.15(1)** No technical form is required for motions. Prehearing motions, however, must be written, state the grounds for relief and state the relief sought. Any motion for summary judgment shall be filed in compliance with the requirements of Iowa Rules of Civil Procedure.

**10.15(2)** Any party may file a written resistance or response to a motion within 14 days after the motion is served, unless the time period is extended or shortened by rules of the agency or the administrative law judge. The ALJ may consider a failure to respond within the required time period in ruling on a motion.

**10.15(3)** The administrative law judge may schedule oral argument on any motion on the request of any party or the ALJ's own motion.

**10.15(4)** Except for good cause, all motions pertaining to the hearing must be filed and served at least ten days prior to the hearing date unless the time period is shortened or lengthened by rules of the agency or the administrative law judge.

**481—10.16(17A) Prehearing conference.**

**10.16(1)** Any party may request a prehearing conference. A request for prehearing conference or an order for prehearing conference on the ALJ's own motion shall be filed in writing and served on all parties of record not less than ten days prior to the hearing date. A prehearing conference shall be scheduled not less than three business days prior to the hearing date.

Notice of the prehearing conference shall be given by the division to all parties. For good cause the ALJ may permit variances from this rule.

**10.16(2)** Each party shall bring to the prehearing conference:

*a.* A final list of witnesses who the party reasonably anticipates will testify at the hearing. Witnesses not listed may be excluded from testifying.

*b.* A final list of exhibits which the party reasonably anticipates will be introduced at the hearing. Exhibits not listed, except rebuttal exhibits, may be excluded from admission into evidence.

**10.16(3)** In addition to the requirements of subrule 10.16(2), the parties at a prehearing conference may:

- a.* Enter into stipulations of law;
- b.* Enter into stipulations of fact;
- c.* Enter into stipulations on the admissibility of exhibits;
- d.* Identify matters which the parties intend to request be officially noticed;
- e.* Unless precluded by statute, enter into stipulations for waiver of the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 17A allowed by Iowa Code section 17A.10(2) or waiver of agency rules; and
- f.* Consider any additional matters which will expedite the hearing.

**10.16(4)** A prehearing conference shall be conducted by telephone conference call unless otherwise ordered. Parties shall exchange and receive witness and exhibit lists prior to a telephone prehearing conference.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 17A.10.

**481—10.17(10A) Continuances.** Unless otherwise provided, application for continuance shall be made to the ALJ or to the division if an ALJ has not been assigned.

**10.17(1)** A written application for continuance shall:

- a.* Be made before the hearing;
- b.* State the specific reasons for the request; and
- c.* Be signed by the requesting party or their representative.

**10.17(2)** If the ALJ waives the requirement for a written motion, an oral application for continuance may be made. A written application shall be submitted no later than five days after the oral request. The ALJ may waive this requirement. No application for continuance will be made or granted ex parte without notice except in an emergency where notice is not feasible. The agency may waive notice of requests for a case or a class of cases.

**10.17(3)** Except where otherwise provided, a continuance may be granted at the discretion of the ALJ. The administrative law judge shall consider, in addition to the grounds stated in the motion:

- a. Any prior continuances;
- b. The interests of all parties;
- c. The likelihood of informal settlement;
- d. Existence of emergency;
- e. Objection to the continuance;
- f. Any applicable state or federal statutes or regulations;
- g. The existence of a conflict in the schedules of counsel or parties or witnesses; and
- h. The timeliness of the request.

The ALJ may require documentation of any ground for continuance.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 10A.202(1).

**481—10.18(10A,17A) Withdrawals.** The party which requested an evidentiary hearing regarding agency action may withdraw prior to the hearing only in accordance with agency rules. Requests for withdrawal may be oral or written. If oral, the ALJ may require the party to submit a written request after the oral request. Unless otherwise provided, a withdrawal shall be with prejudice.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.202(1) and 17A.22.

**481—10.19(10A,17A) Intervention.**

**10.19(1) Motion.** A motion for leave to intervene shall be served on all parties and shall state the grounds for the proposed intervention, the position and interest of the proposed intervenor, and the possible impact of intervention on the proceeding. A proposed answer or petition in intervention shall be attached to the motion. Any party may file a response within ten days of service of the motion to intervene unless the time period is extended or shortened by the ALJ.

**10.19(2) When filed.** Motion for leave to intervene shall be filed as early in the proceeding as possible to avoid adverse impact on existing parties or the disposition of the proceeding. Unless otherwise ordered, a motion for leave to intervene shall be filed before the prehearing conference, if one is held, or at least 20 days before the date scheduled for hearing. Any later motion must contain a statement of good cause for the failure to file in a timely manner. The intervenor shall be bound by any agreement, arrangement or other matter previously raised in the case. Requests by untimely intervenors for continuances which would delay the hearing will be denied.

**10.19(3) Grounds for intervention.** The movant shall demonstrate that:

- a. Intervention would not unduly prolong the proceedings or otherwise prejudice the rights of existing parties;
- b. The movant will be aggrieved or adversely affected by a final order; and
- c. The interests of the movant are not being adequately represented by existing parties; or that it is otherwise entitled to intervene.

**10.19(4) Effect of intervention.** If appropriate, the ALJ may order consolidation of petitions and briefs and limit the number of representatives allowed to participate in the proceedings. A person granted leave to intervene is a party to the proceeding. The order granting intervention may restrict the issues to be raised or otherwise condition the intervenor's participation in the proceeding.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.202(1) and 17A.22.

**481—10.20(17A) Hearing procedures.**

**10.20(1)** When an ALJ has been appointed as the presiding officer in a contested case, the ALJ may:

- a. Rule on motions;
- b. Preside at the hearing;
- c. Require the parties to submit briefs;
- d. Issue a proposed decision; and
- e. Issue orders and rulings to ensure the orderly conduct of the proceedings.

**10.20(2)** All objections to procedures, admission of evidence or any other matter shall be timely made and stated on the record.

**10.20(3)** Parties in a contested case have the right to participate or to be represented in all hearings or prehearing conferences related to their case. Partnerships, corporations or associations may be represented by any member, officer, director or duly authorized agent. Any party may be represented by an attorney or as otherwise authorized by law.

**10.20(4)** Parties in a contested case have the right to introduce evidence on points at issue, to cross-examine witnesses present at the hearing as necessary for a full and true disclosure of the facts, to present evidence in rebuttal and to submit briefs.

**10.20(5)** The ALJ shall maintain the decorum of the hearing and may refuse to admit or may expel anyone whose conduct is disorderly or disruptive.

**10.20(6)** Witnesses may be sequestered during the hearing.

**10.20(7)** The ALJ shall conduct the hearing in the following manner:

- a. The ALJ shall give an opening statement briefly describing the nature of the proceeding;
- b. The parties shall be given an opportunity to present opening statements;
- c. Parties shall present their cases in the sequence determined by the ALJ;
- d. Each witness shall be sworn or affirmed by the ALJ or the court reporter, and be subject to examination. The ALJ may limit questioning consistent with Iowa Code section 17A.14;
- e. The ALJ has the authority to fully and fairly develop the record and may inquire into the matters at issue and shall receive in evidence the testimony of witnesses and any documents which are relevant and material; and
- f. When all parties and witnesses have been heard, parties shall be given the opportunity to present final arguments.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 17A.11 to 17A.14.

#### **481—10.21(17A) Evidence.**

**10.21(1)** The ALJ shall rule on admissibility of evidence in accordance with Iowa Code section 17A.14 and may take official notice of facts pursuant to Iowa Code subsection 17A.14(4).

**10.21(2)** Stipulation of facts is encouraged. The ALJ may make a decision based on stipulated facts.

**10.21(3)** Evidence shall be confined to the issues on which there has been fair notice prior to the hearing. The ALJ may take testimony on a new issue if the parties waive the right to notice and no other objection is made. If there is objection, the ALJ may refuse to hear the new issue and may make a decision on the original issue in the notice, or may grant a continuance to allow the parties adequate time to amend pleadings and prepare their cases on the additional issue.

**10.21(4)** The party seeking admission of an exhibit must provide opposing parties with an opportunity to examine the exhibit prior to the ruling on its admissibility. Copies of documents should be provided to opposing parties.

All exhibits admitted into evidence shall be appropriately marked and be made part of the record.

**10.21(5)** Any party may object to specific evidence or may request limits on the scope of any examination or cross-examination. The party objecting shall briefly state the grounds for the objection. The objection, the ruling on the objection and the reasons for the ruling shall be noted in the record. The ALJ may rule on the objection at the time it is made or may reserve a ruling until the written decision.

**10.21(6)** Whenever evidence is ruled inadmissible, the party offering that evidence may submit an offer of proof on the record. The party making the offer of proof for excluded oral testimony shall briefly summarize the testimony. If the evidence excluded consists of a document or exhibits, it shall be marked as part of an offer of proof and inserted in the record.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 17A.11 to 17A.14.

#### **481—10.22(17A) Default.**

**10.22(1)** If a party fails to appear in a contested case proceeding after proper service of notice, the ALJ may, if no adjournment is granted, proceed with the hearing and make a decision in the absence of the party.

**10.22(2)** Where appropriate and not contrary to law, any party may move for default against a party who has requested an evidentiary hearing to contest adverse agency action which has already occurred, but has failed to file a required pleading or has failed to appear after proper service.

**10.22(3)** Where authorized by law, an ALJ may issue a default order.

**481—10.23(17A) Ex parte communication.**

**10.23(1)** Ex parte communication is prohibited as provided in Iowa Code section 17A.17. Parties or their representatives and ALJs shall not communicate directly or indirectly in connection with any issue of fact or law in a contested case except upon notice and an opportunity for all parties to participate. The ALJ may communicate with persons who are not parties as provided in subrule 10.23(2).

**10.23(2)** However, the ALJ may communicate with members of the agency and may have the aid and advice of persons other than those with a personal interest in, or those prosecuting or advocating in the case under consideration or a factually related case involving the same parties.

**10.23(3)** Any party or ALJ who receives prohibited communication shall submit the written communication or a summary of the oral communication for inclusion in the record. Copies shall be sent to all parties. There shall be opportunity to respond.

**10.23(4)** Prohibited communications may result in sanctions as provided in agency rule. In addition, the department, through the ALJ, may censure the person or may prohibit further appearance before the department.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 17A.14 and 17A.17.

**481—10.24(10A,17A) Decisions.**

**10.24(1)** *Proposed decisions.* The ALJ shall issue a proposed decision which includes findings of fact and conclusions of law stated separately. The decision shall be based on the record of the contested case.

The record in a contested case shall include all materials specified in Iowa Code subsection 17A.12(6). This shall include any request for a contested case hearing and other relevant procedural documents regardless of their form.

A ruling dismissing all of a party's claims or a voluntary dismissal is a proposed decision under Iowa Code section 17A.15.

**10.24(2)** *Review of proposed decisions.* Request for review of a proposed decision shall be made to the agency in which the contested case originated in the manner and within the time specified by that agency's rules. In contested cases in which the director of DIA has final decision-making authority, request for review shall be made as provided in rule 481—10.25(10A,17A).

**10.24(3)** *Final decisions.* If there is no appeal from or review of the proposed decision, the ALJ's proposed decision becomes the final decision of the agency.

**10.24(4)** *Agency reports.* The agency shall send a copy of any request for review of a proposed decision to the division. The agency shall notify the division of the results of the review, the final decision and any judicial decision issued.

**481—10.25(10A,17A) DIA appeals.**

**10.25(1)** A request for review of a proposed decision in which DIA is the final decision maker shall be made within 15 days of issuing the proposed decision, unless otherwise provided by statute. Requests shall be mailed or delivered by either party to the Director, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. Failure to request review will preclude judicial review unless the department reviews on its own motion as follows. The department may review a proposed decision upon its own motion within 15 days of its issuance.

**10.25(2)** A review shall be based on the record and limited to issues raised in the hearing. The issues shall be specified in the party's request for review.

**10.25(3)** Each party shall have opportunity to file exceptions and present briefs. The director or a designee may set a deadline for submission of briefs. When the director or designee consents, oral



arguments may be presented. A party wishing to make an oral argument shall specifically request it. All parties shall be notified in advance of the scheduled time and place.

**10.25(4)** The director or designee shall not take any further evidence with respect to issues of fact heard in the hearing except as set forth below. Application may be filed for leave to present evidence in addition to that found in the record of the case. If it is shown to the satisfaction of the director or designee that the additional evidence is material and that there were good reasons for failure to present it in the hearing, the director or designee may order the additional evidence taken upon conditions determined by the director or designee.

**10.25(5)** Final decisions shall be issued by the director or the director's designee.

**10.25(6)** Requests for rehearing shall be made to the director of the department within 20 days of issuing a final decision. A rehearing may be granted when new legal issues are raised, new evidence is available, an obvious mistake is corrected, or when the decision failed to include adequate findings or conclusions on all issues.

A request for rehearing is not necessary to exhaust administrative remedies.

**10.25(7)** Judicial review of department final decisions may be sought in accordance with Iowa Code section 17A.19.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 17A.15 and 17A.19.

**481—10.26(10A,17A,272C) Board hearings.** In scheduling hearings, boards should consult with the division to determine the availability of an ALJ. The board shall determine the time and place of hearing. At the request of the board, an ALJ shall assist in the conduct of a contested case.

**10.26(1)** The ALJ may rule on preliminary matters, including motions, and conduct prehearing conferences referred by the board.

**10.26(2)** The ALJ may conduct the hearing for the board, and may, when delegated by the board, perform duties including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. Open the record and receive appearances;
- b. Administer oaths and issue subpoenas;
- c. Enter the notice of hearing into the record;
- d. Enter the statement of charges into the record;
- e. Receive testimony and exhibits presented by the parties;
- f. Rule on objections and motions;
- g. Close the hearing; and
- h. Prepare findings of fact, conclusions of law and decision and order.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.202, 17A.11 and 272C.6.

**<sup>1</sup>481—10.27(10A) Transportation hearing fees.** Any hearing on an application required by Iowa Code Supplement chapter 325A shall require:

**10.27(1)** The applicant and any persons objecting to the granting of a certificate to submit a hearing fee of \$350 to be shared equally to cover payment of all costs and expenses of the hearing. The department may require additional amounts as necessary and shall provide a written itemized account of all additional expenses to the parties. The hearing fee shall be made by check payable to the Iowa Department of Inspections and Appeals.

**10.27(2)** The hearing fee to be received no later than 14 days after the notice of hearing, unless otherwise ordered. Failure to timely submit the hearing fee may result in cancellation of the hearing and denial of the application.

**10.27(3)** If a scheduled hearing is canceled, that the hearing fee, less expenses incurred by the department, be refunded to the payers. This shall not be interpreted to authorize a refund to an applicant who fails to appear at a scheduled hearing.

**10.27(4)** The applicant and any persons objecting to the granting of a certificate to submit a hearing fee of \$150 to be shared equally if the hearing is held by a summary proceeding conducted without a

personal appearance before the ALJ and where pleadings, affidavits, records, or other documents are submitted to the division for a decision by an ALJ.

<sup>1</sup> Hearing fees under jurisdiction of Department of Transportation [761] prior to 5/16/90. See IAB 6/26/91 for rescission of 761—525.5(3) and 528.4(3).

**481—10.28(10A) Recording costs.** The department may provide a copy of the tape-recorded hearing or a printed transcript of the hearing when a record of the hearing is requested. The cost of preparing the tape or transcript shall be paid by the requesting party.

Parties who request that a hearing be recorded by certified shorthand reporters shall bear the cost, unless otherwise provided by law.

**481—10.29(10A) Code of administrative judicial conduct.** The code of administrative judicial conduct is designed to govern the conduct, in relation to their adjudicative functions in contested cases, of all persons who act as presiding officers under the authority of Iowa Code section 17A.11(1). The canons are rules of reason. The canons shall be applied consistent with constitutional requirements, statutes, administrative rules, and decisional law and in the context of all relevant circumstances. The canons must be harmonized with the dictates of the administrative process as established by the legislature. While Canons 1, 2, and 3 are generally applicable to both administrative law judges and agency heads or members of multimember agency heads when these persons act as presiding officers, these canons shall be applied to agency heads and members of multimember agency heads only as expressly mandated by statute and as reasonably practicable when taking into account the fact that agency heads and members of multimember agency heads, unlike administrative law judges, have multiple duties imposed upon them by law. The provisions of Canon 4 concerning the regulation of extrajudicial activities are not applicable to agency heads or members of multimember agency heads. This code is to be construed so as to promote the essential independence of presiding officers in making judicial decisions.

Whether disciplinary action is appropriate, and the degree of discipline to be imposed, shall be determined by the appointing authority through a reasonable and reasoned application of the text and shall depend on such factors as the seriousness of the transgression, whether there is a pattern of improper activity, and the effect of improper activity on others or on the administrative system. This code is not designed or intended as a basis for civil liability or criminal prosecution.

**10.29(1) Canon 1.** A presiding officer shall uphold the integrity and independence of the administrative judiciary.

*a.* An independent and honorable administrative judiciary is indispensable to justice in society.

*b.* A presiding officer shall participate in establishing, maintaining, and enforcing high standards of conduct and shall personally observe those standards so that the integrity and independence of the administrative judiciary will be preserved.

*c.* The provisions of this code are to be construed and applied to further that objective.

**10.29(2) Canon 2.** A presiding officer shall avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety in all adjudicative functions in contested cases.

*a.* A presiding officer shall respect and comply with the law and at all times shall act in a manner that promotes public confidence in the integrity and impartiality of the administrative judiciary.

*b.* A presiding officer shall not allow family, social, political, or other relationships to influence the presiding officer's judicial conduct or judgment. This provision shall not be construed as prohibiting the development of public policy by contested case adjudication. A presiding officer shall not lend the prestige of the office to advance the private interests of the presiding officer or others; nor shall a presiding officer convey or permit others to convey the impression that they are in a special position to influence the presiding officer.

*c.* A presiding officer shall not hold membership in any organization that the presiding officer knows practices invidious discrimination on the basis of race, sex, religion or national origin.

**10.29(3) Canon 3.** A presiding officer shall perform the duties of the office impartially and diligently.

*a. Adjudicative responsibilities.* A presiding officer in the performance of adjudicative duties in contested case proceedings shall follow these standards:

(1) A presiding officer shall be faithful to the law, unswayed by partisan interests, public clamor, or fear of criticism.

(2) A presiding officer shall maintain order and decorum in proceedings before the presiding officer.

(3) A presiding officer shall be patient, dignified, and courteous to litigants, witnesses, attorneys, representatives, and others with whom the presiding officer deals in an official capacity, and shall require similar conduct of attorneys, representatives, staff members and others subject to the presiding officer's direction and control.

(4) A presiding officer shall not, in the performance of adjudicative duties by words or conduct, manifest bias or prejudice, including but not limited to bias or prejudice based upon sex, race, national origin or ethnicity and shall not permit staff and others subject to the presiding officer's direction and control to do so.

(5) A presiding officer shall accord to all persons who are legally interested in a proceeding, or their representatives, full right to be heard according to law, and neither initiate nor consider ex parte communications prohibited by Iowa Code section 17A.17.

(6) A presiding officer shall dispose of all adjudicative matters promptly, efficiently and fairly.

(7) A presiding officer shall abstain from public comment about a pending or impending contested case proceeding that might reasonably be expected to affect the outcome or impair the fairness of the proceeding, and shall require similar abstention by agency personnel subject to the presiding officer's direction and control. This subparagraph does not prohibit a presiding officer from making public statements in the course of official duties or from explaining for public information the hearing procedures of agencies.

(8) A presiding officer shall not disclose or use, for any purpose unrelated to adjudicative duties, nonpublic information acquired in an adjudicative capacity except as lawfully permissible in the performance of official duties by an agency head or member of a multimember agency head.

(9) A presiding officer shall report any violation of this code to the appropriate authority for any disciplinary proceedings provided by law.

*b. Disqualification.* A presiding officer or other person shall withdraw from participation in the making of any proposed or final decision in a contested case if that person:

(1) Has a personal bias or prejudice concerning a party or a representative of a party;

(2) Has personally investigated, prosecuted or advocated, in connection with that case, the specific controversy underlying that case, or another pending factually related contested case, or a pending factually related controversy that may culminate in a contested case involving the same parties;

(3) Is subject to the authority, direction or discretion of any person who has personally investigated, prosecuted or advocated in connection with that contested case, the specific controversy underlying that contested case, or a pending factually related contested case or controversy involving the same parties;

(4) Has acted as counsel to any person who is a private party to that proceeding within the past two years;

(5) Has a personal financial interest in the outcome of the case or any other significant personal interest that could be substantially affected by the outcome of the case;

(6) Has a spouse or relative within the third degree of relationship that:

1. Is a party to the case, or an officer, director or trustee of a party;

2. Is an attorney in the case;

3. Is known to have an interest that could be substantially affected by the outcome of the case; or

4. Is likely to be a material witness in the case; or

(7) Has any other legally sufficient cause to withdraw from participation in the decision making in that case.

*c. Disclosure on record.* In a situation where a presiding officer knows of information which might reasonably be deemed to be a basis for disqualification and decides voluntary withdrawal is unnecessary, the presiding officer shall disclose the relevant information on the record and shall state reasons why voluntary withdrawal is unnecessary.

**10.29(4) Canon 4.** An administrative law judge shall regulate extrajudicial activities to minimize the risk of conflict with judicial duties.

In general, an administrative law judge shall conduct all of the administrative law judge's extrajudicial activities so that the administrative law judge does not:

1. Cast reasonable doubt on the administrative law judge's capacity to act impartially as a judge;
2. Create the appearance of impropriety or demean the adjudicative office; or
3. Interfere with the proper performance of adjudicative duties.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.104, 10A.202, 17A.10 to 17A.17, 17A.19, 17A.22, 272C.1 and 272C.6.

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<sup>1</sup> Effective date of first unnumbered paragraph of Ch 10, Scope and applicability, delayed 70 days by the Administrative Rules Review Committee at its 6/13/90 meeting; this paragraph rescinded IAB 8/22/90, effective 8/1/90.

CHAPTER 11  
PROCEDURE FOR CONTESTED CASES INVOLVING PERMITS  
TO CARRY WEAPONS AND ACQUIRE FIREARMS

**481—11.1(17A,724) Definitions.**

“*Agency*” means the commissioner of public safety or the sheriff of the county in which the aggrieved party resides.

“*Applicant*” means a person who has applied for a permit to carry weapons or acquire firearms.

“*Contested case*” means a proceeding defined by Iowa Code section 17A.2(5).

“*Division*” means the division of administrative hearings of the Iowa department of inspections and appeals.

“*Party*” means each person or agency named or admitted as a party.

“*Permittee*” means a person who has received a permit to carry weapons or acquire firearms.

[ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11; ARC 9400B, IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11]

**481—11.2(724) Appeals.** An applicant or permittee may appeal a decision by an agency to deny an application for a permit to carry weapons or acquire firearms or to suspend or revoke a permit to carry weapons or acquire firearms.

**11.2(1) *Written appeal.*** The appeal shall be in writing and should state the reasons for rebutting the denial, suspension, or revocation.

**11.2(2) *Filing of appeal.*** Within 30 days of the applicant’s or permittee’s receipt of the agency’s decision, the applicant or permittee shall file the appeal, a copy of the agency’s written decision, and a fee of \$10 with the Iowa Department of Inspections and Appeals, Division of Administrative Hearings, 502 East 9th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

**11.2(3) *Service on the agency.*** The applicant or permittee shall serve a copy of the appeal on the agency at the time the appeal is filed with the division.

**11.2(4) *Denial of appeal.*** The division may deny any appeal that does not meet each of the requirements in subrules 11.2(1) to 11.2(3).

[ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11; ARC 9400B, IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11]

**481—11.3(17A,724) Notice of hearing.** The division shall prepare and serve the notice of hearing.

**11.3(1)** The notice of hearing shall contain the following information:

- a. A statement of the time, place, and nature of the hearing;
- b. A statement of the legal authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is to be held;
- c. A reference to the agency decision on appeal;
- d. Identification of the parties;
- e. Reference to the procedural rules governing the contested case proceeding;
- f. Identification of the administrative law judge, including the judge’s contact information;
- g. Notification that failure to appear and participate in the contested case proceeding may result in the entry of a default judgment;
- h. Notification that the applicant or permittee shall be required to pay the agency’s reasonable attorney fees and court costs if the agency’s decision is affirmed in the contested case proceeding or in subsequent judicial review of the proceeding, or if the applicant or permittee withdraws or dismisses the contested case proceeding or subsequent judicial review action; and
- i. Notification that the agency shall be required to pay the applicant’s or permittee’s reasonable attorney fees and court costs if it is determined in the contested case proceeding or in subsequent judicial review of the proceeding that the applicant or permittee is eligible to be issued or to possess the permit that was denied, suspended, or revoked.

**11.3(2)** Service of the notice of hearing shall be accomplished by first-class mail.

[ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11; ARC 9400B, IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11; ARC 3217C, IAB 7/19/17, effective 8/23/17]

**481—11.4(17A,724) Agency record.**

**11.4(1)** Upon receipt of a copy of the notice of hearing, the agency shall file with the division:

- a. A copy of all documents used by the agency in reaching the decision; and
- b. A form identifying the name, address, and telephone number of the agency's contact person or attorney representative.

**11.4(2)** The agency shall provide to the applicant or permittee a copy of all documents used by the agency in reaching the decision.

[ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11; ARC 9400B, IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11]

**481—11.5(17A) Contested case hearing.** The hearing shall be conducted pursuant to the standards established in Iowa Code chapter 17A for contested case hearings. The hearing shall be held by telephone conference call, unless a party to the proceeding requests an in-person hearing from the administrative law judge no later than five days before the hearing. All in-person hearings shall be held at the division's headquarters in Des Moines, Iowa. If the administrative law judge grants an in-person hearing, the administrative law judge may allow one party to appear by telephone.

[ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11; ARC 9400B, IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11]

**481—11.6(17A) Service and filing of documents.**

**11.6(1)** *When service is required.* Every pleading, motion, or other document filed in the contested case proceeding shall be served on each of the parties to the proceeding, including the agency. Except for an application for rehearing as provided in rule 481—11.14(17A) and Iowa Code subsection 17A.16(2), the party filing a document is responsible for service on all parties.

**11.6(2)** *Methods of performing service.* Service upon a party represented in the contested case proceeding by an attorney shall be made upon the attorney unless otherwise ordered. Service is made by delivering, mailing, or transmitting by facsimile (fax) or by electronic mail (e-mail) a copy to the party or attorney at the party's or attorney's last-known mailing address, fax number, or e-mail address. Service by first-class mail is complete upon mailing. Service by fax or electronic mail is complete upon transmission unless the party making service learns that the attempted service did not reach the person to be served.

**11.6(3)** *Filing with the division.* Every pleading, motion, or other document in the contested case proceeding shall be filed with the division. All documents that are required to be served upon a party shall be filed simultaneously with the division.

a. Except where otherwise provided by law, a document is deemed filed with the division at the time it is:

- (1) Delivered to the division at the Wallace State Office Building, Third Floor, 502 East Ninth Street, Des Moines, Iowa, and date-stamped received;
- (2) Delivered to an established courier service for immediate delivery to the division;
- (3) Mailed to the division by first-class mail or by state interoffice mail so long as there is adequate proof of mailing; or

(4) Transmitted by facsimile (fax) to (515)281-4477, by electronic mail (e-mail) to [adminhearings@dia.iowa.gov](mailto:adminhearings@dia.iowa.gov), or by other electronic means approved by the division, as provided in subrule 11.6(3), paragraph "b."

b. All documents filed with the division pursuant to these rules, except a person's written appeal pursuant to rule 481—11.2(724), may be filed by facsimile (fax), electronic mail (e-mail), or other electronic means approved by the division. A document filed by fax, e-mail, or other approved electronic means is presumed to be an accurate reproduction of the original. If a document filed by fax, e-mail, or other approved electronic means is illegible, a legible copy may be substituted and the date of filing shall be the date the illegible copy was received. The date of filing by fax, e-mail, or other approved electronic means shall be the date the document is received by the division. The division will not provide a mailed file-stamped copy of documents filed by fax, e-mail, or other approved electronic means.

**11.6(4)** *Proof of mailing.* Adequate proof of mailing includes the following:

- a. A legible United States postal service postmark on the envelope;
- b. A certificate of service;
- c. A notarized affidavit; or
- d. A certification in substantially the following form:

I certify under penalty of perjury and pursuant to the laws of Iowa that, on (date of mailing), I mailed copies of (describe document) addressed to the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Administrative Hearings Division, Wallace State Office Building, Third Floor, 502 East Ninth Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319, and to the names and addresses of the parties listed below by depositing the same in a United States post office mailbox with correct postage properly affixed.

(date)

(signature)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 724.21A.

[ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11; ARC 9400B, IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11; ARC 1993C, IAB 5/27/15, effective 7/1/15]

**481—11.7(17A) Witness lists and exhibits.** No later than five days before the hearing, a party shall serve on all parties and shall file with the division a witness list and a copy of any exhibit(s) the party intends to introduce into evidence during the contested case proceeding. If a party fails to serve on all parties and file with the division a witness list or any exhibit five days before the hearing, the party may be precluded from calling the witness at hearing or introducing the exhibit(s) into the record at hearing. [ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11; ARC 9400B, IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11; ARC 1993C, IAB 5/27/15, effective 7/1/15]

**481—11.8(17A) Evidence.** The administrative law judge shall rule on the admissibility of evidence and may take official notice of facts in accordance with applicable requirements of law. Evidence in the proceeding shall be confined to the issues for which the parties received notice prior to the hearing. [ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11; ARC 9400B, IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11]

**481—11.9(17A) Withdrawals and dismissals.** A request for withdrawal or dismissal of the appeal may be made with the division prior to the hearing. Either request must be in writing or secured on the record.

**11.9(1) Withdrawals.** An applicant or permittee who requested a contested case proceeding may request a withdrawal of the appeal. Upon receipt of a request for withdrawal of the appeal, the administrative law judge shall issue an order dismissing the appeal and addressing the award of attorney fees pursuant to rule 481—11.11(10A).

**11.9(2) Dismissals.** An agency may request a dismissal of the appeal by agreeing to grant the entire relief sought by the applicant or permittee. The administrative law judge shall review a request for dismissal to determine whether it grants all relief requested in the appeal. If the request grants all relief requested in the appeal, the administrative law judge shall issue an order dismissing the appeal, ordering the agency to grant the relief requested, determining that no attorney fees are to be awarded, and closing the case.

[ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11; ARC 9400B, IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11; ARC 3217C, IAB 7/19/17, effective 8/23/17]

**481—11.10(17A) Default.** If a party fails to appear after proper service of notice, the administrative law judge may enter a default order against the party or may proceed with the hearing and make a decision in the absence of the party. The default order or decision made in the absence of the party shall address the award of attorney fees pursuant to rule 481—11.11(10A).

[ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11; ARC 9400B, IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11; ARC 3217C, IAB 7/19/17, effective 8/23/17]

**481—11.11(10A) Attorney fees, court costs, and contested case costs.**

**11.11(1) Attorney fees.** In a decision rescinding or sustaining the agency's denial, suspension, or revocation of the permit or otherwise granting a request to withdraw or dismiss the appeal, the administrative law judge shall determine whether a party is entitled to an award of attorney fees consistent with paragraph 11.11(1) "a" or "b." If a party is entitled to an award, the decision shall inform the parties of the applicable procedure provided in paragraph 11.11(1) "c" for determining the amount of such an award unless the administrative law judge determines the amount of an award in the decision as provided for in paragraph 11.11(1) "f."

*a.* If the administrative law judge rescinds the agency's denial, suspension, or revocation of the permit and determines the applicant or permittee is eligible to be issued or to possess the permit, the applicant or permittee shall be awarded any reasonable attorney fees. A dismissal of the appeal at the

request of the agency under subrule 11.9(2) is not a determination that the applicant or permittee is eligible to be issued or to possess the permit and does not entitle the applicant or permittee to an award of attorney fees. An applicant or permittee who is not represented by an attorney in the contested case proceeding is not entitled to an award of attorney fees.

*b.* If the administrative law judge affirms the agency's denial, suspension, or revocation of the permit or grants the applicant's or permittee's request to withdraw or dismiss the appeal, the agency shall be awarded any reasonable attorney fees. Such an award to the agency shall be made to the political subdivision of the state representing the sheriff or to the state department representing the commissioner as applicable. An agency is not entitled to an award of attorney fees if the agency requests dismissal of the appeal under subrule 11.9(2) or if the agency is not represented by an attorney in the contested case proceeding.

*c.* Within 14 days of the date of a decision in which the administrative law judge determines that a party is entitled to an award of attorney fees, the party shall file a request for attorney fees and documentation supporting the request or a joint statement with the other party agreeing to the amount of reasonable attorney fees. Within 7 days of the filing of a request for attorney fees, the other party may file a resistance, including any relevant evidence, or a statement agreeing to the requested attorney fees. Upon request of either party or on the administrative law judge's own motion, a hearing may be scheduled on the issue of the attorney fee award.

*d.* If the party fails to file a request for attorney fees or a joint statement within 14 days, the administrative law judge shall issue an order determining that no attorney fees are awarded in the case. If the parties agree to the amount of reasonable attorney fees to be awarded, the administrative law judge shall issue an order awarding attorney fees consistent with the agreement. In all other cases, the administrative law judge shall issue a written order determining the reasonable attorney fees in the case.

*e.* The administrative law judge's decision is not final for purposes of rehearing under rule 481—11.14(17A) or judicial review under Iowa Code chapter 17A until the administrative law judge has issued a written decision determining the amount of any attorney fees to be awarded under this subrule or determining that no attorney fees are to be awarded.

*f.* If an application for rehearing under rule 481—11.14(17A) is denied, no additional attorney fees shall be awarded to either party. If an application for rehearing is granted, all the provisions of this subrule apply to the rehearing proceedings unless the only relief sought on rehearing relates to the attorney fee award. If the only relief sought relates to the attorney fee award, the order granting the application for rehearing shall provide that a party opposing the requested relief may file a resistance, including any relevant evidence, within 7 days of the date of the order and shall schedule a hearing or provide that a hearing may be scheduled upon the request of either party. In such a case, the administrative law judge shall issue a single final decision regarding the attorney fee award.

*g.* Any attorney fees awarded under this subrule shall be paid to the awarded party within 30 days of the issuance of an order determining the amount of attorney fees awarded unless an interested party seeks rehearing under rule 481—11.14(17A) or judicial review under Iowa Code chapter 17A or the parties agree to an alternative payment schedule. If a party seeks rehearing under rule 481—11.14(17A), the attorney fees shall be paid within 30 days of the denial of the application for rehearing or of any final decision awarding attorney fees after the grant of an application for rehearing. If a party seeks judicial review under Iowa Code chapter 17A, the attorney fee award shall be stayed pending resolution of the judicial review action. A party awarded attorney fees is responsible for taking any necessary action to enforce the award if payment is not made.

**11.11(2)** *Court costs and attorney fees on judicial review.* Any request for the award of court costs or for attorney fees incurred after the entry of an order determining reasonable attorney fees may only be made to the court in a judicial review action under Iowa Code chapter 17A, unless a party requests rehearing under rule 481—11.14(17A), in which case reasonable attorney fees may be awarded by the administrative law judge related to the request for rehearing consistent with paragraph 11.11(1) "*f.*"

**11.11(3)** *Contested case costs.* Costs of the division in conducting a contested case proceeding arising out of a decision of the commissioner of public safety shall be charged to the department of public safety pursuant to Iowa Code section 10A.801(9).



This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 10A.801 as amended by 2017 Iowa Acts, House File 640, and section 724.21A as amended by 2017 Iowa Acts, House File 517.  
[ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11; ARC 9400B, IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11; ARC 3217C, IAB 7/19/17, effective 8/23/17]

**481—11.12(724) Probable cause.** Probable cause to deny an initial or renewal application for a permit to carry weapons or acquire firearms or to suspend or revoke a permit to carry weapons or acquire firearms means a reasonable ground exists for supposing that the basis for the denial, suspension or revocation is well-founded.  
[ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11; ARC 9400B, IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11]

**481—11.13(724) Clear and convincing evidence.** Clear and convincing evidence means there is no serious or substantial doubt about the correctness of the conclusion drawn from the evidence.  
[ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11; ARC 9400B, IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11]

**481—11.14(17A) Rehearing.** An applicant, permittee, or agency aggrieved by an administrative law judge's final decision rescinding or sustaining the agency's denial, suspension, or revocation may request rehearing. A request for rehearing shall be made by filing an application for rehearing with the division within 20 days of the date of the administrative law judge's final decision and must state the specific grounds for the rehearing and the relief sought. If the only relief sought relates to the award of attorney fees, the application must include any argument and relevant evidence to be considered on rehearing. An application for rehearing shall be deemed to have been denied unless the administrative law judge grants the application within 20 days after its filing. A request for rehearing is not necessary to exhaust administrative remedies.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 724.21A as amended by 2017 Iowa Acts, House File 517, and section 17A.16.  
[ARC 1993C, IAB 5/27/15, effective 7/1/15; ARC 3217C, IAB 7/19/17, effective 8/23/17]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 724.21A.

[Filed Emergency ARC 9299B, IAB 12/29/10, effective 1/1/11]

[Filed ARC 9400B (Notice ARC 9298B, IAB 12/29/10), IAB 3/9/11, effective 4/13/11]

[Filed ARC 1993C (Notice ARC 1934C, IAB 4/1/15), IAB 5/27/15, effective 7/1/15]

[Filed ARC 3217C (Notice ARC 3073C, IAB 5/24/17), IAB 7/19/17, effective 8/23/17]



CHAPTER 12  
Reserved

CHAPTERS 13 to 21  
Reserved

*AUDITS DIVISION*



CHAPTER 22  
HEALTH CARE FACILITY AUDITS  
[Rules in 481—Chapter 22 transferred to 481—Chapter 31, 8/26/87]

**481—22.1(10A) Audit occurrence.** The department audits financial records of intermediate care facilities, residential care facilities, and intermediate care facilities for the intellectually disabled on a rotating basis or upon request of the department of human services (DHS). Audits are intended to ensure compliance with the following Iowa Administrative Code chapters:

1. 441—Chapter 52, Payment, specifically subrule 52.1(3).
2. 441—Chapter 54, Facility Participation, specifically rule 441—54.5(249) and subrule 54.8(2).
3. 441—Chapter 81, Nursing Facilities, specifically subrule 81.4(3), rule 441—81.10(249A) and subrule 81.14(2).
4. 441—Chapter 82, Intermediate Care Facilities for Persons With an Intellectual Disability, specifically subrules 82.9(3) and 82.17(2).

If a rule not listed is used in an audit, the auditor will notify the facility.

The department acts as an agent for DHS when conducting the above audits.

[ARC 0766C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—22.2(10A) Confidentiality.** All information compiled during an audit is confidential according to Iowa Code sections 10A.105 and 217.30. All inquiries to release information which is confidential under Iowa Code section 217.30 must be addressed to the DHS.

**22.2(1)** Information may be added to an audit file by the subject of the audit when the subject notifies the Audits Division, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

**22.2(2)** At the conclusion of the audit, when material is returned to DHS, DHS rules regarding fair information practices prevail.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.302 and 22.11.

[Filed 1/6/88, Notices 8/12/87, 12/2/87—published 1/27/88, effective 3/2/88]

[Filed 1/5/89, Notice 11/30/88—published 1/25/89, effective 3/1/89]

[Filed ARC 0766C (Notice ARC 0601C, IAB 2/6/13), IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]



CHAPTER 23  
Reserved

CHAPTER 24  
Reserved

[Rules in 481—Chapters 23 and 24 transferred to 481—Chapters 32 and 33, 8/26/87]





CHAPTER 25  
IOWA TARGETED SMALL BUSINESS CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

The purpose of the Iowa targeted small business certification program is to certify small businesses that meet the criteria of the targeted small business program.

**481—25.1(73) Definitions.**

*“Certification”* means the process which identifies small businesses as targeted and eligible for financial and technical assistance.

*“Conditional certification”* means a temporary certification identifying targeted group persons-owned companies before the business is operational in order for the applicant to apply for financial and technical assistance.

*“Contractor”* means the person who contracts to perform work for the state.

*“Cottage industry”* means a business where the principal place of business is the owner’s residence.

*“Department”* means the department of inspections and appeals.

*“Disability”* means, with respect to an individual, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of the individual, a record of physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of the individual, or being regarded as an individual with a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of the individual. “Disability” does not include any of the following:

1. Homosexuality or bisexuality.
2. Transvestitism, transsexualism, pedophilia, exhibitionism, voyeurism, gender identity disorders not resulting from physical impairments, or other sexual behavior disorders.
3. Compulsive gambling, kleptomania, or pyromania.
4. Psychoactive substance abuse disorders resulting from current illegal use of drugs.

*“Experience or expertise”* means the targeted group owner’s or owners’ experience or expertise must be:

1. In the areas critical to the operation of the business; and
2. Specific to the type of work the business performs.

*“Family”* means a group of people who are related as follows: father, mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, husband, wife, grandmother, grandfather, grandchildren, stepfather, stepmother, stepdaughter, stepson, stepbrother, stepsister, half-sister, or half-brother.

*“Family-owned business”* means a business owned by more than one member of one family. Characteristics of a family-owned business include, but are not limited to:

1. Ownership is shared by family members;
2. Profits are disbursed among family members;
3. Business tax return is filed in the name of the company with the family members listed as officers.

*“Gross income”* means the total sales less the cost of goods sold plus any income from investments and from incidentals or outside operations or sources.

*“Intention”* means an attempt has been made to perform the work.

*“Lending institution”* means any bank, savings and loan or credit union.

*“Major life activity”* includes functions such as caring for one’s self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, or working.

*“Minority”* means an individual who is a Black, Latino, Asian, Pacific Islander, American Indian or Alaskan Native American.

*“Owner’s residence”* means the owner’s legal residence.

*“Person”* means individual, corporation, government or governmental subdivision or agency, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any other legal entity.

*“Service-disabled veteran”* means the same as defined in 15 U.S.C. Section 632.

*“Single management”* means a business which is not a subsidiary of any other business.

“*Targeted group persons (TGP)*” means minorities, women, persons with disabilities, and service-disabled veterans.

“*Targeted small business (TSB)*” means a small business which is 51 percent or more owned, operated, and actively managed by one or more targeted group persons provided the business meets all of the following requirements:

1. Is located in this state;
2. Is operated for profit;
3. Has an annual gross income of less than \$4 million, computed as an average of the three preceding fiscal years.

“*Targeted small business owner*” means one or more women, minorities, persons with disabilities, service-disabled veterans, or a combination thereof, owning at least 51 percent of a business.

“*Uniform small business vendor application*” means the application developed by the Iowa department of economic development which can be adopted by all agencies and departments of state government to identify small businesses and targeted small businesses. The form contains information which can be used to determine certification as a targeted small business for participation in the Iowa targeted small business procurement program.

“*Woman*” means any female 18 years of age or older.  
[ARC 2221C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

**481—25.2(10A) Certification.** The department is responsible for ascertaining that a small business is owned, operated, and actively managed by a targeted group person.

**25.2(1) Regular certification.** Before a small business can participate in the Iowa targeted small business program, it must be certified by the department.

- a. The department shall review applications from small businesses to determine whether they are eligible to participate in the program.
- b. Certification means the department has determined that the business meets eligibility standards.
- c. Applications for targeted small business certification are available from the Audits Division, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083.
- d. Applicants shall receive written notification of the decision.
- e. An application processing fee will be charged for each new application. This processing fee must accompany the application for certification. The application processing fee will not be refunded if the business is denied certification.

**25.2(2) Conditional certification.** Some businesses are temporarily certified as targeted group person-owned before the business has been purchased or has become operational.

- a. Conditional certification may be in effect for six months and may be used for the purpose of applying for financial and technical assistance available to a TSB. The department may grant an extension of conditional certification if progress toward operational status is being made.
- b. The business name will not be placed in the Iowa targeted small business directory until the business is operational.
- c. The business will not be contacted by state purchasing authorities for a bid until open for business.
- d. It shall be the responsibility of the targeted small business to notify the department when the business has become operational.
- e. Additional documents may be required of new businesses, such as proof of experience or a business plan. Businesses may be requested to provide documentation of continued eligibility at any time during and after conditional certification.

f. An application processing fee will be charged for each new application. This processing fee must accompany the application for conditional certification. The application processing fee will not be refunded if the business is denied conditional certification. An additional application processing fee will be charged when the business notifies the department that the business is operational.

**25.2(3) Recertification.** Certified businesses shall submit verification of continued eligibility to the department at least every two years.

- a. The form for recertification will be provided by the department.
- b. Other documents will be requested to verify the continuing eligibility of the business.
- c. An application processing fee will be charged for each renewal application. This processing fee must accompany the application for recertification. The application processing fee will not be refunded if the business is denied recertification.

**25.2(4)** Various and specific documentation may be required by the department during the certification process. Each business shall provide relevant information upon the department's request in order to be considered for certification.

Applications shall be signed by an authorized representative of the business. An authorization to release information is part of each application and shall be signed by the applicant. This signature shall be notarized.

**25.2(5)** A business may reapply upon proof of compliance with TSB certification standards. Any company that is denied certification or decertified for any reason bears the burden of proving that all deficiencies previously cited have been corrected. Corrections shall be in accordance with requirements governing the targeted small business program. The burden of proof to recertify a business is the responsibility of the owner of that business. Applications may be requested from Targeted Small Business Certification, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083.

**25.2(6)** The department shall be notified within 30 days following a change in ownership or control of a certified business. A new application shall be filed showing the change and must be accompanied by sufficient documentation to determine whether the business continues to be eligible to participate in the TSB program.

**25.2(7)** An applicant for certification as an Iowa targeted small business may indicate in writing that a similar application is pending with an agency other than the department. When the department considers another certification process equal to or more stringent than the process described in these rules, an applicant may submit the information required for the other process.

The department may certify a business as a TSB based on copies of the information provided to another agency. The Iowa application for certification as a TSB may still be required. Certification as a targeted small business in Iowa is granted only by the department of inspections and appeals. Certification by any other entity does not ensure certification as a targeted small business in Iowa.

**25.2(8)** Disability determinations.

a. *Person with a disability.* In order to be considered a person with a disability for the purpose of the TSB program, the person must qualify and receive certification as having a disability from a licensed medical physician or must have been found eligible for vocational rehabilitation services by the department of education, division of vocational rehabilitation services, or by the department for the blind.

b. *Service-disabled veteran.* In order to be considered a service-disabled veteran for the purpose of the TSB program, the person must provide written verification from the Veterans Administration or the United States Department of Defense of a service-connected disability, as defined in 38 U.S.C. Section 101(16).

[ARC 2221C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

**481—25.3(17A) Description of application.** The TSB application requires information about the people who own, control, and manage the applicant business. Names, current addresses, verification of targeted group status and the employer's federal identification number, if applicable, are required. The proportion of ownership of the business and the names of stockholders or owners must be included. Documents which establish financial responsibility may be required.

Specific questions are asked regarding the applicant's contracts, credit, income, inventory, loans, personnel, payroll, taxes, and volume of business.

**25.3(1)** The information contained in the application may be reviewed by the applicant upon request to the Audits Division, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. Material to be added to a file may be sent to the department.

**25.3(2)** Information collected by the department is considered investigative and is confidential pursuant to Iowa Code sections 10A.105, 22.7(6) and 22.7(18). State and federal tax returns are confidential and will be released only at a hearing or to the applicant or the applicant's designee.

**25.3(3)** Information about targeted small businesses and their owners is stored in a data processing system. This information is not matched with any other data processing system. Paper files are stored by the department in the audits division in alphabetical order by business name.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 17A.3(1), 22.11, and 422.20.

**481—25.4(10A) Eligibility standards.** Pursuant to the authority of Iowa Code section 10A.104(8), the department has established standards to certify targeted small businesses. These standards are intended to indicate whether a business is owned, operated and actively managed by targeted group persons.

**25.4(1)** The applicant shall be an independent business. The following list describes elements of a business which indicate independent status.

*a.* The targeted group person owner(s) shall enjoy the customary incidents and profits of ownership and shall share in the risks commensurate with their ownership interest. This shall be demonstrated by the substance rather than the form of the arrangements. Title and authority shall be commensurate with ownership and control.

*b.* The business shall be owned, operated and actively managed by the same people, a single management.

*c.* A board of directors and stockholders shall each have a membership comprised of at least 51 percent targeted group persons.

*d.* The applicant business shall be compensated for facilities, inventory, equipment, labor, or other items which it owns and shares with any other business. Compensation shall not vary from common industry practice.

*e.* The targeted group person owner(s) shall have independent authority and ability to incur liability and to decide financial and policy questions. The business arrangements of owners, directors, officers or key employees with businesses which are not minority-, woman-, persons with disabilities-, or service-disabled veteran-owned shall not vary from common industry practice. Each industry has practices which differ from other industries.

*f.* Independent authority and ability to hire and to fire all personnel shall be vested in the targeted group person owner(s).

*g.* Recognition of the business as a separate entity for tax or corporate purposes is not solely sufficient for certification as a targeted small business.

**25.4(2)** The targeted group person owner(s) shall make the business decisions for the business without any restrictions, either formal or informal. This includes, but is not limited to, bylaw provisions, partnership agreements, charter requirements for cumulative voting rights, or employment agreements.

**25.4(3)** The targeted group person owner(s) shall direct or cause the direction of the business. The owner(s) shall make day-to-day decisions as well as major decisions on management policy and operation of the business.

The department will consider particular positions to determine who has major responsibility in a company. These people include, but are not limited to, those who:

- a.* Hold any applicable license;
- b.* Devote substantial time to the business;
- c.* Supervise management and field operations;
- d.* Manage financial affairs;
- e.* Prepare or approve bids or estimates;
- f.* Participate in price and bidding negotiations;
- g.* Make final decisions about staff and personnel;
- h.* Sign contracts and checks or authorize their signature.

**25.4(4)** Any relationship between a TSB and a business which is not a TSB, but which has an interest in the TSB, shall be carefully reviewed to determine if the interest of the non-TSB conflicts with the ownership and control requirements of this rule.

**25.4(5)** The contributions of capital and expertise by the targeted group person owner(s) to acquire interest in the business shall be real and substantial. The following list includes acceptable elements of ownership.

*a.* Company documents, such as stock certificates, articles of incorporation, minutes of board meetings, partnership agreements or income tax returns reflect targeted group person ownership;

*b.* Independent contributions of capital are made by the targeted group person owner(s). Proof of this independent contribution of capital made by the targeted group person owner(s) to acquire interest in the business must accompany the certification application;

*c.* Independent contributions of expertise are made by the targeted group person owner(s). The targeted group person owner(s) must have an overall understanding of, managerial and technical competence in, and expertise directly related to the type of business in which the firm is engaged and in the firm's operations. Generally, expertise limited to office management, administration, or bookkeeping functions unrelated to the activities of the business is insufficient to demonstrate control of the business;

*d.* Independent risk of loss and share of profit by the targeted group person owner(s) are commensurate with their proportion of ownership.

Fifty-one percent or more of securities which constitute ownership or control of a corporation for purposes of establishing it as a TSB shall be held directly by targeted group persons.

An inherited business may be eligible for targeted small business status. Capital contribution, expertise and experience in the inherited business are not required. All other standards apply.

Documentation may be required to prove compliance with all standards.

[ARC 2221C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

**481—25.5(10A) Special consideration.** In addition to the above standards, the department may give consideration to other circumstances to determine eligibility. These are to ensure that only bona fide targeted group person-owned businesses are certified.

**25.5(1)** A previous or continuing employer-employee relationship between present owners will be carefully reviewed to ensure that the employee-owner has substantial management and decision-making responsibilities.

**25.5(2)** At the discretion of the department, on-site audits may be conducted to determine eligibility.

**481—25.6(10A) Family-owned business.** Businesses which are owned and operated by one or more members of the same family will be closely scrutinized to determine whether the targeted group person identified as the owner of 51 percent or more of the business does in fact set policy and make day-to-day and long-term decisions for the operation and management of the business.

**25.6(1)** Any characteristic listed below may be cause to deny targeted small business status. This list is not to be construed as complete.

*a.* If a nontargeted group person family member:

(1) Is chief executive officer or president;

(2) Provides the expertise to conduct the business;

(3) Transfers ownership to the targeted group person owner for less than fair market value;

(4) Receives compensation equal to or greater than the targeted group person owner, not commensurate with their ownership;

(5) Provides occupational services for the business for less than fair market value;

(6) Possesses powers equal to or greater than the targeted group person owner to direct management and operations.

*b.* If the targeted group person owner:

(1) Is represented to those outside the business as not possessing the final authority to direct the operations and management of the business;

(2) Cannot document the date upon which the nontargeted group person family member was hired.

*c.* A recent transfer of ownership by a nontargeted group person family member to a targeted group person will be reviewed to determine if the previous owner is still the principal decision maker on

policy or actually manages the existing business. Transfers in the past two years are considered recent, and these businesses shall not be certified, unless evidence substantiating the transfer is received and approved.

If any of the above circumstances prevail, the business shall be considered a family-owned business. Nontargeted group person family-owned businesses are not eligible for certification as targeted small businesses in Iowa.

**25.6(2)** If a lending institution requires a signature other than the TSB owner's, another person may sign. When this happens, the owner must have the experience and expertise to own and operate the business. If a nontargeted group person family member has the expertise and has cosigned for business loans, the business is not eligible.

**481—25.7(10A) Cottage industry.** A cottage industry may be eligible for certification as a TSB. Characteristics of these businesses include, but are not limited to:

1. At least 51 percent of business equipment shall be owned by targeted group persons.
2. Business risks and profits shall be borne by the targeted group person owner(s) proportionate to their ownership.

The intent of targeting some small businesses is to identify those businesses which have been traditionally excluded from economic growth. Therefore, the following exception is made for cottage industries:

EXCEPTION: The residence and any adjacent outbuildings used by the cottage industry may be owned jointly with other family members.

All other TSB eligibility standards apply.

**481—25.8(10A) Decertification.** A business shall be decertified by the department if it is determined the business no longer complies with the requirements of the TSB program or its owners cannot be located by the department.

**25.8(1)** Written notice of the intent to revoke certification shall be provided when the department determines there is reasonable cause to believe a business does not comply. Notice shall be sent by United States mail at least 20 days before decertification is effective.

**25.8(2)** If the department sends a letter by first-class mail to the last-known address provided to the department by the TSB and it is returned as undeliverable, this is considered to be grounds for decertification.

**25.8(3)** Decertification procedures may be initiated by the department or after the investigation of a complaint filed by the general public. A request for an investigation from the public must be written and shall specify the reason(s) why the certified targeted small business no longer complies with these rules. Supporting documentation may be attached to the request. The identity of a complainant is confidential pursuant to Iowa Code section 22.7(18).

**25.8(4)** Eligibility to participate in the TSB program continues until the final decision is issued by the department.

**481—25.9(12) Request for bond waiver.** A targeted small business seeking a performance, surety, or bid bond waiver shall submit a sworn statement that it is unable to secure a performance, surety, or bid bond because of lack of experience, lack of net worth, or lack of capital.

Documentation will be requested from surety companies that the TSB is unable to obtain performance, surety, or bid bonding because of the lack of experience, lack of net worth, or lack of capital.

**25.9(1)** A waiver shall be applied only to a prime contract where the project or individual transaction does not exceed \$50,000, notwithstanding Iowa Code section 573.2.

**25.9(2)** Granting a waiver shall not relieve any business from its contractual obligations. The state agency or department may pursue any remedy under law upon default or breach of contract.

**25.9(3)** The department reviews all bond waiver documents. Information to assist the review process may be requested from the state department or agency involved.

An applicant for a performance, surety, or bid bond waiver and the department or agency involved will be notified of the decision by United States mail.

**25.9(4)** Bond waivers will be reviewed and renewed at the time of TSB recertification.

**481—25.10(714) Fraudulent practices in connection with targeted small business programs.** A violation under this rule is grounds for decertification of the TSB connected with the violation. Decertification shall be in addition to any penalty otherwise authorized by this chapter.

A person is considered to be guilty of a fraudulent practice if the person:

1. Knowingly transfers or assigns assets, ownership, or equitable interest in property of a business to a targeted group person primarily for the purpose of obtaining benefits under TSB programs if the transferor would otherwise not be qualified for such programs.

2. Solicits and is awarded a state contract on behalf of a TSB for the purpose of transferring the contract to another for a percentage if the person transferring or intending to transfer the work had no intention of performing the work.

3. Knowingly falsifies information on an application for the purpose of obtaining benefits under TSB programs.

The department may investigate allegations or complaints of fraudulent practices and will take action to decertify a TSB upon concluding that a violation has occurred. A decertification by this action may be appealed.

**481—25.11(17A) Appeal procedure.** Department decisions regarding targeted small businesses may be contested by an adversely affected party. Requests for a hearing must be made in writing to the department within 30 days of mailing or serving a decision. Appeals and hearings are controlled by 481—Chapter 10, “Contested Case Hearings,” Iowa Administrative Code.

**25.11(1)** The proposed decision of the administrative law judge becomes final ten days after it is mailed.

**25.11(2)** Any request for administrative review of a proposed decision must:

- a. Be made in writing;
- b. Be filed with the director within ten days after the proposed decision was mailed to the aggrieved party; and
- c. State the reason(s) for the request.

Date of receipt by personal service or the postmarked date is the time of filing.

**25.11(3)** The decision of the director shall be based upon the record and become final agency action upon mailing.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.104, 10A.105, 12.44, 15.102(5), 17A.3, 17A.12, 73.15 to 73.21, and 714.8.

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CHAPTER 26  
Reserved

CHAPTERS 27 to 29  
Reserved



## INSPECTIONS DIVISION

## CHAPTER 30

## FOOD AND CONSUMER SAFETY

**481—30.1(10A,137C,137D,137F) Food and consumer safety bureau.** The food and consumer safety bureau inspects food establishments and food processing plants including food storage facilities (warehouses), home bakeries, food and beverage vending machines, and hotels and motels. The food and consumer safety bureau is also responsible for social and charitable gambling and amusement devices. Separate chapters have been established for the administration of targeted small business certification (481—Chapter 25), social and charitable gambling (481—Chapters 100 to 103, 106, and 107), and amusement devices (481—Chapters 104 and 105).

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.104 and 22.11 and Iowa Code chapters 137C, 137D and 137F.

[ARC 1190C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14; ARC 3187C, IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17]

**481—30.2(10A,137C,137D,137F) Definitions.** If both the 2009 Food and Drug Administration Food Code with Supplement and rule 481—30.2(10A,137C,137D,137F) define a term, the definition in rule 481—30.2(10A,137C,137D,137F) shall apply.

“*Baked goods*” means breads, cakes, doughnuts, pastries, buns, rolls, cookies, biscuits and pies (except meat pies).

“*Bed and breakfast home*” means a private residence which provides lodging and meals for guests, in which the host or hostess resides, and in which no more than four guest families are lodged at the same time. The facility may advertise as a bed and breakfast home but not as a hotel, motel or restaurant. The facility is exempt from licensing and inspection as a hotel or as a food establishment. A bed and breakfast home may serve food only to overnight guests, unless a food establishment license is secured.

“*Bed and breakfast inn*” means a hotel which has nine or fewer guest rooms.

“*Catering*” means the preparation of food for distribution to an individual, business or organization for exclusive service to the individual’s, business’s or organization’s nonpaying guests, employees or members.

“*Commissary*” means a food establishment used for preparing, fabricating, packaging and storage of food or food products for distribution and sale through the food establishment’s own outlets.

“*Contractor*” means a municipal corporation, county or other political subdivision that contracts with the department to license and inspect under Iowa Code chapter 137C, 137D or 137F. A list of contractors is maintained on the department’s Web site.

“*Criminal offense*” means a public offense, as defined in Iowa Code section 701.2, that is prohibited by statute and is punishable by fine or imprisonment.

“*Critical violation*” means a foodborne illness risk factor and public health intervention and the violations defined as such by the Food Code adopted in rule 481—31.1(137F) and pursuant to Iowa Code section 137F.2.

“*Department*” means the department of inspections and appeals.

“*Farmers market*” means a marketplace which operates seasonally, principally as a common market for Iowa-produced farm products on a retail basis for consumption elsewhere.

“*Farmers market potentially hazardous food license*” means a license for a temporary food establishment that sells potentially hazardous foods at farmers markets. A separate annual farmers market potentially hazardous food license is required for each county in which the licensee sells potentially hazardous foods at farmers markets. The license is only applicable at farmers markets and is not required in order to sell wholesome, fresh shell eggs to consumer customers.

“*Food establishment*” means an operation that stores, prepares, packages, serves, vends or otherwise provides food for human consumption and includes a food service operation in a salvage or distressed food operation, nutrition program operated pursuant to Title III-C of the Older Americans Act, school, summer camp, residential service substance abuse treatment facility, halfway house substance abuse treatment facility, correctional facility operated by the department of corrections, the

state training school and the Iowa juvenile home. Assisted living programs and adult day services are included in the definition of food establishment to the extent required by 481—subrules 69.28(6) and 70.28(6). “Food establishment” does not include the following:

1. A food processing plant.
2. An establishment that offers only prepackaged foods that are not potentially hazardous.
3. A produce stand or facility which sells only whole, uncut fresh fruits and vegetables.
4. Premises which are a home bakery pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 137D.
5. Premises which operate as a farmers market.
6. Premises of a residence in which food that is not potentially hazardous is sold for consumption off the premises to a consumer customer, if the food is labeled to identify the name and address of the person preparing the food and the common name of the food. This exception does not apply to resale goods. This exception applies only to sales made from the residence in person and does not include mail order or Internet sales.
7. A kitchen in a private home where food is prepared or stored for family consumption or in a bed and breakfast home.
8. A private home or private party where a personal chef or hired cook is providing food preparation services to a client and the client’s nonpaying guests.
9. A private home that receives catered or home-delivered food.
10. Child day care facilities and other food establishments located in hospitals or health care facilities that serve only patients and staff and are subject to inspection by other state agencies or divisions of the department.
11. Supply vehicles or vending machine locations.
12. Establishments that are exclusively engaged in the processing of meat and poultry and are licensed pursuant to Iowa Code section 189A.3.
13. The following premises, provided they are exclusively engaged in the sale of alcoholic beverages in a prepackaged form:
  - Premises covered by a current Class “A” beer permit, including a Class “A” native beer permit as provided in Iowa Code chapter 123;
  - Premises covered by a current Class “A” wine permit, including a Class “A” native wine permit as provided in Iowa Code chapter 123; and
  - Premises of a manufacturer of distilled spirits under Iowa Code chapter 123.
14. Premises or operations that are exclusively engaged in the processing of milk and milk products, are regulated by Iowa Code section 192.107, and have a milk or milk products permit issued by the department of agriculture and land stewardship.
15. Premises or operations that are exclusively engaged in the production of shell eggs, are regulated by Iowa Code section 196.3, and have an egg handler’s license.
16. The premises of a residence in which honey is stored; prepared; packaged, including by placement in a container; or labeled or from which honey is distributed.
17. Premises regularly used by a nonprofit organization which engages in the serving of food on the premises as long as the nonprofit organization does not exceed the following restrictions:
  - The nonprofit organization serves food no more than one day per calendar week and not on two or more consecutive days;
  - Twice per year, the nonprofit organization may serve food to the public for up to three consecutive days; and
  - The nonprofit organization may use the premises of another nonprofit organization not more than twice per year for one day to serve food.

“*Food processing plant*” means a commercial operation that manufactures, packages, labels or stores food for human consumption and does not provide food directly to a consumer. “Food processing plant” does not include any of the following:

1. The following premises, provided they are exclusively engaged in the sale of alcoholic beverages in a prepackaged form:

- Premises covered by a current Class “A” beer permit, including a Class “A” native beer permit as provided in Iowa Code chapter 123;

- Premises covered by a current Class “A” wine permit, including a Class “A” native wine permit as provided in Iowa Code chapter 123; and

- Premises of a manufacturer of distilled spirits under Iowa Code chapter 123.

2. The premises of a residence in which honey is stored; prepared; packaged, including by placement in a container; or labeled or from which honey is distributed.

3. Premises or operations that are exclusively engaged in the processing of meat and poultry and are licensed pursuant to Iowa Code section 189A.3.

4. Premises or operations that are exclusively engaged in the processing of milk or milk products, are regulated by Iowa Code section 192.107, and have a milk or milk products permit issued by the department of agriculture and land stewardship.

5. Premises or operations that are exclusively engaged in the production of shell eggs, are regulated by Iowa Code section 196.3, and have an egg handler’s license.

“*Food service establishment*” means a food establishment where food is prepared or served for individual portion service intended for consumption on the premises or is subject to Iowa sales tax as provided in Iowa Code section 423.3.

“*Home bakery*” means a business on the premises of a residence that is operating as a home-based bakery where baked goods are prepared for consumption elsewhere. Annual gross sales of these products cannot exceed \$35,000. “Home bakery” does not include:

1. A food establishment;
2. A food processing plant;
3. A residence where food is prepared to be used or sold by churches, fraternal societies, or charitable, civic or nonprofit organizations;
4. A residence that prepares or distributes honey;
5. A residence that distributes shell eggs;
6. A residence that prepares nonhazardous foods for sale at a farmers market; or
7. A residence that prepares nonhazardous baked goods sold directly from the residence. This exception does not apply to resale goods. This exception applies only to sales made from the residence in person and does not include mail order or Internet sales.

“*Hotel*” means any building equipped, used or advertised to the public as a place where sleeping accommodations are rented to temporary or transient guests.

“*License holder*” means an individual, corporation, partnership, governmental unit, association or any other entity to whom a license was issued under Iowa Code chapter 137C, 137D or 137F.

“*Mobile food unit*” means a food establishment that is self-contained, with the exception of grills and smokers, and readily movable, which either operates up to three consecutive days at one location or returns to a home base of operation at the end of each day.

“*Personal chef*” or “*hired cook*” means a person who provides food preparation services in a private home or at a private party for a client and the client’s nonpaying guests. “Personal chef” or “hired cook” does not include a person who provides the ingredients intended to be used in food preparation.

“*Pushcart*” means a non-self-propelled vehicle food establishment limited to serving nonpotentially hazardous foods or commissary-wrapped foods maintained at proper temperatures or precooked foods that require limited assembly, such as frankfurters.

“*Retail food establishment*” means a food establishment that sells to consumer customers food or food products intended for preparation or consumption off the premises.

“*Revoke*” means to void or annul by recalling or withdrawing a license issued under Iowa Code chapter 137C, 137D or 137F. The entire application process, including the payment of applicable license fees, must be repeated to regain a valid license following a revocation.

“*Suspend*” means to render a license issued under Iowa Code chapter 137C, 137D, or 137F invalid for a period of time, with the intent of resuming the validity of a license at the end of that period.

“*Temporary food establishment*” means a food establishment that operates for a period of no more than 14 consecutive days in conjunction with a single event or celebration. An “event or celebration”

is a significant occurrence or happening sponsored by a civic, business, educational, government, community, or veterans' organization and may include athletic contests. For example, an event does not include a single store's grand opening or sale.

*"Transient guest"* means an overnight lodging guest who does not intend to stay for any permanent length of time. Any guest who rents a room for more than 31 consecutive days is not classified as a transient guest.

*"Unattended food establishment"* means an operation that provides packaged foods or whole fruit using an automated payment system and has controlled entry not accessible by the general public. "Controlled entry," for the purposes of the definition of "unattended food establishment," means selective restriction or limitation of access to a place or location.

*"Vending machine"* means a food establishment which is a self-service device that, upon insertion of a coin, paper currency, token, card or key, dispenses unit servings of food in bulk or in packages without the necessity of replenishing the device between each vending operation. Vending machines that dispense only prepackaged, nonpotentially hazardous foods, panned candies, gumballs or nuts are exempt from licensing but may be inspected by the department upon receipt of a written complaint. "Panned candies" are those with a fine, hard coating on the outside and a soft candy filling on the inside. Panned candies are easily dispensed by a gumball-type machine.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.104, 137C.8, and 137D.2 and chapter 137F.

[ARC 1190C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14; ARC 3187C, IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17]

**481—30.3(137C,137D,137F) Licensing and postings.** A license to operate any food establishment or food processing plant defined in rule 481—30.2(10A,137C,137D,137F) must be granted by the department of inspections and appeals. Application for a license is made on a form furnished by the department which contains the names of the business, owner, and manager; locations of buildings; and other data relative to the license requested. Applications are available from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Food and Consumer Safety Bureau, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083, or from contractors. An application for licensure shall be submitted 30 days in advance of the opening of the food establishment or food processing plant. Temporary food establishment license applications shall be submitted a minimum of 3 business days prior to opening.

**30.3(1) Transferability.** A license is not transferable to a new owner or location. Any change in business ownership or business location requires a new license. Vending machines, mobile food units and pushcarts may be moved without obtaining a new license. A farmers market potentially hazardous food license may be used in the same county at different individual locations without obtaining a new license. However, if the different individual locations are operated simultaneously, a separate license is required for each location. Nutrition sites for the elderly licensed under Iowa Code chapter 137F may change locations in the same city without obtaining a new license.

**30.3(2) Refunds.** License fees are refundable only if the license is surrendered to the department prior to the effective date of the license and only as follows:

- a. License fees of \$67.50 or less are an application processing fee and are not refundable.
- b. If an on-site visit has not occurred, license fees of more than \$67.50 will be refunded less the \$67.50.
- c. If an on-site visit has occurred, the entire license fee is nonrefundable.

**30.3(3) License expiration.** A license is renewable and expires after one year, with the exception of a temporary food establishment license, which is event- and location-specific and is valid for a period not to exceed 14 consecutive days.

**30.3(4) Posting of inspection reports, licenses, and registration tags.** A valid license and the most recent inspection report, along with any current complaint or reinspection reports, shall be posted no higher than eye level where the public can see them. The report shall not be posted in such a manner that the public cannot reasonably read the report. For example, the posting of a report behind a service area where the report can be seen but not easily read is not allowed. Vending machines shall bear a tag to affirm the license. For the purpose of this subrule, only founded complaint reports shall be considered

complaints. Founded complaints shall be posted until either the mail-in recheck form has been submitted to the regulatory authority or a recheck inspection has been conducted to verify that the violations have been corrected.

**30.3(5) Documentation of gross sales.** The regulatory authority shall require from a license holder documentation of the annual gross sales of food and drink sold by a licensed food establishment or a licensed food processing plant unless the establishment is paying the highest license fee required by rule 481—30.4(137C,137D,137F). The documentation submitted by the license holder will be kept confidential and will be used to verify that the license holder is paying the appropriate license fee based on annual gross sales of food and drink. For food processing plants that are food storage facilities and food establishments whose sales are included in a single rate with lodging or other services, the value of the food handled should be used. Documentation shall include at least one of the following:

- a. A copy of the firm's business tax return;
- b. Quarterly sales tax data;
- c. A letter from an independent tax preparer;
- d. Other appropriate records.

**30.3(6) License eligibility for renewal limited to 60 days after expiration.** A delinquent license shall only be renewed if application for renewal is made within 60 days of expiration of the license. If a delinquent license is not renewed within 60 days, an establishment must apply for a new license and meet all the requirements for licensure. Establishments that have not renewed the license within 60 days of the expiration of the license shall be closed by the department or a contractor. The establishment shall not be reopened until a new license application has been submitted and approved.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.104, 137C.8, and 137D.2 and chapter 137F.

[ARC 1190C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—30.4(137C,137D,137F) License fees.** The license fee is the same for an initial license and a renewal license. License applications are available from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Food and Consumer Safety Bureau, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083, or from a contractor. License fees are set by the Iowa Code sections listed below and are charged as follows:

**30.4(1) Retail food establishments.** License fees for retail food establishments are based on annual gross sales of food or food products to consumer customers and intended for preparation or consumption off the premises (Iowa Code section 137F.6) as follows:

- a. For annual gross sales of less than \$10,000—\$40.50.
- b. For annual gross sales of \$10,000 to \$250,000—\$101.25.
- c. For annual gross sales of \$250,000 to \$500,000—\$155.25.
- d. For annual gross sales of \$500,000 to \$750,000—\$202.50.
- e. For annual gross sales of \$750,000 or more—\$303.75.

**30.4(2) Food service establishments.** License fees for food service establishments are based on annual gross sales of food and drink for individual portion service intended for consumption on the premises (Iowa Code section 137F.6) or subject to Iowa sales tax as provided in Iowa Code section 423.3 as follows:

- a. For annual gross sales of less than \$50,000—\$67.50.
- b. For annual gross sales of \$50,000 to \$100,000—\$114.50.
- c. For annual gross sales of \$100,000 to \$250,000—\$236.25.
- d. For annual gross sales of \$250,000 to \$500,000—\$275.00.
- e. For annual gross sales of \$500,000 or more—\$303.75.

**30.4(3) Vending machines.** License fees for food and beverage vending machines are \$20 for the first machine and \$5 for each additional machine (Iowa Code section 137F.6).

**30.4(4) Home bakery.** The license fee for a home bakery is \$33.75 (Iowa Code section 137D.2(1)).

**30.4(5) Hotels.** License fees for hotels are based on the number of rooms provided to transient guests (Iowa Code section 137C.9) as follows:

- a. For 1 to 15 guest rooms—\$27.00.

- b. For 16 to 30 guest rooms—\$40.50.
- c. For 31 to 75 guest rooms—\$54.00.
- d. For 76 to 149 guest rooms—\$57.50.
- e. For 150 or more guest rooms—\$101.25.

**30.4(6) Mobile food units or pushcarts.** The license fee for a mobile food unit or a pushcart is \$27 (Iowa Code section 137F.6).

**30.4(7) Temporary food service establishments.** The fee for a temporary food service establishment license issued for up to 14 consecutive days in conjunction with a single event or celebration is \$33.50 (Iowa Code section 137F.6).

**30.4(8) Food processing plants including food storage facilities (warehouses).** For food processing plants, the annual license fee is based on the annual gross sales of food and food products handled at that plant or food storage facility (warehouse) (Iowa Code section 137F.6) as follows:

- a. Annual gross sales of less than \$50,000—\$67.50.
- b. Annual gross sales of \$50,000 to \$250,000—\$135.00.
- c. Annual gross sales of \$250,000 to \$500,000—\$202.50.
- d. Annual gross sales of \$500,000 or more—\$337.50.

**30.4(9) Farmers market.** A person selling potentially hazardous food at a farmers market must pay an annual license fee of \$100 for each county of operation. Persons who operate simultaneously at more than one location within a county are required to have a separate license for each location.

**30.4(10) Discount.** If an establishment renews its license as a retail food establishment or food service establishment and has had a person in charge for the entire previous 12-month period who holds an active certified food protection manager certificate from a program approved by the Conference on Food Protection and the establishment has not been issued a critical violation during the previous 12-month period, the establishment's license fee for the current renewal period shall be reduced by \$50 but no more than the establishment's total license fee(s).

**30.4(11) Voluntary inspection fee.** The department shall charge a voluntary inspection fee of \$100 when a premises that is not a food establishment requests a voluntary inspection.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 137C.9, 137D.2(1), and 137F.6.  
[ARC 1190C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14; ARC 3187C, IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17]

#### **481—30.5(137F) Penalty and delinquent fees.**

**30.5(1) Late penalty.** Food establishment licenses and food processing plant licenses that are renewed by the licensee after the license expiration date shall be subject to a penalty of 10 percent of the license fee per month. A license shall be renewed only if the license holder has provided documentation pursuant to subrule 30.3(5).

**30.5(2) Penalty for opening or operating without a license.** A person who opens or operates a food establishment or food processing plant without a license is subject to a penalty of up to twice the amount of the annual license fee.

**30.5(3) Civil penalty for violations.** A person who violates Iowa Code chapter 137F or these rules shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$100 for each violation. Prior to assessment of the penalty, the license holder shall have an opportunity for a hearing using the process outlined in rule 481—30.11(10A,137C,137D,137F).

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 137F.4, 137F.9 and 137F.17.  
[ARC 1190C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—30.6(137C,137D,137F) Returned checks.** If a check intended to pay for any license provided for under Iowa Code chapter 137C, 137D, or 137F is not honored for payment by the bank on which it is drafted, the department will attempt to redeem the check. The department will notify the applicant of the need to provide sufficient payment. An additional fee of \$25 shall be assessed for each dishonored check. If the department does not receive cash to replace the check, the establishment will be operating



without a valid license. Furthermore, any late penalties assessed pursuant to rule 481—30.5(137F) will accrue and must be paid.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 137C.9, 137D.2(1), and 137F.6.  
[ARC 1190C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14]

#### **481—30.7(137F) Double licenses.**

**30.7(1)** Any establishment which holds a food service establishment license and has gross sales over \$20,000 annually in packaged food items intended for consumption off the premises shall also be required to obtain a retail food establishment license. The license holder shall keep a record of these food sales and make it available to the department upon request.

**30.7(2)** A retail food establishment and a food service establishment which occupy the same premises must be licensed separately, and the applicable fees must be paid for each. The license fee for each is based on only the annual gross sales of food and drink covered under the scope of that particular type of license.

**30.7(3)** A food establishment that is licensed both with a food service establishment license and a retail food establishment license shall pay 75 percent of the license fees required in subrules 30.4(1) and 30.4(2).

**30.7(4)** Licensed retail food establishments serving only coffee, soft drinks, popcorn, prepackaged sandwiches or other food items manufactured and packaged by a licensed establishment need only obtain a retail food establishment license.

**30.7(5)** A temporary food establishment license is not required when the temporary food establishment is owned and operated on the premises of a licensed food establishment.

**30.7(6)** The dominant form of business in annual gross sales shall determine the type of license for establishments which engage in operations covered under the definitions of both a food establishment and a food processing plant. Sale of products at wholesale to outlets not owned by a commissary owner requires a food processing plant license. Food establishments that process low-acid food in hermetically sealed containers or process acidified foods are required to have a food processing plant license. Regardless of the license, food processing facilities shall be inspected pursuant to food processing inspection standards and food establishments shall be inspected pursuant to the Food Code.

**30.7(7)** A licensed mobile food unit that operates as a licensed mobile food unit at a farmers market is not required to obtain a separate farmers market potentially hazardous food license.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.104 and 137F.6.  
[ARC 1190C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14]

#### **481—30.8(137C,137D,137F) Inspection frequency.**

**30.8(1)** *Food establishments.* Food establishments shall be inspected based upon risk assessment and shall have routine inspections at least once every 24 months and no more than once every 3 months.

**30.8(2)** *Food processing plants.* Food processing plants that process foods shall be inspected based upon risk assessment and shall have routine inspections at least once every 24 months and no more than once every 6 months.

**30.8(3)** *Food processing plants that store foods.* Food processing plants that store foods shall be inspected based upon risk assessment and shall be inspected at least once every 36 months.

**30.8(4)** *Hotels.* Hotels shall be inspected at least once biennially.

**30.8(5)** *Home bakeries and vending machines.* Home bakeries and vending machines shall be inspected at least once every 24 months.

**30.8(6)** *Farmers market potentially hazardous food.* Farmers market potentially hazardous food licensees shall be inspected at least once annually.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 137C.11, 137D.2, and 137F.10.  
[ARC 1190C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14; ARC 3187C, IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17]

#### **481—30.9(22) Examination of records.**

**30.9(1)** *Public information.* Generally, information collected by the food and consumer safety bureau and contractors is considered public information. Records are stored in computer files and are

not matched with any other data system. Information is available for public review and will be provided when requested from the office of the director. Inspection reports are available for public viewing at <http://www.food.dia.iowa.gov>.

**30.9(2) Confidential records.** The following are examples of confidential records:

- a. Trade secrets and proprietary information including items such as formulations, processes, policies and procedures, and customer lists;
- b. Health information related to foodborne illness complaints and outbreaks; and
- c. Other state or federal agencies' records.

For records of other federal or state agencies, the department shall refer the requester of such information to the appropriate agency.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code chapters 137C, 137D, 137F and 22.

[ARC 1190C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—30.10(17A,137C,137D,137F) Denial, suspension, or revocation of a license to operate.** Notice of denial, suspension or revocation of a license will be provided by the department and shall be effective 30 days after mailing or personal service of the notice.

**30.10(1) Immediate suspension of license.** To the extent not inconsistent with Iowa Code chapters 17A, 137C, 137D, and 137F and rules adopted pursuant to those chapters, chapter 8 of the Food Code shall be adopted for food establishments and home bakeries. The department or contractor may immediately suspend a license in cases of an imminent health hazard. The procedures of Iowa Code section 17A.18A and Food Code chapter 8 shall be followed in cases of an imminent health hazard. The appeal process in rule 481—30.11(10A,137C,137D,137F) is available following an immediate suspension. The department may immediately suspend the license of a food processing plant or hotel if an imminent health hazard finding is made and the procedures of Iowa Code section 17A.18A are followed.

**30.10(2) Criminal offense—conviction of license holder.**

- a. The department may revoke the license of a license holder who:
  - (1) Conducts an activity constituting a criminal offense in the licensed food establishment; and
  - (2) Is convicted of a felony as a result.
- b. The department may suspend or revoke the license of a license holder who:
  - (1) Conducts an activity constituting a criminal offense in the licensed food establishment; and
  - (2) Is convicted of a serious misdemeanor or aggravated misdemeanor as a result.
- c. A certified copy of the final order or judgment of conviction or plea of guilty shall be conclusive evidence of the conviction of the license holder.
- d. The department's decision to revoke or suspend a license may be contested by the adversely affected party pursuant to the provisions of rule 481—30.11(10A,137C,137D,137F).

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code chapters 17A, 137C, 137D and 137F.

[ARC 1190C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14; ARC 3187C, IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17]

**481—30.11(10A,137C,137D,137F) Formal hearing.** All decisions of the food and consumer safety bureau may be contested by an adversely affected party. A request for a hearing must be made in writing to the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319, within 30 days of the mailing or service of a decision. Appeals and hearings are controlled by 481—Chapter 10, "Contested Case Hearings."

For contractors, license holders shall have the opportunity for a hearing before the local board of health. If the hearing is conducted before the local board of health, the license holder may appeal to the department and shall follow the process for review in rule 481—10.25(10A,17A).

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 10A.104 and Iowa Code chapters 137C, 137D, and 137F.

[ARC 1190C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—30.12(137F) Primary servicing laboratory.** The primary servicing laboratory for the food and consumer safety bureau is the State Hygienic Laboratory at the University of Iowa created under Iowa

Code section 263.7. If the laboratory is unable to perform laboratory services, the laboratory will assist in finding another laboratory with a preference toward laboratories that are in the FERN (Food Emergency Response Network) and have achieved ISO 17025 accreditation.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.104 and 22.11 and Iowa Code chapters 137C, 137D, and 137F.

[ARC 1190C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14]

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CHAPTER 31  
FOOD ESTABLISHMENT AND FOOD  
PROCESSING PLANT INSPECTIONS

[Prior to 8/26/87, see Inspections and Appeals Department[481]—Chs 21 and 22]

**481—31.1(137F) Inspection standards for food establishments.**<sup>2</sup> The department adopts, with the following exceptions, the 2013 Food Code with Supplement of the Food and Drug Administration as the state's "food code," which is the inspection standard for food establishments other than food processing plants.

**31.1(1) Unattended food establishments—assignment of responsibility.** For the purposes of section 2-101.11 of the 2013 Food Code with Supplement, unattended food establishments are not required to have a designated person in charge present during all hours of operation provided that the permit holder ensures the following requirements are met.

*a. Unattended food establishment location.* The unattended food establishment shall be located in the interior of a building that is not accessible by the general public. Access to the unattended food establishment shall be limited to a defined population (e.g., employees or occupants of the building where the establishment is located).

*b. Nature and source of food and beverages offered for sale.*

(1) Only commercially packaged foods properly labeled for individual retail sale, pursuant to Food Code section 3-201.11(C), shall be offered.

(2) No unpackaged food is permitted except as provided by section 3-302.11(B)(1) of the Food Code.

(3) Food preparation by consumers is limited to heating/reheating food in a microwave oven.

(4) No dispensing of bulk food is permitted.

*c. Refrigerated display equipment.* An unattended food establishment shall be equipped with refrigeration or freezer units that have the following features:

(1) Self-closing doors that allow food to be viewed without opening the door to the refrigerated cooler or freezer; and

(2) An automatic self-locking mechanism that prevents the consumer from accessing the food upon the occurrence of any condition that results in the failure of the refrigeration unit to maintain the internal product temperature specified under section 3-501.16(A)(2) or of the freezer unit to maintain the product as frozen.

*d. Food service equipment limitations.*

(1) Beverages are dispensed by individual serving only. Beverage dispensers connected to the building water supply must be properly equipped with backflow prevention pursuant to section 5-203.14 of the Food Code.

(2) Food-contact surfaces.

1. Multiuse food-contact surfaces shall be cleaned on a frequency consistent with the service pursuant to section 4-202.11 of the Food Code or can be and are easily removed and replaced with cleaned surfaces.

2. No multiuse food-contact surfaces intended for use with time/temperature control for safety foods are permitted.

*e. Security.*

(1) An unattended food establishment shall provide continuous video surveillance of areas where consumers view, select, handle and purchase products. The continuous video surveillance shall provide sufficient resolution to identify situations that may compromise food safety or food defense.

1. Video surveillance recordings shall be maintained and, upon request by a representative of a regulatory agency, made available for inspection within 24 hours of the request.

2. Video surveillance recordings shall be held by the establishment for a minimum of 14 days after the date of the surveillance.

(2) The permit holder shall take reasonable steps necessary to discourage individuals from returning food, beverages, or both that have not been selected for purchase.

*f. Routine maintenance at an unattended food establishment.*

(1) The permit holder shall service the unattended food establishment at least weekly. Service may include, but is not limited to, the following:

1. Checking food supplies and equipment for signs of product damage, tampering, or both.
2. Verifying that refrigeration equipment is operating properly, including the temperature display and self-locking mechanism.
3. Rotating foods to better ensure first in/first out of food items.
4. Cleaning food service equipment and food display areas.
5. Stocking food and disposable single-use and single-service supplies.
6. Checking inventory for recalled foods.

(2) The permit holder shall ensure that:

1. Food is from an approved source.
2. Packaged food is provided in tamper-evident packaging.
3. Food is protected from potential sources of cross contamination.
4. Food is maintained at safe temperatures during transport and display.

*g. Unattended food establishment oversight.* Each unattended food establishment shall have a sign readily visible at the automated payment station stating:

(1) The name and mailing address of the business entity responsible for the establishment and to whom complaints and comments should be addressed.

(2) The telephone number, e-mail address or Web information for the responsible business entity, when applicable.

*h. Designation of responsibilities.* The permit holder bears all responsibilities for the operation of the food establishment. When the permit holder is not the owner or operator of the building where the food establishment is located, a mutual agreement that outlines the responsibilities for cleaning and maintenance of all surfaces and equipment and for provision of supportive facilities/services, such as janitorial services and restroom facilities, pest control and removal of solid waste, may be approved by the regulatory agency. This agreement should also outline actions that must be taken by both parties to maintain the establishment in compliance with all requirements including responding to imminent health hazards.

*i. Inspections—on-site person in charge.* When requested by the regulatory authority for the purposes of conducting an inspection, the permit holder shall provide an on-site person in charge within a reasonable time frame not to exceed four hours.

**31.1(2) Certified food protection manager required—exceptions and time frames for employment.**

*a.* For purposes of section 2-102.12 of the 2013 Food Code with Supplement, the following food establishments are not required to employ an individual who is a certified food protection manager:

- (1) Food establishments that sell only prepackaged food.
- (2) Temporary or farmers market food establishments.
- (3) Food establishments at which food is not prepared, where customers may purchase beverages, and where the service of food is limited to the service of ice, beverages, prepackaged snack foods, popcorn, or peanuts and to the reheating of commercially prepared foods for immediate service that do not require assembly, such as frozen pizza or prepackaged sandwiches.

(4) Food establishments at which food is not prepared, where customers may purchase only commercially prepared nonpotentially hazardous foods that are dispensed either unpackaged or packaged and are intended for off-premises consumption.

*b.* For all other establishments, the following time frames apply for employment of an individual who is a certified food protection manager:

(1) For establishments newly licensed after January 1, 2014, the requirement of section 2-102.12 must be met within six months of licensure.

(2) Establishments in existence as of January 1, 2014, that do not receive a foodborne illness risk factor or public health intervention violation on or before July 1, 2017, shall meet the requirement of section 2-102.12 by January 1, 2018.

(3) Establishments in existence as of January 1, 2014, that receive a foodborne illness risk factor or public health intervention violation on or before July 1, 2017, shall meet the requirement of section 2-102.12 within six months of the violation.

(4) If the individual meeting the requirement of section 2-102.12 leaves employment with an establishment required to meet section 2-102.12, the establishment shall meet the requirement of section 2-102.12 within six months.

**31.1(3) *Honey prepared in a residence.*** Section 3-201.11 is amended to allow honey which is stored; prepared, including by placement in a container; or labeled at or distributed from the premises of a residence to be sold in a food establishment.

**31.1(4) *Morel mushrooms.*** Section 3-201.16, paragraph (A), is amended by adding the following:

“A food establishment or farmers market potentially hazardous food licensee may serve or sell morel mushrooms if procured from an individual who has completed a morel mushroom identification expert course. Every morel mushroom shall be identified and found to be safe by a certified morel mushroom identification expert whose competence has been verified and approved by the department through the expert’s successful completion of a morel mushroom identification expert course provided by either an accredited college or university or a mycological society. The certified morel mushroom identification expert shall personally inspect each mushroom and determine it to be a morel mushroom. A morel mushroom identification expert course shall be at least three hours in length. To maintain status as a morel mushroom identification expert, the individual shall have successfully completed a morel mushroom identification expert course described above within the past three years. A person who wishes to offer a morel mushroom identification expert course must submit the course curriculum to the department for review and approval. Food establishments or farmers market potentially hazardous food licensees offering morel mushrooms shall maintain the following information for a period of 90 days from the date the morel mushrooms were obtained:

“1. The name, address, and telephone number of the morel mushroom identification expert;

“2. A copy of the morel mushroom identification expert’s certificate of successful completion of the course, containing the date of completion; and

“3. The quantity of morel mushrooms purchased and the date(s) purchased.

“Furthermore, a consumer advisory shall inform consumers by brochures, deli case or menu advisories, label statements, table tents, placards, or other effective written means that wild mushrooms should be thoroughly cooked and may cause allergic reactions or other effects.”

**31.1(5) *Field-dressed wild game prohibition.*** Subparagraph 3-201.17(A)(4) is amended to state that field-dressed wild game shall not be permitted in food establishments unless:

*a.* The food establishment is also licensed and inspected by the Iowa department of agriculture and land stewardship, meat and poultry inspection bureau, pursuant to Iowa Code section 189A.3;

*b.* All field-dressed wild game is adequately separated from food, equipment, utensils, clean linens, and single-service and single-use articles; and

*c.* Any equipment used in the processing of field-dressed wild game is adequately cleaned and sanitized before use with other foods.

**31.1(6) *Reduced oxygen packaging in meat and poultry processing plants.*** Meat and poultry processing plants that are licensed and inspected by the Iowa department of agriculture and land stewardship (IDALS) meat and poultry inspection bureau pursuant to Iowa Code section 189A.3 and that are also licensed as a food establishment are exempt from section 3-502.11, paragraphs (A), (B), (D) and (F), and section 3-502.12 if all of the following criteria are met:

*a.* Each food product formulation has been approved by the Iowa department of agriculture and land stewardship, meat and poultry inspection bureau;

*b.* A copy of the approved formulation (T40/45) is maintained on file at the establishment and made available to the regulatory authority upon request;

*c.* Cooked products that do not include a curing agent or an antimicrobial agent that will control *Clostridium botulinum* and *Listeria monocytogenes* that are in a reduced oxygen package are stored and sold frozen and are labeled “Keep Frozen”; and

*d.* The food products are properly labeled.

**31.1(7) *Reduced oxygen packaging.*** Section 3-502.12 is amended to include the following:

“A HACCP PLAN is not required when a FOOD ESTABLISHMENT packages raw meat and poultry using a REDUCED OXYGEN PACKAGING method and includes on the package a 30-day “sell by” date from the date the raw meat or poultry was packaged.”

**31.1(8) *Warewashing sinks in establishments serving alcoholic beverages.*** Section 4-301.12 is amended by adding the following: “When alcoholic beverages are served in a food service establishment, a sink with not fewer than three compartments shall be used in the bar area for manual washing, rinsing and sanitizing of bar utensils and glasses. When food is served in a bar, a separate three-compartment sink for washing, rinsing and sanitizing food-related dishes shall be used in the kitchen area, unless a dishwasher is used to wash utensils.”

**31.1(9) *Allowance for two-compartment sinks in certain circumstances.*** Paragraph 4-301.12(C) is amended by adding the following: “Establishments need not have a three-compartment sink when each of the following conditions is met:

“1. Three or fewer utensils are used for food preparation;

“2. Utensils are limited to tongs, spatulas, and scoops; and

“3. The department has approved after verification that the establishment can adequately wash and sanitize these utensils.”

**31.1(10) *Chemical treated towelettes.*** Paragraph 5-203.11(C) is deleted.

**31.1(11) *Service sink.*** For existing establishments, if waste water is being appropriately disposed of, section 5-203.13 for existing establishments shall go into effect upon the establishment’s renovation or sale.

**31.1(12) *Toilets and lavatories.*** Section 5-203.12 is amended by adding the following requirement: “Separate toilet facilities for men and women shall be provided in establishments which seat 50 or more people or in establishments which serve beer or alcoholic beverages.”

**31.1(13) *Backflow protection.*** Section 5-203.14 is amended by adding the following: “Water outlets with hose attachments, except for water heater drains and clothes washer connections, shall be protected by a non-removable hose bibb backflow preventer or by a listed atmospheric vacuum breaker installed at least six inches above the highest point of usage and located on the discharge side of the last valve.”

**31.1(14) *Backflow prevention.*** Paragraph 5-402.11(D) is amended by adding the following: “A culinary sink or sink used for food preparation shall not have a direct connection between the sewage system and a drain originating from that sink. Culinary sinks or sinks used in food preparation shall be separated by an air break.”

**31.1(15) *Inspection standards for elder group homes.*** Elder group homes as defined by Iowa Code section 231B.1 shall be inspected by the department, but chapters 4 and 6 of the Food Code shall not apply. Elder group homes shall pay the lowest license fee set forth in 481—subrule 30.4(2).

**31.1(16) *Nonprofit exception for temporary events.*** Nonprofit organizations that are licensed as temporary food establishments may serve nonpotentially hazardous food from an unapproved source for the duration of the event.

**31.1(17) *Variance approval by department and submission of HACCP plans.*** Any variances or HACCP plans that require approval by the “regulatory authority” must be approved by the department. HACCP plans pursuant to paragraphs 3-502.12(B) and 8-201.13(B) shall be filed with the department prior to implementation, regardless of whether or not the plan requires approval.

**31.1(18) *Trichinae control for pork products prepared at retail.*** Pork products prepared at retail shall comply with the Code of Federal Regulations found in 9 CFR, Section 318.10, January 1, 2015, publication, regarding the destruction of possible live trichinae in pork and pork products. Examples of pork products that require trichinae control include raw sausages containing pork and other meat products, raw breaded pork products, bacon used to wrap around steaks and patties, and uncooked mixtures of pork and other meat products contained in meat loaves and similar types of products. The use of “certified pork” as authorized by the Iowa department of agriculture and land stewardship



or the United States Department of Agriculture, Food Safety and Inspection Service, shall meet the requirements of this subrule.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 137F.2.

[ARC 1191C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14; ARC 1928C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15; ARC 2257C, IAB 11/25/15, effective 12/30/15; ARC 3188C, IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17 (see footnote 2 at end of chapter)]

**481—31.2(137F) Inspection standards for food processing plants.** The following are the inspection standards for food processing plants including food storage facilities.

**31.2(1) Definitions.** For the purposes of this rule, the following definitions shall apply. The definitions of “food,” “label,” “labeling,” and “dietary supplement” are as defined in 21 U.S.C. Section 321 (2012).

**31.2(2) Prohibited acts.** The prohibited acts identified in 21 U.S.C. Section 331(a) to (f), (k), and (v) (2012) shall also be prohibited acts in Iowa.

**31.2(3) Stop sale.** Any article of food that is adulterated or misbranded when introduced into commerce may be embargoed until such a time as the adulteration of misbranding is remedied or the product is destroyed. The action is immediate, but the licensee may appeal the decision following the process outlined in rule 481—30.11(10A,137C,137D,137F).

**31.2(4) Standards for food.** If a standard that has been adopted for a food is adopted pursuant to 21 U.S.C. Section 341 (2012), the standard shall be met.

**31.2(5) Adulterated food.** See rule 481—31.3(137D,137F).

**31.2(6) Misbranded food.** A food shall be misbranded if it is found in violation of 21 U.S.C. Section 343 (2012).

**31.2(7) New dietary ingredients.** New dietary ingredients shall comply with the process in 21 U.S.C. Section 350(b) (2012) or shall be deemed adulterated.

**31.2(8) Records.** Records shall be made available at minimum to the extent required under 21 U.S.C. Section 373 (2012) for all interstate and intrastate food.

**31.2(9) Adoption of Code of Federal Regulations.** The following parts of the Code of Federal Regulations (April 1, 2017) are adopted:

- a. 21 CFR Part 1, Sections 1.20 to 1.24 and Subpart O, Sections 1.900 to 1.934 (labeling).
- b. 21 CFR Part 7, Sections 7.1 to 7.13 and 7.40 to 7.59 (guaranty and recalls).
- c. 21 CFR Part 70, Sections 70.20 to 70.25 (labeling requirements for colors).
- d. 21 CFR Part 73, Sections 73.1 to 73.615 (color additives exempt from certification).
- e. 21 CFR Part 74.101 to 74.706 (listing of color additives subject to certification).
- f. 21 CFR Part 81, general specifications and general restrictions for provisional color additives for use in foods, drugs, and cosmetics.
- g. 21 CFR Part 82, Sections 82.3 to 82.706 (certified provisionally listed colors and specifications).
- h. 21 CFR Part 100, Section 100.155 (specific provisions for salt and iodized salt).
- i. 21 CFR Part 101, except Sections 101.69 and 101.108 (food labeling).
- j. 21 CFR Part 102, except Section 102.19 (common or usual name for nonstandard food).
- k. 21 CFR Part 104, nutritional quality guidelines for foods.
- l. 21 CFR Part 105, food for special dietary use.
- m. 21 CFR Part 106, except Section 106.120 (infant formula quality control procedures).
- n. 21 CFR Part 107, except Sections 107.200 to 107.280 (infant formula labeling).
- o. 21 CFR Part 108, Sections 108.25 to 108.35 (exceptions for when a permit is not required, acidified and thermal processing of low-acid foods packaged in hermetically sealed containers).
- p. 21 CFR Part 109, unavoidable contaminants in food for human consumption and food-packaging material.
- q. 21 CFR Part 110, current good manufacturing practice in manufacturing, packing or holding human food.
- r. 21 CFR Part 111, current good manufacturing practice in manufacturing, packaging, labeling, or holding operations for dietary supplements.

s. 21 CFR Part 113, thermally processed low-acid food packaged in hermetically sealed containers.

t. 21 CFR Part 114, acidified foods.

u. 21 CFR Part 115, shell eggs.

v. 21 CFR Part 117, current good manufacturing practice and hazard analysis and risk-based preventive controls for human food, as follows:

(1) As of October 1, 2017, subparts A, B and F of 21 CFR 117 shall be in effect for all food processing plants.

(2) As of October 1, 2017, all other subparts of 21 CFR 117 shall be effective upon the effective date established by the federal government.

(3) As of October 1, 2018, qualified facilities, as defined in 21 CFR 117, shall not include food processing plants manufacturing foods for interstate commerce or as an ingredient to other foods.

w. 21 CFR Part 118, production, storage and transportation of shell eggs.

x. 21 CFR Part 120, hazard analysis and critical control point (HACCP) systems (juice).

y. 21 CFR Part 123, fish and fisheries products (seafood).

z. 21 CFR Part 129, processing and bottling of bottled drinking water.

aa. 21 CFR Part 130, except Sections 130.5, 130.6 and 130.17, food standards: general.

ab. 21 CFR Part 131, milk and cream.

ac. 21 CFR Part 133, cheeses and related cheese products.

ad. 21 CFR Part 135, frozen desserts.

ae. 21 CFR Part 136, bakery products.

af. 21 CFR Part 137, cereal flours and related products.

ag. 21 CFR Part 139, macaroni and noodle products.

ah. 21 CFR Part 145, canned fruits.

ai. 21 CFR Part 146, canned fruit juices.

aj. 21 CFR Part 150, fruit butters, jellies, preserves, and related products.

ak. 21 CFR Part 152, fruit pies.

al. 21 CFR Part 155 (canned vegetables).

am. 21 CFR Part 156, vegetable juices.

an. 21 CFR Part 158, frozen vegetables.

ao. 21 CFR Part 160, egg and egg products.

ap. 21 CFR Part 161, fish and shellfish.

aq. 21 CFR Part 163, cacao products.

ar. 21 CFR Part 164, tree nut and peanut products.

as. 21 CFR Part 165, beverages.

at. 21 CFR Part 166, margarine.

au. 21 CFR Part 168, sweeteners and table syrups.

av. 21 CFR Part 169, food dressings and flavorings.

aw. 21 CFR Part 170, except Sections 170.6, 170.15, and 170.17, food additives.

ax. 21 CFR Part 172, food additives permitted for direct addition to food for human consumption.

ay. 21 CFR Part 173, secondary direct food additives permitted in food for human consumption.

az. 21 CFR Part 174, indirect food additives: general.

ba. 21 CFR Part 175, indirect food additives: adhesives and components of coatings.

bb. 21 CFR Part 176, indirect food additives: paper and paperboard components.

bc. 21 CFR Part 177, indirect food additives: polymers.

bd. 21 CFR Part 178, indirect food additives: adjuvants, production aids, and sanitizers.

be. 21 CFR Part 180, food additives permitted in food or in contact with food on an interim basis pending additional study.

bf. 21 CFR Part 181, prior-sanctioned food ingredients.

bg. 21 CFR Part 182, substances generally recognized as safe.

bh. 21 CFR Part 184, direct food substances affirmed as generally recognized as safe.

bi. 21 CFR Part 186, indirect food substances affirmed as generally recognized as safe.

*bj.* 21 CFR Part 189, substances prohibited from use in human food.

*bk.* 21 CFR Part 190, dietary supplements.

**31.2(10) Egg products processing plants.** The department shall generally use the good manufacturing practices adopted in paragraph 31.2(9) “b,” unless such practices are inconsistent with standards set by the United States Department of Agriculture, Food Safety and Inspection Service, in 9 CFR Parts 590-592, January 1, 2015. If the standards are inconsistent, the standards adopted in 9 CFR Parts 590-592, January 1, 2015, apply.

**31.2(11) Specific requirements for the manufacture of packaged ice.** In addition to compliance with subrules 31.2(1) through 31.2(9), manufacturers of packaged ice must comply with the following:

*a.* Equipment must be cleaned on a schedule of frequency that prevents the accumulation of mold, fungus and bacteria. A formal cleaning program and schedule which include the use of sanitizers to eliminate microorganisms must be developed and used.

*b.* Packaged ice must be tested every 120 days for the presence of bacteria.

*c.* Plants that use a nonpublic water system must sample the water supply monthly for the presence of bacteria and annually for chemical and pesticide contamination as required by law.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 137F.2.

[ARC 1191C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14; ARC 1928C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15; ARC 2257C, IAB 11/25/15, effective 12/30/15; ARC 3188C, IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17]

**481—31.3(137D,137F) Adulterated food and disposal.** No one may produce, distribute, offer for sale or sell adulterated food. “Adulterated” is defined in the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, Section 402. Adulterated food shall be disposed of in a reasonable manner as determined by the department. The destruction of adulterated food shall be watched by a person approved by the department.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 137F.2.

[ARC 1191C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—31.4(137D,137F) False label or defacement.** No person shall use any label required by Iowa Code chapter 137C or 137F which is deceptive as to the true nature of the article or place of production, or which has been carelessly printed or marked, nor shall any person erase or deface any label required by this chapter.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 137D.2 and 137F.2.

[ARC 1191C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—31.5(137F) Temporary food establishments and farmers market potentially hazardous food licensees.** While the retail food code adopted in rule 481—31.1(137F) applies to temporary food establishments, the following subrules provide a simplified version of requirements for temporary food establishments. If the two rules are inconsistent, the standards in this rule apply.

**31.5(1) Personnel.** For the purposes of this rule, employees include volunteers.

*a.* Employees shall keep their hands and exposed portions of their arms clean.

*b.* Employees shall have clean garments and aprons and effective hair restraints. Smoking, eating or drinking in food booths is not allowed. All nonworking, unauthorized persons are to be kept out of the food booth.

*c.* All employees, including volunteers, shall be under the direction of the person in charge. The person in charge shall ensure that the workers are effectively cleaning their hands, that potentially hazardous food is adequately cooked, held or cooled, and that all multiuse equipment or utensils are adequately washed, rinsed and sanitized.

*d.* Employees and volunteers shall not work at a temporary food establishment or farmers market potentially hazardous food establishment if the employees and volunteers have open cuts, sores or communicable diseases. The person in charge shall take appropriate action to ensure that employees and volunteers who have a disease or medical condition transmissible by food are excluded from the food operation.

e. Every employee and volunteer must sign a logbook with the employee's or volunteer's name, address, and telephone number and the date and hours worked. The logbook must be maintained for 30 days by the person in charge and be made available to the department upon request.

**31.5(2) Food handling and service.**

a. *Dry storage.* All food, equipment, utensils and single-service items shall be stored off the ground and above the floor on pallets, tables or shelving.

b. *Cold storage.* Refrigeration units shall be provided to keep potentially hazardous foods at 41°F or below. The inspector may approve an effectively insulated, hard-sided container with sufficient coolant for storage of less hazardous food or the use of such a container at events of short duration if the container maintains the temperature at 41°F or below.

c. *Hot storage.* Hot food storage units shall be used to keep potentially hazardous food at 135°F or above. Electrical equipment is required for hot holding, unless the use of propane stoves and grills capable of holding the temperature at 135°F or above is approved by the department. Sterno cans are allowed for hot holding if adequate temperatures can be maintained. Steam tables or other hot holding devices are not allowed to heat foods and are to be used only for hot holding after foods have been adequately cooked.

d. *Cooking temperatures.* As specified in the following chart, the minimum cooking temperatures for food products are:

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| 165°F | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Poultry and game animals that are not commercially raised</li> <li>● Products stuffed or in a stuffing that contains fish, meat, pasta, poultry or ratite</li> <li>● All products cooked in a microwave oven</li> </ul> |
| 155°F | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Rabbits, ratite and game meats that are commercially raised</li> <li>● Ground or comminuted (such as hamburgers) meat/fish products</li> <li>● Raw shell eggs not prepared for immediate consumption</li> </ul>         |
| 145°F | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Pork and raw shell eggs prepared for immediate consumption</li> <li>● Fish and other meat products not requiring a 155°F or 165°F cooking temperature as listed above</li> </ul>  |

e. *Consumer advisory requirement.* If raw or undercooked animal food such as beef, eggs, fish, lamb, poultry or shellfish is offered in ready-to-eat form, the license holder (person in charge) shall post the consumer advisory as required by the food code.

f. *Thermometers.* Each refrigeration unit shall have a numerically scaled thermometer to measure the air temperature of the unit accurately. An appropriate thermometer shall be provided where necessary to check the internal temperature of both hot and cold food. Thermometers must be accurate and have a range from 0°F to 220°F.

g. *Food display.* Foods on display must be covered. The public is not allowed to serve itself from opened containers of food or uncovered food items. Condiments such as ketchup, mustard, coffee creamer and sugar shall be served in individual packets or from squeeze containers or pump bottles. Milk shall be dispensed from the original container or from an approved dispenser. All fruits and vegetables must be washed before being used or sold. Food must be stored at least six inches off the ground. All cooking and serving areas shall be adequately protected from contamination. Barbeque areas shall be roped off or otherwise protected from the public. All food shall be protected from customer handling, coughing or sneezing by wrapping, sneeze guards or other effective means.

h. *Food preparation.* Unless otherwise approved by a variance from the department, no bare-hand contact of ready-to-eat food shall occur.

i. *Approved food source.* All food supplies shall come from a commercial manufacturer or an approved source. The use of food in hermetically sealed containers that is not prepared in an approved food processing plant is prohibited. Transport vehicles used to supply food products are subject to inspection and shall protect food from physical, chemical and microbial contamination.

j. *Leftovers.* Hot-held foods that are not used by the end of the day must be discarded.

**31.5(3) Utensil storage and warewashing.**

a. *Single-service utensils.* The use of single-service plates, cups and tableware is required.

*b. Dishwashing.* If approved, an adequate means to heat the water and a minimum of three basins large enough for complete immersion of the utensils are required to wash, rinse and sanitize utensils or food-contact equipment.

*c. Sanitizers.* Chlorine bleach or another approved sanitizer shall be provided for warewashing sanitization and wiping cloths. An appropriate test kit shall be provided to check the concentration of the sanitizer used. The person in charge shall demonstrate knowledge in the determination of the correct concentration of sanitizer to be used.

*d. Wiping cloths.* Wiping cloths shall be stored in a clean, 100 ppm chlorine sanitizing solution or equivalent. Sanitizing solution shall be changed as needed to maintain the solution in a clean condition.

**31.5(4) Water.**

*a. Water supply.* An adequate supply of clean water shall be provided from an approved source. Water storage units and hoses shall be food grade and approved for use in storage of water. If not permanently attached, hoses used to convey drinking water shall be clearly and indelibly identified as to their use. Water supply systems shall be protected against backflow or contamination of the water supply. Backflow prevention devices, if required, shall be maintained and adequate for their intended purpose.

*b. Wastewater disposal.* Wastewater shall be disposed of in an approved wastewater disposal system sized, constructed, maintained and operated according to law.

**31.5(5) Premises.**

*a. Hand-washing container.* An insulated container with at least a two-gallon capacity with a spigot, basin, soap and dispensed paper towels shall be provided for hand washing. The container shall be filled with hot water.

*b. Floors, walls and ceilings.* If required, walls and ceilings shall be of tight design and weather-resistant materials to protect against the elements and flying insects. If required, floors shall be constructed of tight wood, asphalt, rubber or plastic matting or other cleanable material to control dust or mud.

*c. Lighting.* Adequate lighting shall be provided. Lights above exposed food preparation areas shall be shielded.

*d. Food preparation surfaces.* All food preparation or food contact surfaces shall be of a safe design, smooth, easily cleanable and durable.

*e. Garbage containers.* An adequate number of cleanable containers with tight-fitting covers shall be provided both inside and outside the establishment.

*f. Toilet rooms.* An adequate number of approved toilet and hand-washing facilities shall be provided at each event.

*g. Clothing.* Personal clothing and belongings shall be stored at a designated place in the establishment, adequately separated from food preparation, food service and dishwashing areas.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 137D.2 and 137F.2.

[ARC 1191C, IAB 11/27/13, effective 1/1/14]

[Filed 10/13/78, Notice 8/23/78—published 11/1/78, effective 12/7/78]

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[Filed 1/8/88, Notice 12/2/87—published 1/27/88, effective 3/2/88]<sup>1</sup>

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[Filed ARC 3188C (Notice ARC 3053C, IAB 5/10/17), IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17]<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Rules 30—33.1(159) to 30—33.4(159) and 30—34.1(159) to 30—34.4(159) transferred to Inspections and Appeals Department[481] and rescinded.

<sup>2</sup> Rule 481—31.1(137F) published in the July 5, 2017, IAB as ARC 3188C has a January 1, 2018, effective date. For the rule in effect immediately prior to January 1, 2018, see 481—Chapter 31 as of June 21, 2017, which can be found at the following Web site: <https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/iac/chapter/481.31.pdf>.

CHAPTER 32  
FOOD PROTECTION CERTIFICATION PROGRAMS  
[Prior to 8/26/87, see Inspections and Appeals Department[481]—Ch 23]  
Rescinded IAB 4/9/08, effective 7/1/08

CHAPTER 33  
FOOD AND BEVERAGE VENDING MACHINES INSPECTIONS  
[Prior to 8/26/87, see Inspections and Appeals Department[481]—Ch 24]  
Rescinded IAB 2/10/99, effective 3/17/99





CHAPTER 34  
HOME BAKERIES

**481—34.1(137D) Inspection standards.**

**34.1(1)** All ingredients must come from a licensed or approved source except for fresh fruits and vegetables, nonhazardous baked goods and honey or eggs. The use of food in hermetically sealed containers not prepared in a licensed food processing plant is prohibited.

**34.1(2)** All food products and ingredients shall be stored in original containers. If removed from the original container, food and ingredients must be stored in labeled and closed containers. Container must be of a material that will not cause the food to become adulterated.

**34.1(3)** All food shall be in sound condition, free from spoilage, filth or other contamination and shall be safe for human consumption. Food products shall not be stored on the floor.

**34.1(4)** All potentially hazardous food must be refrigerated at 41°F or less to control bacterial growth.

**34.1(5)** Food storage facilities must be kept clean and located to protect food from unsanitary conditions or contamination from any source at all times.

**34.1(6)** The floors, walls, ceilings, utensils, machinery, equipment and supplies in the food preparation area and all vehicles used in the transportation of food must be kept thoroughly clean. All food contact surfaces shall be easy to clean, smooth, nonabsorbent, and free of cracks or open seams.

**34.1(7)** All food must be protected against insects and rodents at all times. Outside doors, windows, and other openings must be fitted with screens and self-closing doors, if not otherwise protected. No dogs, cats, or other pets are allowed in the room where food is prepared or stored.

**34.1(8)** All garbage and refuse must be kept in containers and removed from the premises regularly to eliminate insects and rodents, offensive odors, or health or fire hazards. Garbage and refuse containers must be durable, easy to clean, insect- and rodent-resistant and of material that neither leaks, nor absorbs liquid.

**34.1(9)** All food handlers must be free from contagious or communicable diseases, sores or infected wounds, and must keep their hair covered and restrained.

**34.1(10)** All food handlers must keep themselves and their clothing clean. Hands must be washed as frequently as necessary to maintain good sanitation.

**34.1(11)** Smoking is not permitted while handling or preparing food or in food preparation or storage areas.

**34.1(12)** All establishments must have an adequate supply of hot and cold potable water under pressure from an approved source. Facilities must ensure that equipment, utensils, and containers used in the preparation of food shall be washed, rinsed and sanitized. If the residence is not served by a public water system, the water must be tested annually for nitrites and coliform. Records of water tests must be maintained by license holders who are not served by a public system. These records must be available to the regulatory authority upon request.

**34.1(13)** All establishments must have proper toilet facilities, equipped with a hand-washing lavatory, complete with hot and cold potable water under pressure and hand soap. A supply of sanitary towels or a hand-drying device providing heated air shall be conveniently located near the hand-washing facility.

**34.1(14)** Rescinded IAB 9/22/99, effective 10/27/99.  
[ARC 3189C, IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17]

**481—34.2(137D) Enforcement.**

**34.2(1)** All violations shall be corrected within 90 days of an inspection. The license holder shall make a written report to the regulatory authority, stating the action taken to correct the violation.

**34.2(2)** Violation of these rules or any provision of Iowa Code chapter 137D is a simple misdemeanor. The department may employ various remedies if violations are discovered.

- a. A license may be revoked.
- b. An injunction may be sought.

- c. A case may be referred to a county attorney for criminal prosecution.
  - d. Foods may be embargoed or a stop-sale order may be issued.
- [ARC 3189C, IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17]

**481—34.3(137D) Labeling requirement.** All labels shall contain the following information in legible English:

1. Name and address of the person(s) preparing the food,
2. Common name of the food,
3. The names of all ingredients in the food, beginning with the one present in the largest proportion and continuing in descending order of predominance, and
4. The quantity of the contents in terms of weight, measure or numerical count.

**481—34.4(137D) Annual gross sales.** Annual gross sales shall not exceed \$35,000. The license holder shall maintain a record of sales of food licensed under Iowa Code section 137D.1(3). The record shall be available to the regulatory authority when requested.

[ARC 3189C, IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17]

**481—34.5(137D) Criminal offense—conviction of license holder.**

**34.5(1)** The department may revoke the license of a license holder who:

- a. Conducts an activity constituting a criminal offense in the licensed home bakery; and
- b. Is convicted of a felony as a result.

**34.5(2)** The department may suspend or revoke the license of a license holder who:

- a. Conducts an activity constituting a criminal offense in the licensed home bakery; and
- b. Is convicted of a serious misdemeanor or aggravated misdemeanor as a result.

**34.5(3)** A certified copy of the final order or judgment of conviction or plea of guilty shall be conclusive evidence of the conviction of the license holder.

**34.5(4)** The department's decision to revoke or suspend a license may be contested by the adversely affected party pursuant to the provisions of 481—30.13(10A).

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 137D.8(3).

[ARC 3189C, IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 137D.

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[Filed ARC 3189C (Notice ARC 3051C, IAB 5/10/17), IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17]

CHAPTER 35  
CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS

**481—35.1(137C,137D,137F) Definitions.** The definitions in 481—30.2(10A) and Iowa Code sections 137C.2 and 137D.1 and Iowa Code Supplement section 137F.1 are hereby incorporated by reference as part of this chapter.

**481—35.2(137C,137D,137F) Contracts.** A municipal corporation or county may enter into an agreement with the department to license, inspect and enforce under Iowa Code chapters 137C, 137D and 137F.

**35.2(1)** The department will investigate the municipal corporation or county to determine if it possesses adequate resources to fulfill the requirements of the contract.

**35.2(2)** A copy of the contract is available from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Food and Consumer Safety Bureau, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083.

**481—35.3(137C,137D,137F) Contractor.** To enter into an agreement with the department, the contractor must comply with the requirements of this chapter and the applicable sections of the Iowa Code.

**35.3(1)** The contractor shall furnish the personnel, materials, services and facilities necessary to perform the required functions of the contract.

**35.3(2)** The contractor is not an authorized agent of the state of Iowa.

**35.3(3)** Rescinded IAB 4/9/08, effective 7/1/08.

**35.3(4)** The contractor shall cooperate with the department's monitoring activities in areas under the scope of this agreement.

**35.3(5)** In addition to the above, the contractor shall:

- a. Provide 24-hour-a-day, 7-day-per-week continuous coverage of the facilities under contract;
- b. Ensure that personnel are available at all times to respond to complaints, investigations, emergencies and other situations;
- c. Furnish appropriate backup personnel to maintain continuous coverage regardless of vacations, illnesses, vacant positions or other inspection staff absences;
- d. Supply trained personnel who are prepared and have the capability to perform inspections; and
- e. Provide other information as requested by the department in regard to inspections and licenses issued under the contract.

**481—35.4(137C,137D,137F) Contractor inspection personnel.** Contractor inspection personnel should possess the knowledge, skills and training necessary to perform the requirements of the contract.

**35.4(1)** Contractor inspection personnel must possess experience and education qualifications equal to those required for state food inspectors. Additionally, this experience must include application of the food code.

Municipal corporations or counties that wish to contract with the department to perform food inspections under Iowa Code chapters 137C, 137D and 137F, but who do not have trained personnel to perform these services, shall reimburse the department for the cost of providing the required training.

**35.4(2)** The salary received by contractor inspection personnel should be comparable to state inspection personnel.

**35.4(3)** Contractor inspection personnel shall participate in state-sponsored training activities.

**481—35.5(137C,137D,137F) Investigation.** The contractor shall investigate all alleged food-borne illnesses in areas licensed and inspected under this agreement. The contractor shall notify the department immediately of the existence of any food-borne or other illness caused by, or suspected to have been caused by, unsanitary conditions existing within the jurisdiction of the contractor.

**481—35.6(137C,137D,137F) Inspection standards.** Inspections shall be completed using forms prescribed by the department for those inspections. The contractor shall follow applicable standards

for inspections found in Iowa Code chapters 137C, 137D and 137F as amended by 2007 Iowa Acts, chapter 215. Inspections shall be conducted pursuant to 481—Chapters 30, 31, 34, 35, and 37.

Copies of inspection standards are available from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Food and Consumer Safety Bureau, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083.

**481—35.7(137C,137D,137F) Enforcement.** The contractor shall enforce state laws and rules, including regulations adopted by reference. These regulations are the legal basis of authority in licensing and inspection of establishments under this contract.

**481—35.8(137C,137D,137F) Licensing.** The contractor shall issue licenses and collect license fees.

**481—35.9(137C,137D,137F) Records.** The contractor shall maintain records of all inspections, license applications and fees for a minimum of three years. Records shall be provided to the department upon its request.

**481—35.10(137C,137D,137F) Reporting requirements.** Inspection reports shall be uploaded to the department's food inspection database system at least monthly. The contractor shall ensure that the information uploaded to the department is accurate and complete. The contractor shall complete and submit to the department reports required by Iowa Code Supplement section 137F.3(4).

**481—35.11(137C,137D,137F) Contract rescinded.** If the department determines that Iowa Code chapters 137C, 137D and 137F as amended by 2007 Iowa Acts, chapter 215, are not being enforced by the contractor, the department may rescind the agreement. Notification of the department's action will be provided to the contractor at least 30 days in advance of the action. The contractor has the right to request a hearing with the department to contest the action.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapters 137C, 137D and 137F as amended by 2007 Iowa Acts, chapter 215.

[Filed 12/20/90, Notice 10/31/90—published 1/9/91, effective 2/13/91]

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[Filed 3/21/08, Notice 12/5/07—published 4/9/08, effective 7/1/08]

CHAPTER 36  
EGG HANDLERS

Rescinded **ARC 0989C**, IAB 9/4/13, effective 10/9/13; see 21—Chapter 36



CHAPTER 37  
HOTEL AND MOTEL INSPECTIONS

**481—37.1(137C) Building and grounds.** Owners or managers are expected to keep hotels clean. This means there shall be no litter nor accumulation of refuse anywhere on the premises.

The floors, walls, and ceilings shall be kept clean and in good repair.

**37.1(1)** Screens or self-closing doors shall be used to keep flies, mosquitoes and other pests out of hotel lobbies, kitchens, or any other indoor area. Other effective methods are acceptable.

**37.1(2)** All garbage must be kept in metal or plastic containers with tight-fitting lids. Garbage must be removed regularly so it does not create offensive odors, a problem with insects or rodents, or health or fire hazards.

**37.1(3)** Any room or article which becomes infested with insects or vermin shall be cleaned or chemically treated until there are no more insects or vermin.

**481—37.2(137C) Guest rooms.** Hotels built or extensively remodeled as determined by the department, after January 1, 1979, shall provide ventilation in guest rooms with windows or mechanical devices. The furniture, drapes and accessories shall be kept clean and in good repair.

**481—37.3(137C) Bedding.** All materials used on a bed or any sleeping place shall be kept clean and in good repair.

**37.3(1)** There shall be an under sheet and top sheet for every bed. Pillows shall have pillow slips. The sheets shall be large enough to completely cover the mattress.

**37.3(2)** Each guest shall be furnished clean sheets and pillow slips.

**37.3(3)** All other bedding shall be aired between guests and shall be kept clean.

**481—37.4(137C) Lavatory facilities.** Hotels built or remodeled after January 1, 1979, shall have lavatory facilities in each guest room, except for bed and breakfast inns.

**37.4(1)** Each guest room shall be equipped with hot and cold running water. The fixtures must be easy to clean. The floors shall be nonabsorbent and impermeable so they can be washed with water.

**37.4(2)** Lavatory rooms shall be well-lighted and shall be vented to the outside of the building. This may be done with electric units.

**37.4(3)** Each guest shall have a clean towel each day.

**37.4(4)** Bed and breakfast inns shall provide at least one restroom which is available to overnight guests. The restroom must be equipped as provided in subrules 37.4(1) to 37.4(3).

**481—37.5(137C) Glasses and ice.**

**37.5(1)** Each guest shall have clean glasses to use. All cups, glasses or utensils usable more than once shall be sanitized by:

*a.* Immersion for at least one-half minute in clean, hot water at a temperature of at least 170°F; or  
*b.* Immersion for at least one minute in a clean solution containing at least 50 parts per million of available chlorine as a hypochlorite and at a temperature of at least 75°F; or

*c.* Immersion for at least one minute in a clean solution containing at least 12.5 parts per million of available iodine and having a pH not higher than 5.0 and at a temperature of at least 75°F; or

*d.* Immersion in a clean solution containing any other chemical sanitizing agent allowed under 21 CFR 178.1010 that will provide the equivalent bactericidal effect of a solution containing at least 50 parts per million of available chlorine as a hypochlorite at a temperature of at least 75°F for one minute.

**37.5(2)** When hot water is used for sanitizing, the following equipment shall be used:

*a.* An integral heating or fixture installed in, on, or under the sanitizing compartment of the sink capable of maintaining the water at a temperature of at least 170°F; and

*b.* A numerically scaled indicating thermometer, accurate to  $\pm 3^\circ\text{F}$ , convenient to the sink for frequent checks of water temperature.

**37.5(3)** Ice kept for guests to use shall be protected from contamination. Lids on ice machines or storage bins shall be tight. Containers used to store ice shall be continuously drained and there shall be

an air gap in addition to the drain. Ice containers and utensils shall be designed so that the surfaces are made of a material that is safe for use as a food contact surface and so that the surface can be adequately cleaned.

**481—37.6(137C) Employees.** No employer shall allow a person who has a communicable disease, as defined in Iowa Code chapter 139, to work in a hotel.

**481—37.7(137C) Room rates.** A list visible to the public posted near the office shall indicate room numbers and floor and the cost per day per person. The cost per day per person shall also be posted in each room.

**481—37.8(137C) Inspections.** Hotels shall be inspected at least once biennially. An inspector may enter a hotel at any reasonable hour and shall be given free access to every part of the premises for each inspection. The inspector shall receive any help needed to make a thorough and complete inspection.

**481—37.9(137C) Enforcement.** Violation of these rules or any provision of Iowa Code chapter 137C is a simple misdemeanor. The department may employ various remedies if violations are discovered.

A license may be revoked.

An injunction may be sought.

A case may be referred to a county attorney for criminal prosecution.

**481—37.10(137C) Criminal offense—conviction of license holder.**

**37.10(1)** The department may revoke the license of a license holder who:

*a.* Conducts an activity constituting a criminal offense in the licensed hotel or motel establishment;  
and

*b.* Is convicted of a felony as a result.

**37.10(2)** The department may suspend or revoke the license of a license holder who:

*a.* Conducts an activity constituting a criminal offense in the licensed hotel or motel establishment;  
and

*b.* Is convicted of a serious misdemeanor or aggravated misdemeanor as a result.

**37.10(3)** A certified copy of the final order or judgment of conviction or plea of guilty shall be conclusive evidence of the conviction of the license holder.

**37.10(4)** The department's decision to revoke or suspend a license may be contested by the adversely affected party pursuant to the provisions of 481—30.13(10A).

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 137C.10(3).

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 137C.

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CHAPTER 38  
Reserved

CHAPTER 39  
Reserved



CHAPTER 40  
FOSTER CARE FACILITY INSPECTIONS

**481—40.1(10A) License surveys.** The department of human services (DHS) will notify the department of inspections and appeals when someone has applied for approval, certification or license under Iowa Code chapter 232, 237, 238 or 600. A copy of the application is sent to the department of inspections and appeals and an inspection occurs to ensure compliance with the following Iowa Administrative Code chapters.

- 441—105 County and Multicounty Juvenile Detention Homes and County and Multicounty Juvenile Shelter Care Homes
- 441—107 Certification of Adoption Investigators
- 441—108 Child-Placing Agencies
- 441—112 Licensing and Regulation of Child Foster Care Facilities
- 441—114 Licensing and Regulation of All Group Living Foster Care Facilities for Children
- 441—115 Licensing and Regulation of Comprehensive Residential Facilities for Children
- 441—116 Licensing and Regulation of Residential Facilities for Mentally Retarded Children

**481—40.2(10A) Unannounced inspections.** The department of inspections and appeals staff will make unannounced inspections of licensed facilities.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 237.7.

**481—40.3(10A) Results.** The results of all inspections and recommendations are submitted to DHS.

**481—40.4(10A) Ownership of records.** All information concerning these inspections is the property of DHS and is governed by DHS rules of confidentiality. Public access relative to the Iowa fair information practices Act must be through DHS.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.502(5), 17A.3(1) "b," and 22.11.  
[Filed 10/14/87, Notice 7/15/87—published 11/4/87, effective 12/9/87]



CHAPTER 41  
PSYCHIATRIC MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS FOR CHILDREN (PMIC)

**481—41.1(135H) Definitions.**

“*Nurse practitioner*” means a registered professional nurse who is currently licensed to practice in the state, who meets state requirements and is currently licensed to practice nursing under the nursing board[655] rules in the Iowa Administrative Code.

“*Physician*” means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery or osteopathy under Iowa Code chapter 148, 150 or 150A.

“*Physician assistant*” means a person licensed to practice under Iowa Code chapter 148C.

“*Psychiatric services*” means services provided under the direction of a physician which address mental, emotional, medical or behavioral problems.

“*Resident*” means a person who is less than 21 years of age and has been admitted by a physician to a psychiatric medical institution for children.

**481—41.2(135H) Application for license.** In order to obtain an initial license for a PMIC, the applicant must comply with Iowa Code chapter 135H and the rules in this chapter. Each applicant must submit the following documents to the department:

1. A completed Psychiatric Medical Institutions for Children application;
2. A copy of a department of human services license as a comprehensive residential care facility issued pursuant to Iowa Code section 237.3(2)“a,” or a copy of a license granted by the department of public health pursuant to Iowa Code section 125.13, as a facility which provides substance abuse treatment;
3. A floor plan of each floor of the facility on 8½” by 11” paper showing:
  - Room areas in proportion,
  - Room dimensions,
  - Numbers for all rooms including bathrooms,
  - A designation of use for each room, and
  - Window and door locations;
4. A photograph of the front and side elevation of the facility;
5. The PMIC license fee; and
6. Evidence of:
  - Accreditation by the joint commission on accreditation of health care organizations (JCAHO);
  - Department of public health certificate of need;
  - Department of human services determination of approval; and
  - Three years under the direction of an agency which has operated a facility:
    - Licensed under Iowa Code section 237.3(2)“a,” or
    - Providing services exclusively to children or adolescents and the facility meets or exceeds the requirements for licensure under Iowa Code section 237.3(2)“a.”

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135H.4 and 135H.5.

**481—41.3(135H) Renewal application or change of ownership.** In order to renew a license or change ownership of the psychiatric medical institution for children, the applicant must submit to the department:

1. A completed application form 30 days before the renewal date or before the date of the ownership change;
2. The PMIC license fee; and
3. A copy of any revisions to the department of human services application for a comprehensive care residential facility license.

**41.3(1) Denial, suspension or revocation of a license.** The department may deny, suspend or revoke a PMIC license for any of the following reasons:

- a. The applicant or licensee failed to comply with the rules in this chapter;
- b. A resident is a victim of cruelty or neglect because of the acts or omissions of the licensee;

- c.* The licensee permitted, aided or abetted in the commission of an illegal act in the institution; or
- d.* The applicant or licensee attempted to obtain or retain a license by fraudulent means, misrepresentation, or by submitting false information.

The department will issue notice of denial, suspension or revocation by certified mail or by personal service.

**41.3(2) Appeal process.** When a license is denied, revoked or suspended, a hearing may be requested pursuant to 481—subrule 50.5(2) and shall be conducted pursuant to rule 481—50.6(10A). During the appeal process, the status of a license shall remain as it was on the date the hearing was requested. The status shall not change until a final decision is rendered by the department.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135H.8 and 135H.9.

**481—41.4(135H) Licenses for distinct parts.** Separate licenses may be issued for clearly identifiable parts of a health care facility as defined in Iowa Code section 135C.1 or a hospital as defined in Iowa Code section 135B.1. A distinct part must contain contiguous rooms in a separate wing or building or be on a separate floor of the facility. Distinct parts shall provide care and services of separate categories. The following requirements shall be met for licensing a distinct part:

**41.4(1)** The distinct part shall serve only children who require the category of care and services immediately available within that part.

**41.4(2)** The distinct part shall meet all the standards, rules and regulations which pertain to the category for which a license is sought.

**41.4(3)** The distinct part must be operationally and financially feasible.

**41.4(4)** A separate personal care staff with qualifications appropriate to the care and services offered must be regularly assigned and working in the distinct part under responsible management.

**41.4(5)** Separately licensed distinct parts may have some services such as management, building maintenance, laundry and dietary in common with each other.

**481—41.5(135H) Variances.** Variances from these rules may be granted by the director of the department:

1. When the need for a variance has been established; and
2. When there is no danger to the health, safety, welfare or rights of any child.

The variance will apply only to a specific PMIC.

Variances shall be reviewed at the time of each licensure survey by the department to determine continuing need.

**41.5(1)** To request a variance, the licensee must:

- a.* Apply in writing on a form provided by the department;
- b.* Cite the rule or rules from which a variance is desired;
- c.* State why compliance with the rule or rules cannot be accomplished;
- d.* Explain how the variance is consistent with the individual program plans; and
- e.* Demonstrate that the requested variance will not endanger the health, safety, welfare or rights of any child.

**41.5(2)** Upon receipt of a request for variance, the director shall:

- a.* Examine the rule from which the variance is requested;
- b.* Evaluate the requested variance against the requirement of the rule to determine whether the request is necessary to meet the needs of the children; and
- c.* Examine the effect of the requested variance on the health, safety or welfare of the children.

**481—41.6(135H) Notice to the department.**

**41.6(1)** The department shall be notified at the times stated when the following events are expected to occur:

- a.* Thirty days before addition, alteration or new construction is begun in the PMIC or on the premises;
- b.* Thirty days in advance of closure of the PMIC;

- c. Within two weeks of any change of administrator; and
- d. Within 30 days when a change in the category of license is sought.

**41.6(2)** Prior to the purchase, transfer, assignment or lease of a PMIC the licensee shall:

- a. Inform the department in writing of the pending sale, transfer, assignment or lease of the facility;
- b. Inform the department in writing of the name and address of the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee or lessee at least 30 days before the sale, transfer, assignment or lease is complete;
- c. Submit written authorization to the department permitting the department to release information of whatever kind from department files concerning the licensee's PMIC to the named prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee or lessee.

**481—41.7(135H) Inspection of complaints.** The department shall conduct a preliminary review of all complaints filed against a PMIC. Unless a complaint is determined to be intended as harassment or to be without reasonable basis, the department shall inspect the PMIC within 20 working days of receipt of the complaint.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135H.12.

**481—41.8(135H) General requirement.** Inpatient psychiatric services for recipients under age 21 must be provided under the direction of a physician.

When a resident has received services immediately before reaching age 21, services must be complete before the earlier of the following:

1. The date the recipient no longer requires services; or
2. The date the recipient reaches age 22.

**481—41.9(135H) Certification of need for services.** All recipients of services shall have written certification which ensures the following:

1. Ambulatory care resources available in the community do not meet the treatment needs of the recipient;
2. Proper treatment of the recipient's psychiatric condition requires services on an inpatient basis under the direction of a physician; and
3. The services can reasonably be expected to improve the recipient's condition or prevent further regression so services will no longer be needed.

Certification of need shall be completed by the team described in subrules 41.13(2) and 41.13(3). Certification must be made at the time of admission by an independent team for Medicaid recipients. For emergency admissions, the certification must be made by the team described in 41.13(135H) within 14 days after admission. If an individual applies for Medicaid while in a PMIC, certification of need must be made by the team described in 41.13(135H) before a Medicaid agency authorizes payment.

**481—41.10(135H) Active treatment.** Inpatient psychiatric services must involve "active treatment," which means implementation of a professionally developed and supervised individual plan of care as described in rule 41.12(135H). The plan of care shall be:

1. Developed and implemented no later than 14 days after admission; and
2. Designed to achieve discharge from inpatient status at the earliest possible time.

**481—41.11(135H) Individual plan of care.** "Individual plan of care" means a written plan developed for each child. The plan of care shall be designed to improve the condition of each child to the extent that inpatient care is no longer necessary.

**41.11(1)** The plan of care must be based on a diagnostic evaluation that includes examination of the:

- a. Medical,
- b. Psychological,
- c. Social,
- d. Behavioral, and
- e. Developmental aspects of the child's situation.

The plan of care shall reflect the need for inpatient psychiatric care.

**41.11(2)** The plan of care shall be developed by the team of professionals specified in rule 41.13(135H) in consultation with the recipient, the parents, legal guardian or other person into whose care the child will be released after discharge. The plan of care shall include:

- a.* Diagnoses, symptoms, complaints and complications indicating the need for admission;
- b.* Treatment objectives;
- c.* An integrated program of therapies, activities and experiences designed to meet the objectives;
- d.* A description of the functional level of the individual;
- e.* Any orders for:
  - (1) Medications,
  - (2) Treatments,
  - (3) Restorative and rehabilitative services,
  - (4) Activities,
  - (5) Therapies,
  - (6) Social services,
  - (7) Diet, and
  - (8) Special procedures recommended for the health and safety of the patient; and
- f.* At an appropriate time, postdischarge plans and coordination of inpatient services with partial discharge plans and related community services to ensure continuity of care with the recipient's family, school and community upon discharge.

**41.11(3)** The plan of care shall be reviewed every 30 days by the team referred to in rule 41.13(135H) to:

- a.* Determine that services being provided are or were required on an inpatient basis; and
- b.* Recommend changes in the plan as indicated by the recipient's overall adjustment as an inpatient.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135H.3.

**481—41.12(135H) Individual written plan of care.** Before admission to a PMIC and before authorization for payment, the attending physician or staff physician must establish written plans for continuing care including review and modification of the plan of care.

**481—41.13(135H) Plan of care team.** The individual plan of care shall be developed by an interdisciplinary team of physicians and other personnel who are employed by the facility or provide services to patients.

**41.13(1)** Based on education and experience, the team must be capable of:

- a.* Assessing the recipient's immediate and long-range therapeutic needs, developmental priorities, and personal strengths and liabilities;
- b.* Assessing the potential resources of the recipient's family;
- c.* Setting treatment objectives; and
- d.* Prescribing therapeutic modalities to achieve the plan's objectives.

**41.13(2)** The team shall include at least one member who is experienced in child psychiatry or child psychology and must include, as a minimum, either:

- a.* A board-eligible or board-certified psychiatrist; or
- b.* A clinical psychologist who has a doctoral degree and a physician licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy; or
- c.* A physician licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy with specialized training and experience in the diagnoses and treatment of mental diseases, and a psychologist who has a master's degree in clinical psychology or who has been certified by the state psychological association.

**41.13(3)** The team must also include one of the following:

- a.* A psychiatric social worker;
- b.* A registered nurse with specialized training or one year of experience in treating mentally ill individuals;



c. A licensed occupational therapist who has specialized training in treating mentally ill individuals; or

d. A psychologist who has a master's degree in clinical psychology or who has been certified by the state psychological association.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135H.3.

**481—41.14(135H) Required discharge.** The licensee shall not refuse to discharge a child when directed by the physician, parent or legal guardian unless so directed by the court.

**481—41.15(135H) Criminal behavior involving children.** A person who has a record of a criminal conviction or a founded child abuse or dependent adult abuse shall not be licensed to operate, be employed by, or reside in a PMIC unless an evaluation of the crime or founded child or dependent adult abuse has been made by the department of human services which concludes that the crime or founded child or dependent adult abuse does not merit prohibition of employment.

**41.15(1)** A PMIC shall request that the department of human services (DHS) conduct a criminal and child abuse record check, when a person is being considered for licensure or for employment if the person will:

- a. Have direct responsibility for a child;
- b. Have access to a child when the child is alone; or
- c. Reside in the facility.

**41.15(2)** A PMIC shall inform all new applicants for employment of the requirement for the criminal and child abuse record checks and the possibility of a dependent adult abuse record check. The PMIC shall obtain, from the applicant, a signed acknowledgment of the receipt of this information.

**41.15(3)** A PMIC shall include the following inquiry in an application for employment: "Do you have a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse or have you ever been convicted of a crime, in this state or any other state?"

**41.15(4)** DHS will inform the PMIC of the results of the criminal, child abuse, and dependent adult abuse record checks. If a record of a criminal conviction or founded child or dependent adult abuse exists, the PMIC will be informed on Form 470-2310, "Record Check Evaluation." The subject of the report shall complete that form and it shall be returned to DHS to request evaluation of the record to determine whether prohibition of the person's licensure, employment, or residence is warranted.

**41.15(5)** If the evaluation is not requested or if the DHS determines that the person has committed a crime or has a record of founded child abuse or dependent adult abuse which warrants prohibition of licensure, employment, or residence, the person shall not be licensed to operate, be employed by, or reside in a PMIC.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135H.7.

**481—41.16(22,135H) Confidential or open information.** The department maintains files for psychiatric medical institutions for children. These files are organized by facility name and contain both open and confidential information.

**41.16(1)** Open information includes:

- a. License application and status;
- b. Variance requests and responses;
- c. Final findings of state license survey investigations;
- d. Records of complaints;
- e. Plans of correction submitted by the facility;
- f. Medicaid status; and
- g. Official notices of license sanctions.

**41.16(2)** Confidential information includes:

a. Inspection or investigation information which does not comprise a final finding. This information may be made public in a proceeding concerning the denial, suspension or revocation of a license, under Iowa Code section 135H.8;

- b. Names of all complainants; and
- c. Names of children in all facilities, identifying information and the address of anyone other than an owner.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 22.11, 135H.11 and 135H.13.

**481—41.17(135H) Additional provisions concerning physical restraint.** If a PMIC uses a physical restraint, the following provisions shall apply:

**41.17(1)** No employee shall use any prone restraints. For the purposes of this rule, “prone restraints” means those in which an individual is held face down on the floor. Employees who find themselves involved in the use of a prone restraint as the result of responding to an emergency must take immediate steps to end the prone restraint.

**41.17(2)** No employee shall use any restraint that obstructs the airway of any resident.

**41.17(3)** If an employee physically restrains a resident who uses sign language or an augmentative mode of communication as the resident’s primary mode of communication, the resident shall be permitted to have the resident’s hands free of restraint for brief periods, unless an employee determines that such freedom appears likely to result in harm to self or others.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135H.4 and 135H.5.

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<sup>1</sup> Incorporated 11/28/90

CHAPTER 42  
Reserved

CHAPTERS 43 to 49  
Reserved



CHAPTER 50  
HEALTH CARE FACILITIES ADMINISTRATION

**481—50.1(10A) Inspections.** The health facilities division inspects health care facilities, hospitals, and providers and suppliers of medical services in Iowa. Standards to obtain a license are explained in this chapter.

**481—50.2(10A) Definitions.**

*“Administrator”* means the person coordinating the administration of the division.

*“Department”* means the department of inspections and appeals.

*“Director”* means the director of inspections and appeals.

*“Division”* means the health facilities division.

**481—50.3(135B,135C) Licensing.** All hospitals and health care facilities shall be licensed by the department. Applications are available from the Health Facilities Division, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. Completed applications are returned to the division with the fee.

**50.3(1)** Initial fees for hospitals are:

- a. Fifty beds or less, \$15;
- b. More than 50 and not more than 100 beds, \$25;
- c. Any greater number of beds, \$50.

A fee of \$10 is charged to renew a hospital license each year.

**50.3(2)** Initial and renewal fees for health care facilities are:

- a. Ten beds or less, \$20;
- b. More than 10 and not more than 25 beds, \$40;
- c. More than 26 and not more than 75 beds, \$60;
- d. More than 76 and not more than 150 beds, \$80;
- e. Any greater number of beds, \$100.

**50.3(3)** Standards used to determine whether a license is granted or retained are found in the rules of the department of inspections and appeals in the Iowa Administrative Code as follows:

- a. Hospitals, 481—Chapter 51;
- b. Hospices, 481—Chapter 53;
- c. Residential care facilities, 481—Chapters 57 and 60;
- d. Nursing facilities, 481—Chapters 58 and 61;
- e. Residential care facilities for persons with mental illness, 481—Chapters 60 and 62;
- f. Residential care facilities for the intellectually disabled, 481—Chapters 60 and 63;
- g. Intermediate care facilities for the intellectually disabled, 481—Chapter 64; and
- h. Intermediate care facilities for persons with mental illness, 481—Chapter 65.

**50.3(4)** Posting of license. The license shall be posted in each facility so the public can see it easily.  
[ARC 0766C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—50.4(135C) Fines and citations.** A fine or citation will be issued and may be contested according to the rules in 481—Chapter 56.

**481—50.5(135C) Denial, suspension or revocation.**

**50.5(1)** A denial, suspension or revocation shall be effective 30 days after certified mailing or personal service of the notice.

**50.5(2)** A hearing may be requested and the request must be made in writing to the department within 30 days of the mailing or service.

**481—50.6(10A) Formal hearing.** All decisions of the division may be contested. Appeals and hearings are controlled by 481—Chapter 10, “Contested Case Hearings.”

**50.6(1)** The proposed decision of the hearing officer becomes final ten days after it is mailed.

**50.6(2)** Any request for administrative review of a proposed decision must:

1. Be made in writing,
2. Be mailed by certified mail to the director, within ten days after the proposed decision was mailed to the aggrieved party,
3. State the reason(s) for the request.

A copy shall also be sent to the hearing officer at the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

**50.6(3)** The decision of the director shall be based upon the record and becomes final agency action upon mailing by certified mail.

**50.6(4)** The fees of witnesses for attendance and travel shall be the same as the fees for witnesses before the district court and shall be paid by the party to the proceeding at whose request the subpoena is issued.

**481—50.7(10A,135C) Additional notification.** The director or the director’s designee shall be notified within 24 hours, or the next business day, by the most expeditious means available (I,II,III):

**50.7(1)** Of any accident causing major injury.

*a.* “Major injury” shall be defined as any injury which:

- (1) Results in death; or
- (2) Requires admission to a higher level of care for treatment, other than for observation; or
- (3) Requires consultation with the attending physician, designee of the physician, or physician extender who determines, in writing on a form designated by the department, that an injury is a “major injury” based upon the circumstances of the accident, the previous functional ability of the resident, and the resident’s prognosis.

*b.* The following are not reportable accidents:

- (1) An ambulatory resident, as defined in rules 481—57.1(135C), 481—58.1(135C), and 481—63.1(135C), who falls when neither the facility nor its employees have culpability related to the fall, even if the resident sustains a major injury; or
- (2) Spontaneous fractures; or
- (3) Hairline fractures.

**50.7(2)** When damage to the facility is caused by a natural or other disaster.

**50.7(3)** When there is an act that causes major injury to a resident or when a facility has knowledge of a pattern of acts committed by the same resident on another resident that results in any physical injury. For the purposes of this subrule, “pattern” means two or more times within a 30-day period.

**50.7(4)** When a resident elopes from a facility. For the purposes of this subrule, “elopes” means when a resident who has impaired decision-making ability leaves the facility without the knowledge or authorization of staff.

**50.7(5)** When a resident attempts suicide, regardless of injury.

**50.7(6)** When a fire occurs in a facility and the fire requires the notification of emergency services, require full or partial evacuation of the facility, or causes physical injury to a resident.

**50.7(7)** When a defect or failure occurs in the fire sprinkler or fire alarm system for more than 4 hours in a 24-hour period. (This reporting requirement is in addition to the requirement to notify the state fire marshal.)

NOTE: Additional reporting requirements are created by other rules and statutes, including but not limited to Iowa Code chapter 235B and 2008 Iowa Acts, House File 2591, which require reporting of dependent adult abuse.

**481—50.8(22,135B,135C) Records.** The division collects and stores a variety of records in the course of licensing and inspecting health care facilities. Some information stored may be personally identifiable. None is retrievable by personal identifier with the exception of a business which uses an individual’s name in the title. All records stored by the health facilities division are kept in files under the name of a facility. Computer files are retrieved by facility name also.

**50.8(1)** The department maintains information about long-term care facilities in files which are organized by facility name, city, and county. No information is retrievable by personal identifier. Each long-term care facility record contains both open and confidential information.

*a.* Open information includes:

- (1) License application and status,
- (2) Variance requests and responses,
- (3) Final findings of state and Medicaid survey investigations,
- (4) Records of complaints,
- (5) Reports from the fire marshal,
- (6) Plans of correction submitted by the facility,
- (7) Medicaid status,
- (8) Official notices of license and Medicaid sanctions.

*b.* Confidential information includes:

- (1) Survey or investigation information which does not comprise a final finding. Survey information which does not comprise a final finding may be made public in a proceeding concerning the citation of a facility, denial, suspension or revocation of a license, Iowa Code section 135C.19(1),
- (2) Names of all complainants, Iowa Code sections 135C.19(1) and 135C.37,
- (3) Names of patients in all facilities, identifying medical information and the address of anyone other than an owner, Section 1106 of the Social Security Act as amended, 42 CFR Part 401, Subpart B (October 1, 1986) and Iowa Code sections 22.9 and 135C.19(1).

**50.8(2)** The department maintains records about hospitals. The records are organized by facility name, city, and county. The records are not retrievable by personal identifier. The Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations is referred to as JCAHO, and the American Osteopathic Association is referred to as AOA in this rule. These records may contain both open and confidential information.

*a.* Open information includes:

- (1) License status,
- (2) Medicare certification status,
- (3) Medicare survey reports,
- (4) Plans of correction submitted by a hospital,
- (5) Official notices of involuntary provider termination or license sanctions,
- (6) For hospitals not certified by JCAHO or AOA, reports of the fire marshal,
- (7) Final survey findings of the JCAHO and the AOA with respect to compliance by a hospital with the requirements for licensure or accreditation.

*b.* Confidential information includes:

- (1) Names of patients and identifying medical information,
- (2) Identity of any complainant, and
- (3) The address of anyone other than the owner, Iowa Code section 135B.12 and Section 1106 of the Social Security Act, 42 CFR Part 401, Subpart B (October 1, 1986) and Iowa Code section 22.9.
- (4) Rescinded IAB 2/19/92, effective 3/25/92.
- (5) No information may be disclosed in a manner which will identify individuals or hospitals except in a proceeding concerning the question of license or the denial, suspension or revocation of a license, Iowa Code section 135B.12.

**50.8(3)** The department maintains files for all other Medicare-certified facilities. These files are organized by facility or agency name, city, and county. None is retrievable by personal identifier except when a business uses an individual's name in its title. These files contain both open and confidential information.

*a.* Open information includes:

- (1) Certification status,
- (2) Survey reports,
- (3) Plans of correction,
- (4) Official notices of involuntary provider termination,

(5) Proficiency test results for non-JCAHO or AOA accredited hospitals, Medicare laboratories and laboratories licensed under the clinical Laboratory Improvement Act.

*b.* Confidential information includes:

- (1) Name of any patient,
- (2) Medical information about any identifiable patient,
- (3) The identity of any complainant, and
- (4) The address of anyone other than an owner of the facility, Section 1106 of the Social Security Act, 43 CFR, Part 401, Subpart B (October 1, 1986), and Iowa Code section 22.9.

**50.8(4)** Rescinded IAB 3/31/04, effective 5/5/04.

**50.8(5)** Following a written request and payment of a fee in the amount determined by the department, one or more of the following lists may be obtained by the public.

*a.* Corporations which own more than one facility and the list of facilities owned by each corporation.

*b.* All the facilities in the state with the owner of the real estate property identified.

*c.* All corporations that lease facilities and the facilities they lease.

*d.* All corporations which manage facilities for other owners and the facilities they manage.

Requests are sent to Health Facilities Division, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

#### **481—50.9(135C) Criminal, dependent adult abuse, and child abuse record checks.**

**50.9(1)** *Definitions.* The following definitions apply for the purposes of this rule.

*“Background check”* or *“record check”* means criminal history, child abuse and dependent adult abuse record checks.

*“Certified nurse aide training program”* means a program approved in accordance with the rules for such programs adopted by the department of human services for the training of persons seeking to be a certified nurse aide for employment in a facility as defined by this rule or in a hospital as defined in Iowa Code section 135B.1.

*“Direct services”* means services provided through person-to-person contact. “Direct services” excludes services provided by individuals such as building contractors, repair workers, or others who are in a facility for a very limited purpose, are not in the facility on a regular basis, and who do not provide any treatment or services for residents, patients, tenants, or participants of the provider.

*“Employed in a facility”* or *“employment within a facility”* means all of the following if the provider is regulated by the state or receives any federal or state funding:

1. An employee of a health care facility licensed under Iowa Code chapter 135C if the employee provides direct or indirect services to residents;
2. An employee of a home health agency if the employee provides direct services to consumers;
3. An employee of a hospice if the employee provides direct services to consumers.

*“Employee”* means any individual who is paid either by the facility or any other entity (i.e., temporary agency, private duty, Medicare/Medicaid or independent contractors).

*“Evaluation”* means review by the department of human services to determine whether a founded child abuse, dependent adult abuse or criminal conviction warrants prohibition of the person’s employment in a facility; or whether a founded child abuse, dependent adult abuse or criminal conviction warrants prohibition of a student’s involvement in a clinical education component of the certified nurse aide training program involving children or dependent adults.

*“Facility,”* for purposes of this rule, means all of the following if the provider is regulated by the state or receives any federal or state funding:

1. A health care facility licensed under Iowa Code chapter 135C;
2. A home health agency;
3. A hospice.

*“Indirect services”* means services provided without person-to-person contact such as those provided by administration, dietary, laundry, and maintenance.



“*Student*” means a person applying for, enrolled in, or returning to a certified nurse aide training program.

**50.9(2)** *Explanation of “crime.”* For purposes of this rule, the term “crime” does not include offenses under Iowa Code chapter 321 classified as simple misdemeanor or equivalent simple misdemeanor offenses from another jurisdiction.

**50.9(3)** *Requirements for employer prior to employing an individual.* Prior to employment of a person in a facility, the facility shall request that the department of public safety perform a criminal history check and the department of human services perform child and dependent adult abuse record checks of the person in this state.

*a. Informing the prospective employee.* A facility shall ask each person seeking employment by the facility, “Do you have a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse or have you ever been convicted of a crime other than a simple misdemeanor offense relating to motor vehicles and laws of the road under Iowa Code chapter 321 or equivalent provisions, in this state or any other state?” In addition, the person shall be informed that a background check will be conducted. The person shall indicate, by signature, that the person has been informed that the background check will be conducted. (I, II, III)

*b. Conducting a background check.* The facility may access the single contact repository (SING) to perform the required background check. If the SING is used, the facility shall submit the person’s maiden name, if applicable, with the background check request. If the SING is not used, the facility must obtain a criminal history check from the department of public safety and a check of the child and dependent adult abuse registries from the department of human services. (I, II, III)

*c. If a person being considered for employment has been convicted of a crime.* If a person being considered for employment in a facility has been convicted of a crime under a law of any state, the department of public safety shall notify the facility that upon the request of the facility the department of human services will perform an evaluation to determine whether the crime warrants prohibition of the person’s employment in the facility. (I, II, III)

*d. If a person being considered for employment has a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse.* If a department of human services child or dependent adult abuse record check shows that a person being considered for employment in a facility has a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse, the department of human services shall notify the facility that upon the request of the facility the department of human services will perform an evaluation to determine whether the founded child or dependent adult abuse warrants prohibition of the person’s employment in the facility. (I, II, III)

*e. Employment pending evaluation.* The facility may employ a person for not more than 60 calendar days pending the completion of the evaluation by the department of human services if all of the following apply. The 60-day period begins on the first day of the person’s employment.

(1) The person is being considered for employment other than employment involving the operation of a motor vehicle;

(2) The person does not have a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse;

(3) The person has been convicted of a crime that is a simple misdemeanor offense under Iowa Code section 123.47 or a first offense of operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated under Iowa Code section 321J.2(1); and

(4) The facility has requested that the department of human services perform an evaluation to determine whether the crime warrants prohibition of the person’s employment. (I, II, III)

**50.9(4)** *Validity of background check results.* The results of a background check conducted pursuant to this rule shall be valid for a period of 30 calendar days from the date the results of the background check are received by the facility. (I, II, III)

**50.9(5)** *Employment prohibition.* A person who has committed a crime or has a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse shall not be employed in a facility unless an evaluation has been performed by the department of human services. (I, II, III)

**50.9(6)** *Transfer of an employee to another facility owned or operated by the same person.* If an employee transfers from one facility to another facility owned or operated by the same person, without a lapse in employment, the facility is not required to request additional criminal and child and dependent adult abuse record checks of that employee. (I, II, III)

**50.9(7) *Transfer of ownership of a facility.*** If the ownership of a facility is transferred, at the time of transfer the background check required by this rule shall be performed for each employee for whom there is no documentation that such background check has been performed. The facility may continue to employ such employee pending the performance of the background check and any related evaluation. (I, II, III)

**50.9(8) *Change of employment—person with criminal or abuse record—exception to record check evaluation requirements.*** A person with a criminal or abuse record who is or was employed by a facility and is hired by another facility shall be subject to the background check.

*a.* A reevaluation of the latest record check is not required, and the person may commence employment with the other facility if the following requirements are met:

(1) The department of human services previously performed an evaluation concerning the person's criminal or abuse record and concluded the record did not warrant prohibition of the person's employment;

(2) The latest background check does not indicate a crime was committed or founded abuse record was entered subsequent to the previous evaluation;

(3) The position with the subsequent employer is substantially the same or has the same job responsibilities as the position for which the previous evaluation was performed;

(4) Any restrictions placed on the person's employment in the previous evaluation by the department of human services and still applicable shall remain applicable in the person's subsequent employment; and

(5) The person subject to the background check has maintained a copy of the previous evaluation and provided it to the subsequent employer, or the previous employer provides the previous evaluation from the person's personnel file pursuant to the person's authorization. If a physical copy of the previous evaluation is not provided to the subsequent employer, a current record check evaluation shall be performed. (I, II, III)

*b.* For purposes of this subrule, a position is "substantially the same or has the same job responsibilities" if the position requires the same certification, licensure, or advanced training. For example, a licensed nurse has substantially the same or the same job responsibilities as a director of nursing; a certified nurse aide does not have substantially the same or the same job responsibilities as a licensed nurse.

*c.* The subsequent employer must maintain the previous evaluation in the employee's personnel file for verification of the exception to the requirement for a record check evaluation. (I, II, III)

*d.* The subsequent employer may request a reevaluation of the background check and may employ the person while the reevaluation is being performed, even though an exemption under paragraph 50.9(8) "*a*" may be authorized.

**50.9(9) *Employee notification of criminal conviction or founded abuse after employment.*** If a person employed by a facility employer that is subject to this rule is convicted of a crime or has a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse entered in the abuse registry after the person's employment application date, the person shall inform the employer of such information within 48 hours of the criminal conviction or entry of the record of founded child or dependent adult abuse.

*a.* The employer shall act to verify the information within seven calendar days of notification. "Verify," for purposes of this subrule, means to access the single contact repository (SING) to perform a background check, to request a criminal background check from the department of public safety, to request an abuse record check from the department of human services, to conduct an online search through the Iowa Courts Online Web site, or to contact the county clerk of court office and obtain a copy of relevant court documents.

*b.* If the information is verified, the facility shall follow the requirements of paragraphs 50.9(3) "*c*" and "*d*." (I, II, III)

*c.* The employer may continue to employ the person pending the performance of an evaluation by the department of human services.

d. A person who is required by this subrule to inform the person's employer of a conviction or entry of an abuse record and fails to do so within the required period commits a serious misdemeanor under Iowa Code section 135C.33.

e. The employer may notify the county attorney for the county where the employer is located of any violation or failure by an employee to notify the employer of a criminal conviction or entry of an abuse record within the period required under this subrule.

**50.9(10) Facility receipt of credible information that an employee has been convicted of a crime or has a record of founded abuse.** If the facility receives credible information, as determined by the facility, from someone other than the employee, that the employee has been convicted of a crime or a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse has been entered in the abuse registry after employment, and the employee has not informed the employer of the information within the time required by subrule 50.9(9), the facility shall take the following actions:

a. The facility shall act to verify credible information within seven calendar days of receipt. "Verify," for purposes of this subrule, means to access the single contact repository (SING) to perform a background check, to request a criminal background check from the department of public safety, to request an abuse record check from the department of human services, to conduct an online search through the Iowa Courts Online Web site, or to contact the county clerk of court office and obtain a copy of relevant court documents.

b. If the information is verified, the facility shall follow the requirements of paragraphs 50.9(3) "c" and "d." (I, II, III)

**50.9(11) Proof of background checks for temporary employment agencies and contractors.** Proof of background checks may be kept in the files maintained by temporary employment agencies and contractors. Facilities may require temporary employment agencies and contractors to provide a copy of the result of the background checks. Copies of such results shall be made available to the department upon request. (I, II, III)

**50.9(12) Certified nurse aide training program students.** Prior to a student's beginning or returning to a certified nurse aide training program, the program shall request that the department of public safety perform a criminal history check and the department of human services perform child and dependent adult abuse record checks, in this state, of the student.

a. *Prohibition of involvement in clinical education.* If a student has a criminal record or a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse, the student shall not be involved in a clinical education component of the certified nurse aide training program involving children or dependent adults unless an evaluation has been performed by the department of human services. The evaluation shall be performed upon request of the certified nurse aide training program.

b. *Involvement in clinical education component pending evaluation.* The training program may allow the student's participation in the clinical education component for not more than 60 calendar days pending the completion of the evaluation by the department of human services if all of the following apply. The 60-day period begins on the first day of the student's participation in the clinical education component.

(1) The student's clinical education component of the training program involves children or dependent adults but does not involve the operation of a motor vehicle;

(2) The student does not have a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse;

(3) The student has been convicted of a crime that is a simple misdemeanor offense under Iowa Code section 123.47 or a first offense of operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated under Iowa Code section 321J.2(1); and

(4) The training program has requested that the department of human services perform an evaluation to determine whether the crime warrants prohibition of the student's involvement in the clinical education component.

c. *Student notification of criminal conviction or founded abuse after performance of record checks and evaluation.* If a student is convicted of a crime or has a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse entered in the abuse registry after the record checks and any evaluation have been performed, the

student shall inform the certified nurse aide training program of such information within 48 hours of the criminal conviction or entry of the record of founded child or dependent adult abuse.

(1) The program shall act to verify the information within seven calendar days of notification. “Verify,” for purposes of this paragraph, means to access the single contact repository (SING) to perform a background check, to request a criminal background check from the department of public safety, to request an abuse record check from the department of human services, to conduct an online search through the Iowa Courts Online Web site, or to contact the county clerk of court office and obtain a copy of relevant court documents. If the information is verified, the program shall follow the requirements of paragraph 50.9(12) “a” to determine whether or not the student’s involvement in a clinical education component may continue.

(2) The program may allow the student involvement to continue pending the performance of an evaluation by the department of human services.

(3) A student who is required to inform the program of a conviction or entry of an abuse record and fails to do so within the required period commits a serious misdemeanor under Iowa Code section 135C.33.

(4) The program may notify the county attorney for the county where the program is located of any violation or failure by a student to notify the program of a criminal conviction or entry of an abuse record within the period required by this paragraph.

*d. Program receipt of credible information that a student has been convicted of a crime or has a record of founded abuse.* If a program receives credible information, as determined by the program, that a student has been convicted of a crime or a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse has been entered in the abuse registry after the record checks and any evaluation have been performed, from a person other than the student, and the student has not informed the program of such information within 48 hours, the program shall act to verify the credible information within seven calendar days of receipt of the credible information. “Verify,” for purposes of this paragraph, means to access the single contact repository (SING) to perform a background check, to request a criminal background check from the department of public safety, to request an abuse record check from the department of human services, to conduct an online search through the Iowa Courts Online Web site, or to contact the county clerk of court office and obtain a copy of relevant court documents. If the information is verified, the requirements of paragraph 50.9(12) “a” shall be applied to determine whether or not the student’s involvement in a clinical education component may continue.

*e. Completion of a certified nurse aide training program conducted by the health care facility.* If a certified nurse aide training program is conducted by the facility and a student of that program accepts and begins employment with the facility within 30 days of completing the program, the background check of the student performed prior to beginning the training program shall fulfill the criminal and abuse background check requirements. The facility shall maintain the proof required in subrule 50.9(11). (I, II, III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14 and section 135C.33 as amended by 2013 Iowa Acts, Senate File 347.

[ARC 0903C, IAB 8/7/13, effective 9/11/13; ARC 1566C, IAB 8/6/14, effective 9/10/14]

#### **481—50.10(135C) Inspections, exit interviews, plans of correction, and revisits.**

**50.10(1) Frequency of inspection.** The department shall inspect a licensed health care facility at least once within a 30-month period. Facilities participating in the Medicare or Medicaid programs may be inspected more frequently as a part of a joint state and federal inspection.

**50.10(2) Accessibility of records, the facility, and persons.** An inspector of the department may enter any licensed health care facility without a warrant and may examine all records pertaining to the care provided to residents of the facility. An inspector of the department may contact or interview any resident, employee, or any other person who might have knowledge about the operation of a health care facility. The inspector may duplicate records and take photographs as part of the inspection.

**50.10(3) Exit interviews.** The health care facility shall be provided an exit interview at the conclusion of an inspection, and the facility representative shall be informed of all issues and areas of concern related to the deficiencies.

*a. Methods of conducting exit interview.* The department may conduct the exit interview either in person or by telephone.

*b. Second exit interviews.* The department shall conduct a second exit interview if any additional areas of concern are identified.

**50.10(4) Submission of additional or rebuttal information.** The facility shall be provided two working days from the date of the exit interview to submit additional or rebuttal information to the department.

*a. Receipt of additional information.* Additional or rebuttal information must be received by the department within two working days in order to be considered.

*b. Methods to submit additional information.* The additional or rebuttal information may be submitted via E-mail, facsimile, or overnight courier to the department.

*c. Inform of the opportunity to submit additional or rebuttal information.* During the inspection, the facility shall be informed of the opportunity to submit additional or rebuttal information and of the contact information for the department.

**50.10(5) Standards for determining whether a deficiency exists.** The department shall use a preponderance of the evidence standard when determining whether a regulatory deficiency exists. For purposes of this rule and rule 481—50.11(135C), “preponderance of the evidence standard” means that the evidence, considered and compared with the evidence opposed to it, produces the belief in a reasonable mind that the allegations or deficiency is more likely true than not true. This standard does not require that the inspector personally witnessed the alleged violation.

**50.10(6) Statement of deficiencies.** When one or more deficiencies are found, a statement of deficiencies detailing each deficiency shall be sent by the department to the health care facility within ten working days of the exit interview.

**50.10(7) Plan of correction.** Within ten calendar days following receipt of the statement of deficiencies, the health care facility shall submit a plan of correction to the department.

*a. Contents of plan.* The plan of correction shall contain the following information:

- (1) How the facility will correct the deficient practice;
- (2) How the facility will act to protect residents;
- (3) The measures the facility will take or the systems it will alter to ensure that the problem does not recur;
- (4) How the facility plans to monitor its performance to make sure that solutions are sustained; and
- (5) Date(s) when corrective action will be completed.

*b. Review of plan.* The department shall review the plan of correction within ten working days of receipt. The department may request additional information or revisions to the plan, which shall be provided as requested.

**50.10(8) Revisits.** If a facility licensed under this chapter is subject to or will be subject to denial of payment including payment for Medicare or medical assistance (Medicaid) under Iowa Code chapter 249A, or denial of payment for all new admissions pursuant to 42 CFR Section 488.417, and submits a plan of correction relating to the deficiencies or a response to a citation issued under 481—Chapter 56 and the department elects to conduct an on-site revisit inspection, the department shall commence the revisit inspection within the shortest time feasible of the date that the plan of correction is received or the date specified within the plan of correction alleging compliance, whichever is later.

**50.10(9) Appeals of statement of deficiencies.** The facility may appeal the statement of deficiencies by filing an appeal request with the department within 20 working days after receipt of the statement of deficiencies. The procedures defined in rule 481—50.6(10A) shall be followed for the appeal.

[ARC 8433B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10; ARC 1566C, IAB 8/6/14, effective 9/10/14]

#### **481—50.11(135C) Complaint and self-reported incident investigation procedure.**

**50.11(1) Complaint.** The process for filing a complaint is as follows:

a. Any person with concerns regarding a facility may file a complaint with the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Complaint/Incident Bureau, Lucas State Office Building, Third Floor, 321 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083; by use of the complaint hotline, 1-877-686-0027; by facsimile sent to (515)281-7106; or through the Web site address [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do).

b. When the nature of the complaint is outside the department's authority, the department shall forward the complaint or refer the complainant to the appropriate investigatory entity.

c. The complainant shall include as much of the following information as possible in the complaint: the complainant's name, address and telephone number; the complainant's relationship to the facility or resident; and the reason for the complaint.

d. The complainant's name shall be confidential information and shall not be released by the department.

e. The department shall act on anonymous complaints unless the department determines that the complaint is intended to harass the facility.

f. If the department, upon preliminary review, determines that the complaint is intended as harassment or is without a reasonable basis, the department may dismiss the complaint.

**50.11(2) Self-reported incident.** When the facility is required pursuant to rule 481—50.7(10A,135C) or other requirements to report an incident, the facility shall make the report to the department via:

a. The Web-based reporting tool accessible from the following Internet site, [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do), under the "Login" tab and then access "Add self report";

b. Mail by sending the self-report to the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Complaint/Incident Bureau, Lucas State Office Building, Third Floor, 321 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083;

c. The complaint/incident hotline, 1-877-686-0027; or

d. Facsimile sent to (515)281-7106.

**50.11(3) Time frames for investigation of complaint or self-reported incident.** The following guidelines shall be used for determining the time frame in which an on-site inspection of the facility shall be initiated:

a. *Immediate jeopardy situation.* Within 2 working days for a complaint or self-reported incident determined by the department to be an alleged immediate jeopardy situation. For purposes of this rule, "immediate jeopardy situation" means a situation in which the facility's alleged noncompliance with Iowa Code chapter 135C, or rules adopted pursuant thereto, has caused or is likely to cause, serious injury, harm, impairment, or death to a resident.

b. *High-level nonimmediate jeopardy situation.* Within 10 days for nursing facilities and within 20 working days for intermediate care facilities and residential care facilities for a complaint or self-reported incident determined by the department to be an alleged high-level nonimmediate jeopardy situation. For purposes of this rule, "high-level nonimmediate jeopardy situation" means the alleged noncompliance with Iowa Code chapter 135C, or rules adopted pursuant thereto, may have caused harm that negatively impacts the resident's mental, physical, or psychosocial status and is of such consequence to the resident's well-being that a rapid response is warranted.

c. *Other nonimmediate jeopardy situation.* Within 45 calendar days for a complaint or self-reported incident determined by the department to be an alleged nonimmediate jeopardy situation, other than a high-level nonimmediate jeopardy situation. For purposes of this rule, "other nonimmediate jeopardy situation" means a situation that is not a high-level nonimmediate jeopardy situation where the alleged noncompliance with Iowa Code chapter 135C, or rules adopted pursuant thereto, may cause harm of limited consequence and does not significantly impair the individual's mental, physical, or psychosocial status or function.

d. *No inspection of facility-reported incidents.* The department may determine not to institute an inspection of a self-reported incident using criteria including, but not limited to, the following:

(1) There is no evident deficiency on the part of the facility, and the facility has taken appropriate measures to address the situation; or

- (2) There is a potential deficiency but:
1. The facility has taken appropriate measures to address the situation;
  2. The facility does not have a recent history of identified deficiency similar to or related to the incident being reported;
  3. A complaint has not been filed regarding the incident being reported; and
  4. The resulting injury does not cause a significant negative impact to the resident's quality of life.

**50.11(4) *Standard for determining whether a complaint or self-reported incident is substantiated.*** The department shall apply a preponderance of the evidence standard in determining whether a complaint or self-reported incident is substantiated.

**50.11(5) *Notification of program and complainant.*** The department shall notify the facility and, if known, the complainant of the findings of the complaint investigation. The department shall also notify the complainant, if known, if the department does not investigate a complaint, and the reasons for not investigating the complaint shall be included in the notification.

**50.11(6) *Process for complaint and self-reported incident.*** The department and facility shall follow the process outlined in rule 481—50.10(135C), as applicable, when conducting or responding to a complaint or self-reported incident investigation.

[ARC 8433B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—50.12(135C) Requirements for service.** At each inspection, the facility shall provide the most current contact information for the purpose of service of departmental notices. A statement of deficiencies or citation shall be served upon a facility using one of the following methods.

**50.12(1) *Electronic mail.*** If a facility has electronic mail, electronic mail shall be used for service of statements of deficiencies and citations. If electronic mail is used, the following shall be complied with:

- a. The department shall send the electronic message return receipt requested. The response from the return receipt shall officially document receipt of the service and the date of receipt.
- b. A facility shall allow the electronic return receipt to be returned to the department and shall not delay the sending of the return receipt.
- c. If the department has not received the return receipt within three business days of sending the service via electronic mail, the department shall contact the facility to verify the receipt of the service.

**50.12(2) *Certified mail.*** If a facility does not have access to electronic mail, the service shall be sent via certified mail, return receipt requested.

**50.12(3) *Personal service.*** The department may choose to personally serve the notice upon the health care facility by delivering a copy of the statement of deficiencies or citation to the health care facility and presenting the copy to the facility.

[ARC 8433B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—50.13(135C) Inspectors' conflicts of interest.**

**50.13(1) *Conflicts.*** Any of the following circumstances disqualifies an inspector from inspecting a particular health care facility licensed under Iowa Code chapter 135C:

a. The inspector currently works or, within the past two years, has worked as an employee or employment agency staff at the health care facility, or as an officer, consultant, or agent for the health care facility to be inspected.

b. The inspector has any financial interest or any ownership interest in the facility. For purposes of this paragraph, indirect ownership, such as through a broad-based mutual fund, does not constitute a financial or ownership interest.

c. The inspector has an immediate family member who has a relationship with the facility as described in subrule 50.13(1), paragraphs "a" and "b."

**50.13(2) *Immediate family member.*** For purposes of this rule, "immediate family member" means the same as set forth in 42 CFR 488.301, and includes a husband or wife; natural or adoptive

parent, child, or sibling; stepparent, stepchild, or stepsibling; father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law; or grandparent or grandchild.

[ARC 8433B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 22.11 and 135B.3 to 135B.7 and Iowa Code chapters 10A and 135C.

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CHAPTER 51  
HOSPITALS

[Prior to 12/14/88, see Health Department[470] Ch 51]

[Prior to 8/8/90, see Public Health[641] Ch 51]

**481—51.1(135B) Definitions.** As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the following definitions apply:

*“Critical access hospital”* means any hospital located in a rural area and certified by the Iowa department of public health as being a necessary provider of health care services to residents of the area. A “critical access hospital” makes available 24-hour emergency care, is a designated provider in a rural health network, and meets the criteria specified pursuant to 481—51.53(135B). If swing-bed approval has been granted, all 25 beds may be used interchangeably for acute or skilled nursing facility level of care services.

*“Department”* means the Iowa department of inspections and appeals.

*“Governing board”* means the board of trustees, the owner or the person or persons designated by the owner as the governing authority who shall have supreme authority in the hospital and be responsible for the management, control, and appointment of the medical staff.

*“Governmental unit”* means the state, or any county, municipality, or other political subdivision, or any department, division, board or other agency of any of the foregoing.

*“Hospital”* or *“general hospital”* means an institution, place, building, or agency represented and held out to the general public as ready, willing and able to furnish care, accommodations, facilities and equipment for the diagnosis or treatment, over a period exceeding 24 hours, of two or more nonrelated individuals suffering from illness, injury, infirmity or deformity, or other physical or mental condition for which medical, surgical and obstetrical care services are provided. The term “hospital” does not include the following:

1. Any institution for well children, day nursery and child care center, foster boarding homes or houses, and homes for disabled children. However, such institutions that have a dual function, including nursing and medical care, and care of the sick are required to be licensed.
2. Homes, houses or institutions for aged persons which limit their functions to room and board and provide no medical or nursing care and house no bedridden person.
3. Dispensary or first-aid stations maintained for the care of employees, students, customers, and members of any commercial or industrial plant, educational institution, or convent.

*“Long-term acute care hospital”* means any hospital that has an average inpatient length of stay greater than 25 days, and that provides extended medical and rehabilitative care for patients who are clinically complex and who may suffer from multiple acute or chronic conditions. Services provided by a long-term acute care hospital include but are not limited to comprehensive rehabilitation, respiratory therapy, head trauma treatment, and pain management. A long-term acute care hospital shall meet the requirements for a general hospital including emergency services, except that obstetrical facilities are not required, and, if the long-term acute care hospital is located within a separately licensed hospital and does not provide its own emergency services, the long-term acute care hospital shall contract for emergency services with the host general hospital.

*“Medical staff”* means an organized body that is composed of individuals appointed by the hospital governing board, that operates under bylaws approved by the governing board and that is responsible for the quality of medical care provided to patients by the hospital. All members of the medical staff, one of whom shall be a licensed physician, shall be licensed to practice in the state of Iowa.

*“Premises”* means any or all designated portions of a building or structure, enclosures or places in the building, or real estate when the distinct and clearly identifiable parts provide separate care and services. The definition of “premises” shall not be construed to permit the existence of a separately licensed specialty hospital within the physical structure of a general hospital. A specialty hospital shall be defined pursuant to 42 CFR Section 411.351 and any amendments thereto, or pursuant to any regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

“*Specialized hospital*” means any hospital devoted primarily to the specialized care and treatment of persons with chronic or long-term illness, injury, or infirmity. The diagnosis, treatment or care shall be administered by or performed under the direction of persons especially qualified in the diagnosis and treatment of the particular illness, injury, or infirmity. A specialized hospital shall meet the requirements for a general hospital. “Specialized hospital” as defined in this rule does not include a specialty hospital defined pursuant to 42 CFR Section 411.351.

[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

#### **481—51.2(135B) Classification, compliance and license.**

**51.2(1)** Classification. For the purpose of administering the hospital licensing law, all institutions subject to licensure shall be classified as a critical access hospital, general hospital, long-term acute care hospital, or specialized hospital. The license issued by the department shall clearly identify the classification of the hospital.

**51.2(2)** Compliance requirements for each classification. A hospital shall comply with all of the general regulations for hospitals and shall comply with regulations pertaining to specialized services, if specialized services are provided in the hospital.

**51.2(3)** Separate license required. A separate license shall be required for each hospital even though more than one is operated under the same management. A separate license is not required for separate buildings of a hospital located on separate parcels of land, which are not adjoining but provide elements of the hospital’s full range of services for the diagnosis, care, and treatment of human illness, including convalescence and rehabilitation, and which are organized under a single owner or governing board with a single designated administrator and medical staff.

**51.2(4)** Posting of license. The license shall be conspicuously posted on the main premises of the hospital.

**51.2(5)** The department shall recognize, in lieu of its own licensure inspection, the comparable inspections and inspection findings of The Joint Commission (TJC), the American Osteopathic Association (AOA), DNV GL – Healthcare (DNV GL), or the Center for Improvement in Healthcare Quality (CIHQ) if the department is provided with copies of all requested materials relating to the inspection process. In cases of the initial licensure, the department may require its own inspection when needed in addition to comparable accreditations to allow the hospital to begin operations. The department may also initiate its own inspection when it is determined that the inspection findings of TJC, AOA, DNV GL, or CIHQ are insufficient to address concerns identified as possible licensure issues.

**51.2(6)** Hospitals not accredited by TJC, AOA, DNV GL, or CIHQ shall be inspected by the department utilizing the current Medicare conditions of participation found in Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act and 42 CFR Part 482, Subparts A, B, C, D, and E, or 42 CFR Part 485, Subpart F. Licensed-only hospitals shall be inspected utilizing the requirements of this chapter. The department may promulgate additional standards. The department may recognize, in lieu of its own licensure inspection, the comparable inspection and inspection findings of a Medicare conditions of participation survey.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 135B.

[ARC 9253B, IAB 12/1/10, effective 1/5/11; ARC 1305C, IAB 2/5/14, effective 3/12/14; ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

#### **481—51.3(135B) Quality improvement program.**

**51.3(1)** There shall be an ongoing hospitalwide quality improvement program. This program is to be designed to improve, as needed, the quality of patient care by:

- a. Assessing clinical patient care;
- b. Assessing nonclinical and patient-related services within the hospital;
- c. Developing remedial action as needed; and
- d. Ongoing monitoring and evaluating of the progress of remedial action taken.

**51.3(2)** The governing body shall ensure there is an effective hospitalwide patient-oriented quality improvement program.

**51.3(3)** The quality improvement program shall involve active participation of physician members of the hospital's medical staff and other health care professionals, as appropriate. Evidence of this participation will include ongoing case review and assessment of other patient care problems which have been identified through the quality improvement process.

**51.3(4)** The quality improvement plan may include external, state, local, federal, and regional benchmarking activities designed to improve the quality of patient care. The quality improvement plan shall be written and may address the following:

- a. The program's objectives, organization, scope, and mechanisms for overseeing the effectiveness of monitoring, evaluation, and problem-solving activities;
- b. The participation from all departments, services (including services provided both directly and under contract), and disciplines;
- c. An assessment of participation through a quality improvement committee meeting on an established periodic basis;
- d. The coordination of quality improvement activities;
- e. The communication, reporting and documentation of all quality improvement activities on a regular basis to the governing board, the medical staff, and the hospital administrator;
- f. An annual evaluation by the governing board of the effectiveness of the quality improvement program; and
- g. The accessibility and confidentiality of materials relating to, generated by or part of the quality improvement process.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 135B.  
[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.4(135B) Long-term acute care hospital located within a general hospital.**

**51.4(1)** If a long-term acute care hospital occupies the same building, premises or physical location of a general hospital, all treatment facilities and administrative offices for each hospital shall be clearly marked and separated from each other, and located within the licensed premises of each licensee.

- a. Treatment facilities shall be sufficient to meet the medical needs of the patients.
- b. Administrative offices shall include, but not be limited to, record rooms and personnel offices.
- c. There shall be clearly identifiable and distinguishable signs for each hospital.

**51.4(2)** If a long-term acute care hospital occupies the same building, premises or physical location of a general hospital, each hospital shall have its own entrance. The separate entrance shall have appropriate signs and shall be clearly identifiable as belonging to a particular hospital. Nothing shall prohibit a long-term acute care hospital that is occupying the same building, premises or physical location as a general hospital from utilizing the entrance, hallway, stairs, elevators or escalators of the general hospital to provide access to the long-term acute care hospital's separate entrance.

**51.4(3)** A long-term acute care hospital located within a general hospital shall have sufficient staff to meet the patients' needs. No nursing services staff of either the long-term acute care hospital or the host general hospital shall be simultaneously assigned patient duties in both licensed hospitals.

**51.4(4)** Each long-term acute care hospital located within a general hospital and the host general hospital shall have a separate and distinct governing board, which shall be in control of the respective hospital. No more than one board member shall serve in a common capacity on the governing board of each licensed hospital. For the purposes of this rule, control exists if an individual or an organization has the power, directly or indirectly, to significantly influence or direct the actions or policies of an organization or institution.

**51.4(5)** A long-term acute care hospital located within a general hospital may contract with the host general hospital for the provision of services, including but not limited to pharmaceutical, radiological, laboratory, food and dietetic, surgical, anesthesia, emergency, housekeeping, laundry and environmental, or other services necessary to maintain a clean and safe physical environment. The contract shall be executed by the governing boards of the long-term acute care hospital and the host general hospital. All contracts shall clearly delineate the responsibilities of and services provided by the long-term acute care hospital and the host general hospital.

**51.4(6)** Any life safety code violation identified by the state fire marshal during an inspection of a licensee may be a life safety code violation for both the long-term acute care hospital and the general hospital.

**481—51.5(135B) Medical staff.**

**51.5(1)** A roster of medical staff members shall be kept.

**51.5(2)** All hospitals shall have one or more licensed physicians designated for emergency call service at all times.

**51.5(3)** A hospital shall not deny clinical privileges to physicians and surgeons, podiatrists, osteopaths or osteopathic surgeons, dentists, certified health service providers in psychology, physician assistants, advanced registered nurse practitioners or pharmacists licensed under Iowa Code chapter 147, 148, 148C, 149, 152, 153, or 155 or section 154B.7 solely by reason of the license held by the practitioner or solely by reasons of the school or institution in which the practitioner received health care education or postgraduate training if the health care education or postgraduate training was accredited by an organization recognized by the council on postsecondary accreditation or an accrediting group recognized by the United States Department of Education.

**51.5(4)** A hospital shall establish and implement written criteria for the granting of clinical privileges. The written criteria shall include, but not be limited to, consideration of the:

*a.* Ability of the applicant to provide patient care services independently or appropriately in the hospital;

*b.* License held by the applicant to practice;

*c.* Training, experience, and competence of applicant;

*d.* Relationship between the applicant's request for privileges and the hospital's current scope of patient care services;

*e.* Applicant's ability to provide comprehensive, appropriate and cost-effective services.

[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.6(135B) Patient rights and responsibilities.** The hospital governing board shall adopt a statement of principles relating to patient rights and responsibilities. In developing a statement of principles, the hospital may use reference statements of patient rights and responsibilities developed by the American Hospital Association, The Joint Commission (TJC), the American Osteopathic Association (AOA), DNV GL – Healthcare (DNV GL), the Center for Improvement in Healthcare Quality (CIHQ), and other appropriate sources.

**51.6(1)** The statement of principles shall be made available to patients of the hospital.

**51.6(2)** The statement of principles regarding patient rights shall, at a minimum, address:

*a.* Access to treatment regardless of age, race, creed, ethnicity, religion, culture, language, physical or mental disability, socioeconomic status, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, diagnosis, or source of payment for care;

*b.* Preservation of individual dignity and protection of personal privacy in receipt of care;

*c.* Confidentiality of medical and other appropriate information;

*d.* Assurance of reasonable safety within the hospital;

*e.* Knowledge of the identity of the physician or other practitioner primarily responsible for the patient's care as well as identity and professional status of others providing services to the patient while in the hospital;

*f.* Nature of patient's right to information regarding the patient's medical condition unless medically contraindicated, to consult with a specialist at the patient's request and expense, and to refuse treatment to the extent authorized by law;

*g.* Access to and explanation of patient billings; and

*h.* Process for patient pursuit of grievances.

**51.6(3)** The statement of principles regarding patient responsibilities shall, at a minimum, address:

*a.* Need of patient to provide accurate and complete information regarding the patient's health status;

- b. Need of patient to follow recommended treatment plans;
- c. Requirement that patient abide by hospital rules and regulations affecting patient care and conduct and be considerate of the rights of other patients and hospital personnel; and
- d. Obligation to fulfill the patient's financial obligations as soon as possible following discharge.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 135B.

[ARC 9253B, IAB 12/1/10, effective 1/5/11; ARC 1305C, IAB 2/5/14, effective 3/12/14; ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

#### 481—51.7(135B) Abuse.

##### 51.7(1) Definitions.

“Abuse” means the willful infliction of injury, unreasonable confinement, intimidation, or punishment, with resulting physical harm, pain or mental anguish. Neglect is a form of abuse and is defined as the failure to provide goods and services necessary to avoid physical harm, mental anguish, or mental illness.

“Child abuse” means the same as provided for in Iowa Code section 232.68.

“Dependent adult abuse” means the same as provided for in Iowa Code section 235E.1.

“Domestic abuse,” as defined in Iowa Code section 236.2, means the commission of assault under any of the following circumstances:

1. The assault is between family or household members who resided together at the time of the assault;
2. The assault is between separated spouses or persons divorced from each other and not residing together at the time of the assault;
3. The assault is between persons who are parents of the same minor child, regardless of whether they have been married or have lived together at any time; or
4. The assault is between persons who have been family or household members residing together within the past year and are not residing together at the time of the assault.

“Elder abuse” means the same as provided for in Iowa Code section 235F.1.

“Family or household members,” as defined in Iowa Code section 236.2, are spouses, persons cohabiting, parents, or other persons related by consanguinity or affinity, except children under the age of 18.

**51.7(2) Abuse prohibited.** Each patient shall receive kind and considerate care at all times and shall be free from all forms of abuse or harassment.

a. Restraints shall be applied only when they are necessary to prevent injury to the patient or to others and shall be used only when alternative measures are not sufficient to accomplish their purposes.

b. There must be a written order signed by the attending physician approving the use of restraints either at the time they are applied or as soon thereafter as possible.

c. Careful consideration shall be given to the methods by which the restraints can be speedily removed in case of fire or other emergency.

**51.7(3) Hospital response to domestic abuse.** Each hospital shall establish and implement protocols with respect to victims of domestic abuse.

a. The policies and procedures shall at a minimum provide for:

- (1) An interview with the victim in a place that ensures privacy;
- (2) Confidentiality of the person's treatment and information;
- (3) Sharing of information regarding the domestic abuse hotline and programs; and
- (4) Education of appropriate emergency department staff to assist in the identification of victims of domestic abuse.

b. The treatment records of victims of domestic abuse shall include:

- (1) An assessment of the extent of abuse to the victim specifically describing the location and extent of the injury and reported pain;
- (2) Evidence that the victim was informed of the telephone numbers for the domestic abuse hotline and domestic abuse programs, and the victim's response;
- (3) A record of the treatment and intervention by health care provider personnel;

(4) A record of the need for follow-up care and specification of the follow-up care to be given (e.g., X-rays, surgery, consultation, similar care); and

(5) The victim's statement of how the injury occurred.

**51.7(4) Hospital response to elder abuse.** Each hospital shall establish and implement protocols with respect to victims of elder abuse.

*a.* The policies and procedures shall at a minimum provide for:

(1) An interview with the victim in a place that ensures privacy;

(2) Confidentiality of the person's treatment and information; and

(3) Education of appropriate emergency department staff to assist in the identification of victims of elder abuse.

*b.* The treatment records of victims of elder abuse shall include:

(1) An assessment of the extent of abuse to the victim specifically describing the location and extent of the injury and reported pain;

(2) A record of the treatment and intervention by health care provider personnel;

(3) A record of the need for follow-up care and specification of the follow-up care to be given (e.g., X-rays, surgery, consultation, similar care); and

(4) The victim's statement of how the injury occurred.

**51.7(5) Mandatory reporting of child abuse and dependent adult abuse.** Each hospital shall ensure that written policies and procedures cover all requirements for the mandatory reporting of abuse pursuant to the Iowa Code. Each hospital shall provide that the treatment records of victims of child abuse or dependent adult abuse include a statement that the department of human services' protective services was contacted.

