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2026 SUMMARY OF LEGISLATION

IOWA GENERAL ASSEMBLY REGULAR SESSION

SUMMARY OF LEGISLATION
ENACTED IN THE YEAR 2026 BY THE SECOND REGULAR SESSION
OF THE NINETY-FIRST GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Prepared by the Legislative Services Agency

PURPOSE

This summary of legislation enacted by the 2026 General Assembly has been prepared for the use of legislators and other interested persons. The summary of each legislative enactment has been assigned to a major subject category. This compilation provides concise and objective information relating to the change in the law included in each legislative enactment without commenting upon the enactment's merits or editorializing. The publication of this summary of legislation by the Legislative Services Agency does not constitute an endorsement of the summary's contents by members of the General Assembly.

HOW TO FIND A SUMMARY

If you know the original file number of a particular bill, you may refer to the charts on pages v through xii to locate the category in which the summary will be found. Otherwise, each subject category begins with a table of contents listing the file number and the chapter title from the 2026 Iowa Acts, and a listing of related legislation directing the reader to the category in which the summary is located and briefly explaining how the category at hand is related.

EFFECTIVE DATE

The effective date of the legislative enactments is July 1, 2026, unless otherwise specified in an individual summary.

CRIMINAL PENALTIES

Unless otherwise specified in an individual summary, penalties applicable to misdemeanors and felonies are provided in the "STATEMENT OF STANDARD CRIMINAL PENALTIES" provided in the preliminary documents of this summary.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

The Internet version of this summary of legislation provides links to fiscal information for certain legislation. Legislation linked to such information contains the words "Fiscal Analysis" following the title of the legislation.

FISCAL YEAR

For purposes of this summary of legislation, "fiscal year 2026-2027," "FY 2026-2027," and "FY 2027," for example, all describe the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2026, and ending June 30, 2027.

VETOED BILLS

Bills vetoed by the Governor are included and noted in this summary. Item vetoes by the Governor are specified in the associated Act's particular summary.



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<u>Number</u>	<u>Major Subject</u>
SF 93	Public Defense and Veterans
SF 140	Elections, Ethics, and Campaign Finance
SF 176	Education
SF 273	Education
SF 274	Education
SF 304	Health and Safety
SF 378	Transportation
SF 413	Business, Banking, and Insurance
SF 469	Health and Safety
SF 472	Labor and Employment
SF 473	Human Services
SF 490	Transportation
SF 492	Transportation
SF 512	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
SF 542	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
SF 563	Health and Safety
SF 572	State Government
SF 579	Local Government
SF 629	Business, Banking, and Insurance
SF 639	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
SF 654	Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation
SF 2039	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
SF 2086	Education
SF 2088	Transportation
SF 2096	Human Services
SF 2114	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
SF 2137	State Government
SF 2139	Health and Safety
SF 2168	Labor and Employment
SF 2184	Health and Safety
SF 2187	Transportation
SF 2189	Transportation
SF 2190	Health and Safety
SF 2198	Health and Safety
SF 2201	Education
SF 2207	State Government
SF 2214	Environment, Energy, and Public Utilities

Number	Major Subject
SF 2215	Business, Banking, and Insurance
SF 2218	State Government
SF 2219	Education
SF 2220	Education
SF 2231	Education
SF 2280	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
SF 2289	State Government
SF 2296	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
SF 2299	Education
SF 2304	Environment, Energy, and Public Utilities
SF 2318	Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation
SF 2320	Education
SF 2340	Local Government
SF 2365	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
SF 2369	Local Government
SF 2378	Local Government
SF 2379	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
SF 2399	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
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SF 2416	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
SF 2417	Health and Safety
SF 2418	Agriculture
SF 2422	Human Services
SF 2426	Transportation
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SF 2429	Transportation
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SF 2448	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
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SF 2463	State Government
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SF 2467	Appropriations
SF 2468	Business, Banking, and Insurance
SF 2471	Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation
SF 2472	Taxation
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SF 2484	Appropriations
SF 2488	Human Services
SF 2490	Environment, Energy, and Public Utilities
SF 2492	Taxation

<u>Number</u>	<u>Major Subject</u>
SF 2493	Taxation
SF 2496	Taxation
SF 2497	Business, Banking, and Insurance

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTIONS

<u>Number</u>	<u>Major Subject</u>
SJR 11	Taxation

LOCATION OF SUMMARIES BY FILE NUMBER

HOUSE FILES

<u>Number</u>	<u>Major Subject</u>
HF 523	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
HF 571	Health and Safety
HF 640	Business, Banking, and Insurance
HF 648	Health and Safety
HF 703	Education
HF 704	State Government
HF 766	Transportation
HF 777	Transportation
HF 863	Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation
HF 864	Health and Safety
HF 907	Transportation
HF 917	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
HF 960	Taxation
HF 990	Health and Safety
HF 992	Transportation
HF 1003	Children and Youth
HF 1023	State Government
HF 1028	State Government
HF 1036	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
HF 2185	Business, Banking, and Insurance
HF 2199	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
HF 2200	Alcohol and Gaming
HF 2202	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
HF 2215	Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation
HF 2227	Environment, Energy, and Public Utilities
HF 2230	Education
HF 2231	Education
HF 2232	Business, Banking, and Insurance
HF 2253	Human Services
HF 2254	Health and Safety
HF 2256	Children and Youth
HF 2296	Local Government
HF 2297	Health and Safety
HF 2303	State Government
HF 2305	Health and Safety
HF 2329	Business, Banking, and Insurance
HF 2337	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections

Number	Major Subject
HF 2345	State Government
HF 2348	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
HF 2349	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
HF 2356	State Government
HF 2357	State Government
HF 2360	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
HF 2434	Business, Banking, and Insurance
HF 2485	Transportation
HF 2490	State Government
HF 2491	Education
HF 2493	Education
HF 2497	Business, Banking, and Insurance
HF 2498	Health and Safety
HF 2500	State Government
HF 2501	Elections, Ethics, and Campaign Finance
HF 2502	State Government
HF 2506	Alcohol and Gaming
HF 2514	Human Services
HF 2515	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
HF 2522	Local Government
HF 2523	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
HF 2526	Human Services
HF 2527	Agriculture
HF 2531	Local Government
HF 2532	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
HF 2534	Agriculture
HF 2539	Education
HF 2542	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
HF 2543	Human Services
HF 2558	State Government
HF 2562	Health and Safety
HF 2564	Health and Safety
HF 2571	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
HF 2582	Business, Banking, and Insurance
HF 2583	Environment, Energy, and Public Utilities
HF 2585	Health and Safety
HF 2591	Education
HF 2598	Transportation
HF 2601	Elections, Ethics, and Campaign Finance
HF 2602	Health and Safety
HF 2610	Education
HF 2615	Alcohol and Gaming

Number	Major Subject
HF 2617	Transportation
HF 2619	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
HF 2633	Business, Banking, and Insurance
HF 2634	Business, Banking, and Insurance
HF 2635	Business, Banking, and Insurance
HF 2643	Transportation
HF 2655	Transportation
HF 2660	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
HF 2667	Transportation
HF 2670	Education
HF 2671	State Government
HF 2676	Health and Safety
HF 2678	Business, Banking, and Insurance
HF 2680	State Government
HF 2694	State Government
HF 2695	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
HF 2697	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
HF 2706	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
HF 2707	Human Services
HF 2711	State Government
HF 2720	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
HF 2724	Education
HF 2739	Taxation
HF 2749	Taxation
HF 2754	Education
HF 2756	Business, Banking, and Insurance
HF 2757	Taxation
HF 2765	Agriculture
HF 2766	Business, Banking, and Insurance
HF 2768	Appropriations
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HF 2770	Appropriations
HF 2771	Appropriations
HF 2772	Appropriations
HF 2780	Alcohol and Gaming
HF 2781	Human Services
HF 2782	Appropriations
HF 2783	Appropriations
HF 2787	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
HF 2788	Health and Safety
HF 2794	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
HF 2797	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections

Number	Major Subject
HF 2799	Economic Development
HF 2800	Appropriations

STATEMENT OF STANDARD CRIMINAL PENALTIES

Unless otherwise specified in an individual summary, misdemeanors and felonies are punishable as follows:

- A simple misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than 30 days and a fine of at least \$105 but not more than \$855.
- A serious misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than one year and a fine of at least \$430 but not more than \$2,560.
- An aggravated misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than two years and a fine of at least \$855 but not more than \$8,540.
- A class "D" felony is punishable by confinement for no more than five years and a fine of at least \$1,025 but not more than \$10,245.
- A class "C" felony is punishable by confinement for no more than 10 years and a fine of at least \$1,370 but not more than \$13,660.
- A class "B" felony is punishable by confinement for no more than 25 years.
- A class "A" felony is punishable by confinement for life without possibility of parole.

