709.20 Sexual abuse no-contact order.

1. When a person arrested for sexual abuse in violation of section 709.2, 709.3, or 709.4 is brought before a magistrate for initial appearance under section 804.21, 804.22, or 804.24, and the magistrate finds probable cause to believe that a violation of section 709.2, 709.3, or 709.4 has occurred and that the presence of or contact with the defendant poses a threat to the safety of the alleged victim, persons residing with the alleged victim, or members of the alleged victim's immediate family, the magistrate shall enter an order which shall require the defendant to have no contact with the alleged victim, persons residing with the alleged victim's immediate family, and to refrain from harassing the alleged victim, persons residing with the alleged victim, or members of the alleged victim's immediate family, in addition to any other conditions of release determined and imposed by the magistrate under section 811.2. A no-contact order requiring the defendant to have no contact with the alleged victim's children shall prevail over any existing order which may be in conflict with the no-contact order.

The court order shall contain the court's directives restricting the defendant from having contact with the victim, persons residing with the victim, or the victim's immediate family. The order shall state whether a person is to be taken into custody by a peace officer for a violation of the terms stated in the order.

2. The clerk of the district court or other person designated by the court shall provide a copy of this order to the victim pursuant to this chapter. The order has force and effect until it is modified or terminated by subsequent court action in a contempt proceeding or the criminal or juvenile court action and is reviewable in the manner prescribed in section 811.2. Upon final disposition of the criminal or juvenile court action, the court shall make a determination whether the no-contact order should be modified or terminated. If a defendant is convicted for, receives a deferred judgment for, or pleads guilty to a violation of section 709.2, 709.3, or 709.4, the court shall modify the no-contact order issued by the magistrate to provide that the no-contact order shall continue in effect for a period of five years from the date that the judgment is entered or the deferred judgment is granted, regardless of whether the defendant is placed on probation. Upon the filing of an affidavit by the victim which states that the defendant continues to pose a threat to the safety of the victim, persons residing with the victim, or members of the victim's immediate family within ninety days prior to the expiration of the modified no-contact order, the court shall modify and extend the no-contact order for an additional period of five years, unless the court finds that the defendant no longer poses a threat to the safety of the victim, persons residing with the victim, or members of the victim's immediate family. The number of modifications extending the no-contact order permitted by this subsection is not limited.

The clerk of the district court shall also provide notice and copies of the no-contact order to the applicable law enforcement agencies and the twenty-four-hour dispatcher for the law enforcement agencies, in the same manner as provided for protective orders under section 236.5. The clerk shall provide notice and copies of modifications or vacations of these orders in the same manner.

2002 Acts, ch 1099, §1