[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.8(135B) Organ, tissue and eye procurement.** Each hospital licensed in accordance with Iowa Code chapter 135B shall have in place written policies and protocols for organ, tissue and eye donation. Hospitals shall be familiar with the revised uniform anatomical gift Act, Iowa Code chapter 142C, and shall develop policies and protocols for consent to organ, tissue and eye donation by either the patient or an appropriate person to consent on the patient's behalf consistent with that Act's provisions. Hospitals shall ensure that the specific organ, tissue and eye procurement requirements are met, as provided in 42 CFR 482.45 or 42 CFR 485.643.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135B.7.

[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.9(135B) Nursing services.**

**51.9(1)** The hospital shall have an organized nursing service which shall provide complete and efficient nursing care to each patient. The authority, responsibility and function of each nurse shall be clearly defined.

**51.9(2)** Registered nurses shall utilize the nursing process in the practice of nursing, consistent with accepted and prevailing practice. The nursing process is ongoing and includes:

*a.* Nursing assessments about the health status of an individual or group.

*b.* Formulation of a nursing diagnosis based on analysis of the data from the nursing assessment.

*c.* Planning of nursing care, which includes determining goals and priorities for actions that are based on the nursing diagnosis.

*d.* Nursing interventions implementing the plan of care.

*e.* Evaluation of the individual's or group's status in relation to established goals and the plan of care.

**51.9(3)** Licensed practical nurse(s) shall participate in the nursing process as described in subrule 51.9(2) consistent with accepted practice by assisting the registered nurse or physician.

**51.9(4)** All nurses employed in a hospital who practice nursing as a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse shall hold an active Iowa license or hold an active license in another state and be recognized for licensure in this state pursuant to the nurse licensure compact in Iowa Code section 152E.1.

**51.9(5)** There shall be a director of nursing service with administrative and executive competency who shall hold an active Iowa license or hold an active license in another state and be recognized for licensure in this state pursuant to the nurse licensure compact in Iowa Code section 152E.1.

**51.9(6)** Nursing management shall have had preparation courses and experience in accordance with hospital policy commensurate with the responsibility of the specific assignment.

**51.9(7)** All unlicensed personnel performing patient-care service shall be under the supervision of a registered nurse. The duties of unlicensed personnel shall be defined in writing by the hospital, and unlicensed personnel shall be instructed in all duties assigned to them.

**51.9(8)** The nursing service shall have adequate numbers of licensed registered nurses, licensed practical nurses, and other personnel to provide nursing care essential for the proper treatment, well-being, and recovery of the patient.

**51.9(9)** Written policies and procedures shall be established for the administrative and technical guidance of the personnel in the hospital. Each employee shall be familiar with these policies and procedures.

**51.9(10)** Each hospital shall have a minimum of one registered nurse on duty at all times.  
[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.10(135B) Water supply.** Rescinded IAB 12/22/93, effective 1/26/94.

**481—51.11(135B) Sewage disposal.** Rescinded IAB 12/22/93, effective 1/26/94.

**481—51.12(135B) Records and reports.**

**51.12(1) Medical records.** Accurate and complete medical records shall be maintained for all patients and signed by the appropriate provider. These records shall be filed and stored in an accessible manner and in accordance with the statute of limitations as specified in Iowa Code chapter 614.

**51.12(2) Hospital records.**

- a. *Admission records.* A register of all admissions to the hospital shall be maintained.
- b. *Death records.* A record of all deaths in the hospital shall be kept, including all information required on a standard death certificate as specified in Iowa Code chapter 144.
- c. *Birth records.* A record of all births in the hospital shall be kept, including all information required on a standard birth certificate as specified in Iowa Code chapter 144.
- d. *Controlled substance records.* Controlled substance records shall be maintained in accordance with state and federal laws, rules and regulations.

**51.12(3) Electronic records.** In addition to the access provided in 481—subrule 50.10(2), an authorized representative of the department shall be provided unrestricted access to electronic records pertaining to the care provided to the patients of the hospital.

a. If access to an electronic record is requested by the authorized representative of the department, the hospital may provide a tutorial on how to use its particular electronic system or may designate an individual who will, when requested, access the system, respond to any questions or assist the authorized representative as needed in accessing electronic information in a timely fashion.

b. The hospital shall provide a terminal where the authorized representative may access records.

c. If the hospital is unable to provide direct print capability to the authorized representative, the hospital shall make available a printout of any record or part of a record on request in a time frame that does not intentionally prevent or interfere with the department's survey or investigation.

[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.13(135B) Sterilizing equipment.** Rescinded IAB 12/22/93, effective 1/26/94; see 481—51.50(135B).

**481—51.14(135B) Pharmaceutical service.**

**51.14(1) General requirements.** Hospital pharmaceutical services shall be licensed in accordance with Iowa board of pharmacy rules in 657—Chapters 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 20, 21, 22 and 40.

**51.14(2) Medication administration.** All drugs and biologicals must be administered by, or under the supervision of, nursing or other trained personnel in accordance with hospital policies and procedures. The person assigned the responsibility of medication administration must complete the entire procedure by personally preparing the dose from a multiple-dose container or using a prepackaged unit dose, personally administering it to the patient, and observing the act of the medication being taken.

**51.14(3) Medication orders.** All verbal orders must be authenticated by signature or other secure electronic method by the prescribing practitioner within a period not to exceed 30 days following a patient's discharge.

When verbal or electronic mechanisms are used to transmit medication orders, they must be accepted only by personnel that are authorized to do so by hospital policies and procedures in a manner consistent with federal and state law.

**51.14(4) Standing orders.** Standing orders for drugs may be used for specified patients when authorized by the prescribing practitioner. These standing orders shall be in accordance with policies and procedures established by the appropriate committee within each hospital. At a minimum, the standing orders shall:

- a. Specify the clinical situations under which the drug is to be administered;
- b. Specify the types of medical conditions of the patients for whom the standing orders are intended;
- c. Be reviewed and revised by the medical staff and the hospital's nursing and pharmacy leadership on a regular basis as specified by hospital policies and procedures;
- d. Be specific as to the drug, dosage, route, and frequency of administration; and
- e. Be dated, authorized by signature or other secure electronic method by the prescribing practitioner within a period not to exceed 30 days following a patient's discharge, and included in the patient's medical record.

**51.14(5) Self-administration of medications.** Patients shall only be permitted to self-administer medications when specifically ordered by the prescribing practitioner and the prescribing practitioner has determined this practice is safe for the specific patient. The hospital shall develop policies and procedures regarding storage and documentation of the administration of drugs.

[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.15(135B) Orders other than medication.** All verbal orders must be authenticated by the ordering practitioner within a period not to exceed 30 days following a patient's discharge. When verbal or electronic mechanisms are used to transmit orders, the orders must be accepted only by personnel who are authorized to accept them by hospital policies and procedures in a manner consistent with federal and state law.

[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.16(135B) Radiological services.**

**51.16(1)** The hospital must maintain, or have available, radiological services to meet the needs of the patients.

**51.16(2)** All radiological services including diagnostic, fluoroscopy, mammography, therapeutic, and nuclear medicine furnished by the hospital or its agent shall be furnished in compliance with 641 IAC Chapters 38 to 42.

**481—51.17(135B) Laundry.** Rescinded IAB 12/22/93, effective 1/26/94; see 481—51.50(135B).

**481—51.18(135B) Laboratory service.**

**51.18(1)** The hospital must maintain, or have available, adequate laboratory and pathology services and facilities to meet the needs of its patients. The medical staff shall determine which laboratory tests are necessary to be performed on site to meet the needs of the patients.

**51.18(2)** Emergency laboratory services must be available 24 hours a day.



**51.18(3)** The hospital must ensure that all laboratory services provided to its patients are performed in a laboratory certified and operating in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulations in 42 CFR Part 493.

[ARC 1751C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—51.19** Reserved.

**481—51.20(135B) Food and nutrition services.**

**51.20(1)** *Food and nutrition service definition.* “Food service” means providing safe, satisfying, and nutritionally adequate food for patients through the provision of appropriate staff, space, equipment, and supplies. “Nutrition service” means providing assessment and education to ensure that the nutritional needs of the patients are met.

**51.20(2)** *General requirements.*

*a.* All food shall be handled, prepared, served, and stored in compliance with the requirements of the Food Code adopted under provisions of Iowa Code section 137F.2.

*b.* The food service shall provide food of the quality and quantity to meet the patient’s needs in accordance with the qualified health practitioner’s orders and, to the extent medically possible, to meet the current Recommended Dietary Allowances, adopted by the Food and Nutrition Board of the National Research Council, National Academy of Sciences, and the following:

(1) Not less than three meals shall be served daily unless contraindicated.

(2) Not more than 14 hours shall elapse between the evening meal and breakfast of the following day.

(3) Nourishment between meals shall be available to all patients unless contraindicated by the qualified health care practitioner.

(4) Patient food preferences shall be respected as much as possible, and substitutes shall be offered through use of appropriate food groups.

(5) When food is provided by a contract food service, all applicable requirements set forth herein shall be met. The hospital shall maintain adequate space, equipment, and staple food supplies to provide patient food service in emergencies.

*c.* Policies and procedures shall be developed and maintained.

*d.* A current diet manual approved by the dietitian and the medical staff shall be used as the basis for diet orders and for planning therapeutic diets. The diet manual shall be reviewed, revised and updated at least every five years. Copies of the diet manual shall be readily available to all medical, nursing, and food service personnel.

*e.* Therapeutic diets shall be provided as ordered by the qualified health care practitioner, including a registered, licensed dietitian, and shall be planned, prepared, and served with supervision or consultation from the registered, licensed dietitian. Persons responsible for therapeutic diets shall have sufficient knowledge of food to make appropriate substitutions when necessary.

*f.* The patient’s likes, dislikes, food allergies, and other pertinent information shall be included with the patient’s diet information.

*g.* Menus.

(1) Menus for regular and therapeutic diets shall be nutritionally appropriate, meet the needs of patients, and be available.

(2) If meals served vary from the planned menu, the change shall be noted in writing as part of the available menu. A copy of the menu as served shall be kept on file for at least 30 days.

(3) Menus should be planned with consideration for cultural and religious background and food habits of patients.

(4) Standardized recipes with nutritional analysis adjusted to number of portions shall be maintained and used in food preparation.

*h.* Food shall be prepared by methods that conserve nutritive value, flavor, and appearance. Food shall be served attractively at appropriate and safe temperatures and in a form to meet individual needs.

*i.* Nutritional care.

(1) Nutrition screening shall be conducted by qualified hospital staff to determine the patient's need for a comprehensive nutrition assessment by the licensed dietitian.

(2) Nutritional care shall be integrated in the patient care plan, as appropriate, based upon the patient's diagnosis and length of stay.

(3) The licensed dietitian shall record in the patient's medical record any observations and information pertinent to medical nutrition therapy.

(4) Pertinent dietary records shall be included in the patient's transfer discharge record to ensure continuity of nutritional care.

(5) Upon discharge, nutrition counseling and education shall be provided to the patient and family as ordered by the qualified health care practitioner, requested by the patient or deemed appropriate by the licensed dietitian.

*j.* In-service training, in accordance with hospital policies, shall be provided for all food and nutrition service personnel. A record of subject areas covered, date and duration of each session, and attendance lists shall be maintained. In-service records shall be kept for a minimum of one year.

*k.* On the nursing units, a separate patient food storage area shall be maintained that ensures proper temperature control.

**51.20(3) Food and nutrition service staff.**

*a.* A licensed dietitian shall be employed on a full-time, part-time or consulting basis. Part-time or consultant services shall be provided on the premises at appropriate times on a regularly scheduled basis. These services shall be of sufficient duration and frequency to provide continuing liaison with medical and nursing staffs, advice to the administrator, patient counseling, guidance to the supervisor and staff of the food and nutrition service, approval of all menus, and participation in the development or revision of departmental policies and procedures and in planning and conducting in-service education programs.

*b.* If a licensed dietitian is not employed full-time, then one must be employed on a part-time or consultation basis with an additional full-time person who has completed a 250-hour dietary manager course and who shall be employed to be responsible for the operation of the food service.

*c.* Sufficient food service personnel shall be employed, oriented, trained, and their working hours scheduled to provide for the nutritional needs of the patients and to maintain the food service areas. If food service employees are assigned duties in other service areas, those duties shall not interfere with the sanitation, safety, or time required for food service work assignments.

**51.20(4) Food service equipment and supplies.** Equipment necessary for preparation and maintenance of menus, records, and references shall be provided. At least one week's supply of staple foods and a reasonable supply of perishable foods shall be maintained on the premises. Supplies shall be appropriate to meet the requirements of the menu.

[ARC 9252B, IAB 12/1/10, effective 1/5/11; ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.21** Reserved.

**481—51.22(135B) Equipment for patient care.** Hospital equipment shall be selected, maintained and utilized in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and the needs of the patients.

[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.23** Reserved.

**481—51.24(135B) Infection control.** There shall be proper policies and procedures for the prevention and control of communicable diseases. The hospital shall provide for compliance with the current rules for the control of communicable disease as provided by the Iowa department of public health and current Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) guidelines for isolation precautions.

**51.24(1) Segregation.** There shall be proper arrangement of areas, rooms and patients' beds to provide for the prevention of cross-infections and the control of communicable diseases.

*a.* There shall be proper procedures for the cleansing of rooms and surgeries, immediately following the care of a communicable case.

*b.* Segregation of communicable cases shall include policies for staff, providing for proper isolation technique in order to prevent cross-infection.

**51.24(2) Visitors.** The hospital shall establish proper policies and procedures for the control of visitors to all services in the hospital.

**51.24(3) Health assessments.** Health assessments for all contracted or employed personnel who provide direct services shall be required at the commencement of employment and thereafter at least every four years.

*a.* “Direct services” means services provided through person-to-person contact. “Direct services” excludes services provided by individuals such as building contractors, repair workers, or others who are in the hospital for a very limited purpose, who are not in the hospital on a regular basis, and who do not provide any treatment or services for the patients of the hospital.

*b.* The health assessment may be performed by the person’s primary care provider.

*c.* The health assessment shall include, at a minimum, vital signs and an assessment for infectious or communicable diseases.

*d.* Screening and testing for tuberculosis shall be conducted pursuant to 481—Chapter 59.

**51.24(4) Notification.** Prior to removal of a deceased resident/patient from a facility, the funeral director or person responsible for transporting the body shall be notified by the facility staff of any special precautions that were followed by the facility having to do with the mode of transmission of a known or suspected communicable disease.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135B.7.

[ARC 0484C, IAB 12/12/12, effective 1/16/13; see Delay note at end of chapter; ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.25** Reserved.

**481—51.26(135B) Surgical services.** All hospitals providing surgical services shall be properly organized and equipped to provide for the safe and aseptic treatment of surgical patients.

**51.26(1)** Written policies and procedures shall be implemented governing surgical services that are consistent with the needs of the patient and the resources of the hospital.

*a.* Policies and procedures shall be developed in consultation with and the approval of the hospital’s medical staff. At a minimum, the policies and procedures shall provide for:

(1) Surgical services under the direction of a qualified doctor of medicine or osteopathy.

(2) Delineation of the privileges and qualifications of individuals authorized to provide surgical services as set forth in the hospital’s medical staff bylaws and in accordance with subrule 51.5(4). The surgical service must maintain a roster of these individuals specifying the surgical privileges of each. Surgical privileges shall be reviewed and updated at least once every two years.

(3) Immediate availability of at least one registered nurse for the operating room suites to respond to emergencies.

(4) The qualifications and job descriptions of nursing personnel, surgical technicians, and other support personnel and continuing education required.

(5) Appropriate staffing for surgical services including physician and anesthesia coverage and other support personnel.

(6) Availability of ancillary services for surgical patients including, but not limited to: blood banking, laboratory, radiology, and anesthesia.

(7) Infection control and disease prevention, including aseptic surveillance and practice, identification of infected and noninfected cases, sterilization and disinfection procedures, and ongoing monitoring of infections and infection rates.

(8) Housekeeping requirements.

(9) Safety practices.

(10) Ongoing quality assessment, performance improvement, and process improvement.

(11) Provisions for the pathological examination of tissue specimens either directly or through contractual arrangements.

(12) Appropriate preoperative teaching and discharge planning.

*b.* Hospitals may consider the most recent edition of the following publications in the development of policies and procedures: “Statement of Principles,” American College of Surgeons; and “Standards and Recommended Practices,” Association of Operating Room Nurses.

**51.26(2)** Policies and procedures may be adjusted as appropriate to reflect the provision of surgical services in inpatient, outpatient or one-day surgical settings.

**51.26(3)** There must be an appropriate history and physical workup documented and a properly executed consent form in the chart of each patient prior to surgery, except in the event of an emergency.

**51.26(4)** A full operative report must be written or dictated within 24 hours following surgery and signed by the individual conducting the surgery.

**51.26(5)** Equipment available in the operating room, recovery room, outpatient surgical areas, and for postsurgical care, must be consistent with the needs of the patient.

**51.26(6)** The surgical facilities shall be constructed in accordance with 481—51.50(135B).  
[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.27** Reserved.

**481—51.28(135B) Anesthesia services.**

**51.28(1)** There shall be written policies and procedures governing anesthesia services which are consistent with the needs and resources of the hospital.

*a.* Policies and procedures shall be developed in consultation with and with the approval of the hospital’s medical staff.

*b.* At a minimum, the policies and procedures shall provide:

(1) Anesthesia services shall be provided under the direction of a qualified doctor of medicine or osteopathy.

(2) Delineation of the qualifications of individuals authorized to administer anesthesia as set out in the hospital’s medical staff bylaws or medical staff rules and regulations.

(3) For preanesthesia evaluation, appraisal of a patient’s current condition, preparation of an intraoperative anesthesia record, and discharge criteria for patients.

(4) For equipment functioning and safety, including ensuring that a qualified medical doctor, osteopathic physician and surgeon or anesthetist checks, prior to the administration of anesthesia, the readiness, availability, cleanliness, and working condition of all equipment to be used in the administration of anesthetic agents.

(5) For minimizing electrical hazards in all anesthetizing areas.

(6) Quality assurance which shall at least include infection control procedures; integration of anesthesia services into various areas of the hospital; and ongoing monitoring, review, and evaluation of anesthesia services, processes, and procedures.

**51.28(2)** Policies and procedures may be adjusted as appropriate to reflect provision of anesthesia services in inpatient or outpatient settings.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135B.7.

[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.29** Reserved.

**481—51.30(135B) Emergency services.**

**51.30(1)** All hospitals shall provide for emergency service which offers reasonable care within the medical capabilities of the facility in determining whether an emergency exists, renders care appropriate to the facility and at a minimum renders lifesaving first aid and makes appropriate referral to a facility that is capable of providing needed services.

**51.30(2)** The hospital shall have written policies and procedures specifying the scope and conduct of patient care to be provided in the emergency service. The policies shall:

*a.* Specify the mechanism for providing physician coverage at all times.

*b.* Provide for training required of all personnel providing patient care in the emergency service.

c. Require that a medical record be kept on every patient given treatment in the emergency service and establish the medical record documentation. The documentation should include, at a minimum, appropriate information regarding the medical screening provided, except where the person refuses, then notation of patient refusal; physician documentation of the presence or absence of an emergency medical condition or active labor; physician documentation of transfer or discharge, stating the basis for transfer or discharge; and where transfer occurs, identity of the facility of transfer, acceptance of the patient by the facility of transfer, and means of transfer of the patient.

[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.31** Reserved.

**481—51.32(135B) Obstetric and neonatal services.**

**51.32(1)** All hospitals providing obstetrical care shall be properly organized and equipped to provide accommodations for mothers and newborn infants. The supervision of the maternity area shall be under the direction of a qualified registered nurse.

**51.32(2)** Written policies and procedures shall be implemented governing obstetric and neonatal services that are consistent with the needs of the patient and resources of the hospital.

a. Policies and procedures shall be developed in consultation with and with the approval of the hospital's medical staff. At a minimum, the policies and procedures shall provide for:

(1) Obstetric and neonatal services under the direction of a qualified doctor of medicine or osteopathy.

(2) Delineation of the privileges and qualifications of individuals authorized to provide obstetrical/gynecological service as set out in the hospital's medical staff bylaws.

(3) The qualifications of nursing personnel and continuing education required.

(4) Adequate staffing for obstetrical and newborn services.

(5) Location and arrangement of obstetric and newborn services.

(6) Infection control and disease prevention.

(7) Ongoing quality assessment.

b. Hospitals may consider the most recent edition of the following publications in the development of policies and procedures: 641—Chapter 150, Iowa Regionalized System of Perinatal Health Care, Iowa Administrative Code, and Guidelines for Perinatal Care, American Academy of Pediatrics, American College of Obstetrics and Gynecology.

[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.33** Reserved.

**481—51.34(135B) Pediatric services.**

**51.34(1)** All hospitals providing pediatric care shall be properly organized and equipped to provide appropriate accommodations for children. The supervision of the pediatric area shall be under the direction of a qualified registered nurse.

**51.34(2)** Written policies and procedures shall be implemented governing pediatric services that are consistent with the needs of the child and resources of the hospital.

a. Policies and procedures shall be developed in consultation with and the approval of the hospital's medical staff. At a minimum, the policies and procedures shall provide for:

(1) Pediatric services under the medical direction of a qualified doctor of medicine or osteopathy.

(2) Delineation of the privileges and qualifications of individuals authorized to provide pediatric services as set out in the hospital's medical staff bylaws.

(3) The qualifications of nursing personnel and continuing education required, including care in the event of emergency situations.

(4) Adequate staffing and equipment for pediatric services including ancillary services. Staff participating in the care of pediatric patients shall have education appropriate for the care of pediatric patients.

(5) Ancillary services for pediatric patients shall be available and include, but not be limited to, pharmaceutical care, laboratory services, respiratory therapy, physical therapy and speech therapy.

(6) Ongoing quality assessment.

(7) Written protocol for transfer of pediatric patients in the event the hospital does not have capability to provide care for these patients.

*b.* Hospitals may consider the most recent editions of the following publications in the development of policies and procedures: the American Academy of Pediatrics' Policy Reference Guide and policy statements which are published on a monthly basis in "Pediatrics" and the "Pediatric & Neonatal Dosage Handbook," American Pharmacists Association.

[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.35** Reserved.

**481—51.36(135B) Psychiatric services.**

**51.36(1)** Any hospital operating as a psychiatric hospital or operating a psychiatric unit shall:

*a.* Be a hospital or unit primarily engaged in providing, by or under the supervision of a doctor of medicine or osteopathy, psychiatric services for the diagnosis and treatment of persons with psychiatric illnesses/disorders;

*b.* Meet the general and specialized rules of this chapter pertaining to general hospitals. If medical and surgical diagnostic and treatment services are not available within the institution, the institution shall have an agreement with an outside source of these services to ensure they are immediately available;

*c.* Have policies and procedures for informing patients of their rights and responsibilities and for ensuring the availability of a patient advocate; and

*d.* Have sufficient numbers of qualified professionals and support staff to evaluate patients, formulate written individualized comprehensive treatment plans, provide active treatment measures, and engage in discharge planning.

**51.36(2)** Personnel.

*a. Director of inpatient psychiatric services.* The director of inpatient psychiatric services shall be a doctor of medicine or osteopathy qualified to meet the training and experience requirements for examination by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology or the American Osteopathic Board of Neurology and Psychiatry. The number and qualifications of doctors of medicine, doctors of osteopathy or advanced registered nurse practitioners certified in psychiatric or mental health nursing on staff must be adequate to provide essential psychiatric and medical services.

*b. Director of psychiatric nursing services.* The director of psychiatric nursing services shall:

(1) Be a registered nurse who has a master's degree in psychiatric or mental health nursing;

(2) Be an advanced registered nurse practitioner certified in psychiatric or mental health nursing;

or

(3) Be qualified by education and two years' experience in the care of persons with mental disorders.

*c. Psychological services.* Psychological services shall be provided or available which are in compliance with Iowa Code chapter 154B.

*d. Social services.* Social services shall provide, or have available by contract, at least one staff member who has:

(1) A master's degree from an accredited school of social work; or

(2) A bachelor's degree in social work with two years' experience in the care of persons with mental disorders.

*e. Therapeutic services.* Therapeutic activities shall be provided by qualified therapists. The activities shall be appropriate to the needs and interests of the patients.

**51.36(3)** Individual written plan of care. An individual written plan of care shall be developed by an interdisciplinary team of a physician and other personnel who are employed by, or who provide service under contract to patients in the facility. The plan of care shall:

- a. Be based on a diagnostic and psychiatric evaluation that includes examination of the medical, psychological, social, behavioral, and developmental aspects of the patient. The initial diagnostic and psychiatric evaluation shall be completed within 60 hours of admission;
- b. Be developed by an interdisciplinary team in consultation with the patient, the patient's legal guardian, and others who are currently providing services or who will provide care upon discharge;
- c. State treatment objectives through measurable and obtainable outcomes;
- d. Prescribe an integrated program of therapies, activities, and experiences designed to meet those objectives;
- e. Include an appropriate postdischarge plan with coordination of services to provide continuity of care following discharge; and
- f. Be reviewed as needed by the interdisciplinary team for the continued appropriateness of the plan and for a determination of needed changes.

[ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.37** Reserved.

**481—51.38(135B) Long-term care service.**

**51.38(1) Long-term care service definition.** Long-term care service means any building or distinct part of a building utilized by the hospital for the provision of a service (except as provided by 51.38(2) below) that falls within the definition of a health care facility as specified in Iowa Code chapter 135C and Iowa Code section 135C.1(12), nursing facility, as it would be applied were it not operating as part of a hospital licensed under Iowa Code chapter 135B.

**51.38(2) Long-term care service general requirements.** The general requirements for the hospital's long-term care service shall be the same as required by Iowa Code chapter 135C and the rules promulgated under its authority for the category of health care facility involved. Exceptions to those rules requiring distinct parts to be established may be waived where it is found to be in the best interest of the long-term care resident and of no detriment to the patients in the hospital.

Requests for variances to other rules for which equivalent health, safety and welfare provisions are provided may be made in accordance with the appropriate health care facility rules. In any case where a distinct part has been established for long-term residents or where the department has given approval for the intermingling of such residents with acute care patients, the same provisions and rules promulgated under Iowa Code chapter 135C shall be applicable. These rules include, but are not limited to, the same restrictions, obligations, programs of care, personal and rehabilitative services and all of the conveniences and considerations which the residents would normally have received in a licensed health care facility.

**51.38(3) Long-term care service staff.** The staffing requirements for the hospital's long-term care service shall be the same as required by Iowa Code chapter 135C and the rules promulgated under its authority for the category of health care facility involved. Where a hospital operates a freestanding nursing care facility, it shall be under the administrative authority of a licensed nursing home administrator who will be responsible to the hospital's administrator. Where a hospital operates a distinct part long-term care unit under the auspices of the hospital license, a licensed nursing home administrator is not required.

**51.38(4) Long-term care service equipment and supplies.** The equipment and supplies required for the hospital's long-term care service shall be the same as required by Iowa Code chapter 135C and the rules promulgated under its authority for the category of health care facility involved.

**51.38(5) Long-term care service space.** The space requirements for the various areas and resident rooms of the hospital's long-term care service shall be the same as required by Iowa Code chapter 135C and the rules promulgated under its authority for the category of health care facility involved.

**481—51.39(135B) Penalty and enforcement.** See Iowa Code sections 135B.14 to 135B.16.

**481—51.40(135B) Validity of rules.** Rescinded ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16.

**481—51.41(135B) Criminal, dependent adult abuse, and child abuse record checks.**

**51.41(1) Definitions.** The following definitions apply for the purposes of this rule.

“*Background check*” or “*record check*” means criminal history, child abuse and dependent adult abuse record checks.

“*Direct services*” means services provided through person-to-person contact. “Direct services” excludes services provided by individuals such as building contractors, repair workers, or others who are in a hospital for a very limited purpose, who are not in the hospital on a regular basis, and who do not provide any treatment or services for the patients of the hospital.

“*Employee*” means any individual who is paid either by the hospital or any other entity (i.e., temporary agency, private duty, Medicare/Medicaid or independent contractors) to provide direct or indirect services to patients of a hospital.

“*Evaluation*” means review by the department of human services to determine whether a founded child abuse, dependent adult abuse or criminal conviction warrants the person’s being prohibited from employment in a hospital.

“*Indirect services*” means services provided without person-to-person contact such as those provided by administration, dietary, laundry, and maintenance.

**51.41(2) Requirements for employer prior to employing an individual.** Prior to employment of a person in a hospital, the hospital shall request that the department of public safety perform a criminal history check and that the department of human services perform child and dependent adult abuse record checks of the person in this state.

*a. Informing the prospective employee.* A hospital shall ask each person seeking employment by the hospital, “Do you have a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse or have you ever been convicted of a crime in this state or any other state?” The person shall also be informed that a background check will be conducted. The person shall indicate, by signature, that the person has been informed that the background check will be conducted.

*b. Conducting a background check.* The hospital may access the single contact repository (SING) to perform the required background check. If the SING is used, the hospital shall submit the person’s maiden name, if applicable, with the background check request. If SING is not used, the hospital must obtain a criminal history check from the department of public safety and a check of the child and dependent adult abuse registries from the department of human services.

*c. If a person considered for employment has been convicted of a crime.* If a person being considered for employment in a hospital has been convicted of a crime under a law of any state, the department of public safety shall notify the hospital that upon the request of the hospital the department of human services will perform an evaluation to determine whether the crime warrants prohibition of the person’s employment in the hospital.

*d. If a person considered for employment has a record of founded child abuse or dependent adult abuse.* If a department of human services child or dependent adult abuse record check shows that a person being considered for employment in a hospital has a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse, the department of human services shall notify the hospital that upon the request of the hospital the department of human services will perform an evaluation to determine whether the founded child or dependent adult abuse warrants prohibition of employment in the hospital.

*e. Employment pending evaluation.* The hospital may employ a person for not more than 60 calendar days pending the completion of the evaluation by the department of human services if all of the following apply. The 60-day period begins on the first day of the person’s employment.

(1) The person is being considered for employment other than employment involving the operation of a motor vehicle;

(2) The person does not have a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse;

(3) The person has been convicted of a crime that is a simple misdemeanor offense under Iowa Code section 123.47 or a first offense of operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated under Iowa Code section 321J.2, subsection 1; and

(4) The hospital has requested an evaluation to determine whether the crime warrants prohibition of the person’s employment.



*f. Validity of background check results.* The results of a background check conducted pursuant to this rule shall be valid for a period of 30 calendar days from the date the results of the background check are received by the hospital.

**51.41(3) *Employment prohibition.*** A person who has committed a crime or has a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse shall not be employed in a hospital unless an evaluation has been performed by the department of human services.

**51.41(4) *Transfer of an employee to another hospital owned or operated by the same person.*** If an employee transfers from one hospital to another hospital owned or operated by the same person, without a lapse in employment, the hospital is not required to request additional criminal and child and dependent adult abuse record checks of that employee.

**51.41(5) *Transfer of ownership of a hospital.*** If the ownership of a hospital is transferred, at the time of transfer the background check required by this rule shall be performed for each employee for whom there is no documentation that such background check has been performed. The hospital may continue to employ such employee pending the performance of the background check and any related evaluation.

**51.41(6) *Change of employment—person with criminal or abuse record—exception to record check evaluation requirements.*** A person with a criminal or abuse record who is or was employed by a certified hospital and is hired by another certified hospital shall be subject to the background check.

*a.* A reevaluation of the latest record check is not required, and the person may commence employment with the other hospital if the following requirements are met:

(1) The department of human services previously performed an evaluation concerning the person's criminal or abuse record and concluded the record did not warrant prohibition of the person's employment;

(2) The latest background check does not indicate a crime was committed or founded abuse record was entered subsequent to the prior evaluation;

(3) The position with the subsequent employer is substantially the same or has the same job responsibilities as the position for which the previous evaluation was performed;

(4) Any restrictions placed on the person's employment in the previous evaluation by the department of human services and still applicable shall remain applicable in the person's subsequent employment; and

(5) The person subject to the background check has maintained a copy of the previous evaluation and provided it to the subsequent employer, or the previous employer provides the previous evaluation from the person's personnel file pursuant to the person's authorization. If a physical copy of the previous evaluation is not provided to the subsequent employer, a current record check evaluation shall be performed.

*b.* For purposes of this subrule, a position is "substantially the same or has the same job responsibilities" if the position requires the same certification, licensure, or advanced training. For example, a licensed nurse has substantially the same or the same job responsibilities as a director of nursing; a certified nurse aide does not have substantially the same or the same job responsibilities as a licensed nurse.

*c.* The subsequent employer must maintain the previous evaluation in the employee's personnel file for verification of the exception to the requirement for a record check evaluation.

*d.* The subsequent employer may request a reevaluation of the background check and may employ the person while the reevaluation is being performed, even though an exemption under paragraph 51.41(6)"a" may be authorized.

**51.41(7) *Employee notification of criminal convictions or founded abuse after employment.*** If a person employed by an employer that is subject to this rule is convicted of a crime or has a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse entered in the abuse registry after the person's employment application date, the person shall inform the employer of such information within 48 hours of the criminal conviction or entry of the record of founded child or dependent adult abuse.

*a.* The employer shall act to verify the information within seven calendar days of notification. "Verify," for purposes of this subrule, means to access the single contact repository (SING) to perform a background check, to request a criminal background check from the department of public safety, to

request an abuse record check from the department of human services, to conduct an online search through the Iowa Courts Online Web site, or to contact the county clerk of court office and obtain a copy of relevant court documents.

*b.* If the information is verified, the hospital shall follow the requirements of paragraphs 51.41(2) “*c*” and “*d*.”

*c.* The employer may continue to employ the person pending the performance of an evaluation by the department of human services.

*d.* A person who is required by this subrule to inform the person’s employer of a conviction or entry of an abuse record and fails to do so within the required period commits a serious misdemeanor under Iowa Code section 135C.33.

*e.* The employer may notify the county attorney for the county where the employer is located of any violation or failure by an employee to notify the employer of a criminal conviction or entry of an abuse record within the period required under this subrule.

**51.41(8)** *Hospital receipt of credible information that an employee has been convicted of a crime or founded for abuse.* If the hospital receives credible information, as determined by the hospital, from someone other than the employee, that the employee has been convicted of a crime or a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse has been entered in the abuse registry after employment, and the employee has not informed the employer of the information within the time required by subrule 51.41(7), the hospital shall take the following actions:

*a.* The hospital shall act to verify credible information within seven calendar days of receipt. “Verify,” for purposes of this subrule, means to access the single contact repository (SING) to perform a background check, to request a criminal background check from the department of public safety, to request an abuse record check from the department of human services, to conduct an online search through the Iowa Courts Online Web site, or to contact the county clerk of court office and obtain a copy of relevant court documents.

*b.* If the information is verified, the hospital shall follow the requirements of paragraphs 51.41(2) “*c*” and “*d*.”

**51.41(9)** *Proof of background checks for temporary employment agencies and contractors.* Proof of background checks may be kept in the files maintained by temporary employment agencies and contractors. Facilities may require temporary employment agencies and contractors to provide a copy of the result of the background checks. Copies of such results shall be made available to the department upon request.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135B.7 and 135B.34 and 2013 Iowa Acts, Senate File 347.

[**ARC 0963C**, IAB 8/21/13, effective 9/25/13; **ARC 1304C**, IAB 2/5/14, effective 3/12/14; **ARC 1751C**, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15; **ARC 2472C**, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

**481—51.42 to 51.49** Reserved.

**481—51.50(135B) Minimum standards for construction.**

**51.50(1)** *Minimum standards.* Hospitals and off-site premises licensed under this chapter shall be built in accordance with the following construction standards.

*a.* Construction shall be in accordance with the standards set forth in the Guidelines for Design and Construction of Hospitals and Outpatient Facilities, 2014 edition, produced by the Facility Guidelines Institute.

*b.* A critical access hospital as defined in rule 481—51.1(135B) shall meet the standards for construction set forth in Part 2.4 of the Guidelines for Design and Construction of Hospitals and Outpatient Facilities, 2014 edition, produced by the Facility Guidelines Institute.

*c.* Existing hospitals, critical access hospitals, and off-site premises built in compliance with prior editions of the hospital construction guidelines will be deemed in compliance with subsequent regulations, with the exception of any new structural renovations, additions, functional alterations, or changes in utilization to existing facilities, which shall meet the standards specified in this subrule.

d. The design and construction of a hospital or off-site premises shall be in conformance with the provisions of 661—Chapter 205.

e. In jurisdictions without a local building code enforcement program, the construction shall be in conformance with the state building code, as authorized by Iowa Code section 103A.7, in effect at the time of plan submittal for review and approval. In jurisdictions with a local building code enforcement program, local building code enforcement must include both the adoption and enforcement of a local building code through plan reviews and inspections.

In any case in which an applicable requirement of 661—Chapter 205 is inconsistent with an applicable requirement of the state building code, the hospital or off-site premises shall be deemed to be in compliance with the state building code requirement if the requirement of 661—Chapter 205 is met.

**51.50(2) *Submission of construction documents.***

a. Submissions of architectural technical documents, engineering documents, and plans and specifications to the building code commissioner are the responsibility of the owner of the building or facility, although the actual submission may be completed by an authorized agent of the owner or the responsible design professional.

b. Submissions shall comply with the provisions of rule 661—300.4(103A).

c. The responsible design professional shall certify that the building plans meet the requirements specified in subrule 51.50(1), unless a variance has been granted pursuant to subrule 51.50(3).

**51.50(3) *Variations.*** The director of the department may grant variances to building and construction guidelines as contained in the Guidelines for Design and Construction of Hospitals and Outpatient Facilities, 2014 edition. The hospital or off-site premises must submit a variance request in writing to the director. The request must demonstrate how patient safety and the quality of care offered will not be compromised by the variance. The facility must demonstrate its ability to completely fulfill all other requirements of the service. The director shall make a written determination of the request. In determining whether a variance request shall be granted, the director shall give consideration to the following conditions and to any other conditions the director deems relevant:

a. The design and planning for the specific property shall offer improved or compensating features which provide equivalent desirability and utility;

b. Alternate or special construction methods, techniques, and mechanical equipment shall offer equivalent durability; utility; safety; structural strength and rigidity; sanitation; odor control; protection from corrosion, decay and insect attack; and quality of workmanship;

c. The health, safety or welfare of any patient shall not be endangered;

d. The variance shall be limited to the specific project under consideration and shall not be construed as establishing a precedent for similar acceptance in other cases;

e. Occupancy and function of the building shall be considered; and

f. The type of licensing shall be considered.

[ARC 9251B, IAB 12/1/10, effective 1/5/11; ARC 0135C, IAB 5/30/12, effective 7/4/12; ARC 2157C, IAB 9/30/15, effective 11/4/15]

**481—51.51(135B) Minimum standards for construction after July 8, 1998, and prior to May 22, 2002.** Rescinded IAB 12/1/10, effective 1/5/11.

**481—51.52(135B) Minimum standards for construction after May 22, 2002.** Rescinded IAB 12/1/10, effective 1/5/11.

**481—51.53(135B) Critical access hospitals.** Critical access hospitals shall meet the following criteria:

**51.53(1)** The hospital shall be no less than 35 miles from another hospital or no less than 15 miles over secondary roads or shall be designated by the department of public health as a necessary provider of health care prior to January 1, 2006.

**51.53(2)** The hospital shall be a public or nonprofit hospital and shall be located in a county in a rural area. Rural counties do not include Black Hawk, Johnson, Linn, Polk, Pottawattamie, Scott and Woodbury Counties. All other counties are considered to be in rural areas for purposes of this subrule.

**51.53(3)** The hospital shall provide 24-hour emergency care services as described in 481 IAC 51.30(135B).

**51.53(4)** The hospital shall maintain no more than 25 acute care inpatient beds. However, if the hospital provides inpatient psychiatric services in a distinct part unit or inpatient rehabilitation services in a distinct part unit, no more than 10 beds shall be maintained in the distinct part unit. The beds in the distinct part unit are excluded from the 25 inpatient-bed count limit specified in 42 CFR 485.620(a).

**51.53(5)** The hospital shall meet the Medicare conditions of participation as a critical access hospital as described in 42 CFR Part 485, Subpart F.

**51.53(6)** The hospital shall continue to comply with all general hospital license requirements as defined in 481 IAC 51.

**51.53(7)** The department shall recognize, in lieu of its own inspection, the comparable inspections and inspections findings of The Joint Commission (TJC), the American Osteopathic Association (AOA), DNV GL – Healthcare (DNV GL), or the Center for Improvement in Healthcare Quality (CIHQ) if the department is provided with copies of all requested materials relating to the inspections and the inspection process.

[ARC 9253B, IAB 12/1/10, effective 1/5/11; ARC 1305C, IAB 2/5/14, effective 3/12/14; ARC 2472C, IAB 3/30/16, effective 5/4/16]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 135B.

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<sup>◇</sup> Two or more ARCs

<sup>1</sup> Hospital Protocol for Donor Requests as it appeared in IAC 641—Chapter 180 prior to 4/4/90.

<sup>2</sup> January 16, 2013, effective date of 51.24(3) [ARC 0484C] delayed 70 days by the Administrative Rules Review Committee at its meeting held January 8, 2013.



CHAPTER 52  
DEPENDENT ADULT ABUSE IN FACILITIES AND PROGRAMS

**481—52.1(235E) Definitions.** For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions apply:

*“Assault of a dependent adult”* means the commission of any act which is generally intended to cause pain or injury to a dependent adult, or which is generally intended to result in physical contact which would be considered by a reasonable person to be insulting or offensive or any act which is intended to place another in fear of immediate physical contact which will be painful, injurious, insulting, or offensive, coupled with the apparent ability to execute the act.

*“Caretaker”* means a person who is a staff member of a facility or program who provides care, protection, or services to a dependent adult voluntarily, by contract, through employment, or by order of the court. For the purpose of an allegation of exploitation, if the caretaker-dependent adult relationship started when a staff member was employed in the facility, the staff member may be considered a caretaker after employment is terminated.

*“Confidentiality”* means the withholding of information from any manner of communication, public or private.

*“Court”* means the district court.

*“Department”* means the department of inspections and appeals.

*“Dependent adult”* means a person 18 years of age or older whose ability to perform the normal activities of daily living or to provide for the person’s own care or protection is impaired, either temporarily or permanently.

*“Dependent adult abuse”* means any of the following as a result of the willful misconduct or gross negligence or reckless act or omission of a caretaker, taking into account the totality of the circumstances: physical injury, unreasonable confinement, unreasonable punishment, assault, sexual offense, sexual exploitation, exploitation, neglect, or personal degradation. “Dependent adult abuse” does not include any of the following:

1. Circumstances in which the dependent adult declines medical treatment if the dependent adult holds a belief or is an adherent of a religion whose tenets and practices call for reliance on spiritual means in place of reliance on medical treatment.
2. Circumstances in which the dependent adult’s caretaker, acting in accordance with the dependent adult’s stated or implied consent, declines medical treatment or care.
3. The withholding or withdrawing of health care from a dependent adult who is terminally ill in the opinion of a licensed physician, when the withholding or withdrawing of health care is done at the request of the dependent adult or at the request of the dependent adult’s next of kin, attorney in fact, or guardian pursuant to the applicable procedures under Iowa Code chapter 125, 144A, 144B, 222, 229, or 633.

*“Exploitation”* means a caretaker who knowingly obtains, uses, endeavors to obtain to use, or who misappropriates, a dependent adult’s funds, assets, medications, or property with the intent to temporarily or permanently deprive a dependent adult of the use, benefit, or possession of the funds, assets, medication, or property for the benefit of someone other than the dependent adult.

*“Facility”* means a health care facility as defined in Iowa Code section 135C.1 or a hospital as defined in Iowa Code section 135B.1.

*“Gross negligence”* means an act or omission that signifies more than ordinary inadvertence or inattention, but less than conscious indifference to consequences; and, in other words, means an extreme departure from the ordinary standard of care.

*“Immediately,”* for purposes of mandatory reporters’ reporting of suspected dependent adult abuse, means within 24 hours.

*“Inspector”* means a surveyor, monitor or investigator with the department or any department designee.

*“Intimate relationship”* means a significant romantic involvement between two persons that need not include sexual involvement, but does not include a casual social relationship or association in a business

or professional capacity. In determining whether persons are in an intimate relationship, the following nonexclusive list of factors may be considered:

1. The duration of the relationship,
2. The frequency of interaction,
3. Whether the relationship has been terminated, and
4. The nature of the relationship, characterized by either person's expectation of sexual or romantic involvement.

*"Misappropriates"* means taking unfair advantage of or wrongfully or dishonestly exercising control over property.

*"Neglect of a dependent adult"* means the deprivation of the minimum food, shelter, clothing, supervision, physical or mental health care, or other care necessary to maintain a dependent adult's life or physical or mental health.

*"Person"* means person as defined in Iowa Code section 4.1.

*"Personal degradation"* means a willful act or statement by a caretaker intended to shame, degrade, humiliate, or otherwise harm the personal dignity of a dependent adult, or where the caretaker knew or reasonably should have known the act or statement would cause shame, degradation, humiliation, or harm to the personal dignity of a reasonable person. "Personal degradation" includes the taking, transmission, or display of an electronic image of a dependent adult by a caretaker, where the caretaker's actions constitute a willful act or statement intended to shame, degrade, humiliate, or otherwise harm the personal dignity of the dependent adult, or where the caretaker knew or reasonably should have known the act would cause shame, degradation, humiliation, or harm to the personal dignity of a reasonable person. "Personal degradation" does not include the taking, transmission, or display of an electronic image of a dependent adult for the purpose of reporting dependent adult abuse to law enforcement, the department, or other regulatory agency that oversees caretakers or enforces abuse or neglect provisions, or for the purpose of treatment or diagnosis or as part of an ongoing investigation. "Personal degradation" also does not include the taking, transmission, or display of an electronic image by a caretaker in accordance with the facility's or program's confidentiality policy and release of information or consent policies.

*"Physical injury"* means a physical injury, or injury which is at a variance with the history given of the injury, which involves a breach of skill or care or learning ordinarily exercised by a caretaker in similar circumstances. "Physical injury" includes damage to any bodily tissue to the extent that the tissue must undergo a healing process in order to be restored to a sound and healthy condition, damage to any bodily tissue to the extent that the tissue cannot be restored to a sound and healthy condition, or damage to any bodily tissue which results in the death of the person who has sustained the damage.

*"Program"* means an elder group home as defined in Iowa Code section 231B.1, an assisted living program certified under Iowa Code section 231C.3, or an adult day services program as defined in Iowa Code section 231D.1.

*"Recklessly"* means that a person acts or fails to act with respect to a material element of a public offense, when the person is aware of and consciously disregards a substantial and unjustifiable risk that the material element exists or will result from the act or omission. The risk must be of such a nature and degree that disregard of the risk constitutes a gross deviation from the standard conduct that a reasonable person would observe in the situation.

*"Registry"* means the central registry for dependent adult abuse information established in Iowa Code section 235B.5.

*"Report"* means a verbal or written statement, made to the department, which alleges that dependent adult abuse has occurred.

*"Resident"* means a resident of a health care facility as defined in Iowa Code chapter 135C, a patient in a hospital as defined in Iowa Code chapter 135B, a tenant of an assisted living program as defined in Iowa Code chapter 231C, a tenant in an elder group home as defined in Iowa Code chapter 231B, or a participant in an adult day services program as defined in Iowa Code chapter 231D.

*"Sexual exploitation"* means any consensual or nonconsensual sexual conduct with a dependent adult by a caretaker whether within a facility or program or at a location outside of a facility or program. "Sexual exploitation" includes but is not limited to:



1. Kissing;
2. Touching of the clothed or unclothed breast, groin, buttock, anus, pubes, or genitals;
3. A sex act as defined in Iowa Code section 702.17;
4. The transmission, display or taking of electronic images of the unclothed breast, groin, buttock, anus, pubes, or genitals of a dependent adult by a caretaker for a purpose not related to treatment, care, monitoring, assessment or diagnosis or as part of an ongoing investigation.

“Sexual exploitation” does not include touching which is part of a necessary examination, treatment, or care by a caretaker acting within the scope of the practice or employment of the caretaker; the exchange of a brief touch or hug between the dependent adult and a caretaker for the purpose of reassurance, comfort, or casual friendship; or touching between spouses or domestic partners in an intimate relationship.

“*Sexual offense*” means the commission of a sexual offense under Iowa Code chapter 709 or Iowa Code section 726.2 with or against a dependent adult.

“*Staff member*” means an individual who provides direct or indirect treatment or services to residents in a facility or program. Direct treatment or services include those provided through person-to-person contact. Indirect treatment or services include those provided without person-to-person contact such as those provided by administration, dietary, laundry, and maintenance. Specifically excluded from the definition of “staff member” are individuals such as part-time volunteers, building contractors, repair workers or others who are in a facility or program for a very limited purpose, are not in the facility or program on a regular basis, or do not provide any treatment or services to the residents of the facility or program.

“*Unreasonable confinement*” means confinement that includes but is not limited to the use of restraints, either physical or chemical, for the convenience of staff. “Unreasonable confinement” does not include the use of confinement and restraints if the methods are employed in conformance with state and federal standards governing confinement and restraint or as authorized by a physician or physician extender.

“*Unreasonable punishment*” means a willful act or statement intended by the caretaker to punish, agitate, confuse, frighten, or cause emotional distress to the dependent adult. Such willful act or statement includes but is not limited to intimidating behavior, threats, harassment, deceptive acts, or false or misleading statements.

“*Willful misconduct*” means an intentional act of unreasonable character committed with disregard for a known or obvious risk that is so great as to make it highly probable that harm will follow.  
[ARC 8294B, IAB 11/18/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 3235C, IAB 8/2/17, effective 9/6/17]

#### **481—52.2(235E) Persons who must report dependent adult abuse and the reporting procedure for those persons.**

**52.2(1)** Persons who must report dependent adult abuse. The following persons shall report suspected dependent adult abuse in accordance with subrule 52.2(2) below.

*a.* A staff member. Specifically excluded from the definition of “staff member” only for purposes of the requirements set forth in this subrule are individuals who have no contact or de minimis contact with residents in a facility or program.

*b.* An employee of a facility or program who, in the course of employment, examines, attends, counsels, or treats a dependent adult in a facility or program and reasonably believes the dependent adult has suffered dependent adult abuse.

**52.2(2)** Reporting suspected dependent adult abuse in facilities or programs.

*a.* If a staff member or employee is required to make a report pursuant to this rule, the staff member or employee shall immediately notify the person in charge or the person’s designated agent who shall then notify the department within 24 hours of such notification or the next business day.

*b.* If the person in charge is the alleged dependent adult abuser, the staff member shall directly report the abuse to the department within 24 hours or the next business day.

*c.* Nothing in this subrule prevents a mandatory reporter or any other person from notifying the department directly of any suspected abuse.

d. The employer or supervisor of a person who is required to or may make a report pursuant to this rule shall not apply a policy, work rule, or other requirement that interferes with the person making a report of dependent adult abuse or that results in the failure of another person to make the report.

e. When the person making the report has reason to believe that immediate protection for the dependent adult is advisable, that person should also immediately make an oral report to an appropriate law enforcement agency.

f. A report of suspected dependent adult abuse shall contain as much of the following information as the person making the report is able to furnish:

- (1) The date and time of the incident;
- (2) The name, date of birth and diagnoses of the dependent adult;
- (3) Whether the dependent adult sustained an injury and, if yes, whether photographs of the injury were taken;
- (4) The nature and extent of the dependent adult abuse, including evidence of previous dependent adult abuse allegations;
- (5) A list of the staff members working at the time of the incident, including each staff member's full name, title, date of birth, address and telephone number;
- (6) The alleged perpetrator's full name, title, date of birth, social security number, address and telephone number;
- (7) Other information which the person making the report believes might be helpful in establishing the cause of the abuse or the identity of the person or persons responsible for the abuse or helpful in providing assistance to the dependent adult; and
- (8) The name, address and telephone number of the person making the report.

**52.2(3)** A report shall be accepted whether or not it contains all of the information requested. When the report is made to any agency other than the department, that agency shall promptly refer the report to the department.

**52.2(4)** A person required to report abuse who knowingly and willfully fails to do so within 24 hours may be subject to criminal penalties and civil liability as provided for by statute.

**52.2(5)** Interference with a person required to report.

a. It is unlawful for any person or employer to discharge, suspend, or otherwise discipline a person for any of the following:

- (1) For reporting suspected dependent adult abuse;
- (2) For cooperating with or assisting the department in evaluating or investigating a case of dependent adult abuse; or
- (3) For participating in judicial proceedings relating to dependent adult abuse.

b. A person or employer found in violation of this subrule is guilty of a simple misdemeanor.

**52.2(6)** Staff members who are employed by a facility or program on January 1, 2010, and who were not previously required to attend dependent adult abuse training shall be required to have attended the training no later than December 31, 2010.

[ARC 8294B, IAB 11/18/09, effective 1/1/10]

#### **481—52.3(235E) Reports and registry of dependent adult abuse.**

**52.3(1)** *Receipt and evaluation of reports.* The department shall receive and evaluate reports of dependent adult abuse in facilities and programs. The department shall inform the department of human services of such evaluations and dispositions for inclusion in the central registry for dependent adult abuse information pursuant to Iowa Code section 235B.5.

**52.3(2)** *Reports sent to the department or the department of human services.* Any person who believes that a dependent adult has suffered dependent adult abuse may report the suspected dependent adult abuse to the department. The department shall transfer any reports received of dependent adult abuse in the community to the department of human services. The department of human services shall transfer any reports received of dependent adult abuse in facilities or programs to the department.

**52.3(3)** *Reports of abuse that is minor, isolated, and unlikely to reoccur.*

*a. Minor, isolated, and unlikely to reoccur—first instance.* A report of dependent adult abuse that meets the definition of “dependent adult abuse” as defined in Iowa Code section 235E.1(5) “a”(1)(a) or (d) which the department determines is minor, isolated, and unlikely to reoccur shall be collected and maintained by the department of human services for a five-year period, shall not be included in the central registry, and shall not be considered founded dependent adult abuse.

*b. Minor, isolated, and unlikely to reoccur—subsequent instance(s).* A subsequent report of dependent adult abuse that meets the definition of “dependent adult abuse” as defined in Iowa Code section 235E.1(5) “a”(1)(a) or (d), that occurs within the five-year period, and that is committed by the same caretaker may also be considered minor, isolated, and unlikely to reoccur, depending on the totality of circumstances.

*c. Retention of reports.* All initial and subsequent reports are collected and maintained by the department of human services until a five-year period has expired, so long as no additional reports have been filed.

[ARC 8294B, IAB 11/18/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—52.4(235E) Financial institution employees and reporting suspected financial exploitation.** An employee of a financial institution may report suspected financial exploitation of a dependent adult to the department.

[ARC 8294B, IAB 11/18/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—52.5(235E) Evaluation of report.** Upon receipt of a report as defined in rule 481—52.1(235E), the department shall conduct an intake sufficient to determine whether the allegation constitutes dependent adult abuse as defined in rule 481—52.1(235E).

[ARC 8294B, IAB 11/18/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—52.6(235E) Separation of victim and alleged abuser.** Upon receiving a claim of dependent adult abuse of a dependent adult in a facility or program, the facility or program shall separate the victim and the alleged abuser immediately and shall maintain that separation until the department’s abuse investigation is completed and the abuse determination is made.

NOTE: Facilities that participate in the federal Medicare or Medicaid program may be subject to additional federal requirements regarding separation.

[ARC 8294B, IAB 11/18/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—52.7(235E) Interviews, examination of evidence, and investigation of dependent adult abuse allegations.**

**52.7(1) Entering and examining evidence at a facility or program.** An inspector of the department may enter any facility or program without a warrant and may examine all records and items pertaining to residents, employees, former employees, and the alleged dependent adult abuser and any other records and items necessary to ensure the integrity of the investigation unless the record or item is protected by some other legal privilege.

**52.7(2) Interviews.**

*a.* An inspector of the department may contact or interview any resident, employee, former employee, or any other person who might have knowledge about the alleged dependent adult abuse.

*b.* An alleged dependent adult abuser may request to have an attorney present at the alleged dependent adult abuser’s expense at any time during the interview, but the request may not unreasonably delay the investigation. An employee organization representative or union representative may observe an investigative interview conducted by the department of an alleged dependent adult abuser if all of the following conditions are met:

(1) The alleged dependent adult abuser is part of a bargaining unit or employee organization that is party to a collective bargaining agreement under Iowa Code chapter 20 or any other applicable state or federal law.

(2) The alleged dependent adult abuser requests the presence of a union representative or employee organization representative.

(3) The representative maintains the confidentiality of all information from the interview subject to the penalties provided in Iowa Code section 235B.12 if such confidentiality is breached.

(4) The purpose of the interview is a civil administrative dependent adult abuse investigation under applicable law.

**52.7(3) *Photographs of victim, vicinity and related matters.*** An inspector may take or cause to be taken photographs of the dependent adult abuse victim and the vicinity involved. The department shall obtain consent from the dependent adult abuse victim or guardian or other person with a power of attorney over the dependent adult abuse victim prior to taking photographs of the dependent adult abuse victim.

**52.7(4) *Evaluating information.*** An inspector shall consider the information as reported, other known or discovered information, and any information gathered as a result of the inspector's contact with collateral sources, including prior abuse allegations and disciplinary actions.

[ARC 8294B, IAB 11/18/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—52.8(235E) Notification to subsequent employers.** The department shall notify a facility or program that subsequently employs an alleged or founded dependent adult abuser.

[ARC 8294B, IAB 11/18/09, effective 1/1/10]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 235E.

[Filed ARC 8294B (Notice ARC 7828B, IAB 6/3/09; Amended Notice ARC 7939B, IAB 7/1/09), IAB 11/18/09, effective 1/1/10]

[Filed ARC 3235C (Notice ARC 3110C, IAB 6/7/17), IAB 8/2/17, effective 9/6/17]

CHAPTER 53  
HOSPICE LICENSE STANDARDS

**481—53.1(135J) Definitions.** The use of the word “shall” indicates mandatory standards. The definitions set out in Iowa Code section 135J.1 shall be considered to be incorporated verbatim in the rules. As used in this chapter:

“*Bereavement service*” is support offered during the bereavement period to the family and friends of someone who has died.

“*Care setting*” means the place in which care is being given, for example, patient’s home, a hospital, a care facility or another place of residence.

“*Family*” means the immediate kin of the patient, including a spouse, parent, stepparent, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, child, or stepchild. Additional relatives or individuals with significant personal ties to the hospice patient may be included in the hospice patient’s family.

“*Home care provider*” means a care agency that contracts with the hospice to provide services in the home of the hospice patient. The providers may include, but are not limited to, home health aides, homemakers, nurses, occupational therapists or physical therapists.

“*Primary caregiver*” means the person with major responsibility for providing care to a hospice patient.

“*Protocols*” are defined as written sets of directions to be followed in performing procedures. These may be routine or may describe specific actions staff must follow when particular events occur.

“*Psychosocial needs*” involve a person’s mental and emotional life related to behavior to other people.

“*Social services*” are services provided by someone who has a bachelor’s or higher degree in social work.

“*Spiritual counselor*” may be clergy, a hospice employee, a volunteer or someone chosen by the patient.

“*Utilization review*” means a program to assess the kind of care delivered and to identify needs which may not have been met.

**481—53.2(135J) License.** Application for an initial or renewal license may be obtained from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Division of Health Facilities, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

**53.2(1)** Prior to the issuance of a license each hospice must meet all the requirements set forth in this chapter.

**53.2(2)** The applicant shall submit a nonrefundable biennial license fee of \$500. If a license lapses for failure to make timely application for renewal, an additional 25 percent is required.

**53.2(3)** Each hospice seeking licensure is surveyed before the initial license is issued and biennially before a license is renewed.

**53.2(4)** Home care provider and inpatient facilities used by the hospice shall be inspected by the department to determine whether hospice regulations are met.

**53.2(5)** Hospices certified as Medicare providers by the department or accredited by the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health Organizations will be licensed without inspection.

**53.2(6)** The department may not prohibit any entity from establishing or maintaining a hospice without a license.

**53.2(7)** The department may deny, suspend or revoke a license if the department finds that a hospice does not comply with these rules.

**53.2(8)** A license is issued only for the premises, person, hospital or facility named on the application. The license may not be transferred or assigned to another person or entity.

**53.2(9)** A license expires two years after the date issued unless it is suspended or revoked before that date.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135J.2 and 135J.4 to 135J.6.

**481—53.3(135J) Patient rights.** Each hospice program shall have written policies and procedures that support, enhance and protect the human, civil, constitutional and statutory rights of all patients.

**53.3(1)** Patient rights include, but are not limited to, the right to:

- a. Be treated with dignity and respect;
- b. Be informed of the type of care and the services provided by the hospice program;
- c. Information regarding diagnosis and prognosis and any change in either;
- d. Review and participate in their plan of care; and
- e. Privacy.

**53.3(2)** A copy of these rights shall be provided to all individuals admitted to a hospice.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(3).

**481—53.4(135J) Governing body.** The hospice shall have a local governing body which consists of people who represent the geographic area for which the hospice intends to provide service.

**53.4(1)** The governing body shall:

- a. Develop a written mission statement, goals and objectives for the hospice and meet with sufficient regularity to ensure accomplishment of those goals and objectives;
- b. Develop, amend and implement bylaws;
- c. Assume responsibility for the total operation of the hospice;
- d. Appoint an administrator whose qualifications and duties are defined in writing and who has authority to manage the business affairs and to direct all programs of the hospice;
- e. Develop the budget and monitor the fiscal affairs of the hospice;
- f. Provide for medical direction by a licensed physician;
- g. Provide appropriate, qualified personnel in sufficient quantity to ensure availability of hospice services listed below, 24 hours a day, seven days a week;
- h. Develop and implement written policies and procedures relating to:
  - (1) Admission and discharge criteria,
  - (2) Response to referrals,
  - (3) Medical direction,
  - (4) Physician services,
  - (5) Nursing services,
  - (6) Nutritional services,
  - (7) Pharmacy services,
  - (8) Social services,
  - (9) Volunteer services,
  - (10) Spiritual services,
  - (11) Patient and family education,
  - (12) Bereavement services,
  - (13) Staff response to death at home and in institutions,
  - (14) Coordination and communication between all agencies serving the patient and family,
  - (15) Communication with community agencies, and
  - (16) Community education efforts;
- i. Develop and implement written personnel policies; and
- j. Develop and implement a written plan for review of the services delivered.

**53.4(2)** The governing body shall ensure that someone is responsible to:

- a. Organize and direct the ongoing functions of the hospice program;
- b. Meet the requirements of the written job descriptions;
- c. Maintain liaison with the governing body and staff to ensure administrative control and professional supervision over all patient and family services furnished;
- d. Provide orientation and in-service training for all staff which covers the physical, emotional, spiritual and social needs of hospice patients and their families during the final stages of illness, at death and during grief;
- e. Plan, organize, implement, guide and evaluate the program;

- f. Formulate and conduct a review of policies and procedures, including quality assurance; and
- g. Ensure that all required reports and records are completed, submitted and maintained. This includes personnel, administrative and clinical records.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3.

**481—53.5(135J) Quality assurance and utilization review.** The hospice must have a written procedure for individual assessment of care provided, a process for identifying problems and a system to report findings and recommendations for improving the quality of care delivered to the governing body.

**53.5(1)** At least quarterly, the medical director, patient coordinator and social worker used by the hospice program shall review a minimum of a 10 percent sample of combined active and inactive clinical records of care delivered to hospice patients and families. A written summary shall be prepared for each individual assessment, commenting on the amount and kind of care delivered and including statements addressing any unmet needs.

**53.5(2)** At least quarterly, all summaries of individual assessments shall be reviewed by the people responsible for coordinating quality assurance. A written report will be prepared addressing any identified problems with care, treatment services, availability of services and methods of care delivery.

**53.5(3)** The quality assurance reports shall be made available to the hospice administrator and governing body. The reports shall be reviewed by the governing body at least annually, and the review recorded in the governing body's meeting minutes.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(8).

**481—53.6(135J) Attending physician services.** The patient or family shall designate an attending physician who is responsible for managing necessary medical care. The attending physician shall:

1. Have an active Iowa license to practice medicine pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 148, 150 or 150A;
2. Certify in conjunction with the medical director that each person requesting admittance is eligible as required by Iowa Code section 135J.1(3) for hospice care;
3. Be responsible for the medical component of the plan of care;
4. Participate in developing and revising the plan of care;
5. Arrange for continuity of the medical management in the attending physician's absence; and
6. Monitor the condition of the patient and family by direct contact, or communication with the interdisciplinary team (IDT) and others.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(4).

**481—53.7(135J) Medical director.** Each hospice shall have a medical director who is a physician licensed to practice medicine pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 148, 150 or 150A. The medical director shall:

1. Be a member of the interdisciplinary team;
2. Monitor the quality of care provided;
3. Assist in providing assurance of the quality of care provided to the patient and family;
4. Maintain liaison with the attending physician;
5. Review clinical material from the patient's attending physician to certify the prognosis as anticipated by that physician;
6. Participate in providing direction for the medical component of care;
7. Participate in resolving conflicts regarding care to be provided;
8. Name a qualified physician to be available in the medical director's absence; and
9. Participate in the development and review of patient and family care policies, procedures and protocols.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(1).

**481—53.8(135J) Interdisciplinary team (IDT).** The IDT shall establish a plan of care for each patient and family based on assessments performed by team members.

**53.8(1)** The interdisciplinary team shall include the:

- a. Patient;
- b. Hospice patient's family;
- c. Attending physician;
- d. Medical director;
- e. Patient care coordinator;
- f. Staff nurse;
- g. Social worker;
- h. Coordinator of volunteer service; and may include
- i. A spiritual counselor and others deemed appropriate by the hospice.

**53.8(2)** Prior to or on the day of admission, the attending physician and at least one IDT team member shall develop an initial plan based on a preliminary assessment of the patient and family needs.

**53.8(3)** Within seven calendar days of admission the interdisciplinary team shall assess the needs of the patient and family. A care plan shall be based on these findings.

**53.8(4)** Within seven calendar days of admission the interdisciplinary team shall meet to develop a comprehensive written plan of care. The plan of care shall:

- a. Identify the primary caregiver or an alternate arrangement for care;
- b. List the needs of the patient and family;
- c. List any intervention planned to meet the needs of the patient and family and the results expected from each intervention;
- d. Indicate which team member(s) is responsible for each intervention;
- e. Indicate the anticipated frequency of each intervention; and
- f. Indicate the prognosis and expected disease process.

**53.8(5)** The IDT shall monitor and revise the plan of care on a regular basis. The team shall meet weekly and exchange information regarding the needs of the patient and family. Changes in the care plan shall be made when the needs of the patient or family change or when interventions do not result in the expected or intended response.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(5).

**481—53.9(135J) Nursing services.** Nursing services shall be planned and provided or supervised by a registered nurse who has a current Iowa license to practice nursing. The service shall be available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

**53.9(1)** A registered nurse shall assess patient and family nursing needs and develop a nursing plan of care to meet these needs.

**53.9(2)** The nursing service staff shall:

- a. Participate in IDT meetings to develop and amend the plan of care;
- b. Provide nursing service in accordance with the overall plan of care developed by the IDT;
- c. Consult with the patient and family regarding how to meet nursing and nursing-related needs of the patient;
- d. Document nursing care given and observations made regarding patient, family reactions and status;
- e. Consult with other care providers and the family to enhance continuity of care;
- f. Develop and implement nursing service objectives, policies and procedures;
- g. Develop job descriptions for all nursing personnel;
- h. Establish staff schedules to meet patient and family needs and ensure 24-hour service;
- i. Develop and implement orientation and training programs;
- j. Develop and implement performance evaluation for the nursing staff;
- k. Assign duties to nurses consistent with their education and experience; and
- l. Facilitate periodic meetings of the professional nursing staff to evaluate the nursing care provided by hospice personnel.



**53.9(3)** Persons who are employed by, volunteer with or work under contract to a licensed hospice organization may administer medications only if they are also a licensed nurse, a licensed physician or a certified medication aide.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(2).

**481—53.10** Reserved.

**481—53.11(135J) Coordinator of patient care.** A registered nurse, social worker or health care administrator shall be designated to coordinate implementation of the plan of care for each patient.

The coordinator of patient care shall at least:

1. Coordinate all aspects of patient care to ensure continuity, including care by all service disciplines in all care settings;
2. Facilitate exchange of information among all personnel who provide services to ensure complementary efforts and support for objectives outlined in the plan of care;
3. Facilitate communication between caregivers, patient and family;
4. Maintain a roster of patients;
5. Maintain a schedule for IDT review of care plans; and
6. Chair IDT conferences.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(2).

**481—53.12(135J) Social services.** Social services shall be planned and provided or supervised by a person who has at least a bachelor's degree in social work from a school approved by the council on social work education. The social worker shall at least:

1. Consider the emotions and social support system of the patient and family;
2. Assess the ability of the family and the patient to function socially and to deal with their emotions;
3. Identify patient and family social service needs;
4. Participate on the IDT to develop and amend the plan of care;
5. Provide services in accordance with the plans of care developed by the IDT;
6. Document services provided and observations made regarding patient and family response and status; and
7. Cooperate and communicate with other providers and the family to enhance the continuity of care.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(2).

**481—53.13(135J) Counseling services.** Counseling is the process of helping people adjust to the grief of illness, dying and loss. Counseling shall be provided in accordance with the plan of care. When the interdisciplinary team identifies the need for additional counseling services, a team member shall be designated to make an appropriate referral. No referrals may be made without the agreement of the patient and the family.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(2).

**481—53.14(135J) Volunteer services.** Each hospice shall provide volunteer services to meet patient and family needs. A coordinator of volunteer services shall be designated to implement written policies and procedures.

**53.14(1)** Each volunteer shall have at least 14 hours of education provided by the hospice before being assigned to a patient and family. The following topics shall be included in the educational program:

- a. Hospice concept and philosophy;
- b. Symptom control;
- c. Infection control;
- d. Home care skills;
- e. Safety measures and transfer techniques;
- f. Stress management;

- g.* Communication needs;
- h.* Psychosocial needs;
- i.* Spiritual needs;
- j.* Death, dying and grief; and
- k.* Funerals and alternative rituals.

**53.14(2)** The hospice shall offer at least two hours of in-service training each quarter.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(2).

**481—53.15(135J) Spiritual counseling.** Spiritual counseling shall be available to all patients and their families.

**53.15(1)** Spiritual counseling shall:

- a.* Be based on the beliefs and values of the patient and family; and
- b.* Be provided in accordance with the interdisciplinary plan of care.

**53.15(2)** If spiritual counseling is provided through a working relationship with clergy or other spiritual counselors in the community, there shall be ongoing communication between that counselor and the interdisciplinary care team.

**53.15(3)** There shall be written and implemented policies and procedures regarding spiritual counseling.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(2).

**481—53.16(135J) Optional services.** Optional services are services provided by the hospice which are not required. Examples are home health aide, therapy and respite. The following apply to the provision of all optional services provided by a hospice:

**53.16(1)** All service providers shall be oriented to the hospice concept and philosophy.

**53.16(2)** All services shall be provided in accordance with the interdisciplinary plan of care.

**53.16(3)** Written and implemented policies and procedures shall:

- a.* Identify service providers;
- b.* Identify the person who will supervise the provision of services;
- c.* Require documentation of services provided and patient and family response; and
- d.* Describe a mechanism for evaluating quality of care provided.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.1(7).

**481—53.17(135J) Contracted services.** A hospice may contract with other health care providers for the provision of all services.

**53.17(1)** Contracts shall be written and clearly delineate the authority and responsibility of each party to the contract.

**53.17(2)** The hospice shall maintain responsibility for coordinating and administering the hospice program.

**53.17(3)** Contracting for a service does not absolve the hospice of legal responsibility for provision of that service.

**53.17(4)** The hospice shall inform the patient whether the hospice is paying for the contracted services.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(2).

**481—53.18(135J) Short-term hospital services.** Each hospice shall have a written agreement with a local or area hospital which promotes continuation of the hospice plan of care and training for hospital staff who care for hospice patients.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(2).

**481—53.19(135J) Bereavement services.** Bereavement services shall be available to each family after the death of a patient and shall be provided in accordance with family needs.

**53.19(1)** Bereavement services shall include:

- a.* Exchange of information between people who provide bereavement services and team members who provided care before death;
- b.* Consideration of the family's situation, including risk factors, used to develop a plan for services;
- c.* Identification of types of help or intervention to be available and provided;
- d.* Contact with the family after the death as required by their needs as documented in the plan of care; and
- e.* A process to assess family reactions and hospice referrals for intervention deemed appropriate by the IDT.

**53.19(2)** There shall be written and implemented policies and procedures governing the delivery of bereavement services.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135J.3(6).

**481—53.20(135J) Records.** In accordance with accepted principles of medical record practice, each hospice shall maintain a centralized complete record on every individual receiving services. This record shall be preserved for at least three years following termination of services.

**53.20(1)** Each entry shall be dated and signed, including the name and title of the person who makes the entry.

**53.20(2)** The record shall include documentation of all services provided, whether furnished by the hospice or by contractual agreement. Each record shall include, but not be limited to:

- a.* Patient identification and demographic data;
- b.* Initial and subsequent assessments;
- c.* The plan of care;
- d.* Medical history;
- e.* Documentation of all services provided;
- f.* Consent and authorization forms;
- g.* Physicians' orders;
- h.* Medication records;
- i.* Discharge summary; and
- j.* Discharge and transfer records.

**53.20(3)** The hospice shall have written and implemented policies to safeguard destruction or unauthorized use of patient records. Written procedures shall govern use and removal of records, conditions for release of information and identification by title of the person who may release records.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135J.1 to 135J.6.

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CHAPTER 54  
GOVERNOR'S AWARD FOR QUALITY CARE

**481—54.1(135C) Purpose.** A governor's award for quality care is established to recognize health care facilities in Iowa that demonstrate provision of the highest quality care to residents. Health care facilities eligible for nomination and selection must be licensed pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 135C.

**481—54.2(135C) Definitions.**

*"Community living training services"* means those activities provided to assist a person to acquire or sustain the knowledge and skills essential to independent functioning to the person's maximum potential in the physical and social environment.

*"Department"* means the department of inspections and appeals.

*"Director"* means the director of the department of inspections and appeals or the director's designee.

*"Health care facility"* or *"facility"* means residential care facilities, nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities for persons with mental illness, and intermediate care facilities for persons with an intellectual disability licensed pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 135C.

*"Nursing care"* means those services that can be provided only under the direction of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse.

*"Personal care"* means assistance with those activities of daily living that the recipient can perform only with difficulty. Examples are help in getting in and out of bed, assistance with personal hygiene and bathing, help with dressing and feeding, and supervision of medications that can be self-administered.

*"Rehabilitative services"* means services to encourage and assist restoration of optimum mental and physical capabilities of the individual resident of a health care facility.

*"Social services"* means services relating to the psychological and social needs of the individual in adjusting to living in a health care facility and minimizing stress arising from that circumstance.

[ARC 0766C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—54.3(135C) Nomination.** The department shall make available a nomination application no later than January 1 of each year. The department shall accept nominations until March 1 of each year.

**481—54.4(135C) Applicant eligibility.** Eligible nominations shall be made by a resident, family member of a resident or another health care facility. A health care facility cannot nominate itself for the award; however, this prohibition shall not apply to facilities with common ownership.

[ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14]

**481—54.5(135C) Nomination information.** Applications for the governor's quality care award shall contain but not be limited to the following information:

**54.5(1)** The reasons that the nominated facility should be considered.

**54.5(2)** Any unique or special care or services provided by the facility to its residents. Care or services include any unique or special nursing care, personal care, rehabilitative services, social services, or community living training services provided by the facility for its residents or involvement with the local community.

**54.5(3)** Activities conducted by the facility to enhance the quality of life for its residents.

**481—54.6(135C) Evaluation.** The department shall review all nominations and select finalists based upon the material(s) provided in the nomination forms. The department shall also consider the following factors in making its selections:

**54.6(1)** The facility report card completed pursuant to Iowa Code section 135C.20A.

**54.6(2)** Any unique services provided by a facility to its residents to improve the quality of care in the facility.

**54.6(3)** Any information submitted by resident advocacy committee members, residents, a resident's family members, or facility staff with regard to the quality of care provided by the facility to its residents.

**54.6(4)** Whether the facility accepts residents for whom costs are paid under Iowa Code chapter 249A.

**54.6(5)** Whether there are any outstanding complaints against the facility, as well as the resolution of any complaint already investigated by the department.

**54.6(6)** Whether the annual fiscal review conducted by the department indicated any irregularities in the residents' accounts.

**481—54.7(135C) Selection of finalists.** When reviewing the nominations, the department shall rank all facilities according to the above criteria. The ranked list of facilities shall be provided to the director for further review and consideration. When the final selection is made, no more than two facilities from each congressional district shall be recognized as award winners.

**481—54.8(135C) Certificate of recognition.** Prior to the final selection of facilities, representatives from the department will tour all facilities still in contention to determine the winners. Each winning facility will receive a certificate in recognition of its designation as a quality health care provider. The winning facilities shall be announced and recognized annually at the governor's conference on aging.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.104(5), 135C.14 and 135C.20B.

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CHAPTER 55  
Reserved





CHAPTER 56  
FINING AND CITATIONS  
[Prior to 7/15/87, Health Department[470] Ch 56]

**481—56.1(135C) Authority for citations.** Pursuant to the authority vested in the director of the department of inspections and appeals to issue citations and assess penalties for violations of the statutes or departmental rules relating to the health care facilities, the following rules indicate the method by which citations may be issued when a particular statute or departmental rule is violated by a facility.

**481—56.2(135C) Classification of violations—classes.** There are three classifications for violations of statutes or departmental rules which may result in the issuance of a citation by the director of inspections and appeals and the assessment of a penalty therefor.

**56.2(1) Class I.** A class I violation is one which presents an imminent danger or a substantial probability of resultant death or physical harm to the residents of the facility in which the violation occurs. A physical condition or one or more practices in a facility may constitute a class I violation;

**56.2(2) Class II.** A class II violation is one that has a direct or immediate relationship to the health, safety, or security of residents of a health care facility, but which presents no imminent danger nor substantial probability of death or physical harm to them. A physical condition or one or more practices within a facility, including either physical abuse of any resident or failure to treat any resident with consideration, respect, and full recognition of the resident's dignity and individuality, in violation of a specific rule adopted by the department, may constitute a class II violation;

**56.2(3) Class III.** A class III violation is one which is not classifiable in the department's rules nor classifiable under the criteria stated in those rules as a class I or class II violation.

**481—56.3(135C) Fines.** Citations which are issued by the director of the department of inspections and appeals for violations of the statutes or rules relating to health care facilities will subject the facility to the following penalties.

**56.3(1) Citation for a class I violation.** The penalty shall not be less than \$2,000 nor more than \$10,000. The penalty for a class I violation shall be doubled when the violation is due to an intentional act by the facility in violation of a provision of Iowa Code chapter 135C or a rule adopted pursuant thereto.

**56.3(2) Citation for a class II violation.** The penalty shall not be less than \$100 nor more than \$500. Using the criteria established in paragraph 56.3(2) "a," the director of the department of inspections and appeals may, upon written request, waive the penalty if the class II violation is corrected within the time specified in the citation. The director shall not waive penalties related to the items listed in subrule 56.3(4).

*a. Criteria for waiving the penalty for a class II violation.* The director shall consider the following criteria, among others, when deciding whether to grant a waiver of a class II penalty.

(1) The past history of the facility within the last 24 months of the violation as it relates to the nature of the violation;

(2) The rights of residents to make informed decisions with their doctor(s) and family/legal representative(s); and

(3) The financial hardship the fine will cause the facility.

*b. Process for requesting a waiver of the penalty for a class II violation.*

(1) A facility shall submit documentation that supports the waiver request.

(2) If the facility has requested a waiver based on financial hardship, the facility must provide proof of the hardship for the individual facility, along with the parent corporation, if any. Supporting documentation shall, at minimum, include the facility's, and the parent corporation's, if any, most recent profit and loss statement and balance sheet.

(3) Requests for a waiver shall be submitted within ten working days of receipt by the facility of the notice that the violation has been corrected.

(4) The department shall make a decision on the waiver request or request additional information, if necessary, within ten working days of receipt of a waiver request and shall notify the facility in writing of the department's determination by personal service, by electronic mail, or by certified mail. If additional information is requested, such information shall be provided by the facility within five working days. If additional information is necessary, the department shall make a decision on the waiver request within ten working days of receipt of the additional information requested by the department.

(5) If the waiver request is granted and the facility has paid the penalty, the facility shall be refunded the amount of the penalty paid that was subject to the approved waiver request.

*c. Denial of penalty waiver request for a class II violation.* The director's decision to deny a waiver request is not subject to appeal. The underlying citation or state statement of deficiencies is eligible for appeal.

**56.3(3)** *Citation for a class III violation.* No penalty shall be assessed for a class III violation except as provided in rule 481—56.5(135C).

**56.3(4)** *Self-identification and correction of a class II or class III violation prior to the on-site inspection.* If a facility self-identifies a deficient practice prior to the on-site visit inspection, there has been no complaint filed with the department related to that specific deficient practice, and the facility corrects such practice prior to an inspection, no citation shall be issued or fine assessed for class II or III violations except for those penalties arising pursuant to paragraphs "a" to "f":

*a. Abuse.*

- (1) Rule 481—57.39(135C);
- (2) Rule 481—58.43(135C);
- (3) 481—subrules 62.23(23) to 62.23(25);
- (4) Rule 481—63.37(135C);
- (5) Rule 481—64.33(235B);
- (6) Rule 481—65.15(135C);
- (7) 481—subrules 65.25(3) to 65.25(5); and
- (8) 42 CFR Section 483.420(d).

*b. Personnel histories.*

- (1) Iowa Code section 135C.33;
- (2) 481—subrule 57.12(3);
- (3) 481—subrule 58.11(3);
- (4) 481—subrule 62.9(5);
- (5) 481—subrule 63.11(3);
- (6) Rule 481—64.34(135C); and
- (7) 481—subrule 65.9(5).

*c. Failure to implement physician's orders as required.*

- (1) 481—paragraph 57.12(2) "d";
- (2) 481—paragraph 58.19(2) "h";
- (3) 481—paragraph 62.15(1) "a";
- (4) 481—paragraph 63.11(2) "d"; and
- (5) 42 CFR Section 483.460(c)(4).

*d. Failure to notify the physician of any accident, injury, or adverse change in a resident's condition.*

- (1) 481—subrule 57.15(5);
- (2) 481—subrule 58.14(5); and
- (3) 481—paragraph 62.19(2) "c."

*e. Failure to administer all medications as ordered by the resident's physician.*

- (1) 481—paragraph 57.12(2) "d";
- (2) 481—paragraph 58.19(2) "a";
- (3) 481—paragraph 63.11(2) "d";
- (4) 481—subrule 64.4(9); and
- (5) 42 CFR Section 483.460(c)(4).

*f.* Failure to meet the fire safety rules and regulations promulgated by the state fire marshal.

- (1) 481—paragraph 58.28(1) “a”;
- (2) 481—subrule 62.19(7);
- (3) 481—paragraph 63.23(1) “a”; and
- (4) 42 CFR Section 483.470(j).

*g.* Process for documenting self-identification. If, during the inspection, an area of concern is identified to the facility that was self-identified and corrected by the facility prior to the inspection, no complaint has been filed, and the violation does not fall in the exemptions listed in 481—paragraphs 56.3(4) “a” to “f,” the facility shall complete a “Self-Identification and Correction Form” and submit it to the inspector(s) prior to the conclusion of the inspection, or to the department within two working days of the exit interview via E-mail, facsimile, or overnight courier. The documentation shall include:

- (1) The nature of the problem;
- (2) The date the problem was identified;
- (3) Who identified the problem, i.e., family, resident, staff, physician, pharmacist;
- (4) Action steps taken to correct the problem;
- (5) Date the facility determined correction was completed; and
- (6) All documentation that substantiates the above information.

**56.3(5)** *State penalty dismissed if the corresponding federal deficiency or citation is dismissed or removed.* Any state penalty, including a fine or citation, issued as a result of a joint state and federal survey and certification process shall be dismissed if the corresponding federal deficiency or citation is dismissed or removed.

*a.* If the federal deficiency is dismissed or removed during the federal informal dispute resolution process, the department shall remove any corresponding state fine, citation or deficiency within 20 working days of issuance of the decision.

*b.* If the federal deficiency is dismissed or removed at the conclusion of the federal administrative hearing process, the facility shall submit to the department a copy of the decision, along with a written request for the removal of the corresponding state fine, citation, or deficiency.

*c.* Any state penalty, including a fine or citation, shall be retained or reinstated if the federal deficiency is retained or reinstated.

**56.3(6)** *Reduction of fine amount by 35 percent.* If a facility has been assessed a penalty, does not request a formal hearing pursuant to Iowa Code section 135C.43 and rule 481—56.17(135C), or withdraws its request for a formal hearing within 30 days of the date that the penalty was assessed, and the penalty is paid within 30 days of receipt of notice or service, the amount of the civil penalty shall be reduced by 35 percent.

[ARC 8433B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10; ARC 2158C, IAB 9/30/15, effective 11/4/15]

**481—56.4(135C) Time for compliance.** Citations which are issued by the director of the department of inspections and appeals for violations of the statutes or rules related to health care facilities shall specify the length of time permitted for the violation to be abated or eliminated, as follows:

**56.4(1)** *Citation for a class I violation:* The violation shall be abated or eliminated immediately, unless the department determines that a stated period of time, specified in the citation, is required to correct the violation;

**56.4(2)** *Citation for a class II violation:* The violation shall be corrected within a stated period of time determined by the department and specified in the citation. The stated period of time specified in the citation may subsequently be modified by the department for good cause shown;

**56.4(3)** *Citation for a class III violation:* The violation shall be corrected within a reasonable time specified by the department in the citation.

**481—56.5(135C) Failure to correct a violation within the time specified—penalty.** Failure to correct any class of violation within the time specified in the citation, unless the licensee shows that the failure was due to circumstances beyond the licensee’s control, shall subject the facility to a further penalty of \$50 for each day that the violation continues after the time specified for correction.

**481—56.6(135C) Treble and double fines.**

**56.6(1) Treble fines for repeated violations.** The director of the department of inspections and appeals shall treble the penalties specified in rule 481—56.3(135C) for any second or subsequent class I or class II violation occurring within any 12-month period, if a citation was issued for the same class I or class II violation occurring within that period and a penalty was assessed therefor.

**56.6(2) Double fines for intentional class I violations.** The director of the department of inspections and appeals shall double the penalties specified in subrule 56.3(1) when the violation is due to an intentional act by the facility in violation of a provision of Iowa Code chapter 135C or rule adopted pursuant thereto.

*a.* For purposes of this subrule, “intentional” means doing an act voluntarily, not by mistake or accident, and doing the act with a specific purpose in mind.

*b.* The facts and circumstances surrounding the act shall be considered when determining whether the act was done intentionally.

*c.* It is assumed that a person intends the natural results of the person’s act(s).

[ARC 8433B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—56.7(135C) Notation of classes of violations.** All rules relating to health care facilities, other than those which are informational in character, shall be followed by a notation at the end of each rule, or pertinent part thereof. This notation shall consist of a Roman numeral or numerals in parentheses. These Roman numerals refer to the class (either class I, class II, or class III) of violation which may be cited by the commissioner when that rule, or part of a rule carrying the notation is violated by the facility.

**481—56.8(135C) Notation for more than one class of violation.** In those instances where a particular rule, or part of a rule is followed by a notation consisting of more than one Roman numeral in parentheses, at the discretion of the director of the department of inspections and appeals, the director may issue a citation for a violation of that rule, or part thereof, designating any one of the multiple classes of violations specified in the notation.

**481—56.9(135C) Factors determining selection of class of violation.** In determining which class of violation will be designated in the citation, where more than one class is specified in the notation following the rule, the director of the department of inspections and appeals shall consider evidence of the circumstances surrounding the violation, including, but not limited to, the following factors:

**56.9(1)** The frequency and length of time the violation occurred, i.e., whether the violation was an isolated or a widespread occurrence, practice, or condition;

**56.9(2)** The past history of the facility within 24 months of the violation as it relates to the nature of the violation;

**56.9(3)** The culpability of the facility as it relates to the reasons the violation occurred;

**56.9(4)** The extent of any harm to the residents or the effect on the health, safety, or security of the residents which resulted from the violation;

**56.9(5)** The relationship of the violation to any other types of violations which have occurred in the facility;

**56.9(6)** The actions of the facility after the occurrence of the violation, including when corrective measures, if any, were implemented and whether the facility notified the director as required;

**56.9(7)** The accuracy and extent of records kept by the facility which relate to the violation, and the availability of such records to the department;

**56.9(8)** The rights of residents to make informed decisions with their doctor(s) and family/legal representative(s); and

**56.9(9)** Whether the facility made a good-faith effort to address a high-risk resident’s specific needs, and whether the evidence substantiates this effort.

**481—56.10(135C) Factors determining imposition of citation and fine.** The director of the department of inspections and appeals may consider evidence of the circumstances surrounding the violation including, but not limited to, those factors set out in rule 481—56.9(135C) when:

1. Determining whether a violation will be subject to a fine or citation; and
2. Determining the monetary amount of the penalty to be specified in the citation, when such a fine is authorized to be levied for a particular class of violation.

**481—56.11(135C) Class I violation not specified in the rules.** The director of the department of inspections and appeals may issue a citation for a class I violation when a physical condition or one or more practices exist in a facility which are not in violation of a specific statute or rule, but which constitute an imminent danger or a substantial probability of resultant death or physical harm to the residents of the facility.

**481—56.12(135C) Class I violation as a result of multiple lesser violations.** The director of the department of inspections and appeals may issue a citation for a class I violation when a physical condition or one or more practices exist in a facility which are a result of multiple lesser violations of the statutes or rules, but which taken as a whole constitute an imminent danger or a substantial probability of resultant death or physical harm to the residents of the facility.

**481—56.13(135C) Form of citations.** Each citation issued by the director of the department of inspections and appeals shall contain the following information:

**56.13(1)** A description of the nature of the violation;

**56.13(2)** A statement of the Code section or subsection or the rule or standard violated. (In the case of class I violations as described in 481—56.11(135C), a statement of the specific physical condition or one or more practices may be made in lieu of this statement.);

**56.13(3)** A statement of the classification of the violation, as specified in 481—56.2(135C);

**56.13(4)** When appropriate, a statement of the period of time allowed for correction of the violation, which shall in each case be the shortest period of time the department deems feasible; and

**56.13(5)** A statement that the fine may be reduced by 35 percent pursuant to Iowa Code section 135C.43A and subrule 56.3(6).

[ARC 8433B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

**481—56.14(135C) Licensee's response to a citation.** Within 20 business days after service of a citation, the facility shall respond in the following manner, according to the type of citation issued.

**56.14(1)** If the facility does not desire to seek an informal conference or contest the citation, the facility shall remit to the department of inspections and appeals the amount specified by the department of inspections and appeals in the citation unless:

*a.* The violation was issued in conjunction with a federal civil money penalty, and the department holds the fine issued pursuant to this chapter in abeyance pursuant to Iowa Code section 249A.57, or

*b.* The class II violation for which the penalty was imposed has been waived pursuant to subrule 56.3(2).

**56.14(2)** For each class II or class III violation, the facility shall send a written response to the department of inspections and appeals, acknowledging that the citation has been received and stating that the violation will be corrected within the specified period of time allowed by the citation.

**56.14(3)** If the facility desires to contest a citation for a class I, class II or class III violation, the facility shall notify the department of inspections and appeals in writing that the facility desires to contest such citation and shall do one of the following:

*a.* Request an informal conference with an independent reviewer pursuant to rule 481—56.15(135C); or

*b.* Request a contested case hearing in the manner provided by Iowa Code chapter 17A for contested cases.

[ARC 8433B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10; ARC 1047C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14; ARC 2158C, IAB 9/30/15, effective 11/4/15]

**481—56.15(135C) Informal conference.** An informal conference will be held concurrently with any informal dispute resolution held pursuant to 42 CFR Section 488.331 for those health care facilities certified under Medicare or the medical assistance program.

**56.15(1) Definition.** For purposes of these rules, “independent reviewer” means an attorney licensed in the state of Iowa who is not currently employed by the department, has not been employed by the department in the past eight years, and has not appeared in front of the department on behalf of a health care facility in the past eight years. Preference shall be given to an attorney with background knowledge, experience or training in long-term care.

**56.15(2) Request for informal conference.** The request for an informal conference must be in writing, addressed to the compliance officer and include the following:

- a. Identification of the citation(s) being disputed;
- b. The type of informal conference requested: face-to-face or telephone conference; and
- c. A request for surveyor worksheets for the citation(s) being disputed, if desired.

**56.15(3) Submission of documentation.** Within the same ten-day period required for submission of a plan of correction pursuant to 481—subrule 50.10(7), the facility shall submit the following:

- a. The names of those who will be attending the informal conference, including legal counsel; and
- b. Documentation supporting the facility’s position. The facility must highlight or use some other means to identify written information pertinent to the disputed deficiency(ies). Supporting documentation that is not submitted within the required time frame will not be considered, except as otherwise permitted by the independent reviewer upon good cause shown. “Good cause” means substantial or adequate grounds for failing to submit documentation in a timely manner. In determining whether the facility has shown good cause, the independent reviewer shall consider what circumstances kept the facility from submitting the supporting documentation within the required time frame.

**56.15(4) Face-to-face or telephone conference.** A face-to-face or telephone conference, if requested, will be scheduled to occur within ten business days of the receipt by the department of the written request, all supporting documentation, and the plan of correction required by 481—subrule 50.10(7).

- a. Failure to submit supporting documentation will not delay scheduling.
- b. The conference will be scheduled for one hour to allow the facility to informally present information and explanation concerning the contested deficiencies. Due to the confidential nature of the conference, attendance may be limited.
- c. If additional information is requested during the informal conference, the facility will have two business days to deliver the additional materials to the department.
- d. When extenuating circumstances preclude a face-to-face conference, a telephone conference will be held or the facility may be given one opportunity to reschedule the face-to-face conference.

**56.15(5) Results.** The results of the informal conference will generally be sent to the facility within ten business days after the date of the informal conference or, if additional information is requested, within ten business days after the department’s receipt of the additional information.

a. The independent reviewer may affirm or may modify or dismiss the citation. The independent reviewer shall state in writing the specific reasons for the affirmation, modification or dismissal of the citation.

b. The department will issue an amended (changes in factual content) or corrected (correction of typographical/data errors) citation if changes result from the informal conference.

c. The facility must submit to the department a new plan of correction for the amended or corrected citation within ten calendar days from the date of the letter conveying the results of the informal conference.

[ARC 8433B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10; ARC 1047C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14; ARC 2158C, IAB 9/30/15, effective 11/4/15]

**481—56.16(135C) Procedure for facility after informal conference.** After the conclusion of an informal conference requested by the licensee and provided pursuant to 56.14(3):

**56.16(1)** If the facility does not desire to further contest an affirmed or modified citation for a class I, class II or class III violation, the facility shall, within five business days after the informal conference,

or within five business days after receipt of the written decision and explanation of the independent reviewer, whichever occurs later, comply with the provisions of subrule 56.14(1).

**56.16(2)** If the facility does desire to further contest an affirmed or modified citation for a class I, class II or class III violation, the facility shall, within five business days after receipt of the written explanation of the independent reviewer, notify the department of inspections and appeals in writing of the facility's intent to formally contest the citation.

[ARC 8433B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10; ARC 1047C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14; ARC 2158C, IAB 9/30/15, effective 11/4/15]

**481—56.17(135C) Formal contest.** The procedures for contested cases, as set out in Iowa Code chapter 17A, and the rules adopted by the department of inspections and appeals shall be followed in all cases where proper notice has been made to the department of inspections and appeals of the intent to formally contest any citation.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapters 10A and 135C.

[Filed 8/6/76, Notice 4/19/76—published 8/23/76, effective 9/27/76]<sup>1</sup>

[Filed emergency 7/1/86—published 7/16/86, effective 7/1/86]<sup>2</sup>

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[Filed ARC 2158C (Notice ARC 2081C, IAB 8/5/15), IAB 9/30/15, effective 11/4/15]

<sup>1</sup> Effective date of Ch 56 delayed by the Administrative Rules Review Committee until 12/6/76, pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.4 as amended by 66 GA, SF 1288, section 2, to allow further time to study and examine the rules.

<sup>2</sup> See IAB Inspections and Appeals Department.





CHAPTER 57  
RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITIES  
[Prior to 7/15/87, Health Department[470] Ch 57]

**481—57.1(135C) Definitions.** For the purposes of these rules, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated in this rule. The definitions set out in Iowa Code section 135C.1 shall be considered to be incorporated verbatim in these rules.

*“Accommodation”* means the provision of lodging, including sleeping, dining, and living areas.

*“Activities of daily living”* means the following self-care tasks: bathing, dressing, grooming, eating, transferring, toileting and ambulation.

*“Administrator”* means a person approved by the department who administers, manages, supervises, and is in general administrative charge of a residential care facility, whether or not such person has an ownership interest in the facility, and whether or not the functions and duties are shared with one or more other persons.

*“Ambulatory”* means the condition of a person who immediately and without the aid of another person is physically and mentally capable of traveling a normal path to safety, including the ascent and descent of stairs.

*“Basement”* means that part of a building where the finish floor is more than 30 inches below the finish grade of the building.

*“Board”* means the regular provision of meals.

*“Change of ownership”* means the purchase, transfer, assignment, or lease of a licensed residential care facility.

*“Communicable disease”* means a disease caused by the presence within a person’s body of a virus or microbial agent which may be transmitted either directly or indirectly to other persons.

*“Department”* means the department of inspections and appeals.

*“Distinct part”* means a clearly identifiable area or section containing contiguous rooms within a health care facility.

*“Interdisciplinary team”* means the group of persons who develop a single, integrated, individual program plan to meet a resident’s needs for services. The interdisciplinary team consists of, at a minimum, the resident, the resident’s legal guardian if applicable, the resident’s advocate if desired by the resident, a referral agency representative, other appropriate staff members, other providers of services, and other persons relevant to the resident’s needs.

*“Legal representative”* means the resident’s guardian or conservator if one has been appointed or the resident’s power of attorney.

*“Medication”* means any drug, including over-the-counter substances, ordered and administered under the direction of the primary care provider.

*“Nonambulatory”* means the condition of a person who immediately and without the aid of another person is not physically or mentally capable of traveling a normal path to safety, including the ascent and descent of stairs.

*“Personal care”* means assistance with the activities of daily living which the recipient can perform only with difficulty. Examples are help in getting in and out of bed, assistance with personal hygiene and bathing, help with dressing and eating, and supervision over medications which can be self-administered.

*“Primary care provider”* means any of the following who provide primary care and meet licensure standards:

1. A physician who is a family or general practitioner or an internist.
2. An advanced registered nurse practitioner.
3. A physician assistant.

*“Program of care”* means all services being provided for a resident in a health care facility.

*“Rate”* means the daily fee that is charged for all residents equally and that includes the cost of all minimum services required in these rules and regulations.

*“Records”* includes electronic records.

“*Responsible party*” means the person who signs or cosigns the residency agreement required in rule 481—57.15(135C) or the resident’s legal representative. In the event that a resident has neither a legal representative nor a person who signed or cosigned the resident’s residency agreement, the term “responsible party” shall include the resident’s sponsoring agency, e.g., the department of human services, the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, a religious group, fraternal organization, or foundation that assumes responsibility and advocates for its client patients and pays for their health care.

“*Restraints*” means the measures taken to control a resident’s physical activity for the resident’s own protection or for the protection of others.

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.2(135C,17A) Waiver or variance.** A waiver or variance from these rules may be granted by the director of the department in accordance with 481—Chapter 6. A request for waiver or variance will be granted or denied by the director within 120 calendar days of receipt.

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.3(135C) Application for licensure.**

**57.3(1) Application and licensing—new facility or change of ownership.** In order to obtain an initial residential care facility license for a facility not currently licensed as a residential care facility or for a residential care facility when a change of ownership is contemplated, the applicant must:

a. Make application at least 30 days prior to the proposed opening date of the facility. Application shall be made on forms provided by the department.

b. Meet all of the rules, regulations, and standards contained in 481—Chapters 50, 57 and 60. Exceptions noted in 481—subrule 60.3(2) shall not apply.

c. Submit a letter of intent and a written résumé of care. The résumé of care shall meet the requirements of subrule 57.3(2).

d. Submit a floor plan of each floor of the residential care facility. The floor plan of each floor shall be drawn on 8½" × 11" paper, show room areas in proportion, room dimensions, window and door locations, designation of the use of each room, and the room numbers for all rooms, including bathrooms.

e. Submit a photograph of the front and side of the residential care facility.

f. Submit the statutory fee for a residential care facility license.

g. Comply with all other local statutes and ordinances in existence at the time of licensure.

h. Submit a certificate signed by the state or local fire inspection authority as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations.

**57.3(2) Résumé of care.** The résumé of care shall describe the following:

a. Purpose of the facility;

b. Criteria for admission to the facility;

c. Ownership of the facility;

d. Composition and responsibilities of the governing board;

e. Qualifications and responsibilities of the administrator;

f. Medical services provided to residents, to include the availability of emergency medical services in the area and the designation of a primary care provider to be responsible for residents in an emergency;

g. Dental services provided to residents and available in the area;

h. Nursing services provided to residents, if applicable;

i. Personal services provided to residents, including supervision of or assistance with activities of daily living;

j. Activity program;

k. Dietary services, including qualifications of the person in charge, consultation service (if applicable) and meal service;

l. Other services available as applicable, including social services, physical therapy, occupational therapy, and recreational therapy;

m. Housekeeping;

n. Laundry;

- o.* Physical plant; and
- p.* Staffing provided to meet residents' needs.

**57.3(3) *Renewal application.*** In order to obtain a renewal of the residential care facility license, the applicant must submit the following:

- a.* The completed application form 30 days prior to the annual license renewal date of the residential care facility license;
- b.* The statutory license fee for a residential care facility;
- c.* An approved current certificate signed by the state or local fire inspection authority as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations;
- d.* Changes to the résumé of care, if any; and
- e.* Changes to the current residency agreement, if any.

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.4(135C) Issuance of license.** Licenses are issued to the person, entity or governmental unit with responsibility for the operation of the facility and for compliance with all applicable statutes, rules and regulations.

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.5(135C) Licenses for distinct parts.**

**57.5(1)** Separate licenses may be issued for distinct parts of a health care facility which are clearly identifiable, contain contiguous rooms, and provide separate categories of care and services.

**57.5(2)** The following requirements shall be met for separate licensing of a distinct part:

- a.* The distinct part shall serve only residents who require the category of care and services immediately available to them within that part. (III)
- b.* The distinct part shall meet all the standards, rules, and regulations pertaining to the category for which a license is being sought.
- c.* The distinct part must be operationally and financially feasible.
- d.* Personal care staff with qualifications appropriate to the care and services being rendered must be regularly assigned and working in the distinct part under responsible management. (III)
- e.* Separately licensed distinct parts may have certain services such as management, building maintenance, laundry and dietary in common with each other.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.6(2) and 135C.14.

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.6(135C) Special classification—memory care.**

**57.6(1) *Designation and application.*** A residential care facility may choose to care for residents who require memory care in a distinct part of the facility or designate the entire residential care facility as one that provides memory care. Residents in the memory care unit or facility shall meet the level of care requirements for a residential care facility. “Memory care” in a residential care facility means the care of persons with early Alzheimer’s-type dementia or other disorders causing dementia. (I, II, III)

- a.* Application for approval to provide this category of care shall be submitted by the licensee on a form provided by the department. (III)
- b.* Plans to modify the physical environment shall be submitted to the department for review based on the requirements of 481—Chapter 60. (III)
- c.* If the unit or facility is to be a locked unit or facility, all locking devices shall meet the Life Safety Code and any requirements of the state fire marshal. If the unit or facility is to be unlocked, a system of security monitoring is required. (I, II, III)

**57.6(2) *Résumé of care.*** A résumé of care shall be submitted to the department for approval at least 30 days before a separate memory care unit or facility is opened. For facilities with a memory care unit, this résumé of care is in addition to the résumé of care required by subrule 57.3(2). A new résumé of care shall be submitted when services are substantially changed. The résumé of care shall:

- a.* Describe the population to be served;
- b.* State the philosophy and objectives;

- c. List criteria for transfer to and from the memory care unit or facility;
- d. Include a copy of the floor plan;
- e. List the titles of policies and procedures developed for the unit or facility;
- f. Propose a staffing pattern;
- g. Set out a plan for specialized staff training;
- h. State visitor, volunteer, and safety policies;
- i. Describe programs for activities, social services and families; and
- j. Describe the interdisciplinary team and the role of each team member.

**57.6(3) Policies and procedures.** Separate written policies and procedures shall be implemented in the memory care unit or facility and shall address the following:

- a. Criteria for admission and the preadmission evaluation process. The policy shall require a statement from the primary care provider approving the placement before a resident may be moved into a memory care unit or facility. (II, III)
- b. Safety, including a description of the actions required of staff in the event of a fire, natural disaster, or emergency medical event or catastrophic event. Safety procedures shall also explain steps to be taken when a resident is discovered to be missing from the unit or facility, when hazardous cleaning materials or potentially dangerous mechanical equipment is being used in the unit or facility, and the manner in which the effectiveness of the security system will be monitored. (II, III)
- c. Staffing requirements, including the minimum number, types and qualifications of staff in the unit or facility in accordance with resident needs. (II, III)
- d. Visitation policies, including suggested times for visitation and ensuring the residents' rights to free access to visitors unless visits are contraindicated by the interdisciplinary team. (II, III)
- e. The process and criteria which will be used to monitor and to respond to risks specific to the residents, including but not limited to drug use, restraint use, infections, incidents and acute behavioral events. (II, III)

**57.6(4) Assessment prior to transfer or admission.** Prior to the transfer or admission of a resident applicant to the memory care unit or facility, a complete assessment of the resident applicant's physical, mental, social and behavioral status shall be completed to determine whether the applicant meets admission criteria. This assessment shall be completed by facility staff and shall become part of the resident's permanent record upon admission. (II, III)

**57.6(5) Staff training.** All staff working in a memory care unit or facility shall have training appropriate to the needs of the residents. (I, II, III)

- a. Upon assignment to the unit or facility, all staff working in the unit or facility shall be oriented to the needs of residents requiring memory care. Staff members shall have at least six hours of special training appropriate to their job descriptions within 30 days of assignment to the unit or facility. (I, II, III)
- b. Training shall include the following topics: (II, III)
  - (1) An explanation of Alzheimer's disease and related disorders, including symptoms, behavior and disease progression;
  - (2) Skills for communicating with persons with dementia;
  - (3) Skills for communicating with family and friends of persons with dementia;
  - (4) An explanation of family issues such as role reversal, grief and loss, guilt, relinquishing the caregiving role, and family dynamics;
  - (5) The importance of planned and spontaneous activities;
  - (6) Skills in providing assistance with activities of daily living;
  - (7) Skills in working with challenging residents;
  - (8) Techniques for cueing, simplifying, and redirecting;
  - (9) Staff support and stress reduction;
  - (10) Medication management and nonpharmacological interventions.
- c. Nursing staff, certified medication aides, medication managers, social services personnel, housekeeping and activity personnel shall have a minimum of six hours of in-service training annually.

This training shall be related to the needs of memory care residents. The six-hour initial training required in paragraph 57.6(5) “a” shall count toward the required annual in-service training. (II, III)

**57.6(6) Staffing.** There shall be at least one staff person on a memory care unit at all times. (I, II, III)

**57.6(7) Others living in the memory care unit.** A resident not requiring memory care services may live in the memory care unit if the resident’s spouse requiring memory care services lives in the unit or if no other beds are available in the facility and the resident or the resident’s legal representative consents in writing to the placement. (II, III)

**57.6(8) Revocation, suspension or denial.** The memory care unit license or facility license may be revoked, suspended or denied pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 135C and 481—Chapter 50.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.2(3) “b” and 135C.14.  
[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.7(135C) General requirements.**

**57.7(1)** The license shall be displayed in the facility in a conspicuous place which is accessible to the public. (III)

**57.7(2)** The license shall be valid only in the possession of the licensee to whom it is issued.

**57.7(3)** The posted license shall accurately reflect the current status of the residential care facility. (III)

**57.7(4)** The license shall expire one year after the date of issuance or as indicated on the license.

**57.7(5)** The licensee shall:

- a. Assume the responsibility for the overall operation of the residential care facility. (I, II, III)
- b. Be responsible for compliance with all applicable laws and with the rules of the department. (I, II, III)
- c. Provide an organized continuous 24-hour program of care commensurate with the needs of the residents. (I, II, III)

**57.7(6)** Each citation or a copy of each citation issued by the department for a class I or class II violation shall be prominently posted by the facility in plain view of the residents, visitors, and persons inquiring about placement in the facility. The citation or copy of the citation shall remain posted until the violation is corrected to the satisfaction of the department. (I, II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.8(135C) Certified volunteer long-term care ombudsman program.** A certified volunteer long-term care ombudsman appointed in accordance with Iowa Code section 231.45 shall operate within the scope of the rules for volunteer ombudsmen promulgated by the office of the long-term care ombudsman and the Iowa department on aging.

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.9(135C) Required notifications to the department.** The department shall be notified:

**57.9(1)** Thirty days before any proposed change in the residential care facility’s functional operation or addition or deletion of required services; (III)

**57.9(2)** Thirty days before the beginning of the renovation, addition, functional alteration, change of space utilization, or conversion in the residential care facility or on the premises; (III)

**57.9(3)** Thirty days before closure of the residential care facility; (III)

**57.9(4)** Within two weeks of any change in administrator; (III)

**57.9(5)** Ninety days before a change in the category of license; (III)

**57.9(6)** Thirty days before a change of ownership, the licensee shall:

- a. Inform the department of the pending change of ownership; (III)
- b. Inform the department of the name and address of the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee; (III)

c. Submit a written authorization to the department permitting the department to release all information of whatever kind from the department’s files concerning the licensee’s residential care facility to the named prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee. (III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.10(135C) Administrator.** Each residential care facility shall have one person in charge, duly approved by the department or acting in a provisional capacity in accordance with these rules. (III)

**57.10(1) Qualifications of an administrator.**

*a.* The administrator shall be at least 21 years of age and shall have a high school diploma or equivalent. (III) In addition, this person shall meet at least one of the following conditions:

(1) Have a two-year degree in human services, psychology, sociology, nursing, health care administration, public administration, or a related field and have a minimum of two years' experience in the field; or (III)

(2) Have a four-year degree in human services, psychology, sociology, nursing, health care administration, public administration, or a related field and have a minimum of one year experience in the field; or (III)

(3) Have a master's degree in human services, psychology, sociology, nursing, health care administration, public administration, or a related field and have a minimum of one year experience in the field; or (III)

(4) Be a licensed nursing home administrator; or (III)

(5) Have completed a one-year educational training program approved by the department for residential care facility administrators; or (III)

(6) Have passed the National Association of Long Term Care Administrator Boards (NAB) RC/AL administrator licensure examination; or

(7) Have two years of direct care experience and at least six months of administrative experience in a residential care facility. (III)

*b.* An individual employed as an administrator on January 14, 2015, will be deemed to meet the requirements of this subrule.

**57.10(2) Duties of an administrator.** The administrator shall:

*a.* Select and direct competent personnel who provide services for the residential care program. (III)

*b.* Arrange for the heads of nursing, social services, dietary and activities to attend a minimum of ten contact hours of educational programs per year to increase skills and knowledge needed for their positions. The ten hours is in addition to the in-service requirements in paragraph 57.10(2) "c." (III)

*c.* Provide in-service educational programming for all employees with direct resident contact and maintain records of programs and participants. (III) In-service educational programming offered during each calendar year shall include, at minimum, the following topics: (I, II, III)

(1) Infection control.

(2) Emergency preparedness (fire, tornado, flood, 911, etc.).

(3) Meal time procedures/dietary.

(4) Resident activities.

(5) Mental illness/behavior modification/crisis intervention.

(6) Resident safety/supervision.

(7) Resident rights.

(8) Medication education, to include administration, storage and drug interactions.

(9) Resident service plans/programming/goals.

**57.10(3) Administrator serving at more than one residential care facility.** The administrator may be responsible for no more than 150 beds in total if the administrator is an administrator of more than one facility. (II)

*a.* An administrator of more than one facility shall designate in writing an administrative staff person in each facility who shall be responsible for directing programs in the facility.

*b.* The administrative staff person designated by the administrator shall:

(1) Have at least one year of experience in a supervisory or direct care position in a residential care facility or in a facility for the intellectually disabled, mentally ill or developmentally disabled; (II, III)

(2) Be knowledgeable of the operation of the facility; (II, III)

(3) Have access to records concerned with the operation of the facility; (II, III)

(4) Be capable of carrying out administrative duties and of assuming administrative responsibilities; (II, III)

(5) Be at least 21 years of age; (III)

(6) Be empowered to act on behalf of the licensee concerning the health, safety and welfare of the residents; and (II, III)

(7) Have training in emergency response, including how to respond to residents' sudden illnesses. (II, III)

*c.* If an administrator serves more than one facility, the administrator must designate in writing regular and specific times during which the administrator will be available to consult with staff and residents to provide direction and supervision of resident care and services. (II, III)

**57.10(4) Provisional administrator.** A provisional administrator may be appointed on a temporary basis by the residential care facility licensee to assume the administrative responsibilities for a residential care facility for a period not to exceed one year when the facility has lost its administrator and has not been able to replace the administrator, provided that the department has been notified and approved the provisional administrator prior to the date of the provisional administrator's appointment. (III) The provisional administrator must meet the requirements of paragraph 57.10(3) "b."

**57.10(5) Temporary absence of administrator.**

*a.* In the temporary absence of the administrator, a responsible person shall be designated in writing to the department to be in charge of the facility. (III) The person designated shall:

(1) Be knowledgeable of the operation of the facility; (III)

(2) Have access to records concerned with the operation of the facility; (III)

(3) Be capable of carrying out administrative duties and of assuming administrative responsibilities; (III)

(4) Be at least 21 years of age; (III)

(5) Be empowered to act on behalf of the licensee during the administrator's absence concerning the health, safety, and welfare of the residents; (III)

(6) Have training in emergency response, including how to respond to residents' sudden illnesses. (II, III)

*b.* If the administrator is absent for more than six weeks, a provisional administrator must be appointed pursuant to subrule 57.10(4).

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

#### **481—57.11(135C) Personnel.**

**57.11(1) Alcohol and drug use prohibited.** No person under the influence of intoxicating drugs or alcoholic beverages shall be permitted to provide services in a residential care facility. (I, II)

**57.11(2) Job description.** There shall be a written job description developed for each category of worker. The job description shall include the job title, responsibilities and qualifications. (III)

**57.11(3) Employee criminal record checks, child abuse checks and dependent adult abuse checks and employment of individuals who have committed a crime or have a founded abuse.** The facility shall comply with the requirements found in Iowa Code section 135C.33 as amended by 2014 Iowa Acts, chapter 1040, and rule 481—50.9(135C) related to completion of criminal record checks, child abuse checks, and dependent adult abuse checks and to employment of individuals who have committed a crime or have a founded abuse. (I, II, III)

**57.11(4) Personnel record.** A personnel record shall be kept for each employee and shall include but not be limited to the following information about the employee: name and address, social security number, date of birth, date of employment, position, experience and education, references, results of criminal record checks, child abuse checks and dependent adult abuse checks, and date of discharge or resignation. (III)

**57.11(5) Supervision and staffing.**

*a.* The facility shall provide sufficient staff to meet the needs of the residents served. (I, II, III)

*b.* Personnel in a residential care facility shall provide 24-hour coverage for residential care services. Personnel shall be awake at all times while on duty. (I, II, III)

*c.* Direct care staff shall be present in the facility unless all residents are involved in activities away from the facility. (I, II, III)

*d.* Staff shall be aware of and provide supervision levels based on the present needs of the residents in the staff's care. The facility shall document the supervision of residents who require more than general supervision, as defined by facility policy. (I, II, III)

*e.* The facility shall maintain an accurate record of actual hours worked by employees. (III)

**57.11(6) *Physical examination and screening.*** Employees shall have a physical examination no longer than 12 months prior to beginning employment and every four years thereafter. Screening and testing for tuberculosis shall be conducted pursuant to 481—Chapter 59. (I, II, III)

**57.11(7) *Orders for medications and treatments.*** Orders for medications and treatments shall be correctly implemented by qualified personnel. (I, II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15; ARC 2273C, IAB 12/9/15, effective 1/13/16]

**481—57.12(135C) General policies.** The licensee shall establish and implement written policies and procedures as set forth in this rule. The policies and procedures shall be available for review by the department, other agencies designated by Iowa Code section 135C.16(3), staff, residents, residents' families or legal representatives, and the public and shall be reviewed by the licensee annually. (II)

**57.12(1) *Facility operation.*** The licensee shall establish written policies for the operation of the facility, including, but not limited to the following: (III)

- a.* Personnel; (III)
- b.* Admission; (III)
- c.* Evaluation services; (II, III)
- d.* Programming and individual program plans; (II, III)
- e.* Registered sex offender management; (II, III)
- f.* Crisis intervention; (II, III)
- g.* Discharge or transfer; (III)
- h.* Medication management, including self-administration of medications and chemical restraints; (III)
- i.* Resident property; (II, III)
- j.* Resident finances; (II, III)
- k.* Records; (III)
- l.* Health and safety; (II, III)
- m.* Nutrition; (III)
- n.* Physical facilities and maintenance; (III)
- o.* Resident rights; (II, III)
- p.* Investigation and reporting of alleged dependent adult abuse; (II, III)
- q.* Investigation and reporting of accidents or incidents; (II, III)
- r.* Transportation of residents; (II, III)
- s.* Resident supervision; (II, III)
- t.* Smoking; (III)
- u.* Visitors; (III)
- v.* Disaster/emergency planning; (III) and
- w.* Infection control. (III)

**57.12(2) *Personnel policies.*** Written personnel policies shall include the hours of work and attendance at educational programs. (III)

**57.12(3) *Infection control.*** The facility shall have a written and implemented infection control program, which shall include policies and procedures based on guidelines issued by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. The infection control program shall address the following:

- a.* Techniques for hand washing; (I, II, III)
- b.* Techniques for handling of blood, body fluids, and body wastes; (I, II, III)
- c.* Dressings, soaks or packs; (I, II, III)



- d. Infection identification; (I, II, III)
- e. Resident care procedures to be used when there is an infection present; (I, II, III)
- f. Sanitation techniques for resident care equipment; (I, II, III)
- g. Techniques for sanitary use and reuse of feeding syringes and single-resident use and reuse of urine collection bags; (I, II, III) and
- h. Techniques for use and disposal of needles, syringes, and other sharp instruments. (I, II, III)

**57.12(4) Resident care techniques.** The facility shall have written and implemented procedures to be followed if a resident needs any of the following treatment or devices:

- a. Intravenous or central line catheter; (I, II, III)
- b. Urinary catheter; (I, II, III)
- c. Respiratory suction, oxygen or humidification; (I, II, III)
- d. Decubitus care; (I, II, III)
- e. Tracheostomy; (I, II, III)
- f. Nasogastric or gastrostomy tubes; (I, II, III)
- g. Sanitary use and reuse of feeding syringes and single-resident use and reuse of urine collection bags. (I, II, III)

**57.12(5) Emergency care.** The facility shall establish written policies for the provision of emergency medical care to residents and employees in case of sudden illness or accident. The policies shall include a list of those individuals to be contacted in case of an emergency. (I, II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.13(135C) Admission, transfer and discharge.**

**57.13(1) General admission policies.**

- a. Residents shall be admitted to a residential care facility only on a written order signed by a primary care provider, specifying the level of care, and certifying that the individual being admitted requires no more than personal care and supervision and does not require routine nursing care. (II, III)
- b. No residential care facility shall admit or retain a resident who is in need of greater services than the facility can provide. (I, II, III)
- c. No residential care facility shall admit more residents than the number of beds for which the facility is licensed. (II, III)
- d. A residential care facility is not required to admit an individual through court order, referral or other means without the express prior approval of the administrator. (III)
- e. The admission of a resident shall not grant the residential care facility the authority or responsibility to manage the personal affairs of the resident except as may be necessary for the safety of the resident and the safe and orderly management of the residential care facility as required by these rules. (III)
- f. Individuals under the age of 18 shall not be admitted to a residential care facility without prior written approval by the department. A distinct part of a residential care facility, segregated from the adult section, may be established based on a résumé of care that is submitted by the licensee or applicant and is commensurate with the needs of the residents of the residential care facility and that has received the department's review and approval. (III)
- g. No health care facility and no owner, administrator, employee or representative thereof shall act as guardian, trustee, or conservator for any resident's property unless such resident is related within the third degree of consanguinity to the person acting as guardian. (III)

**57.13(2) Discharge or transfer.**

- a. Notification shall be made to the legal representative, primary care provider, and sponsoring agency, if any, prior to the transfer or discharge of any resident. (III)
- b. The licensee shall not refuse to discharge or transfer a resident when the primary care provider, family, resident, or legal representative requests such transfer or discharge. (II, III)
- c. Advance notification will be made to the receiving facility prior to the transfer of any resident. (III)

*d.* When a resident is transferred or discharged, the appropriate record will accompany the resident to ensure continuity of care. “Appropriate record” includes the resident’s face sheet, service plan, most recent orders of the primary care provider and any notifications of upcoming scheduled appointments. (II, III)

*e.* When a resident is transferred or discharged, the resident’s unused prescriptions shall be sent with the resident or with a legal representative only upon the written order of a primary care provider. (II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.14(135C) Involuntary discharge or transfer.**

**57.14(1) *Involuntary discharge or transfer permitted.*** A facility may involuntarily discharge or transfer a resident for only one of the following reasons:

- a.* Medical reasons;
- b.* The resident’s welfare or that of other residents;
- c.* Repeated refusal by the resident to participate in the resident’s service plan;
- d.* Due to action pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 229; or
- e.* Nonpayment for the resident’s stay, as described in the residency agreement for the resident’s stay.

**57.14(2) *Medical reasons.*** Medical reasons for transfer or discharge shall be based on the resident’s needs and shall be determined and documented in the resident’s record by the primary care provider. Transfer or discharge may be required in order to provide a different level of care to the resident. (II)

**57.14(3) *Welfare of a resident.*** Welfare of a resident or that of other residents refers to a resident’s social, emotional, or physical well-being. A resident may be transferred or discharged because the resident’s behavior poses a continuing threat to the resident (e.g., suicidal) or to the well-being of other residents or staff (e.g., the resident’s behavior is incompatible with other residents’ needs and rights). Written documentation that the resident’s continued presence in the facility would adversely affect the resident’s own welfare or that of other residents shall be made by the administrator or designee and shall include specific information to support this determination. (II)

**57.14(4) *Notice.*** Involuntary transfer or discharge of a resident from a facility shall be preceded by a written notice to the resident and the responsible party. (II, III)

- a.* The notice shall contain all of the following information:
  - (1) The stated reason for the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)
  - (2) The effective date of the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)
  - (3) A statement, in not less than 12-point type, that reads as follows:

You have a right to appeal the facility’s decision to transfer or discharge you. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing, in writing or verbally, with the Iowa department of inspections and appeals (hereinafter referred to as “department”) within seven days after receiving this notice. You have a right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney or any other individual of your choice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after receipt of your request by the department and you will not be transferred prior to a final decision. In emergency circumstances, extension of the 14-day requirement may be permitted upon request to the department’s designee. If you lose the hearing, you will not be transferred before the expiration of (1) 30 days following receipt of the original notice of the discharge or transfer, or (2) 5 days following final decision of such hearing, including exhaustion of all appeals, whichever occurs later. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115, or write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. (II)

*b.* The notice shall be personally delivered to the resident and a copy placed in the resident’s record. A copy shall also be transmitted to the department; the resident’s responsible party; the resident’s primary care provider; the person or agency responsible for the resident’s placement, maintenance, and care in

the facility; and the department on aging's long-term care ombudsman. The notice shall indicate that a copy has been transmitted to the required parties by using the abbreviation "cc:" and listing the names of all parties to whom copies were sent. (II)

c. The notice required by paragraph 57.14(4) "a" shall be provided at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer or discharge unless one of the following occurs: (II)

(1) An emergency transfer or discharge is mandated by the resident's health care needs and is in accordance with the written orders and medical justification of the primary care provider. Emergency transfers or discharges may also be mandated in order to protect the health, safety, or well-being of other residents and staff from the resident being transferred. (II)

(2) The transfer or discharge is subsequently agreed to by the resident or the resident's responsible party, and notification is given to the responsible party, the resident's primary care provider, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility.

d. A hearing requested pursuant to this subrule shall be held in accordance with subrule 57.14(6). **57.14(5) Emergency transfer or discharge.** In the case of an emergency transfer or discharge, the resident must be given a written notice prior to or within 48 hours following transfer or discharge. (II, III)

a. A copy of this notice must be placed in the resident's file. The notice must contain all of the following information:

- (1) The stated reason for the transfer or discharge. (II)
- (2) The effective date of the transfer or discharge. (II)
- (3) A statement, in not less than 12-point type, that reads:

You have a right to appeal the facility's decision to transfer or discharge you on an emergency basis. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing, in writing or verbally, with the Iowa department of inspections and appeals within 7 days after receiving this notice. You have the right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney or any other individual of your choice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after receipt of your request by the department. You may be transferred or discharged before the hearing is held or before a final decision is rendered. If you win the hearing, you have the right to be transferred back into the facility. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115, or write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. (II)

b. The notice shall be personally delivered to the resident and a copy placed in the resident's record. A copy shall also be transmitted to the department; the resident's responsible party; the resident's primary care provider; the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility; and the department on aging's long-term care ombudsman. The notice shall indicate that a copy has been transmitted to the required parties by using the abbreviation "cc:" and listing the names of all parties to whom copies were sent. (II)

c. A hearing requested pursuant to this subrule shall be held in accordance with subrule 57.14(6). **57.14(6) Hearing.**

a. Request for hearing.

- (1) The resident must request a hearing within 7 days of receiving the written notice.
- (2) The request must be made to the department, either in writing or verbally.

b. The hearing shall be held no later than 14 days after receipt of the request by the department unless the resident requests an extension due to emergency circumstances.

c. Except in the case of an emergency discharge or transfer, a request for a hearing shall stay a transfer or discharge pending a final decision, including the exhaustion of all appeals. (II)

d. The hearing shall be heard by a department of inspections and appeals administrative law judge pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A and 481—Chapter 10. The hearing shall be public unless the resident or the resident's legal representative requests in writing that the hearing be closed. In a determination

as to whether a transfer or discharge is authorized, the burden of proof by a preponderance of evidence rests on the party requesting the transfer or discharge.

*e.* Notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing shall be sent by certified mail or delivered in person to the facility, the resident, the responsible party, and the office of the long-term care ombudsman not later than 5 full business days after receipt of the request. The notice shall also inform the facility and the resident or the responsible party that they have a right to appear at the hearing in person or be represented by an attorney or other individual. The appeal shall be dismissed if neither party is present or represented at the hearing. If only one party appears or is represented, the hearing shall proceed with one party present. A representative of the office of the long-term care ombudsman shall have the right to appear at the hearing.

*f.* The administrative law judge's written decision shall be mailed by certified mail to the licensee, resident, responsible party, and the office of the long-term care ombudsman within 10 working days after the hearing has been concluded.

**57.14(7) *Nonpayment.*** If nonpayment is the basis for involuntary transfer or discharge, the resident shall have the right to make full payment up to the date that the discharge or transfer is to be made and then shall have the right to remain in the facility. (II)

**57.14(8) *Discussion of involuntary transfer or discharge.*** Within 48 hours after notice of involuntary transfer or discharge has been received by the resident, the facility shall discuss the involuntary transfer or discharge with the resident, the resident's responsible party, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. (II)

*a.* The facility administrator or other appropriate facility representative serving as the administrator's designee shall provide an explanation and discussion of the reasons for the resident's involuntary transfer or discharge. (II)

*b.* The content of the explanation and discussion shall be summarized in writing, shall include the names of the individuals involved in the discussion, and shall be made part of the resident's record. (II)

*c.* The provisions of this subrule do not apply if the involuntary transfer or discharge has already occurred pursuant to subrule 57.14(5) and emergency notice is provided within 48 hours.

**57.14(9) *Transfer or discharge planning.***

*a.* The facility shall develop a plan to provide for the orderly and safe transfer or discharge of each resident to be transferred or discharged. (II)

*b.* To minimize the possible adverse effects of the involuntary transfer, the resident shall receive counseling services by the sending facility before the involuntary transfer and by the receiving facility after the involuntary transfer. Counseling shall be documented in the resident's record. (II)

*c.* The counseling requirement in paragraph 57.14(9) "b" does not apply if the discharge has already occurred pursuant to subrule 57.14(5) and emergency notice is provided within 48 hours.

*d.* Counseling, if required, shall be provided by a licensed mental health professional as defined in Iowa Code section 228.1(6).

*e.* The receiving health care facility of a resident involuntarily transferred shall immediately formulate and implement a plan of care which takes into account possible adverse effects the transfer may cause. (II)

**57.14(10) *Transfer upon revocation of license or voluntary closure.*** Residents shall not have the right to a hearing to contest an involuntary discharge or transfer resulting from the revocation of the facility's license by the department of inspections and appeals. In the case of the voluntary closure of a facility, a period of 30 days must be allowed for an orderly transfer of residents to other facilities.

**57.14(11) *Intrafacility transfer.***

*a.* Residents shall not be arbitrarily relocated from room to room within a licensed health care facility. (I, II) Involuntary relocation may occur only in the following situations, which shall be documented in the resident's record: (II)

(1) Incompatibility with or disturbing to other roommates.

(2) For the welfare of the resident or other residents of the facility.

(3) To allow a new admission to the facility that would otherwise not be possible due to separation of roommates by sex.

(4) In the case of a resident whose source of payment was previously private, but who now is eligible for Title XIX (Medicaid) assistance, the resident may be transferred from a private room to a semiprivate room or from one semiprivate room to another.

(5) Reasonable and necessary administrative decisions regarding the use and functioning of the building.

*b.* Unreasonable and unjustified reasons for changing a resident's room without the concurrence of the resident or responsible party include:

(1) Change from private pay status to Title XIX, except as outlined in subparagraph 57.14(11)“a”(4). (II)

(2) As punishment or behavior modification, except as specified in subparagraph 57.14(11)“a”(1). (II)

(3) Discrimination on the basis of race or religion. (II)

*c.* If intrafacility relocation is necessary for reasons outlined in paragraph 57.14(11)“a,” the resident shall be notified at least 48 hours prior to the transfer and the reason therefor shall be explained. The responsible party shall be notified as soon as possible. The notification shall be documented in the resident's record and signed by the resident or responsible party. (II, III)

*d.* If emergency relocation is required in order to protect the safety or health of the resident or other residents, the notification requirements may be waived. The conditions of the emergency shall be documented. The family or responsible party shall be notified immediately or as soon as possible of the condition that necessitates emergency relocation, and such notification shall be documented. (II, III)

*e.* A transfer to a part of a facility that has a different license must be handled the same way as a transfer to another facility, and not as an intrafacility transfer. (II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

#### **481—57.15(135C) Residency agreement.**

**57.15(1)** Each residency agreement shall:

*a.* State the base rate or scale per day or per month, the services included, and the method of payment. (III)

*b.* Contain a complete schedule of all offered services for which a fee may be charged in addition to the base rate. (III) Furthermore, the agreement shall:

(1) Stipulate that no further additional fees shall be charged for items not contained in the complete schedule of services; (III)

(2) State the method of payment for additional charges; (III)

(3) Contain an explanation of the method of assessment of such additional charges and an explanation of the method of periodic reassessment, if any, resulting in changing such additional charges; (III)

(4) State that additional fees may be charged to the resident for nonprescription drugs, other personal supplies, and services provided by a barber, beautician, and such. (III)

*c.* Contain an itemized list of services to be provided to the resident based on an assessment at the time of the resident's admission and in consultation with the administrator and including the specific fee the resident will be charged for each service and the method of payment. (III)

*d.* Include the total fee to be charged initially to the resident. (III)

*e.* State the conditions whereby the facility may make adjustments to its overall fees for resident care as a result of changing costs. (II, III) Furthermore, the agreement shall provide that the facility shall give:

(1) Written notification to the resident, or the responsible party when appropriate, of changes in the overall rates of both base and additional charges at least 30 days prior to the effective date of such changes; (II, III)

(2) Notification to the resident, or the responsible party when appropriate, of changes in additional charges, based on a change in the resident's condition. Notification must occur prior to the date such revised additional charges begin. If notification is given orally, subsequent written notification must also

be given within a reasonable time, not to exceed one week, listing specifically the adjustments made. (II, III)

*f.* State the terms of agreement in regard to a refund of all advance payments in the event of the transfer, death, or voluntary or involuntary discharge of the resident. (II, III)

*g.* State the terms of agreement concerning the holding of and charging for a bed when a resident is hospitalized or leaves the facility temporarily for recreational or therapeutic reasons. The terms shall contain a provision that the bed will be held at the request of the resident or the resident's responsible party. (II, III)

(1) The facility shall ask the resident or responsible party whether the resident's bed should be held. This request shall be made before the resident leaves or within 48 hours after the resident leaves. The inquiry and the response shall be documented. (II, III)

(2) The facility shall inform the resident or responsible party that, when requested, the bed may be held beyond the number of days designated by the funding source, as long as payments are made in accordance with the agreement. (II, III)

*h.* State the conditions under which the involuntary discharge or transfer of a resident would be effected. (II, III)

*i.* Set forth any other matters deemed appropriate by the parties to the agreement. No agreement or any provision thereof shall be drawn or construed so as to relieve any health care facility of any requirement or obligation imposed upon it by this chapter or any standards or rules in force pursuant to this chapter. (II, III)

**57.15(2)** Each party to the residency agreement shall receive a copy of the signed agreement. (II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

#### **481—57.16(135C) Medical examinations.**

**57.16(1)** Each resident in a residential care facility shall have a designated primary care provider who may be contacted when needed. (II, III)

**57.16(2)** Each resident admitted to a residential care facility shall have a physical examination prior to admission. (II, III)

*a.* If the resident is admitted directly from a hospital, a copy of the hospital admission physical and discharge summary may be a part of the record in lieu of an additional physical examination. A record of the examination, signed by the primary care provider, shall be a part of the resident's record. (II, III)

*b.* The record of the admission physical examination and medical history shall portray the current medical status of the resident and shall include the resident's name, sex, age, medical history, physical examination, diagnosis, statement of medical concerns, diet, and results of any diagnostic procedures. (II, III)

*c.* Screening and testing for tuberculosis shall be conducted pursuant to 481—Chapter 59. (I, II, III)

**57.16(3)** The person in charge shall immediately notify the primary care provider of any accident, injury or adverse change in the resident's condition that has the potential for requiring physician intervention. (I, II, III)

**57.16(4)** Each resident shall be visited by or shall visit the resident's primary care provider at least once each year. The one-year period shall be measured from the date of admission and does not include the resident's preadmission physical. (III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

#### **481—57.17(135C) Records.**

**57.17(1)** *Resident record.* The licensee shall keep a permanent record on every resident admitted to the residential care facility, and all entries in the permanent record shall be current, dated, and signed. (III) The record shall include:

- a.* Name and previous address of resident; (III)
- b.* Birth date, sex, and marital status of resident; (III)
- c.* Church affiliation, if designated; (III)

- d. Primary care provider's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- e. Dentist's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- f. Name, address, and telephone number of next of kin or legal representative; (III)
- g. Name, address, and telephone number of person to be notified in case of emergency; (III)
- h. Pharmacy name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- i. Mortuary name, telephone number, and address, if designated; (III)
- j. Physical examination and medical history; (III)
- k. Primary care provider's orders for the resident's level of care, medication, treatments, and diet. The orders shall be in writing and signed by the primary care provider quarterly; (III)
- l. A notation of visits to primary care provider and other professional services; (III)
- m. Documentation regarding services provided by other providers, including but not limited to home health agencies, hospice, day treatment and those providing medical, mental health and Medicaid waiver services; (III)
- n. Documentation of any adverse change in the resident's condition; (II, III)
- o. A notation describing the resident's condition on admission, transfer and discharge; (III)
- p. A copy of instructions given to the resident, legal representative or facility in the event of discharge or transfer; (III)
- q. In the event of a resident's death, notations of the date and time of the resident's death, the circumstances of the resident's death, the disposition of the resident's body, and the date and time the resident's family and primary care provider were notified of the resident's death; and (III)
- r. A notation of disposition of personal property and medications upon the resident's transfer, discharge or death. (III)

**57.17(2) Confidentiality of resident records.** Each resident shall be ensured confidential treatment of all information contained in the resident's records. The resident's written consent shall be required for the release of information to persons not otherwise authorized under law to receive the information. (II)

- a. The facility shall limit access to any medical records to staff and professionals providing services to the resident. (II)
- b. The facility shall limit access to the resident's personal records, e.g., financial records and social services records, to staff and professionals providing the service to the resident. Only those personnel concerned with the financial affairs of the resident may have access to the financial records. (II)
- c. The resident, or the resident's responsible party, shall be entitled to examine all information contained in the resident's record and shall have the right to secure full copies of the record at reasonable cost upon request, unless the primary care provider determines that the disclosure of the record or section thereof is contraindicated, in which case this information will be deleted prior to making the record available to the resident or responsible party. This determination and the reasons for it must be documented in the resident's record. (II)
- d. This subrule is not meant to preclude access to resident records by representatives of state and federal regulatory agencies.

**57.17(3) Incident record.**

- a. Each residential care facility shall maintain an incident record report and shall have available incident report forms. (II, III)
- b. Report of incidents shall be in detail on an incident report form. (III)
- c. The person in charge at the time of the incident shall oversee the preparation of and sign the incident report. The administrator or designee shall review, sign and date the incident report within 72 hours of the accident, incident or unusual occurrence. (II, III)
- d. An incident report shall be completed for every accident or incident where there is apparent injury or where an injury of unknown origin may have occurred. (II)
- e. An incident report shall be completed for every accident, incident or unusual occurrence within the facility or on the premises that affects a resident, visitor, or employee. (II, III)
- f. A copy of the incident report shall be kept on file in the facility. (II, III)

**57.17(4) Retention of records.**

- a. Records shall be retained in the facility for five years following the termination of services to a resident. (III)
- b. Records shall be retained within the facility upon change of ownership. (III)
- c. When the facility ceases to operate, a copy of the resident's record shall be released to the facility to which the resident is transferred. (III)
- d. When the facility ceases to operate, records shall be maintained for five years in a clean, dry secured storage area. (III)

**57.17(5) *Electronic records.*** In addition to the access provided in 481—subrule 50.10(2), an authorized representative of the department shall be provided unrestricted access to electronic records pertaining to the care provided to the residents of the facility. (II, III)

a. If access to an electronic record is requested by the authorized representative of the department, the facility may provide a tutorial on how to use its particular electronic system or may designate an individual who will, when requested, access the system, respond to any questions or assist the authorized representative as needed in accessing electronic information in a timely fashion. (II, III)

b. The facility shall provide a terminal where the authorized representative may access records. (II, III)

c. If the facility is unable to provide direct print capability to the authorized representative, the facility shall make available a printout of any record or part of a record on request in a time frame that does not intentionally prevent or interfere with the department's survey or investigation. (II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

#### **481—57.18(135C) Resident care and personal services.**

**57.18(1)** A complete change of bed linen shall be provided at least once a week and more often if necessary. (III)

**57.18(2)** Residents shall receive sufficient supervision to promote personal cleanliness. (II, III)

**57.18(3)** Residents shall have clean clothing as needed. Clothing shall be appropriate to residents' activities and to the weather. (III)

**57.18(4)** Residents shall be encouraged to bathe at least twice a week. (II, III)

**57.18(5)** All nonambulatory residents shall be housed on the grade level floor unless the facility has a suitably sized elevator. (II)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

#### **481—57.19(135C) Drugs.**

##### **57.19(1) *Drug storage.***

a. Residents who have been certified in writing by their primary care provider as capable of taking their own medications may retain these medications in their bedroom, but locked storage must be provided, with staff and the resident having access. Monitoring of the storage, administration and documentation by the resident shall be carried out by a person who meets the requirements of subrule 57.19(3) and is responsible for administering medications. (II, III)

b. Drug storage for residents who are unable to take their own medications and require supervision shall meet the following requirements:

- (1) Locked storage for drugs, solutions, and prescriptions shall be provided. (III)
- (2) A bathroom shall not be used for drug storage. (III)
- (3) The drug storage shall be kept locked when not in use. (III)
- (4) The drug storage key shall be secured and available only to those employees charged with the responsibility of administering medications. (II, III)
- (5) Schedule II drugs, as defined by Iowa Code chapter 124, shall be kept in a locked box within the locked drug storage. (II, III)
- (6) Medications requiring refrigeration shall be kept locked in a refrigerator and separated from food and other items. (II, III)
- (7) Drugs for external use shall be stored separately from drugs for internal use. (II, III)



(8) All potent, poisonous, or caustic materials shall be stored separately from drugs, shall be plainly labeled and stored in a specific, well-illuminated cabinet, closet, or storeroom, and shall be made accessible only to authorized persons. (I, II)

(9) Inspection of drug storage shall be made by the administrator or designee and a registered pharmacist not less than once every three months. The inspection shall be verified by a report signed by the administrator and the pharmacist and filed with the administrator. The report shall include, but not be limited to, certification of the absence of the following: expired drugs, deteriorated drugs, improper labeling, drugs for which there is no current primary care provider's order, and drugs improperly stored. (III)

(10) Bulk supplies of prescription drugs for multiresident use shall not be kept in a residential care facility. (III)

**57.19(2) Drug safeguards.**

a. All prescribed medications shall be clearly labeled indicating the resident's full name, primary care provider's name, prescription number, name and strength of drug, dosage, directions for use, date of issue, and name and address and telephone number of pharmacy or primary care provider issuing the drug. Where unit dose is used, prescribed medications shall, at a minimum, indicate the resident's full name, primary care provider's name, name and strength of drug, and directions for use. Standard containers shall be utilized for dispensing drugs. (III)

b. Sample medications provided by the resident's primary care provider shall clearly identify to whom the medications belong. (III)

c. Medication containers having soiled, damaged, illegible, or makeshift labels shall be returned to the issuing pharmacist, pharmacy, or primary care provider for relabeling or disposal. (III)

d. The medication for each resident shall be kept or stored in the original containers unless the resident is participating in an individualized medication program. (II, III)

e. Unused prescription drugs shall be destroyed by the person in charge, in the presence of a witness, and with a notation made on the resident's record or shall be returned to the supplying pharmacist. (III)

f. Prescriptions shall be refilled only with the permission of the resident's primary care provider. (II, III)

g. No medications prescribed for one resident may be administered to or allowed in the possession of another resident. (I, II)

h. Instructions shall be requested from the Iowa board of pharmacy concerning disposal of unused Schedule II drugs prescribed for a resident who has died or for whom the Schedule II drug was discontinued. (III)

i. Discontinued medications shall be destroyed within a specified time by a responsible person, in the presence of a witness, and with a notation made to that effect or shall be returned to the pharmacist for destruction. Drugs listed under the Schedule II drugs shall be destroyed in accordance with the requirements established by the Iowa board of pharmacy. (II, III)

j. All medication orders which do not specifically indicate the number of doses to be administered or the length of time the drug is to be administered shall be stopped automatically after a given time period. The automatic-stop order may vary for different types of drugs. The resident's primary care provider, in conjunction with the pharmacist, shall institute these policies and provide procedures for review and endorsement. (II, III)

k. No resident shall be allowed to possess any medications unless the primary care provider has certified in writing on the resident's medical record that the resident is mentally and physically capable of doing so. (II)

l. No medications or prescription drugs shall be administered to a resident without a written order signed by the primary care provider. (II)

m. The facility shall establish a policy to govern the distribution of prescribed medications to residents who are on leave from the facility. (II, III)

(1) Medications may be issued to residents who will be on leave from a facility for less than 24 hours. Only those medications needed for the time period the resident will be on leave from the facility

may be issued. Non-child-resistant containers may be used. Instructions shall be provided and include the date, the resident's name, the name of the facility, and the name of the medication, its strength, dose and time of administration. (II, III)

(2) Medication for residents on leave from a facility for longer than 24 hours shall be obtained in accordance with requirements established by the Iowa board of pharmacy. (II, III)

(3) Medication for residents on leave from a facility may be issued only by facility personnel responsible for administering medication. (II, III)

**57.19(3) Drug administration—authorized personnel.**

a. A properly trained person shall be charged with the responsibility of administering medications as ordered by a primary care provider. (II, III)

b. The person shall have knowledge of the purpose of the drugs and their dangers and contraindications. (II, III)

c. The person shall be a licensed nurse or primary care provider or shall have successfully completed a department-approved medication aide course and passed a department-approved medication aide challenge examination administered by an area community college. (II, III)

d. Prior to taking a department-approved medication aide course, the person shall have a letter of recommendation for admission to the medication aide course from the employing facility. (III)

e. A person who is a nursing student or a graduate nurse may take the challenge examination in place of taking a medication aide course. The person shall do all of the following before taking the medication aide challenge examination:

(1) Complete a clinical or nursing theory course within six months before taking the challenge examination; (III)

(2) Successfully complete a nursing program pharmacology course within one year before taking the challenge examination; (III)

(3) Provide to the community college a written statement from the nursing program's pharmacology or clinical instructor indicating that the person is competent in medication administration. (III)

f. A person who has written documentation of certification as a medication aide in another state may become a medication aide in Iowa by successfully completing a department-approved nurse aide competency examination and a medication aide challenge examination. The requirements of paragraph 57.19(3) "d" do not apply to this person. (III)

g. In a freestanding residential care facility licensed for 15 or fewer beds, a person who has successfully completed a state-approved medication manager course may administer medications.

**57.19(4) Drug administration.**

a. Unless the unit dose system is used, the person assigned the responsibility of medication administration must complete the procedure by personally preparing the dose, observing the actual act of swallowing the oral medication, and charting the medication. In facilities where the unit dose system is used, the person assigned the responsibility of medication administration must complete the procedure by observing the actual act of swallowing the oral medication and by charting the medication. Medications shall be prepared on the same shift of the same day that they are administered unless the unit dose system is used. (II)

b. Injectable medications shall be administered as permitted by Iowa law by a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, primary care provider or pharmacist. For purposes of this subrule, "injectable medications" does not include an epinephrine autoinjector, e.g., an EpiPen. (II, III)

c. A resident certified by the resident's primary care provider as capable of injecting the resident's own insulin may do so. Insulin may be administered pursuant to paragraph 57.19(4) "b" or as otherwise authorized by the resident's primary care provider. (II, III) Authorization shall:

(1) Be in writing,

(2) Be maintained in the resident's record,

(3) Be renewed quarterly,

(4) Include the name of the person authorized to administer the insulin,

(5) Include documentation by the primary care provider that the authorized person is qualified to administer insulin to that resident. (II, III)

*d.* A resident may participate in the administration of the resident's own medication if the primary care provider has certified in writing in the resident's medical record that the resident is mentally and physically capable of participating and has explained in writing in the resident's medical record what the resident's participation may include.

*e.* An individual inventory record shall be maintained for each Schedule II drug prescribed for each resident, with an accurate count and authorized signatures at every shift. (II)

*f.* The facility may use a unit dose system.

*g.* Medication aides and medication managers may administer PRN medications without contacting a licensed nurse or primary care provider if all of the following apply: (I, II, III)

(1) A written order from the resident's primary care provider specifies the purpose of the PRN medication and the frequency, dosage and strength of the PRN medication.

(2) The resident's primary care provider provides in writing specific criteria for administering PRN medications.

(3) The pharmacist assesses the resident's use of PRN medications when conducting the inspection of drug storage as required by subparagraph 57.19(1) "b"(9).

*h.* The pharmacist shall assess the use of PRN medications when conducting the inspection of drug storage as required by subparagraph 57.19(1) "b"(9). (II, III)

*i.* Medications administered by an employee of the facility shall be recorded on a medication record by the individual who administers the medication. (I, II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15; ARC 2643C, IAB 8/3/16, effective 9/7/16; see Delay note at end of chapter]

#### **481—57.20(135C) Dental services.**

**57.20(1)** The residential care facility personnel shall assist residents in obtaining annual and emergency dental services and shall arrange transportation for such services. (III)

**57.20(2)** Dental services shall be performed only on the request of the resident, responsible party, legal representative, or primary care provider. The resident's primary care provider shall be advised of the resident's dental problems. (III)

**57.20(3)** All dental reports or progress notes shall be included in the resident record as available. The facility shall make reasonable efforts to obtain the records following the provision of services. (III)

**57.20(4)** Personal care staff shall assist the resident in carrying out the dentist's recommendations. (III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

#### **481—57.21(135C) Dietary.**

##### **57.21(1) Dietary staffing.**

*a.* A minimum of one person directly responsible for food preparation shall successfully complete a course meeting the requirements for a food protection program included in the Food Code adopted pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 137F. Another course may be substituted if the course's curriculum includes substantially similar competencies to a course that meets the requirements of the Food Code and the provider of the course files with the department a statement indicating that the course provides substantially similar instruction as it relates to sanitation and safe food handling. (III)

*b.* If the person is in the process of completing the food protection program in paragraph 57.21(1) "a," the requirement relating to the completion of a state-approved food protection program shall be considered to have been met.

*c.* In addition to the requirement of paragraph 57.21(1) "a," personnel who are responsible for food preparation or service, or both food preparation and service, shall have an orientation on sanitation and safe food handling prior to handling food and shall have annual in-service training on food protection. (III)

##### **57.21(2) Nutrition and menu planning.**

*a.* Menus shall be planned and followed to meet the nutritional needs of residents in accordance with the primary care provider's orders. Diet orders should be reviewed as necessary, but at least quarterly, by the primary care provider. (II, III)

*b.* Menus shall be planned and served to include foods and amounts necessary to meet federal dietary guidelines. (II, III)

*c.* At least three meals or their equivalent shall be served daily, at regular hours. (II, III)

(1) There shall be no more than a 14-hour span between offering a substantial evening meal and breakfast. (II, III)

(2) Unless contraindicated, evening snacks shall be offered routinely to all residents. Special nourishments shall be available when ordered by the primary care provider. (II, III)

*d.* Menus shall include a variety of foods prepared in various ways. (III)

*e.* Menus shall be written at least one week in advance. The current menu shall be located in an accessible place for easy use by persons purchasing, preparing, and serving food. (III)

*f.* Records of menus as served shall be filed and maintained for 30 days and shall be available for review by departmental personnel. When substitutions are necessary or requested, they shall be of similar nutritive value and recorded on the menu or in a notebook. (III)

*g.* The facility shall provide an alternative choice at scheduled meal times. (III)

**57.21(3) *Dietary storage, food preparation, and service.***

*a.* All food shall be handled, prepared, served and stored in compliance with the Food Code adopted pursuant to Iowa Code section 137F.2. (I, II, III)

*b.* Supplies of staple foods for a minimum of a one-week period and of perishable foods for a minimum of a two-day period shall be maintained on the premises. Minimum food portion requirements for a low-cost plan shall conform to information supplied by the bureau of nutrition and health promotion of the department of public health. (II, III)

*c.* Dishes shall be free of cracks, chips, and stains. (III)

*d.* If family-style service is used, all leftover prepared food that has been on the table shall be properly handled. (III)

**57.21(4) *Sanitation in food preparation area.***

*a.* In facilities licensed for more than 15 beds, the kitchen shall not be used for serving meals to residents, food service personnel, or other staff. (III)

*b.* There shall be written procedures established for cleaning all work and serving areas in facilities with more than 15 beds. (III)

*c.* A schedule for duties to be performed daily shall be posted in each food area. (III)

*d.* All cooking equipment in facilities of 15 or more beds shall be provided with a properly sized exhaust system and hood to eliminate excess heat, moisture, and odors from the kitchen. (II, III)

*e.* The food service area shall be located so it will not be used as a passageway by residents, guests, or non-food service staff. (III)

*f.* There shall be no washing, ironing, sorting or folding of laundry in the food service area. Dirty linen shall not be carried through the food service area unless the linen is in sealed, leakproof containers. (III)

*g.* In facilities with more than 15 beds, a mechanical dishwasher is required. (III)

*h.* A three-compartment pot and pan sink with 110°F (43°C) to 115°F (46°C) water for washing, a compartment for rinsing with water at 170°F (76°C) to 180°F (82°C) for sanitizing with space for air drying, or a two-compartment sink with access to a mechanical dishwasher for sanitizing all utensils shall be provided. (III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.22(135C) Orientation and service plan.**

**57.22(1) *Orientation.*** Within 24 hours of admission, each resident shall receive orientation to the facility. The orientation program shall be documented in the resident's file and shall include, but shall not be limited to, a review of the resident's rights, the daily schedule, house rules and the facility's evacuation plan. (II, III)

**57.22(2) *Initial service plan.*** Within 48 hours of admission, the administrator or the administrator's designee shall develop an initial service plan to address any immediate health and safety needs. The plan shall be based on information gathered from the resident, family, referring party, primary care

provider, and other significant persons. The plan shall be followed until the service plan required in subrule 57.22(3) is complete. (I, II, III)

**57.22(3) Service plan.** Within 30 days of admission, the administrator or the administrator's designee, in conjunction with the resident, the resident's responsible party, the interdisciplinary team, and any organization that works with or serves the resident, shall develop a written, individualized, and integrated service plan for the resident. The service plan shall be developed and implemented to address the resident's priorities and assessed needs, such as activities of daily living, rehabilitation, activity, and social, behavioral, emotional, physical and mental health. (I, II, III)

*a.* The service plan shall include measurable goals and objectives and the specific service(s) to be provided to achieve the goals. Each goal shall include the date of initiation and anticipated duration of service(s). Any restriction of rights shall be included in the service plan. (I, II, III)

*b.* The service plan shall include the documentation procedure for each goal and objective. (II, III)

*c.* The service plan should be modified to add or delete goals and objectives as the resident's needs change. Communications related to service plan changes or changes in the resident's condition shall occur within five working days of the change and shall be conveyed to all individuals inside and outside the residential care facility who work with the resident, as well as to the resident's responsible party. (I, II, III)

*d.* The service plan shall be reviewed at least quarterly by relevant staff, the resident and appropriate others, such as the resident's family, case manager and responsible party. The review shall include a written report which addresses a summary of the resident's progress toward goals and objectives and the need for continued services. (I, II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

#### **481—57.23(135C) Resident activities program.**

**57.23(1) Activities program.** Each residential care facility shall provide an organized resident activities program for the group and for the individual resident which shall include suitable activities. The facility shall offer at least two organized evening group activities per week and two organized weekend group activities per month. (III)

*a.* The activities program shall be designed to meet the needs and interests of each resident and to assist residents in continuing normal activities within limitations set by the resident's primary care provider. This shall include helping residents continue in their individual interests or hobbies. (III)

*b.* The activities program shall include measureable goals for each resident. (III)

*c.* The activities program shall include both group and individual activities. (III)

*d.* Residents shall be encouraged, but not required, to participate in activities. (III)

#### **57.23(2) Coordination of activities program.**

*a.* Each residential care facility with 15 or fewer beds shall designate a person to oversee the activities program, develop goals and monitor progress. (III)

*b.* Each residential care facility with more than 15 beds shall employ a person to direct the activities program. (III)

*c.* Staffing for the activities program shall be provided on the minimum basis of 45 minutes per resident per week. (II, III)

*d.* The activities coordinator shall have completed the activities coordinator orientation course approved by the department within six months of employment or have comparable training and experience as approved by the department. (III)

*e.* There shall be a written plan for personnel coverage when the activities coordinator is absent during scheduled working hours. (III)

#### **57.23(3) Duties of activities coordinator.** The activities coordinator shall:

*a.* Have access to all residents' records. (III)

*b.* Coordinate all activities, including volunteer or auxiliary activities and religious services. (III)

*c.* Keep all necessary records including:

(1) Attendance records; (III)

- (2) Individual resident progress notes, recorded at least every three months; (III)
  - (3) Monthly calendars, prepared in advance, updated as necessary and maintained for one year.
- (III)
- d.* Coordinate the activities program with all other services in the facility. (III)
- 57.23(4) Supplies, equipment, and storage.**
- a.* Each facility shall provide a variety of supplies and equipment of a nature calculated to fit the needs and interests of the residents. (III)
  - b.* Storage shall be provided for recreational equipment and supplies. (III)
- [ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.24(135C) Residents' rights.**

**57.24(1)** Each facility shall ensure that policies and procedures are written and implemented which include, at a minimum, the provisions of this rule and which govern all areas of service provided by the facility. These policies and procedures shall be available to staff, residents, residents' families or legal representatives and the public and shall be reviewed annually. (II, III)

**57.24(2)** Policies and procedures shall include a method for submitting complaints and recommendations by residents or their responsible parties and for ensuring a response and disposition by the facility. (II, III) The written procedures shall:

- a.* Ensure the provision of assistance to residents as necessary to complete and submit complaints and recommendations; (II, III)
- b.* Ensure protection of the resident from any form of reprisal or intimidation; (II, III)
- c.* Include designation of an employee responsible for handling grievances and recommendations; (II, III)
- d.* Include a method of investigating and assessing the validity of a grievance or recommendation; (II, III) and
- e.* Include methods of recording grievances and actions taken. (II, III)

**57.24(3)** Policies and procedures shall include provisions governing access to, duplication of, and dissemination of information from the residents' records. (II, III)

**57.24(4)** Policies and procedures shall include a provision that each resident shall be fully informed of the resident's rights and responsibilities as a resident and of all rules governing resident conduct and responsibilities. This information must be provided upon the resident's admission, or in the case of residents already in the facility, upon the facility's adoption or amendment of residents' rights policies. (II, III)

- a.* The facility shall communicate to residents prior to or within five days after admission what residents may expect from the facility and its staff, and what is expected from residents. The communication shall be in writing, e.g., in a separate handout or brochure describing the facility, and interpreted verbally, e.g., as part of a preadmission interview, resident counseling, or in individual or group orientation sessions following the resident's admission. (II, III)

- b.* Residents' rights and responsibilities shall be presented in language understandable to the resident. If the facility serves residents who are non-English-speaking or deaf, steps shall be taken to translate the information into a foreign or sign language. In the case of blind residents, either Braille or a recording shall be provided. Residents shall be encouraged to ask questions about their rights and responsibilities and these questions shall be answered. (II, III)

- c.* A statement shall be signed by the resident, or the resident's responsible party, if applicable, indicating an understanding of these rights and responsibilities and shall be maintained in the resident's record. The statement shall be signed no later than five days after admission, and a copy of the signed statement shall be given to the resident or responsible party. (II, III)

- d.* In order to ensure that residents continue to be aware of these rights and responsibilities during their stay, a written copy shall be prominently posted in a location that is available to all residents. (II, III)

*e.* All residents shall be advised within 30 days following changes made in the statement of residents' rights and responsibilities. Appropriate means shall be utilized to inform non-English-speaking, deaf or blind residents of changes. (II, III)

**57.24(5)** Choice of primary care provider. Each resident shall be permitted free choice of a primary care provider, and pharmacy, if accessible. The facility may require the selected pharmacy to utilize a drug distribution system compatible with the system currently used by the facility. (II)

**57.24(6)** Each resident shall be afforded the opportunity to participate in the planning of the resident's total care and treatment, which may include, but shall not be limited to, medical care, nutritional needs, activities, and social work services. Each resident has the right to refuse treatment except as provided by Iowa Code chapter 229. In the case of a resident with impaired decision-making skills, the responsible party shall be afforded the opportunity to participate in the planning of the resident's total care and medical treatment and to be informed of the resident's medical condition. (II, III)

**57.24(7)** Each resident shall be encouraged and assisted throughout the resident's period of stay to exercise the resident's rights as a resident and as a citizen and may voice grievances and recommend changes in policies and services to administrative staff or to outside representatives of the resident's choice, free from interference, coercion, discrimination, or reprisal. (II)

**57.24(8)** The facility shall provide ongoing opportunities for residents to be aware of and to exercise their rights as residents. Residents shall be kept informed of changes in policies and services that are more restrictive, and their views shall be solicited prior to action. (II)

**57.24(9)** The facility shall post in a prominent area the text of Iowa Code section 135C.46 (Retaliation Prohibited) and the name, telephone number, and address of the long-term care ombudsman, the department, and the local law enforcement agency to provide residents a further course of redress. (II)

**57.24(10)** All rights and responsibilities of the resident devolve to the resident's responsible party or any legal surrogate designated in accordance with state law, to the extent permitted by state law. This subrule is not intended to limit the authority of any individual acting pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 144A. (II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.25(135C) Dignity preserved.** The resident shall be treated with consideration, respect, and full recognition of dignity and individuality, including privacy in treatment and in care for personal needs. (I, II)

**57.25(1)** Staff shall display respect for residents when speaking with, caring for, or talking about them, as constant affirmation of their individuality and dignity as human beings. (I, II)

**57.25(2)** Schedules of daily activities shall allow maximum flexibility for residents to exercise choice about what they will do and when they will do it. Residents' individual preferences regarding such things as menus, clothing, religious activities, friendships, activity programs, entertainment, sleeping and eating, also times to retire at night and arise in the morning shall be elicited and considered by the facility. (II)

**57.25(3)** Residents shall be examined and treated in a manner that maintains the privacy of their bodies. A closed door or a drawn curtain shall shield the resident from passersby. People not involved in the care of the residents shall not be present without the resident's consent while the resident is being examined or treated. (II)

**57.25(4)** Privacy of a resident's body also shall be maintained during toileting, bathing, and other activities of personal hygiene, except as needed for resident safety or assistance. (II)

**57.25(5)** Staff shall knock and be acknowledged before entering a resident's room unless the resident is not capable of a response. This shall not apply under emergency conditions. (II)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.26(135C) Communications.** Each resident may communicate, associate, and meet privately with persons of the resident's choice, unless to do so would infringe upon the rights of other residents, and may send and receive personal mail unopened. (II)

**57.26(1)** Subject to reasonable scheduling restrictions, visiting policies and procedures shall permit residents to receive visits from anyone they wish. Visiting hours shall be posted. (II)

**57.26(2)** Reasonable, regular visiting hours shall not be less than 12 hours per day and shall take into consideration the special circumstances of each visitor. A particular visitor(s) may be restricted by the facility for one of the following reasons:

*a.* The resident refuses to see the visitor(s). (II)

*b.* The resident's primary care provider documents specific reasons why such a visit would be harmful to the resident's health. (II)

*c.* The visitor's behavior is unreasonably disruptive to the functioning of the facility. This judgment must be made by the administrator, and the reasons shall be documented and kept on file. (II)

**57.26(3)** Decisions to restrict a visitor are reviewed and reevaluated:

*a.* Each time the medical orders are reviewed by the primary care provider;

*b.* At least quarterly by the facility's staff; or

*c.* At the resident's request. (II)

**57.26(4)** Space shall be provided for residents to receive visitors in reasonable comfort and privacy. (II)

**57.26(5)** Telephones shall be available and accessible for residents to make and receive calls with privacy. Residents who need help shall be assisted in using the telephone. (II)

**57.26(6)** Arrangements shall be made to provide assistance to residents who require help in reading or sending mail. (II)

**57.26(7)** Residents, including residents court-ordered to the facility, shall be permitted to leave the facility at reasonable times unless there are justifiable reasons established in writing by court order, the primary care provider, the interdisciplinary team, or facility administrator for refusing permission. (II)

**57.26(8)** Residents shall not have their personal lives regulated beyond reasonable adherence to meal schedules, bedtime hours, and other written policies which may be necessary for the orderly management of the facility and as required by these rules. However, residents shall be encouraged to participate in recreational programs. (II)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

#### **481—57.27(135C) Resident activities.**

**57.27(1)** Each resident may participate in activities of social, religious, and community groups at the resident's discretion unless contraindicated for reasons documented by the primary care provider or interdisciplinary team as appropriate in the resident's record. (II)

**57.27(2)** Residents who wish to meet with or participate in activities of social, religious, or other community groups in or outside of the facility shall be informed, encouraged, and assisted to do so. (II)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

#### **481—57.28(135C) Resident property.**

**57.28(1)** Residents shall be permitted to keep reasonable amounts of personal clothing and possessions for their use while in the facility. The facility shall offer the resident the opportunity to have personal property itemized and documented on an inventory sheet upon the resident's admission. The inventory sheet shall be kept in a safe location which is convenient to the resident and shall be updated at least annually. At discharge, residents may sign off on a list of the personal property they are taking with them. (II, III)

**57.28(2)** The facility shall provide for the safekeeping of personal effects, funds and other property of its residents. The facility may require that items of exceptional value or that would convey unreasonable responsibilities to the licensee be removed from the premises of the facility for safekeeping. (III)

**57.28(3)** Funds or properties received by the facility, belonging or due a resident, expendable for the resident's account, shall be trust funds. (III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.29(135C) Financial affairs—management.** Each resident who has not been assigned a guardian or conservator by the court may manage the resident's own personal financial affairs. To the



extent the facility assists in management, under written authorization by the resident, the management shall be carried out in accordance with Iowa Code section 135C.24. (II)

**57.29(1)** The facility shall maintain a written account of all residents' funds received by or deposited with the facility. (II)

**57.29(2)** An employee shall be designated in writing to be responsible for resident accounts. (II)

**57.29(3)** The facility shall keep on deposit personal funds over which the resident has control in accordance with Iowa Code section 135C.24. Should the resident request these funds, they shall be given to the resident on request with receipts maintained by the facility and a copy to the resident. In the case of a resident with impaired decision-making skills, the resident's legal representative shall designate a method of disbursing the resident's funds. (II)

**57.29(4)** If the facility makes financial transactions on a resident's behalf, the facility must document that it has prepared and sent an itemized accounting of disbursements and current balances at least quarterly. A copy of this statement shall be maintained in the resident's financial or business record. (II)

**57.29(5)** A resident's personal funds shall not be used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's legal representative. (I, II)

**57.29(6)** A resident's personal funds shall be returned to the resident when the funds have been used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's legal representative. The department may report findings that resident funds have been used without written consent to the department's investigations division or the local law enforcement agency, as appropriate. (II)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.30(135C) Resident work.** No resident may be required to perform services for the facility, except as provided by Iowa Code section 347B.5. (II)

**57.30(1)** Residents may not be used to provide a source of labor for the facility against their will. Approval by the primary care provider is required for all work programs. (I, II)

**57.30(2)** Residents who perform work for the facility must receive compensation unless the work is part of their approved training program. Persons on the resident census who perform work shall not be used to replace paid employees in fulfilling staffing requirements. (II)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.31(135C) Family—shared rooms.** Family members or spouses shall be permitted to share a room, if available, if requested by both parties, unless the primary care provider of one of the parties documents in the medical record specific reasons why such an agreement would have an adverse effect on the health of the resident. (II)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.32(135C) Resident abuse prohibited.** Each resident shall receive kind and considerate care at all times and shall be free from mental, physical, sexual, and verbal abuse, exploitation, neglect, and physical injury. (I, II)

**57.32(1)** Mental abuse includes, but is not limited to, humiliation, harassment, and threats of punishment or deprivation. (I, II)

**57.32(2)** Physical abuse includes, but is not limited to, corporal punishment and the use of restraints as punishment. (I, II)

**57.32(3)** Drugs such as tranquilizers shall only be used in accordance with orders of the primary care provider. (I, II)

**57.32(4)** Allegations of dependent adult abuse. Allegations of dependent adult abuse shall be reported and investigated pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 235E and 481—Chapter 52. (I, II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.33(135C) Crisis intervention.** If a facility utilizes physical restraints, there shall be written policies that define the uses of physical restraints, designate the administrator or designee as the person who may authorize their use, and establish a mechanism for monitoring and controlling their use. (I, II)

**57.33(1)** Temporary physical restraint of residents shall be used only under the following conditions: (I, II)

- a. An emergency to prevent injury to the resident or to others; or (I, II)
- b. For crisis intervention, but shall not be used for punishment, for the convenience of staff or as a substitution for supervision or programming; (I, II) and
- c. No staff person shall use any restraint that obstructs the airway of the resident. (I, II)

**57.33(2)** Authorization for the use of physical restraints must be prior to or immediately after application of the restraint. (I, II)

**57.33(3)** Prone restraint is prohibited. Staff persons who find themselves involved in the use of a prone restraint when responding to an emergency must take immediate steps to end the prone restraint. (I, II)

**57.33(4)** The rationale and authorization for the use of physical restraint and staff action and procedures carried out to protect the resident's rights and to ensure safety shall be clearly set forth in the resident's record by the responsible staff persons. (I, II)

**57.33(5)** The primary care provider, the interdisciplinary team and the resident's responsible party shall be notified of any restraints administered. (I, II, III)

**57.33(6)** The facility shall provide to the staff a department-approved training program by qualified professionals on physical restraint techniques. (I, II)

a. The facility shall keep a record of training for review by the department and shall include attendance. (II, III)

b. Only staff with documented training in physical restraint and techniques shall be authorized to assist with physical restraint of a resident. (I, II)

c. Under no circumstances shall a resident be allowed to actively or passively assist in the restraint of another resident. (I, II)

**57.33(7)** Residents shall not be kept behind locked doors. (I, II)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.34(135C) Safety.** The licensee of a residential care facility shall be responsible for the provision and maintenance of a safe environment for residents and personnel. (I, II, III)

**57.34(1) Fire safety.**

a. All residential care facilities shall meet the fire safety rules and regulations as promulgated by the state fire marshal. (I, II)

b. The size of the facility and needs of the residents shall be taken into consideration in evaluating safety precautions and practices.

**57.34(2) Safety duties of administrator.** The administrator shall have a written emergency plan to be followed in the event of fire, tornado, explosion, or other emergency. (III)

a. The plan shall be prominently posted in a common area of the building. (III)

b. In-service shall be provided to ensure that all employees are knowledgeable of the emergency plan. (II, III)

**57.34(3) Resident safety.**

a. Smoking shall be prohibited, except as allowed by Iowa Code chapter 142D, the smokefree air Act. (II, III)

b. Whenever full or empty tanks of oxygen are being used or stored, they shall be securely supported in an upright position. (II, III)

c. Residents shall receive adequate supervision to ensure against hazard from themselves, others, or elements in the environment. (I, II, III)

d. Storage areas for cleaning agents, bleaches, insecticides, or any other poisonous, dangerous, or flammable materials shall be locked. Residents permitted to access these materials shall be supervised by staff as identified in the resident's service plan. (I, II, III)

e. Sufficient numbers of noncombustible trash containers with covers shall be available. (III)

*f.* Residents' personal possessions that may constitute a hazard to residents or others shall be removed and stored. (III)

**57.34(4) First-aid kit.** A first-aid emergency kit shall be available on each floor in every facility. (II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.35(135C) Housekeeping.**

**57.35(1)** Written procedures shall be established and implemented for daily and weekly cleaning schedules. (III)

**57.35(2)** Each resident room shall be cleaned on a routine schedule. (III)

**57.35(3)** All rooms, corridors, storage areas, linen closets, attics, and basements shall be kept in a clean, orderly condition, free of unserviceable furniture and equipment and accumulations of refuse. (II, III)

**57.35(4)** A hallway or corridor shall not be used for storage of equipment. (II, III)

**57.35(5)** All odors shall be kept under control by cleanliness and proper ventilation. (III)

**57.35(6)** Clothing worn by personnel shall be clean and washable. (III)

**57.35(7)** Housekeeping and maintenance personnel shall be provided with well-constructed and properly maintained equipment appropriate to the function for which it is to be used. (III)

**57.35(8)** All furniture, bedding, linens, and equipment shall be cleaned periodically and before use by another resident. (II, III)

**57.35(9)** Polishes used on floors shall provide a nonslip finish. (II, III)

**57.35(10)** Throw or scatter rugs shall have nonskid backing. (II, III)

**57.35(11)** Entrances, exits, steps, and outside walkways shall be kept free from ice, snow, and other hazards. (II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.36(135C) Maintenance.**

**57.36(1)** Each facility shall establish a maintenance program to ensure the continued maintenance of the facility, to promote good housekeeping procedures, and to ensure sanitary practices throughout the facility. In facilities with more than 15 beds, the maintenance program shall be established in writing and available for review by the department. (II, III)

**57.36(2)** The building, grounds, and other buildings shall be maintained in a clean, orderly condition and in good repair. (II, III)

**57.36(3)** Window treatments and furniture shall be clean and in good repair. (II, III)

**57.36(4)** Cracks in plaster, peeling wallpaper or paint, and tears or splits in floor coverings shall be promptly repaired or replaced in a professional manner. (II, III)

**57.36(5)** The electrical systems, including appliances, cords, and switches, shall be maintained to guarantee safe functioning and comply with the National Electric Code. (II, III)

**57.36(6)** All plumbing fixtures shall function properly and comply with the state plumbing code. (II, III)

**57.36(7)** Yearly inspections of the heating and cooling systems shall be made to guarantee safe operation. (II, III)

**57.36(8)** The building, grounds, and other buildings shall be kept free of breeding areas for flies, other insects, and rodents. (II, III)

**57.36(9)** The facility shall be kept free of flies, other insects, and rodents. (II, III)

**57.36(10)** Janitor's closet.

*a.* Facilities shall be provided with storage for cleaning equipment and supplies. (III)

*b.* Mops, scrub pails, and other cleaning equipment used in the resident areas shall not be stored or used in the dietary area. (III)

*c.* In facilities licensed for more than 15 beds, a janitor's closet shall be provided. It shall be equipped with water for filling scrub pails and a janitor's sink for emptying scrub pails. (III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.37(135C) Laundry.**

**57.37(1)** All soiled linens shall be collected and transported to the laundry room in closed, leakproof laundry bags or covered, impermeable containers. (III)

**57.37(2)** Except for related activities, the laundry room shall not be used for other purposes. (III)

**57.37(3)** Procedures shall be written for the proper handling of wet, soiled, and contaminated linens. (III)

**57.37(4)** Residents' personal laundry shall be marked with an identification if comingled with other residents' personal laundry. (III)

**57.37(5)** Bed linens, towels, and washcloths shall be clean and stain-free. (III)

**57.37(6)** If laundry is done in the facility, the following shall be provided:

*a.* A clean, dry, well-lit area to accommodate a washer and dryer of adequate size to serve the needs of the facility. (III)

*b.* In facilities with more than 15 beds, the laundry room shall be divided into separate areas, one for sorting soiled linen and one for sorting and folding clean linen. (III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.38(135C) Garbage and waste disposal.**

**57.38(1)** All garbage shall be gathered, stored, and disposed of in a manner that will not permit transmission of disease, create a nuisance, or provide a breeding or feeding place for vermin or insects. (III)

**57.38(2)** All containers for refuse shall be watertight and rodent-proof and have tight-fitting covers. (III)

**57.38(3)** All unlined containers shall be thoroughly cleaned each time the containers are emptied. (III)

**57.38(4)** All waste shall be properly disposed of in compliance with local ordinances and state codes. (III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.39(135C) Supplies.**

**57.39(1)** *Linen supplies.*

*a.* There shall be an adequate supply of linen so that each resident shall have at least three washcloths, hand towels, and bath towels per week. (III)

*b.* A complete change of bed linens shall be available in the linen storage area for each bed. (III)

*c.* Sufficient lightweight, clean, serviceable blankets shall be available. All blankets shall be laundered as often as necessary for cleanliness and freedom from odors. (III)

*d.* Each bed shall be provided with clean, washable bedspreads. There shall be a supply available when changes are necessary. (III)

*e.* Adequate storage shall be provided for linens, pillows, and bedding. (III)

**57.39(2)** *Supplies, equipment and storage.*

*a.* All equipment shall be properly cleaned and sanitized before use by another resident. (III)

*b.* Clean and sanitary storage shall be provided for equipment and supplies. (III)

*c.* Each facility shall provide a variety of supplies and equipment of a nature calculated to fit the needs and interests of the residents. (III)

*d.* Locked storage should be available for potentially dangerous items such as scissors, knives, and toxic materials. (III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.40(135C) Buildings, furnishings, and equipment.**

**57.40(1)** *Buildings—general requirements.*

*a.* All windows shall be supplied with window treatments that are kept clean and in good repair. (III)

*b.* Whenever glass sliding doors or transparent panels are used, they shall be marked conspicuously. (III)

c. The facility shall meet the equivalent requirements of the appropriate group occupancy of the state building code. (III)

**57.40(2) *Furnishings and equipment.***

a. All furnishings and equipment shall be durable, cleanable, and appropriate to their function. (III)

b. All resident areas shall be decorated, painted, and furnished to provide a homelike atmosphere. (III)

c. Upholstery materials shall be moisture- and soil-resistant as needed, except on furniture provided by the resident and the property of the resident. (III)

**57.40(3) *Dining and living rooms.***

a. Every facility shall have a dining room and a living room easily accessible to all residents. (III)

b. Living rooms shall be maintained for the use of residents and their visitors and may be used for recreational activities. Living rooms shall be suitably furnished. (III)

c. Dining rooms shall be furnished with dining tables and chairs appropriate to the size and function of the facility. Dining rooms and furnishings shall be kept clean and sanitary. (III)

**57.40(4) *Bedrooms.***

a. Each resident shall be provided with a standard, single, or twin bed, substantially constructed and in good repair. Rollaway beds, metal cots, or folding beds are not acceptable. (III)

b. Each bed shall be equipped with the following: casters or glides; clean springs in good repair; a clean, comfortable, well-constructed mattress approximately five inches thick and standard in size for the bed; and clean, comfortable pillows of average bed size. (III)

c. Each resident shall have a bedside table with a drawer to accommodate personal possessions. (III)

d. There shall be a comfortable chair, either a rocking chair or armchair, per resident bed. The resident's personal wishes shall be considered. (III)

e. There shall be drawer space for each resident's clothing. In a bedroom in which more than one resident resides, drawer space shall be assigned to each resident. (III)

f. Beds and other furnishings shall not obstruct free passage to and through doorways. (III)

g. Beds shall not be placed in such a manner that the side of the bed is against the radiator or in close proximity to it unless the radiator is covered so as to protect the resident from contact with it or from excessive heat. (III)

h. There shall be no more than four residents per room. (III)

**57.40(5) *Bath and toilet facilities.***

a. All sinks shall have paper towel dispensers and an available supply of soap. (III)

b. Toilet paper shall be readily available to residents. (III)

**57.40(6) *Heating.*** A centralized heating system shall be maintained in good working order and capable of maintaining a comfortable temperature for residents of the facility. Portable units or space heaters are prohibited from being used in the facility except in an emergency. (II, III)

**57.40(7) *Water supply.***

a. Private sources of water supply shall be tested annually and the report made available for review by the department upon request. (III)

b. A bacterially unsafe source of water supply shall be grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation of license. (III)

c. The department may require testing of private sources of water supply at its discretion in addition to the annual test. The facility shall supply reports of such tests as directed by the department. (III)

d. Hot and cold running water under pressure shall be available in the facility. (II, III)

e. Prior to construction of a new facility or new water source, private sources of water supply shall be surveyed and shall comply with the requirements of the department. (III)

**481—57.41(135C) Family and employee accommodations.**

**57.41(1)** In facilities where the total occupancy of family, employees, and residents is more than five, separate bathing and toilet facilities shall be required for the family or employees distinct from such areas provided for the residents. (III)

**57.41(2)** In all facilities, if the family or employees live within the facility, separate living quarters and recreation facilities shall be required for the family or employees distinct from such areas provided for the residents. (III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.42(135C) Animals.** No animals shall be allowed to reside in the facility except with written approval of the department and under controlled conditions. (II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.43(135C) Another business or activity in a facility.** A facility is allowed to have another business or activity in a health care facility or in the same physical structure of the facility, if the other business or activity is under the control of and is directly related to and incidental to the operation of the health care facility, or the business or activity is approved by the department and the state fire marshal. (I, II, III)

**57.43(1)** To obtain the approval of the department and the state fire marshal, the facility must submit to the department a written request for approval which identifies the service(s) to be offered by the business and addresses the factors outlined in paragraphs 57.43(2) “a” through “j.” (I, II, III)

**57.43(2)** The following factors will be considered by the department in determining whether a business or activity will interfere with the use of the facility by residents, interfere with services provided to residents, or be disturbing to residents:

- a. Health and safety risks for residents;
- b. Compatibility of the proposed business or activity with the facility program;
- c. Noise created by the proposed business or activity;
- d. Odors created by the proposed business or activity;
- e. Use of entrances and exits for the business or activity in regard to safety and disturbance of residents and interference with delivery of services;
- f. Use of the facility’s corridors or rooms as thoroughfares to the business or activity in regard to safety and disturbance of residents and interference with delivery of services;
- g. Proposed staffing for the business or activity;
- h. Sharing of services and staff between the proposed business or activity and the facility;
- i. Facility layout and design; and
- j. Parking area utilized by the business or activity.

**57.43(3)** Approval of the state fire marshal shall be obtained before approval of the department will be considered.

**57.43(4)** A business or activity conducted in a health care facility or in the same physical structure as a health care facility shall not reduce space, services or staff available to residents below minimums required in these rules and 481—Chapter 60. (I, II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—57.44(135C) Respite care services.** “Respite care services” means an organized program of temporary supportive care provided for 24 hours or more to a person in order to relieve the usual caregiver of the person from providing continual care to the person. “Respite care services” does not include crisis stabilization services provided pursuant to 2014 Iowa Acts, chapter 1044 (to be codified at Iowa Code section 225C.19A). “Respite care individual” means a person receiving respite care services. A residential care facility which chooses to provide respite care services must meet the following requirements related to respite services and must be licensed as a residential care facility. (II, III)

**57.44(1) Length of stay.** Respite care may be provided for no more than 30 consecutive days and for a total of no more than 60 days in a consecutive 12-month period. The 12-month period begins on the first day of the respite care individual’s stay at the facility. (II, III)

**57.44(2) *No separate license.*** A residential care facility which chooses to provide respite care services is not required to obtain a separate license or pay a license fee.

**57.44(3) *Involuntary termination of respite services.*** The facility may terminate the respite services for a respite care individual. Rule 481—57.14(135C) shall not apply. The facility shall make proper arrangements for the welfare of the respite care individual prior to involuntary termination of respite services, including notification of the respite care individual's family or legal representative. (II, III)

**57.44(4) *Contract.*** Pursuant to rule 481—57.15(135C), the facility shall have a contract with each resident in the facility. When an individual is there for respite care services, the contract shall specify the time period during which the individual will be considered to be receiving respite care services. At the end of that period, the contract may be amended to extend that period of time. The contract shall specifically state that respite care services may be involuntarily terminated. The contract shall meet other requirements under rule 481—57.15(135C), except the requirements under subrule 57.15(7). (II, III)

**57.44(5) *Admission as a resident.***

*a.* An individual being cared for under a respite care contract shall not be considered an admission to the facility.

*b.* A respite care individual shall be included in the facility's census.

*c.* The facility shall not enter into multiple 30-day contracts with an individual being cared for under a respite care contract in order to lengthen the individual's stay at the facility. (II, III)

*d.* If an individual being cared for under a respite care contract remains in the facility beyond 30 consecutive days and is eligible for admission, the department shall consider the individual a resident in the facility. The facility shall follow all requirements for the individual's admission to the facility. (II, III)

**57.44(6) *Level of care.*** Respite care services shall not be provided by a health care facility to persons requiring a level of care which is higher than the level of care the facility is licensed to provide. (I, II, III)

**57.44(7) *Reporting requirements.*** The reporting requirements of rule 481—50.7(135C) shall apply to residents being cared for under a respite care contract. (I, II, III)

[ARC 1753C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

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<sup>2</sup> See IAB, Inspections and Appeals Department.

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CHAPTER 58  
NURSING FACILITIES

[Prior to 7/15/87, Health Department[470] Ch 58]

**481—58.1(135C) Definitions.** For the purpose of these rules, the following terms shall have the meaning indicated in this chapter. The definitions set out in Iowa Code section 135C.1 shall be considered to be incorporated verbatim in the rules. The use of the words “shall” and “must” indicates those standards are mandatory. The use of the words “should” and “could” indicates those standards are recommended.

“*Accommodation*” means the provision of lodging, including sleeping, dining, and living areas.

“*Administrator*” means a person licensed pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 147 who administers, manages, supervises, and is in general administrative charge of a nursing facility, whether or not such individual has an ownership interest in such facility, and whether or not the functions and duties are shared with one or more individuals.

“*Ambulatory*” means the condition of a person who immediately and without aid of another is physically or mentally capable of traveling a normal path to safety, including the ascent and descent of stairs.

“*Basement*” means that part of a building where the finish floor is more than 30 inches below the finish grade.

“*Board*” means the regular provision of meals.

“*Chairfast*” means capable of maintaining a sitting position but lacking the capacity of bearing own weight, even with the aid of a mechanical device or another individual.

“*Communicable disease*” means a disease caused by the presence of viruses or microbial agents within a person’s body, which agents may be transmitted either directly or indirectly to other persons.

“*Department*” means the state department of inspections and appeals.

“*Distinct part*” means a clearly identifiable area or section within a health care facility, consisting of at least a residential unit, wing, floor, or building containing contiguous rooms.

“*Medication*” means any drug including over-the-counter substances ordered and administered under the direction of the physician.

“*Nonambulatory*” means the condition of a person who immediately and without aid of another is not physically or mentally capable of traveling a normal path to safety, including the ascent and descent of stairs.

“*Nourishing snack*” is defined as a verbal offering of items, single or in combination, from the basic food groups. Adequacy of the “nourishing snack” will be determined both by resident interviews and by evaluation of the overall nutritional status of residents in the facility.

“*Person directed care environment*” means the provision of care and services provided in a facility that promotes decision making and choices by the resident, enhances the primary caregiver’s capacity to respond to each resident’s needs, and promotes a homelike environment. Examples of a person directed care environment include, but are not limited to, the Green House concept, the Eden alternative, service houses and neighborhoods.

“*Personal care*” means assistance with the activities of daily living which the recipient can perform only with difficulty. Examples are assistance in getting in and out of bed, assistance with personal hygiene and bathing, assistance with dressing, meal assistance, and supervision over medications which can be self-administered.

“*Potentially hazardous food*” means a food that is natural or synthetic and that requires temperature control because it is in a form capable of supporting the rapid and progressive growth of infectious or toxigenic microorganisms, the growth and toxin production of clostridium botulinum, or in raw shell eggs, the growth of salmonella enteritidis. Potentially hazardous food includes an animal food (a food of animal origin) that is raw or heat-treated; a food of plant origin that is heat-treated or consists of raw seed sprouts; cut melons; and garlic and oil mixtures that are not acidified or otherwise modified at a food processing plant in a way that results in mixtures that do not support growth of bacteria.

“*Primary care provider*” means any of the following who provide primary care and meet certification standards:

1. A physician who is a family or general practitioner or an internist.
2. An advanced registered nurse practitioner.
3. A physician assistant.

“*Program of care*” means all services being provided for a resident in a health care facility.

“*Qualified intellectual disabilities professional*” means a psychologist, physician, registered nurse, educator, social worker, physical or occupational therapist, speech therapist or audiologist who meets the educational requirements for the profession, as required in the state of Iowa, and having one year’s experience working with persons with an intellectual disability.

“*Qualified nurse*” means a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse, as defined in Iowa Code chapter 152.

“*Rate*” means that daily fee charged for all residents equally and shall include the cost of all minimum services required in these rules and regulations.

“*Responsible party*” means the person who signs or cosigns the admission agreement required in 481—58.13(135C) or the resident’s guardian or conservator if one has been appointed. In the event that a resident does not have a guardian, conservator or other person signing the admission agreement, the term “responsible party” shall include the resident’s sponsoring agency, e.g., the department of human services, the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, religious groups, fraternal organizations, or foundations that assume responsibility and advocate for their client patients and pay for their health care.

“*Restraints*” means any chemical, manual method or physical or mechanical device, material, or equipment attached to the resident’s body that the individual cannot remove easily which restricts freedom of movement or normal access to one’s body.

“*Substantial evening meal*” is defined as an offering of three or more menu items at one time, one of which includes a high protein such as meat, fish, eggs or cheese. The meal would represent no less than 20 percent of the day’s total nutritional requirements.

[ARC 0766C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13; ARC 1398C, IAB 4/2/14, effective 5/7/14; ARC 1752C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—58.2(135C) Variances.** Variances from these rules may be granted by the director of the department of inspections and appeals for good and sufficient reason when the need for variance has been established; no danger to the health, safety, or welfare of any resident results; alternate means are employed or compensating circumstances exist and the variance will apply only to an individual nursing facility. Variances will be reviewed at the discretion of the director of the department of inspections and appeals.

**58.2(1)** To request a variance, the licensee must:

- a. Apply for variance in writing on a form provided by the department;
- b. Cite the rule or rules from which a variance is desired;
- c. State why compliance with the rule or rules cannot be accomplished;
- d. Explain alternate arrangements or compensating circumstances which justify the variance;
- e. Demonstrate that the requested variance will not endanger the health, safety, or welfare of any resident.

**58.2(2)** Upon receipt of a request for variance, the director of inspections and appeals will:

- a. Examine the rule from which variance is requested to determine that the request is necessary and reasonable;
- b. If the request meets the above criteria, evaluate the alternate arrangements or compensating circumstances against the requirement of the rules;
- c. Examine the effect of the requested variance on the health, safety, or welfare of the residents;
- d. Consult with the applicant if additional information is required.

**58.2(3)** Based upon these studies, approval of the variance will be either granted or denied within 120 days of receipt.

**481—58.3(135C) Application for licensure.**

**58.3(1)** Initial application and licensing. In order to obtain an initial nursing facility license, for a nursing facility which is currently licensed, the applicant must:

a. Meet all of the rules, regulations, and standards contained in 481—Chapters 58 and 61. Applicable exceptions found in rule 481—61.2(135C) shall apply based on the construction date of the facility.

b. Submit a letter of intent and a written résumé of the resident care program and other services provided for departmental review and approval;

c. Make application at least 30 days prior to the change of ownership of the facility on forms provided by the department;

d. Submit a floor plan of each floor of the nursing facility, drawn on 8½- × 11-inch paper showing room areas in proportion, room dimensions, room numbers for all rooms, including bathrooms, and designation of the use to which room will be put and window and door location;

e. Submit a photograph of the front and side elevation of the nursing facility;

f. Submit the statutory fee for a nursing facility license;

g. Meet the requirements of a nursing facility for which licensure application is made;

h. Comply with all other local statutes and ordinances in existence at the time of licensure;

i. Have a certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations.

