

the presiding judge, shall, when requested by the board of parole, furnish to it a full statement of all the facts and circumstances connected with the commission of the crime of which the prisoner is convicted, so far as known or believed by them.

SEC. 21. Employment for paroled prisoners—duty of public officers. The board of parole may render such assistance as may be deemed necessary to the success of parole system, in the procuring of employment with trustworthy employers for prisoners about to be paroled; and necessary expenses incident thereto, not already provided for, shall be paid as other expenses of the board. It is hereby made the duty of every public officer to whom inquiry may be addressed by the board of parole concerning any prisoner to give said board all information possessed or accessible to him which may throw light upon the question of the fitness of said prisoner to receive the benefits of parole.

SEC. 22. In effect. This act, being deemed of immediate importance, shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Register and Leader and Des Moines Capital, newspapers published in Des Moines, Iowa.

Approved April 2, A. D. 1907.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Register and Leader and Des Moines Capital, April 3, 1907.

W. C. HAYWARD,
Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 193.

PLACE OF CONFINEMENT OF FEMALE CONVICTS.

S. F. 871.

AN ACT fixing the place of confinement of females who are convicted of felonies and sentenced to confinement in the penitentiary. [Additional to chapter two (2) of title twenty-six (XXVI) of the code, relating to penitentiaries.]

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Female convicts to be confined in reformatory. Any female heretofore or hereafter convicted of a felony and sentenced to confinement in the penitentiary shall be kept in the reformatory at Anamosa.

Approved April 13, A. D. 1907.

CHAPTER 194.

EMPLOYMENT OF CONVICT LABOR.

S. F. 828.

AN ACT authorizing the employment of convict labor in the care of the state's property and for other purposes. [Additional to chapter two (2) of title twenty-six (XXVI) of the code, relating to penitentiaries.]

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Convict labor—how employed. Convict labor may be used in caring for the houses and premises, occupied by the wardens of the penitentiaries, and for such domestic purposes as may be deemed necessary; provided, however, that nothing be done inconsistent with prison discipline and that not more than two convicts shall be thus used at any one time.