AGRICULTURE

- SENATE FILE 2418** - Levee and Drainage Districts — District Parcel Record Preparation and Filing Deadline
- SENATE FILE 2465** - Agriculture — Infrastructure, Product, Innovation, and Revitalization Programs — Weights and Measuring Standards, Animal Health Regulation, Grain Sales and Operations, and Agricultural Tourism — Miscellaneous Tax Provisions
- HOUSE FILE 2527** - Civil or Criminal Actions — Damage or Injury from Effect on Climate Caused by Greenhouse Gas Emissions — Limitation on Liability
- HOUSE FILE 2534** - Confinement Feeding Operations — Shellfish — Waste Disposal Permitting
- HOUSE FILE 2765** - Regulation of Mining — Subsidence

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2429** - Fluid Milk Products — Transportation Permits
SEE TRANSPORTATION. This Act authorizes local authorities, in addition to the Department of Transportation, to issue fluid milk products annual permits that are valid for the movement of permitted vehicles on certain highways under the jurisdiction of the permit issuing authority. The Act also makes fluid milk products annual permits valid for vehicles and combinations of vehicles weighing up to 136,000 pounds, an increase from 96,000 pounds under prior law. The Act takes effect January 1, 2027.
- SENATE FILE 2472** - Property Taxation — Local and State Government Taxes, Financial Authority, and Budgets — First-Time Homebuyers Programs — Urban Renewal
SEE TAXATION. Division XVI of this Act amends Iowa Code section 176A.10, which governs the property tax levy rate limitation for financing county agricultural extension education programs. For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, the property tax levy rate shall be limited by the limitation established in division III of the Act for rate-limited property tax levies. Division XI also strikes a provision in Iowa Code section 176A.8 relating to unexpended funds of county agricultural extensions, and makes county agricultural extensions subject to other reserve fund limitations established in the Act.
- SENATE FILE 2493** - Fuel Excise Tax Exemption — Ethanol Blended Gasoline Purchased for Use in an Implement of Husbandry Used in Agricultural Production
SEE TAXATION. This Act exempts from imposition and collection of the motor fuel excise tax ethanol blended gasoline formulated with more than 85 percent by volume of ethanol when purchased at a terminal or refinery rack exclusively for use in an implement of husbandry used in agricultural production.
- HOUSE FILE 2227** - Electric Transmission Lines — Initial Construction — Agricultural Land Restoration
SEE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES. This Act directs the Natural Resource Commission to adopt rules to implement land restoration requirements after initial construction of an electric transmission line, and sets forth standards related to drain tiles, noninvasive rocks, tilling, soil conservation practices, reseeding, field entrances and temporary roads, practices when constructing in wet conditions, electric transmission owner contact information, and inspections.
- HOUSE FILE 2643** - Retail Dealer Fuel Gallonage Reporting — Timely Filing and Tax Credit Eligibility
SEE TRANSPORTATION. This Act specifies that a retail dealer who does not timely file a report for total gasoline and diesel fuel gallonage sold or dispensed as required by Iowa Code section 452A.33 is prohibited from claiming certain tax credits for the tax year that are

available under Iowa Code sections 422.11O (E-85 gasoline promotion), 422.11P (biodiesel blended fuel), and 422.11Y (E-15 plus gasoline promotion), as applicable.

- HOUSE FILE 2678** - Fraudulent Business Entity Filings with Secretary of State — Removal and Interrogatories — Foreign, Nonresident Alien, and Out-of-State Agricultural Landholding Annual Summary
SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE. This Act amends or enacts provisions relating to different types of persons having a legal presence in this state under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of State. The Act includes provisions that require agricultural landholding reporting by (1) an out-of-state business entity and (2) an out-of-state individual.
- HOUSE FILE 2771** - Appropriations — Agriculture, Natural Resources, and Environmental Protection
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act makes appropriations for FY 2026-2027 from the General Fund of the State, the Environment First Fund, and other sources for purposes of supporting a number of administrative entities, including the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALS). The Act appropriates moneys from these sources to DALS for purposes of supporting a number of regulatory and promotional programs associated with education, farmers' health, renewable fuel, the production and marketing of agricultural commodities and products, soil and water conservation, and water quality.
- HOUSE FILE 2800** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act declares Japanese knotweed to be a primary noxious weed for purposes of control and eradication, and replaces references to the Iowa Poultry Association with the North Central Poultry Association or its successor organization.

AGRICULTURE

SENATE FILE 2418 - Levee and Drainage Districts — District Parcel Record Preparation and Filing Deadline
BY COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT. This Act extends the deadline for a county auditor to prepare and file a drainage district parcel record with the county recorder from June 30, 2026, to June 30, 2027, and extends the repeal date of the applicable provision from July 1, 2026, to July 1, 2027.

The Act took effect April 9, 2026.

SENATE FILE 2465 - Agriculture — Infrastructure, Product, Innovation, and Revitalization Programs — Weights and Measuring Standards, Animal Health Regulation, Grain Sales and Operations, and Agricultural Tourism — Miscellaneous Tax Provisions

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act amends or enacts a number of provisions in various Iowa Code chapters relating to agriculture. Specifically, the Act provides for the powers and duties of the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALS) in promoting the renewable fuel industry, promoting agricultural commodities and associated products, regulating weights and measures standards, and regulating grain marketing. The Act provides for the powers and duties of the Department of Transportation (DOT) in regulating the transportation of agricultural vehicles on state highways. The Act promotes a number of activities associated with agriculture by providing for on-farm agricultural tourism and exclusions from county land use regulations. The Act provides sales and use tax exemptions for the sale of honeybees. Finally, the Act expands the Rural Veterinarian Loan Repayment Program and provides an income tax exclusion for licensed veterinarians participating in the program.

Division I — Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship — Promotion — Renewable Fuel Infrastructure

Iowa Code chapter 159A authorizes DALS to administer the Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Program for Retail Motor Fuel Sites and the Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Program for Biodiesel Terminal Facilities. The purpose of the programs is to finance the improvement of facilities used to store, blend, or dispense renewable fuels, commonly derived from corn or soybeans. Iowa Code section 159A.16 creates the Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Fund (fund). The fund includes \$5 million appropriated each fiscal year from the General Fund of the State to support the programs. The Act revises the allocation of moneys from the fund each fiscal year by (1) eliminating a provision that allocated not more than \$1.75 million to assist in the installation, replacement, or conversion of biodiesel infrastructure at retail motor fuel sites; and (2) increasing the amount used to support DALS in administering the programs from \$100,000 to \$150,000.

Division II — Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship — Promotion

The Act provides for a number of programs administered by DALS to promote agricultural commodities produced in Iowa and associated products processed in this state.

COMPETITION WITH PRIVATE ENTERPRISE — EXCEPTION FOR MARKETING IOWA COMMODITIES AND PRODUCTS. Iowa Code section 23A.2 restricts a state agency from engaging in an activity that competes with a private enterprise. The Act amends that Iowa Code section by creating an exception for programs administered by DALS that directly promote the marketing of Iowa commodities and products, including as provided in Iowa Code chapter 187.

CHOOSE IOWA ACT. Iowa Code chapter 187, referred to as the Choose Iowa Act, authorizes DALS to administer a number of programs providing for the promotion of agricultural commodities produced in Iowa and products that include an agricultural commodity alone or as a component in a product processed in Iowa. The programs are supported by the Choose Iowa Fund. The Choose Iowa Program allows a person to register as a seller of Iowa commodities and products and in return receive the right to use a legally protected logo under a paid license. The Act provides for enrolling persons in the Choose Iowa Program who are actively engaged in producing, processing, or marketing Iowa agricultural products.

CHOOSE IOWA SCHOOL PURCHASING PROGRAM. Iowa Code chapter 190A provides for a Farm-to-School Program administered by DALS that expressly seeks to link elementary and secondary public and nonpublic schools with Iowa farms to provide those schools with fresh and minimally processed food for inclusion in school meals and snacks. The Act repeals Iowa Code section 190A.6, which authorized DALS to assist schools in financing the purchase of food commodities produced on an Iowa farm. Under that Iowa Code section, DALS reimbursed a participating school or school district on a matching basis by contributing \$1 for every \$3 expended by the school or school district with a limit of not more than \$1,000 in any year. The Act establishes a Choose Iowa School Purchasing Program in which an eligible school or school district is reimbursed on a matching basis with DALS contributing \$1 for every \$1 expended in purchasing qualified food products from a farm or business enrolled in the Choose Iowa Program.

CHOOSE IOWA FOOD BANK PROGRAM. Iowa Code section 187.331 created the Choose Iowa Food Purchasing Program, which authorized DALS to reimburse a nonprofit organization limited to an Iowa food bank or Iowa emergency feeding organization for the purchase of qualified food products produced or processed at a farm or business. DALS was prohibited from expending more than a total of \$200,000 in a fiscal year to reimburse those organizations. The program was to be eliminated on July 1, 2030. The Act amends that Iowa Code section by renaming the program the Iowa Food Bank Program. The Act requires the farm or business to be enrolled as a member in the Choose Iowa Promotional Program. The Act eliminates the provision that limited the total amount of moneys that could be expended in a fiscal year and the future elimination of the program. Finally, the Act transfers the amended Iowa Code section to Iowa Code section 187.308.

INNOVATION AND REVITALIZATION PROGRAMS. Several state programs award financial assistance to an eligible business involved in agricultural processing, including by supporting a project that expands or refurbishes an existing facility, including a permanent or mobile unit, and by defraying expenses related to the use of a building or equipment. Iowa Code section 187.311 creates the Dairy Innovation and Revitalization Program administered by DALS. The Act amends that Iowa Code section by providing that priority must be given to a beginning farmer applying to participate in the program. The Act repeals that section and enacts Iowa Code section 187.315 creating the Butchery Innovation Revitalization Program administered by DALS, which is modeled on the Dairy Innovation and Revitalization Program.

IOWA SEAL. Iowa Code section 159.25 creates an Iowa seal for agricultural products that have been produced or processed in Iowa as administered by DALS. The Act transfers that Iowa Code section to Iowa Code section 187.309.

Division III — Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship Regulation — Animal Health

Iowa Code chapter 163 authorizes DALS to regulate animal health and specifically control any infectious or contagious disease (disease) afflicting a livestock population, including by providing for prevention, suppression, or eradication efforts. The Act authorizes DALS to lease facilities in order to control disease or provide for the Foreign Animal Disease Preparedness and Response Strategy. The Act also provides that, notwithstanding Iowa's open records law, information collected by DALS relating to such disease is confidential if the information identifies the name, address, and contact information of a person owning or caring for an animal suspected of being affected with a disease, or any location where an animal suspected of being affected with the disease has been kept.

Division IV — Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship — Regulation — Weights and Measures

Iowa Code chapters 210, 213, 214, and 215 authorize DALS to regulate standard weights and measures used in commerce, including those relating to a commodity's quantity, area, or another quantitative measurement in conformance with federal requirements adopted by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. A number of Iowa Code chapters provide for the powers and duties of DALS to inspect commercial weighing and measuring devices. The Act's amendments to those Iowa Code chapters update or correct references and transfer Iowa Code sections to enhance readability.

GENERAL REGULATION. Iowa Code section 213.1 authorized DALs to designate a State Metrologist of Weights and Measures (state metrologist) and required all weights and measures sealed by the state metrologist to be impressed with the word “Iowa.” The Act amends that Iowa Code section to provide that the Secretary of Agriculture may designate the Bureau Chief of DALs’s Weights and Measures Bureau to act as the state metrologist. The Act strikes the requirement that the word “Iowa” be impressed on a sealed weight or measure. The Act eliminates a provision that required DALs to conduct a test of a measuring device based on a request of any person (Iowa Code section 213.3) and a provision that required a city to pay for expenses directly incurred in furnishing a city with standards (Iowa Code section 213.7).