**58.3(2)** In order to obtain an initial nursing facility license for a facility not currently licensed as a nursing facility, the applicant must:

a. Meet all of the rules, regulations, and standards contained in 481—Chapters 58 and 61. Exceptions noted in 481—subrule 61.1(2) shall not apply;

b. Submit a letter of intent and a written résumé of the resident care program and other services provided for departmental review and approval;

c. Make application at least 30 days prior to the change of ownership of the facility on forms provided by the department;

d. Submit a floor plan of each floor of the nursing facility, drawn on 8½- × 11-inch paper showing room areas in proportion, room dimensions, room numbers for all rooms, including bathrooms, and designation of the use to which room will be put and window and door locations;

e. Submit a photograph of the front and side elevation of the nursing facility;

f. Submit the statutory fee for a nursing facility license;

g. Comply with all other local statutes and ordinances in existence at the time of licensure;

h. Have a certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations.

**58.3(3) *Renewal application.*** In order to obtain a renewal of the nursing facility license, the applicant must:

a. Submit the completed application form 30 days prior to annual license renewal date of nursing facility license;

b. Submit the statutory license fee for a nursing facility with the application for renewal;

c. Have an approved current certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations;

d. Submit appropriate changes in the résumé to reflect any changes in the resident care program or other services.

**58.3(4)** Licenses are issued to the person or governmental unit which has responsibility for the operation of the facility and authority to comply with all applicable statutes, rules or regulations.

The person or governmental unit must be the owner of the facility or, if the facility is leased, the lessee.

#### **481—58.4(135C) General requirements.**

**58.4(1)** The license shall be displayed in a conspicuous place in the facility which is viewed by the public. (III)

**58.4(2)** The license shall be valid only in the possession of the licensee to whom it is issued.

**58.4(3)** The posted license shall accurately reflect the current status of the nursing facility. (III)

**58.4(4)** Licenses expire one year after the date of issuance or as indicated on the license.

**58.4(5)** No nursing facility shall be licensed for more beds than have been approved by the health facilities construction review committee.

**58.4(6)** Each citation or a copy of each citation issued by the department for a class I or class II violation shall be prominently posted by the facility in plain view of the residents, visitors, and persons inquiring about placement in the facility. The citation or copy of the citation shall remain posted until the violation is corrected to the satisfaction of the department. (III)

**481—58.5(135C) Notifications required by the department.** The department shall be notified:

**58.5(1)** Within 48 hours, by letter, of any reduction or loss of nursing or dietary staff lasting more than seven days which places the staffing ratio below that required for licensing. No additional residents shall be admitted until the minimum staffing requirements are achieved; (III)

**58.5(2)** Of any proposed change in the nursing facility's functional operation or addition or deletion of required services; (III)

**58.5(3)** Thirty days before addition, alteration, or new construction is begun in the nursing facility or on the premises; (III)

**58.5(4)** Thirty days in advance of closure of the nursing facility; (III)

**58.5(5)** Within two weeks of any change in administrator; (III)

**58.5(6)** When any change in the category of license is sought; (III)

**58.5(7)** Prior to the purchase, transfer, assignment, or lease of a nursing facility, the licensee shall:

- a. Inform the department of the pending sale, transfer, assignment, or lease of the facility; (III)
- b. Inform the department of the name and address of the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee at least 30 days before the sale, transfer, assignment, or lease is completed; (III)
- c. Submit a written authorization to the department permitting the department to release all information of whatever kind from the department's files concerning the licensee's nursing facility to the named prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee. (III)

**58.5(8)** Pursuant to the authorization submitted to the department by the licensee prior to the purchase, transfer, assignment, or lease of a nursing facility, the department shall upon request send or give copies of all recent licensure surveys and of any other pertinent information relating to the facility's licensure status to the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee; costs for such copies shall be paid by the prospective purchaser.

**481—58.6(135C) Witness fees.** Rescinded IAB 3/30/94, effective 5/4/94. See 481—subrule 50.6(4).

**481—58.7(135C) Licenses for distinct parts.**

**58.7(1)** Separate licenses may be issued for distinct parts of a health care facility which are clearly identifiable, containing contiguous rooms in a separate wing or building or on a separate floor of the facility and which provide care and services of separate categories.

**58.7(2)** The following requirements shall be met for a separate licensing of a distinct part:

- a. The distinct part shall serve only residents who require the category of care and services immediately available to them within that part; (III)
- b. The distinct part shall meet all the standards, rules, and regulations pertaining to the category for which a license is being sought;
- c. A distinct part must be operationally and financially feasible;
- d. A separate staff with qualifications appropriate to the care and services being rendered must be regularly assigned and working in the distinct part under responsible management; (III)
- e. Separately licensed distinct parts may have certain services such as management, building maintenance, laundry, and dietary in common with each other.

**481—58.8(135C) Administrator.**

**58.8(1)** Each nursing facility shall have one person in charge, duly licensed as a nursing home administrator or acting in a provisional capacity. (III)

**58.8(2)** A licensed administrator may act as an administrator for not more than two nursing facilities.

- a. The distance between the two facilities shall be no greater than 50 miles. (II)
- b. The administrator shall spend the equivalent of three full eight-hour days per week in each facility. (II)
- c. The administrator may be responsible for no more than 150 beds in total if the administrator is an administrator of more than one facility. (II)

**58.8(3)** The licensee may be the licensed nursing home administrator providing the licensee meets the requirements as set forth in these regulations and devotes the required time to administrative duties. Residency in the facility does not in itself meet the requirement. (III)

**58.8(4)** A provisional administrator may be appointed on a temporary basis by the nursing facility licensee to assume the administrative duties when the facility, through no fault of its own, has lost its administrator and has been unable to replace the administrator.

- a. No facility licensed under Iowa Code chapter 135C shall be permitted to have a provisional administrator for more than 12 consecutive months.
- b. The facility shall notify the department in writing within ten business days of the administrator's appointment. The written notice shall include the estimated time frame for the appointment of the provisional administrator and the reason for the appointment of a provisional administrator. (III)
- c. The provisional administrator's appointment must be approved by the board of examiners for nursing home administrators. The approval shall be confirmed in writing to the department. (III)

**58.8(5)** In the absence of the administrator, a responsible person shall be designated in writing to the department to be in charge of the facility. The administrator shall not be absent from the facility for more than 3 months without approval of the department. (III)

The person designated shall:

- a. Be knowledgeable of the operation of the facility; (III)
- b. Have access to records concerned with the operation of the facility; (III)
- c. Be capable of carrying out administrative duties and of assuming administrative responsibilities; (III)
- d. Be at least 21 years of age; (III)
- e. Be empowered to act on behalf of the licensee during the administrator's absence concerning the health, safety, and welfare of the residents; (III)
- f. Have had training to carry out assignments and take care of emergencies and sudden illness of residents. (III)

**58.8(6)** A licensed administrator in charge of two facilities shall employ an individual designated as a full-time assistant administrator for each facility. (III)

**58.8(7)** An administrator of only one facility shall be considered as a full-time employee. Full-time employment is defined as 40 hours per week. (III)

[ARC 1398C, IAB 4/2/14, effective 5/7/14; ARC 2020C, IAB 6/10/15, effective 7/15/15]

#### **481—58.9(135C) Administration.**

**58.9(1)** The licensee shall:

- a. Assume the responsibility for the overall operation of the nursing facility; (III)
- b. Be responsible for compliance with all applicable laws and with the rules of the department; (III)
- c. Establish written policies, which shall be available for review, for the operation of the nursing facility. (III)

**58.9(2)** The administrator shall:

- a. Be responsible for the selection and direction of competent personnel to provide services for the resident care program; (III)
- b. Be responsible for the arrangement for all department heads to annually attend a minimum of ten contact hours of educational programs to increase skills and knowledge needed for the position; (III)
- c. Be responsible for a monthly in-service educational program for all employees and to maintain records of programs and participants; (III)
- d. Make available the nursing facility payroll records for departmental review as needed; (III)

e. Be required to maintain a staffing pattern of all departments. These records must be maintained for six months and are to be made available for departmental review. (III)

**481—58.10(135C) General policies.**

**58.10(1)** There shall be written personnel policies in facilities of more than 15 beds to include hours of work, and attendance at educational programs. (III)

**58.10(2)** There shall be a written job description developed for each category of worker. The job description shall include title of job, job summary, qualifications (formal education and experience), skills needed, physical requirements, and responsibilities. (III)

**58.10(3)** There shall be written personnel policies for each facility. Personnel policies shall include the following requirements:

- a. Employees shall have a physical examination before employment. (I, II, III)
- b. Employees shall have a physical examination at least every four years. (I, II, III)
- c. Screening and testing for tuberculosis shall be conducted pursuant to 481—Chapter 59. (I, II, III)

**58.10(4)** Health certificates for all employees shall be available for review. (III)

**58.10(5)** Rescinded IAB 10/19/88, effective 11/23/88.

**58.10(6)** There shall be written policies for emergency medical care for employees and residents in case of sudden illness or accident which includes the individual to be contacted in case of emergency. (III)

**58.10(7)** The facility shall have a written agreement with a hospital for the timely admission of a resident who, in the opinion of the attending physician, requires hospitalization. (III)

**58.10(8)** Infection control program. Each facility shall have a written and implemented infection control and exposure control program with policies and procedures based on the guidelines issued by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. (I, II, III) CDC guidelines are available at <http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dhqp/index.html>.

**58.10(9)** Infection control committee. Each facility shall establish an infection control committee of representative professional staff responsible for overall infection control in the facility. (III)

a. The committee shall annually review and revise the infection control policies and procedures to monitor effectiveness and suggest improvement. (III)

b. The committee shall meet at least quarterly, submit reports to the administrator, and maintain minutes in sufficient detail to document its proceedings and actions. (III)

c. The committee shall monitor the health aspect and the environment of the facility. (III)

**58.10(10)** There shall be written policies for resident care programs and services as outlined in these rules. (III)

**58.10(11)** Prior to the removal of a deceased resident/patient from a facility, the funeral director or person responsible for transporting the body shall be notified by the facility staff of any special precautions that were followed by the facility having to do with the mode of transmission of a known or suspected communicable disease. (III)

[ARC 0663C, IAB 4/3/13, effective 5/8/13]

**481—58.11(135C) Personnel.**

**58.11(1) General qualifications.**

a. No person with a current record of habitual alcohol intoxication or addiction to the use of drugs shall serve in a managerial role of a nursing facility. (II)

b. No person under the influence of alcohol or intoxicating drugs shall be permitted to provide services in a nursing facility. (II)

c. No person shall be allowed to provide services in a facility if the person has a disease:

- (1) Which is transmissible through required workplace contact, (I, II, III)
- (2) Which presents a significant risk of infecting others, (I, II, III)
- (3) Which presents a substantial possibility of harming others, and (I, II, III)
- (4) For which no reasonable accommodation can eliminate the risk. (I, II, III)

Refer to Guidelines for Infection Control in Hospital Personnel, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB85-923402 to determine (1), (2), (3) and (4).

*d.* Reserved.

*e.* Individuals with either physical or mental disabilities may be employed for specific duties, but only if that disability is unrelated to that individual's ability to perform the duties of the job. (III)

*f.* Persons employed in all departments, except the nursing department of a nursing facility shall be qualified through formal training or through prior experience to perform the type of work for which they have been employed. Prior experience means at least 240 hours of full-time employment in a field related to their duties. Persons may be hired in laundry, housekeeping, activities and dietary without experience or training if the facility institutes a formal in-service training program to fit the job description in question and documents such as having taken place within 30 days after the initial hiring of such untrained employees. (III)

*g.* Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.

*h.* The health services supervisor shall be a qualified nurse as defined in these regulations. (II)

*i.* Those persons employed as nurse's aides, orderlies, or attendants in a nursing facility who have not completed the state-approved 75-hour nurse's aide program shall be required to participate in a structured on-the-job training program of 20 hours' duration to be conducted prior to any resident contact, except that contact required by the training program. This educational program shall be in addition to facility orientation. Each individual shall demonstrate competencies covered by the curriculum. This shall be observed and documented by an R.N. and maintained in the personnel file. No aide shall work independently until this is accomplished, nor shall the aide's hours count toward meeting the minimum hours of nursing care required by the department. The curriculum shall be approved by the department. An aide who has completed the state-approved 75-hour course may model skills to be learned.

Further, such personnel shall be enrolled in a state-approved 75-hour nurse's aide program to be completed no later than six months from the date of employment. If the state-approved 75-hour program has been completed prior to employment, the on-the-job training program requirement is waived. The 20-hour course is in addition to the 75-hour course and is not a substitute in whole or in part. The 75-hour program, approved by the department, may be provided by the facility or academic institution.

Newly hired aides who have completed the state-approved 75-hour course shall demonstrate competencies taught in the 20-hour course upon hire. This shall be observed and documented by an R.N. and maintained in the personnel file.

All personnel administering medications must have completed the state-approved training program in medication administration. (II)

*j.* There shall be an organized ongoing in-service educational and training program planned in advance for all personnel in all departments. (II, III)

*k.* Nurse aides, orderlies or attendants in a nursing facility who have received training other than the Iowa state-approved program, must pass a challenge examination approved by the department of inspections and appeals. Evidence of prior formal training in a nursing aide, orderly, attendant, or other comparable program must be presented to the facility or institution conducting the challenge examination before the examination is given. The approved facility or institution, following department of inspections and appeals guidelines, shall make the determination of who is qualified to take the examination. Documentation of the challenge examinations administered shall be maintained.

**58.11(2) *Nursing supervision and staffing.***

*a.* Rescinded IAB 8/7/91, effective 7/19/91.

*b.* Where only part-time nurses are employed, one nurse shall be designated health service supervisor. (III)

*c.* A qualified nurse shall be employed to relieve the supervising nurses, including charge nurses, on holidays, vacation, sick leave, days off, absences or emergencies. Pertinent information for contacting such relief person shall be posted at the nurse's station. (III)

*d.* When the health service supervisor serves as the administrator of a facility 50 beds and over, a qualified nurse must be employed to relieve the health service supervisor of nursing responsibilities. (III)

*e.* The department may establish on an individual facility basis the numbers and qualifications of the staff required in the facility using as its criteria the services being offered and the needs of the residents. (III)

*f.* Additional staffing, above the minimum ratio, may be required by the department commensurate with the needs of the individual residents. (III)

*g.* The minimum hours of resident care personnel required for residents needing intermediate nursing care shall be 2.0 hours per resident day computed on a seven-day week. A minimum of 20 percent of this time shall be provided by qualified nurses. If the maximum medical assistance rate is reduced below the 74th percentile, the requirement will return to 1.7 hours per resident per day computed on a seven-day week. A minimum of 20 percent of this time shall be provided by qualified nurses. (II, III)

*h.* The health service supervisor's hours worked per week shall be included in computing the 20 percent requirement.

*i.* A nursing facility of 75 beds or more shall have a qualified nurse on duty 24 hours per day, seven days a week. (II, III)

*j.* In facilities under 75 beds, if the health service supervisor is a licensed practical nurse, the facility shall employ a registered nurse, for at least four hours each week for consultation, who must be on duty at the same time as the health service supervisor. (II, III)

(1) This shall be an on-site consultation and documentation shall be made of the visit. (III)

(2) The registered nurse-consultant shall have responsibilities clearly outlined in a written agreement with the facility. (III)

(3) Consultation shall include but not be limited to the following: counseling the health service supervisor in the management of the health services; (III) reviewing and evaluating the health services in determining that the needs of the residents are met; (II, III) conducting a review of medications at least monthly if the facility does not employ a registered nurse part-time. (II, III)

*k.* Facilities with 75 or more beds must employ a health service supervisor who is a registered nurse. (II)

*l.* There shall be at least two people who shall be capable of rendering nursing service, awake, dressed, and on duty at all times. (II)

*m.* Physician's orders shall be implemented by qualified personnel. (II, III)

**58.11(3)** *Employee criminal record checks, child abuse checks and dependent adult abuse checks and employment of individuals who have committed a crime or have a founded abuse.* The facility shall comply with the requirements found in Iowa Code section 135C.33 as amended by 2013 Iowa Acts, Senate File 347, and rule 481—50.9(135C) related to completion of criminal record checks, child abuse checks, and dependent adult abuse checks and to employment of individuals who have committed a crime or have a founded abuse. (I, II, III)

[ARC 0903C, IAB 8/7/13, effective 9/11/13]

#### **481—58.12(135C) Admission, transfer, and discharge.**

##### **58.12(1)** *General admission policies.*

*a.* No resident shall be admitted or retained in a nursing facility who is in need of greater services than the facility can provide. (II, III)

*b.* No nursing facility shall admit more residents than the number of beds for which it is licensed, except guest rooms for visitors. (II, III)

*c.* There shall be no more beds erected than is stipulated on the license. (II, III)

*d.* There shall be no more beds erected in a room than its size and other characteristics will permit. (II, III)

*e.* The admission of a resident to a nursing facility shall not give the facility or any employee of the facility the right to manage, use, or dispose of any property of the resident except with the written authorization of the resident or the resident's legal representative. (III)



*f.* The admission of a resident shall not grant the nursing facility the authority or responsibility to manage the personal affairs of the resident except as may be necessary for the safety of the resident and safe and orderly management of the facility as required by these rules. (III)

*g.* A nursing facility shall provide for the safekeeping of personal effects, funds, and other property of its residents. The facility may require that items of exceptional value or which would convey unreasonable responsibilities to the licensee be removed from the premises of the facility for safekeeping. (III)

*h.* Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.

*i.* Funds or properties received by the nursing facility belonging to or due a resident, expendable for the resident's account, shall be trust funds. (III)

*j.* Infants and children under the age of 16 shall not be admitted to health care facilities for adults unless given prior written approval by the department. A distinct part of a health care facility, segregated from the adult section, may be established based on a program of care submitted by the licensee or applicant which is commensurate with the needs of the residents of the health care facility and has received the department's review and approval. (III)

*k.* No health care facility, and no owner, administrator, employee or representative thereof shall act as guardian, trustee, or conservator for any resident's property, unless such resident is related to the person acting as guardian within the third degree of consanguinity.

*l.* Within 30 days of a resident's admission to a health care facility receiving reimbursement through the medical assistance program under Iowa Code chapter 249A, the facility shall ask the resident or the resident's personal representative whether the resident is a veteran and shall document the response. If the facility determines that the resident is a potential veteran, the facility shall report the resident's name along with the names of the resident's spouse and any dependent children, as well as the name of the contact person for this information, to the Iowa department of veterans affairs. Where appropriate, the facility may also report such information to the Iowa department of human services.

If a resident is eligible for benefits through the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or other third-party payor, the facility first shall seek reimbursement from the identified payor source before seeking reimbursement from the medical assistance program established under Iowa Code chapter 249A.

The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to the admission of an individual as a resident to a state mental health institute for acute psychiatric care or to the admission of an individual to the Iowa Veterans Home. (II, III)

**58.12(2) Discharge or transfer:**

*a.* Prior notification shall be made to the resident, as well as the resident's next of kin, legal representative, attending physician, and sponsoring agency, if any, prior to transfer or discharge of any resident. (III)

*b.* Proper arrangements shall be made by the nursing facility for the welfare of the resident prior to transfer or discharge in the event of an emergency or inability to reach the next of kin or legal representative. (III)

*c.* The licensee shall not refuse to discharge or transfer a resident when the physician, family, resident, or legal representative requests such a discharge or transfer. (II, III)

*d.* Advance notification will be made to the receiving facility prior to the transfer of any resident. (III)

*e.* When a resident is transferred or discharged, the appropriate record as set forth in 58.15(2) "k" of these rules will accompany the resident. (II, III)

*f.* Prior to the transfer or discharge of a resident to another health care facility, arrangements to provide for continuity of care shall be made with the facility to which the resident is being sent. (II, III)

**481—58.13(135C) Contracts.** Each contract shall:

**58.13(1)** State the base rate or scale per day or per month, the services included, and the method of payment; (III)

**58.13(2)** Contain a complete schedule of all offered services for which a fee may be charged in addition to the base rate. Furthermore, the contract shall: (III)

*a.* Stipulate that no further additional fees shall be charged for items not contained in complete schedule of services as set forth in 58.13(3); (III)

*b.* State the method of payment of additional charges; (III)

*c.* Contain an explanation of the method of assessment of such additional charges and an explanation of the method of periodic reassessment, if any, resulting in changing such additional charges; (III)

*d.* State that additional fees may be charged to the resident for nonprescription drugs, other personal supplies, and services by a barber, beautician, etc.; (III)

**58.13(3)** Contain an itemized list of those services, with the specific fee the resident will be charged and method of payment, as related to the resident's current condition, based on the nursing assessment at the time of admission, which is determined in consultation with the administrator; (III)

**58.13(4)** Include the total fee to be charged initially to the specific resident; (III)

**58.13(5)** State the conditions whereby the facility may make adjustments to the facility's overall fees for resident care as a result of changing costs. (III) Furthermore, the contract shall provide that the facility shall give:

*a.* Written notification to the resident, or responsible party when appropriate, of changes in the overall rates of both base and additional charges at least 30 days prior to effective date of such changes; (III)

*b.* Notification to the resident, or responsible party when appropriate, of changes in additional charges, based on a change in the resident's condition. Notification must occur prior to the date such revised additional charges begin. If notification is given orally, subsequent written notification must also be given within a reasonable time, not to exceed one week, listing specifically the adjustments made; (III)

**58.13(6)** State the terms of agreement in regard to refund of all advance payments in the event of transfer, death, voluntary or involuntary discharge; (III)

**58.13(7)** State the terms of agreement concerning the holding and charging for a bed when a resident is hospitalized or leaves the facility temporarily for recreational or therapeutic reasons. The terms shall contain a provision that the bed will be held at the request of the resident or the resident's responsible party.

*a.* The facility shall ask the resident or responsible party if the resident wants the bed held. This request shall be made before the resident leaves or within 48 hours after the resident leaves. The inquiry and the response shall be documented. (II)

*b.* The facility shall reserve the bed when requested for as long as payments are made in accordance with the contract. (II)

**58.13(8)** State the conditions under which the involuntary discharge or transfer of a resident would be effected; (III)

**58.13(9)** State the conditions of voluntary discharge or transfer; (III)

**58.13(10)** Set forth any other matters deemed appropriate by the parties to the contract. No contract or any provision thereof shall be drawn or construed so as to relieve any health care facility of any requirement or obligation imposed upon it by this chapter or any standards or rules in force pursuant to this chapter; (III)

**58.13(11)** Each party shall receive a copy of the signed contract. (III)

#### **481—58.14(135C) Medical services.**

**58.14(1)** Each resident in a nursing facility shall designate a licensed physician who may be called when needed. Professional management of a resident's care shall be the responsibility of the hospice program when:

*a.* The resident is terminally ill, and

*b.* The resident has elected to receive hospice services under the federal Medicare program from a Medicare-certified hospice program, and

*c.* The facility and the hospice program have entered into a written agreement under which the hospice program takes full responsibility for the professional management of hospice care.

**58.14(2)** Each resident admitted to a nursing facility shall have had a physical examination prior to admission. If the resident is admitted directly from a hospital, a copy of the hospital admission physical and discharge summary may be made part of the record in lieu of an additional physical examination. A record of the examination, signed by the physician, shall be a part of the resident's record. (III)

**58.14(3)** Arrangements shall be made to have a physician available to furnish medical care in case of emergency. (II, III)

**58.14(4)** Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.

**58.14(5)** The person in charge shall immediately notify the physician of any accident, injury, or adverse change in the resident's condition. (I, II, III)

**58.14(6)** A schedule listing the names and telephone numbers of the physicians shall be posted in each nursing station. (III)

**58.14(7)** Residents shall be admitted to a nursing facility only on a written order signed by a physician certifying that the individual being admitted requires no greater degree of nursing care than the facility is licensed to provide. (III)

**58.14(8)** Physician delegation of tasks. Each resident, including private pay residents, shall be visited by or shall visit the resident's physician at least twice a year. The year period shall be measured from the date of admission and is not to include preadmission physicals.

*a.* For a skilled nursing patient, the resident must be seen by a physician for the initial comprehensive visit. Additional visits are required at least once every 30 days for 90 days after admission and at least once every 60 days thereafter. After the initial comprehensive visit, alternate required visits may be performed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist or physician assistant who is working in collaboration with a physician, as outlined in Table 1. (III)

*b.* Notwithstanding the provisions of 42 CFR 483.40, any required physician task or visit in a nursing facility may also be performed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or physician assistant who is working in collaboration with a physician, as outlined in Table 1. (III)

*c.* In dually certified skilled nursing/nursing facilities, the advanced registered nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, and physician assistant must follow the skilled nursing facility requirements for services for skilled nursing facility stays. For nursing facility stays in skilled nursing/nursing facilities, any required physician task or visit may be performed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or physician assistant working in collaboration with the physician. (III)

*d.* Nurse practitioners, clinical nurse specialists, and physician assistants may perform other tasks that are not reserved to the physician such as visits outside the normal schedule needed to address new symptoms or other changes in medical status. (III)

Table 1: Authority for non-physician practitioners to perform visits, sign orders, and sign certifications/recertifications when permitted by state law\*

|  | Initial Comprehensive Visit/Orders | Other Required Visits <sup>1</sup> | Other Medically Necessary Visits and Orders <sup>2</sup> | Certification/Recertification          |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| <b>Skilled Nursing Facilities</b>  |                                    |                                    |  |  |
| Physician assistant, nurse practitioner and clinical nurse specialist employed by the facility | May not perform/May not sign       | May perform alternate visits       | May perform and sign                                     | May not sign                           |
| Physician assistant, nurse practitioner and clinical nurse specialist not a facility employee  | May not perform/May not sign       | May perform alternate visits       | May perform and sign                                     | May sign subject to state requirements |

|   | Initial Comprehensive Visit/Orders | Other Required Visits <sup>1</sup> | Other Medically Necessary Visits and Orders <sup>2</sup> | Certification/Recertification |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Nursing Facilities  |                                    |                                    |  |                               |
| Nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, and physician assistant employed by the facility | May not perform/May not sign       | May not perform                    | May perform and sign                                     | Not applicable <sup>+</sup>   |
| Nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, and physician assistant not a facility employee  | May perform/May sign               | May perform                        | May perform and sign                                     | Not applicable <sup>+</sup>   |

\*As permitted by state law governing the scope and practice of nurse practitioners, clinical nurse specialists, and physician assistants.

<sup>1</sup> Other required visits include the skilled nursing resident monthly visits that may be alternated between physician and advanced registered nurse practitioners, clinical nurse specialists, or physician assistants after the initial comprehensive visit is completed.

<sup>2</sup> Medically necessary visits may be performed prior to the initial comprehensive visit.

<sup>+</sup> This requirement relates specifically to coverage of Part A Medicare stays, which can take place only in a Medicare-certified skilled nursing facility.

[ARC 1048C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 11/6/13; ARC 1398C, IAB 4/2/14, effective 5/7/14]

#### 481—58.15(135C) Records.

**58.15(1) Resident admission record.** The licensee shall keep a permanent record on all residents admitted to a nursing facility with all entries current, dated, and signed. This shall be a part of the resident clinical record. (III) The admission record form shall include:

- a. Name and previous address of resident; (III)
- b. Birth date, sex, and marital status of resident; (III)
- c. Church affiliation; (III)
- d. Physician's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- e. Dentist's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- f. Name, address, and telephone number of next of kin or legal representative; (III)
- g. Name, address, and telephone number of person to be notified in case of emergency; (III)
- h. Mortician's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- i. Pharmacist's name, telephone number, and address. (III)

**58.15(2) Resident clinical record.** There shall be a separate clinical record for each resident admitted to a nursing facility with all entries current, dated, and signed. (III) The resident clinical record shall include:

- a. Admission record; (III)
- b. Admission diagnosis; (III)
- c. Physical examination: The record of the admission physical examination and medical history shall portray the current medical status of the resident and shall include the resident's name, sex, age, medical history, tuberculosis status, physical examination, diagnosis, statement of chief complaints, estimation of restoration potential and results of any diagnostic procedures. The report of the physical examination shall be signed by the physician. (III)
- d. Physician's certification that the resident requires no greater degree of nursing care than the facility is licensed to provide; (III)
- e. Physician's orders for medication, treatment, and diet in writing and signed by the physician quarterly; (III)
- f. Progress notes.
  - (1) Physician shall enter a progress note at the time of each visit; (III)

(2) Other professionals, i.e., dentists, social workers, physical therapists, pharmacists, and others shall enter a progress note at the time of each visit; (III)

g. All laboratory, X-ray, and other diagnostic reports; (III)

h. Nurse's record including:

(1) Admitting notes including time and mode of transportation; room assignment; disposition of valuables; symptoms and complaints; general condition; vital signs; and weight; (II, III)

(2) Routine notes including physician's visits; telephone calls to and from the physician; unusual incidents and accidents; change of condition; social interaction; and P.R.N. medications administered including time and reason administered, and resident's reaction; (II, III)

(3) Discharge or transfer notes including time and mode of transportation; resident's general condition; instructions given to resident or legal representative; list of medications and disposition; and completion of transfer form for continuity of care; (II, III)

(4) Death notes including notification of physician and family to include time, disposition of body, resident's personal possessions and medications; and complete and accurate notes of resident's vital signs and symptoms preceding death; (III)

i. Medication record.

(1) An accurate record of all medications administered shall be maintained for each resident. (II, III)

(2) Schedule II drug records shall be kept in accordance with state and federal laws; (II, III)

j. Death record. In the event of a resident's death, notations in the resident's record shall include the date and time of the resident's death, the circumstances of the resident's death, the disposition of the resident's body, and the date and time that the resident's family and physician were notified of the resident's death; (III)

k. Transfer form.

(1) The transfer form shall include identification data from the admission record, name of transferring institution, name of receiving institution, and date of transfer; (III)

(2) The nurse's report shall include resident attitudes, behavior, interests, functional abilities (activities of daily living), unusual treatments, nursing care, problems, likes and dislikes, nutrition, current medications (when last given), and condition on transfer; (III)

(3) The physician's report shall include reason for transfer, medications, treatment, diet, activities, significant laboratory and X-ray findings, and diagnosis and prognosis; (III)

l. Consultation reports shall indicate services rendered by allied health professionals in the facility or in health-centered agencies such as dentists, physical therapists, podiatrists, oculists, and others. (III)

**58.15(3) Resident personal record.** Personal records may be kept as a separate file by the facility.

a. Personal records may include factual information regarding personal statistics, family and responsible relative resources, financial status, and other confidential information.

b. Personal records shall be accessible to professional staff involved in planning for services to meet the needs of the resident. (III)

c. When the resident's records are closed, the information shall become a part of the final record. (III)

d. Personal records shall include a duplicate copy of the contract(s). (III)

**58.15(4) Incident record.**

a. Each nursing facility shall maintain an incident record report and shall have available incident report forms. (III)

b. Report of incidents shall be in detail on a printed incident report form. (III)

c. The person in charge at the time of the incident shall prepare and sign the report. (III)

d. The report shall cover all accidents where there is apparent injury or where hidden injury may have occurred. (III)

e. The report shall cover all accidents or unusual occurrences within the facility or on the premises affecting residents, visitors, or employees. (III)

f. A copy of the incident report shall be kept on file in the facility. (III)

**58.15(5) Retention of records.**

- a. Records shall be retained in the facility for five years following termination of services. (III)
- b. Records shall be retained within the facility upon change of ownership. (III)
- c. Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.
- d. When the facility ceases to operate, the resident's record shall be released to the facility to which the resident is transferred. If no transfer occurs, the record shall be released to the individual's physician. (III)

**58.15(6) Reports to the department.** The licensee shall furnish statistical information concerning the operation of the facility to the department on request. (III)

**58.15(7) Personnel record.**

- a. An employment record shall be kept for each employee, consisting of the following information: name and address of employee, social security number of employee, date of birth of employee, date of employment, experience and education, references, position in the home, criminal history and dependent adult abuse background checks, and date and reason for discharge or resignation. (III)
- b. The personnel records shall be made available for review upon request by the department. (III)

**481—58.16(135C) Resident care and personal services.**

**58.16(1)** Beds shall be made daily and adjusted as necessary. A complete change of linen shall be made at least once a week and more often if necessary. (III)

**58.16(2)** Residents shall receive sufficient supervision so that their personal cleanliness is maintained. (II, III)

**58.16(3)** Residents shall have clean clothing as needed to present a neat appearance, to be free of odors, and to be comfortable. Clothing shall be based on resident choice and shall be appropriate to residents' activities and to the weather. (III)

**58.16(4)** Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.

**58.16(5)** Residents shall be encouraged to leave their rooms and make use of the recreational room or living room of the facility. (III)

**58.16(6)** Residents shall not be required to pass through another's bedroom to reach a bathroom, living room, dining room, corridor, or other common areas of the facility. (III)

**58.16(7)** Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.

**58.16(8)** Uncontrollable residents shall be transferred or discharged from the facility in accordance with contract arrangements and requirements of Iowa Code chapter 135C. (II, III)

**58.16(9)** Except for those who request differently, residents who are not bedfast shall be fully dressed each day to maintain self-esteem and promote the residents' normal lifestyles. (III)

**58.16(10)** Residents shall receive a bath of their choice, based on the facility's accommodations, as needed to maintain proper hygiene. (II, III)

**481—58.17** Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.

**481—58.18(135C) Nursing care.**

**58.18(1)** Individual health care plans shall be based on resident treatment decisions, the nature of the illness or disability, treatment, and care prescribed. Goals shall be developed by each discipline providing service, treatment, and care. These plans shall be in writing, revised as necessary, and kept current. They shall be made available to all those rendering the services and for review by the department. (III)

**58.18(2)** Rescinded IAB 4/2/14, effective 5/7/14.

**58.18(3)** The facility shall provide resident and family education as an integral part of restorative and supportive care. (III)

**58.18(4)** The facility shall provide prompt response from qualified staff for the resident's use of the nurse call system. (II, III) (Prompt response being considered as no longer than 15 minutes.)

[ARC 1398C, IAB 4/2/14, effective 5/7/14]

**481—58.19(135C) Required nursing services for residents.** The resident shall receive and the facility shall provide, as appropriate, the following required nursing services under the 24-hour direction of qualified nurses with ancillary coverage as set forth in these rules:

**58.19(1) Activities of daily living.**

- a. Bathing; (II, III)
- b. Daily oral hygiene (denture care); (II, III)
- c. Routine shampoo; (II, III)
- d. Nail care; (III)
- e. Shaving; (III)
- f. Daily care and application of prostheses (glasses, hearing aids, glass eyes, limb prosthetics, braces, or other assistive devices); (II, III)
  - g. Ambulation with equipment if applicable, or transferring, or positioning; (I, II, III)
  - h. Daily routine range of motion; (II, III)
  - i. Mobility (assistance with wheelchair, mechanical lift, or other means of locomotion); (I, II, III)
  - j. Elimination.
    - (1) Assistance to and from the bathroom and perineal care; (II, III)
    - (2) Bedpan assistance; (II, III)
    - (3) Care for incontinent residents; (II, III)
    - (4) Bowel and bladder training programs including in-dwelling catheter care (i.e., insertion and irrigation), enema and suppository administration, and monitoring and recording of intake and output, including solid waste; (I, II, III)
  - k. Colostomy care (to be performed only by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse or by a qualified aide under the direction of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse); (I, II, III)
  - l. Ileostomy care (to be performed only by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse or by a qualified aide under the direction of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse); (I, II, III)
- m. All linens necessary; (III)
- n. Nutrition and meal service.
  - (1) Regular, therapeutic, modified diets, and snacks; (I, II, III)
  - (2) Mealtime preparation of resident; (II, III)
  - (3) Assistance to and from meals; (II, III)
  - (4) In-room meal service or tray service; (II, III)
  - (5) Assistance with food preparation and meal assistance including total assistance if needed; (II, III)
  - (6) Assistance with adaptive devices; (II, III)
  - (7) Enteral nutrition (to be performed by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse only); (I, II, III)
  - (8) Sufficient fluid intake to maintain proper hydration and health; (I, II, III)
- o. Promote initiation of self-care for elements of resident care; (II, III)
- p. Oral suctioning (to be performed only by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse or by a qualified aide under the direction of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse). (I, II)

**58.19(2) Medication and treatment.**

- a. Administration of all medications as ordered by the physician including oral, instillations, topical, injectable (to be injected by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse only); (I, II)
- b. Provision of the appropriate care and treatment of wounds, including pressure sores, to promote healing, prevent infection, and prevent new sores from developing; (I, II)
- c. Blood glucose monitoring; (I, II)
- d. Vital signs, blood pressure, and weights; (I, II)
- e. Ambulation and transfer; (II, III)
- f. Provision of restraints; (I, II)
- g. Administration of oxygen (to be performed only by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse or by a qualified aide under the direction of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse); (I, II)
- h. Provision of all treatments; (I, II, III)

- i.* Provision of emergency medical care, including arranging for transportation, in accordance with written policies and procedures of the facility; (I, II, III)
- j.* Provision of accurate assessment and timely intervention for all residents who have an onset of adverse symptoms which represent a change in mental, emotional, or physical condition. (I, II, III)  
[ARC 1398C, IAB 4/2/14, effective 5/7/14; ARC 2560C, IAB 6/8/16, effective 7/13/16]

**481—58.20(135C) Duties of health service supervisor.** Every nursing facility shall have a health service supervisor who shall:

- 58.20(1)** Direct the implementation of the physician's orders; (I, II)
- 58.20(2)** Plan for and direct the nursing care, services, treatments, procedures, and other services in order that each resident's needs and choices, where practicable, are met; (II, III)
- 58.20(3)** Review the health care needs and choices, where practicable, of each resident admitted to the facility and assist the attending physician in planning for the resident's care; (II, III)
- 58.20(4)** Develop and implement a written health care plan in cooperation with, to the extent practicable, the resident, the resident's family or the resident's legal representative, and others in accordance with instructions of the attending physician as follows:
  - a.* The written health care plan, based on the assessment and reassessment of the resident's health needs and choices, where practicable, is personalized for the individual resident and indicates care to be given, goals to be accomplished, and methods, approaches, and modifications necessary to achieve best results; (III)
  - b.* The health service supervisor is responsible for preparing, reviewing, supervising the implementation, and revising the written health care plan; (III)
  - c.* The health care plan is readily available for use by all personnel caring for the resident; (III)
- 58.20(5)** Initiate preventative and restorative nursing procedures for each resident so as to achieve and maintain the highest possible degree of function, self-care, and independence based on resident choice, where practicable; (II, III)
- 58.20(6)** Supervise health services personnel to ensure they perform the following restorative measures in their daily care of residents:
  - a.* Maintaining good bodily alignment and proper positioning; (II, III)
  - b.* Making every effort to keep the resident active except when contraindicated by physician's orders, and encouraging residents to achieve independence in activities of daily living by teaching self-care, transfer, and ambulation activities; (III)
  - c.* Assisting residents to adjust to their disabilities, to use their prosthetic devices, and to redirect their interests as necessary; (III)
  - d.* Assisting residents to carry out prescribed therapy exercises between visits of the therapist; (III)
  - e.* Assisting residents with routine range of motion exercises; (III)
- 58.20(7)** Plan and conduct nursing staff orientation and in-service programs and provide for training of nurse's aides; (III)
- 58.20(8)** Plan with the resident and the resident's physician and family and health-related agencies for the care of the resident upon discharge; (III)
- 58.20(9)** Designate a responsible person to be in charge during absences; (III)
- 58.20(10)** Be responsible for all assignments and work schedules for all health services personnel to ensure that the health needs of the residents are met; (III)
- 58.20(11)** Ensure that all nurse's notes are descriptive of the care rendered including the resident's response; (III)
- 58.20(12)** Visit each resident routinely to be knowledgeable of the resident's current condition; (III)
- 58.20(13)** Evaluate in writing the performance of each individual on the health care staff on at least an annual basis. This evaluation shall be available for review in the facility to the department; (III)
- 58.20(14)** Keep the administrator informed of the resident's status; (III)
- 58.20(15)** Teach and coordinate rehabilitative health care including activities of daily living, promotion and maintenance of optimal physical and mental functioning; (III)



**58.20(16)** Supervise serving of meals to ensure that individuals unable to assist themselves are promptly fed and that special eating adaptive devices are available as needed; (II, III)

**58.20(17)** Make available a nursing procedure manual which shall include all procedures practiced in the facility; (III)

**58.20(18)** Participate with the administrator in the formulation of written policies and procedures for resident services; (III)

**58.20(19)** The person in charge shall immediately notify the family of any accident, injury, or adverse change in the resident's condition requiring physician's notification. (III)

**481—58.21(135C) Drugs, storage, and handling.**

**58.21(1)** Drug storage for residents who are unable to take their own medications and require supervision shall meet the following requirements:

*a.* A cabinet with a lock, convenient to nursing service, shall be provided and used for storage of all drugs, solutions, and prescriptions; (III)

*b.* The drug storage cabinet shall be kept locked when not in use; (III)

*c.* The medication cabinet key shall be in the possession of the person directly responsible for issuing medications; (II, III)

*d.* Double-locked storage of Schedule II drugs shall not be required under single unit package drug distribution systems in which the quantity stored does not exceed a three-day supply and a missing dose can be readily detected. (II)

**58.21(2)** Drugs for external use shall be stored separately from drugs for internal use. (III)

**58.21(3)** Medications requiring refrigeration shall be kept in a refrigerator and separated from food and other items. A method for locking these medications shall be provided. (III)

**58.21(4)** All potent, poisonous, or caustic materials shall be stored separately from drugs. They shall be plainly labeled and stored in a specific, well-illuminated cabinet, closet, or storeroom and made accessible only to authorized persons. (I, II)

**58.21(5)** All flammable materials shall be specially stored and handled in accordance with applicable local and state fire regulations. (II)

**58.21(6)** A properly trained person shall be charged with the responsibility of administering nonparenteral medications.

*a.* The individual shall have knowledge of the purpose of the drugs, their dangers, and contraindications.

*b.* This person shall be a licensed nurse or physician or shall have successfully completed a department-approved medication aide course or passed a department-approved medication aide challenge examination administered by an area community college.

*c.* Prior to taking a department-approved medication aide course, the individual shall:

(1) Successfully complete an approved nurse aide course, nurse aide training and testing program or nurse aide competency examination.

(2) Be employed in the same facility for at least six consecutive months prior to the start of the medication aide course. This requirement is not subject to waiver.

(3) Have a letter of recommendation for admission to the medication aide course from the employing facility.

*d.* A person who is a nursing student or a graduate nurse may take the challenge examination in place of taking a medication aide course. This individual shall do all of the following before taking the medication aide challenge examination:

(1) Complete a clinical or nursing theory course within six months before taking the challenge examination;

(2) Successfully complete a nursing program pharmacology course within one year before taking the challenge examination;

(3) Provide to the community college a written statement from the nursing program's pharmacology or clinical instructor indicating the individual is competent in medication administration.

(4) Successfully complete a department-approved nurse aide competency evaluation.

*e.* A person who has written documentation of certification as a medication aide in another state may become a medication aide in Iowa by successfully completing a department-approved nurse aide competency examination and a medication aide challenge examination.

The requirements of paragraph “*c*” of this subrule do not apply to this individual.

**58.21(7)** Unless the unit dose system is used, the person assigned the responsibility of medication administration must complete the procedure by personally preparing the dose, observing the actual act of swallowing the oral medication, and charting the medication. (II) In facilities where the unit dose system is used, the person assigned the responsibility must complete the procedure by observing the actual act of swallowing the medication and charting the medication. Medications shall be prepared on the same shift of the same day that they are administered, (II) unless the unit dose system is used.

**58.21(8)** An accurate written record of medications administered shall be made by the individual administering the medication. (III)

**58.21(9)** Records shall be kept of all Schedule II drug medications received and dispensed in accordance with the controlled drug and substance Act. (III)

**58.21(10)** Any unusual resident reaction shall be reported to the physician at once. (II)

**58.21(11)** A policy shall be established by the facility in conjunction with a licensed pharmacist to govern the distribution of prescribed medications to residents who are on leave from the facility. (III)

*a.* Medication may be issued to residents who will be on leave from a facility for less than 24 hours. Notwithstanding the prohibition against paper envelopes in 58.21(14) “*a*,” non-child-resistant containers may be used. Each container may hold only one medication. A label on each container shall indicate the date, the resident’s name, the facility, the medication, its strength, dose, and time of administration.

*b.* Medication for residents on leave from a facility longer than 24 hours shall be obtained in accordance with requirements established by the Iowa board of pharmacy examiners.

*c.* Medication distributed as above may be issued only by a nurse responsible for administering medication. (I, II, III)

**58.21(12)** Emergency medications. A nursing facility shall provide emergency medications pursuant to the following requirements: (III)

*a.* Prescription drugs as well as nonprescription items must be prescribed or approved by the physician, in consultation with the pharmacist, who provides emergency service to the facility; (III)

*b.* The emergency medications shall be stored in an accessible place; (III)

*c.* A list of the emergency medications and quantities of each item shall be maintained by the facility; (III)

*d.* The container holding the emergency medications shall be closed with a seal which may be broken when drugs are required in an emergency or for inspection; (III)

*e.* Any item removed from the emergency medications shall be replaced within 48 hours; (III)

*f.* A permanent record shall be kept of each time the emergency medications are used; (III)

*g.* The emergency medications shall be inspected by a pharmacist at least once every three months to determine the stability of items. (III)

**58.21(13)** Drug handling.

*a.* Bulk supplies of prescription drugs shall not be kept in a nursing facility unless a licensed pharmacy is established in the facility under the direct supervision and control of a pharmacist. (III)

*b.* Inspection of drug storage condition shall be made by the health service supervisor and a registered pharmacist not less than once every three months. The inspection shall be verified by a report signed by the nurse and pharmacist and filed with the administrator. The report shall include, but not be limited to, certifying absence of the following: expired drugs, deteriorated drugs, improper labeling, drugs for which there is no current physician’s order, and drugs improperly stored. (III)

*c.* If the facility permits licensed nurses to dilute or reconstitute drugs at the nursing station, distinctive supplementary labels shall be available for the purpose. The notation on the label shall be so made as to be indelible. (III)

*d.* Dilution and reconstitution of drugs and their labeling shall be done by the pharmacist whenever possible. If not possible, the following shall be carried out only by the licensed nurse:

(1) Specific directions for dilution or reconstitution and expiration date should accompany the drug; (III)

(2) A distinctive supplementary label shall be affixed to the drug container when diluted or reconstituted by the nurse for other than immediate use. (III) The label shall bear the following: resident's name, dosage and strength per unit/volume, nurse's name, expiration date, and date and time of dilution. (III)

**58.21(14) Drug safeguards.**

*a.* All prescribed medications shall be clearly labeled indicating the resident's full name, physician's name, prescription number, name and strength of drug, dosage, directions for use, date of issue, and name and address and telephone number of pharmacy or physician issuing the drug. Where unit dose is used, prescribed medications shall, as a minimum, indicate the resident's full name, physician's name, name and strength of drug, and directions for use. Standard containers shall be utilized for dispensing drugs. Paper envelopes shall not be considered standard containers. (III)

*b.* Medication containers having soiled, damaged, illegible or makeshift labels, or medication samples shall be returned to the issuing pharmacist, pharmacy, or physician for relabeling or disposal. (III)

*c.* There shall be no medications or any solution in unlabeled containers. (II, III)

*d.* The medications of each resident shall be kept or stored in the originally received containers. (II, III)

*e.* Labels on containers shall be clearly legible and firmly affixed. No label shall be superimposed on another label of a drug container. (II, III)

*f.* When a resident is discharged or leaves the facility, the unused prescription shall be sent with the resident or with a legal representative only upon the written order of a physician. (III)

*g.* Unused prescription drugs prescribed for residents who are deceased shall be returned to the supplying pharmacist. (III)

*h.* Prescriptions shall be refilled only with the permission of the attending physician. (II, III)

*i.* No medications prescribed for one resident may be administered to or allowed in the possession of another resident. (II)

*j.* Instructions shall be requested of the Iowa board of pharmacy examiners concerning disposal of unused Schedule II drugs prescribed for residents who have died or for whom the Schedule II drug was discontinued. (III)

*k.* There shall be a formal routine for the proper disposal of discontinued medications within a reasonable but specified time. These medications shall not be retained with the resident's current medications. Discontinued drugs shall be destroyed by the responsible nurse with a witness and a notation made to that effect or returned to the pharmacist for destruction or resident credit. Drugs listed under the Schedule II drugs shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of the Iowa board of pharmacy examiners. (II, III)

*l.* All medication orders which do not specifically indicate the number of doses to be administered or the length of time the drug is to be administered shall be stopped automatically after a given time period. The automatic stop order may vary for different types of drugs. The physician, in consultation with the pharmacist serving the home, shall institute policies and provide procedures for review and endorsement of stop orders on drugs. This policy shall be conveniently located for personnel administering medications. (II, III)

*m.* No resident shall be allowed to keep possession of any medications unless the attending physician has certified in writing on the resident's medical record that the resident is mentally and physically capable of doing so. (II)

*n.* Residents who have been certified in writing by the physician as capable of taking their own medications may retain these medications in their bedroom, but locked storage must be provided. (II)

*o.* No medications or prescription drugs shall be administered to a resident without a written order signed by the attending physician. (II)

*p.* A qualified nurse shall:

(1) Establish a medication schedule system which identifies the time and dosage of each medication prescribed for each resident, is based on the resident's desired routine, and is approved by the resident's physician. (II, III)

(2) Establish a medication record containing the information specified above needed to monitor each resident's drug regimen. (II, III)

*q.* Telephone orders shall be taken by a qualified nurse. Orders shall be written into the resident's record and signed by the person receiving the order. Telephone orders shall be submitted to the physician for signature within 48 hours. (III)

*r.* A pharmacy operating in connection with a nursing facility shall comply with the provisions of the pharmacy law requiring registration of pharmacies and the regulations of the Iowa board of pharmacy examiners. (III)

*s.* In a nursing facility with a pharmacy or drug supply, service shall be under the personal supervision of a pharmacist licensed to practice in the state of Iowa. (III)

**58.21(15) Drug administration.**

*a.* Injectable medications shall be administered as permitted by Iowa law by a qualified nurse, physician, pharmacist, or physician assistant (PA). In the case of a resident who has been certified by the resident's physician or physician assistant (PA) as capable of taking the resident's own insulin, the resident may inject the resident's own insulin. (II)

*b.* An individual inventory record shall be maintained for each Schedule II drug prescribed for each resident. (II)

*c.* The health service supervisor shall be responsible for the supervision and direction of all personnel administering medications. (II)

[ARC 1050C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 11/6/13]

**481—58.22(135C) Rehabilitative services.** Rehabilitative services shall be provided to maintain function or improve the resident's ability to carry out the activities of daily living.

**58.22(1) Physical therapy services.**

*a.* Each facility shall have a written agreement with a licensed physical therapist to provide physical therapy services. (III)

*b.* Physical therapy shall be rendered only by a physical therapist licensed to practice in the state of Iowa. All personnel assisting with the physical therapy of residents must be under the direction of a licensed physical therapist. (II, III)

*c.* The licensed physical therapist shall:

(1) Evaluate the resident and prepare a physical therapy treatment plan conforming to the medical orders and goals; (III)

(2) Consult with other personnel in the facility who are providing resident care and plan with them for the integration of a physical therapy treatment program into the overall health care plan; (III)

(3) Instruct the nursing personnel responsible for administering selected restorative procedures between treatments; (III)

(4) Present programs in the facility's in-service education programs. (III)

*d.* Treatment records in the resident's medical chart shall include:

(1) The physician's prescription for treatment; (III)

(2) An initial evaluation note by the physical therapist; (III)

(3) The physical therapy care plan defining clearly the long-term and short-term goals and outlining the current treatment program; (III)

(4) Notes of the treatments given and changes in the resident's condition; (III)

(5) A complete discharge summary to include recommendations for nursing staff and family. (III)

*e.* There shall be adequate facilities, space, appropriate equipment, and storage areas as are essential to the treatment or examinations of residents. (III)

**58.22(2) Other rehabilitative services.**

*a.* The facility shall arrange for specialized and supportive rehabilitative services when such services are ordered by a physician. (III) These may include audiology and occupational therapy.

- b.* Audiology services shall be under the direction of a person licensed in the state of Iowa by the board of speech pathology and audiology. (II, III)
- c.* Occupational therapy services shall be under the direction of a qualified occupational therapist who is currently registered by the American Occupational Therapy Association. (II, III)
- d.* The appropriate professional shall:
  - (1) Develop the treatment plan and administer or direct treatment in accordance with the physician's prescription and rehabilitation goals; (III)
  - (2) Consult with other personnel within the facility who are providing resident care and plan with them for the integration of a treatment program into the overall health care plan. (III)

**481—58.23(135C) Dental, diagnostic, and other services.**

**58.23(1) Dental services.**

- a.* The nursing facility personnel shall assist residents to obtain regular and emergency dental services. (III)
- b.* Transportation arrangements shall be made when necessary for the resident to be transported to the dentist's office. (III)
- c.* Dental services shall be performed only on the request of the resident, responsible relative, or legal representative. The resident's physician shall be advised of the resident's dental problems. (III)
- d.* All dental reports or progress notes shall be included in the clinical record. (III)
- e.* Nursing personnel shall assist the resident in carrying out dentist's recommendations. (III)
- f.* Dentists shall be asked to participate in the in-service program of the facility. (III)

**58.23(2) Diagnostic services.**

- a.* The nursing facility shall make provisions for promptly securing required clinical laboratory, X-ray, and other diagnostic services. (III)
- b.* All diagnostic services shall be provided only on the written, signed order of a physician. (III)
- c.* Agreements shall be made with the local hospital laboratory or independent laboratory to perform specific diagnostic tests when they are required. (III)
- d.* Transportation arrangements for residents shall be made, when necessary, to and from the source of service. (III)
- e.* Copies of all diagnostic reports shall be requested by the facility and included in the resident's clinical record. (III)
- f.* The physician ordering the specific diagnostic service shall be promptly notified of the results. (III)
- g.* Simple tests such as customarily done by nursing personnel for diabetic residents may be performed in the facility. (III)

**58.23(3) Other services.**

- a.* The nursing facility shall assist residents to obtain such supportive services as requested by the physician. (III)
- b.* Transportation arrangements shall be made when necessary. (III)
- c.* Services could include the need for prosthetic devices, glasses, hearing aids, and other necessary items. (III)

**481—58.24(135C) Dietary.**

**58.24(1) Organization of dietetic services.** The facility shall meet the needs of the residents and provide the services listed in this standard. If a service is contracted out, the contractor shall meet the same standard. A written agreement shall be formulated between the facility and the contractor and shall convey to the department the right to inspect the food service facilities of the contractor. (III)

- a.* There shall be written policies and procedures for dietetic services that include staffing, nutrition, menu planning, therapeutic diets, preparation, food service, ordering, receiving, storage, sanitation, and staff hygiene. The policies and procedures shall be made available for use by dietetic services. (III)

*b.* There shall be written job descriptions for each position in dietetic services. The job descriptions shall be made available for use by dietetic services. (III)

**58.24(2) Dietary staffing.**

*a.* The facility shall employ a qualified dietary supervisor who:

- (1) Is a qualified dietitian as defined in 58.24(2)“e”; or
- (2) Is a graduate of a dietetic technician training program approved by the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics; or
- (3) Is a certified dietary manager certified by the certifying board for dietary managers of the Association of Nutrition and Foodservice Professionals and maintains that credential through 45 hours of ANFP-approved continuing education; or
- (4) Has completed an ANFP-approved course curriculum necessary to take the certification examination required to become a certified dietary manager; or
- (5) Has documented evidence of at least two years’ satisfactory work experience in food service supervision and who is in an approved dietary manager association program and will successfully complete the program within 24 months of the date of enrollment; or
- (6) Has completed the 90-hour training course approved by the department and is a certified food protection manager who has received training from and passed a test that is part of an American National Standards Institute (ANSI)-accredited Certified Food Protection Manager Program. (II, III)

*b.* The supervisor shall have overall supervisory responsibility for dietetic services and shall be employed for a sufficient number of hours to complete management responsibilities that include:

- (1) Participating in regular conferences with the consultant dietitian, the administrator and other department heads; (III)
- (2) Writing menus with consultation from the dietitian and seeing that current menus are posted and followed and that menu changes are recorded; (III)
- (3) Establishing and maintaining standards for food preparation and service; (II, III)
- (4) Participating in selection, orientation, and in-service training of dietary personnel; (II, III)
- (5) Supervising activities of dietary personnel; (II, III)
- (6) Maintaining up-to-date records of residents identified by name, location and diet order; (III)
- (7) Visiting residents to learn individual needs and communicating with other members of the health care team regarding nutritional needs of residents when necessary; (II, III)
- (8) Keeping records of repairs of equipment in dietetic services. (III)

*c.* A minimum of one person with supervisory and management responsibility and the authority to direct and control food preparation and service shall be a certified food protection manager who has received training from and passed a test that is part of an American National Standards Institute (ANSI)-accredited Certified Food Protection Manager Program.

*d.* The facility shall employ sufficient supportive personnel to carry out the following functions:

- (1) Preparing and serving adequate amounts of food that are handled in a manner to be bacteriologically safe; (II, III)
- (2) Washing and sanitizing dishes, pots, pans and equipment at temperatures required by procedures described in the Food Code as defined in Iowa Code section 137F.2; (II, III)
- (3) Serving therapeutic diets as prescribed by the physician and following the planned menu. (II, III)

*e.* The facility may assign simultaneous duties in the kitchen and laundry, housekeeping, or nursing service to appropriately trained personnel. Proper sanitary and personal hygiene procedures shall be followed as outlined under the rules pertaining to staff hygiene. (II, III)

*f.* If the dietetic service supervisor is not a licensed dietitian, a consultant dietitian is required. The consultant dietitian shall be licensed by the state of Iowa pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 152A.

*g.* Consultants’ visits shall be scheduled to be of sufficient duration and at a time convenient to:

- (1) Record, in the resident’s medical record, any observations, assessments and information pertinent to medical nutrition therapy; (I, II, III)
- (2) Work with residents and staff on resident care plans; (III)

(3) Consult with the administrator and others on developing and implementing policies and procedures; (III)

(4) Write or approve general and therapeutic menus; (III)

(5) Work with the dietetic supervisor on developing procedures, recipes and other management tools; (III)

(6) Present planned in-service training and staff development for food service employees and others. Documentation of consultation shall be available for review in the facility by the department. (III)

*h.* In facilities licensed for more than 15 beds, dietetic services shall be available for a minimum of a 12-hour span extending from the time of preparation of breakfast through supper. (III)

**58.24(3) Nutrition and menu planning.**

*a.* Menus shall be planned and followed to meet the nutritional needs of each resident in accordance with the physician's orders and in consideration of the resident's choices and preferences. (II, III)

*b.* Menus shall be planned to provide 100 percent of the daily recommended dietary allowances as established by the Food and Nutrition Board of the National Research Council of the National Academy of Sciences. A current copy of the Simplified Diet Manual or other suitable diet manual shall be available and used in the planning and serving of all meals. (II)

*c.* At least three meals or their equivalent shall be served daily at regular hours. (II)

(1) There shall be no more than a 14-hour span between a substantial evening meal and breakfast except as provided in subparagraph (3) below. (II, III)

(2) The facility shall offer snacks at bedtime daily. (II, III)

(3) When a nourishing snack is provided at bedtime, up to 16 hours may elapse between a substantial evening meal and breakfast of the following day. The current resident group must agree to this meal span and a nourishing snack must be served. (II)

*d.* Menus shall include a variety of foods prepared in various ways. (III)

*e.* Menus shall be written at least one week in advance. The current menu shall be located in an accessible place in the dietetic services department for easy use by persons purchasing, preparing and serving food. (III)

*f.* Records of menus as served shall be filed and maintained for 30 days and shall be available for review by department personnel. When substitutions are necessary, they shall be of similar nutritive value and recorded. (III)

*g.* A file of tested recipes adjusted to the number of people to be served in the facility shall be maintained. (III)

*h.* Alternate foods shall be offered to residents who refuse the food served. (II, III)

**58.24(4) Therapeutic diets and nutritional status.**

*a.* The facility shall ensure that each resident has a nutritional assessment completed by the licensed dietitian within 14 days of admission that addresses the residents' medical condition and therapeutic dietary needs, desires and rights in regard to their nutritional plan. (I, II, III)

*b.* Therapeutic diets shall be prescribed by the resident's physician. A current edition of the Simplified Diet Manual or other suitable diet manual shall be readily available to physicians, nurses and dietetic services personnel. A current diet manual shall be used as a guide for writing menus for therapeutic diets. A licensed dietitian shall be responsible for writing and approving the therapeutic menu and reviewing procedures for preparation and service of food. (II, III)

*c.* Personnel responsible for planning, preparing and serving therapeutic diets shall receive instructions on those diets. (II, III)

*d.* The facility shall ensure that each resident maintains acceptable parameters of nutritional status, such as body weight, unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that this is not possible. (I, II, III)

**58.24(5) Food handling, preparation and service.** All food shall be handled, prepared and served in compliance with the requirements of the Food and Drug Administration Food Code adopted under provisions of Iowa Code section 137F.2. (I, II, III) In addition, the following shall apply.

- a. Methods used to prepare foods shall be those which conserve nutritive value and flavor and meet the taste preferences of the residents. (III)
- b. Foods shall be attractively served. (III)
- c. Foods shall be cut up, chopped, ground or blended to meet individual needs. (I, II, III)
- d. Self-help devices shall be provided as needed. (II, III)
- e. Disposables shall not be used routinely. Plasticware, china and glassware that are unsightly, unsanitary or hazardous because of chips, cracks or loss of glaze shall be discarded. (II, III)
- f. All food that is transported through public corridors shall be covered. (III)
- g. Residents may be allowed in the food preparation area. (III)
- h. The food preparation area may be used as a dining area for residents, staff or food service personnel if the facility engages in person-directed care. (III)
- i. There shall be effective written procedures established for cleaning all work and serving areas. (III)
- j. A schedule of cleaning duties to be performed daily shall be posted. (III)
- k. An exhaust system and hood shall be clean, operational and maintained in good repair. (III)
- l. The food service area shall be located so it will not be used as a passageway by residents, guests or non-food service staff. (III)

**58.24(6) *Paid nutritional assistants.*** A paid nutritional assistant means an individual who meets the requirements of this subrule and who is an employee of the facility or an employee of a temporary employment agency employed by the facility. A facility may use an individual working in the facility as a paid nutritional assistant only if that individual has successfully completed a state-approved training program for paid nutritional assistants. (I, II, III)

a. *Training program requirements.*

- (1) A state-approved training program for paid nutritional assistants must include, at a minimum, eight hours of training in the following areas:
  - 1. Feeding techniques.
  - 2. Assistance with feeding and hydration.
  - 3. Communication and interpersonal skills.
  - 4. Appropriate responses to resident behavior.
  - 5. Safety and emergency procedures, including the Heimlich maneuver.
  - 6. Infection control.
  - 7. Resident rights.
  - 8. Recognizing changes in residents that are inconsistent with their normal behavior and reporting these changes to the supervisory nurse.
- (2) In addition to the training program requirements specified in subparagraph (1), the training program must include at least four hours of classroom study, two hours of supervised laboratory work, and two hours of supervised clinical experience.
- (3) A facility that offers a paid nutritional assistant training program must provide sufficient supplies in order to teach the objectives of the course.
- (4) All paid nutritional assistant training program instructors shall be registered nurses. Other qualified health care professionals may assist the instructor in teaching the classroom portion and clinical or laboratory experience. The ratio of students to instructor shall not exceed ten students per instructor in the clinical setting.
- (5) Each individual enrolled in a paid nutritional assistant training program shall complete a 50-question multiple choice written test and must obtain a score of 80 percent or higher. In addition, the individual must successfully perform the feeding of a resident in a clinical setting. A registered nurse shall conduct the final competency determination.
- (6) If an individual does not pass either the written test or competency demonstration, the individual may retest the failed portion a second time. If the individual does not pass either the written test or competency demonstration portion the second time, the individual shall not be allowed to retest.



*b. Program approval.* A facility or other entity may not offer or teach a paid nutritional assistant training program until the department has approved the program. Individuals trained in a program not approved by the department will not be allowed to function as paid nutritional assistants.

(1) A facility or other institution offering a paid nutritional assistant training program must provide the following information about the training program to the department before offering the program or teaching paid nutritional assistants:

1. Policies and procedures for program administration.
2. Qualifications of the instructors.
3. Maintenance of program records, including attendance records.
4. Criteria for determining competency.
5. Program costs and refund policies.
6. Lesson plans, including the objectives to be taught, skills demonstrations, assignments, quizzes, and classroom, laboratory and clinical hours.

(2) The facility or other institution offering a paid nutritional assistant training program must submit the materials specified in subparagraph (1) for department review. The department shall, within ten days of receipt of the material, advise the facility or institution whether the program is approved, or request additional information to assist the department in determining whether the curriculum meets the requirements for a paid nutritional assistant training program. Before approving any paid nutritional assistant training program, the department shall determine whether the curriculum meets the requirements specified in this subrule. The department shall maintain a list of facilities and institutions eligible to provide paid nutritional assistant training. (I, II, III)

(3) A facility shall maintain a record of all individuals who have successfully completed the required training program and are used by the facility as paid nutritional assistants. The individual shall complete the training program with a demonstration of knowledge and competency skills necessary to serve as a paid nutritional assistant. (I, II, III)

(4) The facility or other institution providing the training shall, within ten calendar days of an individual's successful completion of the training program, provide the individual with a signed and dated certificate of completion. A facility that employs paid nutritional assistants shall maintain on file copies of the completed certificate and skills checklist for each individual who has successfully completed the training program. (I, II, III)

*c. Working restrictions.*

(1) A paid nutritional assistant must work under the supervision of a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse. In an emergency, a paid nutritional assistant must call a supervisory nurse on the resident call system for help. (I, II, III)

(2) A facility must ensure that a paid nutritional assistant feeds only residents who have no complicated feeding problems. Complicated feeding problems include, but are not limited to, difficulty swallowing, recurrent lung aspirations, and tube, parenteral or intravenous feedings. The facility must base resident selection on the charge nurse's assessment and the resident's latest assessment and plan of care. (I, II, III)

[ARC 2560C, IAB 6/8/16, effective 7/13/16]

#### **481—58.25(135C) Social services program.**

**58.25(1)** The administrator or designee shall be responsible for developing a written, organized orientation program for all residents. (III)

**58.25(2)** The program shall be planned and implemented to resolve or reduce personal, family, business, and emotional problems that may interfere with the medical or health care, recovery, and rehabilitation of the individual. (III)

**58.25(3)** The social services plan, including specific goals and regular evaluation of progress, shall be incorporated into the overall plan of care. (III)

**481—58.26(135C) Resident activities program.**

**58.26(1) Organized activities.** Each nursing facility shall provide an organized resident activity program for the group and for the individual resident which shall include suitable activities for evenings and weekends. (III)

*a.* The activity program shall be designed to meet the needs and interests of each resident and to assist residents in continuing normal activities within limitations set by the resident's physician. This shall include helping residents continue in their individual interests or hobbies. (III)

*b.* The program shall include individual goals for each resident. (III)

*c.* The program shall include both group and individual activities. (III)

*d.* No resident shall be forced to participate in the activity program. (III)

*e.* The activity program shall include suitable activities for those residents unable to leave their rooms. (III)

*f.* The program shall be incorporated into the overall health plan and shall be designed to meet the goals as written in the plan.

**58.26(2) Coordination of activities program.**

*a.* Each nursing facility shall employ a person to direct the activities program. (III)

<sup>1</sup>*b.* <sup>2</sup>Staffing for the activity program shall be provided on the minimum basis of 35 minutes per licensed bed per week. (II, III)

*c.* The activity coordinator shall have completed the activity coordinators' orientation course offered through the department within six months of employment or have comparable training and experience as approved by the department. (III)

*d.* The activity coordinator shall attend workshops or educational programs which relate to activity programming. These shall total a minimum of ten contact hours per year. These programs shall be approved by the department. (III)

*e.* There shall be a written plan for personnel coverage when the activity coordinator is absent during scheduled working hours. (III)

**58.26(3) Duties of activity coordinator.** The activity coordinator shall:

*a.* Have access to all residents' records excluding financial records; (III)

*b.* Coordinate all activities, including volunteer or auxiliary activities and religious services; (III)

*c.* Keep all necessary records including:

(1) Attendance; (III)

(2) Individual resident progress notes recorded at regular intervals (at least quarterly). A copy of these notes shall be placed in the resident's clinical record; (III)

(3) Monthly calendars, prepared in advance. (III)

*d.* Coordinate the activity program with all other services in the facility; (III)

*e.* Participate in the in-service training program in the facility. This shall include attending as well as presenting sessions. (III)

**58.26(4) Supplies, equipment, and storage.**

*a.* Each facility shall provide a variety of supplies and equipment of a nature calculated to fit the needs and interests of the residents. (III) These may include: books (standard and large print), magazines, newspapers, radio, television, and bulletin boards. Also appropriate would be board games, game equipment, songbooks, cards, craft supplies, record player, movie projector, piano, outdoor equipment, etc.

*b.* Storage shall be provided for recreational equipment and supplies. (III)

*c.* Locked storage should be available for potentially dangerous items such as scissors, knives, and toxic materials. (III)

<sup>1</sup> Emergency, pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.5(2)"b"(2).

<sup>2</sup> Objection filed 2/14/79; see Objection at end of chapter.

**481—58.27(135C) Certified volunteer long-term care ombudsman program.** A certified volunteer long-term care ombudsman appointed in accordance with Iowa Code section 231.45 as amended by

2013 Iowa Acts, Senate File 184, shall operate within the scope of the rules for volunteer ombudsmen promulgated by the office of long-term care ombudsman and Iowa department on aging.  
[ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14]

**481—58.28(135C) Safety.** The licensee of a nursing facility shall be responsible for the provision and maintenance of a safe environment for residents and personnel. (III)

**58.28(1) Fire safety.**

*a.* All nursing facilities shall meet the fire safety rules and regulations as promulgated by the state fire marshal. (I, II)

*b.* The size of the facility and needs of the residents shall be taken into consideration in evaluating safety precautions and practices.

**58.28(2) Safety duties of administrator.** The administrator shall have a written emergency plan to be followed in the event of fire, tornado, explosion, or other emergency. (III)

*a.* The plan shall be posted. (III)

*b.* In-service shall be provided to ensure that all employees are knowledgeable of the emergency plan. (III)

**58.28(3) Resident safety.**

*a.* Residents shall be permitted to smoke only where proper facilities are provided. Smoking shall not be permitted in bedrooms. Smoking by residents considered to be careless shall be prohibited except when the resident is under direct supervision. (II, III)

*b.* Smoking is prohibited in all rooms where oxygen is being administered or in rooms where oxygen is stored. (II, III)

*c.* Whenever full or empty tanks of oxygen are being used or stored, they shall be securely supported in an upright position. (II, III)

*d.* Smoking shall be permitted only in posted areas. (II, III)

*e.* Each resident shall receive adequate supervision to protect against hazards from self, others, or elements in the environment. (I, II, III)

*f.* Residents shall be protected against physical or environmental hazards to themselves. (I, II, III)  
[ARC 1398C, IAB 4/2/14, effective 5/7/14]

**481—58.29(135C) Resident care.**

**58.29(1)** There shall be a readily available supply of self-help and ambulation devices such as wheelchairs, walkers, and such other devices maintained in good repair that will meet the current needs of all residents. (III)

**58.29(2)** The facility shall ensure that each ambulatory resident has well-fitting shoes to provide support and prevent slipping. (III)

**58.29(3)** Equipment for personal care shall be maintained in a safe and sanitary condition. (II, III)

**58.29(4)** The expiration date for sterile equipment shall be exhibited on its wrappings. (III)

**58.29(5)** Residents who have been known to wander shall be provided with appropriate means of identification. (II, III)

**58.29(6)** Electric heating pads, blankets, or sheets shall be used only on the written order of a physician, when allowed by the Life Safety Code or applicable state or local fire regulations. (II, III)

**481—58.30** Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.

**481—58.31(135C) Housekeeping.**

**58.31(1)** Written procedures shall be established and implemented for daily and weekly cleaning schedules. (III)

**58.31(2)** Each resident unit shall be cleaned on a routine schedule. (III)

**58.31(3)** All rooms, corridors, storage areas, linen closets, attics, and basements shall be kept in a clean, orderly condition, free of unserviceable furniture and equipment and accumulations of refuse. (III)

**58.31(4)** A hallway or corridor shall not be used for storage of equipment. (III)

**58.31(5)** All odors shall be kept under control by cleanliness and proper ventilation. (III)

**58.31(6)** Clothing worn by personnel shall be clean and washable. (III)

**58.31(7)** Housekeeping and maintenance personnel shall be provided with well-constructed and properly maintained equipment appropriate to the function for which it is to be used. (III)

**58.31(8)** All furniture, bedding, linens, and equipment shall be cleaned periodically and before use by another resident. (III)

**58.31(9)** Polishes used on floors shall provide a nonslip finish. (III)

**58.31(10)** \*Throw or scatter rugs shall not be permitted. (III)

\*Objection. For text of Objection, see IAC Supp., Part I, 9/7/77. For text of Filed rules, 470—Chapter 58, see IAC Supp. 10/5/77.

**58.31(11)** Entrances, exits, steps, and outside walkways shall be kept free from ice, snow, and other hazards. (II, III)

**58.31(12)** Residents shall not have access to storage areas for all cleaning agents, bleaches, insecticides, or any other poisonous, dangerous, or flammable materials. (II, III)

**58.31(13)** Sufficient numbers of noncombustible trash containers, which have covers, shall be available. (III)

**58.31(14)** Definite procedures shall be established for training housekeeping personnel. (III)

**58.31(15)** Rescinded IAB 12/6/06, effective 1/10/07.

**58.31(16)** There shall be provisions for the cleaning and storage of housekeeping equipment and supplies for each nursing unit. (III)

**58.31(17)** Bathtubs, shower stalls, or lavatories shall not be used for laundering, cleaning of utensils and mops, or for storage. (III)

**58.31(18)** Bedside utensils shall be stored in enclosed cabinets. (III)

**58.31(19)** Kitchen sinks shall not be used for the cleaning of mops, soaking of laundry, cleaning of bedside utensils, nursing utensils, or dumping of wastewater. (III)

**58.31(20)** Personal possessions of residents which may constitute hazards to themselves or others shall be removed and stored. (III)

#### **481—58.32(135C) Maintenance.**

**58.32(1)** Each facility shall establish a maintenance program in writing to ensure the continued maintenance of the facility, to promote good housekeeping procedures, and to ensure sanitary practices throughout the facility. (III)

**58.32(2)** The building, grounds, and other buildings shall be maintained in a clean, orderly condition and in good repair. (III)

**58.32(3)** Draperies and furniture shall be clean and in good repair. (III)

**58.32(4)** Cracks in plaster, peeling wallpaper or paint, and tears or splits in floor coverings shall be promptly repaired or replaced in a professional manner. (III)

**58.32(5)** The electrical systems, including appliances, cords, and switches, shall be maintained to guarantee safe functioning and comply with the national electrical code. (III)

**58.32(6)** All plumbing fixtures shall function properly and comply with the state plumbing code. (III)

**58.32(7)** Yearly inspections of the heating and cooling systems shall be made to guarantee safe operation. Documentation of these inspections shall be available for review. (III)

**58.32(8)** The building, grounds, and other buildings shall be kept free of breeding areas for flies, other insects, and rodents. (III)

**58.32(9)** The facility shall be kept free of flies, other insects, and rodents. (III)

**58.32(10)** Maintenance personnel.

*a.* A written program shall be established for the orientation of maintenance personnel. (III)

*b.* Maintenance personnel shall:

(1) Follow established written maintenance programs; (III)

(2) Be provided with appropriate, well-constructed, and properly maintained equipment. (III)

**481—58.33(135C) Laundry.**

**58.33(1)** All soiled linens shall be collected in and transported to the laundry room in closed, leakproof laundry bags or covered, impermeable containers. (III)

**58.33(2)** Except for related activities, the laundry room shall not be used for other purposes. (III)

**58.33(3)** Procedures shall be written for the proper handling of wet, soiled, and contaminated linens. (III)

**58.33(4)** Residents' personal laundry shall be marked with an identification. (III)

**58.33(5)** Bed linens, towels, and washcloths shall be clean and stain-free. (III)

**481—58.34(135C) Garbage and waste disposal.**

**58.34(1)** All garbage shall be gathered, stored, and disposed of in a manner that will not permit transmission of disease, create a nuisance, or provide a breeding or feeding place for vermin or insects. (III)

**58.34(2)** All containers for refuse shall be watertight, rodent-proof, and have tight-fitting covers. (III)

**58.34(3)** All containers shall be thoroughly cleaned each time the containers are emptied. (III)

**58.34(4)** All wastes shall be properly disposed of in compliance with local ordinances and state codes. (III)

**58.34(5)** Special provision shall be made for the disposal of soiled dressings and similar items in a safe, sanitary manner. (III)

**481—58.35(135C) Buildings, furnishings, and equipment.****58.35(1) Buildings—general requirements.**

*a.* For purposes of computation of usable floor space in bedrooms and other living areas of the facility, that part of the room having no less than seven feet of ceiling height shall be used. Usable floor space may include irregularities in the rooms such as alcoves and offsets with approval of the department. Usable floor space shall not include space needed for corridor door swings or wardrobes being used as a substitute for closet space. (III)

*b.* Battery-operated, portable emergency lights in good working condition shall be available at all times, at a ratio of one light per one employee on duty from 6 p.m. to 6 a.m. (III)

*c.* All windows shall be supplied with curtains and shades or drapes which are kept clean and in good repair. (III)

*d.* Light fixtures shall be so equipped to prevent glare and to prevent hazards to the residents. (III)

*e.* Exposed heating pipes, hot water pipes, or radiators in rooms and areas used by residents and within reach of residents shall be covered or protected to prevent injury or burns to residents. (II, III)

*f.* All fans located within seven feet of the floor shall be protected by screen guards of not more than one-half-inch mesh. (III)

*g.* Whenever glass sliding doors or transparent panels are used, they shall be marked conspicuously. (III)

*h.* The facility shall meet the equivalent requirements of the appropriate group occupancy of the state building code. (III)

*i.* No part of any room shall be enclosed, subdivided, or partitioned unless such part is separately lighted and ventilated and meets such other requirements as its usage and occupancy dictates, except closets used for the storage of residents' clothing. (III)

**58.35(2) Furnishings and equipment.**

*a.* All furnishings and equipment shall be durable, cleanable, and appropriate to its function and in accordance with the department's approved program of care. (III)

*b.* All resident areas shall be decorated, painted, and furnished to provide a home-like atmosphere. (III)

*c.* Upholstery materials shall be moisture- and soil-resistant, except on furniture provided by the resident and the property of the resident. (III)

**58.35(3) Dining and living rooms.**

- a. Every facility shall have a dining room and a living room easily accessible to all residents. (III)
- b. Dining rooms and living rooms shall at no time be used as bedrooms. (III)
- c. Dining rooms and living rooms shall be available for use by residents at appropriate times to provide periods of social and diversional individual and group activities. (III)

d. A combination dining room and living room may be permitted if the space requirements of a multipurpose room as provided in 58.35(3)“e” are met. (III)

e. Multipurpose rooms. When space is provided for multipurpose dining and activities and recreational purposes, the area shall total at least 30 square feet per licensed bed for the first 100 beds and 27 square feet per licensed bed for all beds in excess of 100. An open area of sufficient size shall be provided to permit group activities such as religious meetings or presentation of demonstrations or entertainment. (III)

f. Living rooms.

(1) Living rooms shall be maintained for the use of residents and their visitors and may be used for recreational activities. (III)

(2) Living rooms shall be suitably provided with parlor furniture, television and radio receivers in good working order, recreational material such as games, puzzles, and cards, and reading material such as current newspapers and magazines. Furnishings and equipment of the room should be such as to allow group activities. (III)

(3) Card tables or game tables shall be made available. The tables should be of a height to allow a person seated in a wheelchair to partake in the games or card playing. (III)

(4) Chairs of proper height and appropriate to their use shall be provided for seating residents at game tables and card tables. (III)

g. Dining rooms.

(1) Dining rooms shall be furnished with dining tables and chairs appropriate to the size and function of the facility. These rooms and furnishings shall be kept clean and sanitary. (III)

(2) Dining tables and chairs shall be provided. (III)

(3) Dining tables should be so constructed that a person seated in a wheelchair can dine comfortably. (III)

(4) Tables shall be of sturdy construction with smooth, durable, nonpermeable tops that can be cleaned with a detergent sanitizing solution. (III)

(5) Dining chairs shall be sturdy and comfortable. Some arm chairs should be provided for ease of movement for some residents. (III)

(6) Residents shall be encouraged to eat in the dining room. (III)

**58.35(4) Bedrooms.**

a. Each resident shall be provided with a standard, single, or twin bed that is substantially constructed and in good repair. Rollaway beds, metal cots, or folding beds are not acceptable. Seventy-five percent of the beds shall have a spring with an adjustable head and foot section. A resident shall have the right to sleep in a chair per the resident’s request and to have the bed removed from the room to allow for additional space. (III)

b. Each bed shall be equipped with the following: casters or glides unless a low bed and mattress are being used for fall precautions; a clean, comfortable, well-constructed mattress approximately five inches thick and standard in size for the bed; clean, comfortable pillows of average size; and moisture-proof covers and sheets as necessary to keep the mattress and pillows dry and clean. (III)

c. Each resident shall have a bedside table with a drawer to accommodate personal possessions. (III)

d. There shall be a comfortable chair, either a rocking chair or armchair, per resident bed. The resident’s personal wishes shall be considered. (III)

e. There shall be drawer space for each resident’s clothing. In a multiple bedroom, drawer space shall be assigned each resident. (III)

f. Walls, ceilings, and floors shall have easily cleanable surfaces and shall be kept clean and in good repair. (III)

g. Beds and other furnishings shall not obstruct free passage to and through doorways. (III)

- h.* Clothing shall be hung in closets or wardrobes available in each room. (III)
- i.* Beds shall not be placed with the head of the bed in front of a window or radiator. (III)
- j.* Beds shall not be placed in such a manner that the side of the bed is against the radiator or in close proximity to it unless it is covered so as to protect the resident from contact with it or from excessive heat. (III)
- k.* Reading lamps shall be provided each resident in the resident's room. (III)
- l.* Each room shall have sufficient accessible mirrors to serve the resident's needs. Mirrors are not required if the room is located in a CCDI unit and the mirrors cause concern for the resident. (III)
- m.* Sturdy, adjustable overbed tables shall be provided for each resident who is unable to eat in the dining room. (III)
- n.* Each resident bedroom shall have a door. The door shall be the swing type and shall not swing into the corridor. (III)

**58.35(5) Heating.** A centralized heating system capable of maintaining a minimum temperature of 78°F (26°C) shall be provided. Portable units or space heaters are prohibited from being used in the facility except in an emergency. (III)

**58.35(6) Water supply.**

- a.* Every facility shall have an adequate water supply from an approved source. A municipal source of supply shall be considered as meeting this requirement. (III)
- b.* Private sources of supply shall be tested annually and the report submitted with the annual application for license. (III)
- c.* A bacterially unsafe source of supply shall be grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation of license. (III)
- d.* The department may require testing of private sources of supply at its discretion in addition to the annual test. The facility shall supply reports of such tests as directed by the department. (III)
- e.* Hot and cold running water under pressure shall be available in the facility. (III)
- f.* Prior to construction of a new facility or new water source, private sources of supply shall be surveyed and shall comply with the requirements of the department of health. (III)

**58.35(7) Nonambulatory residents.**

- a.* All nonambulatory residents shall be housed on the grade level floor. (II, III)
- b.* These provisions in "a" above relating to nonambulatory residents are not applicable if the facility has a suitably sized elevator.

**481—58.36(135C) Family and employee accommodations.**

**58.36(1)** Children under 14 years of age shall not be allowed into the service areas. (III)

**58.36(2)** The residents' bedrooms shall not be occupied by employees or family members of the licensee. (III)

**58.36(3)** In facilities where the total occupancy of family, employees, and residents is five or less, one toilet and one tub or shower shall be the minimum requirement. (III)

**58.36(4)** In facilities where the total occupancy of family, employees, and residents is more than five, separate bathing and toilet facilities shall be required for the family or employees distinct from such areas provided for residents. (III)

**58.36(5)** In all health care facilities, if the family or employees live within the facility, separate living quarters and recreation facilities shall be required for the family or employees distinct from such areas provided for residents. (III)

**481—58.37(135C) Animals.** Animals may be permitted within the facility with prior approval of the department and under controlled conditions. (III)

**481—58.38(135C) Supplies.**

**58.38(1) Linen supplies.**

- a.* There shall be an adequate supply of linen so that each resident shall have at least three washcloths, hand towels, and bath towels per week. (III)

- b.* A complete change of bed linens shall be available in the linen storage area for each bed. (III)
  - c.* Sufficient lightweight, clean, serviceable blankets shall be available. All blankets shall be laundered as often as necessary for cleanliness and freedom from odors. (III)
  - d.* Each bed shall be provided with clean, washable bedspreads. There shall be a supply available when changes are necessary. (III)
  - e.* Uncrowded and convenient storage shall be provided for linens, pillows, and bedding. (III)
- 58.38(2) First-aid kit.** A first-aid emergency kit shall be available on each floor in every facility. (II, III)
- 58.38(3) Supplies and equipment for nursing services.**
- a.* All nursing care equipment shall be properly sanitized or sterilized before use by another resident. (II)
  - b.* There shall be disposable or one-time use items available with provisions for proper disposal to prevent reuse except as allowed by 58.10(8) "h," 481—paragraph 59.12(10) "h," or 481—paragraph 64.12(14) "h." (I, II, III)
  - c.* Convenient, safe storage shall be provided for bath and toilet supplies, bathroom scales, mechanical lifts, and shower chairs. (III)
  - d.* Sanitary and protective storage shall be provided for all equipment and supplies. (III)
  - e.* All items that must be sterilized shall be autoclaved unless sterile disposable items are furnished which are promptly disposed of after a single use. (III)
  - f.* Supplies and equipment for nursing and personal care sufficient in quantities to meet the needs of the residents shall be provided and, as a minimum, include the following: (III)

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Bath basins  | Rectal tubes                            |
| Soap containers  | Catheters and catheterization equipment |
| Denture cups   | Douche nozzle                           |
| Emesis basins  | Oxygen therapy equipment                |
| Mouthwash cups   | Naso-gastric feeding equipment          |
| Bedpans  | Wheelchairs                             |
| Urinals  | Moisture-proof draw sheets              |
| Enema equipment  | Moisture-proof pillow covers            |
| Commodes   | Moisture-proof mattress covers          |
| Quart graduate measure                                   | Foot tubs                               |
| Thermometer for measurement of bath<br>water temperature | Metal pitcher                           |
| Oral thermometer   | Disinfectant solutions                  |
| Rectal thermometer                                       | Alcohol                                 |
| Basins for sterilizing thermometers                      | Lubricating jelly                       |
| Basins for irrigations                                   | Skin lotion                             |
| Asepto syringes  | Applicators                             |
| Sphygmomanometer   | Tongue blades                           |
| Paper towels   | Toilet paper                            |
| Paper handkerchiefs                                      | Rubber gloves or disposable gloves      |
| Insulin syringes   | Scales for nonambulatory patients       |
| 2 cc hypodermic syringes                                 | Tourniquet                              |
|  | Suction machine                         |



|                    |                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| Weight scales      | Medicine dispensing containers   |
| Hypodermic needles | Bandages                         |
| Stethoscope        | Adhesive                         |
| Ice caps           | Portable linen hampers           |
| Hot water bottles  | Denture identification equipment |
|                    | Tracheotomy care equipment       |

**481—58.39(135C) Residents' rights in general.**

**58.39(1)** Each facility shall ensure that policies and procedures are written and implemented which include, at a minimum, all of the following provisions (subrules 58.39(2) to 58.39(6)) and which govern all areas of service provided by the facility. These policies and procedures shall be available to staff, residents, their families or legal representatives and the public and shall be reviewed annually. (II)

**58.39(2)** Policies and procedures shall address the admission and retention of persons with histories of dangerous or disturbing behavior. For the purposes of the subrule, persons with histories of dangerous or disturbing behavior are those persons who have been found to be seriously mentally impaired pursuant to Iowa Code section 229.13 or 812.1 within six months of the request for admission to the facility. In addition to establishing the criteria for admission and retention of persons so defined, the policies and procedures shall provide for:

*a.* Reasonable precautions to prevent the resident from harming self, other residents, or employees of the facility.

*b.* Treatment of persons with mental illness as defined in Iowa Code section 229.1(1) and which is provided in accordance with the individualized health care plan.

*c.* Ongoing and documented staff training on individualized health care planning for persons with mental illness.

**58.39(3)** Policies and procedures regarding the admission, transfer, and discharge of residents shall ensure that:

*a.* Only those persons are accepted whose needs can be met by the facility directly or in cooperation with community resources or other providers of care with which it is affiliated or has contracts. (II)

*b.* As changes occur in residents' physical or mental condition, necessitating services or care which cannot be adequately provided by the facility, they are transferred promptly to other appropriate facilities. (II)

**58.39(4)** Policies and procedures regarding the use of chemical and physical restraints shall define the use of said restraints and identify the individual who may authorize the application of physical restraints in emergencies, and describe the mechanism for monitoring and controlling their use. (II)

**58.39(5)** Policies and procedures shall include a method for submitting complaints and recommendations by residents or their responsible party and for ensuring a response and disposition by the facility. (II)

**58.39(6)** Policies and procedures shall include provisions governing access to, duplication of, and dissemination of information from the residents' records. (II)

**58.39(7)** Policies and procedures shall include a provision that each resident shall be fully informed of the resident's rights and responsibilities as a resident and of all rules governing resident conduct and responsibilities. This information must be provided upon admission, or in the case of residents already in the facility, upon the facility's adoption or amendment of residents' rights policies. (II)

*a.* The facility shall make known to residents what they may expect from the facility and its staff, and what is expected from them. The facility shall communicate these expectations during the period of not more than two weeks before or five days after admission. The communication shall be in writing, e.g., in a separate handout or brochure describing the facility, and interpreted verbally, e.g., as part of a preadmission interview, resident counseling, or in individual or group orientation sessions following admission. (II)

*b.* Residents' rights and responsibilities shall be presented in language understandable to the resident. If the facility serves residents who are non-English speaking or deaf, steps shall be taken to translate the information into a foreign or sign language. In the case of blind residents, either Braille or a recording shall be provided. Residents shall be encouraged to ask questions about their rights and responsibilities and these questions shall be answered. (II)

*c.* A statement shall be signed by the resident, or the resident's responsible party, indicating an understanding of these rights and responsibilities, and shall be maintained in the record. The statement shall be signed no later than five days after admission, and a copy of the signed statement shall be given to the resident or responsible party, if applicable. In the case of an intellectually disabled resident, the signature shall be witnessed by a person not associated with or employed by the facility. The witness may be a parent, guardian, Medicaid agency representative, etc. (II)

*d.* In order to ensure that residents continue to be aware of these rights and responsibilities during their stay, a written copy shall be prominently posted in a location that is available to all residents. (II)

*e.* All residents shall be advised within 30 days following changes made in the statement of residents' rights and responsibilities. Appropriate means shall be utilized to inform non-English speaking, deaf, or blind residents of such changes. (II)

**58.39(8)** Each resident or responsible party shall be fully informed in a contract as required in rule 481—58.13(135C), prior to or at the time of admission and during the resident's stay, of services available in the facility, and of related charges including any charges for services not covered under the Title XIX program or not covered by the facility's basic per diem rate. (II)

**58.39(9)** Each resident or responsible party shall be fully informed by a physician of the resident's health and medical condition unless medically contraindicated (as documented by a physician in the resident's record). Each resident shall be afforded the opportunity to participate in the planning of the resident's total care and medical treatment, which may include, but is not limited to, nursing care, nutritional care, rehabilitation, restorative therapies, activities, and social work services. Each resident only participates in experimental research conducted under the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' protection from research risks policy and then only upon the resident's informed written consent. Each resident has the right to refuse treatment except as provided by Iowa Code chapter 229. In the case of a confused or intellectually disabled individual, the responsible party shall be informed by the physician of the resident's medical condition and be afforded the opportunity to participate in the planning of the resident's total care and medical treatment, to be informed of the medical condition, and to refuse to participate in experimental research. (II)

*a.* The requirement that residents shall be informed of their conditions, involved in the planning of their care, and advised of any significant changes in either shall be communicated to every physician responsible for the medical care of residents in the facility. (II)

*b.* The administrator or designee shall be responsible for working with attending physicians in the implementation of this requirement. (II)

*c.* If the physician determines or in the case of a confused or intellectually disabled resident the responsible party determines that informing the resident of the resident's condition is contraindicated, this decision and reasons for it shall be documented in the resident's record by the physician. (II)

*d.* The resident's plan of care shall be based on the physician's orders. It shall be developed upon admission by appropriate facility staff and shall include participation by the resident if capable. Residents shall be advised of alternative courses of care and treatment and their consequences when such alternatives are available. The resident's preference about alternatives shall be elicited and honored if feasible.

*e.* Any clinical investigation involving residents must be under the sponsorship of an institution with a human subjects review board functioning in accordance with the requirements of Public Law 93-348, as implemented by Part 46 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended to December 1, 1981 (45 CFR 46). A resident being considered for participation in experimental research must be fully informed of the nature of the experiment, e.g., medication, treatment, and understand the

possible consequences of participating or not participating. The resident's (or responsible party's) written informed consent must be received prior to participation. (II)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.23(2).  
[ARC 0766C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—58.40(135C) Involuntary discharge or transfer.**

**58.40(1) *Involuntary discharge or transfer permitted.*** A facility may involuntarily discharge or transfer a resident for only one of the following reasons:

- a. Medical reasons;
- b. The resident's welfare or that of other residents;
- c. Nonpayment for the resident's stay, as described in the contract for the resident's stay;
- d. Due to action pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 229;
- e. By reason of negative action by the Iowa department of human services; or
- f. By reason of negative action by the quality improvement organization (QIO). (I, II, III)

**58.40(2) *Medical reasons.*** Medical reasons for transfer or discharge shall be based on the resident's needs and shall be determined and documented in the resident's record by the primary care provider. Transfer or discharge may be required in order to provide a different level of care to the resident. (II)

**58.40(3) *Welfare of a resident.*** Welfare of a resident or that of other residents refers to a resident's social, emotional, or physical well-being. A resident may be transferred or discharged because the resident's behavior poses a continuing threat to the resident (e.g., suicidal) or to the well-being of other residents or staff (e.g., the resident's behavior is incompatible with other residents' needs and rights). Written documentation that the resident's continued presence in the facility would adversely affect the resident's own welfare or that of other residents shall be made by the administrator or designee and shall include specific information to support this determination. (II)

**58.40(4) *Involuntary discharge or transfer prohibited—payment source.*** A resident shall not be transferred or discharged solely because the cost of the resident's care is being paid under Iowa Code chapter 249A or because the resident's source of payment is changing from private support to payment under Iowa Code chapter 249A. (I, II)

**58.40(5) *Notice.*** Involuntary transfer or discharge of a resident from a facility shall be preceded by a written notice to the resident and the responsible party. (II, III)

- a. The notice shall contain all of the following information:
  - (1) The stated reason for the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)
  - (2) The effective date of the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)
  - (3) A statement, in not less than 12-point type, that reads as follows:

You have a right to appeal the facility's decision to transfer or discharge you. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing, in writing or verbally, with the Iowa department of inspections and appeals (hereinafter referred to as "department") within 7 days after receiving this notice. You have a right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney or any other individual of your choice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after the department's receipt of your request and you will not be transferred before a final decision is rendered. Extension of the 14-day requirement may be permitted in emergency circumstances upon request to the department's designee. If you lose the hearing, you will not be transferred before the expiration of either (1) 30 days following your receipt of the original notice of the discharge or transfer, or (2) 5 days following final decision of such hearing, including the exhaustion of all appeals, whichever occurs later. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115, or write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. (II)

- b. The notice shall be personally delivered to the resident and a copy placed in the resident's record. A copy shall also be transmitted to the department; the resident's responsible party; the resident's primary care provider; the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and

care in the facility; and the department on aging's office of the long-term care ombudsman. The notice shall indicate that copies have been transmitted to the required parties by using the abbreviation "cc:" and listing the names of all parties to whom copies were sent.

c. The notice required by paragraph 58.40(5) "a" shall be provided at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer or discharge unless one of the following occurs:

(1) An emergency transfer or discharge is mandated by the resident's health care needs and is in accordance with the written orders and medical justification of the primary care provider. Emergency transfers or discharges may also be mandated in order to protect the health, safety, or well-being of other residents and staff from the resident being transferred. (II)

(2) The transfer or discharge is subsequently agreed to by the resident or the resident's responsible party, and notification is given to the responsible party, the resident's primary care provider, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility.

(3) The discharge or transfer is the result of a final, nonappealable decision by the department of human services or the QIO.

d. A hearing requested pursuant to this subrule shall be held in accordance with subrule 58.40(7).

**58.40(6) *Emergency transfer or discharge.*** In the case of an emergency transfer or discharge, the resident must be given a written notice prior to or within 48 hours following the transfer or discharge. (II, III)

a. A copy of this notice shall be placed in the resident's file. The notice shall contain all of the following information:

- (1) The stated reason for the transfer or discharge. (II)
- (2) The effective date of the transfer or discharge. (II)
- (3) A statement, in not less than 12-point type, that reads as follows:

You have a right to appeal the facility's decision to transfer or discharge you on an emergency basis. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing, in writing or verbally, with the Iowa department of inspections and appeals (hereinafter referred to as "department") within 7 days after receiving this notice. You have a right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney or any other individual of your choice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after the department's receipt of your request. You may be transferred or discharged before the hearing is held or before a final decision is rendered. If you win the hearing, you have the right to be transferred back into the facility. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115, or write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. (II)

b. The notice shall be personally delivered to the resident and a copy placed in the resident's record. A copy shall also be transmitted to the department; the resident's responsible party; the resident's primary care provider; the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility; and the department on aging's office of the long-term care ombudsman. The notice shall indicate that copies have been transmitted to the required parties by using the abbreviation "cc:" and listing the names of all parties to whom copies were sent.

c. A hearing requested pursuant to this subrule shall be held in accordance with subrule 58.40(7).

**58.40(7) *Hearing.***

a. Request for hearing.

- (1) The resident must request a hearing within 7 days of receipt of the written notice.
- (2) The request must be made to the department, either in writing or verbally.

b. The hearing shall be held no later than 14 days after the department's receipt of the request unless either party requests an extension due to emergency circumstances.

c. Except in the case of an emergency discharge or transfer, a request for a hearing shall stay a transfer or discharge pending a final decision, including the exhaustion of all appeals. (II)

d. The hearing shall be heard by a department of inspections and appeals administrative law judge pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A and 481—Chapter 10. The hearing shall be public unless the resident

or resident's legal representative requests in writing that the hearing be closed. In a determination as to whether a transfer or discharge is authorized, the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence rests on the party requesting the transfer or discharge.

*e.* Notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing shall be sent by certified mail or delivered in person to the facility, the resident, the responsible party, and the office of the long-term care ombudsman not later than 5 full business days after the department's receipt of the request. The notice shall also inform the facility and the resident or the responsible party that they have a right to appear at the hearing in person or be represented by an attorney or other individual. The appeal shall be dismissed if neither party is present or represented at the hearing. If only one party appears or is represented, the hearing shall proceed with one party present. The office of the long-term care ombudsman shall have the right to appear at the hearing.

*f.* The administrative law judge's written decision shall be mailed by certified mail to the facility, resident, responsible party, and the office of the long-term care ombudsman within 10 working days after the hearing has been concluded.

*g.* If the basis for an involuntary transfer or discharge is the result of a negative action by the Iowa department of human services or the QIO, an appeal shall be filed with those agencies as appropriate. Continued payment shall be consistent with rules of those agencies.

**58.40(8) *Nonpayment.*** If nonpayment is the basis for involuntary transfer or discharge, the resident shall have the right to make full payment up to the date that the discharge or transfer is to be made and then shall have the right to remain in the facility. (II)

**58.40(9) *Discussion of involuntary transfer or discharge.*** Within 48 hours after notice of involuntary transfer or discharge has been received by the resident, the facility shall discuss the involuntary transfer or discharge with the resident, the resident's responsible party, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. (II)

*a.* The facility administrator or other appropriate facility representative serving as the administrator's designee shall provide an explanation and discussion of the reasons for the resident's involuntary transfer or discharge. (II)

*b.* The content of the explanation and discussion shall be summarized in writing, shall include the names of the individuals involved in the discussion, and shall be made part of the resident's record. (II)

*c.* The provisions of this subrule do not apply if the involuntary transfer or discharge has already occurred pursuant to subrule 58.40(6) and emergency notice is provided within 48 hours.

**58.40(10) *Transfer or discharge planning.***

*a.* The facility shall develop a plan to provide for the orderly and safe transfer or discharge of each resident to be transferred or discharged. (II)

*b.* To minimize the possible adverse effects of the involuntary transfer, the resident shall receive counseling services by the sending facility before the involuntary transfer and by the receiving facility after the involuntary transfer. Counseling shall be documented in the resident's record. (II)

*c.* The counseling requirement in paragraph 58.40(10) "b" does not apply if the discharge has already occurred pursuant to subrule 58.40(6) and emergency notice is provided within 48 hours.

*d.* Counseling, if required, shall be provided by a licensed mental health professional as defined in Iowa Code section 228.1(6). (II)

*e.* The health care facility that receives a resident who has been involuntarily transferred shall immediately formulate and implement a plan of care which takes into account possible adverse effects the transfer may cause. (II)

**58.40(11) *Transfer upon revocation of license or voluntary closure.*** Residents shall not have the right to a hearing to contest an involuntary discharge or transfer resulting from the revocation of the facility's license by the department of inspections and appeals. In the case of the voluntary closure of a facility, a period of 30 days must be allowed for an orderly transfer of residents to other facilities.

**58.40(12) *Intrafacility transfer.***

*a.* Residents shall not be arbitrarily relocated from room to room within a licensed health care facility. (I, II) Involuntary relocation may occur only in the following situations, which shall be documented in the resident's record: (II)

- (1) Resident's incompatibility with or disturbance to other roommates.
- (2) For the welfare of the resident or other residents of the facility.
- (3) For medical, nursing or psychosocial reasons, as judged by the primary care provider, nurse or social worker in the case of a facility which groups residents by medical, nursing or psychosocial needs.
- (4) To allow a new admission to the facility that would otherwise not be possible due to separation of roommates by sex.
- (5) In the case of a resident whose source of payment was previously private, but who now is eligible for Title XIX (Medicaid) assistance, the resident may be transferred from a private room to a semiprivate room or from one semiprivate room to another.
- (6) Reasonable and necessary administrative decisions regarding the use and functioning of the building.
  - b.* Unreasonable and unjustified reasons for changing a resident's room without the concurrence of the resident or responsible party include:
    - (1) Change from private pay status to Title XIX, except as outlined in subparagraph 58.40(12) "a"(5). (II)
    - (2) As punishment or behavior modification, except as specified in subparagraph 58.40(12) "a"(1). (II)
    - (3) Discrimination on the basis of race or religion. (II)
  - c.* If intrafacility relocation is necessary for reasons outlined in paragraph 58.40(12) "a," the resident shall be notified at least 48 hours prior to the transfer and the reason therefor shall be explained. The responsible party shall be notified as soon as possible. The notification shall be documented in the resident's record and signed by the resident or responsible party. (II)
  - d.* If emergency relocation is required in order to protect the safety or health of the resident or other residents, the notification requirements may be waived. The conditions of the emergency shall be documented. The family or responsible party shall be notified immediately or as soon as possible of the condition that necessitates emergency relocation, and such notification shall be documented. (II)
  - e.* A transfer to a part of a facility that has a different license must be handled the same way as a transfer to another facility and not as an intrafacility transfer. (II, III)

[ARC 1752C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—58.41(135C) Residents' rights.** Each resident shall be encouraged and assisted throughout the resident's period of stay, to exercise rights as a resident and as a citizen and may voice grievances and recommend changes in policies and services to administrative staff or to outside representatives of the resident's choice, free from interference, coercion, discrimination, or reprisal. (II)

**58.41(1)** The facility shall provide ongoing opportunities for residents to be aware of and to exercise their rights as residents. Residents shall be kept informed of issues or pending decisions of the facility that affect them and their views shall be solicited prior to action. (II)

**58.41(2)** The facility shall implement a written procedure for registering and resolving grievances and recommendations by residents or their responsible party. The procedure shall ensure protection of the resident from any form of reprisal or intimidation. The written procedure shall include:

- a.* Designation of an employee responsible for handling grievances and recommendations. (II)
- b.* A method of investigating and assessing the validity of a grievance or recommendation. (II)
- c.* Methods of resolving grievances. (II)
- d.* Methods of recording grievances and actions taken. (II)

**58.41(3)** The facility shall post in a prominent area the name, telephone number, and address of the ombudsman, survey agency, local law enforcement agency, and certified volunteer long-term care ombudsman and the text of Iowa Code section 135C.46 to provide to residents a further course of redress. (II)

[ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14]

**481—58.42(135C) Financial affairs—management.** Each resident who has not been assigned a guardian or conservator by the court may manage the resident's own personal financial affairs, and

to the extent, under written authorization by the resident that the facility assists in management, the management shall be carried out in accordance with Iowa Code section 135C.24. (II)

**58.42(1)** The facility shall maintain a written account of all residents' funds received by or deposited with the facility. (II)

**58.42(2)** An employee shall be designated in writing to be responsible for resident accounts. (II)

**58.42(3)** The facility shall keep on deposit personal funds over which the resident has control in accordance with Iowa Code section 135C.24(2). Should the resident request these funds, they shall be given to the resident on request with receipts maintained by the facility and a copy to the resident. In the case of a confused or intellectually disabled resident, the resident's responsible party shall designate a method of disbursing the resident's funds. (II)

**58.42(4)** If the facility makes financial transactions on a resident's behalf, the resident must receive or acknowledge that the resident has seen an itemized accounting of disbursements and current balances at least quarterly. A copy of this statement shall be maintained in the resident's financial or business record. (II)

**58.42(5)** A resident's personal funds shall not be used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. (II)

**58.42(6)** A resident's personal funds shall be returned to the resident when the funds have been used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. The department may report findings that resident funds have been used without written consent to the audits division or the local law enforcement agency, as appropriate. (II)

[ARC 0766C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—58.43(135C) Resident abuse prohibited.** Each resident shall receive kind and considerate care at all times and shall be free from mental, physical, sexual, and verbal abuse, exploitation, neglect, and physical injury. Each resident shall be free from chemical and physical restraints except as follows: when authorized in writing by a physician for a specified period of time; when necessary in an emergency to protect the resident from injury to the resident or to others, in which case restraints may be authorized by designated professional personnel who promptly report the action taken to the physician; and in the case of an intellectually disabled individual when ordered in writing by a physician and authorized by a designated qualified intellectual disabilities professional for use during behavior modification sessions. Mechanical supports used in normative situations to achieve proper body position and balance shall not be considered to be a restraint. (II)

**58.43(1)** Mental abuse includes, but is not limited to, humiliation, harassment, and threats of punishment or deprivation. (II)

**58.43(2)** Physical abuse includes, but is not limited to, corporal punishment and the use of restraints as punishment. (II)

**58.43(3)** Drugs such as tranquilizers may not be used as chemical restraints to limit or control resident behavior for the convenience of staff. (II)

**58.43(4)** Physicians' orders are required to utilize all types of physical restraints and shall be renewed at least quarterly. (II) Physical restraints are defined as the following:

Type I—the equipment used to promote the safety of the individual but is not applied directly to their person. Examples: divided doors and totally enclosed cribs.

Type II—the application of a device to the body to promote safety of the individual. Examples: vest devices, soft-tie devices, hand socks, geriatric chairs.

Type III—the application of a device to any part of the body which will inhibit the movement of that part of the body only. Examples: wrist, ankle or leg restraints and waist straps.

**58.43(5)** Physical restraints are not to be used to limit resident mobility for the convenience of staff and must comply with life safety requirements. If a resident's behavior is such that it may result in injury to the resident or others and any form of physical restraint is utilized, it should be in conjunction with a treatment procedure(s) designed to modify the behavioral problems for which the resident is restrained, or as a last resort, after failure of attempted therapy. (I, II)

**58.43(6)** Each time a Type II or III restraint is used documentation on the nurse's progress record shall be made which includes type of restraint and reasons for the restraint and length of time resident was restrained. The documentation of the use of Type III restraint shall also include the time of position change. (II)

**58.43(7)** Each facility shall implement written policies and procedures governing the use of restraints which clearly delineate at least the following:

- a.* Physicians' orders shall indicate the specific reasons for the use of restraints. (II)
- b.* Their use is temporary and the resident will not be restrained for an indefinite amount of time. (I, II)
- c.* A qualified nurse shall make the decision for the use of a Type II or Type III restraint for which there shall be a physician's order. (II)
- d.* A resident placed in a Type II or III restraint shall be checked at least every 30 minutes by appropriately trained staff. No form of restraint shall be used or applied in such a manner as to cause injury or the potential for injury and provide a minimum of discomfort to resident restrained. (I, II)
- e.* Reorders are issued only after the attending physician reviews the resident's condition. (II)
- f.* Their use is not employed as punishment, for the convenience of the staff, or as a substitute for supervision or program. (I, II)
- g.* The opportunity for motion and exercise shall be provided for a period of not less than ten minutes during each two hours in which Type II and Type III restraints are employed, except when resident is sleeping. However, when resident awakens, this shall be provided. This shall be documented each time. A check sheet may serve this purpose. (I, II)
- h.* Locked restraints or leather restraints shall not be permitted except in life-threatening situations. Straight jackets and secluding residents behind locked doors shall not be employed. (I, II)
- i.* Nursing assessment of the resident's need for continued application of a Type III restraint shall be made every 12 hours and documented on the nurse's progress record. Documentation shall include the type of restraint, reason for the restraint and the circumstances. Nursing assessment of the resident's need for continued application of either a Type I or Type II restraint and nursing evaluation of the resident's physical and mental condition shall be made every 30 days and documented on the nurse's progress record. (II)
- j.* A divided door equipped with a securing device that may be readily opened by personnel shall be considered an appropriate means of temporarily confining a resident in the resident's room. (II)
- k.* Divided doors shall be of the type that when the upper half is closed the lower section shall close. (II)
- l.* Methods of restraint shall permit rapid removal of the resident in the event of fire or other emergency. (I, II)
- m.* The facility shall provide orientation and ongoing education programs in the proper use of restraints.

**58.43(8)** In the case of an intellectually disabled individual who participates in a behavior modification program involving use of restraints or aversive stimuli, the program shall be conducted only with the informed consent of the individual's parent or responsible party. Where restraints are employed, an individualized program shall be developed by the interdisciplinary team with specific methodologies for monitoring its progress. (II)

*a.* The resident's responsible party shall receive a written account of the proposed plan of the use of restraints or aversive stimuli and have an opportunity to discuss the proposal with a representative(s) of the treatment team. (II)

*b.* The responsible party must consent in writing prior to the use of the procedure. Consent may also be withdrawn in writing. (II)

**58.43(9)** Allegations of dependent adult abuse. Allegations of dependent adult abuse shall be reported and investigated pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 235E and 481—Chapter 52. (I, II, III)

**58.43(10)** and **58.43(11)** Rescinded IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.14, 235B.3(1), and 235B.3(11).  
[ARC 0766C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13; ARC 1204C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14]



**481—58.44(135C) Resident records.** Each resident shall be ensured confidential treatment of all information contained in the resident's records, including information contained in an automatic data bank. The resident's written consent shall be required for the release of information to persons not otherwise authorized under law to receive it. (II)

**58.44(1)** The facility shall limit access to any medical records to staff and consultants providing professional service to the resident. This is not meant to preclude access by representatives of state and federal regulatory agencies. (II)

**58.44(2)** Similar procedures shall safeguard the confidentiality of residents' personal records, e.g., financial records and social services records. Only those personnel concerned with the financial affairs of the residents may have access to the financial records. This is not meant to preclude access by representatives of state and federal regulatory agencies. (II)

**58.44(3)** The resident, or the resident's responsible party, shall be entitled to examine all information contained in the resident's record and shall have the right to secure full copies of the record at reasonable cost upon request, unless the physician determines the disclosure of the record or section thereof is contraindicated in which case this information will be deleted prior to making the record available to the resident or responsible party. This determination and the reasons for it must be documented in the resident's record. (II)

**481—58.45(135C) Dignity preserved.** The resident shall be treated with consideration, respect, and full recognition of dignity and individuality, including privacy in treatment and in care for personal needs. (II)

**58.45(1)** Staff shall display respect for residents when speaking with, caring for, or talking about them, as constant affirmation of their individuality and dignity as human beings. (II)

**58.45(2)** Schedules of daily activities shall allow maximum flexibility for residents to exercise choice about what they will do and when they will do it. Residents' individual preferences regarding such things as menus, clothing, religious activities, friendships, activity programs, entertainment, sleeping and eating, also times to retire at night and arise in the morning shall be elicited and considered by the facility. (II)

**58.45(3)** Residents shall be examined and treated in a manner that maintains the privacy of their bodies. A closed door or a drawn curtain shall shield the resident from passersby. People not involved in the care of the residents shall not be present without the resident's consent while the resident is being examined or treated. (II)

**58.45(4)** Privacy of a resident's body also shall be maintained during toileting, bathing, and other activities of personal hygiene, except as needed for resident safety or assistance. (II)

**58.45(5)** Staff shall knock and be acknowledged before entering a resident's room unless the resident is not capable of a response. This shall not apply in emergency conditions. (II)

**481—58.46(135C) Resident work.** No resident may be required to perform services for the facility, except as provided by Iowa Code sections 35D.14 and 347B.5. (II)

**58.46(1)** Residents may not be used to provide a source of labor for the facility against their will. Physician's approval is required for all work programs. (I, II)

**58.46(2)** If the plan of care requires activities for therapeutic or training reasons, the plan for these activities shall be professionally developed and implemented. Therapeutic or training goals must be clearly stated and measurable and the plan shall be time limited and reviewed at least quarterly. (II)

**58.46(3)** Residents who perform work for the facility must receive remuneration unless the work is part of their approved training program. Persons on the resident census performing work shall not be used to replace paid employees in fulfilling staffing requirements. (II)

**481—58.47(135C) Communications.** Each resident may communicate, associate, and meet privately with persons of the resident's choice, unless to do so would infringe upon the rights of other residents, and may send and receive personal mail unopened. (II)

**58.47(1)** Subject to reasonable scheduling restrictions, visiting policies and procedures shall permit residents to receive visits from anyone they wish. Visiting hours shall be posted. (II)

**58.47(2)** Reasonable, regular visiting hours shall not be less than 12 hours per day and shall take into consideration the special circumstances of each visitor. A particular visitor(s) may be restricted by the facility for one of the following reasons:

*a.* The resident refuses to see the visitor(s). (II)

*b.* The resident's physician documents specific reasons why such a visit would be harmful to the resident's health. (II)

*c.* The visitor's behavior is unreasonably disruptive to the functioning of the facility (this judgment must be made by the administrator and the reasons shall be documented and kept on file). (II)

**58.47(3)** Decisions to restrict a visitor are reviewed and reevaluated: each time the medical orders are reviewed by the physician; at least quarterly by the facility's staff; or at the resident's request. (II)

**58.47(4)** Space shall be provided for residents to receive visitors in reasonable comfort and privacy. (II)

**58.47(5)** Telephones consistent with ANSI standards (405.1134(c)) shall be available and accessible for residents to make and receive calls with privacy. Residents who need help shall be assisted in using the telephone. (II)

**58.47(6)** Arrangements shall be made to provide assistance to residents who require help in reading or sending mail. (II)

**58.47(7)** Residents shall be permitted to leave the facility and environs at reasonable times unless there are justifiable reasons established in writing by the attending physician, qualified intellectual disabilities professional or facility administrator for refusing permission. (II)

**58.47(8)** Residents shall not have their personal lives regulated beyond reasonable adherence to meal schedules, bedtime hours, and other written policies which may be necessary for the orderly management of the facility and as required by these rules. However, residents shall be encouraged to participate in recreational programs. (II)

[ARC 0766C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—58.48(135C) Resident activities.** Each resident may participate in activities of social, religious, and community groups at the resident's discretion unless contraindicated for reasons documented by the attending physician or qualified intellectual disabilities professional as appropriate in the resident's record. (II)

**58.48(1)** Residents who wish to meet with or participate in activities of social, religious, or other community groups in or outside of the facility shall be informed, encouraged, and assisted to do so. (II)

**58.48(2)** All residents shall have the freedom to refuse to participate in these activities. (II)

[ARC 0766C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—58.49(135C) Resident property.** Each resident may retain and use personal clothing and possessions as space permits and provided such use is not otherwise prohibited by these rules. (II)

**58.49(1)** Residents shall be permitted to keep reasonable amounts of personal clothing and possessions for their use while in the facility. The personal property shall be kept in a safe location which is convenient to the resident. (II)

**58.49(2)** Residents shall be advised, prior to or at the time of admission, of the kinds and amounts of clothing and possessions permitted for personal use, and whether the facility will accept responsibility for maintaining these items, e.g., cleaning and laundry. (II)

**58.49(3)** Any personal clothing or possessions retained by the facility for the resident during the resident's stay shall be identified and recorded on admission and a record placed on the resident's chart. The facility shall be responsible for secure storage of the items, and they shall be returned to the resident promptly upon request or upon discharge from the facility. (II)

**58.49(4)** A resident's personal property shall not be used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. (II)

**58.49(5)** A resident's personal property shall be returned to the resident when it has been used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. The department may report findings

that a resident's property has been used without written consent to the local law enforcement agency, as appropriate. (II)

**481—58.50(135C) Family visits.** Each resident, if married, shall be ensured privacy for visits by the resident's spouse; if both are residents in the facility, they shall be permitted to share a room if available. (II)

**58.50(1)** The facility shall provide for needed privacy in visits between spouses. (II)

**58.50(2)** Spouses who are residents in the same facility shall be permitted to share a room, if available, unless one of their attending physicians documents in the medical record those specific reasons why an arrangement would have an adverse effect on the health of the resident. (II)

**58.50(3)** Family members shall be permitted to share a room, if available, if requested by both parties, unless one of their attending physicians documents in the medical record those specific reasons why such an agreement would have an adverse effect on the health of the resident. (II)

**481—58.51(135C) Choice of physician and pharmacy.** Each resident shall be permitted free choice of a physician and a pharmacy, if accessible. The facility may require the pharmacy selected to utilize a drug distribution system compatible with the system currently used by the facility.

A facility shall not require the repackaging of medications dispensed by the Veterans Administration or an institution operated by the Veterans Administration for the purpose of making the drug distribution system compatible with the system used by the facility. (II)

**481—58.52(135C) Incompetent resident.**

**58.52(1)** Each facility shall provide that all rights and responsibilities of the resident devolve to the resident's responsible party when a resident is adjudicated incompetent in accordance with state law or, in the case of a resident who has not been adjudicated incompetent under the laws of the state, in accordance with 42 CFR 483.10. This subrule is not intended to limit the authority of any individual acting pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 144A. (II)

**58.52(2)** The fact that a resident has been adjudicated incompetent does not absolve the facility from advising the resident of these rights to the extent the resident is able to understand them. The facility shall also advise the responsible party, if any, and acquire a statement indicating an understanding of residents' rights. (II)

**481—58.53(135C) County care facilities.** In addition to Chapter 58 licensing rules, county care facilities licensed as nursing facilities must also comply with department of human services rules, 441—Chapter 37. Violation of any standard established by the department of human services is a Class II violation pursuant to 481—56.2(135C).

**481—58.54(73GA,ch 1016) Special unit or facility dedicated to the care of persons with chronic confusion or a dementing illness (CCDI unit or facility).**

**58.54(1)** A nursing facility which chooses to care for residents in a distinct part shall obtain a license for a CCDI unit or facility. In the case of a distinct part, this license will be in addition to its ICF license. The license shall state the number of beds in the unit or facility. (III)

*a.* Application for this category of care shall be submitted on a form provided by the department. (III)

*b.* Plans to modify the physical environment shall be submitted to the department. The plans shall be reviewed based on the requirements of 481—Chapter 61. (III)

**58.54(2)** A statement of philosophy shall be developed for each unit or facility which states the beliefs upon which decisions will be made regarding the CCDI unit or facility. Objectives shall be developed for each CCDI unit or facility as a whole. The objectives shall be stated in terms of expected results. (II, III)

**58.54(3)** A résumé of the program of care shall be submitted to the department for approval at least 60 days before a separate CCDI unit or facility is opened. A new résumé of the program of care shall be submitted when services are substantially changed. (II, III)

The résumé of the program of care shall:

- a. Describe the population to be served; (II, III)
- b. State philosophy and objectives; (II, III)
- c. List admission and discharge criteria; (II, III)
- d. Include a copy of the floor plan; (II, III)
- e. List the titles of policies and procedures developed for the unit or facility; (II, III)
- f. Propose a staffing pattern; (II, III)
- g. Set out a plan for specialized staff training; (II, III)
- h. State visitor, volunteer, and safety policies; (II, III)
- i. Describe programs for activities, social services and families; (II, III) and
- j. Describe the interdisciplinary care planning team. (II, III)

**58.54(4)** Separate written policies and procedures shall be implemented in each CCDI unit or facility.

There shall be:

a. Admission and discharge policies and procedures which state the criteria to be used to admit residents and the evaluation process which will be used. These policies shall require a statement from the attending physician agreeing to the placement before a resident can be moved into a CCDI unit or facility. (II, III)

b. Safety policies and procedures which state the actions to be taken by staff in the event of a fire, natural disaster, emergency medical or catastrophic event. Safety procedures shall also explain steps to be taken when a resident is discovered to be missing from the unit or facility and when hazardous cleaning materials or potentially dangerous mechanical equipment is being used in the unit or facility. The facility shall identify its method for security of the unit or facility and the manner in which the effectiveness of the security system will be monitored. (II, III)

c. Program and service policies and procedures which explain programs and services offered in the unit or facility including the rationale. (III)

d. Policies and procedures concerning staff which state minimum numbers, types and qualifications of staff in the unit or facility. (II, III)

e. Policies about visiting which suggest times and ensure the residents' rights to free access to visitors. (II, III)

f. Quality assurance policies and procedures which list the process and criteria which will be used to monitor and to respond to risks specific to the residents. This shall include, but not be limited to, drug use, restraint use, infections, incidents and acute behavioral events. (II, III)

**58.54(5)** Preadmission assessment of physical, mental, social and behavioral status shall be completed to determine whether the applicant meets admission criteria. This assessment shall be completed by a registered nurse and a staff social worker or social work consultant and shall become part of the permanent record upon admission of the resident. (II, III)

**58.54(6)** All staff working in a CCDI unit or facility shall have training appropriate to the needs of the residents. (II, III)

a. Upon assignment to the unit or facility, everyone working in the unit or facility shall be oriented to the needs of people with chronic confusion or dementing illnesses. They shall have special training appropriate to their job description within 30 days of assignment to the unit or facility. (II, III) The orientation shall be at least six hours. The following topics shall be covered:

- (1) Explanation of the disease or disorder; (II, III)
- (2) Symptoms and behaviors of memory-impaired people; (II, III)
- (3) Progression of the disease; (II, III)
- (4) Communication with CCDI residents; (II, III)
- (5) Adjustment to care facility residency by the CCDI unit or facility residents and their families; (II, III)
- (6) Inappropriate and problem behavior of CCDI unit or facility residents and how to deal with it; (II, III)
- (7) Activities of daily living for CCDI residents; (II, III)
- (8) Handling combative behavior; (II, III) and

(9) Stress reduction for staff and residents. (II, III)

*b.* Licensed nurses, certified aides, certified medication aides, social services personnel, housekeeping and activity personnel shall have a minimum of six hours of in-service training annually. This training shall be related to the needs of CCDI residents. The six-hour training shall count toward the required annual in-service training. (II, III)

**58.54(7)** There shall be at least one nursing staff person on a CCDI unit at all times. (I, II, III)

**58.54(8)** The CCDI unit or facility license may be revoked, suspended or denied pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 135C and Iowa Administrative Code 481—Chapter 50.

This rule is intended to implement 1990 Iowa Acts, chapter 1016.

**481—58.55(135C) Another business or activity in a facility.** A facility is allowed to have another business or activity in a health care facility or in the physical structure of the facility, if the other business or activity meets the requirements of applicable state and federal laws, administrative rules, and federal regulations.

To obtain the approval of the department and the state fire marshal, the facility must submit to the department a written request for approval which identifies the service(s) to be offered by the business and addresses the factors outlined in paragraphs “*a*” through “*f*” of subrule 58.55(1). (I, II, III)

**58.55(1)** The following factors will be considered by the department in determining whether a business or activity will interfere with the use of the facility by residents, interfere with services provided to residents, or be disturbing to residents:

- a.* Health and safety risks for residents;
- b.* Noise created by the proposed business or activity;
- c.* Odors created by the proposed business or activity;
- d.* Use of the facility’s corridors or rooms as thoroughfares to the business or activity in regard to safety and disturbance of residents and interference with delivery of services;
- e.* Proposed staffing for the business or activity; and
- f.* Sharing of services and staff between the proposed business or activity and the facility.

**58.55(2)** Approval of the state fire marshal shall be obtained before approval of the department will be considered.

**58.55(3)** A business or activity conducted in a health care facility or in the same physical structure as a health care facility shall not reduce space, services or staff available to residents below minimums required in these rules and 481—Chapter 61. (I, II, III)

**481—58.56(135C) Respite care services.** Respite care services means an organized program of temporary supportive care provided for 24 hours or more to a person in order to relieve the usual caregiver of the person from providing continual care to the person. A nursing facility which chooses to provide respite care services must meet the following requirements related to respite services and must be licensed as a nursing facility.

**58.56(1)** A nursing facility certified as a Medicaid nursing facility or Medicare skilled nursing facility must meet all Medicaid and Medicare requirements including CFR 483.12, admission, transfer and discharge rights.

**58.56(2)** A nursing facility which chooses to provide respite care services is not required to obtain a separate license or pay a license fee.

**58.56(3)** Rule 481—58.40(135C) regarding involuntary discharge or transfer rights, does not apply to residents who are being cared for under a respite care contract.

**58.56(4)** Pursuant to rule 481—58.13(135C), the facility shall have a contract with each resident in the facility. When the resident is there for respite care services, the contract shall specify the time period during which the resident will be considered to be receiving respite care services. At the end of that period, the contract may be amended to extend that period of time. The contract shall specifically state the resident may be involuntarily discharged while being considered as a respite care resident. The contract shall meet other requirements under 481—58.13(135C), except the requirements under subrule 58.13(7).

**58.56(5)** Respite care services shall not be provided by a health care facility to persons requiring a level of care which is higher than the level of care the facility is licensed to provide.

**481—58.57(135C) Training of inspectors.**

**58.57(1)** Subject to the availability of funding, all nursing facility inspectors shall receive 12 hours of annual continuing education in gerontology, wound care, dementia, falls, or a combination of these subjects.

**58.57(2)** An inspector shall not be personally liable for financing the training required under subrule 58.57(1).

**58.57(3)** The department shall consult with the collective bargaining representative of the inspector in regard to the training required under this rule.

[ARC 8433B, IAB 12/30/09, effective 2/3/10]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.202, 10A.402, 135C.6(1), 135C.14, 135C.25, 135C.32, 135C.36 and 227.4 and 1990 Iowa Acts, chapter 1016.

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<sup>◇</sup> Two or more ARCs

<sup>1</sup> Effective date of 470—58.15(2)“c” delayed 70 days by the Administrative Rules Review Committee, IAB 2/26/86.  
 Effective date of 470—58.15(2)“c” delayed until the expiration of 45 calendar days into the 1987 session of the General Assembly pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.8(9), IAB 6/4/86.

<sup>2</sup> See IAB, Inspections and Appeals Department.

## OBJECTION

At its February 13 meeting the Administrative Rules Review Committee voted the following objection: [Subrules 57.23(2)“b,” 58.26(2)“b,” 59.31(2)“b,” 63.21(3)“b,” published IAB 12/13/78]

The committee objects to the amendments to 470\* IAC 57.23(2)“b,” 58.26(2)“b,” 59.31(2)“b” and 63.21(3)“b,” which strike the phrase “Twenty-five percent of the staffing may be provided by qualified volunteers. The time shall be spent in working with the organized program activity.”, on the grounds these provisions are unreasonable. It is the understanding of the committee these deletions in effect require facilities to employ a person to coordinate recreation activities. It is the feeling of the committee this would result in higher per bed costs without demonstrably improving the services rendered to the patient. Volunteers have always played a major role in health care institutions, and no evidence has been submitted indicating a decline in that role or in public interest in donating time and energy.

These amendments appear in the 12-13-78 IAB, and have been filed under the emergency provisions of chapter 17A, 1979 Code.

\*Chapter 57 transferred to Inspections and Appeals[481], IAC 7/15/87.



CHAPTER 59  
TUBERCULOSIS (TB) SCREENING

**481—59.1(135B,135C) Purpose.** The intent of this chapter is to outline requirements and procedures to conduct tuberculosis screening for health care workers in health care facilities and hospitals and for residents of health care facilities regulated by the department.

[ARC 0484C, IAB 12/12/12, effective 1/16/13; see Delay note at end of chapter]

**481—59.2(135B,135C) Definitions.** For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions apply:

*“Bacille Calmette-Guérin (BCG) vaccination”* means a vaccine for TB. BCG is used in many countries with a high prevalence of TB to prevent childhood tuberculosis meningitis and military disease. BCG is not generally recommended for use in the United States because of the low risk of infection with *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, the variable effectiveness of the vaccine against adult pulmonary TB, and the vaccine’s potential interference with tuberculin skin test reactivity.

*“Baseline TB screening”* means the screening of health care workers (HCWs) of health care facilities or hospitals and residents of health care facilities for latent tuberculosis infection (LTBI) and TB disease at the beginning of employment in a facility or hospital, or upon admission to a facility. Baseline TB screening includes a symptom screen for all HCWs and residents, and tuberculin skin tests (TSTs) or interferon-gamma release assay (IGRA) for *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* for those persons with previous negative test results for *M. tuberculosis* infection.

*“Baseline TST”* or *“baseline IGRA”* means the TST or IGRA, respectively, that is administered at the beginning of employment to newly hired HCWs or upon admission to residents of health care facilities.

*“Boosting”* means a phenomenon in which a person has a negative TST (i.e., false-negative) result years after infection with *M. tuberculosis* and then a positive subsequent TST result. The positive TST result is caused by a boosted immune response of previous sensitivity rather than by a new infection (false-positive TST conversion). Two-step testing reduces the likelihood of mistaking a boosted reaction for a new infection.

*“Department”* means the department of inspections and appeals.

*“Employment”* or *“employed”* means hired or retained for paid or unpaid work in a facility or hospital.

*“Extrapulmonary TB”* means TB disease in any part of the body other than the lungs (e.g., kidney, spine, or lymph nodes).

*“Health care facility”* or *“facility”* means a health care facility as defined in Iowa Code section 135C.1 or a long-term care service of a hospital as defined in rule 481—51.38(135B).

*“Health care worker”* or *“HCW”* means any paid or unpaid person working in a health care facility or hospital, including any person who is paid either by the health care facility or hospital, or paid by any other entity (i.e., temporary agency, private duty, Medicaid/Medicare or independent contractors), or any volunteer who volunteers in a health care facility or hospital on a consistent and regularly scheduled basis for five or more hours per week. Specifically excluded from the definition of “health care worker” are individuals such as visitors, building contractors, repair workers or others who are in the facility or hospital for a very limited purpose and are not in the facility or hospital on a regular basis.

*“Hospital”* means a hospital as defined in Iowa Code section 135B.1.

*“Interferon-gamma release assay”* or *“IGRA”* means whole-blood tests that can aid in diagnosing *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

*“Laryngeal TB”* means a form of TB disease that involves the larynx and may be highly infectious.

*“Latent TB infection”* or *“LTBI”* means infection with *M. tuberculosis* without symptoms or signs of disease having manifested.

*“Mantoux method”* means a skin test performed by intradermally injecting 0.1 mL of purified protein derivative (PPD) tuberculin solution into the volar or dorsal surface of the forearm.

*“Patient”* means a person admitted to a hospital.

“*Pulmonary TB*” means TB disease that occurs in the lung parenchyma, usually producing a cough that lasts greater than three weeks. Pulmonary TB is usually infectious.

“*Purified protein derivative (PPD) tuberculin*” means a material used in diagnostic tests for detecting infection with *M. tuberculosis*.

“*Resident*” means a person admitted to a health care facility or a long-term care service of a hospital as defined in rule 481—51.38(135B). For purposes of this chapter, “resident” does not include a patient admitted to a hospital.

“*Risk classification*” means the category the infection control team, or designated other staff, determines is appropriate for the facility or hospital as a result of the TB risk assessment.

“*Serial screening*” refers to TB screening performed at regular intervals following baseline TB screening. Serial TB screening, also called annual or ongoing TB testing, consists of two components: (1) assessing for current symptoms of active TB disease, and (2) testing for the presence of infection with *M. tuberculosis* by administering either a TST or single IGRA.

“*Symptom screen*” means a procedure used during a clinical evaluation in which persons are asked if they have experienced any departure from normal in function, appearance, or sensation related to TB disease (e.g., cough).

“*TB patient*” means a person who had undiagnosed infectious pulmonary or laryngeal TB while in a health care facility or hospital during the preceding year. “TB patient” does not include persons with LTBI (treated or untreated), extrapulmonary TB disease, pulmonary, or laryngeal TB that have met criteria for noninfectiousness.

“*TB risk assessment*” means an initial and ongoing evaluation of the risk for transmission of *M. tuberculosis* in a particular health care setting.

“*TB screening*” means an administrative control measure in which evaluation for LTBI and TB disease is performed through baseline and serial screening of HCWs in hospitals and health care facilities and residents of health care facilities.

“*TB screening plan*” means a plan that health care facilities and hospitals develop and implement that comprises four major components: (1) baseline testing for *M. tuberculosis* infection, (2) serial testing for *M. tuberculosis* infection, (3) serial screening for signs or symptoms of TB disease, and (4) TB training and education.

“*Treatment for LTBI*” means treatment that prevents the progression of *M. tuberculosis* infection into TB disease.

“*Tuberculin skin test*” or “*TST*” means a diagnostic aid for finding *M. tuberculosis* infection. The Mantoux method is the recommended method to be used for TST.

“*Tuberculosis*” or “*TB*” means the namesake member organism of *M. tuberculosis* complex and the most common causative infectious agent of TB disease in humans. In certain instances, the species name refers to the entire *M. tuberculosis* complex, which includes *M. bovis* and *M. african*, *M. microti*, *M. canetti*, *M. caprae*, and *M. pinnipedii*.

“*Tuberculosis disease*” or “*TB disease*” means a condition caused by infection with a member of the *M. tuberculosis* complex that has progressed to causing clinical (manifesting symptoms or signs) or subclinical (early stage of disease in which signs or symptoms are not present, but other indications of disease activity are present) illness.

“*Two-step tuberculin skin test*” or “*two-step TST*” means the procedure used for the baseline skin testing of persons who will receive serial TSTs to reduce the likelihood of mistaking a boosted reaction for a new infection.

[ARC 0484C, IAB 12/12/12, effective 1/16/13; see Delay note at end of chapter; ARC 0674C, IAB 4/3/13, effective 3/26/13; ARC 0761C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

#### **481—59.3(135B,135C) TB risk assessment.**

**59.3(1)** Annually, a health care facility or hospital shall conduct a TB risk assessment to evaluate the risk for transmission of *M. tuberculosis*, regardless of whether a person with suspected or confirmed TB disease is expected to be encountered in the facility or hospital. The TB risk assessment shall be utilized to determine the types of administrative, environmental, and respiratory protection controls needed and

serves as an ongoing evaluation tool of the quality of TB infection control and for the identification of needed improvements in infection control measures.

**59.3(2)** The TB risk assessment shall include:

- a. The community rate of TB,
- b. The number of persons with infectious TB encountered in the facility or hospital, and
- c. The speed with which persons with infectious TB disease are suspected, isolated, and evaluated to determine if persons with infectious TB exposed staff or others in the facility or hospital. TB cases include persons who had undiagnosed infectious pulmonary or laryngeal TB while in the facility or hospital during the preceding year. This does not include persons with LTBI (treated or untreated), persons with extrapulmonary TB disease, or persons with pulmonary and laryngeal TB that have met criteria for noninfectiousness.

[ARC 0484C, IAB 12/12/12, effective 1/16/13; see Delay note at end of chapter]

**481—59.4(135B,135C) Health care facility or hospital risk classification.** The infection control team or designated staff in a health care facility or hospital is responsible for determining the type of risk classification. The facility or hospital risk classification is used to determine frequency of TB screening. The facility or hospital risk classification may change due to an increase or decrease in the number of TB cases during the preceding year. The following criteria are consistent with those of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), TB Elimination Division, as outlined in the MMWR December 30, 2005/Vol.54/No.RR-17, “Guidelines for Preventing the Transmission of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* in Health-Care Settings, 2005.”

**59.4(1)** *Types of risk classifications.*

- a. “Low risk” means that a facility or hospital is one in which persons with active TB disease are not expected to be encountered and in which exposure to TB is unlikely.
- b. “Medium risk” means that a facility or hospital is one in which health care workers will or might be exposed to persons with active TB disease or to clinical specimens that might contain *M. tuberculosis*.
- c. “Potential ongoing transmission” means that a facility or hospital is one in which there is evidence of person-to-person transmission of *M. tuberculosis*. This classification is a temporary classification. If it is determined that this classification applies to a facility or hospital, the facility or hospital shall consult with the department of public health’s TB control program.

**59.4(2)** *Classification criteria—low risk.*

- a. Inpatient settings with 200 beds or more: If a facility or hospital has fewer than six TB patients for the preceding year, the facility or hospital shall be classified as low risk.
- b. Inpatient settings with fewer than 200 beds: If a facility or hospital has fewer than three TB patients for the preceding year, the facility or hospital shall be classified as low risk.

**59.4(3)** *Classification criteria—medium risk.*

- a. Inpatient settings with 200 beds or more: If a facility or hospital has six or more TB patients for the preceding year, the facility or hospital shall be classified as medium risk.
- b. Inpatient settings with fewer than 200 beds: If a facility or hospital has three or more TB patients for the preceding year, the facility or hospital shall be classified as medium risk.

**59.4(4)** *Classification criteria—potential ongoing transmission.* If evidence of ongoing *M. tuberculosis* transmission exists at a facility or hospital, the facility or hospital shall be classified as potential ongoing transmission, regardless of the facility’s or hospital’s previous classification.

[ARC 0484C, IAB 12/12/12, effective 1/16/13; see Delay note at end of chapter]

**481—59.5(135B,135C) Baseline TB screening procedures for health care facilities and hospitals.**

**59.5(1)** All HCWs shall receive baseline TB screening upon hire. Baseline TB screening consists of two components: (1) assessing for current symptoms of active TB disease and (2) using a two-step TST or a single IGRA to test for infection with *M. tuberculosis*.

**59.5(2)** An HCW may begin working with patients or residents after a negative TB symptom screen (i.e., no symptoms of active TB disease) and a negative TST (i.e., first step) or negative IGRA. The second TST may be performed after the HCW starts working with patients or residents.

**59.5(3)** An HCW with a new positive test result for *M. tuberculosis* infection (i.e., TST or IGRA) shall receive one chest radiograph result to exclude TB disease. Repeat radiographs are not needed unless symptoms or signs of TB disease develop or unless recommended by a clinician. Treatment for LTBI should be considered in accordance with CDC guidelines.

**59.5(4)** An HCW with documentation of past positive test results (i.e., TST or IGRA) and documentation of the results of a chest radiograph indicating no active disease, dated after the date of the positive TST or IGRA test result, does not need another chest radiograph at the time of hire.

**59.5(5)** TB, TST or IGRA tests for *M. tuberculosis* infection do not need to be performed for HCWs with a documented history of TB disease, documented previously positive test result for *M. tuberculosis* infection, or documented completion of treatment for LTBI or TB disease. Documentation of a previously positive test result for *M. tuberculosis* infection can be substituted for a baseline test result if the documentation includes a recorded TST result in millimeters or IGRA result, including the concentration of cytokine measured (e.g., interferon-gamma (IFN-g)). All other HCWs should undergo baseline testing for *M. tuberculosis* infection to ensure that the test result on record in the setting has been performed and measured using the recommended diagnostic procedures.

**59.5(6)** A second TST is not needed if the HCW has a documented TST result from any time during the previous 12 months. If a newly employed HCW has had a documented negative TST result within the previous 12 months, a single TST can be administered in the new setting. This additional TST represents the second stage of two-step testing. The second test decreases the possibility that boosting on later testing will lead to incorrect suspicion of transmission of *M. tuberculosis* in the setting.

**59.5(7)** Previous BCG vaccination is not a contraindication to having an IGRA, a TST or two-step skin testing administered. HCWs with previous BCG vaccination should receive baseline and serial testing in the same manner as those without BCG vaccination. Evaluation of TST reactions in persons vaccinated with BCG should be interpreted using the same criteria for those not BCG-vaccinated. An HCW's history of BCG vaccination should be disregarded when administering and interpreting TST results. Prior BCG vaccination does not cause a false-positive IGRA test result.

[ARC 0484C, IAB 12/12/12, effective 1/16/13; see Delay note at end of chapter]

#### **481—59.6(135B,135C) Serial TB screening procedures for health care facilities and hospitals.**

**59.6(1)** *Health care facilities or hospitals classified as low risk.* After baseline testing of HCWs for infection with *M. tuberculosis*, additional TB screening of HCWs is not necessary unless an exposure to *M. tuberculosis* occurs.

**59.6(2)** *Health care facilities or hospitals classified as medium risk.*

a. After undergoing baseline testing for infection with *M. tuberculosis*, HCWs should receive TB screening annually (i.e., symptom screen for all HCWs and testing for infection with *M. tuberculosis* for HCWs with baseline negative test results).

b. HCWs with a baseline positive or new positive test result for *M. tuberculosis* infection or documentation of previous treatment for LTBI or TB disease shall receive one chest radiograph result to exclude TB disease. Instead of participating in serial testing, HCWs should receive a symptom screen annually. This screen should be accomplished by educating HCWs about symptoms of TB disease and instructing HCWs to report any such symptoms immediately to the occupational health unit. Treatment for LTBI should be considered in accordance with CDC guidelines.

**59.6(3)** *Health care facilities or hospitals classified as potential ongoing transmission.* Testing for infection with *M. tuberculosis* may need to be performed every eight to ten weeks until lapses in infection control have been corrected and no additional evidence of ongoing transmission is apparent. The potential ongoing transmission classification should be used only as a temporary classification. This classification warrants immediate investigation and corrective steps. After a determination that ongoing transmission has ceased, the setting shall be reclassified as medium risk for a minimum of one year.

[ARC 0484C, IAB 12/12/12, effective 1/16/13; see Delay note at end of chapter]

#### **481—59.7(135B,135C) Screening of HCWs who transfer to other health care facilities or hospitals.**

**59.7(1)** *HCWs transferring from a low-risk health care facility or hospital to another low-risk health care facility or hospital.* After a baseline result for infection with *M. tuberculosis* is established and

documented, serial testing for *M. tuberculosis* infection is not necessary for HCWs transferring from a low-risk health care facility or hospital to another low-risk health care facility or hospital.

**59.7(2)** *HCWs transferring from a low-risk health care facility or hospital to a medium-risk health care facility or hospital.* After a baseline result for infection with *M. tuberculosis* is established and documented, annual TB screening, including a symptom screen and TST or IGRA for persons with previously negative test results, should be performed for HCWs transferring from a low-risk health care facility or hospital to a medium-risk health care facility or hospital.

[ARC 0484C, IAB 12/12/12, effective 1/16/13; see Delay note at end of chapter]

**481—59.8(135B,135C) Baseline TB screening procedures for residents of health care facilities.**

**59.8(1)** TB screening is a formal procedure to evaluate residents for LTBI and TB disease. Baseline TB screening consists of two components: (1) assessing for current symptoms of active TB disease and (2) using two-step TST or a single IGRA to test for infection with *M. tuberculosis*.

**59.8(2)** All residents shall be assessed for current symptoms of active TB disease upon admission. Within 72 hours of a resident's admission, baseline TB testing for infection shall be initiated unless baseline TB testing occurred within three months prior to the resident's admission.

**59.8(3)** Residents with a new positive test result for *M. tuberculosis* infection (i.e., TST or IGRA) shall receive one chest radiograph result to exclude TB disease. Repeat radiographs are not needed unless symptoms or signs of TB disease develop or unless recommended by a clinician.

**59.8(4)** Residents with documentation of past positive test results (i.e., TST or IGRA) and documentation of the results of a chest radiograph indicating no active disease, dated after the date of the positive TST or IGRA test result, do not need another chest radiograph at the time of admission.

**59.8(5)** TB, TST or IGRA tests for *M. tuberculosis* infection do not need to be performed for residents with a documented history of TB disease, documented previously positive test result for *M. tuberculosis* infection, or documented completion of treatment for LTBI or TB disease. Documentation of a previously positive test result for *M. tuberculosis* infection can be substituted for a baseline test result if the documentation includes a recorded TST result in millimeters or IGRA result, including the concentration of cytokine measured (e.g., IFN-g). All other residents should undergo baseline testing for *M. tuberculosis* infection to ensure that the test result on record in the setting has been performed and measured using the recommended diagnostic procedures.

**59.8(6)** A second TST is not needed if the resident has a documented TST result from any time during the previous 12 months. If a new resident has had a documented negative TST result within the previous 12 months, a single TST can be administered in the new setting. This additional TST represents the second stage of two-step testing. The second test decreases the possibility that boosting on later testing will lead to incorrect suspicion of transmission of *M. tuberculosis* in the health care facility.

[ARC 0484C, IAB 12/12/12, effective 1/16/13; see Delay note at end of chapter]

**481—59.9(135B,135C) Serial TB screening procedures for residents of health care facilities.** After baseline TB screening is accomplished, serial TB screening of residents is not recommended.

[ARC 0484C, IAB 12/12/12, effective 1/16/13; see Delay note at end of chapter]

**481—59.10(135B,135C) Performance of screening and testing.** Any nurse licensed in Iowa and properly trained to screen for TB and perform TB testing may screen for TB and perform TB testing.

[ARC 0484C, IAB 12/12/12, effective 1/16/13; see Delay note at end of chapter]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135B.7 and 135C.14.

[Filed ARC 0484C (Notice ARC 0353C, IAB 10/3/12), IAB 12/12/12, effective 1/16/13]<sup>1</sup>

[Filed Emergency ARC 0674C, IAB 4/3/13, effective 3/26/13]

[Filed ARC 0761C (Notice ARC 0675C, IAB 4/3/13), IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

<sup>1</sup> January 16, 2013, effective date of Chapter 59 [ARC 0484C] delayed 70 days by the Administrative Rules Review Committee at its meeting held January 8, 2013.



CHAPTER 60  
MINIMUM PHYSICAL STANDARDS  
FOR RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITIES  
[Prior to 7/15/87, Health Department[470] Ch 60]

**481—60.1(135C) Definitions.** Definitions in 481—57.1(135C) and 481—63.1(135C) of the rules of this department are hereby incorporated by reference as part of this chapter.

**481—60.2(135C) Variances.** Procedures for variances in 481—57.2(135C) or 481—63.2(135C) of the rules of this department are hereby incorporated by reference as part of this chapter. Certain occupancies, conditions in the area, or the site may make compliance with the rules impractical or impossible. Certain conditions may justify minor modification of the rules. In specific cases, variances to the rules may be permitted by the reviewing authority.

**481—60.3(135C) General requirements.**

**60.3(1)** Residential care facilities shall contain the elements described herein and shall be built in accordance with construction requirements outlined. (III)

**60.3(2)** This chapter covers both new and existing construction. In various sections of the rules specific provisions for existing structures, differing from those for new construction, are provided by a notation at the end of the rule as follows:

*a.* Exception 1: Rule does not pertain to facilities licensed for less than 16 beds; or units housing fewer than 16 beds which are in distinctly separate buildings, located on a contiguous parcel of land, separated only by a public or private street. (Refer to Iowa Code chapter 414, municipal zoning, section 22, zoning for family homes, for additional information.)

*b.* Exception 2: Rule does not pertain to facilities licensed before May 1, 1972.

*c.* Exception 3: Rule does not pertain to facilities with construction plans approved by the department before May 1, 1977.

*d.* Exception 4: Rule does not pertain to facilities licensed before March 30, 1988.

*e.* Exception 5: Rule does not pertain to facilities licensed as residential care facilities for eight or fewer beds.

*f.* Exception 6: Rule does not pertain to facilities built according to plans approved by the department prior to May 6, 1992.

**60.3(3)** The rules and regulations apply to all residential care facilities and the renovations, additions, functional alterations, or change of space utilization to existing residential care facilities construction after the effective date of these rules. Conversion of a building or any of the parts not currently licensed as a residential care facility must meet the rules governing construction of new residential care facilities. (III)

**60.3(4)** Building site is subject to departmental approval as based upon the following criteria:

*a.* Submit a vicinity map indicating the site location and address on an 8½- by 11-inch sheet. If possible, include a city map. (III)

*b.* Neighborhood environment shall be free from excessive noise, dirt, polluted or odorous air. (III)

*c.* There shall be an area available for outdoor activities calculated at 40 square feet per licensed bed. (III) (Exception 4) Open air porches may be included in meeting requirements.

*d.* Each facility shall have on-site parking space to satisfy the needs of residents, employees, staff, and visitors. (III)

The following shall be provided:

(1) In facilities of 16 beds or greater, provide one space for each five beds, plus one space for each shift staff member and employee. (Exception 4)

(2) In facilities of 15 beds or fewer, provide one space for each three beds, plus one space for each shift staff member and employee. (Exception 4)

(3) Handicapped parking as appropriate, or a minimum of one space. (Exception 4)

*e.* Accessibility shall be provided for emergency and delivery vehicles. (III)

**60.3(5)** When construction is contemplated, whether for a new building, an addition to an existing building, functional alteration to an existing building, or conversion of an existing building, the licensee or applicant for license shall:

*a.* File a detailed and comprehensive program of care as set forth in rules 481—57.3(135C) or 481—63.3(135C), for departmental review and approval, including a description of the specific needs of the residents to be served and any other information the department may require. (III)

*b.* Submit a preliminary site plan and floor plan for departmental review. The design must meet the requirements of all applicable state statutes, state fire codes, federal standards, and local ordinances. The most stringent rules of the above regulations apply in resolving conflicts. (III)

*c.* Submit legible working drawings and specifications showing all elements of construction, fixed equipment, and mechanical and electrical systems to the department and to the state fire marshal for review. Such construction documents shall be prepared by or under the direct supervision of a registered architect or engineer, working within the appropriate field of registration, licensed to practice in Iowa. All construction documents shall be certified by and bear the seal of the architect or engineer responsible for the project. Each project shall be evaluated for its impact on the facility. Projects not affecting primary structural elements may, at the discretion of the department, be excluded from this rule. (III)

*d.* Receive written approval from the department and the state fire marshal's office before start of construction. If on-site construction above the foundation is not started within 12 months of the date of final approval of the working drawings and specifications, this approval shall be void and the plans and specifications shall be resubmitted for reconsideration of approval. (III)

*e.* All changes to the approved plans and specifications shall be approved in writing by the department and the state fire marshal's office prior to making the change. Applicant is responsible for ensuring that construction proceeds as per approved plans and specifications. (III)

*f.* For new construction, an addition, functional alteration or conversion of an existing building, it shall be the responsibility of the owner or agent to notify the department at all of the following intervals and wait for inspection by the department before proceeding:

- (1) At least 30 days before commencement of construction on the premises; (III)
- (2) At least 30 days before the pouring of the concrete floor slab; (III)
- (3) After completion of the mechanical or electrical rough-in and 30 days before enclosing walls; (III)
- (4) Thirty days before the completion of the project. (III)

*g.* Certain occupancies, conditions in the area, or the site may make compliance with the rules impractical or impossible. Certain conditions may justify minor modifications of the rules. In specific cases, variations to the rules may be permitted by the reviewing authority after the following conditions are considered:

- (1) The design and planning for the specific property offer improved or compensating features providing equivalent desirability and utility;
- (2) Alternate or special construction methods, techniques, and mechanical equipment, if proposed, offer equivalent durability, utility, safety, structural strength and rigidity, sanitation, odor control, protection from corrosion, decay and insect attack, and quality of workmanship;
- (3) Variations permitted by the department do not individually or in combination with other variations endanger the health, safety, or welfare of any resident;
- (4) Variations are limited to the specific project under consideration and are not construed as establishing a precedent for similar acceptance in other cases;
- (5) Occupancy and function of the building shall be considered;
- (6) Type of licensing shall be considered.

**60.3(6)** Except as provided in subrule 60.3(8), the facility shall be made accessible to and usable by the physically handicapped in accordance with the requirements of division 7 of the state building code, 661—16.704(103A) and 661—16.705(103A). (III) (Exception 3)



**60.3(7)** Facilities licensed as residential care facilities for eight or fewer beds shall be accessible to and functional for the physically handicapped. An appropriate number (at least one) of the bathrooms and bedrooms shall be accessible to and usable by the physically handicapped. (III)

**60.3(8)** No room in a basement shall be occupied for living purposes unless the room meets all the requirements of the department and receives approval of the department as fit for human habitation. (III)

**60.3(9)** Foundation drainage.

*a.* A foundation drainage system shall be installed around any portion of a building containing a basement. (III) (Exception 4)

*b.* The foundation drainage system should be installed at a slope so the water will run to a low point and then run into a sump pit in the basement, to a storm sewer system, or out to surface drainage. (III) (Exception 4)

*c.* The foundation drainage system shall not be connected to the sanitary sewer system. (III) (Exception 4)

*d.* The highpoint of the flow line shall be 4 inches below the elevation of the basement floor slab. (III) (Exception 4)

**60.3(10)** Projects involving alterations of and additions to existing buildings shall be programmed and phased so that on-site construction will minimize disruptions of existing functions. Access, exitways, and fire protection shall be maintained so the safety of the occupants will not be jeopardized during construction. (III)

**60.3(11)** Record drawings. Upon completion of the contract, the department shall be provided a complete set of approved legible plans and specifications showing all construction, fixed equipment, mechanical, and electrical systems and addendums as installed or built. (III)

**60.3(12)** The installation of any equipment found to be hazardous, or which fails to meet the purposes for which it is intended, shall be removed or replaced, or a substitute of suitable equipment shall be required. (III) (Exception 4)

**481—60.4(135C) Typical construction.** This rule contains construction requirements that are typical in all areas of the building.

**60.4(1)** Details and finishes shall be designed to provide a high degree of safety for the occupants by minimizing the opportunity for accidents. Hazards such as sharp corners shall be avoided. (III)

**60.4(2)** Minimum exit corridor widths.

*a.* Minimum exit corridor widths shall be 6 feet, except that corridors in adjunct areas not intended for the housing or use of residents may be a minimum of 4 feet in width. (III) Handrails may project into corridors. (Exceptions 1 and 3)

*b.* In facilities of 15 beds or less, the minimum exit corridor widths shall be 5 feet. (III) (Exception 4)

**60.4(3)** Drinking fountains, telephone booths, and vending machines shall be located so they do not project into the required width of any corridor. (III)

**60.4(4)** Minimum width of all side-hinged doors to all rooms shall be 3 feet. (III) (Exceptions 3, 4, and 5) Doors to resident toilet rooms and other rooms needing access for wheelchairs shall have a minimum clear opening width of 32 inches. (III)

**60.4(5)** Approved handrails shall be provided on both sides of corridors used by residents with a clear distance of 1½ inches between handrail and wall. (III) (Exception 4) This rule does not apply to residential care facilities for the mentally retarded licensed for eight or fewer beds.

*a.* Handrails shall be mounted with their top surfaces 31 to 34 inches above the finished floor. (III) (Exception 3)

*b.* Handrails shall have the ends rounded and returned to the wall. (III) (Exceptions 2 and 4)

*c.* All stairways in resident-occupied areas shall have substantial handrails on both sides. (III)

**60.4(6)** Each open stairway shall be protected with an approved guardrail. (III)

**60.4(7)** Landings shall be provided at the top and the bottom of each stair run. There shall be an approved landing between the top step and the doorway regardless of the direction of the door swing. (III) (Exception 4)

**60.4(8)** Toilet and bath facilities shall have an aggregate outside window area of at least 4 square feet. Facilities having a system of mechanical ventilation are exempt from this regulation. (III)

**60.4(9)** No door shall swing into the exit corridor except doors to spaces such as small closets which are not subject to occupancy or resident bedroom doors as indicated in 481—60.5(6)“i” or as required by the state fire marshal. (III)

**60.4(10)** All doors opening from corridors shall be swing-type except elevator doors. (III)

**60.4(11)** Mirrors.

*a.* Mirrors in resident bathrooms or toilet rooms shall be arranged for convenient use by residents in wheelchairs as well as by residents in a standing position. (III)

*b.* The bottom of the mirror shall be no higher than 40 inches from the floor. (III) (Exception 3)

**60.4(12)** All lavatories shall have towel dispensers which hold nonreusable towels. (III)

**60.4(13)** Screens of 16 mesh per square inch shall be provided at all exterior openings and any doors that are normally left in an open position. (III)

**60.4(14)** Screen doors shall swing outward and be self-closing. At the discretion of the state fire marshal, screens for fire doors may swing in. (III)

**60.4(15)** Fire escape porch railings and protected barrier enclosures shall be designed to resist a horizontal thrust of 50 pounds per running foot of railing applied to the top of the railing. (III)

**60.4(16)** Exposed heating pipes, hot water pipes, or radiators in rooms and areas used by residents and within reach of residents shall be covered or protected to prevent injury or burns to residents. (II, III)

**60.4(17)** All fans located within 7 feet of the floor shall be protected by screen guards of not more than ¼-inch mesh. On fans with U.L. approved safety guards netting shall not be required. (III)

**60.4(18)** Finishes shall be as follows:

*a.* Floors generally shall be easy to clean and shall have the wear resistance appropriate for the location involved. Floors in kitchens and related spaces shall be waterproof and greaseproof. In all areas where floors are subject to wetting, they shall have a slip-resistant finish. (III)

*b.* Ceilings generally shall be washable or easy to clean. (III) This requirement does not apply to boiler rooms, mechanical and building equipment rooms, shops, and similar spaces.

*c.* Ceilings in the dietary and food preparation areas shall have a finished ceiling covering all overhead piping and ductwork. (III) (Exception 3)

*d.* Ceilings shall be acoustically treated in the attendant’s area, day rooms, dining rooms, recreation areas, waiting areas, and corridors in resident areas. (III) (Exceptions 1 and 4)

*e.* Wall assemblies shall be constructed to present cleanable and continuous surfaces to the interior of resident rooms and resident corridors. (III) (Exception 4)

**60.4(19)** Partition, floor, and ceiling construction in resident areas shall comply with noise reduction criteria in the following table. The requirements set forth in this table assume installation methods which will not appreciably reduce the efficiency of the assembly as tested. Location of electrical receptacles, grills, ductwork, and other mechanical items, and blocking and sealing of partitions at floors and ceilings shall not compromise the sound isolation required. (III)

Table No. 1  
(Exception 2)

|                                     | Airborne Sound<br>Transmission Class<br>(STC)* |               |
|-------------------------------------|--|---------------|
|                                     | <u>Partitions</u>                              | <u>Floors</u> |
| Resident's room to resident's room  | 35   | 35            |
| Corridor to resident's room         | 35   | 35            |
| Public space to resident's room**   | 40   | 40            |
| Service areas to resident's room*** | 50   | 50            |

\*Sound transmission (STC) shall be determined by tests in accordance with methods set forth in ASTM Standard E 90 and ASTM Standard E 413.

\*\*Public space includes lobbies, dining rooms, recreation rooms, treatment rooms, and similar places.

\*\*\*Service areas include kitchens, elevators, elevator machine rooms, laundries, garages, maintenance rooms, boiler and mechanical equipment rooms, and similar spaces of high noise. Mechanical equipment located on the same floor or above residents' rooms, office, nurses stations, and similar occupied spaces shall be effectively isolated from the floor.

**60.4(20)** The following ceiling heights shall be provided:

- a. Corridors, storage rooms, resident's toilet rooms, and other minor rooms, not less than 7 feet 6 inches. (III) (Exception 2)
- b. All other rooms — not less than 8 feet. (III) (Exception 2)
- c. Ceiling-mounted equipment, luminaries, suspended tracks, rails, and pipes located in the path of normal traffic shall not be less than 6 feet 8 inches above the floor. (III) (Exception 3)

**60.4(21)** Doors, sidelights, borrowed lights, and windows in which the glazing extends below 31 inches from the floor shall have a horizontal mullion or railing at 31 to 34 inches above the finished floor, and be glazed with safety glass, plastic glazing material, or wire glass where required by the state fire marshal. (III) (Exceptions 3 and 4) All replacement glass shall meet this code with no exception. (III)

**60.4(22)** All sheet plastic and molded plastic insulation in living spaces, attics, and crawl spaces shall be covered with an approved thermal barrier as defined in NFPA No. 205M-T, "Plastics in Building Construction." The thermal barrier shall be constructed of materials with no less than the fire protection qualities of ½-inch fire resistant gypsum board or as accepted by U.B.C., Sec. 1712(b)2, 1985 Edition. (III) (Exception 3)

**60.4(23)** Thresholds shall be low profile and expansion joint covers shall be made flush with the floor surface to facilitate the use of wheelchairs and carts. (III)

#### **481—60.5(135C) Supervised care unit.**

**60.5(1)** Definition of a supervised care unit. A supervised care unit shall not contain more than 60 beds and shall have the following rooms or areas: (III)

- Attendant's station,
- Clean workroom,
- Medication room,
- Resident rooms,
- Resident toilets or baths,
- Private room,
- Soiled workroom, and
- Enclosed clean linen storage.

**60.5(2)** In facilities over 15 beds, an attendant's station with a minimum of 40 square feet shall be provided which is centrally located in the resident area and shall have a well-lighted desk with the necessary equipment for the keeping of required records and supplies. (III)

**60.5(3)** A clean workroom, which may be combined with the medication room for storage and assembly of clean supplies, shall contain a work counter and sink. (III) (Exceptions 1 and 2)

**60.5(4)** The medication room shall be well-lighted and shall have the following: (III)

- a. Drug cabinet,
- b. Work counter,
- c. Refrigerator storage,
- d. Chest or compartment with a lock for Schedule II drugs,
- e. Lavatory.

**60.5(5)** Instead of the requirements in subrule 60.5(4), facilities licensed for 15 beds or less shall contain space for storage of medications which: (III)

- a. Is locked,
- b. Is adjacent to a lavatory,
- c. Provides for Schedule II drugs as defined by Iowa Code chapter 124, which shall be kept in a locked box within the locked medication cabinet,
- d. Has space available for refrigerating medication.

**60.5(6)** Resident rooms shall meet as a minimum the following requirements:

a. Bedrooms shall open directly into a corridor or common living area. (III) Bedrooms shall not be used as a thoroughfare. (III)

b. The minimum room area, exclusive of closets, toilet rooms, lockers, wardrobes, vestibules, and corridor door swings shall be 100 square feet in one-bed rooms and 80 square feet per bed in multibed rooms. Usable floor space of a room shall be no less than 8 feet in any major dimension. (III) (Exception 4)

c. Each resident room shall be provided with light and ventilation by means of a window or windows with a net glass area equal to 10 percent of the total floor area. The windows shall be openable without the use of tools. The window sill shall not be higher than 3 feet above the floor. (III) (Exception 4)

d. There shall be a wardrobe or closet in each resident's room. For each resident, the minimum clear dimensions shall be 1 foot 10 inches deep by 2 feet 6 inches wide of clear hanging space. A clothes rod and shelf shall be provided. Where a closet is shared, segregated portions shall be established. Each wardrobe and closet in each resident room shall have a door. (III) (Exceptions 2 and 4)

e. No bedroom shall be located so that its floor will be more than 30 inches below the adjacent grade level. (III)

f. Fixtures or storage shall be provided to hold individual towels and washcloths. (III)

g. No part of any room shall be enclosed, subdivided, or partitioned unless such part is separately lighted and ventilated and meets other requirements its usage and occupancy dictate, except closets used for the storage of resident's clothing. (III)

h. Rooms in which beds are erected shall not be used for purposes other than bedrooms. (III)

i. Each resident bedroom shall have a door. The door shall be the swing type and shall swing in, unless fully recessed. (III)

j. Multibed rooms shall be designed to permit no more than two beds, side-by-side, parallel to the window wall. (III) (Exceptions 2 and 4)

k. Each resident bedroom shall be so designed that the head of the bed shall not be in front of a window or a heat register or radiator. (III)

l. One lavatory shall be provided in each resident room. The lavatory may be omitted from a room when a lavatory is located in an adjoining toilet room which serves that room. (III) (Exception 3)

m. In facilities with eight or fewer beds, one lavatory shall be provided in each resident room. The lavatory may be omitted from a room when a lavatory is located in an adjacent toilet room which serves that room.

n. Multibed rooms shall provide full visual privacy for each resident. (III)

**60.5(7)** Resident toilet rooms.

*a.* Each resident room toilet shall have a swing or sliding door (not a pocket door). The door shall not swing into the toilet room. The doorway must have a minimum clear opening width of 32 inches. (III) (Exception 4)

*b.* An appropriate number of toilets commensurate with the facility's program of care shall be accessible to and usable by handicapped residents (minimum of one). (III) (Exceptions 3 and 4)

*c.* All toilet rooms shall have mechanical ventilation. (III) (Exception 3)

**60.5(8) Central bathing.**

*a.* Minimum numbers of toilet and bath facilities shall be one lavatory and one water closet for each 10 residents, and one tub or shower for each 15 residents or fraction thereof. See 481—60.5(8)“*l*” for grab bars and 481—60.11(4)“*e*”(9) for number of fixtures in smaller facilities. (III)

*b.* There shall be a minimum of one bathroom with tub or shower, water closet, and lavatory on each floor which has resident bedrooms in multistory buildings. (III)

*c.* Separate toilets for the sexes shall be provided. (III) (Exception 1)

*d.* Privacy for dressing and bathing shall be provided in central bathrooms. (III)

*e.* All bathrooms shall have mechanical ventilation. (III) (Exception 3) See 60.11(3)“*i*.”

*f.* The number of showers accessible to and usable by handicapped residents shall be commensurate with the facility's program of care. There shall be at least one. (III) (Exception 3)

*g.* Each bathroom shall have a water closet and a hand-washing lavatory. (III)

*h.* Toilet and bathing facilities shall not open directly into food preparation areas. (III)

*i.* Central bathing areas shall have a swinging door which swings into the bathroom. (III)

*j.* The number of sinks accessible to and usable by handicapped residents shall be commensurate with the facility's program of care. All lavatories shall be securely anchored to withstand an applied vertical load of not less than 250 pounds on the front of the fixture. Exposed hot water and drain pipes under lavatories shall be insulated or shielded as per the state building code. (III) (Exception 4)

*k.* Soap holders shall be provided in showers and bathtubs. (III) (Exception 3)

*l.* All toilet, bath, and shower facilities shall be supplied with grab bars and adequate safety devices appropriate to the needs of the individual residents. The bars shall have 1½-inch clearance to walls, shall be sufficient strength and anchorage to sustain a concentrated load of 250 pounds, and shall meet division 7 of the Iowa state building code.

*m.* Raised toilet seats shall be available for residents as needed. (III)

*n.* In facilities where the total occupancy of family, employees, and residents is more than five, separate bathing and toilet facilities shall be required for the family or employees distinct from such areas provided for residents. (III)

*o.* Each facility must provide no less than one bathing system accessible to the handicapped. (III) (Exceptions 1 and 4)

*p.* Bathtubs or showers shall be equipped with screwdriver stop valves in the water supply system. (III) (Exception 4)

*q.* Showers shall be equipped with a shower head on the end of a flexible hose. (III) (Exception 4)

**60.5(9) Private room.**

*a.* At least one single bed resident room shall be provided for purposes of privacy or incompatibility with other residents in the home. This room shall be used for emergency purposes and for short, intermittent periods of time. (III) (Exceptions 2 and 4)

*b.* The bed in the privacy room shall be counted in the total licensed bed capacity of the facility. The resident of such room shall be informed, and it shall be contained in the resident's contract, that the resident is subject to removal from the room when it becomes necessary to transfer another resident of the facility into it. Where, in the determination of the department, the facility is not making proper use of the room when privacy or isolation is deemed necessary, the department may choose not to license that bed in order to promote its effective use. (III)

**60.5(10)** A soiled workroom, workcounter, waste and soiled linen receptacles, and a two-compartment sink shall be provided. (III) One compartment of the double sink shall be a minimum of 10 inches deep for cleaning and sanitizing equipment. (III) (Exceptions 1 and 3)

**60.5(11)** Enclosed clean linen storage, separate from the clean workroom. (III)

**481—60.6(135C) Support area.**

**60.6(1)** Definition of a support area. The size of a support area shall depend upon the number and types of beds within the supervised unit. A support area shall contain the following rooms or areas: (III)

- Dining room,
- Activity or recreation area,
- Personal care room,
- Equipment storage.

**60.6(2)** Multipurpose rooms. Where space is provided for multipurpose dining, activities, or recreational purposes, the area shall total at least 30 square feet per licensed bed for the first 100 beds and 27 feet per licensed bed for all beds in excess of 100. An open area of sufficient size shall be provided to permit group activities such as religious meetings or presentation of demonstrations or entertainment. (III)

**60.6(3)** Where space is provided to be used only for activities and recreational purposes, the area shall be at least 15 square feet per licensed bed. At least 50 percent of the required area must be in one room. (III)

**60.6(4)** Where the dining and the lounge recreation areas are separated, each area shall provide a minimum of 180 square feet of usable floor space and be not less than 10 feet in any one dimension. Where space is provided to be used only for dining, the area shall total at least 15 square feet per licensed bed. (III)

**60.6(5)** Areas appropriate for the activities program shall be provided which shall:

- a. Be readily accessible to wheelchair and ambulatory residents. (III)
- b. Be of sufficient size to accommodate necessary equipment and to permit unobstructed movement of wheelchairs, residents, and personnel responsible for instructing and supervising residents. (III)
- c. Have space to store recreational equipment and supplies for the activities program within, or convenient to, the area or areas. Locked storage shall be available for potentially dangerous items such as scissors, knives and toxic materials. (III)

**60.6(6)** Personal care room.

- a. A personal care room with barber and beauty shop facilities shall be provided. (III) (Exception 1)
- b. In facilities of less than 100 beds, a multipurpose room with appropriate space and equipment may be utilized for such activities.

**60.6(7)** An equipment storage room shall be provided. (III) The area of this storage room may be used in calculating the total required general storage area as found in subrule 60.7(5). (Exception 1)

**60.6(8)** Enclosed clothing storage of at least 2 linear feet per bed for storage of off-season clothing shall be provided. (III) This could be counted as part of the general storage areas requirement and could be installed accessible in the general storage area. (Exception 4)

**481—60.7(135C) Service area.**

**60.7(1)** *Definition of a service area.* The size of a service area shall depend upon the number and types of beds within the supervised unit. A service area shall contain the following rooms or areas: (III)

- Dietetic service area,
- Janitor's closet,
- Laundry area,
- General storage area,
- Mechanical room,
- Maintenance shop,
- Yard equipment storage area.

**60.7(2)** *Dietetic service area.*

- a. Detailed layout plans and specifications of equipment shall be submitted to the department for review and approval before the new construction, alterations, or additions to existing kitchens begin. (III)

*b.* The construction and installation of equipment of the dietetic service area shall comply with or exceed the minimum standards set forth in the "Food Service Manual" (DHEW Publication No.(FDA) 78-2081, 1976 Edition). (III) (Exception 4)

*c.* In facilities where the total occupancy of family, employees and residents is more than six, the dietetic service area shall provide food serving facilities for residents and staff outside the food preparation area. (III)

*d.* The dishwashing area shall be provided with mechanical dishwashing equipment. (III) Either conventional or chemical dishwashing equipment may be used.

(1) Where conventional dishwashing equipment is used, refer to 481—60.11(4) "e"(9) for water temperature requirements. (III)

(2) A three-compartment pot and pan sink shall be provided for warewashing which provides and maintains 110° Fahrenheit to 115° Fahrenheit water for washing and 170° Fahrenheit to 180° Fahrenheit for sanitizing, or a two-compartment sink shall be provided for soaking and washing utensils, with easy access to a dish machine which must be large enough for sanitizing all sizes of utensils used. (III)

(3) Machines (single-tank stationary rack, door-type machines and spray-type glass washers) using chemicals for sanitation may be used, provided that:

1. The temperature of the wash water shall not be less than 120° Fahrenheit. (III)

2. Chemicals added for sanitation purposes shall be automatically dispensed. (III)

3. The wash water shall be kept clean. (III)

4. Utensils and equipment shall be exposed to the final chemical sanitizing rinse in accordance with manufacturers' specifications for time and concentration. (III)

5. The chemical sanitizing rinse water temperature shall be not less than 75° Fahrenheit nor less than the temperature specified by the machine's manufacturer. (III)

6. Chemical sanitizers used shall meet the requirements of 21 CFR 178.1010, January 1987. (III) (See Food Service Sanitation Manual)

7. A test kit or other device that accurately measures the parts per million concentration of the solution shall be available and used. (III)

*e.* The dietetic service area shall be designed to provide a separation of the clean and dirty areas and to eliminate intermingling of the two types of activities. (III) Food preparation and service areas are regarded as clean areas.

*f.* A hand-washing lavatory without mirror shall be provided in the dietetic service area. (III) (Exception 2) In facilities licensed for eight beds or fewer, the lavatory shall be adjacent or convenient to the dietetic service area. (III)

*g.* There shall be refrigerated storage for at least a three-day supply of perishable food. (III)

*h.* No less than 2½ square feet of shelving per resident bed shall be provided for staple food storage. (III) (Exception 3) There shall be available storage for at least a seven-day supply of staple food. (III)

*i.* A cart storage area shall be provided. (III) (Exceptions 1 and 2)

*j.* Provisions for maintaining sanitary waste disposal and storage shall be provided on the premises. (III)

*k.* A toilet room with lavatory conveniently accessible for the dietary staff shall be provided. (III)

*l.* There shall be an outside service entrance to the food service area which does not open directly into the dietary department. (III) (Exceptions 1 and 2)

*m.* The food service area shall not be less than 8 square feet per resident bed. (III) (Exception 1)

*n.* See subrule 60.11(3) for ventilation requirements. (III)

*o.* Where meals are provided by a health care facility or by a commercial food service, the preparation, storing and serving of the food and the utensil sanitizing procedures shall meet the requirements of these rules. (III)

*p.* Mechanical ventilation shall be provided in food storerooms to maintain temperatures and humidity at a level appropriate for the type of food being stored. (III) (Exception 4)

*q.* All cooking systems shall be provided with a properly sized exhaust system. See 60.11(3) "o." (III) (Exception 4)

*r.* One janitor's closet shall be in the immediate vicinity of the dietary area for dietary use only. (III) (Exceptions 1 and 2)

**60.7(3) Janitor's closet.**

*a.* A janitor's closet shall be provided for storage of housekeeping supplies and equipment, including a floor receptor or service sink. (III) (Exception 1)

*b.* The door to the janitor's closet shall be equipped with a lock. (III)

*c.* Locked storage shall be provided for chemicals. (III)

*d.* A receptor floor drain or service sink shall be provided. (III)

**60.7(4) Laundry area.**

*a.* In the laundry a work flow pattern shall be established in which soiled linen is not transported through the clean area to the soiled area. Two distinct areas physically separated, not necessarily by a wall, are required. (III) (Exception 1)

*b.* A hand-washing lavatory shall be located between the soiled area and the clean area. (III) (Exception 4) In facilities licensed for 15 beds or fewer, a hand-washing lavatory located adjacent to the laundry area may meet this requirement.

*c.* Refer to 60.11(4) "e"(9) for water temperature requirements. (III)

*d.* Where linen is processed on site, the following shall be provided:

(1) A clean, dry, well-lighted laundry processing room with equipment sufficient to process seven days' needs within the workweek. (III)

(2) A soiled linen holding area. (III) (Exception 1)

(3) A clean linen, mending, and ironing area. (III) (Exception 1)

(4) Linen cart storage. (III) (Exception 1)

(5) Lockable storage for laundry supplies. (III) (Exception 4)

(6) One janitor's closet or alcove in the immediate vicinity of the laundry. (III) (Exceptions 1 and 2)

*e.* The laundry room in any facility not using off-site processing but serving more than 20 residents shall contain no less than 125 square feet of available floor space. (III)

*f.* Where linen is processed off the site, the following shall be provided:

(1) Soiled linen holding room. (III)

(2) Clean linen receiving, holding, inspection, and storage area. (III)

**60.7(5) General storage areas.**

*a.* General storage areas totaling not less than 10 square feet per bed shall be provided. (III) Storage areas are not required to be located in the same area. (Exception 4)

*b.* The equipment storage room space, found in subrule 60.6(7), may be included in this general storage area, but is not required to be located in the same area as referred to in 60.7(5) "a."

*c.* Storage areas for linens, janitor's supplies, sterile nursing supplies, activities supplies, library books, office supplies, kitchen supplies, and mechanical plant accessories shall not be included as part of the general storage area and are not required to be located in the same area. (III)

*d.* Thirty percent of the general storage area may be provided in a building outside the facility, readily and easily accessible by the personnel.

**60.7(6) Mechanical, electrical, and maintenance areas.** The following areas shall be provided:

*a.* Boiler room or mechanical room, to include a maintenance area in facilities of less than 100 beds, and electrical equipment room. (III)

(1) These rooms may be used for noncombustible material storage.

(2) Any noncombustible material shall not be stored close to or hinder access to any fuel-fired equipment or electrical panels. (III)

(3) These areas shall not be included in calculating the 10 square feet per bed for general storage areas, as required under 60.7(5) "a."

*b.* Maintenance shop for facilities of 100 beds or more. (III) (Exception 2)

*c.* Yard equipment storage may be provided in a separate room or building for yard maintenance equipment and supplies. This shall not be included in the general storage area. (III)



- d.* No portable fuel-operated equipment shall be housed inside a facility unless it is separated by at least a two-hour fire separation approved by the state fire marshal's office. (III)
- e.* Rooms containing heating or cooling equipment shall be locked.

**481—60.8(135C) Administration and staff area.** The size of an administration and staff area shall depend upon the number and types of beds within the supervised unit. An administration and staff area shall contain the following rooms or areas: (III)

1. An administrator's office. (III) (Exception 1)
2. A business office, containing storage for office equipment and supplies. (III) (Exceptions 1 and 2)
3. A reception and information counter or desk, which may be combined in the business office. (III) (Exception 1) In facilities of 15 beds or less, a secured area shall be provided. This area shall contain work space for charting, record storage, and may contain medication storage. (III)
4. A designated room or area for conferences, and in-service training and space for desk for the use of auxiliary personnel such as activity directors, housekeepers, consultants, and volunteers. (III) (Exceptions 1 and 3)
5. A lounge shall be provided for staff. (III) (Exception 1) Toilet rooms with lavatory and water closet shall be provided for the staff. (III) (Exception 1)
6. Closets or compartments for the safekeeping of coats and personal effects of staff. (III)

**481—60.9(135C) Definition of public area.** The size of the public area shall depend upon the number and types of beds within the supervised unit. A public area shall contain the following rooms or areas: (III)

- 60.9(1)** A vestibule area equipped with coat rack and shelf shall be available. (III)
- 60.9(2)** A public telephone shall be accessible to the residents within the facility to make personal calls. (III)
- 60.9(3)** Drinking fountains shall be available. (III) (Exception 1)
- 60.9(4)** Every facility shall provide a separate toilet for the public, with a lavatory and water closet.
  - a.* Each facility of eight beds or less shall designate a toilet, with lavatory and water closet for public use.
  - b.* Public toilets shall be accessible to and usable by the physically handicapped, equipped with appropriate equipment installed to meet the American Standards National Document A 117.1-1986. (III) (Exception 3)
  - c.* In facilities over 15 beds, there shall be public facilities for both men and women. (III) (Exception 4)
  - d.* Public facilities for both men and women must contain a clear floor area free from obstructions of 60 inches in diameter. (Exception 3)

**481—60.10(135C) Elevator requirements.** All residential care facilities where resident facilities are located on other than the first floor shall have one or more electric or electrohydraulic elevators, as required. For purposes of this requirement, resident facilities include, but are not limited to, diagnostic, recreation, activity, resident dining, therapy rooms, or additional resident bedrooms. The first floor is that floor first reached from the main front entrance. (III) (Exceptions 1 and 4 apply to rule 60.10(135C)) Elevators, where installed, shall comply with the division of labor rules as promulgated in Iowa Code chapter 89A and 875—Chapters 71 to 77. (III)

**481—60.11(135C) Mechanical requirements.** In new construction, prior to completion of the contract and final acceptance of the facility, the architect or engineer shall obtain from the contractor certification that all mechanical systems have been tested, balanced, and that the installation and performance of such systems shall conform to the requirements of the plans and specifications. Upon completion of the contract, the owner shall be furnished with a complete set of manufacturer's operating, maintenance, and preventive instructions and parts list with numbers and descriptions for each piece of equipment.

The owner shall also be provided with instruction in the operational use of systems and equipment as required. (III)

**60.11(1)** Steam and hot water heating and domestic water heating systems shall comply with the following:

*a.* Boilers shall be installed to comply with the division of labor services rules promulgated under Iowa Code chapter 89 and 875—Chapters 90 to 96, Iowa Administrative Code, and shall be inspected annually. (III)

*b.* Boiler feed pumps, condensate return pumps, fuel oil pumps, and hot water circulating pumps shall be connected and installed to provide standby service when any pump breaks down. (III) (Exception 4)

*c.* Supply and return mains and risers of cooling, heating, and steam systems shall be valved to isolate the various sections of each system. Each piece of equipment shall be valved at the supply and return ends. (III) (Exception 3)

**60.11(2)** Thermal and acoustical insulation.

*a.* Insulation shall be provided for the following, within the building: (Exception 4)

(1) Steam supply and condensate return piping; (III)

(2) Piping above 125° Fahrenheit, which is exposed to contact by residents; (II, III)

(3) Chilled water, refrigerant and other process piping and equipment operating with fluid temperatures below ambient dewpoint; (III)

(4) Water supply and roof drainage piping on which condensation may occur; (III)

(5) Boilers, smoke-breaching and stacks; (III)

(6) Hot water piping above 180° Fahrenheit, and all hot water boilers, heaters, and piping; (III)

(7) Other piping, ducts, and equipment as necessary to maintain the efficiency of the system. (III)

*b.* Insulation, including finishes and adhesives on the interior surface of ducts, pipes and equipment, shall have a flame-spread rating of 25 or less and a smoke develop rating of 50 or less, as determined by an independent testing laboratory in accordance with HFPA 255. (III) (Exception 4)

*c.* Insulation on cold surfaces shall include an exterior vapor barrier. (III)

**60.11(3)** Air conditioning, heating and ventilating system. (All provisions in 60.11(3)“b” to 60.11(3)“s” are subject to Exception 4).

*a.* The heating system shall be capable of maintaining a temperature of 78° Fahrenheit in all occupied areas at a winter design temperature of 10° Fahrenheit.

*b.* The cooling system shall be designed to maintain all living spaces within the comfort zone. The comfort zone is defined in the ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 55-1981 or the 1985 ASHRAE Fundamentals Handbook. (III)

*c.* All air supply and air exhaust systems shall be mechanically operated and ducted from a central system to and from each room. All fans serving exhaust systems shall be located at the discharge end of the system. The ventilation rates shown in Table 2 shall be considered as minimum acceptable rates, and shall not be construed as precluding the use of higher ventilation rates. (III)

*d.* The bottoms of ventilation openings shall be not less than 3 inches above the floor of any room. (III)

*e.* All central systems designed to heat and cool the building with recirculation of air shall be equipped with a minimum 2-inch deep, 8- to 11-pleat per foot, Class 2 Underwriters' Laboratories, self-extinguishing, nonwoven, cotton, downstream, or final filter with a minimum efficiency of 25 to 30 percent and average arrestance of 90 percent, tested in accordance with ASHRAE Standard 52-76. This does not preclude the additional use of a prefilter upstream of the air handling equipment to extend the service life of the downstream, or final filter. (III) (Exception 6)

*f.* Any alternate ventilation system designed to attain an equivalent degree of odor control and purity of air to resident areas shall be considered for approval under conditions in 481—Chapters 57 and rules 63, 57.2(135C) and 63.2(135C). (III)

*g.* Rooms containing fuel-fired heating units shall be provided with sufficient outdoor air to maintain combustion rates of equipment and reasonable temperatures in the room and adjoining areas. (III)

- h.* Appropriate ventilation shall be provided in food storerooms to maintain temperature and humidity for the type of food being stored. (III)
- i.* Outdoor ventilation air intakes shall be located as far away as practicable, but not less than 25 feet from the exhaust outlets of any ventilating systems, combustion equipment stacks or noxious fumes. The bottom of outdoor intakes serving central air systems shall be located as high as practical, but not less than 6 feet above grade level, or, if installed through the roof, 3 feet above roof opening. (III)
- j.* The ventilation system shall be designed and balanced to provide the general pressure relationship to adjacent areas shown in the Pressure Relationship and Ventilation Table 2. Through-the-wall air conditioning units will not be used to calculate make up air. (III) (Exception 4)
- k.* Corridors, attics, or crawl spaces shall not be used as a plenum to supply air to or exhaust air from any rooms. (III)
- l.* The air system for resident rooms between smoke stop partitions shall be operated with common switches. (III)
- m.* Actuation of the fire alarm system shall shut down the air distribution system. (III)
- n.* Air handling duct systems shall meet the requirements of NFPA Standard 90A and 90B. Supply and return registers shall not be at the same level and shall be designed to inhibit stratification. (III)
- o.* Fire and smoke dampers shall be constructed, located and installed in accordance with the requirements of NFPA Standards 90A, 90B, and 101. (III)
- p.* Range and dishwasher exhaust hood in food preparation centers shall have a minimum exhaust rate of 60 cubic feet per minute, per square feet of hood face area. Face area is defined for this purpose as the open area from the exposed perimeter of the hood to the average perimeter of the cooking surfaces. All hoods over cooking ranges shall be equipped with grease filters, a fire extinguishing system, and heat actuated fan controls. Cleanout openings shall be provided every 20 feet in horizontal exhaust duct systems serving hoods. Tempered air shall be supplied to balance the exhausted air. Special hood designs shall be evaluated. (III) (Exceptions 1 and 4)
- q.* Mechanical ventilation over cooking equipment and dishwashing equipment shall be properly designed to take hot air out and not bring cold air down on hot food or dishes. (III)
- r.* Filter beds shall be located upstream of the air conditioning equipment, unless a prefilter is employed. In this case the prefilter shall be upstream of the equipment and the main filter bed may be located further downstream. Filter frames shall be durable and carefully dimensioned and shall provide an airtight fit within enclosing ductwork. All joints between filter segments and the enclosing ductwork shall be gasketed or sealed to provide a positive seal against air leakage. (III)
- s.* All under-the-slab perimeter ductwork shall be encased in lightweight or insulating concrete and sloped to a plenum low point. (III)
- t.* Laundry rooms shall be supplied with sufficient tempered outside air to balance the amounts exhausted and for combustion. (III)
- u.* The amounts of air and pressure relationship as set forth in Table 2 shall be provided. (III)
- v.* Condensate piping from cooling coils should be a minimum of 3/4 inch IPS and provided with cleanouts every 10 feet. (III)
- w.* Attics or crawl spaces shall not be used to house heating or cooling equipment.
- x.* All such areas must be accessible through a swinging door.

Table No. 2

PRESSURE RELATIONSHIPS AND VENTILATION OF CERTAIN  
AREAS OF RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITIES

| Area Designation                   | Minimum Total<br>Air Changes<br>Per Hour<br>Supplied to<br>Room | All Air<br>Exhausted<br>Directly<br>to<br>Outdoors | Room<br>Pressure in<br>Relation<br>To Adjacent<br>Space |
|------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Resident Room                      | 2   | Optional   | Equal   |
| Resident Area Corridor             | 2   | Optional   | Equal   |
| Lounge and Designated Smoking Area | 6   | Optional   | Negative  |
| Soiled Workroom or Soiled Holding  | 10  | Yes  | Negative  |
| Toilet Room                        | 10  | Yes  | Negative  |
| Bathroom                           | 10  | Yes  | Negative  |
| Janitor's Closet                   | 10  | Yes  | Negative  |
| Food Preparation Center            | 10  | Yes  | Equal   |
| Dishwashing Room                   | 10  | Yes  | Negative  |
| Laundry, General                   | 10  | Yes  | Equal   |
| Soiled Linen Sorting and Storage   | 10  | Yes  | Negative  |

**60.11(4)** Plumbing and other piping systems.

- a. Every facility shall have a complete interior plumbing system. (III)
- b. All plumbing and other piping systems shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of the Iowa state plumbing code and applicable provisions of local ordinances. (III) (Exception 3)
- c. All water supply systems pipes below grade or in concrete slabs shall be type K, soft copper. No joints will be allowed below the slab.
- d. Rescinded IAB 10/7/09, effective 11/11/09.
- e. Water supply systems. Water supply systems shall meet the following requirements:
  - (1) All facilities shall have a potable water source from a city water system or a private source which complies with the regulations and is approved by the department of natural resources. (III)
  - (2) Systems shall be designed to supply water to the fixtures and equipment at a minimum pressure of 15 pounds per square inch during maximum demand periods. (III)
  - (3) The temperature of the hot water to the resident lavatories, bath, and showers shall range between 110° Fahrenheit and 120° Fahrenheit. (III)
  - (4) Plumbing fixtures in janitor's rooms and soiled workrooms shall be provided with hot water. (III)
  - (5) Each water service main, branch main, riser and branch to a group of fixtures shall be valved. Stop valves shall be provided at each fixture. (III) (Exception 4)
  - (6) Backflow preventers (vacuum breakers) shall be installed on hose bibbs, janitors' sinks, bedpan flushing attachments, hair care sinks, and on all other threaded fixtures to which hoses or tubing can be attached. (III)
  - (7) Water softeners which supply cold water to the kitchen, drinking fountains, and ice machines shall not add sodium to the water. (III) (Exception 4)
  - (8) Hot water distribution systems shall be arranged to provide hot water as specified at each hot water outlet at all times. (III) (See Table 3) A circulating pump in a hot water system shall meet these requirements. (Exception 4) A circulating pump is not required in facilities licensed for 15 or fewer beds.
  - (9) The hot water system shall be designed to supply 110° Fahrenheit to 120° Fahrenheit hot water for bathing for all residents in accordance with their program of care. For facilities licensed for 15 beds or fewer, one bathing unit shall be provided for each five residents. (III) (Exception 4)

Table No. 3  
HOT WATER USE  
Resident

|                           | Areas | Dietary | Laundry |
|---------------------------|-------|---------|---------|
| Gallons per HR. per Bed** | 3     | 2       | 2       |
| Temperature (degrees F)   | 110   | 120*    | 160***  |

\*Provisions shall be made to provide 180° Fahrenheit rinse water at dishwasher. (III) (May be provided by a separate booster heater.)

