## 12.40 Rural small business transfer linked investment loan program.

- 1. As used in this section, "rural small business" means an existing rural small business, for which local competition does not exist in the principal realm of business activity of that business, and the loss of which will work a hardship on the rural community. A rural small business may include a grocery store, drug store, gasoline station, convenience store, hardware business, or farm supply store. A rural small business does not include a new business.
- 2. The treasurer of state shall adopt rules consistent with sections 12.32 through 12.39, this section, and sections 12.41 through 12.43B to implement a rural small business transfer linked investment loan program to maintain and expand existing employment opportunities and the provision of retail goods on a local level in small rural communities by assisting in the transfer of ownership of retail-oriented businesses where, in the absence of sufficient financial assistance, the businesses may close.
- 3. In order to qualify as an eligible borrower, the rural small business must be located in a city with a population of five thousand or less. A rural small business located in a city located in a county with a population in excess of three hundred thousand, if the city is contiguous to another city in the county and that other city is contiguous to the largest city in that county, shall be ineligible to qualify as a borrower. In order to qualify under this program, all owners of the business or borrowers must not have a combined net worth exceeding five hundred thousand dollars as defined in rules adopted by the treasurer of state pursuant to chapter 17A and the rural small business must meet all of the following criteria:
- a. Be a for-profit business.
- b. Have annual sales of two million dollars or less.
- c. Not be operated out of the home of any person, unless the person is eligible for a deduction on federal income taxes pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 280A.
- d. Not involve real estate investments, rental of real estate, leasing of real estate, or real estate speculation.
- e. Liquor, beer, and wine sales must not exceed twenty percent of annual sales for establishments holding a class "C" liquor license issued pursuant to section 123.30.
- 4. In order to qualify as an eligible borrower, the transfer of the rural small business must be by purchase, lease-purchase, or contract of sale. The purchase must be for a portion of the business which is essential to its continued viability, including real estate where the business is located, fixtures attached to the real estate, equipment, supplies, and machinery relied upon by the business, and inventory for sale by the business.
- 5. In order to qualify as an eligible borrower, a borrower and the seller of the rural small business shall not be within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity.
- 6. Loan proceeds shall not be used to refinance existing debt, including credit card debt. However, proceeds may be used to refinance a short-term bridge loan made in anticipation of the treasurer's approval of the linked investment loan package.
- 7. During the lifetime of this loan program, the maximum amount of assistance that an eligible borrower or a business may receive through this loan program shall be fifty thousand dollars.
- 92 Acts, ch 1105, §2; 96 Acts, ch 1058, § 7; 97 Acts, ch 23, §4; 97 Acts, ch 195, §57, 10; 2001 Acts, ch 24, §5