

38 same force and effect as to the committed person while in this State
 39 as in the jurisdiction in which is situated the court entering the judg-
 40 ment or making the order; and the courts of the committing State, or
 41 of the District of Columbia, shall be deemed to have retained jurisdic-
 42 tion of the person so committed for the purpose of inquiring into the
 43 mental condition of such person, and of determining the necessity
 44 for continuance of his restraint; as is provided in subsection one
 45 (1)* of this section with respect to persons committed by the courts
 46 of this State. Consent is hereby given to the application of the law
 47 of the committing state or district in respect to the authority of the
 48 chief officer of any facility of the Veterans Administration, or of any
 49 institution operated in this State by any other agency of the United
 50 States to retain custody, or transfer, parole or discharge the committed
 51 person.

52 Upon receipt of a certificate of the Veterans Administration or
 53 such other agency of the United States that facilities are available for
 54 the care or treatment of any person heretofore committed to any
 55 hospital for the insane or other institution for the care or treatment
 56 of persons similarly afflicted and that such person is eligible for care
 57 or treatment, the superintendent of the institution may cause the
 58 transfer of such person to the Veterans Administration or other
 59 agency of the United States for care or treatment. Upon effecting
 60 any such transfer, the committing court or proper officer thereof
 61 shall be notified thereof by the transferring agency. No person shall
 62 be transferred to the Veterans Administration or other agency of
 63 the United States if he be confined pursuant to conviction of any felony
 64 or misdemeanor or if he has been acquitted of the charge solely
 65 on the ground of insanity, unless prior to transfer the court or other
 66 authority originally committing such person shall enter an order
 67 for such transfer after appropriate motion and hearing.

68 Any person transferred as provided in this section shall be deemed
 69 to be committed to the Veterans Administration or other agency of
 70 the United States pursuant to the original commitment."

Approved April 29, 1947.

*According to enrolled act.

CHAPTER 131

PROBATION OFFICERS

S. F. 76

AN ACT to repeal section two hundred thirty-one point eight (231.8), code 1946, providing for the appointment and compensation of probation officers in the juvenile court and to enact a substitute therefor.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

1 SECTION 1. Section two hundred thirty-one point eight (231.8),
 2 Code 1946, is hereby repealed and the following is enacted in lieu
 3 thereof:
 4 Probation Officers—Salaries. The judge designated as juvenile
 5 judge in each county, or where there is more than one judge designated

6 such judges acting jointly, shall appoint probation officers and shall
7 fix their compensation as hereinafter provided. Women may be ap-
8 pointed as probation officers and in counties where more than one
9 officer is appointed at least one of such officers shall be a woman.

10 1. In any county having a population of less than thirty thousand,
11 one or more probation officers may be appointed to serve either part
12 or full time. Such appointees may be paid eight dollars per day or
13 one dollar per hour for services actually rendered but shall receive
14 not more than twenty-five hundred dollars in salary in any one year.

15 2. In counties wherein there is an educational institution under the
16 control of the State Board of Education, with a student enrollment
17 of at least six thousand, and in counties having a population of more
18 than thirty thousand and less than fifty thousand, a chief probation
19 officer may be appointed at a salary not to exceed three thousand
20 dollars per year and such deputy probation officers may be appointed
21 as may be necessary to carry out the work of the court, but not more
22 than four thousand dollars in salaries shall be paid such deputies in
23 any one year and no deputy shall receive more than two thousand
24 dollars in salary in any one year.

25 3. In counties having a population of more than fifty thousand and
26 less than one hundred twenty-five thousand, a chief probation officer
27 may be appointed at a salary not to exceed thirty-six hundred
28 dollars per year and such deputy probation officers may be appointed
29 as may be necessary to carry out the work of the court, but not more
30 than twelve thousand dollars in salaries shall be paid such deputies
31 in any one year and no deputy shall receive more than twenty-five
32 hundred dollars in salary in any one year.

33 4. In counties having a population in excess of one hundred
34 twenty-five thousand, a chief probation officer may be appointed at
35 a salary not to exceed forty-two hundred dollars per year and such
36 deputy probation officers, may be appointed as may be necessary to
37 carry out the work of the court, but not more than twenty-six thousand
38 dollars in salaries shall be paid such deputies in any one year and no
39 deputy shall receive more than three thousand dollars in salary in
40 any one year.

41 5. The judge of the juvenile court may appoint such secretarial
42 help as may be needed by said court. If the population of the area
43 served by the court is less than 125,000 such secretaries may be paid
44 not to exceed \$2,000 per year. If the population of said area is over
45 125,000 such secretaries may be paid not to exceed \$2,400 per year.

46 6. If more than one county is served by a probation office the judges
47 of the judicial district containing such counties may prorate the
48 expense of said probation office among the several counties served.

Approved April 9, 1947.