INSPECTIONS. Iowa Code section 215.1A required DALs to regularly inspect all commercial weighing and measuring devices. The Act amends that Iowa Code section by providing that, unless DALs receives a complaint, an inspection is conducted at DALs’s discretion. In lieu of an inspection, DALs may order the owner of the device or a service agency that installed, serviced, or repaired the device to deliver to DALs one or more of the service agency’s most recent test reports documenting the device’s accuracy. Several exceptions apply that require an inspection of a device including a motor fuel pump (Iowa Code section 214.11), a moisture-measuring device (Iowa Code section 215A.2), and a charging station (Iowa Code section 452A.41).

Division V — Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship Regulation — Grain Marketing

BACKGROUND. DALs regulates grain marketing transactions under three interrelated Iowa Code chapters. The first two Iowa Code chapters regulate grain marketers. Iowa Code chapter 203 provides for the regulation of a grain dealer acting as a buyer of grain as a good from the grain’s producer acting as a seller under Iowa’s Uniform Commercial Code (UCC), Iowa Code chapter 554, article 2. Iowa Code chapter 203C provides for the regulation of a warehouse operator acting as bailee by storing grain for a depositor acting as a bailor under Iowa’s UCC, Iowa Code chapter 554, article 7. Finally, Iowa Code chapter 203D creates the Grain Depositors and Sellers Indemnity Fund to reimburse a seller or depositor when incurring a financial loss due to the management of the grain by a grain dealer or warehouse operator.

GRAIN DEALER REGULATION — TERMS OF SALE. Iowa Code section 203.8 recognizes two different contract arrangements for the sale of grain. The first arrangement is by a cash-sale contract in which payment is made upon the grain’s delivery to the grain dealer or a later time upon the seller’s demand. The second arrangement is referred to as a credit-sale contract (see Iowa Code sections 203.1 and 203.15) in which the grain has been delivered to the grain dealer, but the grain dealer has not made a corresponding payment to the seller, either because the price has not been agreed to by the parties (a deferred-pricing contract) or the price has been agreed to by the parties but payment is to be made more than 30 days after delivery (a deferred-payment contract). Delivery occurs when title to and possession of the grain is transferred to the grain dealer or another person in accordance with the terms of the contract. The Act amends Iowa Code section 203.8 by providing that unless title to grain was previously transferred pursuant to a cash-sale contract, title to the grain sold by credit-sale contract is deemed to have transferred to the grain dealer upon two conditions: (1) the credit-sale contract is signed by both the grain dealer and the seller and (2) the grain dealer or another person has possession of the grain in accordance with the terms of the credit-sale contract.

GRAIN DEALER AND WAREHOUSE OPERATOR REGULATION — LICENSING. Under Iowa Code chapters 203 and 203C, DALs respectively regulates a grain dealer and warehouse operator by issuing a license and conducting an inspection of the licensee’s respective business operations. Iowa Code section 203.3 requires a grain dealer be issued either a class 1 or class 2 license based on the size of the business operation with a class 1 license requiring higher net worth requirements. However, regardless of the size of a grain dealer’s operation, a class 1 license is required for a grain dealer who enters into a credit-sale contract. A grain dealer issued a class 1 or class 2 license must annually submit to DALs a financial statement accompanied by an unqualified opinion based upon an audit performed by a certified public accountant (CPA) licensed in Iowa. Iowa Code section 203C.6 also requires a warehouse operator to be issued either a class 1 or class 2 license based on the size of the business operation with a class 1 license requiring higher net worth requirements. A warehouse operator issued a class 1 or class 2 license must also annually submit to DALs a financial statement accompanied by an unqualified opinion based upon an audit performed by a CPA licensed in Iowa. In 2025, the General Assembly enacted 2025 Iowa Acts, chapter 105, which

eliminated the provisions in those Iowa Code sections that had allowed a licensed grain dealer or licensed grain warehouse operator to submit a financial statement accompanied by a report of a state-licensed CPA based upon a review in lieu of an unqualified opinion based on an audit. The 2025 Iowa Act also eliminated a connected provision in Iowa Code section 203.15 by providing that if a grain dealer's last financial statement was not accompanied by an unqualified audit, the grain dealer must have filed a \$100,000 bond with DALS. The Act amends Iowa Code sections 203.3, 203.15, and 203C.6 by restoring the 2025 Iowa Code financial requirements.

GRAIN DEALER REGULATION — BONDING. Iowa Code section 203.12 provides for the cessation of a grain dealer's license due to any of three causes, including revocation by DALS, cancellation, or the expiration of the license by operation of law. Upon any of these causes, a seller may claim the purchase price against the grain dealer for the sold grain under a grain dealer's bond filed with DALS. The Act amends that Iowa Code section by providing that the filing of a petition in bankruptcy by a grain dealer also triggers action on the bond.

GRAIN DEPOSITORS AND SELLERS INDEMNITY FUND. Iowa Code chapter 203D establishes the Grain Depositors and Sellers Indemnity Fund, which provides for the payment of a seller or depositor as a claimant for a loss incurred by breach of contract by a grain dealer or warehouse operator. Iowa Code sections 203D.6 and 203D.6A provide that the loss may arise from a cash-sale contract, a credit-sale contract in the form of a deferred-pricing contract, or for a loss resulting from the seller having received from the grain dealer an amount from the purchased grain that the seller was required to later pay back to the grain dealer's bankruptcy estate. The Act amends Iowa Code section 203D.6 by providing that the indemnity payment to the seller may proceed upon a determination that an eligible repayment claim was filed with DALS. The Act also amends Iowa Code section 203D.6A by providing for the timeliness of a repayment claim in the case of a bankruptcy court's default judgment. In that case, the seller must file a claim not later than 60 days after the court's judgment or a settlement agreement is approved, whichever is later.

EFFECTIVE DATE. The provisions amending Iowa Code chapters 203, 203C, and 203D took effect June 1, 2026.

Division VI — Department of Transportation — Implements of Husbandry

Iowa Code chapter 321 regulates motor vehicles under the authority of the Department of Transportation. Iowa Code section 321.457 regulates the maximum length of a motor vehicle or combination of vehicles operated on Iowa highways. A trailer or semitrailer cannot have an overall length in excess of 53 feet when operating in a truck tractor-semitrailer combination. However, a lowboy semitrailer that is designed and exclusively used for the transportation of construction equipment may have an overall length not in excess of 57 feet. A person who violates the length requirement is subject to a scheduled fine of \$260 (Iowa Code section 805.8A). The Act provides that an implement of husbandry (a vehicle or equipment used in agricultural production) has the same length requirement as a lowboy semitrailer designed and exclusively used for transporting construction equipment.

Division VII — Agricultural Tourism

Iowa Code chapter 673A, referred to as the Iowa Agricultural Tourism Promotion Act, limits the liability of a person involved in conducting a tourism event on a farm, including a farm producing a farm crop. The Iowa Code chapter limits a cause of action by a visitor to the farm who alleges an injury, loss, or death due to any of the following: (1) an inherent risk of farming associated with a farming activity, (2) the failure of the agricultural tourist to comply with an instruction while visiting the farm, or (3) the injury, loss, or death occurred at a place a reasonable person would not enter, which may be based on a posted notice. Iowa Code section 673A.3 defines a number of terms used in the Iowa Code chapter. The Act amends that Iowa Code section by providing that the term "farm" includes a tree farm and "farm crop" includes a plant or fungus used for energy or decoration. The Act provides that "farm crop" specifically includes nuts, maple syrup, mushrooms, Christmas trees, and honey.

Division VIII — Land Use

The Act provides for agricultural land use, as provided in Iowa Code chapter 335, by specifically exempting on-farm activities from county regulation.

ZONING. Iowa Code section 335.2 provides that county zoning does not apply to land and associated structures that are primarily adapted for use for an agricultural purpose. The Act amends that Iowa Code section by providing that the term “agricultural purpose” includes an agricultural tourism activity or event, value-added agricultural processing, direct-to-consumer marketing, or other farm-based enterprise that supports the economic viability of a farm.

PERMITTING. Iowa Code section 335.28 provides that a county cannot require a conditional use permit, special use permit, special exception, or variance for an agricultural experience conducted on property primarily used for agricultural production. The term “agricultural experience” is defined to include an agriculture-related activity, consisting of a secondary use in conjunction with agricultural production on a farm that is open to the public. The Act amends that Iowa Code section to provide that an agricultural experience also includes an agricultural tourism activity or fair event.

EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendments to the land use exemptions in Iowa Code sections 335.2 and 335.28 took effect on June 1, 2026.

Division IX — Honeybees — Sales and Use Tax Exemption

Iowa Code chapter 423 provides for Iowa’s streamlined sales and use tax provisions. The state sales tax is imposed on the sales price of all sales of tangible personal property and from the furnishing of enumerated services sold at retail to the ultimate consumer or user of the property or services. As a complement to the sales tax, the use tax is imposed on out-of-state sales for all tangible personal property or enumerated services for use in Iowa. Iowa Code section 422.3 provides a number of exemptions to the sales tax and, with a few exceptions, the same exemptions apply to the use tax (Iowa Code section 422.5). The Act amends Iowa Code section 422.3 by providing new sales and use tax exemptions for the sale of honeybees.

Division X — Veterinary Practice

Iowa Code section 256.226 establishes the Rural Veterinarian Loan Repayment Program, (program) administered by the College Student Aid Commission (commission). The Iowa Code section also establishes the Rural Veterinary Care Trust Fund under the control of the commission to support the program. The purpose of the program is to provide for the commission’s repayment of a student loan to an individual who promises to practice for four years as a licensed veterinarian in a rural area, referred to as a rural service commitment area or a veterinary shortage area, pursuant to a loan repayment agreement (agreement). The amount of repayment cannot exceed \$15,000 annually or a total of \$60,000 or the amount of the outstanding eligible loan.

