123.32 Action by local authorities and division on applications for liquor control licenses, native distilled spirits licenses, and wine and beer permits.

- 1. Filing of application.
- a. A completed application for a class "A", class "B", class "C", special class "C", class "C" native distilled spirits, or class "E" liquor control license as provided in section 123.31, for a retail beer permit as provided in sections 123.128 and 123.129, or for a class "B", class "B" native, or class "C" native retail wine permit as provided in section 123.175, shall be filed with the appropriate city council if the premises for which the license or permit is sought are located within the corporate limits of a city, or with the board of supervisors if the premises for which the license or permit is sought are located outside the corporate limits of a city.
- b. A completed application for a class "D" liquor control license and for any of the following certificates, licenses, or permits shall be submitted to the division electronically, or in a manner prescribed by the administrator, which shall proceed in the same manner as in the case of an application approved by local authorities:
 - (1) A certificate of compliance as provided in sections 123.23, 123.135, and 123.180.
 - (2) A class "D" liquor control license as provided in section 123.31.
 - (3) A manufacturer's license as provided in section 123.41.
 - (4) A broker's permit as provided in section 123.42.
 - (5) A class "A" native distilled spirits license as provided in section 123.43.
 - (6) A class "A" or special class "A" beer permit as provided in section 123.127.
 - (7) A charity beer, spirits, and wine auction permit as provided in section 123.173A.
 - (8) A charity beer, spirits, and wine event permit as provided in section 123.173B.
 - (9) A class "A" wine permit as provided in section 123.175.
 - (10) A wine direct shipper's permit as provided in section 123.187.
 - (11) A wine carrier permit as provided in section 123.188.
- 2. Action by local authorities. The local authority shall either approve or disapprove the issuance of a liquor control license, a retail wine permit, or a retail beer permit, shall endorse its approval or disapproval on the application, and shall forward the application with the necessary fee and bond, if required, to the division. There is no limit upon the number of liquor control licenses, retail wine permits, or retail beer permits which may be approved for issuance by local authorities.
- 3. Licensed premises for local events. A local authority may define, by motion of the local authority, licensed premises which shall be used by holders of liquor control licenses, beer permits, and wine permits at festivals, fairs, or celebrations which are sponsored or authorized by the local authority. The licensed premises defined by motion of the local authority shall be used by the holders of five-day or fourteen-day class "A", class "B", class "C", special class "C", or class "D" liquor control licenses, or five-day or fourteen-day class "B" or class "C" native wine permits, or class "B" beer permits only.
- 4. Security employee training. A local authority, as a condition of obtaining and holding a license or permit for on-premises consumption, may require a designated security employee as defined in section 123.3 to be trained and certified in security methods. The training shall include but is not limited to de-escalation techniques, anger management techniques, civil rights or unfair practices awareness as provided in section 216.7, recognition of fake or altered identification, information on laws applicable to the serving of alcohol at a licensed premises, use of force and techniques for safely removing patrons, and instruction on the proper physical restraint methods used against a person who has become combative.
- 5. Occupancy rates. A local authority located in a county with a population that exceeds three hundred thousand persons, as a condition of obtaining and holding a license or permit for on-premises consumption, shall require the applicant, licensee, or permittee to provide, and update if necessary, the occupancy rate of the licensed premises.
 - 6. Action by administrator.
- a. Upon receipt of an application having been disapproved by the local authority, the administrator shall notify the applicant that the applicant may appeal the disapproval of the application to the administrator. The applicant shall be notified by certified mail or personal service, and the application, the fee, and any bond shall be returned to the applicant.

