### CHAPTER 340

#### PUBLIC WAREHOUSES

#### S. F. 544

AN ACT to define a public warehouse engaged in the business of storing goods for profit, as provided by section five hundred forty-two point fifty-eight (542.58), Code 1958.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section five hundred forty-two point fifty-eight (542.58), Code 1958, is hereby amended by adding a new subsection thereto as fol-3 lows:

"A public warehouse shall mean a warehouse which is engaged in the business of storing goods for others for profit, which issues negotiable or non-negotiable warehouse receipts to the owner of goods stored therein, operating under a bailor-bailee relationship, offering and making available its facilities to the public generally under uniform tariffs or schedules of charges and rates for various commodities, products or services and always holding out or utilizing its facilities for public storage for hire and not for storage of any com-10 11 modities or products directly or indirectly owned or controlled by the 12 warehouse owner or operator." 13

Approved May 5, 1959.

# CHAPTER 341

### FOREIGN ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

H. F. 443

AN ACT relating to foreign acknowledgments.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Section five hundred fifty-eight point thirty-nine (558.39), Code 1958, is hereby amended by adding the following 3

"Any instrument affecting real estate situated in this state which has been or may be acknowledged or proved in a foreign state or country and in conformity with the laws of that foreign state or country, shall be deemed as good and valid in law as though acknowledged or proved in conformity with the existing laws of this state."

Approved April 27, 1959.

### CHAPTER 342

## GIFTS TO MINORS

#### S. F. 172

AN ACT relating to gifts of securities and money to minors and to make uniform the law with reference thereto.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SECTION 1. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 1. An "adult" is a person who has attained the age of twenty-one
- (21) years.

- 2. A "bank" is a bank, trust company, national banking association, savings bank or industrial bank.
- 3. A "broker" is a person lawfully engaged in the business of effecting transactions in securities for the account of others. The term includes a bank which effects such transactions. The term also in-9 cludes a person lawfully engaged in buying and selling securities for 10 his own account, through a broker or otherwise, as a part of a regular 11 business.
  - 4. "Court" means the supreme court, district courts, and such other courts, inferior to the supreme court, as the general assembly may establish or has established.
    - 5. "The custodial property" includes:

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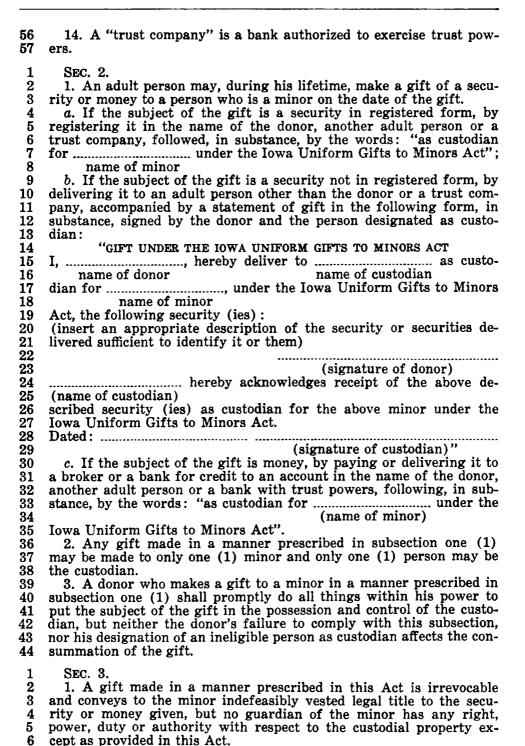
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- a. All securities and money under the supervision of the same custodian for the same minor as a consequence of a gift or gifts made to the minor in a manner prescribed in this Act;
  - b. The income from the custodial property; and
- c. The proceeds, immediate and remote, from the sale, exchange, conversion, investment, reinvestment or other disposition of such securities, money and income.
- 6. A "custodian" is a person so designated in a manner prescribed in this Act.
- 7. A "guardian" of a minor includes the general guardian, guardian, tutor or curator of his property, estate or person.
- 8. An "issuer" is a person who places or authorizes the placing of his name on a security, other than as a transfer agent, to evidence that it represents a share, participation or other interest in his property or in an enterprise or to evidence his duty or undertaking to perform an obligation evidenced by the security, or who becomes responsible
- for or in place of any such person.

  9. A "legal representative" of a person is his executor or the ad-
- ministrator, general guardian, guardian, committee, conservator, tutor or curator of his property or estate.