CHANGING TO A NEW PRACTICE. The Act amends Iowa Code section 256.226 by providing that a licensed veterinarian who receives a loan under the program may notify the commission that the veterinarian will complete the years of full-time practice required under the agreement by securing new employment, or establishing and maintaining a new practice, in the same veterinary shortage area or rural service commitment area, according to rules adopted by the commission.

INCOME TAX EXEMPTION. Iowa Code chapter 422 provides for an Iowa income tax imposed on taxable income of individuals who are residents and nonresidents of Iowa. Iowa Code section 422.7 provides for computing a taxpayer’s Iowa individual income tax based on the taxpayer’s federal adjusted gross income, with designated adjustments. The Act amends that Iowa Code section by allowing a licensed veterinarian participating in the program to exclude net income attributable to loan payments received under the program, subject to the restrictions provided in the program. The amount excluded cannot exceed \$15,000 for any tax year, \$60,000 for the aggregate of all tax years, and, in no case, the outstanding eligible loan. These provisions take effect January 1, 2027, and apply to tax years beginning on and after that date.

HOUSE FILE 2527 - Civil or Criminal Actions — Damage or Injury from Effect on Climate Caused by Greenhouse Gas Emissions — Limitation on Liability

BY COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE. This Act enacts new Iowa Code chapter 673B limiting a defendant’s liability arising from any alleged actual or potential effect on climate caused wholly or partly by a greenhouse gas emission attributable to the defendant in a civil or criminal action (action).

GREENHOUSE GAS DESCRIBED. Under the Act, a greenhouse gas includes: (1) a gas originating from an agricultural, petroleum, or renewable fuel source; or (2) a number of specific gases, including carbon dioxide, hydrofluorocarbons, methane, nitrogen trifluoride, nitrous oxide, sulfur hexafluoride, or perfluorocarbons (new Iowa Code section 673B.1).

EVIDENCE OF WRONGDOING. The Act requires a person bringing an action in district court to: (1) specify that each greenhouse gas emitted by the defendant gives rise to the action; and (2) show by clear and convincing evidence that unavoidable and identifiable damage or injury has resulted or will result as a direct cause of the defendant's violation of an enforceable statutory limitation or restriction or a valid, enforceable operating, air, or other permit issued to the defendant by a regulatory authority, including the Department of Natural Resources or United States Environmental Protection Agency (new Iowa Code section 673B.2).

DISTRICT COURT FINDINGS. In addition, the Act requires a district court to find by clear and convincing evidence that a defendant violated: (1) an enforceable statutory limitation or restriction governing the emission of a specific greenhouse gas originating within Iowa; or (2) an express term of a valid, enforceable operating, air, or other permit issued to the defendant by a regulatory authority (new Iowa Code section 673B.3).

STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION. The Act is not to be construed as creating a right to bring an action or a judicial remedy (new Iowa Code section 673B.4).

HOUSE FILE 2534 - Confinement Feeding Operations — Shellfish — Waste Disposal Permitting

BY COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE. This Act regulates a confinement feeding operation (CFO) that maintains a category of animal species referred to by the common name of "shellfish."

BACKGROUND — GENERAL. The Department of Natural Resources (DNR) regulates activities that affect air and water quality, including general regulatory provisions under Iowa Code chapter 455B and its associated rules. DNR regulates CFOs under Iowa Code chapter 459 and its associated agency rules. A CFO is a location where a species of agricultural animals (animals) are maintained within one or more roofed structures for 45 days or more in any 12-month period, and all associated open or covered structures used for the storage of manure or egg washwater. Air quality requirements include a separation distance between a structure and a protected object or location (e.g., a residence). Water quality requirements may include a separation distance between a structure and a number of types of water sources, the issuance of a permit by DNR that conditionally allows the construction or expansion of a CFO structure, or the approval of a plan by DNR that conditionally allows the land application of manure originating from a CFO.

BACKGROUND — ANIMAL UNIT CAPACITY. The regulations apply differently depending on the CFO's capacity to maintain at any one time a specific number of animals according to species (e.g., cattle, swine, sheep, horses, turkeys, chickens, or fish). Generally, each species is identified by category. Moreover, in some cases a category may be subdivided into two or more subcategories generally based on weight (as a measure of the species generation of manure by volume). For example, fish are identified according to subcategory (fish weighing 25 grams or more and fish weighing less than 25 grams). An animal is assigned an equivalency factor for that category or subcategory of species referred to as an animal unit, ranging from an animal unit of 2.00 for a horse to 0.00006 for a fish weighing less than 25 grams. The assigned animal unit is then multiplied by the number of head of that species identified by its category or subcategory maintained at the CFO.

ACT'S PROVISIONS. The Act provides that the species categorized as shellfish is classified under either one of two subcategories based on weight and assigned its corresponding animal unit. One shellfish weighing 25 grams or more equals 0.001 animal units (1,000 shellfish x 0.001 = 1 animal unit). One shellfish weighing less than 25 grams equals 0.00006 animal units (16,667 shellfish x 0.00006 = 1 animal unit). The Act also provides that a person who exclusively confines shellfish as part of a CFO may elect to comply with the general permitting requirements pertaining to water quality under Iowa Code chapter 455B in lieu of complying with the special permitting requirements pertaining to water quality under Iowa Code chapter 459.

ENFORCEMENT AND APPLICABLE CIVIL PENALTIES. A person violating an air quality regulation is subject to an administrative assessment of a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 (Iowa Code section 459.602 referring to Iowa Code section 455B.109). A person violating a water quality regulation is subject to the administrative assessment of a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 (Iowa Code section 459.603 referring to Iowa Code section 455B.109) or a judicially assessed civil penalty of up to \$5,000 (Iowa Code section 459.603 referring to Iowa Code section 455B.191).

HOUSE FILE 2765 - Regulation of Mining — Subsidence

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act amends provisions regulating the mining of minerals, other than coal, including surface mining and underground mining, and provides requirements for the reclamation of lands at the mine site. The Act provides for the regulation of land affected by a subsidence.

BACKGROUND. Iowa Code chapter 208 is administered and enforced by the Division of Soil Conservation and Water Quality (division), an administrative unit of the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship. Iowa Code chapter 208 regulates a person engaged in and controlling a mining operation (operator). The regulations apply to affected land, including an area that has been changed in any manner in the course of mining. The division may issue an order directing an operator to desist in an activity or practice that constitutes a violation of any provision of the Iowa Code chapter or any rules adopted by the division. A person who violates such order is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 per violation.

ACT'S PROVISIONS. The Act defines “subsidence” as the collapse, settling, or sinking of land that occurs at or above an underground mine located on public land or land located within a public right-of-way and that is caused by mining activity. The Act requires the division to adopt rules providing for the regulation of land affected by a subsidence. The rules must include requirements related to the reporting of the subsidence, the qualifications of a professional engineer or other qualified person submitting a subsidence repair plan to the division, and the timeliness of a subsidence’s planned repair. The rules must be adopted by the division on an emergency basis to be implemented within 60 business days of June 2, 2026. Under emergency rulemaking, a rule can be made effective on the date of filing and acceptance by the Administrative Rules Coordinator or any subsequent date, as specified by the agency in the filing (Iowa Code section 17A.5(2)(b)(1)) subject to statute. The Act took effect June 2, 2026.

ALCOHOL AND GAMING

- HOUSE FILE 2200** - Administration of Alcoholic Beverage Control — Alcoholic Beverages Commission and Director of Revenue Prohibited Activities and Interests — Restrictions on Activities of Noninstitutional Investors
- HOUSE FILE 2506** - Social and Charitable Gambling — Notification of Prize Winners
- HOUSE FILE 2615** - Thoroughbred and Quarter Horse Racing Seasons
- HOUSE FILE 2780** - Alcoholic Beverage Control — Permits and Licenses — Authority to Designate City Social Districts

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2289** - Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing — Powers and Operations of State Racing and Gaming Commission — State Building Code and Fees — Special Classification Residential Care Facilities

SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to duties under the purview of the Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing, including gambling, the State Building Code, and residential care facilities. The Act increases the \$30,000-per-year total cap on reimbursements that the State Racing and Gaming Commission (commission) may pay to all commissioners for expenses incurred in the performance of the commissioners' duties to \$45,000 per year. The Act grants the commission explicit authority to issue cease and desist orders and seek injunctive relief against persons who offer gambling services in the state without an appropriate license or authorization.

Under current law, a person commits a class "D" felony and is barred for life from excursion gambling boats and gambling structures under the jurisdiction of the commission for committing certain acts. The Act expands the lifetime ban to include sports wagering and advance deposit sports wagering. The Act also imposes a lifetime ban from sports wagering and advance deposit sports wagering on a person who is convicted twice of unlawful betting.

The Act requires state income tax to be withheld on winnings from gambling activities authorized under Iowa Code chapter 99D (Pari-Mutuel Wagering) and from slot machines authorized under Iowa Code chapter 99F (Gambling Games and Sports Wagering Regulation) if the winnings are in an amount sufficient to require an information return to be filed under the federal Internal Revenue Code, rather than if the winnings exceed certain amounts. This provision took effect May 15, 2026.

ALCOHOL AND GAMING

HOUSE FILE 2200 - Administration of Alcoholic Beverage Control — Alcoholic Beverages Commission and Director of Revenue Prohibited Activities and Interests — Restrictions on Activities of Noninstitutional Investors

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to activities in the administration of alcoholic beverage control by the Department of Revenue (IDR).

The Act defines “authorized noninstitutional investor” to mean an ownership interest that does not exceed 5 percent of the business owned and the investor is not engaged as a director, officer, employee, broker, or agent of the business owned.

An authorized noninstitutional investor of a business engaged in the manufacturing, importing, bottling, or selling at wholesale or retail may directly or indirectly have an ownership interest in another licensee or permittee authorized under Iowa Code chapter 123 (Alcoholic Beverage Control) if the person remains only an authorized noninstitutional investor. The Act requires an authorized noninstitutional investor to annually disclose the authorized noninstitutional investor status to IDR, which IDR must keep confidential.

The Act specifies that not more than two members of the Alcoholic Beverages Commission (member) shall directly or indirectly have an interest in alcohol-related enterprises, except as institutional investors. The Act prohibits a member from influencing, persuading, or inducing others to adopt political views of the member or favor any particular elective or appointive candidates.