\*\*Quantities indicated for design demand of hot water are for general reference minimums and shall not substitute for accepted engineering design procedures using actual number and types of fixtures to be installed. Design shall also be affected by temperatures of cold water used for mixing, length of run and insulation relative to heat loss, etc. As an example, total quantity of hot water needed will be less when temperature available at the outlet is very nearly that of the source tank and the cold water used for tempering is relatively warm.

\*\*\*Provisions shall be made to provide 160° Fahrenheit hot water at the laundry equipment when needed. (This may be by steam jet or separate booster heater.) However, it is emphasized that this does not imply that all water used would be at this temperature.

Water temperatures required for acceptable laundry results will vary according to type of cycle, time of operation, and formula of soap and bleach as well as type and degree of soil. Lower temperatures may be adequate for most procedures in many facilities but the higher 160° Fahrenheit shall be available when needed for special conditions.

*f.* Drainage systems. Drainage systems shall meet the following requirements:

(1) Sewage shall be collected and disposed of in a manner approved by the department. Disposal into a municipal system shall be considered as meeting this requirement. (III)

(2) Private sewage systems shall conform to the rules and regulations promulgated by the department of natural resources. (III)

(3) Piping over food preparation centers, food serving facilities, food storage areas, and other critical areas shall be kept to a minimum and shall not be exposed. Special precautions shall be taken to protect these areas from possible leakage or condensation from necessary overhead piping systems. (III) (Exceptions 1 and 4)

(4) Plastic piping may be used in any drain-waste vent system. (III)

(5) Rescinded IAB 2/8/89, effective 3/15/89.

(6) Pipe cleanouts shall not be more than 50 feet apart in horizontal drain line. (III) (Exception 4)

(7) Floor drains with appropriate grates shall be provided for all mechanical equipment rooms, laundries, kitchens, dishwashing areas, shower stalls and one in front of showers or bath units, soiled utility, basement floors and any other areas where water may collect on the floor. (III)

(8) Foundation drains shall be provided in accordance with subrule 60.3(10). (III)

(9) All tub and shower floor surfaces shall be specified or designated as slip-resistant surfaces.

[ARC 8189B, IAB 10/7/09, effective 11/11/09]

#### **481—60.12(135C) Electrical requirement.**

##### **60.12(1) General electrical requirements.**

*a.* All materials, including equipment, conductors, controls, and signaling devices, shall be installed to provide a complete electrical system with the necessary characteristics and capacity to supply the electrical facilities shown in the specifications or indicated on the plans. All materials shall be listed as complying with available standards of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., or other similarly established standards. (III)

b. Electrical systems and equipment shall meet the minimum requirements of the National Electrical Code. (III)

c. Drop cords, extension cords, or any type of flexible cord shall not be used as a substitute for fixed or hard wiring. Surge protectors may be used for computers and related devices, facsimile, photocopying and scanning machines, and other consumer electronic devices in a resident's room and other locations in a facility provided the surge protector is of metal construction and approved by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., or other similarly recognized laboratories. Only fixed supplementary electric heating shall be installed. (III)

d. Electrical metallic tubing or rigid heavy wall conduit shall be used throughout the interior of the facility. In areas used for patient care, the grounding terminals of all receptacles and all non-current-carrying conductive surfaces of fixed electrical equipment likely to become energized that are subject to personal contact, shall be grounded by a green insulated copper conductor. The grounding conductor shall be sized in accordance with the requirements of the 1990 "National Electrical Code" and installed in electrical metallic tubing with the branch-circuit conductors supplying these receptacles or fixed equipment. (III) (Exception 4)

**60.12(2) Panel boards.** Panel boards serving lighting and appliance circuits shall be located on the same floor as the circuits they serve. (Exceptions 4 and 5) All circuits shall be identified on the panel door. (III) This requirement does not apply to emergency system circuits which can be centrally located. (Exception 4)

**60.12(3) Lighting.** All spaces occupied by people, machinery, and equipment within buildings, approaches thereto, and parking lots shall have electric lighting. (III)

a. All rooms in resident-occupied areas shall have general lighting switched at the entrance to each room. (III)

b. Reading lamps shall be provided in each resident's room. (III)

c. Night lights shall be provided in corridors, at stairways, attendant's stations, residents' bedrooms, and hazardous areas with no less than 1 foot-candle throughout the area at all times. (III)

d. At least one recessed light fixture for night lighting installed no higher than 18 inches above the floor shall be switched at the entrance to each resident's room. (III) (Exception 4)

e. Light fixtures shall be so equipped to prevent glare and to prevent hazards to the residents. (III)

**60.12(4) Receptacles (Convenience outlet locations).**

a. Each resident room shall have grounding-type receptacles.

b. Receptacles shall be located as follows: one on each side of the head of each bed; one for television, where used and one on another wall. For parallel adjacent beds, only one receptacle is required between the beds. (III) (Exception 3)

c. Receptacles for general and emergency use shall be installed a maximum of 50 feet apart in all corridors and within 25 feet of ends of corridors. (III) (Exception 4)

d. All receptacles within 6 feet of sinks or lavatories and those installed outside the building shall be protected by a local ground fault circuit interrupter. (III)

**60.12(5) Call system.**

a. Where the facility has a call system installed, the system shall be electrical and all calls shall register at the operational center. (III)

b. Calling systems which provide two-way voice communication shall be equipped with an indicating light at each calling station, and the lights shall remain lighted as long as the voice circuit is operating. (III)

**60.12(6) Emergency electric service.**

a. Emergency electric on-site engine generator service shall be provided in any facility to provide electricity during an interruption of the normal electric supply that could affect the resident care or safety of the occupants. (Exceptions 1 and 4)

b. In facilities less than 16 beds an emergency battery source of electricity shall be provided in accordance with Section 517-40 of the National Electric Code. (III)

c. The required emergency generating set, including the prime mover, shall not be powered solely by natural gas or cooled solely by domestic water. (III) (Exception 4)

- d.* The emergency generator set shall be of sufficient capacity to supply all lighting and power load demands of the emergency system and shall be located on the premises. (III)
- e.* Emergency electric service shall be provided to the distribution system for lighting as follows:
- (1) Exit ways and all necessary ways of approach thereto, including exit signs and exit direction signs, exterior of exits, exit doorways, stairways, and corridors, (III)
  - (2) Egress as required in NFPA Standard 101, (III)
  - (3) Dining and recreation rooms, (III)
  - (4) Attendant's station, (III)
  - (5) Generator set location, switch-gear location and boiler room, (III)
  - (6) Elevator, where required for emergency. (III)
- f.* Emergency electric service shall be provided to the distribution system for equipment essential to life safety and for the protection of important equipment or vital materials as follows:
- (1) Call board; (III)
  - (2) Alarm system, including fire alarm actuated at manual stations; water flow alarm devices or sprinkler systems, where electrically operated; fire detection and smoke-detecting systems; paging or speaker systems intended for issuing instructions during emergency conditions; and alarms required for nonflammable medical gas systems, where installed; (III)
  - (3) Sewage and sump lift pump, where installed; (III)
  - (4) All required duplex receptacles in resident corridors; (III)
  - (5) One elevator; (III) (Exception 4)
  - (6) Equipment, such as burners and pumps, necessary for operation of one or more boilers and their necessary auxiliaries and controls required for heating and sterilization; (III) and
  - (7) Equipment necessary for maintaining telephone service. (III)
- g.* Emergency electric service shall be provided to the distribution system for heating as follows:
- (1) Where electricity is the only source of power normally used for space heating, the emergency service shall provide for heating of resident rooms or an area of approximately 30 square feet per bed within the facility to accommodate all of the residents for the duration of the emergency; (III)
  - (2) Emergency heating shall not be required where the facility is supplied by at least two service feeders, each supplied by separate sources from an integrated transmission distribution system, each capable of supplying required service, and each so routed, connected and protected that a fault any place between the utility energy source and the facility shall not cause an interruption of more than one of the electric service feeders. (III)
- h.* The emergency electrical system shall be brought to full voltage and frequency and connected within 10 seconds through one or more primary automatic transfer switches. Power to pumps and burners may be brought to full power through the use of manual switches. (III)
- i.* Receptacles connected to the emergency system shall be distinctively marked for identification. (III)
- j.* Storage battery-powered lights, provided to augment the emergency lighting or for continuity of lighting during the interim of transfer switches, shall not be used as a substitute for the requirements of a generator. (III)

**481—60.13(135C) Codes and standards.**

**60.13(1) General.** Nothing stated herein shall relieve the sponsor from compliance with building codes, ordinances, and regulations which are enforced by city, county, or state jurisdictions. Where such codes, ordinances, and regulations are not in effect, it shall be the responsibility of the sponsor to consult one of the national building codes generally used in the area for all components of the standards set forth herein, provided the requirements of the code are not inconsistent with the minimum standards herein. (III)

**60.13(2) List of referenced codes and standards.** The latest revisions of the following codes and standards have been used in whole or in part in these rules and shall be used as references where specific details are required or interpretation is needed:

American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) Handbooks.

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard No. E 84-61, Method of Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Material.

International Conference of Building Officials (ICBO) Uniform Building Code.

Iowa State Building Code.

Iowa State Plumbing Code.

Iowa State Bureau of Labor Standards.

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standard No. 70, National Electrical Code.

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standard No. 90A and Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems.

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standard No. 101, Life Safety Code.

Food Service Sanitation Manual (DHEW Publication No. (FDA) 8-2081).

Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. listings.

American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Standard No. A117.1—1986, American Standard Specifications for Making Buildings and Facilities Accessible to, and Usable by, the Physically Handicapped.

Copies of nongovernment publications can be obtained from the various agencies at the addresses listed:

American Society for Testing and Materials  
1916 Race Street  
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103

National Fire Protection Association  
Battery March Park  
Quincy, Massachusetts 02269

Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.  
333 Pfingsten Road  
Northbrook, Illinois 60062

American National Standards Institute  
1430 Broadway  
New York, New York 10018  
International Conference of Building Officials (ICBO)  
Uniform Building Code  
5360 South Workman Mill Road  
Whittier, California 90601

American Society of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE)  
1791 Tullie Circle N.E.  
Atlanta, Georgia 30329

Except as noted in the list, copies of government publications can be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

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CHAPTER 61  
MINIMUM PHYSICAL STANDARDS FOR NURSING FACILITIES  
[Prior to 7/15/87, Health Department[470] Ch 61]

**481—61.1(135C) Definitions.** Definitions in rule 481—58.1(135C) are incorporated by reference as part of this chapter. In addition, the following definition shall apply:

*“Responsible design professional”* means a registered architect or licensed professional engineer who signs the documents submitted pursuant to rule 481—61.3(135C).  
[ARC 0763C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—61.2(135C) General requirements.** Nursing facilities licensed under this chapter shall be built in accordance with the following construction standards:

**61.2(1)** Construction shall be in conformance with 661—Chapter 205, Fire Safety Requirements for Hospitals and Health Care Facilities. Projects required to meet the provisions of the state building code shall be deemed to be in compliance with the fire safety requirements of the state building code if the project is in compliance with the provisions of 661—Chapter 205.

**61.2(2)** Construction shall be in conformance with 661—Chapter 301, State Building Code—General Provisions. Projects meeting the local building code shall be deemed to be in compliance with the state building code provided that the local jurisdiction has established a building department, has adopted a building code by ordinance and enforces the local code through a system which includes both plan review and inspection.

**61.2(3)** Construction shall be in accordance with the standards set forth in Part 4.2 and other applicable provisions of the Guidelines for Design and Construction of Health Care Facilities, 2010 edition, published by the Facility Guidelines Institute.

**61.2(4)** Nothing in these rules shall relieve a nursing facility from compliance with fire and building codes, ordinances and regulations which are enforced by city, county, state or federal jurisdictions.

**61.2(5)** New equipment. Any alteration or installation of new equipment shall be accomplished as nearly as practical in conformance with all applicable codes, ordinances, regulations and standards required for new construction. Alteration or installation of new equipment shall not diminish the level of compliance with any codes, ordinances, regulations or standards below that which existed prior to the alteration. Any feature that does not meet the requirement for new buildings but exceeds the requirement for existing buildings shall not be further diminished. Features that exceed requirements for new construction need not be maintained. In no case shall any feature be less than that required for existing buildings. (III)

**61.2(6)** Existing nursing facilities built in compliance with prior versions of this chapter will be deemed in compliance, with the exception of any renovations, additions, functional alterations, changes of space utilization, or conversions to existing facilities for which construction documents are submitted pursuant to rule 481—61.3(135C) on or after July 1, 2013, which shall meet the standards specified in this chapter. Conversion of a building or any of the parts not currently licensed as a nursing facility must meet the rules governing construction of new facilities, except as provided in Life Safety Code, 2000 edition, sections 18.1.1.4.4 and 19.1.1.4.4.

**61.2(7)** Final plan approval and final occupancy shall be given by the state fire marshal’s office.  
[ARC 0763C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—61.3(135C) Submission of construction documents.**

**61.3(1)** Submissions of architectural technical documents, engineering documents, and plans and specifications to the state fire marshal’s office shall be as required by rule 661—300.4(103A) and are the responsibility of the owner of the building or facility, although the actual submission may be completed by an authorized agent of the owner or the responsible design professional.

**61.3(2)** Plans, specifications and other supporting information shall be sufficiently clear and complete to show in detail that the proposed work will comply with the construction standards required by rule 481—61.2(135C).

**61.3(3)** Submittals to the state fire marshal's office shall be certified or stamped and signed as required by Iowa Code chapters 542B and 544A unless the applicant has certified on the submittal to the applicability of a specific exception under Iowa Code section 544A.18 and the submittal does not constitute the practice of engineering as defined by Iowa Code section 542B.2.

**61.3(4)** The responsible design professional shall certify that the building plans meet the requirements specified in this chapter, unless a variance has been granted pursuant to rule 481—61.4(135C).

[ARC 0763C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—61.4(135C) Variances.**

**61.4(1)** Procedures in rule 481—58.2(135C) for requesting a variance are incorporated by reference as part of this chapter.

**61.4(2)** Certain resident populations, conditions in the area, or the site may justify variances. In specific cases, variances to the rules may be granted by the director after the following conditions are met:

*a.* The design and planning for the specific property shall offer improved or compensating features which provide equivalent desirability and utility;

*b.* Alternate or special construction methods, techniques, and mechanical equipment shall offer equivalent durability, utility, safety, structural strength and rigidity, sanitation, odor control, protection from corrosion, decay and insect attack, and quality of workmanship;

*c.* The health, safety or welfare of any resident shall not be endangered;

*d.* Variations are limited to the specific project under consideration and shall not be construed as establishing a precedent for similar acceptance in other cases;

*e.* The occupancy and function of the building shall be considered; and

*f.* The type of licensure shall be considered.

[ARC 0763C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—61.5(135C) Additional notification requirements.**

**61.5(1)** When new construction or renovation, addition, functional alteration, change of space utilization, or conversion of an existing building is contemplated, the licensee or applicant for a license shall:

*a.* File a detailed and comprehensive program of care, as set forth in rule 481—58.3(135C), which includes a description of the specific needs of the residents to be served, and any other information the department may require. (III)

*b.* Receive written approval from the state fire marshal's office before starting construction. The applicant is responsible for ensuring that construction proceeds according to approved plans and specifications. If construction is not started within 12 months of the date of final approval of the working drawings and specifications, the approval shall be void and the plans and specifications shall be resubmitted. Multiphase projects shall be completed within a time period approved by the state fire marshal's office.

*c.* Meet requirements for new construction if the project includes changes to structural and life safety components of the building or changes for accessibility of persons with disabilities. Only that portion of the building that is part of the project must meet requirements for new construction.

**61.5(2) Inspections.**

*a.* For new construction or renovations, additions, functional alterations, change of space utilization or conversion of an existing building, it is the responsibility of the owner or an agent to notify the state fire marshal's office at all of the following intervals and wait for inspection before proceeding. Inspections shall be conducted in accordance with the following schedule:

(1) Two days prior to the beginning of any construction or demolition.

(2) After installation of any under-slab plumbing and before covering is installed.

(3) After installation of electrical, mechanical and plumbing and prior to covering.

(4) Five days prior to a final occupancy inspection.

b. The following must approve the project before final occupancy: the state fire inspector, the state building inspector and, in jurisdictions without electrical code enforcement, the state electrical inspector. Approval of local or county jurisdictions is as required by those jurisdictions.  
[ARC 0763C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—61.6(135C) Construction requirements.** This rule contains construction requirements for all areas of the building.

**61.6(1) General provisions.**

a. Projects shall be constructed in compliance with 661—Chapter 205, Fire Safety Requirements for Hospitals and Health Care Facilities. Projects required to meet the provisions of the state building code shall be deemed to be in compliance with the fire safety requirements of the state building code if the nursing facility is in compliance with the provisions of 661—Chapter 205, Fire Safety Requirements for Hospitals and Health Care Facilities.

b. Projects shall be constructed in compliance with 661—Chapter 301, State Building Code—General Provisions. Projects meeting the local building code shall be deemed to be in compliance with the state building code provided that the local jurisdiction has established a building department, has adopted a building code by ordinance and enforces the local code through a system which includes both plan review and inspection.

c. Projects shall be constructed in compliance with the standards set forth in Part 4.2 and other applicable provisions of the Guidelines for Design and Construction of Health Care Facilities, 2010 edition, published by the Facility Guidelines Institute.

d. Final plan approval and final occupancy shall be given by the state fire marshal's office.

**61.6(2) Mechanical requirements.**

a. Projects shall be constructed in compliance with 661—Chapter 205, Fire Safety Requirements for Hospitals and Health Care Facilities.

b. Projects shall be constructed in compliance with the state mechanical code as provided in rule 661—301.4(103A). Projects meeting the local mechanical code shall be deemed to be in compliance with the state mechanical code provided that the local jurisdiction has established a building department, has adopted a building code by ordinance and enforces the local code through a system which includes both plan review and inspection.

c. Final plan approval and final occupancy shall be given by the state fire marshal's office.

**61.6(3) Electrical requirements.**

a. Projects shall be constructed in compliance with standards referenced in 661—Chapter 205, Fire Safety Requirements for Hospitals and Health Care Facilities.

b. Projects shall be constructed in compliance with the state electrical code as provided in rule 661—301.5(103A).

**61.6(4) Plumbing requirements.** Projects shall be constructed in compliance with 641—Chapter 25, State Plumbing Code.

**61.6(5) Accessibility requirements.** Projects shall be constructed in compliance with 661—Chapter 302, State Building Code—Accessibility of Buildings and Facilities Available to the Public.

**61.6(6) Lighting requirements.** Light shall be provided in the areas of the building as required in Table 4.1-3 of the Guidelines for Design and Construction of Health Care Facilities, 2010 edition, published by the Facilities Guidelines Institute.

**61.6(7) Exit door alarm system.** An exit door alarm system shall be installed on all exterior doors.  
(I, II, III)

[ARC 0763C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—61.7(135C) Nursing care unit.**

**61.7(1)** A seclusion room may be used in an intermediate care facility for persons with mental illness.

**61.7(2)** When a seclusion room is used, it must meet the following standards. A seclusion room shall:

- a. Be located where direct care staff can provide direct supervision; (I, II, III)
- b. Have only one door which swings out but does not swing into a corridor; (II, III)

- c. Have only locking devices that are approved by the state fire marshal; (I, II, III)
  - d. Have unbreakable, fire-safe vision panels arranged to permit observation of the resident. The arrangement shall ensure resident privacy and prevent casual observation by visitors or other residents; (I, II, III)
    - e. House only one resident at a time; (I, II, III)
    - f. Have an area of at least 60 square feet, but not more than 100 square feet; (II, III)
    - g. Be constructed to protect against the possibility of hiding, escape, injury and suicide; (I, II, III)
    - h. Have construction of the room area, including floor, walls, ceilings, and all openings, approved in writing by the state fire marshal prior to construction or alteration of a room. Padding materials, if used, shall be approved in writing by the state fire marshal; (I, II, III)
    - i. Contain only vandal- and tamper-resistant fixtures and hardware; (I, II, III)
    - j. Contain no electrical receptacles; (I, II, III)
    - k. Contain an exhaust ventilation system with a fan located at the discharge end of the system, with exhaust discharging to the outside; (II, III)
    - l. Have electrical switches for the light and exhaust ventilation systems installed outside the room; (I, II, III)
    - m. Have an emergency call system for staff located outside the room near the observation window; (II, III) and
    - n. Be built with materials that are easily maintained and sanitized. (III)
- [ARC 0763C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

#### **481—61.8(135C) Dietetic and other service areas.**

**61.8(1) *Dietetic service area.*** The construction and installation of equipment of the dietetic service area shall comply with the requirements of the Food and Drug Administration Food Code adopted under provisions of Iowa Code section 137F.2. (III)

**61.8(2) *General storage areas.*** General storage areas totaling not less than 14 square feet per bed shall be provided. If each resident has a 4-foot wide closet in the bedroom, the general storage area per bed may be reduced from 14 square feet to 10 square feet per bed. Storage areas are not required to be located in only one room. (III)

a. Storage areas for linens, janitor's supplies, sterile nursing supplies, activities supplies, library books, office supplies, kitchen supplies and mechanical plant accessories shall not be included as part of the general storage area and are not required to be located in the same area. (III)

b. Thirty percent of the general storage area may be provided in a building outside the facility if the building is easily accessible to personnel. (III)

[ARC 0763C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—61.9(135C) Specialized unit or facility for persons with chronic confusion or a dementing illness (CCDI unit or facility).** A CCDI unit or facility shall be designed in accordance with Section 4.2-2.2.3.2 and other applicable provisions of the Guidelines for Design and Construction of Health Care Facilities, 2010 edition, produced by the Facility Guidelines Institute. The following provisions shall also apply:

**61.9(1)** A CCDI unit or facility shall be designed so that residents, staff and visitors will not pass through the unit in order to reach exits or other areas of the facility unless in an emergency. (III)

**61.9(2)** If the unit or facility is to be a locked unit or facility, all locking devices shall meet the requirements of the state fire marshal. If the unit or facility is to be unlocked, a system of security monitoring is required. (I, II, III)

**61.9(3)** The outdoor activity area for the unit or facility shall be secure. Nontoxic plants shall be used in the secured outdoor activity area. (I, II)

**61.9(4)** There shall be no steps inside the CCDI unit or freestanding CCDI facility. (III)

**61.9(5)** Dining and activity areas for the unit or facility shall be located within the unit or facility and shall not be used as the primary dining or activity area by other facility residents. (III)

**61.9(6)** An area shall be provided to allow nurses to prepare daily resident reports. (III)

**61.9(7)** If the lounge and activity areas are not adjacent to resident rooms, there shall be in clear view of the lounge and activity area one unisex resident toilet room for each ten residents. (III)

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CHAPTER 62  
RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITIES  
FOR PERSONS WITH MENTAL ILLNESS (RCF/PMI)

**481—62.1(135C) Definitions.** For the purposes of these rules, the following terms shall have the meaning indicated in this chapter. The definitions set out in Iowa Code section 135C.1 shall be considered incorporated verbatim in the rules. The use of the words “shall” and “must” indicate these standards are mandatory.

“*Academic services*” means those activities provided to assist a person to acquire general information and skills which establish the basis for subsequent acquisition and application of knowledge.

“*Age appropriate*” means those activities, settings, and personal appearance and possessions commensurate with the person’s chronological age.

“*Chronic mental illness*” means a persistent mental or emotional disorder that seriously impairs an adult’s functioning relative to such primary aspects of daily living as personal relations, living arrangements, or employment.

“*Commission*” means the mental health and mental retardation commission.

“*Community living training services*” are those activities provided to assist a person to acquire or sustain the knowledge and skills essential to independent functioning to the person’s maximum potential in the physical and social environment. These services may focus on the following areas:

1. Independent living skills means those skills necessary to sustain oneself in the physical environment and are essential to the management of one’s personal property and business. This includes self-advocacy skills.

2. Socialization skills which include self-awareness and self-control, social responsiveness, group participation, social amenities, and interpersonal skills.

3. Communication skills which include expressive and receptive skills in verbal and nonverbal language including reading and writing.

4. Leisure time and recreational skills which include the skills necessary for a person to use leisure time in a manner which is satisfying and constructive to the person.

5. Parenting skills which include those skills necessary to meet the needs of the person’s child. This service is designed to assist the person with mental illness to acquire or sustain the skills necessary for parenting.

“*Department*” means the Iowa department of inspections and appeals.

“*Dependent adult abuse*” is as defined in rule 481—52.1(235E).

“*Diagnosis*” means the investigation and analysis of the cause or nature of a person’s condition, situation, or problem.

“*Direct care staff*” means those staff persons who provide a homelike environment for the residents and assist or supervise the resident in meeting the goals in the resident’s program plan.

“*Evaluation services*” means those activities designed to identify a person’s current functioning level and those factors which are barriers to maintaining the current level or achieving a higher level of functioning.

“*Exploitation*” means the act or process of taking unfair advantage of a resident, or the resident’s physical or financial resources, for one’s own personal or pecuniary profit by the use of undue influence, harassment, duress, deception, false representation, or false pretenses.

“*Goals*” means general statements of attainable expected accomplishments to be achieved in meeting identified needs.

“*Incident*” means all accidental, purposeful, or other occurrences within the facility or on the premises affecting residents, visitors, or employees whether there is apparent injury or where hidden injury may have occurred.

“*Individual program plan (IPP)*” means a written plan for the provision of services to the resident that is developed and implemented using an interdisciplinary process, that is based on the resident’s functional status, strengths and needs, and that identifies service activities designed to enable a person

to maintain or move toward independent functioning. The plan identifies a continuum of development and outlines progressive steps and anticipated outcomes of services.

*"Informed consent"* means an agreement by a person, or by the person's legally authorized representative, based upon an understanding of:

1. A full explanation of the procedures to be followed including an identification of those that are and are not experimental,
2. A description of the attendant discomforts, risks, and benefits to be expected,
3. A disclosure of appropriate alternative procedures that would be advantageous for the person.

*"Interdisciplinary process"* means an approach to assessment, individual program planning, and service implementation in which planning participants function as a team. Each participant utilizing the skills, competencies, insights and perspectives provided by the participant's training and experience focuses on identifying the service needs of the resident and the resident's family. The purpose of the process is for participants to review and discuss, face-to-face, all information and recommendations and to reach decisions as a team. Participants share all information and recommendations, and develop as a team a single, integrated, individual program plan to meet the resident's and, when appropriate, the resident's family's needs.

*"Interdisciplinary team"* means the group of persons who develop a single, integrated, individual program plan to meet a resident's needs for services. The interdisciplinary team consists of, at a minimum, the resident, the resident's legal guardian, if applicable, the resident's advocate if desired by the resident, a referral agency representative, other appropriate staff members, other providers of services, and other persons relevant to resident's needs.

*"Least restrictive environment"* means the environment in which the interventions in the lives of people with mental illness can be carried out with a minimum of limitation, intrusion, disruption, and departure from commonly accepted patterns of living.

It is the environment which allows residents to participate, to the maximum extent possible, in everyday life and to have control over the decisions that affect them. It is an environment that provides needed supports which do not interfere with personal liberty and do not unduly interfere with a person's access to the normal events of life.

*"Legal services"* means those activities designed to assist the person in exercising constitutional and legislatively enacted rights.

*"Level of functioning"* means a person's current physiological and psychological status and current academic, community living, self-care, and vocational skills.

*"Long-term residential care facility for persons with mental illness (RCF/PMI)"* means a residential setting to maintain or improve community living skills to reach maximum potential for independent living and to prevent movement to a more restrictive setting.

*"Mechanical restraint"* means a device applied to a person's limbs, head, or body which restricts a person's movement and includes but is not limited to leather straps, leather cuffs, camisoles, or handcuffs.

*"Mental abuse"* means, but is not limited to, humiliation, harassment, and threats of punishment or deprivation.

*"Mental illness"* means a substantial disorder of thought or mood which significantly impairs judgment, behavior, or the capacity to recognize reality or the ability to cope with the ordinary demands of life. Mental disorders include the organic and functional psychoses, neuroses, personality disorders, alcoholism and drug dependence, behavioral disorders and other disorders as defined by the current edition of American Psychiatric Association Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.

*"Normalization"* means helping persons, in accordance with their needs and preference, to achieve a lifestyle that is consistent with the norms and patterns of general society and in ways which incorporate the age-appropriate and least restrictive principles.

*"Objectives"* means specific, time-limited, and measurable statements showing outcomes or accomplishments necessary to progress toward the goal.

*"Physical abuse"* means, but is not limited to, corporal punishment and the use of restraints as punishment.

*“Physical injury”* means damage to any bodily tissue to the extent the tissue must undergo a healing process in order to be restored to a sound and healthy condition. It may also mean damage to the extent the bodily tissue cannot be restored to a sound and healthy condition, or results in the death of the resident whose bodily tissue sustained the damage.

*“Physical or physiological treatment”* means those activities designed to prevent, halt, control, relieve, or reverse symptoms or conditions which interfere with the physical or physiological functioning of the human body.

*“Physical restraint”* means a technique involving the use of one or more of a staff person’s arms, legs, hands or other body areas to restrict or control the movements of a resident. This does not include the use of mechanical restraint.

*“Physician”* means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathy and surgery, osteopathy, or chiropractic under the laws of this state; but a physician licensed as a physician and surgeon shall be designated as a “physician” or “surgeon”; a person licensed as an osteopath and surgeon shall be designated as an “osteopathic physician” or “osteopathic surgeon”; a person designated as an osteopath shall be designated as an “osteopathic physician”; and a person licensed as a chiropractor shall be designated as a “chiropractor.”

*“Primary care provider”* means any of the following who provide primary care and meet certification standards:

1. A physician who is a family or general practitioner or an internist.
2. An advanced registered nurse practitioner.
3. A physician assistant.

*“Program”* means a set of related resources and services directed to the accomplishment of a fixed set of goals and objectives for any of the following:

1. Special target populations,
2. The population of a specified geographic area(s),
3. A specified purpose, and
4. A person.

*“Psychotherapeutic treatment”* means those activities designed to assist a person in the identification or modification of beliefs, emotions, attitudes, or behaviors in order to maintain or improve the person’s functioning in response to the physical, emotional and social environment.

*“Qualified mental health professional (QMHP)”* means a person who:

Is a psychiatrist, psychologist, social worker, psychiatric nurse or mental health counselor; or  
Is a doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine or has at least a master’s degree or its equivalent with coursework focusing on diagnosis and evaluation and psychotherapeutic treatment of mental health problems and mental illness.

Equivalent means at least 32 semester hours of graduate level study in the following areas:

1. Psychology (normal and abnormal)
2. Assessment (psychological and physiological)
3. Growth, development, and personality
4. Learning theory
5. Counseling theory and technique (group dynamics)
6. Human behavior
7. Sociology
8. Interpersonal relations
9. Change
10. Systems theory
11. Interdisciplinary team process
12. Organizational theory
13. Planning

These persons must have two years of documented supervised experience in providing mental health services; or

Is employed by a community mental health center or mental health service provider accredited by the commission and has less than a master's degree but at least a bachelor's degree and sufficient education and experience as determined by the chief administrative officer of the community mental health center, with the approval of the commission with coursework and experience focusing on diagnosis and evaluation and treatment of persons with mental health problems and mental illness.

All persons must hold a current license when required by Iowa law.

1. *"Psychiatrist"* means a doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery who is certified by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology or who is eligible for certification.

2. *"Psychologist"* means a person who is licensed to practice psychology in the state of Iowa, or is certified by the Iowa department of education as a school psychologist, or is eligible for certification, or meets the requirements for eligibility for a license to practice psychology in the state of Iowa that were effective prior to July 1, 1985.

3. *"Social worker"* means a person who is licensed to practice social work in the state of Iowa, or who is eligible for licensure.

4. *"Psychiatric nurse"* means a person who meets the requirements of certified psychiatric-mental health nurse practitioner pursuant to 655—Chapter 7, Iowa Administrative Code, or is eligible for certification.

5. *"Mental health counselor"* means a person who is certified or eligible for certification as a mental health counselor by the National Academy of Certified Clinical Mental Health Counselors.

*"Resident"* means a person who has been admitted to the facility to receive care and services.

*"Seclusion"* means the isolation of the resident in a locked room which cannot be opened by the resident.

*"Self-care training services"* means those activities provided to assist a person to acquire or sustain the knowledge, habits, and skills essential to the daily needs of the person. The activities focus on personal hygiene, general health maintenance, mobility skills, and other activities of daily living.

*"Service"* means a set of interrelated activities provided to a resident pursuant to the IPP.

*"Sexual abuse"* means, but is not limited to, the exposing of pubes to a resident, the exposure of a resident's genitals, pubes, breasts or buttocks for sexual satisfaction, fondling or touching the inner thigh, groin, buttocks, anus or breast of a resident or the clothing covering these areas, sexually suggestive comments or remarks made to a resident, a genital to genital or oral to genital contact or the commission of a sexual offense under Iowa Code chapter 709 or Iowa Code section 726.2.

*"Short-term transitional residential care facility for persons with mental illness"* means a transitional setting to move the person toward independent living by helping the person gain mastery of independent living skills.

*"Support services"* means those activities provided to or on behalf of a person in the areas of personal care and assistance and property maintenance in order to allow a person to live in the least restrictive environment.

*"Transportation services"* means those activities designed to assist a person to travel from one place to another to obtain services or carry out life's activities.

*"Verbal abuse"* means, but is not limited to, the use of derogatory terms or names, undue voice volume and rude comments, orders, or responses to residents.

*"Vocational training services"* means those activities designed to familiarize a person with production or employment requirements and to maintain or develop the person's ability to function in a work setting. This service includes programming which allows or promotes the development of skills, attitudes, and personal attributes appropriate to the work setting.

*"Work"* means any activity during which a resident provides goods or services for wages.

*"Written, in writing or recorded"* means that an account or entry is made in a permanent form.

[ARC 1204C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 1752C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

#### **481—62.2(135C) Application for license.**

**62.2(1) Initial application and licensing.** In order to obtain an initial license for a residential care facility for persons with mental illness, the applicant must meet all of the rules, regulations, and standards

contained in Iowa Code chapter 135C, and Iowa Administrative Code 481—Chapters 60 and 62, and submit an application to the department which states the type and category of license for which the facility is applying.

- a. Submit a résumé of care with a narrative which includes the following information:
    - (1) The purpose of the facility.
    - (2) A description of the target population and limitations on resident eligibility.
    - (3) An identification and description of the services the facility will provide which shall minimally include specific and measurable goals and objectives for each of the services to be made available by the facility and a description of the resources needed to provide each of the services including staff, physical facilities and funds.
    - (4) A description of the human services system available in the area, including, but not limited to, social, public health, visiting nurse, vocational training, employment services, sheltered living arrangements, and services of private agencies.
    - (5) A description of working relationships with the human services agencies when applicable, which shall include at a minimum:
      1. A description of how the facility will coordinate with the human services to facilitate continuity of care and coordination of services to residents; and
      2. A description of how the facility will coordinate with those agencies to identify unnecessary duplication of services and plan for development and coordination of needed services.
  - b. Submit a floor plan of each floor of the facility drawn on 8½- x 11-inch paper showing room areas in proportion, room dimensions, room numbers for all rooms, including bathroom; and designation of the use to which room will be put and window and door location;
  - c. Submit a photograph of the front and side elevation of the facility;
  - d. Submit the statutory fee for a residential care facility license;
  - e. Show evidence of a certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules.
- 62.2(2) *Renewal application or change of ownership.*** In order to obtain a renewal or change of ownership license of the residential care facility to serve persons with mental illness the applicant must:
- a. Submit to the department the completed application form 30 days prior to annual license renewal or change of ownership date of the residential care facility license.
  - b. Submit the statutory license fee for a residential care facility for persons with mental illness with the application for renewal or change of ownership.
  - c. Have an approved current certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules.
  - d. Submit documentation of review of résumé of care pursuant to 62.2(1) “a” and a copy of any revisions to the plan.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.7 and 135C.9.

**481—62.3(135C) Licenses for distinct parts.**

**62.3(1)** Separate licenses may be issued for distinct parts which are clearly identifiable parts of a health care facility, containing contiguous rooms in a separate wing or building or on a separate floor of the facility and which provide care and services of separate categories.

- 62.3(2)** The following requirements shall be met for a separate licensing of a distinct part:
- a. The distinct part shall serve only residents who require the category of care and services immediately available to them within that part. (III)
  - b. The distinct part shall meet all the standards, rules, and regulations pertaining to the category for which a license is being sought.
  - c. The distinct part must be operationally and financially feasible.
  - d. A separate personal care staff with qualifications appropriate to the care and services being rendered must be regularly assigned and working in the distinct part under responsible management. (III)

*e.* Separately licensed distinct parts may have certain services such as management, building maintenance, laundry and dietary in common with each other.

**62.3(3)** Licenses are issued to the person or governmental unit which has responsibility for the operation of the facility and authority to comply with all applicable statutes, rules or regulations.

The person or governmental unit must be the owner of the facility or, if the facility is leased, the lessee.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.6(1) and 135C.6(2).

**481—62.4(135C) Variances.** Variances from these rules may be granted by the director of the department:

1. When the need for a variance has been established consistent with the résumé of care or the resident's individual program plan.
2. When there is no danger to the health, safety, welfare, or rights of any resident.
3. The variance will apply only to a specific residential care facility for the mentally ill.
4. Variances shall be reviewed at the time of each licensure survey by the department to see if the need for the variance is still acceptable.

**62.4(1)** To request a variance, the licensee must:

- a.* Apply in writing on a form provided by the department;
- b.* Cite the rule or rules from which a variance is desired;
- c.* State why compliance with the rule or rules cannot be accomplished;
- d.* Explain how the variance is consistent with the résumé of care or the individual program plan;
- e.* Demonstrate that the requested variance will not endanger the health, safety, welfare, or rights of any resident.

**62.4(2)** Upon receipt of a request for variance, the director shall:

- a.* Examine the rule from which the variance is requested;
- b.* Evaluate the requested variance against the requirement of the rule to determine whether the request is necessary to meet the needs of the residents;
- c.* Examine the effect of the requested variance on the health, safety, or welfare of the residents;
- d.* Consult with the applicant to obtain additional written information if required.

**62.4(3)** Based upon this information, approval of the variance will be either granted or denied within 120 days of receipt.

**481—62.5(135C) General requirements.**

**62.5(1)** The license shall be valid and be posted in each facility so the public can see it easily. (III)

**62.5(2)** The license shall be valid only for the premises and person named on the license and is not transferable.

**62.5(3)** The posted license shall accurately reflect the current status of the residential care facility for persons with mental illness. (III)

**62.5(4)** Licenses expire one year after the date of issuance or as indicated on the license.

**62.5(5)** There shall be no more beds erected than are stipulated on the license. (II, III)

**62.5(6)** Each citation or a copy of each citation issued by the department for a class I or class II violation shall be prominently posted by the facility in plain view of the residents, visitors, and persons inquiring about placement in the facility. The citation or copy of the citation shall remain posted until the violation is corrected to the satisfaction of the department. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.8.

**481—62.6(135C) Notification required by the department.** The department shall be notified:

Within 48 hours, by letter, of any reduction or loss of personal care or dietary staff lasting more than seven days which places the staff ratio below that required for licensing. No additional residents shall be admitted until the minimum staff requirements are achieved. (II, III)

Within 30 days of any proposed change in the résumé of care for the RCF/PMI. (II, III)

Thirty days before addition, alteration, or new construction is begun in the residential care facility or on the premises; (III)

Thirty days in advance of closure of the residential care facility for persons with mental illness; (III)

Within two weeks of any change of administrator; (II, III)

Within 30 days when any change in the category of license is sought. (III)

Prior to the purchase, transfer, assignment, or lease of a residential care facility the licensee shall:

1. Inform the department in writing of pending sale, transfer, assignment, or lease of the facility; (III)

2. Inform the department in writing of the name and address of the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee at least 30 days before the sale, transfer, assignment, or lease is completed; (III)

3. Submit a written authorization to the department permitting the department to release information of whatever kind from the department's files concerning the licensee's residential care facility to the named prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee. (III)

After the authorization has been submitted to the department, the department shall upon request send or give copies of all recent licensure surveys and any other pertinent information relating to the facility's licensure status to the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee or lessee. Costs for copies requested shall be paid by the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee or lessee. No information personally identifying any resident shall be provided to prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee or lessee. (II, III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.6(3) and 135C.16(2).

**481—62.7(135C) Administrator.** Each residential care facility for persons with mental illness shall have one person in charge, duly approved by the department or acting in a provisional capacity in accordance with these rules. (II, III)

**62.7(1)** The administrator shall be at least 21 years of age and shall meet at least one of the following conditions:

*a.* Be a licensed nursing home administrator, or a certified residential care administrator in Iowa. These individuals must have at least two years' experience in direct care or supervision of persons with mental illness, (II, III) or

*b.* Be a qualified mental health professional (QMHP) with at least one year of experience in an administrative capacity in a health care facility, (II, III) or

*c.* Have completed a one-year educational training program approved by the department with emphasis on serving the needs of persons with mental illness, and two years' experience in direct care or supervision of persons with mental illness. (II, III)

*d.* Those individuals currently employed as administrators on the effective date of these rules (March 30, 1988) shall not be required to meet the above criteria during their employment in the current facility.

**62.7(2)** The administrator shall be responsible for no more than 150 beds in total if the administrator is an administrator of more than one facility. (II, III)

*a.* The distance between the two farthest facilities shall be no greater than 50 miles. (II, III)

*b.* An administrator of more than one facility must designate an administrative staff person in each facility who shall be responsible for directing programs in the facility during the administrator's absence. (II, III)

**62.7(3)** The administrative staff person shall be designated in writing and immediately available to the facility on a 24-hour basis when the administrator is absent and residents are in the facility. (II, III)

The person(s) designated shall:

*a.* Have at least two years' experience or training in a supervisory or direct care position in a mental health setting; (II, III)

*b.* Be knowledgeable of the operation of the facility; (II, III)

*c.* Have access to records concerned with the operation of the facility; (II, III)

*d.* Be capable of carrying out administrative duties and of assuming administrative responsibilities; (II, III)

*e.* Be at least 21 years of age; (III)

*f.* Be empowered to act on behalf of the licensee during the administrator's absence concerning the health, safety, and welfare of the residents; (II, III)

*g.* Have training to carry out assignments and take care of emergencies and sudden illnesses of residents. (II, III)

**62.7(4)** If an administrator serves more than one facility, a written plan shall be developed and available for review and approval by the department designating regular and specific times the administrator will be available to meet with the staff and residents to provide direction and supervision of resident care and services. (II, III)

**62.7(5)** The licensee may be the approved administrator providing the requirements set forth in these rules are met. (III)

**62.7(6)** When a facility has been unable to replace the administrator, through no fault of its own, a provisional administrator meeting the qualifications of the administrative staff person may be appointed on a temporary basis by the licensee to assume the administrative responsibilities for the facility. This person shall not serve more than three months. The department must be notified before the appointment of the provisional administrator. (III)

A facility applying for initial licensing shall not have a provisional administrator. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14(2).

#### **481—62.8(135C) Administration.**

**62.8(1)** The licensee shall:

*a.* Be responsible for the overall operation of the RCF/PMI. (III)

*b.* Be responsible for compliance with all applicable laws and with the rules of the department. (II, III)

*c.* Establish written policies, which shall be available for review by the department or other agencies designated by Iowa Code section 135C.16(3), for the operation of the RCF/PMI including but not limited to: (III)

1. Personnel (III)

2. Admission (III)

3. Evaluation services (II, III)

4. Programming and individual program plan (II, III)

5. Crisis intervention (II, III)

6. Discharge or transfer (III)

7. Medication management (II)

8. Resident property (II, III)

9. Financial affairs (II, III)

10. Records (III)

11. Health and safety (II, III)

12. Nutrition (III)

13. Physical facilities and maintenance (III)

14. Care review (III)

15. Resident rights (II, III)

*d.* Furnish statistical information concerning the operation of the facility to the department within 30 days of request. (III)

**62.8(2)** The administrator shall be responsible for the implementation of procedures to support the policies established by the licensee. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14.

#### **481—62.9(135C) Personnel.**

**62.9(1)** The personnel policies and procedures shall include the following requirements: (III)



*a.* Written job descriptions for all employees or agreements for all consultants, which include duties and responsibilities; education, experience, or other requirements, and supervisory relationships. (III)

*b.* Annual performance evaluation of all employees and consultants which is dated and signed by the employee or consultant and the supervisor. (III)

*c.* Personnel records which are current, accurate, complete, and confidential to the extent allowed by law. The record shall contain documentation of how the employee's or consultant's education and experience are relevant to the position for which hired. (III)

*d.* Roles, responsibilities, and limitation of student interns and volunteers. (III)

*e.* An orientation program for all newly hired employees and consultants which includes an introduction to the facility's personnel policies and procedures, and a discussion of the facility's safety plan. (II, III)

*f.* A plan for a continuing education program with a minimum of eight in-service programs per year for all employees which shall include a written, individualized staff development plan for each employee. This includes, but is not limited to, the administrator, department heads, and direct care staff. The plan shall take into consideration the needs of the facility as identified in the résumé of care. The plan shall ensure that each employee has the opportunity to develop and enhance skills and to broaden and increase knowledge contributing to effective resident care, including but not limited to: (II, III)

(1) First aid. (II, III)

(2) Human needs and behavior. (II, III)

(3) Problems and needs of persons with mental illness. (II, III)

(4) Medication. (II, III)

(5) Crisis intervention. (II)

(6) Delivery of services in accordance with the principles of normalization. (III)

(7) Wellness. (III)

(8) Fire safety, disaster, and tornado preparation. (II, III)

*g.* Equal opportunity and affirmative action employment practices. (III)

*h.* Procedures to be used when disciplining an employee. (III)

*i.* Appropriate dress and personal hygiene for staff and residents. (III)

**62.9(2)** The facility shall require regular health examinations for all personnel, and examinations shall be required at the commencement of employment and thereafter at least every four years. The examination shall include, at a minimum, the health status of the employee. Screening and testing for tuberculosis shall be conducted pursuant to 481—Chapter 59. (III)

*a.* No person shall be allowed to provide services in a facility if the person has a disease:

(1) Which is transmissible through required workplace contact, (I, II, III)

(2) Which presents a significant risk of infecting others, (I, II, III)

(3) Which presents a substantial possibility of harming others, and (I, II, III)

(4) For which no reasonable accommodation can eliminate the risk. (I, II, III)

Refer to Guidelines for Infection Control in Hospital Personnel, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB85-923402 to determine (1), (2), (3) and (4).

*b.* There shall be written policies for emergency medical care for employees in case of sudden illness or accident. These policies shall include the administrative individuals to be contacted. (III)

*c.* Health certificates for all employees shall be available for review by the department. (III)

**62.9(3)** Staffing. The facility shall establish, subject to approval of the department, the numbers and qualifications of the staff required in an RCF/PMI using as its criteria the services being offered as indicated on the résumé of care and as required for implementation of individual program plans. (II, III)

*a.* Personnel in an RCF/PMI shall provide 24-hour coverage for residential care services. Personnel shall be up and dressed at all times in facilities over 15 beds. In facilities with 15 or less beds, personnel shall be up and dressed when residents are awake. (II, III)

*b.* The policies and procedures shall provide for staff accessibility during normal sleeping hours in facilities with 15 beds or less. (I)

*c.* Direct care staff shall be present in the facility unless all residents are involved in activities away from the facility. The policies and procedures shall provide for an on-call staff person to be available when residents and staff are absent from the facility. (II, III)

- (1) The on-call staff person shall be designated in writing.
- (2) Residents shall be informed of how to call the on-call person.

*d.* The staffing plan shall ensure that at least one qualified direct care staff is on duty to carry out and implement the individual program plans. (II, III)

*e.* The RCF/PMI shall provide for services of a qualified mental health professional by direct employment or contract and whose responsibilities shall include, but not be limited to: (II, III)

- (1) Approval of each resident's individual program plan; (II, III)
- (2) Monitoring the implementation of each resident's individual program plan; (II, III)
- (3) Recording each resident's progress; (II, III)
- (4) Participation in a periodic review of each individual program plan pursuant to 62.12(4) "a" and "b." (II, III)

*f.* Each residential care facility with over 15 beds shall employ a person to direct the activity program both inside and outside the facility in accordance with each resident's individual program plan. (III)

*g.* Staff for the activity program shall be provided on a minimum basis of 45 minutes per licensed bed per week:

(1) The activity coordinator shall have completed the activity coordinator's orientation course approved by the department within six months of beginning employment or have comparable training and experience as approved by the department. (III)

(2) The activity coordinator shall attend workshops or educational programs which relate to activity programming. These shall total a minimum of ten contact hours per year. (III)

(3) There shall be a written plan for personnel coverage when the activity coordinator is absent during scheduled working hours. (III)

*h.* The activity coordinator shall have access to all residents' records excluding financial records; (III)

*i.* Responsibilities of the activity coordinator shall include:

(1) Coordinating all activities, including volunteer or auxiliary activities and religious services. (III)

(2) Keeping all necessary records including attendance, individual resident progress notes at least quarterly, and monthly calendars prepared one month in advance. (III)

(3) Coordinating the activity program with all other services in the facility. (III)

(4) Participating in the in-service training program in the facility. This shall include attending as well as presenting sessions. (III)

**62.9(4) Personnel record.**

*a.* A personnel record shall be kept for each employee. (III)

*b.* The record shall include the employee's:

1. Name and address, (III)
2. Social security number, (III)
3. Date of birth, (III)
4. Date of employment, (III)
5. References, (III)
6. Position in the facility, (III)
7. Job description, (III)
8. Documentation of experience and education, (III)
9. Staff development plan, (III)
10. Annual performance evaluation, (II, III)
11. Documentation of disciplinary action, (II, III)
12. Date and reason for discharge or resignation, (III)
13. Current physical examination. (III)

**62.9(5)** Employee criminal record checks, child abuse checks and dependent adult abuse checks and employment of individuals who have committed a crime or have a founded abuse. The facility shall comply with the requirements found in Iowa Code section 135C.33 as amended by 2013 Iowa Acts, Senate File 347, and rule 481—50.9(135C) related to completion of criminal record checks, child abuse checks, and dependent adult abuse checks and to employment of individuals who have committed a crime or have a founded abuse. (I, II, III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.14(2) and 135C.14(6).  
[ARC 0663C, IAB 4/3/13, effective 5/8/13; ARC 0903C, IAB 8/7/13, effective 9/11/13; ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14]

**481—62.10(135C) General admission policies.** There shall be admission policies which address the following:

1. No resident shall be admitted or retained who is in need of greater services than the facility can provide. (II, III)

2. Residents shall be admitted only on a written order signed by a physician certifying that the individual requires no more than personal care and supervision and does not require nursing care. (II, III)

3. A preplacement visit shall be completed prior to admission, except in case of an emergency admission or readmission, to familiarize the applicant with the facility and services offered. The policies and procedures may allow for waiving the requirement at the request of a person seeking admission when the completion of the visit would create a hardship for the person seeking admission. If the distance to be traveled makes it impossible to complete the visit in an eight-hour day, this may be considered to create a hardship. (III)

4. Prior to admission of an applicant, the facility shall obtain sufficient information to determine if its program is appropriate and adequate to meet the person's needs. (III)

5. Admission criteria shall include but not be limited to age, sex, diagnosis, from the American Psychiatric Association Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, substance abuse, dual diagnosis and criteria that are consistent with the résumé of care. (III)

6. Each facility shall maintain a waiting list with selection priorities identified. (III)

7. No RCF/PMI may admit more residents than the number of beds for which it is licensed. (II, III)

8. There shall be a written, organized orientation program for all residents which shall be planned and implemented to resolve or reduce personal, family, business, and emotional problems that may interfere with the health care, recovery, and rehabilitation of the individual and which shall be available for review by the department. (III)

9. Infants and children under the age of 18 shall not be admitted to an RCF/PMI for adults unless given prior written approval by the department. A distinct part of an RCF/PMI, segregated from the adult section, may be established based on a résumé of care submitted by the licensee or applicant which is commensurate with the needs of the residents of the health care facility and has received the department's review and approval. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.3 and 135C.23.

**481—62.11(135C) Evaluation services.**

**62.11(1)** Each resident admitted shall have had a physical examination prior to admission and annually thereafter. (II, III)

a. If the resident is admitted directly from a hospital, a copy of the hospital admission physical and discharge summary may be part of the record in lieu of an additional physical examination. (II, III)

b. The record of the admission physical examination shall portray the current medical status of the resident and shall include the resident's name, sex, age, medical history, physical examination, diagnosis, statement of chief complaints, and results of any diagnostic procedure. (II, III)

c. Screening and testing for tuberculosis shall be conducted pursuant to 481—Chapter 59. (II, III)

**62.11(2)** Evaluation services shall be provided to each resident. An annual evaluation of each resident shall be completed no later than 12 months from the date of the last available evaluation. For

residents who are on leave from a state mental health institution, the institution shall be responsible for the completion of the evaluation. The facility shall ensure the completion of the evaluation of all other residents. The annual evaluation shall identify physical health and current level of functioning and need for services. (II, III)

**62.11(3)** The portion of the evaluation to identify the resident's physical health shall:

*a.* Result in identification of current illness and disabilities and recommendations for physical and physiological treatment and services. (II, III)

*b.* Include an evaluation of the resident's ability for health maintenance. (III)

*c.* Be performed by a medical doctor or doctor of osteopathic medicine who holds a current license to practice medicine in the state of Iowa. If the evaluation is completed out of Iowa, it must be by a physician who holds a current license in the state in which the evaluation is performed. (II, III)

**62.11(4)** The portion of the evaluation to identify the resident's current functioning level and need for services shall:

*a.* Identify the resident's level of functioning and need for services in each of the following areas: self-care, community living skills, psychotherapeutic treatment, vocational skills, academic skills. (II, III)

*b.* Be of sufficient detail to determine the appropriateness of placement according to the skills and needs of the resident. (II, III)

*c.* Be made without regard to the availability of services. (III)

*d.* Be performed by a QMHP, in consultation with the interdisciplinary team. (II, III)

*e.* If an evaluation is available from the referral source, the evaluation shall be secured by the facility prior to the admission of the applicant. (III)

*f.* If an evaluation is not available, or does not contain all the required information, the facility shall ensure an evaluation to the extent necessary to determine if the applicant meets the criteria for admission. For those admitted, the remainder of the evaluation shall be performed prior to the development of an individual program plan. (III)

*g.* Results of all evaluations shall be in writing and maintained in the resident's record. Evaluations subsequent to the initial evaluation shall be performed in sufficient detail to determine changes in the resident's physical health, skills and need for services. (II, III)

**62.11(5)** A narrative social history shall be completed for each resident within 30 days of admission and approved by the qualified mental health professional prior to the development of the IPP. (III)

*a.* When the social history was secured from another provider, the information contained shall be reviewed within 30 days of admission. The date of the review, signature of the staff reviewing the history and a summary of significant changes in the information shall be entered in the resident's record. (III)

*b.* An annual review of the information contained within the social history shall be incorporated into the individual program plan progress note. (III)

*c.* The social history shall minimally address the following areas:

1. Referral source and reason for admission, (II, III)

2. Legal status, (II, III)

3. A description of previous living arrangements, (III)

4. A description of previous services received and summary of current service involvements, (II, III)

5. A summary of significant medical conditions including, but not limited to, illnesses, hospitalizations, past and current drug therapies, and special diets, (II, III)

6. Substance abuse history, (II, III)

7. Work history, (III)

8. Educational history, (III)

9. Relationship with family, significant others, and other support systems, (III)

10. Cultural and ethnic background and religious affiliation, (II, III)

11. Hobbies and leisure time activities, (III)

12. Likes, dislikes, habits, and patterns of behavior, (II, III)

13. Impressions and recommendations.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14(7).  
[ARC 0663C, IAB 4/3/13, effective 5/8/13]

**481—62.12(135C) Programming.**

**62.12(1)** Individual program plan. An individual program plan (IPP) for each resident shall be developed by an interdisciplinary team. Services to the resident shall be appropriate to address the short-term transitional or long-term residential needs of the resident. The resident or the resident's legal guardian has the ultimate authority to accept or reject the plan unless otherwise determined by the court. The IPP shall be approved and implementation monitored by the QMHP. (II, III)

*a.* The IPP shall be based on the individual service plan of the referring agency, if available, the information contained in the social history, the need for services identified in the evaluation, and any other pertinent information. (III)

*b.* The facility shall assist the resident in obtaining access to academic, community living skills training, legal, self-care training, support, transportation, treatment, and vocational training services to the resident as needed. These services may be provided by the facility or obtained from other providers. (III)

*c.* Services to the resident shall be provided in the least restrictive environment and shall incorporate the principle of normalization. (III)

*d.* If needed services are not available and accessible, the facility shall document the actions which were taken to locate and access or deliver those services. The documentation shall include the identification of the type of needs which will not be met due to the lack of available services. (III)

*e.* The IPP shall be developed within 30 days following admission to the facility and renewed at least annually. (II, III)

*f.* The IPP shall be in writing, dated, signed by the interdisciplinary team members, and maintained in the resident's record. (III)

*g.* Written notice of the meeting to develop an IPP shall be sent to all persons to be included in the interdisciplinary team conference in advance of the scheduled meeting. (III)

**62.12(2)** The IPP shall include the following:

1. Goals, (III)

2. Objectives, (III)

3. The specific service(s), including medication counseling, to be provided to achieve the objectives, the person(s) or agency(ies) responsible for providing the service(s), and the date of initiation and anticipated duration of service(s). (III)

**62.12(3)** The IPP shall state the evaluation procedure for determining if objectives are achieved which shall include the incorporation of a continuous process for review and revision. (III)

**62.12(4)** There shall be a review of the IPP by relevant staff, the resident, and appropriate others at least semiannually. (II, III)

*a.* The review shall include the development of a written report which addresses the following: summary of the resident's progress toward objectives; the need for continued services and any recommendation concerning alternative services or living arrangements; and any recommended change in guardianship or conservatorship status. The report shall reflect those involved in the review and the date of the review, and shall be maintained in the resident's record. (II, III)

*b.* The review shall be approved by the qualified mental health professional. (III)

**62.12(5)** There shall be procedures for recording the activities of each service provider toward assisting the resident in achieving the objectives in the IPP and the resident's response which shall include a mechanism for coordination with all service providers. (III)

*a.* An entry into the resident's record shall be made by staff whenever possible at the time of service provision but no later than seven days from service provision. (III)

*b.* Entries shall be dated and signed by the person providing the service. (III)

*c.* When the service includes ongoing activities occurring more than once a week, a summarized entry may be made weekly by staff in the resident's record. (III)

*d.* Entries shall be written in terms of behavioral observations and specific activities. Entries that involve subjective interpretations of a resident's behavior or progress shall be clearly identified and shall be supplemented with the behavioral observations which served as the basis of the interpretation. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14.

**481—62.13(135C) Crisis intervention.**

**62.13(1)** There shall be written policies and procedures concerning crisis intervention. (II) These policies and procedures shall be:

*a.* Directed to maximizing the growth and development of the individual by incorporating a hierarchy of available alternative methods that emphasize positive approaches; (II, III)

*b.* Available in each program area and living unit; (II, III)

*c.* Available to individuals and their families; and (II, III)

*d.* Developed with the participation, as appropriate, of individuals served. (II, III)

**62.13(2)** Corporal punishment and verbal abuse (shouting, screaming, swearing, name-calling, or any other activity that would be damaging to an individual's self-respect) are prohibited by written policy. (II)

**62.13(3)** Medication shall not be used as punishment, for the convenience of staff, or as a substitute for a program. Direct care staff shall monitor residents on medication and notify the physician if a resident is too sedated to participate in IPP. (I, II)

**62.13(4)** Residents shall not be subjected to mechanical restraint. (I, II)

**62.13(5)** There shall be written policies that define the uses of seclusion and physical restraints, designate the staff member(s) who may authorize its use, and establish a mechanism for monitoring and controlling its use. (I, II) Temporary physical restraint and temporary seclusion of residents shall be used only under the following conditions: (I, II)

*a.* An emergency to prevent injury to the resident or to others; or (I, II)

*b.* For crisis intervention but shall not be used for punishment, for the convenience of staff or as a substitution for supervision or program; (I, II) and

*c.* Seclusion may only be used in an RCF/PMI if a variance is granted. When a seclusion room is used, it shall meet the standards set out in 481—subrule 61.5(12). (I, II)

**62.13(6)** The physician and QMHP shall be notified immediately of the resident's need for placement in seclusion and a time-limited order for seclusion obtained from the physician. The order shall be for no more than one hour at a time. If the resident is placed in seclusion longer than one hour, the resident shall be visited and evaluated by the physician or qualified mental health professional before a continuation of the seclusion order can be obtained. If the evaluation is conducted by a QMHP, the physician shall be notified of the resident's condition and the physician shall see the resident within 24 hours of each incident of seclusion and sign the seclusion order. (I, II)

**62.13(7)** If orders for seclusion remain in force for more than a total of 3 hours in a 24-hour period, the facility shall make arrangements for immediate transfer of the resident to a higher level of care. (I, II)

**62.13(8)** Standing or PRN orders for seclusion are prohibited. (I, II)

**62.13(9)** Written documentation of the above information shall be kept as a part of each resident's record and the administrator shall be responsible for maintaining a daily record of seclusion usage which shall be kept available for review by the department. (II, III)

**62.13(10)** Written documentation shall be kept of each incident of seclusion to minimally include: (II)

*a.* Explanation of less restrictive measures implemented prior to use of seclusion, (I, II)

*b.* Record of visual observation of the resident every ten minutes or more frequently if needed, (I)

*c.* Description of the resident's activity at the time of observation to include verbal exchange and behavior, (I, II)

*d.* Description of safety procedures taken (removal of dangerous objects, etc.), (I)

*e.* Record of vital signs including blood pressure, pulse and respiration unless contraindicated by resident behavior and reasons documented, (I, II)

- f. Record of intake of food and fluid, (II, III)
- g. Record of rest room use, (II, III)
- h. Record of numbers of hours and minutes in seclusion. (II)

**62.13(11)** The facility shall provide training by qualified professionals to the staff on physical restraint and seclusion theory and techniques. (I)

a. The facility shall keep a record of above training for review by the department and shall include attendance. (II, III)

b. Only staff who have documented training in physical restraint and seclusion theory and techniques shall be authorized to assist with seclusion or physical restraint of a resident. (I)

c. Under no circumstances shall a resident be allowed to actively or passively assist in the restraint of another resident. (I)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14.

**481—62.14(135C) Discharge or transfer.** Procedures for the discharge or transfer of the resident shall be established and followed: (II, III)

**62.14(1) Discharge plan.** The decision to discharge a person and the plan for doing so shall be established through the participation of the resident, members of the interdisciplinary team and other resource personnel as appropriate for the welfare of the individual. (II, III)

a. Discharge planning shall begin within 30 days of admission and be carried out in accordance with the IPP. (II, III)

b. As changes occur in a resident's physical or mental condition, necessitating services or care which cannot be adequately provided by the facility, the resident shall be transferred promptly to another appropriate facility pursuant to 62.10(1) "a." (I, II)

c. Notification shall be made to the resident's family, the resident's legal representative, primary care provider, and sponsoring agency, if any, prior to transfer or discharge of any resident. (III)

d. Proper arrangements shall be made for the welfare of the resident prior to the transfer or discharge in the event of an emergency or inability to reach the resident's family or the resident's legal representative. (III)

e. The licensee shall not refuse to discharge or transfer a resident when directed by the primary care provider, resident, legal representative, or court. (II, III)

f. Advance notification by telephone shall be made to the receiving facility prior to the transfer of any resident. (III)

g. When a resident is transferred or discharged, the current evaluation and treatment plan and progress notes for the last 30 days, as set forth in these rules, shall accompany the resident. (II, III)

h. Prior to the transfer or discharge of a resident to another health care facility, arrangements to provide for continuity of care shall be made with the facility to which the resident is being sent. (II, III)

i. A discharge or transfer authorization and summary shall be prepared for each resident who has been discharged or transferred from the facility and shall be disseminated to appropriate persons to ensure continuity of care and in accordance with the requirements to ensure confidentiality. (II, III)

j. A transfer to a part of a facility that has a different license must be handled the same way as a transfer to another facility, and not as an intrafacility transfer.

**62.14(2) Intrafacility transfer.** Residents shall not be moved from room to room within a health care facility arbitrarily. (I, II)

a. Involuntary relocation may occur only to implement goals and objectives in the IPP and in the following situations:

(1) Incompatibility with or behavior disturbing to roommates, as documented in the residents' records; (I, II)

(2) To allow a new admission to the facility which would otherwise not be possible due to separation of roommates by sex; (II, III)

(3) Reasonable and necessary administrative decisions regarding the use and functioning of the building. (II, III)

*b.* Unreasonable and unjustified reasons for changing a resident's room without the concurrence of the resident or legal guardian include:

- (1) Punishment or behavior modification. (II)
- (2) Discrimination on the basis of race or religion. (II)

*c.* If intrafacility relocation is necessary for reasons outlined in paragraph “*a.*,” the resident shall be notified at least 48 hours prior to the transfer and the reason shall be explained. The legal guardian shall be notified as soon as possible. The notification shall be documented in the resident's record and signed by the resident or legal guardian. (II)

*d.* If emergency relocation is required to protect the safety or health of the resident or other residents, the notification requirements may be waived. The conditions of the emergency shall be documented. The family and legal guardian shall be notified immediately, or as soon as possible, of the condition requiring emergency relocation and the notification shall be documented. (II)

*e.* A transfer to a part of a facility that has a different license must be handled in the same way as a transfer to another facility and not as an intrafacility transfer. (II, III)

**62.14(3) *Involuntary discharge or transfer permitted.*** A facility may involuntarily discharge or transfer a resident for only one of the following reasons:

*a.* Medical reasons, based on the resident's needs and determined and documented in the resident's record by the primary care provider;

*b.* The resident's social, emotional or physical well-being or that of other residents, as documented by the administrator or designee with specific information to support the determination that the resident's continued presence in the facility would adversely affect the resident's own well-being or that of other residents;

*c.* Due to action pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 229; or

*d.* Nonpayment for the resident's stay, as described in the admission agreement for the resident's stay. (I, II, III)

**62.14(4) *Involuntary transfer or discharge—written notice.*** Involuntary transfer or discharge of a resident from a facility shall be preceded by a written notice to the resident or the resident's family or resident's legal representative. (II, III)

*a.* The notice shall contain all of the following information:

- (1) The stated reason for the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)
- (2) The effective date of the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)
- (3) A statement, in not less than 12-point type, that reads as follows:

You have a right to appeal the facility's decision to transfer or discharge you. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing, in writing or verbally, with the Iowa department of inspections and appeals (hereinafter referred to as “department”) within 7 days after receiving this notice. You have a right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney or any other individual of your choice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after the department's receipt of your request and you will not be transferred before a final decision is rendered. In emergency circumstances, provision may be made for extension of the 14-day requirement upon request to the department designee. If you lose the hearing, you will not be transferred before the expiration date of either (1) 30 days following your receipt of the original notice of the discharge or transfer, or (2) no sooner than 5 days following final decision of such hearing, including the exhaustion of all appeals, whichever occurs later. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115, or you may write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Iowa Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319. (II)

*b.* The notice shall be personally delivered to the resident and a copy placed in the resident's record. A copy shall also be transmitted to the department, the resident's legal representative, primary care provider, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care



in the facility. The notice shall indicate that copies have been transmitted to the required parties by using the abbreviation “cc:” and listing the names of all parties to whom copies were sent. (II)

*c.* The notice required by paragraph 62.14(4) “*a*” shall be provided at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer or discharge unless one of the following occurs:

(1) An emergency transfer or discharge is mandated by the resident’s health care needs and is in accordance with the written orders and medical justification of the primary care provider. Emergency transfers or discharges may also be mandated in order to protect the health, safety, or well-being of other residents and staff. (II)

(2) The transfer or discharge is subsequently agreed to by the resident or the resident’s legal representative, and notification is given to the legal representative, the resident’s primary care provider, and the person or agency responsible for the resident’s placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. (II)

*d.* A hearing requested pursuant to this subrule shall be held in accordance with subrule 62.14(6).

**62.14(5) *Involuntary transfer or discharge—emergency transfer or discharge.*** In the case of an emergency transfer or discharge, the resident must be given a written notice prior to or within 48 hours following the transfer or discharge. (II, III)

*a.* A copy of this notice must be placed in the resident’s file. The notice must contain all of the following information:

- (1) The stated reason for the transfer or discharge. (II)
- (2) The effective date of the transfer or discharge. (II)
- (3) A statement, in not less than 12-point type, that reads:

You have a right to appeal the facility’s decision to transfer or discharge you on an emergency basis. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing, in writing or verbally, with the Iowa department of inspections and appeals within 7 days after receiving this notice. You have the right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney or any other individual of your choice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after the department’s receipt of your request. You may be transferred or discharged before the hearing is held or before a final decision is rendered. If you win the hearing, you have the right to be transferred back into the facility. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115, or write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. (II)

*b.* The notice shall be personally delivered to the resident, and a copy shall be placed in the resident’s record. A copy shall also be transmitted to the department, the resident’s legal representative, the resident’s primary care provider, and the person or agency responsible for the resident’s placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. The notice shall indicate that copies have been transmitted to the required parties by using the abbreviation “cc:” and listing the names of all parties to whom copies were sent.

*c.* A hearing requested pursuant to this subrule shall be held in accordance with subrule 62.14(6).

**62.14(6) *Involuntary transfer or discharge—hearing.***

*a.* Request for hearing.

- (1) The resident must request a hearing within 7 days of receiving written notice.
- (2) The request must be made to the department, either in writing or verbally.

*b.* The hearing shall be held no later than 14 days after the department’s receipt of the request unless either party requests an extension due to emergency circumstances.

*c.* Except in the case of an emergency discharge or transfer, a request for a hearing shall stay a transfer or discharge pending a final decision, including the exhaustion of all appeals. (II)

*d.* The hearing shall be heard by a department of inspections and appeals administrative law judge pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A and 481—Chapter 10. The hearing shall be public unless the resident or representative requests in writing that the hearing be closed. In a determination as to whether a

transfer or discharge is authorized, the burden of proof by a preponderance of evidence rests on the party requesting the transfer or discharge.

*e.* Notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing shall be sent by certified mail or delivered in person to the facility, the resident and the resident's legal representative not later than 5 full business days after the department's receipt of the request. The notice shall also inform the facility and the resident or the resident's legal representative that they have a right to appear at the hearing in person or be represented by an attorney or other individual. The appeal shall be dismissed if neither party is present or represented at the hearing. If only one party appears or is represented, the hearing shall proceed with one party present.

*f.* The administrative law judge's written decision shall be sent by certified mail to the facility, resident, and resident's legal representative within 10 working days after the hearing has been concluded.

**62.14(7) *Nonpayment.*** If nonpayment is the basis for involuntary transfer or discharge, the resident shall have the right to make full payment up to the date that the discharge or transfer is to be made and then shall have the right to remain in the facility. (II)

**62.14(8) *Discussion of involuntary transfer or discharge.*** Within 48 hours after notice of involuntary transfer or discharge has been received by the resident, the facility shall discuss the involuntary transfer or discharge with the resident, the resident's legal representative, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. (II)

*a.* The facility administrator or other appropriate facility representative serving as the administrator's designee shall provide an explanation and discussion of the reasons for the resident's involuntary transfer or discharge. (II)

*b.* The content of the explanation and discussion shall be summarized in writing, shall include the names of the individuals involved in the discussion, and shall be made part of the resident's record. (II)

*c.* The provisions of this subrule do not apply if the involuntary transfer or discharge has already occurred pursuant to subrule 62.14(5) and emergency notice is provided within 48 hours.

**62.14(9) *Involuntary discharge or transfer—transfer or discharge planning.***

*a.* The facility shall develop a plan to provide for the orderly and safe transfer or discharge of each resident to be transferred or discharged. (II)

*b.* To minimize the possible adverse effects of the involuntary transfer, the resident shall receive counseling services by the sending facility before the involuntary transfer and by the receiving facility after the involuntary transfer. Counseling shall be documented in the resident's record. (II)

*c.* The counseling requirement in paragraph 62.14(9) "b" does not apply if the discharge has already occurred pursuant to subrule 62.14(5) and emergency notice is provided within 48 hours.

*d.* Counseling, if required, shall be provided by a licensed mental health professional as defined in Iowa Code section 228.1(6). (II)

*e.* The health care facility that receives a resident who has been involuntarily transferred shall immediately formulate and implement a plan of care which takes into account possible adverse effects the transfer may cause. (II)

**62.14(10) *Transfer upon revocation of license or voluntary closure.*** Residents shall not have the right to a hearing to contest an involuntary discharge or transfer resulting from the revocation of the facility's license by the department of inspections and appeals. In the case of the voluntary closure of a facility, a period of 30 days must be allowed for an orderly transfer of residents to other facilities.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14(8).

[ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 1752C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

#### **481—62.15(135C) Medication management.**

**62.15(1)** Medications shall be prescribed on an individual basis by one who is authorized by Iowa law to prescribe. (I, II)

*a.* Medication orders shall be correctly implemented by qualified personnel. (II)

*b.* Qualified staff shall ensure that residents are able to take their own medication. (I, II)

*c.* Each physician order allowing a resident to take their own medications shall specify whether this self-medication shall be without supervision or under the supervision of qualified staff as defined in 62.15(2). (I, II)

**62.15(2) Drug administration.**

*a.* A properly trained person shall be charged with the responsibility of administering nonparenteral medications.

*b.* The individual shall have knowledge of the purpose of the drugs, their dangers, and contraindications.

*c.* This person shall be a licensed nurse or physician or shall have successfully completed a department-approved medication aide course or passed a department-approved medication aide challenge examination administered by an area community college.

*d.* Prior to taking a department-approved medication aide course, the individual shall have a letter of recommendation for admission to the medication aide course from the employing facility.

*e.* A person who is a nursing student or a graduate nurse may take the challenge examination in place of taking a medication aide course. This individual shall do all of the following before taking the medication aide challenge examination:

(1) Complete a clinical or nursing theory course within six months before taking the challenge examination;

(2) Successfully complete a nursing program pharmacology course within one year before taking the challenge examination;

(3) Provide to the community college a written statement from the nursing program's pharmacology or clinical instructor indicating the individual is competent in medication administration.

*f.* A person who has written documentation of certification as a medication aide in another state may become a medication aide in Iowa by successfully completing a department-approved nurse aide competency examination and a medication aide challenge examination.

The requirements of paragraph "*d*" of this subrule do not apply to this individual.

*g.* Unit dose medication shall remain in the identifiable unit dose package until given to the resident. (II)

*h.* Medications that are not contained in unit dose packaging shall be set up and administered by the same person and must be administered within one hour of preparation. (II)

*i.* The person administering medications must observe and check to make sure the resident swallows oral medications and must record the date, time, amount and name of each medication given. (II)

*j.* Injectable medications shall be administered as permitted by Iowa law by a qualified nurse, physician, pharmacist, or physician assistant (PA).

*k.* Residents certified by their physician as capable of injecting their own insulin may do so. Insulin may be administered pursuant to "*j*" above or as otherwise authorized by the resident's physician. Authorization by the physician shall:

(1) Be in writing,

(2) Be maintained in the resident's record,

(3) Be renewed quarterly,

(4) Include the name of the individual authorized to administer the insulin,

(5) Include documentation by the physician that the authorized person is qualified to administer insulin to that resident.

*l.* Current and accurate records must be kept on the receipt and disposition of all Schedule II drugs. (II, III)

**62.15(3)** For each resident who is taking medication with or without supervision there shall be documentation on the individual's record to include:

*a.* Name of resident, (II, III)

*b.* Name of drug, dose, and schedule, (II, III)

*c.* Method of administration, (II, III)

*d.* Drug allergies and adverse reactions, (I, II)

- e.* Special precautions, (I, II)
- f.* Documentation of resident's continuing ability to administer own medication. (I, II)

**62.15(4)** Medication counseling shall be provided for all residents in accordance with the IPP on an ongoing basis and as part of discharge planning unless contraindicated in writing by the physician with reasons and pursuant to 62.12(2) "c." (II, III)

Each resident shall be given verbal and written information about all medications the resident is currently using, including over-the-counter medications. A suggested reference is "USPDI, Advice for the Patient." (II, III)

The information shall include:

- a.* Name, reason for, and amount of medication to be taken; (II)
- b.* Time medication is to be taken and the reason that schedule was established; (II)
- c.* Possible benefits, risks and side effects of each medication including over-the-counter medications; (II)
- d.* The names of people in the community qualified to answer questions about medications. (II, III)
- e.* A list of available resources or agencies which may assist the resident to obtain medication after discharge. (III)

**62.15(5)** Drug storage.

*a.* Residents who have been certified in writing by the physician as capable of taking their own medications may retain these medications in their bedrooms. Individual locked storage shall be utilized. (II, III)

*b.* Drug storage for residents who are unable to take their own medications and require supervision shall meet the following requirements:

- (1) Adequate size cabinet with lock which can be used for storage of drugs, solutions, and prescriptions. A locked drug cart may be used. (II, III)
- (2) A bathroom shall not be used for drug storage. (II, III)
- (3) The drug storage cabinet shall be kept locked when not in use. (II, III)
- (4) The drug storage cabinet key shall be in the possession of the employee charged with the responsibility of administering medication. (III)
- (5) Medications requiring refrigeration which are stored in a common refrigerator shall be kept in a locked box properly labeled, and separated from food and other items. (III)
- (6) Drugs for external use shall be stored separately from drugs for internal use. External medications are those to be applied to the outside of the body and include but are not limited to salves, ointments, gels, pastes, soaps, baths, and lotions. Internal medications are those to be applied inside the body or ingested and include but are not limited to oral and injectable medications, eye drops, ear drops and suppositories. Also, eye drops and ear drops shall be separated from each other as well as from other internal and external medications. (II, III)
- (7) All potent, poisonous, or caustic materials shall be stored in a separate room from the medications. (II, III)
- (8) Inspection of the condition of stored drugs shall be made by the administrator and a licensed pharmacist not less than once every three months. The inspection shall be verified by a report signed by the administrator and the pharmacist and filed with the administrator. The report shall include, but need not be limited to, certifying absence of the following: expired drugs, deteriorated drugs, improper labeling, drugs for which there is no current order, and drugs improperly stored. (III)
- (9) Double-locked storage of Schedule II drugs shall not be required under single unit package drug distribution systems in which the quantity stored does not exceed a seven-day supply and a missing dose can be readily detected but must be kept in a locked medication cabinet. Quantities in excess of a seven-day supply must be double-locked. (II)

*c.* Bulk supplies of prescription drugs shall not be kept. (III)

**62.15(6)** Drug safeguards.

*a.* All labels on medications must be legible. If labels are not legible, the medication shall be sent back to the dispenser as defined in Iowa Code section 147.107 for relabeling. (II, III)

*b.* The medication for each resident shall be kept or stored in the original dispensed containers. (II, III)

*c.* The facility shall adopt policies and procedures for the destruction of unused prescription drugs for residents who have died. The policies and procedures shall include, but not be limited to, the following: (III)

(1) Drugs shall be destroyed by the person in charge in the presence of the administrator or the administrator's designee;

(2) Notation of the destruction shall be made in the resident's chart, with signatures of the persons involved in the destruction;

(3) The manner in which the drugs are disposed of shall be identified (i.e., incinerator, sewer, landfill). (II, III)

*d.* The facility shall also adopt policies and procedures for the disposal of controlled substances dispensed to residents whose administration has been discontinued by the prescriber. These policies and procedures shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(1) Procedures for obtaining a release from the resident;

(2) The manner in which the drugs were destroyed and by whom, including witnesses to the destruction;

(3) Mechanisms for recording the destruction;

(4) Procedures to be used when the resident or the conservator or guardian refuses to grant permission for destruction. (II, III)

*e.* The facility shall adopt policies and procedures for the disposal of unused discontinued medication. The procedures shall include but not be limited to:

(1) A specified time after which medication must be destroyed, sent back to the dispenser or placed in long-term storage;

(2) Procedures for obtaining permission of the resident, or the conservator or guardian;

(3) Procedures to be used when the resident or conservator or guardian refuses to grant permission for disposal;

(4) Unused discontinued medication shall be locked and shall be separate from current medication. (II, III)

*f.* All medication orders which do not specifically indicate the number of doses to be administered or the length of time the drug is to be administered shall be stopped automatically after a given time period. The automatic stop order may vary for different types of drugs. The facility, in consultation with a physician or pharmacist serving the home, shall institute policies and provide procedures. These shall be provided to all prescribers and pharmacists serving the facility and conveniently located for personnel administering medications. (III)

*g.* Residents shall not keep any prescription medication in their possession unless the attending physician has certified in writing on the resident's medical record that the resident is mentally and physically capable of doing so. Over-the-counter medications may be maintained provided they are in a locked container and pursuant to subrule 62.16(5). (I, II)

*h.* No prescription drugs shall be administered to a resident without a written order signed by a person qualified to prescribe the medication and renewed quarterly. (II)

*i.* Prescription drugs shall be reordered only with the permission of the attending prescriber. (II, III)

*j.* No medications prescribed for one resident may be administered to or allowed in the possession of another. (II)

*k.* Residents on prescribed medication may maintain over-the-counter medication pursuant to 62.15(6) "g" unless contraindicated by the physician. The facility shall request this information from the physician and document in the resident's record. (II)

**62.15(7)** Each facility shall have policies and procedures established to govern the administration of prescribed medications to residents on leave from the facility. (III)

*a.* Medication may be issued to residents who will be on leave from a facility for less than 24 hours. Non-child-resistant containers may be used. Each container may hold only one medication. A label on

each container shall indicate the date, the resident's name, the facility, the medication, its strength, dose, and time of administration.

*b.* Medication for residents on leave from a facility longer than 24 hours shall be obtained in accordance with requirements established by the Iowa board of pharmacy examiners.

*c.* Medication distributed as above may be issued only by facility personnel responsible for administering medication.

**62.15(8)** Each RCF/PMI that administers controlled substances shall obtain annually a registration issued by the board of pharmacy pursuant to Iowa Code section 124.302(1). (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14.

[ARC 1050C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 11/6/13; ARC 2643C, IAB 8/3/16, effective 9/7/16; see Delay note at end of chapter]

**481—62.16(135C) Resident property.**

**62.16(1)** The admission of a resident does not give the facility or any employee of the facility the right to manage, use, or dispose of any property of the resident except with the written authorization of the resident or the resident's legal guardian. (II, III)

**62.16(2)** The admission of a resident shall not grant the RCF/PMI the authority or responsibility to manage the personal affairs of the resident except as may be necessary for the resident's safety and for safe and orderly management of the residential care facility as required by these rules and in accordance with the IPP. (III)

**62.16(3)** An RCF/PMI shall provide for the safekeeping of personal effects, funds, and other property of its residents. The facility may require that items of exceptional value or which would convey unreasonable responsibilities to the licensee be removed from the premises of the facility for safekeeping. (III)

**62.16(4)** Resident's funds held by the RCF/PMI shall be in a trust account and kept separate from funds of the facility. (III)

**62.16(5)** No administrator, employee or representative thereof shall act as guardian, trustee, or conservator for any resident or the resident's property, unless the resident is related to the person acting as guardian within the third degree of consanguinity. (III)

**62.16(6)** If a facility is a county care facility and upon the verified petition of the county board of supervisors, the district court may appoint the administrator of a county care facility as conservator or guardian or both of a resident of that county care facility without fee. The administrator may establish either separate or common bank accounts for cash funds of these residents. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.24.

**481—62.17(135C) Financial affairs.** Each resident who has not been assigned a guardian or conservator by the court may manage the resident's personal financial affairs, and to the extent, under written authorization by the resident that the facility assists in management, the management shall be carried out in accordance with Iowa Code section 135C.24. (II)

**62.17(1)** The facility shall maintain a written account of all the resident's funds received by or deposited with the facility. (II)

*a.* An employee shall be designated in writing to be responsible for resident accounts. (II)

*b.* The facility shall keep on deposit personal funds over which the resident has control.

*c.* If the resident requests these funds, they shall be given to the resident with a receipt maintained by the facility and a copy to the resident. If a conservator or guardian has been appointed for the resident, the conservator or guardian shall designate the method of disbursing the resident's funds. (II)

*d.* If the facility makes a financial transaction on a resident's behalf, the resident or the resident's legal guardian or conservator must receive or acknowledge having seen an itemized accounting of disbursements and current balances at least quarterly. A copy of this statement shall be maintained in the resident's financial or business record. (II)

*e.* A resident's personal funds shall not be used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. (II)

*f.* A resident's personal funds shall be returned to the resident when the funds have been used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. The department may report findings that resident funds have been used without written consent to the audits division or the local law enforcement agency, as appropriate. (II)

**62.17(2)** Contracts. There shall be a written contract between the facility and each resident which meets the following requirements:

*a.* State the base rate or scale per day or per month, the services included, and the method of payment; (III)

*b.* Contain a complete schedule of all offered services for which a fee may be charged in addition to the base rate; (III)

*c.* Stipulate that no further additional fees shall be charged for items not contained in complete schedule of services as set forth in subrule 62.17(2); (III)

*d.* State the method of payment of additional charges; (III)

*e.* Contain an explanation of the method of assessment of additional charges and an explanation of the method of periodic reassessment, if any, resulting in charging the additional charges; (III)

*f.* State that additional fees may be charged to the resident for nonprescription drugs, other personal supplies, and services by a barber, beautician, etc. (III)

*g.* Contain an itemized list of those services, with the specific fee the resident will be charged and method of payment, as related to the resident's current condition, based on the program assessment at the time of admission, which is determined in consultation with the administrator. (III)

*h.* Include the total fee to be charged initially to the specific resident. (III)

*i.* State the conditions whereby the facility may make adjustments to its overall fees for residential care as a result of changing costs. (III) Furthermore, the contract shall provide that the facility shall give:

(1) Written notification to the resident and responsible party, when appropriate, of changes in the overall rates of both base and additional charges at least 30 days prior to the effective date of changes; (III)

(2) Notification to the resident and payor when appropriate, of changes in additional charges based on a change in the resident's condition. Notification must occur prior to the date the revised additional charges begin. If notification is given orally, subsequent written notification must also be given within a reasonable time, not to exceed one week, listing specifically the adjustments made; (III)

(3) State the terms of agreement in regard to refund of all advance payments, in the event of transfer, death, or voluntary or involuntary discharge. (III)

*j.* State the terms of agreement concerning the holding and charging for a bed when a resident is hospitalized or leaves the facility temporarily for recreational or therapeutic reasons. The terms shall contain a provision that the bed will be held at the request of the resident or the resident's legal representative.

(1) The facility shall ask the resident or legal representative if they want the bed held. This request shall be made before the resident leaves or within 48 hours after the resident leaves. The inquiry and the response shall be documented. (II)

(2) The facility shall reserve the bed when requested for as long as payments are made in accordance with the contract. (II)

*k.* State the conditions under which the involuntary discharge or transfer of a resident would be effected; (III)

*l.* State the conditions of voluntary discharge or transfer; (III)

*m.* Set forth any other matters deemed appropriate by the parties to the contract. No contract or any provision shall be drawn or construed so as to relieve any health care facility of any requirement or obligation imposed upon it by this chapter or any standards or rules in force pursuant to this chapter; (III)

**62.17(3)** Each party shall receive a copy of the signed contract. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.24 and 135C.23(1).

**481—62.18(135C) Records.**

**62.18(1) Resident record.** The licensee shall keep a permanent record about each resident with all entries current, dated, and signed. (II) The record shall include:

- a. Name and previous address of resident; (III)
- b. Birth date, sex, and marital status of resident; (III)
- c. Church affiliation; (III)
- d. Physician's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- e. Dentist's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- f. Name, address and telephone number of next of kin or legal representative; (III)
- g. Name, address and telephone number of the person to be notified in case of emergency; (III)
- h. Funeral director, telephone number, and address; (III)
- i. Pharmacy name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- j. Results of evaluation pursuant to 62.11(135C); (III)
- k. Certification by the physician that the resident requires no more than personal care and supervision, but does not require nursing care; (III)
- l. Physician's orders for medication and treatments shall be in writing and signed by the physician quarterly; diet orders shall be renewed yearly; (III)
- m. A notation of yearly or other visits to physician or other professionals, all consultation reports and progress notes; (III)
- n. Any change in the resident's condition; (II, III)
- o. A notation describing the resident's condition on admission, transfer, and discharge; (III)
- p. In the event of a resident's death, notations in the resident's record shall include the date and time of the resident's death, the circumstances of the resident's death, the disposition of the resident's body, and the date and time that the resident's family and physician were notified of the resident's death; (III)
- q. A copy of instructions given to the resident, legal representative, or facility in the event of discharge or transfer; (III)
- r. Disposition of personal property; (III)
- s. Copy of IPP pursuant to 62.12(1); (III)
- t. Progress notes pursuant to 62.12(4) and 62.12(5). (III)

**62.18(2) Confidentiality of resident records.** The facility shall have policies and procedures providing that each resident shall be ensured confidential treatment of all information, including information contained in an automatic data bank. The resident's or the resident's legal guardian's written informed consent shall be required for the release of information to persons not otherwise authorized under law to receive it. (II)

A release of information form shall be used which includes to whom the information shall be released, the reason for the information being released, how the information is to be used, and the period of time for which the release is in effect. A third party, not requesting the release, shall witness the release of information form. (II)

a. The facility shall limit access to any resident records to staff and consultants providing professional service to the resident. Information shall be made available to staff only to the extent that the information is relevant to the staff person's responsibilities and duties. (II)

Only those personnel concerned with financial affairs of the residents may have access to the financial information. This is not meant to preclude access by representatives of state or federal regulatory agencies. (II)

b. The resident, or the resident's legal guardian, shall be entitled to examine all information and shall have the right to secure full copies of the record at reasonable cost upon request, unless the physician or QMHP determines the disclosure of the record or section is contraindicated in which case this information will be deleted prior to making the record available to the resident. This determination and the reasons for it must be documented in the resident's record by the physician or qualified mental health professional in collaboration with the resident's interdisciplinary team. (II)

**62.18(3) Incident records.**



- a. Each RCF/PMI shall maintain an incident record report and shall have available incident report forms. (II, III)
- b. The report of every incident shall be in detail on a printed incident report form. (II, III)
- c. The person in charge at the time of the incident shall oversee the preparation and sign the report. (III)
- d. A copy of the incident report shall be kept on file in the facility available for review and a part of administrative records. (III)

**62.18(4) Retention of records.**

- a. Records shall be retained in the facility for five years following termination of services to the resident even when there is a change of ownership. (III)
- b. When the facility ceases to operate, the resident's record shall be released to the facility to which the resident is transferred. If no transfer occurs, the record shall be released to the individual's physician. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.24.

**481—62.19(135C) Health and safety.**

**62.19(1) Physician.** Each resident shall have a designated licensed physician who may be called when needed. (III)

**62.19(2) Emergency care.** The facility shall have written policies and procedures for emergency medical or psychiatric care to include:

- a. A written agreement with a hospital or psychiatric facility or documentation of attempt to obtain a written agreement for the timely admission of a resident who, in the opinion of the attending physician, requires inpatient services; (II, III)
- b. Provisions consistent with Iowa Code chapter 229; (II, III)
- c. Immediate notification by the person in charge to the physician or QMHP, as appropriate, of any accident, injury or adverse change in the resident's condition. (I, II)

**62.19(3) First-aid kit.** A first-aid emergency kit shall be available on each floor in every facility. (II, III)

**62.19(4) Infection control.** Each facility shall have a written and implemented infection control program addressing the following:

- a. Techniques for hand washing consistent with Guidelines for Handwashing and Hospital Control, 1985, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB85-923404; (I, II, III)
- b. Techniques for handling of blood, body fluids, and body wastes consistent with Guideline for Isolation Precautions in Hospitals, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB96-138102; (I, II, III)
- c. Dressings, soaks, or packs; (I, II, III)
- d. Infection identification; (I, II, III)
- e. Resident care procedures to be used when there is an infection present consistent with Guideline for Isolation Precautions in Hospitals, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB96-138102; (I, II, III)
- f. Sanitation techniques for resident care equipment; (I, II, III)
- g. Techniques for sanitary use and reuse of feeding syringes and single-resident use and reuse of urine collection bags; (I, II, III)
- h. Techniques for use and disposal of needles, syringes, and other sharp instruments consistent with Guideline for Isolation Precautions in Hospitals, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB96-138102; (I, II, III)

CDC Guidelines may be obtained from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Technology Administration, National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Rd., Springfield, Virginia 22161 (1-800-553-6847).

**62.19(5) Aseptic techniques.** If a resident needs any of the treatment or devices on the list below, written and implemented procedures regarding aseptic techniques shall be followed.

a. Intravenous or central line catheter consistent with Guideline for Prevention of Intravascular Device Related Infections, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB97-130074, (I, II, III)

b. Urinary catheter, (I, II, III)

c. Respiratory suction, oxygen or humidification, (I, II, III)

d. Decubitus care, (I, II, III)

e. Tracheostomy, (I, II, III)

f. Nasogastric or gastrostomy tubes, (I, II, III)

g. Sanitary use and reuse of feeding syringes and single-resident use and reuse of urine collection bags. (I, II, III)

**62.19(6) Dental services.** Personnel shall assist residents to obtain regular and emergency dental services and provide necessary transportation. Dental services shall be performed only on the request of the resident or legal guardian. The resident's physician shall be advised of the resident's dental problems. (III)

**62.19(7) Safe environment.** The licensee of an RCF/PMI is responsible for the provision and maintenance of a safe environment for residents and personnel. (I, II) The RCF/PMI shall meet the fire and safety rules and regulations as promulgated by the state fire marshal. (I, II)

**62.19(8) Disaster.** The licensee shall have a written emergency plan to be followed in the event of fire, tornado, explosion, or other emergency. (II, III)

a. The plan shall be posted. (II, III)

b. Training shall be provided to ensure that all employees and residents are knowledgeable of the emergency plan. The training shall be documented. (II, III)

c. Residents shall be permitted to smoke only in posted areas where proper facilities are provided. Smoking by residents considered to be careless shall be prohibited except under direct supervision and in accordance with the IPP. (II, III)

**62.19(9) Safety precautions.** The facility shall take reasonable measures to ensure the safety of residents and shall involve the residents in learning the safe handling of household supplies and equipment in accordance with the policies and procedures established by the facility. (II)

a. All potent, poisonous, or caustic materials shall be plainly labeled and stored in a specific locked, well-illuminated cabinet, closet, or storeroom and made accessible only to authorized persons. (I, II)

b. Residents shall have access to storage areas for cleaning and laundry supplies as appropriate to the activities being performed unless contraindicated in their IPP. (I, II)

**62.19(10) Hazards.** Entrances, exits, steps, and outside steps and walkways shall be kept free from ice, snow, and other hazards. (II, III)

**62.19(11) Laundry.** All soiled linens shall be collected in and transported to the laundry room in closed, leakproof laundry bags or covered, impermeable containers. (III)

a. Except for related activities, the laundry room shall not be used for other purposes. (III)

b. Resident's personal laundry shall be marked with an identification unless the resident is responsible for doing the resident's own laundry as indicated in the individual program plan. (III)

c. There shall be an adequate supply of clean, stain-free linens so that each resident shall have at least three washcloths, hand towels, and bath towels. (III)

d. Each bed shall be provided with clean, stain-free, washable bedspreads and sufficient lightweight serviceable blankets. A complete change of bed linens shall be available for each bed. (III)

**62.19(12) Supplies, equipment, and storage.**

a. Each facility shall provide a variety of supplies and equipment of a nature calculated to fit the needs and interests of the residents. These may include: books (standard and large print), magazines, newspapers, radio, television, bulletin boards, board game, game equipment, songbooks, cards, craft supplies, record player, movie projector, piano, and outdoor equipment. Supplies and equipment shall be appropriate to the chronological age of the residents. (III)

b. Storage shall be provided for recreational equipment and supplies. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14(1).

**481—62.20(135C) Nutrition.**

**62.20(1)** There shall be policies and procedures written and implemented for dietary staffing.

*a.* The person responsible for planning menus and monitoring the kitchens in each facility shall have completed training, approved by the department, in sanitation and food preparation. (III)

*b.* In facilities licensed for over 15 beds, food service personnel shall be on duty during a 12-hour span extending from the preparation of breakfast through supper. (III)

*c.* There shall be written work schedules and time schedules covering each type of job in the food service department for facilities over 15 beds. These work and time schedules shall be posted or kept in a notebook which is available for use in the food service area. (III)

**62.20(2)** Nutrition and menu planning.

*a.* Residents shall be encouraged to the maximum extent possible to participate in meal planning, shopping, and in preparing and serving the meal and cleaning up. The facility shall be responsible for helping residents become knowledgeable of what constitutes a nutritionally adequate diet. (III)

*b.* Menus shall be planned and served to meet nutritional needs of residents in accordance with the physician's diet orders which shall be renewed yearly. Menus shall be planned and served to include foods and amounts necessary to meet the recommended daily dietary allowances of the Food and Nutrition Board of the National Research Council, National Academy of Sciences. (II) Other foods shall be included to meet energy requirements (calories) to add to the total nutrients and variety of meals. (III)

*c.* At least three meals or their equivalent shall be made available to each resident daily, consistent with those times normally existing in the community. (II, III)

(1) There shall be no more than a 14-hour span between the substantial evening meal and breakfast. (III)

(2) To the extent medically possible, bedtime nourishments, containing a protein source, shall be offered routinely to all residents. Special nourishments shall be available when ordered by the physician. (II, III)

*d.* Menus shall include a variety of foods prepared in various ways. The same menus shall not be repeated on the same day of the following week. (III)

*e.* If modified diets are ordered by the physician, the person responsible for writing the menus shall have completed department-approved training in simple therapeutic diets and a copy of a modified diet manual approved by the department and written within the past five years shall be available in the facility. (II, III)

*f.* Therapeutic diets shall be served accurately. (II)

*g.* Menus shall be written at least one week in advance. The current menu shall be located in an accessible place in the dietetic service department for easy use by persons purchasing, preparing, and serving food. (III)

*h.* Records of menus as served shall be filed and maintained for 30 days and shall be available for review by departmental personnel. When substitutions are necessary, they shall be of similar nutritive value and recorded on the menu or in a notebook. (III)

*i.* A file of tested recipes adjusted to the number of people to be fed in the facility shall be maintained. (III)

**62.20(3)** Dietary storage, food preparation, service.

*a.* The use of foods from salvaged, damaged, or unlabeled containers is prohibited. (II, III)

*b.* No perishable food shall be allowed to stand at room temperature any longer than is required to prepare and serve. (II, III)

*c.* Canning of food is prohibited. The facility may freeze fruits, vegetables, and meats provided strict sanitary procedures are followed and in accordance with recommendations in the "Food Service Manual" revised 1976, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Public Health Service, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. (II)

*d.* Supplies of staple foods for a minimum of a one-week period and of perishable foods for a minimum of a three-day period shall be maintained on the premises. (III)

*e.* If family-style service is used, all leftover prepared food that has been on the table shall be safely handled. (III)

*f.* Poisonous compounds shall not be kept in food storage or preparation areas except for a sanitizing agent which shall be kept in a locked cabinet. (II, III)

**62.20(4)** Sanitation in food preparation area.

*a.* The facility shall develop and implement policies and procedures to address sanitation, meal preparation and service in accordance with recommendations in the food service sanitation manual pursuant to 62.20(2) “c,” and which shall be used as the established, nationally recognized reference for establishing and determining satisfactory compliance with the department’s food service and sanitation rules. (III)

*b.* Residents shall be allowed in the food preparation area in accordance with their IPP. (III)

*c.* In facilities licensed for over 15 beds, the kitchen shall not be used for serving meals to residents, food service personnel, or other staff. (III)

*d.* All appliances and work areas shall be kept clean and sanitized. (III)

*e.* There shall be written procedures established for cleaning all work and serving areas in facilities over 15 beds and a schedule of duties to be performed daily shall be posted in each food area. (III)

*f.* The food service area shall be located so it will not be used as a passageway by residents, guests, or nonfood service staff in facilities over 15 beds. (III)

*g.* Dirty linen shall not be carried through the food service area unless it is in sealed, leakproof containers. (III)

*h.* Mops, scrub pails, and other cleaning equipment used in the resident areas shall not be stored or used in the dietary area. (III)

**62.20(5)** Hygiene of food service personnel.

*a.* In the event food service employees are assigned duties outside the dietetic service, these duties shall not interfere with sanitation, safety, or time required for dietetic work assignments. (II, III)

*b.* Employees shall wear clean, washable uniforms that are not used for duties outside the food service area in facilities over 15 beds. (III)

*c.* Hairnets shall be worn by all food service personnel in facilities over 15 beds and effective hair restraints in facilities less than 15 beds. (III)

*d.* Persons handling food shall use correct hand-washing and food-handling techniques as identified in the food service sanitation manual. (III)

*e.* Persons handling dirty dishes shall not handle clean dishes without washing their hands. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14.

**481—62.21(135C) Physical facilities and maintenance.**

**62.21(1)** *Housekeeping.* The facility shall have written procedures for daily and weekly cleaning (III) to include but need not be limited to:

*a.* All rooms including furnishings, all corridors, storage areas, linen closets, attics, and basements shall be kept in a clean, orderly condition, free of unserviceable furniture and equipment or accumulations of refuse. (III)

*b.* All resident bedrooms, including furnishings, shall be cleaned and sanitized before use by another resident. (III)

*c.* Polishes used on floors shall provide a slip-resistant finish. (III)

**62.21(2)** *Equipment.* Housekeeping and maintenance personnel shall be provided with well-constructed and properly maintained equipment appropriate to the function for which it is to be used. (III)

*a.* All facilities shall be provided with clean and sanitary storage for cleaning equipment, supplies, and utensils. In facilities over 15 beds a janitor’s closet shall be provided. It shall be equipped with water for filling scrub pails and a janitor’s sink for emptying scrub pails. A hallway or corridor shall not be used for storage of equipment. (III)

*b.* Sufficient numbers of noncombustible trash containers, which have covers, shall be available. (III)

c. All containers for trash shall be watertight, rodent-proof, and have tight-fitting covers and shall be thoroughly cleaned each time a container is emptied. (III)

d. All wastes shall be properly disposed of in compliance with the local ordinances and state codes. (III)

**62.21(3) Bedrooms.**

a. Each resident shall be provided with a bed, substantially constructed and in good repair. Roll-away beds, metal cots, or folding beds are not acceptable. (III)

b. Each bed shall be equipped with the following: casters or glides; clean springs in good repair; a clean, comfortable, well-constructed mattress approximately 5 inches thick and standard in size for the bed; and clean, comfortable pillows of average bed size. (III)

c. There shall be a comfortable chair, either a rocking chair or arm chair, per resident bed. The resident's personal wishes shall be considered and documented. (III)

d. There shall be drawer space for each resident's clothing. In a multiple bedroom, drawer space shall be assigned each resident. (III)

e. There shall be a bedside table with a drawer and a reading lamp for each resident.

f. All furnishings and equipment shall be durable, cleanable, and appropriate to their function. (III)

g. All resident areas shall be decorated, painted, and furnished to provide a homelike atmosphere and in a manner which is age and culture appropriate. (III)

h. Upholstery materials shall be moisture- and soil-resistant, except on furniture which is provided by the resident and is the property of the resident. (III)

i. Beds and other furnishings shall not obstruct free passage to and through doorways. (III)

j. Beds shall not be placed with the side of the bed against a radiator or in close proximity to it unless the radiator is covered to protect the resident from contact with it or from excessive heat. (III)

**62.21(4) Bath and toilet facilities.** All lavatories shall have nonreusable towels and an available supply of soap. (III)

**62.21(5) Dining and living rooms.**

a. Every facility shall have a dining room and a living room easily accessible to all residents. (III)

b. Dining rooms and living rooms shall at no time be used as bedrooms. (III)

c. Dining rooms and living rooms shall be available for use by residents at appropriate times to allow social, diversional, individual, and group activities. (III)

d. A combination dining room and living room may be permitted if the space requirements of a multipurpose room as provided in 481—subrule 60.6(2) are met. (III)

e. Living rooms shall be suitably furnished and maintained for the use of residents and their visitors and may be used for recreational activities. (III)

f. Dining rooms shall be furnished with dining tables and chairs appropriate to the size and function of the facility. These rooms and furnishings shall be kept clean and sanitary. (III)

**62.21(6) Family and employee accommodations.**

a. The residents' bedrooms shall not be occupied by employees, family members of employees, or family members of the licensee. (III)

b. In facilities where the total occupancy of family, employees, and residents is five or less, one toilet and one tub or shower is the minimum requirement. (III)

c. In all health care facilities, if the family or employees live within the facility, living quarters shall be required for the family or employees separate from areas provided for residents. (III)

**62.21(7) Animals.** Animals shall be allowed within the facility with written approval of the department and under controlled conditions. (III)

**62.21(8) Maintenance.** Each facility shall establish a maintenance program to ensure continued maintenance of the facility, to promote good housekeeping procedures, and to ensure sanitary practices throughout the facility. In facilities over 15 beds, this program shall be in writing and be available for review by the department. (III)

a. The buildings, furnishing, and grounds shall be maintained in a clean, orderly condition and be in good repair. (III)

b. The buildings and grounds shall be kept free of flies, other insects, rodents, and their breeding areas. (III)

**62.21(9) Buildings, furnishings, and equipment.**

a. Battery-operated, portable emergency lights in good working condition shall be available at all times, at a ratio of one light per employee on duty from 6 p.m. to 6 a.m. (III)

b. All windows shall be supplied with curtains and shades or drapes which are kept in good repair. (III)

c. Wherever glass sliding doors or transparent panels are used, they shall be marked conspicuously and decoratively. (III)

**62.21(10) Water supply.** Every facility shall have an adequate water supply from an approved source. A municipal source of water shall be considered as meeting this requirement. (III) Private sources of water to a facility shall be tested annually and the report submitted with the annual application for license. (III)

a. A bacterially unsafe source of water shall be grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation of license. (III)

b. The department may require testing of private sources of water to a facility at its discretion in addition to the annual test. The facility shall supply reports of tests as directed by the department. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14.

**481—62.22(135C) Care review committee.** Rescinded **ARC 1205C**, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14.

**481—62.23(135C) Residents' rights in general.**

**62.23(1)** Each facility shall ensure that policies and procedures are written and implemented which include, at a minimum, all of the following provisions subrules (62.23(2) to 62.23(22)) and which govern all areas of service provided to staff, residents, their families or legal representatives and shall be available to the public and shall be reviewed annually. (II)

**62.23(2) Grievances.** Written policies and procedures shall include a method for submitting grievances and recommendations by residents or their responsible party and for ensuring a response and disposition by the facility. The written procedure shall ensure protection of the resident from any form of reprisal or intimidation and shall include:

a. An employee or an alternate designated to be responsible for handling grievances and recommendations; (II) and

b. Methods to investigate and assess the validity of a grievance or recommendation, resolve grievances, and take action. (II)

**62.23(3) Informed of rights.** Policies and procedures shall include a provision that each resident shall be fully informed of the resident's rights and responsibilities as a resident and of all rules governing resident conduct and responsibilities. This information must be provided upon admission, or in the case of residents already in the facility, upon the facility's adoption or amendment of residents' rights policies and be posted in locations accessible to all residents. (II)

a. The facility shall make known to residents what they may expect from the facility and its staff, and what is expected from residents. The facility shall communicate these expectations during the period of not more than two weeks before or five days after admission. The communication shall be in writing, e.g., in a separate handout or brochure describing the facility, and interpreted verbally, e.g., as part of a preadmission interview, resident counseling, or in individual or group orientation sessions following admission. (II)

b. Resident's rights and responsibilities shall be presented in language understandable to the resident. If the facility serves residents who are not English-speaking or are deaf, steps shall be taken to translate the information into a foreign or sign language. In the case of blind residents, either Braille or a recording shall be provided. Residents shall be encouraged to ask questions about their rights and responsibilities and these questions shall be answered. (II)

c. A statement shall be signed by the resident and legal guardian, if applicable, indicating an understanding of these rights and responsibilities, and the statement shall be maintained in the record.

The statement shall be signed no later than five days after admission, and a copy of the signed statement shall be given to the resident or legal guardian. (II)

*d.* All residents, next of kin, or legal guardian shall be advised within 30 days following changes made in the statement of residents' rights and responsibilities. Appropriate means shall be used to inform non-English-speaking, deaf or blind residents of changes. (II)

**62.23(4)** Informed of health condition. Each resident or legal guardian shall be fully informed by a physician of the resident's health and medical condition unless medically contraindicated as documented by a physician in the resident's record. (II)

**62.23(5)** Research. The resident or legal guardian shall make the decision as whether to participate in experimental research and then only upon written informed consent. (II, III)

Any clinical investigation involving residents must be under the sponsorship of an institution with a human subjects review board functioning in accordance with the requirement of Public Law 93-348, as implemented by Part 46 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended to December 1, 1981 (45 CFR 46). (III)

**62.23(6)** Resident work. Services performed by the resident for the facility shall be in accordance with the IPP. (II)

*a.* Residents shall not be used to provide a source of labor for the facility against the resident's will. Physician's approval is required for all work programs and must be renewed yearly. (II, III)

*b.* If the individual program plan requires activities for therapeutic or training reasons, the plan for these activities must be professionally developed and implemented. Therapeutic or training goals must be clearly stated and measurable and the plan shall be time-limited and reviewed at least quarterly. (II)

*c.* A resident engaged in work programs in the RCF/PMI shall be paid wages commensurate with wage and hour regulations for comparable work and productivity. (II)

*d.* The resident shall have the right to employment options commensurate with training and skills. (II)

**62.23(7)** Residents performing work shall not be used to replace paid employees in fulfilling staffing requirements. (II)

**62.23(8)** Encouragement to exercise rights. Each resident shall be encouraged and assisted throughout the resident's period of stay, to exercise resident and citizen rights and may voice grievances and recommend changes in policies and services to administrative staff or to outside representatives of the resident's choice, free from interference, coercion, discrimination, or reprisal. (II)

**62.23(9)** Posting of names. The facility shall post in a prominent area the name, telephone number, and address of the survey agency, the local law enforcement agency and the protection and advocacy agency designated pursuant to Iowa Code section 135C.2(4) and the text of Iowa Code section 135C.46 to provide to residents another course of redress. (II)

**62.23(10)** Dignity preserved. Each resident shall be treated with consideration, respect, and full recognition of the resident's dignity and individuality, including privacy in treatment and in care of personal needs. (II)

*a.* Staff shall display respect for residents when speaking with, caring for, or talking about them, as constant affirmation of the individuality and dignity of human beings. (II)

*b.* Schedules of daily activities shall allow maximum flexibility for residents to exercise choice about what they will do and when they will do it. Residents' individual preferences regarding such things as menus, clothing, religious activities, friendships, activity programs, entertainment, sleeping, eating, and times to retire at night and arise in the morning shall be elicited and considered by the facility. The facility shall make every effort to match nonsmokers with other nonsmokers. (II)

*c.* Residents shall be examined and treated in a manner that maintains the privacy of their bodies. A closed door shall shield the resident from passersby. People not involved in the care of the residents shall not be present without the resident's consent while the resident is being examined or treated. (II)

*d.* Privacy for each person shall be maintained when residents are being taken to the toilet or being bathed and while they are being helped with other types of personal hygiene, except as needed for resident safety or assistance. (II)

*e.* Staff shall knock and be acknowledged before entering a resident's room unless the resident is not capable of a response. This does not apply under emergency conditions. (II)

**62.23(11)** Communications. Each resident may communicate, associate, and meet privately with persons of the resident's choice, unless to do so would infringe upon the rights of other residents. Each resident may send and receive personal mail unopened unless prohibited in the IPP which has explicit approval of the resident or legal guardian. (II)

**62.23(12)** Visiting hours. Subject to reasonable scheduling restrictions, visiting policies and procedures shall permit residents to receive visits from anyone they wish. Visiting hours shall be posted. (II)

*a.* Reasonable, regular visiting hours shall not be less than 12 hours per day and shall take into consideration the special circumstances of each visitor. A particular visitor(s) may be restricted by the facility for one of the following reasons:

- (1) The resident refuses to see the visitor(s). (II)
- (2) The visit would not be in accordance with the IPP. (II)
- (3) The visitor's behavior is unreasonably disruptive to the functioning of the facility.

Reasons for denial of visitation shall be documented in the resident's records. (II)

*b.* Decisions to restrict a visitor are reevaluated at least quarterly by the QMHP or at the resident's request. (II)

**62.23(13)** Privacy. Space shall be provided for residents to receive visitors in comfort and privacy. (II)

**62.23(14)** Telephone calls. Telephones consistent with ANSI standards 42 CFR 405.1134(c) (10-1-86) shall be available and accessible for residents to make and receive calls with privacy. Residents who need help shall be assisted in using the telephone. (II)

**62.23(15)** Arrangements shall be made to provide assistance to residents who require help in reading or sending mail. (II)

**62.23(16)** Residents shall be permitted to leave the facility and environs at reasonable times unless there are justifiable reasons established in writing by the attending physician, QMHP, or facility administrator for refusing permission. (II)

**62.23(17)** Residents shall not have their personal lives regulated beyond reasonable adherence to meal schedules, bedtime hours, and other written policies which may be necessary for the orderly management of the facility and as required by these rules; however, residents shall be encouraged to participate in recreational programs. (II)

**62.23(18)** Resident activities. Each resident may participate in activities of social, religious, and community groups as desired unless contraindicated for reasons documented by the attending physician or qualified mental health professional, as appropriate, in the resident's record. (II)

Residents who wish to meet with or participate in activities of social, religious or community groups in or outside the facility shall be informed, encouraged, and assisted to do so. (II)

**62.23(19)** Resident property. Each resident may retain and use personal clothing and possessions as space permits and provided use is not otherwise prohibited in these rules. (II)

*a.* Residents shall be permitted to keep reasonable amounts of personal clothing and possessions for their use while in the facility. The personal property shall be kept in a secure location which is convenient to the resident. (II)

*b.* Residents shall be advised, prior to or at the time of admission, of the kinds and amounts of clothing and possessions permitted for personal use, and whether the facility will accept responsibility for maintaining these items, e.g., cleaning and laundry. (II)

*c.* Any personal clothing or possessions retained by the facility for the resident shall be identified and recorded on admission and the record placed on the resident's chart. The facility shall be responsible for secure storage of items, and they shall be returned to the resident promptly upon request or upon discharge from the facility. (II)

*d.* A resident's personal property shall not be used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. (II)



*e.* A resident's personal property shall be returned to the resident when it has been used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. The department may report findings that a resident's property has been used without written consent to the local law enforcement agency, as appropriate. (II)

**62.23(20)** Sharing rooms. Residents, including spouses staying in the same facility, shall be permitted to share a room, if available, if requested by both parties, unless contraindicated in the IPP and when the reasons for denial are documented in the resident's record. (II)

**62.23(21)** Choice of physician and pharmacy. Each resident shall be permitted free choice of a physician and a pharmacy. The facility may require the pharmacy selected to use a drug distribution system compatible with the system currently used by the facility. (II)

**62.23(22)** Incompetent residents.

*a.* Each facility shall provide that all rights and responsibilities of the resident devolve to the resident's legal guardian when a resident is adjudicated incompetent in accordance with state law or, in the case of a resident who has not been adjudicated incompetent under the laws of the state, in accordance with 42 CFR 483.10. This paragraph is not intended to limit the authority of any individual acting pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 144A. (II)

*b.* The fact that a resident has been adjudicated incompetent does not absolve the facility from advising the resident of these rights to the extent the resident is able to understand them. The facility shall also advise the legal guardian, if any, and acquire a statement indicating an understanding of resident's rights. (II)

**62.23(23)** Resident abuse prohibited. Each resident shall receive kind and considerate care at all times and shall be free from physical, sexual, mental and verbal abuse, exploitation, neglect, and physical injury. (I, II)

**62.23(24)** Allegations of dependent adult abuse. Allegations of dependent adult abuse shall be reported and investigated pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 235E and 481—Chapter 52. (I, II, III)

**62.23(25)** Rescinded IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.14 and 135C.24 and Iowa Code chapter 235E.

[ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 1204C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14]

**481—62.24(135C) County care facilities.** In addition to Chapter 62 licensing rules, county care facilities licensed as residential care facilities for persons with mental illness must also comply with department of human services rules, 441—Chapter 37. Violation of any standard established by the department of human services is a class II violation pursuant to 481—56.2(135C).

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 227.4.

**481—62.25(135C) Another business or activity in a facility.** A facility is allowed to have another business or activity in a health care facility or in the same physical structure of the facility, if the other business or activity is under the control of and is directly related to and incidental to the operation of the health care facility, or the business or activity is approved by the department and the state fire marshal.

To obtain the approval of the department and the state fire marshal, the facility must submit to the department a written request for approval which identifies the service(s) to be offered by the business and addresses the factors outlined in paragraphs "a" through "j" of this rule. (I, II, III)

**62.25(1)** The following factors will be considered by the department in determining whether a business or activity will interfere with the use of the facility by residents, interfere with services provided to residents, or be disturbing to residents:

- a.* Health and safety risks for residents;
- b.* Compatibility of the proposed business or activity with the facility program;
- c.* Noise created by the proposed business or activity;
- d.* Odors created by the proposed business or activity;
- e.* Use of entrances and exits for the business or activity in regard to safety and disturbance of residents and interference with delivery of services;

- f.* Use of the facility's corridors or rooms as thoroughfares to the business or activity in regard to safety and disturbance of residents and interference with delivery of services;
- g.* Proposed staffing for the business or activity;
- h.* Sharing of services and staff between the proposed business or activity and the facility;
- i.* Facility layout and design; and
- j.* Parking area utilized by the business or activity.

**62.25(2)** Approval of the state fire marshal shall be obtained before approval of the department will be considered.

**62.25(3)** A business or activity conducted in a health care facility or in the same physical structure as a health care facility shall not reduce space, services or staff available to residents below minimums required in these rules and 481—Chapter 60. (I, II, III)

This rule will become effective July 1, 1992.

**481—62.26(135C) Respite care services.** Respite care services means an organized program of temporary supportive care provided for 24 hours or more to a person in order to relieve the usual caregiver of the person from providing continual care to the person. A facility which chooses to provide respite care services must meet the following requirements related to respite care services and must be licensed as a health care facility.

**62.26(1)** A facility which chooses to provide respite care services is not required to obtain a separate license or pay a license fee.

**62.26(2)** Rules regarding involuntary discharge or transfer rights do not apply to residents who are being cared for under a respite care contract.

**62.26(3)** The facility shall have a contract with each resident in the facility. When the resident is there for respite care services, the contract shall specify the time period during which the resident will be considered to be receiving respite care services. At the end of that period, the contract may be amended to extend that period of time. The contract shall specifically state the resident may be involuntarily discharged while being considered as a respite care resident. The contract shall meet other requirements for contracts between a health care facility and resident, except the requirements concerning the holding and charging for a bed when a resident is hospitalized or leaves the facility temporarily for recreational or therapeutic reasons.

**62.26(4)** Respite care services shall not be provided by a facility to persons requiring a level of care which is higher than the level of care the facility is licensed to provide.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.2(6), 135C.4, 135C.6(1) to 135C.6(3), 135C.7, 135C.8, 135C.14, 135C.16(2), 135C.23 to 135C.25, 135C.31, 135C.36, and 227.4.

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<sup>1</sup> September 7, 2016, effective date of 57.19(3)“d,” 62.15(2)“d,” and 63.18(3)“d” [ARC 2643C] delayed 70 days by the Administrative Rules Review Committee at its meeting held August 5, 2016.



CHAPTER 63  
RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITIES FOR THE  
INTELLECTUALLY DISABLED  
[Prior to 7/15/87, Health Department[470] Ch 63]

**481—63.1(135C) Definitions.** For the purpose of these rules, the following terms shall have the meaning indicated in this chapter. The definitions set out in Iowa Code section 135C.1 shall be considered to be incorporated verbatim in the rules. The use of the words “shall” and “must” indicate those standards are mandatory. The use of the words “should” and “could” indicate those standards are recommended.

“*Accommodation*” means the provision of lodging, including sleeping, dining, and living areas.

“*Administrator*” means a person who administers, manages, supervises, and is in general administrative charge of a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled, whether or not such individual has an ownership interest in such facility, and whether or not the functions and duties are shared with one or more individuals.

“*Alcoholic*” means a person in a state of dependency resulting from excessive or prolonged consumption of alcoholic beverages as defined in Iowa Code section 125.2.

“*Ambulatory*” means a person who immediately and without aid of another, is physically and mentally capable of traveling a normal path to safety, including the ascent and descent of stairs.

“*Basement*” means that part of a building where the finish floor is more than 30 inches below the finish grade.

“*Board*” means the regular provision of meals.

“*Communicable disease*” means a disease caused by the presence of virus or microbial agents within a person’s body, which agents may be transmitted either directly or indirectly to other persons.

“*Department*” means the state department of inspections and appeals.

“*Distinct part*” means a clearly identifiable area or section within a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled, consisting of at least a residential unit, wing, floor, or building containing contiguous rooms.

“*Drug addiction*” means a state of dependency, as medically determined, resulting from excessive or prolonged use of drugs as defined in Iowa Code chapter 124.

“*Interdisciplinary team*” means persons drawn from, or representing such of the professions, disciplines, or services required for the care of the resident.

“*Medication*” means any drug including over-the-counter substances ordered and administered under the direction of the physician.

“*Nonambulatory*” means a person who immediately and without the aid of another is not physically and mentally capable of traveling a normal path to safety, including the ascent and descent of stairs.

“*Personal care*” means assistance with the activities of daily living which the recipient can perform only with difficulty. Examples are help in getting in and out of bed, assistance with personal hygiene and bathing, help with dressing and feeding, and supervision over medications which can be self-administered.

“*Primary care provider*” means any of the following who provide primary care and meet certification standards:

1. A physician who is a family or general practitioner or an internist.
2. An advanced registered nurse practitioner.
3. A physician assistant.

“*Program of care*” means all services being provided for a resident in a health care facility.

“*Qualified intellectual disabilities professional*” means a psychologist, physician, registered nurse, educator, social worker, physical or occupational therapist, speech therapist or audiologist who meets the educational requirements for the profession, as required in the state of Iowa, and having one year’s experience working with the intellectually disabled.

“*Rate*” means that daily fee charged for all residents equally and shall include the cost of all minimum services required in these regulations.

“*Responsible party*” means the person who signs or cosigns the admission agreement required in 481—63.14(135C) or the resident’s guardian or conservator if one has been appointed. In the event that a resident has neither a guardian, conservator nor person who signed or cosigned the resident’s admission agreement, the term “responsible party” shall include the resident’s sponsoring agency, e.g., the department of social services, Veterans Administration, religious groups, fraternal organizations, or foundations that assume responsibility and advocate for their client patients and pay for their health care.

“*Restraints*” means the measures taken to control a resident’s physical activity for the resident’s own protection or for the protection of others.

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13; ARC 1752C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—63.2(135C) Variances.** Variances from these rules may be granted by the director of the department of inspections and appeals for good and sufficient reason when the need for variance has been established; no danger to the health, safety, or welfare of any resident results; alternate means are employed or compensating circumstances exist and the variance will apply only to an individual residential care facility for the intellectually disabled. Variances will be reviewed at the discretion of the director of the department of inspections and appeals.

**63.2(1)** To request a variance, the licensee must:

- a. Apply for variance in writing, on a form provided by the department;
- b. Cite the rule or rules from which a variance is desired;
- c. State why compliance with the rule or rules cannot be accomplished;
- d. Explain alternate arrangement or compensating circumstances which justify the variance;
- e. Demonstrate that the requested variance will not endanger the health, safety, or welfare of any resident.

**63.2(2)** Upon receipt of a request for variance, the director of the department of inspections and appeals will:

- a. Examine the rule from which variance is requested to determine that the request is necessary and reasonable;
- b. If the request meets the above criteria, evaluate the alternate arrangements or compensating circumstances against the requirement of the rules;
- c. Examine the effect of the requested variance on the health, safety, or welfare of the residents;
- d. Consult with the applicant if additional information is required.

**63.2(3)** Based upon these studies, approval of the variance will be either granted or denied within 120 days of receipt.

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.3(135C) Application for licensure.**

**63.3(1)** Initial application and licensing. In order to obtain an initial residential care facility for the intellectually disabled license for a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled which is currently licensed, the applicant must:

- a. Meet all of the rules, regulations, and standards contained in 481—Chapters 60 and 63;
- b. Submit a letter of intent and a written résumé of the resident care program and other services provided which reflect the services indicated in individualized programs of care for each resident for departmental review and approval;
- c. Make application at least 30 days prior to the change of ownership of the facility on forms provided by the department;
- d. Submit a floor plan of each floor of the facility drawn on 8½- × 11-inch paper showing room areas in proportion, room dimensions, room numbers for all rooms, including bathrooms, and designation of the use to which each room will be put and window and door location;
- e. Submit a photograph of the front and side elevation of the facility;
- f. Submit the statutory fee for a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled for which licensure application is made;
- g. Comply with all other local statutes and ordinances in existence at the time of licensure;

*h.* Have a certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations.

**63.3(2)** In order for a facility not currently licensed as a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled to obtain an initial license as a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled, the applicant must:

*a.* Meet all of the rules, regulations, and standards contained in 481—Chapters 60 and 63 (exceptions noted in 60.3(2) shall not apply);

*b.* Submit a letter of intent and a written résumé of the resident care program and other services provided for departmental review and approval;

*c.* Make application at least 30 days prior to the proposed opening date of the facility on forms provided by the department;

*d.* Submit a floor plan of each floor of the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled, drawn on 8½- × 11-inch paper showing room areas in proportion, room dimensions, room numbers for all rooms, including bathrooms, and designation of the use to which the room will be put and window and door locations;

*e.* Submit a photograph of the front and side elevation of the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled;

*f.* Submit the statutory fee for a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled;

*g.* Comply with all other local statutes and ordinances in existence at the time of licensure;

*h.* Have a certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations.

**63.3(3)** Renewal application. In order to obtain a renewal of the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled license, the applicant must:

*a.* Submit the completed application form 30 days prior to annual license renewal date of residential care facility for the intellectually disabled license;

*b.* Submit the statutory license fee for a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled with the application for renewal;

*c.* Have an approved current certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations;

*d.* Submit appropriate changes in the résumé to reflect any changes in the resident care program and other services.

**63.3(4)** Deemed status.

*a.* The department shall recognize, in lieu of its own inspection, the comparable inspection and inspection findings of the Accreditation Council for Service for Mentally Retarded and Other Developmentally Disabled Persons (AC—MR/DD), if the department is given copies of all requested materials relating to the comparable inspection process, is notified of the scheduled comparable inspection not less than 30 days in advance of the inspection, and is given the opportunity to monitor the comparable inspection. The department may verify the findings of 10 percent of the comparable inspections, selected annually on a random basis, in order to ensure compliance with minimum residential care standards established pursuant to this chapter.

*b.* The above accreditation will be accepted in lieu of the department's yearly licensure inspection for each year of the AC—MR/DD accreditation period up to two years.

**63.3(5)** Licenses are issued to the person or governmental unit which has responsibility for the operation of the facility and authority to comply with all applicable statutes, rules or regulations.

The person or governmental unit must be the owner of the facility or, if the facility is leased, the lessee.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.6(1) and 135C.9.  
[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

#### **481—63.4(135C) General requirements.**

**63.4(1)** The license shall be displayed in a conspicuous place in the facility which is viewed by the public. (III)

**63.4(2)** The license shall be valid only in the possession of the licensee to whom it is issued.

**63.4(3)** The posted license shall accurately reflect the current status of the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled. (III)

**63.4(4)** Licenses expire one year after the date of issuance, or as indicated on the license.

**63.4(5)** Each citation or a copy of each citation issued by the department for a class I or class II violation shall be prominently posted by the facility in plain view of the residents, visitors, and persons inquiring about placement in the facility. The citation or copy of the citation shall remain posted until the violation is corrected to the satisfaction of the department. (III)

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.5(135C) Notifications required by the department.** The department shall be notified:

**63.5(1)** Within 48 hours, by letter, of any reduction or loss of personal care or dietary staff lasting more than seven days which places the staffing ratio below that required for licensing. No additional residents shall be admitted until the minimum staffing requirements are achieved; (III)

**63.5(2)** Of any proposed change in the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled's functional operation or addition or deletion of required services; (III)

**63.5(3)** Thirty days before addition, alteration, or new construction is begun in the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled, or on the premises; (III)

**63.5(4)** Thirty days in advance of closure of the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled; (III)

**63.5(5)** Within two weeks of any change in administrator; (III)

**63.5(6)** When any change in the category of license is sought; (III)

**63.5(7)** Prior to the purchase, transfer, assignment, or lease of a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled, the licensee shall:

*a.* Inform the department of the pending sale, transfer, assignment, or lease of the facility; (III)

*b.* Inform the department of the name and address of the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee at least 30 days before the sale, transfer, assignment, or lease is completed; (III)

*c.* Submit a written authorization to the department permitting the department to release all information of whatever kind from the department's files concerning the licensee's residential care facility for the intellectually disabled to the named prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee; (III)

**63.5(8)** Pursuant to the authorization submitted to the department by the licensee prior to the purchase, transfer, assignment, or lease of a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled, the department shall upon request, send or give copies of all recent licensure surveys and of any other pertinent information relating to the facility's licensure status to the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee; costs for such copies shall be paid by the prospective purchaser.

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.6(135C) Witness fees.** Rescinded IAB 3/30/94, effective 5/4/94. See 481—subrule 50.6(4).

**481—63.7(135C) Licenses for distinct parts.**

**63.7(1)** Separate licenses may be issued for distinct parts of a health care facility which are clearly identifiable, containing contiguous rooms in a separate wing or building or on a separate floor of the facility and which provide care and services of separate categories.

**63.7(2)** The following requirements shall be met for a separate licensing of a distinct part:

*a.* The distinct part shall serve only residents who require the category of care and services immediately available to them within that part; (III)

*b.* The distinct part shall meet all the standards, rules, and regulations pertaining to the category for which a license is being sought;

*c.* A distinct part must be operationally and financially feasible;

*d.* A separate staff with qualifications appropriate to the care and services being rendered must be regularly assigned and working in the distinct part under responsible management; (III)



*e.* Separately licensed distinct parts may have certain services such as management, building maintenance, laundry, and dietary in common with each other.

**481—63.8(135C) Administrator.** Each residential care facility for the intellectually disabled shall have one person in charge, duly approved by the department or acting in a provisional capacity in accordance with these regulations. (III)

**63.8(1)** The administrator shall be at least 18 years of age and shall have a high school diploma or equivalent. (III) In addition this person shall meet at least one of the following conditions:

*a.* Be a licensed nursing home administrator who is also a qualified intellectual disabilities professional; (III) or

*b.* Be a qualified intellectual disabilities professional with at least one year of experience in an administrative capacity in a health care facility; (III) or

*c.* Have completed a one-year educational training program approved by the department for residential care facility for the intellectually disabled. (III)

**63.8(2)** The administrator may act as an administrator for not more than two residential care facilities for the intellectually disabled. (II)

*a.* The distance between the two facilities shall be no greater than 50 miles. (II)

*b.* The administrator shall spend the equivalent of three full eight-hour days per week in each facility. (II)

*c.* The administrator may be responsible for no more than 150 beds in total if the administrator is an administrator of more than one facility. (II)

**63.8(3)** The licensee may be the approved administrator providing the licensee meets the requirements as set forth in these regulations and devotes the required time to administrative duties. Residency in the facility does not in itself meet the requirement. (III)

**63.8(4)** A provisional administrator may be appointed on a temporary basis by the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled licensee to assume the administrative responsibilities for a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled for a period not to exceed six months when, through no fault of its own, the home has lost its administrator and has not been able to replace the administrator, provided the department has been notified prior to the date of the administrator's appointment. (III)

**63.8(5)** In the absence of the administrator, a responsible person shall be designated in writing to the department to be in charge of the facility. (III) The person designated shall:

*a.* Be knowledgeable of the operation of the facility; (III)

*b.* Have access to records concerned with the operation of the facility; (III)

*c.* Be capable of carrying out administrative duties and of assuming administrative responsibilities; (III)

*d.* Be at least 18 years of age; (III)

*e.* Be empowered to act on behalf of the licensee during the administrator's absence concerning the health, safety, and welfare of the residents; (III)

*f.* Have had training to carry out assignments and take care of emergencies and sudden illnesses of residents. (III)

**63.8(6)** The licensee shall:

*a.* Assume the responsibility for the overall operation of the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled; (III)

*b.* Be responsible for compliance with all applicable laws and with the rules of the department; (III)

*c.* Establish written policies, which shall be available for review, for the operation of the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled. (III)

**63.8(7)** The administrator shall:

*a.* Be responsible for the selection and direction of competent personnel to provide services for the resident care program; (III)

- b.* Be responsible for the arrangement for all department heads to annually attend a minimum of ten contact hours of educational programs to increase skills and knowledge needed for the position; (III)
  - c.* Be responsible for a monthly in-service educational program for all employees and to maintain records of programs and participants; (III)
  - d.* Make available the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled payroll records for departmental review as needed. (III)
- [ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.9(135C) General policies.**

**63.9(1)** There shall be written personnel policies in facilities of more than 15 beds to include hours of work, and attendance at educational programs. (III)

**63.9(2)** There shall be a written job description developed for each category of worker in facilities. The job description shall include title of job, job summary, age range, qualifications (formal education and experience), skills needed, physical requirements, and responsibilities. (III)

**63.9(3)** There shall be written personnel policies for each facility. Personnel policies shall include the following requirements:

- a.* Employees shall have a physical examination before employment. (I, II, III)
- b.* Employees shall have a physical examination at least every four years. (I, II, III)
- c.* Screening and testing for tuberculosis shall be conducted pursuant to 481—Chapter 59. (I, II, III)

**63.9(4)** Health certificates for all employees shall be available for review. (III)

**63.9(5)** Rescinded IAB 10/19/88, effective 11/23/88.

**63.9(6)** There shall be written policies for emergency medical care for employees and residents in case of sudden illness or accident which includes the individual to be contacted in case of emergency. (III)

**63.9(7)** The facility shall have a written agreement with a hospital for the timely admission of a resident who, in the opinion of the attending physician, requires hospitalization. (III)

**63.9(8)** The residential care facility for the intellectually disabled shall have established policies concerning the control, investigation, and prevention of infections within the facility. (III)

**63.9(9)** Each facility licensed as a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled shall provide an organized continuous 24-hour program of care commensurate with the needs of the residents of the home and under the direction of an administrator whose combined training and supervisory experience is such as to ensure adequate and competent care. (III)

**63.9(10)** Each facility shall have a written and implemented infection control program addressing the following:

- a.* Techniques for hand washing consistent with Guidelines for Handwashing and Hospital Control, 1985, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB85-923404; (I, II, III)

- b.* Techniques for handling of blood, body fluids, and body wastes consistent with Guideline for Isolation Precautions in Hospitals, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB96-138102; (I, II, III)

- c.* Dressings, soaks, or packs; (I, II, III)

- d.* Infection identification; (I, II, III)

- e.* Resident care procedures to be used when there is an infection present consistent with Guideline for Isolation Precautions in Hospitals, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB96-138102; (I, II, III)

- f.* Sanitation techniques for resident care equipment; (I, II, III)

- g.* Techniques for sanitary use and reuse of feeding syringes and single-resident use and reuse of urine collection bags; (I, II, III)

- h.* Techniques for use and disposal of needles, syringes, and other sharp instruments consistent with Guideline for Isolation Precautions in Hospitals, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB96-138102; (I, II, III)

CDC Guidelines may be obtained from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Technology Administration, National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Rd., Springfield, Virginia 22161 (1-800-553-6847).

**63.9(11)** Aseptic techniques. If a resident needs any of the treatments or devices on the list below, written and implemented procedures regarding aseptic techniques shall be followed.

*a.* Intravenous or central line catheter consistent with Guideline for Prevention of Intravascular Device Related Infections, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB97-130074, (I, II, III)

*b.* Urinary catheter, (I, II, III)

*c.* Respiratory suction, oxygen or humidification, (I, II, III)

*d.* Decubitus care, (I, II, III)

*e.* Tracheostomy, (I, II, III)

*f.* Nasogastric or gastrostomy tubes, (I, II, III)

*g.* Sanitary use and reuse of feeding syringes and single-resident use and reuse of urine collection bags. (I, II, III)

**63.9(12)** Prior to the removal of a deceased resident/patient from a facility, the funeral director or person responsible for transporting the body shall be notified by the facility staff of any special precautions that were followed by the facility having to do with the mode of transmission of a known or suspected communicable disease. (III)

[ARC 0663C, IAB 4/3/13, effective 5/8/13; ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.10** Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.

**481—63.11(135C) Personnel.**

**63.11(1)** *General qualifications.*

*a.* No person with a current record of habitual alcohol intoxication or addiction to the use of drugs shall serve in a managerial role of a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled. (II)

*b.* No person under the influence of alcohol or intoxicating drugs shall be permitted to provide services in a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled. (II)

*c.* No person shall be allowed to provide services in a facility if the person has a disease:

(1) Which is transmissible through required workplace contact, (I, II, III)

(2) Which presents a significant risk of infecting others, (I, II, III)

(3) Which presents a substantial possibility of harming others, and (I, II, III)

(4) For which no reasonable accommodation can eliminate the risk. (I, II, III)

Refer to Guidelines for Infection Control in Hospital Personnel, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB85-923402 to determine (1), (2), (3) and (4).

*d.* Reserved.

*e.* Individuals with either physical or mental disabilities may be employed for specific duties, but only if that disability is unrelated to that individual's ability to perform the duties of the job. (III)

**63.11(2)** *Supervision and staffing.*

*a.* The department shall establish on an individual facility basis the numbers and qualifications of the staff required in a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled, using as its criteria the services being offered as indicated on the résumé program of care and, as required for individual care plans, the needs of the resident. (II, III)

*b.* Personnel in a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled shall provide 24-hour coverage for residential care services for the intellectually disabled. Personnel shall be up and dressed at all times in facilities with more than 15 beds. In facilities with 15 or fewer beds, personnel shall be up and dressed when residents are awake. (II, III)

*c.* Direct care staff shall be present in the facility unless all residents are involved in activities away from the facility. (II, III)

*d.* Physician's orders shall be implemented by qualified personnel. (II, III)

**63.11(3)** *Employee criminal record checks, child abuse checks and dependent adult abuse checks and employment of individuals who have committed a crime or have a founded abuse.* The facility shall comply with the requirements found in Iowa Code section 135C.33 as amended by 2013 Iowa Acts, Senate File 347, and rule 481—50.9(135C) related to completion of criminal record checks, child abuse checks, and dependent adult abuse checks and to employment of individuals who have committed a crime or have a founded abuse. (I, II, III)

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13; ARC 0903C, IAB 8/7/13, effective 9/11/13]

**481—63.12(135C) Resident care and personal services.**

**63.12(1)** Beds shall be made daily and adjusted as necessary. A complete change of linen shall be made at least once a week and more often if necessary. (III)

**63.12(2)** Residents shall receive sufficient supervision so that their personal cleanliness is maintained. (II, III)

**63.12(3)** Residents shall have clean clothing as needed to present a neat appearance, be free of odors, and to be comfortable. Clothing shall be appropriate to their activities and to the weather. (III)

**63.12(4)** Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.

**63.12(5)** Residents shall be encouraged to leave their rooms and make use of the recreational room or living room of the facility. (III)

**63.12(6)** Residents shall not be required to pass through another's bedroom to reach a bathroom, living room, dining room, corridor, or other common areas of the facility. (III)

**63.12(7)** Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.

**63.12(8)** Uncontrollable residents shall be transferred or discharged from the facility in accordance with contract arrangements and requirements of Iowa Code chapter 135C. (II, III)

**63.12(9)** Residents shall be required to bathe at least twice a week. (II, III)

**481—63.13(135C) Admission, transfer, and discharge.**

**63.13(1)** *General admission policies.*

*a.* No resident who is in need of greater services than the facility can provide shall be admitted or retained in a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled. (II, III)

*b.* No residential care facility for the intellectually disabled shall admit more residents than the number of beds for which it is licensed. (II, III)

*c.* There shall be no more beds erected than is stipulated on the license. (II, III)

*d.* There shall be no more beds erected in a room than its size and other characteristics will permit. (II, III)

*e.* The admission of a resident to a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled shall not give the facility or any employee of the facility the right to manage, use, or dispose of any property of the resident except with the written authorization of the resident or the resident's legal representative. (III)

*f.* The admission of a resident shall not grant the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled the authority or responsibility to manage the personal affairs of the resident except as may be necessary for the safety of the resident and safe and orderly management of the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled as required by these rules. (III)

*g.* A residential care facility for the intellectually disabled shall provide for the safekeeping of personal effects, funds, and other property of its residents. The facility may require that items of exceptional value or which would convey unreasonable responsibilities to the licensee be removed from the premises of the facility for safekeeping. (III)

*h.* Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.

*i.* Funds or properties received by the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled, belonging to or due a resident, expendable for the resident's account, shall be trust funds. (III)

*j.* Infants and children under the age of 16 shall not be admitted to health care facilities for adults unless given prior written approval by the department. A distinct part of a health care facility, segregated from the adult section, may be established based on a program of care submitted by the licensee or

applicant which is commensurate with the needs of the residents of the health care facility and has received the department's review and approval. (III)

*k.* No health care facility, and no owner, administrator, employee or representative thereof shall act as guardian, trustee, or conservator for any resident's property, unless such resident is related to the person acting as guardian within the third degree of consanguinity. (III)

*l.* Upon the verified petition of the county board of supervisors, the district court may appoint the administrator of a county care facility as conservator or guardian or both of a resident of such county care facility. Such administrator shall serve as conservator or guardian or both without fee. The administrator may establish either separate or common bank accounts for cash funds of such resident wards. (III)

**63.13(2) Discharge or transfer.**

*a.* Prior notification shall be made to the next of kin, legal representative, attending physician, and sponsoring agency, if any, prior to transfer or discharge of any resident. (III)

*b.* Proper arrangements shall be made by the residential care facility for the intellectually disabled for the welfare of the resident prior to transfer or discharge in the event of an emergency or inability to reach the next of kin or legal representative. (III)

*c.* The licensee shall not refuse to discharge or transfer a resident when the physician, family, resident, or legal representative requests such transfer or discharge. (II, III)

*d.* Advance notification by telephone will be made to the receiving facility prior to the transfer of any resident. (III)

*e.* When a resident is transferred or discharged, the appropriate record as set forth in 63.17(1) of these rules will accompany the resident. (II, III)

*f.* Prior to the transfer or discharge of a resident to another health care facility, arrangements to provide for continuity of care shall be made with the facility to which the resident is being sent. (II, III)  
[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.14(135C) Contracts.** Each party shall receive a copy of the signed contract. Each contract for residents shall:

**63.14(1)** State the base rate or scale per day or per month, the services included, and the method of payment; (III)

**63.14(2)** Contain a complete schedule of all offered services for which a fee may be charged in addition to the base rate. (III) Furthermore, the contract shall:

*a.* Stipulate that no further additional fees shall be charged for items not contained in complete schedule of services as set forth in subrule 63.14(2); (III)

*b.* State the method of payment of additional charges; (III)

*c.* Contain an explanation of the method of assessment of such additional charges and an explanation of the method of periodic reassessment, if any, resulting in changing such additional charges; (III)

*d.* State that additional fees may be charged to the resident for nonprescription drugs, other personal supplies, and services by a barber, beautician, etc. (III)

**63.14(3)** Contain an itemized list of those services, with the specific fee the resident will be charged and method of payment, as related to the resident's current condition, based on a preadmission evaluation assessment which is determined in consultation with the administrator; (III)

**63.14(4)** Include the total fee to be charged initially to the resident; (III)

**63.14(5)** State the conditions whereby the facility may make adjustments to its overall fees for resident care as a result of changing costs. (III) Furthermore, the contract shall provide that the facility shall give:

*a.* Written notification to the resident or responsible party, when appropriate, of changes in the overall rates of both base and additional charges at least 30 days prior to effective date of such changes; (III)

*b.* Notification to the resident or responsible party, when appropriate, of changes in additional charges, based on a change in the resident's condition. Notification must occur prior to the date such revised additional charges begin. If notification is given orally, subsequent written notification must also

be given within a reasonable time, not to exceed one week, listing specifically the adjustments made; (III)

**63.14(6)** State the terms of agreement in regard to refund of all advance payments in the event of transfer, death, voluntary or involuntary discharge; (III)

**63.14(7)** State the terms of agreement concerning the holding and charging for a bed when a resident is hospitalized or leaves the facility temporarily for recreational or therapeutic reasons. The terms shall contain a provision that the bed will be held at the request of the resident or the resident's responsible party:

*a.* The facility shall ask the resident or responsible party if they want the bed held. This request shall be made before the resident leaves or within 48 hours after the resident leaves. The inquiry and the response shall be documented; (II)

*b.* The facility shall reserve the bed when requested for as long as the resident can ensure payment in accordance with the contract; (II)

**63.14(8)** State the conditions under which the involuntary discharge or transfer of a resident would be effected; (III)

**63.14(9)** State the conditions of voluntary discharge or transfer; (III)

**63.14(10)** Set forth any other matters deemed appropriate by the parties to the contract. No contract or any provision thereof shall be drawn or construed so as to relieve any health care facility of any requirement or obligation imposed upon it by this chapter or any standards or rules in force pursuant to this chapter. (III)

#### **481—63.15(135C) Physical examinations.**

**63.15(1)** Each resident in a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled shall have a designated licensed physician, who may be called when needed. (III)

**63.15(2)** Each resident admitted to a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled shall have had a physical examination prior to admission. (II, III)

*a.* If the resident is admitted directly from a hospital, a copy of the hospital admission physical and discharge summary may be a part of the record in lieu of an additional physical examination. A record of the examination, signed by the physician, shall be a part of the resident's record. (II, III)

*b.* The record of the admission physical examination and medical history shall portray the current medical status of the resident and shall include the resident's name, sex, age, medical history, physical examination, diagnosis, statement of chief complaints, and results of any diagnostic procedures. (II, III)

*c.* Screening and testing for tuberculosis shall be conducted pursuant to 481—Chapter 59. (II, III)

**63.15(3)** Arrangements shall be made to have a physician available to furnish medical care in case of emergency. (II, III)

**63.15(4)** Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.

**63.15(5)** The person in charge shall immediately notify the physician of any accident, injury, or adverse change in the resident's condition. (I, II, III)

**63.15(6)** Each resident shall be visited by or shall visit the resident's physician at least annually. The year period shall be measured from the date of admission and is not to include preadmission physicals. Any required physician task or visit in a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled may also be performed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or physician assistant who is working in collaboration with the physician. (III)

**63.15(7)** Residents shall be admitted to a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled only on a written order signed by a physician certifying that the individual being admitted requires no more than personal care and supervision but does not require nursing care. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.23(2).

[ARC 0663C, IAB 4/3/13, effective 5/8/13; ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

#### **481—63.16(135C) Dental services.**

**63.16(1)** The residential care facility for the intellectually disabled personnel shall assist residents to obtain regular and emergency dental services. (III)

**63.16(2)** Transportation arrangements shall be made when necessary for the resident to be transported to the dentist's office. (III)

**63.16(3)** Dental services shall be performed only on the request of the resident, responsible relative, or legal representative. The resident's physician shall be advised of the resident's dental problems. (III)

**63.16(4)** All dental reports or progress notes shall be included in the clinical record. (III)

**63.16(5)** Personal care staff shall assist the resident in carrying out dentist's recommendations. (III)

**63.16(6)** Dentists shall be asked to participate in the in-service program of the facility. (III)  
[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.17(135C) Records.**

**63.17(1)** *Resident record.* The licensee shall keep a permanent record on all residents admitted to a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled with all entries current, dated, and signed. (III)  
The record shall include:

- a. Name and previous address of resident; (III)
- b. Birth date, sex, and marital status of resident; (III)
- c. Church affiliation; (III)
- d. Physician's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- e. Dentist's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- f. Name, address, and telephone number of next of kin or legal representative; (III)
- g. Name, address, and telephone number of person to be notified in case of emergency; (III)
- h. Mortician's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- i. Pharmacist's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- j. Physical examination and medical history; (III)
- k. Certification by the physician that the resident requires no more than personal care and supervision, but does not require nursing care; (III)
- l. Physician's orders for medication, treatment, and diet in writing and signed by the physician; (III)
- m. A notation of yearly or other visits to physician or other professional services; (III)
- n. Any change in the resident's condition; (II, III)
- o. If the physician has certified that the resident is capable of taking prescribed medications, the resident shall be required to keep the administrator advised of current medications, treatments, and diet. The administrator shall keep a listing of medication, treatments, and diet prescribed by the physician for each resident; (III)
- p. If the physician has certified that the resident is not capable of taking prescribed medication, it must be administered by a qualified person of the facility. A qualified person shall be defined as either a registered or licensed practical nurse or an individual who has completed the state-approved training course in medication administration; (II)
- q. Medications administered by an employee of the facility shall be recorded on a medication record by the individual who administers the medication; (II, III)
- r. A notation describing condition on admission, transfer, and discharge; (III)
- s. In the event of a resident's death, notations in the resident's record shall include the date and time of the resident's death, the circumstances of the resident's death, the disposition of the resident's body, and the date and time that the resident's family and physician were notified of the resident's death; (III)
- t. A copy of instructions given to the resident, legal representative, or facility in the event of discharge or transfer; (III)
- u. Disposition of valuables. (III)

**63.17(2)** *Incident record.*

a. Each residential care facility for the intellectually disabled shall maintain an incident record report and shall have available incident report forms. (III)

b. Report of incidents shall be in detail on a printed incident report form. (III)

c. The person in charge at the time of the incident shall oversee the preparation and sign the incident report. (III)

d. The report shall cover all accidents where there is apparent injury or where hidden injury may have occurred. (III)

e. The report shall cover all accidents or unusual occurrences within the facility or on the premises affecting residents, visitors, or employees. (III)

f. A copy of the incident report shall be kept on file in the facility. (III)

**63.17(3) Retention of records.**

a. Records shall be retained in the facility for five years following termination of services. (III)

b. Records shall be retained within the facility upon change of ownership. (III)

c. Rescinded, effective 7/14/82.

d. When the facility ceases to operate, the resident's record shall be released to the facility to which the resident is transferred. If no transfer occurs, the record shall be released to the individual's physician. (III)

**63.17(4) Reports to the department.** The licensee shall furnish statistical information concerning the operation of the facility to the department on request. (III)

**63.17(5) Personnel record.**

a. An employment record shall be kept for each employee consisting of the following information: name and address of employee, social security number of employee, date of birth of employee, date of employment, experience and education, references, position in the home, date and reason for discharge or resignation. (III)

b. The personnel records shall be made available for review upon request by the department. (III)  
[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.18(135C) Drugs.**

**63.18(1) Drug storage.**

a. Residents who have been certified in writing by the physician as capable of taking their own medications may retain these medications in their bedroom but locked storage must be provided. (III)

b. Drug storage for residents who are unable to take their own medications and require supervision shall meet the following requirements:

(1) A cabinet with a lock shall be provided which can be used for storage of drugs, solutions, and prescriptions; (III)

(2) A bathroom shall not be used for drug storage; (III)

(3) The drug storage cabinet shall be kept locked; (III)

(4) Schedule II drugs, as defined by Iowa Code chapter 124, shall be kept in a locked box within the locked medication cabinet; (II)

(5) The medicine cabinet key shall be in the possession of the employee charged with the responsibility of administering medications; (II, III)

(6) Medications requiring refrigeration shall be kept in a refrigerator and separated from food and other items; (III)

(7) Drugs for external use shall be stored separately from drugs for internal use; (III)

(8) All potent, poisonous, or caustic materials shall be stored separately from drugs. They shall be plainly labeled and stored in a specific, well-illuminated cabinet, closet, or storeroom and made accessible only to authorized persons; (I, II)

(9) The drug cabinet shall have a work counter, both the counter and cabinet shall be well-lighted; (III)

(10) Running water shall be available in the room in which the medicine cabinet is located or in an adjacent room; (III)

(11) Inspection of drug storage condition shall be made by the administrator and a registered pharmacist not less than once every three months. The inspection shall be verified by a report signed by the administrator and the pharmacist and filed with the administrator. The report shall include, but not



be limited to, certifying absence of the following: expired drugs, deteriorated drugs, improper labeling, drugs for which there is no current physician's order, and drugs improperly stored. (III)

c. Bulk supplies of prescription drugs shall not be kept in a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled unless a licensed pharmacy is established in the facility under the direct supervision and control of a pharmacist. (III)

**63.18(2) Drug safeguards.**

a. All prescribed medications shall be clearly labeled indicating the resident's full name, physician's name, prescription number, name and strength of drug, dosage, directions for use, date of issue, and name and address and telephone number of pharmacy or physician issuing the drug. Where unit dose is used, prescribed medications shall, as a minimum, indicate the resident's full name, physician's name, name and strength of drug, and directions for use. Standard containers shall be utilized for dispensing drugs. Paper envelopes shall not be considered standard containers. (III)

b. Medication containers having soiled, damaged, illegible or makeshift labels shall be returned to the issuing pharmacist, pharmacy, or physician for relabeling or disposal. (III)

c. The medications of each resident shall be kept or stored in the originally received containers. (II, III)

d. When a resident is discharged or leaves the facility, the unused prescription shall be sent with the resident or with a legal representative only upon the written order of a physician. (III)

e. Unused prescription drugs prescribed for residents who have died shall be destroyed by the person in charge with a witness and notation made on the resident's record, or, if a unit dose system is used, such drugs shall be returned to the supplying pharmacist. (III)

f. Prescriptions shall be refilled only with the permission of the attending physician. (II, III)

g. No medications prescribed for one resident may be administered to or allowed in the possession of another resident. (II)

h. Instructions shall be requested of the Iowa board of pharmacy examiners concerning disposal of unused Schedule II drugs prescribed for residents who have died or for whom the Schedule II drug was discontinued. (III)

i. There shall be a formal routine for the proper disposal of discontinued medications within a reasonable but specified time. These medications shall not be retained with the resident's current medications. Discontinued drugs shall be destroyed by the responsible person with a witness and notation made to that effect or returned to the pharmacist for destruction or resident credit. Drugs listed under the Schedule II drugs shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of the Iowa board of pharmacy examiners. (II, III)

j. All medication orders which do not specifically indicate the number of doses to be administered or the length of time the drug is to be administered shall be stopped automatically after a given time period. The automatic stop order may vary for different types of drugs. The personal physician of the resident, in conjunction with the pharmacist, shall institute these policies and provide procedures for review and endorsement. (II, III)

k. No resident shall be allowed to keep in the resident's possession any medications unless the attending physician has certified in writing on the resident's medical record that the resident is mentally and physically capable of doing so. (II)

l. No medications or prescription drugs shall be administered to a resident without a written order signed by the attending physician. (II)

m. Each facility shall establish a policy cooperating with a licensed pharmacist to govern distributing prescribed medication to residents who are on leave from a facility. (III)

(1) Medication may be issued to residents who will be on leave from a facility for less than 24 hours. Notwithstanding the prohibition against paper envelopes in 63.18(2) "a," non-child-resistant containers may be used. Each container may hold only one medication. A label on each container shall indicate the date, the resident's name, the facility, the medication, its strength, dose, and time of administration.

(2) Medication for residents on leave from a facility longer than 24 hours shall be obtained in accordance with requirements established by the Iowa board of pharmacy examiners.

(3) Medication distributed as above may be issued only by facility personnel responsible for administering medication.

**63.18(3) Drug administration.**

*a.* A properly trained person shall be charged with the responsibility of administering nonparenteral medications.

*b.* The individual shall have knowledge of the purpose of the drugs, their dangers, and contraindications.

*c.* This person shall be a licensed nurse or physician or shall have successfully completed a department-approved medication aide course or passed a department-approved medication aide challenge examination administered by an area community college.

*d.* Prior to taking a department-approved medication aide course, the individual shall have a letter of recommendation for admission to the medication aide course from the employing facility.

*e.* A person who is a nursing student or a graduate nurse may take the challenge examination in place of taking a medication aide course. This individual shall do all of the following before taking the medication aide challenge examination:

(1) Complete a clinical or nursing theory course within six months before taking the challenge examination;

(2) Successfully complete a nursing program pharmacology course within one year before taking the challenge examination;

(3) Provide to the community college a written statement from the nursing program's pharmacology or clinical instructor indicating the individual is competent in medication administration.

*f.* In an RCF/ID facility licensed for 15 or fewer beds, a person who has successfully completed a state-approved medication manager course may administer medications.

*g.* A person who has written documentation of certification as a medication aide in another state may become a medication aide in Iowa by successfully completing a department-approved nurse aide competency examination and a medication aide challenge examination.

The requirements of paragraph “*d*” of this subrule do not apply to this individual.

*h.* Unless the unit dose system is used, the person assigned the responsibility of medication administration must complete the procedure by personally preparing the dose, observing the actual act of swallowing the oral medication, and charting the medication. (II) In facilities where the unit dose system is used, the person assigned the responsibility must complete the procedure by observing the actual act of swallowing the medication and charting the medication. Medications shall be prepared on the same shift of the same day they are administered, (II) unless the unit dose system is used.

*i.* Injectable medications shall be administered as permitted by Iowa law by a qualified nurse, physician, pharmacist, or physician assistant (PA).

*j.* Residents certified by their physician as capable of injecting their own insulin may do so. Insulin may be administered pursuant to “*i*” above or as otherwise authorized by the resident's physician.

Authorization by the physician shall:

(1) Be in writing,

(2) Be maintained in the resident's record,

(3) Be renewed quarterly,

(4) Include the name of the individual authorized to administer the insulin,

(5) Include documentation by the physician that the authorized person is qualified to administer insulin to that resident.

*k.* An individual inventory record shall be maintained for each Schedule II drug prescribed for each resident. (II)

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13; ARC 1050C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 11/6/13; ARC 2643C, IAB 8/3/16, effective 9/7/16; see Delay note at end of chapter]

**481—63.19(135C) Dietary.**

**63.19(1) Dietary staffing.**

a. In facilities licensed for over 15 beds, persons in charge of meal planning and food preparation shall complete the home study course on sanitation and food preparation offered by the department. (III)

b. In facilities licensed for over 15 beds, food service personnel shall be on duty during a 12-hour span extending from the preparation of breakfast through supper. (III)

c. There shall be written work schedules and time schedules covering each type of job in the food service department. These work and time schedules shall be posted or kept in a notebook which is available for use in the food service area in facilities over 15 beds. (III)

**63.19(2) Nutrition and menu planning.**

a. Menus shall be planned and followed to meet nutritional needs of residents in accordance with the physician's orders. (II)

b. Menus shall be planned and served to include foods and amounts necessary to meet the recommended daily dietary allowances of the food and nutrition board of the National Research Council, National Academy of Sciences. (II) Recommended daily dietary allowances are:

(1) Milk—two or more cups served as beverage or used in cooking;

(2) Meat group—two or more servings of meat, fish, poultry, eggs, cheese or equivalent; at least four to five ounces edible portion per day;

(3) Vegetable and fruit group—four or more servings (two cups). This shall include a citrus fruit or other fruit and vegetable important for vitamin C daily, a dark green or deep yellow vegetable for vitamin A at least every other day, and other fruits and vegetables, including potatoes;

(4) Bread and cereal group—four or more servings of whole-grain, enriched or restored;

(5) Foods other than those listed will usually be included to meet daily energy requirements (calories) to add to the total nutrients and variety of meals.

c. At least three meals or their equivalent shall be served daily, at regular hours. (II)

(1) There shall be no more than a 14-hour span between substantial evening meal and breakfast. (II, III)

(2) To the extent medically possible, bedtime nourishments shall be offered routinely to all residents. Special nourishments shall be available when ordered by physician. (II, III)

d. Menus shall include a variety of foods prepared in various ways. The same menu shall not be repeated on the same day of the following week. (III)

e. Menus shall be written at least one week in advance. The current menu shall be located in an accessible place in the dietetic service department for easy use by persons purchasing, preparing, and serving food. (III)

f. Records of menus as served shall be filed and maintained for 30 days and shall be available for review by departmental personnel. When substitutions are necessary, they shall be of similar nutritive value and recorded on the menu or in a notebook. (III)

g. A file of tested recipes adjusted to the number of people to be fed in the facility shall be maintained. (III)

**63.19(3) Dietary storage, food preparation, and service.**

a. All food and drink shall be clean, wholesome, free from spoilage, and safe for human consumption. (II, III)

b. The use of food from salvaged, damaged, or unlabeled containers shall be prohibited. (III)

c. All perishable or potentially hazardous food shall be stored at safe temperatures of 45°F (7°C) or below, or 140°F (60°C) or above. (III)

d. No perishable food shall be allowed to stand at room temperature any longer than is required to prepare and serve. (III)

e. Supplies of staple foods for a minimum of a one-week period and or perishable foods for a minimum of a two-day period shall be maintained on the premises. Minimum food portion requirements for a low-cost plan shall conform to information supplied by the nutrition section of the department of health. (II, III)

f. Table service shall be attractive. Dishes shall be free of cracks, chips, and stains. (III)

g. If family-style service is used, all leftover prepared food that has been on the table shall be properly handled. (III)

*h.* Poisonous compounds shall not be kept in food storage or preparation areas. (II)

**63.19(4) Sanitation in food preparation area.**

*a.* "Food Service Sanitation Manual," revised 1976, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Public Health Service, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., shall be used as the established, nationally recognized reference for establishing and determining satisfactory compliance with food service sanitation.

*b.* Residents shall not be allowed in the food preparation area, unless indicated in their individualized care plans. (III)

*c.* In facilities licensed for over 15 beds, the kitchen shall not be used for serving meals to residents, food service personnel, or other staff. (III)

*d.* All foods, while being stored, prepared, displayed, served, or transported shall be protected against contamination from dust, flies, rodents, and other vermin. (II, III)

*e.* Food shall be protected from unclean utensils and worn surfaces, unnecessary handling, coughs and sneezes, flooding, drainage, and overhead leakage. (II, III)

*f.* All appliances and work areas shall be kept clean. (III)

*g.* There shall be written procedures established for cleaning all work and serving areas in facilities over 15 beds. (III)

*h.* A schedule for duties to be performed daily shall be posted in each food area. (III)

*i.* All cooking stoves in facilities of 15 or more beds shall be provided with a properly sized exhaust system and hood to eliminate excess heat, moisture, and odors from the kitchen. (III)

*j.* Spillage and breakage shall be cleaned up immediately. (III)

*k.* All garbage not mechanically disposed of shall be kept in nonabsorbent, cleanable containers pending disposal. All filled containers shall be covered and stored in a sanitary manner. (III)

*l.* The food service area shall be located so it will not be used as a passageway by residents, guests, or nonfood service staff. (III)

*m.* The walls, ceilings, and floors of all rooms in which food is prepared and served shall be in good repair, smooth, washable, and shall be kept clean. (III)

*n.* There shall be no washing, ironing, sorting, or folding of laundry in the food service area. Dirty linen shall not be carried through the food service area unless it is in sealed, leakproof containers. (III)

*o.* Ice shall be stored and handled in such a manner as to prevent contamination. Ice scoops should be sanitized daily and kept in a clean container. (III)

*p.* There shall be no animals or birds in the food preparation area. (III)

*q.* No dishes or cooking utensils shall be towel dried. (III)

*r.* In facilities of over 15 beds directions for the dishwashing procedure shall be posted and available to all kitchen personnel. (III)

*s.* If there is a dishwashing machine, it must provide a wash temperature of 140°F (60°C) to 160°F (71°C) and a rinse temperature of 170°F (70°C) to 180°F (82°C). (III)

*t.* The washing and sanitizing of dishes and utensils shall meet approved sanitation procedures and practices. In facilities of 15 or more beds, a mechanical dishwashing machine or three-compartment sink shall be used for washing dishes; a booster heater for the third compartment or sanitizing agent shall be used. (III)

*u.* All dishes, silverware, and cooking utensils shall be stored above the floor in a sanitary manner, in a clean, dry place protected from flies, splashes, dust, and other contaminants. (III)

*v.* Procedures for washing and handling dishes shall be followed in order to protect the welfare of the residents and employees. Persons handling dirty dishes shall not handle clean dishes without washing their hands. (III)

*w.* Dishes, silverware, and cooking utensils shall be properly cleaned by prerinsing or scraping, washing, sanitizing, and air-drying. (III)

**63.19(5) Hygiene of food service personnel.**

*a.* Food service personnel shall be free of communicable diseases and practice hygienic food-handling techniques. In the event food service employees are assigned duties outside the dietetic service, these duties shall not interfere with sanitation, safety, or time required for dietetic work

assignments. Personnel recovering from a diagnosed intestinal infection shall submit a report from their physician showing freedom from infection before returning to work in the food service department. (II, III)

*b.* Staff employees who are full-time food service personnel shall wear clean, washable uniforms that are not used for duties outside the food service area. In all facilities, employees shall wear clean, washable clothing when in the food service area. (III)

*c.* Hairnets shall be worn by all staff food service personnel. Total enclosure of facial hair shall be provided for staff personnel. (III)

*d.* Clean aprons and hairnets shall be available for use by other personnel in emergency situations. (III)

*e.* Persons handling food shall be knowledgeable of good hand-washing techniques. A hand-wash sink shall be provided in or adjacent to the food service area. Continuous on-the-job training on sanitation shall be encouraged. (III)

*f.* The use of tobacco shall be prohibited in the kitchen. (III)

**63.19(6) Food and drink.** All food and drink consumed within the facility shall be clean and wholesome and comply with local ordinances and applicable provisions of state and federal laws. (II, III)

**481—63.20(135C) Orientation program.**

**63.20(1)** The administrator or designee shall be responsible for developing a written, organized orientation program for all residents. (III)

**63.20(2)** The program shall be planned and implemented to resolve or reduce personal, family, business, and emotional problems that may interfere with the medical or health care, recovery, and rehabilitation of the individual. (III)

**481—63.21(135C) Individualized program of care.**

**63.21(1)** The individualized program of care, including specific goals and regular evaluation of progress, shall incorporate the social services, psychological, educational activities, and medical needs of the residents, and shall be designed by an interdisciplinary team. (II)

**63.21(2)** Each residential care facility for the intellectually disabled shall provide an organized resident activity program for the group and for the individual resident which shall include suitable activities for evenings and weekends. (III)

*a.* The activity program shall be designed to meet the needs and interests of each resident and to assist residents in continuing normal activities within limitations set by the resident's physician. This shall include helping residents continue in their individual interests or hobbies. (III)

*b.* The program shall include individual goals for each resident. (III)

*c.* The activity program shall include both group and individual activities. (III)

*d.* Residents shall be encouraged, but not forced, to participate in the activity program. (III)

**63.21(3) Coordination of activities program.**

*a.* Each residential care facility for the intellectually disabled with over 15 beds shall employ a person to direct the activities program. (III)

*b.* <sup>1</sup>Staffing for the activity program shall be <sup>2</sup>provided on the minimum basis of 45 minutes per licensed bed per week. (II, III)

*c.* The activity coordinator shall have completed the activity coordinators' orientation course offered through the department within six months of employment or have comparable training and experience as approved by the department. (III)

*d.* The activity coordinator shall attend workshops or educational programs which relate to activity programming. These shall total a minimum of ten contact hours per year. These programs shall be approved by the department. (III)

*e.* There shall be a written plan for personnel coverage when the activity coordinator is absent during scheduled working hours. (III)

**63.21(4) Duties of activity coordinator.** The activity coordinator shall:

- a. Have access to all residents' records excluding financial records; (III)
- b. Coordinate all activities, including volunteer or auxiliary activities and religious services; (III)
- c. Keep all necessary records including:
  - (1) Attendance; (III)
  - (2) Individual resident progress notes recorded at regular intervals (at least every three months). (III)
  - (3) Monthly calendars, prepared in advance. (III)
- d. Coordinate the activity program with all other services in the facility; (III)
- e. Participate in the in-service training program in the facility. This shall include attending as well as presenting sessions. (III)

**63.21(5) Supplies, equipment, and storage.**

a. Each facility shall provide a variety of supplies and equipment of a nature calculated to fit the needs and interests of the residents. (III) These may include: books (standard and large print), magazines, newspapers, radio, television, and bulletin boards. Also appropriate would be box games, game equipment, songbooks, cards, craft supplies, record player, movie projector, piano, outdoor equipment, etc.

b. Storage shall be provided for recreational equipment and supplies. (III)

c. Locked storage should be available for potentially dangerous items such as scissors, knives, and toxic materials. (III)

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

<sup>1</sup> Emergency, pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.5(2)“b”(2).

<sup>2</sup> Objection filed 2/14/79; see Objection at end of chapter.

**481—63.22(135C) Care review committee.** Rescinded ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14.

**481—63.23(135C) Safety.** The licensee of a residential care facility for the intellectually disabled shall be responsible for the provision and maintenance of a safe environment for residents and personnel. (III)

**63.23(1) Fire safety.**

a. All residential care facilities for the intellectually disabled shall meet the fire safety rules and regulations as promulgated by the state fire marshal. (I, II)

b. The size and condition of the facility and needs of the residents shall be taken into consideration in evaluating safety precautions and practices.

**63.23(2) Safety duties of administrator.** The administrator shall have a written emergency plan to be followed in the event of fire, tornado, explosion, or other emergency which shall be rehearsed at least quarterly. (III)

a. The plan shall be available for review upon request. (III)

b. In-service shall be provided to ensure that all employees are knowledgeable of the emergency plan. (III)

**63.23(3) Resident safety.**

a. Residents shall be permitted to smoke only where proper facilities are provided. Smoking shall not be permitted in bedrooms. Smoking by residents considered to be careless shall be prohibited except when the resident is under direct supervision. (II, III)

b. Smoking is prohibited in all rooms where oxygen is being administered or in rooms where oxygen is stored. (II, III)

c. Whenever full or empty tanks of oxygen are being used or stored, they shall be securely supported in an upright position. (II, III)

d. Smoking shall be permitted only in designated areas. (II, III)

e. Residents shall receive adequate supervision to ensure against hazards from themselves, others, or elements in the environment. (II, III)

**63.23(4) Restraints.**

a. Residents shall not be kept behind locked doors.

b. Temporary seclusion of residents shall be used only in an emergency to prevent injury to the resident or to others pending transfer to appropriate placements.

c. A divided door equipped with a securing device that may be readily opened by personnel shall be considered an appropriate means of temporarily confining a resident in the resident's room.

d. Divided doors shall be of such type that when the upper half is closed the lower section shall close.

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.24(135C) Housekeeping.**

**63.24(1)** Written procedures shall be established and implemented for daily and weekly cleaning schedules. (III)

**63.24(2)** Each resident unit shall be cleaned on a routine schedule. (III)

**63.24(3)** All rooms, corridors, storage areas, linen closets, attics, and basements shall be kept in a clean, orderly condition, free of unserviceable furniture and equipment and accumulations of refuse. (III)

**63.24(4)** A hallway or corridor shall not be used for storage of equipment. (III)

**63.24(5)** All odors shall be kept under control by cleanliness and proper ventilation. (III)

**63.24(6)** Clothing worn by personnel shall be clean and washable. (III)

**63.24(7)** Housekeeping and maintenance personnel shall be provided with well-constructed and properly maintained equipment appropriate to the function for which it is to be used. (III)

**63.24(8)** All furniture, bedding, linens, and equipment shall be cleaned periodically and before use by another resident. (III)

**63.24(9)** Polishes used on floors shall provide a nonslip finish. (III)

**63.24(10)** Throw or scatter rugs shall not be permitted. (III)

**63.24(11)** Entrances, exits, steps, and outside walkways shall be kept free from ice, snow, and other hazards. (II, III)

**63.24(12)** Cleaning agents, bleaches, insecticides, or any other poisonous, dangerous, or flammable materials shall not be accessible to residents except as indicated in individualized programs of care. (II, III)

**63.24(13)** Sufficient numbers of noncombustible trash containers, which have covers, shall be available. (III)

**481—63.25(135C) Maintenance.**

**63.25(1)** Each facility shall establish a maintenance program to ensure the continued maintenance of the facility, to promote good housekeeping procedures, and to ensure sanitary practices throughout the facility. In facilities over 15 beds, this program shall be established in writing and available for review by the department. (III)

**63.25(2)** The building, grounds, and other buildings shall be maintained in a clean, orderly condition and in good repair. (III)

**63.25(3)** Draperies and furniture shall be clean and in good repair. (III)

**63.25(4)** Cracks in plaster, peeling wallpaper or paint, and tears or splits in floor coverings shall be promptly repaired or replaced in a professional manner. (III)

**63.25(5)** The electrical systems, including appliances, cords, and switches, shall be maintained to guarantee safe functioning and comply with the National Electrical Code. (III)

**63.25(6)** All plumbing fixtures shall function properly and comply with the state plumbing code. (III)

**63.25(7)** Yearly inspections of the heating and cooling systems shall be made to guarantee safe operation. (III)

**63.25(8)** The building, grounds, and other buildings shall be kept free of breeding areas for flies, other insects, and rodents. (III)

**63.25(9)** The facility shall be kept free of flies, other insects, and rodents. (III)

**63.25(10)** Janitor closet.

a. Facilities shall be provided with storage for cleaning equipment, supplies, and utensils. (III)

b. Mops, scrub pails, and other cleaning equipment used in the resident areas shall not be stored or used in the dietary area. (III)

c. In facilities licensed for over 15 beds, a janitor's closet shall be provided. It shall be equipped with water for filling scrub pails and janitor's sink for emptying scrub pails. (III)

**481—63.26(135C) Laundry.**

**63.26(1)** All soiled linens shall be collected in and transported to the laundry room in closed, leakproof laundry bags or covered, impermeable containers. (III)

**63.26(2)** Except for related activities, the laundry room shall not be used for other purposes. (III)

**63.26(3)** Procedures shall be written for the proper handling of wet, soiled, and contaminated linens. (III)

**63.26(4)** Residents' personal laundry shall be marked with an identification. (III)

**63.26(5)** Bed linens, towels, washcloths, and residents' clothing shall be clean and stain-free. (III)

**63.26(6)** If laundry is done in the facility, the following shall be provided:

a. A clean, dry, well-lighted area to accommodate a washer and dryer of adequate size to serve the needs of the facility. (III)

b. In facilities of over 15 beds, the laundry room shall be divided into separate areas, one for sorting soiled linen and one for sorting and folding clean linen. (III)

**481—63.27(135C) Garbage and waste disposal.**

**63.27(1)** All garbage shall be gathered, stored, and disposed of in a manner that will not permit transmission of disease, create a nuisance, or provide a breeding or feeding place for vermin or insects. (III)

**63.27(2)** All containers for refuse shall be watertight, rodent-proof, and have tight-fitting covers. (III)

**63.27(3)** All containers shall be thoroughly cleaned each time the containers are emptied. (III)

**63.27(4)** All wastes shall be properly disposed of in compliance with local ordinances and state codes. (III)

**63.27(5)** Special provision shall be made for the disposal of soiled dressings and similar items in a safe, sanitary manner. (III)

**481—63.28(135C) Buildings, furnishings, and equipment.**

**63.28(1)** *Buildings—general requirements.*

a. For purposes of computation of usable floor space in bedrooms and other living areas of the facility, that part of the room having no less than 7 feet of ceiling height shall be used. Usable floor space may include irregularities in the rooms such as alcoves and offsets with approval of the department. Usable floor space shall not include space needed for corridor door swings or wardrobes being used as a substitute for closet space. (III)

b. Battery-operated, portable emergency lights in good working condition shall be available at all times, at a ratio of one light per one employee on duty from 6 p.m. to 6 a.m. (III)

c. All windows shall be supplied with curtains and shades or drapes which are kept clean and in good repair. (III)

d. Light fixtures shall be so equipped to prevent glare and to prevent hazards to the residents. (III)

e. Exposed heating pipes, hot water pipes, or radiators in rooms and areas used by residents and within reach of residents shall be covered or protected to prevent injury or burns to residents. (II, III)

f. All fans located within 7 feet of the floor shall be protected by screen guards of not more than ¼-inch mesh. (III)

g. Whenever glass sliding doors or transparent panels are used, they shall be marked conspicuously. (III)

h. The facility shall meet the equivalent requirements of the appropriate group occupancy of the state building code. (III)



*i.* No part of any room shall be enclosed, subdivided, or partitioned unless such part is separately lighted and ventilated and meets such other requirements as its usage and occupancy dictates, except closets used for the storage of resident's clothing. (III)

*j.* All stairways in resident-occupied areas shall have substantial handrails on both sides. (III)

*k.* Each stairway shall have protective barriers. (III)

*l.* Screens of 16 mesh per square inch shall be provided at all hold-open openings. (III)

*m.* Screen doors shall swing outward and be self-closing. At the discretion of the state fire marshal, screens for fire doors may swing in. (III)

*n.* All resident rooms shall have a door. (III)

*o.* All rooms in resident-occupied areas shall have general lighting switched at the entrance to each room. (III)

**63.28(2) *Furnishings and equipment.***

*a.* All furnishings and equipment shall be durable, cleanable, and appropriate to its function and in accordance with the department's approved program of care. (III)

*b.* All resident areas shall be decorated, painted, and furnished to provide a homelike atmosphere. (III)

*c.* Upholstery materials shall be moisture- and soil-resistant, except on furniture provided by the resident and the property of the resident. (III)

*d.* Night lights may be required in corridors, at stairways, attendant's stations and resident's bedrooms, and hazardous areas with no less than 1 foot-candle throughout the area at all times. (III)

**63.28(3) *Dining and living rooms.***

*a.* Every facility over 15 beds shall have a dining room and a living room easily accessible to all residents. (III)

*b.* Dining rooms and living rooms shall at no time be used as bedrooms. (III)

*c.* Dining rooms and living rooms shall be available for use by residents at appropriate times to provide periods of social and diversional individual and group activities. (III)

*d.* A combination dining room and living room may be permitted if the space requirements of a multipurpose room as provided in 63.28(3) "e" of the rules are met. (III)

*e.* Multipurpose rooms. When space is provided for multipurpose dining and activities and recreational purposes, the area shall total at least 30 square feet per licensed bed for the first 100 beds and 27 square feet per licensed bed for all beds in excess of 100. An open area of sufficient size shall be provided to permit group activities such as religious meetings or presentation of demonstrations or entertainment. (III)

*f.* Living rooms.

(1) Living rooms shall be maintained for the use of residents and their visitors and may be used for recreational activities. (III)

(2) Living rooms shall be suitably furnished. (III)

(3) When space is provided to be used only for activities and recreational purposes, the area shall be at least 15 square feet per licensed bed. At least 50 percent of the required area must be in one room. (III)

*g.* Dining rooms.

(1) Dining rooms shall be furnished with dining tables and chairs appropriate to the size and function of the facility. These rooms and furnishings shall be kept clean and sanitary. (III)

(2) When space is provided to be used only for dining, the area shall total at least 15 square feet per licensed bed. (III)

**63.28(4) *Bedrooms.***

*a.* Each resident shall be provided with a standard, single, or twin bed, substantially constructed and in good repair. Rollaway beds, metal cots, or folding beds are not acceptable. (III)

*b.* Each bed shall be equipped with the following: casters or glides; clean springs in good repair; a clean, comfortable, well-constructed mattress approximately five inches thick and standard in size for the bed; clean, comfortable pillows of average bed size. (III)

- c. Each resident shall have a bedside table with a drawer to accommodate personal possessions. (III)
- d. There shall be a comfortable bedside chair per resident bed. The resident's personal wishes shall be considered. (III)
- e. There shall be drawer space for each resident's clothing. In a multiple bedroom, drawer space shall be assigned each resident. (III)
- f. Walls, ceilings, and floors shall have easily cleanable surfaces and shall be kept clean and in good repair. (III)
- g. Beds and other furnishings shall not obstruct free passage to and through doorways. (III)
- h. There shall be a wardrobe or closet in each resident's room. Minimum clear dimensions shall be 1 foot 10 inches deep by 1 foot 8 inches wide with full hanging space and provide a clothes rod and shelf. In a multiple bedroom, closet or wardrobe space shall be assigned each resident sufficient for the resident's needs. (III)
- i. Beds shall not be placed with the head of the bed in front of a window or radiator. (III)
- j. Beds shall not be placed in such a manner that the side of the bed is against the radiator or in close proximity to it unless it is covered so as to protect the resident from contact with it or from excessive heat. (III)
- k. Reading lamps shall be provided each resident in the resident's room. (III)
- l. Each room shall have sufficient accessible mirrors to serve residents' needs. (III)
- m. Usable floor space of a room shall be no less than 8 feet in any major dimension. (III)
- n. Bedrooms shall have a minimum of 80 square feet of usable floor space per bed. (III)
- o. There shall be no more than four residents per room. (III)
- p. Each resident room shall be provided with light and ventilation by means of a window or windows with an area equal to one-eighth of the total floor area. The windows shall be openable. (III)

**63.28(5) Bath and toilet facilities.**

- a. Provision shall be made for bars to hold individual towels and washcloths. (III)
- b. In facilities of over 15 beds all lavatories shall have paper towel dispensers and an available supply of soap. (III)
- c. Minimum numbers of toilet and bath facilities shall be one lavatory, one toilet for each five residents, and one tub or shower for each ten residents or fraction thereof. (III)
- d. There shall be a minimum of one bathroom with tub or shower, toilet stool and lavatory on each floor in multistory buildings for facilities licensed for over 15 beds. Separate toilets for the sexes shall be provided. (III)
- e. Grab bars shall be provided at all toilet stools, tubs, and showers. Grab bars, accessories, and anchorage shall have sufficient strength to sustain a deadweight of 250 pounds for five minutes. (III)
- f. Each toilet room shall have a door. (III)
- g. All toilet, bath, and shower facilities shall be supplied with adequate safety devices appropriate to the needs of the individual residents. Raised toilet seats shall be available for residents who are aged or infirm. (III)
- h. Toilet and bath facilities shall have an aggregate outside window area of at least 4 square feet. Facilities having a system of mechanical ventilation are exempt from this regulation. (III)
- i. Every facility shall provide a toilet with grab bars and lavatory for the public and staff. (III)

**63.28(6) Heating.** A centralized heating system capable of maintaining a minimum temperature of 78°F (26°C) shall be provided. Portable units or space heaters are prohibited from being used in the facility except in an emergency. (III)

**63.28(7) Water supply.**

- a. Every facility shall have an adequate water supply from an approved source. A municipal source of supply shall be considered as meeting this requirement. (III)
- b. Private sources of supply shall be tested annually and the report submitted with the annual application for license. (III)
- c. A bacterially unsafe source of supply shall be grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation of license. (III)

- d. The department may require testing of private sources of supply at its discretion in addition to the annual test. The facility shall supply reports of such tests as directed by the department. (III)
- e. Hot and cold running water under pressure shall be available in the facility. (III)
- f. Prior to construction of a new facility or new water source, private sources of supply shall be surveyed and shall comply with the requirements of the department. (III)

**63.28(8) Sewage system.**

- a. Sewage shall be collected and disposed of in a manner approved by the department. Disposal into a municipal system will be considered as meeting this requirement. (III)
- b. Private sewage systems shall conform to the rules and regulations of the department of environmental quality, state health department, and the natural resources council. (III)
- c. Every facility shall have an interior plumbing system complete with flushing device. (III)

**63.28(9) Attendant's station.** In facilities over 15 beds, an attendant's station with a minimum of 40 square feet shall be provided which is centrally located in the resident area and shall have a well-lighted desk with the necessary equipment for the keeping of required records and supplies. (III)

**481—63.29(135C) Family and employee accommodations.**

**63.29(1)** Children under 14 years of age shall not be allowed into the service areas in facilities of more than 15 beds. (III)

**63.29(2)** The residents' bedrooms shall not be occupied by employees, family members of employees, or family members of the licensee. (III)

**63.29(3)** In facilities where the total occupancy of family, employees, and residents is five or less, one toilet and one tub or shower shall be the minimum requirement. (III)

**63.29(4)** In facilities where the total occupancy of family, employees, and residents is more than five, separate bathing and toilet facilities shall be required for the family or employees distinct from such areas provided for residents. (III)

**63.29(5)** In facilities of more than 15 beds, if the family or employees live within the facility, separate living quarters and recreation facilities shall be required for the family or employees distinct from such areas provided for residents. (III)

**481—63.30(135C) Animals.** No animals shall be allowed within the facility except with written approval of the department and under controlled conditions. (III)

**481—63.31(135C) Environment and grounds.**

**63.31(1)** A residential care facility for the intellectually disabled shall be constructed in a neighborhood free from excessive noise, dirt, polluted or odorous air, or similar disturbances. (III)

**63.31(2)** There shall be an area available for outdoor activities calculated at 25 square feet per licensed bed. (III) Open-air porches may be included in meeting such requirement.

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.32(135C) Supplies.**

**63.32(1) Linen supplies.**

a. There shall be an adequate supply of linen so that each resident shall have at least three washcloths, hand towels, and bath towels per week. (III)

b. A complete change of bed linens shall be available in the linen storage area for each bed. (III)

c. Sufficient lightweight, clean, serviceable blankets shall be available. All blankets shall be laundered as often as necessary for cleanliness and freedom from odors. (III)

d. Each bed shall be provided with clean, washable bedspreads. There shall be a supply available when changes are necessary. (III)

e. Uncrowded and convenient storage shall be provided for linens, pillows, and bedding. (III)

**63.32(2) First-aid kit.** A first-aid emergency kit shall be available on each floor in every facility. (II, III)

**63.32(3) General supplies.**

a. All equipment shall be properly cleaned and sanitized before use by another resident. (III)

- b.* Clean and sanitary storage shall be provided for equipment and supplies. (III)

**481—63.33(135C) Residents' rights in general.**

**63.33(1)** Each facility shall ensure that policies and procedures are written and implemented which include, at a minimum, all of the following provisions subrules (63.33(2) to 63.33(6)) and which govern all areas of service provided by the facility. These policies and procedures shall be available to staff, residents, their families or legal representatives and the public and shall be reviewed annually. (II)

**63.33(2)** Policies and procedures regarding the admission, transfer, and discharge of residents shall ensure that:

*a.* Only those persons are accepted whose needs can be met by the facility directly or in cooperation with community resources or other providers of care with which it is affiliated or has contracts. (II)

*b.* As changes occur in residents' physical or mental condition, necessitating services or care which cannot be adequately provided by the facility, they are transferred promptly to other appropriate facilities. (II)

**63.33(3)** Policies and procedures regarding the use of chemical and physical restraints shall define the use of restraints and identify the individual who may authorize the application of physical restraints in emergencies, and describe the mechanism for monitoring and controlling their use. (II)

**63.33(4)** Policies and procedures shall include a method for submitting complaints and recommendations by residents or their responsible party and for ensuring a response and disposition by the facility. (II)

**63.33(5)** Policies and procedures shall include provisions governing access to, duplication of, and dissemination of information from the residents' records. (II)

**63.33(6)** Policies and procedures shall include a provision that each resident shall be fully informed of the resident's rights and responsibilities as a resident and of all rules governing resident conduct and responsibilities. The information must be provided upon admission or in the case of residents already in the facility upon the facility's adoption or amendment of resident right policies.

