

CHAPTER 10.

APPEARANCE IN CIVIL PROCEEDINGS.

H. F. 123. AN ACT to Amend Section 2626 of the Code of Iowa [Title XVII., Chapter 6: "Of the Manner of Commencing Actions."]

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa,
Code: § 2626. That section 2626 of the code of Iowa be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto, as subdivision 4 of said section, the following:

Members of general assembly not required to answer civil proceeding during session.

Nor any person on holidays.

"4. No member of the general assembly shall be held to appear or answer any civil action or special proceeding, in any court of record, or inferior court, while such general assembly is in session, nor shall any person be so held to answer or appear, in any such court, on the 1st day of January, the 4th day of July, the 25th day of December, or on any day of thanksgiving appointed by the president of the United States or by the governor of this state."

Approved March 5th, 1874.

CHAPTER 11.

PENALTY FOR LARCENY.

S. F. 31. AN ACT to Repeal Sections 3903 and 3904 of the Code of 1873, [Title XXIV., Chapter 4: concerning "Larceny and Receiving Stolen Goods,"] and to Provide a Substitute therefor.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa,* That sections 3903 and 3904 of the code of Iowa of 1873 be and the same are hereby repealed and the following is enacted in lieu thereof:

Penalty for larceny; in night time.

"Sec. 3903. If any person in the night-time commit larceny in any dwelling-house, store, or any public or private building, or in any boat, vessel, or water-craft when the value of the property stolen exceeds the sum of twenty dollars, he shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not exceeding ten years; and, when the value of the property stolen does not exceed twenty dollars, by fine not exceeding three hundred dollars and imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year.

In day-time.

"Sec. 3904. If any person in the day-time commit larceny as specified in the preceding section, and the value of the property stolen exceeds twenty dollars, he shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary not more than five years; and, when the value of the property stolen does not exceed twenty dollars, by fine not exceeding two hundred dollars and imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year."

Approved March 5th, 1874.