The Director of Revenue is prohibited from having any direct or indirect interest in alcohol-related enterprises, except as an institutional investor.

The Act prohibits an IDR employee from licensing, permitting, or participating in the licensing or permitting of a person, business, or organization under the laws governing alcoholic beverages if the employee has an ownership interest related to that person, business, or organization, or is in a position to exercise any control over the purchasing of alcoholic beverages through a position of employment with the person, business, or organization. An IDR employee is also prohibited from enforcing any law or rule governing alcoholic beverages against a person, business, or organization if the employee has an ownership interest related to that person, business, or organization, or is in a position to exercise any control over the purchasing of alcoholic beverages through a position of employment with the person, business, or organization.

If the Director of Revenue or an IDR employee violates the Act, in addition to any other penalties provided by law, such person is subject to disciplinary action including discharge from employment.

The Act took effect June 2, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2506 - Social and Charitable Gambling — Notification of Prize Winners

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act requires a licensed qualified organization that awards a prize as part of a social or charitable gambling event to notify the winner within one year of the prize being awarded if the winner was not present when the prize was won.

HOUSE FILE 2615 - Thoroughbred and Quarter Horse Racing Seasons

BY COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE. This Act requires thoroughbred and quarter horse racing seasons to be conducted as separate stand-alone meets that do not overlap, races for the breeds to not take place on the same day, and the racing season for one breed to not commence until the season for the other breed has concluded. The Act allows mixed meets featuring both breeds if mutually agreed upon in writing by the associations representing the thoroughbred and quarter horse owners and the licensee of the horse racetrack located in Polk County. The Act includes legislative findings related to a recent decision of the State Racing and Gaming Commission.

HOUSE FILE 2780 - Alcoholic Beverage Control — Permits and Licenses — Authority to Designate City Social Districts

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to alcoholic beverage control by making changes to distiller's, vintner's, and brewer's certificates of compliance (certificates), allowing for the issuance of class "A" wine permits to nonnative wine manufacturers, and permitting cities to create social districts for the consumption of alcoholic beverages in certain public places.

CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE. The Act strikes a provision that required persons who participated in the distribution of an alcoholic liquor brand, other than manufacturers, distillers, and importers, to obtain a distiller's certificate prior to the resale of that brand in Iowa. The Act also strikes a provision that specified the certificate was not required to be accompanied by a list of persons employed on the premises where alcoholic liquors were manufactured, processed, bottled, or packaged or who were employed in transporting such liquors.

For a brewer's certificate, the Act specifies that the required list of all class "A" beer permittees with whom the applicant intends to do business and the designated distribution area must also be submitted to the Department of Revenue (IDR) electronically or in a manner prescribed by the Director of Revenue (director). The Act also specifies the holder of a brewer's certificate of compliance may also hold a class "A" beer permit.

The Act strikes a provision exempting a vintner or wine bottler with a plant in Iowa and holding a class "A" wine permit from paying the \$200 fee accompanying an application for a vintner's certificate. The Act requires (1) each applicant for a vintner's certificate to file with the department electronically, or in a manner prescribed by the director, a list of all class "A" wine permittees the applicant intends to do business within Iowa, and (2) each employee or agent working for or representing the certificate holder to similarly submit electronically with IDR the person's name and address. The Act also strikes a provision that specified a certificate was not required to be accompanied by a list of persons who were employed on the premises of a bottling plant or winery or persons who were employed in transporting the wine.

NONNATIVE WINE MANUFACTURER. New Iowa Code section 123.176A allows a nonnative wine manufacturer (manufacturer) to apply for a class "A" wine permit and to sell or sell at wholesale wine the manufacturer has manufactured on its permitted or licensed premises that are located in another state, provided the wine is properly registered with the federal Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau. Class "A" wine permits are governed by Iowa Code sections 123.173, 123.175, and 123.177, which generally allow a resident holder of the permit to manufacture and sell or sell at wholesale wine for consumption off premises in Iowa.

A sale by the manufacturer within Iowa is restricted to sales made to a person holding a class "A" wine permit or to a person holding a retail alcohol license. The Act prohibits a manufacturer from selling in Iowa wine fermented by any other manufacturer. The Act also specifies the manufacturer may ship wine in closed containers to purchasers in Iowa by obtaining a wine direct shipper permit.

By holding a class "A" wine permit, the manufacturer is deemed to have consented to the jurisdiction of IDR and the courts for enforcement, and must allow audits of manufacturing and sales records upon request. Violations of the Act subject the manufacturer to general penalties provided in Iowa Code chapter 123 and constitute grounds for imposition of a civil penalty or suspension or revocation of the permit as provided in Iowa Code section 123.39.

The Act establishes the annual fee for a class "A" wine permit issued to a manufacturer at \$100, which is the same as the annual class "A" wine permit fee issued to a native manufacturer.

SOCIAL DISTRICTS. A city may define by ordinance an area that may be used by holders of class "C" or special class "C" retail alcohol licenses in a social district (district), as defined in the Act.

An ordinance adopted pursuant to the Act is required to include the following: (1) a legal description or map of the district, (2) the days and hours the possession and consumption of alcoholic beverages is permitted, (3) the requirements for containers containing alcoholic beverages consumed in the district and the use of such containers, (4) the requirements for retail alcohol licensees participating in the district, (5) enforcement provisions, and (6) revocation and suspension provisions for the retail alcohol licensees and the district.

The Act specifies an ordinance does not authorize the consumption of alcoholic beverages in a motor vehicle or on public streets, sidewalks, and other public spaces during the times when the ordinance is not in effect; does not authorize the possession or consumption of alcoholic beverages in a manner contrary to the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 123 (Alcoholic Beverage Control); or prohibit a participating retail alcohol licensee in a district or other establishment in the district from denying entry to persons who possess alcohol from other participating retail alcohol licensees in the district.

APPROPRIATIONS

- SENATE FILE 2467** - Second Injury Fund — Reimbursement of Attorney General for Representation
- SENATE FILE 2478** - Appropriations — Transportation
- SENATE FILE 2484** - Appropriations — Infrastructure and Capital Projects
- HOUSE FILE 2768** - Appropriations — Administration and Regulation
- HOUSE FILE 2769** - Appropriations — Judicial Branch
- HOUSE FILE 2770** - Appropriations — Justice System
- HOUSE FILE 2771** - Appropriations — Agriculture, Natural Resources, and Environmental Protection
- HOUSE FILE 2772** - Appropriations — Economic Development
- HOUSE FILE 2782** - Appropriations — Health and Human Services — Veterans Affairs
- HOUSE FILE 2783** - Appropriations — Education
- HOUSE FILE 2800** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 629** - Secretary of State Expedited Filing Service — Surcharge
SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE. This Act requires the Secretary of State (secretary) to establish and administer expedited filing services, subject to accompanying surcharges, furnished to business entities filing documents under a number of Iowa Code chapters governing the organization and management of the business entities. Moneys collected by the secretary for furnishing a surcharged service are deposited in the Business Administration Fund and are appropriated to the secretary for the exclusive purpose of administering the relevant Iowa Code chapters governing the business entities.
- SENATE FILE 2168** - Workforce Development — Apprenticeship and Intern Programs, Career Training Physical Expansion Program, High-Demand Job Programs, Unemployment Insurance, and Reemployment Case Management Program — Career and Technical Secondary Authorizations
SEE LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT. This Act relates to workforce matters.

The Act increases the annual appropriation from the Workforce Development Fund Account to the Apprenticeship Training Program Fund from \$3 million to \$4.5 million. The Act includes a corresponding increase in the amount of moneys credited to the account by the Department of Revenue from certain tax withholding for worker training projects.

The Act establishes a Career Training Physical Expansion Program Fund in the state treasury under the control of the Department of Workforce Development. Moneys in the fund are appropriated to the department for the Career Training Physical Expansion Program established by the Act.

The Act provides that any unencumbered or unobligated moneys in the Unemployment Compensation Reserve Fund repealed in 2024 Iowa Acts, chapter 1162, that were to be deposited and transferred as provided in that Act, must instead be transferred to the state's account in the federal Unemployment Trust Fund.

- SENATE FILE 2465** - Agriculture — Infrastructure, Product, Innovation, and Revitalization Programs — Weights and Measuring Standards, Animal Health Regulation, Grain Sales and Operations, and Agricultural Tourism — Miscellaneous Tax Provisions
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act amends or enacts a number of provisions in various Iowa Code chapters relating to agriculture, including by providing for the allocation of moneys in the Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Fund, the Choose Iowa Fund, and the Grain Depositors and Sellers Indemnity Fund, all administered by the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship. The Act also amends provisions allocating moneys from the Rural Veterinary Care Trust Fund.
- SENATE FILE 2472** - Property Taxation — Local and State Government Taxes, Financial Authority, and Budgets — First-Time Homebuyers Programs — Urban Renewal
SEE TAXATION. Under division XX of this Act, the state continues to reimburse local governments for the Homestead Property Tax Credit, which for assessment years beginning on or after January 1, 2026, includes only the Disabled Veteran Homestead Tax Credit, but does not reimburse local governments for the homestead exemptions, under current law or established in the Act. Instead, the Act provides taxing authorities with Homestead Property Tax Credit replacement funding for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2027, and the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2028, which is a portion of the funding the taxing authorities previously received from the state for funding the Homestead Property Tax Credit.
- For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, division XXIV eliminates the appropriation for payments made to local governments under Iowa Code section 441.21(5)(e) that are made to replace property taxes due to the application of the residential property assessment limitation to certain portions of commercial and industrial property valuations.
- For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2027, division XXV decreases the General Fund of the State expenditure limitation by \$125 million. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2028, moneys in excess of the maximum balance of the Iowa Economic Emergency Fund created in Iowa Code section 8.55 are required to be distributed as follows: (1) the difference between the actual net revenue for the General Fund of the State for the fiscal year and the adjusted revenue estimate for the fiscal year shall be transferred to the Taxpayer Relief Fund created in Iowa Code section 8.57E; (2) of the remaining moneys in excess of the maximum balance of the Iowa Economic Emergency Fund, if any, \$125 million shall be transferred to the Taxpayer Relief Fund; and (3) after such transfers, if applicable, the remaining moneys in excess of the maximum balance of the Iowa Economic Emergency Fund, if any, shall be transferred to the General Fund of the State.
- SENATE FILE 2480** - Taxation and Regulation of Alternative Nicotine Products and Vapor Products — Health Care Trust Fund Allocations
SEE TAXATION. This Act appropriates the first \$3 million of the taxes that are attributable to the additional taxes on alternative nicotine products or vapor products from the Health Care Trust Fund to the State Board of Regents. The Act specifies the purpose of the appropriation is for conducting pediatric cancer research, clinical therapy access, and providing physician-scientist leadership at the University of Iowa Stead Family Children's Hospital.
- HOUSE FILE 1028** - Department of Management — Interdepartmental Transfers, Information Technology Projects, Employee Background Checks, and Permissible Contract Terms — Cybersecurity and Threat Information Confidentiality — Criminal Information and Record Sharing
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to matters under the purview of the Department of Management (DOM). The Act increases the amount of moneys that may be transferred, pursuant to an interdepartmental transfer, from an appropriation in excess of its needs to another appropriation, other than an entitlement appropriation, from 50 percent to

100 percent of the appropriation in excess of its needs, and strikes a provision allowing for the use of moneys in the Technology Reinvestment Fund for certain technology projects, instead appropriating moneys in the fund to DOM for technology projects using factors set forth in the Act. The Act requires DOM to provide a prioritized list of proposed projects to the Governor, who must use the list to develop a budgetary recommendation to the General Assembly, and to report completed and ongoing projects to the General Assembly annually.