  10. A "member" of a "minor's family" means any of the minor's parents, grandparents, brothers, sisters, uncles and aunts, whether of the whole blood or the half blood, or by or through legal adoption.
- 11. A "minor" is a person who has not attained the age of twenty-
- one (21) years.
  12. A "security" shall include any note, stock, treasury stock, bond, debenture, evidence of indebtedness, certificate of interest in an oil, gas, or mining lease, collateral trust certificate, preorganization certificate, preorganization subscription, any transferable share, investment contract, or beneficial interest in title to property, interest in or under a profit-sharing or participating agreement or scheme, or any other instrument commonly known as a security. The term does not include a security of which the donor is the issuer. A security is in "registered form" when it specifies a person entitled to it or to the rights it evidences and its transfer may be registered upon books main-
- tained for that purpose by or on behalf of the issuer.

  13. A "transfer agent" is a person who acts as authenticating trustee, transfer agent, registrar or other agent for an issuer in the registration of transfers of its securities or in the issue of new securities or in the cancellation of surrendered securities.



2. By making a gift in a manner prescribed in this Act, the donor incorporates in his gift all the provisions of this Act and grants to the custodian, and to any issuer, transfer agent, bank, broker or third person dealing with a person designated as custodian, the respective powers, rights and immunities provided in this Act.

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47 48 1. The custodian shall collect, hold, manage, invest and reinvest

the custodial property.

2. The custodian shall pay over to the minor for expenditure by him, or expend for the minor's benefit, so much of or all the custodial property as the custodian deems advisable for the support, maintenance, education and benefit of the minor in the manner, at the time or times, and to the extent that the custodian in his discretion deems suitable and proper, with or without court order, with or without regard to the duty of himself or of any other person to support the minor or his ability to do so, and with or without regard to any other income or property of the minor which may be applicable or available for any such purpose.

3. The court, on the petition of a parent or guardian of the minor or of the minor, if he has attained the age of fourteen (14) years, may order the custodian to pay over to the minor for expenditure by him or to expend so much of or all the custodial property as is neces-

sary for the minor's support, maintenance or education.
4. To the extent that the custodial property is not so expended, the custodian shall deliver or pay it over to the minor on his attaining the age of twenty-one (21) years or, if the minor dies before attaining the age of twenty-one (21) years, he shall thereupon deliver or pay it over to the estate of the minor.

5. The custodian, notwithstanding statutes restricting investments by fiduciaries, shall invest and reinvest the custodial property as would a prudent man of discretion and intelligence who is seeking a reasonable income and the preservation of his capital, except that he may, in his discretion and without liability to the minor or his estate, retain a security given to the minor in a manner prescribed in this Act.

6. The custodian may sell, exchange, convert or otherwise dispose of custodial property in the manner, at the time or times, for the price or prices and upon the terms he deems advisable. He may vote in person or by general or limited proxy a security which is custodial property. He may consent, directly or through a committee or other agent, to the reorganization, consolidation, merger, dissolution or liquidation of an issuer, a security which is custodial property, and to the sale, lease, pledge or mortgage of any property by or to such an issuer, and to any other action by such an issuer. He may execute and deliver any and all instruments in writing which he deems advisable to carry out any of his powers as custodian.

7. The custodian shall register each security which is custodial property and in registered form in the name of the custodian, followed, in substance by the words: "as custodian for

(name of

...... under the Iowa Uniform Gifts to Minors Act". The cus-

todian shall hold all money which is custodial property in an account

 with a broker or in a bank in the name of the custodian, followed, in substance, by the words: "as custodian for ...... under

(name of minor)

the Iowa Uniform Gifts to Minors Act". The custodian shall keep all other custodial property separate and distinct from his own property in a manner to identify it clearly as custodial property.

8. The custodian shall keep records of all transactions with respect to the custodial property and make them available for inspection at reasonable intervals by a parent or legal representative of the minor or by the minor, if he has attained the age of fourteen (14) years.

9. A custodian has, with respect to the custodial property, in addition to the rights and powers provided in this Act, all the rights and powers which a guardian has with respect to property not held as custodial property.

SEC. 5.

1. A custodian may act without compensation for his services.

2. Unless he is a donor, a custodian is entitled to reimbursement from the custodial property for his reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of his duties and may receive from the custodial property reasonable compensation for his services determined by a direction by the donor when the gift is made; or, if no such direction, by order of the court after submission by the custodian of an itemized claim or report setting forth his services, from time to time, as long as such custodian continues to serve.

3. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, a custodian shall not

be required to give a bond for the performance of his duties.

4. A custodian not compensated for his services is not liable for losses to the custodial property unless they result from his bad faith, intentional wrongdoing or gross negligence or from his failure to maintain the standard of prudence in investing the custodial property provided in this Act.

SEC. 6. No issuer, transfer agent, bank, broker or other person acting on the instructions of or otherwise dealing with any person purporting to act as a donor or in the capacity of a custodian is responsible for determining whether the person designated by the purported donor or purporting to act as a custodian has been duly designated or whether any purchase, sale or transfer to or by or any other act of any person purporting to act in the capacity of custodian is in accordance with or authorized by this Act, or is obliged to inquire into the validity or propriety under this Act of any instrument or instructions executed or given by a person purporting to act as a donor or in the capacity of a custodian, or is bound to see to the application by any person purporting to act in the capacity of a custodian of any money or other property paid or delivered to him.