*a.* The facility shall make known to residents what they may expect from the facility and its staff, and what is expected from them. The facility shall communicate these expectations during the period of not more than two weeks before or five days after admission. The communication shall be in writing, e.g., in a separate handout or brochure describing the facility, and interpreted verbally, e.g., as part of a preadmission interview, resident counseling, or in individual or group orientation sessions following admission. (II)

*b.* Residents' rights and responsibilities shall be presented in language understandable to the resident. If the facility serves residents who are non-English-speaking or deaf, steps shall be taken to translate the information into a foreign or sign language. In the case of blind residents, either Braille or a recording shall be provided. Residents shall be encouraged to ask questions about their rights and responsibilities and these questions shall be answered. (II)

*c.* A statement shall be signed by the resident, or responsible party, indicating an understanding of these rights and responsibilities, and shall be maintained in the record. The statement shall be signed no later than five days after admission, and a copy of the signed statement shall be given to the resident or responsible party, if applicable. In the case of an intellectually disabled resident, the signature shall be witnessed by a person not associated with or employed by the facility. The witness may be a parent, guardian, Medicaid agency representative, etc. (II)

*d.* In order to ensure that residents continue to be aware of these rights and responsibilities during their stay, a written copy shall be prominently posted in a location that is available to all residents. (II)

*e.* All residents shall be advised within 30 days following changes made in the statement of residents' rights and responsibilities. Appropriate means shall be utilized to inform non-English-speaking, deaf, or blind residents of such changes. (II)

**63.33(7)** Each resident or responsible party shall be fully informed in a contract as required in rule 481—63.14(135C), prior to or at the time of admission and during the resident's stay, of services available in the facility, and of related charges not covered by the facility's basic per diem rate. (II)

**63.33(8)** Each resident or responsible party shall be fully informed by a physician of the resident's health and medical condition unless medically contraindicated (as documented by a physician in the resident's record). Each resident shall be afforded the opportunity to participate in the planning of the resident's total care and medical treatment, which may include, but is not limited to, nursing care, nutritional care, rehabilitation, restorative therapies, activities, and social work services. Each resident only participates in experimental research conducted under the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' protection from research risks policy and then only upon the resident's informed written consent. Each resident has the right to refuse treatment except as provided by Iowa Code chapter 229. In the case of a confused or intellectually disabled individual, the responsible party shall be informed by the physician of the resident's medical condition and be afforded the opportunity to participate in the planning of the resident's total care and medical treatment, to be informed of the medical condition, and to refuse to participate in experimental research. (II)

*a.* The requirement that residents shall be informed of their conditions, involved in the planning of their care, and advised of any significant changes in either, shall be communicated to every physician responsible for the medical care of residents in the facility. (II)

*b.* The administrator or designee shall be responsible for working with attending physicians in the implementation of this requirement. (II)

*c.* If the physician determines or in the case of a confused or intellectually disabled resident the responsible party determines that informing the resident of the resident's condition is contraindicated, this decision and reasons for it shall be documented in the resident's record by the physician. (II)

*d.* Any clinical investigation involving residents must be under the sponsorship of an institution with a human subjects review board functioning in accordance with the requirements of Public Law 93-348, as implemented by Part 46 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended December 1, 1981 (45 CFR 46). A resident being considered for participation in experimental research must be fully informed of the nature of the experiment, e.g., medication, treatment, and understand the possible consequences of participating or not participating. The resident's (or responsible party's) written informed consent must be received prior to participation. (II)

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

#### **481—63.34(135C) Involuntary discharge or transfer.**

**63.34(1)** *Involuntary discharge or transfer permitted.* A facility may involuntarily discharge or transfer a resident for only one of the following reasons:

*a.* Medical reasons;

*b.* The resident's welfare or that of other residents;

*c.* Nonpayment for the resident's stay, as described in the contract for the resident's stay; or

*d.* Due to action pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 229. (I, II, III)

**63.34(2)** *Medical reasons.* Medical reasons for transfer or discharge shall be based on the resident's needs and shall be determined and documented in the resident's record by the primary care provider. Transfer or discharge may be required in order to provide a different level of care to the resident. (II)

**63.34(3)** *Welfare of a resident.* Welfare of a resident or that of other residents refers to a resident's social, emotional, or physical well-being. A resident may be transferred or discharged because the resident's behavior poses a continuing threat to the resident (e.g., suicidal) or to the well-being of other residents or staff (e.g., the resident's behavior is incompatible with other residents' needs and rights). Written documentation that the resident's continued presence in the facility would adversely affect the resident's own welfare or that of other residents shall be made by the administrator or designee and shall include specific information to support this determination. (II)

**63.34(4)** *Involuntary discharge or transfer prohibited—payment source.* A resident shall not be transferred or discharged solely because the cost of the resident's care is being paid under Iowa Code chapter 249A or because the resident's source of payment is changing from private support to payment under Iowa Code chapter 249A. (I, II)

**63.34(5)** *Notice.* Involuntary transfer or discharge of a resident from a facility shall be preceded by a written notice to the resident and the responsible party. (II, III)

- a.* The notice shall contain all of the following information:
- (1) The stated reason for the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)
  - (2) The effective date of the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)
  - (3) A statement, in not less than 12-point type, that reads as follows:

You have a right to appeal the facility's decision to transfer or discharge you. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing, in writing or verbally, with the Iowa department of inspections and appeals (hereinafter referred to as "department") within 7 days after receiving this notice. You have a right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney or any other individual of your choice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after the department's receipt of your request and you will not be transferred before a final decision is rendered. Extension of the 14-day requirement may be permitted in emergency circumstances upon request to the department's designee. If you lose the hearing, you will not be transferred before the expiration of either (1) 30 days following your receipt of the original notice of the discharge or transfer, or (2) no sooner than 5 days following final decision of such hearing, including the exhaustion of all appeals, whichever occurs later. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115, or write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. (II)

*b.* The notice shall be personally delivered to the resident, and a copy shall be placed in the resident's record. A copy shall also be transmitted to the department, the resident's responsible party, the resident's primary care provider, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. The notice shall indicate that copies have been transmitted to the required parties by using the abbreviation "cc:" and listing the names of all parties to whom copies were sent.

*c.* The notice required by paragraph 63.34(5) "*a*" shall be provided at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer or discharge unless one of the following occurs:

(1) An emergency transfer or discharge is mandated by the resident's health care needs and is in accordance with the written orders and medical justification of the primary care provider. Emergency transfers or discharges may also be mandated in order to protect the health, safety, or well-being of other residents and staff from the resident being transferred. (II)

(2) The transfer or discharge is subsequently agreed to by the resident or the resident's responsible party, and notification is given to the responsible party, the resident's primary care provider, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility.

*d.* A hearing requested pursuant to this subrule shall be held in accordance with subrule 63.34(7).

**63.34(6) *Emergency transfer or discharge.*** In the case of an emergency transfer or discharge, the resident must be given a written notice prior to or within 48 hours following the transfer or discharge. (II, III)

*a.* A copy of this notice shall be placed in the resident's file. The notice shall contain all of the following information:

- (1) The stated reason for the transfer or discharge. (II)
- (2) The effective date of the transfer or discharge. (II)
- (3) A statement, in not less than 12-point type, that reads as follows:

You have a right to appeal the facility's decision to transfer or discharge you on an emergency basis. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing, in writing or verbally, with the Iowa department of inspections and appeals (hereinafter referred to as "department") within 7 days after receiving this notice. You have a right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney or any other individual of your choice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after the department's receipt of your request. You may be transferred or discharged before the hearing is held or before a final decision is rendered. If you win the hearing, you have the right to be transferred back into the facility. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115, or write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. (II)

*b.* The notice shall be personally delivered to the resident, and a copy shall be placed in the resident's record. A copy shall also be transmitted to the department; the resident's responsible party; the resident's primary care provider; and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. The notice shall indicate that copies have been transmitted to the required parties by using the abbreviation "cc:" and listing the names of all parties to whom copies were sent.

*c.* A hearing requested pursuant to this subrule shall be held in accordance with subrule 63.34(7).  
**63.34(7) Hearing.**

*a.* Request for hearing.

(1) The resident must request a hearing within 7 days of receipt of written notice.

(2) The request must be made to the department, either in writing or verbally.

*b.* The hearing shall be held no later than 14 days after the department's receipt of the request unless either party requests an extension due to emergency circumstances.

*c.* Except in the case of an emergency discharge or transfer, a request for a hearing shall stay a transfer or discharge pending a final decision, including the exhaustion of all appeals. (II)

*d.* The hearing shall be heard by a department of inspections and appeals administrative law judge pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A and 481—Chapter 10. The hearing shall be public unless the resident or representative requests in writing that the hearing be closed. In a determination as to whether a transfer or discharge is authorized, the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence rests on the party requesting the transfer or discharge.

*e.* Notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing shall be sent by certified mail or delivered in person to the facility, the resident, and the responsible party not later than 5 full business days after the department's receipt of the request. The notice shall also inform the facility and the resident or the responsible party that they have a right to appear at the hearing in person or be represented by an attorney or other individual. The appeal shall be dismissed if neither party is present or represented at the hearing. If only one party appears or is represented, the hearing shall proceed with one party present.

*f.* The administrative law judge's written decision shall be sent by certified mail to the facility, resident, and responsible party within 10 working days after the hearing has been concluded.

**63.34(8) Nonpayment.** If nonpayment is the basis for involuntary transfer or discharge, the resident shall have the right to make full payment up to the date that the discharge or transfer is to be made and then shall have the right to remain in the facility. (II)

**63.34(9) Discussion of involuntary transfer or discharge.** Within 48 hours after notice of involuntary transfer or discharge has been received by the resident, the facility shall discuss the involuntary transfer or discharge with the resident, the resident's responsible party, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. (II)

*a.* The facility administrator or other appropriate facility representative serving as the administrator's designee shall provide an explanation and discussion of the reasons for the resident's involuntary transfer or discharge. (II)

*b.* The content of the explanation and discussion shall be summarized in writing, shall include the names of the individuals involved in the discussion, and shall be made part of the resident's record. (II)

c. The provisions of this subrule do not apply if the involuntary transfer or discharge has already occurred pursuant to subrule 63.34(6) and emergency notice is provided within 48 hours.

**63.34(10) *Transfer or discharge planning.***

a. The facility shall develop a plan to provide for the orderly and safe transfer or discharge of each resident to be transferred or discharged. (II)

b. To minimize the possible adverse effects of the involuntary transfer, the resident shall receive counseling services by the sending facility before the involuntary transfer and by the receiving facility after the involuntary transfer. Counseling shall be documented in the resident's record. (II)

c. The counseling requirement in paragraph 63.34(10) "b" does not apply if the discharge has already occurred pursuant to subrule 63.34(6) and emergency notice is provided within 48 hours.

d. Counseling, if required, shall be provided by a licensed mental health professional as defined in Iowa Code section 228.1(6). (II)

e. The health care facility that receives a resident who has been involuntarily transferred shall immediately formulate and implement a plan of care which takes into account possible adverse effects the transfer may cause. (II)

**63.34(11) *Transfer upon revocation of license or voluntary closure.*** Residents shall not have the right to a hearing to contest an involuntary discharge or transfer resulting from the revocation of the facility's license by the department of inspections and appeals. In the case of the voluntary closure of a facility, a period of 30 days must be allowed for an orderly transfer of residents to other facilities.

**63.34(12) *Intrafacility transfer.***

a. Residents shall not be arbitrarily relocated from room to room within a licensed health care facility. (I, II) Involuntary relocation may occur only in the following situations, which shall be documented in the resident's record: (II)

(1) A resident's incompatibility with or disturbance to other roommates.

(2) For the welfare of the resident or other residents of the facility.

(3) For medical, nursing or psychosocial reasons, as judged by the primary care provider, nurse or social worker in the case of a facility which groups residents by medical, nursing or psychosocial needs.

(4) To allow a new admission to the facility that would otherwise not be possible due to separation of roommates by sex.

(5) In the case of a resident whose source of payment was previously private but who now is eligible for Title XIX (Medicaid) assistance, the resident may be transferred from a private room to a semiprivate room or from one semiprivate room to another.

(6) Reasonable and necessary administrative decisions regarding the use and functioning of the building.

b. Unreasonable and unjustified reasons for changing a resident's room without the concurrence of the resident or responsible party include:

(1) Change from private pay status to Title XIX, except as outlined in subparagraph 63.34(12) "a"(5). (II)

(2) As punishment or behavior modification, except as specified in subparagraph 63.34(12) "a"(1). (II)

(3) Discrimination on the basis of race or religion. (II)

c. If intrafacility relocation is necessary for reasons outlined in paragraph 63.34(12) "a," the resident shall be notified at least 48 hours prior to the transfer and the reason therefor shall be explained. The responsible party shall be notified as soon as possible. The notification shall be documented in the resident's record and signed by the resident or responsible party. (II)

d. If emergency relocation is required in order to protect the safety or health of the resident or other residents, the notification requirements may be waived. The conditions of the emergency shall be documented. The family or responsible party shall be notified immediately or as soon as possible of the condition that necessitates emergency relocation and such notification shall be documented. (II)

e. A transfer to a part of a facility that has a different license must be handled the same way as a transfer to another facility and not as an intrafacility transfer. (II, III)

[ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 1752C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]



**481—63.35(135C) Resident rights.** Each resident shall be encouraged and assisted throughout the resident's period of stay, to exercise the resident's rights as a resident and as a citizen and may voice grievances and recommend changes in policies and services to administrative staff or to outside representatives of the resident's choice, free from interference, coercion, discrimination, or reprisal. (II)

**63.35(1)** The facility shall provide ongoing opportunities for residents to be aware of and to exercise their rights as residents. Residents shall be kept informed of issues or pending decisions of the facility that affect them and their views shall be solicited prior to action. (II)

**63.35(2)** The facility shall implement a written procedure for registering and resolving grievances and recommendations by residents or their responsible party. The procedure shall ensure protection of the resident from any form of reprisal or intimidation. The written procedure shall include:

- a. Designation of an employee responsible for handling grievances and recommendations. (II)
- b. A method of investigating and assessing the validity of a grievance or recommendation. (II)
- c. Methods of resolving grievances. (II)
- d. Methods of recording grievances and actions taken. (II)

**63.35(3)** The facility shall post in a prominent area the name, telephone number, and address of the ombudsman, survey agency and local law enforcement agency and the text of Iowa Code section 135C.46 to provide to residents a further course of redress. (II)

[ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14]

**481—63.36(135C) Financial affairs—management.** Each resident, who has not been assigned a guardian or conservator by the court, may manage personal financial affairs, and to the extent, under written authorization by the resident that the facility assists in management, the management shall be carried out in accordance with Iowa Code section 135C.24. (II)

**63.36(1)** The facility shall maintain a written account of all residents' funds received by or deposited with the facility. (II)

**63.36(2)** An employee shall be designated in writing to be responsible for resident accounts. (II)

**63.36(3)** The facility shall keep on deposit personal funds over which the resident has control in accordance with Iowa Code section 135C.24(2). Should the resident request these funds, they shall be given to the resident on request with receipts maintained by the facility and a copy to the resident. In the case of a confused or intellectually disabled resident, the resident's responsible party shall designate a method of disbursing the resident's funds. (II)

**63.36(4)** If the facility makes financial transactions on a resident's behalf, the resident must receive or acknowledge having seen an itemized accounting of disbursements and current balances at least quarterly. A copy of this statement shall be maintained in the resident's financial or business record. (II)

**63.36(5)** A resident's personal funds shall not be used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. (II)

**63.36(6)** A resident's personal funds shall be returned to the resident when the funds have been used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. The department may report findings that resident funds have been used without written consent to the audits division or the local law enforcement agency, as appropriate. (II)

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.37(135C) Resident abuse prohibited.** Each resident shall receive kind and considerate care at all times and shall be free from mental, physical, sexual, and verbal abuse, exploitation, neglect, and physical injury. Each resident shall be free from chemical and physical restraints, except in an emergency for the shortest amount of time necessary to protect the resident from injury to the resident or to others, pending the immediate transfer to an appropriate facility. The decision to use restraints on an emergency basis shall be made by the designated charge person, who shall promptly report the action taken to the physician, and the reasons for using restraints shall be documented in the resident's record. Mechanical supports used in normative situations to achieve proper body position and balance shall not be considered to be a restraint. (II)

**63.37(1)** Mental abuse includes, but is not limited to, humiliation, harassment, and threats of punishment or deprivation. (II)

**63.37(2)** Physical abuse includes, but is not limited to, corporal punishment and the use of restraints as punishment. (II)

**63.37(3)** Drugs such as tranquilizers may not be used as chemical restraints to limit or control resident behavior for the convenience of staff or as a substitute for program. (II)

**63.37(4)** Allegations of dependent adult abuse. Allegations of dependent adult abuse shall be reported and investigated pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 235E and 481—Chapter 52. (I, II, III)

**63.37(5)** and **63.37(6)** Rescinded IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.14 and 135C.24 and Iowa Code chapter 235E.

[ARC 1204C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14]

**481—63.38(135C) Resident records.** Each resident shall be ensured confidential treatment of all information contained in the resident's records, including information contained in an automatic data bank. The resident's written consent shall be required for the release of information to persons not otherwise authorized under law to receive it. (II)

**63.38(1)** The facility shall limit access to any medical records to staff and consultants providing professional service to the resident. This is not meant to preclude access by representatives of state and federal regulatory agencies. (II)

**63.38(2)** Similar procedures shall safeguard the confidentiality of residents' personal records, e.g., financial records and social services records. Only those personnel concerned with the financial affairs of the residents may have access to the financial records. This is not meant to preclude access by representatives of state and federal regulatory agencies. (II)

**63.38(3)** The resident, or the resident's responsible party, shall be entitled to examine all information contained in the resident's record and shall have the right to secure full copies of the record at reasonable cost upon request, unless the physician determines the disclosure of the record or section thereof is contraindicated in which case this information will be deleted prior to making the record available to the resident or responsible party. This determination and the reasons for it must be documented in the resident's record. (II)

**481—63.39(135C) Dignity preserved.** The resident shall be treated with consideration, respect, and full recognition of the resident's dignity and individuality, including privacy in treatment and in care for the resident's personal needs. (II)

**63.39(1)** Staff shall display respect for residents when speaking with, caring for, or talking about them, as constant affirmation of their individuality and dignity as human beings. (II)

**63.39(2)** Schedules of daily activities shall allow maximum flexibility for residents to exercise choice about what they will do and when they will do it. Residents' individual preferences regarding such things as menus, clothing, religious activities, friendships, activity programs, entertainment, sleeping and eating, also times to retire at night and arise in the morning shall be elicited and considered by the facility. (II)

**63.39(3)** Residents shall be examined and treated in a manner that maintains the privacy of their bodies. A closed door or a drawn curtain shall shield the resident from passersby. People not involved in the care of the residents shall not be present without the resident's consent while the resident is being examined or treated. (II)

**63.39(4)** Privacy of a resident's body also shall be maintained during toileting, bathing, and other activities of personal hygiene, except as needed for resident safety or assistance. (II)

**63.39(5)** Staff shall knock and be acknowledged before entering a resident's room unless the resident is not capable of a response. This shall not apply under emergency conditions. (II)

**481—63.40(135C) Resident work.** No resident may be required to perform services for the facility, except as provided by Iowa Code sections 35D.14 and 347B.5. (II)

**63.40(1)** Residents may not be used to provide a source of labor for the facility against their will. Physician's approval is required for all work programs. (I, II)

**63.40(2)** If the plan of care requires activities for therapeutic or training reasons, the plan for these activities shall be professionally developed and implemented. Therapeutic or training goals must be clearly stated and measurable and the plan shall be time-limited and reviewed at least quarterly. (II)

**63.40(3)** Residents who perform work for the facility must receive remuneration unless such work is part of their approved training program. Persons on the resident census performing work shall not be used to replace paid employees in fulfilling staff requirements. (II)

**481—63.41(135C) Communications.** Each resident may communicate, associate, and meet privately with persons of the resident's choice, unless to do so would infringe upon the rights of other residents, and may send and receive personal mail unopened. (II)

**63.41(1)** Subject to reasonable scheduling restrictions, visiting policies and procedures shall permit residents to receive visits from anyone they wish. Visiting hours shall be posted. (II)

**63.41(2)** Reasonable, regular visiting hours shall not be less than 12 hours per day and shall take into consideration the special circumstances of each visitor. A particular visitor(s) may be restricted by the facility for one of the following reasons:

- a. The resident refuses to see the visitor. (II)
- b. The resident's physician documents specific reasons why such a visit would be harmful to the resident's health. (II)
- c. The visitor's behavior is unreasonably disruptive to the functioning of the facility (this judgment must be made by the administrator and the reasons shall be documented and kept on file). (II)

**63.41(3)** Decisions to restrict a visitor are reviewed and reevaluated: each time the medical orders are reviewed by the physician; at least quarterly by the facility's staff; or at the resident's request. (II)

**63.41(4)** Space shall be provided for residents to receive visitors in reasonable comfort and privacy. (II)

**63.41(5)** Telephones consistent with ANSI standards (405.1134(c)) shall be available and accessible for residents to make and receive calls with privacy. Residents who need help shall be assisted in using the telephone. (II)

**63.41(6)** Arrangements shall be made to provide assistance to residents who require help in reading or sending mail. (II)

**63.41(7)** Residents shall be permitted to leave the facility and environs at reasonable times unless there are justifiable reasons established in writing by the attending physician, qualified intellectual disabilities professional or facility administrator for refusing permission. (II)

**63.41(8)** Residents shall not have their personal lives regulated beyond reasonable adherence to meal schedules, bedtime hours, and other written policies which may be necessary for the orderly management of the facility and as required by these rules. However, residents shall be encouraged to participate in recreational programs. (II)

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.42(135C) Resident activities.** Each resident may participate in activities of social, religious, and community groups at the resident's discretion unless contraindicated for reasons documented by the attending physician or qualified intellectual disabilities professional as appropriate in the resident's record. (II)

**63.42(1)** Residents who wish to meet with or participate in activities of social, religious, or other community groups in or outside of the facility shall be informed, encouraged, and assisted to do so. (II)

**63.42(2)** All residents shall have the freedom to refuse to participate in these activities. (II)

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.43(135C) Resident property.** Each resident may retain and use personal clothing and possessions as space permits and provided such use is not otherwise prohibited by these rules. (II)

**63.43(1)** Residents shall be permitted to keep reasonable amounts of personal clothing and possessions for their use while in the facility. The personal property shall be kept in a safe location which is convenient to the resident. (II)

**63.43(2)** Residents shall be advised, prior to or at the time of admission, of the kinds and amounts of clothing and possessions permitted for personal use, and whether the facility will accept responsibility for maintaining these items, e.g., cleaning and laundry. (II)

**63.43(3)** Any personal clothing or possessions retained by the facility for the resident during the resident's stay shall be identified and recorded on admission and a record placed on the resident's chart. The facility shall be responsible for secure storage of such items, and they shall be returned to the resident promptly upon request or upon discharge from the facility. (II)

**63.43(4)** A resident's personal property shall not be used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. (II)

**63.43(5)** A resident's personal property shall be returned to the resident when it has been used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. The department may report findings that a resident's property has been used without written consent to the local law enforcement agency, as appropriate. (II)

**481—63.44(135C) Family visits.** Each resident, if married, shall be ensured privacy for visits by the resident's spouse; if both are residents in the facility, they shall be permitted to share a room, if possible. (II)

**63.44(1)** The facility shall provide for needed privacy in visits between spouses. (II)

**63.44(2)** Spouses who are residents in the same facility shall be permitted to share a room, if available, unless one of their attending physicians documents in the medical record those specific reasons why an arrangement would have an adverse effect on the health of the resident. (II)

**63.44(3)** Family members shall be permitted to share a room, if available, if requested by both parties, unless one of their attending physicians documents in the medical record those specific reasons why such an arrangement would have an adverse effect on the health of the resident. (II)

**481—63.45(135C) Choice of physician.** Each resident shall be permitted free choice of a physician and a pharmacy, if accessible. The facility may require the pharmacy selected to utilize a drug distribution system compatible with the system currently used by the facility. (II)

**481—63.46(135C) Incompetent resident.**

**63.46(1)** Each facility shall provide that all rights and responsibilities of the resident devolve to the resident's responsible party when a resident is adjudicated incompetent in accordance with state law or, in the case of a resident who has not been adjudicated incompetent under the laws of the state, in accordance with 42 CFR 483.10. This subrule is not intended to limit the authority of any individual acting pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 144A. (II)

**63.46(2)** The fact that a resident has been adjudicated incompetent does not absolve the facility from advising the resident of these rights to the extent the resident is able to understand them. The facility shall also advise the responsible party, if any, and acquire a statement indicating an understanding of residents' rights. (II)

**481—63.47(135C) Specialized license for three- to five-bed facilities.** The specialized license is for residential care facilities which serve persons with intellectual disabilities, chronic mental illness and other developmental disabilities having five or fewer residents as specified in Iowa Code section 225C.26. The facility is exempt from Iowa Code section 135.63. For this specialized license, all rules of 481—Chapter 63 apply except those which are deleted or amended, as indicated in subsequent rules.

**63.47(1)** The provider may apply for a specialized license from the department of inspections and appeals. Before the license is granted, the provider shall meet all of the following requirements:

*a.* Compliance with program requirements pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 135C and administrative rules relating to residential care facilities adopted by the state board of health, or

standards adopted by the Accreditation Council for Services for Persons with Mental Retardation and Other Developmental Disabilities (1984). The program of care shall emphasize an age-appropriate and least restrictive program.

*b.* The facility shall be located in areas zoned for single- or multiple-family housing, or be located in an unincorporated area, and shall be constructed in compliance with applicable local housing codes and rules adopted for this classification of license by the state fire marshal. (II, III)

*c.* The facility shall be appropriately accessible to residents who have disabilities. (II, III)

*d.* Written plans shall demonstrate that the facility meets the needs of the residents pursuant to individual program plans meeting age-appropriate and least restrictive program requirements. (II)

*e.* Written plans shall demonstrate the residents have reasonable access to employment for job-related training, education, generic community resources, or integrated opportunities to promote community interaction. (II)

*f.* Unless documented as appropriate within the residents' individual program plans, populations with primary diagnosis of chronic mental illness or intellectual disability/developmental disability may not be residents of the same specialized license facility. (II, III)

**63.47(2)** The housing for persons with intellectual disabilities, chronic mental illness, and other developmental disabilities, developed pursuant to this rule shall be eligible for funding utilized by licensed residential care facilities for the intellectually disabled.

**63.47(3)** Rescinded IAB 6/27/90, effective 8/1/90.

**63.47(4)** Rescinded IAB 6/27/90, effective 8/1/90.

**63.47(5)** The director of the department of inspections and appeals shall appoint a specialized license committee not to exceed nine members. This committee shall monitor the program rules and procedures adopted for this classification of license.

**63.47(6)** All conditions and criteria in 481—Chapter 63 apply to the specialized license with the exception of the following deletions: 481—63.7(135C), 63.8(2) “*b*,” 63.8(7) “*b*,” 63.13(1) “*l*,” 63.18(1) “*b*”(9), 63.19(1) “*a*,” “*b*,” “*c*,” 63.19(2) “*c*”(1), “*e*,” “*g*,” 63.19(4) “*a*,” “*b*,” “*c*,” “*g*,” “*h*,” “*i*,” “*l*,” “*n*,” “*p*,” “*q*,” “*r*,” “*t*,” 63.19(5) “*b*,” “*c*,” “*d*,” 63.21(1), (2), (3) “*a*” to “*e*,” (4) “*a*,” “*b*,” “*c*”(1) to (3), “*d*,” “*e*,” 63.21(5) “*c*,” 63.23(3) “*c*,” 63.23(4) “*c*,” “*d*,” 63.24(1), (7), (10), 63.25(10) “*b*,” 63.26(1) to (4), (6) “*b*,” 63.27(3) to (5), 63.28(1) “*a*,” “*b*,” “*f*,” “*g*,” “*k*,” “*l*,” “*m*,” “*o*,” 63.28(2) “*c*,” 63.28(3) “*a*,” “*d*,” “*e*,” “*f*”(3), “*g*”(2), 63.28(5) “*b*,” “*i*,” 63.28(9), 63.29(1), (4), (5), 63.33(6) “*d*.”

**63.47(7)** The following rules in Chapter 63 are amended for this specialized license as follows:

1. 63.3(1) “*a*” and 63.3(2)—Delete all references to 481—Chapter 60.
2. 63.8(1) “*a*”—Add “or qualified mental health professional (III)” after “qualified intellectual disabilities professional”. (III)
3. 63.8(2)—Add “For purposes of the specialized license, the administrator may act as an administrator for not more than three residential care facilities for the intellectually disabled, chronic mentally ill, and developmentally disabled.” (II)
4. 63.9(1)—Add “For purposes of the specialized license there shall be written personnel policies in all facilities to include hours of work and attendance at the education program.” (III)
5. 63.11(1) “*a*”—Delete the words “a managerial role of” in line 2.
6. 63.11(2) “*b*”—Delete the second sentence and “with 15 or less beds” in the third sentence.
7. 63.14(5) “*b*”—Add “or guardian” after “resident” in the first line.
8. 63.17(1)—Add a new paragraph: “v. Current Individual Program Plans (IPP)”.
9. 63.17(5) “*a*”—Add “For the specialized license, a job description shall be in the individual’s personnel file.” (III)
10. 63.19(2) “*b*”—Delete from the end “Recommended daily dietary allowances are:” Also delete subparagraphs (1) to (5).
11. 63.19(2) “*f*”—Delete the second sentence.
12. 63.19(3) “*e*”—Delete “for a minimum of a one-week period” in the first line.
13. 63.19(4) “*m*”—Delete “smooth, washable,” in the second line.
14. 63.19(4) “*o*”—Delete the second sentence.

15. 63.19(4) “s” —Add “and rinse” after “wash” in the first line and then delete the rest of the sentence after “(60°C)”.
16. 63.19(4) “w” —Change “or” to “and” in the first line and delete “,washing, sanitizing, and air-drying”.
17. 63.19(5) “b” —Delete the second sentence.
18. 63.19(5) “f” —Add “during food preparation” after “kitchen”.
19. 63.24(9) —Change “nonslip” to “slip-resistant” in the first sentence.
20. 63.25(1) —Delete the second sentence.
21. 63.28(1) “j” —Change “on both sides” in the first line to “on at least one side”.
22. 63.28(4) “n” —Change to read “Bedrooms shall have a minimum of 60 square feet for double, 80 square feet for single, and 100 square feet physical (wheelchair).” (III)
23. 63.28(4) “o” —Change “four” to “two”.
24. 63.28(5) “c” —Amend to read: “Minimum numbers of toilets and bath facilities shall be one for each five residents.” (III)
25. 63.28(5) “d” —Amend to read: “There shall be a minimum of one bathroom with tub or shower, toilet stool, and lavatory on each floor in the multistory buildings.” (III)
26. 63.28(5) “e” —Amend to read: “Grab bars shall be provided as needed.” (III)
27. 63.33(8) —Change any reference of “responsible party” to “legal guardian”.
28. 63.33(8) “c” —Delete “in the case of a confused or intellectually disabled resident”. Change any reference of “responsible party” to “legal guardian”.
29. 63.33(8) “d” —Change any reference of “responsible party” to “legal guardian”.
30. 63.46(1) —Change any reference of “responsible party” to “legal guardian” and delete the rest of the paragraph after “state law”.

**63.47(8)** “Qualified mental health professional” is a person who:

- a. Holds a master’s degree from an accredited educational institution with coursework relevant to the position for which the person is hired;
- b. Has at least two years’ relevant experience supervised by a qualified mental health professional in assessing mental health problems and needs of persons in providing appropriate mental health services for those persons;
- c. Holds a current Iowa license when required by Iowa licensure law.

**63.47(9)** “Intellectual disabilities” as used in this chapter shall also include the chronically mentally ill and the developmentally disabled for purposes of this specialized license.

a. For the specialized license, “persons with intellectual disabilities” means persons with significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning existing concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior, manifested during the developmental period.

(1) “General intellectual functioning” is defined as the results obtained by assessment with one or more of the individually administered general intelligence tests developed for the purpose of assessing intellectual functioning;

(2) “Significantly subaverage functioning” is defined as approximately 70 IQ or below;

(3) “Adaptive behavior” is defined as the effectiveness or degree with which individuals meet the standards of personal independence and social responsibility expected for age and cultural group;

(4) “Developmental period” is defined as the period of time between conception and the eighteenth birthday.

b. For the specialized license, “persons with developmental disabilities” means persons with a severe, chronic disability which:

(1) Is attributable to mental or physical impairment, or a combination of physical and mental impairments;

(2) Is manifested before the person attains the age of 22;

(3) Is likely to continue indefinitely;

(4) Results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of life activity; self-care, receptive and expressive language, learning, mobility, self-direction, capacity for independent living and economic self-sufficiency; and

(5) Reflects the person's need for a combination and sequence of services which are of lifelong or extended duration.

c. For the specialized license, "persons with chronic mental illness" means adults aged 18 or older, with persistent mental or emotional disorders that seriously impair their functioning relative to such primary aspects of daily living as personal relations, living arrangement or employment. Persons with chronic mental illness typically meet at least one of the following criteria:

(1) Have undergone psychiatric treatment more intensive than outpatient care more than once in a lifetime (e.g., emergency services, alternative home care, partial hospitalization or in-patient hospitalization);

(2) Have experienced a single episode of continuous, structured supportive residential care other than hospitalization.

In addition, such persons typically meet at least two of the following criteria, on a continuing or intermittent basis for at least two years:

1. Are unemployed, or employed in a sheltered setting, or have markedly limited skills and a poor work history;

2. Require financial assistance for out-of-hospital maintenance and may be unable to procure this assistance without help;

3. Show severe inability to establish or maintain a personal social support system;

4. Require help in basic living skills;

5. Exhibit inappropriate social behavior which results in demand for intervention by the mental health or judicial system.

In atypical instances chronically mentally ill persons may vary from the above criteria.

**63.47(10)** For the specialized license, there shall be implemented an individual program plan (IPP) of goals and objectives for each resident developed using evaluations, assessments and progress reports. (II)

**63.47(11)** For the specialized license, "age-appropriate" shall mean activities, settings, personal appearance and possessions commensurate with the person's chronological age.

**63.47(12)** For the specialized license, "least restrictive" shall mean the availability to the person of programs, services and settings that give the greatest opportunity for human development and to associate with and become part of the general society.

**63.47(13)** "Individual program plan" shall be a written plan for the provision of services to the person and, when appropriate, to the person's family, that is developed and implemented, using an interdisciplinary process, which identifies the person's and, when appropriate, the person's family's functional status, strengths, and needs, and service activities designed to enable a person to maintain or move toward independent functioning. The plan is developed in accordance with the developmental model, which is a service approach that recognizes and assumes the potential for positive change, growth, and sequential development in all people. (II)

a. An individual program plan shall be developed and implemented for each individual accepted for service, regardless of the individual's chronological age or developmental level. (I, II)

b. The interdisciplinary team shall develop the plan. (II) For the purpose of the specialized license, the team shall include:

(1) The person, the person's legal guardian, and the person's family unless the family's participation is contrary to the wishes of the adult person who has not been legally determined to be incompetent; (II, III)

(2) The service coordinator or case manager; (II, III)

(3) All current service providers; and (II, III)

(4) Other persons whose appropriateness may be identified through the diagnosis and evaluation or current reevaluation. (III)

c. The person or the person's legal guardian has the ultimate authority to accept or reject the plan unless otherwise determined by court. (III)

d. The resident and the facility retain the rights of appeal and due process from the interdisciplinary team decisions. (II, III)

**63.47(14)** Goals and objectives shall be stated separately and a time frame shall be specified for their achievement. (II, III)

- a.* Each individual enrolled shall have an individual program plan. (II)
- b.* The initial individual program plan shall be developed within 30 calendar days after the individual is enrolled in this service. (II)
- c.* The individual program shall be developed by an appropriately constituted interdisciplinary team. (II)
- d.* The individual program plan shall state specific objectives to reach identified goals and shall identify the individuals responsible for implementation. (II, III)
- e.* Goals and objectives shall be stated separately. (II, III)
- f.* Goals and objectives shall be assigned projected evaluation completion dates and shall be reviewed at least annually. (II, III)
- g.* Goals and objectives shall be expressed in behavioral terms that provide measurable indices of progress. (II)
- h.* Goals and objectives shall be sequenced with a developmental progression appropriate to the individual. (II, III)
- i.* Goals and objectives of the individual program plans shall be assigned priorities by the interdisciplinary team and implemented with documentation of needed resources. (II, III)
- j.* The individual program plan shall be written in terms that are understandable to all concerned. (II, III)

**63.47(15)** Where implementation is a shared responsibility, the individual program plan shall identify the agencies or persons responsible for delivering the services required. (III)

**63.47(16)** A review of the individual program plan shall be made at least quarterly by a member or members of the individual's interdisciplinary team, as determined by the team, in order to ensure the continuing implemented appropriateness of the plan and any necessary action to be initiated. (II)

- a.* Problems or changes that call for review of the individual program plan by the team shall be indicated. (II)
- b.* The team shall be convened at least annually to review the individual program plan where problems or changes that call for review by the team are indicated. (II, III)
- c.* The team review shall assess the individual's response to activities designed to achieve the objective stated in the individual program plan. (II, III)
- d.* The team review shall modify activities or objectives as necessary. (II, III)
- e.* The team review shall determine the services that are needed. (II, III)
- f.* The team review shall include consideration of the advisability of continued enrollment or alternative placements. (II, III)

[ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—63.48(135C) County care facilities.** Rescinded ARC 0765C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13.

**481—63.49(135C) Another business or activity in a facility.** A facility is allowed to have another business or activity in a health care facility or in the same physical structure of the facility, if the other business or activity is under the control of and is directly related to and incidental to the operation of the health care facility, or the business or activity is approved by the department and the state fire marshal.

To obtain the approval of the department and the state fire marshal, the facility must submit to the department a written request for approval which identifies the service(s) to be offered by the business and addresses the factors outlined in paragraphs "a" through "j" of this rule. (I, II, III)

**63.49(1)** The following factors will be considered by the department in determining whether a business or activity will interfere with the use of the facility by residents, interfere with services provided to residents, or be disturbing to residents:

- a.* Health and safety risks for residents;
- b.* Compatibility of the proposed business or activity with the facility program;
- c.* Noise created by the proposed business or activity;



- d. Odors created by the proposed business or activity;
- e. Use of entrances and exits for the business or activity in regard to safety and disturbance of residents and interference with delivery of services;
- f. Use of the facility's corridors or rooms as thoroughfares to the business or activity in regard to safety and disturbance of residents and interference with delivery of services;
- g. Proposed staffing for the business or activity;
- h. Sharing of services and staff between the proposed business or activity and the facility;
- i. Facility layout and design; and
- j. Parking area utilized by the business or activity.

**63.49(2)** Approval of the state fire marshal shall be obtained before approval of the department will be considered.

**63.49(3)** A business or activity conducted in a health care facility or in the same physical structure as a health care facility shall not reduce space, services or staff available to residents below minimums required in these rules and 481—Chapter 60. (I, II, III)

**481—63.50(135C) Respite care services.** Respite care services means an organized program of temporary supportive care provided for 24 hours or more to a person in order to relieve the usual caregiver of the person from providing continual care to the person. A facility which chooses to provide respite care services must meet the following requirements related to respite care services and must be licensed as a health care facility.

**63.50(1)** A facility which chooses to provide respite care services is not required to obtain a separate license or pay a license fee.

**63.50(2)** Rules regarding involuntary discharge or transfer rights do not apply to residents who are being cared for under a respite care contract.

**63.50(3)** The facility shall have a contract with each resident in the facility. When the resident is there for respite care services, the contract shall specify the time period during which the resident will be considered to be receiving respite care services. At the end of that period, the contract may be amended to extend that period of time. The contract shall specifically state the resident may be involuntarily discharged while being considered as a respite care resident. The contract shall meet other requirements for contracts between a health care facility and resident, except the requirements concerning the holding and charging for a bed when a resident is hospitalized or leaves the facility temporarily for recreational or therapeutic reasons.

**63.50(4)** Respite care services shall not be provided by a facility to persons requiring a level of care which is higher than the level of care the facility is licensed to provide.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.202, 10A.402, 135C.1, 135C.2(5), 135C.2(6), 135C.6(1), 135C.14(3), 135C.14(5), 135C.14(8), 135C.25, 135C.25(3), 135C.36, 227.4, 235B.1(6), and 235B.1(11) and 1988 Iowa Acts, chapter 1239.

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 [Filed ARC 1752C (Notice ARC 1648C, IAB 10/1/14), IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]  
 [Editorial change: IAC Supplement 1/21/15]  
 [Filed ARC 2643C (Notice ARC 2395C, IAB 2/3/16), IAB 8/3/16, effective 9/7/16]<sup>4</sup>

<sup>◇</sup> Two or more ARCs

<sup>1</sup> Effective date of 63.15(2) “a” and “b” delayed 70 days by the Administrative Rules Review Committee, IAB 2/26/86. Effective date of 63.15(2) “a” and “b” delayed until the expiration of 45 calendar days into the 1987 session of the General Assembly pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.8(9), IAC 6/4/86.

<sup>2</sup> See IAB, Inspections and Appeals Department.

<sup>3</sup> Rule 481—63.49(135C), effective 7/1/92.

<sup>4</sup> September 7, 2016, effective date of 57.19(3) “d,” 62.15(2) “d,” and 63.18(3) “d” [ARC 2643C] delayed 70 days by the Administrative Rules Review Committee at its meeting held August 5, 2016.

## OBJECTION

At its February 13 meeting the Administrative Rules Review Committee voted the following objection: [Subrules 57.23(2)“b,” 58.26(2)“b,” 59.31(2)“b,” 63.21(3)“b,” published IAB 12/13/78]

The committee objects to the amendments to 470\* IAC 57.23(2)“b,” 58.26(2)“b,” 59.31(2)“b” and 63.21(3)“b,” which strike the phrase “Twenty-five percent of the staffing may be provided by qualified volunteers. The time shall be spent in working with the organized program activity.”, on the grounds these provisions are unreasonable. It is the understanding of the committee these deletions in effect require facilities to employ a person to coordinate recreation activities. It is the feeling of the committee this would result in higher per bed costs without demonstrably improving the services rendered to the patient. Volunteers have always played a major role in health care institutions, and no evidence has been submitted indicating a decline in that role or in public interest in donating time and energy.

These amendments appear in the 12-13-78 IAB, and have been filed under the emergency provisions of chapter 17A, 1979 Code.

\*Chapter 57 transferred to Inspections and Appeals[481], IAC 7/15/87.



CHAPTER 64  
INTERMEDIATE CARE FACILITIES FOR THE  
INTELLECTUALLY DISABLED\*

**481—64.1** Rescinded IAB 7/26/89, effective 7/7/89.

**481—64.2(135C) Variances.** Variances from these rules may be granted by the director of the department of inspections and appeals for good and sufficient reason when the need for variance has been established; no danger to the health, safety, or welfare of any resident results; alternate means are employed or compensating circumstances exist and the variance will apply only to an individual intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled. Variances will be reviewed at the discretion of the director of the department of inspections and appeals.

**64.2(1)** To request a variance, the licensee must:

- a. Apply for variance in writing on a form provided by the department;
- b. Cite the rule or rules from which a variance is desired;
- c. State why compliance with the rule or rules cannot be accomplished;
- d. Explain alternate arrangements or compensating circumstances which justify the variance;
- e. Demonstrate that the requested variance will not endanger the health, safety, or welfare of any resident.

**64.2(2)** Upon receipt of a request for variance, the director of the department of inspections and appeals will:

- a. Examine the rule from which variance is requested to determine that the request is necessary and reasonable;
- b. If the request meets the above criteria, evaluate the alternate arrangements or compensating circumstances against the requirement of the rules;
- c. Examine the effect of the requested variance on the health, safety, or welfare of the residents;
- d. Consult with the applicant if additional information is required.

**64.2(3)** Based upon these studies, approval of the variance will be either granted or denied within 120 days of receipt.

[ARC 0764C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—64.3(135C) Application for license.**

**64.3(1)** Initial application. In order to obtain an initial intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled license for an intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled which is currently licensed, the applicant must:

- a. Submit a letter of intent and a written résumé of the resident care program and other services provided for departmental review and approval;
- b. Make application at least 30 days prior to the change of ownership of the facility on forms provided by the department;
- c. Submit a floor plan of each floor of the intermediate care facility, drawn on 8½- × 11-inch paper showing room areas in proportion, room dimensions, room numbers for all rooms, including bathrooms, and designation of the use to which room will be put and window and door location;
- d. Submit a photograph of the front and side elevation of the intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled;
- e. Submit the statutory fee for an intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled license;
- f. Meet all of the rules, regulations and standards contained in 481—Chapter 64.
- g. Comply with federal, state, and local laws, codes, and regulations pertaining to health and safety, including procurement, dispensing, administration, safeguarding and disposal of medications and controlled substances; building, construction, maintenance and equipment standards; sanitation; communicable and reportable diseases; and postmortem procedures;

\*See Interpretive Guidelines at end hereof

*h.* Have a certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations.

**64.3(2)** In order to obtain an initial intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled license for a facility not currently licensed as an intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled, the applicant must:

*\*a.* Meet all of the rules, regulations, and standards contained in 481—Chapters 61 and 64; exceptions noted in 481—subrule 61.1(2) shall not apply;

\*Nullified by 1989 Iowa Acts, SJR 10

*b.* Submit a letter of intent and a written résumé of the resident care program and other services provided for departmental review and approval;

*c.* Make application at least 30 days prior to the proposed opening date of the facility on forms provided by the department;

*d.* Submit a floor plan of each floor of the intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled, drawn on 8½- × 11-inch paper showing room areas in proportion, room dimensions, room numbers for all rooms, including bathrooms, and designation of the use to which the rooms will be put and window and door locations;

*e.* Submit a photograph of the front and side elevation of the intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled;

*f.* Submit the statutory fee for an intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled;

*g.* Comply with federal, state, and local laws, codes, and regulations pertaining to health and safety, including procurement, dispensing, administration, safeguarding and disposal of medications and controlled substances; building, construction, maintenance and equipment standards; sanitation; communicable and reportable diseases; and postmortem procedures;

*h.* Have a certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations.

**64.3(3)** Renewal application. In order to obtain a renewal of the intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled license, the applicant must:

*a.* Submit the completed application form 30 days prior to annual license renewal date of intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled license;

*b.* Submit the statutory license fee for an intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled with the application for renewal;

*c.* Have an approved current certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules and regulations;

*d.* Submit appropriate changes in the résumé to reflect any changes in the resident care program or other services.

**64.3(4)** Licenses are issued to the person or governmental unit which has responsibility for the operation of the facility and authority to comply with all applicable statutes, rules or regulations.

The person or governmental unit must be the owner of the facility or, if the facility is leased, the lessee.

[ARC 0764C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

#### **481—64.4(135C) General requirements.**

**64.4(1)** The license shall be displayed in a conspicuous place in the facility which is viewed by the public. (III)

**64.4(2)** The license shall be valid only in the possession of the licensee to whom it is issued.

**64.4(3)** The posted license shall accurately reflect the current status of the intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled. (III)

**64.4(4)** Licenses expire one year after the date of issuance or as indicated on the license.

**64.4(5)** Each citation or a copy of each citation issued by the department for a Class I or Class II violation shall be prominently posted by the facility in plain view of the residents, visitors, and persons inquiring about placement in the facility. The citation or copy of the citation shall remain posted until the violation is corrected to the satisfaction of the department. (III)

**64.4(6)** The facility shall have in effect a transfer agreement with one or more hospitals sufficiently close to the facility to make feasible the transfer between them of residents and their records. (III) Any facility which does not have such an agreement in effect but has attempted in good faith to enter into such an agreement with a hospital shall be considered to have such an agreement so long as it is in the public interest and essential to ensuring intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled services for eligible persons in the community.

**64.4(7)** A resident's personal funds and property shall not be used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. (II)

**64.4(8)** A resident's personal funds and property shall be returned to the resident when the funds or property have been used without the written consent of the resident or the resident's guardian. The department may report findings that funds or property have been used without written consent to the audits division or the local law enforcement agency, as appropriate. (II)

**64.4(9)** A properly trained person shall be charged with the responsibility of administering non-parenteral medications.

*a.* The individual shall have knowledge of the purpose of the drugs, their dangers, and contraindications.

*b.* This person shall be a licensed nurse or physician or shall have successfully completed a department-approved medication aide course or passed a department-approved medication aide challenge examination administered by an area community college.

*c.* A person who is a nursing student or a graduate nurse may take the challenge examination in place of taking a medication aide course. This individual shall do all of the following before taking the medication aide challenge examination:

(1) Complete a clinical or nursing theory course within six months before taking the challenge examination;

(2) Successfully complete a nursing program pharmacology course within one year before taking the challenge examination;

(3) Provide to the community college a written statement from the nursing program's pharmacology or clinical instructor indicating the individual is competent in medication administration.

(4) Successfully complete a department-approved nurse aide competency evaluation.

*d.* A person who has written documentation of certification as a medication aide in another state may become a medication aide in Iowa by successfully completing a department-approved nurse aide competency examination and a medication aide challenge examination.

[ARC 0764C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—64.5(135C) Notifications required by the department.** The department shall be notified:

**64.5(1)** Within 48 hours, by letter, any reduction or loss of direct care professional or dietary staff lasting more than seven days which places the staffing ratio of the intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled below that required for licensing. No additional residents shall be admitted until the minimum staffing requirements are achieved; (III)

**64.5(2)** Of any proposed change in the intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled's functional operation or addition or deletion of required services; (III)

**64.5(3)** Thirty days before addition, alteration, or new construction is begun in the intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled, or on the premises; (III)

**64.5(4)** Thirty days in advance of closure of the intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled; (III)

**64.5(5)** Within two weeks of any change in administrator; (III)

**64.5(6)** When any change in the category of license is sought; (III)

**64.5(7)** Prior to the purchase, transfer, assignment, or lease of an intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled, the licensee shall:

*a.* Inform the department of the pending sale, transfer, assignment, or lease of the facility; (III)

*b.* Inform the department of the name and address of the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee at least 30 days before the sale, transfer, assignment, or lease is completed; (III)

c. Submit a written authorization to the department permitting the department to release all information of whatever kind from the department's files concerning the licensee's intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled to the named prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee. (III)

**64.5(8)** Pursuant to the authorization submitted to the department by the licensee prior to the purchase, transfer, assignment, or lease of an intermediate care facility for the intellectually disabled, the department shall, upon request, send or give copies of all recent licensure surveys and of any other pertinent information relating to the facility's licensure status to the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee; costs for such copies shall be paid by the prospective purchaser.

[ARC 0764C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—64.6(135C) Veteran eligibility.**

**64.6(1)** Within 30 days of a resident's admission to a health care facility receiving reimbursement through the medical assistance program under Iowa Code chapter 249A, the facility shall ask the resident or the resident's personal representative whether the resident is a veteran and shall document the response. If the facility determines that the resident is a potential veteran, the facility shall report the resident's name along with the names of the resident's spouse and any dependent children, as well as the name of the contact person for this information, to the Iowa department of veterans affairs. Where appropriate, the facility may also report such information to the Iowa department of human services.

**64.6(2)** If a resident is eligible for benefits through the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or other third-party payor, the facility first shall seek reimbursement from the identified payor source before seeking reimbursement from the medical assistance program established under Iowa Code chapter 249A.

**64.6(3)** The provisions of this rule shall not apply to the admission of an individual as a resident to a state mental health institute for acute psychiatric care. (II, III)

**481—64.7(135C) Licenses for distinct parts.**

**64.7(1)** Separate licenses may be issued for distinct parts of a health care facility which are clearly identifiable, containing contiguous rooms in a separate wing or building or on a separate floor of the facility and which provide care and services of separate categories.

**64.7(2)** The following requirements shall be met for a separate licensing of a distinct part:

a. The distinct part shall serve only residents who require the category of care and services immediately available to them within that part; (III)

b. The distinct part shall meet all the standards, rules, and regulations pertaining to the category for which a license is being sought;

c. The distinct part must be operationally and financially feasible;

d. A separate staff with qualifications appropriate to the care and services being rendered must be regularly assigned and working in the distinct part under responsible management; (III)

e. Separately licensed distinct parts may have certain services such as management, building maintenance, laundry, and dietary in common with each other.

**481—64.8 to 64.16** Rescinded IAB 7/26/89, effective 7/7/89.

**481—64.17(135C) Contracts.** Each party shall receive a copy of the signed contract. (III) Each contract for residents shall:

**64.17(1)** State the rate or scale per day or per month for services included in the rate or scale and method of payment; (III)

**64.17(2)** Contain a complete schedule of all offered services for which a fee may be charged in addition to the base rate. (III) Furthermore, the contract shall:

a. Stipulate that no further additional fees shall be charged for items not contained in complete schedule of services as set forth in this subrule; (III)

b. State the method of payment of additional charges; (III)



c. Contain an explanation of the method of assessment of such additional charges and an explanation of the method of periodic reassessment, if any, resulting in changing such additional charges; (III)

d. State that additional fees may be charged to the resident for nonprescription drugs, other personal supplies, and services by a barber, beautician, etc.; (III)

**64.17(3)** Contain an itemized list of those services, with the specific fee the resident will be charged and method of payment, as related to the resident's current condition, based on a preadmission evaluation assessment which is determined in consultation with the administrator; (III)

**64.17(4)** Include the total fee per day to be charged to the resident; (III)

**64.17(5)** State the conditions whereby the facility may make adjustments to its overall fees for resident care as a result of changing costs. (III) Furthermore, the contract shall provide that the facility shall give:

a. Written notification to the resident, or responsible party when appropriate, of changes in the overall rates of both base and additional charges, at least 30 days prior to effective date of such changes; (III)

b. Notification to the resident, or responsible party when appropriate, of changes in charges, based on a change in the resident's condition. Notification must occur prior to the date such revised charges begin. If notification is given orally, subsequent written notification must also be given within a reasonable time, not to exceed one week, listing specifically the adjustments made; (III)

**64.17(6)** State the terms of agreement in regard to refund of all advance payments in the event of transfer, death, voluntary or involuntary discharge; (III)

**64.17(7)** State the terms of agreement concerning the holding and charging for a bed in the event of temporary absence of the resident; such terms shall include, at a minimum, the following provisions:

a. If a resident has a temporary absence from a facility for medical treatment, the facility shall ask the resident or responsible party if they wish the bed held open. This shall be documented in the resident's record including the response. Upon request of the resident/responsible party, the facility shall hold the bed open for at least ten days during the resident's absence and the facility shall receive payment for the absent period in accordance with provisions of the contract. (II)

b. If a resident has a temporary absence from a facility for therapeutic reasons as approved by a physician or qualified intellectual disabilities professional, the facility shall ask if the resident or responsible party wishes that the bed be held open. This request shall be documented in the resident's record, including the response. The bed shall be held open at least 30 days per year, and the facility shall receive payment for the absent periods in accordance with the provisions of the contract. The required holding during temporary absences for therapeutic reasons is limited to 30 days per year. (II)

c. For Title XIX residents the department of social services shall continue funding for the temporary absence as provided under paragraphs "a" and "b" and in accordance with department of social services guidelines.

d. Private pay residents shall have a negotiated rate stated in the signed contract relating to these provisions. (II)

**64.17(8)** State the conditions under which the involuntary discharge or transfer of a resident would be effected; (III)

**64.17(9)** State the conditions of voluntary discharge or transfer; (III)

**64.17(10)** Set forth any other matters deemed appropriate by the parties to the contract. No contract or any provision thereof shall be drawn or construed so as to relieve any facility of any requirement or obligation imposed upon it by this chapter or any standards or rules in force pursuant to this chapter. (III)  
[ARC 0764C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

#### **481—64.18(135C) Records.**

**64.18(1)** *Resident record.* The licensee shall keep a permanent record about each resident, with all entries current, dated, and signed. (II) The record shall include:

a. Name and previous address of resident; (III)

b. Birth date, sex, and marital status of resident; (III)

- c. Church affiliation of resident; (III)
- d. Physician's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- e. Dentist's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- f. Name, address, and telephone number of resident's next of kin or legal representative; (III)
- g. Name, address, and telephone number of the person to be notified in case of emergency; (III)
- h. Funeral director's telephone number and address; (III)
- i. Pharmacy's name, telephone number and address; (III)
- j. Certification by the physician that the resident requires no higher level of care than the facility is licensed to provide; (III)
- k. Physician's orders for medication and treatments in writing, which shall be signed by the physician quarterly, and diet orders, which shall be renewed yearly; (III)
- l. A notation of the resident's yearly or other visits to physician or other professionals and all consultation reports and progress notes; (III)
- m. Documentation describing any change in the resident's condition; (II, III)
- n. A notation describing the resident's condition on admission, transfer, and discharge; (III)
- o. In the event of a resident's death, notations in the resident's record shall include the date and time of the resident's death, the circumstances of the resident's death, the disposition of the resident's body, and the date and time that the resident's family and physician were notified of the resident's death; (III)
- p. A copy of instructions given to the resident, the resident's legal representative, or receiving facility in the event of the resident's discharge or transfer; (III) and
- q. Disposition of personal property. (III)

**64.18(2) Confidentiality of resident records.** The facility shall have policies and procedures providing that each resident shall be ensured confidential treatment of all information, including information contained in an automated data bank. The resident's or the resident's legal guardian's written informed consent shall be required for the release of information to persons not otherwise authorized under law to receive it. (II)

A release of information form shall be used which includes to whom the information shall be released, the reason for the release of the information, how the information is to be used, and the period of time for which the release is in effect. A third party not requesting the release shall witness the signing of the release of information form. (II)

a. The facility shall limit access to any resident records to staff and consultants providing professional service to the resident. Information shall be made available to staff only to the extent that the information is relevant to the staff person's responsibilities and duties. (II)

Only those personnel concerned with financial affairs of the residents may have access to the financial information. This paragraph is not meant to preclude access by representatives of state or federal regulatory agencies. (II)

b. The resident, or the resident's legal guardian, shall be entitled to examine all information and shall have the right to secure full copies of the record at reasonable cost upon request, unless the physician or qualified mental health professional determines the disclosure of the record or certain information contained in the record is contraindicated in which case the information will be deleted before the record is made available to the resident. This determination and the reasons for it must be documented in the resident's record by the physician or qualified mental health professional in collaboration with the resident's interdisciplinary team. (II)

**64.18(3) Incident records.** Each facility shall maintain an incident record report and shall have available incident report forms. (II, III)

- a. The report of every incident shall be in detail on a printed incident report form. (II, III)
- b. The person in charge at the time of the incident shall oversee the preparation of the report and sign the report. (III)
- c. The facility shall maintain a copy of the incident report as part of the facility's administrative records and shall make the record available for review. (III)

**64.18(4) Retention of records.** A resident's records shall be retained in the facility for five years following termination of services to the resident even when there is a change of ownership of the facility. (III)

When the facility ceases to operate, the resident's records shall be released to the receiving facility. If no transfer occurs, the records shall be released to the resident's physician. (III)

**481—64.19 to 64.32** Reserved.

**481—64.33(135C) Allegations of dependent adult abuse.**

**64.33(1) Allegations of dependent adult abuse.** Allegations of dependent adult abuse shall be reported and investigated pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 235E and 481—Chapter 52. (I, II, III)

**64.33(2) Separation of accused abuser and victim.** Upon a claim of dependent adult abuse of a resident being reported, the administrator of the facility shall separate the victim and accused abuser immediately and maintain the separation until the department's abuse investigation is completed and an abuse determination is made. (I, II)

[ARC 1204C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14]

**481—64.34(135C) Employee criminal record checks, child abuse checks and dependent adult abuse checks and employment of individuals who have committed a crime or have a founded abuse.** The facility shall comply with the requirements found in Iowa Code section 135C.33 as amended by 2013 Iowa Acts, Senate File 347, and rule 481—50.9(135C) related to completion of criminal record checks, child abuse checks, and dependent adult abuse checks and to employment of individuals who have committed a crime or have a founded abuse. (I, II, III)

[ARC 0903C, IAB 8/7/13, effective 9/11/13]

**481—64.35(135C) Care review committee.** Rescinded ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14.

**481—64.36(135C) Involuntary discharge or transfer.**

**64.36(1) Involuntary discharge or transfer permitted.** A facility may involuntarily discharge or transfer a resident for only one of the following reasons:

- a. Medical reasons;
- b. The resident's welfare or that of other residents;
- c. Nonpayment for the resident's stay, as described in the contract for the resident's stay;
- d. Due to action pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 229;
- e. By reason of negative action by the Iowa department of human services; or
- f. By reason of negative action by the quality improvement organization (QIO). (I, II, III)

**64.36(2) Medical reasons.** Medical reasons for transfer or discharge shall be based on the resident's needs and shall be determined and documented in the resident's record by the primary care provider. Transfer or discharge may be required in order to provide a different level of care to the resident. (II)

**64.36(3) Welfare of a resident.** Welfare of a resident or that of other residents refers to a resident's social, emotional, or physical well-being. A resident may be transferred or discharged because the resident's behavior poses a continuing threat to the resident (e.g., suicidal) or to the well-being of other residents or staff (e.g., the resident's behavior is incompatible with other residents' needs and rights). Written documentation that the resident's continued presence in the facility would adversely affect the resident's own welfare or that of other residents shall be made by the administrator or designee and shall include specific information to support this determination. (II)

**64.36(4) Involuntary discharge or transfer prohibited—payment source.** A resident shall not be transferred or discharged solely because the cost of the resident's care is being paid under Iowa Code chapter 249A or because the resident's source of payment is changing from private support to payment under Iowa Code chapter 249A. (I, II)

**64.36(5) Notice.** Involuntary transfer or discharge of a resident from a facility shall be preceded by a written notice to the resident and the responsible party. (II, III)

- a. The notice shall contain all of the following information:

- (1) The stated reason for the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)
- (2) The effective date of the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)
- (3) A statement, in not less than 12-point type, that reads as follows:

You have a right to appeal the facility's decision to transfer or discharge you. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing, in writing or verbally, with the Iowa department of inspections and appeals (hereinafter referred to as "department") within 7 days after receiving this notice. You have a right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney or any other individual of your choice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after the department's receipt of your request and you will not be transferred before a final decision is rendered. Extension of the 14-day requirement may be permitted in emergency circumstances upon request to the department's designee. If you lose the hearing, you will not be transferred before the expiration of either (1) 30 days following your receipt of the original notice of the discharge or transfer, or (2) no sooner than 5 days following final decision of such hearing, including the exhaustion of all appeals, whichever occurs later. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115, or write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. (II)

*b.* The notice shall be personally delivered to the resident, and a copy shall be placed in the resident's record. A copy shall also be transmitted to the department, the resident's responsible party, the resident's primary care provider, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. The notice shall indicate that copies have been transmitted to the required parties by using the abbreviation "cc:" and listing the names of all parties to whom copies were sent.

*c.* The notice required by paragraph 64.36(5) "a" shall be provided at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer or discharge unless one of the following occurs:

(1) An emergency transfer or discharge is mandated by the resident's health care needs and is in accordance with the written orders and medical justification of the primary care provider. Emergency transfers or discharges may also be mandated in order to protect the health, safety, or well-being of other residents and staff from the resident being transferred. (II)

(2) The transfer or discharge is subsequently agreed to by the resident or the resident's responsible party, and notification is given to the responsible party, the resident's primary care provider, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility.

(3) The discharge or transfer is the result of a final, nonappealable decision by the department of human services or the QIO.

*d.* A hearing requested pursuant to this subrule shall be held in accordance with subrule 64.36(7).

**64.36(6) *Emergency transfer or discharge.*** In the case of an emergency transfer or discharge, the resident must be given a written notice prior to or within 48 hours following the transfer or discharge. (II, III)

*a.* A copy of this notice shall be placed in the resident's file. The notice shall contain all of the following information:

- (1) The stated reason for the transfer or discharge. (II)
- (2) The effective date of the transfer or discharge. (II)
- (3) A statement, in not less than 12-point type, that reads as follows:

You have a right to appeal the facility's decision to transfer or discharge you on an emergency basis. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing, in writing or verbally, with the Iowa department of inspections and appeals (hereinafter referred to as "department") within 7 days after receiving this notice. You have a right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney or any other individual of your choice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after the department's receipt of your request. You may be transferred or discharged before the hearing is held or before a final decision is rendered. If you win the hearing, you have the right to be transferred back into the facility. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115, or write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. (II)

*b.* The notice shall be personally delivered to the resident, and a copy shall be placed in the resident's record. A copy shall also be transmitted to the department, the resident's responsible party, the resident's primary care provider, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. The notice shall indicate that copies have been transmitted to the required parties by using the abbreviation "cc:" and listing the names of all parties to whom copies were sent.

*c.* A hearing requested pursuant to this subrule shall be held in accordance with subrule 64.36(7).  
**64.36(7) Hearing.**

*a.* Request for hearing.

(1) The resident must request a hearing within 7 days of receipt of written notice.

(2) The request must be made to the department, either in writing or verbally.

*b.* The hearing shall be held no later than 14 days after the department's receipt of the request unless either party requests an extension due to emergency circumstances.

*c.* Except in the case of an emergency discharge or transfer, a request for a hearing shall stay a transfer or discharge pending a final decision, including the exhaustion of all appeals. (II)

*d.* The hearing shall be heard by a department of inspections and appeals administrative law judge pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A and 481—Chapter 10. The hearing shall be public unless the resident or representative requests in writing that the hearing be closed. In a determination as to whether a transfer or discharge is authorized, the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence rests on the party requesting the transfer or discharge.

*e.* Notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing shall be sent by certified mail or delivered in person to the facility, the resident, and the responsible party not later than five full business days after the department's receipt of the request. The notice shall also inform the facility and the resident or the responsible party that they have a right to appear at the hearing in person or be represented by an attorney or other individual. The appeal shall be dismissed if neither party is present or represented at the hearing. If only one party appears or is represented, the hearing shall proceed with one party present.

*f.* The administrative law judge's written decision shall be sent by certified mail to the facility, resident, and responsible party within 10 working days after the hearing has been concluded.

*g.* If the basis for an involuntary transfer or discharge is the result of a negative action by the Iowa department of human services or the QIO, an appeal shall be filed with those entities as appropriate. Continued payment shall be consistent with rules of those entities.

**64.36(8) Nonpayment.** If nonpayment is the basis for involuntary transfer or discharge, the resident shall have the right to make full payment up to the date that the discharge or transfer is to be made and then shall have the right to remain in the facility. (II)

**64.36(9) Discussion of involuntary transfer or discharge.** Within 48 hours after notice of involuntary transfer or discharge has been received by the resident, the facility shall discuss the involuntary transfer or discharge with the resident, the resident's responsible party, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. (II)

a. The facility administrator or other appropriate facility representative serving as the administrator's designee shall provide an explanation and discussion of the reasons for the resident's involuntary transfer or discharge. (II)

b. The content of the explanation and discussion shall be summarized in writing, shall include the names of the individuals involved in the discussion, and shall be made part of the resident's record. (II)

c. The provisions of this subrule do not apply if the involuntary transfer or discharge has already occurred pursuant to subrule 64.36(6) and emergency notice is provided within 48 hours.

**64.36(10) *Transfer or discharge planning.***

a. The facility shall develop a plan to provide for the orderly and safe transfer or discharge of each resident to be transferred or discharged. (II)

b. To minimize the possible adverse effects of the involuntary transfer, the resident shall receive counseling services by the sending facility before the involuntary transfer and by the receiving facility after the involuntary transfer. Counseling shall be documented in the resident's record. (II)

c. The counseling requirement in paragraph 64.36(10) "b" does not apply if the discharge has already occurred pursuant to subrule 64.36(6) and emergency notice is provided within 48 hours.

d. Counseling, if required, shall be provided by a licensed mental health professional as defined in Iowa Code section 228.1(6). (II)

e. The health care facility that receives a resident who has been involuntarily transferred shall immediately formulate and implement a plan of care which takes into account possible adverse effects the transfer may cause. (II)

**64.36(11) *Transfer upon revocation of license or voluntary closure.*** Residents shall not have the right to a hearing to contest an involuntary discharge or transfer resulting from the revocation of the facility's license by the department of inspections and appeals. In the case of the voluntary closure of a facility, a period of 30 days must be allowed for an orderly transfer of residents to other facilities.

**64.36(12) *Intrafacility transfer.***

a. Residents shall not be arbitrarily relocated from room to room within a licensed health care facility. (I, II) Involuntary relocation may occur only in the following situations, which shall be documented in the resident's record: (II)

(1) A resident's incompatibility with or disturbance to other roommates.

(2) For the welfare of the resident or other residents of the facility.

(3) For medical, nursing or psychosocial reasons, as judged by the primary care provider, nurse or social worker in the case of a facility which groups residents by medical, nursing or psychosocial needs.

(4) To allow a new admission to the facility that would otherwise not be possible due to separation of roommates by sex.

(5) In the case of a resident whose source of payment was previously private, but who now is eligible for Title XIX (Medicaid) assistance, the resident may be transferred from a private room to a semiprivate room or from one semiprivate room to another.

(6) Reasonable and necessary administrative decisions regarding the use and functioning of the building.

b. Unreasonable and unjustified reasons for changing a resident's room without the concurrence of the resident or responsible party include:

(1) Change from private pay status to Title XIX, except as outlined in subparagraph 64.36(12) "a" (5). (II)

(2) As punishment or behavior modification, except as specified in subparagraph 64.36(12) "a" (1). (II)

(3) Discrimination on the basis of race or religion. (II)

c. If intrafacility relocation is necessary for reasons outlined in paragraph 64.36(12) "a," the resident shall be notified at least 48 hours prior to the transfer and the reason therefor shall be explained. The responsible party shall be notified as soon as possible. The notification shall be documented in the resident's record and signed by the resident or responsible party. (II)

d. If emergency relocation is required in order to protect the safety or health of the resident or other residents, the notification requirements may be waived. The conditions of the emergency shall be

documented. The family or responsible party shall be notified immediately or as soon as possible of the condition that necessitates emergency relocation, and such notification shall be documented. (II)

*e.* A transfer to a part of a facility that has a different license must be handled the same way as a transfer to another facility and not as an intrafacility transfer. (II, III)

[ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 1752C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—64.37 to 64.58** Rescinded IAB 7/26/89, effective 7/7/89.

**481—64.59(135C) County care facilities.** Rescinded ARC 0764C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13.

**481—64.60(135C) Federal regulations adopted—conditions of participation.** Regulations in 42 CFR Part 483, Subpart D, Sections 410 to 480 effective October 3, 1988, are adopted by reference and incorporated as part of these rules. A copy of these regulations is available on request from the Health Facilities Division, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

Classification of violations is I, II, and III, determined by the division using the provisions in 481—Chapter 56, “Fining and Citations,” to enforce a fine to cite a facility.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.2(3).

**481—64.61(135C) Federal regulations adopted—rights.** Regulations in 42 CFR Part 483, Subpart B, Sections 10, 12, 13, and 15 effective August 1, 1989, are adopted by reference and incorporated as part of these rules. Section 10 governs resident rights; Section 12, admission, transfer or discharge rights; Section 13, resident behavior and facility practices; and Section 15, quality of life. Classification of violations for all of these regulations is I and II. A copy is available on request from the Health Facilities Division, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

NOTE: The federal interpretive guidelines are printed immediately following 481—Chapter 64.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14(8).

**481—64.62(135C) Another business or activity in a facility.** A facility is allowed to have another business or activity in a health care facility or in the same physical structure of the facility, if the other business or activity is under the control of and is directly related to and incidental to the operation of the health care facility, or the business or activity is approved by the department and the state fire marshal.

To obtain the approval of the department and the state fire marshal, the facility must submit to the department a written request for approval which identifies the service(s) to be offered by the business and addresses the factors outlined in paragraphs “a” through “j” of this rule. (I, II, III)

**64.62(1)** The following factors will be considered by the department in determining whether a business or activity will interfere with the use of the facility by residents, interfere with services provided to residents, or be disturbing to residents:

- a.* Health and safety risks for residents;
- b.* Compatibility of the proposed business or activity with the facility program;
- c.* Noise created by the proposed business or activity;
- d.* Odors created by the proposed business or activity;
- e.* Use of entrances and exits for the business or activity in regard to safety and disturbance of residents and interference with delivery of services;
- f.* Use of the facility’s corridors or rooms as thoroughfares to the business or activity in regard to safety and disturbance of residents and interference with delivery of services;
- g.* Proposed staffing for the business or activity;
- h.* Sharing of services and staff between the proposed business or activity and the facility;
- i.* Facility layout and design; and
- j.* Parking area utilized by the business or activity.

**64.62(2)** Approval of the state fire marshal shall be obtained before approval of the department will be considered.

**64.62(3)** A business or activity conducted in a health care facility or in the same physical structure as a health care facility shall not reduce space, services or staff available to residents below minimums required in these rules. (I, II, III)

**481—64.63(135C) Respite care services.** Respite care services means an organized program of temporary supportive care provided for 24 hours or more to a person in order to relieve the usual caregiver of the person from providing continual care to the person. A facility which chooses to provide respite care services must meet the following requirements related to respite care services and must be licensed as a health care facility.

**64.63(1)** A facility which chooses to provide respite care services is not required to obtain a separate license or pay a license fee.

**64.63(2)** Rules regarding involuntary discharge or transfer rights do not apply to residents who are being cared for under a respite care contract.

**64.63(3)** The facility shall have a contract with each resident in the facility. When the resident is there for respite care services, the contract shall specify the time period during which the resident will be considered to be receiving respite care services. At the end of that period, the contract may be amended to extend that period of time. The contract shall specifically state the resident may be involuntarily discharged while being considered as a respite care resident. The contract shall meet other requirements for contracts between a health care facility and resident, except the requirements concerning the holding and charging for a bed when a resident is hospitalized or leaves the facility temporarily for recreational or therapeutic reasons.

**64.63(4)** Respite care services shall not be provided by a facility to persons requiring a level of care which is higher than the level of care the facility is licensed to provide.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.202, 10A.402, 135C.2(6), 135C.6(1), 135C.14, 135C.14(8), 135C.25, 135C.25(3), 135C.32, 135C.36, 227.4, 235B.1(6), and 235B.3(11).

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<sup>◇</sup> Two or more ARCs

<sup>1</sup> See IAB, Inspections and Appeals Department.

### **Interpretive Guidelines\*\***

#### **§440.150 Intermediate Care Facility Services, Other Than in Institutions for Mental Diseases**

##### **W101**

W101 is reassigned to §483.410(e). Section 442.251, the standard which requires that facilities meet the requirement for a State license, is redesignated to §483.410(e) and W101 is reassigned as well to afford a sense of continuity.

##### **W102**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410 Condition of participation: Governing body and management (a) Standard: Governing body**

##### **W103**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(a) The facility must identify an individual or individuals to constitute the governing body of the facility.**

##### **Guidance §483.410(a)**

If concerns are noted regarding the governing body, written documentation verifies that the facility has designated the individual or individuals to constitute the governing body and their titles.

##### **W104**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(a)(1) The governing body must exercise general policy, budget, and operating direction over the facility.**

##### **Guidance §483.410(a)(1)**

The governing body develops, monitors, and revises, as necessary, policies and operating directions which ensure the necessary staffing, training resources, equipment and environment to provide clients with active treatment and to provide for their health and safety.

Direction by the Governing Body includes areas such as health, safety, sanitation, maintenance and repair, and utilization and management of staff.

Condition level operational deficiencies may be associated with a failure by the Governing Body to exercise general direction of the facility.

##### **W105**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(a)(2) The governing body must set the qualifications (in addition to those already set by State law, if any) for the administrator of the facility.**

##### **Guidance §483.410(a)(2)**

The policies of the facility must include the qualifications of the administrator, and the qualifications are stated in the job description of the administrator.

##### **W106**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(a)(3) The governing body must appoint the administrator of the facility.**

##### **Guidance §483.410(a)(3)**

This appointment must be in writing.

**(b) Standard: Compliance with Federal, State and local laws**

**§483.410(b) The facility must be in compliance with all applicable provisions of Federal, State and local laws, regulations and codes pertaining to:**

##### **Guidance §483.410(b)**

The facility has no final adverse action by a Federal, State, or local authority. Such adverse actions include, but are not limited to fines, limitation on services that may be provided, or loss of licensure.

\*\*Editor's Note: Verbatim from federal regulations. Neither the Department nor the Iowa Administrative Code editors have changed the content of the guidelines.

The facility must be able to provide for review, current licenses and permits as well as applicable reports of inspections by State or local health authorities.

If a situation is identified indicating the provider may not be in compliance with Federal, State, or local law, refer that information to the authority having jurisdiction (AHJ) for follow-up actions. See W107, W108, or W109.

**W107**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(b) health,****Guidance §483.410(b)**

Reference the specific law, regulation, or code not met.

**W108**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(b) safety, and****Guidance §483.410(b)**

Reference the specific law, regulation, or code not met.

**W109**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(b) sanitation.****Guidance §483.410(b)**

Reference the specific law, regulation, or code not met.

**(c) Standard: Client Records**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**W110**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(c)(1) The facility must develop and maintain a record keeping system that includes a separate record for each client and;**

**W111**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(c)(1) that documents the client's health care, active treatment, social information, and protection of the client's rights.**

**Guidance §483.410(c)(1)**

The structure and content of a client's record must be an accurate, functional representation of the actual experience of the client in the facility.

The record should contain an accurate account of all information relevant to the client's health care, active treatment, social information and protection of the client's rights, such as communications, correspondence, program plans (to include both in-house and outside service programs), progress summaries, activity plans and activity participation, incidents, consent forms and all medical information.

If the records are maintained electronically, the facility staff should be able to access various parts of the record without difficulty. If they are unable to access components of the record upon request, then this may indicate a lack of training by the facility.

**W112**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(c)(2) The facility must keep confidential all information contained in the clients' records, regardless of the form or storage method of the records.**

**Guidance §483.410(c)(2)**

"Keep confidential" means safeguarding the content of information including video, audio, and/or computer stored information from unauthorized disclosure without the specific informed consent of the client, parent of a minor child, or legal guardian, and consistent with the advocate's right of access. Facility staff and consultants, hired to provide services to the client, sign confidentiality agreements before having access to client records and should have access to only that portion of information that is necessary to provide effective responsive services to the client.

These agreements should be renewed according to the policies of the facility. The agreement may stipulate that the agreements are in place until either the facility or member terminates the agreement.

The facility has in place safeguards to ensure that access to all information regarding clients is limited to those clients designated by Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) requirements, the Developmental Disabilities Act, State law and facility policy.

The facility should prevent any instances of unauthorized access or dissemination. For example, the staff is observed to leave the client record (hard copy or electronic version) in the living room of the house when visitors or persons not authorized to access client records are present. Client records must be secured when staff is not present.

The facility must develop and follow procedures for maintaining the confidentiality of client information during transport to medical appointments or to other locations outside the facility.

Confidentiality applies to both central records and information kept at dispersed locations. If there is information considered too confidential to place in the record used by all staff (e.g., identification of the family's financial assets, sensitive medical data), it may be retained in a companion record located in a secure location in the facility with a notation made in the primary record as to the location of confidential information. The facility must ensure that any client information provided to day services programs is maintained confidential.

The sharing of client specific information with members of the "specially constituted committee" required by §483.440(f)(3), who are not affiliated with the agency, does not violate a client's right to have information about him or her kept confidential. The committee must have relevant information to function properly.

Facility confidentiality safeguards include the development and implementation of written policies to assure that members of the specially constituted team maintain confidentiality. Such processes may include signed confidentiality agreements. These agreements should be renewed according to the policies of the facility. The agreement may stipulate that the agreements are in place until either the facility or member terminates the agreement.

#### **W113**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(c)(3) The facility must develop and implement policies and procedures governing the release of any client information, including consents necessary from the client, or parents (if the client is a minor) or legal guardian.**

#### **Guidance §483.410(c)(3)**

The facility develops and follows written policies governing the release of client information.

Release of any personally identifiable information does not occur unless consent(s) is obtained prior to the release.

These policies must address at a minimum who must give consent for the release of information from records. The policy and procedures should account for other situations involving the release of client information, such as:

- who should be notified when records have been released;
- procedures to be followed with subpoenas;
- time frames for providing requested information; and
- information regarding a client's HIV status may not be released without specific consent and may not be in the record if that consent has not been given.

#### **W114**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(c)(4) Any individual who makes an entry in a client's record must make it legibly, date it, and sign it.**

#### **Guidance §483.410(c)(4)**

Illegible writing in hard copy records can contribute to communication deficits among staff. Illegible writing which cannot be easily interpreted by facility staff upon surveyor request may constitute a safety issue.

Electronic signatures are acceptable in the electronic record system.

**W115**

**§483.410(c)(5) The facility must provide a legend to explain any symbol or abbreviation used in a client's record.**

**W116**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(c)(6) The facility must provide each identified residential living unit with appropriate aspects of each client's record.**

**Guidance §483.410(c)(6)**

“Appropriate” means those parts of each client's record are most likely (or known) to be needed by the residential staff to carry out the client's active treatment program in the unit; to alert staff to health risks and other aspects of medical treatment; to support the psychosocial needs of the client; to contact family or emergency contacts, and to provide anything else necessary to the staff's ability to work on behalf of the client.

The staff of the residential living unit has, and can access, all information which is relevant to implementing client program plans, appropriate care of, interaction with, and provision of services for the client.

**(d) Standard: Services provided under agreements with outside sources****W117**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(d)(1) If a service required under this subpart is not provided directly, the facility must have a written agreement with an outside program, resource, or service to furnish the necessary service, including emergency and other health care.**

**Guidance §483.410(d)(1)**

If a service is not provided directly, there must be a written agreement for such services.

Written agreements are required for emergency services such as dentists and pharmacies. For those services that require a visit to a hospital, the Intermediate Care Facilities for Individuals with Intellectual Disabilities (ICF/IID) typically utilizes services from an emergency department of the hospital, thus no written contract is required.

Federal statute (P.L. 94-142) requires all school-aged children to receive a free and appropriate school education. Therefore, a written agreement between ICF/IIDs and public schools is not necessary.

**W118**

**(d)(2)(i) Contain the responsibilities, functions, objectives, and other terms agreed to by both parties; and**

**W119**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(d)(2)(ii) Provide that the facility is responsible for assuring that the outside services meet the standards for quality of services contained in this subpart.**

**W120**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(d)(3) The facility must assure that outside services meet the needs of each client.**

**Guidance §483.410(d)(3)**

Outside services are any services needed by the clients and not provided directly by the facility (hospital visits, dental visits, day program services, etc.).

Programs and services must be coordinated between the facility and the outside service, and foster consistency of implementation across settings of teaching strategies and behavior management.

The facility monitors outside services on an ongoing basis to ensure that services provided are consistent with the needs of each client as identified in the Individual Program Plan (IPP). For example, if the facility is implementing a behavior management or a communication program for the client, it is shared with the outside program and implemented by the outside program (workshop, day program, etc.) and the outside program agrees to incorporate it into their day program. At periodic intervals, the facility staff visit or communicate with the outside program to verify consistency across the two settings.

With outside resources, it is the responsibility of the facility to assure that the services are provided in a safe clean environment, by appropriately qualified professions, and any untoward outcome of services are promptly addressed. If, in spite of attempts by the facility to assure compliance, the outside program does not implement the program for the client, then the facility remains responsible for the lack of active treatment.

**W121**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(d)(4) If living quarters are not provided in a facility owned by the ICF/IID, the ICF/IID remains directly responsible for the standards relating to physical environment that are specified in §483.470(a) through (g), (j) and (k).**

**Guidance §483.410(d)(4)**

Even though the facility's premises may be rented from a landlord, the facility must ensure that the requirements for physical environment are met, either through arrangement with the landlord or through the facility's own services.

**(e) Standard: Licensure**

**§483.420(a) Standard: Protection of Clients' Rights**

**The facility must ensure the rights of all clients. Therefore, the facility must**

**Guidelines §483.420(a)**

"Ensure" means that the facility actively asserts the individual's rights and does not wait for him or her to claim a right. This obligation exists even when the individual is less than fully competent and requires that the facility is actively engaged in activities which result in the pro-active assertion of the individual's rights, e.g., guardianship, advocacy, training programs, use of specially constituted committee, etc.

**§483.410(e) Standard: Licensure**

**W101**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.410(e) The facility must be licensed under applicable State and local law.**

**Guidance §483.410(e)**

The facility has a current, valid State license when required under State law.

**W122**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420 Condition of participation: Client protections**

**(a) Standard: Protection of clients' rights**

**§483.420(a) The facility must ensure the rights of all clients. Therefore the facility must**

**Guidance §483.420(a)**

The facility must ensure the client's rights and does not wait for him or her to claim a right. This obligation exists even when the client is less than fully competent and requires that the facility is actively engaged in activities which result in the protection of the client's rights, advocacy for individual clients who have no family or an inactive family, and training programs for clients and staff on the understanding and protection of client rights.

**W123**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(1) Inform each client, parent (if the client is a minor), or legal guardian, of the client's rights and the rules of the facility;**

**Guidance §483.420(a)(1)**

The obligation to inform requires that the facility presents information on rights to the client, his or her family or his or her legal guardian in a manner and form which they can understand. In most instances, family means parent. However, in those instances where parents are deceased or choose not to be active in the client's life and there is another family member who does wish to be active, but is not the legal guardian, this family member should be informed of the client's rights. Printed materials should be provided in understandable terms and provided in the language necessary to ensure understanding. Specialized methods, as indicated, should be provided for communication with clients, families or legal guardians with hearing or vision impairment.

Pro-active assertion of client rights includes, but is not limited to:

- Signed evidence that the client, his or her family and/or his or her legal guardian have been informed of the client's rights, and
- Evidence that the communication of these rights were provided at the client's level of comprehension, and in the language understandable to the client.

The obligation to inform also requires that the facility make some determination of whether the client and his or her family, or legal guardian understood the rights presented and made additional efforts to communicate the rights if the rights were not understood.

If the facility has written "rules of the facility", these rules must be communicated to the client, their family and or legal guardians at the time of admission and must not be in conflict with any of the rights listed in 42 CFR 483.420 (a) (1-13).

#### **W124**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(2) Inform each client, parent (if the client is a minor), or legal guardian, of the client's medical condition, developmental and behavioral status, attendant risks of treatment, and of the right to refuse treatment;**

#### **Guidance §483.420(a)(2)**

Clients, their families or legal guardians are promptly informed of any change in the client's medical or behavioral needs that requires immediate alteration to programmatic or medical intervention. Promptly is defined by the level of severity of the alteration. In each case, they must also be informed of the attendant risks of any recommended treatments or interventions and of their right to refuse treatment, training or services.

If parents or legal guardians wish for other members of the client's family to be informed of such changes, they must put this permission in writing.

The communication of this information must be provided in the manner and language understood by the client or their family or legal guardian (language boards, sign language, etc.).

The term "attendant risks of treatment" describes the risk vs. risk and risk vs. benefit associated with the treatment. These risks include possible side effects, other complications from treatments including medical and drug therapy, unintended consequences of treatment, other behavioral or psychological ramifications arising from treatment, etc.

The facility actively attempts to engage clients who refuse to participate in active treatment. While the regulation recognizes the client's right to refuse treatment, persistent refusal that impacts the health and safety of the client and/or others, or the ability to provide overall active treatment, may result in facility's consideration of alternative placements for the client. It is expected, however, that the facility has assessed the reason for refusal, and developed and implemented all possible interventions to engage the client in active treatment programs prior to referring the client to another therapeutic setting.

A client, his or her family member, or legal guardian who refuses a particular treatment (e.g., a behavior control, seizure control medication or a particular intervention strategy) must be offered information about acceptable alternatives to the treatment, if acceptable alternatives are available. The client's preference about alternatives should be elicited and considered in deciding on the course of treatment. If the client, family member, or legal guardian also refuses the alternative treatment, or if no alternative exists to the treatment refused, the facility must consider the effect this refusal may have on other clients, the client himself or herself, and if they can continue to provide services to the client consistent with these regulations.

If the facility is unable to provide services to a client due to consistent refusal to participate, they must weigh all options including an involuntary discharge. Involuntary discharge must be for good cause (see 483.440(b)(4)(i)).

When a client is considered for participation in experimental research the client, his/her family and/or legal guardian must be fully informed of the nature of the experiment (e.g., what medications or physical interventions will be utilized, the length of the research, any possible side effects and how the information from the research will be utilized). Information regarding the possible consequences of participating or not participating must be provided to the client, family member or legal guardian. The written consent

of the client, his/her family or legal guardian must be received prior to participation. For a client who is a minor or who has been adjudicated as incompetent, the written informed consent of the parents of the minor or the legal guardian is required. The signed, informed consent documentation must be in compliance with HHS Guidelines for Research Involving Human Subjects. The signed consent must also include a clear discussion of what treatments will be included in the research, the time limits for the research and should clearly inform the client, family member or legal guardian that the client may end participation at any time without fear of recrimination. If the research protocol indicates that clients receive compensation, then clients are compensated per the protocol.

Any research must be reviewed and approved by the Specially Constituted Committee. See W263.

#### **W125**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(3) Allow and encourage individual clients to exercise their rights as clients of the facility, and as citizens of the United States, including the right to file complaints, and the right to due process;**

**Guidance §483.420(a)(3)**

To the extent that a client is able, choices are made on his/her own. Each client has autonomy of decision making and choice.

They are free to move about without limitations imposed due to staff preferences or staff convenience.

Clients are not restricted without due cause or due process.

To the extent that the client is able to make decisions for him or herself, it is inappropriate to delegate the person's right to others (e.g. parents, family members, etc.).

The facility has an obligation to assure client health and safety and must balance that obligation with the rights of clients.

If the facility has implemented a restriction, the following should be in place:

- An assessment supporting the need for the restriction;
- An individualized behavior plan to reduce the need for the restriction has been developed and implemented;
- A written informed consent for the behavior plan which includes the restriction;
- Approval of the Specially Constituted Committee; and
- Monitoring by the Committee of the progress of the training program, designed to reduce and eventually eliminate the restriction.

Clients, families, and legal guardians have the right to register a complaint with the facility and the State Survey Agency. If so, the facility must respond promptly and appropriately. The facility must ensure protection of the client from any form of reprisal or intimidation as a result of a complaint or grievance reported by the client, family, or legal guardian.

Issues involving the exercise of constitutional rights such as voting should be addressed as a component of the IPP when the Interdisciplinary Team (IDT) determines a need for training. Clients who have been adjudged to need guardianship or have been assessed as needing assistance to advocate for themselves should receive assistance or support so they may exercise their rights as citizens of the United States.

#### **W126**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(4) Allow individual clients to manage their financial affairs and teach them to do so to the extent of their capabilities;**

**Guidance §483.420(a)(4)**

The regulation is clear that in those cases where a client already possesses the skills necessary to independently manage their own financial affairs, the facility will allow the client to continue to do so. Formal training in financial management must be provided for all other clients in the facility to the extent of their capabilities. The regulation places the responsibility for determining the extent of the client's capabilities in this matter upon an assessment and interdisciplinary process within the facility.

To reach a determination as to whether a money management program is appropriate, the facility IDT uses the comprehensive functional assessment (CFA) to evaluate the ability of each client to participate in such a program. Under 42 C.F.R. 483.440(c)(3), the team evaluation must establish, through



documentation, that the IDT considers all of the objective data within the assessment in reaching their determination, especially the identification of client skills which can be used across training programs. Examples of assessment findings that may be considered by the IDT include skills that can be cross-utilized in training programs such as:

1. Fine motor coordination;
2. The ability to make choices;
3. The ability to identify preferences; and
4. Cognitive abilities including tracking, attention span, communication, and the client's ability to understand the cause and effect. (The client understands of cause and effect is significant in the determination.)

Money management includes a broad spectrum of programs with varying levels of participation by the client ranging from the use of choice in money expenditures, to an understanding of the concept of money, and ultimately to actual money handling and budgeting. The IDT must not conclude that a money management program is inappropriate based solely upon the level of intellectual or physical disability of the client.

The CFA must be reviewed at least annually per 42 C.F.R.483.440(f)(2). As a part of this annual review, a client's ability to participate in money management will also be reviewed. The annual review should always include an update to the CFA and take into consideration any changes in the client's circumstances since the last IPP. The need for a formal money management program must be addressed in every client's IPP by the IDT on an annual basis.

The determination of the appropriateness of a formal money management program is made by the IDT and must be based upon a CFA. The IDT discussions resulting in that determination must be established through documentation in the client's IPP.

#### **W127**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(5) Ensure that clients are not subjected to physical, verbal, sexual or psychological abuse or punishment;**

#### **Guidance §483.420(a)(5)**

Identification of patterns or isolated instances of physical, verbal, sexual or psychological abuse or punishment without prompt identification and corrective action by the facility would result in a non-compliance determination for this Standard and Condition level non-compliance.

The facility must develop and implement systems that protect clients from all forms of abuse, neglect, or mistreatment, including client to client abuse, neglect, or mistreatment.

a. The facility is expected to ensure that staff possess and demonstrate needed competencies to effectively and appropriately interact with clients.

b. The facility must monitor to assure that systems are effectively implemented and the facility takes immediate actions to address circumstances where abuse, neglect, or mistreatment have occurred and prevent reoccurrence.

c. The facility must be organized in such a manner as to proactively assure clients are free from any threat to their physical and psychological health and safety.

d. The facility must act to prevent physical, verbal, sexual or psychological abuse. If the facility fails to implement appropriate corrective action, the potential of additional threats to the clients remain at the facility.

“Threat”, for the purposes of this guideline, is considered any condition/situation which could cause or result in severe, temporary or permanent injury or harm to the mental or physical condition of clients, or in their death.

“Abuse”, for the purposes of this guideline, is the willful infliction of injury, unreasonable confinement, intimidation or punishment with the resulting physical harm, pain or personal anguish.

Physical abuse refers to any action intended to cause physical harm or pain, trauma or bodily harm (e.g., hitting, slapping, punching, kicking, pinching, etc.). It includes the use of corporal punishment as well as the use of any restrictive, intrusive procedure to control inappropriate behavior for purposes of punishment.

Verbal abuse refers to any use of insulting, demeaning, disrespectful, oral, written or gestured language directed towards and in the presence of the client. Psychological abuse includes, but is not limited to, humiliation, harassment, and threats of punishment or deprivation, sexual coercion and intimidation (e.g. living in fear in one's own home). Since many clients residing in ICF/IIDs are unable to communicate feelings of fear, humiliation, etc. associated with abusive episodes, the assumption is made that any actions that would usually be viewed as psychologically or verbally abusive by a member of the general public, would also be viewed as abusive by the client residing in the ICF/IID, regardless of that client's perceived ability to comprehend the nature of the incident.

Sexual abuse includes any incident where a client is coerced or manipulated to participate in any form of sexual activity for which the client did not give affirmative permission (or gave affirmative permission without the attendant understanding required to give permission) or sexual assault against a client who is unable to defend him/herself.

The facility must implement, through policies, oversight and training, safeguards to ensure that clients are not subjected to abuse by anyone including, but not limited to, facility staff, consultants or volunteers, staff of other agencies serving the client, family members or legal guardians, friends, other clients, or the general public.

The facility must take whatever action is necessary to protect the clients residing there. For example, if a facility is forced by court order or arbitration rulings to retain or reinstate an employee found to be abusive, the facility must take measures to protect the clients of the facility (such as assigning the employee to an area where there is no contact with clients).

#### **W128**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(6) Ensure that clients are free from unnecessary drugs and physical restraints and are provided active treatment to reduce dependency on drugs and physical restraints;**

#### **Guidance §483.420(a)(6)**

The facility must implement an aggressive active treatment program, which includes appropriate replacement behaviors, to address the reduction/elimination of physical restraints and drugs to manage behaviors.

For purposes of this Guideline drugs to manage behavior are "unnecessary" if there is evidence the drugs are being used:

- In excessive dose (duplicate therapy);
- For excessive duration;
- Not monitored adequately;
- Without adequate indications for its use;
- With adverse consequences which indicate the dose should be reduced or discontinued; or
- Any combination of the reasons listed above.

The long term use of a drug/physical restraint to manage behavior combined with one or more of the following may indicate unnecessary use:

- The client's developmental and/or behavioral needs are not being met and the appropriateness of less restrictive approaches to manage inappropriate behaviors should be questioned;
- Staff behavior may be prompting behaviors in clients which result in the chronic use of physical restraints and drugs to control behavior;
- Staff may have inadequate training and/or experience to provide active treatment and employ preventive measures;

Restraints applied for behaviors when less restrictive measures have not been tried or have been tried and found to be just as effective.

#### **W129**

**(Rev. 144, Issued: 08-14-15, Effective: 08-14-15, Implementation: 08-14-15)**

**§483.420(a)(7) Provide each client with the opportunity for personal privacy and**

#### **Guidance §483.420(a)(7)**

The facility must provide areas within the living area in which the client can have time to be alone, when appropriate, and to have privacy (their conversations cannot be overheard) for personal

interactions/activities. There should be a location where the client can meet privately with family and/or friends and a telephone available where he/she can hold private telephone conversations.

Personal privacy for clients also includes the right to have certain personal information about them kept confidential. Staff should not discuss one client in front of others (clients, parents, legal guardians, visitors, etc.) and should not post personal information about clients in areas where other clients, families and the public can read the information.

Video/audio taping or live feed must not be used in place of or for the convenience of staff. The facility may install video/audio equipment for purposes of observing client/staff interactions. Video/audio equipment may only be installed in common areas (in no case may videotaping or live feed be done in bathrooms or areas where private visits are conducted). The clients, families and/or legal guardians of the clients residing in the areas where videotaping or live feed will occur must give informed consent for the installation and must be assured that no personal privacy will be jeopardized. The use of the equipment must be presented at and approved by the specially constituted committee for the facility prior to the installation of video or audio devices.

Motion sensors should not be considered cameras.

#### **W130**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(7) ensure privacy during treatment and care of personal needs;**

**Guidance §483.420(a)(7)**

Clients must be provided privacy during personal hygiene activities (e.g., toileting, bathing, dressing) and during medical/nursing treatments that require exposure of one's body.

People not involved in the care of the client should not be present without their consent while they are being examined or treated.

Whenever possible, the facility should be sensitive to clients' preferences for same sex care in private situations.

#### **W131**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(8) Ensure that clients are not compelled to perform services for the facility and**

**Guidance §483.420(a)(8)**

Clients are not required or expected to be a source of labor for a facility. The client must not be required or expected to do productive work for the facility, other than appropriate care of one's own personal space or shared responsibilities for common areas.

#### **W132**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(8) ensure that clients who do work for the facility are compensated for their efforts at prevailing wages and commensurate with their abilities;**

**Guidance §483.420(a)(8)**

“Work”, as used in the regulation, means any directed activity, or series of related activities which results in a benefit to the economy of the facility or in a contribution to its maintenance, or in the production of a salable product. In deciding whether a particular activity constitutes “work” as defined above, the key determinant is whether the facility would be required to hire additional full or part-time staff (or pay overtime to existing staff) to perform the service the client is asked to perform.

Clients volunteering to do real work that benefits the facility should give informed consent for such practices and understand that by providing employable services they are able to be compensated. This does not preclude a client from helping out a friend or being kind to others. Self-care activities related to the care of one's own person or property are not considered “work” for purposes of compensation.

In general, participation in any household task which promotes greater independent functioning and assists the client to prepare for less restrictive setting (and which the client has not yet learned) is permitted as long as tasks are included in the IPP in written behavioral and measurable terms. This participation must be supervised, and indices of performance should be available. No task may be performed for the convenience of staff (e.g., supervising clients, running personal errands).

“Compensated” means the client is provided with money or other forms of negotiable compensation for work (including work performed in an occupational training program) and such compensation is to be used at the client’s discretion.

Prevailing wage refers to the wage paid to non-disabled workers in nearby industry or the surrounding community for essentially the same type, quality and quantity of work or work requiring comparable skills. A client who works in the facility must be paid at least the prevailing minimum wage, unless an appropriate certificate has been obtained by the facility in accordance with current regulations and guidelines issued under the Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended.

Any client performing “work”, as defined above, must be compensated in direct proportion to his or her output. The facility should utilize Department of Labor and/or Department of Vocational Rehabilitation formulas and techniques for determining rate of pay. A client’s pay is not dependent on the production of other clients when he or she works in a group.

When the client’s active treatment program includes assignment to occupational or vocational training or work, specific work objectives of anticipated progress should be included in the IPP along with reasons for the assignments. If the training of clients on particular occupational activities or functions involves “real work” to be accomplished for the facility, the clients must be compensated based on ability. For example, if in the process of work training activities which involve learning to clean a floor, the floor for a particular building is cleaned and does not require further janitorial cleanup, then the client must be compensated for this activity at the prevailing wage.

#### **W133**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(9) Ensure clients the opportunity to communicate, associate and meet privately with individuals of their choice,**

**Guidance §483.420(a)(9)**

Privacy must be provided for both face-to-face interactions and electronic interactions.

The facility must provide opportunities for the client to communicate, through regular mail, telephone and/or electronic mail and meet in private with persons of their choice (e.g., friends from the community, family members, and advocates). There may be instances where legal guardians override the wishes of the client. In these instances, the facility should be actively working with the legal guardian and the client to reach the maximum agreeable level of interaction for the client.

Space must be provided for clients to receive visitors in reasonable comfort and privacy.

#### **W134**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(9) and to send and receive unopened mail;**

**Guidance §483.420(a)(9)**

Clients must be provided the opportunity to send/receive all types of mail unopened and read the contents themselves if able. If the staff has to open and read mail to the client, this should be done in a private place allowing the client as much participation as possible.

Clients who have their own electronic equipment must be provided the opportunity to send, receive, and read electronic mail with privacy.

#### **W135**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(10) Ensure that clients have access to telephones with privacy for incoming and outgoing local and long distance calls except as contraindicated by factors identified within their individual program plans;**

**Guidance §483.420(a)(10)**

Any restriction of telephone access must be explained in the IPP with a plan to advance the client’s access. For persons with hearing loss who could benefit, Text Telephone (TTY) services or other accommodations should be provided.

As with any other rights restriction, the restriction must be addressed in the IPP, written informed consent obtained, and the plan must be reviewed and approved by the specially constituted committee.

#### **W136**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(11) Ensure clients the opportunity to participate in social, religious, and community group activities;**

**Guidance §483.420(a)(11)**

Clients should be offered the opportunity to participate in various types of activities in the community (e.g., going to grocery stores, hair salons, restaurants, places of worship, pharmacies, community meetings and events) based on their interests and choices. The facility must make accommodations for physical issues such as hearing impairment and mobility limitations. In addition, clients should be taught the applicable skills to participate in their choice of activities to the fullest extent of their abilities. It is not acceptable for all client activities to be provided in the facility.

When a client is identified to be on restriction from community integration opportunities, interview clients, families, legal guardians and staff to determine if due process was afforded for this restriction and whether the restriction is included in the IPP.

In the event of a court placement that restricts community access, due process does not apply.

There should be evidence that the facility assists and encourages all clients, regardless of functioning levels, to have input into the decisions on community integration activities.

It is not acceptable to require clients to attend unwanted activities due to staffing considerations.

**W137**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(12) Ensure that clients have the right to retain and use appropriate personal possessions and clothing, and**

**Guidance §483.420(a)(12)**

Clients should have personal possessions and clothing which meet their needs, interests and choices.

Clients should have free access to their own possessions and clothing. When considering whether a client has free access to their personal possessions and clothing, ensure that physical limitations have been addressed.

Clients who are unable to access and use personal possessions and clothing appropriately are involved in programs to learn the necessary skills to do so.

In situations where the behavior of one or more clients in a living area prevents free access to personal possessions for each client, the facility must develop IPPs for the client with disruptive behavior. The facility must also ensure that during the implementation of this program plan that none of the other clients have their rights infringed upon. Clients should not be without personal possessions because of the behavior of others with whom they live.

All client possessions, regardless of their apparent value to others are treated with respect for what they may represent to the client. Where those choices include socially stigmatizing materials, the facility should provide learning opportunities to make more socially appropriate choices. The facility should encourage clients to use or display possessions of his or her choice in a culturally normative manner.

If a method for identifying personal effects is used, it should be inconspicuous and in a manner that will assist the client to identify them.

“Appropriate” clothing means a supply of clothing that is sufficient, in good repair, accounts for a variety of occasions and seasons, and appropriate to age, size, gender, and level of activity. Modification or adaptation of clothing fasteners should be considered based on the needs of a client with a physical disability to become more independent.

As appropriate, each client’s active treatment program maximizes opportunities for choice and self-direction with regard to choosing and shopping for clothing which enhances his or her appearance, and selecting daily clothing in accordance with age, sex and cultural norms.

Clients are permitted to keep personal clothing and possessions for their use while in the facility. Determine how the facility both ensures the safety of personal possessions while at the same time providing client access to them when the client chooses.

Clients are provided the opportunity, encouraged, and trained to use age-appropriate materials. The term “age-appropriate” refers to anything that reinforces recognition of the client as a person of a certain chronological age. Clients who choose to keep items traditionally used by children such as dolls or

model cars are not an automatic citation. There must be evidence the facility is encouraging the client to use these possessions in a socially appropriate, non-stigmatizing manner. The facility's environment must be furnished with materials and activities that will enhance opportunities for growth.

**W138**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(a)(12) ensure that each client is dressed in his or her own clothing each day; and**

**Guidance §483.420(a)(12)**

Clothing such as pajamas, underwear, socks, hats, mittens/gloves, and coats should be the personal property of the client and not considered "stock" items. There should be no communal clothes. If clients are unable to do their own personal laundry the facility must ensure that clothing is properly laundered and returned to the appropriate client.

The staff of the facility should ensure that clients dress appropriately for the season and the occasion by implementing training programs or guidance for the client as indicated.

**W139**

**§483.420(a)(13) Permit a husband and wife who both reside in the facility to share a room.**

**§483.420(b) Standard: Client Finances**

**(b)(1) The facility must establish and maintain a system that**

**W140**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(b)(1)(i) Assures a full and complete accounting of clients' personal funds entrusted to the facility on behalf of clients; and**

**Guidance §483.420(b)(1)(i)**

All purchases made using client personal funds must be itemized in the accounting record with the exception of pocket money. Pocket money given to the client does not need to be itemized. Pocket money should be considered a nominal amount of five dollars or less at a time. Funds provided by the facility and dispensed to a client as part of a program to train the client in money management, and funds that are not entrusted to the facility (e.g., funds paid directly to the client's representative payee) do not require accounting.

In those instances where a legal guardian or the individual client is in control of their personal funds, no accounting is necessary by the facility.

**W141**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(b)(1)(ii) Precludes any commingling of client funds with facility funds or with the funds of any person other than another client.**

**Guidance §483.420(b)(1)(ii)**

If the facility elects to pool clients' funds in an interest-bearing account, including common trust accounts, it is expected to know the interest separately accrued by each client, as part of its required accounting of funds. Interest accumulated to a client's account belongs to the client, not the facility.

**W142**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(b)(2) The client's financial record must be available on request to the client, parents (if the client is a minor) or legal guardian.**

**Guidance §483.420(b)(2)**

Those persons having legal authority to access the accounting records for personal funds such as the client, parent, or legal guardians should be afforded access upon request unless there is documented rationale for withholding the information.

It is not necessary that a facility furnish an annual financial statement to the client, or the client's parent or legal guardian, since the facility is already required to make the financial record available at any time upon request. The client, parent, and/or legal guardian, in turn, is free to choose to make the financial record available to anyone else.

**(c) Standard: Communication with clients, parents, and guardians.**

**§483.420(c)**

**The Facility must –  
W143**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(c)(1) Promote participation of parents (if the client is a minor) and legal guardians in the process of providing active treatment to a client unless their participation is unobtainable or inappropriate;**

**Guidance §483.420(c)(1)**

The facility must maintain an on-going effort to communicate with parents, family members and/or legal guardians regarding the implementation of active treatment programs for the client. The facility encourages and engages parents, family members and legal guardians in the continued implementation of active treatment programs even while spending time outside of the facility setting.

“Unobtainable”, for the purposes of this guideline, means that the facility has made a good faith effort to seek parental or legal guardian participation in the process, even though the effort may ultimately be unsuccessful (for example, the parent may be impossible to locate or may prove unwilling or unable to participate).

“Inappropriate”, for the purposes of this guideline, means that behavior of the parent or legal guardian could be disruptive or detrimental to the client’s program outcome. In this case, determine what the facility has done to bring effective resolution to the problem.

**W144**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(c)(2) Answer communications from clients’ families and friends promptly and appropriately;**

**Guidance §483.420(c)(2)**

It is reasonable to expect that the facility will provide at least an interim response to inquiries from the client’s families and friends within 48 hours.

**W145**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(c)(3) Promote visits by individuals with a relationship to the client (such as family, close friends, legal guardians and advocates) at any reasonable hour, without prior notice, consistent with the right of that client’s and other clients’ privacy, unless the interdisciplinary team determines that the visit would not be appropriate;**

**Guidance §483.420(c)(3)**

Any limitations on visitors must be implemented as a result of IDT evaluation and discussion and be documented. This documentation should include evidence of approval from the specially constituted committee. Decisions to restrict a visitor for an individual client must be reviewed and re-evaluated each time the IPP is reviewed or at the client’s request. Broad restrictions on visitors such as times of the day or certain days of the week are a violation of this requirement.

**W146**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(c)(4) Promote visits by parents or guardians to any area of the facility that provides direct client care services to the client, consistent with the right of that client’s and other clients’ privacy;**

**W147**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(c)(5) Promote frequent and informal leaves from the facility for visits, trips, or vacations; and**

**Guidance §483.420(c)(5)**

The facility should assist and encourage the client to communicate with their families or legal guardians concerning possible outside visits and vacations as frequently as possible. When the client does schedule a trip or vacation, the facility must ensure that all necessary preparation is completed to facilitate the departure.

The facility should not sponsor or allow clients to take a particular type of trip that would jeopardize their safety or health without consultation with parents/legal guardians and/or the IDT.

**W148****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.420(c)(6) Notify promptly the client's parents or guardian of any significant incidents, or changes in the client's condition including, but not limited to, serious illness, accident, death, abuse, or unauthorized absence.****Guidance §483.420(c)(6)**

“Significant” incidents or changes in the client's condition include serious injury, unusual seizure activity, hospitalization, serious illness, accident, death, allegations of abuse, neglect, or mistreatment, unauthorized absence, or any notifications the parent or legal guardian's requests.

It is reasonable to expect the facility to contact the family or legal guardian of a client as soon as possible after an incident occurs, but no later than 24 hours after the incident. If notification is done via electronic mail, the facility must request a response from the e- mail recipient to confirm notification. Telephone notification must be accomplished by talking to the person directly. If a message is left, the facility must request a call back to confirm receipt of the notification.

Contact by letter may be utilized as follow up confirmation, but not be the initial, primary or sole mode of communication with the family or legal guardian.

If unable to contact the family or legal guardian, there should be evidence that the facility attempted to reach alternate emergency contacts.

Requests from clients who are their own guardian to limit notifications to their families must be honored.

**(d) Standard: Staff treatment of clients.****W149****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.420(d)(1) The facility must develop and implement written policies and procedures that prohibit mistreatment, neglect or abuse of the client.****Guidance §483.420(d)(1)**

The facility, through implementation of its policies, must set up a structure that screens and trains employees, protects clients and prevents, identifies, investigates and reports abuse, neglect and mistreatment of clients.

The policies must designate who (either by name or title) has the authority to act in the Administrator's absence and take any immediate corrective actions necessary to assure a client's safety such as removing a staff person from direct client contact.

“Mistreatment”, for the purposes of this guideline, includes behavior or facility practices that result in any type of client exploitation such as financial, physical, sexual, or criminal. Mistreatment also refers to the use of behavioral management techniques outside of their use as approved by the specially constituted committee and facility policies and procedures.

“Neglect” means failure to provide goods and services necessary to avoid physical harm, mental anguish or mental illness. Staff failure to intervene appropriately to prevent self- injurious behavior may constitute neglect. Staff failure to implement facility safeguards, once client to client aggression is identified, may also constitute neglect.

Refer to W127 for definitions of abuse.

**W150****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.420(d)(1)(i) Staff of the facility must not use physical, verbal, sexual or psychological abuse or punishment.****W151****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.420(d)(1)(ii) Staff must not punish a client by withholding food or hydration that contributes to a nutritionally adequate diet.****W152****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.420(d)(1)(iii) The facility must prohibit the employment of individuals with a conviction or prior employment history of child or client abuse, neglect or mistreatment.**



**Guidance §483.420(d)(1)(iii)**

The facility is required to screen potential employees for a prior employment history of child or client abuse, neglect or mistreatment, as well as for any conviction based on those offenses. The abuse, neglect or mistreatment must have been directed toward a child or a client/resident/patient of a health care facility in order for the prohibition of employment to apply.

No one with a conviction or substantiated allegation of child or client abuse, neglect or mistreatment regardless of employment date, is employed by the facility. This requirement also applies to acts of abuse, neglect or mistreatment committed by a current ICF/IID employee outside the jurisdiction of the ICF/IID (e.g., in the community or in another health care facility). The facility must follow state guidelines or requirements for background checks to assure that they make every effort to check new employee's background.

Where the facility has terminated an employee based upon confirmation that abuse, neglect or mistreatment occurred during the employee's performance, and the termination decision was overturned by either arbitration finding or a court finding, the employee must be returned to a position which does not involve direct contact between that employee and clients of the facility.

A person who abused a resident in a nursing facility, and as a result, is barred from employment in the nursing home setting would also be prohibited from employment in the ICF/IID. While facilities are not required to periodically screen existing employees, if the facility becomes aware that such action has been taken against an employee, the facility is required to prohibit continued employment. This is also true of any conviction in a court of law for child, elder, or client (resident, patient) abuse, neglect or mistreatment. Therefore, conviction for abusing one's own child is also a reason employment would be prohibited.

**W153**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(d)(2) The facility must ensure that all allegations of mistreatment, neglect or abuse, as well as injuries of unknown source, are reported immediately to the administrator or to other officials in accordance with State law through established procedures.**

**Guidance §483.420(d)(2)**

Injuries of unknown source that give rise to a suspicion that they may be the result of abuse or neglect, should be reported immediately.

An injury should be reported as an "injury of unknown source" when:

- The source of the injury was not witnessed by any person and the source of the injury could not be explained by the client; and
- The injury raises suspicions of possible abuse or neglect because of the extent of the injury or the location of the injury (e.g., the injury is located in an area not generally vulnerable to trauma) or the number of injuries observed at one particular point in time or the incidence of injuries over time.

It is important to note that members of the ICF/IID population are a mobile population and lead active lives. Therefore, they experience normal day-to-day bumps and minor abrasions as they go about their lives. These minor occurrences which are not of serious consequence to the individual and do not present as a suspicious or repetitive injury (as discussed above) should be recorded by the facility staff once they are aware of them and follow-up should be conducted as indicated. For injuries that do not rise to the level of reportable "injuries of unknown source", the facility should follow its policies and procedures for incident recording, investigation, and tracking.

The facility must immediately report any suspicious injuries of unknown source and all allegations of mistreatment, neglect or abuse to a client residing in the facility regardless of who is the alleged perpetrator (e.g., facility staff, parents, legal guardians, volunteer staff from outside agencies serving the client, neighbors, or other clients, etc.).

If state law requires reporting to an agency or entity other than the administrator, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) expects the administrator to be notified as well, in order to ensure facility response to promptly safeguard the client(s).

For the purposes of this regulation "immediately" means there should be no delay between staff awareness of the occurrence and reporting to the administrator or other officials in accordance with

State law unless the situation is unstable in which case reporting should occur as soon as the safety of all clients is assured.

**W154**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(d)(3) The facility must have evidence that all alleged violations are thoroughly investigated and**

**Guidance §483.420(d)(3)**

In the absence of any pre-survey information that would indicate the need for a more thorough review of reports of investigation, review 5 percent of the total client investigations for the last three (3) months (but no less than 10).

A thorough investigation includes at a minimum:

- The collection of all interviews, statements, physical evidence and any pertinent maps, pictures or diagrams;
- Review of all information;
- Resolution of any discrepancies;
- Summary of conclusions; and
- Recommendations for action both to safeguard all the clients during the investigation and after the completion of the report.

If patterns of possible abuse, mistreatment or neglect are identified, or the incident report logs for the past three (3) months indicate an extremely high incident rate, then a full review of the incidents for the past three (3) months should be completed.

**W155**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(d)(3) must prevent further potential abuse while the investigation is in progress.**

**Guidance §483.420(d)(3)**

The facility must take all measures necessary to protect the client, including removal of the staff from working with the client if indicated. See W154.

**W156**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(d)(4) The results of all investigations must be reported to the administrator or designated representative or to other officials in accordance with State law within five working days of the incident and,**

**Guidance §483.420(d)(4)**

Some states require that allegations of abuse must be reported to the police. A police investigation may take longer than five (5) working days. Their investigation does not change the requirement that the facility must complete an internal investigation report of findings within the five day timeframe. When outside authorities are involved, the facility will still be required to complete their investigation within five days to the extent authorized by such entities. "Working days" means Monday through Friday, excluding state and Federal holidays.

**W157**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.420(d)(4) if the alleged violation is verified, appropriate corrective action must be taken.**

**Guidance §483.420(d)(4)**

The facility is required to ensure that clients residing in the facility are not subjected to physical, verbal, sexual or psychological abuse or punishment.

Appropriate corrective action is required for findings of abuse, neglect or mistreatment by other clients residing in the facility, staff of outside agencies, parents or any other person, and for injuries to clients resulting from controllable environmental factors.

If the facility receives allegations of abuse, neglect, or mistreatment of a client during out of facility visits with their family, they must report these allegations to the appropriate state authority for investigation. The facility does not have to conduct an internal investigation regarding the alleged violation.

Appropriate corrective action is defined as that action which is reasonably likely to prevent the abuse, neglect, mistreatment or injury from recurring.

This regulation does not require staff termination as the only appropriate corrective action.

The corrective action imposed by the facility is commensurate with the violation.

When a facility is forced to re-hire a staff person, determined by the facility investigation to have been responsible for abuse, neglect, or mistreatment, the facility continues to be responsible for ensuring the health and safety of the clients, and ensures that those staff members do not work directly with clients.

#### **W158**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430 Condition of participation: Facility staffing.**

**(a) Standard: Qualified intellectual disability professional**

#### **W159**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(a) Each client's active treatment program must be integrated, coordinated and monitored by a qualified intellectual disability professional who –**

**Guidance §483.430(a)**

The position of qualified intellectual disability professional (QIDP) is unique to the ICF/IID program. This position can be central to the overall responsiveness and effectiveness of an active treatment program. Whether a supervisory or non-supervisory position, the QIDP is responsible to:

- Orchestrate all facets of the active treatment effort, including the IDT creation of relevant IPPs tailored to meet individual client needs;
- Effectively coordinate internal and external program services and supports to facilitate the acquisition of client skills and adaptive behaviors; and
- Promote competent interactions of residential staff with clients in program implementation and behavior management.

Breakdowns in the provision of needed services does not automatically equate with deficient practice with QIDP regulations. Non-compliance with QIDP regulations exist where the facility has failed to provide a QIDP or sufficient numbers of QIDPs to effectively perform these required functions or the QIDP(s) has failed to assertively attempt to integrate, coordinate and/or monitor each client's active treatment program.

Elements of integrating, coordinating and monitoring active treatment programs include:

- Routinely observing clients across settings in program areas to assess effectiveness of program implementation and consistency of training effort to determine effectiveness of IPPs and making timely modifications to facilitate achieving desired skills or goals.
- Routinely interacting with program staff across settings to assist in determining the effectiveness and continued relevance of program plans in meeting identified client needs.
- Determining the need for program revision based on client performance.
- Identifying inconsistencies in training approaches or programs not being implemented as written and facilitating the resolution of these inconsistencies.
- Assures follow-up occurs for any recommendation for services, equipment or programs so that needed services and supplies are provided in a timely manner to meet the client's needs.

The number of QIDPs will vary depending on such factors as the number of clients the facility serves, the complexity of needs manifested by these clients, the number, qualifications and competencies of additional professional staff members, and whether or not other duties are assigned to the QIDP function. The QIDP function may not be delegated to other employees even though the QIDP co-signs their work.

#### **W160**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(a)(1) Has at least one year of experience working directly with persons with intellectual disability or other developmental disabilities; and**

**Guidance §483.430(a)(1)**

“Experience” means providing professional or direct services, either paid or volunteer, in a setting that serves persons with intellectual disabilities. The experience working directly with persons with

intellectual or other developmental disabilities can be obtained prior to or after obtaining the qualifying degree or credentials.

**§483.430(a)(2) Is one of the following:**

**W161**

**(a)(2)(i) A doctor of medicine osteopathy.**

**W162**

**(a)(2)(ii) A registered nurse.**

**W163**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(a)(2)(iii) An individual who holds at least a bachelor's degree in a professional category specified in paragraph (b)(5) of this section**

**Guidance §483.430(a)(2)(iii)**

The individual must have at least a bachelor's degree in one of the professions listed in §483.430(b)(5)(i-xi)

**(b) Standard: Professional program services**

**W164**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430 (b)(1) Each client must receive the professional program services needed to implement the active treatment program defined by each client's individual program plan.**

**Guidance §483.430 (b)(1)**

The effectiveness of the active treatment effort is dependent on a facility's assembly of a competent team of professional program staff, with knowledge of contemporary care practices in intellectual disabilities specific to their field of expertise, that work cooperatively as members of an IDT. The facility is responsible for the acquisition of professional staff necessary to provide direct and indirect professional services to meet client needs.

Professional program services are those services that meet the needs identified by a client's CFA that must be provided by a member of a vocation founded upon specialized education/training.

Professional staff services also include on-going monitoring of the effectiveness of programs and plans developed by professional staff but implemented by non -professional staff.

Indirect professional staff services also include on-going, technical support to staff implementing these programs as well as timely assessment of the need for modification of the program with appropriate communication to the QIDP and IDT.

The needs identified in the initial CFA, as required in §483.440(c)(3)(v), should guide the team in deciding if a particular professional's involvement is necessary and, if so, to what extent professional involvement must continue on a direct or indirect basis.

Since such needed professional expertise may fall within the purview of multiple professional disciplines, based on overlapping training and experience, determine if the facility's delivery of professional services is adequate by the extent to which clients' needs are aggressively and competently addressed. Some examples in which professional expertise may overlap include, but are not limited to:

- Physical development and health: nurse, dietitian, pharmacist.
- Nutritional status: nurse, nutritionist or dietitian.
- Sensorimotor development: educators, recreation therapists, and occupational therapist, physical therapist.
- Affective (emotional) development: special educators, social workers, psychologists, psychiatrists, mental health counselors, rehabilitation counselors, behavior therapists, behavior management specialists, behavior analyst, and medical staff.
- Speech and language (communication) development: speech-language pathologists, special educators for people who are deaf or hearing impaired, and medical staff.
- Auditory functioning: audiologists (basic or comprehensive audiologic assessment and use of amplification equipment); speech-language pathologists (like audiologists, may perform aural rehabilitation); special educators for clients who are hearing impaired and medical staff.

- Cognitive development: teachers (if required by law, e.g., school aged children, or if pursuit of GED is indicated), behavior analysts, psychologists, speech-language pathologists.
- Vocational development: occupational therapists, vocational rehabilitation counselors, or other work specialists (if development of specific vocational skills or work placement is indicated).
- Social Development: teachers, professional recreation staff, social workers, behavior analysts, psychologists (specialized training needs for social skill development).
- Adaptive behaviors or independent living skills: special educators, occupational therapists, behavior analysts, and medical staff.

**W165**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(b)(1) Professional program staff must work directly with clients**

**Guidance §483.430(b)(1)**

Examples of professional staff working directly with clients include: performing professional assessments of clients, provision of direct support and services and periodic monitoring by the professional of the client working on the program. The amount and degree of direct care that professionals must provide will depend on the needs of the client and the ability of other staff to effectively work with clients on a day-to-day basis.

For those services that must be provided by a professional due to either law, licensure or registration, the client receives the services directly from the professional. Professionals may deliver services through the supervision and direction of subordinates where provided by law.

**W166**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(b)(1) and with paraprofessional, nonprofessional and other professional program staff who work with clients.**

**Guidance §483.430(b)(1)**

Paraprofessionals are persons in various occupational fields who are trained to assist professionals but are themselves not licensed at the professional level.

Examples of “working with” these other staff may include, but not be limited to:

- Modeling the correct technique for interacting with clients or implementing a specific program objective.
- Designing residential activity programs and teaching staff how to implement them.
- Conducting classes on discipline specific topics.
- Answering questions of staff related to program implementation or specific behavioral management issues.
- Monitoring active treatment areas to identify program implementation or staff-client interaction issues.

**W167**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(b)(2) The facility must have available enough qualified professional staff to carry out and monitor the various professional interventions in accordance with the stated goals and objectives of every individual program plan.**

**Guidance §483.430(b)(2)**

There should be sufficient professional staff in the facility to ensure that:

- needed assessments by professionals are completed timely;
- direct professional services are provided when indicated;
- clients are receiving interventions as specified in the IPP;
- client outcomes are being monitored by the professional;
- assessments and outcomes are being communicated to the IDT; and
- professional staff are available to consult with team members when needed.

**W168**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(b)(3) Professional program staff must participate as members of the interdisciplinary team in relevant aspects of the active treatment process.**

**Guidance §483.430(b)(3)**

When a professional does an assessment and determines there are client needs which become incorporated into the IPP, with a current prioritized objective, the professional should actively participate on the IDT. This participation may be through written reports or verbally while attending the IPP meeting or participating via telephone or other electronic means, to provide team members with the opportunity to review and discuss information and recommendations relevant to the client's needs, and to reach decisions as a team, rather than individually, on how best to address those needs.

**W169**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(b)(4) Professional program staff must participate in on-going staff development and training in both formal and informal settings with other professional, paraprofessional, and nonprofessional staff members.**

**Guidance §483.430(b)(4)**

Professional program staff provides various types of training to staff as indicated by the IPP and IDT. Formal training: a specific training done at the time a program is implemented or updated by the professional, with all staff who works with the client.

Informal training: when the professional observes the staff not correctly implementing a program, the professional provides informal guidance on correct implementation.

Training on programs that apply to multiple clients: when a particular program applies to several clients in a facility, a professional may provide training to several staff on a particular topic that applies to multiple clients (such as safe transfer techniques).

Professional staff of the facility should participate in ongoing training such as conferences and workshops to maintain current standards of practice in the field of intellectual and developmental disabilities as required by their professional licensure or certification.

**W170**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(b)(5) Professional program staff must be licensed, certified, or registered, as applicable, to provide professional services by the State in which he or she practices. Those professional program staff who do not fall under the jurisdiction of State licensure, certification, or registration requirements, specified in §483.410(b), must meet the following qualifications:**

**W171**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(b)(5)(i) To be designated as an occupational therapist, an individual must be eligible for certification as an occupational therapist by the American Occupational Therapy Association or another comparable body.**

**Guidance §483.430(b)(5)(i)**

If a professional is not nationally certified, they would have to show evidence they completed the degree and field work in their designated field and are eligible to sit for the national exam.

The American Occupational Therapy Association is now known as the National Board for Certified Occupational Therapists (NBCOT). There is no "other comparable body."

Eligibility means the professional must have completed a degree in their designated field, completed all field work required for a license, must meet licensure requirements in the state they are practicing in, and are registered or certified nationally as applicable.

**W172**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(b)(5)(ii) To be designated as an occupational therapy assistant, an individual must be eligible for certification as a certified occupational therapy assistant by the American Occupational Therapy Association or another comparable body.**

**Guidance §483.430(b)(5)(ii)**

If a professional is not nationally certified, they would have to show evidence they completed the degree and field work in their designated field and are eligible to sit for the national exam.

The American Occupational Therapy Association is now known as the National Board for Certified Occupational Therapists (NBCOT). There is no “other comparable body.”

Eligibility means the professional must have completed a degree in their designated field, completed all field work required for a license, must meet licensure requirements in state they are practicing in, and are registered or certified nationally as applicable.

**W173**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(b)(5)(iii) To be designated as a physical therapist, an individual must be eligible for certification as a physical therapist by the American Physical Therapy Association or another comparable body.**

**Guidance §483.430(b)(5)(iii)**

If a professional is not nationally certified, they would have to show evidence they completed the degree and field work in their designated field and are eligible to sit for the national exam.

Eligibility means the professional must have completed a degree in their designated field, completed all field work required for a license, must meet licensure requirements in state they are practicing in, and are registered or certified nationally as applicable.

**W174**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(b)(5)(iv) To be designated as a physical therapy assistant, an individual must be eligible for registration by the American Physical Therapy Association or be a graduate of a two year college-level program approved by the American Physical Therapy Association or another comparable body.**

**Guidance §483.430(b)(5)(iv)**

If a professional is not nationally certified, they would have to show evidence they completed the degree and field work in their designated field and are eligible to sit for the national exam.

Eligibility means the professional must have completed a degree in their designated field, completed all field work required for a license, must meet licensure requirements in State they are practicing in, and are registered or certified nationally as applicable.

**W175**

**§483.430(b)(5)(v) To be designated as a psychologist, an individual must have at least a master’s degree in psychology from an accredited school.**

**§483.430(b)(5)(vi) To be designated as a social worker, an individual must—**

**W176**

**§483.430(b)(5)(vi)(A) Hold a graduate degree from a school of social work accredited or approved by the Council on Social Work Education or another comparable body; or**

**§483.430(b)(5)(vi)(B) Hold a Bachelor of Social Work degree from a college or university accredited or approved by the Council on Social Work Education or another comparable body.**

**§483.430(b)(5)(vii) To be designated as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist, an individual must—**

**W177**

**§483.430(b)(5)(vii)(A) Be eligible for a Certificate of Clinical Competence in Speech-Language Pathology or Audiology granted by the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association or another comparable body; or**

**§483.430(b)(5)(vii)(B) Meet the educational requirements for certification and be in the process of accumulating the supervised experience required for certification.**

**W178**

**§483.430(b)(5)(viii) To be designated as a professional recreation staff member an individual must have a bachelor’s degree in recreation or in a specialty area such as art, dance, music or physical education.**

**W179**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(b)(5)(ix) To be designated as a professional dietitian, an individual must be eligible for registration by the American Dietetics Association.**

**Guidance §483.430(b)(5)(ix)**

If a professional is not nationally registered as a dietitian, they would have to show evidence they completed the degree and field work in their designated field and are eligible to sit for the national exam.

**W180**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(b)(5)(x) To be designated as a human services professional an individual must have at least a bachelor's degree in a human services field (including, but not limited to: sociology, special education, rehabilitation counseling, and psychology).**

**Guidance §483.430(b)(5)(x)**

Human Services is a diverse field focused on improving the quality of life of clients in communities in which the professional serves. A human services professional works directly with the population being served. Surveyors should see evidence that a human service professional has a bachelor's degree at a minimum.

**W181**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(b)(5)(xi) If the client's individual program plan is being successfully implemented by facility staff, professional program staff meeting the qualifications of paragraph (b)(5)(i) through (x) of this section are not required-**

**(A) Except for qualified intellectual disability professionals;**

**(B) Except for the requirements of paragraph (b)(2) of this section concerning the facility's provision of enough qualified professional program staff; and**

**(C) Unless otherwise specified by State licensure and certification requirements.**

**Guidance §483.430(b)(5)(xi)**

An individual client program may not require that professional staff perform all of the services as outlined by the IPP (e.g. the direct support staff may be trained by the professional to safely and effectively carry out the designed program), however, any specialized therapy must involve evaluation, program development, and re-assessment by the appropriate professional at periodic intervals.

**(c) Standard: Facility staffing**

**W182**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(c)(1) The facility must not depend upon clients or volunteers to perform direct care services for the facility.**

**Guidance §483.430(c)(1)**

The facility must have sufficient staff to provide needed care and services without the use of volunteers or enlisting the help of clients residing in the facility to perform the duties normally performed by facility staff.

The facility may not rely on volunteers in lieu of paid staff to fill required staff positions and perform direct care services. Volunteers are permissible, but must be in addition to the number of paid staff required to carry out a function. Volunteers should have an orientation to the policies and procedures of the facility and oversight is required by facility staff.

**W183**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(c)(2) There must be responsible direct care staff on duty and awake on a 24-hour basis, when clients are present, to take prompt, appropriate action in case of injury, illness, fire or other emergency, in each defined residential living unit housing- -**

**(i) Clients for whom a physician has ordered a medical care plan;**

**(ii) Clients who are aggressive, assaultive or security risks;**

**(iii) More than 16 clients; or**

**(iv) Fewer than 16 clients within a multi-unit building.**



**Guidance §483.430(c)(2)**

Indicators of staff not being awake in relation to the occurrence of incidents, accidents, and injuries may include, but are not limited to:

- incidents of unplanned client absences;
- untimely reaction to a medical emergency;
- injuries from client to client aggression; or
- a pattern of injuries of unknown origin.

If even one client meets 483.430(c)(2)(i-ii) then staff must be awake on a 24-hour basis.

A client has a medical care plan when an acute or chronic occurrence requires clinical assessment and monitoring on a scheduled basis.

**W184**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(c)(3) There must be a responsible direct care staff person on duty on a 24 hour basis (when clients are present) to respond to injuries and symptoms of illness, and to handle emergencies, in each defined residential living unit housing- -**

**(i) Clients for whom a physician has not ordered a medical care plan;**

**(ii) Clients who are not aggressive, assaultive or security risks; and**

**(iii) Sixteen or fewer clients.**

**Guidance §483.430(c)(3)**

At all times, there must be at least one staff person on-duty in the facility if even one client is present. For purposes of this provision, “on duty” staff need not be awake during normal sleeping hours, but do need to respond to injuries, illness, and emergencies promptly.

**W185**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(c)(4) The facility must provide sufficient support staff so that direct care staff are not required to perform support services to the extent that these duties interfere with the exercise of their primary direct client care duties.**

**Guidance §483.430(c)(4)**

Direct care staff should not be performing support services (e.g., making beds, cooking, cleaning, etc.) independently which takes them away from client interaction and teaching. If support services in the house cannot be done jointly as chores between clients, as part of their training program, and the support staff, additional staff should be added to perform the chores. This does not include any staff chores done during client’s sleeping hours.

“Support staff” include all personnel hired by the facility that are not either direct care staff or professional staff. For example, support staff includes, but are not limited to, secretaries, clerks, housekeepers, maintenance and laundry personnel.

**(d) Standard: Direct care residential living unit staff**

**W186**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.430(d)(1) The facility must provide sufficient direct care staff to manage and supervise clients in accordance with their individual program plans.**

**Guidance §483.430(d)(1)**

“Sufficient” means enough direct care staff to effectively implement the active treatment programs as defined in the IPP, to meet client needs, and to respond to emergencies, illness, or injuries.

Even though minimum ratios are defined at §483.430(d)(3), active treatment may require more staff than the minimums required ratios, therefore compliance should not be based on staffing ratios alone.

**§483.430(d)(2) Direct care staff are defined as the present on-duty staff calculated over all shifts in a 24-hour period for each defined residential living unit.**

**Guidance §483.430(d)(2)**

“Direct care staff” are those personnel who are assigned to work directly with the clients providing support during activities of daily living and active treatment programs.

Professional staff who work with clients in a living unit on a periodic basis are not included in direct care staff ratios.

Supervisors of direct care staff can be counted only if they share in the actual work of the direct care of clients on a continuous basis (e.g. take client assignment).

Direct care supervisors whose principle assigned function is to supervise direct care staff may not be included in direct care staff ratios although they may occasionally provide direct services to clients.

Non-direct care staff supervisors whose principle assigned function is to supervise non- direct care staff may not be included in direct care staff ratios.

#### **W187**

*(Rev. 144, Issued: 08-14-15, Effective: 08-14-15, Implementation: 08-14-15)*

**§483.430(d)(3) Direct care staff must be provided by the facility in the following minimum ratios of direct care staff to clients:**

**(i) For each defined residential living unit serving children under the age of 12, severely and profoundly retarded clients, clients with severe physical disabilities, or clients who are aggressive, assaultive, or security risks, or who manifest severely hyperactive or psychotic-like behavior, the staff to client ratio is 1 to 3.2.**

**(ii) For each defined residential living unit serving moderately retarded clients, the staff to client ratio is 1 to 4.**

**(iii) For each defined residential living unit serving clients who function within the range of mild retardation, the staff to client ratio is 1 to 6.4.**

#### **Guidance §483.430(d)(3)**

*The minimum ratios in this standard indicate the **minimum** number of direct-care staff that must be present and on duty, 24 hours a day, 365 days a year, for each discrete living unit. For example, to calculate the minimum number of living unit staff that must be present and on duty in a discrete living unit serving 16 individuals with multiple disabilities: divide the number of individuals "16," by the number corresponding to the regulation "3.2," the result equals "5." Therefore, the facility must determine how many staff it must hire to ensure that at least 5 staff will be able to be present and on duty during the 24 hour period in which those individuals are present.*

*Using the living unit described above, "calculated over all shifts in a 24-hour period" means that there are present and on duty every day of the year: one direct care staff for each eight individuals on the first shift (1:8), one direct care staff for each eight individuals on the second shift (1:8), and one direct care staff for each 16 individuals on the third shift (1:16). Therefore, there are five (5) direct care staff present and on duty for each twenty-four hour day, for 16 individuals. The same calculations are made for the other ratios, whichever applies. Determine if absences of staff for breaks and meals results in a pattern of prolonged periods in which present and on-duty staff do not meet the ratios.*

#### **W188**

**§483.420(d)(4) When there are no clients present in the living unit, a responsible staff member must be available by telephone.**

#### **§483.430(e) Standard: Staff Training Program**

#### **W189**

*(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)*

**§483.430(e)(1) The facility must provide each employee with initial and continuing training that enables the employee to perform his or her duties effectively, efficiently, and competently.**

#### **Guidance §483.430(e)(1)**

Newly employed staff receive a supported orientation program (mentor or ongoing supervision) during their early employment. All staff receive continuing education on such issues as abuse and neglect, handling emergency situations, behavior management, and treating people with respect and dignity, etc. The primary evidence of an effective staff training program is the observed competent interaction between staff and clients.

**§483.430(e)(2) For employees who work with clients, training must focus on skills and competencies directed toward clients'**

#### **W190**

*(Rev. 144, Issued: 08-14-15, Effective: 08-14-15, Implementation: 08-14-15)*

**§483.430(e)(2) developmental,**

**Guidance §483.430(e)(2)**

Staff receive training in the following areas:

- developmental programming principles and techniques (e.g. techniques to involve clients in their programs to their highest capability, use of positive reinforcement, use of assistive technology, use of appropriate materials and providing informal opportunities to practice skills);
- use of adaptive equipment and augmentative communication devices and systems;
- and
- effective recordkeeping procedures.

**W191**

*(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)*

**§483.430(e)(2) behavioral,**

**Guidance §483.430(e)(2)**

Staff receive training in the following areas:

- use of behavioral principles during interactions between staff and clients;
- use of accurate procedures regarding abuse detection and prevention, restraints, drugs to manage behaviors, client safety, emergencies, etc.;
- use of least restrictive interventions;
- use of positive behavior intervention programming; and
- training clients in appropriate replacement behaviors.

**W192**

*(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)*

**§483.430(e)(2) and health needs**

**Guidance §483.430(e)(2)**

Staff receive training in the following areas:

- signs and symptoms of the client's changing health (e.g. constipation, urinary tract infections, adverse drug reactions, as indicated);
- exercise and diet;
- first aid;
- infection control;
- reporting to appropriate healthcare professionals; and
- for those staff who can administer medications, how to include clients in their medication administration by recognizing and encouraging the use of applicable skills.

**W193**

*(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)*

**§483.430(e)(3) Staff must be able to demonstrate the skills and techniques necessary to administer interventions to manage the inappropriate behavior of clients.**

**Guidance §483.430(e)(3)**

Staff correctly and consistently implement the interventions specified in the behavior plans of clients with whom they are working.

Inadequate training is evident when staff do not correctly implement behavioral programs, use inappropriate management techniques, cannot explain what intervention is to be used and how it is to be implemented.

**W194**

*(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)*

**§483.430(e)(4) Staff must be able to demonstrate the skills and techniques necessary to implement the individual program plans for each client for whom they are responsible.**

**Guidance §483.430(e)(4)**

Staff are observed in various settings during the day correctly and consistently implementing the specific IPPs of the clients with whom they are working.

**W195**

(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)

**§483.440 Condition of participation: Active treatment services**

**(a) Standard: Active treatment**

**W196**

(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)

**§483.440(a)(1) Each client must receive a continuous active treatment program, which includes aggressive, consistent implementation of a program of specialized and generic training, treatment, health services and related services described in this subpart, that is directed toward-**

**(i) The acquisition of the behaviors necessary for the client to function with as much self-determination and independence as possible; and**

**(ii) The prevention or deceleration of regression or loss of current optimal functional status.**

Active treatment embodies an individually- tailored series of daily life and living experiences that serve as the primary opportunity for the acquisition, development and expression of functional skills and adaptive behaviors necessary for the client to experience optimal independence and promote purposeful “self-expression”.

The uniqueness of each client is a core consideration in the design of active treatment programs. It is expected that individual clients are given the opportunity to provide input into the content of their day-to-day living experiences.

An active treatment program includes the following elements as substantiated through observation, interview and record review:

*a) Each client’s needs and strengths have been accurately assessed and relevant input has been obtained from team members; (Observations and interviews with the client by the surveyor should be consistent with the current assessment information. Interview the QIDP regarding any needs observed but not addressed through assessment/programming by the facility).*

*b) Each client’s IPP is based on assessed needs and strengths, and addresses major life areas such as personal skills, home living skills, community living skills, employment skills, etc., essential to increasing independence and ensuring rights;*

*c) Needs identified as a priority are addressed formally and through activities which are relevant and responsive to client need, interest and choice;*

*d) Active treatment is consistently implemented in all relevant settings both formally and informally as the need arises or opportunities present themselves. It should not be limited to specific periods of time during the day or environments. Each client should receive aggressive and consistent training, treatments and supports in accordance with their needs and IPP. New skills and appropriate behaviors are encouraged and reinforced across environments and times of day. Each client has the adaptive equipment and environmental adaptations necessary for him/her to progress toward heightened independence as recommended and contained in their IPP. Active treatment means taking advantage of opportunities for the practice of new skills and the use of other skills during the normal rhythm of each client’s day.*

*e) Each client’s performance related to IPP objectives is accurately and consistently measured and documented and programs are modified on an ongoing basis based on data and major life changes; and*

*i. Clients with degenerative conditions receive training, treatment and services designed to retain skills and functioning and to prevent further regression to the extent possible.*

*ii. Clients may need adjustments to their active treatment programs as functional or endurance limitations are identified associated with the aging process. In such cases, there may be more of an emphasis on the retention of skills already attained and reducing the rate of loss of skills, than on the acquisition of new skills.*

In large part, it is this pervasive and continuous reinforcement of “formal” training through “informal” routine daily living experiences and interactions with staff and others that makes active treatment programs effective. Formal settings are those that are planned and specifically structured for training on objectives and interventions. Informal settings are times that are not anticipated or planned but that offer the opportunity for training.

Active treatment programs mirror normal living experiences such as leisure activities and social conversation at the dinner table. It must be clear that active treatment programs are far more than

implementation of discreet formal training sessions or programs that are conducted at prescribed times by defined personnel. Learning occurs in the process of the normal rhythm of life and life experiences.

**W197**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(a)(2) Active treatment does not include services to maintain generally independent clients who are able to function with little supervision or in the absence of a continuous active treatment program.**

**Guidance §483.440(a)(2)**

All active treatment programs must be based upon assessed developmental needs which are prohibiting the client from living in a more independent setting.

Active treatment moves clients to a more independent setting.

- When a client is in the facility simply for protective oversight and is not in need of training for developmental deficits, this does not constitute active treatment (e.g. a court placement to protect the community or the client from the client's behavior).

- Programs that are simply being provided to maintain a client's independence would not be considered active treatment since the client is not actively being trained to live in a more independent setting. If a client already possesses the skills that enables them to live in a less restrictive environment, and does not require the structure, support and resources that services that only an ICF/IID can provide, they can be considered generally independent.

For example, a client is admitted to the ICF/IID for the primary purpose of competency determination for a court hearing. This client lived independently prior to admission. The active treatment programs they are receiving are focused on maintaining that independence and do not address specific developmental deficits that inhibit independent living. This would not be considered active treatment.

**(b) Standard: Admissions, transfers, and discharge**

**W198**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(b)(1) Clients who are admitted by the facility must be in need of and receiving active treatment services.**

**Guidance §483.440(b)(1)**

All client admissions must be based upon assessed developmental deficits which are prohibiting the client from living in a more independent setting and which require those intensive specialized supports, services, and supervision that only an ICF/IID can provide.

The individual components of the provision of active treatment include CFA, IPP, program implementation, program documentation, and program monitoring and change. When any of these individual components of active treatment are not in place, resulting in the clients not receiving active treatment, this regulation this not met.

**W199**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(b)(2) Admission decisions must be based on a preliminary evaluation of the client that is conducted or updated by the facility or by outside sources.**

**Guidance §483.440(b)(2)**

Preliminary evaluations should support the need for an admission to an ICF/IID (e.g., deficits in functional skills or adaptive behaviors). The information from the preliminary evaluation must be used by the facility to make an admission decision.

Occasionally, emergency admissions of clients may occur without benefit of a preliminary evaluation having been conducted prior to admission. When situational emergencies necessitate admission before a preliminary evaluation can be conducted, or when pre-admission information is incomplete, the completion of the preliminary admission evaluation within seven (7) calendar days after admission will satisfy compliance with this requirement.

**W200**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(b)(3) A preliminary evaluation must contain background information as well as currently valid assessments of functional developmental, behavioral, social, health and nutritional status to determine if the facility can provide for the client’s needs and if the client is likely to benefit from placement in the facility.**

**Guidance §483.440(b)(3)**

The preliminary evaluation contains specific information useful to determine if the facility can meet the client’s needs and if the client can benefit from placement.

The facility makes every reasonable effort to gather all available data to assist in their determination.

Background information would include information that gives insight into the clients’ previous living environments and programming efforts.

The assessment must include a consideration as to whether reasonable accommodation as required by the Americans with Disabilities Act would enable the client to benefit from placement in facility.

**§483.440(b)(4) If a client is to be either transferred or discharged, the facility must –**

**W201**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(b)(4)(i) Have documentation in the client’s record that the client was transferred or discharged for good cause; and**

**Guidance §483.440(b)(4)(i)**

Transfer or discharge occurs only when the facility cannot meet the client’s needs, the client no longer requires an active treatment program in an ICF/IID setting; the individual/guardian chooses to reside elsewhere, or when a determination is made that another level of service or living situation would be more beneficial to the client.

“Transfer” means the temporary movement of a client to another facility (e.g. another ICF/IID, psychiatric hospital, medical hospital) with the intention of return to the original site.

“Discharge” means the permanent movement of a client to another facility or setting which operates independently from the ICF/IID (e.g. the facility is not under the jurisdiction of the facility’s governing body).

Documentation includes evidence of an assessment that evaluated the pros and cons of the transfer or discharge and the rationale for the final decision.

**W202**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(b)(4)(ii) Provide a reasonable time to prepare the client and his or her parents or guardian for the transfer or discharge (except in emergencies).**

**Guidance §483.440(b)(4)(ii)**

The client and their family or the client and their legal guardian are involved in planning for any transfer or discharge and receive the services necessary to assist in preparing for movement, unless an emergency (medical) situation prevents that involvement. If the client has an advocate, the advocate should participate in the decision-making process.

Orderly, planned transfers and discharges usually take place over an extended period of time. The IPP should reflect objectives or interventions which prepare the client for transfer or discharge. Transfers or discharges executed on short timeframes (e.g. less than 30 days) without “good cause” would not comply with the “reasonable” intent of the regulations.

“Reasonable” time is the time required to provide clients and their families with planned steps and established timeframes to facilitate the successful transition. Time frames are modified based on client needs and emergent situations.

Preparation of the client for transfer may include orientation or trial visits to the new location. Staff should take steps to minimize potential anxiety or any behavioral reactions which could result from the client’s transfer.

**§483.440(b)(5) At the time of the discharge, the facility must-**

**W203**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(b)(5)(i) Develop a final summary of the client's developmental, behavioral, social, health and nutritional status****Guidance §483.440(b)(5)(i)**

The final summary should be useful for continued services in the client's new setting. The final discharge summary should be entered into the client's record, provide a summary of the client's course of stay in the ICF/IID, provide a final summary of the client's developmental, behavioral, social, health and nutritional status, and include the current status of the objectives listed in the client's IPP.

The status should address whether or not a clients' skills have been maintained, deteriorated, or improved during their stay.

**W204**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(b)(5)(i) and, with the consent of the client, parents (if the client is a minor) or legal guardian, provide a copy to authorized persons and agencies; and****Guidance §483.440(b)(5)(i)**

When the client is discharged, the receiving entity (another ICF/IID, waiver home, family home, nursing home, etc.) is provided a copy of the discharge summary. The ICF/IID should obtain written consent to share this information with the persons who will be providing services to the client in the future and their parents/or legal guardians. Sharing the discharge summary with State Agencies as applicable is determined by state requirements.

**W205**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(b)(5)(ii) Provide a post-discharge plan of care that will assist the client to adjust to the new living environment.****Guidance §483.440(b)(5)(ii)**

The post discharge plan of care is a component of the discharge summary.

The facility utilizes the information from the discharge summary to prepare the discharge plan of care. The post-discharge plan of care identifies the essential supports and services necessary for the client to successfully adjust to the new living environment and describe necessary coordination of services. It should incorporate the client's preferences. It should identify specific client needs after discharge such as personal care, physical therapy, client/caregiver education needs, and the ability of the client or caregiver to meet those needs after discharge.

**(c) Standard: Individual program plan****W206**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(1) Each client must have an individual program plan developed by an interdisciplinary team that represents the professions, disciplines or service areas that are relevant to- -**

**i) Identifying the client's needs, as described by the comprehensive functional assessments required in paragraph (c)(3) of this section; and**

**ii) Designing programs that meet the client's needs.**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(1)**

If a need is identified in the CFA, the professional associated with that need will conduct an initial evaluation for the development of the IPP.

The needs identified in the CFA determine the professional, paraprofessional, direct support staff, disciplines or service areas that must participate in the development of the IPP.

**W207**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(2) Appropriate facility staff must participate in interdisciplinary team meetings.****Guidance §483.440(c)(2)**

While there is no correct number of individuals that comprise the IDT, the team should include appropriate facility staff (professional and paraprofessional staff), that are responsible for designing, developing, and/or implementing the client's IPP and direct support staff who work closely with the clients.

For any prioritized objective, the paraprofessional or professional personnel responsible for the development and monitoring of that program should participate on the team, either through actual attendance or written or verbal input.

Members of the IDT may change as the assessed needs of the client change (e.g. medical issues, nutritional issues, communication needs, fine motor skill needs, gross motor skill needs, social issues or behavioral concerns).

**W208**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(2) Participation by other agencies serving the client is encouraged.**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(2)**

The facility must make every effort to coordinate the Individual Education Plan (IEP) from the school or the client's program plan from outside program, work site or workshop with the IPP. This may result in a single document, but there is no requirement for a single combined document. There must be evidence that all applicable plans were coordinated (evidence of discussion across the plans and observation would confirm integration of the IPP across the various settings). The QIDP is responsible for the coordination of the plans.

The facility should communicate changes in the IPP or in the clients' life situation with teachers and workplace representatives either directly or through written communication.

**W209**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(2) Participation by the client, his or her parent (if the client is a minor), or the client's legal guardian is required unless the participation is unobtainable or inappropriate.**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(2)**

The facility should make every effort to schedule team meetings at a time that enables the client parent or legal guardian, to attend without having to forfeit work time or pay.

The facility should make every effort to schedule team meetings at a time that enables the client parent or legal guardian, to attend without having to forfeit work time or pay.

It is expected that the client will routinely attend team meetings unless their participation is unobtainable. Examples of when client participation is not available include, but are not limited to: 1) the client is away from the facility for medical reasons or hospitalization; or 2) although the facility has documented repeated attempts to engage the client, the client refuses to participate.

If families/legal guardians are unable to attend a program planning meeting, the facility provides them information regarding the meeting outcome and gives them an opportunity to discuss the plan with the facility staff.

"Unobtainable", for the purposes of this guideline, means that the facility has made a good faith effort to seek parental or legal guardian participation in the process, even though the effort may ultimately be unsuccessful (for example, the parent may be impossible to locate or may prove unwilling or unable to participate).

"Inappropriate", for the purposes of this guideline, means that the parent or legal guardian's behavior is so disruptive or uncooperative that others cannot effectively participate; the client does not wish his or her parent to participate, and the client is competent to make this decision; or there is strong and documented evidence that the parent or legal guardian is not acting on the client's behalf or in the client's best interest. In the case of the latter, determine what the facility has done to bring effective resolution to the problem.

Instances when it is not appropriate for the client, parent or legal guardian, to attend the team discussion are rare. If the client does not attend the meeting, the facility must document the reason for his/her non-participation.

There may also be instances where a parent or legal guardian is considered unobtainable for a team meeting, such as being out of the country. In these instances, the parent or legal guardian should still be notified of the meeting, provided with information concerning the outcome of the meeting and documentation in the client record should describe why the parent or legal guardian could not attend and what information was provided to them.



If the client is an adult who is competent to make decisions and who is not adjudicated, parents may not participate in the process if their participation is opposed by the client.

In the event that a non-adjudicated adult chooses not to have their family involved in the active treatment process, the surveyor should see evidence in the record of efforts made by the facility to understand why the client has declined family participation. If the client continues to decline family involvement after the facility has held discussions with him/her about the importance of this issue, the facility should honor the wishes of the client.

In general, the more involvement and communication among the team members, the client and the parent or legal guardian the more likely the plan will be successful. The facility goal should be to routinely include these parties unless rare circumstances exist.

#### **W210**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3) Within 30 days after admission, the interdisciplinary team must perform accurate assessments or reassessments as needed to supplement the preliminary evaluation conducted prior to admission.**

#### **Guidance §483.440(c)(3)**

For new admissions, the CFA is completed within 30 days after admission and is utilized as the basis for the IPP.

New, revised or updated assessments completed within the first 30 days of admission, accurately identify the functional abilities of the client.

“Accurate” assessments refer to assessment data that are current, relevant and valid, and the skills, abilities, and training needs identified by the assessment correspond to the client’s actual, observed status. Assessments must be administered with appropriate adaptations such as specialized equipment, use of an interpreter, use of manual communication and tests designed to measure performance in the presence of visual disability.

The content of or format of the assessments or the particular assessment tools which are to be used for the CFA are not specified. Assessments must include identification of those functional life skills in which the client needs to be more independent and those services needed for the client to become more community integrated.

#### **W211**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3) The comprehensive functional assessment must take into consideration the client’s age (for example, child, young adult, elderly person) and the implications for active treatment at each stage, as applicable, and must -**

#### **Guidance §483.440(c)(3)**

During assessment, the client is given opportunities to participate in age-appropriate activities to assess the person’s functioning in those activities or settings. For example, the use of baby toys during the assessment of an adult would not be appropriate.

#### **W212**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3)(i) Identify the presenting problems and disabilities and where possible, their causes;**

#### **Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(i)**

The CFA includes:

- all diagnoses and developmental deficits for the client;
- the supporting information for each; and
- each evaluation should include conclusions and recommendations which go into the development of an active treatment program for the client.

#### **W213**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3)(ii) Identify the client’s specific developmental strengths;**

#### **Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(ii)**

The client's identified developmental strengths, preferences, methods of coping/compensation, community use and awareness, friendships and positive attributes and capabilities are clearly described in functional terms in the assessments.

Identified strengths are consistent with the client's observed functional status.

#### **W214**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

#### **§483.440(c)(3)(iii) Identify the client's specific developmental and behavioral management needs; Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(iii)**

The CFA must address and identify those skill deficits/needed supports that may be amenable to training, those that must be treated by therapy and/or provision of assistive technology, and those that require adapting the environment and/or providing personal support. Assessment of needed supports should be done within the context of the client's age, gender, and culture.

"Behavioral management needs" include those behaviors that interfere with progress, prevent assimilation into the community, decrease freedom or increase the need for restriction of activities (e.g. spitting, pica, self-injurious behavior, aggressive behavior toward others or self-injurious behavior).

A functional behavioral assessment is a problem-solving process for evaluating client inappropriate behavior. It relies on a variety of techniques and strategies to identify the purpose of the specific behavior(s) and to help the IDT select interventions to directly address the behavior(s). A functional behavior assessment looks beyond the behavior itself. The focus when conducting a functional behavioral assessment is on identifying significant client-specific social, affective, cognitive, and/or environmental factors associated with the occurrence (and non-occurrence) of specific behaviors.

The CFA must identify the specific accommodations that address the client's needs to ensure better opportunity for the client's success. The identified accommodations may be assistive technology which can help a person learn, play, complete tasks, get around, communicate, hear or see better, control their own environment and take care of their personal needs (e.g. door levers instead of knobs, plate switches, audio books, etc.).

#### **W215**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

#### **§483.440(c)(3)(iv) Identify the client's needs for services without regard to the actual availability of the services needed; and**

#### **Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(iv)**

Identification of needed services is based on the CFA.

In the presence of significant developmental deficits, it is not acceptable for the facility to say that a particular professional therapy or treatment is not needed or not available if the CFA identifies a deficit. The assessment must identify the course of specific interventions recommended to meet the client's needs, both through direct professional services and non-professional services. For example, a client's communication skill development may not require the intensive services of a speech-language pathologist however, the direct care staff will need to work with the client and use a pre-determined communication system.

#### **§483.440(c)(3)(v) Include**

#### **Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(v)**

The CFA should include an assessment of each of the areas listed below. Assessments should include specific information about the person's ability to function in different environments, specific skills or lack of skills, and how function can be improved, either through training, environmental adaptations, or provision of adaptive, assistive, supportive, orthotic, or prosthetic equipment.

If assessments are done separately by professional disciplines, there should be evidence that the assessments are brought together in an interdisciplinary approach to address the client's various developmental areas.

The CFA must be completed upon admission and annually as indicated. While the assessment may not have the specific titles of the areas listed below, the surveyor must be able to identify information within assessments from each of the areas below.

#### **W216**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3)(v) physical development and health,**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(v)**

Physical development and health: This portion of the CFA includes the client's developmental history, results of the physical examination conducted by a licensed physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner, health assessment data (including a medication and immunization history); a review and summary of all laboratory reports since the last comprehensive evaluation, a summary of all required medical interventions since the last CFA; skills of the client normally associated with the monitoring and supervision of one's own health status, and administration and/or scheduling of one's own medical treatments. Reports of all specialist consultations should be included in the assessment as indicated by physical examination results.

IDT reviews any current advanced directives that the client may have in place as part of the CFA.

**W217**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3)(v) nutritional status,**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(v)**

Nutritional status: Nutritional status includes height and weight, the client's eating habits and preferences, favorite foods, determination of appropriateness of diet, adequacy of total food intake, bowel habits, means through which the client receives nutrition (e.g. feeding tube) and the skills associated with eating (including chewing, sucking and swallowing disorders).

**W218**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3)(v) sensorimotor development,**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(v)**

Sensorimotor development: Sensorimotor development includes the development of perceptual skills that are involved in observing the environment and making sense of it. Identified sensory deficits should be evaluated in conjunction with the impact they will have on the client's life. A sensory deficit in eye contact may not have a detrimental effect on the client's life if it will not hold the client back from further accomplishments or skill acquisitions. Motor development includes those behaviors that primarily involve: muscular, neuromuscular, or physical skills and varying degrees of physical dexterity. Because sensory and motor development are intimately related and because activities in these areas are functionally inseparable, attention to these two aspects of bodily activity is often combined in the concept of sensorimotor development. For those motor areas that are identified by the assessment as limited, the assessment should specify the extent to which corrective, orthotic, prosthetic, or support devices would impact on functional status and the extent of time the device is to be used throughout the day.

**W219**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3)(v) affective development,**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(v)**

Affective (Emotional) development: Affective or emotional development includes the development of behaviors that relate to one's interests, attitudes, values, morals, emotional feelings and emotional expressions.

**W220**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3)(v) speech and language development**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(v)**

Speech and language (communication) development: One of the most contributable causes of behaviors, frustration by the clients, etc. is lack of effective communication. It is imperative that the CFA identifies how the client communicates, what barriers are present, what services are available and what programs and services will be provided to assist the client to go out into and participate fully in the world. Observed client communication skills match the evaluation results and that training programs are in place to address needs.

Communication development refers to the development of both verbal and nonverbal and receptive and expressive communication skills. Assessment data identify the appropriate intervention strategy to be applied, and which, if any, augmentative or assistive devices will improve communication and functional status. These intervention strategies should provide the client with a viable means of communication which is appropriate to their sensory, cognitive and physical abilities.

**W221**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3)(v) and auditory functioning,****Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(v)**

Auditory functioning: Auditory functioning refers to the extent to which a person can hear, to the maximum use of residual hearing if a hearing loss exists, and whether or not the client will benefit from the use of amplification, including a hearing aid or a program of amplification.

**W222**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3)(v) cognitive development,****Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(v)**

Cognitive development: Cognitive development refers to the development of those processes by which information received by the senses is stored, recovered, and used. It includes the development of the processes and abilities involved in memory, reasoning and problem solving. It is also the identification of different learning styles the client has and those best used by the trainers. It is critical that the CFA address the individual learning style of the client in order to best direct the way the trainers will teach formal and informal programs.

**W223**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3)(v) social development,****Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(v)**

Social Development: Social development refers to the formation of those self-help, recreation and leisure, and interpersonal skills that enable a client to establish and maintain appropriate roles and fulfilling relationships with others. Assessments may address family supports and relationships, sexual awareness and sexuality, friendships, social awareness, social skills and social interests.

**W224**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3)(v) adaptive behaviors or independent living skills necessary for the client to be able to function in the community,****Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(v)**

Adaptive behaviors or independent living skills: Adaptive behavior refers to the effectiveness or degree with which clients meet the standards of personal independence and social responsibility and community orientation and integration expected of their age and cultural group. Adaptive behaviors are those behaviors that are developed to cope with deficits in order to be able to perform every day skills as independently as possible. Independent living skills include, but are not limited to, such things as food shopping, meal preparation, housekeeping and kitchen chores, laundry, bed making, and budgeting. Assessment may be performed by anyone trained to do so. Standardized tests are not required. Standardized adaptive behavior scales which identify all or predominantly all “developmental needs” are not sufficient to meet this requirement, but can serve as a basis for screening.

**W225**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(3)(v) and as applicable, vocational skills.****Guidance §483.440(c)(3)(v)**

Vocational development, “as applicable”: Vocational development refers to work interests, work skills, work attitudes, work-related behaviors, and present and future employment options. The determination of whether or not a vocational assessment is “applicable” is typically based on age (adolescents or adults more than likely require this type of assessment). The vocational assessment for each client may address

job sampling, job development, on-site job training and long term follow-up, as appropriate to the client and determined by the IDT.

Vocational assessments should describe, for all domains, what clients can and cannot do in terms of skills needed within the context of their daily lives and jobs.

Assessments should be individualized and based on:

- Actual performance of the client against objective criteria;
- Reports by staff/parents/legal guardians; and
- Observed performance in a variety of settings.

#### **W226**

**§483.440(c)(4) Within 30 days after admission, the interdisciplinary team must prepare for each client an individual program plan**

#### **W227**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(4) that states the specific objectives necessary to meet the client's needs, as identified by the comprehensive assessment required by paragraph (c)(3) of this section,**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(4)**

Objectives are developed for those needs that are identified by the CFA and which are considered to be most likely to improve the client's ability to independently function in his/her daily life, as determined by the IDT.

There is a clear link between the specific objectives and the functional assessment data and recommendations.

Objectives are developed for those needs that are observed to most likely impact the client's ability to function in daily life. Training objectives should be developed to address client needs rather than staff oriented objectives.

Clients are expected to have training objectives in the areas of activities of daily living, based on the client's assessed needs and as prioritized by the IDT. If clients have eyeglasses, dentures and/or other assistive devices it is expected that the team considers objectives, based upon the assessment of client needs, addressing the care and use of such devices. However, in the area of programs to teach the clients' money management it is not expected that every client will automatically have a formal training objective to participate in such a program. The decision to prioritize such a program and to what level the program is developed is decided by the IDT based upon the results of the CFA and in consideration of such factors as, transferable skills, the ability to make choices, the ability to identify preferences and cognitive abilities such as attention span and an understanding of the principle of cause and effect.

Similarly, the decision to prioritize and develop a training objective for a client to participate in a self-administration program for medications must be made by the IDT and be based upon information from the CFA. Formal self administration programs should not be confused with informal efforts to include the client in the administration process such as allowing them to hold a glass of water, identify the box where his/her medications are stored or put a pill into their own mouth themselves under the supervision of a person who is qualified to administer medications.

#### **W228**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(4) and the planned sequence for dealing with those objectives.**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(4)**

The objectives identified in W227 are organized in a logical sequence, determined by the team that will assist the client toward the attainment of skills resulting in greater self- choice, independence, and community integration. The logical sequencing of objectives means there is a completion of one objective that serves as the building block for the next with relevance to the client's functional status. Where objectives are logically ordered but do not have relevance to the client's functional status, refer to 483.440(c)(4).

If the IPP is organized in a logical sequence, this requirement is met. For example, if the long term goal is to travel independently in the community, the objective sequencing may involve training the client to

recognize traffic signs, cross the street safely, and to obtain help when needed if lost or an emergency arises.

**These objectives must –  
W229**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(4)(i) Be stated separately, in terms of a single behavioral outcome;**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(4)(i)**

Each objective clearly states one expected learning result.

“Single” behavioral outcome means that there is a separate objective assigned for each discrete behavior that the team intends the client to learn. For example, “Mary will bake a cake and clean the oven” are two separate behaviors and, therefore, should be stated in two separate objectives. Completion of the morning hygiene routine includes programs for performance of face washing, tooth brushing and hair combing which are three separate objectives; however, the behavioral outcome for each would be the same (e.g. completion of the morning hygiene routine).

**W230**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(4)(ii) Be assigned projected completion dates;**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(4)(ii)**

Completion dates are based on the client’s rate of learning.

Completion dates are assigned to each objective on which the client is currently working. Completion dates are individualized (e.g. not all the same for all clients and all objectives).

The “projected date of completion” for an IPP objective is not the same as a “review” date. For each objective assigned a priority, the team should assign a projected date (month and year) by which it believes the client will have learned the new skill, based on all of the assessment data. This date triggers the team to evaluate continuously whether or not the client’s progress or learning curve is sufficient to warrant a revision to the training program.

**W231**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(4)(iii) Be expressed in behavioral terms that provide measurable indices of performance;**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(4)(iii)**

The desired learning outcome is stated in a manner which enables all staff working with the client to consistently identify the target behavior and to clearly identify when it is being displayed.

The objective is stated in a manner which permits it to be measured with quantifiable data.

“Behavioral” terms include only those behaviors which are “client” rather than staff oriented and those that any person would agree can be seen or heard. Determine if all staff who work with the client can define the exact same outcome on which to measure the client’s performance.

“Measurable indices of performance” are the quantifiable criteria to use in determining successful achievement of the objective. Quantifiable criteria include various measurements of intensity and duration. For example, “Client X will walk ten feet, with the use of her tripod walker, on each of five (5) consecutive days.”

**W232**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(4)(iv) Be organized to reflect a developmental progression appropriate to the individual; and**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(4)(iv)**

Objectives must be relevant to the client’s current skill sets and abilities as identified in the CFA.

The ICF/IID must consider the person’s current functional abilities and project what steps, methods, and strategies are likely to be effective in achieving the objective.

**W233**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(4)(v) Be assigned priorities.**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(4)(v)**

Priorities are established based on the needs and in consideration of the desires of the client and emphasize the development of greater independence, self-choice, and community integration.

The team determines which objectives are the highest priority to be addressed, either because the client has an immediate need or the priority objectives must be accomplished before other priorities are addressed.

**§483.440(c)(5) Each written training program designed to implement the objectives in the individual program plan must specify:****Guidance §483.440(c)(5)**

The following regulations (5) (i-iv) apply to formal training programs developed for current implementation.

**W234**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(5)(i) The methods to be used;****Guidance §483.440(c)(5)(i)**

The training program provides clear directions to any staff person working with the client on how to implement the teaching strategies. To comply with this requirement the methodologies must be written in a clear enough manner that a substitute staff person will be able to read the methodologies and implement them without substantial differences from a regularly assigned staff person. Methodologies should be consistent across settings, such as when the client is in the day program.

**W235**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(5)(ii) The schedule for use of the method;****Guidance §483.440(c)(5)(ii)**

Active treatment (the implementation of training programs pursuant to objectives) should be provided in formal and informal settings throughout the rhythm of the client's day. While there may be structured episodes when the client works intensively and singularly on one or more objectives (schedule), the provision of active treatment is not adequate when confined solely to these types of formal settings but should be incorporated into all activities when appropriate (client's routine). For example, objectives on grasping may be as effectively carried out during the client's use of a toothbrush and a spoon as in an isolated session.

**W236**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(5)(iii) The person responsible for the program;****Guidance §483.440(c)(4)(v)**

The IPP should include the actual name of the staff person who is responsible for the ongoing monitoring of the client's program to ensure it is being implemented appropriately, as well as the designated position which will implement the program.

The QIDP should be familiar with the assessment and recording requirements for each client for each formal objective, including who is responsible for making these observations and completing the recording, and demonstrate a familiarity with the current data recorded for each client.

**W237**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(5)(iv) The type of data and frequency of data collection necessary to be able to assess progress toward the desired objectives;****Guidance §483.440(c)(5)(iv)**

The IDT must determine the type of data necessary to judge a client's progress on an objective, and describe the data collection method in the written training program. The facility determines what data to collect, but whatever system is chosen for collection must yield accurate measurement of the criteria stated in the client's IPP objectives. For example, if the criteria in the client's IPP objective specified a behavior to be measured by "accuracy," or "successes out of opportunities," then it would not be acceptable for the prescribed data collection method to record "level of prompt".

Examples of a few data collection systems include, but are not limited to:

- level of prompt;
- successful trials completed out of opportunities given;
- frequency counts; and
- frequency sampling.

The IDT must consider and select the type and frequency of data collection for each objective based upon the need to measure appropriately the client's performance toward the targeted IPP skill development. The facility should collect data with enough frequency and content to be able to appropriately measure the client's performance toward the targeted IPP skill development. The frequency of data collection may vary with the objective but must be made at sufficient intervals to allow analysis of the progress of the client.

#### **W238**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(5)(v) The inappropriate client behavior(s), if applicable; and The inappropriate client behavior(s), if applicable; and**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(5)(v)**

Any specific behaviors which would interfere with the client's ability to function in, or benefit from the training program are identified (e.g. a fear of water could interfere with the client's bathing program).

#### **W239**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(5)(vi) Provision for the appropriate expression of behavior and the replacement of inappropriate behavior, if applicable, with behavior that is adaptive or appropriate.**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(5)(vi)**

The training program provides specific information as to how to elicit or strengthen appropriate behavior and what behaviors to teach reinforce or encourage which would reduce or replace the inappropriate behavior.

If a client is exhibiting an inappropriate behavior, the CFA should discover why the behavior is occurring and the team should develop associated training objectives to help the client develop more appropriate behaviors. The objective for decelerating targeted inappropriate behaviors is not solely the reduction of these behaviors. The objective should also include the positive functional replacement behavior (adaptive behavior).

A replacement behavior allows a client to substitute an unconstructive or disruptive behavior with something more constructive and functionally equivalent. For example, instead of throwing work materials as a way to get a break from vocational task demands, teach the client to say or sign for 'break'.

**§483.440(c)(6) The individual program plan must also:**

#### **W240**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(6)(i) Describe relevant interventions to support the individual toward independence.**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(6)(i)**

Appropriate materials, adaptations and modifications to equipment and the environment are available in order to promote and support individual training programs. Examples may include, but are not limited, to built-up toilet seats, adaptive eating utensils, extended reach devices, and modification to the facility van to accommodate a wheelchair.

The IPP describes supports and services, in addition to the individual goals and objectives that will be provided by the facility to assist the client to function with greater independence.

#### **W241**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(6)(ii) Identify the location where program strategy information (which must be accessible to any person responsible for implementation) can be found.**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(6)(ii)**



This requirement refers to the training program plans, objectives, descriptions of staff interventions and data collection tools which must be readily accessible to any staff in order for the programs to be consistently and effectively carried out and data collected.

**W242**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(6)(iii) Include, for those clients who lack them, training in personal skills essential for privacy and independence (including, but not limited to, toilet training, personal hygiene, dental hygiene, self-feeding, bathing, dressing, grooming, and communication of basic needs), until it has been demonstrated that the client is developmentally incapable of acquiring them.**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(6)(iii)**

All clients who lack the skills listed within this standard have associated training programs developed to meet their needs according to prioritization. These programs are consistently implemented in both formal and informal settings.

“Developmentally incapable” is a decision made by the IDT that means a client does not have the capacity to acquire certain skill sets. The decision must be based on an assessment of the client’s strengths, needs, and functional limitations.

The determination of developmental incapability must be accompanied by written evidence supporting this determination.

Such evidence may include training programs which failed after many different strategies were tried, or physical limitations that preclude the acquisition of the skill. Examples are:

- 1) Eye contact program was attempted using seven different methods over a two year period;
- 2) An client has two frozen elbow joints which do not allow her to get her hands to her mouth and consequently she will not be trained on any hand to mouth skills; and
- 3) Some clients may have insufficient neuromuscular and sensory control to ever be totally independent in toileting skills.

Toilet scheduling alone without any plan to progress would not be considered a toilet training program. The components of functional skills “training” as used in this regulation means aggressive implementation of a systematic program of formal and informal techniques, which are:

- targeted toward assisting the client achieving the measurable behavioral level of skill competency specified in IPP objectives;
- implemented at natural occurrences of activity and training programs; ( e.g.: an objective for a client to increase grasping may be implemented as easily in the workshop with a built up tool as in the bathroom with a toothbrush);
- conducted by all personnel involved with the client including those outside the home such as in day programs; and
- carried out in conversation and interaction with the client appropriate to the situation.

**§483.440(c)(6)(iv) Identify mechanical supports, if needed, to achieve proper body position, balance, or alignment. The plan must specify**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(6)(iv)**

The use of mechanical supports are based upon an individual assessment and fitting. Mechanical devices are used to support a client’s proper body position or alignment and may be essential to prevent contractures or deformities. However, mechanical supports restrict movement and the client should be released from the support periodically for exercise and free movement. Mechanical supports may not be used as a substitute for programs or therapy. For example, the use of a bolster to position a client upright in a sitting position without any indication there has been an assessment for the need for muscle re-training may be an indication of a mechanical device in lieu of programming. Some supports allow movement and provide opportunity for more increased functioning. Some examples of devices used as mechanical supports include splints, wedges, bolsters, lap trays, etc.

Wheelchairs are not generally used to position or align the body and would not alone constitute a mechanical support. However, adaptations to a wheelchair which facilitate correct body alignment by inhibiting reflexive, involuntary motor activity are mechanical supports and should be included in the plan for the client.

**W243****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.440(c)(6)(iv) the reason for each support,****W244****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.440(c)(6)(iv) the situations in which each is to be applied,****W245****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.440(c)(6)(iv) and a schedule for the use of each support.****W246****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.440(c)(6)(v) Provide that clients who have multiple disabling conditions spend a major portion of each waking day out of bed and outside the bedroom area, moving about by various methods and devices whenever possible.****Guidance §483.440(c)(6)(v)**

Clients with sensory or physical difficulties should be given the same opportunities to move around in their environments as clients who do not have those difficulties. Even clients who use specialized wheelchairs should be given the opportunity to utilize other devices such as walkers, wagons and scooters to move about and/or change their positions.

With the exception of those clients who are acutely ill (such as those who are hospitalized or incapacitated by a “short term” illness), all clients should be out of bed and outside their bedroom area as long as possible each day, and in proper body alignment at all times. This is a necessity in order to prevent regression, contractures, and deformities and to provide sensory stimulation.

Bed rest is a temporary situation associated most usually with a medical condition and must be ordered by the medical staff of the facility. The term implies that the client will remain in his/her bed for most of any 24-hour period. Although active treatment programs may be carried out to some extent while the client is on bed rest, the client’s program cannot be completed in its entirety. While there may be situations where continuous bed rest may be necessary, these situations are rare.

For those rare instances where out-of-bed activity is a threat to a client’s health and safety (e.g., blood clot in the leg), active treatment adapted to the medical capacity of the client must be continued.

**W247****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.440(c)(6)(vi) Include opportunities for client choice and self-management.****Guidance §483.440(c)(6)(vi)**

Choice and self-management are integral components of becoming independent. Clients should be given opportunities for choice and self-management in both formal and informal settings through the IPP process, leisure activities, and other life choices.

The ICF/IID must incorporate opportunities into daily life experiences that promote choice making and decision making by clients. Examples of some activities leading toward responsibility for one’s own self-management include, but are not limited to:

- 1) choosing housing or roommates;
- 2) choosing clothing to purchase or wear;
- 3) choosing what, where, and how to eat (e.g., the use of family style dining, access to condiments and second helpings).

Choices can be made by all clients. The type of choices the person makes may vary from simple to complex, dependent upon client abilities.

Clients are provided opportunities for choice and self-management and the facility does not limit choices by making decisions for the people being served without their input. Clients are provided the opportunity to demonstrate skills to the degree they are capable and only assisted by staff as indicated in their IPP. A lack of facility staffing or staff convenience must not result in a limitation of choices of self-management for the clients.

**W248**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(c)(7) A copy of each client's individual plan must be made available to all relevant staff, including staff of other agencies who work with the client, and to the client, parents (if the client is a minor) or legal guardian.**

**Guidance §483.440(c)(7)**

The client or legal representative, as well as the facility staff, and staff from outside agencies, with appropriate consent, have, or can access, a copy of the IPP.

**(d) Standard: Program implementation**

**W249**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(d)(1) As soon as the interdisciplinary team has formulated a client's individual program plan, each client must receive a continuous active treatment program consisting of needed interventions and services in sufficient number and frequency to support the achievement of the objectives identified in the individual program plan.**

**Guidance §483.440(d)(1)**

There should be no delay in the development and implementation of the IPP. To promote a team process and meaningful discussion, IPP development should take place during IDT meetings. Any IPP objective or modification that is critical to the health and safety of any client should be implemented immediately following IDT discussion.”

Each individual receives training and services consistent with the current IPP.

The time period between admission and the 30 day IDT meeting is primarily to assist the client to become adjusted and acclimated to his or her new living environment and to enable the facility to complete the CFA. During this time period the facility should also be providing those services and activities determined during the pre-admission assessment as essential to the client's daily functioning.

The active treatment program for the client is consistently implemented in all relevant settings both formally and informally as opportunities present themselves. It should not be limited to specific periods of time during the day or specific environments.

Each client should receive aggressive and continuous training, treatments and supports in accordance with their needs and IPP. New skills and appropriate behaviors are encouraged and reinforced across environments and times of day.

- During observations confirm that the client activities relate directly to the strengths, needs and objectives in the IPP for each client and are not “busy work,” generalized or non-developmental time fillers. For example, screwing nuts on bolts and then unscrewing them repeatedly with no goal or transferable skills is “busy work.” Screwing nuts on bolts that will be part of a product is functional reinforcement of skill acquisition.

- Clients use adaptive equipment, assistive devices, environmental supports, materials, supplies, etc., as specified in each client's IPP to assist the client to accomplish stated objectives.

There is no specific number or frequency of interventions that meets this requirement. The surveyors should see that the facility capitalizes on all opportunities throughout the course of the day that promote progress toward the achievement of goals and objectives.

Informal opportunities (“teachable moments”) should be utilized to reinforce learning or appropriate skill development and needs are addressed as they present.

Although a client may not be able to reach complete independence in a functional skill, it is crucial that retention of their current skills be supported.

Clients may have defined periods of time where they may engage in leisure activities of their choice which are not necessarily directly associated with their IPP goals and objectives.

**W250**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(d)(2) The facility must develop an active treatment schedule that outlines the current active treatment program and that is readily available for review by relevant staff.**

**Guidance §483.440(d)(2)**

The schedule is individualized, consistent with the client's objectives, and reflects normal daily routines.

The staff working with individual clients are familiar with their daily schedules and can produce the schedule upon request.

The active treatment schedule allows flexibility and is adjusted to the needs and preferences of the client, as necessary. It's a schedule of the client's general daily plans, but can be changed.

The active treatment schedule is a functional schedule which enables client and staff to be in the right location in order to participate in the training as scheduled by the IPP.

#### W251

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(d)(3) Except for those facets of the individual program plan that must be implemented only by licensed personnel, each client's individual program plan must be implemented by all staff who work with the client, including professional, paraprofessional and nonprofessional staff.**

#### **Guidance §483.440(d)(3)**

All disciplines, including direct care staff, interacting with the client work together to provide a uniform, consistent approach to implementation of the IPP.

#### **(e) Standard: Program documentation**

#### W252

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(e)(1) Data relative to accomplishment of the criteria specified in client individual program plan objectives must be documented in measurable terms.**

#### **Guidance §483.440(e)(1)**

"Data" are defined to be performance information collected and reported in numerical or quantifiable form for each training objective assigned priority in the IPP.

Data are those performance measurements collected at the time the treatment, procedure, intervention or interaction occurs with the client and recorded as soon as possible. The data should be located in a place accessible to staff who conduct training.

Data should be collected in a form and frequency as required by the plan to enable quantitative (frequency or numbers) analysis of the client's progress.

Data are accurate (e.g., reflective of actual client performance.)

**§483.440(e)(2) The facility must document significant events that**

#### W253

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(e)(2) are related to the client's individual program plan and assessments and**

#### **Guidance §483.440(e)(2)**

Significant events are those events which would cause a reasonable person to be affected and which impact a normal routine. Such events include changes in the client's functional status, emotional health, physical health, accomplishments, activities or needs which impact the CFA and IPP, as well as instances of abuse, neglect or mistreatment.

The client record should contain documentation that such events are evaluated and monitored.

#### W254

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(e)(2) that contribute to an overall understanding of the client's ongoing level and quality of functioning.**

#### **(f) Standard: Program monitoring and change**

**§483.440(f)(1) The individual program plan must be reviewed at least by the qualified intellectual disability professional and revised as necessary, including, but not limited to situations in which the client-**

#### **Guidance §483.440(f)(1)**

Program implementation is a critical piece of each client's active treatment program. The QIDP must review or revise client programs according to 483.440(f)(1)(i-iv) and at such an interval that any of the requirements are promptly identified and addressed.

#### W255

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(f)(1)(i) Has successfully completed an objective or objectives identified in the individual program plan;**

**Guidance §483.440(f)(1)(i)**

The QIDP ensures the program has been modified or changed in response to the client's specific accomplishments or need for new program.

**W256**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(f)(1)(ii) Is regressing or losing skills already gained;**

**W257**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(f)(1)(iii) Is failing to progress toward identified objectives after reasonable efforts have been made; or**

**Guidance §483.440(f)(1)(iii)**

There should be evidence that the QIDP has reviewed and revised the IPP in those situations when the client's IPP has been consistently implemented yet the client fails to achieve their objectives.

**W258**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(f)(1)(iv) Is being considered for training towards new objectives.**

**§483.440(f)(2) At least annually,**

**Guidance §483.440(f)(2)**

For the "annual" review to meet this requirement, it must be completed by at least the 365th day following the previous review, unless in an isolated or rare instance a client or the client's family is not available for a projected period of time and the subsequent delay is a minimal number of days.

**W259**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(f)(2) the comprehensive functional assessment of each client must be reviewed by the interdisciplinary team for relevancy and updated as needed;**

**Guidance §483.440(f)(2)**

The CFA is reviewed at least annually.

The review of the CFA occurs sooner than annually if:

- indicated by the needs of the client;
- reflects any changes in the client since their last evaluation; and
- incorporates information about the client's progress or regression with objectives.

The review of the CFA applies to all evaluations conducted for a client. It is not required that each assessment be completely redone each year, except the physical examination. It is required that at least annually the assessment(s) be updated when changes occur so as to accurately reflect the client's current status.

**W260**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(f)(2) and the individual program plan must be revised, as appropriate, repeating the process set forth in paragraph (c) of this section.**

**Guidance §483.440(f)(2)**

The IPP reflects the functional changes for the client which occurred since the last IPP. It is unlikely that an active treatment program will have no changes from year to year without documentation to support not changing the plan. Question an IPP that is a duplication of the prior year's plan without explanation.

**W261**

**(Rev. 144, Issued: 08-14-15, Effective: 08-14-15, Implementation: 08-14-15)**

**§483.440(f)(3) The facility must designate and use a specially constituted committee or committees consisting of members of facility staff, parents, legal guardians, clients (as appropriate), qualified persons who have either experience or training in contemporary practices to change inappropriate client behavior, and persons with no ownership or controlling interest in the facility to-**

**Guidance §483.440(f)(3)**

The facility must have a specially constituted committee whose primary function is to proactively protect client rights by monitoring facility practices and programs. The purpose of the committee is to assure that each client's rights are protected utilizing a group of both internal staff and *external participants who have no vested interest in the facility as well as clients as appropriate*. There should be evidence that the committee members have been trained annually on the rights of the clients, what constitutes a restriction of a right and the difference between punishment and training.

Depending on size, complexity and available resources, the ICF/IID may establish more than one specially constituted committee. However, each committee must contain the required membership and participate regularly and perform the functions of the committee according to the requirements. Participation on the specially constituted committee(s) must be in real time allowing all membership to speak and discuss in an interactive mode.

The regulation does not specify the professional credentials of the "qualified persons" (who have either experience or training in contemporary practices to change inappropriate client behavior). There is no requirement that any specific discipline, such as nurse, physician or pharmacist be a member of the committee.

The intent of including "persons with no ownership or controlling interest" on the committee is to assure that, in addition to having no financial interest in the facility, at least one member of each constituted committee is an impartial outsider in that he/she would not have an "interest" represented by any other of the required members or the facility itself. Staff and consultants employed by the facility or at another facility under the same governing body, cannot fulfill the role of person with no ownership or controlling interest.

Although occasional absences from committee meetings are understandable, patterns of absence by the required membership of the committee is not acceptable. At least a quorum of committee members (as defined by the facility) must review, approve and monitor the programs which involve risk to client rights and protections and that quorum must include one person from each of the required categories.

#### **W262**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.440(f)(3)(i) Review, approve, and monitor individual programs designed to manage inappropriate behavior and other programs that, in the opinion of the committee, involve risks to client protection and rights;**

#### **Guidance §483.440(f)(3)(i)**

Any program that utilizes restrictive or intrusive techniques must be reviewed and approved by the specially constituted committee prior to implementation. This includes, but is not limited to:

- restraints;
- drugs to manage behavior;
- restrictions on community access;
- contingent denial of any right; or
- restrictions of materials or locations in the home.

The committee should ensure that consequences within a written behavior management program do not violate the client's rights.

There is no requirement for the committee to evaluate whether the proposed program is consistent with current practices in the field. Documentation should verify that the specially constituted committee considered factors, such as whether less intrusive methods have been attempted, whether the severity of behavior outweighs the risks of the proposed program and whether replacement behaviors are included within the plan.

Any revision to a behavior plan that increases the level of intrusiveness must be re-reviewed by the specially constituted committee. The committee need not reapprove a program when revisions are made in accordance with the approved plan. For example, if the physician changes the dosage of a medication in accordance with the drug treatment component of the active treatment plan to which the legally authorized person has given consent and which has already been approved by the committee, then there is no need for the committee or the legally authorized person to reapprove the plan. Generally, this would also apply if the medication was changed to another within the same therapeutic class or family.

**W263****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.440(f)(3)(ii) Insure that these programs are conducted only with the written informed consent of the client, parents (if the client is a minor) or legal guardian; and****Guidance §483.440(f)(3)(ii)**

The committee must ensure that written informed consent must be obtained prior to implementation of any restrictive or intrusive program. In the event of an emergency, the facility may obtain a verbal consent, which must be authenticated in writing as soon as possible and subsequently submitted to the committee as verification.

The consent is required for the entire behavior management program not just the specific restrictive technique.

Consent is informed when the person giving consent is fully aware of the:

- specific treatment;
- reason for treatment or procedure;;
- the attendant risks vs. benefits;
- alternatives;
- right to refuse; and
- the consequences associated with consent or refusal of the program.

Informed consent must be in writing and must be specific to the program and restrictive practice and reflect a specific time frame. Blanket consents are not allowed. In the case of unplanned events such as assault and property destruction requiring immediate action, verbal consent may be obtained. However, it should be authenticated in writing as soon as reasonably possible (within 30 days).

For clients up to the age of 18, their parent or legally appointed guardian must give consent for him or her. At the age of 18, however, clients become adults and are assumed to be competent unless otherwise determined by a court.

For clients who are adults and have not been adjudicated incompetent and have not been assigned a legal guardian who may not fully understand the consequences of the program, informed consent for use of restrictive programs, practices or procedures should be obtained from a person or an entity in accordance with state law, to act as the representative or advocate of the client's interests.

The specially constituted committee must ensure that the informed and voluntary consent of the client, parent of a minor, legal guardian, or the person or organization designated by the state is obtained prior to each of the following circumstances:

- The involvement of the client in research activities; or
- Implementation of programs or practices that could abridge or involve risks to client protections or rights.

**W264****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.440(f)(3)(iii) Review, monitor and make suggestions to the facility about its practices and programs as they relate to drug usage, physical restraints, time-out rooms, application of painful or noxious stimuli, control of inappropriate behavior, protection of client rights and funds, and any other areas that the committee believes need to be addressed.****Guidance §483.440(f)(3)(iii)**

The committee has been made aware of and reviewed:

- facility policies and procedures;
- facility services;
- programs; and
- practices which may restrict or violate the rights of client.

The committee has established and uses a mechanism for monitoring clients' rights issues and informs the governing body of any issues of concern in a timely manner. This process is at the discretion of the committee. There is no requirement for periodic review of the policies by the committee.

The function of the committee is not limited to the review, approval and monitoring of restrictive behavior management practices. Examples of issues involving client rights that might be reviewed by the committee, in addition to behavior management, include, but are not limited to:

- 1) Research proposals involving clients;
- 2) Abuse, neglect and mistreatment of clients;
- 3) Allegations dealing with theft of a client's personal property or funds;
- 4) Damage to a client's goods or denial of other client rights;
- 5) Client grievances;
- 6) Visitation procedures;
- 7) Guardianship/advocacy issues;
- 8) Rights training programs;
- 9) Confidentiality issues;
- 10) Advance directives/DNR orders;
- 11) Practices which restrict clients (e.g., locked doors, fenced in yards); and
- 12) Video monitoring.

#### **W265**

**§483.440(f)(4) The provisions of paragraph (f)(3) of this section may be modified only if, in the judgment of the State survey agency, Court decrees, State law or regulations provide for equivalent client protection and consultation.**

#### **W266**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450 Condition of participation: Client behavior and facility practices**

**(a) Standard: Facility practices– Conduct toward clients**

#### **W267**

**(Rev.135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(a)(1) The facility must develop and implement written policies and procedures for the management of conduct between staff and clients.**

**Guidance §483.450(a)(1)**

The primary survey emphasis is on the implementation of the policies and procedures developed by the facility.

Conduct between staff and clients refers to language, actions, discipline, rules, order and other types of interactions exchanged between staff and clients or imposed upon clients by the staff during a client's daily experiences that affect the quality of a client's life.

**§483.450(a)(1) These policies and procedures must –**

#### **W268**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(a)(1)(i) Promote the growth, development and independence of the client;**

**Guidance §483.450(a)(1)(i)**

Consistent with facility policies, staff is observed to be engaged in activities which promote the client's growth, development and independence.

1) IPPs and data support the fact that from the time of admission, clients are learning new adaptive and functional skills while becoming more independent.

2) Interactions between clients and staff are consistent and positive.

3) Staff teach and encourage clients to interact with each other in a manner that promotes social integration both in the facility and out in the community.

4) All opportunities to teach and reinforce skill acquisition are utilized.