- b. Upon receipt of an application having been approved by the local authority, the division shall make an investigation as the administrator deems necessary to determine that the applicant complies with all requirements for holding a license or permit, and may require the applicant to appear to be examined under oath to demonstrate that the applicant complies with all of the requirements to hold a license or permit. If the administrator requires the applicant to appear and to testify under oath, a record shall be made of all testimony or evidence and the record shall become a part of the application. The administrator may appoint a member of the division or may request an administrative law judge of the department of inspections and appeals to receive the testimony under oath and evidence, and to issue a proposed decision to approve or disapprove the application for a license or permit. The administrator may affirm, reverse, or modify the proposed decision to approve or disapprove the application for the license or permit. If the application is approved by the administrator, the license or permit shall be issued. If the application is disapproved by the administrator, the applicant shall be so notified by certified mail or personal service and the appropriate local authority shall be notified electronically, or in a manner prescribed by the administrator.
- 7. Appeal to administrator. An applicant for a liquor control license, wine permit, or beer permit may appeal from the local authority's disapproval of an application for a license or permit to the administrator. In the appeal the applicant shall be allowed the opportunity to demonstrate in an evidentiary hearing conducted pursuant to chapter 17A that the applicant complies with all of the requirements for holding the license or permit. The administrator may appoint a member of the division or may request an administrative law judge from the department of inspections and appeals to conduct the evidentiary hearing and to render a proposed decision to approve or disapprove the issuance of the license or permit. The administrator may affirm, reverse, or modify the proposed decision. If the administrator determines that the applicant complies with all of the requirements for holding a license or permit, the administrator shall order the issuance of the license or permit. If the administrator determines that the applicant does not comply with the requirements for holding a license or permit, the administrator shall disapprove the issuance of the license or permit.
- 8. *Judicial review*. The applicant or the local authority may seek judicial review of the action of the administrator in accordance with the terms of the Iowa administrative procedure Act, chapter 17A. Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa administrative procedure Act, chapter 17A, petitions for judicial review may be filed in the district court of the county where the premises covered by the application are situated.
- 9. Suspension by local authority. A liquor control licensee or a wine or beer permittee whose license or permit has been suspended or revoked or a civil penalty imposed by a local authority for a violation of this chapter or suspended by a local authority for violation of a local ordinance may appeal the suspension, revocation, or civil penalty to the administrator. The administrator may appoint a member of the division or may request an administrative law judge from the department of inspections and appeals to hear the appeal which shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 17A and to issue a proposed decision. The administrator may review the proposed decision upon the motion of a party to the appeal or upon the administrator's own motion in accordance with chapter 17A. Upon review of the proposed decision, the administrator may affirm, reverse, or modify the proposed decision. A liquor control licensee, wine or beer permittee, or a local authority aggrieved by a decision of the administrator may seek judicial review of the decision pursuant to chapter 17A.

[C35, \$1921-f27; C39, \$**1921.027**; C46, 50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, \$123.27; C73, 75, 77, 79, 81, \$123.32]

85 Acts, ch $32,\, \$23;\, 86$ Acts, ch $1246,\, \$743;\, 88$ Acts, ch $1088,\, \$4;\, 89$ Acts, ch $161,\, \$7;\, 90$ Acts, ch $1177,\, \$1;\, 91$ Acts, ch $97,\, \$22;\, 93$ Acts, ch $91,\, \$10-12;\, 2000$ Acts, ch $1201,\, \$3;\, 2003$ Acts, ch $44,\, \$114;\, 2003$ Acts, ch $143,\, \$3,\, 17;\, 2005$ Acts, ch $13,\, \$2;\, 2008$ Acts, ch $1166,\, \$1;\, 2009$ Acts, ch $137,\, \$1;\, 2010$ Acts, ch $1031,\, \$83;\, 2013$ Acts, ch $35,\, \$4;\, 2016$ Acts, ch $1008,\, \$4;\, 2017$ Acts, ch $119,\, \$7,\, 41;\, 2018$ Acts, ch $1060,\, \$13;\, 2019$ Acts, ch $113,\, \$15;\, 2020$ Acts, ch $1114,\, \$1$ Referred to in $\$123.39,\, 331.303$