SEC. 7.

1. Only an adult member of the minor's family, a guardian of the minor or a trust company is eligible to become successor custodian. A successor custodian has all the rights, powers, duties and immunities of a custodian designated in a manner prescribed by this Act.

2. A custodian, other than the donor, may resign and designate his successor by:

- a. Executing an instrument of resignation designating the successor custodian; and
- b. Causing each security which is custodial property and in registered form to be registered in the name of the successor custodian followed, in substance, by the words: "as custodian for .......

(name of minor)

under the Iowa Uniform Gifts to Minors Act"; and

- c. Delivering to the successor custodian the instrument of resignation, each security registered in the name of the successor custodian and all other custodial property, together with any additional instruments required for the transfer thereof.
- 3. A custodian, whether or not a donor, may petition the court for permission to resign and for the designation of a successor custodian.
- 4. If the person designated as custodian is not eligible, renounces or dies before the minor attains the age of twenty-one (21) years, the guardian of the minor shall be successor custodian. If the minor has no guardian, a donor, his legal representative, the legal representative of the custodian, an adult member of the minor's family, or the minor, if he has attained the age of fourteen (14) years, may petition the court for the designation of a successor custodian.
- 5. A donor, the legal representative of a donor, an adult member of the minor's family, a guardian of the minor or the minor, if he has attained the age of fourteen (14) years, may petition the court that, for cause shown in the petition, the custodian be removed and a successor custodian be designated or, in the alternative, that the custodian be required to give bond for the performance of his duties.
- 6. Upon the filing of a petition as provided in this section, the court shall grant an order, directed to the custodian and all other interested persons and returnable on such notice as the court may require, to show cause why the relief prayed for in the petition should not be granted and, in due course, grant such relief as the court finds to be in the best interests of the minor.

SEC. 8.

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- 1. The minor, if he has attained the age of fourteen (14) years, or the legal representative of the minor, an adult member of the minor's family, or a donor or his legal representative may petition the court for an accounting by the custodian or his legal representative.
- 2. The court, in a proceeding under this Act or otherwise, may require or permit the custodian or his legal representative to account and, if the custodian is removed, shall so require and order delivery of all custodial property to the successor custodian and the execution of all instruments required for the transfer thereof.

SEC. 9

- 1. This Act shall be so construed as to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it.
- 2. This Act shall not be construed as providing an exclusive method for making gifts to minors.
- SEC. 10. This Act may be cited as the "Iowa Uniform Gifts to Minors Act".
- SEC. 11. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the invalidity shall not

- 3 affect other provisions or applications of the Act which can be given 4 effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the
- SEC. 12. Section three (3) of chapter six hundred sixty-eight (668), Code 1958, and all other laws of this state contrary to the provisions of this Act, shall not apply to the custodial property of a minor held by the custodian under this Act.

Approved April 17, 1959.

provisions of this Act are severable.

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## CHAPTER 343

#### CEMETERY TRUST FUNDS

H. F. 232

AN ACT relating to the investment of cemetery trust funds.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Section five hundred sixty-six point five (566.5), Code 1958, and section five hundred sixty-six point six (566.6), Code 1958, are hereby repealed and the following enacted in lieu thereof:

"Any such trustee shall have authority to receive and invest all moneys and property, so donated or bequeathed, and that portion of cemetery lot sales and permanent charges made against cemetery lots which has been set aside in a perpetual care fund, in such authorized investments and in the manner prescribed in section six hundred eighty-two point twenty-three (682.23) of the Code, or as the same may be hereafter amended.

SEC. 2. Section five hundred sixty-six point fifteen (566.15), Code 1958, is hereby amended by striking from lines nine (9), ten (10) and and eleven (11) the words, "as are now set forth in section 511.8, except subsections 9 to 13, inclusive," and by inserting in lieu thereof the words, "and in the manner prescribed in section six hundred eighty-two point twenty-three (682.23) of the Code,".

Approved April 23, 1959.

# CHAPTER 344

# CLAIMS AGAINST HIGHWAY CONTRACTORS

H. F. 708

AN ACT to amend section five hundred seventy-three point eight (573.8), Code 1958, relating to filing of claims against contractors on highway work.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- 1 Section 1. Section five hundred seventy-three point eight (573.8),
- 2 Code 1958, is hereby amended by inserting the following sentence fol-
- 3 lowing the period after the word "contract" in line four (4): "In
- 4 case of contracts for improvements on the farm-to-market highway