5) Staff identify and remove impediments in the learning environment (e.g. client is unable to concentrate in a room with a television because when they see the television, they want to watch their favorite show. Staff must identify this learning impediment and train in an environment without a television).

6) Staff encourage clients to complete tasks with as much independence as possible.

7) Staff encourage clients to take risks while providing reasonable safeguards to prevent injury.



8) Encourage clients to make choices during their daily activities.

**W269**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(a)(1)(ii) Address the extent to which client choice will be accommodated in daily decision-making, emphasizing self-determination and self-management, to the extent possible;**

**Guidance §483.450(a)(1)(ii)**

Written facility policies describe how the facility will offer choice to the clients during the course of their day.

Written policies describe how self-determination, as defined by free choice of one's own acts and decisions without external coercion or direction, to the extent possible and self-management, as defined by control of one's own routine and daily responsibilities, to the extent possible, are incorporated into the development of program plans and daily routines.

**W270**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(a)(1)(iii) Specify client conduct to be allowed or not allowed; and**

**Guidance §483.450(a)(1)(iii)**

"Client conduct" refers to any behavior, choice, action, or activity in which a client may choose to engage alone or with others.

Written policies and procedures which may be in the form of "house rules", must not impinge on individual client rights and must not be used as a substitute for the development of individualized programs and plans.

**W271**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(a)(1)(iv) Be available to all staff, clients, parents of minor children, and legal guardians.**

**Guidance §483.450(a)(1)(iv)**

Policies and procedures for management of conduct between staff and clients (483.450(a)(1)) should be provided to clients, parents of minor children, and legal guardians at admission and upon request. Policies and procedures are available on the residential and program areas if these are in separate buildings.

**W272**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(a)(2) To the extent possible, clients must participate in the formulation of these policies and procedures.**

**Guidance §483.450(a)(2)**

"To the extent possible" does not mean that the clients are excluded due to the clients' schedule or intellectual or developmental level. Facilities should be able to provide documentation that substantiates that clients were offered the opportunity and participated in the development of the policies. This could be accomplished through client committees or in house meetings. There should be documentation of these discussions between the client representatives and the facility.

**W273**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(a)(3) Clients must not discipline other clients, except as part of an organized system of self-government, as set forth in facility policy.**

**Guidance §483.450(a)(3)**

Staff will promptly intervene when any clients tries to independently impose discipline upon another client. For example, a client who is serving dessert to the group withholds dessert from another client based upon their own evaluation of that client's behavior.

**(b) Standard: Management of inappropriate client behavior**

**W274**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(1) The facility must develop and implement written policies and procedures that govern the management of inappropriate client behavior**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(1)**

At a minimum, the facility must have written policies and procedures regarding the management of maladaptive behaviors addressing the following:

483.450(b)(1) (W 275 – W284).

- the use of a functional behavior assessment in the development of behavior management programs;
- a hierarchy of least to most intrusive measures; and
- incorporation of behavior management programs into the IPP.

**§483.450(b)(1) These policies and procedures must be**

**W275**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(1) consistent with the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section.**

**§483.450(b)(1) These procedures must**

**W276**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(1)(i) Specify all facility approved interventions to manage inappropriate client behavior;**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(1)(i)**

All interventions for the management of inappropriate client behaviors which are approved for use in the facility are clearly stated and described in its policy. Examples of positive interventions include, but are not limited to, verbal praise reward systems, and prompting. Examples of negative interventions include, but are not limited to, removal of a privilege, implementation of restraint, and/or the use of exclusionary time out.

**W277**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(1)(ii) Designate these interventions on a hierarchy to be implemented, ranging from most positive or least intrusive, to least positive or most intrusive;**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(1)(ii)**

Policies and procedures must include a clear progression as to how staff implement interventions to manage inappropriate client behavior.

Facility policy and procedures must define the entire hierarchy of possible interventions from the most positive, functionally appropriate approaches to most intrusive approaches authorized. The facility determines at what level in the hierarchy the IPP will begin for each client based on their individual assessment. The plan must still begin at the least intrusive technique shown effective for that client. Individual plans should specify the specific techniques that have been determined through assessment to be least restrictive for each client.

The facility policy for unexpected behavioral incidents must provide direction for the staff in the utilization of the hierarchy. For clients not on a behavior plan, staff must apply the appropriate level of intervention per the established hierarchy, including emergency measures to prevent harm to self or others.

**W278**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(1)(iii) Insure prior to the use of more restrictive techniques, that the client's record documents that programs incorporating the use of less intrusive or more positive techniques have been tried systematically and demonstrated to be ineffective; and**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(1)(iii)**

Policies must be implemented to ensure that all restrictive procedures begin at the lowest level of the hierarchy unless there is documented evidence that less intrusive interventions have been tried and have been found to be ineffective.

The facility is not required to justify discontinuing the use of a more restrictive technique before initiating a less restrictive technique, since the intent of the regulation is to use the most positive, least intrusive technique possible.

In emergency situations where an unanticipated behavior requires immediate protection of the client or others, the technique chosen is the least restrictive appropriate technique possible.

**§483.450(b)(1)(iv) Address the following:**

**W279**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(1)(iv)(A) The use of time-out rooms;**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(1)(iv)(A)**

“Time-out room” is defined as a separate room that is used to remove a client from stimulation that may be triggering and reinforcing maladaptive behavior. The facility must have written policies and procedures for the use of time out rooms which address all the requirements of 483.450 (c) (1-4) standard: time out room.

**W280**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(1)(iv)(B) The use of physical restraints;**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(1)(iv)(B)**

“Physical restraint” is defined as any manual hold or mechanical device that the client cannot remove easily, and which restricts the free movement of, normal functioning of, or normal access to a portion or portions of a client’s body. Examples of mechanical devices may include arm splints and mittens.

Policies and Procedures must address:

- the types of physical restraint that are allowed in the facility;
- the persons who apply such restraints;
- the parameters for duration of application;
- the methods that assure the health and safety of clients while in restraints; and
- the specific training required for staff allowed to apply such restraints.

**W281**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(1)(iv)(C) The use of drugs to manage inappropriate behavior;**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(1)(iv)(C)**

Applicable policies may include a discussion of:

- When a drug can be used to manage inappropriate behavior;
- Consistency with diagnosis;
- Alternatives tried before a drug is used;
- Precautions that must be followed prior to and during the use (lab values, monitoring of side effects);
- Implementation of a plan to address the behaviors for which the drug was prescribed; and
- Plan to reduce the medication as appropriate.

Drugs to manage inappropriate behavior are defined as any medication prescribed and administered for purposes of modifying the maladaptive behavior of a client.

**W282**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(1)(iv)(D) The application of painful or noxious stimuli;**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(1)(iv)(D)**

“Application of painful or noxious stimuli” is defined as any procedure by which staff apply, contingent upon the exhibition of maladaptive behavior, startling, unpleasant, or painful stimuli, or stimuli that have a potentially noxious effect.

While the regulation permits the use of painful or noxious stimuli these techniques are the last resort and can only be utilized for behaviors that are causing significant harm and have not responded to competently administered interventions of less intrusive nature.

Facility policies must state that:

- The use of noxious stimuli is only permitted when the client exhibits behaviors so severe that they present a potential risk for significant or even life-threatening circumstances;
- the IDT and facility must weigh the potential risk of the behavior against the risk involved in the use of the painful or noxious techniques to manage behavior;

- that safeguards and strict oversight must be in place for consideration to use techniques that may be painful or even unpleasant;
- techniques that may be painful or noxious must be time limited;
- the proposed use of these techniques requires scrutiny of clinical effectiveness and specially constituted committee review; and
- on-going monitoring and safeguards must be in place during implementation of the technique.

**W283**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(1)(iv)(E) The staff members who may authorize the use of specified interventions;**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(1)(iv)(E)**

**W284**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(1)(iv)(F) A mechanism for monitoring and controlling the use of interventions.**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(1)(iv)(F)**

Facility policies must address what supervisory oversight is provided during the application of the intervention in order to ensure that procedures were followed correctly. Procedures should also address what retrospective analysis is done on each intervention to ensure that procedures are being consistently followed.

**W285**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(2) Interventions to manage inappropriate client behavior must be employed with sufficient safeguards and supervision to ensure that the safety, welfare and civil and human rights of clients are adequately protected.**

**§483.450(b)(3) Techniques to manage inappropriate client behavior must never be used**

**W286**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(3) for disciplinary purposes,**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(3)**

No intervention, whether as a part of a formal program or in emergency situations (see W289) may be used as punishment, retaliation or retribution. A staff member cannot employ a behavior management technique simply because a client refuses to follow a staff request.

The implementation of all interventions, except in emergency situations, must be administered consistent with the IPP and the specific behaviors identified in the IPP requiring the intervention. Instances where an intervention is done as a punishment because the client did not comply with staff instructions and not associated with the IPP include:

- Personal property confiscated for behavior at staff discretion;
- Rights restricted without approved plans; and
- Punitive house rules, such as prohibiting reentry into the kitchen for snacks if a meal is not eaten completely.

**W287**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(3) for the convenience of staff**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(3)**

Inadequate numbers of staff, inefficient deployment of staff, and insufficient training of staff can lead to restrictive practices used for staff convenience.

Examples of techniques used to manage client behavior for staff convenience including, but are not limited to:

- Clients allowed to discipline other clients;
- Clients restricted to one area of the home; and
- Unauthorized use of restraints (e.g., lap trays, bean bags, gait belt, and merry walkers for the purpose of restricting movement)

**W288**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(3) or as a substitute for an active treatment program.**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(3)**

Substitutions for active treatment programming occur when the staff utilizes interventions and restrictive techniques on their own, either because there is not a formal behavioral program to address the client's behaviors or because the staff do not follow the plan as written.

**W289**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(4) The use of systematic interventions to manage inappropriate client behavior must be incorporated into the client's individual program plan, in accordance with §483.440(c)(4) and (5) of this subpart.**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(4)**

The use of behavior interventions are expected to be incorporated into the IPP and be based upon the results of the functional behavioral assessment.

However, there may be isolated and rare instances when a client exhibits unexpected behavior that requires immediate intervention on the part of the staff. In these instances, the least restrictive intervention must be employed and removed as soon as the client is no longer an immediate threat to self or others. The IPP team must then discuss the need for adding a behavioral plan into the clients program.

**W290**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(b)(5) Standing or as needed programs to control inappropriate behavior are not permitted.**

**Guidance §483.450(b)(5)**

The staff of the facility may not maintain or use, outside of the IPPs, any list of "as needed" interventions that can be used with any client at any time. With the exception of isolated and rare emergency situations, all restrictive behavior interventions must be incorporated into the formal IPP and individualized for the client.

**(c) Standard: Time-out rooms**

**W291**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(c)(1) A client may be placed in a room from which egress is prevented only if the following conditions are met:**

**(i) The placement is a part of an approved systematic time-out program as required by paragraph (b) of this section. (Thus, emergency placement of a client into a time-out room is not allowed.)**

**(ii) The client is under the direct constant visual supervision of designated staff.**

**(iii) The door to the room is held shut by staff or by a mechanism requiring constant physical pressure from a staff member to keep the mechanism engaged.**

**Guidance §483.450(c)(1)**

Seclusion, defined as the placement of a client alone in a locked room, is never allowed.

Time out procedures allows a client to be alone in a room, but do not allow that room to be locked. During a time out procedure, egress can only be prevented by a person standing in the door way, or holding the door closed, but as soon as the staff move from the door way or let go of the door the client can come out.

Use of the timeout room or procedure must be part of an approved behavioral plan and may involve the separation of a client from a group or a particular situation, in a non- locked setting for the purpose of calming or removing the client from the reinforcing stimuli that are sustaining an identified maladaptive behavior.

Designated time out rooms must be set up so that the staff has continuous, direct observation of the client at all times. Because of the danger that staff can get distracted by other events or duties, this cannot be accomplished by a camera in lieu of the staff having direct visual of the client.

Key locks, latch locks, and doors that open inward without an inside doorknob are not permitted by the regulations for use in time out rooms as they do not require constant physical pressure from a staff member to keep the door shut. In each instance where a time out room is used, the client's IPP must include:

- The functional behavioral assessment which resulted in a recommendation for the use of time out procedures; and
- Instructions on how often data is to be collected during the time out period and the criteria for release from time out.

The use of a time out room must be approved by the Specially constituted committee as part of an approved program.

**W292**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(c)(2) Placement of a client in a time-out room must not exceed one hour.**

**W293**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(c)(3) Clients placed in time-out rooms must be protected from hazardous conditions including, but not limited to, presence of sharp corners and objects, uncovered light fixtures, unprotected electrical outlets.**

**Guidance §483.450(c)(3)**

Because placement in the time out room is typically secondary to extreme behaviors, it is acceptable that there be no furniture in this room.

A door that opens inward can potentially be held closed, either intentionally or inadvertently, by the client in the room, thereby denying staff immediate access to the room.

**W294**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(c)(4) A record of time-out activities must be kept.**

**Guidance §483.450(c)(4)**

The documentation in the client's record accurately reflects planned (e.g. part of the IPP) usage and presents a picture of events prior to, during, and following the use of time-out. The IPP should include direction as to how often data must be collected during each use of time out for each individual client.

**(d) Standard: Physical restraints**

**§483.450(d)(1) The facility may employ physical restraint only- -**

**W295**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(1)(i) As an integral part of an individual program plan that is intended to lead to less restrictive means of managing and eliminating the behavior for which the restraint is applied;**

**Guidance §483.450(d)(1)(i)**

The use of physical restraint is specified within the IPP. The plan must address:

- 1) The specific type of client behavior to be managed by this plan;
- 2) The less restrictive behavioral approaches which were previously used, but were unsuccessful;
- 3) The hierarchy of measures that must be utilized prior to the application of physical restraint;
- 4) The type of physical restraint;
- 5) The type of client behavior that would indicate that the patient is calm and can be released from the restraint; and
- 6) The replacement behavior being taught to the client to reduce the need for future restraints.

**W296**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(1)(ii) As an emergency measure, but only if absolutely necessary to protect client or others from injury; or**

**Guidance §483.450(d)(1)(ii)**

Physical restraint may be used as an emergency intervention only in situations where the client is exhibiting behaviors which:

- 1) the client has not exhibited before;
- 2) were not identified in the functional analysis of behavior; or
- 3) are harming other people or themselves.

When there are repeated episodes of the use of physical restraint as an emergency safety measure, these episodes should be assessed for their predictability by the IDT, and revisions to the IPP considered addressing the behaviors through a formal behavior plan in order to reduce/eliminate the use of physical restraint.

**W297**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(1)(iii) As a health-related protection prescribed by a physician, but only if absolutely necessary during the conduct of a specific medical or surgical procedure, or only if absolutely necessary for client protection during the time that a medical condition exists.**

**Guidance §483.450(d)(1)(iii)**

Physical restraint during medical procedures must be utilized only when absolutely necessary and be used as a last resort in order for the facility or practitioners to deliver needed medical care to the client. The restraint must be released as soon as the medical procedure is completed unless it is necessary to continue restraint for a longer period of time to continue to deliver care or to prevent the client from displacing tubes or dressings. These restraints may only be used as long as the physician indicates them to be necessary.

For instances where physical restraint are used by the facility or a practitioner during a medical procedure, the client record and interviews should verify that less restrictive measures were attempted before using physical restraint and verify whether any injuries occurred during the use of the physical restraint. Written orders by medical personnel for the application of a physical restraint should include the reason that the restraint is necessary, the type of restraint to be used and the length of time the restraint will be applied.

A restraint device used to prevent a client engaging in self-injurious behavior is not considered a restraint for medical condition.

**§483.450(d)(2) Authorizations to use or extend restraints as an emergency measure must be:**

**Guidance §483.450(d)(2)**

Facility policies should list who in the facility is allowed to authorize the emergency use of restraints or to extend the use of an emergency restraint, and the training that is required for those persons who may authorize. Documentation in the client record in those instances should confirm that the facility follows that policy.

**W298**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(2)(i) In effect no longer than 12 consecutive hours; and**

**Guidance §483.450(d)(2)(i)**

This regulation does not mean that restraints may be authorized to be applied for up to a 12 hour period. The client must be released from the physical restraint as soon as the client is no longer a risk to self or others. Once the behavior has ceased, the emergency has ended, and the client has been released, another authorization would be required for any new emergency situation.

The 12 consecutive hour period is the absolute maximum period of time that emergency physical restraint may be utilized for a client during an individual behavioral incident. It is reasonable to expect that the facility will reassess the emergency situation for any client who remains in physical restraint for longer than one hour and reassess the situation at least every 30 minutes thereafter up to 12 hours when the physical restraint must be removed.

**W299**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(2)(ii) Obtained as soon as the client is restrained or stable.**

**Guidance §483.450(d)(2)(ii)**

There may be instances where the maladaptive behaviors of a client or clients escalate into a serious and immediate event that must be de-escalated quickly in order to prevent harm to clients, staff, other

clients, or by standers when incidents occur in the community. In these instances, the staff should contact the appropriate person to obtain authorization for the use of physical restraint as soon as the situation is stable. Retrospective documentation of the incident should confirm the need for authorization after application.

**W300**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(3) The facility must not issue orders for restraint on a standing or as needed basis.**

**Guidance §483.450(d)(3)**

All instances of physical restraint must be ordered on a case by case basis with individual assessment of the situation and authorization based upon the individual client. Authorizations should include the rationale for the use of the physical restraint versus other less restrictive measures.

**W301**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(4) A client placed in restraint must be checked at least every 30 minutes by staff trained in the use of restraints,**

**Guidance §483.450(d)(4)**

The frequency of monitoring will vary according to the type and design of the device and the psychological and physical well-being of the client. The facility should be checking the client often enough to adequately assess the physical status of the client (e.g., circulation, respiration and vital signs) of the client and the need to continued restraint. The more restrictive the intervention, the greater the risk to the client and the more often the client must be assessed. Frequent assessment will assure that the client will be released as soon as possible, however, in no instance may the staff go longer than 30 minutes without checking the client.

**W302**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(4) released from the restraint as quickly as possible, and**

**Guidance §483.450(d)(4)**

“As quickly as possible” means as soon as the client is no longer a danger to self or others. Documentation should support that the client was released from restraint as soon as they became calm.

**W303**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(4) a record of these checks and usage must be kept.**

**§483.450(d)(5) Restraints must be designed and used**

**W304**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(5) so as not to cause physical injury to the client**

**Guidance §483.450(d)(5)**

Physical restraints to include mechanical devices must be the correct size for the client and be applied with the correct amount of pressure according to manufacturer’s directions. In addition to observation of any physical mechanical restraint in use at the time of the survey, review incident reports for any injuries as a result of restraint use.

**W305**

**§483.450(d)(5) and so as to cause the least possible discomfort.**

**§483.450(d)(6) Opportunity for motion and exercise must be provided**

**W306**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(6) for a period of not less than 10 minutes during each two hour period in which restraint is employed,**

**Guidance §483.450(d)(6)**

This requirement does not apply to cases of medical restraints that are specifically ordered for the immobilization of bones and joints during the physical healing process involved with fractures, sprains, etc. (e.g. a broken bone immobilized by a cast or splint).



See 331 483.460(c) regarding surveillance of skin integrity during the use of medical restraints. However, if a mechanical physical restraint is applied to an extremity to prevent a client from removing post-operative sutures, the restraint must be released every two (2) hours for a period of not less than ten (10) minutes in order to maintain adequate circulation.

Mechanical restraints placed on the client during sleeping hours must be medically based and specifically ordered by a physician. There should be evidence in the client's record why the mechanical physical restraint is necessary during sleeping hours. While it is not necessary to wake the client every two (2) hours to release the restraint and provide opportunity for exercise, the staff must check the restraint frequently during the night to ensure that the restraint is still properly applied and the client appears comfortable.

**W307**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(6) and a record of such activity must be kept.**

**§483.450(d)(7) Barred enclosures**

**Guidance §483.450(d)(7)**

A bed or play equipment with bars that prevent the client from leaving the bed or voluntarily climbing out of the bed are barred enclosures. The use of such enclosures must be a part of the written IPP and behavioral assessments must clearly state why such an enclosure is necessary, the risks of using the enclosure versus not using it and what less restrictive measures have been tried prior to the implementation of the barred enclosures.

Such devices may not be used in lieu of adequate staffing.

**W308**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(7) must not be more than three feet in height and**

**W309**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(d)(7) must not have tops.**

**(e) Standard: Drug usage**

**§483.450(e) Standard: Drug Usage**

**W310**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(e)(1) The facility must not use drugs in doses that interfere with the individual client's daily living activities.**

**Guidance §483.450(e)(1)**

Clients are alert and available for participation in daily living activities.

Some medications administered for medical reasons or to manage behavior may cause drowsiness as a side effect or due to an accumulation of the drug in the client's system. For clients who are observed to be sleeping in chairs during their work day, their programs or recreational times, there should be evidence that the facility staff notified the medical staff and an assessment was performed of the client including their medication regimen. Medical staff should make adjustments to address the issue if indicated.

**§483.450(e)(2) Drugs used for control of inappropriate behavior must**

**W311**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(e)(2) be approved by the interdisciplinary team and**

**Guidance §483.450(e)(2)**

The physician and other team members discuss the risks and benefits of the medication to address the target behavior/symptoms, and approve the use of the drug as being consistent with the active treatment program. Decisions about the necessity of the use of drugs to manage inappropriate behavior should be made by the IDT. It is the responsibility of the IDT members to provide the physician with sufficient information regarding the need for a client to receive a drug for inappropriate behavior. The physician will make the ultimate decision to order the use of the drug. The IDT should document any disagreement with the physician's order.

In those instances where a client returns from a physician's visit with an order for an unsolicited drug to manage client's inappropriate behaviors, there must be evidence (e.g. IDT meeting notes or clients record) that the team concurred with the necessity for the order without trying less restrictive measures first and discussed any concerns with the physician.

**W312**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(e)(2) be used only as an integral part of the client's individual program plan that is directed specifically towards the reduction of and eventual elimination of the behaviors for which the drugs are employed.**

**Guidance §483.450(e)(2)**

All medications to manage behavior must be integrated into the IPP and the IPP must specify how the specific target behavior for which the medication is prescribed will be reduced or eliminated. This includes medications which are typically used for medical conditions that may be used to manage behavior (e.g. 1. propranolol (Inderal), an antihypertensive used for self-injurious behavior, and 2. carbamazepine (Tegretol), an anticonvulsant, used for aggression).

Drugs for behavior management must not be ordered on a PRN basis for a client. The facility staff must contact the physician to obtain a one-time order if the situation necessitates the use of medication. The facility policy must address the maximum number of times a medication can be used as an emergency prior to being incorporated in the IPP, side effects of such medications, and the frequency of re-evaluation of ongoing behavior and its treatment.

Clients or their legal guardian have the right to choose sedation for medical and dental procedures. However, the facility cannot do routine administration of medication for sedation for medical and dental procedures without the agreement/consent of the client or their parent/legal guardian and they must follow the specific orders of the healthcare practitioner who will be providing services to the client. Decisions to order medications prior to medical and dental procedures must be made on an individual basis. Clients who demonstrate severe anxiety around these procedures should be considered for desensitization programs.

**W313**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(e)(3) Drugs used for control of inappropriate behavior must not be used until it can be justified that the harmful effects of the behavior clearly outweigh the potentially harmful effects of the drugs.**

**Guidance §483.450(e)(3)**

The risk(s) associated with the drug being used is consistent with the type and severity of the behavior/symptoms it is intended to affect.

At the time the drug was started and incorporated into the IPP, the behaviors were discussed and presented to team members. It was the documented decision of the team that the behaviors were of such a severity that pharmacological intervention was required and the physician was provided with the team information to assist him in his decision to prescribe the medication.

**§483.450(e)(4) Drugs used for control of inappropriate behavior must be - -**

**§483.450(e)(4)(i) Monitored closely,**

**W314**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(e)(4) in conjunction with the physician and the drug regimen review requirement at §483.460(j),**

**Guidance §483.450(e)(4)**

The physician and pharmacist must regularly review use of drugs for control of inappropriate behavior for their effectiveness in changing the targeted behavior/symptoms, untoward side effects, contraindications for continued use, and communicate this information to relevant staff.

**W315**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(e)(4) for desired responses and adverse consequences by facility staff; and**

**Guidance §483.450(e)(4)**

Direct support staff members are the people who most closely and most frequently observe and record client behaviors. There should be evidence that the direct support staff receive information via the IPP as to the behaviors to be observed, the side effects associated with the medication, the amount and types of documentation required and the communication with clinical staff which is indicated. See 483.430 (e)(1) for training on observations, documentation and communication related to behavior management.

**§483.450(e)(4)(ii) Gradually withdrawn****W316**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(e)(4) at least annually****Guidance §483.450(e)(4)**

Clients receiving medications to control behavior must be evaluated at least annually for a possible reduction of the medication progressing the client toward final elimination of the drug or lowest possible therapeutic level of the drug. However, evaluation should be done earlier than annually if observations indicate that the client's behavior has improved to the point that reduction may be considered as determined by the IPP, unless otherwise ordered by the client's physician.

**W317**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.450(e)(4) in a carefully monitored program conducted in conjunction with the interdisciplinary team, unless clinical evidence justifies that this is contraindicated.****Guidance §483.450(e)(4)**

The IDT is aware of and involved in planning the drug reduction program and participates in its implementation and monitoring.

Progress or regression of the client is monitored and taken into consideration in determining the rate of withdrawal and whether to continue withdrawal.

In determining whether there is clinical contraindication to the annual drug withdrawal, the physician and IDT should consider the client's clinical history, diagnostic/behavioral status, previous reduction/discontinuation attempts, and current regimen effectiveness.

If a client also has a diagnosis of a psychiatric condition that requires a stable level of a psychiatric medication in order to control the symptoms associated with the psychiatric diagnosis, the annual evaluation for reduction of that particular medication for the symptoms of the psychiatric diagnosis would not apply. Documentation in the client's record from their psychiatrist or physician that medication reduction would be contraindicated or that the current level of medications is therapeutic meets the intent of this regulation.

**W318**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460 Condition of participation: Health care services****(a) Standard: Physician services****W319**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(a)(1) The facility must ensure the availability of physician services 24 hours a day.****Guidance §483.460(a)(1)**

A designated physician must be available via telephone, pager, e-mail or on-site in the facility on a 24 hour per day basis for consultation regarding both emergency and non-emergency medical issues. If the facility employs a fulltime physician, there must be procedures in place for coverage in the absence of the physician from the facility.

If the facility contracts with a community-based physician for 24 hour per day coverage, there must be written arrangements in place to detail the responsibilities of the contract physician regarding direct services to the clients, interactions with the direct support staff and the interactions between the nursing staff of the facility and the contract physician. The contract with the contract physician must delineate the process for coverage when he/she is not available.

Upon interview, the staff should be aware of the procedures they are to follow to contact a physician in the event of an illness or injury. Routinely sending clients to emergent care or the emergency room of a hospital because there are no facility physicians available for consultation is not consistent with the regulations.

Interview and record review verify that the physician is available and responsive 24 hours a day.

**W320**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(a)(2) The physician must develop, in coordination with licensed nursing personnel, a medical care plan of treatment for a client if the physician determines that an individual client requires 24-hour licensed nursing care.**

**Guidance §483.460(a)(2)**

A medical care plan of treatment is developed for those clients who are either acutely ill and require licensed nursing care and monitoring temporarily on a 24 hour basis or clients whose chronic medical conditions require or indicate 24 hour licensed nursing care and monitoring. The physician determines when 24 hour nursing care is required.

The medical care plan is based upon the orders from the physician for treatments and care and nursing standards of practice. There is evidence in the client's record that the physician and the nursing staff at the facility work together to ensure that the medical care plan is current and appropriate (e.g. changes in physician written orders for care pursuant to observations from the nursing staff and/or direct observations and interactions with the client, and nursing documentation of care).

The fact that a client has a medical care plan in place should not preclude him/her from an active treatment program, except in instances of acute illness where the active treatment program is temporarily suspended. For clients with chronic medical conditions, it may be necessary for their active treatment program to be modified due to the tolerance level of the client or adapted to accommodate medical limitations. However, active treatment must be provided on a continuous basis.

**W321**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(a)(2) This plan must be integrated in the individual program plan.**

**Guidance §483.460(a)(2)**

Although the medical care plan can be a separate document, it is always an integral part of the IPP process. There should be evidence that the plans are shared and discussed at the time of all interdisciplinary discussions and the information from the medical care plan is utilized in the development of the IPP objectives.

**§483.460(a)(3) The facility must provide or obtain**

**W322**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(a)(3) preventive and general care**

**Guidance §483.460(a)(3)**

The facility has procedures in place to ensure that the clients receive general health care services to assure optimal levels of wellness. General health care services include assessment and treatment of acute and chronic complaints or situations; teaching relevant health care principles to staff and clients; and periodic surveillance of the health status of the clients.

As a result of clinical assessment, referrals are made for specialized assessment and tests. Facility health care staff follow-up to ensure the assessments are done and the findings incorporated into the medical care plan and/or the IPP.

The facility must have arrangements in place to provide routine or episodic laboratory, and radiology services for the clients if not provided in-house or through the clients physician. There must be a written agreement that specifies the responsibilities of the facility and outside provider. (See §483.410(a)).

Preventive health care services include screening procedures designed to identify health concerns and initiate treatment as early as possible. The facility should have a health prevention program in place and follow the plan to address those screenings that the facility will perform periodically that are relevant to all clients, and those screenings associated with a particular gender or age or vulnerability.

Physician refusal to perform a test, such as a pap smear, must be consistent with guidelines for clients, per the local standard in the community.

If the facility has a physician that refuses to provide preventative healthcare based on the client's level of functioning, medical staff at the facility should meet with and consult with this physician in order to ensure that clients receive the same health services as persons living in the local community.

Refer to these websites for current recommended screenings: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ)

For men: <http://www.ahrq.gov/ppip/healthymen.htm>  
Centers for Disease Control (CDC)

For women: <http://www.cdc.gov/women/pubs/cancer.htm>

**§483.460(a)(3) as well as annual physical examinations of each client that at a minimum include the following:**

**W323**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(a)(3)(i) Evaluation of vision and hearing;**

**Guidance §483.460(a)(3)(i)**

Information relevant to the client's ability to see and hear is a critical component in the development of appropriate active treatment strategies.

All clients, including clients who are non-verbal, should have evidence in his/her record that they receive an annual evaluation of their vision and hearing which includes a screening as a minimum, follow-up examination as indicated by the screen and timely referrals as indicated by the examination. Screening is a gross assessment of the client's vision and hearing and usually does not include a measurement of acuity. Examinations are conducted to follow-up on issues noted in the screening and are conducted by qualified professionals.

Clients who appear to have vision or hearing problems or the staff indicate that they have vision or hearing problems and no accommodations have been made. The annual vision and hearing evaluation verifies that clients appearing to have vision/hearing issues or if staff indicate that a client has vision/hearing issues that these issues have been/are being addressed.

If a client's vision or hearing can only be assessed through examinations conducted by specialists (e.g., comprehensive ophthalmological examinations and evoked response audiometry (ERA)), these tests need not be conducted yearly, but rather upon the specialist's expressed recommendations. During discussions at the annual IPP review the team reviews information from the health professional, speech and hearing professional, and direct support staff and makes referrals back to the specialist if indicated.

**W324**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(a)(3)(ii) Immunizations, using as a guide the recommendations of the Public Health Service Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices or of the Committee on the Control of Infectious Diseases of the American Academy of Pediatrics;**

**Guidance §483.460(a)(3)(ii)**

These immunization guides may be obtained from: American Academy of Pediatrics

[www.aap.org/healthtopics/immunizations.cfm](http://www.aap.org/healthtopics/immunizations.cfm)

Centers for Disease Control (CDC)

[www.cdc.gov/vaccines/recs/schedule/default.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/recs/schedule/default.htm).

**W325**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(a)(3)(iii) Routine screening laboratory examinations as determined necessary by the physician,**

**Guidance §483.460(a)(3)(iii)**

The facility may have a set of routine laboratory tests which are to be done on every client annually which is developed and approved by the facility physician. However, such a list is not required. The physician may write orders individually for the clients based upon their medical history, age, gender or medical vulnerabilities.

**W326****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(a)(3)(iii) and special studies when needed;****W327****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(a)(3)(iv) Tuberculosis control, appropriate to the facility's population, and in accordance with the recommendations of the American College of Chest Physicians or the section on diseases of the chest of the American Academy of Pediatrics, or both.****Guidance §483.460(a)(3)(iv)**

The facility should have in place a system for the identification, reporting, investigation, and control of Tuberculosis (TB) in order to prevent its transmission within the facility. This system should include:

- 1) Policies and procedures for screening new employees, new clients, and other people who interact on a consistent basis with clients residing in the facility when those persons are volunteers or professional staff hired or utilized directly by the facility (such as volunteers and contract professional staff);
- 2) Policies and procedures for subsequent screening for clients and for employees, and other people (such as volunteers and contract professional staff) who interact on a consistent basis with clients residing in the facility when those persons are volunteers or professional staff hired or utilized directly by the facility per State Health Department requirements;
- 3) Policies and procedures for reporting positive TB test results to the appropriate State authorities;
- 4) Policies for the investigative procedures, per the local health department, that would be put in place should a client or staff person test positive for TB;
- 5) Policies and procedures for treatment and precautions to be used with clients who display TB symptoms, as substantiated by positive skin testing or x-ray results; and
- 6) Policies and procedures for the evaluation of the effectiveness of the surveillance system.

When one or more clients or staff display TB symptoms, as substantiated by positive skin testing or x-ray results, they do not return to work until a physician has cleared them to return to work.

**W328****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(a)(4) To the extent permitted by State law, the facility may utilize physician assistants and nurse practitioners to provide physician services as described in this section.****Guidance §483.460(a)(4)**

Refer to the applicable State Nurse Practice Act or applicable Board of Medicine Practice Act to determine the extent that the nurse practitioner or physician assistant may provide physician services.

**(b) Standard: Physician participation in the individual program plan****§483.460(b) A physician must participate in-****W329****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(b)(1) The establishment of each newly admitted client's initial individual program plan as required by §456.380 of this chapter that specifies plan of care requirements for ICFs; and****Guidance §483.460(b)(1)**

During the admission process, which takes place from the time the client is admitted to the facility to the time the initial IPP is completed, a physician is required to ensure that an assessment of the client's medical status is thoroughly considered and incorporated into the IPP planning process by the team as it develops the IPP. The physician's input may be by means of written reports, evaluations, and recommendations.

The physician (consistent with Medicaid Utilization Control regulations at §456.380) must evaluate the client at the time of admission to identify all diagnoses and complaints, provide orders for all medications and treatments and provide recommendations for restorative and rehabilitative services.

§456.380 requires that a physician conduct this initial assessment therefore, it may not be done by a physician extender (e.g., Physician assistant or Advanced Practice Registered Nurse).

**W330****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(b)(2) If appropriate, physicians must participate in the review and update of an individual program plan as part of the interdisciplinary team process either in person or through written report to the interdisciplinary team.**

**Guidance §483.460(b)(2)**

The need for physician participation on an individual client's IPP team is determined by the medical needs of the client. How the physician participates (whether through written report, telephone consultation, attendance at the meeting, etc.) is to be left to the discretion of the facility. In instances where a client has no overriding medical issues, the nurse of the facility can represent the medical component on the IDT process or consult with the appropriate physician and share the information with the team. However, in situations where a client's medical condition is unstable/fragile to the extent that it impacts the training/work that may be planned, the physician must participate in providing guidance on the types and extent of programs that would be appropriate considering the client's physical/medical limitations. If a client is noted to be having difficulty participating in the objectives set forth in his/her IPP due to serious medical concerns, review the input that was provided by the physician into the development of the plan and whether the IPP team requested such input.

**(c) Standard: Nursing services**

**W331**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(c) The facility must provide clients with nursing services in accordance with their needs.**

**Guidance §483.460(c)**

The nurse responds in a timely manner to all medical concerns reported, conducts assessments as indicated, effects timely and appropriate interventions, communicates with the client's physicians and other health care professionals as indicated, provides treatments as ordered, monitors client progress following illness or injury and provides training to clients and/or staff as indicated.

**§483.460(c) These services must include**

**W332**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(c)(1) Participation as appropriate in the development, review, and update of an individual program plan as part of the interdisciplinary team process;**

**Guidance §483.460(c)(1)**

For those clients who have had an uneventful year medically and have no medical/health concerns at the time of the IPP meeting the facility nurse may submit a summary report to the IDT unless the IDT determines that his/her attendance is necessary. An eventful year medically would include a year which required unplanned hospital admissions or in which medical issues necessitated treatment for a prolonged or continuing period. However when a client has had an eventful year medically or current medical/health concerns, this could have an impact on their objectives and accordingly the nurse should participate in the IDT discussion directly.

**W333**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(c)(2) The development, with a physician, of a medical care plan of treatment for a client when the physician has determined that an individual client requires such a plan;**

**Guidance §483.460(c)(2)**

A medical care plan addresses those clinical treatments and observations that are to be done for the client by the medical staff and other staff of the facility in order to either improve an acute medical condition or to maintain a medically fragile client as clinically stable as possible. The medical care plan is an adjunct to the IPP and is not considered a substitution for the IPP.

**§483.460(c)(3) For those clients certified as not needing a medical care plan, a review of their health status which must-**

**W334**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(c)(3)(i) Be by a direct physical examination;**

**Guidance §483.460(c)(3)(i)**

A direct physical examination means a visual review of the body as well as examination/assessment of body systems. This includes observations made through non-verbal communication (including visual, tactile, nonverbal gestures, grimaces, etc.) which may be an indication that there is a potential for further assessment and/or monitoring. A paper review of the client's medical record and health statistics does not meet the intent of the regulation for a direct physical examination.

**W335**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(c)(3)(ii) Be by a licensed nurse;**

**Guidance §483.460(c)(3)(ii)**

The term "licensed nurse", for purposes of these guidelines, means a registered nurse, a licensed practical nurse or a licensed vocational nurse currently licensed by the State in which the facility is located. The nurse must operate consistent with the requirements of the applicable Nurse Practice Act. If this direct physical examination is done by a physician, it is not necessary for the nurse to repeat the exam.

**W336**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(c)(3)(iii) Be on a quarterly or more frequent basis depending on client need;**

**Guidance §483.460(c)(3)(iii)**

"On a quarterly basis" means that the examinations are conducted approximately 90 days apart (e.g. scheduled to be conducted approximately once every 90 days). If during the course of a calendar year, there were three quarterly examinations conducted by a licensed nurse and in the fourth quarter the annual physical examination was performed by a physician, the intent of this requirement is met without the nurse performing an additional examination.

**W337**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(c)(3)(iv) Be recorded in the client's record; and**

**Guidance §483.460(c)(3)(iv)**

The actual findings of each examination and the date conducted must be incorporated into the client's record.

**W338**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(c)(3)(v) Result in any necessary action (including referral to a physician to address client health problems).**

**Guidance §483.460(c)(3)(v)**

The nursing staff document that referrals are made in a timely manner, if indicated, for any concerns identified. Nurses must ensure all concerns they identify are communicated and addressed appropriately, including:

- Need is fully identified in assessment;
- Appropriate referrals are made;
- Revisions are made to IPP/Medical care plan; and
- Follow-up occurs to the new plan.

**W339**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(c)(4) Other nursing care as prescribed by the physician or as identified by client needs; and**

**Guidance §483.460(c)(4)**

Nursing interventions are implemented as indicated by the needs of the client and consistent with either standard nursing practice principles or orders from the attending physician. Health and wellness are actively promoted, problems are attended to before they negatively impact the client's health and wellness, and steps are taken to prevent the recurrence of such problems while responding promptly to client's needs.



Client health care complaints that are reported either directly by the client or by the direct care staff are addressed promptly by the nursing staff. Client health care complaints and response by nursing staff are documented in the client's record.

**§483.460(c)(5) Implementing with other members of the interdisciplinary team, appropriate protective and preventive health measures that include, but are not limited to –**  
**W340**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(c)(5)(i) Training clients and staff as needed in appropriate health and hygiene methods;**  
**Guidance §483.460(c)(5)(i)**

Nursing staff periodically provides training to clients and staff on how to care for health needs or conditions, personal hygiene, health maintenance, and disease prevention. Nursing staff actively participates in periodic discussions with client and staff to promote health habits in the areas of diet, exercise and non-smoking.

Based upon individual training needs, the nursing staff provides training to individuals in areas such as medications, family planning, prevention of sexually transmitted diseases, control of other infectious diseases, self-monitoring of health status and self-prevention of health problems, etc. The nurses may train clients directly on their objectives or train other staff to do this training as appropriate.

**W341**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(c)(5)(ii) Control of communicable diseases and infections, including the instruction of other personnel in methods of infection control; and**

**Guidance §483.460(c)(5)(ii)**

Nursing staff should actively participate in surveillance and reporting of communicable diseases per the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines and applicable state laws. They should teach and promote infection control techniques such as hand washing by clients and staff and should be making periodic observations to ensure that such good infection control techniques are consistently utilized.

**W342**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(c)(5)(iii) Training direct care staff in detecting signs and symptoms of illness or dysfunction, first aid for accidents or illness, and basic skills required to meet the health needs of the clients.**

**Guidance §483.460(c)(5)(iii)**

Nursing staff must train and ensure direct support staff demonstrate competency in detecting signs and symptoms of illness, injury, or change in the client's health baseline (e.g. responsiveness, fatigue, irritability, constipation, diarrhea, dehydration, confusion, unexplained weight loss, changes in endurance and changes in respiratory function).

Staff is responsive to health care needs or injuries of clients and receives instruction and support during temporary illness of clients.

If not, review staff training records to determine whether training was provided periodically to the involved employee. Interview direct care staff to determine their level of understanding regarding the signs and symptoms of illness that are to be reported to the medical staff. The records of clients with recent hospitalizations verify that staff detected and reported relevant symptoms promptly.

**(d) Standard: Nursing staff**

**W343**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(d)(1) Nurses providing services in the facility must have a current license to practice in the State.**

**Guidance §483.460(d)(1)**

The facility should have a procedure in place to ensure that any contract nursing staff members are currently licensed prior to the provision of services. Include any contract nurses used by the facility in the sample of nurses reviewed for licensure.

**W344**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(d)(2) The facility must employ or arrange for licensed nursing services sufficient to care for clients' health needs including those clients with medical care plans.**

**Guidance §483.460(d)(2)**

The facility provides for nursing services based on the health needs and conditions of clients residing there. Examples include:

- 1) physician ordered treatments that require the skills of a licensed nurse;
- 2) preventive screenings;
- 3) assessment and intervention;
- 4) direct physical examination and examination of body systems;
- 5) teaching; and
- 6) advocacy for the medical services needed by the client.

Client health care needs are met in a timely manner (within 24 hours) by the available nursing staff.

If nurses who do not have experience in the care of persons with intellectual disabilities are employed by the facility, they should be provided with a formal orientation period and on-going educational opportunities to increase their understanding of the client population.

When one or more clients in the facility has an active medical care plan, there must be 24 hour nursing services available to come to the facility as needed to make skilled assessments and interventions.

**W345**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(d)(3) The facility must utilize registered nurses as appropriate and required by State law to perform the health services specified in this section.**

**Guidance §483.460(d)(3)**

Refer to the applicable State Nurse Practice Act.

**W346**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(d)(4) If the facility utilizes only licensed practical or vocational nurses to provide health services, it must have a formal arrangement with a registered nurse to be available for verbal or onsite consultation to the licensed practical or vocational nurse.**

**Guidance §483.460(d)(4)**

The facility must have written arrangements with a registered nurse (RN) to provide consultation in those instances where LPNs/LVNs provide all the direct nursing care for the clients. Verify that the agreement requires the RN to respond promptly to all calls from the LPN/LVN and to come on-site to the facility if necessary. The facility must also ensure registered nurse back-up when the primary registered nurse consultant is unavailable (vacations, etc.). Review documentation in the client records to confirm that the LPNs/LVNs of the facility are consulting the registered nurse consultant when indicated and that she/he responds promptly to such calls.

**W347**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(d)(5) Non- licensed nursing personnel who work with clients under a medical care plan must do so under the supervision of licensed persons.**

The work of any direct support staff (caring for clients with a medical care plan) is directed by an onsite licensed nurse). The nurse evaluates the care provided by the staff as needed, but at least each shift. If observations of care indicate that direct care staff are not providing care as directed by the medical care plan, then review the supervision provided by the nursing staff.

**(e) Standard: Dental services**

**W348**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(e)(1) The facility must provide or make arrangements for comprehensive diagnostic and treatment services for each client from qualified personnel, including licensed dentists and dental hygienists either through organized dental services in-house or through arrangement.**

**Guidance §483.460(e)(1)**

It is expected that the clients will obtain dental services (both diagnostic and treatment) from community dentists whenever possible. In some instances, there may be clients residing in the facility who are physically unable to travel to the community for services. The facility must secure dental services (both diagnostic and treatment) for these clients either through an in-house program, which is part of the organizational and administrative structure of the facility, or through a written agreement with an outside dental service to come into the facility to provide such services.

**W349**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(e)(2) If appropriate, dental professionals must participate, in the development, review and update of an individual program plan as part of the interdisciplinary process either in person or through written report to the interdisciplinary team.**

**Guidance §483.460(e)(2)**

Reports of dental care may be submitted to the IDT for inclusion in their discussions surrounding either development of the plan or update to the plan. This includes procedures a client may have had or be having during the plan development period, such as root canal or singular extractions. Actual attendance at the IDT meeting by the dentist may be left to the request of the IDT.

**W350**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(e)(3) The facility must provide education and training in the maintenance of oral health.**

**Guidance §483.460(e)(3)**

Formal or informal training in the maintenance of oral hygiene is provided to clients who require it, and to those staff who are responsible for carrying out such activities. The IPP should include an assessment of the client's ability to perform oral hygiene independently and an associated program if the client is not independent.

**(f) Standard: Comprehensive dental diagnostic services**

**§483.460(f) Comprehensive dental diagnostic services include**

**W351**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(f)(1) A complete extraoral and intraoral examination, using all diagnostic aids necessary to properly evaluate the client's condition not later than one month after admission to the facility (unless the examination was completed within twelve months before admission);**

**Guidance §483.460(f)(1)**

A "month" is defined as the interval between the date of admission and close of business of the corresponding day in the following month.

A complete intraoral examination includes an oral cancer screen.

**§483.460(f)(2) Periodic examination and diagnosis performed**

**W352**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(f)(2) at least annually,**

**Guidance §483.460(f)(2)**

Dental examinations occur no less frequently than annually. Clients without teeth must receive an annual oral cancer screening examination by a dental professional.

**W353**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(f)(2) including radiographs when indicated and detection of manifestations of systemic disease; and**

**Guidance §483.460(f)(2)**

There should be evidence in dental reports that dentists follow current standards of practice for the performance of x-rays in order to assist in the diagnosis and treatment of the client.

**W354**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(f)(3) A review of the results of examination and entry of the results in the client's dental record.**

**Guidance §483.460(f)(3)**

The entry referenced at this regulation is the dental entry into the dental record. See W359 for requirement of copying this dental record into the facility record.

**(g) Standard: Comprehensive dental treatment**

**§483.460(g) The facility must ensure comprehensive dental treatment services that include- - W355**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(g)(1) The availability for emergency dental treatment on a 24-hour-a-day basis by a licensed dentist; and**

**Guidance §483.460(g)(1)**

The facility should be able to produce upon request, a written contract/agreement between the facility and a licensed dentist for 24/7 guidance/provision of emergency services for the clients. The agreement should also indicate what back-up coverage will be provided when the dentist is not available.

**W356**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(g)(2) Dental care needed for relief of pain and infections, restoration of teeth, and maintenance of dental health.**

**(h) Standard: Documentation of dental services**

**§483.460(h)(1) If the facility maintains an in-house dental service, the facility must W357**

**keep a permanent dental record for each client,**

**W358**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(h)(1) with a dental summary maintained in the client's living-unit.**

**Guidance §483.460(h)(1)**

The "dental summary" refers to the summary of each visit entered by the dental professional. The note includes any care instructions to be followed up by facility staff as a result of treatment.

**§483.460(h)(2) If the facility does not maintain an in-house dental service, the facility must W359**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(h)(2) obtain a dental summary of the results of dental visits**

**Guidance §483.460(h)(2)**

The facility should receive a written report of each dentist visit for inclusion in the client's record at the facility and for reference by the medical and direct support staff.

**W360**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(h)(2) and maintain the summary in the client's living unit.**

See guideline above at W359.

**(i) Standard: Pharmacy services**

**W361**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(i) The facility must provide or make arrangements for the provision of routine and emergency drugs and biologicals to its clients. Drugs and biologicals may be obtained from community or contract pharmacists or the facility may maintain a licensed pharmacy.**

**Guidance §483.460(i)**

The facility either has an onsite pharmacy or has formal arrangements in place for the provision of routine, unanticipated, or emergency drugs. There are no instances where a client does not receive needed medications due to the unavailability of drugs.

**(j) Standard: Drug regimen review**

**W362**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(j)(1) A pharmacist with input from the interdisciplinary team must review the drug regimen of each client at least quarterly.**

**Guidance §483.460(j)(1)**

The primary function of the pharmacist during the quarterly drug review is to identify possible drug interactions, check for evidence of any side effects associated with the drug usage, determine if laboratory results associated with the drug are within normal limits and verify that the facility is administering the medication appropriately and to comment upon the efficacy of the drug use (e.g. blood sugar controlled, blood pressure within normal limits). In the case of drugs used to manage behavior, the pharmacist may need information from the IDT to determine efficacy. See Appendix PP, Indicators for Surveyor Assessment of the Performance of Drug Regimen Reviews, to the State Operations Manual (Pharmaceutical Service Requirements in Long Term Care Facilities).

**W363**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(j)(2) The pharmacist must report any irregularities in clients' drug regimens to the prescribing physician and interdisciplinary team.**

**Guidance §483.460(j)(2)**

The physician and IDT members must discuss, document and take necessary follow-up action for any irregularities noted.

**W364**

**§483.460(j)(3) The pharmacist must prepare a record of each client's drug regimen reviews and the facility must maintain that record.**

**W365**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(j)(4) An individual medication administration record must be maintained for each client.**

**W366**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(j)(5) As appropriate the pharmacist must participate in the development, implementation, and review of each client's individual program plan either in person or through written report to the interdisciplinary team.**

**Guidance §483.460(j)(5)**

Pharmacist participation on the IDT is at the request of the team. It would not be necessary for the pharmacist to routinely attend all team meetings when the client is on a stable drug regimen that does not appear to be influencing his/her active treatment programs. Pharmacist participation may be appropriate, in situations such as assisting the IDT develop the most effective training programs for when the client is in an evolving situation with their medication.

For example:

- A client begins a new or more complex drug regimen;
- The physician orders off-label use of a medication;
- Frequent changes in the drug regimen are affecting IPP implementation.

**(k) Standard: Drug administration**

**W367**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(k) The facility must have an organized system for drug administration that identifies each drug up to the point of administration.**

**§483.460(k) The system must assure that**

**W368**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(k)(1) All drugs are administered in compliance with the physician's orders;**

**Guidance §483.460(k)(1)**

Administration errors identified in previous medication administration records qualify as non-compliance with physician's orders.

**W369****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(k)(2) All drugs, including those that are self-administered, are administered without error;****Guidance §483.460(k)(2)**

A medication error is an observed discrepancy during the medication pass between what is ordered and what is administered.

This also applies to self-administered medications.

For small facilities (16 beds or less), the medication administration pass will encompass a total of eight (8) drug doses. The observations should be split between two separate drug passes 4/4 (one in the morning and one in the late afternoon or early evening). The medications observed during the observations may or may not be for clients in the survey sample. Any concerns regarding a medication that is about to be administered should be brought to the attention of the person administering the medication. The record of observation should be reconciled with the most current signed physician's orders.

For large facilities (17 or more beds) with either single or multiple buildings, the medication administration pass will encompass a total of 12 doses. The observations should be split between two separate passes 6/6 (one in the morning and one in late afternoon or early evening). Any concerns regarding a medication that is about to be administered should be brought to the attention of the person administering the medication. The record of observation should be reconciled with the most current signed physician's orders.

**W370****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(k)(3) Unlicensed personnel are allowed to administer drugs only if State law permits;****Guidance §483.460(k)(3)**

Unlicensed personnel administer only those forms of medication which state law permits. Licensed nurse(s) in the facility oversee any administration of medications by unlicensed persons and periodically evaluate their performance.

**W371****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(k)(4) Clients are taught to administer their own medications if the interdisciplinary team determines that self-administration of medications is an appropriate objective, and if the physician does not specify otherwise;****Guidance §483.460(k)(4)**

The IDT decision that a self-administration program is appropriate, as is the case for all formal training objectives, must be based upon accurate, current, valid assessment of the client's skills and potential. The determination as to the appropriateness of a self-administration program must never be made singularly on the client's diagnosis or current functional abilities.

For clients assessed to be inappropriate for a self-administration program, but determined by the IDT to possess the capacity to functionally, cognitively, emotionally or developmentally benefit from participation in the drug administration process, it is expected that the facility will provide opportunities for the client to participate in the medication administration process under direct supervision. This participation can include but is not limited to, identifying the medication taken, reaching/grasping a cup of water during the process and placing oral medications in the mouth, etc.

**W372****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(k)(5) The client's physician is informed of the interdisciplinary team's decision that self-administration of medications is an objective for the client;****Guidance §483.460(k)(5)**

While the IDT may set an objective of self administration of medication for a client, they are required to notify the client's physician of this proposed objective. If the client's physician objects on medical grounds, the team must not proceed with the objective until such time as a discussion is held with the physician and he/she agrees to proceed after receiving additional information.

**W373****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(k)(6) No client self-administers medication until he or she demonstrates the competency to do so;****Guidance §483.460(k)(6)**

The written self-administration program for a client must detail the criteria that will be employed by the facility staff to verify that the client successfully completes all phases of the program and continues to comply with all necessary requirements for self administration. Clients who self-administer medications must secure all medications in such a manner as to protect access by other clients or visitors.

**W374****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(k)(7) Drugs used by clients while not under the direct care of the facility are packaged and labeled in accordance with State law;****Guidance §483.460(k)(7)**

When clients go out of the facility for home visits, or to attend work or school, drugs they are taking must be packaged and labeled in accordance with state law by a person authorized by state law to package and label.

**§483.460(k)(8) Drug administration errors and adverse drug reactions are****Guidance §483.460(k)(8)**

Documentation of any medication error should be entered into the client's record and should include what error was made, who was notified of the error, the response of the medical person notified, the physical condition of the client at the time of the notification and subsequent observations of the clients physical condition related to the error.

**W375****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(k)(8) recorded****Guidance §483.460(k)(8)**

Documentation of adverse drug reactions must be entered into the client's record and should include all complaints made by the client or observations made by the staff following the drug administration, the notification of medical personnel, and the response of the medical personnel, any emergency actions that were required and all subsequent observations of the client's condition related to the reaction.

**W376****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(k)(8) and reported immediately to a physician.****Guidance §483.460(k)(8)**

"Immediately" means at the time the error or reaction is identified.

**(l) Standard: Drug storage and recordkeeping****§483.460(l)(1) The facility must store drugs under proper conditions of****Guidance §483.460(l)(1)**

Drugs are stored according to manufacturer's recommendations.

**W377****sanitation,****W378****temperature,****W379****light,****W380****humidity,****W381****and security.****W382**

**§483.460(l)(2) The facility must keep all drugs and biologicals locked except when being prepared for administration.**

**W383**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(l)(2) Only authorized persons may have access to the keys to the drug storage area.**

**Guidance §483.460(l)(2)**

“Authorized persons” is restricted to those who administer the drugs (as allowed by state law) and nursing supervisors (if any). No other personnel should have access to these keys.

**W384**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(l)(2) Clients who have been trained to self-administer drugs in accordance with §483.460(k)(4) may have access to keys to their individual drug supply.**

**Guidance §483.460(l)(2)**

Drugs that are self-administered do not have to be double locked. The purpose for the double locking is to limit access to scheduled drugs. Since the client is generally the only one who has access to his/her drug supply (with perhaps the exception of a licensed nurse or whoever has overall responsibility for medication administration at the facility and a facility’s Director of Nursing Services, who may have access to all of the facility’s drug supplies), there is no need to further limit access.

**W385**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(l)(3) The facility must maintain records of the receipt and disposition of all controlled drugs.**

**Guidance §483.460(l)(3)**

The facility must follow state requirements for the control and disposition of controlled drugs.

**W386**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(l)(4) The facility must, on a sample basis, periodically reconcile the receipt and disposition of all controlled drugs in schedules II through IV (drugs subject to the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, 21 U.S.C. 801 et seq., as implemented by 21 CFR Part 308).**

**Guidance §483.460(l)(4)**

The facility should follow state requirements for the reconciliation of controlled drugs.

**W387**

**§483.460(l)(5) If the facility maintains a licensed pharmacy, the facility must comply with the regulations for controlled drugs**

**§483.460(m) Standard: Drug Labeling**

**§483.460(m)(1) Labeling of drugs and biologicals must**

**W388**

**§483.460(m)(1)(i) Be based on currently accepted professional principles and practices; and**

**W389**

**§483.460(m)(1)(ii) Include the appropriate accessory and cautionary instructions, as well as the expiration date, if applicable.**

**§483.460(m)(2) The facility must remove from use—**

**W390**

**§483.460(m)(2)(i) Outdated drugs; and**

**W391**

**§483.460(m)(2)(ii) Drug containers with worn, illegible, or missing labels.**

**W392**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.460(m)(3) Drugs and biologicals packaged in containers designated for a particular client must be immediately removed from the client’s current medication supply if discontinued by the physician.**



**(n) Standard: Laboratory services****W393****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(n)(1) If a facility chooses to provide laboratory services, the laboratory must meet the requirements specified in part 493 of this chapter.****Guidance §483.460(n)(1)**

If the facility performs laboratory services, it must have a current, valid Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendment (CLIA) certificate for the types of tests it is performing.

For the purposes of this regulation, a “laboratory service or test” is defined as any examination or analysis of materials derived from the human body for purposes of providing information for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of any disease or impairment of, or the assessment of the health of human beings.

**W394****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.460(n)(1) If the laboratory chooses to refer specimens for testing to another laboratory, the referral laboratory must be certified in the appropriate specialties and subspecialties of service in accordance with the requirements of part 493 of this chapter.****Guidance §483.460(n)(1)**

A facility performing any laboratory service or test must have applied to CMS, and received a Certificate of Waiver, Certificate of Compliance, or Certificate of Accreditation. An application for a Certificate of Waiver may be made if the facility performs only those tests on the waived list. A complete list of waived tests can be found at: <http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfClia/analyteswaived.cfm>.

If the facility performs any test, not appearing on the waived list, a Certificate of Compliance or Certificate of Accreditation is required. An appropriate CLIA certificate is required regardless of the frequency with which the laboratory services or tests are conducted. When no tests are performed, a CLIA certificate is not needed. Facilities only collecting specimens and not performing testing do not need a certificate.

A not-for-profit, a state, or local government organization may have one certificate covering all the facilities it operates (e.g., all the separately certified residences which fall under its governing body), if no more than a total of 15 types of waived or moderately complex laboratory tests are used. This exception applies only to laboratories performing limited public health testing. See State Operations Manual (SOM) 6008. Each location where a laboratory tests are performed must file a separate application to be separately certified unless the laboratory meets one of the exceptions outlined at 42CFR493.35(b), 493.443(b), or 493.55(b).

Any laboratory located in a state that has a CMS-approved laboratory program is exempt from CLIA certification. Currently there are two states with approved programs: Washington and New York. New York has a partial exemption; therefore, if the laboratory is located in New York, contact the New York State Agency to determine if the exemption applies.

**W406****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****§483.470 Condition of participation: Physical environment. (a) Standard: Client living environment.****W407****(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)****(1) The facility must not house clients of grossly different ages, developmental levels, and social needs in close physical or social proximity unless the housing is planned to promote the growth and development of all those housed together.****Guidance §§483.470(a)(1)**

Clients of grossly different ages, functional levels, and/or social needs should not be housed together unless all of the following documentation supports the placement:

- Assessment;
- Client program plan;

- Staff documentation of client response to training programs; and
- QIDP notes.

**W408**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(2) The facility must not segregate clients solely on the basis of their physical disabilities. It must integrate clients who have ambulation deficits or who are deaf, blind, or have seizure disorders, etc., with others of comparable social and intellectual development.**

**(b) Standard: Client bedrooms.**

**(1) Bedrooms must- -**

**W409**

**§483.470(b)(1)(i) Be rooms that have at least one outside wall**

**W410**

**§483.470(b)(1)(ii) Be equipped with or located near toilet and bathing facilities;**

**W411**

**§483.470(b)(1)(iii) Accommodate no more than four clients unless granted a variance under paragraph (b)(3) of this section;**

**§483.470(b)(1)(iv) measure**

**W412**

**At least 60 square feet per client in multiple client bedrooms**

**W413**

**And at least 80 square feet in single client bedrooms; and**

**W414**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(v) In all facilities initially certified, or in buildings constructed or with major renovations or conversions on or after October 3, 1988, have walls that extend from floor to ceiling.**

**Guidance §483.470(b)(1)(v)**

If a facility was initially certified on or after October 3, 1988 and/or is under renovations or conversions, they must have walls that extend floor to ceiling.

**W415**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(2) If a bedroom is below grade level, it must have a window that–**

**(i) Is usable as a second means of escape by client(s) occupying the room; and**

**(ii) Is no more than 44 inches (measured to the window sill) above the floor unless the facility is surveyed under the Health Care Occupancy Chapter of the Life Safety Code, in which case the window must be no more than 36 inches (measured to the window sill) above the floor.**

**Guidance §483.470(b)(2)**

The intent of the regulation is to prohibit the housing of clients in basements that are entirely below grade. Clients may be housed on the lower level of housing (e.g. a bi-level house), provided the window height requirements are met and the window is of sufficient size to be used as a means of escape.

**W416**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(3) The survey agency may grant a variance from the limit of four clients per room only if a physician who is a member of the interdisciplinary team and who is a qualified intellectual disabilities professional–**

**(i) Certifies that each client to be placed in a bedroom housing more than four persons is so severely medically impaired as to require direct and continuous monitoring during sleeping hours; and**

**(ii) Documents the reason why housing in a room of only four or fewer persons would not be medically feasible.**

**Guidance §483.470(b)(3)**

The medical care plan for each client housed in a room with more than four clients should indicate the need for continuous monitoring. The medical care plan will include:

- the physician certification that the client is severely medically impaired and requires direct and continuous monitoring during sleeping hours; and
- the reason why this housing arrangement for fewer than four people would not be medically feasible.

**(4) The facility must provide each client with—**  
W417

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(i) A separate bed of proper size and height for the convenience of the client;**

**Guidance §483.470(b)(4)(i)**

The client's preference, chronological age, and physical and medical needs are the determining factors in bed size and height.

**W418**

**§483.470(b)(4)(ii) A clean, comfortable, mattress;**

**W419**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(iii) Bedding appropriate to the weather and climate; and**

**W420**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(iv) Functional furniture, appropriate to the client's needs,**

**Guidance §483.470(b)(4)(iv)**

Client preferences and program needs should be considered in furniture selection. For clients with physical disabilities, furniture is adapted to accommodate the client's physical challenges and enable the client to use the furniture with minimal support.

**W421**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**and individual closet space in the client's bedroom with clothes racks and shelves accessible to the client.**

**Guidance §483.470(b)(4)(iv)**

Closets should have enough space for a reasonable amount of the current season's clothing.

Clients who use wheelchairs or have other physical challenges can reach the racks and shelves in their closets.

The facility is permitted either to provide the client with an individualized closet or with a designated area in a shared closet. The use of central clothing bins in a facility clothing room, in the absence of required client closet space in the bedroom, is not an acceptable practice.

**(c) Standard: Storage space in bedrooms.**

**The facility must provide—**

**W422**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(1) Space for equipment for daily out-of-bed activity for all clients who are not yet mobile, except those who have a short-term illness or those few clients for whom out-of-bed activity is a threat to health and safety; and**

**Guidance §483.470(c)(1)**

Sufficient space that permits the use of wheelchairs, walkers and other adaptive equipment should be provided within the bedroom.

**W423**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(2) Suitable storage space, accessible to clients, for personal possessions, such as TVs, radios, prosthetic equipment and clothing.**

**Guidance §483.470(c)(2)**

Each client should have storage in their bedroom for their personal belongings. Clients should have free access to this storage without the assistance of staff. If it is necessary for clients' personal belongings

to be locked due to the behavior of other clients, the client must still be provided free access to his own possessions (See W137 for requirements for locked areas).

**(d) Standard: Client bathrooms**

**The facility must—**

**W424**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(1) Provide toilet and bathing facilities appropriate in number, size, and design to meet the needs of the clients;**

**Guidance §483.470(d)(1)**

In a home setting, the toilet facilities need to be of sufficient number to meet the needs of the client without prolonged delay. There must be enough toilets in the living units to meet the program needs of the clients at any given time, as well as provide for intermediate toileting needs of the clients living in the unit.

In a home setting, it may be unrealistic to say a client would never have to wait for a shower or bath or to brush his/her teeth.

Bathrooms and fixtures must be adapted to accommodate clients with physical disabilities.

**W425**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(2) Provide for individual privacy in toilets, bathtubs, and showers; and**

**Guidance §483.470(d)(2)**

A bathroom containing multiple toilets, showers or bathtubs, must have doors, curtains, or some other means of protecting the client from view when fully or partially unclothed.

Clients should not be able to be seen through the door or window by passersby when they are using the bathrooms.

Client privacy does not preclude the assistance provided by facility staff when necessitated by the client's condition.

**W426**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(3) In areas of the facility where clients who have not been trained to regulate water temperature are exposed to hot water, ensure that the temperature of the water does not exceed 110° Fahrenheit.**

**(e) Standard: Heating and ventilation.**

**(1) Each client bedroom in the facility must have—**

**W427**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(i) At least one window to the outside; and**

**Guidance §483.470(e)(1)(i)**

(See also W415)

**W428**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(ii) Direct outside ventilation by means of windows, air conditioning, or mechanical ventilation.**

**(2) The facility must—**

**W429**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(i) Maintain the temperature and humidity within a normal comfort range by heating, air conditioning or other means; and**

**Guidance §483.470(e)(2)(i)**

A "normal comfort range" in most instances is defined as not going below a temperature of 68 degrees Fahrenheit or exceeding a temperature of 80 degrees Fahrenheit in facilities in most geographic areas of the country.

In extremely hot or extremely cold weather, precautions are taken by the facility to protect the clients, particularly those who are medically compromised, from ill effects of the temperature.

**W430**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(ii) Ensure that the heating apparatus does not constitute a burn or smoke hazard to clients.**

**Guidance §483.470(e)(2)(ii)**

Refer to Life Safety Code Chapters 32 and 33

Unvented fuel fired heaters are prohibited. NFPA 101 2000 Edition.

32/33.2.5.23

**(f) Standard: Floors.**

**The facility must have—**

**W431**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(1) Floors that have a resilient, nonabrasive, and slip-resistant surface.**

**W432**

**§483.470(f) (2) Nonabrasive carpeting, if the area used by clients is carpeted and serves clients who lie on the floor or ambulate with parts of their bodies, other than feet, touching the floor; and**

**§483.470(f) (3) Exposed floor surfaces and floor coverings that**

**W433**

**promote mobility in areas used by clients,**

**W434**

**and promote maintenance of sanitary conditions.**

**§483.470(g) Standard: Space and Equipment**

**The facility must—**

**W435**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(1) Provide sufficient space and equipment in dining, living, health services, recreation, and program areas (including adequately equipped and sound treated areas for hearing and other evaluations if they are conducted in the facility) to enable staff to provide clients with needed services, as required by this subpart and as identified in each client's individual program plan.**

**Guidance §483.470(g)(1)**

Staff and clients must have the space, materials and equipment needed to implement formal and informal active treatment programs.

There must be sufficient space to accommodate group activities, including groups with clients who use wheelchairs.

Recreational supplies, equipment, and materials are available and reflect the interests, physical abilities and chronological age of the clients.

**W436**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(2) Furnish, maintain in good repair, and teach clients to use and to make informed choices about the use of dentures, eyeglasses, hearing and other communications aids, braces, and other devices identified by the interdisciplinary team as needed by the client.**

**Guidance §483.470(g)(2)**

The term “furnish” means that the facility is responsible for obtaining or purchasing these items once an assessment has identified the need and is responsible for making any necessary arrangements for the client to receive them. Clients’ personal funds should not be used for these items since this is a covered service under the ICF/IID benefit.

The term “maintain in good repair” means that the facility is responsible for ensuring that these items are kept in good working order, and is responsible for any resulting expense that may be incurred.

Programs must be in place, when identified by assessment and determined by the ID team, to teach clients about the use and care for their equipment to the extent of their capabilities.

**W437**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(3) Provide adequate clean linen and dirty linen storage areas.**

**Guidance §483.470(g)(3)**

Clean linen must be separated from dirty linen and stored in a manner which prevents contamination. Linen soiled with bodily fluids must be stored separately and in a manner which protects clients from exposure to possible infectious sources.

A bedroom hamper can be an acceptable dirty linen storage “area” if kept odor free and consistent with the infection control requirements at §483.470(1).

**(h) Standard: Emergency plan and procedures.**

**W438**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(1) The facility must develop and implement detailed written plans and procedures to meet all potential emergencies and disasters such as fire, severe weather, and missing clients.**

**Guidance §483.470(h)(1)**

These plans may include identification of transportation and alternative shelter needs in cases when the facility must be evacuated and may incorporate state-specific emergency preparedness requirements as applicable.

**W439**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(2) The facility must communicate, periodically review, make the plan available, and provide training to the staff.**

**Guidance §483.470(h)(2)**

“Periodic review” is a judgment made by the facility based on the circumstances of the facility. If the facility changes its physical plant or if changes external to the facility necessitates a review of the disaster plan, then the facility is responsible for carrying out the review.

Interview staff about where emergency plans and procedures are located and what the facility policy is regarding how often, and under what circumstances the plans and procedures are reviewed and updated.

**(i) Standard: Evacuation drills.**

**(1) The facility must hold evacuation drills**

**W440**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**at least quarterly for each shift of personnel**

**Guidance §483.470(i)(1)**

Life Safety Code NFPA 101, 2000 Edition (LSC):

Chapter 32/33 code: Clients have to participate in an evacuation drill each shift at least quarterly.

Chapter 18/19 code: There must be an evacuation drill on each shift at least quarterly. This drill is designed to train staff on evacuation procedures.

Review facility records to verify that evacuations drills are held each shift at least once in each 3-month period.

Refer to (S&C 10-26-LSC)

**W441**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**and under varied conditions to—**

**Guidance §483.470(i)(1)**

Life Safety Code NFPA 101, 2000 Edition (LSC):

Chapter 32/33: Expects that all clients living in that unit are capable of self-evacuation during an emergency. This self evacuation should be practiced under varying conditions including various times of the day or night and in various weather conditions.

Chapter 18/19: Requires drills which simulate emergency situations which familiarize facility staff with emergency actions they may be required to perform. The general emphasis of these sections of the code is upon training of the staff and not upon providing practice for the client. Drills should be practiced under varying conditions including various times of the day or night and in various weather conditions.

**W442**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(i) Ensure that all personnel on all shifts are trained to perform assigned tasks;**

**Guidance §483.470(i)(1)(i)**

For facilities under Chapter 18/19 of the LSC

Staff should be able to verbalize the proper procedures to be followed during emergency drills. Staff training records should document that all staff have received training on emergency drills and evacuations.

**W443**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(ii) Ensure that all personnel on all shifts are familiar with the use of the facility's fire protection features; and**

**Guidance §483.470(i)(1)(ii)**

Staff on all shifts are able to express familiarity with the use of fire extinguisher, alarms, and any other safety features in the facility.

**W444**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(iii) Evaluate the effectiveness of emergency and disaster plans and procedures.**

**Guidance §483.470(i)(1)(iii)**

See also W448. The plan(s) must be revised as needed and must be based upon analysis completed under W448.

**The facility must–**

**W445**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(i) Actually evacuate clients during at least one drill each year on each shift;**

**Guidance §483.470(i)(2)(i)**

All clients totally evacuate the building at least once per year per shift, regardless of the occupancy chapter under which the building falls.

All facilities, regardless of their size require actual evacuation. "Actually evacuate", as used in this standard, applies to all clients. The drills are conducted not only to rehearse the clients and staff for a fire emergency (see §483.470(i)(2)(v)), but for other disasters such as hurricanes, tornadoes, floods, etc. Such disasters would require the entire occupancy to be evacuated, and, therefore, the actual evacuation must be practiced, as required.

**W446**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(ii) Make special provisions for the evacuation of clients with physical disabilities;**

**Guidance §483.470(i)(2)(ii)**

Clients with physical or medical disabilities may require special procedures for evacuation, taking into account equipment or staff that must be maintained for the client's care at all times. The facility's evacuation plan should:

- identify such clients;
- clearly delineate any special evacuation procedures for those clients.

Staff should be familiar with the facility's special evacuation procedures when working with clients who are in need of unique provisions.

**W447**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(iii) File a report and evaluation on each evacuation drill;**

**Guidance §483.470(i)(2)(iii)**

There is a written report of each evacuation drill held.

**W448**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(iv) Investigate all problems with evacuation drills, including accidents,**

**Guidance §483.470(i)(2)(iv)**

The documentation for each evacuation drill includes an analysis of:

- The timeliness of the evacuation;

- Any difficulties observed during the drill;
- Investigates the cause of the difficulties; and
- Develops a plan to ensure the difficulties will not reoccur.

**W449**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)  
and take corrective action; and**

**Guidance §483.470(i)(2)(iv)**

When a problem is identified during the evacuation drill and the facility develops a plan to prevent reoccurrence, there is evidence the facility implemented corrective action and follow-up completed to ensure corrective action was successful.

**W450**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(v) During fire drills, clients may be evacuated to a safe area in facilities certified under the Health Care Occupancies Chapter of the Life Safety Code.**

**Guidance §483.470(i)(2)(v)**

The Life Safety Code NFPA 101, 2000 Edition at 3.3.167 defines safe location as “a location remote or separated from the effects of a fire so that such effects no longer pose a threat.”

**W451**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(3) Facilities must meet the requirements of paragraph (i)(1) and (2) of this section for any live-in and relief staff they utilize.**

**Guidance §483.470(i)(3)**

In the case of live-in staff, drills must occur quarterly. Typically, live-in staff can be found in facilities that fall under Chapter 32/33 of the LSC code. Drills should be held at varying times of the day and night for clients to practice evacuation including morning, afternoon, evening and the middle of the night.

**(j) Standard: Fire protection.**

**Guidance §483.470(j)**

These standards are covered by the Life Safety Code (LSC) survey. The facility must meet the appropriate chapter of the Life Safety Code, 2000 edition.

When surveying an ICF/IID for compliance with the LSC, it is first necessary to determine whether the facility will be surveyed under Health Care (HC) or Board and Care (BC) occupancy.

- If clients receive nursing services, or if the provider elects to use Health Care, the facility should be surveyed as a Health Care Facility under Chapter 18 or 19 of the LSC, as appropriate.

- If clients receive personal care and protective oversight but not continuing nursing services, the facility is to be surveyed under Board and Care and the following three steps should be followed:

- 1) Determine the size (16 or less = small; 17 or more = large);

- 2) Determine the Evacuation Difficulty (PROMPT, SLOW, or IMPRACTICAL) using Appendix F of the fire safety evaluation system for board and care facilities (FSES/BC); and

- 3) Survey the building using one of two methods:

- a. The prescriptive requirements of Chapters 32 or 33; or

- b. The FSES/BC, Appendix G.

**(1) General. Except as otherwise provided in this section—**

**(i) The facility must meet the applicable provisions of either the Health Care Occupancies Chapters or the Residential Board and Care Occupancies Chapter of the 2000 edition of the Life Safety Code of the National Fire Protection Association. The Director of the Office of the Federal Register has approved the NFPA101®2000 edition of the Life Safety Code, issued January 14, 2000, for incorporation by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. A copy of the Code is available for inspection at the CMS Information Resource Center, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to:**



[http://www.archives.gov/federal\\_register/code\\_of\\_federal\\_regulations/ibr\\_locations.html](http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html). Copies may be obtained from the National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269. If any changes in this edition of the Code are incorporated by reference, CMS will publish notice in the Federal Register to announce the changes.

**(ii) Chapter 19.3.6.3.2, exception number 2 of the adopted LSC does not apply to a facility.**

**Guidance §483.470(j)(1)(ii)**

Roller latches are prohibited on corridor doors as a latching device.

**(2) The State survey agency may apply a single chapter of the LSC to the entire facility or may apply different chapters to different buildings or parts of buildings as permitted by the LSC.**

**(3) A facility that meets the LSC definition of a residential board and care occupancy must have its evacuation capability evaluated in accordance with the Evacuation Difficulty Index of the Fire Safety Evaluation System for Board and Care facilities (FSES/BC).**

**Guidance §483.470(j)(3)**

The evacuation capability of residents is determined using Chapter 6 of NFPA 101A, 2001 edition.

**4) If CMS finds that the State has a fire and safety code imposed by State law that adequately protects a facility's clients, CMS may allow the State survey agency to apply the State's fire and safety code instead of the LSC.**

**5) Beginning March 13, 2006, a facility must be in compliance with Chapter 19.2.9, Emergency Lighting.**

**Guidance §483.470(j)(5)**

Battery powered emergency lighting must last at least 90 minutes.

**6) Beginning March 13, 2006, Chapter 19.3.6.3.2, exception number 2 does not apply to a facility.**

**Guidance §483.470(j)(6)**

Roller latches are prohibited on corridor doors as a latching device.

**(7) Facilities that meet the LSC definition of a health care occupancy.**

**(i) After consideration of State survey agency recommendations, CMS may waive, for appropriate periods, specific provisions of the Life Safety Code if the following requirements are met:**

**Guidance §483.470(j)(7)(i)**

Waivers may be granted only to facilities that meet the Life Safety Code definition of a Health Care Occupancy. Waivers are not granted to facilities that met the requirements of a Residential Board and Care Occupancy.

Waivers are recommended by the State Survey Agency and approved by the Regional Office.

**(A) The waiver would not adversely affect the health and safety of the clients.**

**B) Rigid application of specific provisions would result in an unreasonable hardship for the facility.**

**ii) Notwithstanding any provisions of the 2000 edition of the Life Safety Code to the contrary, a facility may install alcohol-based hand rub dispensers if—**

**(A) Use of alcohol-based hand rub dispensers does not conflict with any State or local codes that prohibit or otherwise restrict the placement of alcohol-based hand rub dispensers in health care facilities;**

**(B) The dispensers are installed in a manner that minimizes leaks and spills that could lead to falls;**

**(C) The dispensers are installed in a manner that adequately protects against inappropriate access;**

**D) The dispensers are installed in accordance with chapter 18.3.2.7 or chapter 19.3.2.7 of the 2000 edition of the Life Safety Code, as amended by NFPA Temporary Interim Amendment 00-1(101), issued by the Standards Council of the National Fire Protection Association on April 15, 2004. The Director of the Office of the Federal Register has approved NFPA Temporary Interim Amendment 00-1(101) for incorporation by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. A copy of the amendment is available for inspection at the CMS Information Resource Center, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD and at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street NW., Suite 700, Washington, DC. Copies may be obtained from the National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269; and**

**(E) The dispensers are maintained in accordance with dispenser manufacturer guidelines**

**(k) Standard: Paint.**

**The facility must—**

**W452**

**§483.470(k)(1) Use lead-free paint inside the facility; and**

**W453**

**§483.470(k)(2) Remove or cover interior paint or plaster containing lead so that it is not accessible to clients.**

**§483.470(l) Standard: Infection Control**

**W454**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(1) The facility must provide a sanitary environment to avoid sources and transmission of infections.**

**Guidance §483.470(l)(1)**

The facility is clean and staff have eliminated opportunities for cross-contamination of infections. Food is stored, prepared, distributed, and served in a sanitary manner to prevent food borne illness.

**W455**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**There must be an active program for the prevention, control, and investigation of infection and communicable diseases.**

**Guidance §483.470(l)(1)**

Facilities maintain an ongoing surveillance program of communicable disease control and investigation of infections and an active training program that ensures the clients served receive adequate prevention of transmission information and skills, according to needs.

The facility's infection control program should include procedures for:

- identification of the extent of infestation or infection;
- protection of clients;
- treatment of clients;
- notification of family or legal guardian;
- reporting to the health department as indicated; and
- continued follow-up to resolution.

Both the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and the CDC have specific requirements regarding human immuno-deficiency virus (HIV), TB, and hepatitis precautions. These requirements should be incorporated into the facility's practices when relevant to the clients residing in the facility. Concerns about OSHA violations should be referred to OSHA.

**W456**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(2) The facility must implement successful corrective action in affected problem areas.**

**W457**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(3) The facility must maintain a record of incidents and corrective actions related to infections.**

**W458**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**(4) The facility must prohibit employees with symptoms or signs of a communicable disease from direct contact with clients and their food.**

**Guidance §483.470(l)(4)**

The facility should have and implement a policy that clearly delineates those signs and symptoms for which they will restrict staff access to clients or to clients' food.

**W459**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480 Condition of participation: Dietetic services**

**(a) Standard: Food and nutrition services**

**W460**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(a)(1) Each client must receive a nourishing, well balanced, diet including modified and specially prescribed diets.**

**Guidance §483.480(a)(1)**

“Well balanced diets” are defined as diets that contain a variety of foods from the food groups currently recommended by the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics (AND).

“Modified and specially-prescribed” diets are defined as diets that are altered in any way to enable the client to eat (e.g. food that is chopped, pureed) or diets that are intended to correct or prevent a nutritional deficiency or health problem.

Refer to W463 and W474 regarding modified and specially prescribed diets.

The following may be indicators of or may lead to compromised nutritional status:

- Unplanned significant weight gain or loss;
- Fever/infection;
- Diarrhea;
- Chronic disease;
- Chewing and Swallowing problems;
- Teeth and gum diseases;
- Excessive use of laxatives;
- Abnormal laboratory values;
- Brittle, dry hair;
- Ridged or spoon shaped nails;
- Dry flaky skin; and
- Unexplained changed in mood such as general fatigue, apathy, irritability, lack of concentration.

If one or more of these indicators are present, determine the facility’s response through observation, interview, and record review.

Surveyors should assure the facility is responsive to client food allergies and the potential for adverse food/drug interactions. If surveyors suspects these may exist, investigate further.

Examples of facility responsiveness to allergies and food/drug interactions include, but are not limited to:

- Clients on long term anticonvulsant drug regimens (e.g., phenobarbital, phenytoin, primidone) are periodically monitored per facility policy for decreased serum levels of folic acid and vitamin D;
- Therapeutic doses of nutrients are provided to decrease the likelihood of anemia and prevent decreased bone density, etc.; and
- Fiber and fluids are increased in the diet of clients to decrease the likelihood of constipation.

**Guidance §483.470(a)(1)**

Clients of grossly different ages, functional levels, and/or social needs should not be housed together unless all of the following documentation support the placement:

- Assessment;
- Client program plan;
- Staff documentation of client response to training programs; and
- QIDP notes.

**W461**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(a)(2) A qualified dietitian must be employed either full-time, part-time, or on a consultant basis at the facility’s discretion.**

**Guidance §483.480(a)(2)**

The facility employs a registered dietitian either on a part-time, full-time or on a consultant basis.

**W462**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(a)(3) If a qualified dietitian is not employed full-time, the facility must designate a person to serve as the director of food services.**

**Guidance §483.480(a)(3)**

Where the facility does not have a full-time qualified dietitian, verify that the director of food services coordinates with a dietitian to assure the nutritional adequacy of meals and snacks.

The food service director coordinates with the part-time or consultant dietitian to develop client meal plans and monitor client nutritional status.

The qualifications of the food service director may be dictated by facility policy or by state law, if applicable.

In small group home settings where the staff and clients plan and prepare meals cooperatively, there may not be a designated food services director. In these cases, the consultant or part-time dietitian would meet with the available home staff to ensure adequacy of menus and diets.

**§483.480(a)(4) The client's interdisciplinary team, including a qualified dietitian and physician must prescribe**

**W463**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(a)(4) all modified and special diets**

**W464**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(a)(4) including those used as a part of a program to manage inappropriate client behavior.**

**Guidance §483.480(a)(4)**

Modifying a clients' diet must never be used as punishment.

**W465**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(a)(5) Foods proposed for use as a primary reinforcement of adaptive behavior are evaluated in light of the client's nutritional status and needs.**

**Guidance §483.480(a)(5)**

This regulation addresses the use of food in shaping positive adaptive behavior. Where clients have specialized nutritional needs, these needs must be taken into consideration.

When food is used as a primary reinforcement of behavior for a client who has a dietary restriction, these foods should be consistent with the foods allowed by the prescribed diet.

Food used as a reinforcement must be part of a behavior plan approved by the IDT and consistent with nutritional parameters for that client. For example, a client with diabetes does not receive concentrated sweets as a reinforcement.

**W466**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(a)(6) Unless otherwise specified by medical needs, the diet must be prepared at least in accordance with the latest edition of the recommended dietary allowances of the Food and Nutrition Board of the National Research Council, National Academy of Sciences, adjusted for age, sex, disability and activity.**

**Guidance §483.480(a)(6)**

For suggested guidelines write to:

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Human Nutrition Information Services

Washington, D.C. 20250

<http://fnic.nal.usda.gov>

**(b) Standard: Meal services**

**W467**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(b)(1) Each client must receive at least three meals daily,**

**Guidance §483.480(b)(1)**

Meal times may be flexible and accommodate a variety of activities (e.g. holiday and weekend activities).

Clients should be offered the opportunity of three meals every day, but may be given the choice of not participating in a meal due to their schedule or preference.

For example, a client wakes up late on a Saturday morning and decides to have brunch.

**W468**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(b)(1) at regular times comparable to normal mealtimes in the community**

**Guidance §483.480(b)(1)**

Generally, meal times conform to the norms of the community, however the clients' schedules and preferences may result in slight variations. Slight variations are acceptable, but gross variations such as breakfast at 3 am would not be acceptable.

**§483.480(b)(1) with –**

**W469**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(b)(1)(i) Not more than 14 hours between a substantial evening meal and breakfast of the following day,**

**Guidance §483.480(b)(1)(i)**

A "substantial evening meal" is defined as an offering of three or more items at one time, one of which includes a high quality protein such as meat, fish, eggs, or cheese. The meal should represent no less than 20 percent of the day's total nutritional requirements.

**W470**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(b)(1)(i) except on weekends and holidays when a nourishing snack is provided at bedtime, 16 hours may lapse between a substantial evening meal and breakfast; and**

**Guidance §483.480(b)(1)(i)**

A "nourishing snack" is an offering of items, single or in combination, from the basic food groups. Snack supplies are available in the facility and are accessible to clients. Interview staff and clients about their access to snacks.

**W471**

**§483.480(b)(1)(ii) Not less than 10 hours between breakfast and the evening meal of the same day, except as provided under paragraph (b)(1)(i).**

**§483.480(b)(2) Food must be served–**

**Facility Practices §483.480(b)(2)(i)**

Portions served, either by staff or by the individuals themselves, closely match designated serving sizes on menus. Slight variations are not significant enough or frequent enough to affect individual's health.

**W472**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(b)(2)(i) In appropriate quantity;**

**Guidance §483.480(b)(2)(i)**

Meal observations verify that portions served, either by staff or by the clients, match the designated serving sizes on menus.

**W473**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(b)(2)(ii) At appropriate temperature;**

**Guidance §483.480(b)(2)(ii)**

Hot foods are served hot and cold foods are served cold, according to facility policy specific to the type of food or as desired by the client. The facility follows current state requirements for safe food temperatures.

**W474**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(b)(2)(iii) In a form consistent with the developmental level of the client; and**

**Guidance §483.480(b)(2)(iii)**

The term "form", as used in this requirement, refers to food consistency (e.g., pureed, chopped, ground, etc.). Food that is ground, chopped or pureed is based on assessed client need, and only to the extent required.

Food consistency modifications due to an acute medical or dental condition are temporary and; client's food consistency is upgraded at the soonest possible time. Clients with chronic medical or dental conditions are periodically reviewed and at least annually for the possibility of an upgrade in food consistency.

Client assessments must document the justification for modified texture of the client's diet.

**W475**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(b)(2)(iv) With appropriate utensils.**

**Guidance §483.480(b)(2)(iv)**

“Appropriate utensils” refers to eating utensils and adaptive eating equipment that enable clients to eat as independently as possible in accordance with their highest functional level.

Commonly used utensils (fork, knife, and spoon) appropriate to the food being consumed are provided to all clients except those using adaptive equipment instead. Clients should be afforded the opportunity to use forks, spoons, and knives as indicated by the food served.

Utensils must be in good condition, clean, allow portion sizes appropriate to the client's prescribed diet and meet the client's needs.

**W476**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(b)(3) Food served to clients individually and uneaten must be discarded.**

**Guidance §483.480(b)(3)**

This standard does not apply to food served in family-style dishes, unless the length of time the food is on the table or other considerations (such as clients fingering or drooling in the food) compromise the safety and nutritive value for later consumption of the food.

**(c) Standard: Menus**

**W477**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(c)(1)(i) Be prepared in advance;**

**Guidance §483.480(c)(1)(i)**

The facility should be able to produce a copy of client menus prospectively to verify that meal planning is done in advance.

**W478**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(c)(1)(ii) Provide a variety of foods at each meal;**

**Guidance §483.480(c)(1)(ii)**

A “variety” of food at each meal includes offerings from each of the food groups.

**W479**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(c)(1)(iii) Be different for the same days of each week and adjusted for seasonal changes; and**

**Guidance §483.480(c)(1)(iii)**

Menus should make use of seasonal foods in order to capitalize on the availability of fresher more vitamin enriched foods.

In certain portions of the country, there may be cultural preferences that influence the frequency with which a food appears on the menu. This is acceptable in the facility if it is acceptable in the community.

**W480**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(c)(1)(iv) Include the average portion sizes for menu items.**

**Guidance §483.480(c)(1)(iv)**

Verify the menu lists client portion sizes and observe that the portions served correspond to the clients prescribed diet.

**W481**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(c)(2) Menus for food actually served must be kept on file for 30 days.**

**(d) Standard: Dining areas and service**

**§483.480(d) The facility must –**  
**W482**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(d)(1) Serve meals for all clients, including persons with ambulation deficits, in dining areas, unless otherwise specified by the interdisciplinary team or a physician;**

**Guidance §483.480(d)(1)**

For purposes of this standard, “dining areas” mean discrete eating areas located outside of bedrooms, established, furnished, and equipped for the purpose of eating meals.

When a client is not eating in a designated dining area, there must be either a medical rationale or this must be an isolated instance when the client has a personal reason to eat in another area, such as a television area to watch his or her favorite program.

Interview with the client should confirm that this is not routine, but is for a particular isolated reason.

**W483**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(d)(2) Provide table service for all clients who can and will eat at a table, including clients in wheelchairs;**

**Guidance §483.480(d)(2)**

Clients must have the opportunity to participate in the normal dining experience with their companions in the dining room.

Clients in wheelchairs are included in dining groupings of their peers without physical disabilities.

Clients in wheelchairs eat at the table and not with lap trays/hospital trays unless medically contraindicated.

**W484**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(d)(3) Equip areas with tables, chairs, eating utensils, and dishes designed to meet the developmental needs of each client;**

**Guidance §483.480(d)(3)**

Clients use adaptive equipment or are being trained to use such equipment when the need is identified in the IPP.

Examples of adaptive equipment that may be needed are:

- Double suction cups or other devices to anchor dishes on a table or tray for clients with major coordination problems;
- Rocking one-handed knife-fork or knife-spoon for a client with the use of only one hand;
- Built-up or extended handles or silverware for those with problems of grasp or range of motion;
- Plate guards or plates with raised rims to provide a surface against which the client with a physical disability can push food onto a fork or a spoon;
- Flexible drinking straws;
- Spoon bent to a 90 degree angle at the bowl or a swivel spoon to assist a client without normal wrist motions; and
- Any other adaptive device deemed by the team as needed by the client to eat more independently.

**W485**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(d)(4) Supervise and staff dining rooms adequately**

**Guidance §483.480(d)(4)**

There should be sufficient staff to implement eating programs for clients who require them and to provide necessary intervention and supervision for normalization including normal meal time behavior.

Client mealtimes should not be inadequately delayed due to insufficient staff assistance.

**W486**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(d)(4) to direct self-help dining procedures,****Guidance §483.480(d)(4)**

Staff is present during meal times to monitor clients who are able to eat independently, promoting, supporting, reinforcing and encouraging them to eat in an appropriate and normalized manner (e.g., manners, social behaviors, etc.)

**W487**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(d)(4) to assure that each client receives enough food and****Guidance §483.480(d)(4)**

Clients can request and receive second helpings unless contraindicated by a prescribed diet.

For clients on restrictive diets that prefer not to be on these diets or seek seconds, the facility resolves the personal choice issues vs. health risks.

**W488**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(d)(4) to assure that each client eats in a manner consistent with his or her developmental level; and****Guidance §483.480(d)(4)**

The intent of this regulation is to promote the acquisition of skills that lead to greater independence in eating.

Clients should be actively encouraged to eat independently to the extent possible and in accordance with their assessed abilities.

Clients should receive training to develop independent eating skills consistent with their developmental potential as identified through the CFA.

Clients learn skills in accordance with their functional levels. Skills may include:

- Use of utensils;
- Meal preparation;
- Socialization during meals;
- Family style dining; and
- Ordering food in restaurants.

Clients' eating programs are implemented in accordance with their training objectives.

To the maximum extent possible, staff model appropriate mealtime behavior and conversation by sitting at the table with clients, and when possible, eating meals with clients.

**W489**

**(Rev. 135, Issued: 02-27-15, Effective: 04-27-15, Implementation: 04-27-15)**

**§483.480(d)(5) Ensure that each client eats in an upright position, unless otherwise specified by the interdisciplinary team or a physician.****Guidance §483.480(d)(5)**

If a client eats in any position other than an upright position, the physician should document the medical necessity for the position, and/or the IPP should include the program plan to teach the client the physical skill necessary for eating upright.

This applies to all clients, including those fed by nasogastric tube or gastrostomy tube. The IPP should identify the most appropriate position for the client to be positioned during mealtime, in relation to the placement of the food contents.

[ARC 3109C, IAB 6/7/17, effective 7/12/17]



CHAPTER 65  
INTERMEDIATE CARE FACILITIES  
FOR PERSONS WITH MENTAL ILLNESS (ICF/PMI)

**481—65.1(135C) Definitions.** For the purposes of these rules, the following terms shall have the meaning indicated in this chapter. The definitions set out in Iowa Code section 135C.1 shall be considered incorporated verbatim in the rules. The use of the words “shall” and “must” indicate these standards are mandatory.

“*Academic services*” means those activities provided to assist a person to acquire general information and skills which establish the basis for subsequent acquisition and application of knowledge.

“*Activity coordinator*” means a person who has completed the state-approved activity coordinator’s course.

“*Age appropriate*” means those activities, settings, and personal appearance and possessions commensurate with the person’s chronological age.

“*Chronic mental illness*” (see the definition of “Mental illness”).

“*Commission*” means the mental health and disability services commission.

“*Community living training services*” are those activities provided to assist a person to acquire or sustain the knowledge and skills essential to independent functioning to the person’s maximum potential in the physical and social environment. These services may focus on the following areas:

1. Independent living skills which include those skills necessary to sustain oneself in the physical environment and are essential to the management of one’s personal property and business. This includes self-advocacy skills.

2. Socialization skills which include self-awareness and self-control, social responsiveness, group participation, social amenities and interpersonal skills.

3. Communication skills which include expressive and receptive skills in verbal and nonverbal language, including reading and writing.

4. Leisure time and recreational skills which include the skills necessary for a person to use leisure time in a manner which is satisfying and constructive to the person.

5. Parenting skills which include those skills necessary to meet the needs of the person’s child. This service is designed to assist the person with mental illness to acquire or sustain the skills necessary for parenting.

“*Department*” means the Iowa department of inspections and appeals.

“*Dependent adult abuse*” is as defined in rule 481—52.1(235E).

“*Diagnosis*” means the investigation and analysis of the cause or nature of a person’s condition, situation or problem.

“*Direct care staff*” means those staff persons who provide a homelike environment for the residents and assist or supervise the resident in meeting the goals in the resident’s program plan.

“*Evaluation services*” means those activities designed to identify a person’s current functioning level and those factors which are barriers to maintaining the current level or achieving a higher level of functioning.

“*Exploitation*” means the act or process of taking unfair advantage of a resident, or the resident’s physical or financial resources for one’s own personal or pecuniary profit by the use of undue influence, harassment, duress, deception, false representation or false pretenses.

“*Goals*” means general statements of attainable expected accomplishments to be achieved in meeting identified needs.

“*Incident*” means all accidental, purposeful, or other occurrences within the facility or on the premises affecting residents, visitors, or employees whether there is apparent injury or where hidden injury may have occurred.

“*Individual program plan (IPP)*” means a written plan for the provision of services to the resident that is developed and implemented using an interdisciplinary process that is based on the resident’s functional status, strengths, and needs and that identifies service activities designed to enable a person

to maintain or move toward independent functioning. The plan identifies a continuum of development and outlines progressive steps and anticipated outcomes of services.

*"Informed consent"* means an agreement by a person, or by the person's legally authorized representative, based upon an understanding of:

1. A full explanation of the procedures to be followed including an identification of those that are and are not experimental;
2. A description of the attendant discomforts, risks, and benefits to be expected; and
3. A disclosure of appropriate alternative procedures that would be advantageous for the person.

*"Interdisciplinary process"* means an approach to assessment, individual program planning, and service implementation in which planning participants function as a team. Each participant utilizing the skills, competencies, insights and perspectives provided by the participant's training and experience focuses on identifying the service needs of the resident and the resident's family. The purpose of the process is for participants to review and discuss, face-to-face, all information and recommendations and to reach decisions as a team. Participants share all information and recommendations, and develop as a team, a single, integrated individual program plan to meet the resident's needs and, when appropriate, the resident's family's needs.

*"Interdisciplinary team"* means the group of persons who develop a single, integrated individual program plan to meet a resident's needs for services. The interdisciplinary team consists of, at a minimum, the resident, the resident's legal guardian, if applicable, the resident's advocate, if desired by the resident, a referral agency representative, other appropriate staff members, the resident's attending psychiatrist and QMHP, other providers of services, and other persons relevant to the resident's needs.

*"Least restrictive environment"* means the environment in which the interventions in the lives of people with mental illness can be carried out with a minimum of limitation, intrusion, disruption, and departure from commonly accepted patterns of living.

It is the environment which allows residents to participate, to the maximum extent possible, in everyday life and to have control over the decisions that affect them. It is an environment that provides needed supports which do not interfere with personal liberty and do not unduly interfere with a person's access to the normal events of life.

*"Legal services"* means those activities designed to assist the person in exercising constitutional and legislatively enacted rights.

*"Level of functioning"* means a person's current physiological and psychological status and current academic, community living, self-care and vocational skills.

*"Mechanical restraint"* means a device applied to a person's limbs, head or body which restricts a person's movement and includes, but is not limited to, leather straps, leather cuffs, camisoles or handcuffs.

*"Mental abuse"* means, but is not limited to, humiliation, harassment, and threats of punishment or deprivation.

*"Mental health counselor"* means a person who is certified or eligible for certification as a mental health counselor by the National Academy of Certified Clinical Mental Health Counselors.

*"Mental health, mental retardation commission"* means the commission described in Iowa Code section 225C.5.

*"Mental illness"* means a substantial disorder of thought or mood which significantly impairs judgment, behavior, or the capacity to recognize reality or the ability to cope with the ordinary demands of life. Mental illnesses include the organic and functional psychoses, neuroses, personality disorders, alcoholism and drug dependence, behavioral disorders and other disorders as defined by the current edition of "American Psychiatric Association Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders." Mental illness is chronic when it is of long duration or marked by frequent recurrences.

*"Normalization"* means helping persons, in accordance with their needs and preferences, to achieve a lifestyle that is consistent with the norms and patterns of general society in ways which incorporate the age-appropriate and least restrictive principles.

*"Objectives"* means specific, time-limited, and measurable statements showing outcomes or accomplishments necessary to progress toward the goal.

*“Physical abuse”* means, but is not limited to, corporal punishment and the use of restraints as punishment.

*“Physical injury”* means damage to any bodily tissue to the extent the tissue must undergo a healing process in order to be restored to a sound and healthy condition. It may also mean damage to the extent the bodily tissue cannot be restored to a sound and healthy condition, or results in the death of the resident whose bodily tissue sustained the damage.

*“Physical or physiological treatment”* means those activities designed to prevent, halt, control, relieve, or reverse symptoms or conditions which interfere with the physical or physiological functioning of the human body.

*“Physical restraint”* means a technique involving the use of one or more of a staff person’s arms, legs, hands or other body areas to restrict or control the movements of a resident. This does not include the use of mechanical restraint.

*“Physician”* means a person who is currently licensed in Iowa to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or osteopathy.

*“Primary care provider”* means any of the following who provide primary care and meet certification standards:

1. A physician who is a family or general practitioner or an internist.
2. An advanced registered nurse practitioner.
3. A physician assistant.

*“Program”* means a set of related resources and services directed to the accomplishment of a fixed set of goals and objectives for any of the following:

1. Special target populations;
2. The population of a specified geographic area(s);
3. A specified purpose; and
4. A person.

*“Psychiatric nurse”* means a person who meets the requirements of certified psychiatric-mental health nurse practitioner pursuant to 655—Chapter 7, Iowa Administrative Code, or is eligible for certification.

*“Psychiatrist”* means a doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery who is certified by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology or who is eligible for certification.

*“Psychologist”* means a person who is licensed to practice psychology in the state of Iowa, or is certified by the Iowa department of education as a school psychologist, or is eligible for certification.

*“Psychotherapeutic treatment”* means those activities designed to assist a person in the identification or modification of beliefs, emotions, attitudes, or behaviors in order to maintain or improve the person’s functioning in response to the physical, emotional and social environment.

*“Qualified mental health professional (QMHP)”* means a person who:

1. Holds at least a master’s degree in a mental health field, including but not limited to: psychology, counseling and guidance, nursing and social work; or is a doctor of medicine (M.D.) or a doctor of osteopathic medicine and surgery (D.O.); and
2. Holds a current Iowa license when required by the Iowa licensure law; and
3. Has at least two years of postdegree experience, supervised by a mental health professional, in assessing mental problems and needs of individuals and in providing appropriate mental health services for those individuals. See rule 481—65.4(135C) for variance procedures.

*“Resident”* means a person who has been admitted to the facility to receive care and services.

*“Seclusion”* means the isolation of the resident in a locked room which cannot be opened by the resident.

*“Self-care training services”* means those activities provided to assist a person to acquire or sustain the knowledge, habits and skills essential to the daily needs of the person. The activities focus on personal hygiene, general health maintenance, mobility skills and other activities of daily living.

*“Service”* means a set of interrelated activities provided to a resident pursuant to the IPP.

*“Sexual abuse”* means, but is not limited to, the exposing of pubes to a resident, the exposure of a resident’s genitals, pubes, breasts or buttocks for sexual satisfaction, fondling or touching the inner thigh,

groin, buttocks, anus or breast of a resident or the clothing covering these areas, sexually suggestive comments or remarks made to a resident, a genital to genital or rectal, or oral to genital or rectal contact, or the commission of a sexual offense under Iowa Code chapter 709 or Iowa Code section 726.2.

“*Social worker*” means a person who is licensed to practice social work in the state of Iowa, or who is eligible for licensure.

“*Support services*” means those activities provided to or on behalf of a person in the areas of personal care and assistance and property maintenance in order to allow a person to live in the least restrictive environment.

“*Transportation services*” means those activities designed to assist a person to travel from one place to another to obtain services or carry out life’s activities.

“*Verbal abuse*” means, but is not limited to, the use of derogatory terms or names, undue voice volume and rude comments, orders or responses to residents.

“*Vocational training services*” means those activities designed to familiarize a person with production or employment requirements and to maintain or develop the person’s ability to function in a work setting. This service includes programming which allows or promotes the development of skills, attitudes and personal attributes appropriate to the work setting.

“*Work*” means any activity during which a resident provides goods or services for wages.

“*Written, in writing or recorded*” means that an account or entry is made in a permanent form. [ARC 0766C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13; ARC 1204C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 1752C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—65.2(135C) Application for license.** In order to obtain an initial license for an ICF/PMI, the applicant must comply with the rules and standards contained in Iowa Code chapter 135C and the standards in 481—Chapter 61. Variances from Chapter 61 regulations are allowed under rule 481—61.2(135C). An application must be submitted to the department which states the type and category of license for which the facility is applying.

**65.2(1)** Each application shall include:

- a. A floor plan of each floor of the facility drawn on 8½- × 11-inch paper showing room areas in proportion, room dimensions, room numbers for all rooms, including bathroom, and designation of the use to which room will be put and window and door location;
- b. A photograph of the front and side elevation of the facility;
- c. The statutory fee for an intermediate care facility license;
- d. Evidence of a certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules.

**65.2(2)** A résumé of care with a narrative which includes the following information shall be submitted:

- a. The purpose of the facility;
- b. A description of the target population and limitations on resident eligibility;
- c. An identification and description of the services the facility will provide. This shall include at least specific and measurable goals and objectives for each service available in the facility and a description of the resources needed to provide each service including staff, physical facilities and funds;
- d. A description of the human service system available in the area, including, but not limited to, social, public health, visiting nurse, vocational training, employment services, sheltered living arrangements, and services of private agencies; and
- e. A description of working relationships with the human service agencies when applicable which shall include at least how the facility will coordinate with:

(1) The department of human services to facilitate continuity of care and coordination of services to residents; and

(2) Other agencies to identify unnecessary duplication of services and plan for development and coordination of needed services.

**65.2(3)** In order to obtain a renewal or change of ownership license of the ICF/PMI the applicant must:

- a. Submit to the department the completed application form 30 days prior to annual license renewal or change of ownership date of the ICF/PMI license;
- b. Submit the statutory license fee for an ICF/PMI with the application for renewal or change of ownership;
- c. Have an approved current certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal as to compliance with fire safety rules; and
- d. Submit documentation of review of résumé of care pursuant to subrule 65.2(1), paragraph “a,” and a copy of any revisions to the plan.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.7 and 135C.9.  
[ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14]

**481—65.3(135C) Licenses for distinct parts.** Separate licenses may be issued for distinct parts which are clearly identifiable parts of a health care facility, containing contiguous rooms in a separate wing or building or on a separate floor of the facility, which provide care and services of separate categories.

The following requirements shall be met for a separate licensing of a distinct part:

1. The distinct part shall serve only residents who require the category of care and services immediately available to them within that part. (III)
2. The distinct part shall meet all the standards, rules and regulations pertaining to the category for which a license is being sought.
3. The distinct part must be operationally and financially feasible.
4. A separate personal care staff with qualifications appropriate to the care and services being rendered must be regularly assigned and working in the distinct part under responsible management. (III)
5. Separately licensed distinct parts may have certain services such as management, building maintenance, laundry and dietary in common with each other.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.6(2).

**481—65.4(135C) Variances.** Variances from these rules may be granted by the director of the department when:

1. The need for a variance has been established consistent with the résumé of care or the resident’s individual program plan.
2. There is no danger to the health, safety, welfare or rights of any resident.
3. The variance will apply only to a specific intermediate care facility for the mentally ill.

Variances shall be reviewed at least at the time of each licensure survey and any other time by the department to see if the need for the variance is still acceptable.

**65.4(1)** To request a variance, the licensee must:

- a. Apply in writing on a form provided by the department;
- b. Cite the rule or rules from which a variance is desired;
- c. State why compliance with the rule or rules cannot be accomplished;
- d. Explain how the variance is consistent with the résumé of care or the individual program plan; and
- e. Demonstrate that the requested variance will not endanger the health, safety, welfare or rights of any resident.

**65.4(2)** Upon receipt of a request for variance, the director will:

- a. Examine the rule from which the variance is requested;
- b. Evaluate the requested variance against the requirement of the rule to determine whether the request is necessary to meet the needs of the residents;
- c. Examine the effect of the requested variance on the health, safety or welfare of the residents;
- d. Consult with the applicant to obtain additional written information if required; and
- e. Obtain approval of the Iowa mental health and disability services commission, when the request is for a variance from the requirement for qualification of a mental health professional.

**65.4(3)** Based upon this information, approval of the variance will be either granted or denied within 120 days of receipt.

[ARC 0766C, IAB 5/29/13, effective 7/3/13]

**481—65.5(135C) General requirements.**

**65.5(1)** A valid license shall be posted in each facility so the public can easily see it. (III)

**65.5(2)** Each license is valid only for the premises and person named on the license and is not transferable.

**65.5(3)** The posted license shall accurately reflect the current status of the facility. (III)

**65.5(4)** Each citation or a copy of each citation issued by the department for a Class I or Class II violation shall be prominently posted by the facility in plain view of the residents, visitors, and persons inquiring about placement in the facility. The citation or copy of the citation shall remain posted until the violation is corrected to the satisfaction of the department. (III)

**65.5(5)** Licenses expire one year after the date of issuance or as indicated on the license.

**65.5(6)** There shall be no more beds erected than are stipulated on the license. (II, III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.8.

**481—65.6(135C) Notification required by the department.** The department shall be notified within 48 hours, by letter, of any reduction or loss of personal care or dietary staff lasting more than seven days which places the staff ratio below that required for licensing. No additional residents shall be admitted until the minimum staff requirements are achieved. (II, III)

**65.6(1)** Other required notification and time periods are:

a. Within 30 days of any proposed change in the résumé of care for the ICF/PMI; (II, III)

b. Thirty days before addition, alteration, or new construction is begun in the ICF/PMI or on the premises; (III)

c. Thirty days before the ICF/PMI closes; (III)

d. Within two weeks of any change of administrator; (II, III) and

e. Within 30 days when any change in the category of license is sought. (III)

**65.6(2)** Prior to the purchase, transfer, assignment, or lease of an ICF/PMI the licensee shall:

a. Inform the department in writing of the pending sale, transfer, assignment, or lease of the facility; (III)

b. Inform the department in writing of the name and address of the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee or lessee at least 30 days before the sale, transfer, assignment or lease is completed; (III) and

c. Submit a written authorization to the department permitting the department to release information of whatever kind from the department's files concerning the licensee's ICF/PMI to the named prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee or lessee. (III)

**65.6(3)** After the authorization has been submitted to the department, the department shall upon request send or give copies of all recent licensure surveys and any other pertinent information relating to the facility's licensure status to the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee or lessee. Costs for copies requested shall be paid by the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee or lessee. No information personally identifying any resident shall be provided to the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee or lessee. (II, III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.6(3) and 135C.16(2).

**481—65.7(135C) Administrator.** Each ICF/PMI shall have one person in charge, duly approved by the department or acting in a provisional capacity in accordance with these regulations. (II, III)

**65.7(1)** The administrator shall be at least 21 years of age and shall meet at least one of the following conditions:

a. Be licensed in Iowa as a nursing home administrator, or certified as a residential care administrator. No residential care facility administrator certified under a waiver from the department shall administrate an intermediate care facility for persons with mental illness. The administrator must

have at least two years' experience in direct care or supervision of people with mental illness and at least one year of experience in an administrative capacity; (II, III) or

*b.* Be a qualified mental health professional (QMHP) with at least one year of experience in an administrative capacity. (II, III)

If an ICF/PMI is a distinct part of a licensed health care facility, the administrator of the facility as a whole may serve as the administrator of the ICF/PMI without meeting the requirements of subrule 65.7(1), paragraph "a" or "b." When this occurs, the person in charge of the ICF/PMI distinct part shall meet the requirements of subrule 65.7(1), paragraph "a" or "b." (II, III)

**65.7(2)** The administrator of more than one facility shall be responsible for no more than 150 beds in total. (II, III)

*a.* The distance between the two farthest facilities shall be no greater than 50 miles. (II, III)

*b.* An administrator of more than one facility must designate an administrative staff person in each facility who shall be responsible for directing programs in the facility during the administrator's absence. (II, III)

**65.7(3)** The administrative staff person shall be designated in writing and immediately available to the facility on a 24-hour basis when the administrator is absent and residents are in the facility. (II, III)

The person(s) designated shall:

*a.* Have at least two years' experience or training in a supervisory or direct care position in a mental health setting; (II, III)

*b.* Be knowledgeable of the operation of the facility; (II, III)

*c.* Have access to records concerned with the operation of the facility; (II, III)

*d.* Be capable of carrying out administrative duties and of assuming administrative responsibilities; (II, III)

*e.* Be at least 21 years of age; (III)

*f.* Be empowered to act on behalf of the licensee during the administrator's absence concerning the health, safety and welfare of the residents; (II, III) and

*g.* Have training to carry out assignments and take care of emergencies and sudden illnesses of residents. (II, III)

**65.7(4)** If an administrator serves more than one facility, a written plan shall be developed, implemented and available for review by the department designating regular and specific times the administrator will be available to meet with the staff and residents to provide direction and supervision of resident care and services. (II, III)

**65.7(5)** When a facility has been unable to replace the administrator, through no fault of its own, a provisional administrator meeting the qualifications of the administrative staff person may be appointed on a temporary basis by the licensee to assume the administrative responsibilities for the facility. This person shall not serve more than three months without approval from the department. The department must be notified before the appointment of the provisional administrator. (III)

**65.7(6)** A facility applying for initial licensing shall not have a provisional administrator. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14(2).

#### **481—65.8(135C) Administration.**

**65.8(1)** The licensee shall:

*a.* Be responsible for the overall operation of the ICF/PMI; (III)

*b.* Be responsible for compliance with all applicable laws and with the rules of the department; (II, III)

*c.* Establish written policies, which shall be available for review by the department or other agencies designated by Iowa Code section 135C.16(3), for the operation of the ICF/PMI including, but not limited to: (III)

(1) Personnel; (III)

(2) Admission; (III)

(3) Evaluation services; (II, III)

(4) Programming and individual program plan; (II, III)

- (5) Crisis intervention; (II, III)
- (6) Discharge or transfer; (III)
- (7) Medication management; (II)
- (8) Resident property; (II, III)
- (9) Financial affairs; (II, III)
- (10) Records; (III)
- (11) Health and safety; (II, III)
- (12) Nutrition; (III)
- (13) Physical facilities and maintenance; (III)
- (14) Resident rights; (II, III) and

*d.* Furnish statistical information concerning the operation of the facility to the department within 30 days of request. (III)

**65.8(2)** The administrator shall be responsible for the implementation of procedures to support the policies established by the licensee. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14.

[ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14]

#### **481—65.9(135C) Personnel.**

**65.9(1)** The personnel policies and procedures shall include the following requirements:

*a.* Written job descriptions for all employees or agreements for all consultants, which include duties and responsibilities, education, experience, or other requirements, and supervisory relationships; (III)

*b.* Annual performance evaluations of all employees and consultants which are dated and signed by the employee or consultant and the supervisor; (III)

*c.* Personnel records which are current, accurate, complete and confidential to the extent allowed by law. The record shall contain documentation of how the employee's or consultant's education and experience are relevant to the position for which they were hired; (III)

*d.* Roles, responsibilities, and limitation of student interns and volunteers; (III)

*e.* An orientation program for all newly hired employees and consultants which includes introduction to facility personnel policies and procedures and a discussion of the safety plan. Subparagraphs 65.9(1) "f"(3), (5) and (9) shall be included; (II, III)

*f.* A plan for a continuing education program with a minimum of 12 in-service programs per year. There shall be a written, individualized staff development plan implemented for each employee. The plan shall take into consideration the duties of the employee and the needs of the facility identified in the résumé of care. The plan shall ensure that each employee has the opportunity to develop and enhance skills and to broaden and increase knowledge needed to provide effective resident care including, but not limited to:

(1) First aid; (II, III)

(2) Human needs and behavior; (II, III)

(3) Problems and needs of persons with mental illness; for example, diagnosis and treatment, suicide assessment and prevention; (II, III)

(4) Medication; (II, III)

(5) Crisis intervention; for example, use of restraints and seclusion; (II)

(6) Delivery of services in accordance with the principles of normalization; (III)

(7) Infection control and wellness; (III)

(8) Fire safety, disaster, and tornado preparation; (II, III) and

(9) Resident rights. (II, III)

*g.* Equal opportunity and affirmative action employment practices; (III)

*h.* Procedures to be used when disciplining an employee; (III) and

*i.* Appropriate dress and personal hygiene for staff and residents. (III)

**65.9(2)** There shall be written personnel policies for each facility. Personnel policies shall include the following requirements:



a. Employees shall have a physical examination before employment and at least every four years after beginning employment. (III)

b. Screening and testing for tuberculosis shall be conducted pursuant to 481—Chapter 59. (I, II, III)

c. No one shall provide services in a facility if the person has a disease:

(1) Which is transmissible through required workplace contact; (I, II, III)

(2) Which presents a significant risk of infecting others; (I, II, III)

(3) Which presents a substantial possibility of harming others; (I, II, III)

(4) For which no reasonable accommodation can eliminate the risk. (I, II, III)

Refer to Guideline for Infection Control in Hospital Personnel, 1998, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, to determine (1), (2), (3) and (4).

d. There shall be written policies for emergency medical care for employees in case of sudden illness or accident. These policies shall include the administrative individuals to be contacted. (III)

e. Health certificates for all employees shall be available for review by the department. (III)

**65.9(3) Staffing.** The facility shall establish, subject to approval of the department, the numbers and qualifications of the staff required in an ICF/PMI using as its criteria the services being offered as indicated on the résumé of care and as required for implementation of individual program plans. (II, III)

a. Direct care staff. Direct care staff shall be present in the facility unless all residents are involved in activities away from the facility. The policies and procedures shall provide for an on-call staff person to be available when residents and staff are absent from the facility. (II, III)

(1) The on-call staff person shall be designated in writing. (II, III)

(2) Residents or another responsible person shall be informed of how to contact the on-call person.

(II, III)

The staffing plan shall ensure that at least one qualified direct care staff person is on duty to carry out and implement the individual program plans. (II, III)

b. Qualified mental health professional. The ICF/PMI shall, by direct employment or contract, provide for sufficient services of a qualified mental health professional to attain or maintain the highest practicable mental and psychosocial well-being of each resident. Attainment shall be determined by resident assessment and individual plans of care. (I, II, III) Responsibilities of the QMHP shall include, but not be limited to:

(1) Approval of each resident's individual program plan; (II, III)

(2) Monitoring the implementation of each resident's individual program plan, including periodic personal contact; (II, III) and

(3) Participation on each resident's interdisciplinary team. (II, III)

c. Nursing staff. Each facility shall have sufficient nursing staff to provide nursing and related services to attain or maintain the highest practical physical, mental and psychosocial well-being of each resident. Attainment shall be determined by resident assessments and individual plans of care.

(1) The director of nursing (DON) shall be a registered nurse who is employed by the facility at least 40 hours per week. This person shall have two years' experience in direct care or supervision of people with mental illness. (II, III)

(2) The facility shall provide 24-hour service by licensed nurses, including at least one registered nurse on the day tour of duty, seven days a week. (II, III)

(3) If the DON has other institutional responsibilities, a qualified registered nurse shall serve as the DON's assistant so there is the equivalent of a full-time nursing supervisor on duty. (II, III)

(4) The department shall establish, on an individual facility basis, the numbers and qualifications of the staff required in the facility using as its criteria the services being offered as indicated on the résumé of care and as required for implementation of individual program plans. (II, III)

(5) The DON shall not serve as charge nurse in a facility with an average daily total occupancy of 60 or more residents. (II, III)

(6) A waived licensed practical nurse shall not be allowed as a charge nurse on any shift. (II, III)

(7) There shall be at least two people capable of rendering nursing service awake, dressed, and on duty at all times. (II, III)

*d.* Activity staff. Each ICF/PMI shall employ a recreational therapist, occupational therapist or activity coordinator to direct the activity program both inside and outside the facility in accordance with each resident's individual program plan. (III)

Staff for the activity program shall be based on the needs of the residents being served as identified on the IPP. (III)

(1) The activity program director shall attend workshops or educational programs which relate to activity programming. These shall total a minimum of ten contact hours per year. (III)

(2) Personnel coverage shall be provided when the activity program director is absent during scheduled activities. (III)

(3) The activity program director shall have access to all information about residents necessary to carry out the program. (III)

*e.* Responsibilities of the activity program director shall include:

(1) Coordinating all activities, including volunteer or auxiliary activities and religious services; (III)

(2) Ensuring that all records required are kept; (III)

(3) Coordinating the activity program with all other services in the facility; (III) and

(4) Participating in the in-service training program in the facility. This shall include attending as well as presenting sessions. (III)

**65.9(4)** Personnel record.

*a.* A personnel record shall be kept for each employee. (III)

*b.* The record shall include the employee's:

(1) Name and address, (III)

(2) Social security number, (III)

(3) Date of birth, (III)

(4) Date of employment, (III)

(5) References, (III)

(6) Position in the facility, (III)

(7) Job description, (III)

(8) Documentation of experience and education, (III)

(9) Staff development plan, (III)

(10) Annual performance evaluation, (II, III)

(11) Documentation of disciplinary action, (II, III)

(12) Date and reason for discharge or resignation, (III) and

(13) Current physical examination. (III)

**65.9(5)** Employee criminal record checks, child abuse checks and dependent adult abuse checks and employment of individuals who have committed a crime or have a founded abuse. The facility shall comply with the requirements found in Iowa Code section 135C.33 as amended by 2013 Iowa Acts, Senate File 347, and rule 481—50.9(135C) related to completion of criminal record checks, child abuse checks, and dependent adult abuse checks and to employment of individuals who have committed a crime or have a founded abuse. (I, II, III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.14(2) and 135C.14(6).

[ARC 0663C, IAB 4/3/13, effective 5/8/13; ARC 0903C, IAB 8/7/13, effective 9/11/13; ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14]

**481—65.10(135C) General admission policies.** There shall be admission policies which address the following:

1. No resident shall be admitted or retained who is in need of greater services than the facility can provide. (II, III)

2. Residents shall be admitted only on a written order signed by a physician. (II, III)

3. A preplacement visit shall be completed prior to admission, except in case of an emergency admission or readmission, to familiarize the applicant with the facility and services offered. The policies and procedures may allow for waiving the requirement at the request of a person seeking admission when the completion of the visit would create a hardship for the person seeking admission. If the distance to be

traveled makes it impossible to complete the visit in an eight-hour day, this may be considered to create a hardship. (III)

4. Prior to admission of an applicant, the facility shall obtain sufficient information to determine if its program is appropriate and adequate to meet the person's needs. (III)

5. Admission criteria shall include, but not be limited to, age, sex, current diagnosis from an American Psychiatric Association Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, substance abuse, dual diagnosis and criteria that are consistent with the résumé of care. (III)

6. Each facility shall maintain a waiting list with selection priorities identified. (III)

7. No ICF/PMI may admit more residents than the number of beds for which it is licensed. (II, III)

8. There shall be a written, organized orientation program for all residents which shall be planned and implemented to resolve or reduce personal, family, business, and emotional problems that may interfere with the health care, recovery, and rehabilitation of the individual and which shall be available for review by the department. (III)

9. Infants and children under the age of 18 shall not be admitted as residents to an ICF/PMI for adults unless given prior written approval by the department. A distinct part of an ICF/PMI, segregated from the adult section, may be established based on a résumé of care submitted by the licensee or applicant which is commensurate with the needs of the residents of the health care facility and has received the department's review and approval. (III)

10. Within 30 days of a resident's admission to a health care facility receiving reimbursement through the medical assistance program under Iowa Code chapter 249A, the facility shall ask the resident or the resident's personal representative whether the resident is a veteran and shall document the response. If the facility determines that the resident is a potential veteran, the facility shall report the resident's name along with the names of the resident's spouse and any dependent children, as well as the name of the contact person for this information, to the Iowa department of veterans affairs. Where appropriate, the facility may also report such information to the Iowa department of human services.

If a resident is eligible for benefits through the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or other third-party payor, the facility first shall seek reimbursement from the identified payor source before seeking reimbursement from the medical assistance program established under Iowa Code chapter 249A.

The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to the admission of an individual as a resident to a state mental health institute for acute psychiatric care. (II, III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.3 and 135C.23.

**481—65.11(135C) Evaluation services.** Each resident admitted shall have a physical examination and tuberculin test no more than 30 days before admission and a physical examination annually after that. Each annual examination shall be sufficient to ensure the resident has no physical condition which precludes living in the facility. If the resident is admitted directly from a hospital, a copy of the hospital admission physical and discharge summary may meet this requirement. (II, III)

**65.11(1)** In addition to the required initial physical examination, each resident shall be evaluated to identify physical health, current level of functioning and the need for services. This evaluation shall be completed within 30 days of admission and annually after that. Information from other sources may be used in the evaluation if the information meets the requirements of subrules 65.11(2) and 65.11(3). (II, III)

**65.11(2)** The portion of the evaluation which describes the resident's physical health shall:

a. Identify current illnesses and disabilities and include recommendations for physical and physiological treatment and services; (II, III)

b. Include a description of the resident's ability for health maintenance; (II)

c. Include a mental status examination and history of mental health and treatments; (II, III) and

d. Be performed by a physician with a valid license to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery or osteopathy in Iowa. If the evaluation is not conducted in Iowa, it must be by a physician who holds a current license in the state in which the examination is performed. If the doctor is not a psychiatrist, a psychiatrist or health service provider in psychology licensed under Iowa Code section 154B.7 shall be consulted regarding the results of the mental status examination. (II, III)

**65.11(3)** The portion of the evaluation which describes the resident's current functioning level and need for services shall:

- a. Identify the functioning level and need for services in self-care, community living skills, psychotherapeutic treatment, vocational skills, and academic skills as appropriate; (II, III)
- b. Contain sufficient detail about skills and needs to determine appropriate placement; (II, III)
- c. Be made without regard to the availability of services; (III) and
- d. Be performed by a QMHP, consulting with an interdisciplinary team. (III)

**65.11(4)** Results of all evaluations shall be in writing and maintained in resident records. After the initial evaluation, all subsequent evaluations shall contain sufficient detail to determine changes in the resident's physical and mental health, skills, and need for services. (II, III)

**65.11(5)** A narrative social history shall be completed for each resident within 30 days of admission. The social history shall be completed and approved by the qualified mental health professional before the IPP is developed. (III)

a. When a social history is secured from another provider, the information shall be reviewed within 30 days of admission. The date of the review and a summary of significant changes in the information shall be entered in the resident's record. The social worker who reviews the history shall sign it. (III)

b. An annual review of the social history information shall be incorporated in the individual program plan progress notes. (III)

c. The social history shall address at least the following areas:

- (1) Referral source and reason for admission; (II, III)
- (2) Legal status; (II, III)
- (3) Previous living arrangements; (III)
- (4) Services received previously and current service involvements; (II, III)
- (5) Significant medical and mental health conditions including at least illnesses, hospitalizations, past and current drug therapy, and special diets; (II, III)
- (6) Substance abuse history; (II, III)
- (7) Work history; (III)
- (8) Education history; (II)
- (9) Relationship with family, significant others, and other support systems; (III)
- (10) Cultural, ethnic and religious background; (II, III)
- (11) Hobbies and leisure time activities; (III)
- (12) Likes, dislikes, habits, and patterns of behavior; (II, III)
- (13) History of aggressive or suicidal behavior; (I, II, III) and
- (14) Impressions and recommendations. (II, III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14(7).

**481—65.12(135C) Individual program plan (IPP).** An initial program plan shall be developed within 24 hours of admission. This plan shall be based on information gained from the resident, family, physician or referring facility. Services to be provided shall be addressed. Intervention to be provided, if and when the need arises, shall also be addressed in the IPP. The plan shall be followed until the IPP required in subrule 65.12(1) is complete. The initial plan shall be completed by a registered nurse, a qualified social worker or a QMHP. (II, III)

**65.12(1)** An individual program plan for each resident shall be developed by an interdisciplinary team. The resident or the resident's legal guardian has the ultimate authority to accept or reject the plan unless otherwise determined by the court. The IPP shall be approved and have implementation monitored by the QMHP. (II, III)

a. The IPP shall be based on the individual service plan of the referring agency, if available, the information contained in the social history, the need for services identified in the evaluation, and any other pertinent information. (III)

b. The facility shall assist the resident in obtaining access to academic services, community living skills training, legal services, self-care training, support services, transportation, treatment, and

vocational education as needed. These services may be provided by the facility or obtained from other providers. (III)

*c.* Services to the resident shall be provided in the least restrictive environment and shall incorporate the principle of normalization. (III)

*d.* If needed services are not available and accessible, the facility shall document the actions taken to locate and obtain those services. The documentation shall identify needs which will not be met because of the lack of available services. (III)

*e.* The IPP shall be developed within 30 days following admission to the facility and renewed at least annually. (II, III)

*f.* The IPP shall be written, dated, signed by the interdisciplinary team members, and maintained in the resident's record. (III)

*g.* Written notice of the meeting to develop an IPP shall be mailed or delivered to everyone included in the interdisciplinary team conference at least two weeks before the scheduled meeting. (III)

**65.12(2)** The IPP shall include the following:

*a.* Goals, (III)

*b.* Objectives, (III)

*c.* Specific services to be provided, (III)

*d.* People or agency responsible for providing services, (III)

*e.* Beginning date, (III) and

*f.* Anticipated duration of services. (III)

**65.12(3)** The IPP shall set out the procedure to be used to evaluate whether objectives are achieved. This procedure shall incorporate a process for ongoing review and revision. (III)

**65.12(4)** The interdisciplinary team shall review the IPP at a team meeting at least quarterly and when the resident's condition changes. (II, III)

*a.* The interdisciplinary team shall develop a written report which addresses:

(1) The resident's progress toward objectives; (II, III)

(2) The need for continued services; (II, III)

(3) Recommendations concerning alternative services or living arrangements; (II, III) and

(4) Any recommended change in guardianship, conservatorship or commitment status. (II, III)

*b.* The report shall reflect those involved in the review, the date of the review, and be maintained in the resident's record. (III)

**65.12(5)** There shall be procedures for recording the activities of each service provider and a mechanism to coordinate the activities of all service providers. Resident response to all activities shall be recorded. (III)

*a.* Staff shall create a record at the time of a service required by the IPP. If this is not possible, the record shall be written no more than seven days later. (III)

*b.* When the services are provided more than once a week, staff may make a monthly summarized entry in the resident's record. (III)

*c.* Entries shall be dated and signed by the person who provides the service. (III)

*d.* Entries shall be made when incidents occur. (III)

*e.* Entries shall be written in terms of behavioral observations and specific activities. Entries that involve subjective interpretations of a resident's behavior or progress shall be clearly identified and shall be supplemented with descriptions of behavior upon which the interpretation was based. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14.

**481—65.13(135C) Activity program.** Each ICF/PMI shall have an organized activity program which is directed by a person qualified as required by 65.9(3)“*d.*”

**65.13(1)** An activity program plan for the facility shall be based on needs identified in IPPs and on other interests expressed by residents. The activity program shall include leisure time management. (III)

**65.13(2)** Activities shall be offered at least daily during the daytime hours if residents are present, twice weekly in the evening and twice on the weekend. (III)

**65.13(3)** Activities offered shall be varied and shall be planned for individuals, small groups or large groups. (III)

**65.13(4)** Monthly calendars shall be prepared in advance and shall be kept for review by the department. Substitutions and cancellations shall be noted. (III)

**65.13(5)** Activities department personnel shall coordinate programs with other facility personnel. (III)

**481—65.14(135C) Crisis intervention.** There shall be written policies and procedures concerning crisis intervention. (II) These policies and procedures shall be:

1. Directed to maximizing the growth and development of the individual by incorporating a hierarchy of available alternative methods that emphasize positive approaches; (II, III)

2. Available in each program area and living unit; (II, III)

3. Available to individuals and their families; (II, III) and

4. Developed with the participation, as appropriate, of individuals served. (II, III)

**65.14(1)** Corporal punishment, physical abuse, and verbal abuse, for example, shouting, screaming, swearing, name calling, or any other activity which might damage an individual's self-respect shall be prohibited. All residents shall be treated with fairness and respect as required by rule 481—65.25(135C). (II)

**65.14(2)** Medication shall not be used as punishment, for the convenience of staff, or as a substitute for a program. Direct care staff shall monitor residents on medication and notify the physician if a resident is too sedated to participate in the IPP. (I, II)

**481—65.15(135C) Restraint or seclusion.** Physician's orders are required to use any kind of mechanical restraints or seclusion. (I, II, III) Restraints are defined as the following:

1. Type I is physical restraint which uses equipment to promote the safety of the individual. It is not applied directly to a person. Examples: divided doors and side rails.

2. Type II is mechanical restraint applied to someone's body. A device is applied to the body to promote safety of the individual. Examples: vests or soft tie devices, hand socks, geriatric chairs.

3. Type III is mechanical restraint applied to any part of the body which inhibits only the movement of that part of the body. Examples: wrist, ankle or leg restraints and waist straps.

**65.15(1)** Temporary restraint of residents shall be used only to prevent injury to the resident or to others. (I, II)

**65.15(2)** Temporary seclusion may be used:

a. To prevent injury to the resident or to others; (I, II)

b. To prevent serious disruption to the treatment program of other residents; (I, II)

c. To decrease stimulation which contributes to psychotic behavior; (I, II) and

d. When other interventions have failed. (I, II)

Restraint and seclusion shall not be used for punishment, for the convenience of staff, or as a substitution for supervision of program. Seclusion shall be used only in a department approved seclusion room. (I, II)

**65.15(3)** Restraints shall be stored in an area easily accessible to staff. (I, II, III) Type II and Type III restraints shall be specifically designed, manufactured, and customarily used to restrain individuals hospitalized in licensed psychiatric hospitals. Metal and plastic handcuffs, rope and makeshift devices are prohibited. (I, II)

**65.15(4)** Under no circumstances shall a resident be allowed to participate in the restraint of another resident. (I, II)

**65.15(5)** There shall be written policies that address the basic assumption and philosophy that govern the use of seclusion and physical and mechanical restraint. These shall:

a. Define the uses of seclusion and mechanical restraints; (III)

b. Designate staff who may authorize its use; (III)

c. Identify procedures to follow when implementing the policy which shall include provisions to ensure privacy and safety for restrained residents; (III) and

*d.* A written plan for treatment following the use of restraint or seclusion.

**65.15(6)** The physician and QMHP shall be notified immediately of the resident's need for placement in restraint or seclusion. An order for restraint or seclusion identifying the type, purpose and duration of use shall be obtained from the physician. If the resident is in seclusion longer than four hours, the physician and qualified mental health professional shall visit and evaluate the resident before the seclusion order is continued. If the resident is in restraint for two hours, the physician shall be called before the restraint order can be continued. If the resident is in restraint longer than four hours, the physician and QMHP shall visit and evaluate the resident before a restraint order is continued. Standing or PRN orders for seclusion or restraint are prohibited. (I, II)

**65.15(7)** If a resident is restrained with Type II or Type III restraints for 6 hours or secluded for 12 hours in a 24-hour period; or if the resident is secluded or restrained with Type II or Type III restraints for any amount of time in three consecutive 24-hour periods, the physician and QMHP shall visit the resident and assess the resident's need for a higher level of care. If the need for restraint or seclusion continues, the resident shall be transferred to an acute level of care. (I, II)

**65.15(8)** During any period of mechanical restraint or seclusion, the facility shall provide for the emotional and physical needs of the resident. (I, II)

**65.15(9)** The resident shall be informed of the reason for seclusion and restraint and conditions for release. The resident's guardian shall be notified when Type II or Type III restraints or seclusion is used. The facility shall also notify the resident's family or other significant person if the resident has previously signed a form granting consent to do so. (I, II, III)

**65.15(10)** Each resident's record shall contain all information about restraints or seclusion. The administrator shall maintain a daily record of seclusion use. This record shall be available for review by the department. (II, III)

Documentation of each incident of restraint or seclusion shall include at least:

- a.* Clinical assessment before the resident is secluded or restrained; (I, II)
- b.* Circumstances that led to seclusion or restraint; (I, II)
- c.* Explanation of less restrictive measures used before restraint or seclusion; (I, II)
- d.* Physician's order; (I, II)
- e.* Visual observation of the resident every 15 minutes, or more frequently if needed, to monitor general well-being including respirations, circulation, positioning and alertness as indicated; (I, II)
- f.* Description of the resident's activity at the time of observation to include verbal exchange and behavior; (I, II)
- g.* Description of safety procedures taken (removal of dangerous objects, etc.); (I, II)
- h.* Vital signs, including blood pressure, pulse and respiration unless contraindicated by resident behavior and reasons documented; (I, II)
- i.* Release of each mechanical restraint and exercise and massage every two hours; (I, II, III)
- j.* Record of intake of food and fluid; (I, II, III)
- k.* Use of toilet; (II, III) and
- l.* Number of hours and minutes in seclusion. (II, III)

**65.15(11)** The facility shall educate staff on restraint and seclusion theory and techniques. The training shall be conducted by people with experience and documented education in the appropriate use of restraint and seclusion. (II, III)

*a.* The facility shall keep a record of the training for review by the department and shall include attendance. (II, III)

*b.* Only staff who have documented training in restraint and seclusion theory and techniques shall be authorized to assist with seclusion or restraint of a resident. (I, II, III)

**65.15(12)** The facility shall maintain a record of the hours and minutes of each type of restraint and seclusion used on a monthly basis.

**481—65.16(135C) Discharge or transfer.** Procedures for the discharge or transfer of the resident shall be established and followed. (II, III)

**65.16(1) Discharge plan.** The decision to discharge a person and the plan for doing so shall be established through the participation of the resident, members of the interdisciplinary team and other resource personnel as appropriate for the welfare of the individual. (II, III)

*a.* Discharge planning shall begin within 30 days of admission and be carried out in accordance with the IPP. (II, III)

*b.* As changes occur in a resident's physical or mental condition necessitating services or care which cannot be adequately provided by the facility, the resident shall be transferred promptly to another appropriate facility pursuant to subrule 65.10(1). (II, III)

*c.* Notification shall be made to the next of kin, legal representative, attending physician, and sponsoring agency, if any, prior to transfer or discharge of any resident. (III)

*d.* Proper arrangements shall be made for the welfare of the resident prior to the transfer or discharge in the event of an emergency or inability to reach the next of kin or legal representative. (III)

*e.* The licensee shall not refuse to discharge or transfer a resident when directed by the physician, resident, legal representative, or court. (II, III)

*f.* Advanced notification by telephone shall be made to the receiving facility prior to the transfer of any resident. (III)

*g.* When a resident is transferred or discharged, the current evaluation and treatment plan and progress notes for the last 30 days, as set forth in these rules, shall accompany the resident. (II, III)

*h.* Prior to the transfer or discharge of a resident to another health care facility, arrangements to provide for continuity of care shall be made with the facility to which the resident is being sent. (II, III)

*i.* A discharge or transfer authorization and summary shall be prepared for each resident who has been discharged or transferred from the facility. It shall be disseminated to appropriate persons to ensure continuity of care and in accordance with the requirements to ensure confidentiality. (II, III)

*j.* A transfer to a part of a facility that has a different license must be handled the same way as a transfer to another facility, and not as an intrafacility transfer. (II, III)

**65.16(2) Intrafacility transfer.** Residents shall not be arbitrarily moved from room to room within a health care facility. (II, III)

*a.* Involuntary relocation may occur only to implement goals and objectives in the IPP and in the following situations:

(1) Incompatibility with or behavior disturbing to roommates, as documented in the residents' records; (I, II)

(2) To allow a new admission to the facility which would otherwise not be possible due to separation of roommates by sex; (II, III)

(3) Reasonable and necessary administrative decisions regarding the use and functioning of the building. (II, III)

*b.* Unreasonable and unjustified reasons for changing a resident's room without the concurrence of the resident or legal guardian include:

(1) Punishment or behavior modification; (II) and

(2) Discrimination on the basis of race or religion. (II, III)

*c.* If intrafacility relocation is necessary for reasons outlined in paragraph "a," the resident shall be notified at least 48 hours prior to the transfer and the reason shall be explained. The legal guardian shall be notified as soon as possible. The notification shall be documented in the resident's record and signed by the resident or legal guardian within seven days unless documentation indicates that it was not possible to contact the legal guardian or obtain their signature. (II, III)

*d.* If emergency relocation is required to protect the safety or health of the resident or other residents, the notification requirements may be waived. The conditions of the emergency shall be documented. The family and legal guardian shall be notified immediately, or as soon as possible, of the condition requiring emergency relocation, and the notification shall be documented. (II, III)

*e.* A transfer to a part of a facility that has a different license must be handled the same way as a transfer to another facility and not as an intrafacility transfer. (II, III)

**65.16(3) Involuntary discharge or transfer permitted.** A facility may involuntarily discharge or transfer a resident for only one of the following reasons:



- a. Medical reasons, based on the resident's needs and determined and documented in the resident's record by the primary care provider;
- b. The resident's social, emotional or physical well-being or that of other residents, as documented by the administrator or designee with specific information to support the determination that the resident's continued presence in the facility would adversely affect the resident's own well-being or that of other residents;
- c. Due to action pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 229; or
- d. Nonpayment for the resident's stay, as described in the admission agreement for the resident's stay. (I, II, III)

**65.16(4) *Involuntary transfer or discharge—written notice.*** Involuntary transfer or discharge of a resident from a facility shall be preceded by a written notice to the resident or the resident's legal representative. (II, III)

- a. The notice shall contain all of the following information:
  - (1) The stated reason for the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)
  - (2) The effective date of the proposed transfer or discharge. (II)
  - (3) A statement, in not less than 12-point type, that reads as follows:

You have a right to appeal the facility's decision to transfer or discharge you. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing, in writing or verbally, with the Iowa department of inspections and appeals (hereinafter referred to as "department") within 7 days after receiving this notice. You have a right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney or any other individual of your choice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after the department's receipt of your request and you will not be transferred before a final decision is rendered. In emergency circumstances, provision may be made for extension of the 14-day requirement upon request to the department designee. If you lose the hearing, you will not be transferred before the expiration date of either (1) 30 days following your receipt of the original notice of the discharge or transfer, or (2) no sooner than 5 days following final decision of such hearing, including the exhaustion of all appeals, whichever occurs later. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115 or you may write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Iowa Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319. (II)

- b. The notice shall be personally delivered to the resident, and a copy shall be placed in the resident's record. A copy shall also be transmitted to the department, the resident's legal representative, primary care provider, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. The notice shall indicate that copies have been transmitted to the required parties by using the abbreviation "cc:" and listing the names of all parties to whom copies were sent. (II)

- c. The notice required by paragraph 65.16(4) "a" shall be provided at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer or discharge unless one of the following occurs:

- (1) An emergency transfer or discharge is mandated by the resident's health care needs and is in accordance with the written orders and medical justification of the primary care provider. Emergency transfers or discharges may also be mandated in order to protect the health, safety, or well-being of other residents and staff. (II)

- (2) The transfer or discharge is subsequently agreed to by the resident or the resident's legal representative, and notification is given to the legal representative, the resident's primary care provider, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. (II)

- d. A hearing requested pursuant to this subrule shall be held in accordance with subrule 65.16(6).

**65.16(5) *Involuntary transfer or discharge—emergency transfer or discharge.*** In the case of an emergency transfer or discharge, the resident must be given a written notice prior to or within 48 hours following the transfer or discharge. (II, III)

a. A copy of this notice must be placed in the resident's file. The notice must contain all of the following information:

- (1) The stated reason for the transfer or discharge. (II)
- (2) The effective date of the transfer or discharge. (II)
- (3) A statement, in not less than 12-point type, that reads:

You have a right to appeal the facility's decision to transfer or discharge you on an emergency basis. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may request a hearing, in writing or verbally, with the Iowa department of inspections and appeals (hereinafter referred to as "department") within 7 days after receiving this notice. You have a right to be represented at the hearing by an attorney or any other individual of your choice. If you request a hearing, it will be held no later than 14 days after the department's receipt of your request. You may be transferred or discharged before the hearing is held or before a final decision is rendered. If you win the hearing, you have the right to be transferred back into the facility. To request a hearing or receive further information, call the department at (515)281-4115, or write to the department to the attention of: Administrator, Division of Health Facilities, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. (II)

b. The notice shall be personally delivered to the resident, and a copy shall be placed in the resident's record. A copy shall also be transmitted to the department, the resident's legal representative, the resident's primary care provider, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. The notice shall indicate that copies have been transmitted to the required parties by using the abbreviation "cc:" and listing the names of all parties to whom copies were sent.

c. A hearing requested pursuant to this subrule shall be held in accordance with subrule 65.16(6). **65.16(6) Involuntary transfer or discharge—hearing.**

a. Request for hearing.

- (1) The resident must request a hearing within 7 days of receiving written notice.
- (2) The request must be made to the department, either in writing or verbally.

b. The hearing shall be held no later than 14 days after the department's receipt of the request unless either party requests an extension due to emergency circumstances.

c. Except in the case of an emergency discharge or transfer, a request for a hearing shall stay a transfer or discharge pending a final decision, including the exhaustion of all appeals. (II)

d. The hearing shall be heard by a department of inspections and appeals administrative law judge pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A and 481—Chapter 10. The hearing shall be public unless the resident or representative requests in writing that the hearing be closed. In a determination as to whether a transfer or discharge is authorized, the burden of proof by a preponderance of evidence rests on the party requesting the transfer or discharge.

e. Notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing shall be sent by certified mail or delivered in person to the facility, the resident and the resident's legal representative not later than five full business days after the department's receipt of the request. The notice shall also inform the facility and the resident or the resident's legal representative that they have a right to appear at the hearing in person or be represented by an attorney or other individual. The appeal shall be dismissed if neither party is present or represented at the hearing. If only one party appears or is represented, the hearing shall proceed with one party present.

f. The administrative law judge's written decision shall be sent by certified mail to the facility, resident, and resident's legal representative within 10 working days after the hearing has been concluded.

**65.16(7) Nonpayment.** If nonpayment is the basis for involuntary transfer or discharge, the resident shall have the right to make full payment up to the date that the discharge or transfer is to be made and then shall have the right to remain in the facility. (II)

**65.16(8) Discussion of involuntary transfer or discharge.** Within 48 hours after notice of involuntary transfer or discharge has been received by the resident, the facility shall discuss the involuntary transfer

or discharge with the resident, the resident's legal representative, and the person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. (II)

*a.* The facility administrator or other appropriate facility representative serving as the administrator's designee shall provide an explanation and discussion of the reasons for the resident's involuntary transfer or discharge. (II)

*b.* The content of the explanation and discussion shall be summarized in writing, shall include the names of the individuals involved in the discussion, and shall be made part of the resident's record. (II)

*c.* The provisions of this subrule do not apply if the involuntary transfer or discharge has already occurred pursuant to subrule 65.16(6) and emergency notice is provided within 48 hours.

**65.16(9)** *Involuntary discharge or transfer—transfer or discharge planning.*

*a.* The facility shall develop a plan to provide for the orderly and safe transfer or discharge of each resident to be transferred or discharged. (II)

*b.* To minimize the possible adverse effects of the involuntary transfer, the resident shall receive counseling services by the sending facility before the involuntary transfer and by the receiving facility after the involuntary transfer. Counseling shall be documented in the resident's record. (II)

*c.* The counseling requirement in paragraph 65.16(9) "b" does not apply if the discharge has already occurred pursuant to subrule 65.16(5) and emergency notice is provided within 48 hours.

*d.* Counseling, if required, shall be provided by a licensed mental health professional as defined in Iowa Code section 228.1(6). (II)

*e.* The health care facility that receives a resident who has been involuntarily transferred shall immediately formulate and implement a plan of care which takes into account possible adverse effects the transfer may cause. (II)

**65.16(10)** *Transfer upon revocation of license or voluntary closure.* Residents shall not have the right to a hearing to contest an involuntary discharge or transfer resulting from the revocation of the facility's license by the department of inspections and appeals. In the case of the voluntary closure of a facility, a period of 30 days must be allowed for an orderly transfer of residents to other facilities.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14(8).

[ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 1752C, IAB 12/10/14, effective 1/14/15]

**481—65.17(135C) Medication management.** Medications shall be prescribed on an individual basis by a person who is authorized by Iowa law to prescribe. (I, II)

1. Medication orders shall be correctly implemented by qualified personnel. (II)

2. Qualified staff shall ensure that residents are able to take their own medication. (I, II)

3. Each physician order allowing a resident to self-administer medications shall specify whether this self-medication shall be without supervision or under the supervision of qualified staff as defined in 65.17(2). (I, II)

**65.17(1)** A properly trained person shall be charged with the responsibility of administering nonparenteral medications.

*a.* The individual shall have knowledge of the purpose of the drugs, their dangers, and contraindications.

*b.* This person shall be a licensed nurse or physician or shall have successfully completed a department-approved medication aide course or passed a department-approved medication aide challenge examination administered by an area community college.

*c.* Prior to taking a department-approved medication aide course, the individual shall:

(1) Successfully complete an approved nurse aide course, nurse aide training and testing program or nurse aide competency examination.

(2) Be employed in the same facility for at least six consecutive months prior to the start of the medication aide course. This requirement is not subject to waiver.

(3) Have a letter of recommendation for admission to the medication aide course from the employing facility.

*d.* A person who is a nursing student or a graduate nurse may take the challenge examination in place of taking a medication aide course. This individual shall do all of the following before taking the medication aide challenge examination:

(1) Complete a clinical or nursing theory course within six months before taking the challenge examination;

(2) Successfully complete a nursing program pharmacology course within one year before taking the challenge examination;

(3) Provide to the community college a written statement from the nursing program's pharmacology or clinical instructor indicating the individual is competent in medication administration;

(4) Successfully complete a department-approved nurse aide competency evaluation.

*e.* A person who has written documentation of certification as a medication aide in another state may become a medication aide in Iowa by successfully completing a department-approved nurse aide competency examination and a medication aide challenge examination.

The requirements of paragraph "c" of this subrule do not apply to this individual.

*f.* Unit dose medication shall remain in the identifiable unit dose package until given to the resident. (II)

*g.* Medications that are not contained in unit dose packaging shall be set up, identified by resident name and medication name, and administered by the same person. The medications shall be administered within one hour of preparation. (II)

*h.* The person administering medications must observe and check to make sure the resident swallows oral medications and must record the date, time, amount and name of each medication given. (II)

*i.* Injectable medications shall be administered as permitted by Iowa law by a qualified nurse, physician, pharmacist, or physician assistant (PA). In the case of a resident who has been certified by the resident's physician or physician assistant (PA) as capable of taking the resident's own insulin, the resident may prepare and inject the resident's own insulin. (II)

*j.* Current and accurate records must be kept on the receipt and disposition of all Schedule II drugs. (II, III)

**65.17(2)** For each resident who is taking medication with or without supervision, there shall be documentation on the individual's record to include:

*a.* Name of resident; (II, III)

*b.* Name of drug, dose, and schedule; (II, III)

*c.* Method of administration; (II, III)

*d.* Identified drug allergies and observed adverse reactions; (I, II)

*e.* Special precautions for that resident; (I, II) and

*f.* Documentation of resident's continuing ability to administer own medication. (I, II)

**65.17(3)** Medication counseling shall be provided for all residents in accordance with the IPP on an ongoing basis and as part of discharge planning unless contraindicated in writing by the physician with reasons and pursuant to 65.12(2)"c." (II, III)

Each resident and when appropriate, a family member or other identified caregiver, shall be given verbal and written information about all medications the resident is currently using, including over-the-counter medications. A suggested reference is "USPDI, Advice for the Patient." (II, III)

The information shall include:

*a.* Name, reason for, and amount of medication to be taken; (II)

*b.* Time medication is to be taken and reason that the schedule was established; (II)

*c.* Possible benefits, risks and side effects of each medication, including over-the-counter medications; (II)

*d.* A list of resources in the community qualified to answer questions about medications; (II, III) and

*e.* A list of available resources or agencies which may assist the resident to obtain medication after discharge. (III)

**65.17(4)** Residents who have been certified in writing by the physician as capable of taking their own medications may retain these medications in a secure centralized location. Individual locked storage shall be utilized. (II, III)

*a.* Drug storage for residents who are unable to take their own medications and require supervision shall meet the following requirements:

(1) Adequate size cabinet with lock which can be used for storage of drugs, solutions, and prescriptions. A locked drug cart may be used. (II, III)

(2) A bathroom shall not be used for drug storage. (II, III)

(3) The drug storage cabinet shall be kept locked when not in use. (II, III)

(4) The drug storage cabinet key shall be in the possession of the employee charged with the responsibility of administering medication. (II, III)

(5) Medications requiring refrigeration which are stored in a common refrigerator shall be kept in a locked box properly labeled, and separated from food and other items. (II, III)

(6) Drugs for external use shall be stored separately from drugs for internal use. External medications are those to be applied to the outside of the body and include, but are not limited to, salves, ointments, gels, paste, soaps, baths, and lotions. Internal medications are those to be applied inside the body or ingested and include, but are not limited to, oral and injectable medications, eye drops and ointments, ear drops and ointments, and suppositories. Also, eye drops and ear drops shall be separated from each other as well as from other internal and external medications. (II, III)

(7) All potent, poisonous, or caustic materials shall be stored in a separate room from the medications. (II, III)

(8) Inspection of the condition of stored drugs shall be made by the administrator and a licensed pharmacist not less than once every three months. The inspection shall be verified by a report signed by the administrator and the pharmacist and filed with the administrator. The report shall include, but need not be limited to, certifying absence of the following: expired drugs, deteriorated drugs, improper labeling, drugs for which there is no current order, and drugs improperly stored. (III)

(9) Double-locked storage of Schedule II drugs shall not be required under single unit package drug distribution systems in which the quantity stored does not exceed a seven-day supply and a missing dose can be readily detected but must be kept in a locked medication cabinet. Quantities in excess of a seven-day supply must be double-locked. (II)

*b.* Bulk supplies of prescription drugs shall not be kept. (III)

**65.17(5)** All labels on medications must be legible. If labels are not legible, the medication shall be sent back to the dispenser as defined in Iowa Code section 147.107 for relabeling. (II, III)

*a.* The medication for each resident shall be kept or stored in the original dispensed containers. (II, III)

*b.* The facility shall adopt policies and procedures to destroy unused prescription drugs for residents who die. The policies and procedures shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(1) Drugs shall be destroyed by the person in charge in the presence of the administrator or the administrator's designee or, if a unit dose system is used, the drugs shall be returned to the supplying pharmacist; (III)

(2) Notation of the destruction shall be made in the resident's chart, with signatures of the persons involved in the destruction; (III)

(3) The manner in which the drugs are disposed of shall be identified (i.e., incinerator, sewer, landfill). (II, III)

*c.* Reserved.

*d.* The facility shall also adopt policies and procedures for the disposal of controlled substances as defined by the Iowa board of pharmacy dispensed to residents whose administration has been discontinued by the prescriber. These policies and procedures shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(1) Procedures for obtaining a release from the resident; (II, III)

(2) The manner in which the drugs were destroyed and by whom, including witnesses to the destruction; (II, III)

- (3) Mechanisms for recording the destruction; (II, III)
- (4) Procedures to be used when the resident or the conservator or guardian refuses to grant permission for destruction. (II, III)
  - e.* The facility shall adopt policies and procedures for the disposal of unused, discontinued medication. The procedures shall include, but not be limited to:
    - (1) A specified time after which medication must be destroyed, sent back to the dispenser or placed in long-term storage; (II, III)
    - (2) Procedures for obtaining permission of the resident, or the conservator or guardian; (II, III)
    - (3) Procedures to be used when the resident, conservator or guardian refuses to grant permission for disposal; (II, III)
    - (4) Unused, discontinued medication shall be locked and shall be separate from current medication. (II, III)
  - f.* Reserved.
  - g.* Residents shall not keep any prescription or over-the-counter medication in their possession unless the resident has been determined to be capable of self-administration of medications. (I, II, III)
  - h.* No prescription drugs shall be administered to a resident without a written order signed by a person qualified to prescribe the medication and renewed quarterly. (II)
  - i.* Prescription drugs shall be reordered only with the permission of the attending prescriber. (II, III)
  - j.* No medications prescribed for one resident may be administered to or allowed in the possession of another resident. (II)

**65.17(6)** Each facility shall establish policies and procedures to govern the administration of prescribed medications to residents on leave from the facility. (III)

- a.* Medication may be issued to residents who will be on leave from a facility for less than 24 hours. Non-child-resistant containers may be used. Each container may hold only one medication. A label on each container shall indicate the date, the resident's name, the facility, the medication, its strength, dose, and time of administration. (II, III)
- b.* Medication for residents on leave from a facility longer than 24 hours shall be obtained in accordance with requirements established by the Iowa board of pharmacy examiners. (II, III)
- c.* Medication distributed as described in this subrule may be issued only by facility personnel responsible for administering medication. (II, III)

**65.17(7)** Each ICF/PMI that administers controlled substances shall annually obtain a registration from the Iowa board of pharmacy examiners pursuant to Iowa Code section 204.302(1). (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14.  
[ARC 1050C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 11/6/13]

**481—65.18(135C) Resident property and personal affairs.** The admission of a resident does not give the facility or any employee of the facility the right to manage, use, or dispose of any property of the resident except with the written authorization of the resident or the resident's legal guardian. (II, III)

**65.18(1)** The admission of a resident shall not grant the ICF/PMI the authority or responsibility to manage the personal affairs of the resident except as may be necessary for the resident's safety and for safe and orderly management of the facility as required by these rules and in accordance with the IPP. (III)

**65.18(2)** An ICF/PMI shall provide for the safekeeping of personal effects, funds, and other property of its residents. The facility may require that items of exceptional value or which would convey unreasonable responsibilities to the licensee be removed from the premises of the facility for safekeeping. (III)

**65.18(3)** Residents' funds held by the ICF/PMI shall be in a trust account and kept separate from funds of the facility. (III)

**65.18(4)** No administrator, employee or their representative shall act as guardian, trustee, or conservator for any resident or the resident's property, unless the resident is related to the person acting as guardian within the third degree of consanguinity. (III)

**65.18(5)** If a facility is a county care facility, upon the verified petition of the county board of supervisors, the district court may appoint, without fee, the administrator of a county care facility as conservator or guardian, or both, of a resident of such a county care facility. The administrator may establish either separate or common bank accounts for cash funds of these residents. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.24.

**481—65.19(135C) Financial affairs.** Residents who have not been assigned a guardian or conservator by the court may manage their personal financial affairs, and to the extent, under written authorization by the residents that the facility assists in management, the management shall be carried out in accordance with Iowa Code section 135C.24. (II)

**65.19(1) Written account of resident funds.** The facility shall maintain a written account of all residents' funds received by or deposited with the facility. (II)

*a.* An employee shall be designated in writing to be responsible for resident accounts. (II)

*b.* The facility shall keep on deposit personal funds over which the resident has control when requested by the resident. (II)

*c.* If the resident requests these funds, they shall be given to the resident with a receipt maintained by the facility and a copy to the resident. If a conservator or guardian has been appointed for the resident, the conservator or guardian shall designate the method of disbursing the resident's funds. (II)

*d.* If the facility makes a financial transaction on a resident's behalf, the resident or the resident's legal guardian or conservator must receive or acknowledge having seen an itemized accounting of disbursements and current balances at least quarterly. A copy of this statement shall be maintained in the resident's financial or business record. (II)

**65.19(2) Contracts.** There shall be a written contract between the facility and each resident which meets the following requirements:

*a.* States the base rate or scale per day or per month, the services included, and the method of payment; (III)

*b.* Contains a complete schedule of all offered services for which a fee may be charged in addition to the base rate; (III)

*c.* Stipulates that no further additional fees shall be charged for items not contained in complete schedule of services listed in this subrule; (III)

*d.* States the method of payment of additional charges; (III)

*e.* Contains an explanation of the method of assessment of additional charges and an explanation of the method of periodic reassessment, if any, resulting in changing such additional charges; (III)

*f.* States that additional fees may be charged to the resident for nonprescription drugs, other personal supplies, and services by a barber, beautician, etc.; (III)

*g.* Contains an itemized list of those services, with the specific fee the resident will be charged and method of payment, as related to the resident's current condition, based on the program assessment at the time of admission, which is determined in consultation with the administrator; (III)

*h.* Includes the total fee to be charged initially to the specific resident; (III)

*i.* States the conditions whereby the facility may make adjustments to its overall fees for residential care as a result of changing costs. (III) Furthermore, the contract shall provide that the facility shall give:

(1) Written notification to the resident and responsible party, when appropriate, of changes in the overall rates of both base and additional charges at least 30 days prior to the effective date of changes; (III)

(2) Notification to the resident and payer, when appropriate, of changes in additional charges based on a change in the resident's condition. Notification must occur prior to the date the revised additional charges begin. If notification is given orally, subsequent written notification must also be given within a reasonable time, not to exceed one week, listing specifically the adjustments made; (III) and

(3) The terms of agreement in regard to refund of all advance payments, in the event of transfer, death, or voluntary or involuntary discharge; (III)

*j.* States the terms of agreement concerning holding and charging for a bed in the event of temporary absence of the resident, which terms shall include, at a minimum, the following provisions:

(1) If a resident has a temporary absence from a facility for medical treatment, the facility shall hold the bed open and shall receive payment for the absent period in accordance with provisions of the contract between the resident or the legal guardian and the facility. (II)

(2) If a resident has a temporary absence from a facility in accordance with the IPP, the facility shall ask the resident and payer if they wish the bed held open. This shall be documented in the resident's record including the response. The bed shall be held open and the facility shall receive payment for the absent periods in accordance with the provisions of the contract between the resident or the legal guardian and the facility. (II)

*k.* States the conditions under which the involuntary discharge or transfer of a resident would be affected; (III)

*l.* States the conditions of voluntary discharge or transfer; (III) and

*m.* Sets forth any other matters deemed appropriate by the parties to the contract. No contract or any provision shall be drawn or construed so as to relieve any health care facility of any requirement or obligation imposed upon it by this chapter or any standards or rules in force pursuant to this chapter. (III)

**65.19(3)** *Contract—copy to party.* Each party shall receive a copy of the signed contract. (III)

**65.19(4)** The contract shall state the terms of agreement concerning the holding and charging for a bed when a resident is hospitalized or leaves the facility temporarily for recreational or therapeutic reasons. The terms shall contain a provision that the bed will be held at the request of the resident or the resident's legal representative.

*a.* The facility shall ask the resident or legal representative if they want the bed held. This request shall be made before the resident leaves or within 48 hours after the resident leaves. The inquiry and the response shall be documented. (II)

*b.* The facility shall reserve the bed when requested for as long as payments are made in accordance with the contract. (II)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.23(1) and 135C.24.

#### **481—65.20(135C) Records.**

**65.20(1)** *Resident record.* The licensee shall keep a permanent record about each resident with all entries current, dated, and signed. (II) The record shall include:

- a.* Name and previous address of resident; (III)
- b.* Birth date, sex, and marital status of resident; (III)
- c.* Church affiliation; (III)
- d.* Physician's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- e.* Dentist's name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- f.* Name, address and telephone number of next of kin or legal representative; (III)
- g.* Name, address and telephone number of the person to be notified in case of emergency; (III)
- h.* Funeral director, telephone number, and address; (III)
- i.* Pharmacy name, telephone number, and address; (III)
- j.* Results of evaluation pursuant to rule 481—65.11(135C); (III)
- k.* Certification by the physician that the resident requires no higher level of care than the facility is licensed to provide; (III)
- l.* Physician's orders for medication and treatments in writing, signed by the physician quarterly and diet orders renewed yearly; (III)
- m.* A notation of yearly or other visits to physician or other professionals, all consultation reports and progress notes; (III)
- n.* Any change in the resident's condition; (II, III)
- o.* A notation describing the resident's condition on admission, transfer, and discharge; (III)
- p.* In the event of a resident's death, notations in the resident's record shall include the date and time of the resident's death, the circumstances of the resident's death, the disposition of the resident's



body, and the date and time that the resident's family and physician were notified of the resident's death; (III)

*q.* A copy of instructions given to the resident, legal representative, or facility in the event of discharge or transfer; (III)

*r.* Disposition of personal property; (III)

*s.* Copy of IPP pursuant to subrule 65.12(1); (III) and

*t.* Progress notes pursuant to subrules 65.12(4) and 65.12(5). (III)

**65.20(2) Confidentiality of resident records.** The facility shall have policies and procedures providing that each resident shall be ensured confidential treatment of all information, including information contained in an automatic data bank. The resident's or the resident's legal guardian's written informed consent shall be required for the release of information to persons not otherwise authorized under law to receive it. (II)

A release of information form shall be used which includes to whom the information shall be released, the reason for the information being released, how the information is to be used, and the period of time for which the release is in effect. A third party, not requesting the release, shall witness the signing of the release of information form. (II)

*a.* The facility shall limit access to any resident records to staff and consultants providing professional service to the resident. Information shall be made available to staff only to the extent that the information is relevant to the staff person's responsibilities and duties. (II)

Only those personnel concerned with financial affairs of the residents may have access to the financial information. This is not meant to preclude access by representatives of state or federal regulatory agencies. (II)

*b.* The resident, or the resident's legal guardian, shall be entitled to examine all information and shall have the right to secure full copies of the record at reasonable cost upon request, unless the physician or QMHP determines the disclosure of the record or section is contraindicated in which case this information will be deleted prior to making the record available to the resident. This determination and the reasons for it must be documented in the resident's record by the physician or qualified mental health professional in collaboration with the resident's interdisciplinary team. (II)

**65.20(3) Incident records.** Each ICF/PMI shall maintain an incident record report and shall have available incident report forms. (II, III)

*a.* The report of every incident shall be in detail on a printed incident report form. (II, III)

*b.* The person in charge at the time of the incident shall oversee the preparation and sign the report. (III)

*c.* A copy of the incident report shall be kept on file in the facility available for review and a part of administrative records. (III)

**65.20(4) Retention of records.** Records shall be retained in the facility for five years following termination of services to the resident even when there is a change of ownership. (III)

When the facility ceases to operate, the resident's record shall be released to the facility to which the resident is transferred. If no transfer occurs, the record shall be released to the individual's physician. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.24.

#### **481—65.21(135C) Health and safety.**

**65.21(1) Physician.** Each resident shall have a designated licensed physician who may be called when needed. (III)

**65.21(2) Emergency care.** Each facility shall have written policies and procedures for emergency medical or psychiatric care to include:

*a.* A written agreement with a hospital or psychiatric facility or documentation of attempt to obtain a written agreement for the timely admission of a resident who, in the opinion of the attending physician, requires inpatient services; (II, III)

*b.* Provisions consistent with Iowa Code chapter 229; (II, III) and

c. Immediate notification by the person in charge to the physician or QMHP, as appropriate, of any accident, injury or adverse change in the resident's condition. (I, II)

**65.21(3) First-aid kit.** A first-aid emergency kit shall be available on each floor in every facility. (II, III)

**65.21(4) Infection control.** Each facility shall have a written and implemented infection control program addressing the following:

a. Techniques for hand washing consistent with Guidelines for Handwashing and Hospital Control, 1985, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB85-923404; (I, II, III)

b. Techniques for handling of blood, body fluids, and body wastes consistent with Guideline for Isolation Precautions in Hospitals, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB96-138102; (I, II, III)

c. Decubitus care; (I, II, III)

d. Infection identification; (I, II, III)

e. Resident care procedures to be used when there is an infection present consistent with Guideline for Isolation Precautions in Hospitals, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB96-138102; (I, II, III)

f. Sanitation techniques for resident care equipment; (I, II, III)

g. Techniques for sanitary use and reuse of enteral feeding bags, feeding syringes and urine collection bags; (I, II, III)

h. Techniques for use and disposal of needles, syringes, and other sharp instruments consistent with Guideline for Isolation Precautions in Hospitals, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB96-138102; (I, II, III) and

i. Aseptic techniques when using:

(1) Intravenous or central line catheter consistent with Guideline for Prevention of Intravascular Device Related Infections, Centers for Disease Control, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, PB97-130074, (I, II, III)

(2) Urinary catheter, (I, II, III)

(3) Respiratory suction, oxygen or humidification, (I, II, III)

(4) Dressings, soaks, or packs, (I, II, III)

(5) Tracheostomy, (I, II, III)

(6) Nasogastric or gastrostomy tubes, (I, II, III)

(7) Sanitary use and reuse of feeding syringes and single-resident uses and reuse of urine collection bags. (I, II, III)

CDC Guidelines may be obtained from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Technology Administration, National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Rd., Springfield, Virginia 22161 (1-800-553-6847).

**65.21(5) Disposable items.** There shall be disposable or one-time use items available with provisions for proper disposal to prevent reuse except as allowed by 65.21(4) "g."

**65.21(6) Infection control committee.** Each facility shall establish an infection control committee of representative professional staff responsible for overall infection control in the facility. (III)

a. The committee shall annually review and revise the infection control policies and procedures to monitor effectiveness and suggest improvement. (III)

b. The committee shall meet at least quarterly, submit reports to the administrator, and maintain minutes in sufficient detail to document its proceedings and actions. (III)

c. The committee shall monitor the health aspect and the environment of the facility. (III)

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.14(3), 135C.14(5) and 135C.14(8).

**65.21(7) Dental services.** The facility shall assist residents to obtain regular and emergency dental services and provide necessary transportation. Dental services shall be performed only on the request of the resident or legal guardian. The resident's physician shall be advised of the resident's dental problems. (III)

**65.21(8) *Safe environment.*** The licensee of an ICF/PMI is responsible for the provision and maintenance of a safe environment for residents and personnel. (I, II) The ICF/PMI may have locked exit doors and shall meet the fire and safety rules and regulations as promulgated by the state fire marshal. (I, II)

**65.21(9) *Disaster.*** The licensee shall have a written emergency plan to be followed in the event of fire, tornado, explosion, or other emergency. (II, III)

*a.* The plan shall be posted. (II, III)

*b.* Training shall be provided to ensure that all employees and residents are knowledgeable of the emergency plan. The training shall be documented. (II, III)

*c.* Residents shall be permitted to smoke only in posted areas where proper facilities are provided. Smoking by residents considered to be careless shall be prohibited except under direct supervision and in accordance with the IPP. (II, III)

**65.21(10) *Safety precautions.*** The facility shall take reasonable measures to ensure the safety of residents and shall involve the residents in learning the safe handling of household supplies and equipment in accordance with the policies and procedures established by the facility. (II)

All potent, poisonous, or caustic materials shall be plainly labeled and stored in a specific locked, well-illuminated cabinet, closet, or storeroom and made accessible only to authorized persons. (I, II)

**65.21(11) *Hazards.*** Entrances, exits, steps, and outside steps and walkways shall be cleared of ice and snow as soon as possible, and kept free of other hazards. (II, III)

**65.21(12) *Laundry.*** All soiled linens shall be collected in and transported to the laundry room in closed, leakproof laundry bags or covered, impermeable containers. (III)

*a.* Except for related activities, the laundry room shall not be used for other purposes. (III)

*b.* Personal laundry shall be marked with an identification unless the residents are responsible for doing their own laundry as indicated in the individual program plan. (III)

*c.* There shall be an adequate supply of clean, stain-free linens so that each resident shall have at least three washcloths, hand towels, and bath towels per week. (III)

*d.* Each bed shall be provided with clean, stain-free washable bedspreads and sufficient lightweight serviceable blankets. A complete change of bed linens shall be available for each bed. Linens on beds shall be clean, stain-free and in good repair at all times. (III)

**65.21(13) *Supplies, equipment, and storage.*** Each facility shall provide a variety of supplies and equipment of a nature calculated to fit the needs and interests of the residents. These may include: books (standard and large print), magazines, newspapers, radio, television, bulletin boards, board games, game equipment, songbooks, cards, craft supplies, record player, movie projector, piano, and outdoor equipment. Supplies and equipment shall be appropriate to the chronological age of the residents. (III)

Storage shall be provided for recreational equipment and supplies. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14(1).

**481—65.22(135C) *Nutrition.*** There shall be policies and procedures written and implemented for dietary staffing.

1. The person responsible for planning menus and monitoring the kitchens in each facility shall have completed training, approved by the department, in sanitation and food preparation. (III)

2. In facilities licensed for over 15 beds, food service personnel shall be on duty during a 12-hour span extending from the preparation of breakfast through supper. (III)

3. There shall be written work schedules and time schedules covering each type of job in the food service department for facilities over 15 beds. These work and time schedules shall be posted or kept in a notebook which is available for use in the food service area. (III)

**65.22(1) *Nutrition and menu planning.*** Residents shall be encouraged to the maximum extent possible to participate in meal planning, shopping, and in preparing and serving the meal and cleaning up. The facility shall be responsible for helping residents become knowledgeable of what constitutes a nutritionally adequate diet. (III)

*a.* Menus shall be planned and served to meet nutritional needs of residents in accordance with the physician's diet orders which shall be renewed yearly. Menus shall be planned and served to include

foods and amounts necessary to meet the recommended daily dietary allowances of the Food and Nutrition Board of the National Research Council, National Academy of Sciences. Other foods shall be included to meet energy requirements (calories) to add to the total nutrients and variety of meals. (II, III)

*b.* At least three meals or their equivalent shall be made available to each resident daily, consistent with those times normally existing in the community. (II, III)

(1) There shall be no more than a 14-hour span between the substantial evening meal and breakfast. (III)

(2) To the extent medically possible, bedtime nourishments, containing a protein source, shall be offered routinely to all residents. Special nourishments shall be available when ordered by the physician. (II, III)

*c.* Menus shall include a variety of foods prepared in various ways. The same menus shall not be repeated on the same day of the following week. (III)

*d.* If modified diets are ordered by the physician, the person responsible for writing the menus shall have completed department-approved training in simple therapeutic diets. A copy of a modified diet manual approved by the department and written within the past five years shall be available in the facility. (II, III)

*e.* Therapeutic diets shall be served accurately. (II, III)

*f.* Menus shall be written at least one week in advance. The current menu shall be located in an accessible place in the dietetic service department for easy use by persons purchasing, preparing, and serving food. (III)

*g.* Records of menus as served shall be filed and maintained for 30 days and shall be available for review by departmental personnel. When substitutions are necessary, they shall be of similar nutritive value and recorded on the menu or in a notebook. (III)

*h.* A file of tested recipes adjusted to the number of people to be fed in the facility shall be maintained. (III)

**65.22(2)** *Dietary storage, food preparation, service.* In each stage, food shall be handled with maximum care for safety and good health.

*a.* The use of foods from salvaged, damaged, or unlabeled containers is prohibited. (II, III)

*b.* No perishable food shall be allowed to stand at room temperature any longer than is required to prepare and serve. (II, III)

*c.* Canning food is prohibited. The facility may freeze fruits, vegetables, and meats provided strict sanitary procedures are followed and in accordance with recommendations in the "Food Service Sanitation Manual," revised 1976, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Public Health Service, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. (II)

*d.* Supplies of staple foods for a minimum of a one-week period and of perishable foods for a minimum of a three-day period shall be maintained on the premises. (III)

*e.* If family-style service is used, all leftover prepared food that has been on the table shall be safely handled. (III)

*f.* Poisonous compounds shall not be kept in food storage or preparation areas except for a sanitizing agent which shall be kept in a locked cabinet. (II, III)

**65.22(3)** *Sanitation in food preparation area.* The facility shall develop and implement policies and procedures to address sanitation, meal preparation and service in accordance with recommendations in the "Food Service Sanitation Manual" reference in 65.22(2) "c," which shall be used as the established, nationally recognized reference for establishing and determining satisfactory compliance with the department's food service and sanitation rules. (III)

*a.* In facilities of 15 beds or fewer, residents may be allowed in the food preparation area in accordance with their IPP. (III)

*b.* In facilities licensed for over 15 beds, the kitchen shall not be used for serving meals to residents, food service personnel, or other staff. (III)

*c.* All appliances and work areas shall be kept clean and sanitary. (III)

*d.* There shall be written procedures established for cleaning all work and serving areas in facilities over 15 beds and a schedule of duties to be performed daily shall be posted in each food area. (III)

*e.* The food service area shall be located so it will not be used as a passageway by residents, guests, or nonfood service staff in facilities over 15 beds. (III)

*f.* Dirty linen shall not be carried through the food service area unless it is in sealed, leakproof containers. (III)

*g.* Mops, scrub pails, and other cleaning equipment used in the resident areas shall not be stored or used in the dietary area. (III)

**65.22(4) *Hygiene of food service personnel.*** If food service employees are assigned duties outside the dietetic service, these duties shall not interfere with sanitation, safety, or time required for dietetic work assignments. (II, III)

*a.* Employees shall wear clean, washable uniforms that are not used for duties outside the food service area in facilities over 15 beds. (III)

*b.* Hair nets shall be worn by all food service personnel and residents who do work in the kitchen in facilities over 15 beds and effective hair restraints in facilities with fewer than 15 beds. (III)

*c.* People who handle food shall use correct hand-washing and food-handling techniques as identified in the "Food Service Sanitation Manual." People who handle dirty dishes shall not handle clean dishes without washing their hands. (III)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14.

#### **481—65.23(135C) Physical facilities and maintenance.**

**65.23(1) *Housekeeping.*** The facility shall have written procedures for daily and weekly cleaning (III) which include, but need not be limited to:

*a.* All rooms including furnishings, all corridors, storage areas, linen closets, attics, and basements shall be kept in a clean, orderly condition, free of unserviceable furniture and equipment or accumulations of refuse. (III)

*b.* All resident bedrooms, including furnishings, shall be cleaned and sanitized before use by another resident. (III)

*c.* Polishes used on floors shall provide a slip-resistant finish. (III)

**65.23(2) *Equipment.*** Housekeeping and maintenance personnel shall be provided with well-constructed and properly maintained equipment appropriate to the function for which it is to be used. (III)

*a.* All facilities shall be provided with clean and sanitary storage for cleaning equipment, supplies, and utensils. In facilities over 15 beds, a janitor's closet shall be provided. It shall be equipped with water for filling scrub pails and a janitor's sink for emptying scrub pails. A hallway or corridor shall not be used for storage of equipment. (III)

*b.* Sufficient numbers of noncombustible trash containers, which have covers, shall be available. (III)

*c.* All containers for trash shall be watertight, rodent-proof, and have tight-fitting covers and shall be thoroughly cleaned each time a container is emptied. (III)

*d.* All wastes shall be properly disposed of in compliance with the local ordinances and state codes. (III)

**65.23(3) *Bedrooms.*** Each resident shall be provided with a bed, substantially constructed and in good repair. (III)

*a.* Rollaway beds, metal cots, or folding beds are not acceptable. (III)

*b.* Each bed shall be equipped with the following: casters or glides; clean springs in good repair; a clean, comfortable, well-constructed mattress approximately 5 inches thick and standard in size for the bed; and clean, comfortable pillows of average bed size. (III)

*c.* There shall be a comfortable chair, either a rocking chair or arm chair, per resident bed. The resident's personal wishes shall be considered and documented. (III)

*d.* There shall be drawer space for each resident's clothing. In a multiple bedroom, drawer space shall be assigned each resident. (III)

*e.* There shall be a bedside table with a drawer and a reading lamp for each resident. (III)

*f.* All furnishings and equipment shall be durable, cleanable, and appropriate to its function. (III)

g. All resident areas shall be decorated, painted, and furnished to provide a homelike atmosphere and in a manner which is age and culture appropriate. (III)

h. Upholstery materials shall be moisture- and soil-resistant, except on furniture which is provided and owned by the resident. (III)

i. Beds and other furnishings shall not obstruct free passage to and through doorways. (III)

j. Beds shall not be placed with the side of the bed against a radiator or in close proximity to it unless the radiator is covered to protect the resident from contact with it or from excessive heat. (III)

**65.23(4) Bath and toilet facilities.** All lavatories shall have nonreusable towels or an air dryer and an available supply of soap. (III)

**65.23(5) Dining and living rooms.** Dining rooms and living rooms shall be available for use by residents at appropriate times to allow social, diversional, individual, and group activities. (III)

a. Every facility shall have a dining room and a living room easily accessible to all residents which are never used as bedrooms. (III)

b. A combination dining room and living room may be permitted if the space requirements of a multipurpose room as provided in 481—subrule 61.6(2) are met. (III)

c. Living rooms shall be suitably furnished and maintained for the use of residents and their visitors and may be used for recreational activities. (III)

d. Dining rooms shall be furnished with dining tables and chairs appropriate to the size and function of the facility. These rooms and furnishings shall be kept clean and sanitary. (III)

**65.23(6) Family and employee accommodations.** Resident bedrooms shall not be occupied by employees, family members of employees, or family members of the licensee. (III)

a. In facilities where the total occupancy of family, employees, and residents is five or fewer, one toilet and one tub or shower is the minimum requirement. (III)

b. In all health care facilities, if the family or employees live within the facility, living quarters shall be required for the family or employees separate from areas provided for residents. (III)

**65.23(7) Pets—policies.** Any facility in which a pet is living shall implement written policies and procedures addressing the following:

a. Vaccination schedule; (III)

b. Veterinary visit schedule; (III)

c. Housing or sleeping quarters; (III) and

d. Assignment of responsibility for feeding, bathing and cleanup. (III)

**65.23(8) Maintenance.** Each facility shall establish a program to ensure continued maintenance of the facility, to promote good housekeeping procedures, and to ensure sanitary practices throughout. In facilities over 15 beds, this program shall be in writing and be available for review by the department. (III)

a. The buildings, furnishings and grounds shall be maintained in a clean, orderly condition and be in good repair. (III)

b. The buildings and grounds shall be kept free of flies, other insects, rodents, and their breeding areas. (III)

**65.23(9) Buildings, furnishings, and equipment.**

a. Battery-operated, portable emergency lights in good working condition shall be available at all times, at a ratio of one light per employee on duty from 6 p.m. to 6 a.m. (III)

b. All windows shall be supplied with curtains and shades or drapes which are kept in good repair. (III)

c. Wherever glass sliding doors or transparent panels are used, they shall be marked conspicuously and decoratively. (III)

**65.23(10) Water supply.** Every facility shall have an adequate water supply from an approved source. A municipal source of water shall be considered as meeting this requirement. Private sources of water to a facility shall be tested annually and the report submitted with the annual application for license. (III)

a. A bacterially unsafe source of water shall be grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation of license. (III)

*b.* The department may require testing of private sources of water to a facility at its discretion in addition to the annual test. The facility shall supply reports of tests as directed by the department. (III)  
This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14.

**481—65.24(135C) Care review committee.** Rescinded **ARC 1205C**, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14.

**481—65.25(135C) Residents' rights in general.** Each facility shall ensure that policies and procedures are written and implemented which include at least provisions in subrules 65.25(1) to 65.25(21). These shall govern all services provided to staff, residents, their families or legal representatives. The policies and procedures shall be available to the public and shall be reviewed annually. (II)

**65.25(1) Grievances.** Written policies and procedures shall include a method for submitting grievances and recommendations by residents or their legal representatives and for ensuring a response and disposition by the facility. The written procedure shall ensure protection of the resident from any form of reprisal or intimidation and shall include:

*a.* An employee or an alternate designated to be responsible for handling grievances and recommendations; (II)

*b.* Methods to investigate and assess the validity of a grievance or recommendation; (II) and

*c.* Methods to resolve grievances and take action. (II)

**65.25(2) Informed of rights.** Policies and procedures shall include a provision that residents be fully informed of their rights and responsibilities as residents and of all rules governing resident conduct and responsibilities. This information must be provided upon admission, or when the facility adopts or amends residents' rights policies. It shall be posted in locations accessible to all residents. (II)

*a.* The facility shall make known to residents what they may expect from the facility and its staff, and what is expected from residents. The facility shall communicate these expectations during a period not more than two weeks before or later than five days after admission. The communication shall be in writing in a separate handout or brochure describing the facility. It shall be interpreted verbally, as part of a preadmission interview, resident counseling, or in individual or group orientation sessions after admission. (II)

*b.* Residents' rights and responsibilities shall be presented in language understandable to residents. If the facility serves residents who do not speak English or are deaf, steps shall be taken to translate the information into a foreign or sign language. Blind residents shall be provided either Braille or a recording. Residents shall be encouraged to ask questions about their rights and responsibilities. Their questions shall be answered. (II)

*c.* A statement shall be signed by the resident and legal guardian, if applicable, to indicate the resident understands these rights and responsibilities. The statement shall be maintained in the record. The statement shall be signed no later than five days after admission. A copy of the signed statement shall be given to the resident or legal guardian. (II)

*d.* All residents, next of kin, or legal guardian shall be advised within 30 days of changes made in the statement of residents' rights and responsibilities. Appropriate means shall be used to inform non-English-speaking, deaf or blind residents of changes. (II)

**65.25(3) Resident abuse prohibited.** Each resident shall receive kind and considerate care at all times and shall be free from physical, sexual, mental and verbal abuse, exploitation, neglect, and physical injury. (I, II)

**65.25(4) Allegations of dependent adult abuse.** Allegations of dependent adult abuse shall be reported and investigated pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 235E and 481—Chapter 52. (I, II, III)

**65.25(5) Report of abuse.** Rescinded IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14.

**65.25(6) Informed of health condition.** Each resident or legal guardian shall be fully informed by a physician of the health and medical condition of the resident unless a physician documents reasons not to in the resident's record. (II)

**65.25(7) Research.** The resident or legal guardian shall decide whether a resident participates in experimental research. Participation shall occur only when the resident or guardian is fully informed and signs a consent form. (II, III)

Any clinical investigation involving residents must be sponsored by an institution with a human subjects review board functioning in accordance with the requirement of Public Law 93-348, as implemented by Part 46 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended December 1, 1981 (45 CFR 46). (III)

**65.25(8) Resident work.** Services performed by the resident for the facility shall be in accordance with the IPP. (II)

*a.* Residents shall not be used to provide a source of labor for the facility against the resident's will. Physician's approval is required for all work programs and must be renewed yearly. (II, III)

*b.* If the individual program plan requires activities for therapeutic or training reasons, the plan for these activities must be professionally developed and implemented. Therapeutic or training goals must be clearly stated and measurable and the plan shall be time limited and reviewed at least quarterly. (II, III)

*c.* A resident engaged in work programs in the ICF/PMI shall be paid wages commensurate with wage and hour regulations for comparable work and productivity. (II)

*d.* The resident shall have the right to employment options commensurate with training and skills. (II)

*e.* Residents performing work shall not be used to replace paid employees to fulfill staff requirements. (II)

**65.25(9) Encouragement to exercise rights.** Residents shall be encouraged and assisted throughout their period of stay to exercise resident and citizen rights. Residents may voice grievances and recommend changes in policies and services to administrative staff or to an outside representative of their choice free from interference, coercion, discrimination, or reprisal. (II)

**65.25(10) Posting of names.** The facility shall post in a prominent area the name, telephone number, and address of the survey agency, local law enforcement agency, administrator, members of the board of directors, corporate headquarters, and the protection and advocacy agency designated pursuant to Iowa Code section 135C.2(4) and the text of Iowa Code section 135C.46 to provide to residents another course of redress. (II)

**65.25(11) Dignity preserved.** Residents shall be treated with consideration, respect, and full recognition of their dignity and individuality, including privacy in treatment and in care of personal needs. (II)

*a.* Staff shall display respect for residents when speaking with, caring for, or talking about them as constant affirmation of the individuality and dignity of human beings. (II)

*b.* Schedules of daily activities shall allow maximum flexibility for residents to exercise choice about what they will do and when they will do it. Residents' individual preferences regarding such things as menus, clothing, religious activities, friendships, activity programs, entertainment, sleeping, eating, and times to retire at night and arise in the morning shall be elicited and considered by the facility. The facility shall make every effort to match nonsmokers with other nonsmokers. (II)

*c.* Residents shall not have their personal lives regulated beyond reasonable adherence to meal schedules, bedtime hours, and other written policies which may be necessary for the orderly management of the facility and as required by these rules; however, residents shall be encouraged to participate in recreational programs. (II)

*d.* Residents shall be examined and treated in a manner that maintains the privacy of their bodies. A closed door shall shield the resident from passersby. People not involved in the care of a resident shall not be present without the resident's consent during examination or treatment. (II)

*e.* Privacy for each person shall be maintained when residents are being taken to the toilet or being bathed and while they are being helped with other types of personal hygiene, except as needed for resident safety or assistance. (II)

*f.* Staff shall knock and be acknowledged before entering a resident's room unless the resident is not capable of response. This does not apply under emergency conditions. (II)

**65.25(12) Communications.** Each resident may communicate, associate, and meet privately with persons of the resident's choice, unless to do so would infringe upon the rights of other residents. Each resident may send and receive personal mail unopened unless prohibited in the IPP which has



explicit approval of the resident or legal guardian. Telephones consistent with ANSI standards 42 CFR 405.1134(c) (10-1-86) shall be available and accessible for residents to make and receive calls with privacy. Residents who need help shall be assisted in using the telephone. (II)

Arrangements shall be made to provide assistance to residents who require help in reading or sending mail. (II)

**65.25(13) *Visiting policies and procedures.*** Subject to reasonable scheduling restrictions, visiting policies and procedures shall permit residents to receive visits from anyone they wish. Visiting hours shall be posted. (II)

*a.* Reasonable, regular visiting hours shall not be less than 12 hours per day and shall take into consideration the special circumstances of each visitor. A particular visitor(s) may be restricted by the facility for one of the following reasons:

- (1) The resident refuses to see the visitor(s). (II)
- (2) The visit would not be in accordance with the IPP. (II)
- (3) The visitor's behavior is unreasonably disruptive to the functioning of the facility. (II)

Reasons for denial of visitation shall be documented in resident records. (II)

*b.* Decisions to restrict a visitor shall be reevaluated at least quarterly by the QMHP or at the resident's request. (II)

*c.* Space shall be provided for residents to receive visitors in comfort and privacy. (II)

**65.25(14) *Resident activities.*** Each resident may participate in activities of social, religious, and community groups as desired unless contraindicated for reasons documented by the attending physician or qualified mental health professional, as appropriate, in the resident's record. (II)

Residents who wish to meet with or participate in activities of social, religious or community groups in or outside the facility shall be informed, encouraged, and assisted to do so. (II)

Residents shall be permitted to leave the facility and environs at reasonable times unless there are justifiable reasons established in writing by the attending physician, QMHP, or facility administrator for refusing permission. (II)

**65.25(15) *Resident property.*** Each resident may retain and use personal clothing and possessions as space permits and provided use is not otherwise prohibited in these rules. (II)

*a.* Residents shall be permitted to keep reasonable amounts of personal clothing and possessions for their use while in the facility. The personal property shall be kept in a secure location which is convenient to the resident. (II)

*b.* Residents shall be advised, prior to or at the time of admission, of the kinds and amounts of clothing and possessions permitted for personal use, and whether the facility will accept responsibility for maintaining these items, e.g., cleaning and laundry. (II)

*c.* Any personal clothing or possession retained by the facility for the resident shall be identified and recorded on admission and the record placed on the resident's chart. The facility shall be responsible for secure storage of items. They shall be returned to the resident promptly upon request or upon discharge from the facility. (II)

**65.25(16) *Sharing rooms.*** Residents, including spouses staying in the same facility, shall be permitted to share a room, if available, if requested by both parties, unless reasons to the contrary are in the IPP. Reasons for denial shall be documented in the resident's record. (II)

**65.25(17) *Choice of physician and pharmacy.*** Each resident shall be permitted free choice of a physician and a pharmacy. The facility may require the pharmacy selected to use a drug distribution system compatible with the system currently used by the facility. (II)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 135C.14 and Iowa Code chapter 235E.  
[ARC 1205C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 1204C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14]

**481—65.26(135C) *Incompetent residents.*** Each facility shall provide that all rights and responsibilities of incompetent residents devolve to the legal guardian when a hearing has been held and the resident is judged incompetent in accordance with state law. (II)

A facility is not absolved from advising incompetent residents of their rights to the extent the resident is able to understand them. The facility shall also advise the legal guardian, if any, and acquire a statement indicating an understanding of resident's rights. (II)

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.14(8) and 135C.24.