HOUSE FILE 2739 - Health Maintenance Organizations — Health Care-Related Tax — Insurance Company Premium Tax — Taxpayer Relief Fund Transfers

SEE TAXATION. This Act temporarily modifies the General Fund expenditure limitations for FY 2027-2028 and FY 2028-2029, and transfers \$347 million from the Taxpayer Relief Fund to the General Fund of the State based upon the reduction in state revenue from the 2025 federal tax law changes. The Act also makes a supplemental appropriation of \$89 million to the Department of Health and Human Services for FY 2025-2026 for the Medical Assistance Program.

APPROPRIATIONS

SENATE FILE 2467 - Second Injury Fund — Reimbursement of Attorney General for Representation

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act increases the maximum reimbursement to the Attorney General annually from the Second Injury Fund (workers' compensation) for services related to the fund from \$450,000 to \$900,000.

SENATE FILE 2478 - Appropriations — Transportation

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act makes appropriations from the Road Use Tax Fund and the Primary Road Fund to the Department of Transportation (DOT) for FY 2026-2027 for the DOT's ongoing operations, maintenance, and infrastructure projects, including the costs associated with participation in the Mississippi River Parkway Commission, administration of the Traffic and Criminal Software Program and the Mobile Architecture and Communications Handling Program, the statewide interoperability network, Motor Vehicle Division field facility maintenance projects, systems modernization, and replacement of the Alton maintenance garage.

The Act provides that an FY 2023-2024 appropriation for replacement of the Davenport highway operations complex will remain available until the close of FY 2027-2028.

SENATE FILE 2484 - Appropriations — Infrastructure and Capital Projects

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to and makes appropriations from the Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund (RIIF) and the Technology Reinvestment Fund (TRF), and provides for related matters including changes to prior appropriations, appropriations to the Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Fund, financial assistance for Regional Sports Authority Districts (RSADs), Department of Health and Human Services technology systems, the Railway Tracks Overpass and Underpass Fund, and Iowa Major Events and Tourism Fund eligibility.

Division I — Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund

The Act appropriates project funding from the RIIF for FY 2026-2027, and beyond for certain projects, for projects administered by the departments of Administrative Services (DAS), Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs), the Blind, Education (DE), Health and Human Services (HHS), Natural Resources, Public Defense, Public Safety (DPS), and Transportation (DOT), and for the Board of Regents, Economic Development Authority (IEDA), Iowa State Fair Authority, Treasurer of State, and Iowa Law Enforcement Academy. The Act increases the standing appropriation from RIIF for deposit in the State Capitol Maintenance Fund from \$500,000 to \$750,000 annually.

Division II — Technology Reinvestment Fund

The Act appropriates project funding for FY 2026-2027 from the TRF for certain projects administered by the Department of Corrections, DE, HHS, the departments of Homeland Security and Emergency Management and Management, DPS, IEDA, and the Treasurer of State.

Division III — Changes to Prior Appropriations

The Act delays the reversion of an FY 2023-2024 appropriation from RIIF to the DOT for vertical infrastructure improvements at commercial service airports within the state, an FY 2024-2025 appropriation to DAS for projects on the east side of the exterior of the Capitol building, and FY 2024-2025 and FY 2025-2026 appropriations from RIIF to HHS for tunnel decentralization for the state resource center at Woodward. These provisions took effect June 2, 2026.

Division IV — Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Fund

The Act reduces the \$5 million standing appropriation from the General Fund to the Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Fund for FY 2026-2027 to zero.

Division V — Regional Sports Authority Districts — Financial Assistance Eligibility

The Act authorizes an Iowa nonprofit organization established to promote economic development and tourism in an area within the state, rather than a convention and visitors bureau, to apply for certification of RSADs and for financial assistance from IEDA. The Act strikes the 10 RSAD certification cap and requires IEDA to certify RSADs on a competitive basis based on factors including the number of unique and innovative activities proposed to be supported by an RSAD. The Act strikes the RSAD board requirements and amends the active promotion requirements to include physical sporting events in an RSAD area rather than nonprofessional sporting events. The Act requires RSADs that receive financial assistance to submit a comprehensive report to IEDA.

Division VI — Health and Human Services — Information Technology

The Governor item vetoed this division of the Act.

Division VII — Railway Tracks Overpass and Underpass Fund

Under existing law, a city may adopt an ordinance requiring a railway company operating railway tracks on or across a city street to construct and maintain an overpass or underpass over or under the tracks, and may establish specifications for the construction of such an overpass or underpass (see Iowa Code section 364.8). The DOT must approve the overpass or underpass specifications and determine whether an overpass or underpass is necessary for public safety and convenience. A city must pay one-half of all required maintenance costs, and may allocate costs between railway companies whose tracks are to be crossed by an overpass or underpass. Similar provisions for secondary roads under county jurisdiction do not exist.

The Act creates the Railway Tracks Overpass and Underpass Fund under the control of the DOT. Moneys in the fund are appropriated to the DOT to distribute in the form of grants to cities and counties to assist with the construction of highway overpasses and underpasses across railway tracks. The Act appropriates to the fund \$5 million per year for each of the next five years.

Division VIII — Economic Development — Financial Assistance

The Act strikes a provision from Iowa Code section 15G.104 that prohibited an entity that received financial assistance under Iowa Code chapter 15G (Major Events and Tourism) from also receiving financial assistance under Iowa Code chapter 15F, subchapter IV (Sports Tourism Infrastructure Program).

THE GOVERNOR ITEM VETOED THE FOLLOWING:

1. A restriction that would have prohibited HHS, for FY 2026-2027, from entering into, amending, or extending a financial obligation that will cost more than \$5 million, individually or collectively, or committing the state to multiyear financial obligations for major information technology (IT) system replacement, redevelopment, or modernization.
2. A provision that would have required HHS to establish an IT modernization study committee to conduct a comprehensive review of HHS's IT systems and report the committee's findings to the General Assembly and Governor.

HOUSE FILE 2768 - Appropriations — Administration and Regulation

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to and makes appropriations to various state departments, agencies, and funds for fiscal year 2026-2027.

Division I — FY 2026-2027 Appropriations

The Act makes appropriations for fiscal year 2026-2027 to the Department of Administrative Services; Auditor of State; Iowa Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board; offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor; Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing; Department of Insurance and Financial Services; Department of Management; Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System; Iowa Public Information Board; Department of Revenue; Secretary of

State; Treasurer of State; and Iowa Utilities Commission. The Act also limits a standing appropriation for fiscal year 2026-2027 for enforcement relating to tobacco product manufacturers.

Division II — Deposit of Certain Fees

The Act eliminates the Consumer Fireworks Fee Fund and the Electrical or Mechanical Amusement Devices Special Fund and requires the moneys that were deposited in those funds to be deposited in the Licensing and Regulation Fund. The Act also eliminates the provision requiring moneys collected from a professional boxing event to be used to award grants to organizations that promote amateur boxing matches and requires the moneys to be deposited in the Licensing and Regulation Fund.

Under current law, 40 percent of nonexamination revenues paid to the Insurance Division or the Department of Revenue are deposited in the Commerce Revolving Fund, while the rest of the nonexamination revenues are deposited in the General Fund of the State. The Act requires all such nonexamination revenues to be deposited in the Commerce Revolving Fund.

HOUSE FILE 2769 - Appropriations — Judicial Branch

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act appropriates moneys from the General Fund of the State for FY 2026-2027 to the judicial branch for salaries, receipt and disbursement of child support payments, reimbursement of the Auditor of State, maintenance, equipment, miscellaneous purposes, deposit in a revolving fund created pursuant to Iowa Code section 602.1302(3) for certain purposes, payment of court-ordered juvenile services, and juvenile delinquent graduated sanctions services.

The Act provides that a civil trial including a jury trial may take place in a county contiguous to the county with proper jurisdiction if all the parties in the case agree. If a trial is moved to another county that is located in another judicial district or judicial election district, the judicial officers serving the judicial district or judicial election district receiving the case shall preside over the case.

The Act permits a judicial officer to waive travel reimbursement for any travel outside the judicial officer's county of residence to conduct official business.

The Act allows a judicial officer to be placed on unpaid leave on any day a court employee is required to furlough. If a judicial officer is placed on unpaid leave, the salary of the judicial officer shall be reduced accordingly for the pay period in which the unpaid leave occurred. The judicial branch may use an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the salary reductions due to judicial officer unpaid leave for any purpose other than judicial salaries.

The Act states legislative intent that the judicial branch utilize the Iowa Communications Network or other secure electronic communications in lieu of traveling.

Under certain circumstances, current law allows a governmental body, including a council created by state statute, to hold a closed session. The Act prohibits a Judicial Council meeting in which the Judicial Retirement System is discussed from being held as a closed session. The Act requires the State Court Administrator to advise the Judicial Council on all determinations made by the State Court Administrator concerning the Judicial Retirement System.

