

CHAPTER 8.

S. F. 233.

AN ACT authorizing the executive council to issue and negotiate warrants in anticipation of the revenues of the state. [Amendatory to title II, chapter 7, of the code, relating to the executive council.]

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. **Executive council—auditor's warrants.** The executive council shall have power and authority to issue and negotiate warrants, bearing interest not to exceed five (5) per cent per annum, in anticipation of the general revenues of the state for the fiscal year in which such warrants are issued; but the aggregate amount of such warrants shall not exceed the estimated revenue of the state for said year. Said executive council shall issue and negotiate such warrants only at such times as current revenues may be insufficient to pay all warrants issued by the auditor of state. Whenever it becomes necessary to sell such warrants the executive council shall advertise for sealed bids and shall dispose of the warrants to the highest bidder or bidders and shall keep the bids on file and a record of the same and of the parties purchasing the warrants.

SEC. 2. **In effect.** This act, being deemed of immediate importance, shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Iowa State Register and Des Moines Leader, newspapers published in the city of Des Moines, Iowa.

Approved April 2, 1898.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Iowa State Register and the Des Moines Leader, April 5, 1898.

G. L. DOBSON,
Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 9.

S. F. 13.

AN ACT relating to the use of the notes of shorthand reporters as evidence. [Amendatory to title III, of the code, relating to courts of record.]

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. **Reporter's notes as evidence.** That the original shorthand notes of the evidence, or any part thereof, heretofore or hereafter taken upon the trial of any cause or proceeding, in any court of record of this state, by the shorthand reporter of such court, or any transcript thereof, duly certified by such reporter, when material and competent, shall be admissible in evidence on any retrial of the case or proceeding in which the same were taken and for purposes of impeachment in any case, and shall have the same force and effect as a deposition, subject to the same objections so far as applicable. It shall be the duty of any such reporter, upon demand by any party to any cause or proceeding, or by the attorney of such party, when such shorthand notes are offered in evidence, to read the same before the court, judge, referee, or jury, or to furnish to any person when demanded, a certified transcript of the shorthand notes of the evidence, of any one or more witnesses, upon payment of his fees therefor. When the reporter taking such notes in any case or proceeding in court has ceased to be the reporter of such court, any transcript by him made therefrom, and sworn to by him before any person authorized to administer an oath as a full, true, and complete transcript of the notes of the testimony of the witness a transcript of whose testimony is demanded, shall have the same force and effect as though duly certified by the reporter of said court. When any exhibit, record, or document is referred to in such shorthand notes or transcript thereof, the identity of such exhibit, record, or document, as the one referred to by the witness, may be proven either by the reporter, or any other person who heard the evidence of the witness given on the stand. No portion of the transcript of the shorthand notes of the evidence of any witness shall be admissible as such deposition,

unless it shall appear from the certificate or verification thereof that the whole of the shorthand notes of the evidence of such witness, upon the trial or hearing in which the same was given, is contained in such transcript, but the party offering the same shall not be compelled to offer the whole of such transcript.

SEC. 2. In effect. This act, being deemed of immediate importance, shall take effect from and after its passage and publication in the Iowa State Register and the Des Moines Leader, newspapers published in Des Moines, Iowa.

Approved March 9, 1893.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Iowa State Register and the Des Moines Leader, March 10, 1893.

G. L. DOBSON,
Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 10.

H. F. 224.

AN ACT to amend section number two hundred and twenty-seven [227] of the code and to provide an additional judge for the Twelfth Judicial District.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. One additional judge. That section number two hundred and twenty-seven of the code be amended by striking out the word "two," in the twenty-seventh line thereof, relating to the number of judges in the twelfth judicial district, and inserting the word "three" in lieu thereof.

SEC. 2. Appointment—election. The governor shall appoint a judge for said twelfth judicial district in conformity herewith, who shall hold his office until the election and qualification of his successor, as herein provided. At the general election in eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, a judge shall be elected in said district, who shall hold his office for the term of four years, as provided by law.

SEC. 3. Acts in conflict repealed. All acts or parts of acts in conflict with this act and provisions are hereby repealed.

SEC. 4. In effect. This act, being deemed of immediate importance, shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication in the Iowa State Register and Des Moines Leader, newspapers published in Des Moines, Iowa.

Approved March 28, 1898.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Iowa State Register and Des Moines Leader, April 6, 1898.

G. L. DOBSON,
Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 11.

H. F. 226.

AN ACT to increase the number of district judges in the Eighteenth Judicial District. [Amendatory to section 227, of the code.]

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Additional judge. That section two hundred and twenty-seven of the code of Iowa, so far as relates to the eighteenth judicial district, be amended to read as follows: "The eighteenth district shall consist of the counties of Linn, Jones, and Cedar, and have three judges."

SEC. 2. Election. At the general election in the year 1893 a judge of the district court shall be elected in said district, whose first term of office shall expire at the same time as do the terms of the present judges of said district, and thereafter the term of office of said judge shall be four years.

Approved March 28, 1893.