

- a. A point of service plan option to the limited provider network plan. The price of the point of service plan option shall be actuarially determined.
- b. A managed care health plan that is not a limited provider network plan.
- c. An indemnity plan.
4. A large employer that offers a limited provider network plan to its employees shall also offer to its employees one or more of the following:
 - a. A point of service plan option to the limited provider network plan.
 - b. A managed care health plan that is not a limited provider network plan.
 - c. An indemnity plan.

Approved April 30, 1997

CHAPTER 89

NONPERPETUAL CARE CEMETERIES

S.F. 21

AN ACT eliminating the requirement that a nonperpetual care cemetery post a sign indicating the cemetery is a nonperpetual care cemetery.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 566A.5, subsection 1, Code 1997, is amended by striking the subsection.

Sec. 2. Section 566A.5, subsection 2, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows:

2. 1. Each nonperpetual care cemetery shall also have printed or stamped at the head of all of its contracts, deeds, statements, letterheads, and advertising material, the legend: "This is a nonperpetual care cemetery", and shall not sell any lot or interment space in the cemetery unless the purchaser of the lot or interment space is informed that the cemetery is a nonperpetual care cemetery.

Approved May 1, 1997

CHAPTER 90

RUNAWAY CHILDREN

S.F. 123

AN ACT relating to runaway children, by defining when a child is a chronic runaway, authorizing county runaway treatment plans, and providing for assessment and treatment procedures for chronic runaways.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 232.2, Code 1997, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

NEW SUBSECTION. 6A. "Chronic runaway" means a child who is reported to law enforcement as a runaway more than once in any month or three or more times in any year.

Sec. 2. Section 232.19, subsection 1, paragraph c, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows:

c. ~~By a peace officer for the purpose of reuniting a child with the child's family or removing the child to a shelter care facility, when the peace officer has reasonable grounds to believe the child has run away from the child's parents, guardian, or custodian, for the purposes of determining whether the child shall be reunited with the child's parents, guardian, or custodian, placed in shelter care, or, if the child is a chronic runaway and the county has an approved county runaway treatment plan, placed in a runaway assessment and counseling center under section 232.196.~~

Sec. 3. **NEW SECTION. 232.195 RUNAWAY TREATMENT PLAN.**

A county may develop a runaway treatment plan to address problems with chronic runaway children in the county. The plan shall identify the problems with chronic runaway children in the county and specific solutions to be implemented by the county, including the development of a runaway assessment and counseling center.

Sec. 4. **NEW SECTION. 232.196 RUNAWAY ASSESSMENT AND COUNSELING CENTER.**

1. As part of a county runaway treatment plan under section 232.195, a county may establish a runaway assessment and treatment center or other plan. The center or other plan, if established, shall provide services to assess a child who is referred to the center or plan for being a chronic runaway and intensive family counseling services designed to address any problem causing the child to run away. A center shall at least meet the requirements established for providing child foster care under chapter 237.

2. a. If not sent home with the child's parent, guardian, or custodian, a chronic runaway may be placed in a runaway assessment and treatment center by the peace officer who takes the child into custody under section 232.19, if the officer believes it to be in the child's best interest after consulting with the child's parent, guardian, or custodian. A chronic runaway shall not be placed in a runaway assessment and treatment center for more than forty-eight hours.

b. If a runaway is placed in a treatment center according to a county plan, the runaway shall be assessed within twenty-four hours of being placed in the center by a center counselor to determine the following:

(1) The reasons why the child is a runaway.

(2) Whether the initiation or continuation of child in need of assistance or family in need of assistance proceedings is appropriate.

c. As soon as practicable following the assessment, the child and the child's parents, guardian, or custodian shall be provided the opportunity for a counseling session to identify the underlying causes of the runaway behavior and develop a plan to address those causes.

d. A child shall be released from a runaway assessment and treatment center, established pursuant to the county plan, to the child's parents, guardian, or custodian not later than forty-eight hours after being placed in the center unless the child is placed in shelter care under section 232.21 or an order is entered under section 232.78. A child whose parents, guardian, or custodian failed to attend counseling at the center or who fails to take custody of the child at the end of placement in the center may be the subject of a child in need of assistance petition or such other order as the juvenile court finds to be in the child's best interest.

Approved May 1, 1997