HOUSE FILE 2770 - Appropriations — Justice System

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS.

Division I — FY 2026-2027 Appropriations

This Act makes appropriations for FY 2026-2027 from the General Fund of the State to the departments of Justice, Corrections, Public Defense, Public Safety, and Homeland Security and Emergency Management, and the Iowa Law Enforcement Academy, Office of the State Public Defender, and Board of Parole. The Act also appropriates moneys for FY 2026-2027 from the Commerce Revolving Fund to the Office of Consumer Advocate of the Department of Justice; from the Gaming Enforcement Revolving Fund to the Department of Public Safety; from the 911 Emergency Communications Fund to the Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management;

and from the Consumer Education and Litigation Fund to the Department of Justice for farm mediation services and for criminal prosecutions, criminal appeals, and performing certain duties.

Division II — Indigent Defense and Representation

The Act increases the hourly rate for court-appointed counsel by \$4 per hour and provides that for appointments made on or after July 1, 2026, compensation is calculated on the basis of \$92 per hour for class “A” felonies, \$87 per hour for class “B” felonies, and \$82 per hour for all other cases.

Division III — Attorney Loan Repayment Program — Court Filing Fees

The Act directs the College Student Aid Commission to establish an Attorney Loan Repayment Program to encourage attorneys to remain and practice law in this state. An individual is eligible to apply to enter into a program agreement if the individual meets all of the following requirements: is a graduate of an accredited law school within five years of the time of application to the program, is licensed to practice law in Iowa, and is practicing law in Iowa at the time of application or commits to begin practicing law in this state upon execution of a program agreement. An eligible attorney must remain and practice law in Iowa in the area designated pursuant to the attorney’s preference determination during each year for which loan repayment assistance is received, and provide not less than the number of hours per year of legal services as an indigent defense attorney as designated pursuant to the attorney’s preference determination. An eligible attorney who enters into and remains in compliance with a program agreement shall receive loan repayment assistance in an amount not to exceed \$10,000 per year or the outstanding balance of the attorney’s eligible loans, whichever is less.

The Act increases court filing fees and provides that for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2027, and for each fiscal year thereafter, 20 percent of the moneys generated from the filing fees are appropriated and shall be used for the Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Center Grant Program established in Iowa Code section 915.47, and 80 percent of the moneys generated from these fees shall be deposited in the General Fund of the State.

HOUSE FILE 2771 - Appropriations — Agriculture, Natural Resources, and Environmental Protection

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act makes appropriations for FY 2026-2027 relating to agriculture, natural resources, and environmental protection, including for purposes of supporting a number of administrative entities, and makes changes to the Iowa Code. Specifically, the Act appropriates moneys to the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs), the Department of Natural Resources (DNR), the Iowa Finance Authority (IFA), and two entities under the control of the State Board of Regents, including Iowa State University of Science and Technology (ISU) and the State University of Iowa (UI). The Act makes appropriations based on the type of funding source and purpose of the appropriation. A funding source includes a major source that supports more than one entity or purpose and includes moneys from a number of revenue streams. This includes the General Fund of the State (GF) and the Environment First Fund (EFF) created in Iowa Code section 8.57A. A funding source also includes a minor source that often supports a single entity or includes moneys from a dedicated fund established to further a specific purpose, such as the Special Snowmobile Fund, or that appropriates moneys that are otherwise capable of being segregated (e.g., unclaimed winnings retained by racetracks).

Division I — Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship

GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS FROM A MAJOR SOURCE (GF). This division makes general appropriations from the GF to DALs for purposes of supporting its administrative units. Moneys are also transferred to ISU for purposes of supporting its Midwest Grape and Wine Industry Institute.

DESIGNATED APPROPRIATIONS FROM VARIOUS MINOR SOURCES. The division makes designated appropriations to DALs from various minor sources, which include moneys derived from unclaimed winnings paid from horse and dog races for the administration and enforcement of racing regulations and moneys credited to the Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Fund created in Iowa Code section 159A.16 for purposes of supporting motor fuel inspection.

SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS FROM A MAJOR SOURCE (GF). The division makes special appropriations from the GF to DALS in order to provide for dairy regulation; to support the Local Food and Farm Program; to promote agricultural education; for deposit in the Foreign Animal Disease Preparation and Response Fund to support the state's Foreign Animal Disease Preparedness and Response Strategy created in Iowa Code chapter 163; to support farmers with disabilities; for deposit in the Loess Hills Development and Conservation Fund for use by the Loess Hills Development and Conservation Authority and for deposit in the Southern Iowa Development and Conservation Fund for use by the Southern Iowa Development and Conservation Authority created in Iowa Code chapter 161D; to support the administration and enforcement of grain regulations, including grain covered by the Grain Depositors and Sellers Indemnity Fund created in Iowa Code section 203D.3; for deposit in the Choose Iowa Fund to support programs relating to agricultural marketing under the administration of DALS, including the Value-Added Agricultural Grant Program, the Choose Iowa Promotional Program, and the Dairy Innovation Fund and Program; and to support the Iowa Food Bank Purchasing Program. The division also makes a special contingent appropriation to the Choose Iowa School Purchasing Program that takes effect upon the enactment of House File 2748, or successor legislation.

Division II — Department of Natural Resources

GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS FROM A MAJOR SOURCE (GF). This division makes a general appropriation from the GF to DNR for purposes of supporting its administrative divisions regulating and promoting natural resources and environmental protection. The division also makes general appropriations to DNR from two other major sources, including the State Fish and Game Protection Fund created in Iowa Code section 456A.17 and the Groundwater Protection Fund created in Iowa Code section 455E.11, to the extent that moneys from each respective source are not otherwise statutorily allocated.

DESIGNATED APPROPRIATIONS FROM SEVERAL MINOR SOURCES. The division makes designated appropriations to DNR from several minor sources, including the Special Snowmobile Fund to administer and enforce state snowmobile programs.

SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS FROM A MAJOR SOURCE (GF). The division makes a special appropriation from the GF to DNR for purposes of supporting floodplain management and dam safety programs, forestry health management programs, state park operations, and state park maintenance.

Division III — Iowa State University

SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS FROM A MAJOR SOURCE (GF). This division makes a special appropriation from the GF to ISU for purposes of supporting the operation of the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory by ISU's College of Veterinary Medicine and for purposes of assisting the college in installing and moving equipment into its refurbished facility. ISU is prohibited from reducing the amount that it allocated for purposes of supporting the college at the expense of the laboratory. The division also appropriates moneys from the GF to ISU for two special purposes: to provide technical support to landowners and loggers in managing private forests, and for deposit in the Livestock Disease Research Fund created in Iowa Code section 267.8.

DESIGNATED APPROPRIATIONS FROM MISCELLANEOUS FUNDS. The division makes a designated appropriation to ISU from the Iowa Nutrient Research Fund (INRF) created in Iowa Code section 466B.46 to support ISU's College of Veterinary Medicine for the operation of its Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory. The INRF is in turn supported in part by the Groundwater Protection Fund.

Division IV — State University of Iowa

This division makes a special appropriation from the GF to UI for purposes of supporting the operations of Iowa's Center for Agricultural Safety and Health, which is part of UI's College of Public Health. UI is required to use the appropriation, in cooperation with DALS, for the purpose of anticipating, recognizing, and preventing occupational illness and injury among members of the agricultural community. The appropriation is conditional on the retention of the center's director. This division also appropriates moneys from the GF and the Groundwater Protection Fund to the Iowa Geological Survey of the State established within UI for purposes of mapping and assessing the condition of this state's aquifers.

Division V — Environment First Fund — General Appropriations

This division makes special appropriations from the EFF to DALSS, DNR, and UI for purposes of supporting a number of programs. The purpose of the appropriation to DALSS is to support soil and water conservation and water quality, including the Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (commonly referred to as CREP), watershed protection, the Conservation Buffer Strip Program, and soil and water conservation administration. The purpose of the appropriation to DNR is to support park maintenance and operations, the geographic information system (commonly referred to as GIS), water quality monitoring, public water supplies, the regulation of animal feeding operations, floodplain management and dam safety, and air quality. The purpose of the appropriation to UI is to support the operations of the Iowa Geological Survey to measure, assess, and evaluate water quantity sources and to assist DNR in regulating water quantity. A number of provisions specify that the appropriated moneys are subject to delayed reversion under Iowa Code section 8.33.

Division VI — Environment First Fund — Special Appropriations

This division makes a special appropriation from the EFF for deposit in the Water Quality Infrastructure Fund created in Iowa Code section 8.57B and administered by DALSS for purposes of supporting the Water Quality Initiative. This includes projects in watersheds, including high-priority watersheds identified by the Water Resources Coordinating Council under Iowa Code chapter 466B. Specifically, appropriations must be used to implement demonstration projects, conduct evaluations, provide education and outreach, and implement soil and water conservation practices on a cost-share basis in conformance with the Iowa Nutrient Reduction Strategy as defined in Iowa Code section 455B.171.

Division VII — Resources Enhancement and Protection — Open Spaces

This division makes a general appropriation of \$12 million from the EFF to the Iowa Resources Enhancement and Protection (REAP) Fund in lieu of the \$20 million standing limited statutory appropriation from the GF under Iowa Code sections 455A.18 and 455A.19. The division authorizes DNR to use moneys allocated to the Open Spaces Account of the REAP Fund for purposes of supporting state park maintenance, development, operations, and facility refurbishment.

Division VIII — Animal Disease Preparedness and Response

This division appropriates moneys from the Iowa Animal Disease Prevention Fund to DALSS for purchasing and maintaining equipment to further the implementation of the Foreign Animal Diseases and Preparedness Response Strategy created in Iowa Code section 163.3C, assisting in the development of vaccines against foreign animal disease by a company based in Iowa that develops livestock and other animal vaccines, for deposit in the Foreign Animal Disease Preparedness and Response Fund, and upgrading information technology used by DALSS.

