CHAPTER 1083

RESTRICTIONS ON POSSESSION, TRANSFER, OR SALE OF FIREARMS, AMMUNITION, OR OFFENSIVE WEAPONS — DOMESTIC ABUSE OR VIOLENCE

S.F. 2357

AN ACT relating to prohibiting a person who is the subject of a no-contact order or a protective order or who has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence from possessing, transferring, or selling firearms and ammunition or offensive weapons and providing penalties.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 236.4, subsection 2, Code 2009, is amended to read as follows:

- 2. The court may enter any temporary order it deems necessary to protect the plaintiff from domestic abuse prior to the hearing, upon good cause shown in an ex parte proceeding. Present danger of domestic abuse to the plaintiff constitutes good cause for purposes of this subsection. A temporary order issued pursuant to this subsection shall specifically include notice that the person may be required to relinquish all firearms, offensive weapons, and ammunition upon the issuance of a permanent order pursuant to section 236.5.
- Sec. 2. Section 236.5, subsection 1, paragraph b, Code Supplement 2009, is amended by adding the following new subparagraph:

<u>NEW SUBPARAGRAPH</u>. (02) That the defendant not knowingly possess, ship, transport, or receive firearms, offensive weapons, and ammunition in violation of section 724.26, subsection 2.

- Sec. 3. Section 664A.3, Code 2009, is amended by adding the following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 6. A no-contact order issued pursuant to this section shall specifically include notice that the person may be required to relinquish all firearms, offensive weapons, and ammunition upon the issuance of a permanent no-contact order pursuant to section 664A.5.
 - Sec. 4. Section 724.26, Code 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- 724.26 Possession, receipt, transportation, or dominion and control of firearms, and offensive weapons, and ammunition by felons and others.
- <u>1.</u> A person who is convicted of a felony in a state or federal court, or who is adjudicated delinquent on the basis of conduct that would constitute a felony if committed by an adult, and who knowingly has under the person's dominion and control or possession, receives, or transports or causes to be transported a firearm or offensive weapon is guilty of a class "D" felony.
- 2. a. Except as provided in paragraph "b", a person who is subject to a protective order under 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(8) or who has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence under 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(9) and who knowingly possesses, ships, transports, or receives a firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition is guilty of a class "D" felony.
- b. This subsection shall not apply to the possession, shipment, transportation, or receipt of a firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition issued by a state department or agency or political subdivision for use in the performance of the official duties of the person who is the subject of a protective order under 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(8).
- c. For purposes of this section, "misdemeanor crime of domestic violence" means an assault under section 708.1, subsection 1 or 3, committed by a current or former spouse, parent, or guardian of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabiting with or has cohabited with the victim as a spouse, parent, or guardian, or by a person similarly situated to a spouse, parent, or guardian of the victim.
- 3. Upon the issuance of a protective order or entry of a judgment of conviction described in subsection 2, the court shall inform the person who is the subject of such order or conviction that the person shall not possess, ship, transport, or receive a firearm, offensive weapon,

or ammunition while such order is in effect or until such conviction is vacated or until the person's rights have been restored in accordance with section 724.27.

- 4. Except as provided in section 809A. 17, subsection 5, paragraph "b", a court that issues an order or that enters a judgment of conviction described in subsection 2 and that finds the subject of the order or conviction to be in possession of any firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition shall order that such firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition be sold or transferred by a date certain to the custody of a qualified person in this state, as determined by the court. The qualified person must be able to lawfully possess such firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition in this state. If the court is unable to identify a qualified person to receive such firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition, the court shall order that the firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition be transferred by a date certain to the county sheriff or a local law enforcement agency designated by the court for safekeeping until a qualified person is identified to receive the firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition, until such order is no longer in effect, until such conviction is vacated, or until the person's rights have been restored in accordance with section 724.27. If the firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition is to be transferred to the sheriff's office or a local law enforcement agency, the court shall assess the person the reasonable cost of storing the firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition, payable to the county sheriff or the local law enforcement agency.
- 5. Upon entry of an order described in subsection 2, the court shall enter the name, address, date of birth, driver's license number, or other identifying information of the person subject to the order into the Iowa criminal justice information system, the reason for the order, and the date by which the person is required to comply with any relinquishment order issued under subsection 4. At the time such order is no longer in effect, such information relating to the prohibition in subsection 3 shall be deleted from the Iowa criminal justice information system.
- 6. If a firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition has been transferred to a qualified person pursuant to subsection 4 and the protective order described in subsection 2 is no longer in effect, the firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition shall be returned to the person who was subject to the protective order within five days of that person's request to have the firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition returned.

Approved March 22, 2010

CHAPTER 1084

RESERVE PEACE OFFICERS' TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS — REPORTING REQUIREMENTS H.F.~426

AN ACT relating to reporting requirements for traffic accidents involving the operation of motor vehicles by reserve peace officers.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 321.267A, subsection 4, Code 2009, is amended to read as follows:

4. For the purposes of this section, "certified law enforcement officer" means <u>includes</u> a law enforcement officer who is certified through the Iowa law enforcement academy as provided in section 80B.13, subsection 3, or section 80B.17 a reserve peace officer certified through the Iowa law enforcement academy as provided in section 80D.4A.

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