JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 3.

PROVIDING FOR THE TIME OF HOLDING GENERAL ELECTIONS.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of the state of Iowa, repealing section seven (7) of article two (2) of said constitution and proposing a substitute therefor, relating to and providing for the time of holding general elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. That the following amendment to the constitution of the state of Iowa be and the same is hereby proposed:

To repeal section seven (7) of article two (2) of the constitution of Iowa and to adopt in lieu thereof the following, to-wit:

"The general election for state, district, county and township officers in the year 1916 shall be held in the same month and on the same day as that fixed by the laws of the United States for the election of presidential electors, or of president and vice-president of the United States; and thereafter such election shall be held at such time as the general assembly may by law provide."

SEC. 2. That the foregoing amendment to the constitution of the state of Iowa be, and the same is hereby referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election for members of the general assembly, and that the secretary of state cause the same to be published as provided by law.

Approved April 8 A. D. 1913.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4.

TAXATION OF PROPERTY FOR STATE REVENUE PURPOSES.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of the state of Iowa, authorizing the general assembly to provide for the exclusive taxation of classes of property for state revenue purposes.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. That the following amendment to the constitution of the state of Iowa be, and the same is hereby proposed: To add, as section thirty-nine (39) to article three (3) of said constitution the following, to-wit:

"SECTION 39. For the purpose of providing revenue for state purposes, the general assembly may provide for the exclusive taxation of such classes of property as it may deem proper. When any class of property is exclusively