**481—65.27(135C) County care facilities.** In addition to these rules, county care facilities licensed as intermediate care facilities for persons with mental illness must also comply with department of human services rules 441—Chapter 37. Violation of any standard established by the department of human services is a Class II violation pursuant to 481—56.2(135C).

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 227.4.

**481—65.28(135C) Violations.** Classification of violations is I, II and III, determined by the division using the provisions in 481—Chapter 56, “Fining and Citations,” to enforce a fine to cite a facility.

**481—65.29(135C) Another business or activity in a facility.** A facility is allowed to have another business or activity in a health care facility or in the same physical structure of the facility, if the other business or activity is under the control of and is directly related to and incidental to the operation of the health care facility, or the business or activity is approved by the department and the state fire marshal.

To obtain the approval of the department and the state fire marshal, the facility must submit to the department a written request for approval which identifies the service(s) to be offered by the business and addresses the factors outlined in paragraphs “a” through “j” of this rule. (I, II, III)

**65.29(1)** The following factors will be considered by the department in determining whether a business or activity will interfere with the use of the facility by residents, interfere with services provided to residents, or be disturbing to residents:

- a. Health and safety risks for residents;
- b. Compatibility of the proposed business or activity with the facility program;
- c. Noise created by the proposed business or activity;
- d. Odors created by the proposed business or activity;
- e. Use of entrances and exits for the business or activity in regard to safety and disturbance of residents and interference with delivery of services;
- f. Use of the facility's corridors or rooms as thoroughfares to the business or activity in regard to safety and disturbance of residents and interference with delivery of services;
- g. Proposed staffing for the business or activity;
- h. Sharing of services and staff between the proposed business or activity and the facility;
- i. Facility layout and design; and
- j. Parking area utilized by the business or activity.

**65.29(2)** Approval of the state fire marshal shall be obtained before approval of the department will be considered.

**65.29(3)** A business or activity conducted in a health care facility or in the same physical structure as a health care facility shall not reduce space, services or staff available to residents below minimums required in these rules and 481—Chapter 61. (I, II, III)

**481—65.30(135C) Respite care services.** Respite care services means an organized program of temporary supportive care provided for 24 hours or more to a person in order to relieve the usual caregiver of the person from providing continual care to the person. A facility which chooses to provide respite care services must meet the following requirements related to respite care services and must be licensed as a health care facility.

**65.30(1)** A facility which chooses to provide respite care services is not required to obtain a separate license or pay a license fee.

**65.30(2)** Rules regarding involuntary discharge or transfer rights do not apply to residents who are being cared for under a respite care contract.

**65.30(3)** The facility shall have a contract with each resident in the facility. When the resident is there for respite care services, the contract shall specify the time period during which the resident will be considered to be receiving respite care services. At the end of that period, the contract may be amended to extend that period of time. The contract shall specifically state the resident may be involuntarily discharged while being considered as a respite care resident. The contract shall meet other requirements for contracts between a health care facility and resident, except the requirements concerning the holding and charging for a bed when a resident is hospitalized or leaves the facility temporarily for recreational or therapeutic reasons.

**65.30(4)** Respite care services shall not be provided by a facility to persons requiring a level of care which is higher than the level of care the facility is licensed to provide.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 135C.2(6), 135C.4, 135C.6(2), 135C.6(3), 135C.7, 135C.8, 135C.14, 135C.16(2), 135C.23, 135C.24, 135C.25, 135C.31, and 227.4.

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CHAPTER 66  
BOARDING HOMES

**481—66.1(83GA,SF484) Definitions.**

*“Activities of daily living”* means the following self-care tasks: bathing, dressing, grooming, eating, transferring, toileting, and ambulation.

*“Affiliated person or entity”* means an individual operating as a sole proprietorship who is related within the third degree of consanguinity to the boarding home owner or lessee; or a business entity with common ownership or with 25 percent or more ownership by the boarding home owner or lessee.

*“Assistance”* means aid or help.

*“Boarding home”* means a premises used by its owner or lessee for the purpose of letting rooms for rental to three or more persons not related within the third degree of consanguinity to the owner or lessee where supervision or assistance with activities of daily living is provided to such persons. A boarding home does not include a facility, home, or program otherwise subject to licensure or regulation by the department of human services, the department of inspections and appeals, or the department of public health.

*“Commencing operations”* means the date on which a premises becomes a boarding home by renting to a third individual who meets the requirements pursuant to the definition of “boarding home.”

*“Department”* means the department of inspections and appeals.

*“Director”* means the director of the department of inspections and appeals.

*“Known”* means information that an owner, a lessee, or a manager possesses without seeking additional information from tenants.

*“Lessee”* means a person who leases the boarding home from its owner.

*“Multidisciplinary team”* means a team consisting of members of various departments as is appropriate for an investigation. The team may include employees of the department of inspections and appeals, the department of human services, the state fire marshal and the division of criminal investigation of the department of public safety, the department of justice, or other local, state, and federal agencies.

*“Premises”* means a room and the structure of which it is a part and facilities and appurtenances to it and grounds, areas and facilities held out for the use of tenants generally or whose use is promised to the tenant.

*“Preponderance of the evidence”* means that the evidence, considered and compared with the evidence opposed to it, produces the belief in a reasonable mind that the allegations are more likely true than not true. A “preponderance of the evidence” standard does not require that the investigator personally witnessed the alleged violation.

*“Probable cause”* means a reasonable suspicion to believe that a boarding home is in violation of 2009 Iowa Acts, Senate File 484, sections 3 to 6 [Iowa Code chapter 135O], licensing or other regulatory requirements of the department of human services, department of inspections and appeals, or department of public health; or that dependent adult abuse of any individual living in the boarding home has occurred or is occurring.

*“Responsible party”* means the individual designated on the registration of a boarding home as the department’s primary contact.

*“Room”* means an apartment, group of rooms, or single room that is occupied as a separate living quarter or, if vacant, that is intended for occupancy as a separate living quarter, in which a tenant can live and sleep separately from any other persons in the building and that has direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall.

*“Supervision”* means oversight necessary to prevent accidents or ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the tenant.

*“Third degree of consanguinity”* means the following relatives of the owner or lessee: spouse, children, parents, siblings or half-siblings, grandchildren, grandparents, uncles, aunts, nephews, nieces, great-grandparents, and great-grandchildren.

[ARC 8243B, IAB 10/21/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—66.2(83GA,SF484) Registration of boarding homes.**

**66.2(1)** A boarding home shall file a statement of registration with the department.

*a.* Boarding homes in operation on January 1, 2010, or after shall register with the department within 60 days of commencing operations.

*b.* Boarding homes in operation prior to January 1, 2010, shall register with the department no later than March 1, 2010.

**66.2(2)** The statement of registration may be submitted electronically via an Internet-based system; by mail to the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Health Facilities Division, Lucas State Office Building, Third Floor, 321 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083; or by fax to (515)242-5022.

**66.2(3)** The registrant shall include, at a minimum, the following information on the statement of registration:

- a.* Name(s) of the owner, lessee, and manager, as applicable;
- b.* Number of rooms available for rent and maximum number of tenants for the entire boarding home;
- c.* Location of the boarding home, including street address, city, and ZIP code;
- d.* Contact information for the owner, lessee, and manager, including telephone number, mailing address, and E-mail address;
- e.* Occupant loads as calculated in accordance with the building and fire codes as adopted by the applicable jurisdictions;
- f.* Whether the building is equipped with a fire sprinkler system;
- g.* Whether the building is equipped with a centralized kitchen in which meals are prepared; and
- h.* Name of the responsible party. The department will send all notices regarding the boarding home to the responsible party.

**66.2(4)** Failure to file a statement of registration in a timely manner may result in a penalty of no more than \$500.

**66.2(5)** The boarding home shall notify the department of any changes to the information on the initial statement of registration within 30 days of when the change occurs, including cessation of operation. Changes shall be submitted in the manner described in subrule 66.2(2).

[ARC 8243B, IAB 10/21/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—66.3(83GA,SF484) Occupancy reports.** See rule 481—66.1(83GA,SF484) for the definition of “known.”

**66.3(1)** Each boarding home shall file an occupancy report annually with the department.

*a.* For new boarding home registrations, an occupancy report shall be filed along with the initial statement of registration. The occupancy report that accompanies the initial statement of registration shall provide information as of the last day of the preceding month.

*b.* After the initial registration, registrants shall submit a completed occupancy report by January 31 of each year with information current as of December 31 of the preceding year.

**66.3(2)** The occupancy report may be submitted electronically via an Internet-based system; by mail to the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Health Facilities Division, Lucas State Office Building, Third Floor, 321 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083; or by fax to (515)242-5022.

**66.3(3)** The owner or lessee shall include, at a minimum, the following information on the occupancy report. If the owner or lessee is unable to answer the question because the owner or lessee does not have such information, the owner or lessee shall indicate such on the report.

- a.* Current number of rooms occupied;
- b.* Current number of tenants residing in the boarding home;
- c.* If applicable, date of last fire inspection and any deficiencies noted and how such deficiencies have been corrected;
- d.* If known, the number of tenants receiving Medicaid;
- e.* If known, the number of tenants receiving food assistance benefits (EBT cards);
- f.* If known, the number of tenants receiving other types of state assistance and the types of state assistance received;

g. Types of services provided or arranged by the owner, lessee, manager or an affiliated person or entity; frequency of services by type; and the name and contact information of the person or entity providing or arranging such services;

h. Any assistance or supervision provided to tenants by the owner, lessee or manager;

i. Method of rent payments, such as cash, check, or state assistance; and

j. If known, the number of tenants with a power of attorney, guardian or conservator.

[ARC 8243B, IAB 10/21/09, effective 1/1/10]

#### **481—66.4(83GA,SF484) Complaints.**

##### **66.4(1) *Complaints.***

a. The process for filing a complaint is as follows:

(1) Any person with a concern regarding the operation of a boarding home may file a complaint with the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Complaint/Incident Bureau, Lucas State Office Building, Third Floor, 321 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083, or by use of the complaint hotline, telephone 1-877-686-0027. The Web site address is [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do).

(2) When the nature of the complaint is outside the department's authority, the department shall forward the complaint to the appropriate investigatory entity.

(3) If other state agencies receive a complaint that relates to boarding homes, the agencies shall forward the complaint to the department.

b. The department shall act on anonymous complaints unless the department determines that the complaint is intended to harass the boarding home or is without a reasonable basis. If the department, upon preliminary review, determines that the complaint is intended to harass or is without a reasonable basis, the department may dismiss the complaint.

**66.4(2) *Content of complaint reports.*** The complaint shall include as much of the following information as possible: the complainant's name, address and telephone number; the complainant's relationship to the boarding home and tenant; and the reason for the complaint. The complainant's name shall be confidential information and shall not be released by the department.

**66.4(3) *Time frames for investigation of complaints.*** Upon receipt of a complaint made in accordance with this rule, the department shall make a preliminary review of the complaint to determine if probable cause exists to investigate the complaint. If probable cause exists, an investigation of the boarding home shall be initiated, as provided in rule 481—66.5(83GA,SF484), within 45 working days. If there is the likelihood of immediate danger, the department shall initiate an investigation of the boarding home within 2 working days of receipt of the complaint. If there is an allegation of harm, the department shall initiate an investigation of the boarding home within 20 working days of receipt of the complaint.

**66.4(4) *Submission of all complaints to core multidisciplinary team.*** A copy of all complaints and the department's initial determination whether to investigate the complaint shall be sent to the core multidisciplinary agencies: the department of human services, the state fire marshal of the department of public safety, and the department of justice. If the department has determined not to initiate an investigation, the members of the core multidisciplinary team may recommend the initiation of, and the department shall initiate, an investigation.

**66.4(5) *Standard for determining whether a complaint is substantiated.*** The department shall apply a preponderance of the evidence standard in determining whether a complaint is substantiated.

**66.4(6) *Notification of the boarding home or alleged boarding home of results of investigation.*** The department shall notify the boarding home or alleged boarding home, in writing, of the final report of the complaint investigation.

**66.4(7) *Notification of the complainant of results of investigation.*** The complainant, if known, shall be notified of the final findings of a complaint investigation. The complainant, if known, shall also be notified if the department determines not to investigate a complaint and shall receive an explanation of the department's decision.

[ARC 8243B, IAB 10/21/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—66.5(83GA,SF484) Investigations.**

**66.5(1) *Initiation of investigations.*** Investigations may be initiated because of a complaint or other information received by the department or upon referral from other agencies. If the department determines there is probable cause to believe that a boarding home is an unregistered boarding home or that a registered boarding home is not in compliance with state, federal or local statutes or rules, an investigation shall be initiated.

**66.5(2) *Evaluation of allegations and formation of initial multidisciplinary team.*** If an investigation is initiated, the department shall evaluate the allegations to determine which local, state, and federal agencies to include in the initial multidisciplinary team. The department shall notify the agencies of the investigation and the allegations associated with the investigation. The department shall be the lead agency for the investigation unless the multidisciplinary team determines otherwise.

**66.5(3) *Addition of other agencies.*** The lead agency for the investigation may add other local, state, and federal agencies to the multidisciplinary team as is determined necessary. As a component of the coordinated interagency approach, all members of the multidisciplinary team shall share investigative findings.

**66.5(4) *Final findings.*** Each agency shall prepare final findings regarding the agency's investigation and submit these findings to the lead agency. The lead agency shall then prepare a consolidated final findings report, which shall be maintained by the department pursuant to the state's document retention policy.

**66.5(5) *Post-investigation actions.*** The agencies on the multidisciplinary team shall meet to determine the action to be taken as a result of the investigation. Each agency on the multidisciplinary team shall maintain the agency's individual report pursuant to the state's document retention policy. Investigative findings that are confidential under other state, federal, or local requirements shall not be included in the final report.

**66.5(6) *Notification of law enforcement.*** If the multidisciplinary team believes a criminal violation has occurred or is occurring, the lead agency shall notify the appropriate law enforcement entities.

[ARC 8243B, IAB 10/21/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—66.6(83GA,SF484) Penalties.** The director shall consider the following when determining whether to assess a penalty for violation of 2009 Iowa Acts, Senate File 484, sections 3 to 6 [Iowa Code chapter 1350], or rules adopted pursuant to 2009 Iowa Acts, Senate File 484, sections 3 to 6 [Iowa Code chapter 1350], and when determining the amount of the penalty:

1. The duration of the noncompliance;
2. The nature of the noncompliance;
3. The response of the owner or lessee upon notification of noncompliance;
4. The number of tenants affected; and
5. The impact to the tenants.

[ARC 8243B, IAB 10/21/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—66.7(83GA,SF484) Public and confidential information.**

**66.7(1) *Public disclosure.*** The following records are open and available for inspection:

- a. Registration forms and accompanying materials;
- b. Final findings of investigations, unless otherwise confidential by law, such as investigative findings of the division of criminal investigation of the department of public safety or dependent adult abuse investigations; and
- c. Official notices of penalties.

**66.7(2) *Confidential information.*** Confidential information includes the following:

- a. Information that does not comprise a final finding resulting from a complaint investigation or other investigation of the multidisciplinary team and its individual members;
- b. Names of all complainants;
- c. Names of tenants of a boarding home, identifying personal or medical information, copies of documentation appointing a legal representative, and the address of anyone other than an owner or lessee; and



d. Social security or employer identification numbers (EIN).

**66.7(3)** *Redaction of confidential information.* If a record normally open for inspection contains confidential information, the confidential information shall be redacted prior to an agency's providing the record for inspection.

**66.7(4)** *Searchable database of all registered boarding homes.* The department shall maintain a searchable database of all registered boarding homes on the health facilities division's Web site at [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do).

[ARC 8243B, IAB 10/21/09, effective 1/1/10]

These rules are intended to implement 2009 Iowa Acts, Senate File 484.

[Filed ARC 8243B (Notice ARC 8047B, IAB 8/26/09), IAB 10/21/09, effective 1/1/10]



CHAPTER 67  
GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR ELDER GROUP HOMES, ASSISTED LIVING PROGRAMS,  
AND ADULT DAY SERVICES

**481—67.1(231B,231C,231D) Definitions.** The following definitions apply to this chapter and to 481—Chapters 68, 69, and 70.

*“Activities of daily living”* means the following self-care tasks: bathing, dressing, grooming, eating, transferring, toileting, and ambulation.

*“Ambulatory”* or *“ambulation”* means physically and cognitively able to walk without aid of another person.

*“Applicable requirements”* means Iowa Code chapters 135C, 231B, 231C, 231D, 235B, 235E, and 562A, this chapter, and 481—Chapters 68, 69, and 70, as applicable, and includes any other applicable administrative rules and provisions of the Iowa Code.

*“Assignment”* means the distribution of work for which each staff member, regardless of certification or licensure status, is responsible during a given work period and includes a nurse directing an individual to do something the individual is already authorized to do.

*“Assistance”* means aid to a tenant who self-directs or participates in a task or activity or who retains the mental or physical ability, or both, to participate in a task or activity. Cueing of the tenant regarding a particular task or activity shall be construed to mean the tenant has participated in the task or activity.

*“Blueprint”* means copies of all completed drawings, schedules, and specifications that have been certified, sealed, and signed by an Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer of record. The department may allow electronic transfer of blueprints pursuant to policy.

*“Certified staff”* means certified nursing assistants (CNAs) and certified medication assistants (CMAs) employed by the program.

*“Dementia”* means an illness characterized by multiple cognitive deficits which represent a decline from previous levels of functioning and includes memory impairment and one or more of the following cognitive disturbances: aphasia, apraxia, agnosia, and disturbance in executive functioning.

*“Department”* means the department of inspections and appeals.

*“Director”* means the director of the department of inspections and appeals.

*“Direct supervision”* means the provision of guidance and oversight of a delegated nursing task through the physical presence of the licensed nurse to observe and direct certified and noncertified staff.

*“Elope”* means that a tenant who has impaired decision-making ability leaves the program without the knowledge or authorization of staff.

*“Global Deterioration Scale”* or *“GDS”* means the seven-stage scale for assessment of primary degenerative dementia developed by Dr. Barry Reisberg.

*“Health care professional”* means a physician, physician assistant, registered nurse or advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed in Iowa by the respective licensing board.

*“Health-related care”* means services provided by a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse, on a part-time or intermittent basis, and services provided by other licensed health care professionals, on a part-time or intermittent basis. “Health-related care” includes nurse-delegated assistance.

*“Human service professional”* means an individual with a bachelor’s degree in a human service field including, but not limited to: human services, gerontology, social work, sociology, psychology, or family science. Two years of experience in a human service field may be substituted for up to two years of the required education. For example, an individual with an associate’s degree in a human service field and two years of experience in a human service field is a human service professional.

*“Impaired decision-making ability”* means a lack of capacity to make safe and prudent decisions regarding one’s own routine safety as determined by the program manager or nurse or means having a GDS score of five or above.

*“Independent reviewer”* means an attorney licensed in the state of Iowa who is not currently and has not been employed by the department in the past eight years, or has not appeared in front of the department on behalf of a health care facility in the past eight years. Preference shall be given to an attorney with background knowledge, experience or training in long-term care.

*“Indirect supervision”* means the provision of guidance and oversight of a delegated nursing task through means other than direct supervision, including written and verbal communication.

*“Instrumental activities of daily living”* means those activities that reflect the tenant’s ability to perform household and other tasks necessary to meet the tenant’s needs within the community, which may include but are not limited to shopping, housekeeping, chores, and traveling within the community.

*“Medication setup”* means assistance with various steps of medication administration to support a tenant’s autonomy, which may include but is not limited to routine prompting, cueing and reminding, opening containers or packaging at the direction of the tenant, reading instructions or other label information, or transferring medications from the original containers into suitable medication dispensing containers, reminder containers, or medication cups.

*“Modification”* means any addition to or change in physical dimensions or structure, except as incidental to the customary maintenance of the physical structure of the program’s facility.

*“Monitoring”* means an on-site evaluation of a program, a complaint investigation, or a program-reported incident investigation performed by the department to determine compliance with applicable requirements. A monitor who performs a monitoring for the department shall be a registered nurse, human service professional, or another person with program-related expertise.

*“Noncertified staff”* means unlicensed and uncertified personnel employed by the program.

*“Nurse delegation”* means the action of a registered nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse to direct competent certified and noncertified staff to perform selected nursing tasks in selected situations. The decision of a nurse to delegate is based on the delegation process, including assessment, planning, implementation, supervision, and evaluation of the tenant, nursing tasks, personnel, and the situation. The nurse, as a licensed professional, retains accountability for the delegation process and the decision to delegate. Licensed practical nurses may delegate within the scope of their license with the supervision of a registered nurse.

*“Occupancy agreement”* or *“contractual agreement”* means a written contract entered into between a program and a tenant that clearly describes the rights and responsibilities of the program and the tenant and other information required by applicable requirements. An occupancy agreement may include a separate signed lease and signed service agreement.

*“Part-time or intermittent care”* means licensed nursing services and professional therapies that are provided in combination with nurse-delegated assistance with medications or activities of daily living and do not exceed 28 hours per week or, for adult day services, 4 hours per day.

*“Personal care”* means assistance with the essential activities of daily living which may include but are not limited to transferring, bathing, personal hygiene, dressing, and grooming that are essential to the health and welfare of a tenant.

*“Physician extender”* means nurse practitioners, clinical nurse specialists, and physician assistants.

*“Preponderance of the evidence”* means that the evidence, considered and compared with the evidence opposed to it, produces the belief in a reasonable mind that the allegations are more likely true than not true.

*“Program”* means one or more of the following, as applicable: an elder group home as defined in Iowa Code section 231B.1 and 481—Chapter 68, an assisted living program as defined in Iowa Code section 231C.1 and 481—Chapter 69, or adult day services as defined in Iowa Code section 231D.1 and 481—Chapter 70.

*“Program staff”* means all employees of the program, regardless of certification or licensure status.

*“Qualified professional”* means a facility plant engineer familiar with the type of program being provided, or a licensed plumbing, heating, cooling, or electrical contractor who furnishes regular service to such equipment.

*“Recognized accrediting entity”* means a nationally recognized accrediting entity that the department recognizes as having specific program standards equivalent to the program standards established by the department.

*“Regulatory insufficiency”* means a violation of an applicable requirement.

*“Remodeling”* means a modification of any part of an existing building, an addition of a new wing or floor to an existing building, or a conversion of an existing building.

“*Restraints*” means any chemical or manual method which restricts freedom of movement or normal access to one’s body or any physical or mechanical device, material or equipment which is attached or adjacent to the tenant’s body that the tenant cannot remove easily and which restricts freedom of movement or normal access to one’s body.

“*Routine*” means more often than not or on a regular customary basis.

“*Self-administration*” means a tenant’s taking personal responsibility for all phases of medication except for any component assigned to the program under medication setup, and may include the tenant’s use of an automatic pill dispenser.

“*Service plan*” means the document that defines all services necessary to meet the needs and preferences of a tenant, whether or not the services are provided by the program or other service providers.

“*Significant change*” means a major decline or improvement in the tenant’s status which does not normally resolve itself without further interventions by staff or by implementing standard disease-related clinical interventions that have an impact on the tenant’s mental, physical, or functional health status.

“*Substantial compliance*” means a level of compliance with applicable requirements such that any identified regulatory insufficiency poses no greater risk to tenant health or safety than the potential for causing minimal harm.

“*Tenant*” means an individual who receives services through a program. In the context of adult day services, “tenant” means a participant as defined in 481—Chapter 70.

“*Tenant advocate*” means the office of long-term care resident’s advocate established in Iowa Code section 231.42.

“*Tenant’s legal representative*” means a person appointed by the court to act on behalf of a tenant or a person acting pursuant to a power of attorney. In the context of adult day services, “tenant’s legal representative” means a participant’s legal representative as defined in 481—Chapter 70.

“*Waiver*” means action taken by the department that suspends in whole or in part the requirements or provisions of a rule.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 0961C, IAB 8/21/13, effective 9/25/13; ARC 1055C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14; ARC 1994C, IAB 5/27/15, effective 7/1/15; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—67.2(231B,231C,231D) Program policies and procedures, including those for incident reports.** A program’s policies and procedures must meet the minimum standards set by applicable requirements. The program shall follow the policies and procedures established by a program. All programs shall have policies and procedures related to the reporting of incidents including allegations of dependent adult abuse.

**67.2(1)** The program’s policies and procedures on incident reports, at a minimum, shall include the following:

- a. The program shall have available incident report forms for use by program staff.
- b. An incident report shall be in detail and shall be provided on an incident report form.
- c. The person in charge at the time of the incident shall prepare and sign the report.
- d. The incident report shall include statements from individuals, if any, who witnessed the incident.
- e. All accidents or unusual occurrences within the program’s building or on the premises that affect tenants shall be reported as incidents.
- f. A copy of the completed incident report shall be kept on file on the program’s premises for a minimum of three years.

**67.2(2)** The program’s policies and procedures on allegations of dependent adult abuse shall be consistent with Iowa Code chapter 235E and rules adopted pursuant to that chapter and, at a minimum, shall include:

- a. Reporting requirements for staff and employees, and
- b. Requirements that the victim and alleged abuser be separated.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—67.3(231B,231C,231D) Tenant rights.** All tenants have the following rights:

**67.3(1)** To be treated with consideration, respect, and full recognition of personal dignity and autonomy.

**67.3(2)** To receive care, treatment and services which are adequate and appropriate.

**67.3(3)** To receive respect and privacy in the tenant's medical care program. Personal and medical records shall be confidential, and the written consent of the tenant shall be obtained for the records' release to any individual, including family members, except as needed in case of the tenant's transfer to a health care facility or as required by law or a third-party payment contract.

**67.3(4)** To be free from mental and physical abuse.

**67.3(5)** To receive from the manager and staff of the program a reasonable response to all requests.

**67.3(6)** To associate and communicate privately and without restriction with persons and groups of the tenant's choice, including the tenant advocate, on the tenant's initiative or on the initiative of the persons or groups at any reasonable hour.

**67.3(7)** To manage the tenant's own financial affairs unless a tenant's legal representative has been appointed for the purpose of managing the tenant's financial affairs.

**67.3(8)** To present grievances and recommend changes in program policies and services, personally or through other persons or in combination with others, to the program's staff or person in charge without fear of reprisal, restraint, interference, coercion, or discrimination.

**67.3(9)** To be free from restraints.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—67.4(231B,231C,231D) Program notification to the department.** The director or the director's designee shall be notified within 24 hours, or the next business day, by the most expeditious means available:

**67.4(1)** Of any accident causing major injury. For the purposes of this rule, "major injury" shall also mean a substantial injury.

*a.* "Major injury" shall be defined as any injury which:

- (1) Results in death; or
- (2) Requires admission to a higher level of care for treatment, other than for observation; or
- (3) Requires consultation with the attending physician, designee of the physician, or physician extender who determines, in writing on a form designated by the department, that an injury is a "major injury" based upon the circumstances of the accident, the previous functional ability of the tenant, and the tenant's prognosis.

*b.* The following are not reportable accidents:

- (1) An ambulatory tenant who falls when neither the program nor its employees have culpability related to the fall, even if the tenant sustains a major injury; or
- (2) Spontaneous fractures; or
- (3) Hairline fractures.

**67.4(2)** When damage to the program is caused by a natural or other disaster.

**67.4(3)** When there is an act that causes major injury to a tenant or when a program has knowledge of a pattern of acts committed by the same tenant on another tenant that results in any physical injury. For the purposes of this subrule, "pattern" means two or more times within a 30-day period.

**67.4(4)** When a tenant elopes from a program.

**67.4(5)** When a tenant attempts suicide, regardless of injury.

**67.4(6)** When a fire occurs in a program and the fire requires the notification of emergency services, requires full or partial evacuation of the program, or causes physical injury to a tenant.

**67.4(7)** When a defect or failure occurs in the fire sprinkler or fire alarm system for more than 4 hours in a 24-hour period. (This reporting requirement is in addition to the requirement to notify the state fire marshal.)

NOTE: Additional reporting requirements are created by other rules and statutes, including but not limited to Iowa Code chapters 235B and 235E, which require reporting of dependent adult abuse.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—67.5(231B,231C,231D) Medications.** Each program shall follow its own written medication policy, which shall include the following:

**67.5(1)** The program shall not prohibit a tenant from self-administering medications.

**67.5(2)** A tenant shall self-administer medications unless:

*a.* The tenant or the tenant's legal representative delegates in the occupancy agreement or signed service plan any portion of medication setup to the program.

*b.* The tenant delegates medication setup to someone other than the program.

*c.* The program assumes partial control of medication setup at the direction of the tenant. The medication plan shall not be implemented by the program unless the program's registered nurse deems it appropriate under applicable requirements, including those in Iowa Code section 231C.16A and subrule 67.9(4). The program's registered nurse must agree to the medication plan.

**67.5(3)** A tenant shall keep medications in the tenant's possession unless the tenant or the tenant's legal representative, if applicable, delegates in the occupancy agreement or signed service plan partial or complete control of medications to the program. The service plan shall include the tenant's choice related to storage.

**67.5(4)** When a tenant has delegated medication administration to the program, the program shall maintain a list of the tenant's medications. If the tenant self-administers medications, the tenant may choose to maintain a list of medications in the tenant's apartment or to disclose a current list of medications to the program for the purpose of emergency response. If the tenant discloses a medication list to the program in case of an emergency, the tenant remains responsible for the accuracy of the list.

**67.5(5)** When medication setup is delegated to the program by the tenant, staff via nurse delegation may transfer medications from the original prescription containers or unit dosing into medication reminder boxes or medication cups.

**67.5(6)** When medications are administered traditionally by the program:

*a.* The administration of medications shall be provided by a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse or advanced registered nurse practitioner registered in Iowa or by certified and noncertified staff in accordance with subrule 67.9(4) or a physician assistant (PA) in accordance with 645—Chapter 327. Injectable medications shall be administered as permitted by Iowa law by a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, physician, pharmacist, or physician assistant (PA).

*b.* Medications shall be kept in a locked place or container that is not accessible to persons other than employees responsible for the administration or storage of such medications.

*c.* The program shall maintain a list of each tenant's medications and document the medications administered.

*d.* Medications shall be administered as prescribed by the tenant's physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant.

**67.5(7)** Narcotics protocol shall be determined by the program's registered nurse.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 0961C, IAB 8/21/13, effective 9/25/13; ARC 1050C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 11/6/13; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—67.6(231B,231C,231D) Another business or activity located in a program.**

**67.6(1)** A business or activity serving persons other than tenants of a program is allowed in a designated part of the physical structure in which the program is located if the other business or activity meets the requirements of applicable state and federal codes, administrative rules, and federal regulations.

**67.6(2)** A business or activity conducted in the designated part of the physical structure in which the program is located shall not interfere with the use of the program by tenants or with services provided to tenants or disturb tenants.

**67.6(3)** A business or activity conducted in the designated part of the physical structure in which the program is located shall not reduce access, space, services, or staff available to tenants or necessary to meet the needs of tenants.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—67.7(231B,231C,231D) Waiver of criteria for retention of a tenant in the program.**

**67.7(1) *Time-limited waiver.*** Upon receipt of a program's request for waiver of the criteria for retention of a tenant, the department may grant a waiver of the criteria under applicable requirements for a time-limited basis. Absent extenuating circumstances, a waiver of the criteria for retention of a tenant is limited to a period of six months or less.

**67.7(2) *Waiver petition procedures.*** The following procedures shall be used to request and to receive approval of a waiver from criteria for the retention of a tenant:

*a.* A program shall submit the waiver request on a form and in a manner designated by the department as soon as it becomes apparent that a tenant exceeds retention criteria pursuant to an evaluation by a health care or human service professional.

*b.* The department shall respond in writing to a waiver request within 15 working days of receipt of all required documentation. In consultation with the program, the department may take an additional 15 working days to report its determination regarding the waiver request.

*c.* The program shall provide to the department within 5 working days written notification of any changes in the condition of the tenant as described in the approved waiver request.

**67.7(3) *Factors for consideration for waiver of criteria for retention of a tenant.*** In addition to the criteria established in Iowa Code subsection 17A.9A(2), the following factors may be demonstrative in determining whether the criteria for issuance of a waiver have been met.

*a.* It is the informed choice of the tenant or the tenant's legal representative, if applicable, to remain in the program;

*b.* The program is able to provide the staff necessary to meet the tenant's service needs in addition to the service needs of the other tenants;

*c.* The department shall only issue a waiver if the waiver will not jeopardize the health, safety, security or welfare of the tenant, program staff, or other tenants; and

*d.* The tenant has been diagnosed with a terminal illness and has been admitted to hospice, and the tenant exceeds the criteria for retention and admission for a temporary period of less than six months. A terminal diagnosis means the tenant is within six months of the end of life.

**67.7(4) *Conditional waiver.*** A conditional waiver may be granted contingent upon the department's receipt of additional information or performance of monitoring.

*a.* If a waiver has been in effect for six months, a monitoring shall be conducted to determine whether the tenant meets the criteria to continue on a waiver.

*b.* The department may seek additional information during the period to determine if a waiver should be granted.

**67.7(5) *Appeals.*** The denial of a waiver request may be appealed by the program pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—67.8(231B,231C,231D) All other waiver requests.** Waiver requests relating to topics other than retention of a tenant in a program shall be filed in accordance with 481—Chapter 6.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—67.9(231B,231C,231D) Staffing.**

**67.9(1) *Number of staff.*** A sufficient number of trained staff shall be available at all times to fully meet tenants' identified needs.

**67.9(2) *Emergency procedures.*** All program staff shall be able to implement the accident, fire safety, and emergency procedures.

**67.9(3) *Training documentation.*** The program shall have training records and staffing schedules on file and shall maintain documentation of training received by program staff, including training of certified and noncertified staff on nurse-delegated procedures.

**67.9(4) *Nurse delegation procedures.*** The program's registered nurse shall ensure certified and noncertified staff are competent to meet the individual needs of tenants. Nurse delegation shall, at a minimum, include the following:



a. The program's newly hired registered nurse shall within 60 days of beginning employment as the program's registered nurse document a review to ensure that staff are sufficiently trained and competent in all tasks that are assigned or delegated.

b. Within 30 days of beginning employment, all program staff shall receive training by the program's registered nurse(s).

c. Training for noncertified staff shall include, at a minimum, the provision of activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living.

d. Certified and noncertified staff shall receive training regarding service plan tasks (e.g., wound care, pain management, rehabilitation needs and hospice care) in accordance with medical or nursing directives and the acuity of the tenants' health, cognitive or functional status.

e. The program's registered nurse(s) shall provide direct or indirect supervision of all certified and noncertified staff as necessary in the professional judgment of the program's registered nurse and in accordance with the needs of the tenants and certified and noncertified staff.

f. Services shall be provided to tenants in accordance with the training provided.

g. The program shall have in place a system by which certified or noncertified staff communicate in writing occurrences that differ from the tenant's normal health, functional and cognitive status. The program's registered nurse or designee shall train certified and noncertified staff on reporting to the program's registered nurse or designee and documenting occurrences that differ from the tenant's normal health, functional and cognitive status. The written communication required by this paragraph shall be retained by the program for a period of not less than three years, and shall be accessible to the department upon request.

h. In the absence of the program's registered nurse due to vacation or other temporary circumstances, the nurse assuming the duties of the program's registered nurse shall have access to staff training in relation to tenant needs.

**67.9(5) Prohibited services.** A program staff member shall not be designated as attorney-in-fact, guardian, conservator, or representative payee for a tenant unless the program staff member is related to the tenant by blood, marriage, or adoption.

**67.9(6) Dependent adult abuse training.** Program staff shall receive training relating to the identification and reporting of dependent adult abuse as required by Iowa Code section 235B.16.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 0961C, IAB 8/21/13, effective 9/25/13; ARC 0963C, IAB 8/21/13, effective 9/25/13; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

#### **481—67.10(17A,231B,231C,231D) Monitoring.**

**67.10(1) Frequency of monitoring.** The department shall monitor a certified program at least once during the program's certification period.

**67.10(2) Accessibility of records and program areas.** All records and areas of the program deemed necessary to determine compliance with the applicable requirements shall be accessible to the department for purposes of monitoring.

**67.10(3) Standard for determining whether a regulatory insufficiency exists.** The department shall use a preponderance-of-the-evidence standard when determining whether a regulatory insufficiency exists. A preponderance-of-the-evidence standard does not require that the monitor shall have personally witnessed the alleged violation.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1055C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14]

#### **481—67.11(231B,231C,231D) Complaint and program-reported incident report investigation procedure.**

**67.11(1) Complaints.** The process for filing a complaint is as follows:

a. Any person with concerns regarding the operation or service delivery of a program may file a complaint with the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Complaints Unit, Lucas State Office Building, Third Floor, 321 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083; by use of the complaint hotline, 1-877-686-0027; by facsimile sent to (515)281-7106; or through the Web site address: [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do).

*b.* When the nature of the complaint is outside the department's authority, the department shall forward the complaint or refer the complainant, if known, to the appropriate investigatory entity.

*c.* The complainant shall include as much of the following information as possible in the complaint: the complainant's name, address and telephone number; the complainant's relationship to the program or tenant; and the reason for the complaint. The complainant's name shall be confidential information and shall not be released by the department. The department shall act on anonymous complaints unless the department determines that the complaint is intended to harass the program. If the department, upon preliminary review, determines that the complaint is intended as harassment or is without reasonable basis, the department may dismiss the complaint.

**67.11(2) Program-reported incident reports.** When the program is required pursuant to applicable requirements to report an incident, the program shall make the report to the department via:

*a.* The Web-based reporting tool accessible from the following Internet site, [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do), under the "Complaints" tab;

*b.* Mail by sending the complaint to the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Complaints Unit, Lucas State Office Building, Third Floor, 321 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083;

*c.* The complaint hotline, 1-877-686-0027; or

*d.* Facsimile sent to (515)281-7106.

**67.11(3) Time frames for investigation of complaints or program-reported incident reports.** Upon receipt of a complaint or program-reported incident report made in accordance with this rule, the department shall conduct a preliminary review of the complaint or report to determine if a potential regulatory insufficiency has occurred. If a potential regulatory insufficiency exists, the department shall institute a monitoring of the program within 20 working days unless there is the possibility of immediate danger, in which case the department shall institute a monitoring of the program within 2 working days of receipt of the complaint or incident report.

**67.11(4) Standard for determining whether a complaint is substantiated.** The department shall apply a preponderance-of-the-evidence standard in determining whether or not a complaint or program-reported incident report is substantiated.

**67.11(5) Notification of program and complainant.** The department shall notify the program and, if known, the complainant of the final report regarding the complaint investigation.

**67.11(6) Notification of accrediting entity.** In addition, for any credible report of alleged improper or inappropriate conduct or conditions within an accredited program, the department shall notify the accrediting entity by the most expeditious means possible of any actions taken by the department with respect to certification enforcement.

**67.11(7) Notification of complainant when complaint not investigated.** The department shall notify the complainant, if known, if the department does not investigate a complaint. The reasons for not investigating the complaint shall be included in the notification.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1055C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—67.12(17A,231B,231D) Adult day services and elder group homes—preliminary report, plan of correction and request for reconsideration.** Rescinded ARC 1701C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 1/1/15.

**481—67.13(17A,231B,231C,231D,85GA,HF2365) Exit interview, final report, plan of correction.**

**67.13(1) Exit interview.** The department shall provide an exit interview in person or by telephone at the conclusion of a monitoring, during which the department shall inform the program's representative of all issues and areas of concern related to insufficient practices. A second exit interview shall be provided if the department identifies additional issues or areas of concern. The program shall have 2 working days from the date of the exit interview to submit additional or rebuttal information to the department.

**67.13(2) Final report.** The department shall issue the final report of a monitoring within 10 working days after completion of the on-site monitoring or the receipt by the department of additional or rebuttal information, by personal service, electronically or by certified mail. The department shall issue a final report regarding a monitoring whether or not any regulatory insufficiency is found.

**67.13(3) *Plan of correction.*** Within 10 working days following receipt of the final report, the program shall submit a plan of correction to the department.

*a. Contents of plan.* The plan of correction shall include:

- (1) Elements detailing how the program will correct each regulatory insufficiency;
- (2) The date by which the regulatory insufficiency will be corrected;
- (3) What measures will be taken to ensure the problem does not recur;
- (4) How the program plans to monitor performance to ensure compliance; and
- (5) Any other required information.

The date by which the regulatory insufficiency will be corrected shall not exceed 30 days from receipt of the final report pursuant to subrule 67.13(2) without approval of the department.

*b. Review of plan.* The department shall review the plan of correction within 10 working days. The department may request additional information or suggest revisions to the plan.

**67.13(4) *Monitoring revisit.*** The department may conduct a monitoring revisit to ensure that the plan of correction has been implemented and the regulatory insufficiency has been corrected. The department may issue a regulatory insufficiency for failure to implement the plan of correction. A monitoring revisit by the department shall review the program prospectively from the date of the plan of correction to determine compliance.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1055C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14; ARC 1701C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 1/1/15]

**481—67.14(17A,231B,231C,231D,85GA,HF2365) Response to final report.** Within 20 working days after the issuance of the final report and assessment of civil penalty, if any, the program shall respond in the following manner.

**67.14(1) *If not contesting final report.*** If the program does not desire to seek an informal conference or contest the final report and civil penalty, if assessed, the program shall remit to the department of inspections and appeals the amount of the civil penalty, if assessed. If a program has been assessed a civil penalty, the civil penalty shall be reduced by 35 percent if the requirements of subrule 67.17(5) are met.

**67.14(2) *If contesting the final report.*** If the program desires to contest the final report and civil penalty, if assessed, the program shall notify the department of inspections and appeals in writing that it desires to contest the final report and civil penalty and shall do one of the following:

- a.* Request an informal conference with an independent reviewer pursuant to subrule 67.14(3); or
- b.* Request a contested case hearing in the manner provided by Iowa Code chapter 17A for contested cases.

**67.14(3) *Informal conference.***

*a. Request for informal conference.* The request for an informal conference must be in writing and include the following:

- (1) Identification of the regulatory insufficiency(ies) being disputed;
- (2) The type of informal conference requested: face-to-face or telephone conference; and
- (3) A request for monitor's notes for the regulatory insufficiencies being disputed, if desired.

*b. Submission of documentation.* The program shall submit the following within 10 working days from the date of the program's written request for an informal conference:

- (1) The names of those who will be attending the informal conference, including legal counsel; and
- (2) Documentation supporting the program's position. The program must highlight or use some other means to identify written information pertinent to the disputed regulatory insufficiency(ies). Supporting documentation that is not submitted with the request for an informal conference will not be considered, except as otherwise permitted by the independent reviewer upon good cause shown. "Good cause" means substantial or adequate grounds for failing to submit documentation in a timely manner. In determining whether the program has shown good cause, the independent reviewer shall consider what circumstances kept the program from submitting the supporting documentation within the required time frame.

*c. Face-to-face or telephone conference.* A face-to-face or telephone conference, if requested, will be scheduled to occur within 10 working days of the receipt of the written request, all supporting documentation and the plan of correction required by subrule 67.13(3).

(1) Failure to submit supporting documentation will not delay scheduling.

(2) The conference will be scheduled for one hour. The program will informally present information and explanation concerning the contested regulatory insufficiency(ies). The department will have time to respond to the program's presentation. Due to the confidential nature of the conference, attendance may be limited.

(3) If additional information is requested by the independent reviewer during the informal conference, the program will have 2 working days to deliver the additional materials to the independent reviewer.

(4) When extenuating circumstances preclude a face-to-face conference, a telephone conference will be held or the program may be given one opportunity to reschedule the face-to-face conference.

*d. Results.* The results of the informal conference will generally be sent within 10 working days after the date of the informal conference, or within 10 working days after the receipt of additional information, if requested.

(1) The independent reviewer may affirm or may modify or dismiss the regulatory insufficiency and civil penalty. The independent reviewer shall state in writing the specific reasons for the affirmation, modification or dismissal of the regulatory insufficiency.

(2) The department will issue an amended (changes in factual content) or corrected (changes in typographical/data errors) final report if changes result from the informal conference.

(3) The program must submit to the department a new plan of correction for the amended or corrected report within 10 calendar days from the date of the letter conveying the results of the conference.

(4) If the informal conference results in dismissal of a regulatory insufficiency for which a civil penalty was assessed, the corresponding civil penalty will be rescinded.

**67.14(4) Procedure after informal conference.** After the conclusion of an informal conference:

*a.* If the program does not desire to further contest an affirmed or modified final report, the program shall, within 5 working days after receipt of the written decision of the independent reviewer, remit to the department of inspections and appeals the civil penalty, if assessed.

*b.* If the program does desire to further contest an affirmed or modified final report, the program shall, within 5 working days after receipt of the written decision of the independent reviewer, notify the department of inspections and appeals in writing that it desires to formally contest the final report.

**67.14(5) Contested case hearings.** Contested case hearings shall be conducted by the department's administrative hearings division pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A and 481—Chapter 10.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1055C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14; ARC 1701C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 1/1/15; ARC 2142C, IAB 9/16/15, effective 10/21/15]

#### **481—67.15(17A,231B,231C,231D) Denial, suspension or revocation of a certificate.**

**67.15(1) Notice and request for hearing.** The denial, suspension or revocation of a certificate shall be effected by delivering to the applicant or certificate holder by restricted certified mail or by personal service a notice setting forth the particular reasons for such actions. A denial, suspension or revocation shall be effective 30 days after certified mailing or personal service of the notice, unless the applicant or certificate holder gives the department written notice requesting a hearing within the 30-day period. If a timely request for hearing is made, the notice shall be deemed suspended pending the outcome of the hearing, unless subrule 67.15(3) or 67.15(4) applies. If an enforcement action has been implemented immediately in accordance with subrule 67.15(3) or 67.15(4), the enforcement action remains in effect regardless of a request for hearing.

**67.15(2) Hearings.** Hearings shall be conducted by the administrative hearings division of the department of inspections and appeals pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A and 481—Chapter 10.

**67.15(3) Immediate suspension of a certificate.** When the department finds that an imminent danger to the health or safety of tenants of a program exists which requires action on an emergency basis, the

department may direct removal of all tenants from the program and suspend the certificate or require additional remedies to ensure the ongoing safety of the program's tenants prior to a hearing.

**67.15(4) Immediate imposition of enforcement action.** When the department finds that an imminent danger to the health or safety of tenants exists which requires action on an emergency basis, the department may immediately impose a conditional certificate and accompanying conditions upon the program in lieu of immediate suspension of the certificate and removal of the tenants from the program if the department finds that tenants' health and safety would still be protected. The program may request a hearing, but the immediate enforcement action remains in effect regardless of the request for hearing. [ARC 1055C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—67.16(17A,231B,231C,231D) Conditional certification.**

**67.16(1) Conditional certification.** In lieu of denial, suspension or revocation of a certificate, the department may issue a conditional certificate for a period of up to one year. Notwithstanding subrule 67.15(4), a conditional certificate shall be issued only when regulatory insufficiencies pose no greater risk to tenant health or safety than the potential for causing minimal harm.

*a.* The department shall specify the reasons for the conditional certificate in the notice issuing the conditional certificate.

*b.* The department may place conditions upon a certificate, such as requiring additional training; restriction of the program from accepting additional tenants for a period of time; or any other action or combination of actions deemed appropriate by the department.

*c.* Failure by the program to adhere to the plan of correction or conditions placed on the certificate may result in suspension or revocation of the conditional certification and may result in further enforcement action as available under applicable requirements.

*d.* A program must be in substantial compliance with applicable requirements before the removal of a conditional certificate by the department. Prior to lifting a conditional certificate, the department may conduct a monitoring to verify substantial compliance. Once the program is in substantial compliance with applicable requirements, the department shall lift the conditional certificate.

**67.16(2) Appeal of conditional certificate.** A written request for hearing must be received by the department within 30 days after the mailing or service of notice. The conditional certificate shall not be suspended pending the hearing. Hearings shall be conducted by the administrative hearings division of the department of inspections and appeals pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A and 481—Chapter 10. [ARC 1055C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—67.17(17A,231B,231C,231D) Civil penalties.**

**67.17(1) When civil penalties may be issued.** Civil penalties may be issued when the director finds that any of the following has occurred:

*a.* A program that does not comply with applicable requirements and the noncompliance results in imminent danger or a substantial probability of resultant death or physical harm to a tenant may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000.

*b.* A program that continues to fail or refuses to comply with applicable requirements within prescribed time frames established by the department or approved by the department in the program's plan of correction and the noncompliance has a direct relationship to the health, safety, or security of tenants may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000.

*c.* A program that prevents, interferes with or attempts to impede in any way any duly authorized representative of the department in the lawful enforcement of applicable requirements may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000.

*d.* A program that discriminates or retaliates in any way against a tenant, tenant's family, or an employee of the program who has initiated or participated in any proceeding authorized by Iowa Code chapter 231B, 231C or 231D and the corresponding administrative rules may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000.

**67.17(2) Duplicate civil penalties prohibited.** The department shall not impose duplicate civil penalties on a program for the same set of facts and circumstances.

**67.17(3) Factors in determining the amount of a civil penalty.** The department shall consider the following factors when determining the amount of a civil penalty:

- a. The frequency and length of time the regulatory insufficiency occurred (i.e., whether the regulatory insufficiency was an isolated or a widespread occurrence, practice, or condition);
- b. The past history of the program as it relates to the nature of the regulatory insufficiency (the department shall not consider more than the current certification period and the immediately previous certification period);
- c. The culpability of the program as it relates to the reasons the regulatory insufficiency occurred;
- d. The extent of any harm to the tenants or the effect on the health, safety, or security of the tenants which resulted from the regulatory insufficiency;
- e. The relationship of the regulatory insufficiency to any other types of regulatory insufficiencies which have occurred in the program;
- f. The actions of the program after the occurrence of the regulatory insufficiency, including when corrective measures, if any, were implemented and whether the program notified the director as required;
- g. The accuracy and extent of records kept by the program which relate to the regulatory insufficiency, and the availability of such records to the department;
- h. The rights of tenants to make informed decisions;
- i. Whether the program made a good-faith effort to address a high-risk tenant's specific needs and whether the evidence substantiates this effort.

**67.17(4) Civil penalties due.** The civil penalty shall be paid to the department within 30 days following the program's receipt of the final report and demand letter. The program may appeal in accordance with rule 481—67.12(17A,231B,231D) or 481—67.14(17A,231C,85GA,SF394). If the program appeals, the civil penalty shall be deemed suspended until the appeal is resolved.

**67.17(5) Reduction of civil penalty amount by 35 percent.** If an assisted living program has been assessed a civil penalty, the civil penalty shall be reduced by 35 percent if both of the following requirements are met:

- a. The program does not request a formal hearing pursuant to rule 481—67.12(17A,231B,231D) or 481—67.14(17A,231C,85GA,SF394), or withdraws its request for formal hearing within 30 calendar days of the date that the civil penalty was assessed; and
- b. The civil penalty is paid and payment is received by the department within 30 calendar days of receipt of the final report.

[ARC 1055C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—67.18(17A,231B,231C,231D) Judicial review.** Judicial review shall be conducted pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A and 481—Chapter 10.

[ARC 1055C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—67.19(135C,231B,231C,231D) Criminal, dependent adult abuse, and child abuse record checks.**

**67.19(1) Definitions.** The following definitions apply for the purposes of this rule.

“*Background check*” or “*record check*” means criminal history, child abuse and dependent adult abuse record checks.

“*Direct services*” means services provided through person-to-person contact. “Direct services” excludes services provided by individuals such as building contractors, repair workers, or others who are in a program for a very limited purpose, who are not in the program on a regular basis, and who do not provide any treatment or services for residents, patients, tenants, or participants of the provider.

“*Employed in a program*” or “*employment within a program*” means all of the following, if the provider is regulated by the state or receives any federal or state funding:

1. An employee of an assisted living program certified under Iowa Code chapter 231C, if the employee provides direct services to consumers;
2. An employee of an elder group home certified under Iowa Code chapter 231B, if the employee provides direct services to consumers;

3. An employee of an adult day services program certified under Iowa Code chapter 231D, if the employee provides direct services to consumers.

“*Employee*” means any individual who is paid, either by the program or any other entity (i.e., temporary agency, private duty, Medicare/Medicaid or independent contractors).

“*Evaluation*” means review by the department of human services to determine whether a founded child abuse, dependent adult abuse or criminal conviction warrants the person’s being prohibited from employment in a program.

“*Indirect services*” means services provided without person-to-person contact such as those provided by administration, dietary, laundry, and maintenance.

“*Program,*” for purposes of this rule, means all of the following, if the provider is regulated by the state or receives any federal or state funding:

1. An assisted living program certified under Iowa Code chapter 231C;
2. An elder group home certified under Iowa Code chapter 231B; and
3. An adult day services program certified under Iowa Code chapter 231D.

**67.19(2)** *Explanation of “crime.”* For purposes of this rule, the term “crime” does not include offenses under Iowa Code chapter 321 classified as simple misdemeanor or equivalent simple misdemeanor offenses from another jurisdiction.

**67.19(3)** *Requirements for employer prior to employing an individual.* Prior to employment of a person in a program, the program shall request that the department of public safety perform a criminal history check and the department of human services perform child and dependent adult abuse record checks of the person in this state.

*a. Informing the prospective employee.* A program shall ask each person seeking employment by the program, “Do you have a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse or have you ever been convicted of a crime other than a simple misdemeanor offense relating to motor vehicles and laws of the road under Iowa Code chapter 321 or equivalent provisions in this state or any other state?” The person shall also be informed that a background check will be conducted. The person shall indicate, by signature, that the person has been informed that the background check will be conducted.

*b. Conducting a background check.* The program may access the single contact repository (SING) to perform the required background check. If the SING is used, the program shall submit the person’s maiden name, if applicable, with the background check request. If SING is not used, the program must obtain a criminal history check from the department of public safety and a check of the child and dependent adult abuse registries from the department of human services.

*c. If a person considered for employment has been convicted of a crime.* If a person being considered for employment in a program has been convicted of a crime under a law of any state, the department of public safety shall notify the program that upon the request of the program the department of human services will perform an evaluation to determine whether the crime warrants prohibition of the person’s employment in the program.

*d. If a person considered for employment has a record of founded child abuse or dependent adult abuse.* If a department of human services child or dependent adult abuse record check shows that a person being considered for employment in a program has a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse, the department of human services shall notify the program that upon the request of the program the department of human services will perform an evaluation to determine whether the founded child or dependent adult abuse warrants prohibition of employment in the program.

*e. Employment pending evaluation.* The program may employ a person for not more than 60 calendar days pending the completion of the evaluation by the department of human services if all of the following apply. The 60-day period begins on the first day of the person’s employment.

- (1) The person is being considered for employment other than employment involving the operation of a motor vehicle;
- (2) The person does not have a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse;
- (3) The person has been convicted of a crime that is a simple misdemeanor offense under Iowa Code section 123.47 or a first offense of operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated under Iowa Code section 321J.2, subsection 1; and

(4) The program has requested an evaluation to determine whether the crime warrants prohibition of the person's employment.

**67.19(4) *Validity of background check results.*** The results of a background check conducted pursuant to this rule shall be valid for a period of 30 calendar days from the date the results of the background check are received by the program.

**67.19(5) *Employment prohibition.*** A person who has committed a crime or has a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse shall not be employed in a program unless an evaluation has been performed by the department of human services.

**67.19(6) *Transfer of an employee to another program owned or operated by the same person.*** If an employee transfers from one program to another program owned or operated by the same person, without a lapse in employment, the program is not required to request additional criminal and child and dependent adult abuse record checks of that employee.

**67.19(7) *Transfer of ownership of a program.*** If the ownership of a program is transferred, at the time of transfer the background check required by this rule shall be performed for each employee for whom there is no documentation that such background check has been performed. The program may continue to employ such employee pending the performance of the background check and any related evaluation.

**67.19(8) *Change of employment—person with criminal or abuse record—exception to record check evaluation requirements.*** A person with a criminal or abuse record who is or was employed by a certified program and is hired by another certified program shall be subject to the background check.

*a.* A reevaluation of the latest record check is not required, and the person may commence employment with the other certified program if the following requirements are met:

(1) The department of human services previously performed an evaluation concerning the person's criminal or abuse record and concluded the record did not warrant prohibition of the person's employment;

(2) The latest background check does not indicate a crime was committed or founded abuse record was entered subsequent to the prior evaluation;

(3) The position with the subsequent employer is substantially the same or has the same job responsibilities as the position for which the previous evaluation was performed;

(4) Any restrictions placed on the person's employment in the previous evaluation by the department of human services and still applicable shall remain applicable in the person's subsequent employment; and

(5) The person subject to the background check has maintained a copy of the previous evaluation and provided it to the subsequent employer, or the previous employer provides the previous evaluation from the person's personnel file pursuant to the person's authorization. If a physical copy of the previous evaluation is not provided to the subsequent employer, a current record check evaluation shall be performed.

*b.* For purposes of this subrule, a position is "substantially the same or has the same job responsibilities" if the position requires the same certification, licensure, or advanced training. For example, a licensed nurse has substantially the same or the same job responsibilities as a director of nursing; a certified nurse aide does not have substantially the same or the same job responsibilities as a licensed nurse.

*c.* The subsequent employer must maintain the previous evaluation in the employee's personnel file for verification of the exception to the requirement for a record check evaluation.

*d.* The subsequent employer may request a reevaluation of the background check and may employ the person while the reevaluation is being performed, even though an exemption under paragraph 67.19(8) "a" may be authorized.

**67.19(9) *Employee notification of criminal convictions or founded abuse after employment.*** If a person employed by an employer that is subject to this rule is convicted of a crime or has a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse entered in the abuse registry after the person's employment application date, the person shall inform the employer of such information within 48 hours of the criminal conviction or entry of the record of founded child or dependent adult abuse.



*a.* The employer shall act to verify the information within seven calendar days of notification. “Verify,” for purposes of this subrule, means to access the single contact repository (SING) to perform a background check, to request a criminal background check from the department of public safety, to request an abuse record check from the department of human services, to conduct an online search through the Iowa Courts Online Web site, or to contact the county clerk of court office and obtain a copy of relevant court documents.

*b.* If the information is verified, the program shall follow the requirements of paragraphs 67.19(3) “*c*” and “*d*.”

*c.* The employer may continue to employ the person pending the performance of an evaluation by the department of human services.

*d.* A person who is required by this subrule to inform the person’s employer of a conviction or entry of an abuse record and fails to do so within the required period commits a serious misdemeanor under Iowa Code section 135C.33.

*e.* The employer may notify the county attorney for the county where the employer is located of any violation or failure by an employee to notify the employer of a criminal conviction or entry of an abuse record within the period required under this subrule.

**67.19(10)** *Program receipt of credible information that an employee has been convicted of a crime or founded for abuse.* If the program receives credible information, as determined by the program, from someone other than the employee, that the employee has been convicted of a crime or a record of founded child or dependent adult abuse has been entered in the abuse registry after employment, and the employee has not informed the employer of the information within the time required by subrule 67.19(9), the program shall take the following actions:

*a.* The program shall act to verify credible information within seven calendar days of receipt. “Verify,” for purposes of this subrule, means to access the single contact repository (SING) to perform a background check, to request a criminal background check from the department of public safety, to request an abuse record check from the department of human services, to conduct an online search through the Iowa Courts Online Web site, or to contact the county clerk of court office and obtain a copy of relevant court documents.

*b.* If the information is verified, the program shall follow the requirements of paragraphs 67.19(3) “*c*” and “*d*.”

**67.19(11)** *Proof of background checks for temporary employment agencies and contractors.* Proof of background checks may be kept in the files maintained by temporary employment agencies and contractors. Facilities may require temporary employment agencies and contractors to provide a copy of the result of the background checks. Copies of such results shall be made available to the department upon request.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 231B.2(1), 231C.3(1), 231D.2(2), and 135C.33 and 2013 Iowa Acts, Senate File 347.

[ARC 0963C, IAB 8/21/13, effective 9/25/13; ARC 1547C, IAB 7/23/14, effective 8/27/14]

**481—67.20(17A,231C,231D) Emergency removal of tenants.** If the department determines that the health or safety of tenants is in jeopardy and the tenants need to be removed from the program, the department shall use the following procedures to ensure a safe and orderly transfer.

**67.20(1)** The department shall notify the department of human services, the tenant advocate, the appropriate area agency on aging, and other agencies as necessary and appropriate:

- a.* To alert them to the need to transfer tenants from a program;
- b.* To request assistance in identifying alternative programs or other appropriate settings; and
- c.* To contact the tenants and their legal representatives or family members, if applicable, and others as appropriate, including health care professionals.

**67.20(2)** The department shall notify the program of the immediate need to transfer tenants and of any assistance available, in coordination with the appropriate parties under subrule 67.20(1).

**67.20(3)** The department, in conjunction with other agencies as necessary and appropriate, shall proceed with the transfer of tenants.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1055C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—67.21(231C) Nursing assistant work credit.**

**67.21(1)** A person who is certified as a nursing assistant, including a medication aide, and who is supervised by a registered nurse may submit information to the department to obtain credit toward maintaining certification for working in a program. A program may add an employee to the direct care worker registry by calling (515)281-4077 or by registering through the health facilities division Web site at [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do), under the “Documents” tab.

**67.21(2)** A program shall complete and submit to the department a direct care worker registry application for each certified nursing assistant who works in the program. A registered nurse employed by the program shall supervise the nursing assistant. The application may be obtained by telephone at (515)281-4077 or via the health facilities division Web site at [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do), under the “Documents” tab.

**67.21(3)** A program shall complete and submit to the department a direct care worker registry quarterly employment report whenever a change in the employment of a certified nursing assistant occurs. The report form may be obtained by telephone at (515)281-4077 or via the health facilities division Web site at [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do), under the “Documents” tab.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1055C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—67.22(231B,231C,231D) Public or confidential information.**

**67.22(1) Public information.**

*a. Public disclosure of findings.* The program shall post a notice stating that copies of the final report resulting from a monitoring are available via the department’s Web site at [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do). The program shall post the notice in a prominent location on the premises of the program. Copies shall also be available upon request from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Adult Services Bureau, Lucas State Office Building, 321 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083; telephone (515)281-6325.

*b. Open records.* The following records are open records available for inspection:

- (1) Certification applications, certification status, and accompanying materials;
- (2) Final findings of state monitorings, including a monitoring that results from a complaint or program-reported incident;
- (3) Reports from the state fire marshal;
- (4) Plans of correction submitted by a program;
- (5) Official notices of certification sanctions, including enforcement actions;
- (6) Findings of fact, conclusions of law, decisions and orders issued pursuant to rules 481—67.10(17A,231B,231C,231D), 481—67.12(17A,231B,231C,231D), and 481—67.13(17A,231B,231C,231D);
- (7) Waivers, including the department’s approval and denial letter and any letter requesting the waiver.

**67.22(2) Confidential information.** Confidential information includes the following:

- a.* Information that does not comprise a final report resulting from a monitoring, complaint investigation, or program-reported incident investigation. Information which does not comprise a final report may be made public in a legal proceeding concerning a denial, suspension or revocation of certification;
- b.* Names of all complainants;
- c.* Names of tenants of a program, identifying medical information, copies of documentation appointing a legal representative, and the address of anyone other than an owner or operator; and
- d.* Social security numbers or employer identification numbers (EIN).

**67.22(3) Redaction of confidential information.** If a record normally open for inspection contains confidential information, the confidential information shall be redacted before the records are provided for inspection.

[ARC 8174B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1055C, IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14]

**481—67.23(231B,231C,231D) Training related to Alzheimer’s disease and similar forms of irreversible dementia.** Rescinded ARC 1547C, IAB 7/23/14, effective 8/27/14.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapters 231B, 231C as amended by 2013 Iowa Acts, Senate File 394, and 231D.

[Filed ARC 8174B (Notice ARC 7877B, IAB 6/17/09), IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

[Filed ARC 0961C (Notice ARC 0809C, IAB 6/26/13), IAB 8/21/13, effective 9/25/13]

[Filed ARC 0963C (Notice ARC 0808C, IAB 6/26/13), IAB 8/21/13, effective 9/25/13]

[Filed ARC 1050C (Notice ARC 0907C, IAB 8/7/13), IAB 10/2/13, effective 11/6/13]

[Filed ARC 1055C (Notice ARC 0941C, IAB 8/7/13), IAB 10/2/13, effective 1/1/14]

[Filed ARC 1547C (Notice ARC 1472C, IAB 5/28/14), IAB 7/23/14, effective 8/27/14]

[Filed ARC 1701C (Notice ARC 1616C, IAB 9/3/14), IAB 10/29/14, effective 1/1/15]

[Filed ARC 1994C (Notice ARC 1942C, IAB 4/1/15), IAB 5/27/15, effective 7/1/15]

[Filed ARC 2142C (Notice ARC 2067C, IAB 7/22/15), IAB 9/16/15, effective 10/21/15]

[Filed ARC 2463C (Notice ARC 2200C, IAB 10/14/15), IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]



CHAPTER 68  
ELDER GROUP HOMES

**481—68.1(231B) Definitions.** In addition to the definitions in 481—Chapter 67 and Iowa Code chapter 231B, the following definitions apply.

“*Applicable requirements*” means Iowa Code chapter 231B, this chapter and 481—Chapter 67 and includes any other applicable administrative rules and provisions of the Iowa Code.

“*Change of ownership*” means the purchase, transfer, assignment or lease of a certified elder group home and includes a change in the management company responsible for the day-to-day operation of the program, if the management company is ultimately responsible for any enforcement action taken by the department.

“*Committee*” means a resident advocate committee established by 321—Chapter 9.

“*Elder*” means a person 60 years of age or older.

“*Elder group home*” or “*EGH*” means a single-family residence that is operated by a person who is providing room, board, and personal care and may provide health-related services to three through five elders who are not related to the person providing the service within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity and that is staffed by an on-site manager 24 hours per day seven days per week.

“*Household occupant*” means a tenant and all others who reside in the EGH.

“*In the proximate area*” means located within a five minutes or less response time.

“*Maximal assistance with activities of daily living*” means routine total dependence on staff for the performance of a minimum of four activities of daily living for a period that exceeds 21 days.

“*Medically unstable*” means that a tenant has a condition or conditions:

1. Indicating physiological frailty as determined by the program’s staff in consultation with a physician or physician extender;
2. Resulting in two or more significant hospitalizations within a consecutive three-month period for more than observation; and
3. Requiring supervision by a registered nurse more than once a week of the tenant for more than 21 days.

For example, a tenant who has a condition such as congestive heart failure which results in two or more significant hospitalizations during a quarter and which requires that the tenant receive frequent supervision may be considered medically unstable.

“*On-site manager*” means the person on duty responsible for direct supervision or provision of tenant care. The on-site manager may be any household occupant over 18 years of age, except a tenant, who is qualified to perform the necessary duties.

“*Personal care provider*” means an individual who, in return for remuneration, assists with the essential activities of daily living which the tenant can perform personally only with difficulty.

“*Program*” means an elder group home.

“*Unmanageable incontinence*” means a condition that requires staff provision of total care for an incontinent tenant who lacks the ability to assist in bladder or bowel continence care.

“*Unmanageable verbal abuse*” means repeated verbalizations against tenants or staff that persist despite all interventions and that negatively affect the program. “Unmanageable verbal abuse” includes but is not limited to threats, frequent use of profane language, or unwelcome sexually oriented remarks.

“*Usable floor space*” means open floor space that is not under fixtures, furniture or other barriers and is available for walking or wheelchair use.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—68.2(231B) Program certification and posting requirements.**

**68.2(1) Certification requirements.** A program may obtain certification by meeting all applicable requirements. For the purpose of these rules, certification is equivalent to licensure.

**68.2(2) Posting requirements.** A program’s current certificate shall be visibly displayed within the designated operation area of the program. In addition, the latest monitoring report, state fire marshal

report, and food establishment inspections report issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 137F shall be made available to the public by the program upon request.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—68.3(231B) Certification—application process.**

**68.3(1)** The applicant shall complete an application packet obtained from the department. Application materials may be obtained from the health facilities division Web site at [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do); by mail from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Adult Services Bureau, Lucas State Office Building, Third Floor, 321 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083; or by telephone at (515)281-6325.

**68.3(2)** The applicant shall submit one copy of the completed application and all supporting documentation to the department at the above address at least 90 calendar days prior to the expected date of beginning operation.

**68.3(3)** The appropriate fee as stated in Iowa Code section 231B.17 shall accompany each application and be payable by check or money order to the Department of Inspections and Appeals. Fees are nonrefundable.

**68.3(4)** The department shall consider the application when all supporting documents and fees are received.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—68.4(231B) Certification—application content.** An application for certification or recertification of an EGH shall include the following:

**68.4(1)** A list that includes the names, addresses, and percentage of stock, shares, partnership or other equity interest of all officers, members of the board of directors and trustees, as well as stockholders, partners or any individuals who have greater than a 10 percent equity interest in each of the following, as applicable:

- a. The real estate owner or lessor;
- b. The lessee; and
- c. The management company responsible for the day-to-day operation of the program.

The program shall notify the department of any changes in the list no later than ten working days after the effective date of the change.

**68.4(2)** A statement disclosing whether the individuals listed in subrule 68.4(1) have been convicted of a felony or an aggravated or serious misdemeanor or found to be in violation of the child abuse or dependent adult abuse laws of any state.

**68.4(3)** A statement disclosing whether any of the individuals listed in subrule 68.4(1) have or have had an ownership interest in an assisted living program, adult day services program, elder group home, home health agency, licensed health care facility as defined in Iowa Code section 135C.1, or licensed hospital as defined in Iowa Code section 135B.1, which has been closed in any state due to removal of program, agency, or facility licensure or certification or due to involuntary termination from participation in either the Medicaid or Medicare program; or have been found to have failed to provide adequate protection or services to prevent abuse or neglect of residents, patients, tenants or participants.

**68.4(4)** The policy and procedure for evaluation of each tenant. A copy of the evaluation tool or tools to be used to identify the functional, cognitive and health status of each tenant shall be included.

**68.4(5)** The policy and procedure for service plans.

**68.4(6)** The policy and procedure for addressing medication needs of tenants.

**68.4(7)** The policy and procedure for accidents and emergency response.

**68.4(8)** The policies and procedures for food service, including those relating to staffing, nutrition, menu planning, therapeutic diets, and food preparation, service and storage.

**68.4(9)** The policy and procedure for transportation.

**68.4(10)** The policy and procedure for staffing and training.

**68.4(11)** The policy and procedure for emergencies, including natural disasters. The policy and procedure shall include an evacuation plan and procedures for notifying legal representatives in emergency situations as applicable.

**68.4(12)** The policy and procedure for managing risk and upholding tenant autonomy when tenant decision making results in poor outcomes for the tenant or others.

**68.4(13)** The policy and procedure for reporting incidents including dependent adult abuse as required in rule 481—67.2(231B,231C,231D).

**68.4(14)** The tenant occupancy agreement and all attachments.

**68.4(15)** If the program contracts for personal care or health-related care services from a certified home health agency, a mental health center or a licensed health care facility, a copy of that entity's current license or certification.

**68.4(16)** A copy of the state license for the entity that provides food service, whether the entity is the program or an outside entity or a combination of both.

**68.4(17)** The fee set forth in Iowa Code section 231B.17.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

#### **481—68.5(231B) Initial certification process.**

**68.5(1)** Upon receipt of all completed documentation, including state fire marshal approval and structural and evacuation review approval, the department shall determine whether or not the proposed program meets applicable requirements.

**68.5(2)** If, based upon the review of the complete application including all required supporting documents, the department determines the proposed program meets the requirements for certification, a provisional certification shall be issued to the program to begin operation and accept tenants.

**68.5(3)** Within 180 calendar days following issuance of provisional certification, the department shall conduct a monitoring to determine the program's compliance with applicable requirements.

**68.5(4)** If a regulatory insufficiency is identified as a result of the monitoring, the process in rule 481—67.10(17A,231B,231C,231D) shall be followed.

**68.5(5)** The department shall make a final certification decision based on the results of the monitoring and review of an acceptable plan of correction.

**68.5(6)** The department shall notify the program of a final certification decision within 10 working days following the finalization of the monitoring report or receipt of an acceptable plan of correction, whichever is applicable.

**68.5(7)** If the decision is to continue certification, the department shall issue a full two-year certification effective from the date of the original provisional certification.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

#### **481—68.6(231B) Expiration of program certification.**

**68.6(1)** Unless conditionally issued, suspended or revoked, certification of a program shall expire at the end of the time period specified on the certificate.

**68.6(2)** The department shall send recertification application materials to each program at least 120 calendar days prior to expiration of the program's certification.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

#### **481—68.7(231B) Recertification process.** To obtain recertification, a program shall:

**68.7(1)** Submit one copy of the completed application, including the information required in rule 481—68.4(231B), associated documentation, and the recertification fee as listed in Iowa Code section 231B.17 to the department at the address stated in subrule 68.3(1) at least 90 calendar days prior to the expiration of the program's certification. The program need not submit policies and procedures that have been previously submitted to the department and remain unchanged. The program shall provide a list of the policies and procedures that have been previously submitted and are not being resubmitted.

**68.7(2)** Submit additional documentation that each of the following has been inspected and found to be maintained in conformance with the manufacturer's recommendations and nationally recognized standards: heating system, cooling system, water heater, electrical system, plumbing, sewage system, artificial lighting, and ventilation system; and, if located on site, garbage disposal, kitchen appliances, washing machines and dryers, and elevators.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—68.8(231B) Notification of recertification.**

**68.8(1)** The department shall review the application and associated documentation and fees. If the application is incomplete, the department shall contact the program to request the additional information. After all finalized documentation is received, including state fire marshal approval, the department shall determine the program's compliance with applicable requirements.

**68.8(2)** The department shall conduct a monitoring of the program between 60 and 90 days prior to expiration of the program's certification.

**68.8(3)** If a regulatory insufficiency is identified as a result of the monitoring, the process in rule 481—67.10(17A,231B,231C,231D) shall be followed.

**68.8(4)** If no regulatory insufficiency is identified as a result of the monitoring, the department shall issue a report of the findings with the final recertification decision.

**68.8(5)** If the decision is to recertify, the department shall issue the program a two-year certification effective from the date of the expiration of the previous certification.

**68.8(6)** If the decision is to deny recertification, the department shall issue a notice of denial and provide the program the opportunity for a hearing pursuant to rule 481—67.13(17A,231B,231C,231D).

**68.8(7)** If the department is unable to recertify a program through no fault of the program, the department shall issue to the program a time-limited extension of certification of no longer than one year.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—68.9(231B) Listing of all certified programs.** The department shall maintain a list of all certified programs, which is available online at [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do), under the "Entities Book" tab.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—68.10(231B) Change of ownership—notification to the department.**

**68.10(1)** Certification, unless conditionally issued, suspended or revoked, may be transferable. If the program's certification has been conditionally issued, the department must approve a change of ownership prior to the transfer of the certification.

**68.10(2)** In order to transfer certification, the applicant must:

*a.* Meet the requirements of the rules, regulations and standards contained in Iowa Code chapter 231B and 481—Chapter 67 and this chapter; and

*b.* At least 30 days prior to the change of ownership of the program, make application on forms provided by the department.

**68.10(3)** The department may conduct a monitoring within 90 days following a change in the program's ownership to ensure that the program complies with applicable requirements. If a regulatory insufficiency is found, the department shall take any necessary enforcement action authorized by applicable requirements.

[ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—68.11(231B) Cessation of program operation.**

**68.11(1)** If a certified program ceases operation, which includes seeking decertification, at any time prior to expiration of the program's certification, the program shall submit the certificate to the department. The program shall provide, at least 90 days in advance of cessation, which includes seeking decertification, unless there is some type of emergency, written notification to the department and the tenant advocate of the date on which the program will cease operation, which includes seeking decertification.

**68.11(2)** If a certified program plans to cease operation, which includes seeking decertification, at the time the program's certification expires, the program shall provide written notice of this fact to the department and the tenant advocate at least 90 days prior to expiration of the certification.

**68.11(3)** At the time a program decides to cease operation, which includes seeking decertification, the program shall submit a plan to the department and make arrangements for the safe and orderly transfer or transition of all tenants within the 90-day period specified by subrule 68.11(2).



**68.11(4)** The department may conduct a monitoring during the 90-day period to ensure the safety of tenants during the transfer process or transition process.

**68.11(5)** The department may conduct an on-site visit to verify that the program has ceased operation as a certified program in accordance with the notice provided by the program.

**68.11(6)** When a program ceases operation, which includes seeking decertification, tenant advocates shall be allowed by the program to privately meet with tenants to provide education and service options. [ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

#### **481—68.12(231B) Occupancy agreement.**

**68.12(1)** The occupancy agreement shall be in 12-point type or larger, shall be written in plain language using commonly understood terms and shall be easy for the tenant or the tenant's legal representative to understand.

**68.12(2)** In addition to the requirements of Iowa Code section 231B.5, the written occupancy agreement shall include, but not be limited to, the following information in the body of the agreement or in the supporting documents and attachments:

- a. The telephone number for filing a complaint with the department.
- b. The telephone number for the office of the tenant advocate.
- c. The telephone number for reporting dependent adult abuse.
- d. A copy of the program's statement on tenants' rights.
- e. A statement that the program will notify the tenant at least 90 days in advance of any planned program cessation, which includes voluntary decertification, except in cases of emergency.
- f. A copy of the program's admission and transfer criteria.

**68.12(3)** The occupancy agreement shall be reviewed and updated as necessary to reflect any change in services or financial arrangements.

**68.12(4)** A copy of the occupancy agreement shall be provided to the tenant or the tenant's legal representative, if any, and a copy shall be kept by the program.

**68.12(5)** A copy of the most current occupancy agreement shall be made available to the general public upon request. The basic marketing material shall include a statement that a copy of the occupancy agreement is available to all persons upon request. [ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

#### **481—68.13(231B) Evaluation of tenant.**

**68.13(1)** *Evaluation prior to occupancy.* A program shall evaluate each prospective tenant's functional, cognitive and health status prior to the tenant's signing the occupancy agreement and becoming a household occupant to determine the tenant's eligibility for the program, including whether the services needed are available. The cognitive evaluation shall utilize a scored, objective tool. When the score from the cognitive evaluation indicates moderate cognitive decline and risk, the Global Deterioration Scale shall be used at all subsequent intervals, if applicable. If the tenant subsequently returns to the tenant's mildly cognitively impaired state, the program may discontinue the GDS and revert to a scored cognitive screening tool. The evaluation shall be conducted by a health care professional or human service professional.

**68.13(2)** *Evaluation within 30 days of occupancy and with significant change.* A program shall evaluate each tenant's functional, cognitive and health status within 30 days of occupancy. A program shall also evaluate each tenant's functional, cognitive and health status as needed with significant change, but not less than annually, to determine the tenant's continued eligibility for the program and to determine any changes to services needed. The evaluation shall be conducted by a health care professional or human service professional. A licensed practical nurse may complete the evaluation via nurse delegation when the tenant has not exhibited a significant change. [ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

#### **481—68.14(231B) Criteria for admission and retention of tenants.**

**68.14(1)** *Persons who may not be admitted or retained.* A program shall not knowingly admit or retain a tenant who:

- a. Is bed-bound; or
- b. Requires routine, one-person assistance with standing, transfer or evacuation; or
- c. Is dangerous to self or other tenants or staff, including but not limited to a tenant who:
  - (1) Despite intervention chronically elopes, is sexually or physically aggressive or abusive, or displays unmanageable verbal abuse or aggression; or
  - (2) Displays behavior that places another tenant at risk; or
- d. Is in an acute stage of alcoholism, drug addiction, or uncontrolled mental illness; or
- e. Is under the age of 18; or
- f. Requires more than part-time or intermittent health-related care; or
- g. Has unmanageable incontinence on a routine basis despite an individualized toileting program; or
- h. Is medically unstable; or
- i. Requires maximal assistance with activities of daily living; or
- j. Is physically or mentally unable to immediately and without aid of another travel a normal path to safety, including the ascent and descent of stairs from the tenant's bedroom or bathroom.

**68.14(2) *Disclosure of additional occupancy and transfer criteria.*** A program may have additional occupancy or transfer criteria if the criteria are disclosed in the written occupancy agreement prior to the tenant's occupancy.

**68.14(3) *Assistance with transfer from the program.*** A program shall provide assistance to a tenant and the tenant's legal representative, if applicable, to ensure a safe and orderly transfer from the program when the tenant exceeds the program's criteria for admission and retention.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—68.15(231B) Involuntary transfer from the program.**

**68.15(1) *Program initiation of transfer.*** If a program initiates the involuntary transfer of a tenant and the action is not the result of a monitoring, including a complaint investigation or program-reported incident investigation, by the department and if the tenant or tenant's legal representative contests the transfer, the following procedures shall apply:

a. The program shall notify the tenant or tenant's legal representative, in accordance with the occupancy agreement, of the need to transfer the tenant and of the reason for the transfer and shall include the contact information for the tenant advocate.

b. The program shall immediately provide to the tenant advocate, by certified mail, a copy of the notification and notify the tenant's treating physician, if any.

c. Pursuant to statute, the tenant advocate shall offer the notified tenant or tenant's legal representative assistance with the program's internal appeal process. The tenant or tenant's legal representative is not required to accept the assistance of the tenant advocate.

d. If, following the internal appeal process, the program upholds the transfer decision, the tenant or tenant's legal representative may utilize other remedies authorized by law to contest the transfer.

**68.15(2) *Transfer pursuant to results of monitoring or complaint or program-reported incident investigation by the department.*** If one or more tenants are identified as exceeding the admission and retention criteria for tenants and need to be transferred as a result of a monitoring or a complaint or program-reported incident investigation conducted by the department, the following procedures shall apply:

a. *Notification of the program.* Within 20 working days of the monitoring or complaint or program-reported incident investigation, the department shall notify the program, in writing, of the identification of any tenant who exceeds admission and retention criteria.

b. *Notification of others.* Each identified tenant, the tenant's legal representative, if applicable, and other providers of services to the tenant shall be notified of their opportunity to provide responses including: specific input, written comment, information, and documentation directly addressing any agreement or disagreement with the identification. All responses shall be provided to the department within 10 days of receipt of the notice.

*c. Program agreement with the department's finding.* If the program agrees with the department's finding and the program begins involuntary transfer proceedings, the program's internal appeal process in subrule 68.15(1) shall be utilized for appeals.

*d. Program disagreement with the department's finding.* If the program does not agree with the department's finding that the tenant exceeds admission and retention criteria, the program may collect and submit all responses to the department, including those from other interested parties. In the program's response, the program shall identify the tenant, list the known responses from others, and note the program's agreement or disagreement with the responses from others. The program's response shall be submitted to the department within 10 working days of the receipt of the notice. Submission of a response does not eliminate the applicable requirements including submission of a plan of correction under 481—subrule 67.10(5). Other persons may also submit information directly to the department.

(1) Consideration of response. Within 10 working days of receipt of the program's response for each identified tenant, the department shall consider the response and make a final finding regarding the continued retention of a tenant.

(2) Amending the regulatory insufficiency. If the department's determination is to amend the regulatory insufficiency based on the response, the department shall modify the report of findings.

(3) Retaining regulatory insufficiency. If the department retains the regulatory insufficiency, the department shall review the plan of correction in accordance with this chapter and 481—Chapter 67. The department shall notify the program of the opportunity to appeal the report findings as they relate to the admission and retention decision. In addition, the department shall provide to the tenant or the tenant's legal representative the contact information for the tenant advocate. A copy of the final report shall also be sent to the tenant advocate.

(4) Effect of the filing of an appeal. If an appeal is filed, the tenant who exceeds admission and retention criteria shall be allowed to continue living in the EGH until all administrative appeals have been exhausted. Appeals filed that relate to the tenant's exceeding admission and retention criteria shall be heard within 30 days of receipt, and appropriate services to meet the tenant's needs shall be provided during that period of time.

(5) Request for waiver of criteria for retention of a tenant in a program. To allow a tenant to remain in the program, the program may request a waiver of criteria for retention of a tenant pursuant to rule 481—67.7(231B,231C,231D) from the department within 10 working days of the receipt of the report.  
[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

#### **481—68.16(231B) Tenant documents.**

**68.16(1)** Documentation for each tenant shall be maintained by the program and shall include:

*a.* An occupancy record including the tenant's name, birth date, and home address; identification numbers; date of beginning participation; name, address and telephone number of health professional(s); diagnosis; and names, addresses and telephone numbers of family members, friends or other designated people to contact in the event of illness or an emergency;

*b.* Application forms;

*c.* The initial evaluations and updates;

*d.* A nutritional assessment as necessary;

*e.* The initial individual service plan and updates;

*f.* Signed authorizations for permission to release medical information, photographs, or other media information as necessary;

*g.* A signed authorization for the tenant to receive emergency medical care as necessary;

*h.* A signed managed risk policy and signed managed risk consensus agreements, if any;

*i.* When any personal or health-related care is delegated to the program, the medical information sheet; documentation of health professionals' orders, such as those for treatment, therapy, and medication; and nurses' notes written by exception;

*j.* Medication lists, which shall be maintained in conformance with 481—subrule 67.5(4);

*k.* Advance health care directives as applicable;

*l.* A complete copy of the tenant's occupancy agreement, including any updates;

*m.* A written acknowledgment that the tenant or the tenant's legal representative, if applicable, has been fully informed of the tenant's rights;

*n.* A copy of guardianship, durable power of attorney for health care, power of attorney, or conservatorship or other documentation of a legal representative;

*o.* Incident reports involving the tenant, including but not limited to those related to medication errors, accidents, falls, and elopements (such reports shall be maintained by the program but need not be included in the tenant's medical record);

*p.* A copy of waivers of admission or retention criteria, if any;

*q.* When the tenant is unable to advocate on the tenant's own behalf or the tenant has multiple service providers, including hospice care providers, accurate documentation of the completion of routine personal or health-related care is required on task sheets. If tasks are doctor-ordered, the tasks shall be part of the medication administration records (MARs); and

*r.* Authorizations for the release of information, if any.

**68.16(2)** The program records relating to a tenant shall be retained for a minimum of three years after the transfer or death of the tenant.

**68.16(3)** All records shall be protected from loss, damage and unauthorized use.  
[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

#### **481—68.17(231B) Service plans.**

**68.17(1)** A service plan shall be developed for each tenant based on the evaluations conducted in accordance with subrules 68.13(1) and 68.13(2) and shall be designed to meet the specific service needs of the individual tenant. The service plan shall subsequently be updated at least annually and whenever changes are needed.

**68.17(2)** Prior to the tenant's signing the occupancy agreement and becoming a household occupant, a preliminary service plan shall be developed by a health care professional or human service professional in consultation with the tenant and, at the tenant's request, with other individuals identified by the tenant, and, if applicable, with the tenant's legal representative. All persons who develop the plan and the tenant or the tenant's legal representative shall sign the plan.

**68.17(3)** When a tenant needs personal care or health-related care, the service plan shall be updated within 30 days of the tenant's occupancy and as needed with significant change, but not less than annually.

*a.* If a significant change triggers the review and update of the service plan, the updated service plan shall be signed and dated by all parties.

*b.* If a significant change does not exist, the program may, after nurse review, add minor discretionary changes to the service plan without a comprehensive evaluation and without obtaining signatures on the service plan.

*c.* If a significant change relates to a recurring or chronic condition, a previous evaluation and service plan of the recurring condition may be utilized without new signatures being obtained. For example, with chronic exacerbation of a urinary tract infection, nurse review is adequate to institute the previously written evaluation and service plan.

**68.17(4)** The service plan shall be individualized and shall indicate, at a minimum:

*a.* The tenant's identified needs and preferences for assistance;

*b.* Any services and care to be provided pursuant to the occupancy agreement;

*c.* The service provider(s), if other than the program, including but not limited to providers of hospice care, home health care, occupational therapy, and physical therapy; and

*d.* Preferences, if any, of the tenant or the tenant's legal representative for nursing facility care, if the need for nursing facility care presents itself during the elder group home occupancy.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—68.18(231B) Nurse review.** If a tenant does not receive personal or health-related care, but an observed significant change in the tenant's condition occurs, a nurse review shall be conducted. If a tenant receives personal or health-related care, the program shall provide for a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse via nurse delegation:

**68.18(1)** To monitor, at least every 90 days, or after a significant change in the tenant's condition, any tenant who receives program-administered prescription medications for adverse reactions to the medications and to make appropriate interventions or referrals, and to ensure that the prescription medication orders are current and that the prescription medications are administered consistent with such orders; and

**68.18(2)** To ensure that health care professionals' orders are current for tenants who receive health care professional-directed care from the program; and

**68.18(3)** To assess and document the health status of each tenant, to make recommendations and referrals as appropriate, and to monitor progress relating to previous recommendations at least every 90 days and whenever there are changes in the tenant's health status; and

**68.18(4)** To provide the program with written documentation of the activities under the service plan, as set forth in rule 481—68.17(231B), showing the time, date and signature.

NOTE: Refer to Table A at the end of this chapter. If the program does not provide personal or health-related care to a tenant, nurse review is not required.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—68.19(231B) Staffing.** In addition to the general staffing requirements in rule 481—67.9 (231B,231C,231D), the following requirements apply to staffing in programs.

**68.19(1)** The program shall be staffed by an on-site manager 24 hours per day, seven days per week.

**68.19(2)** Personal care providers shall have completed, at minimum, a home care aide training program that meets the requirements and criteria established in 641—Chapter 80.

**68.19(3)** The owner or management corporation of the program is responsible for ensuring that all personnel employed by or contracting with the program receive training appropriate to assigned tasks and target population.

**68.19(4)** Personal care providers and nursing staff may be employed by the program or obtained through a contract with a home health agency or other service provider. Regardless of the source, the staff must meet all applicable requirements.

**68.19(5)** The program shall notify the department in writing within ten business days of a change in the program's manager.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—68.20(231B) Managed risk policy and managed risk consensus agreements.** The program shall have a managed risk policy. The managed risk policy shall be provided to the tenant along with the occupancy agreement. The managed risk policy shall include the following:

**68.20(1)** An acknowledgment of the shared responsibility for identifying and meeting the needs of the tenant and the process for managing risk and for upholding tenant autonomy when tenant decision making results in poor outcomes for the tenant or others; and

**68.20(2)** A consensus-based process to address specific risk situations. Program staff and the tenant shall participate in the process. The result of the consensus-based process may be a managed risk consensus agreement. The managed risk consensus agreement shall include the signature of the tenant and the signatures of all others who participated in the process. The managed risk consensus agreement shall be included in the tenant's file.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—68.21(231B) Transportation.** When transportation services are provided directly or under contract with the program:

**68.21(1)** The vehicle shall be accessible and appropriate to the tenants who use it, with consideration for any physical disabilities and impairments.

**68.21(2)** Every tenant transported shall have a seat in the vehicle, except for a tenant who remains in a wheelchair during transport.

**68.21(3)** Vehicles shall have adequate seat belts and securing devices for ambulatory and wheelchair-using passengers.

**68.21(4)** Wheelchairs shall be secured when the vehicle is in motion.

**68.21(5)** During loading and unloading of a tenant, the driver shall be in the proximate area of the tenants in a vehicle.

**68.21(6)** The driver shall have a valid and appropriate Iowa driver's license or commercial driver's license as required by law for the vehicle being utilized for transport. If the driver is licensed in another state, the license shall be valid and appropriate for the vehicle being utilized for transport. The driver shall meet any state or federal requirements for licensure or certification for the vehicle operated.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—68.22(231B) Identification of veteran's benefit eligibility.**

**68.22(1)** Within 30 days of a tenant's participation in an elder group home that receives reimbursement through the medical assistance program under Iowa Code chapter 249A, the program shall ask the tenant or the tenant's personal representative whether the tenant is a veteran or whether the tenant is the spouse, widow, or dependent of a veteran and shall document the response.

**68.22(2)** If the program determines that the tenant may be a veteran or the spouse, widow, or dependent of a veteran, the program shall report the tenant's name along with the name of the veteran, if applicable, as well as the name of the contact person for this information, to the Iowa department of veterans affairs. When appropriate, the program may also report such information to the Iowa department of human services.

**68.22(3)** If a tenant is eligible for benefits through the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs or other third-party payor, the program first shall seek reimbursement from the identified payor source before seeking reimbursement from the medical assistance program established under Iowa Code chapter 249A.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—68.23(231B) Resident advocate committees.** Resident advocate committees for EGHs shall be governed by 321—Chapter 9 unless otherwise required in this chapter.

**68.23(1) *Committee placement.*** A resident advocate committee shall be established by the commission on aging for each program certified in accordance with this chapter.

**68.23(2) *Committee visitations.*** The committee shall visit the program assigned to it within one month of the admission of the first tenant as well as a minimum of once and maximum of four times annually thereafter.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—68.24(231B) Life safety—emergency policies and procedures and structural safety requirements.**

**68.24(1)** The program shall submit to the department and follow written emergency policies and procedures, which shall include the following:

- a. An emergency plan, which shall include procedures for natural disasters (identify where the plan is located for easy reference);
- b. Fire safety procedures;
- c. Other general or personal emergency procedures;
- d. Provisions for amending or revising the emergency plan;
- e. Provisions for periodic training of all employees;
- f. Procedures for fire drills;
- g. Regulations regarding smoking;
- h. Monitoring and testing of smoke-control systems;
- i. Tenant evacuation procedures; and
- j. Procedures for reporting and documentation.

**68.24(2)** The program's structure and procedures and the facility in which a program is located shall meet the requirements adopted for elder group homes in administrative rules promulgated by the state fire marshal. Approval of the state fire marshal indicating that the building is in compliance with these requirements is necessary for certification of a program.

**68.24(3)** The program shall have the means to control the maximum temperature of water at sources accessible by a tenant to prevent scalding and shall control the maximum water temperature for tenants with cognitive impairment or dementia or at a tenant's request.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—68.25(231B) Structural standards.**

**68.25(1)** The EGH shall be safe, sanitary, well-ventilated, and properly lighted, heated, and cooled; and shall comply with all applicable state and local housing ordinances for family residences and with fire safety rules promulgated by the state fire marshal.

**68.25(2)** In addition to meeting the requirements in subrule 68.25(1), the EGH shall meet the following standards:

*a. General.*

(1) The home, furnishings and fixtures shall be clean, in good repair and appropriate for the tenants.  
(2) Stairways shall have handrails of a circumference, length, texture, strength and stability that can reasonably be expected to provide tenant support.

(3) A functioning light shall be provided in each room, stairway and exit; all light bulbs shall be protected from breakage or removal with appropriate covers.

(4) The yard, fire exits and exterior steps shall be kept free of obstructions and shall be accessible and appropriate to the condition of the tenants.

(5) There shall be at least 150 square feet of common living space and sufficient furniture in the home to accommodate the recreational and socialization needs of all the tenants at one time; common space shall not be located in the basement or garage, unless such space was constructed for that purpose. Additional common living space may be required if wheelchairs, walkers or other durable medical equipment is to be accommodated. For an EGH constructed or remodeled after July 1, 2005, there shall be 300 square feet of usable floor space.

(6) Interior and exterior doorways used by tenants shall be wide enough to accommodate wheelchairs and walkers if tenants with impaired mobility are in residence.

(7) Hot and cold water at each tub, shower, and sink shall be in sufficient supply to meet the needs of the tenants and staff.

(8) Grab bars shall be present for each toilet, tub and shower. Access to toilet and bathing facilities shall be barrier-free. Toilet and bathing facilities shall provide individual privacy.

(9) A telephone shall be available and accessible for tenants' use in a manner that allows for privacy for all calls.

*b. Safety.*

(1) All combustion appliances shall be used and maintained properly and shall be inspected annually by a qualified technician for carbon monoxide emissions and any other hazards to health and safety;

(2) Extension cord wiring shall not be used in place of permanent electrical fixtures or outlets.

*c. Sanitation requirements.*

(1) A public water supply shall be utilized if available. If a nonmunicipal water source is used, the owner or on-site manager must show documentation from the state laboratory that the water supply is potable and is tested as required by the rules of the environmental protection commission of the department of natural resources.

(2) Septic tanks or other nonmunicipal wastewater disposal systems shall be in good working order and shall comply with state and local regulations for wastewater treatment.

(3) Garbage and refuse shall be suitably stored and disposed of by a sanitation company providing service in the area.

(4) If laundry service is provided, soiled linens and clothing shall be stored in containers in an area separate from food storage, kitchen and dining areas.

(5) Sanitation for household pets and other domestic animals shall be adequate to prevent health and safety hazards.

(6) There shall be adequate control of insects and rodents.

(7) Reasonable and prudent precautions for infection control shall be taken, including washing hands and exposed portions of arms with soap and hot water immediately before engaging in food preparation and meal service and before and after providing personal care.

(8) There shall be at least one toilet and one sink for every four household occupants. A minimum of one sink and toilet is required on each floor occupied by tenants. A sink shall be located near each toilet. For an EGH constructed or remodeled after July 1, 2005, there shall be at least one toilet and one sink for every two household occupants, with a minimum of one toilet and one sink on each floor occupied by tenants.

(9) At least one tub or shower is required for each six household occupants. For an EGH constructed or remodeled after July 1, 2005, there shall be at least one tub or one shower for every four household occupants.

*d. Bedroom requirements.*

(1) Each tenant bedroom shall:

1. Have a door that opens directly to a hallway or common use area without passage through another bedroom or common bathroom;

2. Be adequately ventilated, heated, cooled and lighted;

3. Have at least 70 square feet of usable floor space, excluding any area where a sloped ceiling does not allow a person to stand upright. For an EGH constructed or remodeled after July 1, 2005, each tenant bedroom shall have at least 100 square feet of usable floor space;

4. Provide individual privacy and be occupied by one tenant, unless an alternative arrangement is agreed to in the occupancy agreement by the tenant or the tenant's legal representative;

5. Be on ground level for tenants with impaired mobility;

6. Be in sufficiently close proximity to the on-site manager to ensure that tenants are able to alert the on-site manager to nighttime needs or emergencies, or be equipped with a call system.

(2) Owners, operators, on-site managers, their family members, and personal care providers shall not use as bedrooms areas that are designated as living areas or as tenant bedrooms;

(3) Common living space and tenant bedrooms shall not be used for storage areas.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

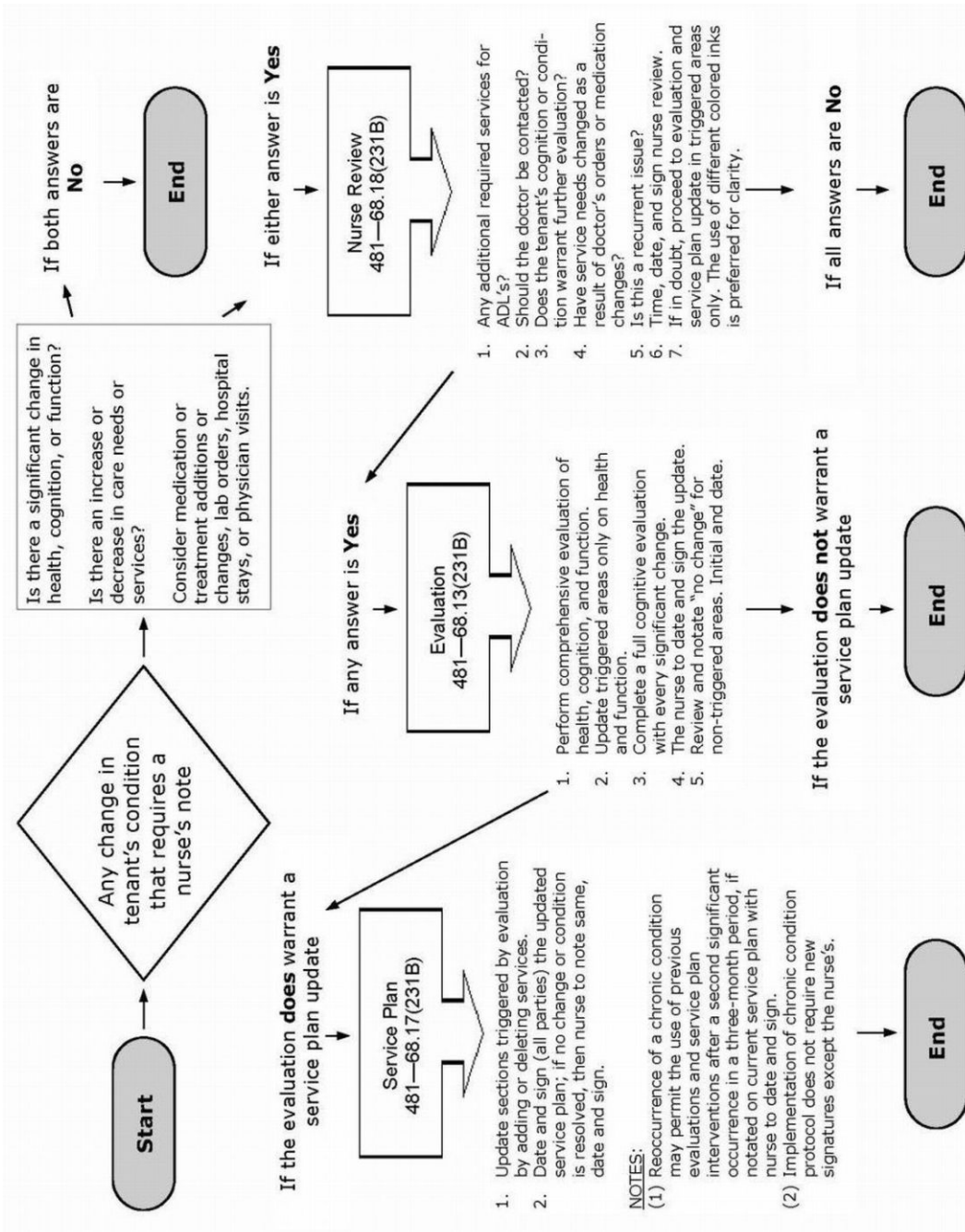
**481—68.26(231B) Landlord and tenant Act.** Iowa Code chapter 562A, the uniform residential landlord and tenant Act, shall apply to all EGHs under this chapter.

[ARC 8175B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 231B.



Table A



[Filed ARC 8175B (Notice ARC 7960B, IAB 7/15/09), IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

[Filed ARC 1927C (Notice ARC 1860C, IAB 2/4/15), IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]



CHAPTER 69  
ASSISTED LIVING PROGRAMS

**481—69.1(231C) Definitions.** In addition to the definitions in 481—Chapter 67 and Iowa Code chapter 231C, the following definitions apply.

*“Accredited”* means that the program has received accreditation from an accreditation entity recognized in subrule 69.14(1).

*“Applicable requirements”* means Iowa Code chapter 231C, this chapter, and 481—Chapter 67 and includes any other applicable administrative rules and provisions of the Iowa Code.

*“Assisted living”* or *“program”* means provision of housing with services, which may include but are not limited to health-related care, personal care, and assistance with instrumental activities of daily living, to three or more tenants in a physical structure which provides a homelike environment. “Assisted living” also includes encouragement of family involvement, tenant self-direction, and tenant participation in decisions that emphasize choice, dignity, privacy, individuality, shared risk, and independence. “Assisted living” includes the provision of housing and assistance with instrumental activities of daily living only if personal care or health-related care is also included. “Assisted living” includes 24 hours per day response staff to meet scheduled and unscheduled or unpredictable needs in a manner that promotes maximum dignity and independence and provides supervision, safety, and security.

*“CARF”* means the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities.

*“Change of ownership”* means the purchase, transfer, assignment or lease of a certified assisted living program and includes a change in the management company responsible for the day-to-day operation of the program, if the management company is ultimately responsible for any enforcement action taken by the department.

*“Cognitive disorder”* means a disorder characterized by cognitive dysfunction presumed to be the result of illness that does not meet the criteria for dementia, delirium, or amnesic disorder.

*“Dementia-specific assisted living program”* means an assisted living program certified under this chapter that:

1. Serves fewer than 55 tenants and has 5 or more tenants who have dementia between Stages 4 and 7 on the Global Deterioration Scale, or
2. Serves 55 or more tenants and 10 percent or more of the tenants have dementia between Stages 4 and 7 on the Global Deterioration Scale, or
3. Holds itself out as providing specialized care for persons with dementia, such as Alzheimer’s disease, in a dedicated setting.

*“Dwelling unit”* means a single unit which provides complete, independent living facilities for one or more persons, including permanent provisions for living, sleeping and sanitation, and which may include permanent provisions for eating and cooking. “Sanitation” for purposes of this definition means bathroom fixtures as required by this chapter.

*“In the proximate area”* means located within a five minutes or less response time.

*“Maximal assistance with activities of daily living”* means routine total dependence on staff for the performance of a minimum of four activities of daily living for a period that exceeds 21 days.

*“Medically unstable”* means that a tenant has a condition or conditions:

1. Indicating physiological frailty as determined by the program’s staff in consultation with a physician or physician extender;
2. Resulting in three or more significant hospitalizations within a consecutive three-month period for more than observation; and
3. Requiring frequent supervision of the tenant for more than 21 days by a registered nurse.

For example, a tenant who has a condition such as congestive heart failure which results in three or more significant hospitalizations during a quarter and which requires that the tenant receive frequent supervision may be considered medically unstable.

*“Nonaccredited”* means that the program has been certified under the provisions of this chapter but has not received accreditation from an accreditation entity recognized in subrule 69.14(1).

“*Unmanageable incontinence*” means a condition that requires staff provision of total care for an incontinent tenant who lacks the ability to assist in bladder or bowel continence care.

“*Unmanageable verbal abuse*” means repeated verbalizations against tenants or staff that persist despite all interventions and that negatively affect the program. “Unmanageable verbal abuse” includes but is not limited to threats, frequent use of profane language, or unwelcome sexually oriented remarks. [ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—69.2(231C) Program certification.** A program may obtain certification by meeting all applicable requirements. In addition, a program may be voluntarily accredited by a recognized accreditation entity. For the purpose of these rules, certification is equivalent to licensure.

**69.2(1) Posting requirements.** A program’s current certificate shall be visibly displayed within the designated operation area of the program. In addition, the latest monitoring report, state fire marshal report, and food establishment inspections report issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 137F shall be made available to the public by the program upon request.

**69.2(2) Dementia-specific programs and door alarms.** If a program meets the definition of a dementia-specific assisted living program during two sequential certification monitorings, the program shall meet all requirements for a dementia-specific program, including the requirements set forth in rule 481—69.30(231C), subrules 69.29(2) and 69.29(4), paragraph 69.35(1) “d,” and subrules 69.32(2) and 69.32(3), which include the requirements relating to door alarms and specialized locking systems.

**69.2(3) Dementia-specific program by definition.** If a program meets the definition of a dementia-specific assisted living program during two sequential certification monitorings based on the number of tenants served who have dementia between Stages 4 and 7 on the Global Deterioration Scale, the program shall be deemed a dementia-specific program by definition. If the number of tenants served who have dementia between Stages 4 and 7 on the Global Deterioration Scale goes below that which is required by the definition of dementia-specific program at any time after the program has been deemed dementia-specific by definition and the program is not holding itself out as providing dementia care in a specialized setting, the program will no longer be considered dementia-specific.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—69.3(231C) Certification of a nonaccredited program—application process.**

**69.3(1)** The applicant shall complete an application packet obtained from the department. Application materials may be obtained from the health facilities division Web site at [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do); by mail from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Adult Services Bureau, Lucas State Office Building, Third Floor, 321 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083; or by telephone at (515)281-6325.

**69.3(2)** The applicant shall submit one copy of the completed application and all supporting documentation to the department at the above address at least 90 calendar days prior to the expected date of beginning operation.

**69.3(3)** The appropriate fee as stated in Iowa Code section 231C.18 shall accompany each application and be payable by check or money order to the Department of Inspections and Appeals. Fees are nonrefundable.

**69.3(4)** The department shall consider the application when all supporting documents and fees are received.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.4(231C) Nonaccredited program—application content.** An application for certification or recertification of a nonaccredited program shall include the following:

**69.4(1)** A list that includes the names, addresses, and percentage of stock, shares, partnership or other equity interest of all officers, members of the board of directors and trustees, as well as stockholders, partners or any individuals who have greater than a 10 percent equity interest in each of the following, as applicable:

- a. The real estate owner or lessor;
- b. The lessee; and

c. The management company responsible for the day-to-day operation of the program.

The program shall notify the department of any changes in the list no later than ten working days after the effective date of the change.

**69.4(2)** A statement disclosing whether the individuals listed in subrule 69.4(1) have been convicted of a felony or an aggravated or serious misdemeanor or found to be in violation of the child abuse or dependent adult abuse laws of any state.

**69.4(3)** A statement disclosing whether any of the individuals listed in subrule 69.4(1) have or have had an ownership interest in an assisted living program, adult day services program, elder group home, home health agency, licensed health care facility as defined in Iowa Code section 135C.1, or licensed hospital as defined in Iowa Code section 135B.1, which has been closed in any state due to removal of program, agency, or facility licensure, certification, or registration or due to involuntary termination from participation in either the Medicaid or Medicare program; or have been found to have failed to provide adequate protection or services to prevent abuse or neglect of residents, patients, tenants or participants.

**69.4(4)** The policy and procedure for evaluation of each tenant. A copy of the evaluation tool or tools to be used to identify the functional, cognitive and health status of each tenant shall be included.

**69.4(5)** The policy and procedure for service plans.

**69.4(6)** The policy and procedure for addressing medication needs of tenants.

**69.4(7)** The policy and procedure for accidents and emergency response, including provisions related to head injuries.

**69.4(8)** The policies and procedures for food service, including those relating to staffing, nutrition, menu planning, therapeutic diets, and food preparation, service and storage.

**69.4(9)** The policy and procedure for activities.

**69.4(10)** The policy and procedure for transportation.

**69.4(11)** The policy and procedure for staffing and training.

**69.4(12)** The policy and procedure for emergencies, including natural disasters. The policy and procedure shall include an evacuation plan and procedures for notifying legal representatives in emergency situations as applicable.

**69.4(13)** The policy and procedure for managing risk and upholding tenant autonomy when tenant decision making results in poor outcomes for the tenant or others.

**69.4(14)** The policy and procedure for reporting incidents including dependent adult abuse as required in rule 481—67.2(231B,231C,231D).

**69.4(15)** The policy and procedure related to life safety requirements for a dementia-specific program as required by subrule 69.32(2).

**69.4(16)** The tenant occupancy agreement and all attachments.

**69.4(17)** If the program contracts for personal care or health-related care services from a certified home health agency, a mental health center or a licensed health care facility, a copy of that entity's current license or certification.

**69.4(18)** A copy of the state license for the entity that provides food service, whether the entity is the program or an outside entity or a combination of both.

**69.4(19)** The fee set forth in Iowa Code section 231C.18.

**69.4(20)** The policy and procedure for addressing sexual relationships between tenants and staff or between tenants with dementia greater than Stage 5 on the Global Deterioration Scale.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

#### **481—69.5(231C) Initial certification process for a nonaccredited program.**

**69.5(1)** Upon receipt of all completed documentation, including state fire marshal approval and structural and evacuation review approval, the department shall determine whether or not the proposed program meets applicable requirements.

**69.5(2)** If, based upon the review of the complete application including all required supporting documents, the department determines the proposed program meets the requirements for certification, a provisional certification shall be issued to the program to begin operation and accept tenants.

**69.5(3)** Within 180 calendar days following issuance of provisional certification, the department shall conduct a monitoring to determine the program's compliance with applicable requirements.

**69.5(4)** If a regulatory insufficiency is identified as a result of the monitoring, the process in rule 481—67.10(17A,231B,231C,231D) shall be followed.

**69.5(5)** The department shall make a final certification decision based on the results of the monitoring and review of an acceptable plan of correction.

**69.5(6)** The department shall notify the program of a final certification decision within 10 working days following the finalization of the monitoring report or receipt of an acceptable plan of correction, whichever is applicable.

**69.5(7)** If the decision is to continue certification, the department shall issue a full two-year certification effective from the date of the original provisional certification.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.6(231C) Expiration of the certification of a nonaccredited program.**

**69.6(1)** Unless conditionally issued, suspended or revoked, certification of a program shall expire at the end of the time period specified on the certificate.

**69.6(2)** The department shall send recertification application materials to each program at least 120 calendar days prior to expiration of the program's certification.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.7(231C) Recertification process for a nonaccredited program.** To obtain recertification, a program shall:

**69.7(1)** Submit one copy of the completed application, including the information required in rule 481—69.4(231C), associated documentation, and the recertification fee as listed in Iowa Code section 231C.18 to the department at the address stated in subrule 69.3(1) at least 90 calendar days prior to the expiration of the program's certification. The program need not submit policies and procedures that have been previously submitted to the department and remain unchanged. The program shall provide a list of the policies and procedures that have been previously submitted and are not being resubmitted.

**69.7(2)** Submit additional documentation that each of the following has been inspected by a qualified professional and found to be maintained in conformance with the manufacturer's recommendations and nationally recognized standards: heating system, cooling system, water heater, electrical system, plumbing, sewage system, artificial lighting, and ventilation system; and, if located on site, garbage disposal, kitchen appliances, washing machines and dryers, and elevators.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.8(231C) Notification of recertification for a nonaccredited program.**

**69.8(1)** The department shall review the application and associated documentation and fees. If the application is incomplete, the department shall contact the program to request the additional information. After all finalized documentation is received, including state fire marshal approval, the department shall determine the program's compliance with applicable requirements.

**69.8(2)** The department shall conduct a monitoring of the program between 60 and 90 days prior to expiration of the program's certification.

**69.8(3)** If a regulatory insufficiency is identified as a result of the monitoring, the process in rule 481—67.10(17A,231B,231C,231D) shall be followed.

**69.8(4)** If no regulatory insufficiency is identified as a result of the monitoring, the department shall issue a report of the findings with the final recertification decision.

**69.8(5)** If the decision is to recertify, the department shall issue the program a two-year certification effective from the date of the expiration of the previous certification.

**69.8(6)** If the decision is to deny recertification, the department shall issue a notice of denial and provide the program the opportunity for a hearing pursuant to rule 481—67.13(17A,231B,231C,231D).

**69.8(7)** If the department is unable to recertify a program through no fault of the program, the department shall issue to the program a time-limited extension of certification of no longer than one year.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.9(231C) Certification or recertification of an accredited program—application process.**

**69.9(1)** An applicant for certification or recertification of a program accredited by a recognized accrediting entity shall:

*a.* Submit a completed application packet obtained from the department. Application materials may be obtained from the health facilities division Web site at [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do); by mail from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Adult Services Bureau, Lucas State Office Building, Third Floor, 321 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083; or by telephone at (515)281-6325.

*b.* Submit a copy of the current accreditation outcome from the recognized accrediting entity.

*c.* Apply for certification or recertification within 90 calendar days following verification of compliance with life safety requirements pursuant to this chapter.

*d.* Maintain compliance with the state fire marshal division's requirements.

*e.* Submit the appropriate fees as set forth in Iowa Code section 231C.18.

**69.9(2)** The department shall not consider an application until it is complete and includes all supporting documentation and the appropriate fees.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—69.10(231C) Certification or recertification of an accredited program—application content.** An application for certification or recertification of an accredited program shall include the following:

**69.10(1)** A list that includes the names, addresses and percentage of stock, shares, partnership or other equity interest of all officers, members of the board of directors, and trustees, as well as stockholders, partners or any individuals who have greater than a 10 percent equity interest in each of the following, as applicable:

*a.* The real estate owner or lessor;

*b.* The lessee; and

*c.* The management company responsible for the day-to-day operation of the program.

The program shall notify the department of any changes in the list no later than ten working days after the effective date of the change.

**69.10(2)** A statement disclosing whether the individuals listed in subrule 69.10(1) have been convicted of a felony or an aggravated or serious misdemeanor or found to be in violation of the child abuse or dependent adult abuse laws of any state.

**69.10(3)** A statement disclosing whether any of the individuals listed in subrule 69.10(1) have or have had an ownership interest in a program, adult day services program, elder group home, home health agency, licensed health care facility as defined under Iowa Code section 135C.1, or licensed hospital as defined under Iowa Code section 135B.1, which has been closed in any state due to removal of program, agency, or facility licensure or certification or due to involuntary termination from participation in either the Medicaid or Medicare program; or have been found to have failed to provide adequate protection or services to prevent abuse or neglect of residents, patients, tenants or participants.

**69.10(4)** A copy of the current accreditation outcome from the recognized accrediting entity.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—69.11(231C) Initial certification process for an accredited program.**

**69.11(1)** Within 20 working days of receiving all finalized documentation, including state fire marshal approval, the department shall determine and notify the accredited program whether or not the accredited program meets applicable requirements and whether or not certification will be issued.

**69.11(2)** If the decision is to certify, a certification shall be issued for the term of the accreditation not to exceed three years, unless the certification is conditionally issued, suspended or revoked by either the department or the recognized accrediting entity.

**69.11(3)** If the decision is to deny certification, the department shall provide the applicant an opportunity for hearing in accordance with rule 481—67.13(17A,231B,231C,231D).

**69.11(4)** Unless conditionally issued, suspended or revoked, certification for a program shall expire at the end of the time period specified on the certificate.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.12(231C) Recertification process for an accredited program.**

**69.12(1)** The department shall send recertification application materials to each program at least 120 calendar days prior to expiration of the program's certification.

**69.12(2)** To obtain recertification, an accredited program shall submit one copy of the completed application, associated documentation, and the administrative fee as stated in Iowa Code section 231C.18 to the department at the address stated in subrule 69.9(1) at least 90 calendar days prior to the expiration of the program's certification.

**69.12(3)** Within 20 working days of receiving all finalized documentation, including state fire marshal approval, the department shall determine the program's compliance with applicable requirements and make a recertification decision.

**69.12(4)** The department shall notify the accredited program within 10 working days of the final recertification decision.

*a.* If the decision is to recertify, a full certification shall be issued for the term of the accreditation not to exceed three years, unless the certification is conditionally issued, suspended or revoked by either the department or the recognized accrediting entity.

*b.* If the decision is to deny recertification, the department shall provide the applicant an opportunity for hearing in accordance with rule 481—67.13(17A,231B,231C,231D).

**69.12(5)** If the department is unable to recertify a program through no fault of the program, the department shall issue to the program a time-limited extension of certification of no longer than one year.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.13(231C) Listing of all certified programs.** The department shall maintain a list of all certified programs, which is available online at [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do) under the "Entities Book" tab.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.14(231C) Recognized accrediting entity.**

**69.14(1)** The department designates CARF as a recognized accrediting entity for programs.

**69.14(2)** To apply for designation by the department as a recognized accrediting entity for programs, an accrediting entity shall submit a letter of request, and its standards shall, at minimum, meet the applicable requirements for programs.

**69.14(3)** The designation shall remain in effect for as long as the accreditation standards continue to meet, at minimum, the applicable requirements for programs.

**69.14(4)** An accrediting entity shall provide annually to the department, at no cost, a current edition of the applicable standards manual and survey preparation guide, and training thereon, within 120 working days after the publications are released.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.15(231C) Requirements for an accredited program.** Each accredited program that is certified by the department shall:

**69.15(1)** Provide the department a copy of all survey reports including outcomes, quality improvement plans and annual conformance to quality reports generated or received, as applicable, within ten working days of receipt of the reports.



**69.15(2)** Notify the department by the most expeditious means possible of all credible reports of alleged improper or inappropriate conduct or conditions within the program and any actions taken by the accrediting entity with respect thereto.

**69.15(3)** Notify the department immediately of the expiration, suspension, revocation or other loss of the program's accreditation.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.16(231C) Maintenance of program accreditation.**

**69.16(1)** An accredited program shall continue to be recognized for certification by the department if both of the following requirements are met:

- a. The program complies with the requirements outlined in rule 481—69.15(231C).
- b. The program maintains its voluntary accreditation status for the duration of the time-limited certification period.

**69.16(2)** A program that does not maintain its voluntary accreditation status must become certified by the department prior to any lapse in accreditation.

**69.16(3)** A program that does not maintain its voluntary accreditation status and is not certified by the department prior to any lapse in voluntary accreditation shall cease operation as a program.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.17(231C) Change of ownership—notification to the department.**

**69.17(1)** Certification, unless conditionally issued, suspended or revoked, may be transferable. If the program's certification has been conditionally issued, the department must approve a change of ownership prior to the transfer of the certification.

**69.17(2)** In order to transfer certification, the applicant must:

- a. Meet the requirements of the rules, regulations and standards contained in Iowa Code chapter 231C and 481—Chapter 67 and this chapter; and
- b. At least 30 days prior to the change of ownership of the program, make application on forms provided by the department.

**69.17(3)** The department may conduct a monitoring within 90 days following a change in the program's ownership to ensure that the program complies with applicable requirements. If a regulatory insufficiency is found, the department shall take any necessary enforcement action authorized by applicable requirements.

[ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—69.18(231C) Plan reviews of a building for a new program.**

**69.18(1)** Before a building is constructed or remodeled for use in a new program, the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety shall review the blueprints for compliance with requirements pursuant to this chapter. Construction or remodeling includes new construction, remodeling of any part of an existing building, addition of a new wing or floor to an existing building, or conversion of an existing building.

**69.18(2)** A program applicant shall submit blueprints wet-sealed by an Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer and the blueprint plan review fee as stated in Iowa Code section 231C.18 to the Department of Public Safety, State Fire Marshal Division, 215 E. 7th Street, Third Floor, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

**69.18(3)** Failure to submit the blueprint plan review fee with the blueprints shall result in delay of the blueprint plan review until the fee is received.

**69.18(4)** The state fire marshal division of the department of public safety shall review the blueprints and notify the Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer in writing regarding the status of compliance with requirements.

**69.18(5)** The Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer shall respond to the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety to state how any noncompliance will be resolved.

**69.18(6)** Upon final notification by the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety that the blueprints meet the state fire marshal division's requirements, construction or remodeling of the building may commence.

**69.18(7)** The state fire marshal division of the department of public safety shall schedule an on-site visit of the building site with the contractor, or Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer, during the construction or remodeling process to ensure compliance with the approved blueprints. Any noncompliance must be resolved prior to approval for certification.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—69.19(231C) Plan review prior to the remodeling of a building for a certified program.**

**69.19(1)** Before a building for a certified program is remodeled, the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety shall review the blueprints for compliance with requirements set forth in rule 481—69.35(231C). Remodeling includes modification of any part of an existing building, addition of a new wing or floor to an existing building, or conversion of an existing building.

**69.19(2)** A certified program shall submit blueprints wet-sealed by an Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer and the blueprint plan review fee as stated in Iowa Code section 231C.18 to the Department of Public Safety, State Fire Marshal Division, 215 E. 7th Street, Third Floor, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

**69.19(3)** Failure to submit the blueprint plan review fee with the blueprints shall result in delay of the blueprint plan review until the fee is received.

**69.19(4)** Upon final notification by the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety that the blueprints meet structural and life safety requirements, remodeling of the building may commence.

**69.19(5)** The state fire marshal division of the department of public safety shall schedule an on-site visit of the building with the contractor, or Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer, during the remodeling process to ensure compliance with the approved blueprints. Any noncompliance must be resolved prior to approval for continued certification or recertification of the program.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—69.20(231C) Cessation of program operation.**

**69.20(1)** If a certified program ceases operation, which includes seeking decertification, at any time prior to expiration of the program's certification, the program shall submit the certificate to the department. At least 90 days in advance of cessation or decertification, the program shall provide to the department and the office of long-term care ombudsman written notification of the date on which the program will cease operation or decertify.

**69.20(2)** If a certified program plans to cease operation, which includes seeking decertification, at the time the program's certification expires, the program shall provide written notice of this fact to the department and the office of long-term care ombudsman at least 90 days prior to expiration of the certification.

**69.20(3)** At the time a program decides to cease operation, which includes seeking decertification, the program shall submit a plan to the department and make arrangements for the safe and orderly transfer or transition of all tenants within the 90-day period specified by subrule 69.20(2).

**69.20(4)** The department may conduct a monitoring during the 90-day period to ensure the safety of tenants during the transfer process or transition process.

**69.20(5)** The department may conduct an on-site visit to verify that the program has ceased operation as a certified program in accordance with the notice provided by the program.

**69.20(6)** When a program ceases operation, which includes seeking decertification, representatives from the office of long-term care ombudsman shall be allowed by the program to privately meet with tenants to provide education and service options.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—69.21(231C) Occupancy agreement.**

**69.21(1)** The occupancy agreement shall be in 12-point type or larger, shall be written in plain language using commonly understood terms and shall be easy for the tenant or the tenant's legal representative to understand.

**69.21(2)** In addition to the requirements of Iowa Code section 231C.5, the written occupancy agreement shall include, but not be limited to, the following information in the body of the agreement or in the supporting documents and attachments:

- a. The telephone number for filing a complaint with the department.
- b. The telephone number for the office of long-term care ombudsman.
- c. The telephone number for reporting dependent adult abuse.
- d. A copy of the program's statement on tenants' rights.
- e. A statement that the tenant landlord law applies to assisted living programs.
- f. A statement that the program will notify the tenant at least 90 days in advance of any planned program cessation, which includes voluntary decertification, except in cases of emergency.

**69.21(3)** The occupancy agreement shall be reviewed and updated as necessary to reflect any change in services or financial arrangements.

**69.21(4)** A copy of the occupancy agreement shall be provided to the tenant or the tenant's legal representative, if any, and a copy shall be kept by the program.

**69.21(5)** A copy of the most current occupancy agreement shall be made available to the general public upon request. The basic marketing material shall include a statement that a copy of the occupancy agreement is available to all persons upon request.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—69.22(231C) Evaluation of tenant.**

**69.22(1)** *Evaluation prior to occupancy.* A program shall evaluate each prospective tenant's functional, cognitive and health status prior to the tenant's signing the occupancy agreement and taking occupancy of a dwelling unit in order to determine the tenant's eligibility for the program, including whether the services needed are available. The cognitive evaluation shall utilize a scored, objective tool. When the score from the cognitive evaluation indicates moderate cognitive decline and risk, the Global Deterioration Scale shall be used at all subsequent intervals, if applicable. If the tenant subsequently returns to the tenant's mildly cognitively impaired state, the program may discontinue the GDS and revert to a scored cognitive screening tool. The evaluation shall be conducted by a health care professional or human service professional.

**69.22(2)** *Evaluation within 30 days of occupancy and with significant change.* A program shall evaluate each tenant's functional, cognitive and health status within 30 days of occupancy. A program shall also evaluate each tenant's functional, cognitive and health status as needed with significant change, but not less than annually, to determine the tenant's continued eligibility for the program and to determine any changes to services needed. The evaluation shall be conducted by a health care professional or human service professional. A licensed practical nurse may complete the evaluation via nurse delegation when the tenant has not exhibited a significant change.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.23(231C) Criteria for admission and retention of tenants.**

**69.23(1)** *Persons who may not be admitted or retained.* A program shall not knowingly admit or retain a tenant who:

- a. Is bed-bound; or
- b. Requires routine, two-person assistance with standing, transfer or evacuation; or
- c. Is dangerous to self or other tenants or staff, including but not limited to a tenant who:
  - (1) Despite intervention chronically elopes, is sexually or physically aggressive or abusive, or displays unmanageable verbal abuse or aggression; or
  - (2) Displays behavior that places another tenant at risk; or
- d. Is in an acute stage of alcoholism, drug addiction, or uncontrolled mental illness; or
- e. Is under the age of 18; or

- f. Requires more than part-time or intermittent health-related care; or
  - g. Has unmanageable incontinence on a routine basis despite an individualized toileting program;
- or
- h. Is medically unstable; or
  - i. Requires maximal assistance with activities of daily living; or
  - j. Despite intervention, chronically urinates or defecates in places that are not considered acceptable according to societal norms, such as on the floor or in a potted plant.

**69.23(2) *Disclosure of additional occupancy and transfer criteria.*** A program may have additional occupancy or transfer criteria if the criteria are disclosed in the written occupancy agreement prior to the tenant's occupancy.

**69.23(3) *Assistance with transfer from the program.*** A program shall provide assistance to a tenant and the tenant's legal representative, if applicable, to ensure a safe and orderly transfer from the program when the tenant exceeds the program's criteria for admission and retention.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

#### **481—69.24(231C) Involuntary transfer from the program.**

**69.24(1) *Program initiation of transfer.*** If a program initiates the involuntary transfer of a tenant and the action is not the result of a monitoring, including a complaint investigation or program-reported incident investigation, by the department and if the tenant or tenant's legal representative contests the transfer, the following procedures shall apply:

a. The program shall notify the tenant or tenant's legal representative, in accordance with the occupancy agreement, of the need to transfer the tenant and of the reason for the transfer and shall include the contact information for the office of long-term care ombudsman.

b. The program shall immediately provide to the office of long-term care ombudsman, by certified mail, a copy of the notification and notify the tenant's treating physician, if any.

c. Pursuant to statute, the office of long-term care ombudsman shall offer the notified tenant or tenant's legal representative assistance with the program's internal appeal process. The tenant or tenant's legal representative is not required to accept the assistance of the office of long-term care ombudsman.

d. If, following the internal appeal process, the program upholds the transfer decision, the tenant or tenant's legal representative may utilize other remedies authorized by law to contest the transfer.

**69.24(2) *Transfer pursuant to results of monitoring or complaint or program-reported incident investigation by the department.*** If one or more tenants are identified as exceeding the admission and retention criteria for tenants and need to be transferred as a result of a monitoring or a complaint or program-reported incident investigation conducted by the department, the following procedures shall apply:

a. *Program agreement with the department's finding.* If the program agrees with the department's finding and the program begins involuntary transfer proceedings, the program's internal appeal process in subrule 69.24(1) shall be utilized for appeals.

b. *Program disagreement with the department's finding.* If the program does not agree with the department's finding that the tenant exceeds admission and retention criteria, the program may appeal the department's final report as provided in rule 481—67.14(17A,231B,231C,231D,85GA,HF2365). If an appeal is filed, the tenant who exceeds admission and retention criteria shall be allowed to continue living at the program until all administrative appeals have been exhausted. Appeals filed that relate to the tenant's exceeding admission and retention criteria shall be heard within 30 days of receipt, and appropriate services to meet the tenant's needs shall be provided during that period of time.

c. *Request for waiver of criteria for retention of a tenant in a program.* To allow a tenant to remain in the program, the program may request a waiver of criteria for retention of a tenant pursuant to rule 481—67.7(231B,231C,231D) from the department within 10 working days of the receipt of the report.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

#### **481—69.25(231C) Tenant documents.**

**69.25(1)** Documentation for each tenant shall be maintained by the program and shall include:

- a. An occupancy record including the tenant's name, birth date, and home address; identification numbers; date of occupancy; name, address and telephone number of health professional(s); diagnosis; and names, addresses and telephone numbers of family members, friends or other designated people to contact in the event of illness or an emergency;
- b. Application forms;
- c. The initial evaluations and updates;
- d. A nutritional assessment as necessary;
- e. The initial individual service plan and updates;
- f. Signed authorizations for permission to release medical information, photographs, or other media information as necessary;
- g. A signed authorization for the tenant to receive emergency medical care as necessary;
- h. A signed managed risk policy and signed managed risk consensus agreements, if any;
- i. When any personal or health-related care is delegated to the program, the medical information sheet; documentation of health professionals' orders, such as those for treatment, therapy, and medication; and nurses' notes written by exception;
- j. Medication lists, which shall be maintained in conformance with 481—subrule 67.5(4);
- k. Advance health care directives as applicable;
- l. A complete copy of the tenant's occupancy agreement, including any updates;
- m. A written acknowledgment that the tenant or the tenant's legal representative, if applicable, has been fully informed of the tenant's rights;
- n. A copy of guardianship, durable power of attorney for health care, power of attorney, or conservatorship or other documentation of a legal representative;
- o. Incident reports involving the tenant, including but not limited to those related to medication errors, accidents, falls, and elopements (such reports shall be maintained by the program but need not be included in the tenant's medical record);
- p. A copy of waivers of admission or retention criteria, if any;
- q. When the tenant is unable to advocate on the tenant's own behalf or the tenant has multiple service providers, including hospice care providers, accurate documentation of the completion of routine personal or health-related care is required on task sheets. If tasks are doctor-ordered, the tasks shall be part of the medication administration records (MARs); and
- r. Authorizations for the release of information, if any.

**69.25(2)** The program records relating to a tenant shall be retained for a minimum of three years after the transfer or death of the tenant.

**69.25(3)** All records shall be protected from loss, damage and unauthorized use.  
[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

#### **481—69.26(231C) Service plans.**

**69.26(1)** A service plan shall be developed for each tenant based on the evaluations conducted in accordance with subrules 69.22(1) and 69.22(2) and shall be designed to meet the specific service needs of the individual tenant. The service plan shall subsequently be updated at least annually and whenever changes are needed.

**69.26(2)** Prior to the tenant's signing the occupancy agreement and taking occupancy of a dwelling unit, a preliminary service plan shall be developed by a health care professional or human service professional in consultation with the tenant and, at the tenant's request, with other individuals identified by the tenant, and, if applicable, with the tenant's legal representative. All persons who develop the plan and the tenant or the tenant's legal representative shall sign the plan.

**69.26(3)** When a tenant needs personal care or health-related care, the service plan shall be updated within 30 days of the tenant's occupancy and as needed with significant change, but not less than annually.

a. If a significant change triggers the review and update of the service plan, the updated service plan shall be signed and dated by all parties.

*b.* If a significant change does not exist, the program may, after nurse review, add minor discretionary changes to the service plan without a comprehensive evaluation and without obtaining signatures on the service plan.

*c.* If a significant change relates to a recurring or chronic condition, a previous evaluation and service plan of the recurring condition may be utilized without new signatures being obtained. For example, with chronic exacerbation of a urinary tract infection, nurse review is adequate to institute the previously written evaluation and service plan.

*d.* The service plan updated within 30 days of the tenant's occupancy shall be signed and dated by all parties.

**69.26(4)** The service plan shall be individualized and shall indicate, at a minimum:

*a.* The tenant's identified needs and preferences for assistance;

*b.* Any services and care to be provided pursuant to the occupancy agreement;

*c.* The service provider(s), if other than the program, including but not limited to providers of hospice care, home health care, occupational therapy, and physical therapy;

*d.* For tenants who are unable to plan their own activities, including tenants with dementia, a list of person-centered planned and spontaneous activities based on the tenant's abilities and personal interests; and

*e.* Preferences, if any, of the tenant or the tenant's legal representative for nursing facility care, if the need for nursing facility care presents itself during the assisted living program occupancy.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

#### **481—69.27(231C) Nurse review.**

**69.27(1)** If a tenant does not receive personal or health-related care, but an observed significant change in the tenant's condition occurs, a nurse review shall be conducted. If a tenant receives personal or health-related care, the program shall provide for a registered nurse:

*a.* To monitor, at least every 90 days, or after a significant change in the tenant's condition, any tenant who receives program-administered prescription medications for adverse reactions to the medications and to make appropriate interventions or referrals, and to ensure that the prescription medication orders are current and that the prescription medications are administered consistent with such orders; and

*b.* To ensure that health care professionals' orders are current for tenants who receive health care professional-directed care from the program; and

*c.* To assess and document the health status of each tenant, to make recommendations and referrals as appropriate, and to monitor progress relating to previous recommendations at least every 90 days and whenever there are changes in the tenant's health status; and

*d.* To provide the program with written documentation of the nurse review, showing the time, date and signature.

**69.27(2)** A licensed practical nurse via nurse delegation may complete the tasks required by this rule, except when a tenant experiences a significant change in condition.

NOTE: Refer to Table A at the end of this chapter. If the program does not provide personal or health-related care to a tenant, nurse review is not required.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

#### **481—69.28(231C) Food service.**

**69.28(1)** The program shall provide or coordinate with other community providers to provide a hot or other appropriate meal(s) at least once a day or shall make arrangements for the availability of meals.

**69.28(2)** Meals and snacks provided by the program but not prepared on site shall be obtained from or provided by an entity that meets the standards of state and local health laws and ordinances concerning the preparation and serving of food.

**69.28(3)** Menus shall be planned to provide the following percentage of the daily recommended dietary allowances as established by the Food and Nutrition Board of the National Research Council of the National Academy of Sciences based on the number of meals provided by the program:

*a.* A minimum of 33½ percent if the program provides one meal per day;

- b.* A minimum of 66 $\frac{2}{3}$  percent if the program provides two meals per day; and
- c.* One hundred percent if the program provides three meals per day.

**69.28(4)** Therapeutic diets may be provided by a program. If therapeutic diets are provided, they shall be prescribed by a physician, physician assistant, or advanced registered nurse practitioner. A current copy of the Iowa Simplified Diet Manual published by the Iowa Dietetic Association shall be available and used in the planning and serving of therapeutic diets. A licensed dietitian shall be responsible for writing and approving the therapeutic menu and for reviewing procedures for food preparation and service for therapeutic diets.

**69.28(5)** Personnel who are employed by or contract with the program and who are responsible for food preparation or service, or both food preparation and service, shall have an orientation on sanitation and safe food handling prior to handling food and shall have annual in-service training on food protection.

*a.* In addition to the requirements above, a minimum of one person directly responsible for food preparation shall have successfully completed a state-approved food protection program by:

- (1) Obtaining certification as a dietary manager; or
- (2) Obtaining certification as a food protection professional; or
- (3) Successfully completing an ANSI-accredited certified food protection manager program meeting the requirements for a food protection program included in the Food Code adopted pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 137F. Another program may be substituted if the program's curriculum includes substantially similar competencies to a program that meets the requirements of the Food Code and the provider of the program files with the department a statement indicating that the program provides substantially similar instruction as it relates to sanitation and safe food handling.

*b.* If the person is in the process of completing a course or certification listed in paragraph "*a.*," the requirement relating to completion of a state-approved food protection program shall be considered to have been met.

**69.28(6)** Programs engaged in the preparation and service of meals and snacks shall meet the standards of state and local health laws and ordinances pertaining to the preparation and service of food and shall be licensed pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 137F. The department will not require the program to be licensed as a food establishment if the program limits food activities to the following:

*a.* All main meals and planned menu items must be prepared offsite and transferred to the program kitchen for service to tenants.

*b.* Baked goods that do not require temperature control for safety and single-service juice or milk may be stored in the program's kitchen and provided as part of a continental breakfast.

*c.* Ingredients used for food-related activities with tenants may be stored in the program's kitchen. Tenant activities may include the preparation and cooking of food items in the program's kitchen if the activity occurs on an irregular or sporadic basis and the items prepared are not part of the program's menu.

*d.* Appropriately trained staff may prepare in the program's kitchen individual quantities of tenant-requested menu-substitution food items that require limited or no preparation, such as peanut butter or cheese sandwiches or a single-service can of soup. The food items necessary to prepare the menu substitution may be stored in the program's kitchen. These food items may not be cooked in the program's kitchen but may be reheated in a microwave. A two- or four-slice toaster may be used for tenant-requested menu-substitution items, but no bare-hand contact is permitted.

*e.* Tenants may take food items left over from a meal back to their apartments. The program may not store leftovers in the program's kitchen.

*f.* Warewashing may be done in the program's kitchen as long as the program utilizes a commercial dishwasher and documents daily testing of sanitizer chemical ppm and proper water temperatures. Verification by the department of these practices may be conducted during on-site visits.

**69.28(7)** Programs may have an on-site dietitian. Programs may secure menus and a dietitian through other methods.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1376C, IAB 3/19/14, effective 4/23/14; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—69.29(231C) Staffing.** In addition to the general staffing requirements in rule 481—67.9(231B,231C,231D), the following requirements apply to staffing in programs.

**69.29(1)** Each tenant shall have access to a 24-hour personal emergency response system that automatically identifies the tenant in distress and can be activated with one touch.

**69.29(2)** In lieu of providing access to a personal emergency response system, a program serving one or more tenants with cognitive disorder or dementia shall follow a system, program, or written staff procedures that address how the program will respond to the emergency needs of the tenant(s).

**69.29(3)** The owner or management corporation of the program is responsible for ensuring that all personnel employed by or contracting with the program receive training appropriate to assigned tasks and target population.

**69.29(4)** A dementia-specific assisted living program shall have one or more staff persons who monitor tenants as indicated in each tenant's service plan. The staff shall be awake and on duty 24 hours a day on site and in the proximate area. The staff shall check on tenants as indicated in the tenants' service plans.

A non-dementia-specific assisted living program shall have one or more staff persons who monitor tenants as indicated in each tenant's service plan. The staff shall be able to respond to a call light or other emergent tenant needs and be in the proximate area 24 hours a day on site. The staff shall check on tenants as indicated in the tenants' service plans.

**69.29(5)** All programs employing a new program manager after January 1, 2010, shall require the manager within six months of hire to complete an assisted living management class whose curriculum includes at least six hours of training specifically related to Iowa rules and laws on assisted living programs. Managers who have completed a similar training prior to January 1, 2010, shall not be required to complete additional training to meet this requirement.

**69.29(6)** All programs employing a new delegating nurse after January 1, 2010, shall require the delegating nurse within six months of hire to complete an assisted living manager class or assisted living nursing class whose curriculum includes at least six hours of training specifically related to Iowa rules and laws on assisted living. A minimum of one delegating nurse from each program must complete the training. If there are multiple delegating nurses and only one delegating nurse completes the training, the delegating nurse who completes the training shall train the other delegating nurses in the Iowa rules and laws on assisted living. As of January 1, 2011, all programs shall have a minimum of one delegating nurse who has completed the training described in this subrule.

**69.29(7)** The program shall notify the department in writing within ten business days of a change in the program's manager.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—69.30(231C) Dementia-specific education for program personnel.**

**69.30(1)** All personnel employed by or contracting with a dementia-specific program shall receive a minimum of eight hours of dementia-specific education and training within 30 days of either employment or the beginning date of the contract, as applicable.

**69.30(2)** The dementia-specific education or training shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- a. An explanation of Alzheimer's disease and related disorders;
- b. The program's specialized dementia care philosophy and program;
- c. Skills for communicating with persons with dementia;
- d. Skills for communicating with family and friends of persons with dementia;
- e. An explanation of family issues such as role reversal, grief and loss, guilt, relinquishing the care-giving role, and family dynamics;
- f. The importance of planned and spontaneous activities;
- g. Skills in providing assistance with instrumental activities of daily living;
- h. The importance of the service plan and social history information;
- i. Skills in working with challenging tenants;
- j. Techniques for simplifying, cueing, and redirecting;
- k. Staff support and stress reduction; and



*l.* Medication management and nonpharmacological interventions.

**69.30(3)** Dementia-specific continuing education.

*a.* Except as otherwise provided in this subrule, all personnel employed by or contracting with a dementia-specific program shall receive a minimum of two hours of dementia-specific continuing education annually.

*b.* Direct-contact personnel employed by or contracting with a dementia-specific program or employed by a contracting agency providing staff to a dementia-specific program shall receive a minimum of eight hours of dementia-specific continuing education annually.

*c.* Contracted personnel who have no contact with tenants (e.g., persons providing lawn maintenance or snow removal) are not required to receive the two hours of training required in paragraph “*a.*”

*d.* The contracting agency may provide the program with documentation of dementia-specific continuing education that meets the requirements of this subrule.

**69.30(4)** An employee or contractor who provides documentation of completion of a dementia-specific education or training program within the past 12 months shall be exempt from the education and training requirement of subrule 69.30(1).

**69.30(5)** Dementia-specific training shall include hands-on training and may include any of the following: classroom instruction, Web-based training, and case studies of tenants in the program.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—69.31(231C) Managed risk policy and managed risk consensus agreements.** The program shall have a managed risk policy. The managed risk policy shall be provided to the tenant along with the occupancy agreement. The managed risk policy shall include the following:

**69.31(1)** An acknowledgment of the shared responsibility for identifying and meeting the needs of the tenant and the process for managing risk and for upholding tenant autonomy when tenant decision making results in poor outcomes for the tenant or others; and

**69.31(2)** A consensus-based process to address specific risk situations. Program staff and the tenant shall participate in the process. The result of the consensus-based process may be a managed risk consensus agreement. The managed risk consensus agreement shall include the signature of the tenant and the signatures of all others who participated in the process. The managed risk consensus agreement shall be included in the tenant’s file.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.32(231C) Life safety—emergency policies and procedures and structural safety requirements.**

**69.32(1)** The program shall submit to the department and follow written emergency policies and procedures, which shall include the following:

*a.* An emergency plan, which shall include procedures for natural disasters (identify where the plan is located for easy reference);

*b.* Fire safety procedures;

*c.* Other general or personal emergency procedures;

*d.* Provisions for amending or revising the emergency plan;

*e.* Provisions for periodic training of all employees;

*f.* Procedures for fire drills;

*g.* Regulations regarding smoking;

*h.* Monitoring and testing of smoke-control systems;

*i.* Tenant evacuation procedures; and

*j.* Procedures for reporting and documentation.

**69.32(2)** An operating alarm system shall be connected to each exit door in a dementia-specific program.

**69.32(3)** The program shall obtain approval from the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety before the installation of any delayed-egress specialized locking systems.

**69.32(4)** A program serving a person(s) with cognitive disorder or dementia shall have:

- a. Written procedures regarding alarm systems, if an alarm system is in place.
- b. Written procedures regarding appropriate staff response when a tenant's service plan indicates a risk of elopement or when a tenant exhibits wandering behavior.
- c. Written procedures regarding appropriate staff response if a tenant with cognitive disorder or dementia is missing.

**69.32(5)** The program's structure and procedures and the facility in which a program is located shall meet the requirements adopted for assisted living programs in administrative rules promulgated by the state fire marshal. Approval of the state fire marshal indicating that the building is in compliance with these requirements is necessary for certification of a program.

**69.32(6)** The program shall have the means to control the maximum temperature of water at sources accessible by a tenant to prevent scalding and shall control the maximum water temperature for tenants with cognitive impairment or dementia or at a tenant's request.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—69.33(231C) Transportation.** When transportation services are provided directly or under contract with the program:

**69.33(1)** The vehicle shall be accessible and appropriate to the tenants who use it, with consideration for any physical disabilities and impairments.

**69.33(2)** Every tenant transported shall have a seat in the vehicle, except for a tenant who remains in a wheelchair during transport.

**69.33(3)** Vehicles shall have adequate seat belts and securing devices for ambulatory and wheelchair-using passengers.

**69.33(4)** Wheelchairs shall be secured when the vehicle is in motion.

**69.33(5)** During loading and unloading of a tenant, the driver shall be in the proximate area of the tenants in a vehicle.

**69.33(6)** The driver shall have a valid and appropriate Iowa driver's license or commercial driver's license as required by law for the vehicle being utilized for transport. If the driver is licensed in another state, the license shall be valid and appropriate for the vehicle being utilized for transport. The driver shall meet any state or federal requirements for licensure or certification for the vehicle operated.

**69.33(7)** Each vehicle shall have a first-aid kit, fire extinguisher, safety triangles and a device for two-way communication.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.34(231C) Activities.**

**69.34(1)** The program shall provide appropriate activities for each tenant. Activities shall reflect individual differences in age, health status, sensory deficits, lifestyle, ethnic and cultural beliefs, religious beliefs, values, experiences, needs, interests, abilities and skills by providing opportunities for a variety of types and levels of involvement.

**69.34(2)** Activities shall be planned to support the tenant's service plan and shall be consistent with the program statement and occupancy policies.

**69.34(3)** A written schedule of activities shall be developed at least monthly and made available to tenants and their legal representatives.

**69.34(4)** Tenants shall be given the opportunity to choose their levels of participation in all activities offered in the program.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.35(231C) Structural requirements.**

**69.35(1) General requirements.**

- a. The structure of the program shall be designed and operated to meet the needs of the tenants.
- b. The buildings and grounds shall be well-maintained, clean, safe and sanitary.
- c. Programs shall have private dwelling units with a single-action, lockable entrance door.

*d.* A program serving persons with cognitive impairment or dementia, whether in a general or dementia-specific setting, shall have the means to disable or remove the lock on an entrance door and shall disable or remove the lock if its presence presents a danger to the health and safety of the tenant.

*e.* The structure in which a program is housed shall comply with the administrative rules promulgated by the state fire marshal.

*f.* Programs may have individual cooking facilities within the private dwelling units. Any program serving persons with cognitive impairment or dementia, whether in a general or dementia-specific setting, shall have the means to disable or easily remove appliances and shall disable or remove them if their presence presents a danger to the health and safety of the tenant or others.

**69.35(2)** *Programs certified prior to July 4, 2001.* Facilities for programs certified prior to July 4, 2001, shall meet the following requirements:

*a.* Each dwelling unit shall have at least one room that shall have not less than 120 square feet of floor area. Other habitable rooms shall have an area of not less than 70 square feet.

*b.* Each dwelling unit shall have not less than 190 square feet of floor area, excluding bathrooms.

*c.* A dwelling unit used for double occupancy shall have not less than 290 square feet of floor area, excluding bathrooms.

*d.* The program shall have a minimum of 15 square feet of common area per tenant.

**69.35(3)** *New construction built on or after July 4, 2001.* Programs operated in new construction built on or after July 4, 2001, shall meet the following requirements:

*a.* Each dwelling unit shall have at least one room that shall have not less than 120 square feet of floor area. Other habitable rooms shall have an area of not less than 70 square feet.

*b.* Each dwelling unit used for single occupancy shall have a total square footage of not less than 240 square feet of floor area, excluding bathrooms and door swing.

*c.* A dwelling unit used for double occupancy shall have a total square footage of not less than 340 square feet of floor area, excluding bathrooms and door swing.

*d.* Each dwelling unit shall contain a bathroom, including but not limited to a toilet, sink and bathing facilities. A program serving persons with cognitive impairment or dementia, whether in a general or dementia-specific setting, shall have the means to disable or remove the sink or bathing facility water control and shall disable or remove the water control if its presence presents a danger to the health and safety of the tenant.

*e.* Self-closing doors are not required for individual dwelling units, whether in a general or dementia-specific setting, unless the authority with jurisdiction determines that the level of hazard has increased to require the installation of closure hardware (for example, presence of a stove, range or oven).

**69.35(4)** *Structure being converted to or remodeled for use by a program on or after July 4, 2001.* A program operating in a structure that was converted or remodeled for use for a program on or after July 4, 2001, shall meet the following requirements:

*a.* Each dwelling unit shall have at least one room that has not less than 120 square feet of floor area. Other habitable rooms shall have an area of not less than 70 square feet.

*b.* Each dwelling unit used for single occupancy shall have a total square footage of not less than 190 square feet of floor area, excluding bathrooms and door swing.

*c.* A dwelling unit used for double occupancy shall have a total square footage of not less than 290 square feet of floor area, excluding bathrooms and door swing.

*d.* Each dwelling unit shall have a bathroom, including but not limited to a toilet, sink and bathing facility.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—69.36(231C) Dwelling units in dementia-specific programs.** Dementia-specific programs are exempt from the requirements in subrules 69.35(2) to 69.35(4) as follows:

**69.36(1)** For a program built in a family or neighborhood design:

*a.* Each dwelling unit used for single occupancy shall have a total square footage of not less than 150 square feet of floor area, excluding a bathroom; and

b. Each dwelling unit used for double occupancy shall have a total square footage of not less than 250 square feet of floor area, excluding a bathroom.

**69.36(2)** Dementia-specific programs may choose not to provide bathing facilities in the dwelling units.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.37(231C) Landlord and tenant Act.** Iowa Code chapter 562A, the uniform residential landlord and tenant Act, shall apply to programs under this chapter.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.38(83GA,SF203) Identification of veteran’s benefit eligibility.**

**69.38(1)** Within 30 days of a tenant’s admission to an assisted living program that receives reimbursement through the medical assistance program under Iowa Code chapter 249A, the program shall ask the tenant or the tenant’s personal representative whether the tenant is a veteran or whether the tenant is the spouse, widow, or dependent of a veteran and shall document the response.

**69.38(2)** If the program determines that the tenant may be a veteran or the spouse, widow, or dependent of a veteran, the program shall report the tenant’s name along with the name of the veteran, if applicable, as well as the name of the contact person for this information, to the Iowa department of veterans affairs. When appropriate, the program may also report such information to the Iowa department of human services.

**69.38(3)** If a tenant is eligible for benefits through the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs or other third-party payor, the program first shall seek reimbursement from the identified payor source before seeking reimbursement from the medical assistance program established under Iowa Code chapter 249A.

[ARC 8176B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—69.39(231C) Respite care services.** “Respite care services” means an organized program of temporary supportive care provided for 24 hours or more to a person in order to relieve the usual caregiver of the person from providing continual care to the person. “Respite care individual” means an individual receiving respite care services. An assisted living program which chooses to provide respite care services must meet the following requirements related to respite care services and must be certified as an assisted living program.

**69.39(1) Length of stay.** Respite care services shall be provided for no more than 30 consecutive days and for a total of no more than 60 days in a consecutive 12-month period. The 12-month period begins on the first day of the respite care individual’s stay in the program.

**69.39(2) No separate certificate.** An assisted living program that chooses to provide respite care services is not required to obtain a separate certificate or pay a certification fee.

**69.39(3) Assessment.** The program nurse shall conduct an assessment of the respite care individual prior to the respite care individual’s stay. The assessment shall be documented and shall include, at a minimum:

- a. Safety and supervision needs;
- b. Medical needs;
- c. Dietary needs; and
- d. Bowel and bladder function.

**69.39(4) Written direction to staff.** The program nurse shall document the care needs of the respite care individual based on the assessment conducted pursuant to subrule 69.39(3) and provide the documentation to staff.

**69.39(5) Involuntary termination of respite care services.** The program may terminate the respite care services for a respite care individual. Rule 481—69.24(231C) shall not apply. The program shall make proper arrangements for the welfare of the respite care individual prior to involuntary termination of respite care services, including notification of the respite care individual’s family or legal representative.

**69.39(6) Contract.** The program shall have a contract with each respite care individual. The contract shall, at a minimum, include the following:

- a. The time period during which the individual will be considered to be receiving respite care services, not to exceed 30 consecutive days.
- b. A description of all fees, charges, and rates for respite care services, and any additional and optional services and their related costs.
- c. A statement that respite care services may be involuntarily terminated. Rule 481—69.24(231C) shall not apply.
- d. Identification of the party responsible for payment of fees and identification of the respite care individual's legal representative, if any.
- e. Identification of emergency contacts, including but not limited to the respite care individual's family member(s) and physician.
- f. A statement that all respite care individual information shall be maintained in a confidential manner to the extent required under state and federal law.
- g. The refund policy, if applicable.
- h. A statement regarding billing and payment procedures.

**69.39(7) Admission to program.**

- a. A respite care individual shall not be considered an admission to the program.
- b. A respite care individual shall be included in the program's census.
- c. The program shall not enter into multiple 30-day contracts with a respite care individual in order to lengthen the respite care individual's stay in the program.
- d. If a respite care individual remains in the program beyond 30 consecutive days and is eligible for admission, the department shall consider the individual a tenant in the program. The program shall follow all requirements for admission to the program.

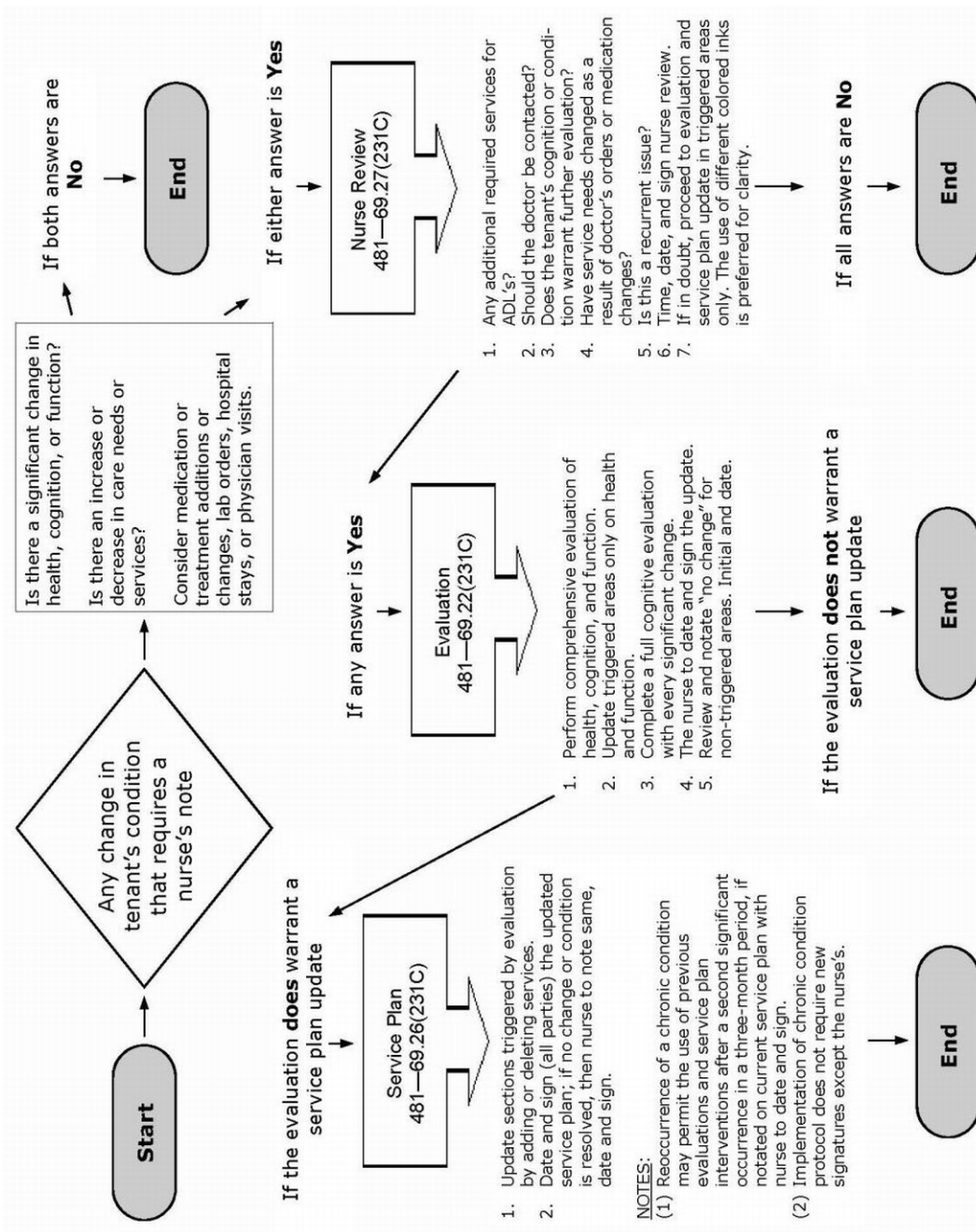
**69.39(8) Level of care criteria.** Respite care individuals must meet the criteria found in subrule 69.23(1) for admission and retention of tenants. Respite care services shall not be provided by an assisted living program to persons requiring a level of care which is higher than the level of care the program is certified to provide.

**69.39(9) Accessibility by the department.** The department shall have the same access to respite care services records as provided in 481—subrule 67.10(2).

[ARC 1667C, IAB 10/15/14, effective 11/19/14]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 231C.

Table A



[Filed ARC 8176B (Notice ARC 7878B, IAB 6/17/09), IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]  
 [Filed ARC 1376C (Notice ARC 1291C, IAB 1/22/14), IAB 3/19/14, effective 4/23/14]  
 [Filed ARC 1667C (Notice ARC 1511C, IAB 6/25/14), IAB 10/15/14, effective 11/19/14]  
 [Filed ARC 1927C (Notice ARC 1860C, IAB 2/4/15), IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]  
 [Filed ARC 2463C (Notice ARC 2200C, IAB 10/14/15), IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

CHAPTER 70  
ADULT DAY SERVICES

**481—70.1(231D) Definitions.** In addition to the definitions in 481—Chapter 67 and Iowa Code chapter 231D, the following definitions apply.

“*Accredited*” means that the program has received accreditation from an accreditation entity recognized in subrule 70.14(1).

“*Adult day services*” or “*adult day services program*” or “*program*” means an organized program providing a variety of health-related care, social services, and other related support services for 16 hours or less in a 24-hour period to two or more persons with a functional impairment on a regularly scheduled, contractual basis.

“*Applicable requirements*” means Iowa Code chapter 231D, this chapter, and 481—Chapter 67 and includes any other applicable administrative rules and provisions of the Iowa Code.

“*CARF*” means the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities.

“*Change of ownership*” means the purchase, transfer, assignment or lease of a certified adult day services program and includes a change in the management company responsible for the day-to-day operation of the program, if the management company is ultimately responsible for any enforcement action taken by the department.

“*Cognitive disorder*” means a disorder characterized by cognitive dysfunction presumed to be the result of illness that does not meet criteria for dementia, delirium, or amnesic disorder.

“*Contractual agreement*” means a written agreement between the program and the participant or legal representative.

“*Dementia-specific adult day services program*” means an adult day services program certified under this chapter that:

1. Serves fewer than 55 participants and has 5 or more participants who have dementia between Stages 4 and 7 on the Global Deterioration Scale, or
2. Serves 55 or more participants and 10 percent or more of the participants have dementia between Stages 4 and 7 on the Global Deterioration Scale, or
3. Holds itself out as providing specialized care for persons with dementia, such as Alzheimer’s disease, in a dedicated setting.

“*Functional impairment*” means a psychological, cognitive, or physical impairment that creates an inability to perform personal and instrumental activities of daily living and associated tasks and that necessitates some form of supervision or assistance or both.

“*Maximal assistance with activities of daily living*” means routine total dependence on staff for the performance of a minimum of four activities of daily living for a period that exceeds 21 days.

“*Medically unstable*” means that a participant has a condition or conditions:

1. Indicating physiological frailty as determined by the program’s staff in consultation with a physician or physician extender;
2. Resulting in three or more significant hospitalizations within a consecutive three-month period for more than observation; and
3. Requiring frequent supervision of the participant for more than 21 days by a registered nurse.

For example, a participant who has a condition such as congestive heart failure which results in three or more significant hospitalizations during a quarter and which requires that the participant receive frequent supervision may be considered medically unstable.

“*Nonaccredited*” means that the program has been certified under the provisions of this chapter but has not received accreditation from the accreditation entity recognized in subrule 70.14(1).

“*Participant*” means an individual who is the recipient of services provided by an adult day services program.

“*Participant’s legal representative*” means a person appointed by the court to act on behalf of a participant, or a person acting pursuant to a power of attorney.

“*Unmanageable incontinence*” means a condition that requires staff provision of total care for an incontinent participant who lacks the ability to assist in bladder or bowel continence care.

“*Unmanageable verbal abuse*” means repeated verbalizations against participants or staff that persist despite all interventions and negatively affect the program. “Unmanageable verbal abuse” includes but is not limited to threats, frequent use of profane language, or unwelcome sexually oriented remarks.

“*Visiting day(s)*” means up to 16 hours in a two-day period during which a person may visit a program prior to admission for the purpose of assessing eligibility for the program and personal satisfaction.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—70.2(231D) Program certification.** A program may obtain certification by meeting all applicable requirements. In addition, a program may be voluntarily accredited by a recognized accreditation entity. For the purpose of these rules, certification is equivalent to licensure.

**70.2(1) Posting requirements.** A program’s current certificate shall be visibly displayed within the designated operation area of the program. In addition, the latest monitoring report, state fire marshal report, and food establishment inspections report issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 137F shall be made available to the public by the program upon request.

**70.2(2) Dementia-specific programs and door alarms.** If a program meets the definition of a dementia-specific adult day services program during two sequential certification monitorings, the program shall meet all requirements for a dementia-specific program, including the requirements set forth in rule 481—70.30(231D) and in subrule 70.32(2), which includes the requirements relating to door alarms.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.3(231D) Certification of a nonaccredited program—application process.**

**70.3(1)** The applicant shall complete an application packet obtained from the department. Application materials may be obtained from the health facilities division Web site at [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do); by mail from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Adult Services Bureau, Lucas State Office Building, Third Floor, 321 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083; or by telephone at (515)281-6325.

**70.3(2)** The applicant shall submit one copy of the completed application and all supporting documentation to the department at the above address at least 90 calendar days prior to the expected date of beginning operation.

**70.3(3)** The appropriate fee as stated in Iowa Code section 231D.4 shall accompany each application and be payable by check or money order to the Department of Inspections and Appeals. Fees are nonrefundable.

**70.3(4)** The department shall consider the application when all supporting documents and fees are received.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.4(231D) Nonaccredited program—application content.** An application for certification or recertification of a nonaccredited program shall include the following:

**70.4(1)** A list that includes the names, addresses, and percentage of stock, shares, partnership or other equity interest of all officers, members of the board of directors and trustees, as well as stockholders, partners or any individuals who have greater than a 10 percent equity interest in each of the following, as applicable:

- a. The real estate owner or lessor;
- b. The lessee; and
- c. The management company responsible for the day-to-day operation of the program.

The program shall notify the department of any changes in the list no later than ten working days after the effective date of the change.

**70.4(2)** A statement disclosing whether the individuals listed in subrule 70.4(1) have been convicted of a felony or an aggravated or serious misdemeanor or found to be in violation of the child abuse or dependent adult abuse laws of any state.



**70.4(3)** A statement disclosing whether any of the individuals listed in subrule 70.4(1) have or have had an ownership interest in an adult day services program, assisted living program, elder group home, home health agency, licensed health care facility as defined in Iowa Code section 135C.1, or licensed hospital as defined in Iowa Code section 135B.1, which has been closed in any state due to removal of program, agency, or facility licensure or certification or due to involuntary termination from participation in either the Medicaid or Medicare program; or have been found to have failed to provide adequate protection or services to prevent abuse or neglect of residents, patients, tenants or participants.

**70.4(4)** The policy and procedure for evaluation of each participant. A copy of the evaluation tool or tools to be used to identify the functional, cognitive and health status of each participant shall be included.

**70.4(5)** The policy and procedure for service plans.

**70.4(6)** The policy and procedure for addressing medication needs of participants.

**70.4(7)** The policy and procedure for accidents and emergency response.

**70.4(8)** The policies and procedures for food service, including those relating to staffing, nutrition, menu planning, therapeutic diets, and food preparation, service and storage.

**70.4(9)** The policy and procedure for activities.

**70.4(10)** The policy and procedure for transportation.

**70.4(11)** The policy and procedure for staffing and training.

**70.4(12)** The policy and procedure for emergencies, including natural disasters. The policy and procedure shall include an evacuation plan and procedures for notifying legal representatives in emergency situations as applicable.

**70.4(13)** The policy and procedure for managing risk and upholding participant autonomy when participant decision making results in poor outcomes for the participant or others.

**70.4(14)** The policy and procedure for reporting incidents including dependent adult abuse as required in rule 481—67.2(231B,231C,231D).

**70.4(15)** The policy and procedure related to life safety requirements for a dementia-specific program as required by subrule 70.32(2).

**70.4(16)** The participant contractual agreement and all attachments.

**70.4(17)** If the program contracts for personal care or health-related care services from a certified home health agency, a mental health center or a licensed health care facility, a copy of that entity's current license or certification.

**70.4(18)** A copy of the state license for the entity that provides food service, whether the entity is the program or an outside entity or a combination of both.

**70.4(19)** The fee set forth in Iowa Code section 231D.4.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—70.5(231D) Initial certification process for a nonaccredited program.**

**70.5(1)** Upon receipt of all completed documentation, including state fire marshal approval and structural and evacuation review approval, the department shall determine whether the proposed program meets applicable requirements.

**70.5(2)** If, based upon the review of the complete application, including all required supporting documents, the department determines the proposed program meets the requirements for certification, a provisional certification shall be issued to the program to begin operation and accept participants.

**70.5(3)** Within 180 calendar days following issuance of provisional certification, the department shall conduct a monitoring to determine the program's compliance with applicable requirements.

**70.5(4)** If a regulatory insufficiency is identified as a result of the monitoring, the process in rule 481—67.10(17A,231B,231C,231D) shall be followed.

**70.5(5)** The department shall make a final certification decision based on the results of the monitoring and review of an acceptable plan of correction.

**70.5(6)** The department shall notify the program of a final certification decision within 10 working days following the finalization of the monitoring report or receipt of an acceptable plan of correction, whichever is applicable.

**70.5(7)** If the decision is to continue certification, the department shall issue a full two-year certification effective from the date of the original provisional certification.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.6(231D) Expiration of the certification of a nonaccredited program.**

**70.6(1)** Unless conditionally issued, suspended or revoked, certification of a program shall expire at the end of the time period specified on the certificate.

**70.6(2)** The department shall send recertification application materials to each program at least 120 calendar days prior to expiration of the program's certification.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.7(231D) Recertification process for a nonaccredited program.** To obtain recertification, a program shall:

**70.7(1)** Submit one copy of the completed application, including the information required in rule 481—70.4(231D), associated documentation, and the recertification fee as listed in Iowa Code section 231D.4 to the department at the address stated in subrule 70.3(1) at least 90 calendar days prior to the expiration of the program's certification. The program need not submit policies and procedures that have been previously submitted to the department and remain unchanged. The program shall provide a list of the policies and procedures that have been previously submitted and are not being resubmitted.

**70.7(2)** Submit additional documentation that each of the following has been inspected by a qualified professional and found to be maintained in conformance with the manufacturer's recommendations and nationally recognized standards: heating system, cooling system, water heater, electrical system, plumbing, sewage system, artificial lighting, and ventilation system; and, if located on site, garbage disposal, kitchen appliances, washing machines and dryers, and elevators.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.8(231D) Notification of recertification for a nonaccredited program.**

**70.8(1)** The department shall review the application and associated documentation and fees. If the application is incomplete, the department shall contact the program to request the additional information. After all finalized documentation is received, including state fire marshal approval, the department shall determine the program's compliance with applicable requirements.

**70.8(2)** The department shall conduct a monitoring of the program between 60 and 90 days prior to expiration of the program's certification.

**70.8(3)** If a regulatory insufficiency is identified as a result of the monitoring, the process in rule 481—67.10(17A,231B,231C,231D) shall be followed.

**70.8(4)** If no regulatory insufficiency is identified as a result of the monitoring, the department shall issue a report of the findings with the final recertification decision.

**70.8(5)** If the decision is to recertify, the department shall issue the program a two-year certification effective from the date of the expiration of the previous certification.

**70.8(6)** If the decision is to deny recertification, the department shall issue a notice of denial and provide the program the opportunity for a hearing pursuant to rule 481—67.13(17A,231B,231C,231D).

**70.8(7)** If the department is unable to recertify a program through no fault of the program, the department shall issue to the program a time-limited extension of certification of no longer than one year.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.9(231D) Certification or recertification of an accredited program—application process.**

**70.9(1)** An applicant for certification or recertification of a program accredited by a recognized accrediting entity shall:

*a.* Submit a completed application packet obtained from the department. Application materials may be obtained from the health facilities division Web site at [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do); by mail from the Department of Inspections and

Appeals, Adult Services Bureau, Lucas State Office Building, Third Floor, 321 E. 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083; or by telephone at (515)281-6325.

*b.* Submit a copy of the current accreditation outcome from the recognized accrediting entity.

*c.* Apply for certification or recertification within 90 calendar days following verification of compliance with the requirements of the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety pursuant to this chapter.

*d.* Submit the appropriate fees as set forth in Iowa Code section 231D.4.

**70.9(2)** The department shall not consider an application until it is complete and includes all supporting documentation and the appropriate fees.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—70.10(231D) Certification or recertification of an accredited program—application content.** An application for certification or recertification of an accredited program shall include the following:

**70.10(1)** A list that includes the names, addresses and percentage of stock, shares, partnership or other equity interest of all officers, members of the board of directors, and trustees, as well as stockholders, partners or any individuals who have greater than a 10 percent equity interest in each of the following, as applicable:

*a.* The real estate owner or lessor;

*b.* The lessee; and

*c.* The management company responsible for the day-to-day operation of the program.

The program shall notify the department of any changes in the list no later than ten working days after the effective date of the change.

**70.10(2)** A statement disclosing whether the individuals listed in subrule 70.10(1) have been convicted of a felony or an aggravated or serious misdemeanor or found to be in violation of the child abuse or dependent adult abuse laws of any state.

**70.10(3)** A statement disclosing whether any of the individuals listed in subrule 70.10(1) have or have had an ownership interest in an adult day services program, assisted living program, elder group home, home health agency, licensed health care facility as defined under Iowa Code section 135C.1, or licensed hospital as defined under Iowa Code section 135B.1, which has been closed in any state due to removal of program, agency, or facility licensure or certification or due to involuntary termination from participation in either the Medicaid or Medicare program; or have been found to have failed to provide adequate protection or services to prevent abuse or neglect of residents, patients, tenants or participants.

**70.10(4)** A copy of the current accreditation outcome from the recognized accrediting entity.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—70.11(231D) Initial certification process for an accredited program.**

**70.11(1)** Within 20 working days of receiving all finalized documentation, including state fire marshal approval, the department shall determine and notify the accredited program whether the accredited program meets applicable requirements and whether certification will be issued.

**70.11(2)** If the decision is to certify, a certification shall be issued for the term of the accreditation not to exceed three years, unless the certification is conditionally issued, suspended or revoked by either the department or the recognized accrediting entity.

**70.11(3)** If the decision is to deny certification, the department shall provide the applicant an opportunity for hearing in accordance with rule 481—67.13(17A,231B,231C,231D).

**70.11(4)** Unless conditionally issued, suspended or revoked, certification for a program shall expire at the end of the time period specified on the certificate.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.12(231D) Recertification process for an accredited program.**

**70.12(1)** The department shall send recertification application materials to each program at least 120 calendar days prior to expiration of the program's certification.

**70.12(2)** To obtain recertification, an accredited program shall submit one copy of the completed application, associated documentation, and the administrative fee as stated in Iowa Code section 231D.4 to the department at the address stated in subrule 70.9(1) at least 90 calendar days prior to the expiration of the program's certification.

**70.12(3)** Within 20 working days of receiving all finalized documentation, including state fire marshal approval, the department shall determine the program's compliance with applicable requirements and make a recertification decision.

**70.12(4)** The department shall notify the accredited program within 10 working days of the final recertification decision.

*a.* If the decision is to recertify, a full certification shall be issued for the term of the accreditation not to exceed three years, unless the certification is conditionally issued, suspended or revoked by either the department or the recognized accrediting entity.

*b.* If the decision is to deny recertification, the department shall provide the applicant an opportunity for hearing in accordance with rule 481—67.13(17A,231B,231C,231D).

**70.12(5)** If the department is unable to recertify a program through no fault of the program, the department shall issue to the program a time-limited extension of certification of no longer than one year.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.13(231D) Listing of all certified programs.** The department shall maintain a list of all certified programs, which is available online at [https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA\\_HFD/Home.do](https://dia-hfd.iowa.gov/DIA_HFD/Home.do), under the “Entities Book” tab.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.14(231D) Recognized accrediting entity.**

**70.14(1)** The department designates CARF as a recognized accrediting entity for programs.

**70.14(2)** To apply for designation by the department as a recognized accrediting entity for programs, an accrediting entity shall submit a letter of request, and its standards shall, at minimum, meet the applicable requirements for programs.

**70.14(3)** The designation shall remain in effect for as long as the accreditation standards continue to meet, at minimum, the applicable requirements for programs.

**70.14(4)** An accrediting entity shall provide annually to the department, at no cost, a current edition of the applicable standards manual and survey preparation guide, and training thereon, within 120 working days after the publications are released.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.15(231D) Requirements for an accredited program.** Each accredited program that is certified by the department shall:

**70.15(1)** Provide the department a copy of all survey reports including outcomes, quality improvement plans and annual conformance to quality reports generated or received, as applicable, within ten working days of receipt of the reports.

**70.15(2)** Notify the department by the most expeditious means possible of all credible reports of alleged improper or inappropriate conduct or conditions within the program and any actions taken by the accrediting entity with respect thereto.

**70.15(3)** Notify the department immediately of the expiration, suspension, revocation or other loss of the program's accreditation.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.16(231D) Maintenance of program accreditation.**

**70.16(1)** An accredited program shall continue to be recognized for certification by the department if both of the following requirements are met:

*a.* The program complies with the requirements outlined in rule 481—70.15(231D).

*b.* The program maintains its voluntary accreditation status for the duration of the time-limited certification period.

**70.16(2)** A program that does not maintain its voluntary accreditation status must become certified by the department prior to any lapse in accreditation.

**70.16(3)** A program that does not maintain its voluntary accreditation status and is not certified by the department prior to any lapse in voluntary accreditation shall cease operation as a program.  
[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.17(231D) Change of ownership—notification to the department.**

**70.17(1)** Certification, unless conditionally issued, suspended or revoked, may be transferable. If the program's certification has been conditionally issued, the department must approve a change of ownership prior to the transfer of the certification.

**70.17(2)** In order to transfer certification, the applicant must:

*a.* Meet the requirements of the rules, regulations and standards contained in Iowa Code chapter 231D and 481—Chapter 67 and this chapter; and

*b.* At least 30 days prior to the change of ownership of the program, make application on forms provided by the department.

**70.17(3)** The department may conduct a monitoring within 90 days following a change in the program's ownership to ensure that the program complies with applicable requirements. If a regulatory insufficiency is found, the department shall take any necessary enforcement action authorized by applicable requirements.

[ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—70.18(231D) Plan reviews of a building for a new program.**

**70.18(1)** Before a building is constructed or remodeled for use in a new program, the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety shall review the blueprints for compliance with requirements pursuant to this chapter. Construction or remodeling includes new construction, remodeling of any part of an existing building, addition of a new wing or floor to an existing building, or conversion of an existing building.

**70.18(2)** A program applicant shall submit blueprints wet-sealed by an Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer and the blueprint plan review fee as stated in Iowa Code section 231D.4 to the Department of Public Safety, State Fire Marshal Division, 215 E. 7th Street, Third Floor, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

**70.18(3)** Failure to submit the blueprint plan review fee with the blueprints shall result in delay of the blueprint plan review until the fee is received.

**70.18(4)** The state fire marshal division of the department of public safety shall review the blueprints and notify the Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer in writing regarding the status of compliance with requirements.

**70.18(5)** The Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer shall respond to the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety to state how any noncompliance will be resolved.

**70.18(6)** Upon final notification by the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety that the blueprints meet structural and life safety requirements, construction or remodeling of the building may commence.

**70.18(7)** The state fire marshal division of the department of public safety shall schedule an on-site visit of the building site with the contractor, or Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer, during the construction or remodeling process to ensure compliance with the approved blueprints. Any noncompliance must be resolved prior to approval for certification.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—70.19(231D) Plan review prior to the remodeling of a building for a certified program.**

**70.19(1)** Before a building for a certified program is remodeled, the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety shall review the blueprints for compliance with requirements set forth in

rule 481—70.35(231D). Remodeling includes modification of any part of an existing building, addition of a new wing or floor to an existing building, or conversion of an existing building.

**70.19(2)** A certified program shall submit blueprints wet-sealed by an Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer and the blueprint plan review fee as stated in Iowa Code section 231D.4 to the Department of Public Safety, State Fire Marshal Division, 215 E. 7th Street, Third Floor, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

**70.19(3)** Failure to submit the blueprint plan review fee with the blueprints shall result in delay of the blueprint plan review until the fee is received.

**70.19(4)** The state fire marshal division of the department of public safety shall review the blueprints within 20 working days of receipt and immediately notify the Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer in writing regarding the status of compliance with requirements.

**70.19(5)** The Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer shall respond to the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety in 20 working days to state how any noncompliance will be resolved.

**70.19(6)** Upon final notification by the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety that the blueprints meet structural and life safety requirements, remodeling of the building may commence.

**70.19(7)** The state fire marshal division of the department of public safety shall schedule an on-site visit of the building with the contractor, or Iowa-licensed architect or Iowa-licensed engineer, during the remodeling process to ensure compliance with the approved blueprints. Any noncompliance must be resolved prior to approval for continued certification or recertification of the program.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

#### **481—70.20(231D) Cessation of program operation.**

**70.20(1)** If a certified program ceases operation, which includes seeking decertification, at any time prior to expiration of the program's certification, the program shall submit the certificate to the department. The program shall provide, at least 90 days in advance of cessation, which includes seeking decertification, unless there is some type of emergency, written notification to the department of the date on which the program will cease operation, which includes seeking decertification.

**70.20(2)** If a certified program plans to cease operation, which includes seeking decertification, at the time the program's certification expires, the program shall provide written notice of this fact to the department at least 90 days prior to expiration of the certification.

**70.20(3)** At the time a program decides to cease operation, which includes seeking decertification, the program shall submit a plan to the department and make arrangements for the safe and orderly discharge or transition of all participants within the 90-day period specified by subrule 70.20(2).

**70.20(4)** The department may conduct a monitoring during the 90-day period to ensure the safety of participants during the discharge process or transition process.

**70.20(5)** The department may conduct an on-site visit to verify that the program has ceased operation as a certified program in accordance with the notice provided by the program.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

#### **481—70.21(231D) Contractual agreement.**

**70.21(1)** The contractual agreement shall be in 12-point type or larger, shall be written in plain language using commonly understood terms and shall be easy for the participant or the participant's legal representative to understand.

**70.21(2)** In addition to the requirements of Iowa Code section 231D.17, the written contractual agreement shall include, but not be limited to, the following information in the body of the agreement or in the supporting documents and attachments:

- a. The telephone number for filing a complaint with the department.
- b. The telephone number for reporting dependent adult abuse.
- c. A copy of the program's statement on participants' rights.
- d. A statement that the program will notify the participant at least 90 days in advance of any planned program cessation, which includes voluntary decertification, except in cases of emergency.

e. A copy of the program's admission and discharge criteria.

**70.21(3)** The contractual agreement shall be reviewed and updated as necessary to reflect any change in services or financial arrangements.

**70.21(4)** A copy of the contractual agreement shall be provided to the participant or the participant's legal representative, if any, and a copy shall be kept by the program.

**70.21(5)** A copy of the most current contractual agreement shall be made available to the general public upon request. The basic marketing material shall include a statement that a copy of the contractual agreement is available to all persons upon request.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

#### **481—70.22(231D) Evaluation of participant.**

**70.22(1)** *Evaluation prior to participation.* A program shall evaluate each prospective participant's functional, cognitive and health status prior to the participant's signing the contractual agreement and participating in the program, with the exception of visiting day(s), to determine the participant's eligibility for the program, including whether the services needed are available. The cognitive evaluation shall be appropriate to the population served. When the cognitive evaluation indicates moderate cognitive decline and risk, the Global Deterioration Scale shall be used at all subsequent intervals, if applicable. If the participant subsequently returns to the participant's mildly cognitively impaired state, the program may discontinue the GDS and revert to a scored cognitive screening tool. The evaluation shall be conducted by a health care professional or human service professional.

**70.22(2)** *Evaluation within 30 days of participation and with significant change.* A program shall evaluate each participant's functional, cognitive and health status within 30 days of the participant's beginning participation in the program. A program shall also evaluate each participant's functional, cognitive and health status as needed with significant change, but not less than annually, to determine the participant's continued eligibility for the program and to determine any changes to services needed. The evaluation shall be conducted by a health care professional or human service professional. A licensed practical nurse may complete the evaluation via nurse delegation when the participant has not exhibited a significant change.

**70.22(3)** *Requirements for visiting day(s).* Evaluation of the participant is not required during visiting day(s), but the program shall provide the participant or the participant's legal representative with a written explanation of the expectations for the visiting day(s).

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

#### **481—70.23(231D) Criteria for admission and retention of participants.**

**70.23(1)** *Persons who may not be admitted or retained.* A program shall not knowingly admit or retain a participant who:

- a. Requires routine, three-person assistance with standing, transfer or evacuation; or
- b. Is dangerous to self or other participants or staff, including but not limited to a participant who:
  - (1) Despite intervention chronically elopes, is sexually or physically aggressive or abusive, or displays unmanageable verbal abuse; or
  - (2) Is in an acute stage of alcoholism, drug addiction, or mental illness; or
- c. Is under the age of 18.

**70.23(2)** *Disclosure of additional participation and discharge criteria.* A program may have additional participation or discharge criteria if the criteria are disclosed in the written contractual agreement prior to the participant's participation in the program.

**70.23(3)** *Assistance with discharge from the program.* A program shall provide assistance to a participant and the participant's legal representative, if applicable, to ensure a safe and orderly discharge from the program when the participant exceeds the program's criteria for admission and retention.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1547C, IAB 7/23/14, effective 8/27/14]

#### **481—70.24(231D) Involuntary discharge from the program.**

**70.24(1)** *Program initiation of discharge.* If a program initiates the involuntary discharge of a participant and the action is not the result of a monitoring, including a complaint investigation or

program-reported incident investigation, by the department and if the participant or participant's legal representative contests the discharge, the following procedures shall apply:

*a.* The program shall notify the participant or participant's legal representative, in accordance with the contractual agreement, of the need to discharge the participant and of the reason for the discharge.

*b.* If, following the internal appeal process, the program upholds the discharge decision, the participant or participant's legal representative may utilize other remedies authorized by law to contest the discharge.

**70.24(2)** *Discharge pursuant to results of monitoring or complaint or program-reported incident investigation by the department.* If one or more participants are identified as exceeding the admission and retention criteria for participants and need to be discharged as a result of a monitoring or a complaint or program-reported incident investigation conducted by the department, the following procedures shall apply:

*a. Notification of the program.* Within 20 working days of the monitoring or complaint or program-reported incident investigation, the department shall notify the program, in writing, of the identification of any participant who exceeds admission and retention criteria.

*b. Notification of others.* Each identified participant, the participant's legal representative, if applicable, and other providers of services to the participant shall be notified of their opportunity to provide responses including: specific input, written comment, information, and documentation directly addressing any agreement or disagreement with the identification. All responses shall be provided to the department within 10 days of receipt of the notice.

*c. Program agreement with the department's finding.* If the program agrees with the department's finding and the program begins involuntary discharge proceedings, the program's internal appeal process in subrule 70.24(1) shall be utilized for appeals.

*d. Program disagreement with the department's finding.* If the program does not agree with the department's finding that the participant exceeds admission and retention criteria, the program may collect and submit all responses to the department, including those from other interested parties. In the program's response, the program shall identify the participant, list the known responses from others, and note the program's agreement or disagreement with the responses from others. The program's response shall be submitted to the department within 10 working days of the receipt of the notice. Submission of a response does not eliminate the applicable requirements, including submission of a plan of correction under 481—subrule 67.10(5). Other persons may also submit information directly to the department.

(1) Consideration of response. Within 10 working days of receipt of the program's response for each identified participant, the department shall consider the response and make a final finding regarding the continued retention of a participant.

(2) Amending the regulatory insufficiency. If the department's determination is to amend the regulatory insufficiency based on the response, the department shall modify the report of findings.

(3) Retaining regulatory insufficiency. If the department retains the regulatory insufficiency, the department shall review the plan of correction in accordance with this chapter and 481—Chapter 67. The department shall notify the program of the opportunity to appeal the report findings as they relate to the admission and retention decision.

(4) Effect of the filing of an appeal. If an appeal is filed, the participant who exceeds admission and retention criteria shall be allowed to continue to participate in the program until all administrative appeals have been exhausted. Appeals filed that relate to the participant's exceeding admission and retention criteria shall be heard within 30 days of receipt, and appropriate services to meet the participant's needs shall be provided during that period of time.

(5) Request for waiver of criteria for retention of a participant in a program. To allow a participant to continue to participate in the program, the program may request a waiver of criteria for retention of a participant pursuant to rule 481—67.7(231B,231C,231D) from the department within 10 working days of the receipt of the report.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]



**481—70.25(231D) Participant documents.**

**70.25(1)** Documentation for each participant shall be maintained by the program and shall include:

- a.* A participation record including the participant's name, birth date, and home address; identification numbers; date of beginning participation; name, address and telephone number of health professional(s); diagnosis; and names, addresses and telephone numbers of family members, friends or other designated people to contact in the event of illness or an emergency;
- b.* Application forms;
- c.* The initial evaluations and updates;
- d.* A nutritional assessment as necessary;
- e.* The initial individual service plan and updates;
- f.* Signed authorizations for permission to release medical information, photographs, or other media information as necessary;
- g.* A signed authorization for the participant to receive emergency medical care as necessary;
- h.* A signed managed risk policy and signed managed risk consensus agreements, if any;
- i.* When any personal or health-related care is delegated to the program, the medical information sheet; documentation of health professionals' orders, such as those for treatment, therapy, and medication; and nurses' notes written by exception;
- j.* Medication lists, which shall be maintained in conformance with 481—subrule 67.5(4);
- k.* Advance health care directives as applicable;
- l.* A complete copy of the participant's contractual agreement, including any updates;
- m.* A written acknowledgment that the participant or the participant's legal representative, if applicable, has been fully informed of the participant's rights;
- n.* A copy of guardianship, durable power of attorney for health care, power of attorney, or conservatorship or other documentation of a legal representative;
- o.* Incident reports involving the participant, including but not limited to those related to medication errors, accidents, falls, and elopements (such reports shall be maintained by the program but need not be included in the participant's medical record);
- p.* A copy of waivers of admission or retention criteria, if any;
- q.* When the participant is unable to advocate on the participant's own behalf or the participant has multiple service providers, including hospice care providers, accurate documentation of the completion of routine personal or health-related care is required on task sheets. If tasks are doctor-ordered, the tasks shall be part of the medication administration records (MARs); and
- r.* Authorizations for the release of information, if any.

