

Notes to be
signed by
witness.

person before whom depositions are taken shall be received as the depositions. When depositions are taken in shorthand the notes shall be signed by the witnesses after being read over to them, and shall be filed with the extension.

Approved April 24, 1894.

CHAPTER 95.

H. F. 77. AN ACT to amend section 9072 of the Code, providing for the exemption of poultry from attachment and execution.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Poultry to the
value of \$50
exempt from
execution.

SECTION 1. Hereafter there shall be exempt from attachment and execution to any man who is the head of a family, and to any woman whether she is the head of a family or not, poultry to the value of fifty dollars.

Approved March 19, 1894.

CHAPTER 96.

H. F. 495. AN ACT to amend sections 2650 and 2651 of the Code of Iowa, relating to demurrers.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Sec. 2651 Code
amended.

SECTION 1. That section twenty-six hundred and fifty-one (2651) of the code of Iowa be, and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto the following:

Demurrer con-
sidered an
admission of
allegation.

When demur-
rer overruled.

A demurrer shall be considered as an admission of the allegations of the pleading demurred to for the purposes of demurrer, and for such purposes only; and when a demurrer shall be overruled, and the party demurring shall answer or reply, the ruling on the demurrer shall not be considered as adjudication of any question raised by the demurrer; and in such case the sufficiency of the pleading thus attacked shall be determined as if no demurrer had been filed. No pleading shall be held sufficient on account of a failure to demur thereto.

Sec. 2650 Code
amended.
Deemed waived
if no objections
are entered.

SEC. 2. That section 2650 of the code be amended by striking out the following words: If no objection is taken it shall be deemed waived.

Approved March 29, 1894.

CHAPTER 97.

H. F. 17. AN ACT to prevent and punish prize fighting.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Principal in a
prize fight.
Fine of \$100
to \$1,000.

Imprisonment.

SECTION 1. Whoever engages as principal in any prize fight within this State shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100), nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term of not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 2. Whoever aids or assists in any prize fight shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction, be fined a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500), or shall be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not more than one hundred and fifty days.

Whoever aids or assists a prize fight. Fine. Imprisonment

Sec. 3. It is hereby made the duty of any peace officer who shall have reason to believe that any person or persons are about to engage in a prize fight within this state to make complaint before some justice of the peace of the county, or other authorized magistrate, and thereupon such justice of the peace or authorized magistrate shall proceed under chapter 4, title 25 of the Code of 1873, to make examination of charges, and if he shall find that there is just reason to fear the committing of such offense, he shall require security to be given as provided for in said chapter.

Duty of peace officer.

Duty of magistrate.

Security may be required.

Sec. 4. This act, being deemed of immediate importance, shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Iowa State Register and the Des Moines Leader, newspapers published at Des Moines, Iowa.

Publication clause.

Approved March 8th, 1894.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Iowa State Register and Des Moines Leader March 9, 1894.

W. M. McFARLAND, Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 98.

AN ACT to provide for the payment of wages of workmen employed in mines in the State of Iowa in lawful money of the United States, and to protect said workmen in the management and control of their own earnings.

H. F. 37.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. That any person, firm or corporation operating any coal mine in Iowa in which more than two men are employed shall, upon demand, pay their employes in lawful money of the United States, the first and third Saturdays of each month the full amount of wages earned by them and remaining unpaid for the two weeks next preceding the week in which payments are made, and in no case shall any person, firm or corporation operating coal mines in this state withhold from their employes more than the amount of three weeks' earnings at any one time.

Mines employing more than two men. Pay day the first and third Saturday of each month.

More than three weeks earnings not to be withheld.

Sec. 2. Any person, firm or corporation who shall refuse, neglect or fail for five days after demand of payment in writing has been made by any employe or employes for their labor in conformity with the provisions of this act, shall be liable to such employe, or employes for the full value of his or their labor remaining unpaid at time such demand was made, to which shall be added a penalty of one dollar for each succeeding day, not exceeding double the amount of wages due, and a reasonable attorney's fee to be recovered in a civil action. Said written demand for payment delivered to any officer or agent of said firm, corporation or person, shall be

Failure to comply with the law.

Penalty.

Written demand for payment a service of notice.