**70.25(2)** The program records relating to a participant shall be retained for a minimum of three years after the discharge or death of the participant.

**70.25(3)** All records shall be protected from loss, damage and unauthorized use.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.26(231D) Service plans.**

**70.26(1)** A service plan shall be developed for each participant based on the evaluations conducted in accordance with subrules 70.22(1) and 70.22(2) and shall be designed to meet the specific service needs of the individual participant. The service plan shall subsequently be updated at least annually and whenever changes are needed.

**70.26(2)** Prior to the participant's signing the contractual agreement and participating in the program, a preliminary service plan shall be developed by a health care professional or human service professional in consultation with the participant and, at the participant's request, with other individuals identified by the participant, and, if applicable, with the participant's legal representative. All persons who develop the plan and the participant or the participant's legal representative shall sign the plan.

**70.26(3)** When a participant needs personal care or health-related care, the service plan shall be updated within 30 days of the participant's participation and as needed with significant change, but not less than annually.

*a.* If a significant change triggers the review and update of the service plan, the updated service plan shall be signed and dated by all parties.

*b.* If a significant change does not exist, the program may, after nurse review, add minor discretionary changes to the service plan without a comprehensive evaluation and without obtaining signatures on the service plan.

*c.* If a significant change relates to a recurring or chronic condition, a previous evaluation and service plan of the recurring condition may be utilized without new signatures being obtained. For example, with chronic exacerbation of a urinary tract infection, nurse review is adequate to institute the previously written evaluation and service plan.

**70.26(4)** The service plan shall be individualized and shall indicate, at a minimum:

*a.* The participant's identified needs and preferences for assistance;

*b.* Any services and care to be provided pursuant to the contractual agreement;

*c.* The service provider(s), if other than the program, including but not limited to providers of hospice care, home health care, occupational therapy, and physical therapy; and

*d.* For participants who are unable to plan their own activities, including participants with dementia, planned and spontaneous activities based on the participant's abilities and personal interests.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.27(231D) Nurse review.** If a participant does not receive personal or health-related care, but an observed significant change in the participant's condition occurs, a nurse review shall be conducted. If a participant receives personal or health-related care, the program shall provide for a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse via nurse delegation:

**70.27(1)** To monitor, at least every 90 days, or after a significant change in the participant's condition, any participant who receives program-administered prescription medications for adverse reactions to the medications and to make appropriate interventions or referrals, and to ensure that the prescription medication orders are current and that the prescription medications are administered consistent with such orders; and

**70.27(2)** To ensure that health care professionals' orders are current for participants who receive health care professional-directed care from the program; and

**70.27(3)** To assess and document the health status of each participant, to make recommendations and referrals as appropriate, and to monitor progress relating to previous recommendations at least every 90 days and whenever there are changes in the participant's health status; and

**70.27(4)** To provide the program with written documentation of the activities under the service plan, as set forth in rule 481—70.26(231D), showing the time, date and signature.

NOTE: Refer to Table A at the end of this chapter. If the program does not provide personal or health-related care to a participant, nurse review is not required.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.28(231D) Food service.**

**70.28(1)** The program shall provide or coordinate with other community providers to provide a hot or other appropriate meal(s) at least once a day or shall make arrangements for the availability of meals, unless otherwise noted in the contractual agreement.

**70.28(2)** Meals and snacks provided by the program but not prepared on site shall be obtained from or provided by an entity that meets the standards of state and local health laws and ordinances concerning the preparation and serving of food.

**70.28(3)** Menus shall be planned to provide the following percentage of the daily recommended dietary allowances as established by the Food and Nutrition Board of the National Research Council of the National Academy of Sciences based on the number of meals provided by the program:

*a.* A minimum of 33 $\frac{1}{3}$  percent if the program provides one meal per day;

*b.* A minimum of 66 $\frac{2}{3}$  percent if the program provides two meals per day; and

*c.* One hundred percent if the program provides three meals per day.

**70.28(4)** Therapeutic diets may be provided by a program. If therapeutic diets are provided, they shall be prescribed by a physician, physician assistant, or advanced registered nurse practitioner. A

current copy of the Iowa Simplified Diet Manual published by the Iowa Dietetic Association shall be available and used in the planning and serving of therapeutic diets. A licensed dietitian shall be responsible for writing and approving the therapeutic menu and for reviewing procedures for food preparation and service for therapeutic diets.

**70.28(5)** Personnel who are employed by or contract with the program and who are responsible for food preparation or service, or both food preparation and service, shall have an orientation on sanitation and safe food handling prior to handling food and shall have annual in-service training on food protection.

*a.* In addition to the requirements above, a minimum of one person directly responsible for food preparation shall have successfully completed a state-approved food protection program by:

- (1) Obtaining certification as a dietary manager; or
- (2) Obtaining certification as a food protection professional; or
- (3) Successfully completing an ANSI-accredited certified food protection manager program meeting the requirements for a food protection program included in the Food Code adopted pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 137F. Another program may be substituted if the program's curriculum includes substantially similar competencies to a program that meets the requirements of the Food Code and the provider of the program files with the department a statement indicating that the program provides substantially similar instruction as it relates to sanitation and safe food handling.

*b.* If the person is in the process of completing a course or certification listed in paragraph "*a.*" the requirement relating to completion of a state-approved food protection program shall be considered to have been met.

**70.28(6)** Programs engaged in the preparation and service of meals and snacks shall meet the standards of state and local health laws and ordinances pertaining to the preparation and service of food and shall be licensed pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 137F. The department will not require the program to be licensed as a food establishment if the program limits food activities to the following:

*a.* All main meals and planned menu items must be prepared offsite and transferred to the program kitchen for service to participants.

*b.* Baked goods that do not require temperature control for safety and single-service juice or milk may be stored in the program's kitchen and provided as part of a continental breakfast.

*c.* Ingredients used for food-related activities with participants may be stored in the program's kitchen. Participant activities may include the preparation and cooking of food items in the program's kitchen if the activity occurs on an irregular or sporadic basis and the items prepared are not part of the program's menu.

*d.* Appropriately trained staff may prepare in the program's kitchen individual quantities of participant-requested menu-substitution food items that require limited or no preparation, such as peanut butter or cheese sandwiches or a single-service can of soup. The food items necessary to prepare the menu substitution may be stored in the program's kitchen. These food items may not be cooked in the program's kitchen but may be reheated in a microwave. A two- or four-slice toaster may be used for participant-requested menu-substitution items, but no bare-hand contact is permitted.

*e.* Warewashing may be done in the program's kitchen as long as the program utilizes a commercial dishwasher and documents daily testing of sanitizer chemical ppm and proper water temperatures. Verification by the department of these practices may be conducted during on-site visits.

**70.28(7)** Programs may have an on-site dietitian. Programs may secure menus and a dietitian through other methods.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1376C, IAB 3/19/14, effective 4/23/14; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—70.29(231D) Staffing.** In addition to the general staffing requirements in rule 481—67.9(231B,231C,231D), the following requirements apply to staffing in programs.

**70.29(1)** No fewer than two staff persons who monitor participants shall be awake and on duty during all hours of operation when two or more participants are participating in the program.

**70.29(2)** The owner or management corporation of the program is responsible for ensuring that all personnel employed by or contracting with the program receive training appropriate to assigned tasks and target population.

**70.29(3)** A program that serves one or more participants with cognitive disorders or dementia shall follow written procedures that address how the program will respond to the emergency needs of the participants.

**70.29(4)** The program shall notify the department in writing within ten business days of a change in the program's manager.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 1927C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—70.30(231D) Dementia-specific education for program personnel.**

**70.30(1)** All personnel employed by or contracting with a dementia-specific program shall receive a minimum of eight hours of dementia-specific education and training within 30 days of either employment or the beginning date of the contract, as applicable.

**70.30(2)** The dementia-specific education or training shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- a. An explanation of Alzheimer's disease and related disorders;
- b. The program's specialized dementia care philosophy and program;
- c. Skills for communicating with persons with dementia;
- d. Skills for communicating with family and friends of persons with dementia;
- e. An explanation of family issues such as role reversal, grief and loss, guilt, relinquishing the care-giving role, and family dynamics;
- f. The importance of planned and spontaneous activities;
- g. Skills in providing assistance with instrumental activities of daily living;
- h. The importance of the service plan and social history information;
- i. Skills in working with challenging participants;
- j. Techniques for simplifying, cueing, and redirecting;
- k. Staff support and stress reduction; and
- l. Medication management and nonpharmacological interventions.

**70.30(3)** All personnel employed by or contracting with a dementia-specific program shall receive a minimum of two hours of dementia-specific continuing education annually. Direct-contact personnel shall receive a minimum of eight hours of dementia-specific continuing education annually.

**70.30(4)** An employee or contractor who provides documentation of completion of a dementia-specific education or training program within the past 12 months shall be exempt from the education and training requirement of subrule 70.30(1).

**70.30(5)** Dementia-specific training shall include hands-on training and may include any of the following: classroom instruction, Web-based training, and case studies of participants in the program.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.31(231D) Managed risk policy and managed risk consensus agreements.** The program shall have a managed risk policy. The managed risk policy shall be provided to the participant along with the contractual agreement. The managed risk policy shall include the following:

**70.31(1)** An acknowledgment of the shared responsibility for identifying and meeting the needs of the participant and the process for managing risk and for upholding participant autonomy when participant decision making results in poor outcomes for the participant or others; and

**70.31(2)** A consensus-based process to address specific risk situations. Program staff and the participant shall participate in the process. The result of the consensus-based process may be a managed risk consensus agreement. The managed risk consensus agreement shall include the signature of the participant and the signatures of all others who participated in the process. The managed risk consensus agreement shall be included in the participant's file.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.32(231D) Life safety—emergency policies and procedures and structural safety requirements.**

**70.32(1)** The program shall submit to the department and follow written emergency policies and procedures, which shall include the following:

- a.* An emergency plan, which shall include procedures for natural disasters (identify where the plan is located for easy reference);
- b.* Fire safety procedures;
- c.* Other general or personal emergency procedures;
- d.* Provisions for amending or revising the emergency plan;
- e.* Provisions for periodic training of all employees;
- f.* Procedures for fire drills;
- g.* Regulations regarding smoking;
- h.* Monitoring and testing of smoke-control systems;
- i.* Participant evacuation procedures; and
- j.* Procedures for reporting and documentation.

**70.32(2)** An operating alarm system shall be connected to each exit door in a dementia-specific program. A program serving a person(s) with cognitive disorder or dementia, whether in a general or dementia-specific setting, shall have:

- a.* Written procedures regarding alarm systems and appropriate staff response when a participant's service plan indicates a risk of elopement or a participant exhibits wandering behavior.
- b.* Written procedures regarding appropriate staff response if a participant with cognitive disorder or dementia is missing.
- c.* The program shall obtain approval from the state fire marshal division before the installation of any delayed-egress specialized locking systems.

**70.32(3)** The program's structure and procedures and the facility in which a program is located shall meet the requirements adopted for adult day services programs in administrative rules promulgated by the state fire marshal. Approval of the state fire marshal indicating that the building is in compliance with these requirements is necessary for certification of a program.

**70.32(4)** The program shall have the means to control the maximum temperature of water at sources accessible by a participant to prevent scalding and shall control the maximum water temperature for participants with cognitive impairment or dementia or at a participant's request.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—70.33(231D) Transportation.** When transportation services are provided directly or under contract with the program:

**70.33(1)** The vehicle shall be accessible and appropriate to the participants who use it, with consideration for any physical disabilities and impairments.

**70.33(2)** Every participant transported shall have a seat in the vehicle, except for a participant who remains in a wheelchair during transport.

**70.33(3)** Vehicles shall have adequate seat belts and securing devices for ambulatory and wheelchair-using passengers.

**70.33(4)** Wheelchairs shall be secured when the vehicle is in motion.

**70.33(5)** During loading and unloading of a participant, the driver shall be in the proximate area of the participants in a vehicle.

**70.33(6)** The driver shall have a valid and appropriate Iowa driver's license or commercial driver's license as required by law for the vehicle being utilized for transport. If the driver is licensed in another state, the license shall be valid and appropriate for the vehicle being utilized for transport. The driver shall meet any state or federal requirements for licensure or certification for the vehicle operated.

**70.33(7)** Each vehicle shall have a first-aid kit, fire extinguisher, safety triangles and a device for two-way communication.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.34(231D) Activities.**

**70.34(1)** The program shall provide appropriate activities for each participant. Activities shall reflect individual differences in age, health status, sensory deficits, lifestyle, ethnic and cultural beliefs, religious beliefs, values, experiences, needs, interests, abilities and skills by providing opportunities for a variety of types and levels of involvement.

**70.34(2)** Activities shall be planned to support the participant's service plan and shall be consistent with the program statement and participation policies.

**70.34(3)** A written schedule of activities shall be developed at least monthly and made available to participants and their legal representatives.

**70.34(4)** Participants shall be given the opportunity to choose their levels of participation in all activities offered in the program.

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

**481—70.35(231D) Structural requirements.**

**70.35(1)** The structure, equipment and physical environment of the program shall be designed and operated to meet the needs of the participants. The building, grounds and equipment shall be well-maintained, clean, safe and sanitary.

**70.35(2)** There shall be at least one toilet for every ten participants and staff members.

**70.35(3)** Toilets and bathing and toileting appliances shall be equipped for use by participants with multiple disabilities.

**70.35(4)** There shall be a ratio of at least one hand-washing sink for every two toilets. The sink(s) shall be proximate to the toilets. Hand-washing facilities shall be readily accessible to participants and staff.

**70.35(5)** Shower and tub areas, if provided, shall be equipped with grab bars and slip-resistant surfaces.

**70.35(6)** Signaling emergency call devices shall be installed or placed in all bathroom areas, restroom stalls and showers, if any.

**70.35(7)** A telephone shall be available to participants to make and receive calls in a private manner and for emergency purposes.

**70.35(8)** A storage area(s) shall be provided for storage of program supplies and participants' possessions, which shall be stored in such a manner that, when not in use, will prevent personal injury to participants and staff.

**70.35(9)** The program shall provide a separate area to permit privacy for evaluations and to isolate participants who become ill.

**70.35(10)** The program shall meet other building and public safety codes, including rules pertaining to accessibility contained in the state building code in 661—Chapter 302 and provisions of the state building code relating to persons with disabilities.

**70.35(11)** The program shall meet the requirements in subrule 70.32(4).

[ARC 8177B, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10; ARC 2463C, IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]

**481—70.36(231D) Identification of veteran's benefit eligibility.**

**70.36(1)** Within 30 days of a participant's participation in an adult day services program that receives reimbursement through the medical assistance program under Iowa Code chapter 249A, the program shall ask the participant or the participant's personal representative whether the participant is a veteran or whether the participant is the spouse, widow or dependent of a veteran and shall document the response.

**70.36(2)** If the program determines that the participant may be a veteran or the spouse, widow, or dependent of a veteran, the program shall report the participant's name along with the name of the veteran, if applicable, as well as the name of the contact person for this information, to the Iowa department of veterans affairs. When appropriate, the program may also report such information to the Iowa department of human services.

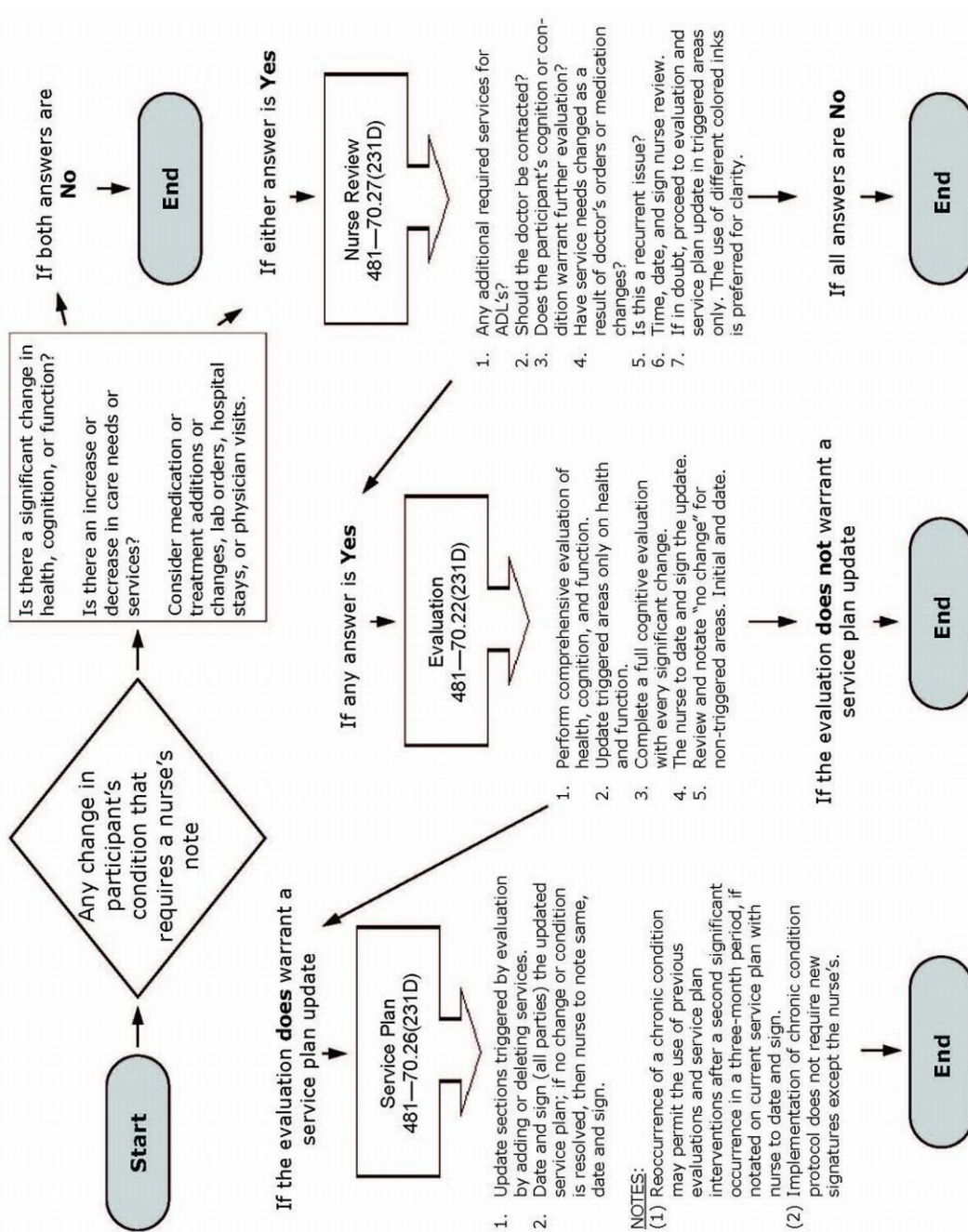
**70.36(3)** If a participant is eligible for benefits through the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs or other third-party payor, the program first shall seek reimbursement from the identified payor source

before seeking reimbursement from the medical assistance program established under Iowa Code chapter 249A.

[**ARC 8177B**, IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 231D.

Table A



[Filed ARC 8177B (Notice ARC 7959B, IAB 7/15/09), IAB 9/23/09, effective 1/1/10]  
 [Filed ARC 1376C (Notice ARC 1291C, IAB 1/22/14), IAB 3/19/14, effective 4/23/14]  
 [Filed ARC 1547C (Notice ARC 1472C, IAB 5/28/14), IAB 7/23/14, effective 8/27/14]  
 [Filed ARC 1927C (Notice ARC 1860C, IAB 2/4/15), IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]  
 [Filed ARC 2463C (Notice ARC 2200C, IAB 10/14/15), IAB 3/16/16, effective 4/20/16]



CHAPTER 71  
SUBACUTE MENTAL HEALTH CARE FACILITIES

**481—71.1(135G) Purpose—subacute mental health services.** Subacute mental health services are intended to be short-term, intensive, recovery-oriented services designed to stabilize an individual who is experiencing a decreased level of functioning due to a mental health condition.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

**481—71.2(135G) Definitions.** For the purpose of these rules, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated in this chapter. The definitions set out in Iowa Code section 135G.1 are adopted by reference in the rules.

*“Administrator”* means an individual who administers, manages, supervises, and is in general administrative charge of a subacute care facility, whether or not such individual has an ownership interest in the facility and whether or not the functions and duties are shared with one or more individuals.

*“Assessment”* means the evaluation of a person in psychiatric crisis in order to ascertain the person’s current and previous level of functioning, psychiatric and medical history, potential for dangerousness, current psychiatric and medical condition factors contributing to the crisis and support systems that are available.

*“Distinct part”* means a clearly identifiable area or section within a health care facility, consisting of at least a residential unit, wing, floor, or building containing contiguous rooms.

*“Incident”* means an unusual occurrence within a facility or on its premises affecting residents, visitors, or employees whether or not there is apparent injury or where hidden injury may have occurred.

*“Medication”* means any drug including over-the-counter substances ordered and administered under the direction of a physician, physician assistant or advanced registered nurse practitioner.

*“Peer support”* means services that are provided by individuals in recovery from serious mental illness and delivered to others who also have mental illness.

*“Responsible party”* means the person who signs or cosigns the admission agreement required in rule 481—71.13(135G) or the resident’s guardian or conservator if one has been appointed. In the event that a resident does not have a guardian, conservator or other person signing the admission agreement, the term “responsible party” shall include the resident’s sponsoring agency, e.g., the department of human services, the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, a religious group, fraternal organization, or foundation that assumes responsibility and advocates for its client patients and pays for their health care.

*“Restraint”* means the application of physical force, use of a chemical agent, or a mechanical device for the purpose of restraining the free movement of an individual’s body to protect the individual or others from immediate harm. Restraint does not include briefly holding without undue force an individual to calm or comfort the individual or holding an individual’s hand to safely escort the individual from one area to another.

*“Restricted means of egress”* means an exit door alarm system for safety of the residents and the public.

*“Seclusion”* means the involuntary confinement of a resident alone in a room or an area from which the resident is physically prevented from leaving.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

**481—71.3(135G) Application for licensure.**

**71.3(1) Initial application and licensing.** In order to obtain an initial license for a subacute care facility, the applicant must meet all the requirements of the rules, regulations, and standards contained in Iowa Code chapter 135G and in this chapter and must make application at least 30 days prior to the proposed licensure date of the subacute care facility on forms provided by the department. The applicant must:

- a. Submit a résumé of care with a narrative which includes the following information:
  - (1) The purpose of the facility.
  - (2) A description of the target population and limitations on resident eligibility.

(3) Identification and description of the services the facility will provide, which shall minimally include specific and measurable goals and objectives for each of the services to be made available by the facility and a description of the resources needed to provide each of the services, including staff, physical facilities and funds.

(4) A description of the human services system available in the area including, but not limited to, social, public health, visiting nurse, vocational training, and employment services, residential living arrangements, and services of private agencies.

(5) A description of working relationships with human services agencies when applicable, which shall include at a minimum:

1. A description of how the facility will coordinate with human services agencies to facilitate continuity of care and coordination of services to residents; and

2. A description of how the facility will coordinate with human services agencies to identify unnecessary duplication of services and plan for development and coordination of needed services;

b. Submit a floor plan of each floor of the facility drawn on 8½- × 11-inch paper showing room areas in proportion, room dimensions, room numbers for all rooms, including bathrooms, the designation of the use to which each room will be put, and window and door location;

c. Submit a photograph of the front and side elevation of the facility;

d. Submit the statutory fee for a subacute care facility license;

e. Show evidence of a certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal certifying compliance with fire safety rules.

**71.3(2) Conversion from an intermediate care facility for persons with mental illness.** An intermediate care facility for persons with mental illness may be converted to a subacute care facility pursuant to Iowa Code section 135G.4(2) if the facility:

a. Provides written notice to the department that the facility has employed a full-time psychiatrist and desires to make the conversion; and

b. Submits an application to the department.

**71.3(3) Renewal application or change of ownership.** In order to obtain a renewal or change of the subacute care facility license, the applicant must:

a. Submit to the department the completed application form 30 days prior to the annual license renewal or change of ownership date;

b. Submit the statutory license fee for a subacute care facility with the application for renewal or change of ownership;

c. Have an approved, current certificate signed by the state fire marshal or deputy state fire marshal certifying compliance with fire safety rules and regulations; and

d. Submit appropriate changes in the résumé of care to reflect any changes in the resident care program or other services.

**71.3(4) Issuance of license.** Licenses are issued to the person or governmental unit with responsibility for the operation of the facility and authority to comply with all applicable statutes, rules or regulations. The person or governmental unit must be the owner of the facility or, if the facility is leased, the lessee.

**71.3(5) Department of human services approval.** Prior to issuance of the license, the department of human services must submit to the department written approval of the application based upon the process used by the department of human services to identify the best-qualified providers.

**71.3(6) Licensed beds limit.** The total number of publicly funded subacute care facility beds licensed under this chapter shall not exceed 75.

**71.3(7) Beds per facility.** A single facility shall not be licensed for more than 16 beds.  
[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14; ARC 2068C, IAB 7/22/15, effective 8/26/15]

#### **481—71.4(135G) Licenses for distinct parts.**

**71.4(1)** Separate licenses may be issued for distinct parts of a health care facility which are clearly identifiable, include specifically designated rooms within the facility, and provide separate categories of care and services.

**71.4(2)** The following requirements shall be met for a separate licensing of a distinct part:

- a. The distinct part shall serve only residents who require the category of care and services immediately available to the residents within that part;
- b. The distinct part shall meet all the standards, rules, and regulations pertaining to the category for which a license is being sought;
- c. A distinct part must be operationally and financially feasible.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

**481—71.5(135G) Variances.**

**71.5(1)** Variances from these rules may be granted by the director of the department if, in addition to the requirements of 481—Chapter 6:

- a. The need for a variance has been established consistent with the résumé of care or the resident's individual program plan; and
- b. There is no danger to the health, safety, welfare, or rights of any resident.

**71.5(2)** The variance will apply only to a subacute care facility.

**71.5(3)** Variances shall be reviewed by the department at the time of each licensure survey to verify whether the facility is still eligible for the variance.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

**481—71.6(135G) Provisional license.**

**71.6(1)** *Provisional license procedure.* The department may issue a provisional license to a subacute care facility pursuant to Iowa Code section 135G.8. The procedure for issuance of a provisional license shall be as follows:

- a. The department shall first issue to the facility a report which identifies the deficiency.
- b. Within 10 working days after receipt of the report, the facility shall provide the department with a written plan of correction.
- c. The department shall review the written plan of correction within 10 working days of receipt. The department may request additional information or revision to the plan, which shall be provided as requested.
- d. After accepting the written plan of correction, the department shall then issue a provisional license to the facility, which shall not exceed one year in duration.

**71.6(2)** *Written plan of correction.* The written plan of correction shall contain:

- a. How the facility will correct the deficient practice;
- b. How the facility will act to protect residents;
- c. The measures the facility will take or the systems it will alter to ensure that the deficient practice does not recur; and
- d. The date when the plan of correction will be completed, not to exceed 30 days from the date of the department's report.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

**481—71.7(135G) General requirements.**

**71.7(1)** The license shall be displayed in the facility in a conspicuous place which is viewed by the public.

**71.7(2)** The license shall be valid only for the premises and person named on the license and is not transferable.

**71.7(3)** The posted license shall accurately reflect the current status of the subacute care facility's license.

**71.7(4)** A license shall expire one year after the date of issuance or as indicated on the license.

**71.7(5)** There shall be no more beds added than are stipulated on the license.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

**481—71.8(135G) Required notifications to the department.**

**71.8(1)** The department shall be notified:

- a. Thirty days in advance of any proposed change in the subacute care facility's functional operation or the addition or deletion of required services;
- b. Thirty days before any addition, alteration, or new construction is begun in the subacute care facility or on the premises;
- c. Thirty days in advance of any closure of the subacute care facility;
- d. Within two weeks of any change in administrator;
- e. Within 30 days of the date on which any change in the category of license is sought;
- f. Within 30 days of any proposed change in the résumé of care for the subacute care facility.

**71.8(2)** Prior to the purchase, transfer, assignment, or lease of a subacute care facility, the licensee shall:

- a. Inform the department of the pending sale, transfer, assignment, or lease of the facility; and
- b. Inform the department of the name and address of the prospective purchaser, transferee, assignee, or lessee at least 30 days before the sale, transfer, assignment, or lease is completed.

**71.8(3)** Within 24 hours, or the next business day, by the most expeditious means available, the department shall be notified:

- a. Of any accident causing major injury. "Major injury" shall be defined as any injury which:
  - (1) Results in death; or
  - (2) Requires admission to a higher level of care for treatment, other than for observation; or
  - (3) Requires consultation with the attending physician, or designee of the physician, or advanced registered nurse practitioner who determines, in writing, on a form designated by the department, that an injury is a "major injury" based upon the circumstances of the accident, the previous functional ability of the resident, and the resident's prognosis;
- b. When a resident attempts suicide, regardless of injury;
- c. When damage to the facility is caused by a natural or other disaster;
- d. When a fire occurs in a facility and the fire requires the notification of emergency services, requires full or partial evacuation of the facility, or causes physical injury to a resident;
- e. When a defect or failure occurs in the fire sprinkler or fire alarm system for more than 4 hours in a 24-hour period. (This reporting requirement is in addition to the requirement to notify the state fire marshal.)

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

**481—71.9(135G) Reports of dependent adult abuse.** Reports of suspected dependent adult abuse shall be made to the department of human services.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

**481—71.10(135G) Administrator.**

**71.10(1) Administrator required.** Each subacute care facility shall have one person in charge who is duly approved by the department or acting in a provisional capacity in accordance with these rules.

**71.10(2) Qualifications of an administrator.** The administrator shall be at least 21 years of age and shall have a high school diploma or equivalent. In addition, the person shall meet at least one of the following conditions:

- a. Be a mental health professional, as defined in Iowa Code section 228.1(6), with at least one year of experience in an administrative capacity; or
- b. Have a four-year degree in human services, psychology, sociology, nursing, health care administration, public administration, or a related field and have a minimum of one year of experience in the field; or
- c. Have a master's degree in human services, psychology, sociology, nursing, health care administration, public administration, or a related field; or
- d. Be a licensed nursing home administrator.

**71.10(3) Administrator—distinct part.** If a subacute care facility is a distinct part of a licensed health care facility, the administrator of the facility as a whole may serve as the administrator of the subacute care facility.

**71.10(4) Provisional administrator.** A provisional administrator may be appointed on a temporary basis by the subacute care facility licensee to assume the administrative responsibilities of the facility for a period not to exceed 12 months when the facility has, through no fault of its own, lost its administrator and has not been able to replace the administrator, provided the department has been notified and has approved the provisional administrator prior to the date of the administrator's appointment. The provisional administrator must meet the requirements of subrule 71.10(2).

**71.10(5) Administrator—initial licensing of facility.** A facility applying for an initial license shall not have a provisional administrator.

**71.10(6) Duties of administrator.** An administrator shall:

- a. Be responsible for the implementation of procedures to support the policies established by the licensee;
- b. Select and direct competent personnel who provide services for the subacute care facility;
- c. Make a policies and procedures manual available to all staff;
- d. Be responsible for a monthly in-service educational program for all employees and maintain records of programs and participants;
- e. Make staff payroll records available for departmental review as needed;
- f. Furnish to the department within 30 days of the department's request statistical information concerning the operation of the facility.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

#### **481—71.11(135G) Administration.**

**71.11(1)** The licensee shall:

- a. Assume the responsibility for the overall operation of the subacute care facility;
- b. Be responsible for compliance with all applicable laws and with the rules of the department;
- c. Establish written policies, which shall be available for review, for the operation of the subacute care facility.

**71.11(2)** The policy and procedures shall include:

- a. Personnel;
- b. Admission;
- c. Evaluation services;
- d. Treatment and discharge plan;
- e. Crisis intervention, including restraint and seclusion;
- f. Involuntary discharge or transfer;
- g. Medication management;
- h. Records;
- i. Resident rights.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

#### **481—71.12(135G) Personnel.**

**71.12(1)** Staffing requirements. Availability of personnel must be sufficient to meet psychiatric and medical treatment needs of the residents served.

**71.12(2)** Staffing shall include at minimum:

- a. Twenty-four-hour-per-day, seven-day-per-week availability of on-call psychiatrist or advanced registered nurse practitioner with at least one year of experience in psychiatric care;
- b. Twenty-four-hour-per-day, seven-day-per-week availability of on-call registered nurse with at least two years of experience in psychiatric care or a registered nurse with a bachelor of science in nursing (BSN) and at least one year of experience in psychiatric care;
- c. A mental health professional as defined in Iowa Code section 228.1(6);
- d. Direct care staff with at least three years of experience in a mental health care setting; and
- e. Social service staff at the bachelor level with at least one year of experience in a mental health care setting.

**71.12(3)** Personnel policies and procedures shall include the following requirements:

- a. Written job descriptions for all employees or agreements for all consultants, which include duties and responsibilities, education, experience, or other requirements, and supervisory relationships.
- b. Annual performance evaluations of all employees and consultants which are dated and signed by the employee or consultant and the supervisor.
- c. Personnel records which are current, accurate, complete, and confidential to the extent allowed by law. The record shall contain documentation of how the employee's or consultant's education and experience are relevant to the position for which the employee or consultant was hired.
- d. Roles, responsibilities, and limitations of student interns and volunteers.
- e. An orientation program for all newly hired employees and consultants that includes an introduction to the facility's personnel policies and procedures and a discussion of the facility's safety plan.
- f. Equal opportunity and affirmative action employment practices.
- g. Procedures to be used when disciplining an employee.
- h. Appropriate dress and personal hygiene for staff.
- i. An overview of recovery principles, person-centered planning and residents' rights.

**71.12(4)** The facility shall require regular health examinations for all personnel prior to employment and regular examinations thereafter at least every four years. The examination shall include, at a minimum, the health status of the employee, including screening and testing for tuberculosis as described in 481—Chapter 59.

- a. No person shall be allowed to provide services in a facility if the person has a disease:
  - (1) Which is transmissible through required workplace contact;
  - (2) Which presents a significant risk of infecting others;
  - (3) Which presents a substantial possibility of harming others; and
  - (4) For which no reasonable accommodation can eliminate the risk.
- b. There shall be written policies for emergency medical care for employees in case of sudden illness or accident. These policies shall include the administrative individuals to be contacted.
- c. Health certificates for all employees shall be available for review by the department.

**71.12(5)** Personnel record.

- a. A personnel record shall be kept for each employee.
- b. The record shall include the employee's:
  - (1) Name and address,
  - (2) Social security number,
  - (3) Date of birth,
  - (4) Date of employment,
  - (5) References,
  - (6) Position in the facility,
  - (7) Job description,
  - (8) Documentation of experience and education,
  - (9) Staff development plan,
  - (10) Annual performance evaluation,
  - (11) Documentation of disciplinary action,
  - (12) Date and reason for discharge or resignation,
  - (13) Current physical examination.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

#### **481—71.13(135G) Admission, transfer, and discharge.**

**71.13(1)** *General admission policies.*

- a. A subacute care facility shall not admit or retain a resident who is in need of greater services than the facility can provide.
- b. Prior to admission of an applicant, the facility shall obtain sufficient information to determine if its program is appropriate and adequate to meet the individual's needs.

c. A subacute care facility shall admit only as many residents as indicated by the number of beds for which the facility is licensed.

d. A subacute care facility shall adopt policies regarding the admission requirements outlined in subrule 71.13(2).

**71.13(2) Admission requirements.**

a. Eligibility for individualized subacute mental health services will be determined by the standardized preadmission screening utilized by the facility, which shall be conducted by a mental health professional, as defined in Iowa Code section 228.1(6).

b. In order to be admitted, the individual must:

(1) Be 18 years or older;

(2) During the past year, have had a diagnosable mental, behavioral or emotional disorder that meets the diagnostic criteria specified in the most current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM);

(3) Demonstrate a high degree of impairment through significantly impaired mental, social, or educational functioning arising from the psychiatric condition or serious emotional disturbance;

(4) Demonstrate an impairment that severely limits the skills necessary to maintain an adequate level of functioning outside a treatment program and requires active treatment to obtain an adequate level of functioning;

(5) Demonstrate a low level of stability through any two of the following conditions:

1. The individual presents moderate to high risk of danger to self or others.

2. The individual lacks adequate skills or social support to address mental health symptoms.

3. The individual is medically stable but requires observation and care for stabilization of a mental health condition or impairment.

**71.13(3) Admission agreement.** A subacute care facility shall provide an admission agreement to each resident upon admission to the facility. Each admission agreement shall include:

a. Method of payment;

b. Schedule of services and any additional fees;

c. The facility's policies regarding length of stay, discharge and transfer.

**71.13(4) Exclusion criteria.**

a. A subacute care facility shall not admit an individual into the facility if:

(1) The individual manifests behavioral or psychiatric symptoms that require acute care;

(2) The individual can be safely maintained and effectively treated with less intensive services in a community setting; or

(3) The symptoms of the individual do not meet admission criteria in subrule 71.13(2).

b. An individual's lack of adequate place of residence, placement, or housing is not reason to receive subacute mental health services.

**71.13(5) Continued stay criteria policies.** By the tenth day following admission and every ten calendar days thereafter, the mental health professional shall conduct and document an assessment of the resident and determine if:

a. The severity of the behavioral and emotional symptoms continues to require the subacute level of intervention and the DSM diagnosis remains the principal diagnosis.

b. The prescribed interventions remain consistent with the intended treatment plan outcomes.

c. There is documented evidence of active, individualized discharge planning.

d. There is a reasonable likelihood of substantial benefit in the resident's mental health condition as a result of active intervention of the 24-hour supervised program.

e. Symptoms and behaviors that required admission are continuing.

f. A less intensive level of care would be insufficient to stabilize the resident's condition.

g. New issues that meet the admission guidelines in subrule 71.13(2) have appeared.

h. The resident requires further stabilization subsequent to acute care to treat active mental health symptoms such as psychosis, depression or mood disorder.

**71.13(6) Discharge criteria policies.** A resident may be discharged from subacute level of care if:

- a. The resident's treatment plan goals and objectives for subacute services have been met and a discharge plan to outpatient or other community-based services is in place.
- b. The resident's physical condition necessitates transfer to a more intensive level of care.
- c. The resident is not making progress toward treatment goals and there is no reasonable expectation of progress at the subacute level of care.
- d. The resident becomes a danger to self, others, or facility structure and requires an emergency transfer to a higher level of care.
- e. The resident repeatedly refuses to participate in the resident's treatment plan.

**71.13(7) Discharge or transfer.**

- a. The facility shall give prior notification to the resident, as well as the resident's next of kin, legal representative, attending physician or advanced registered nurse practitioner, and sponsoring agency, if any, prior to transfer or discharge of any resident.
- b. The subacute care facility shall make proper arrangements for the welfare of the resident prior to transfer or discharge in the event of an emergency or inability to reach the next of kin or legal representative.
- c. The facility shall make advance notification to the receiving facility prior to the transfer of any resident if the resident is to be transferred to another facility. Prior to the transfer or discharge of a resident to another health care facility, arrangements to provide for continuity of care shall be made with the facility to which the resident is being transferred.
- d. The appropriate record as set forth in subrule 71.18(1) shall accompany the resident when the resident is transferred or discharged.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14; ARC 2068C, IAB 7/22/15, effective 8/26/15]

**481—71.14(135G) Treatment plan.**

**71.14(1)** A treatment plan must be developed with each resident. The plan must be based on initial and ongoing assessment of need, be designed to resolve the acute or crisis mental health symptoms or the imminent risk of acute or crisis mental health symptoms, and be completed within six hours of admission.

**71.14(2)** The treatment plan must be documented in the resident's record and must include the following:

- a. The resident's name.
- b. The date the plan is developed.
- c. Standardized diagnostic formulations, including but not limited to the current Diagnostic and Statistical Manual (DSM) or the current International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems (ICD).
- d. Problems and strengths of the resident that are to be addressed.
- e. Observable and measurable individual objectives that relate to the specific problems identified.
- f. Interventions that address specific objectives, identification of staff responsible for interventions, and planned frequency of interventions.
- g. Signatures of mental health professionals responsible for developing the plan, including the qualified prescriber.
- h. Signatures of the resident and any parent, guardian, conservator, or legal custodian. Reasons for refusal to sign or inability to participate in treatment plan development must be documented.
- i. A projected discharge date and anticipated postdischarge needs, including documentation of resources needed in the community.
- j. Review of the treatment plan by the appropriate treatment staff at least daily and upon completion of the stated goals or objectives and documentation of the following:
  - (1) Progress toward each treatment objective, with revisions as indicated; and
  - (2) Status of discharge plans, including availability of resources needed by the resident in the community, with revisions as indicated.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]



**481—71.15(135G) Crisis intervention.**

**71.15(1)** There shall be written policies and procedures concerning crisis intervention. These policies and procedures shall be:

- a.* Directed to maximizing the growth and development of the individual by incorporating a hierarchy of available alternative methods that emphasize positive approaches;
- b.* Available in each program area and living unit;
- c.* Available to individuals and their families; and
- d.* Developed with the participation, as appropriate, of individuals served.

**71.15(2)** An emergency safety intervention must be performed in a manner that is safe, proportionate, and appropriate to the severity of the behavior and to the individual's chronological and developmental age, size, gender, physical, medical, and psychiatric condition and personal history, including any history of physical or sexual abuse.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

**481—71.16(135G) Seclusion and restraint.**

**71.16(1)** Pursuant to Iowa Code section 135G.3(2), a subacute care facility utilizing a seclusion room must meet the conditions of 42 CFR § 483.364(b). Use of the seclusion room shall be approved by a licensed psychiatrist or by order of the resident's physician, a physician assistant, or an advanced registered nurse practitioner.

**71.16(2)** There shall be written policies that define the use of restraint, designate the staff member who may authorize its use, and establish a mechanism for monitoring and controlling its use.

**71.16(3)** Restraint shall not be used for punishment, for the convenience of staff, or as a substitution for supervision. Restraint shall only be used:

- a.* In an emergency to prevent injury to the resident or to others; or
- b.* For crisis intervention.

**71.16(4)** Restraint must not result in harm or injury to the resident and must be used only to ensure the safety of the resident or others during an emergency situation until the emergency situation has ceased, even if the restraint order has not expired.

**71.16(5)** The use of restraint should be selected only when other less restrictive measures have been found to be ineffective to protect the resident or others. The staff shall demonstrate effective treatment approaches and alternatives to the use of restraint.

**71.16(6)** Standing or as-needed orders for restraint are prohibited.

**71.16(7)** Under no circumstances shall a resident be allowed to actively or passively assist in the restraint of another resident.

**71.16(8)** Staff trained in the use of emergency safety interventions must be physically present and continually assessing and monitoring the well-being of the resident and the safe use of restraint throughout the duration of the emergency situation.

**71.16(9)** Orders for restraint or seclusion must be by a physician or other licensed practitioner permitted by law to order restraint or seclusion.

*a.* Verbal orders must be received while the emergency safety intervention is being initiated by staff or immediately after the emergency safety situation ends and must be verified in writing in the resident's record by the physician or other licensed practitioner permitted by law to order restraint or seclusion.

*b.* Once the one-time order for the specific resident in an emergency safety situation has expired, it may not be renewed on a planned, anticipated, or as-needed basis.

**71.16(10)** Staff must document in the resident's record and in a centralized tracking system any use of restraint or seclusion.

**71.16(11)** As soon as reasonably possible after the restraint or seclusion of a resident has terminated, staff must meet to process the restraint or seclusion occurrence and document in writing the meeting.

**71.16(12)** A resident who requires restraint or seclusion on multiple occasions should be considered for a higher level of care.

**71.16(13)** The facility shall provide to the staff training by qualified professionals on physical restraint and seclusion theory and techniques.

*a.* The facility shall keep a record of the training, including attendance, for review by the department.

*b.* Only staff who have documented training in physical restraint and seclusion theory and techniques shall be authorized to assist with seclusion or physical restraint of a resident.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

**481—71.17(135G) Medication management.**

**71.17(1)** Medications must be ordered by qualified prescribers and administered by qualified personnel.

**71.17(2)** Prescription medication must be legally dispensed and labeled according to state law.

**71.17(3)** All medication errors, drug reactions and suspected drug overmedication must be documented and reported to the practitioner who prescribed the medication.

**71.17(4)** All medications and other preparations intended for internal or external human use must be stored in medicine cabinets or drug rooms. When preservation of the medication or other preparation requires refrigeration, the facility must provide a means of securely refrigerating these items. Such cabinets or drug rooms must be kept securely locked when not in use, and the key must be in the possession of the supervising nurse or other authorized person.

**71.17(5)** Schedule II drugs must be stored within two separately locked compartments at all times and accessible only to qualified personnel in charge of administering medication.

**71.17(6)** Any unused portions of program-prescribed medication(s) must be either turned over to the resident with written authorization and directions by the qualified prescriber or returned to a pharmacy for proper disposition by the pharmacist.

**71.17(7)** Whenever a resident brings the resident's own prescribed medications into the facility, such medications must not be administered unless identified and ordered by a qualified prescriber. If such medications cannot be administered, they must be packaged, sealed, and returned to an adult member of the resident's immediate family or the legal guardian or securely stored and returned to the resident upon discharge. However, if previously prescribed medication would prove harmful to the resident, the medication may be withheld from the resident and disposed of in accordance with subrule 71.17(6). There must be documentation by the qualified prescriber in the resident's clinical record citing the dangers or contraindications of the medication being withheld.

**71.17(8)** All potent, poisonous, or caustic materials shall be stored separately from medications. All potent, poisonous, or caustic materials shall be plainly labeled and stored in a specific, well-illuminated cabinet, closet or storeroom and made accessible only to authorized personnel.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

**481—71.18(135G) Records.**

**71.18(1)** *Resident record.* The licensee shall keep a permanent record about each resident with all entries current, dated, and signed. The record shall include:

- a.* Name and previous address of resident;
- b.* Birth date, sex, and marital status of resident;
- c.* Provisional or admitting diagnosis;
- d.* A biopsychosocial history sufficient to provide data on the resident's relevant past history, present situation, social support system, community resource contacts, and other information relevant to appropriate treatment and discharge planning;
- e.* The name, telephone number and address of the licensed mental health professional completing the biopsychosocial history;
- f.* Name, address and telephone number of next of kin or legal representative;
- g.* Name, address and telephone number of the person to be notified in case of emergency;
- h.* Pharmacy name, telephone number, and address;
- i.* Written orders for treatment and medications, signed by a physician, physician assistant or advanced registered nurse practitioner;

- j. Any change in the resident's condition;
- k. Notations describing the resident's condition on admission, transfer, and discharge;
- l. A copy of instructions given to the resident, legal representative, or facility in the event of discharge or transfer;
- m. Individualized treatment and discharge or transfer plan pursuant to rule 481—71.14(135G);
- n. Progress notes, including any use of seclusion or restraint pursuant to rule 481—71.16(135G), recorded by the physician, physician assistant, advanced registered nurse practitioner or mental health professional and, when appropriate, others significantly involved in active treatment modalities. Progress notes must contain a concise assessment of the resident's progress and recommendations for revising the treatment plan as indicated by the resident's condition;
- o. The discharge summary, including a recapitulation of the resident's hospitalization, recommendations for appropriate services concerning follow-up, and a brief summary of the resident's condition on discharge.

**71.18(2) Confidentiality of resident records.** The facility shall have policies and procedures providing that each resident shall be assured confidential treatment of all information, including information contained in electronic records.

a. The facility shall limit access to any resident records to staff and consultants providing professional services to the resident. Information shall be made available to staff only to the extent that the information is relevant to the staff person's responsibilities and duties. This restriction shall not preclude access by representatives of state or federal regulatory agencies.

b. The resident, or the resident's legal guardian, shall be entitled to examine all information and shall have the right to secure full copies of the record at reasonable cost upon request, unless the physician, physician assistant, advanced registered nurse practitioner or mental health professional determines the disclosure of the record or a section thereof is contraindicated, in which case the designated information will be redacted prior to making the record available to the resident. This determination and the reasons for it must be documented in the resident's record.

**71.18(3) Incident records.**

a. Each subacute care facility shall maintain an incident record report and shall have available incident report forms.

b. A report of every unusual occurrence shall be detailed on the printed incident report form.

c. The person in charge at the time of the unusual occurrence shall oversee the preparation of and sign the incident report.

d. A copy of the incident report shall be kept on file in the facility and shall be available for review and a part of administrative records.

**71.18(4) Retention of records.**

a. Records shall be retained in the facility for five years following termination of services to the resident, even when there is a change of ownership.

b. When the facility ceases to operate, the resident's record shall be released to the facility to which the resident is transferred. If no transfer occurs, the record shall be released to the individual's physician or advanced registered nurse practitioner.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

#### **481—71.19(135G) Residents' rights in general.**

**71.19(1) Policies and procedures.** Each facility shall ensure that policies and procedures are written and implemented, include all of the following subrules, and govern all areas of service provided to staff and residents, their families or legal representatives. The policies and procedures shall be available to the public and shall be reviewed annually by the facility.

**71.19(2) Grievances.** Written policies and procedures shall include a method for submission of grievances and recommendations by residents or their responsible parties and a method to ensure a response and disposition by the facility. The written grievance procedure shall ensure protection of the resident from any form of reprisal or intimidation and shall include:

a. The name of an employee or an alternate staff person designated to be responsible for handling grievances and recommendations; and

b. Methods to investigate and assess the validity of a grievance or recommendation, resolve grievances, and take action.

**71.19(3) *Informed of rights and responsibilities.*** Policies and procedures shall include a provision that each resident shall be fully informed of the resident's rights and responsibilities as a resident and of all rules governing resident conduct and responsibilities. This information must be provided upon admission.

a. The facility shall inform residents about what they may expect from the facility and its staff and what is expected from residents.

b. Residents' rights and responsibilities shall be presented in language understandable to the resident. If the facility serves residents who are not English-speaking or are hearing impaired, steps shall be taken to translate the information into the person's native language or sign language. In the case of visually impaired residents, either Braille or a recording shall be provided.

c. A statement shall be signed by the resident and legal guardian, if applicable, indicating an understanding of these rights and responsibilities, and the statement shall be maintained in the record. A copy of the signed statement shall be given to the resident or legal guardian.

**71.19(4) *Informed of health condition.*** Each resident or legal guardian shall be fully informed by a physician, physician assistant, advanced registered nurse practitioner or mental health professional of the resident's health and medical condition unless medically contraindicated as documented by a physician, physician assistant, advanced registered nurse practitioner or mental health professional in the resident's record.

**71.19(5) *Posting of names.*** The facility shall post in a prominent area the name, telephone number, and address of the survey agency, the local law enforcement agency and the protection and advocacy agency designated to provide to residents another course of redress.

**71.19(6) *Dignity preserved.*** Each resident shall be treated with consideration, respect, and full recognition of the resident's dignity and individuality, including privacy in treatment and in care of personal needs.

a. Corporal punishment, verbal abuse, or any other activity that would be damaging to an individual's self-respect shall be prohibited by written policy.

b. Medication shall not be used as punishment, for the convenience of staff, or as a substitute for a program.

c. Staff shall display respect for residents when speaking with, caring for, or talking about them, as constant affirmation of the individuality and dignity of human beings.

d. Residents shall be examined and treated in a manner that maintains the privacy of their bodies. A closed door shall shield the resident from passersby. People not involved in the care of the residents shall not be present without the resident's consent while the resident is being examined or treated.

e. Staff shall knock and be acknowledged before entering a resident's room unless the resident is not capable of a response. This requirement does not apply under emergency conditions.

**71.19(7) *Communications.*** Each resident may communicate, associate, and meet privately with persons of the resident's choice, unless to do so would infringe upon the rights of other residents. Each resident may send and receive personal mail unopened unless prohibited in the treatment plan, which requires explicit approval of the resident or legal guardian.

**71.19(8) *Visiting hours.*** Subject to reasonable scheduling restrictions, visiting policies and procedures shall permit residents to receive visits from anyone they wish. Visiting hours shall be posted.

a. Reasonable, regular visiting hours shall not be less than 12 hours per day and shall take into consideration the special circumstances of each visitor. A particular visitor(s) may be restricted by the facility for one of the following reasons:

- (1) The resident refuses to see the visitor(s).
- (2) The visit would not be in accordance with the treatment plan.
- (3) The visitor's behavior is unreasonably disruptive to the functioning of the facility.

b. Reasons for denial of visitation shall be documented in the resident's records.

**71.19(9) Privacy.** Space shall be provided for residents to receive visitors in comfort and privacy.

**71.19(10) Telephone calls.** Telephones shall be available and accessible for residents to make and receive calls with privacy. Residents who need help shall be assisted in using the telephone.

**71.19(11) Mail.** Arrangements shall be made to provide assistance to residents who require help in reading or sending mail.

**71.19(12) Permission to leave premises.** Residents shall be permitted to leave the facility and environs at reasonable times if permitted in writing by the physician, physician assistant, advanced registered nurse practitioner, mental health professional, or administrator.

**71.19(13) Resident activities.** Each resident may participate in recreational activities as desired unless contraindicated for reasons documented in the resident's record.

**71.19(14) Resident property.** Each resident may retain and use personal clothing and possessions, as space permits, and cash and other financial instruments, provided that the use of such items is not otherwise prohibited.

*a.* The personal property shall be kept in a secure location which is convenient to the resident.

*b.* Residents shall be advised, prior to or at the time of admission, of the kinds and amounts of clothing and possessions permitted for personal use and whether the facility will accept responsibility for maintaining these items, e.g., cleaning and laundry.

*c.* Any personal clothing or possessions retained by the facility for the resident shall be identified and recorded on admission and the record placed on the resident's chart. The facility shall be responsible for secure storage of items, and the items shall be returned to the resident promptly upon request or upon discharge from the facility.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

#### **481—71.20(135G) Health and safety.**

**71.20(1) Emergency care.** Each facility shall have written policies and procedures for emergency medical and psychiatric care, which shall include immediate notification by the person in charge to the physician, physician assistant, advanced registered nurse practitioner or mental health professional of any accident, injury or adverse change in the resident's condition. "Immediate" for purposes of this subrule means within 24 hours.

**71.20(2) First-aid kit.** A first-aid emergency kit shall be available on each floor.

**71.20(3) Infection control.** Each facility shall have a written and implemented infection control program.

**71.20(4) Safe environment.** The licensee of a subacute care facility is responsible for the provision and maintenance of a safe environment for residents and personnel. The subacute care facility shall meet the fire and safety rules as promulgated by the state fire marshal.

**71.20(5) Disaster.** The licensee shall have a written emergency plan to be followed in the event of fire, tornado, explosion, or other emergency.

*a.* The plan shall be posted.

*b.* Training shall be provided to ensure that all employees are knowledgeable of the emergency plan. The training shall be documented.

**71.20(6) Smoking.** A subacute care facility shall follow the smokefree air Act, Iowa Code chapter 142D.

[ARC 1740C, IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 135G.

[Filed ARC 1740C (Notice ARC 1615C, IAB 9/3/14), IAB 11/26/14, effective 12/31/14]

[Filed ARC 2068C (Notice ARC 1996C, IAB 5/27/15), IAB 7/22/15, effective 8/26/15]



CHAPTER 72  
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE  
FRONT END INVESTIGATIONS

**481—72.1(10A) Definitions.**

“*Client*” means any person who has made an application for or is receiving public assistance from the department of human services (hereafter known as DHS).

“*Collateral contact*” means a reliable source other than the client knowledgeable about information relative to pertinent public assistance case factors.

“*Department*” means the Iowa department of inspections and appeals.

“*Overpayment*” means the dollar amount of public assistance specified by DHS rules which is subject to recovery.

“*Pertinent public assistance case factors*” means information considered necessary by DHS to verify the household composition, income and assets on referred cases.

“*Public assistance*” means the family investment program, food stamps, medical assistance, state supplementary assistance and refugee cash assistance.

“*Referral*” means a request to investigate pertinent public assistance case factors on error-prone cases. The request shall be made by DHS for help from the department on the referral for front end investigation form.

“*Refusal to cooperate*” by client means the client has failed to attend a scheduled interview without prior notification to the investigator, or to provide information, or to assist in the gathering of information about pertinent public assistance case factors with the department investigator.

**481—72.2(10A) Referrals.** Client-caused errors in public assistance benefits arise primarily from three areas: household composition, income and assets. A flexible list of error-prone indicators in those three areas has been identified. One or more indicators must be present for a referral to the department investigator. A current copy is available from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083.

The department investigator is responsible for investigating referrals to:

1. Determine whether information supplied to DHS by the client is complete and correct regarding pertinent public assistance case factors;
2. Serve as a deterrent against benefit issuance resultant from fraudulent applications submitted by DHS clients;
3. Identify client-caused overpayments for recovery;
4. Assist in reducing public assistance program error rates.

**481—72.3(10A) Investigation procedures.** Procedures for investigations may include, but are not limited to, the following steps:

**72.3(1)** The department investigators shall inform the client of their involvement in the client’s case by sending an introductory letter.

**72.3(2)** Client information may be verified by using:

- a. Property verification to identify possible property ownership.
- b. Postmaster statement to verify current address.
- c. Motor vehicle information to identify possible vehicle ownership.

**72.3(3)** If a face-to-face interview is necessary, an appointment letter is sent to the client.

a. Prior to the interview, the client will be informed of the purpose of the investigation, the types of information being investigated, what their responsibilities are in terms of cooperating in the investigation, and the consequences of refusal to cooperate in the investigation.

b. During the interview with the department investigator, the client may be asked to sign a form authorizing the department to contact collateral sources to verify pertinent public assistance case factors. At least one of the following forms will be attached to the authorization:

- (1) Landlord questionnaire,

- (2) Mortgage questionnaire,
- (3) Earned income questionnaire,
- (4) Financial institution questionnaire,
- (5) General questionnaire.

c. The client shall be provided a copy of the signed authorization form and any other forms identified as necessary at the time of the interview. The authorization form and attached form(s) will be explained during the interview and are offered as a courtesy to the client. The client-signed authorization is not required for a department investigator to secure collateral information related to pertinent public assistance case factors.

d. The director of the department or the director's designee may issue subpoenas in order to secure data that is deemed pertinent public assistance case factor information.

**72.3(4)** The DHS client file may be reviewed by the department investigator.

**72.3(5)** Collateral contacts will be used to collect information by the department investigator. The information supplied by the client may be subject to further verification by the department investigator.

**72.3(6)** The director of the department or the director's designee shall determine that all investigations conducted by the department investigator are related to pertinent public assistance case factors.

**72.3(7)** If the client has previously received public assistance benefits and a discrepancy(s) is present, the investigation may continue to determine whether an overissuance of benefits has been made. However, clients who have never received benefits and withdraw their application or are denied benefits will not be subject to continued investigation.

**481—72.4(10A) Findings.** The department investigator shall report and provide documentation of the findings of the investigation, including client noncooperation, to DHS using the transmittal A form. The department's investigation is closed upon submission of the transmittal A form to the referral source and cannot be reopened prior to the receipt of a new or updated referral for front end investigation form.

DHS shall report the case action taken and any determination of overpayment or intentional program violation referral to the department using the transmittal B form. All decisions about DHS public assistance eligibility will be made by DHS. The client will need to clarify any discovered discrepancies with DHS. Refusal to cooperate will result in DHS taking action to deny or cancel public assistance benefits. Future public assistance application(s) will not be considered for approval until cooperation with the department investigator is completed. The department investigator shall comply with all laws, rules and regulations with respect to confidentiality.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.104(5), 10A.104(6), 10A.105, 10A.402(7), 17A.3(1) "b," and 22.11.

[Filed 9/18/87, Notice 4/22/87—published 10/7/87, effective 11/11/87]

[Filed 1/3/91, Notice 10/31/90—published 1/23/91, effective 2/27/91]



CHAPTER 73  
MEDICAID FRAUD CONTROL BUREAU  
[Prior to 10/7/87, 481—Chapter 6, “Medicaid Provider Audits”]

The purpose of this chapter is to define steps which may be taken by the department of inspections and appeals to ensure that provider payments for Medicaid services and supplies are made in accordance with provider manual and Medicaid rules.

**481—73.1(10A) Definitions.**

“*Abuse*” means provider practices that are inconsistent with sound fiscal, business, or medical practices, and result in an unnecessary cost to the Medicaid program, or in reimbursement for services that are not medically necessary or that fail to meet professionally recognized standards for health care.

“*Authorized representative*” within the context of these rules means that person appointed to carry out audit or investigative procedures, including assigned auditors, investigators, or agents contracted for specific audits or investigative procedures.

“*Bureau*” means the Medicaid fraud control bureau.

“*Claim*” means a tangible and legible history which documents the criteria established for clinical records as set forth in rule 441—79.3(249A).

“*Confidence level*” means the probability that an overpayment or underpayment rate determined from a random sample of charges is less than or equal to the rate that exists in the universe from which the sample was drawn.

“*Customary and prevailing*” means (1) the most consistent charge by a Medicaid provider for a given service and (2) a fee within the range of usual charges for a given service billed by most providers with similar training and experience in the state of Iowa.

“*Extrapolation*” means that the total amount of overpayment or underpayment will be estimated by using sample data meeting the confidence level requirement.

“*Fiscal agent*” means an organization which processes and pays claims on behalf of the department of human services.

“*Fiscal record*” means a tangible and legible history which documents the criteria established for fiscal records as set forth in human services rule 441—79.3(249A).

“*Fraud*” means an intentional deception or misrepresentation made by a person with the knowledge that the deception could result in some authorized benefit to the person or some other person. It includes any act that constitutes fraud under applicable federal or state law.

“*Generally accepted auditing procedures*” means those procedures published in Standards for Audit of Governmental Organizations, Programs, Activities & Functions, 1972 edition, by the Comptroller General of the United States.

“*Overpayment*” means any payment or portion of a payment made to a provider which is incorrect according to the laws and rules applicable to the Medicaid program and which results in a payment greater than that to which the provider is entitled.

“*Procedure code*” means the identifier which describes medical services performed or the supplies, drugs or equipment provided.

“*Provider*” means an individual, firm, corporation, association, or institution which provides or has been approved to provide goods or services to someone receiving state medical assistance.

“*Random sample*” means a systematic (or every nth unit) sample for which each item in the universe has an equal probability of being selected.

“*Underpayment*” means any payment or portion of a payment not made to a provider for services delivered to eligible recipients according to the laws and rules applicable to the Medicaid program and to which the provider is entitled.

“*Universe*” means all items (claims), submitted by a specific provider for payment during a specific time period, from which a random sample will be drawn.

**481—73.2(10A) Complaints.** Complaints are received in writing or verbally from any source. The department may acknowledge in writing receipt of a complaint.

Each complaint is recorded in a log and assigned a number. Complaints received and logged include as much of the following information as possible:

1. Case number,
2. Provider name, address, telephone and identification number,
3. Referral source,
4. Date complaint received,
5. Allegation.

**481—73.3(10A) Investigative procedures.** Initial complaints are reviewed and evaluated by an investigator or auditor to determine whether the provider and the recipient participate in the Medicaid program.

**73.3(1)** The investigator or auditor conducts a preliminary review. A written summary of the preliminary review is prepared and submitted to an evaluation team made up of:

- Bureau chief,
- Legal counsel,
- Investigator, and
- Auditor.

**73.3(2)** The evaluation team determines further disposition of the complaint. Options available to the bureau include, but are not limited to:

- a. Referring the complaint to other affected agencies,
- b. Assigning the case to an investigator or auditor, for review, audit or investigation,
- c. Determining no action be taken.

**481—73.4(10A) Audit of clinical and fiscal records by the department.**

**73.4(1)** Authorized representatives of the department shall have the right, upon proper identification, and using generally accepted auditing procedures, to review the clinical and fiscal records of the provider to determine whether:

- a. Claims for goods or services have been accurately paid.
- b. The provider has furnished the services to Medicaid recipients.
- c. The provider has retained clinical and fiscal records which substantiate claims submitted for payment during the audit period.

**73.4(2)** Records generated and maintained by the department of human services, its fiscal agent, or by the department of inspections and appeals may be used by auditors or investigators and in all proceedings relative to audits or investigations conducted.

**481—73.5(10A) Who shall be reviewed, audited, or investigated.** Any Medicaid provider may be reviewed, audited, or investigated at any time at the discretion of the department.

**481—73.6(10A) Auditing and investigative procedures.** The department will select the appropriate method of conducting an audit or investigation and will protect the confidential nature of the records being reviewed. The provider may be required, by administrative subpoena, to furnish records to the department. The provider may select the method of delivering any requested records to the department.

**73.6(1)** Audit or investigative procedures may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. Comparing clinical and fiscal records with each claim.
- b. Interviewing recipients of services, and employees of providers.
- c. Examining third party payment records.
- d. Comparing Medicaid charges with private patient charges to determine that the charge to Medicaid is not more than the customary and prevailing fee. Records of privately paying patients will be requested by subpoena.

**73.6(2)** Use of statistical sampling techniques. The department's procedures for auditing Medicaid providers may include the use of random sampling and extrapolation. When this procedure is used, all sampling will be performed within acceptable statistical methods, yielding not less than a 95 percent confidence level. Findings of the sample will be extrapolated to the universe for the audit period.

*a.* The audit or investigative findings generated through the audit or investigative procedures shall constitute prima facie evidence in all department proceedings of the number and amount of requests for payment as submitted by the provider.

*b.* When the department's audit or investigative findings have been generated through the use of sampling and extrapolation, and the provider disagrees with the findings, the burden of proof of compliance rests with the provider. The provider may present evidence to show that the sample was invalid. The evidence may include a 100 percent audit of the universe of provider records used by the department in the drawing of the department's sample. Any such audit must:

- (1) Be arranged and paid for by the provider,
- (2) Be conducted by a certified public accountant,
- (3) Demonstrate that bills and records not reviewed in the department's sample were in compliance with program regulations, and
- (4) Be submitted to the department with all supporting documentation.

**481—73.7(10A) Actions based on audit or investigative findings.**

**73.7(1)** The department shall report the results of an audit or investigation of provider records to concerned parties consistent with applicable rules.

**73.7(2)** When fraud is found, the department shall refer to an agency empowered to prosecute as provided for in Iowa Code sections 10A.402(7) and 249A.5.

**73.7(3)** When error or abuse is found the department will refer to DHS.

**481—73.8(10A) Confidentiality.** All material and information compiled during the audit or investigative procedure is confidential in accordance with Iowa Code section 10A.105.

**481—73.9(10A) Appeal by provider of care.** Collection decisions are made by DHS. Providers may appeal decisions of the department according to rules in human services 441—Chapter 7.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.105, 10A.402(7), and 249A.5.

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CHAPTER 74  
ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FRAUD BUREAU

**481—74.1(10A) Definitions.**

“*Investigator*” means anyone searching for information on behalf of the division of investigations in the department.

“*Warrant*” means a check drawn on state funds in payment of public assistance. The warrant is issued by department of human services (DHS).

**481—74.2(10A) Responsibilities.** The economic assistance fraud bureau is responsible for investigating, assembling, and reporting information about recipients of any DHS economic assistance and other investigations as provided for in Iowa Code chapter 10A.

**481—74.3(10A) Procedures.** Procedures are based on the destination of the information gathered.

**74.3(1)** An investigation requested because of public assistance overpayment and received from the recoupment section may include the following steps.

- a. The recipient file is sent to the department by DHS.
- b. An interview may be conducted with anyone who may have knowledge pertinent to the case.
- c. An interview with the individual being investigated may be conducted when the Miranda warning is used; the individual shall be requested to sign a statement of rights and acknowledgment and waiver (Form 427-042). This form explains the rights of the individual and is signed by the investigator and the subject of the investigation.

- d. Assembled information may be presented to the appropriate county attorney.

- e. The economic assistance fraud bureau may use all investigative evidence-gathering procedures, including administrative subpoena, which are in compliance with appropriate city, county, state and federal laws, rules, and regulations. Information collected about recipients of public assistance is confidential and will not be released during an investigation to anyone not involved in the investigation.

**74.3(2)** Lost or stolen warrants are investigated by the economic assistance fraud bureau when a written request is received from DHS. The results of the investigation are returned to DHS.

- a. The decision to issue or withhold a second warrant is made by DHS.
- b. If a warrant is not replaced and someone is to be prosecuted, the department prepares information for the appropriate county attorney.
- c. Specific procedures followed by both the department and DHS staff are contained in “Lost/Stolen Warrant Replacement Procedures” agreed to by department and DHS staff. A copy is available upon request through the Director’s Office, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

**481—74.4(10A) Investigations.** Investigations may be conducted before a license or permit is issued when requested by the alcoholic beverages division of the department of commerce.

**74.4(1)** The material gathered is confidential and will be returned to the alcoholic beverages division.

**74.4(2)** Inquiries relative to these investigations must be sent to alcoholic beverages division.

**481—74.5(10A) Executive branch investigations.** Conduct investigations as requested by agencies, commissions and boards within the executive branch of state government.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.105, 10A.402(7), 17A.13 and 22.11.

[Filed 9/18/87, Notice 7/29/87—published 10/7/87, effective 11/11/87]



CHAPTER 75  
DIVESTITURE UNIT

PREAMBLE

This chapter provides for the establishment of a debt for medical assistance due to a transfer of assets for less than fair market value. These rules allow the department of inspections and appeals to establish a debt against a person who receives transferred assets from a Medicaid applicant or recipient within 60 months prior to an application for medical assistance if the applicant is approved for Medicaid. The debt is established against the transferee in an amount equal to the medical assistance provided, but not in excess of the fair market value of the assets transferred.

**481—75.1(10A) Definitions.**

“*Department*” means the department of inspections and appeals.

“*Fair market value*” means the price for which property or an item could have been sold on the open market at the time of transfer.

“*Medical assistance*” means “medical assistance,” “additional medical assistance,” “discretionary medical assistance” or “Medicare cost sharing” as each is defined in Iowa Code section 249A.2 which is provided to a person pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 249A and Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act.

“*Property*” means both tangible and intangible property, real property and personal property.

“*Transfer*” means the disposal of property for less than fair market value through gifting, sale or any transfer or assignment of a legal or equitable title or interest in property.

“*Transferee*” means the person who receives a transfer or assignment of a legal or equitable title or interest in property for less than fair market value.

“*Transferor*” means the person who makes a transfer of a legal or equitable title or interest in property for less than fair market value.

**481—75.2(10A) Referral process.** The department shall establish a case when the divestiture unit of the department receives a referral form from the department of human services (DHS). The referral shall specify which assets have been divested, the transferor, the transferee(s), the date of the transfer, if known, and any other relevant information.

**481—75.3(10A) Referral review.** The divestiture unit shall review the referral and determine whether the department shall proceed with a case to establish a medical assistance debt.

**481—75.4(10A) Investigation.** A divestiture unit investigator shall conduct an investigation and collect evidence for each case as needed.

**481—75.5(10A) Organizing information.** The divestiture unit investigator shall compile and organize all case information and evidence in a case file. Once the appropriate information has been investigated and collected, the investigator shall refer the case file to the individual in the divestiture unit responsible for issuing notices to the transferee.

**481—75.6(10A) Computation of debt.** The divestiture unit shall prepare all computations of the medical assistance debt due and owing.

**481—75.7(10A) Issuing notices.** The divestiture unit shall issue a notice establishing and demanding payments of an accrued or accruing debt due and owing to the department of human services. The notice shall be served upon the transferee in accordance with the rules of civil procedure. The notice shall include all of the following:

**75.7(1) Amount of debt.** The amount of medical assistance provided to the transferor to date which creates the debt.

**75.7(2) Computation of debt.** A computation of the debt due and owing.

**75.7(3)** *Demand for payment.* A demand for immediate payment of the debt.

**75.7(4)** *Request for informal conference.*

*a.* A statement that if the transferee desires to discuss the notice, the transferee, within 10 days after being served, may contact the department and request an informal conference.

*b.* A statement that if a conference is requested, the transferee has until 10 days after the date set for the conference or until 20 days after the date of service of the original notice, whichever is later, to send a written request to the department for a hearing in the district court.

*c.* A statement that after the holding of the conference, the department may issue a new notice to be sent to the transferee by first-class mail addressed to the transferee at the transferee's last-known address or, if applicable, to the transferee's attorney at the last-known address of the transferee's attorney.

*d.* A statement that if the department issues a new notice, the transferee has until 10 days after the date of mailing of the new notice or until 20 days after the date of service of the original notice, whichever is later, to send a written request for a hearing to the department.

**75.7(5)** *Request for hearing without informal conference.* A statement that if the transferee objects to all or any part of the original notice and no conference is requested, the transferee has until 20 days after the date of service of the original notice to send a written response to the department setting forth any objections and requesting a hearing in the district court.

**75.7(6)** *Collection action.* A statement that as soon as the district court order is entered, the property of the transferee is subject to collection action including, but not limited to, wage withholding, garnishment, attachment of a lien, issuance of a distress warrant, and execution.

**75.7(7)** *Responsibilities of transferee.* A statement that the transferee must send written notice to the department of any change of address or employment.

**75.7(8)** *Questions.* A statement that if the transferee has any questions concerning the transfer of assets, the transferee should contact the department or consult an attorney.

**75.7(9)** *Other information.* Other information as the department finds appropriate.

**481—75.8(10A) Conducting informal conferences.** If the transferee requests a conference within the appropriate time period, the department shall conduct an informal conference with the transferee regarding the medical assistance debt accrued and accruing.

**481—75.9(10A) Failure to timely request hearing.**

**75.9(1)** *Order entered by department.* If a timely written request for a hearing is not received by the department, the department may enter an order in accordance with the latest notice. The order is final, and action by the department to enforce and collect upon the order may be taken from the date of the issuance of the order. The transferee shall be sent a copy of the order by first-class mail addressed to the transferee at the transferee's last-known address or, if applicable, to the transferee's attorney at the last-known address of the transferee's attorney.

**75.9(2)** *Order.* The order shall specify all of the following:

*a.* The amount to be paid with directions as to the manner of payment.

*b.* The amount of the debt accrued and accruing.

*c.* Notice that the property of the transferee is subject to collection action including, but not limited to, wage withholding, garnishment, attachment of a lien, issuance of a distress warrant, and execution.

**481—75.10(10A) District court hearing.**

**75.10(1)** *Certification.* If a timely written request for a hearing is received, the department shall certify the matter to the district court in the county where the transferee resides. If the transferee resides in another state, the department shall certify the matter to the district court in the county in which the transferor resides. The certification shall include true copies of the original notice, the return of service, any request for an informal conference, any subsequent notices, the written request for hearing, and true copies of any administrative orders previously entered.

**75.10(2)** *Hearing request by department.* The department may also request a hearing on its own motion regarding the determination of a debt, at any time prior to entry of an administrative order.



**75.10(3) *Notice of hearing time and location.*** The district court shall set the matter for hearing and notify the parties of the time and place of hearing.

**75.10(4) *Default order.*** If a party fails to appear at the hearing, upon a showing of proper notice to the party, the district court may find the party in default and enter an appropriate order.

**481—75.11(10A) Filing and docketing of the order.** A true copy of an order entered by the department pursuant to this rule, along with a true copy of the return of service, if applicable, shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the district court in the county in which the transferee resides or, if the transferee resides in another state, in the office of the district court in the county in which the transferor resides.

The department order shall be presented, *ex parte*, to the district court for review and approval. Unless defects appear on the face of the order or on the attachments, the district court shall approve the order. The approved order shall have all force, effect, and attributes of a docketed order or decree of the district court.

Upon filing, the clerk shall enter the order in the judgment docket.

**481—75.12(10A,22) Confidentiality.** All information compiled during the investigative or collection process is confidential in accordance with Iowa Code section 10A.105. Any request for information should be sent to the department of human services.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.104(7), 10A.105(2), 10A.402(7), and 22.11.

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CHAPTER 76  
Reserved

CHAPTERS 77 to 89  
Reserved



CHAPTER 90  
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE DEBT RECOVERY UNIT  
[Prior to 4/7/10, see 481—Ch 71]

PREAMBLE

These rules define the department's policies regarding the recovery of public assistance debts. See also Iowa Administrative Code 441—Chapter 11, "Collection of Public Assistance Debts."

**481—90.1(10A) Definitions.** For the purposes of this chapter, the following definitions apply:

*"Active case"* means a household that is receiving public assistance.

*"Allotment reduction"* means an amount withheld from a financial or food assistance benefit. More specifically, "grant reduction" refers to the family investment program (FIP) and to refugee cash assistance (RCA), and "benefit reduction" refers to the food assistance (FA) program.

*"Debt"* means the dollar amount of public assistance, by program, received by or on behalf of a person or provider in excess of that allowed by law, rules, or regulations for any given month(s); or the dollar amount of public assistance unlawfully transferred or obtained in violation of program rules; or the dollar amount of unpaid IowaCare personal financial responsibility obligations.

*"Debtor"* means any person who has been determined by DHS or by the department to be responsible for the repayment of a particular public assistance debt.

*"Department"* means the department of inspections and appeals.

*"DHS"* means the department of human services.

*"Economic assistance fraud bureau"* means the economic assistance fraud bureau of the department of inspections and appeals.

*"FA"* means the food assistance program as defined in rule 441—65.1(234).

*"FIP"* means the family investment program described in 441—Chapters 40 to 46.

*"Notice of debt"* means a notice that informs the debtor that a debt in a public assistance program has occurred. The notice identifies the debt amount, the dates on which the debt was incurred, the cause of the debt, and the options the debtor has to repay the debt. (See 441—Chapter 11.)

*"Offsetting"* means the repayment of a debt by setoff of a state warrant or setoff of state income tax refunds or federal tax refunds and federal payments.

*"Public assistance"* means any program that DHS administers that confers a financial, medical, or food assistance benefit.

*"RCA"* means refugee cash assistance described in 441—Chapter 60.

*"Recovery"* means the repayment of a debt by direct cash payment from the debtor, by allotment reduction, by offsetting, or by garnishment of wages or assets.

*"Repayment agreement"* means an agreement entered into voluntarily between the department and the debtor for the repayment of a debt. Agreements are made on Form 470-0495, Agreement to Pay a Debt, or on a notice of debt listed in 441—subrule 11.2(2). The repayment agreement, whether Form 470-0495 or a notice of debt, tells the amount and program(s) overpaid and gives the debtor a choice of repayment methods. Failure to return the repayment agreement may result in further collection actions.

*"Title XIX divestiture"* means a debt against a person who receives transferred assets from a Medicaid applicant or recipient within five years prior to an application for medical assistance if the applicant is approved for medical assistance (Medicaid) or a transfer impacting the recovery or payment of a medical assistance (Medicaid) debt.

[ARC 8656B, IAB 4/7/10, effective 5/12/10]

**481—90.2(10A) Recovery process.** The recovery process begins when data is successfully entered on the DHS overpayment recovery system and a notice of debt is issued to the debtor. The data specifies which public assistance program(s) is owed a debt.

[ARC 8656B, IAB 4/7/10, effective 5/12/10]

**481—90.3(10A) Records.** The recovery unit maintains an account for each debt that has occurred for a debtor. The account is filed under the debtor's name and includes information maintained pursuant to rule 441—11.2(217).

[ARC 8656B, IAB 4/7/10, effective 5/12/10]

**481—90.4(10A) Review.** The recovery unit reviews the record and additional information provided in the DHS overpayment recovery system to determine whether a referral for suspected fraud will be made to the economic assistance fraud bureau. The referral criteria include client errors that are over \$1,000 per claim.

[ARC 8656B, IAB 4/7/10, effective 5/12/10]

**481—90.5(10A) Debt repayment.** A notice of debt or Form 470-0495, Agreement to Pay a Debt, is used to initiate payments of a debt. The minimum rate of payment is determined by each program (unless set by a court order) and is negotiated by the debtor and recovery unit. All recoveries are transmitted to the DHS cashier. Payments are made directly in cash by the debtor except as otherwise provided in this rule. The amount of allotment reduction for an agency error shall be different from the amount of allotment reduction for a client error.

**90.5(1) Active cases—PROMISE JOBS program.** For payment reduction for the PROMISE JOBS program, the debtor must provide written permission to effectuate a FIP reduction.

**90.5(2) Active cases—FIP, RCA, FA.** Allotment reduction shall be used, except that cash payment pursuant to a repayment agreement may be used when the repayment amount exceeds the amount that may be collected by allotment reduction. For the food assistance program, debt repayment may also be made in accordance with subrule 90.5(3).

**90.5(3) Food assistance program with electronic benefit balances.** Food assistance payments may be made by returning electronic benefits to pay the debt.

[ARC 8656B, IAB 4/7/10, effective 5/12/10]

**481—90.6(10A) Further collection action.** If complete repayment has not been received by the methods described in rule 481—90.5(10A), further collection action may be taken. This action includes, but is not limited to, the following:

**90.6(1) For all debts.**

- a. Debts of \$5,000 or less, small claims court action.
- b. Debts of more than \$5,000, referral to the attorney general for district court action.
- c. State income tax refund offset in accordance with 441—Chapter 11 and Iowa Code section 8A.504.
- d. The filing of a claim in a debtor's estate or bankruptcy proceedings.
- e. Garnishment of wages or assets.
- f. Setoff of a state warrant.
- g. Distress warrants.
- h. Liens.

**90.6(2) For food assistance debts.** In addition to the above actions, federal offsets (taxes, federal payments) may be used for the collection of food assistance debts in accordance with rule 441—11.5(234).

[ARC 8656B, IAB 4/7/10, effective 5/12/10]

**481—90.7(10A) Appeal rights.** If a notice of debt or other notice of adverse action is received by the debtor and the debtor wishes to contest the debt, an appeal is submitted to the recovery unit or to DHS. If an appeal is submitted, the recovery process is suspended until conclusion of the appeal process outlined in 481—Chapter 10 and 441—Chapter 7.

[ARC 8656B, IAB 4/7/10, effective 5/12/10]

**481—90.8(10A) Data processing systems matches.** The recovery unit compares information with other data processing systems to identify the location, resources, or income of a debtor. Part or all of a data

processing system is used. The recovery unit uses, but is not limited to using, the data processing systems of the following entities:

1. Social Security Administration,
2. Department of workforce development,
3. Department of revenue,
4. Department of administrative services,
5. Department of transportation (driver's license and motor vehicle registration), and
6. Department of human services.

[ARC 8656B, IAB 4/7/10, effective 5/12/10]

**481—90.9(10A) Confidentiality.** The confidentiality of records is in accordance with 441—Chapter 9, “Public Records and Fair Information Practices.”

[ARC 8656B, IAB 4/7/10, effective 5/12/10]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.108 and 10A.402.

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CHAPTER 91  
Reserved

CHAPTERS 92 to 99  
Reserved



GAMES OF SKILL, CHANCE, BINGO  
AND RAFFLES

CHAPTER 100  
ADMINISTRATION

[Prior to 12/17/86, Revenue Department[730], Ch 91]  
[Prior to 11/18/87, Racing and Gaming Division[195]]  
[Prior to 6/14/89, Racing and Gaming Division[491], Ch 20]

**481—100.1(10A,99B) Definitions.** Definitions in this chapter apply to all gambling rules.

*“Active in Iowa”* means that the primary place for conducting legal activities or transactions is the state of Iowa. Maintaining a checking account, listing a telephone number or conducting minor business in Iowa is not considered being active in Iowa.

*“Bingo distributor”* means an individual or entity supplying either equipment or supplies to users licensed to conduct bingo in the state of Iowa.

*“Bingo manufacturer”* means any entity which originally produces bingo equipment and supplies for use by organizations or individuals licensed to conduct bingo in the state of Iowa. The process of collating and assembling bingo packets from previously manufactured goods is not considered manufacturing.

*“Bingo supplies and equipment”* means a machine, display board, monitor, card, bingo paper, or any other implement or provision used in the conduct of the game of bingo licensed pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 99B.

*“Calendar raffle”* means a grid which denotes the days, weeks and months of a year and from which prizes are awarded on different dates.

*“Casino gambling”* means the house provides a banker, dealer, croupier or a specially designed table; and gamblers play against the house.

*“Dedicated”* means that the net receipts shall be used to benefit citizens of Iowa. An educational scholarship granted to a citizen of this state may be used in a college or university outside of Iowa when a citizen of Iowa benefits. When funds are spent outside of Iowa, the purpose must qualify and the funds must benefit an indefinite number of Iowans.

*“Department”* means the department of inspections and appeals.

*“Director”* means the director of the department of inspections and appeals or authorized assistants and employees.

*“Educational, civic, public, charitable, patriotic, or religious use”* is defined in Iowa Code section 99B.7(3), paragraph “b.”

*“Fair”* means an annual fair or exposition held by the Iowa state fair board or any fair held by a county or district fair or agricultural society under the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 174.

*“Location”* means the space, building, or room which is used by a licensee to conduct gambling. All spaces, buildings or rooms which the licensee uses, owns, rents or controls which are adjacent to the gambling space are included. Any area accessible through a common doorway is part of the gambling location, no matter who uses, owns, rents or controls the area.

*“Merchandise”* means a tangible, usable product which has its own value. A merchandise gift certificate exchangeable only for merchandise is acceptable. The merchandise prize cannot be purchased by the person conducting the game. Iowa lottery tickets or shares sold pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 99E are merchandise.

*“Place of business”* means the primary office, warehouse, store, building or structure where goods, wares, merchandise or services are offered for sale, or where any taxable amusement is conducted.

*“Political party organization”* means a group affiliated with and authorized by a political party. This includes a state, county or district central committee or an auxiliary group or committee appointed for a special purpose such as fund-raising. Political action committees are not eligible for gambling licenses.

*“Premises”* means location.

*“Pyramid”* or *“build up”* means a game in which a prize must be returned in order to play another game or to be eligible for another bigger prize, or a game in which a prize must be forfeited if a later game is lost.

*“Responsible party”* means the person identified on the license application as the contact person. The responsible person is expected to have a general knowledge of Iowa gambling laws and rules. This person is deemed to be an agent of the organization until the department is notified otherwise in writing.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 99B.

**481—100.2(99B) Licensing.** Before the sale of any bingo equipment or supplies to a licensee by a bingo manufacturer or bingo distributor, or before any gambling may occur, a gambling license application must be approved by the department.

Gambling is restricted to the location applied for by the qualified organization and approved by the department. A license may be transferred to a different location only after application by the licensee and approval by the department. Permission for temporary off-site use of a license may be granted upon request to the department.

Application forms are available from the Social and Charitable Gambling Unit, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083, or by calling (515)281-6848. A short-form application for school district boards of directors is also available from the department.

Licenses are valid for two years after the date issued. Exceptions are:

1. The 14-consecutive-day amusement sponsor’s license;
2. The 14-consecutive-day qualified organization license;
3. The one-year amusement concession license;
4. The 12-hour annual game night license;
5. The fair raffle license, which shall be valid for the length of the fair;
6. The 90-day qualified organization raffle license;
7. The 180-day qualified organization raffle license;
8. The one-year statewide raffle license.

**100.2(1)** A timely application must be received at least 30 days before the beginning date requested. Applications not timely filed may be returned. The department shall make a good faith effort to process applications and grant licenses before requested dates.

**100.2(2)** There are 11 types of gambling licenses:

- a. One-year license for an amusement concession described in 481—Chapter 101;
- b. Fourteen-day sponsor’s license for a carnival, bazaar, centennial or celebration as described in 481—Chapter 101;
- c. Two-year license for social gambling in beer and liquor establishments described in 481—Chapter 102;
- d. Two-year license for social gambling in public places described in 481—Chapter 102;
- e. License for fair raffle conducted by a bona fide fair or qualified organization described in rules 100.50(99B) to 100.52(99B);
- f. License for an annual game night described in rules 100.60(99B) to 100.63(99B);
- g. Two-year license for a qualified organization described in 481—Chapters 100 and 103;
- h. Limited 14-day license for a qualified organization described in 481—Chapters 100 and 103;
- i. Limited 90-day license for a qualified organization for raffles only, as described in 481—Chapter 100;
- j. Limited 180-day license for a qualified organization for raffles only, as described in 481—Chapter 100; and
- k. One-year statewide raffle license described in 481—Chapter 100.

**100.2(3)** A game or occasion shall not occur until a license is issued by the department. The license shall be prominently displayed at the gambling location. An authorization number to operate may be issued to an applicant until a license is issued.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.2 and 99B.7.

**481—100.3(99B) License requirements.** The following standards are used to determine whether a gambling license is issued. These standards do not apply to licensure as a bingo manufacturer or a bingo distributor. These are not considered all-inclusive.

**100.3(1)** A credit reference is required and must be exemplary.

There must be no outstanding state tax liabilities.

The applicant for a two-year qualified organization license must either possess or have made application for a sales tax permit.

**100.3(2)** Each applicant shall notify the chief of police, county sheriff or designee for each locality in which gambling is anticipated when an application is submitted. The signature of a local law enforcement official is required on each application to affirm notification. Amusement concessionaires may obtain endorsement from the sponsor of an event in which the concessionaire will operate.

**100.3(3)** No one who has more than two delinquent quarterly gambling reports in the last year shall be licensed. A quarterly report is delinquent if it is received by the department more than 30 days after the last day of the calendar quarter.

**100.3(4)** No one involved in an organization which has a revocation pending will be granted a license similar to the one revoked.

No one who has a gambling license currently under six-month revocation may be granted any gambling license during the period of revocation. There shall be no current revocation of either a gambling or a liquor license for the location named on an application.

**100.3(5)** No applicant shall have been convicted of or pled guilty to a criminal violation of the Iowa gambling law.

**100.3(6)** Violation of gambling law or the Iowa alcoholic beverage control Act (Iowa Code chapter 123) affects whether a gambling license is issued.

*a.* The applicant may have no more than two convictions or guilty pleas of serious or aggravated misdemeanors in the last two years. This includes any combination of serious or aggravated misdemeanors.

*b.* No liquor license shall have been suspended within the last 12 months because of a conviction or guilty plea to a criminal violation of the Iowa alcoholic beverage control Act (Iowa Code chapter 123).

*c.* No liquor license shall have been revoked because of a conviction or guilty plea to a criminal violation of the Iowa alcoholic beverage control Act.

*d.* No applicant shall have been convicted of a felony, federal or state, within five years of the date of the application. In order to have an application considered, citizenship rights must have been restored.

**100.3(7)** The department shall be satisfied of the good moral character of each applicant, including all officers, partners, agents, or directors of an organization.

*a.* A license shall not be issued to an organization if an officer, partner, agent, or director of the organization has been associated, directly or indirectly, with the conduct of bingo or the management or handling of bingo funds, of an organization currently under investigation, audit, revocation or suspension.

*b.* A license shall not be issued if any officer, partner, agent, director of an organization, or person associated with bingo, is involved in a dispute concerning the conduct of bingo, the use of bingo funds, or other allegations relating to bingo.

*c.* A license shall not be issued to an organization at a location that has experienced a dispute, not resolved to the satisfaction of the department, concerning the conduct of bingo by the owner or lessee of the location.

**100.3(8)** Any qualified organization conducting gambling activities must be one of the following types of organizations:

*a.* The organization is tax-exempt under Section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(5), 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7), 501(c)(8), 501(c)(10), or 501(c)(19) of the Internal Revenue Code, as defined in Iowa Code section 422.3. A letter of determination from the IRS must be attached to the application, or proof of filing IRS Form 1023 or 1024 may be accepted if the department is satisfied that the organization is eligible;

b. The organization is an agency or instrumentality of the United States government, this state, or a political subdivision of this state; or

c. The organization is a parent-teacher organization or booster club that is recognized as a fund-raiser and supporter for a school district organized pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 274 or for a school within the school district. A notarized letter signed by the president of the board of directors, the superintendent of the school district, or a principal of a school within that school district must accompany the application.

**100.3(9)** An organization must have been in existence at least five years in order to be eligible for a two-year license. However, if an organization is a local chapter of a national organization, and the local chapter has been in existence for two years, the local chapter may obtain a license by supplying evidence to the department that the national organization has been in existence the required five-year time period.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.1(21), 99B.2, 99B.16, and chapter 123.

**481—100.4(99B) Participation.** No one who conducts a game of skill, game of chance or raffle may participate in the game or raffle. No employee of anyone who conducts a game of skill, game of chance or raffle may participate during any occasion in which the employee works.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.7(1) “b” and 99B.7(1) “n.”

**481—100.5(99B) Posted rules.** House rules shall be posted on a sign near the front of the playing area.

1. The sign shall be at least 30 inches by 30 inches.
2. Permanent letters 3 inches high shall proclaim “Rules of the Game.”
3. Rules shall be in large, easily readable print and shall include:
  - The name and mailing address of the licensee;
  - Price to play; and
  - House rules for the game.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.1(20).

**481—100.6(99B) Prizes.** Prizes are governed by the following standards:

**100.6(1)** Maximum prizes or limits are:

a. *Concession licensees.*

|  |                     |
|--|---------------------|
| Games of skill and games of chance . . . . . | \$50 in merchandise |
| Bingo . . . . .                              | \$50 in merchandise |

b. *Qualified organizations.*

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Games of skill and games of chance . . . . .            | \$1,000 in merchandise   |
| Small raffles . . . . .                                 | aggregate value of all prizes up to and including \$10,000 in cash and merchandise |
| Annual raffles . . . . .                                | aggregate value of all prizes must exceed \$10,000 in merchandise                  |
| Raffles at a fair . . . . .                             | aggregate value of all prizes up to and including \$1,000 in merchandise           |
| Real property raffle in lieu of annual raffle . . . . . | aggregate value of real property must exceed \$10,000                              |
| Annual raffles at a fair . . . . .                      | aggregate value of all prizes must exceed \$1,000 in cash and merchandise          |
| Single bingo game . . . . .                             | up to \$100 cash or merchandise  |
| Bingo jackpots . . . . .                                | \$800 cash or merchandise  |

See 481—subrule 103.6(6) for exception for a bingo jackpot game.

c. *Social gambling.* An individual shall not win or lose more than \$50 in a 24-hour period.

*d. Annual game night.* An individual shall not spend more than \$250 for entrance fees and wagers. There is no limit on winning.

**100.6(2)** If merchandise such as scholarships, airline tickets and other similar items is awarded as prizes, the merchandise shall not be converted to cash by the donor or provider. Winning lottery tickets or shares awarded as prizes may be converted to cash pursuant to lottery rules and statutes. Prizes awarded in games in which there are multiple winners are to be shared in equal proportion among the winners. However, it is permissible to round to the nearest dollar. A person shall not be required to return cash or a merchandise prize won in one game in order to play a subsequent game, nor can a person be required to play in one game in order to play in a subsequent game. No prize may be displayed which cannot be won in a single game.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.3 and 99B.7.

**481—100.7(10A,99B) Records.** Gambling records, maintained separately from all other records, shall be kept current. (See Table A<sup>1</sup>)

**100.7(1)** A record of prizes awarded shall contain the following information:

*a.* Prizes of \$100 or less:

- (1) Date,
- (2) Number or name and description of game,
- (3) Value of each prize.

*b.* Prizes of more than \$100:

- (1) Date,
- (2) Name, address and social security number of each winner,
- (3) Value of prize,
- (4) Any amount withheld for state income tax (required of prizes of more than \$600),
- (5) Any amount withheld for federal income tax (deduction of 20 percent federal withholding taxes is required on cash prizes over \$1,000).

Records shall be maintained for three years for review by the department.

**100.7(2)** Records of expenses and dedicated and distributed money are required. A book may be maintained which contains both. If this method is chosen, expense information shall be separate and distinct from information about dedicated and distributed money. Each subject must be in a clearly labeled section.

*a.* The name, address, date, purpose and amount dedicated to another person or organization shall be available for review.

*b.* If dedicated funds are used by the licensee, the date, purpose and amount must be recorded.

*c.* Receipts used for expenses shall be recorded. The record must show:

- (1) The date,
- (2) The amount,
- (3) The purpose, and
- (4) To whom paid.

*d.* Invoices or bills for expenses must be maintained. Advertising copy and invoices must be retained for verification.

Records shall be maintained for three years for review by the department.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.2 and 422.16.

<sup>1</sup> See forms at end of Chapter 103

**481—100.8(10A,99B) Inspections.** A representative of the department shall be admitted immediately upon request to gambling premises, with or without notice. Records shall be made available to the department or any law enforcement officer when requested. Department employees shall receive any requested assistance needed to complete inspection of records.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.2(2).

**481—100.9(99B) Reports.** Qualified organizations and those who have annual game night or fair raffle licenses are required to file reports explained in this rule.

**100.9(1)** The quarterly report of a public school district shall include all transactions of any group operating under the license.

**100.9(2)** Quarterly reports are submitted on a calendar-quarter basis. The quarterly report form is provided by the department.

- a. The first quarter is January 1 to March 31;
- b. The second quarter is April 1 to June 30;
- c. The third quarter is July 1 to September 30;
- d. The fourth quarter is October 1 to December 31.

Reports written on forms provided by the department are due 30 days after the end of the quarter. When the due date is on Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday, the report is due the next business day. Subrule 100.13(5) contains further specific information.

The department may require a qualified organization to submit records of specific occasions with the quarterly report.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.2(4) and 99B.16.

**481—100.10(99B) Extension of time to file quarterly report.** A 30-day extension may be granted for good cause shown by a licensee. The following are examples of what may be considered good cause:

1. Death or serious illness of the responsible person; or
2. A prolonged unavoidable absence of the responsible person.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.2 and 99B.7.

**481—100.11(10A,422) State and local option sales tax.** Gross receipts from gambling are subject to state and local option sales tax with the following exceptions:

1. Gambling activities conducted by a city or county are exempt from state and local option sales tax; and
2. Fair raffle tickets sold pursuant to Iowa Code section 99B.5 are exempt from state and local option sales tax.

Tax information may be obtained from the Department of Revenue, Hoover State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 422.42.

**481—100.12(10A,17A,99B) Appeal rights.** Any decision of the department may be appealed in accordance with procedures set out in Iowa Administrative Code 481—Chapter 10. When an appeal is received, the status of the license is governed by the following standards:

**100.12(1)** When an application is not timely or sufficient, a license may not be issued until a final hearing decision.

**100.12(2)** A license remains effective until a final decision is issued if the denied renewal application was timely and sufficient.

**100.12(3)** No license will be issued when a new application is denied.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.2.

**481—100.13(99B) Penalties.** Gambling licenses may be revoked for a period of two years. Exceptions are noted. The licensee shall have ceased doing business during the minimum continuous period of revocation. After the period of revocation, application must be submitted for a new license to be issued. An applicant shall prove deficiencies have been corrected.

When a license issued under Iowa Code chapter 99B or 123 is revoked and the license applied to a specific location, no one may have a gambling license for that location until the entire revocation period elapses.

The following criteria determine the period of revocation:



**100.13(1)** Failure to timely dedicate or distribute 75 percent of net receipts may result in revocation for a period of not longer than 60 days for each violation. Each failure is one violation.

**100.13(2)** Failure to dedicate or distribute 75 percent of net receipts within ten days following written notification by the department may result in revocation for at least 90 days for each violation. Each failure is one violation.

**100.13(3)** Failure to use dedicated receipts for purposes specified in Iowa Code section 99B.7(3) “b” may result in revocation for at least one year for each violation. Each failure is one violation.

**100.13(4)** Donating receipts knowing that the receipts will not be used for purposes specified in Iowa Code section 99B.7(3) “b” may result in revocation for at least one year for each violation. Each donation is one violation.

**100.13(5)** Failure to file a timely report for a quarter in which gambling activities were conducted may result in revocation for a period no longer than 30 days for a violation. The revocation shall continue until the report is filed, but not longer than two years. Each untimely report is one violation.

**100.13(6)** Intentionally filing a false or fraudulent gambling report or application may result in a revocation of two years for any violation.

**100.13(7)** The operation, either directly or indirectly, of a bingo occasion by the owner of a building leased or rented for bingo purposes may result in a revocation of two years for any violation.

**100.13(8)** The operation, either directly or indirectly, of a bingo occasion by an individual who sells bingo equipment or supplies may result in a revocation of two years for any violation.

**100.13(9)** A license is revoked for a minimum of one year for the following:

*a.* Games conducted are not in compliance with Iowa Code chapter 99B or 481—Chapters 100 to 103;

*b.* Fraudulent games are held;

*c.* Unauthorized expenses are paid;

*d.* Authorized expenses are unreasonable; or

*e.* Bingo occasions are longer than allowable limits.

**100.13(10)** A license is revoked for a maximum of two years for the following:

*a.* Records are not adequate or do not comply with rules;

*b.* Records are not made available for inspection or audit;

*c.* A license issued under the Iowa alcoholic beverage control Act is suspended because of conviction or guilty plea to a criminal violation of Iowa alcoholic beverage control Act;

*d.* Violation of any gambling statute or rule occurs on licensed premises;

*e.* An individual who sells bingo supplies or equipment is involved directly or indirectly in the operation of bingo games or in the control or use of bingo funds in the licensee’s bingo checking or savings accounts; or

*f.* An owner or lessor of a building rented or leased for operation of bingo games is involved directly or indirectly in the conduct of bingo or in the control or use of bingo funds in the licensee’s bingo checking or savings accounts.

**100.13(11)** Revocation of a gambling license is permanent when a license issued under Iowa alcoholic beverage control Act is revoked because of conviction of or guilty plea to a criminal violation of the:

*a.* Iowa gambling law, or

*b.* Iowa alcoholic beverage control Act.

**100.13(12)** If the division issued a final revocation order prior to July 1, 1984, the revocation is permanent. Final revocation orders issued by the division after June 30, 1984, shall not exceed two years. See Attorney General Opinion Williams to Bair, August 7, 1984.

The date of a final revocation order is the date of the director’s order or the date the administrative law judge’s order becomes final.

**100.13(13)** The director of the department may use discretion to set the length of revocation for a violation not set out specifically in gambling rules or statutes.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.7.

**481—100.14 to 100.29** Reserved.

QUALIFIED ORGANIZATION  
[Prior to 9/5/90, see 481—Ch 103]

**481—100.30(99B) License requirements.** The following are in addition to requirements in rule 100.3(99B):

**100.30(1)** An organization must be active in Iowa at least five years before a two-year license is issued. If the organization is a local chapter of a national organization which has existed at least five years, a license may be granted. The organization must prove the required period of existence. Examples of evidence which may be used for proof are articles of incorporation, a national charter, bylaws, newspaper articles or bank records.

**100.30(2)** Rent for gambling locations is subject to the following requirements:

- a. The rent may not be related to nor be a percentage of the receipts.
- b. The licensee may terminate any lease or rental agreement without paying a penalty or forfeiting money or a deposit. Damage deposit money is excepted.
- c. No person receiving rent for a bingo location, either directly or indirectly, may be involved in, participate in, or be associated with the operation of bingo games.

**100.30(3)** A letter of determination of tax-exempt status from the Internal Revenue Service shall be attached to the application to prove tax-exempt eligibility.

**100.30(4)** Political candidates, parties or nonparty political organizations must supply verification as follows:

- a. From the secretary of state;
- b. From the Iowa campaign finance disclosure commission; or
- c. From the county auditor.

Political action committees are not eligible for gambling licenses.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.2(1), 99B.7(1) “m,” 99B.7(2) “a,” and 99B.12(2) “a.”

**481—100.31(99B) Annual game night.** Rescinded IAB 8/1/07, effective 7/13/07; see 481—Chapter 107.

**481—100.32(99B) Raffles.** A valid raffle shall only occur during the period of the license. The license must be in effect before promotions for the raffle can begin. The gambling event begins when the first ticket is sold and ends when winning numbers are drawn. Calendar raffles do not comply with raffle criteria and are not allowed.

**100.32(1)** A licensee may conduct an unlimited number of small raffles during a license period. Cash or merchandise prizes may be awarded. Individual prizes or aggregate prizes for one small raffle may not exceed \$10,000 in value. Raffle winners cannot be required to be present to win. The prize may be a single item or several items. The cost to play is not limited.

**100.32(2)** An annual raffle (also referred to as a large raffle) may be held once per calendar year with prizes, including real property or merchandise, having a combined value greater than \$10,000. The cost to play is not limited. If a raffle licensee holds a statewide raffle license, the licensee may hold not more than eight raffles per calendar year at which real property or one or more merchandise prizes having a combined value of more than \$10,000 may be awarded. Each such raffle held under a statewide license shall be held in a separate county. Withholding requirements are explained in department of revenue 701—subrule 46.1(1).

**100.32(3)** If a prize is merchandise, its value shall be determined by the purchase price paid by the organization or donor.

**100.32(4)** A qualified organization licensee may hold one real property raffle per calendar year in lieu of an annual raffle. The department shall conduct a special audit to verify compliance with the following requirements:

- a. The licensee has submitted a real property raffle license application and a fee of \$100 to the department.
- b. The license is prominently displayed at the drawing area.
- c. The real property was acquired by gift or donation or has been owned by the licensee for a period of at least five years.
- d. Receipts from the raffle are kept in a separate financial account.
- e. A cumulative report for the raffle on a form determined by the department and 1 percent of gross receipts are submitted to the department within 60 days of the raffle drawing. The payment of 1 percent of the gross receipts shall be made payable to the Iowa Department of Inspections and Appeals.
- f. All other requirements of Iowa Code sections 99B.2 and 99B.7 are met.

**100.32(5)** A licensee may offer raffle tickets for sale at a discounted rate if the discount is applied in a nondiscriminatory manner. The discount must be available to all persons throughout the duration of the raffle and must be posted on all promotional material.

**100.32(6)** A ticket, coupon, or card shall not be used as a door prize or given to a participant of a raffle, game of bingo, or game of chance if the use of the ticket, coupon, or card would change the odds of winning for participants of the raffle, game of bingo, or game of chance.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.1(21), 99B.1(22) and 99B.7(1).

**481—100.33(99B) Expenses.** Reasonable expenses shall not exceed 25 percent of the net receipts.

**100.33(1)** No expense item shall be allowed without a proper receipt, paid invoice or canceled check and shall not be paid from an outside source. The burden of proof is on the licensee to show that all expenses were incurred exclusively and directly as a result of the gambling activity. An expense will not be considered reasonable if the amount charged significantly exceeds the prevailing rate or average retail cost of the item or service purchased.

**100.33(2)** Expenses allowed within the 25 percent limit are:

- a. The license fee;
- b. Rent of building or equipment;
- c. Taxes (other than state and local sales tax paid on gross receipts);
- d. Promotion expense;
- e. Major equipment purchases;
- f. Overhead expenses;
- g. Worker compensation; and
- h. Other expenses incurred exclusively and directly as a result of the gambling activity.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.7(3) "c."

**481—100.34(99B) Nature and dedication of net receipts.** At least 75 percent of net receipts shall be dedicated and distributed to educational, civic, public, charitable, patriotic or religious uses in this state.

**100.34(1)** The following examples illustrate methods to determine net receipts, allowable expense, and the amount required to be dedicated and distributed.

EXAMPLE 1

When sales tax is not included in gross receipts, it need not be deducted to arrive at net receipts.

|   |                  |
|---|------------------|
| Gross receipts for quarter<br>(excluding sales tax)               | \$100,000        |
| Amount awarded as prizes  | <u>\$ 20,000</u> |
| Net receipts  | \$ 80,000        |
| Minimum dedicated and distributed<br>(75 percent of net receipts) | \$ 60,000        |
| Maximum expenses<br>(25 percent of net receipts)                  | \$ 20,000        |

EXAMPLE 2

When sales tax is included in gross receipts, it is deducted to arrive at net receipts.

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Gross receipts for quarter<br>(including sales tax)               | \$105,000       |
| Amount awarded as prizes  | \$ 20,000       |
| Sales tax   | <u>\$ 5,000</u> |
| Net receipts  | \$ 80,000       |
| Minimum dedicated and distributed<br>(75 percent of net receipts) | \$ 60,000       |
| Maximum expenses<br>(25 percent of net receipts)                  | \$ 20,000       |

At least 75 percent of the net receipts received during the quarter shall be distributed no later than 30 days following the end of each calendar quarter unless permission to do otherwise is requested in writing and granted by the department.

**100.34(2)** If a licensee receives at least 90 percent of its total income in a calendar year from charitable gambling activities, at least 75 percent of the licensee's net receipts must be distributed to an unrelated entity by March 31 of the following year for educational, civic, public, charitable, patriotic, or religious uses. An unrelated entity is one having a separate state charter and tax identification number. The following examples illustrate methods to determine if at least 75 percent of a licensee's income must be distributed to an unrelated entity.

#### EXAMPLE 3

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Charitable gambling income:                                 |                 |
| Gross income from raffles                                   | \$ 20,000       |
| Gross income from bingo                                     | \$ 60,000       |
| Gross income from other games<br>of skill or chance         | <u>\$ 5,000</u> |
| Total charitable gambling income                            | \$ 85,000       |
| Other income:   |                 |
| Donations   | \$ 13,000       |
| Interest income   | \$ 1,000        |
| Membership dues   | <u>\$ 1,000</u> |
| Total other income  | \$ 15,000       |
| Total income:   | \$100,000       |
| Percentage of total income derived from charitable gambling | 85%             |

This licensee is required to distribute at least 75 percent of its net receipts to either a related or unrelated entity.

#### EXAMPLE 4

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Charitable gambling income:                         |                 |
| Gross income from raffles                           | \$ 30,000       |
| Gross income from bingo                             | \$ 60,000       |
| Gross income from other games<br>of skill or chance | <u>\$ 5,000</u> |
| Total charitable gambling income                    | \$ 95,000       |
| Other income:                                       |                 |

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Donations   | \$ 3,000        |
| Interest income   | \$ 1,000        |
| Membership dues   | <u>\$ 1,000</u> |
| Total other income  | \$ 5,000        |
| Total income:   | \$100,000       |
| Percentage of total income derived from charitable gambling | 95%             |

This licensee is required to distribute at least 75 percent of its net receipts only to an unrelated entity.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.1(16), 99B.1(18), 99B.1(24), 99B.7(3), and 99B.7(4).

**481—100.35(99B) Extension of time to dedicate net receipts.** The department may grant a qualified organization an extension of time to dedicate net receipts. The following conditions must be met for an extension of time to be granted:

1. The request must be in writing and be received by the department no later than the due date of the quarterly return;
2. The request must provide a reason to hold the net receipts and state for what purpose the funds will be used;
3. The request must contain an estimated date of use;
4. The request must state that the fund will be kept separate from all other funds; and
5. The request must include:
  - The financial institution in which the fund is located,
  - The account number of the fund, and
  - The person responsible for managing the fund.

**100.35(1)** If a request for an extension of time to dedicate net receipts is granted by the department, a detailed analysis of all transactions affecting the fund during the extension shall be recorded on each quarterly report affected.

**100.35(2)** Failure to provide the required information shall cause termination of the extension. All proceeds shall then be dedicated within 72 hours.

**100.35(3)** A licensee who is granted an extension and thereafter loses the license shall expend the fund immediately and notify the department in writing.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.2(4).

**481—100.36(10A,22) Confidentiality.** Information collected by the department to license and audit gambling operations in Iowa is public information.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 22.11.

**481—100.37 to 100.49** Reserved.

RAFFLES CONDUCTED AT A FAIR  
[Prior to 9/5/90, see 481—101.8(99B)]

**481—100.50(99B) Raffles conducted at a fair.** Each raffle begins when the first ticket is sold and ends when winning numbers are drawn. The raffle shall be conducted within the duration of the fair.

**100.50(1)** Rules for a raffle must be posted in the same manner as those for a game of skill or game of chance. See rule 100.5(99B).

**100.50(2)** Raffle winners shall not be required to be present to win.

**481—100.51(99B) Raffle prizes at a fair.** Cash prizes shall not be awarded and merchandise prizes shall not be repurchased. An unlimited number of raffles may be conducted. An unlimited number of people may win in a raffle. No one may win more than \$1,000 in merchandise. A gift certificate prize shall not be redeemed for cash.

**481—100.52(99B) Exceptions for an annual raffle.** A fair sponsor or a qualified organization, but not both, may hold one raffle per calendar year at a fair for which the cost per chance or ticket is unlimited and for which cash prizes may be awarded.

**100.52(1)** The value of prizes in this raffle shall be greater than \$1,000. The value is the purchase price paid by the fair sponsor or qualified organization.

**100.52(2)** The conductor of the game shall deduct state income tax from cash prizes in excess of \$600. Tax withheld shall be remitted to the department of revenue on behalf of the winner. See Iowa department of revenue 701—subrule 46.1(1). The deduction of 20 percent federal withholding taxes on all cash prizes over \$1,000 is also required and shall be remitted to the Internal Revenue Service.

Rules 100.50(99B) to 100.52(99B) are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.1(22), 99B.5, 99B.21, and 422.16.

**481—100.53 to 100.79** Reserved.

ANNUAL GAME NIGHT  
[Prior to 9/5/90, see 481—Ch 105]

Rescinded IAB 8/1/07, effective 7/13/07; see 481—Ch 107.

BINGO MANUFACTURERS AND DISTRIBUTORS

**481—100.80(99B) Bingo manufacturers and distributors.** Bingo manufacturers and distributors as defined in rule 481—100.1(10A,99B) are required to obtain a license when conducting business within the state of Iowa.

**481—100.81(99B) Bingo manufacturer and distributor licenses.** Any manufacturer or distributor of bingo equipment or supplies must be licensed prior to any sale in Iowa.

**100.81(1)** The license is issued for a one-year period beginning July 1 of each year. The license expires June 30 of each year regardless of the date of procuring the license.

**100.81(2)** To obtain a bingo manufacturer's or a bingo distributor's license, the applicant shall:

- a. Submit a \$1,000 fee for a manufacturer's license or a \$500 fee for a distributor's license;
- b. Comply with the requirements for distributors or manufacturers in Iowa Code chapter 99B, administrative rules of the department, and other applicable state or federal laws;
- c. Complete an application for a license. The department may require detailed information concerning the business structure and operation of the applicant;
- d. List all owners, officers, and board members of the business; and
- e. List all names under which the applicant will conduct business in the state of Iowa.

**481—100.82(99B) Bingo supplies and equipment.** Products sold within this state to a gambling license holder shall meet the following requirements:

**100.82(1)** Products must be manufactured by an Iowa-licensed manufacturer and the seller must be an Iowa-licensed distributor.

**100.82(2)** Products shall be supplies and equipment which are used in connection with the game of bingo as defined in Iowa Code section 99B.1. The following are noninclusive characteristics of the game of bingo to which products must conform:

- a. Cards or playing faces shall have spaces marked in horizontal and vertical rows. Each space shall be designated by number, letter, or combination of numbers and letters.
- b. Balls or objects used to select spaces which are to be covered on the card or playing face must bear numbers, letters, or a combination of numbers and letters corresponding to the system used on the spaces of the cards or playing faces.
- c. The bingo machine must contain a receptacle where objects or balls are placed and from which the objects or balls representing the space to be covered are selected. The selection of the balls or objects by the bingo machine must be by chance and may be either manual or mechanical.

**100.82(3)** Products sold in Iowa must have the manufacturer's name imprinted on the supplies or equipment.

Rules 100.80(99B) to 100.82(99B) are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.7(7) and 99B.7A.

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- <sup>1</sup> This history transferred in IAC 9/5/90 from 481—Chapter 103, applicable to “Qualified Organization.”
- <sup>2</sup> This history transferred in IAC 9/5/90 from 481—Chapter 105, applicable to “Annual Game Night.”



CHAPTER 101  
AMUSEMENT CONCESSIONS  
[Prior to 12/17/86, Revenue Department[730], Ch 92]  
[Prior to 11/18/87, Racing and Gaming Division[195]]  
[Prior to 6/14/89, Racing and Gaming Division[490], Ch 21]

**481—101.1(99B) License requirements.** No games shall be conducted until an application is approved and a license is issued by the department. A gambling license is required for each amusement concession game. The name and description of the game shall be attached to the application.

Application and license requirements are found in rules 481—100.2(99B) and 100.3(99B).

**101.1(1)** A carnival, bazaar, centennial or celebration sponsored by a bona fide civic group, service club or merchants group may be issued a license which allows the sponsor of the event to conduct all games permitted for 14 consecutive calendar days. Anyone other than the sponsor who conducts a game must apply for a license and pay the fee shown on the application.

**101.1(2)** The location of an amusement concession shall comply with requirements in Iowa Code section 99B.4.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.4.

**481—101.2(99B) Prizes.** All prizes shall be merchandise. The value of any prize shall not exceed \$50. Small merchandise prizes may be exchanged for a prize of greater value if the value of the exchanged prize does not exceed \$50. A prize which cannot be obtained shall not be displayed.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.3.

**481—101.3(99B) Conducting games.** The object of each game must be attainable and possible to perform under the rules of the game by an average individual. The possible results shall not be hidden, as in a punchboard or pull-tab which conceals numbers. The cost to play each game shall not exceed \$3.

Iowa Code section 99B.3 prohibits raffles at any licensed amusement concession.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.3.

**481—101.4(99B) Posted rules.** Rules for each game shall be clearly posted on a sign at least 30 inches by 30 inches.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.3.

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CHAPTER 102

SOCIAL GAMBLING

[Prior to 12/17/86, Revenue Department[730], Ch 93]

[Prior to 11/18/87, Racing and Gaming Division[195]]

[Prior to 6/14/89, Racing and Gaming Division[490], Ch 22]

[Prior to 9/5/90, see 481—Chapters 102 and 104]

Rescinded **ARC 3190C**, IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17



## CHAPTER 103

## BINGO

[Prior to 12/17/86, Revenue Department[730], Ch 94]

[Prior to 11/18/87, Racing and Gaming Division[195]]

[Prior to 6/14/89, Racing and Gaming Division[491], Ch 23]

[Prior to 9/5/90, this chapter was entitled "Qualified Organization"]

**481—103.1(10A,99B) Definitions.** Definitions in rule 100.1(10A,99B) are incorporated by reference in this chapter.

The following definitions apply to all qualified organizations where bingo is played.

*"Bingo occasion"* is a single gathering or a single session during which successive bingo games are played. A bingo occasion shall not last longer than four hours.

*"Cash"* is any legal tender of the United States.

*"Category"* means the name given to a particular type of playing face to distinguish one from another.

*"Limited license"* is a 14-day license issued only to a qualified organization. There are no limits on the number of games played or occasions held, except that a bingo occasion may be conducted only once per each seven consecutive calendar days under this license.

*"Merchandise"* prizes are tangible goods, scholarships, antique coins, airline tickets or similar items. Iowa lottery tickets are merchandise. Animals are not merchandise and shall not be awarded as prizes.

*"Playing face"* means the grid on which a player marks numbers and letters called as the game progresses.

*"Qualified organization"* is a licensed, tax-exempt body which dedicates 75 percent of the receipts of bingo games for purposes listed in Iowa Code section 99B.7(3) "b."

*"Senior citizen"* means a person who is 60 years of age or older.

*"Senior citizen center"* means a facility that maintains a contract with the local area agency on aging. A senior citizen center is a multipurpose or activity center that provides a broad range of services designed for senior citizens and is open to all senior citizens without financial restrictions. A qualified organization which is a senior citizen center shall be controlled by the senior citizens served by the center.

*"Senior citizen group home"* means a facility built or acquired by a governmental entity or a charitable organization and that is exempt under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, has one or more buildings, consists of at least ten private rooms or apartments, and is 75 percent occupied by senior citizens. Other units may be occupied by disabled persons without respect to age. A qualified organization which is a senior citizen group home shall be controlled by a resident council which consists of at least five members selected in a democratic manner by the residents.

*"Senior citizen housing project"* means a facility of at least ten residential units acquired or constructed by a governmental entity or a charitable organization to provide housing to senior citizens. A qualified organization which is a senior citizen housing project shall be controlled by a resident council which consists of at least five members selected in a democratic manner by the residents.

*"Senior citizen organization"* means a senior citizen center, a senior citizen group home or a senior citizen housing project, as defined in these rules.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.7.

[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—103.2(10A,99B) License.**

**103.2(1) License required—exception.** A license is required in order to conduct a bingo occasion unless all of the following requirements are met:

- a. Participants in the bingo occasion are not charged to enter the premises where bingo is conducted.
- b. Participants in the bingo occasion are not charged to play.
- c. Any prize awarded at the bingo occasion is donated.
- d. The bingo occasion is conducted as an activity and not for fundraising purposes.

**103.2(2) Issuance.** Licenses are issued for two years or 14 days. Licenses issued for 14 days are called limited licenses. Under a 14-day license, a bingo occasion may be conducted only once per each 7 consecutive calendar days during the period specified in the license. Before any organization may conduct bingo, an application must be approved by the department. The license shall be prominently displayed and is valid only at the gambling location named.

**103.2(3) Location.** Bingo occasions are restricted to the location for which application is made by the qualified organization and approved by the department. A license may be transferred to a different location only after application by the licensee and approval by the department.

**103.2(4) Application.** Application forms are available from the Social and Charitable Gambling Unit, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083, or by calling (515)281-6848. Applications may also be obtained by visiting <http://dia.iowa.gov/> and clicking on “Social and Charitable Gambling.” The Web site has a link to the department’s online licensing system and downloadable application forms.

**103.2(5) Senior citizen organizations—exceptions.** Senior citizen organizations, as defined in this chapter, may request the following exceptions:

- a. More than 14 bingo occasions to be held in one month.
- b. More than 3 bingo occasions to be held in one week.
- c. Bingo occasions to last longer than four hours.

**103.2(6) Examples.** The following are examples of circumstances affecting whether a license is granted.

a. Qualified organization X applies for and is issued a two-year license to conduct bingo occasions at 313 Cherry Street, Des Moines, Iowa. The license is effective from August 1, 2012, to July 31, 2014. On October 1, 2012, qualified organization Y applies for a 14-day limited license to conduct bingo at the same location. The license is approved and issued because a limited license can be issued for the same location used for a two-year bingo license.

b. ABC qualified organization applies for and is issued a two-year qualified organization license to conduct bingo at 1002 West 2nd Avenue in Jones Town, Iowa. The license is effective from October 1, 2012, to September 30, 2014. On November 15, 2012, EFG qualified organization applies for a two-year qualified organization license for the same location. A license may be issued to EFG organization for the same location during the same period to conduct any games of chance, games of skill or raffles. EFG organization shall not conduct bingo at the location.

c. Hometown Community School applies for and is issued a two-year qualified organization license to conduct games of skill, games of chance and raffles at the grade school building. The license is effective from September 1, 2012, to August 31, 2014. During the time that the Hometown Community School license is in effect, the school-sponsored pep club applies for a 14-day limited license to conduct games of skill at the grade school building. The school-sponsored pep club may be issued a limited license for the same location during the same time. Under this example, the school-sponsored pep club would not be required to obtain a separate license, because school-affiliated organizations may operate separate events under a school’s two-year license.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.7.  
[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—103.3(99B) Bingo occasion.** A qualified organization may conduct only 3 bingo occasions per week, but not more than 14 occasions per month, under a two-year qualified organization license. A week starts on Sunday and ends on Saturday. An occasion begins when the first ball is called and shall end no more than four hours later.

**103.3(1) Receipts.** At the end of each occasion, the person conducting the games shall announce both the gross receipts and the use to which the net receipts will be dedicated and distributed.

**103.3(2) Senior citizen organization licensure exception requirements.** To conduct bingo occasions under subrule 103.2(5), a senior citizen organization must:

- a. Be recognized as a senior citizen center, a senior citizen housing project, or a senior citizen group home;

- b. Conduct bingo occasions for at least one month within the limitations on hours and number of occasions required by this rule and Iowa Code section 99B.7(1) “c” prior to requesting the exception;
- c. Submit, upon request, records of daily activities referred to in paragraphs 103.3(3) “a” and “b”; and
- d. Verify that the majority of patrons at the organization’s bingo occasions also participate in other activities of the senior citizen center or are residents of the senior citizen housing project or group home.

**103.3(3) Senior citizen organization record requirements.**

a. A qualified organization which is a senior citizen center shall maintain, for each bingo occasion conducted, a record showing:

- (1) The total number of players; and
- (2) A list of all senior citizen players who participate in activities of the senior citizen center other than bingo, including specific activities and dates of participation.

b. A qualified organization which is a senior citizen housing project or group home shall maintain, for each bingo occasion conducted, a record showing:

- (1) The total number of players; and
- (2) A list of all players who are residents of the housing project or group home.

c. An organization qualifying for the exception shall review its daily records of participation on a monthly basis. If the majority of the patrons during the previous calendar month do not meet the participation or residence requirement, the organization shall no longer qualify for the exception.

**103.3(4) When a senior citizen organization no longer qualifies for licensure exceptions.** A senior citizen organization which no longer qualifies for licensure exceptions shall adhere to the limits on hours and number of occasions required of other organizations until it can reestablish eligibility for the exception. Within seven days after becoming aware of its disqualification, the organization shall notify the department in writing that it no longer qualifies for licensure exceptions.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.7(1) “c.”  
[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—103.4(99B) Game of bingo.** Each game shall meet all of the requirements of the definition of “bingo” in Iowa Code section 99B.1(5) to be a legal game of bingo. Games ordinarily considered bingo may be played.

**103.4(1)** A fair and legal game shall meet at least all of the following criteria:

- a. Concealed numbers on a playing face are not allowed.
- b. The game requires an announcer or caller.
- c. Numbers shall be announced so all players can hear clearly.
- d. A free space or spaces are allowed.
- e. The game proceeds as the caller selects and announces the numbers. If a caller miscalls a number or misreads a ball, only the number on the ball may be used. Miscalled numbers are invalid.
- f. House rules may require that a player have the last number called for a bingo. If not posted in the house rules, the player is not required to have the last number called.
- g. Each game ends when it is determined that a player has covered the announced pattern of spaces. The caller or another worker shall verify the numbers on winning cards. The caller checks for additional bingos and officially closes the game.
- h. Wild numbers are allowed, but must be chosen using a random selection method.

**103.4(2)** Any player may request that all numbers drawn and all numbers not drawn be verified when the winning card or cards are verified. Numbers shall be verified in the presence of the member in charge and the caller. The player who requested verification may observe the count.

**103.4(3)** The cost to play each game shall not exceed \$5. Cards or games may be sold only within the premises of the bingo occasion. The cost for each packet, playing face, or tear sheet shall be the same for each participant, i.e., the cost for an opportunity to play shall be equal. Players may pay for games with cash or, at the option of the licensee, checks.

- a. All cards or games shall be assigned a price.
- b. The price shall be posted. Cards may be sold only for the posted price.

*c.* Free games shall not be given. Free games include gift cards redeemable for games. This paragraph does not prohibit giving free concession items such as food, beverages or daubers.

*d.* Bingo games allowing for a trade-in of a bingo card during a bingo game for not more than fifty cents per trade-in may be allowed.

**103.4(4)** Cards for each category shall be distinctly marked. Each shall be easy to distinguish from all others.

*a.* Bingo games or cards may be printed on only one side.

*b.* In each game, the bingo operator must ensure that duplicate playing faces are not sold.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.1(5), 99B.3(1) and 99B.7(1).

[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—103.5(99B) State and house rules.** Iowa administrative rules and specific house rules must be readily available to every bingo player. The house has discretion regarding reserved seating and age restrictions for children to play, but must post such restrictions in the house rules.

**103.5(1)** A copy of these rules, 481—Chapter 103, “Bingo,” shall be maintained at every bingo location during every bingo occasion. Bingo players who request it shall have the opportunity to read the administrative rules.

**103.5(2)** House rules shall be posted on a sign near the front of the playing area.

*a.* The sign shall be at least 30 inches by 30 inches.

*b.* Permanent letters 3 inches high shall proclaim “Rules of the Game.”

*c.* Rules shall be in large, easily readable print and shall include:

- (1) The name and mailing address of the licensee;
- (2) Prices to play; and
- (3) House rules for the game.

1. House rules shall include how to indicate “bingo” to halt the game, collect a prize, and verify winners’ names and addresses.

2. Reserved seating may be observed if the house so chooses and posts the information.

3. People of any age are allowed to play bingo. The house may choose to restrict children of certain ages, as long as the restriction is posted in the house rules.

**103.5(3)** The following information shall be correctly posted before the beginning of each bingo occasion and shall not be changed after the bingo occasion begins:

*a.* Description of each game to be played;

*b.* Price of each game;

*c.* Prize for each game or method for determining the prize for each game; and

*d.* Jackpot rules, if any.

EXAMPLE: Single bingo \$1 per game, \$50 payout.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.1(24).

[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—103.6(99B) Prizes.** Cash or merchandise prizes awarded for each game shall not exceed \$100 in value. Jackpot games are excepted and are governed by standards in subrule 103.6(5). The amount of the prize shall be announced before the beginning of each game.

**103.6(1)** Prizes shall be recorded each occasion on the daily bingo summary (see Table A<sup>1</sup>) as they are paid by listing the number of the game; the pattern required to win; the type, color, and series of cards used in the game; and the amount of the prize. The name, address, and social security number of each jackpot winner is required.

NOTE: Prizes of more than \$600 require the deduction of 5 percent withholding taxes. See paragraph 103.6(5) “g.”

**103.6(2)** Prizes awarded in games with more than one winner shall be shared equally. It is permissible to round up or down, provided doing so does not exceed the maximum payout for that particular game.

Examples of prizes awarded in games with more than one winner:



1. Two winners with a total of three bingos: Player 1 has two bingos in separate squares, and Player 2 has one bingo in one square. Player 1 receives 2/3 of the prize, and Player 2 receives 1/3 of the prize.

2. Multiple winners equally splitting a prize with rounding to the nearest dollar: Six players all win the single \$100 prize. The appropriate payout is \$16.66 each, but rounding to the nearest dollar (\$17) for each winner would result in a payout of \$102, in violation of the maximum payout for a nonjackpot bingo game.

**103.6(3)** An animal shall not be awarded as a prize for persons participating in a game or fair event.

**103.6(4)** A player shall not be required to return cash or a merchandise prize won in one game in order to play a subsequent game. Players shall not be required to play in one game in order to play in a subsequent game.

**103.6(5)** No more than two jackpot games may be played during a 24-hour period as follows:

- a. An organization is limited to two jackpot games.
- b. The jackpot starting prize shall not exceed \$300 in cash or actual retail value of merchandise.
- c. The jackpot prize shall not increase more than \$200 after each jackpot game. The maximum prize shall not be greater than \$1,000 for the first jackpot game and shall not be greater than \$2,500 for the second jackpot game.
- d. The jackpot prize shall not decrease until it is won.
- e. If a jackpot is not won in the specified number of calls, the game reverts to a regular game with a prize of \$100 or less.
- f. Each jackpot game shall begin again at no more than \$300.
- g. Cash prizes over \$600 require the deduction of 5 percent withholding taxes. This tax is to be withheld by the organization conducting the game. The amount deducted shall be remitted to the Iowa department of revenue on behalf of the prize winner.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.7(1), 99B.21, 422.16 and 717D.2.  
[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

<sup>1</sup> See forms at end of this chapter.

#### **481—103.7(10A,99B) Workers.**

**103.7(1)** Each organization must have a responsible party listed on the application. The responsible party must be an active member of the organization and should be familiar with the requirements of the Iowa law and be aware of the bingo activities of the organization.

**103.7(2)** Volunteers must be actively participating members of the licensed organization or must participate in an organization to which money will be dedicated.

**103.7(3)** Rescinded IAB 7/24/02, effective 7/5/02.

**103.7(4)** Paid workers shall not play during a bingo occasion in which they work. Persons conducting bingo shall not play during any bingo occasion conducted by the qualified organization for which they work. A person conducting bingo includes: persons overseeing the bingo games, persons controlling and accounting for the bingo occasion's net receipts, persons directing the work of bingo workers, and any persons having management or oversight responsibilities.

**103.7(5)** The following people shall not work during a bingo occasion:

- a. The lessor of the building; or
- b. Anyone who sells bingo equipment or supplies to that licensee.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.7(1) "b."  
[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—103.8(99B) Expenses.** Expenses incurred exclusively and directly as a result of bingo shall not exceed 25 percent of net receipts. Reasonable expenses within the 25 percent limit are:

1. The license fee;
2. Withholding, unemployment or social security taxes;
3. Promotion cost;
4. Equipment and supply purchases;

5. Rent for bingo occasion;
6. Utilities for bingo occasion; and
7. Wages paid for bingo workers.

Expense items are allowed only when receipts or a paid invoice and canceled check are available for review by the department.

**103.8(1)** When the annual gross exceeds \$10,000, expenses shall be paid from a bingo checking account. The licensee shall prove that all expenses were incurred exclusively and directly as a result of bingo.

**103.8(2)** Expenses are not reasonable if the amount charged substantially exceeds the current rate or average retail cost of items or services purchased.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.7.

**481—103.9(99B) Location.** Bingo occasions may be conducted on premises either owned or leased by the qualified organization.

1. All buildings in which bingo occasions are conducted must meet state or local standards for occupancy and safety.

2. The name of the licensee shall be posted on the sign of each building or location where bingo occasions are held.

3. A name which is closely associated with the licensee and which clearly identifies the lawful uses of the proceeds may also be used. Generic-type names, such as “Nelson Street Bingo” or “Uncle Bob’s Bingo,” shall not be used.

4. The rent shall not be related to nor be a percentage of the receipts.

5. The licensee may terminate any lease or rental agreement without paying a penalty or forfeiting money or a deposit. Damage deposit money is excepted.

6. Alcoholic beverages may be served in a bingo location if that location possesses a beer permit or liquor license.

7. The lessor of the building shall not participate in conducting bingo.

8. During a bingo occasion, the lessor shall not sell any beverage, food or any other merchandise in the room in which bingo is played.

9. Only one licensed organization may hold bingo occasions at a location. However, the following exception applies: A 14-day limited licensee may hold bingo occasions at the same location.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.7.

[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—103.10(10A,99B) Concessions.** Rescinded IAB 7/24/02, effective 7/5/02.

**481—103.11(10A,725) Advertising.** An organization may advertise bingo or any gambling activities legal under Iowa law.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 725.12.

**481—103.12(10A,99B) Equipment.** Equipment shall be used as it is intended by the manufacturer.

**103.12(1)** A licensed organization shall conduct bingo games only with equipment it owns or borrows from another qualified organization. Use of equipment for which the licensed organization pays consideration directly or indirectly under the guise of a service charge is prohibited. No licensed organization may loan or borrow equipment, goods, or services in exchange for supplies. Equipment may not be rented or leased. This does not prohibit the purchase of equipment on contract.

No one who sells bingo equipment or supplies may participate in conducting bingo directly or indirectly.

**103.12(2)** Equipment used to conduct bingo must be maintained in good repair and sound working condition. No equipment shall be altered to create an advantage for anyone. Play shall progress so all players have an equal opportunity to win. Balls drawn must be the same size, shape, weight and balance. The container in which balls are held shall promote fair play. Balls shall tumble and circulate freely

within the container during bingo games. All 75 balls must be in the container before each game begins. Verification of all 75 balls is required when requested by a participant.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.13.

**481—103.13(99B) Records.** Each qualified organization which conducts bingo occasions shall record specific information. Records shall be current so the department may review them at any time. The following records are required for each bingo occasion:

**103.13(1)** The daily bingo summary (see Table A<sup>1</sup>) shall be a record of the following:

- a. The name of each worker;
- b. The social security number of paid workers;
- c. Compensation of any worker;
- d. The number of players present; and
- e. A list of all games played including a description of each game, the cost to play each game, the number and category of bingo cards used for each game and the prize or prizes paid in each game. The summary shall also include the totals for the occasion of the gross receipts, prizes awarded and the jackpot prize amounts.

The daily bingo summary must be signed by a caller and another member of the organization.

Records shall be maintained for three years for review by the department.

**103.13(2)** An organization having \$100,000 or more in bingo gross receipts per year must also comply with the following for each bingo occasion:

a. Daily Bingo Summary—CASH CONTROL (Table B<sup>1</sup>)

This form must show:

- (1) Gross receipts, adjustments, the prize payouts and net receipts for each game played;
- (2) The total net receipts, total cash counted, the overage or shortage, and the total amount to be deposited for the occasion; and
- (3) Shall be signed and dated by two members of the organization.

This form should correspond with the Daily Bingo Inventory Usage Form. See suggested form in Table B<sup>1</sup>.

b. Daily Bingo Inventory Usage (Table C). This form must show:

- (1) For each loose sheet of bingo paper sold, the color, paper size, game(s) played, daily count start, purchases, voids, number of sheets sold, and daily count end.
- (2) If packets are purchased preassembled, the color of the top sheet, paper size, daily count start, purchases, voids, number of packets sold, and daily count end.
- (3) If packets are assembled by the organization, the color of the top sheet, paper size, daily count start, purchases, voids, number of packets sold, and daily count end. Also, each loose sheet of bingo paper used to assemble the packet must be accounted for by decreasing the applicable loose sheet bingo paper inventory under subparagraph 103.13(2)“b”(1) at the time of assembly.

c. Records shall be maintained for three years for review by the department.

**103.13(3)** Records of expenses and dedicated and distributed money are required. A disbursements journal (Table E<sup>1</sup>) may be maintained which contains both. If this method is chosen, expense information required by rule 103.8(99B) shall be separate and distinct from information about dedicated and distributed money. Each subject must be in a clearly labeled section.

a. The name, address, date, check number and amounts dedicated to another person or organization shall be available for review.

b. Receipts used by the licensed organization shall be recorded. The record must show:

- (1) The date,
- (2) The amount,
- (3) Check number,
- (4) The purpose, and
- (5) The recipient.

Records shall be maintained for three years for review by the department.

The format in Table E<sup>1</sup> is suggested for expenses and for dedicated and distributed bingo receipts.

**103.13(4)** An employee record of people compensated for work (Table F<sup>1</sup>) at a bingo occasion shall be maintained which shows:

- a. The name, address, social security number;
- b. Dates of employment;
- c. Times and number of hours worked;
- d. Wages paid;
- e. Amounts withheld; and
- f. Check number.

The records must specifically identify for which bingo occasion an employee was compensated. Compensation is anything of value given to a person in exchange for services rendered in connection with a gambling occasion. Table F<sup>1</sup> is an example.

Records shall be maintained for three years for review by the department.

**103.13(5)** An inventory list of the number of playing faces owned by the licensed organization is required.

The inventory shall be updated each month.

Records shall be maintained for three years for review by the department.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.2 and 99B.16.

[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

<sup>1</sup> See forms at end of this chapter.

**481—103.14(10A,99B) Bingo checking account.** A qualified organization whose bingo occasions exceed \$10,000 in annual gross receipts shall maintain a separate bingo checking account. The checking account shall be established within one day of attaining \$10,000.

**103.14(1)** Bingo receipts, less the amount awarded as cash prizes, shall be deposited in the bingo checking account on the same or the next business day after the occasion. Other funds shall not be deposited in the bingo account. Interest earned on deposits in a bingo checking or savings account shall be treated the same as proceeds of bingo occasions.

EXCEPTION: Limited funds of the organization may be deposited to pay initial or unexpected emergency expenses. The amount of nonbingo funds deposited in the bingo account shall not exceed \$7500. Records shall be kept which identify this money.

**103.14(2)** Funds from bingo accounts shall be withdrawn by check. Checks shall be preprinted.

- a. The following information shall be printed on the face of the check:
  - (1) Organization name,
  - (2) Consecutive numbers,
  - (3) The words “bingo account,” and
  - (4) The organization’s gambling license number.

The nature of the payment is to be written on the face of each check or share draft as it is drawn. Each check shall be made payable to a person or an organization and be signed by an authorized representative of the licensee. A check shall not be made payable to “cash,” “bearer,” or any fictitious payee. Table G<sup>1</sup> shows a sample check.

- b. All checks, including void and voided checks, shall be kept and accounted for.

**103.14(3)** Checks may be drawn on the bingo account for only the following purposes:

- a. To pay necessary and reasonable expenses incurred in connection with bingo. Wages must be paid by check.
- b. To disburse net proceeds of bingo for qualified purposes as required by law.
- c. To transfer proceeds from a bingo checking account to a bingo savings account pending disbursement for a qualified purpose.
- d. To withdraw initial or emergency funds deposited in the account.
- e. To pay prizes.

**103.14(4)** A check shall be drawn on the bingo account in both of the following events:

*a.* One qualified organization satisfies the dedication requirement by donating funds to another organization over which the licensed organization has no control; or

*b.* A qualified organization licensee is satisfying the dedication requirement by spending funds to further the charitable, educational, religious, public, patriotic or civic purposes of its own organization.

**103.14(5)** A qualified organization licensee shall not transfer funds from the bingo checking account to any other checking account of the organization.

A flowchart for a bingo checking account is shown on Table H<sup>1</sup>.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.2(3) and 99B.7(1) “*p.*”  
[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

<sup>1</sup> See forms at end of this chapter.

**481—103.15(10A,99B) Bingo savings account and bingo change fund.**

**103.15(1)** *Bingo savings account.* When an organization places bingo receipts in any savings account, bingo funds shall be separate and recognizable from all other funds of the same organization. All funds in a bingo savings account shall be transferred into that account from a bingo checking account. Funds shall be transferred back to the bingo checking account before they are spent.

**103.15(2)** *Bingo change fund.* Moneys used as a change fund, if necessary, should be provided by the organization for each bingo occasion. The change fund can increase or decrease as appropriate for the anticipated participation in the bingo occasion. The balance of the change fund at the end of the fiscal year must be dedicated by July 30 and reported as required by rule 481—103.16(10A,99B). The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. The change fund should be maintained in a secure manner.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.2(3).  
[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—103.16(10A,99B) Reports.**

**103.16(1)** Each organization which conducts bingo shall submit a report of all transactions for each fiscal year. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year.

**103.16(2)** Annual gambling reports may be completed online by visiting <http://dia.iowa.gov/> and clicking on “Social and Charitable Gambling.” A paper version of the annual gambling report may be obtained from the Social and Charitable Gambling Unit, Iowa Department of Inspections and Appeals, Lucas State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083; or by telephone (515)281-6840.

**103.16(3)** Reports are due 30 days after the end of the fiscal year. When the due date is on Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, the report is due the next business day.

**103.16(4)** The department may require a qualified organization to submit records of specific occasions with the annual report.

**103.16(5)** All transactions of any school group or parent support group using a schoolwide license shall be on the annual report.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.2(4) and 99B.16.  
[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—103.17(10A,99B) Inspections and audits.** Licensed organizations may be inspected or audited by a representative of the department at any reasonable time.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 10A.302 and 99B.2(2).

**481—103.18(10A,99B) Penalties.** Failure to comply with the law and these rules may cause a gambling license to be denied, suspended or revoked. Criminal violations are governed by Iowa Code sections 99B.2(2), 99B.2(4), 99B.2(5), 99B.7(6), 99B.9(4), 99B.15, and 99B.16.

[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—103.19(99B) Electronic bingo.**

**103.19(1)** A qualified organization may lease electronic bingo equipment from a manufacturer or distributor licensed by the department. For purposes of this rule, “electronic bingo equipment” means an electronic device that aids in the use of a bingo card during a bingo game.

**103.19(2)** Electronic bingo equipment shall be used only by disabled individuals.

*a.* For purposes of this rule, “disability” means, with respect to an individual, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of the individual, a record of physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of the individual, or being regarded as an individual with a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of the individual.

*b.* “Disability” does not include any of the following:

- (1) Homosexuality or bisexuality.
- (2) Transvestitism, transsexualism, pedophilia, exhibitionism, voyeurism, gender identity disorders not resulting from physical impairments, or other sexual behavior disorders.
- (3) Compulsive gambling, kleptomania, or pyromania.
- (4) Psychoactive substance abuse disorders resulting from current illegal use of drugs.

**103.19(3)** Electronic bingo devices shall be used in the following manner:

*a.* Each player may input into the device each number called or the device may automatically daub each number as the number is called.

*b.* Each player must notify the game operator or caller of the winning pattern of bingo by means other than use of the electronic bingo device.

*c.* Each player is limited to playing a maximum of 54 card faces per game.

*d.* The cost per bingo game must be the same as it would be if the individual were to purchase the same amount of paper or hard cards.

*e.* Players of electronic bingo shall not be required to play more cards than they would be required to play if using paper or hard cards.

*f.* Each electronic bingo device shall produce a player receipt with the organization name, date, time, location, sequential transaction or receipt number, number of electronic bingo cards loaded, cost of electronic bingo cards loaded, and the date and time of the transaction. Images of cards or faces stored in an electronic bingo device must be exact duplicates of the printed faces if the faces are printed.

*g.* The department may examine and inspect any electronic bingo device and related system. Such examination and inspection shall include immediate access to the electronic bingo device and unlimited inspection of all parts and associated systems and may involve the removal of equipment from the game premises for further testing.

*h.* All electronic bingo devices must be loaded and enabled for play on the premises where the game will be played.

*i.* All electronic bingo devices shall be rented or otherwise provided to a player only by a qualified organization, and no part of the proceeds of the rental of such devices shall be paid to a landlord or a landlord’s employee or agent or member of the landlord’s immediate family.

*j.* If a player’s call of a bingo is disputed by another player, or if a department representative makes a request, one or more cards stored on an electronic bingo device shall be printed by the organization.

*k.* Players may exchange a defective electronic bingo device for another electronic bingo device provided a disinterested player verifies that the device is not functioning.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.7(8) “b.”

[ARC 1929C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

[Filed 12/12/76, Notice 10/6/76—published 12/29/76, effective 2/2/77]

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[Filed 9/9/04, Notice 8/4/04—published 9/29/04, effective 11/3/04]  
[Filed ARC 1929C (Notice ARC 1858C, IAB 2/4/15), IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

NOTE: See forms on following pages.







**Iowa Department of Inspections and Appeals**  
**Social and Charitable Gambling Program**  
 DAILY BINGO SUMMARY—INVENTORY USAGE

TABLE C

|                                   |
|-----------------------------------|
| Licensee's Name:                  |
| Qualified Organization License #: |
| Address:                          |
| City, State, ZIP:                 |

Today's Date: \_\_\_\_\_

| <b>Loose Sheet Bingo Paper Inventory</b> |            |                |                   |               |                               |            |                      |                 |
|--|------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Color                                    | Paper Size | Game(s) Played | Daily Count Start | (+) Purchases | (-) Voids/<br>Packet Assembly | (-) # Sold | (+/- Over/<br>Under) | Daily Count End |
|  |            |                |                   |               |                               |            |                      |                 |
|  |            |                |                   |               |                               |            |                      |                 |
|  |            |                |                   |               |                               |            |                      |                 |
|  |            |                |                   |               |                               |            |                      |                 |
|  |            |                |                   |               |                               |            |                      |                 |
|  |            |                |                   |               |                               |            |                      |                 |

| <b>Preassembled Bingo Packets</b> |            |                |                   |               |           |            |                      |                 |
|-----------------------------------|------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Color on Top                      | Paper Size | Game(s) Played | Daily Count Start | (+) Purchases | (-) Voids | (-) # Sold | (+/- Over/<br>Under) | Daily Count End |
|                                   |            |                |                   |               |           |            |                      |                 |
|                                   |            |                |                   |               |           |            |                      |                 |
|                                   |            |                |                   |               |           |            |                      |                 |

| <b>Bingo Packets Assembled In-House</b>   |            |                |                   |               |           |            |                      |                 |
|---|------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| <i>When you assemble these packets, you must also decrease the applicable loose sheet bingo paper inventory above using the column Voids/Packet Assembly.</i> |            |                |                   |               |           |            |                      |                 |
| Color on Top  | Paper Size | Game(s) Played | Daily Count Start | (+) Assembled | (-) Voids | (-) # Sold | (+/- Over/<br>Under) | Daily Count End |
|   |            |                |                   |               |           |            |                      |                 |
|   |            |                |                   |               |           |            |                      |                 |
|   |            |                |                   |               |           |            |                      |                 |

TABLE D

HARD CARD TICKET LOG

INVENTORY

Rescinded IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15



EMPLOYEE RECORD  
OF  
COMPENSATED PEOPLE  
TABLE F

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_  
Social Security Number \_\_\_\_\_  
Times and number of hours worked \_\_\_\_\_  
Wage per hour \_\_\_\_\_  
Total wages paid, taxes withheld, and check # \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Occasion Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Number of players at this occasion \_\_\_\_\_  
LICENSEE \_\_\_\_\_  
SUBMITTED BY \_\_\_\_\_

EMPLOYEE RECORD  
OF  
COMPENSATED PEOPLE  
TABLE F

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_  
Social Security Number \_\_\_\_\_  
Times and number of hours worked \_\_\_\_\_  
Wage per hour \_\_\_\_\_  
Total wages paid, taxes withheld, and check # \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Occasion Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Number of players at this occasion \_\_\_\_\_  
LICENSEE \_\_\_\_\_  
SUBMITTED BY \_\_\_\_\_

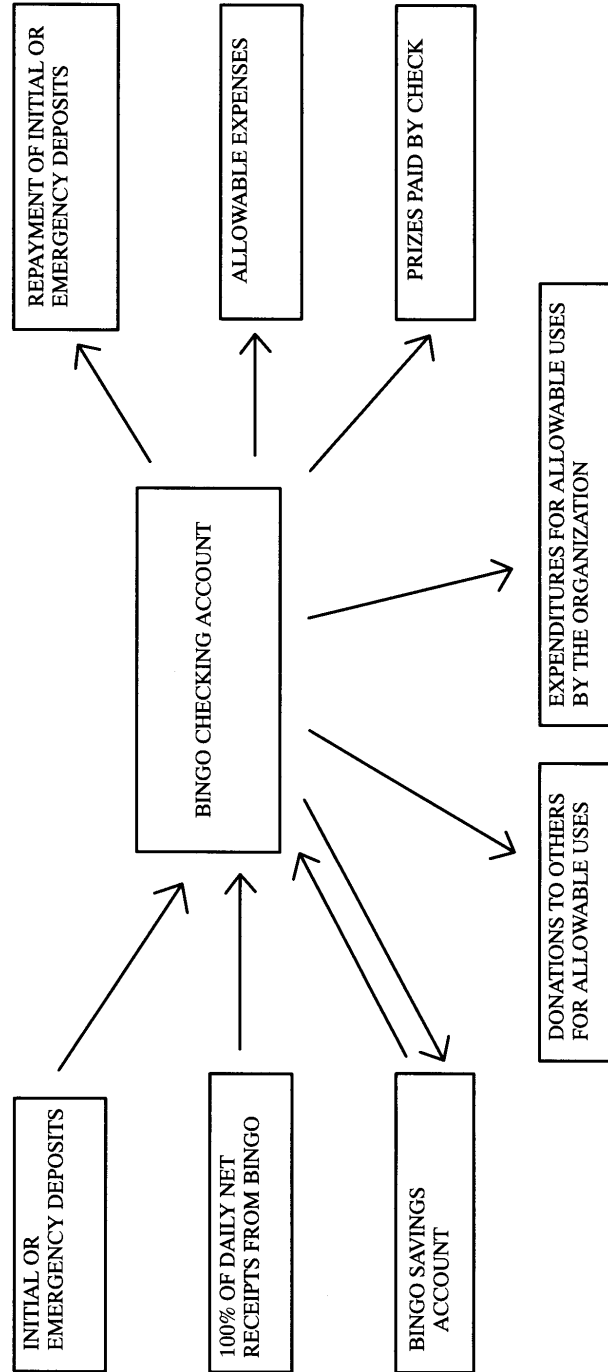
TABLE G

CHECK INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

|   |  |                                  |
|---|--|----------------------------------|
| <p>BINGO ACCOUNT<br/>         SAINT THOMAS CHURCH<br/>         132 MAIN STREET<br/>         DES MOINES, IOWA 50309<br/>         License # 7-77-000234-001</p> <p>Pay To The<br/>         Order Of _____</p> <p>Memo _____</p> | <p>_____</p> <p>_____ \$ _____ DOLLARS</p> | <p>491</p> <p>_____ 20 _____</p> |
|---|--|----------------------------------|

CHECKS MUST BE SEQUENTIALLY NUMBERED  
 "BINGO ACCOUNT" MUST APPEAR ON THE CHECKS  
 THE GAMBLING LICENSE NUMBER MUST APPEAR ON THE CHECKS  
 "MEMO" SECTION MUST INDICATE THE REASON THE CHECK WAS WRITTEN

TABLE H  
BINGO BANK ACCOUNT FLOWCHART



CHAPTER 104  
GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR ALL AMUSEMENT DEVICES

**481—104.1(10A,99B) Definitions.** Definitions in rule 481—100.1(10A,99B) and 481—105.1(10A,99B) are incorporated by reference in this chapter.

The following definitions apply to the possession and use of amusement devices.

*“Amusement device”* means an electrical or mechanical device possessed and used in accordance with Iowa Code section 99B.10. An amusement device is not a game of skill or chance as defined in Iowa Code section 99B.1, a gambling device, or a device that plays poker, blackjack, or keno. Roulette wheels, slot machines, and other devices specified in Iowa Code section 725.9 as gambling devices are not amusement devices.

*“Gambling device”* means a device possessed or used or designed to be used for gambling and includes, but is not limited to: roulette wheels, klondike tables, punchboards, faro layouts, keno layouts, numbers tickets, slot machines, push cards, jar tickets, pull-tabs, and video machines or other devices that do not comply with Iowa Code section 99B.10.

*“Knock-off switch”* means a mechanism or other method that releases free games or credits accumulated toward the award of merchandise.

*“Prize”* means a ticket(s) or token(s) that is dispensed by an amusement device as an award for use and that is worth up to \$50 in merchandise.

*“Slot machine”* means a mechanical, electronic, or video gambling device into which a player deposits coins, tokens or currency and from which certain credits, tickets, tokens or coins are paid out when a particular, random configuration of symbols appears on the reels, simulated reels, or screen of the device. The slot machine may have a lever, buttons, or other means to activate or stop the play.  
[ARC 1930C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—104.2(99B) Device restrictions.** An amusement device, except for an amusement device which shall be registered pursuant to Iowa Code section 99B.10(1) “f,” may be owned, possessed, or offered for use by any person at any location. All amusement devices shall comply with all of the following:

1. The device must be electrical, which includes both electronic and video, or mechanical, or a combination of both.
2. The device shall not be designed or adapted to issue or pay coins or currency.
3. The device may be designed or adapted to award free games without additional consideration.
4. The device may be designed or adapted to award merchandise or tickets or tokens redeemable for merchandise not to exceed a retail value of more than \$50 per play or game.
5. The device may be designed or adapted to issue tickets or tokens, but not coins or currency. However, the device shall not be designed or adapted to issue tickets or tokens that may be used to play any device or game.
6. The device shall not have a “knock-off” switch to release either free games or credits awarded by the device. However, credits may be released by the insertion of coins, currency, or tokens to activate a new game. Free games may only be utilized for playing the device and may not be released in any other manner.
7. The device shall not be capable of being altered to enable a person using the device to increase or decrease the chances to win a game or other prize by paying more than is ordinarily required to play the game.
8. The device must be designed or adapted to accept only coins, currency, or tokens to play the game. However, the device shall not be designed or adapted to accept tokens that have been awarded as a prize.
9. The device must be registered if it meets the registration requirements set forth in rule 481—104.5(99B).

[ARC 1930C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—104.3(99B) Prohibited games/devices.** The following games or devices are not permitted:

1. Devices that pay coins or currency.

2. Gambling games permitted in Iowa Code chapter 99F, such as slot machines and roulette wheels, or any similar device.

3. Any machine that does not conform to the requirements in these rules or Iowa Code section 99B.10.

4. Any machine designed or resembling a machine which is normally used for casino-type gambling.

5. Amusement devices designed or adapted to facilitate gambling.

NOTE: This rule does not prohibit the possession of antique slot machines when possessed pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 725.

**481—104.4(99B) Prizes.** Prizes may be awarded for use of an amusement device.

**104.4(1)** Merchandise with a retail value of no more than \$50 per transaction may be awarded.

**104.4(2)** One or more free games may be awarded by the device.

**104.4(3)** If the device is designed or adapted to issue tickets or tokens, the following apply:

*a.* Tickets or tokens awarded by an amusement device shall not be used to purchase or play a game.

*b.* Tickets or tokens shall not be redeemed for coins or currency.

*c.* Tickets or tokens may be redeemed for merchandise if the retail value of the merchandise does not exceed \$50 per transaction.

*d.* Tickets or tokens may be accumulated to purchase merchandise not greater than \$50 per transaction in retail value.

*e.* Tickets or tokens may be redeemed for food and beverage if the combined value of the food and beverage does not exceed \$50 per transaction.

*f.* If the entire amount of the ticket or token issued by the amusement device is not redeemed for merchandise, the balance shall not be redeemed for cash.

*g.* Tickets or tokens shall only be redeemed on the premises where the amusement device is located and only for merchandise sold in the normal course of business on the premises.

**104.4(4)** Merchandise prizes shall not be repurchased.

[ARC 1930C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—104.5(99B) Registration.** An amusement device must be registered if it meets the registration requirements set forth in Iowa Code section 99B.10(1)“*f.*” Additional licenses or registrations under Iowa Code chapter 99B are not required.

[ARC 1930C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—104.6(99B) Violations.** Failure to comply with the limitations imposed on the use and possession of amusement devices in Iowa Code section 99B.10 as amended by 2007 Iowa Acts, Senate File 510, section 2, constitutes unlawful gambling, which may result in the following consequences. Additional consequences apply for registered amusement devices pursuant to 481—Chapter 105 and Iowa Code section 99B.10 as amended by 2007 Iowa Acts, Senate File 510, section 2.

1. Conviction for illegal gambling under the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 725.

2. Forfeiture of property under the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 809.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 99B.10.

[Filed emergency 12/2/92 after Notice 10/28/92—published 12/23/92, effective 12/2/92]

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CHAPTER 105  
REGISTERED AMUSEMENT DEVICES

**481—105.1(10A,99B) Definitions.** The definitions in rule 481—104.1(10A,99B) are incorporated by reference in this chapter. In addition, the following definitions apply to the possession and use of registered amusement devices.

*“Amusement device registration availability”* means a registration position which becomes available:

1. When a distributor or owner:
  - Is going out of business,
  - Fails to renew a registration by the renewal due date, or
  - Has an electrical or mechanical device seized by law enforcement and the seizure is upheld through a forfeiture hearing; or
2. When any other legal order has been issued which pertains to violations of Iowa Code chapter 99B, 123, or 123A.

*“Counting mechanism”* means an appliance that tallies the volume of business of an individual amusement device.

*“Distributes”* means to deliver, to provide or to otherwise make available in Iowa amusement devices required to be registered in accordance with these rules.

*“Distributor”* means, for the purposes of Iowa Code sections 99B.10, 99B.10A, and 99B.10B, any person who owns electrical or mechanical amusement devices that are registered as provided in Iowa Code section 99B.10(4) and that are offered for use at more than a single location or premises.

*“Manufacturer”* means, for the purposes of Iowa Code sections 99B.10, 99B.10A, and 99B.10B, any person engaged in business in this state that originally produces an electrical or mechanical amusement device required to be registered under Iowa Code section 99B.10(4) or produces individual components for use in such a device.

*“Manufacturer’s representative”* means, for the purposes of Iowa Code sections 99B.10, 99B.10A, and 99B.10B, any person engaged in business in this state that promotes or sells electrical or mechanical amusement devices required to be registered under Iowa Code section 99B.10(4) or promotes or sells individual components for use in such devices on behalf of a manufacturer of such devices or components. An agreement between the manufacturer’s representative and the manufacturer may be in place, but is not necessary.

*“Operation”* means that a registered amusement device is made available for use by the public or made available for use on the premises of a charitable organization.

*“Organization”* means an entity that meets the requirements of Iowa Code section 99B.7(1)“m.”

*“Owner”* means, for the purposes of Iowa Code sections 99B.10A and 99B.10B, any person that owns an operable registered electrical or mechanical amusement device. An owner that operates for profit is allowed up to two machines at a single location. An owner that meets the requirements of Iowa Code section 99B.7(1)“m” is allowed up to four machines at a single location.

*“Person”* means a person as defined by Iowa Code section 4.1.

*“Premises”* means a location where one or more registered amusement devices are available for public use.

*“Prize”* means a ticket(s) or token(s) that is dispensed by a registered amusement device as an award for use and that is worth up to \$50 in merchandise.

*“Registered amusement device”* means an electrical or mechanical amusement device in operation subject to registration by the department pursuant to Iowa Code section 99B.10(1)“f” and includes both the external and internal components. Any change in the registered amusement device, including the external and internal components of the registered amusement device, constitutes a new registered amusement device for which registration by the owner is required. The word “change” as used herein does not include repairs or replacement of parts that do not change or alter the operation of the device as originally registered by the owner. If the repairs or replacement parts alter the operation of the device as originally registered, then the device must be reregistered before it is made available for operation.

“*Responsible party*,” as listed on the amusement device registration, means the owner of the amusement device(s).

“*Security mechanism*” means an appliance which prevents a person from operating an electrical or mechanical amusement device by not allowing the acceptance of money until action is taken by the owner or owner’s designee to allow the person to operate the device.

[ARC 1930C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—105.2(99B) Registered amusement device restrictions.** Each registered amusement device shall only be located on premises for which a Class “A,” Class “B,” Class “C,” special Class “C,” or Class “D” liquor control license or a Class “B” or a Class “C” beer permit has been issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 123.

**105.2(1)** The number of electrical or mechanical amusement devices registered by the department shall not exceed 6,928, the total number of devices registered by the department as of April 28, 2004.

**105.2(2)** The department shall not initially register an electrical or mechanical amusement device that is required to be registered to an owner for a location for which only a Class “B” or a Class “C” beer permit has been issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 123 on or after April 28, 2004.

**105.2(3)** An owner or distributor at a location for which only a Class “B” or a Class “C” beer permit has been issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 123 shall not relocate an amusement device registered as provided in this chapter to a location other than the location of the device on April 28, 2004, and shall not transfer, assign, sell, or lease an amusement device as provided in this chapter to another person for which only a Class “B” or a Class “C” beer permit has been issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 123 after April 28, 2004.

EXAMPLE 1: An electrical or mechanical amusement device is registered with the department and is located at a convenience store that has a Class “C” beer permit.

1. If the amusement device needs to be repaired, the owner may repair it without losing the registration position or buying a new registration tag. A repair constitutes any changes to a device as long as the type of game and the number of devices in a location is not changed.

2. If the amusement device needs to be replaced because it is defective, it must be replaced with the same game in order to keep the registration position.

3. The amusement device cannot be moved from one location to another under a Class “B” or a Class “C” beer permit, even if the number of registered devices at a location does not change.

4. If a location with a Class “B” or a Class “C” beer permit had only one amusement device registered on April 28, 2004, the maximum number of devices allowed at that location shall be one.

**105.2(4)** Rescinded IAB 8/29/07, effective 9/1/07.

**105.2(5)** Each registered amusement device at a location for which only a Class “B” or a Class “C” beer permit has been issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 123 shall include on the amusement device a security mechanism which prevents a person from operating the amusement device by not allowing the acceptance of money until the machine is activated by the owner or owner’s designee. A sign shall be posted stating that a person must be 21 years of age or older to operate the registered amusement device.

EXAMPLE 2: A patron in a convenience store tries to put money in an amusement device, but the amusement device will not take the money. The patron approaches the person working behind the counter, who then asks the patron for an ID. If the patron is 21 years of age or older, the amusement device is activated, thereby allowing the patron to play the amusement device. The security mechanism shall be immediately reactivated once the patron has finished playing the amusement device.

**105.2(6)** The registered amusement device shall be registered in accordance with these rules and shall comply with all of the requirements of Iowa Code section 99B.10, this chapter, 481—Chapter 104, and any other applicable laws or rules.

**105.2(7)** The registered amusement device shall not be designed or adapted to facilitate gambling, nor shall the device be capable of playing poker, blackjack, or keno.

**105.2(8)** If the department, or the department’s designee, determines that a registered amusement device is not in compliance with the requirements of this chapter or any other provision of Iowa law, the device may be subject to seizure, and any registration associated with the device, including the

registration of the manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, distributor, or owner, may be revoked or suspended.

**105.2(9)** A person owning or leasing a registered amusement device shall not advertise or promote the availability of the amusement device to the public as anything other than an electrical and mechanical amusement device. Situations that constitute advertising and promoting include, but are not limited to, posted signs, newspaper/magazine advertisements, radio and television advertisements, word of mouth and Internet posting.

**105.2(10)** If there is no amusement device registration availability, a person may be included on a waiting list for an amusement device registration position.

*a.* A person shall appear on the waiting list only once for a single registration position.

*b.* A person may be added to the waiting list by using the Web-based amusement device registration system located at <https://dia.iowa.gov/gmms/>.

*c.* A person may request to be added to the waiting list by calling or writing the department at Department of Inspections and Appeals, Social and Charitable Gambling Unit, Lucas State Office Building, 321 East 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083; (515)281-6840.

*d.* The department shall maintain the waiting list in chronological order with the person requesting addition to the waiting list first being first on the list.

*e.* When a registration position becomes available, the department shall notify the first person on the waiting list of the amusement device registration availability. If multiple positions become available, the department may notify as many persons on the waiting list as there are available positions.

*f.* The department shall notify the person on the waiting list of the amusement device registration availability by mail or by E-mail if the person has provided an E-mail address.

*g.* The person on the waiting list shall have ten days from the time the notification was sent to submit a registered amusement device application and the fee.

*h.* If the person does not submit the registration application, fee and proof of purchase within ten days, the person shall forfeit the position on the waiting list and shall be removed from the waiting list.

**105.2(11)** An initial amusement device registration shall only be allowed at a location that has a Class "A," Class "B," Class "C," special Class "C," or Class "D" liquor control license issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 123.

EXAMPLE 3: An amusement device is located in a bar that has the appropriate liquor license. On April 28, 2004, this location had only one amusement device. An additional amusement device may be added to this location.

1. If the amusement device needs to be repaired, it may be repaired without the loss of the device's registration position.

2. If the amusement device is defective and needs to be replaced, it can be replaced with the same game under the original registration without the incurring of additional charges.

3. If the amusement device is replaced with a new amusement device that has a different game, before the device is moved to the premises, the process for initial registration shall be followed pursuant to this chapter and Iowa Code chapter 99B. The replacement of the amusement device creates an amusement device registration availability, and the position will be offered to the next person on the waiting list pursuant to this rule.

**105.2(12)** If a person purchases an amusement device that is registered with the department, the registration tag, if available, must be removed from the purchased amusement device and returned to the department. The department shall be notified in writing within ten calendar days of the change in ownership of any amusement device. The purchased device shall be removed from the inventory of the original owner, thus creating a registration position on the waiting list. The purchaser must apply for a registration position on the waiting list for the device.

**105.2(13)** An amusement device that is registered with the department and located in a warehouse may be placed in a location that has a Class "A," Class "B," Class "C," special Class "C," or Class "D" liquor license issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 123. Such a device may also be used as a replacement device.

**105.2(14)** The registration application for all new amusement devices must be accompanied by the receipt, invoice, or bill of sale containing the seller's name, company name, and address, transaction date, motherboard serial number, and name of the game.

[ARC 1930C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—105.3(99B) Prohibited registered amusement devices.** The following devices are prohibited:

1. Amusement devices registered in violation of statutory or regulatory requirements governing such devices.
2. Registered amusement devices that are prohibited by 481—104.3(99B).
3. Any registered amusement device that does not conform to the requirements in these rules or Iowa Code chapter 99B.
4. Any registered amusement device designed or adapted to facilitate gambling.

**481—105.4(99B) Prizes.** Prizes may be awarded for use of a registered amusement device, but only in conformance with 481—104.4(99B). All prizes awarded must be in conformance with each of the requirements imposed by 481—104.4(99B).

**481—105.5(99B) Registration by a manufacturer, manufacturer's representative, distributor, or an owner that operates for profit.** A person engaged in business in Iowa as a manufacturer, a manufacturer's representative, a distributor, or an owner that operates for profit shall be registered with the department prior to engaging in business in Iowa. A person shall register under each of the categories that apply to the business to be conducted in Iowa and shall pay the designated fee for each category of registration.

**105.5(1)** Each person that registers with the department shall pay an annual registration fee as follows:

- a. For a manufacturer or manufacturer's representative, \$2,500.
- b. For a distributor, \$5,000.
- c. For an owner of no more than two registered amusement devices at a single location or premises that is not an organization that meets the requirements of Iowa Code section 99B.7(1) "m," \$2,500.

**105.5(2)** Registration forms are available from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Social and Charitable Gambling Unit, Lucas State Office Building, 321 East 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083, or by telephone at (515)281-6840.

**105.5(3)** If registration information changes, the person shall notify the department in writing of the changes within ten calendar days.

**105.5(4)** Registration fees are nonrefundable.

[ARC 1930C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—105.6(99B) Registration of registered amusement devices.** Each owner of an amusement device subject to registration by the department pursuant to Iowa Code section 99B.10(4) shall obtain a registration. A registration issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 99B is required to offer a registered amusement device for use.

**105.6(1)** Each owner of an amusement device subject to the registration requirements imposed by this chapter shall register the device before it is made available for operation.

**105.6(2)** In the event a registration position is not open, the distributor's or owner's name may be placed on the department's waiting list. The distributor or owner will be notified by the department when a position is available and the distributor's name or owner's name reaches the top of the waiting list. Upon the distributor's or owner's completion of the application form and payment of the required fee, the department shall issue a registration tag valid for one year from the date of issuance.

a. Application forms are available from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Amusement Devices, Lucas State Office Building, 321 East 12th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083. The application form shall contain all information required by the department.

b. Prior to placement of the amusement device for public use, the registration tag shall be prominently displayed on the front of the registered amusement device in such a manner as to be clearly visible to the general public.

c. Any changes to the information provided on the application, including but not limited to changes in ownership, registered amusement device location, and the cessation of business in this state, shall be reported to the department in writing or electronically within ten calendar days of the occurrence of any of the above events.

d. Registration fees are nonrefundable.

**105.6(3)** A registered amusement device must be obtained from a manufacturer, a manufacturer's representative or a distributor that is registered with the department pursuant to Iowa Code section 99B.10A. For new machines, proof of purchase, which includes the seller's name, company name, and address, must accompany the application for registration of the machine.

The owner of the registered amusement device shall exercise due diligence in ensuring that the amusement device is in compliance with these rules and all laws governing such devices. Upon request by the department or the department's designee, any manufacturer, manufacturer's representative or distributor registered with the department, or any owner of a registered device, shall permit the inspection of any amusement device and shall make available for inspection all records, documents, and agreements pertaining to the amusement device.

**105.6(4)** An organization that meets the requirements of Iowa Code section 99B.7(1)"m" shall not permit or offer for use more than four registered amusement devices at any single premises. Organizations that meet the Iowa Code section 99B.7(1)"m" requirements under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code shall provide a copy of the exemption approval letter from the Internal Revenue Service. All other persons shall not permit or offer for use more than two registered amusement devices at any single premises. The single premises where the registered amusement device(s) is located shall have a Class "A," Class "B," Class "C," special Class "C," or Class "D" liquor control license or a Class "B" or a Class "C" beer permit issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 123. New registrations shall not be issued to devices to be located at premises with Class "B" or Class "C" beer permits.

**105.6(5)** Each electrical or mechanical amusement device required to be registered pursuant to Iowa Code section 99B.10 shall include on the amusement device a counting mechanism.

a. The department of inspections and appeals and the department of public safety shall notify the distributor, owner, or qualified organization in advance to have access to the information provided by the counting mechanism.

b. The counting mechanism shall be at least six digits in length and shall cumulatively count the total amounts inserted in the device during game play. If the mechanism being used tallies in dollars and cents, at least six digits must be used for the dollar amount. The counting mechanism shall not be able to be reset.

c. The counting mechanism shall be equipped with a battery backup, or an equivalent, and shall be capable of accurately maintaining all required information for 30 days after power is discontinued from the device.

**105.6(6)** Each electrical or mechanical device required to be registered pursuant to Iowa Code section 99B.10 at a location for which only a Class "B" or a Class "C" beer permit has been issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 123 shall include on the device a security mechanism that prevents the device from being operated by a person until action is taken by the owner or owner's designee to allow the person to operate the device.

[ARC 1930C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—105.7(99B) Violations.** Failure to comply with the limitations imposed on the use and possession of registered amusement devices in Iowa Code chapter 99B may result in the following:

1. Conviction for illegal gambling may result under the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 725.
2. Suspension or revocation of a wine or beer permit or of a liquor license may result under the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 123.
3. Property may be forfeited under the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 809.

4. Violation of any laws pertaining to gambling may result in suspension or revocation of a registration as prescribed in Iowa Code section 99B.10B or 99B.10C.

5. Unless otherwise prescribed in Iowa Code section 99B.10B or 99B.10C, a registration may be revoked upon the violation of any gambling law, rule or regulation including Iowa Code chapter 99B, 481—Chapter 104, or this chapter.

6. A registration may be revoked if the registrant or an agent of the registrant engages in any act or omission that would have permitted the department to refuse to issue a registration under Iowa Code chapter 99B.

7. A person under the age of 21 shall not participate in the operation of an electrical or mechanical amusement device. A person who violates the provisions of Iowa Code section 99B.10C(1) commits a scheduled violation under Iowa Code section 805.8C(4).

[ARC 1930C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—105.8(10A,99B) Appeal rights.** Decisions to refuse to issue a registration or to revoke a registration by the department may be appealed in accordance with the procedures set out in 481—Chapter 10. The refusal to issue a registration or the notice of revocation shall be in writing and state the specific grounds for the action. When an appeal is received, the status of the registration is governed by the following standards:

**105.8(1)** No registration will be issued when a new application is denied.

**105.8(2)** A previously issued registration remains effective until a final agency decision is issued.

**481—105.9(10A,99B,82GA,SF510) Procedure for denial, revocation, or suspension of a registration.**

**105.9(1)** The department may revoke, suspend, or deny a registration issued pursuant to Iowa Code section 99B.10A for cause following 30 days' written notice delivered by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by personal service and an opportunity for hearing pursuant to 481—105.8(10A,99B).

**105.9(2)** If the registrant has not requested a hearing within the prescribed time period, the department may affirm, modify or set aside the department's proposed action in the department's final written decision.

**105.9(3)** The department may suspend a registration prior to a hearing if the director determines that the public integrity of the registered activity is compromised or that there is a risk to public health, safety, or welfare.

**105.9(4)** The department may rescind the notice of revocation, suspension, or denial at any point prior to hearing when the department becomes satisfied that the reasons for revocation, suspension, or denial have been or will be removed.

**105.9(5)** The department shall send by certified mail, return receipt requested, or shall serve personally upon the applicant or registrant a copy of the department's final decision.

**105.9(6)** If the department finds cause for denial of a registration, the applicant shall not reapply for registration of an amusement device for two years.

**105.9(7)** If the department finds cause for revocation or suspension, the department shall suspend or revoke the registration for a period not to exceed two years.

**105.9(8)** In addition to the suspension or revocation, a registrant that allows an individual under the age of 21 to operate an electrical or mechanical amusement device may also be fined for a scheduled violation pursuant to Iowa Code sections 805.8C(4) and 805.8C(5).

[ARC 1930C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—105.10(99B) Annual verification of device location.** Each distributor or owner that owns amusement devices shall, with the annual distributor or owner registration, verify all device locations.

[ARC 1930C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—105.11(99B) Criteria for approval or denial of a registration.**

**105.11(1)** The department shall consider the following factors in determining whether to approve or deny an application for registration of an amusement device, a manufacturer, a distributor, an owner, or a manufacturer's representative:

*a.* The applicant and responsible person's history of compliance with Iowa Code sections 99B.10, 99B.10A and 99B.10B and with other gambling laws and rules.

*b.* Other factors the department deems appropriate.

**105.11(2)** The department shall deny a registration application if:

*a.* The location of the device when placed in operation is not a premises with a Class "A," Class "B," Class "C," special Class "C," or Class "D" liquor control license.

*b.* The applicant owes back taxes or fees to the state of Iowa.

*c.* An amusement device registration availability position is not available.

*d.* For any other reason, the department deems denial of the registration appropriate.

**105.11(3)** The period for refusal to issue a registration shall not exceed two years.

[ARC 1930C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

**481—105.12(10A,99B) Suspension or revocation of a registration.** If a registrant or the person responsible for the amusement device violates the law, including Iowa Code chapter 99B, 481—Chapter 104, this chapter, or any other laws or administrative rules, the registrant's registration may be suspended or revoked.

Examples of violations of law or rules include: awarding cash prizes, redeeming tokens or tickets for more than \$50 of merchandise in a transaction, allowing a person younger than 21 years of age to use a registered amusement device, moving an amusement device without updating its registration to the new location, allowing an amusement device in a location without the appropriate liquor control license, and failing to file an annual verification of device location.

[ARC 1930C, IAB 4/1/15, effective 5/6/15]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.10, 99B.10A, 99B.10B, and 99B.10C.

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CHAPTER 106  
CARD GAME TOURNAMENTS BY VETERANS ORGANIZATIONS

**481—106.1(10A,99B) Definitions.** For the purposes of this chapter, the following definitions apply:

“*Card game*” means only poker, pinochle, pitch, gin rummy, bridge, euchre, hearts, or cribbage.

“*Card game tournament*” or “*tournament*” means a series of card games held by a licensee during a consecutive period of time of not more than 24 hours and not held as part of an annual game night licensed pursuant to Iowa Code section 99B.8.

“*Department*” means the department of inspections and appeals.

“*Educational, civic, public, charitable, patriotic, or religious use*” is as defined in Iowa Code section 99B.7(3), paragraph “b.”

“*Licensee*” means a qualified organization representing veterans that is licensed to hold card game tournaments.

“*Merchandise*” means a tangible, usable product which has its own value. A merchandise gift certificate exchangeable only for merchandise is acceptable. Iowa lottery tickets or shares sold pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 99G are merchandise. The value of the ticket or share is the price of the ticket or share as established by the Iowa lottery authority pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 99G.

“*Premises*” means the space, building or room that is used by a licensee to conduct card game tournaments. All spaces, buildings or rooms that the licensee uses, owns, rents, or controls which are adjacent to the gambling space are included. Any area accessible through a common doorway is part of the gambling location, no matter who uses, owns, rents or controls the area.

“*Pyramid*” or “*build up*” means a game in which a prize must be returned in order to play another game or to be eligible for another bigger prize, or a game in which the prize must be forfeited if a later game is lost.

“*Qualified organization representing veterans*” means any licensed organization representing veterans, which is a post, branch, or chapter of a national association of veterans of the armed forces of the United States which is a federally chartered corporation, dedicates the net receipts of a game of skill, game of chance, or raffle as provided in Iowa Code section 99B.7, is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(19) of the Internal Revenue Code as defined in Iowa Code section 422.3, has an active membership of not less than 12 persons, and does not have a self-perpetuating governing body and officers.

“*Self-perpetuating governing body*” means a governing body in which the members of the governing body are appointed by the governing body itself and are not elected by the membership of the organization. For example, if an organization has a board of directors as the governing body and the board of directors appoints the new or successor members of the board, it is a self-perpetuating governing body.

**481—106.2(99B) Licensing.** Before any card game tournament may occur, a license application must be approved by the department. Licenses are issued for one year and are called veterans card game tournament licenses.

**106.2(1)** An applicant shall submit a license application including required documentation and the \$100 license fee. The applicant shall submit the license application at least 30 days in advance of the first event requiring the license.

**106.2(2)** A license application is available from the Department of Inspections and Appeals, Social and Charitable Gambling Unit, Lucas State Office Building, 321 E. 12th St., Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0083; by calling (515)281-6848; or on line at the department’s Web site: [www.dia.iowa.gov](http://www.dia.iowa.gov).

**106.2(3)** The license application shall include the following:

a. Documentation which demonstrates that the applicant has held regular meetings of the organization on the premises for the last eight months; and

b. A copy of the Internal Revenue Service determination letter showing the organization is exempt from federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(19).

**106.2(4)** If the license application is incomplete, the license application and license fee shall be returned to the applicant with an explanation of the reason(s) the application was returned.

**481—106.3(99B) Card game tournament.** Licensees conducting tournaments shall comply with all of the following:

**106.3(1)** Each card game shall be conducted in a fair and honest manner and shall not be operated on a build-up or pyramid basis.

**106.3(2)** Every participant in a tournament must be given the same chance of winning the tournament. Second-chance entries or multiple entries are prohibited.

**106.3(3)** The licensee shall conduct each tournament and shall not contract with or permit another person to conduct the tournament or any card game during the tournament.

**106.3(4)** No person shall receive or have any fixed or contingent right to receive, directly or indirectly, any profit, remuneration, or compensation from or related to a game in a card game tournament, except any amount which the person may win as a participant on the same basis as the other participants.

**106.3(5)** The licensee shall not hold more than two card game tournaments per month.

**106.3(6)** The licensee shall not hold a tournament within seven calendar days of another tournament conducted by the licensee.

**106.3(7)** The licensee shall be allowed to hold only one card game tournament during any period of 24 consecutive hours, starting from the time the tournament begins.

**106.3(8)** At the conclusion of each tournament, the person conducting the tournament shall announce the gross receipts received; the total amount of money withheld for expenses; the total amount to be dedicated for educational, civic, public, charitable, patriotic, or religious uses; and the amount withheld for state taxes.

**106.3(9)** A tournament held under an annual game night license shall not count toward the licensee's limit of one card game tournament per week.

**106.3(10)** The licensee shall limit the number of participants to the occupancy limit of the premises.

**106.3(11)** Participation in tournaments shall be limited to the qualified organization's members and guests as required in 2007 Iowa Acts, Senate File 414, section 1. Participants shall be at least 21 years of age.

**481—106.4(99B) Required postings.**

**106.4(1)** The veterans card game tournament license shall be prominently displayed in the playing area during tournaments.

**106.4(2)** Tournament rules shall be posted on a sign in the tournament playing area before the tournament begins. The sign shall be at least 30 inches by 30 inches, and the rules shall be easily readable. The sign shall include the following:

- a. In permanent letters 3 inches high, the words "Tournament Rules";
- b. Card games and the rules of each card game;
- c. Participation fees;
- d. Prize(s) for each card game and tournament;
- e. How winners will be determined; and
- f. Any other tournament rules.

**481—106.5(99B) Prizes and cost to participate.** Cash or merchandise prizes may be awarded for each card game tournament. A licensee shall distribute the prizes awarded on the day the prizes are won. Merchandise prizes shall not be repurchased by the licensee. Only prizes that can be won shall be displayed in the tournament playing area. Pets as defined in Iowa Code section 717E.1 are prohibited as prizes for card game tournaments. The amount of the prize(s) and the participation fee are dependent upon the number of guests each member of the licensee is allowed.

**106.5(1)** *Tournaments with members and one guest per member.* Tournaments that allow members of the qualified organization and only one guest per member are restricted to the following:

a. The cost to participate shall be no more than \$100 for each participant, with each participant paying the same amount;

b. Total prizes of cash and merchandise shall be no more than \$1,000; and

c. A single participant shall win no more than \$500 during the tournament.

**106.5(2) Tournaments with members and unlimited number of guests.** Tournaments that allow members of the qualified organization and an unlimited number of guests per member are restricted to the following:

a. The cost to participate shall be no more than \$25 for each participant, with each participant paying the same amount;

b. Total prizes of cash and merchandise shall be no more than \$300; and

c. A single participant shall win no more than \$200 during the tournament.

**481—106.6(99B) Restrictions.** The person conducting the card game tournament shall:

**106.6(1)** Hold only one license under this chapter and 2007 Iowa Acts, Senate File 414, section 1.

**106.6(2)** Have no ownership interest in another person who has been issued a card game tournament license.

**106.6(3)** Have, directly or indirectly, an interest in the ownership or profits of another person who has been issued a card game tournament license to conduct games under this chapter and 2007 Iowa Acts, Senate File 414, section 1.

**481—106.7(99B) Qualified expenses limitation.** The licensee may withhold no more than 5 percent of the gross receipts from each tournament for qualified expenses.

**106.7(1)** Qualified expenses include but are not limited to the purchase of supplies and materials used in conducting card games.

**106.7(2)** Any money collected for expenses and any interest earned and not used by the end of the calendar year shall be donated for educational, civic, public, charitable, patriotic, or religious uses.

**106.7(3)** The licensee shall attach to the fourth quarterly report of the calendar year a receipt for any donation made and an explanation of how the donation will be used.

**481—106.8(99B) Records.** The licensee shall keep a journal of the following for each tournament: date of the tournament, amount of gross receipts, amount given out as prizes, expenses, amount collected for taxes, and the amount collected as revenue.

**106.8(1)** Tournament records shall be maintained separately from all other records and shall be kept current.

**106.8(2)** A record of prizes awarded for each tournament shall contain the following information:

a. Date of the tournament;

b. Number of people who played, including a breakdown by members and guests;

c. Name and description of each card game played;

d. Name, address, and social security number of each winner;

e. Type of each prize (i.e., merchandise or cash) and the value of each prize.

**106.8(3)** Records shall be maintained by the licensee for three years for review by the department.

**106.8(4)** The licensee shall certify that the receipts of all tournaments, less reasonable expenses, charges, fees, taxes, and deductions, will either be distributed as prizes to participants or will be dedicated and distributed to educational, civic, public, charitable, patriotic, or religious uses.

**106.8(5)** Records of expenses and dedicated and distributed money are required. A book may be maintained which contains both, provided that expense information is separate and distinct from information about dedicated and distributed money. Each subject shall be in a clearly labeled section.

a. The name, address, date, purpose and amount dedicated to another person or organization shall be available for review.

b. If dedicated funds are used by the licensee, the date, purpose and amount must be recorded.

c. Receipts used for expenses shall be recorded. The record must show:

(1) The date;

- (2) The amount;
- (3) The purpose; and
- (4) To whom paid.

*d.* Invoices or bills for expenses must be maintained. Advertising copy and invoices must be retained for verification.

**106.8(6)** A compensation record for each member who is compensated for work at a tournament shall be maintained. Each record must show:

- a.* The name, address, and social security number of the member;
- b.* Dates of employment;
- c.* Times and number of hours worked;
- d.* Wages paid;
- e.* Amounts withheld;
- f.* Check number; and
- g.* Description of work completed.

In addition, the record must specifically identify for which card game tournament a member was compensated. Compensation is anything of value given to a member in exchange for services rendered in connection with a tournament. Compensation to members for services rendered shall be reasonable for the amount of time worked and the work completed. To determine reasonableness, the department shall use the minimum wage and the Iowa wage data of the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Compensation records shall be maintained by the licensee for three years for review by the department.

**481—106.9(99B) State and local option sales tax.** Gross receipts from tournaments are subject to state and local option sales tax.

**106.9(1)** Each licensee shall withhold sales tax from gross receipts. The sales tax shall be sent to the department of revenue, along with a copy of the quarterly report as required by the department. The tax and sales tax returns shall be sent to the department of revenue as required by the department of revenue.

**106.9(2)** Tax information may be obtained from the Department of Revenue, Hoover State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319; 1-800-367-3388; [www.state.ia.us/tax](http://www.state.ia.us/tax).

**481—106.10(99B) Inspections.** A representative of the department or law enforcement shall be admitted immediately upon request to the licensee's premises, with or without notice. All records, bank records, deposits, receipts, quarterly reports, cash control documents, expense records, and other documents pertaining to card game tournaments shall be made available to the department or any law enforcement officer when requested. The licensee shall provide to any department representative or law enforcement officer any assistance requested in completing an inspection of records.

**481—106.11(99B) Quarterly reports.** Licensees must file quarterly reports with the department.

**106.11(1)** Quarterly reports are submitted on a calendar-quarter basis.

- a.* The first quarter is January 1 to March 31;
- b.* The second quarter is April 1 to June 30;
- c.* The third quarter is July 1 to September 30;
- d.* The fourth quarter is October 1 to December 31.

**106.11(2)** Quarterly reports must be completed on the forms determined by the department. Quarterly reports are due 30 calendar days after the end of the quarter. When the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the report is due on the next business day.

**106.11(3)** The quarterly report form may be obtained by calling the department at (515)281-6848 or printed from: <http://www.dia.iowa.gov/page10.html>.

**481—106.12(99B) Penalties.** The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license if the department finds that an applicant, licensee, or an agent of the licensee violated or permitted a violation of a provision of this chapter or a departmental rule adopted pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A.

**106.12(1)** Failure to file a timely quarterly report may result in suspension or revocation of a license for a period of no longer than 30 days per violation. Each untimely report is one violation. Each month the report is not filed constitutes a violation. The suspension or revocation shall continue until the report is filed, but not longer than one year.

**106.12(2)** A person under 21 years of age who participates in a card game tournament in violation of this chapter and 2007 Iowa Acts, Senate File 414, section 1(2) “c,” is deemed to violate the legal age for gambling wagering provisions under Iowa Code section 725.19, subsection 1.

**106.12(3)** The department shall revoke, for a period of one year, the license of a licensee if the licensee knowingly permits a person under the age of 21 years to participate in a card game tournament.

**481—106.13(99B) Revocation, suspension, or denial of license.**

**106.13(1)** The department may revoke, suspend, or deny a license issued pursuant to Iowa Code section 99B.8 as amended by 2007 Iowa Acts, Senate File 414, for cause following 30 days’ written notice delivered via certified mail, return receipt requested, or personal service and an opportunity for hearing.

**106.13(2)** If the licensee or applicant has not requested a hearing within the prescribed time period, the department may affirm, modify or set aside the department’s proposed action in the department’s final written decision.

**106.13(3)** If the licensee or applicant requests a hearing, the hearing shall be held in accordance with procedures in 481—Chapter 10.

**106.13(4)** The department may suspend a license prior to a hearing if the director determines the public integrity of the licensed activity is compromised or there is a risk to public health, safety, or welfare.

**106.13(5)** The department may rescind the notice of revocation, suspension, or denial at any point prior to hearing when the department becomes satisfied that the reasons for revocation, suspension, or denial have been or will be removed.

**106.13(6)** The department shall send certified mail, return receipt requested, or serve personally upon the applicant or licensee a copy of the department’s final decision.

**106.13(7)** If the department finds cause for denial of a license, the applicant shall not reapply for the veterans card game tournament license for two years.

**106.13(8)** If the department finds cause for revocation or suspension, the department shall suspend or revoke the license for a period not to exceed two years.

**106.13(9)** A license remains effective until a final decision is issued.

**106.13(10)** No license will be issued when a new application is denied.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 99B.2, 99B.14, 99B.16, 422.16 and 717E.2 and 2007 Iowa Acts, Senate File 414.

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CHAPTER 107  
GAME NIGHTS

[Prior to 8/1/07, see 481—100.31(99B) and 481—100.60(99B) to 481—100.63(99B)]

Rescinded **ARC 3192C**, IAB 7/5/17, effective 8/9/17