Division IX — Water Quality Funding

This division makes special appropriations from the Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund to IFA for deposit in the Water Quality Assistance Fund for purposes of supporting the Wastewater and Drinking Water Treatment Financial Assistance Program created in Iowa Code section 16.134 and for deposit in the Rural Iowa Infrastructure Bank Revolving Loan Program created in the Act. The division amends distributions from the Water Quality Financial Assistance Fund to consist of distributions to DNR for purposes of water quality monitoring, IFA for purposes of supporting the Wastewater and Drinking Water Financial Assistance Program, and the Division of Soil Conservation and Water Quality for purposes of supporting the Water Quality Urban Infrastructure Program and the Water Quality Initiative created in Iowa Code section 466B.44. The division appropriates moneys from the Water Quality Initiative Fund to certain regional water authorities for purposes of constructing and installing additional nutrient removal technology, transfers current and future unencumbered moneys from the fund to the Water Quality Financial Assistance Fund, and sunsets the Water Quality Initiative Fund once all loans have been paid in full. The division creates the Rural Iowa Infrastructure Bank Revolving Loan Program to provide loans to small or medium sized communities to upgrade water or wastewater infrastructure.

HOUSE FILE 2772 - Appropriations — Economic Development

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to and makes appropriations for the economic development of the state, and codifies the Housing Renewal Program.

Division I — FY 2026-2027 Appropriations

The Act appropriates moneys for FY 2026-2027 from the General Fund of the State to the Economic Development Authority (IEDA), the Iowa Finance Authority (IFA), Department of Workforce Development (IWD), Iowa State University of Science and Technology, State University of Iowa, and University of Northern Iowa.

For FY 2026-2027, the Act limits standing appropriations established in the Iowa Code for the World Food Prize, the Arts and Culture Enhancement Fund, and tourism marketing.

The Act transfers \$100,000 of the moneys collected by the Insurance Division in excess of the anticipated gross revenues under Iowa Code section 505.7 to IEDA.

The Act appropriates moneys for FY 2026-2027 from the Special Employment Security Contingency Fund to IWD.

The Act appropriates moneys for FY 2026-2027 from the Iowa Skilled Worker and Job Creation Fund to IEDA, IWD, and the State Board of Regents and regents institutions.

The Auditor of State is requested to review the audit of IFA performed by the auditor hired by IFA.

The Act requires IEDA, the Vocational Rehabilitation Services Division of IWD, the State Board of Regents, and Iowa State University to submit various reports to the General Assembly.

Division II — Housing Renewal Program

The Act codifies the Housing Renewal Program created pursuant to 2022 Iowa Acts, chapter 1148, section 20, as amended by 2023 Iowa Acts, chapter 110, section 18, and 2025 Iowa Acts, chapter 155, section 14. Under the Act, payments of interest, income generated from the sale of ownership units, recaptures of financial assistance awards, and other repayments are retained by, or returned to, the nonprofit Iowa affiliate for the purpose of awarding financial assistance under the Housing Renewal Program to eligible participants. The Act defines “nonprofit Iowa affiliate.”

HOUSE FILE 2782 - Appropriations — Health and Human Services — Veterans Affairs

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to veterans and health and human services, makes appropriations, and includes other provisions related to health and human services.

Division I — Department of Veterans Affairs — FY 2026-2027

This division makes appropriations to the Department of Veterans Affairs for administration, the Iowa Veterans Home, and the Home Ownership Assistance Program.

Division II — Aging and Disability Services — FY 2026-2027

This division makes an appropriation to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) for aging programs provided by HHS and the area agencies on aging; Iowa’s aging and disabilities resource centers; the Return to Community Program; the Office of Public Guardian; the Prevention of Elder Abuse, Neglect, and Exploitation Program; the Dependent Adult Abuse Services Program; programs to support independence for persons with severe physical or mental disabilities; information and options counseling for persons with disabilities; and other related services. Specific allocations are made for the Comprehensive Family Support Program, created under division XVII of the Act, and to build community capacity in accordance with the *Conner v. Branstad* consent decree.

Division III — Behavioral Health — FY 2026-2027

This division makes an appropriation to HHS for funding of prevention, treatment, recovery efforts, and crisis services for individuals and families impacted by behavioral health conditions. The division includes allocations for the Children's Behavioral Health System and Integrated Substance Use Disorder Managed Care System. Moneys are also appropriated from the Sports Wagering Receipts Fund to HHS for behavioral health prevention, treatment, and recovery efforts.

Division IV — Public Health — FY 2026-2027

This division makes an appropriation to HHS for public health-related programs. Specific allocations are made for the continuation of a child vision screening program implemented through the University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics, the continuation of a contract to provide supportive services to people living with epilepsy and their families, the Prescription Drug Donation Repository Program, free clinics, infrastructure and service delivery transformation, rural psychiatric residencies, radon test kits, and to award grants to start medical residency programs if the criteria in the Act are met.

Division V — Community Access and Eligibility — Child Support Services — TANF — FY 2026-2027

This division makes an appropriation to HHS for the Family Investment Program (FIP) assistance and for other costs associated with providing needs-based benefits or assistance. Specific allocations are made for continuation of the First Five Program and for the Iowa Commission on Volunteer Service for grants and programs. The division includes an appropriation for child support services. The division appropriates moneys to HHS from the special fund created for the deposit of moneys received under the federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Block Grant for community access and eligibility, pregnancy prevention grants, meeting any of the four purposes of TANF, early intervention and supports for the Family Development and Self-Sufficiency (FaDSS) Grant Program, obtaining the resources necessary to meet federal and state case management requirements and other departmental needs, state child care assistance, and Child Protective Services.

Division VI — Medical Assistance Program — State Supplementary Assistance — Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa Program and Other Health-Related Programs — FY 2026-2027

This division appropriates moneys to HHS and makes allocations for the Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid), the State Supplementary Assistance Program, the Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa (Hawki) Program, and other health-related programs; the moneys appropriated shall not be used for abortions unless otherwise authorized by the General Assembly. The division includes an appropriation to HHS for health program operations and the Autism Support Program and includes allocations for a nonprofit organization that provides access to emergency poison information and treatment. The division includes appropriations to HHS from the Pharmaceutical Settlement Account, the Quality Assurance Trust Fund, the Hospital Health Care Access Trust Fund, and the Behavioral Health Fund to supplement the moneys appropriated for Medicaid under the Act.

The division includes reimbursement rate provisions for Medicaid, the State Supplementary Assistance Program, and social service providers and services reimbursed by HHS. Medicaid reimbursement must remain at the current reimbursement rate or be determined pursuant to the reimbursement methodology in effect on June 30, 2026, unless otherwise provided in the Act. Medicaid reimbursement of case-mix nursing facility rates must be based on the reimbursement methodology in effect on June 30, 2026, and rate adjustments must be budget neutral. For FY 2026-2027, Medicaid reimbursement rates for providers of certain home and community-based services and ambulatory surgical centers must be increased by HHS to the extent possible compared to rates in effect on June 30, 2026, within the amount allocated for each provider type. Medicaid reimbursement rates for all provider and service types must be no lower than HHS's minimum fee schedule, and changes to rates must be effective either on the date specified in the rate letter or October 1, 2026.

Division VII — Family Well-Being and Protection — FY 2026-2027

This division makes an appropriation to HHS for state child care assistance, and for early intervention and supports for children and adolescents, including allocations for the Healthy Opportunities for Parents to Experience Success – Healthy Families Iowa Program, the FaDSS Grant Program, the purposes of the Early Childhood Iowa Fund, and the More Options for Maternal Support (MOMS) Program.

The division also makes an appropriation to HHS to provide child protective services. The division allocates moneys for family preservation, emergency client need, or family reunification efforts; for foster family care, group foster care maintenance and services, shelter care, child welfare emergency services, and supervised apartment living contracts; for court-ordered services provided to children who are under the supervision of HHS; for family-centered services; for the Preparation for Adult Living Program; for the adoption subsidy payment and related costs; for child protection centers; and for the provision of support and services for victims of child abuse and their nonoffending family members.

Division VIII — State-Operated Specialty Care — FY 2026-2027

This division makes appropriations and allocations to HHS for institutions under the jurisdiction of HHS including the state mental health institutes at Cherokee and Independence, the civil commitment unit for sexual offenders at Cherokee, the state resource center at Woodward, and the State Training School at Eldora, and for outstanding financial obligations related to the closure of the state resource center at Glenwood.

Division IX — Administration and Compliance — FY 2026-2027

This division makes an appropriation to HHS and includes specific allocations for foster care review, the Court Appointed Special Advocate Program, and the Office of Long-Term Care Ombudsman.

Division X — Transfers, Cash Flow, and Nonreversions — FY 2026-2027

This division includes provisions relating to transfers, cash flow, and nonreversions related to HHS appropriations for FY 2026-2027.

Division XI — Report on Nonreversion of Moneys

This division requires HHS to report the expenditure of any moneys with nonreversion authorization for FY 2026-2027 to the General Assembly on a quarterly basis beginning October 1, 2027.

Division XII — Emergency Rules

This division provides emergency rulemaking authority for HHS.

Division XIII — More Options for Maternal Support Program Appropriation Nonreversion

This division includes nonreversion provisions for moneys appropriated and allocated in FY 2025-2026 for the MOMS Program. The division took effect June 2, 2026, and applies retroactively to July 1, 2025.

Division XIV — Reimbursement Rates — Review

This division requires HHS to review and report reimbursement rates for providers of shelter care, qualified residential treatment, and certain services covered by Medicaid.

Division XV — Mental Diseases Exclusion — Waiver

This division requires HHS to apply to the federal government for a waiver of Medicaid's institution for mental diseases exclusion.

Division XVI — Department of Health and Human Services — Full-Time Equivalent Dashboard

This division requires HHS to make information related to full-time equivalent positions within HHS publicly available as detailed in the Act.

Division XVII — Comprehensive Family Support Program

This division creates a Comprehensive Family Support Program under HHS's purview and establishes eligibility criteria and other requirements for the program, including the inclusion of a family support center component. The division includes nonreversion provisions for moneys appropriated to the program. The division took effect June 2, 2026, and applies retroactively to July 1, 2025.

Division XVIII — Federal Community Health Services Block Grant

The Governor item vetoed this division.

Division XIX — Department of Health and Human Services — Behavioral Health Expenditure Report

This division requires HHS to submit a report to the General Assembly on expenditures by HHS for behavioral health services for adults and children, including a summary of which appropriations or funding sources HHS used to fund the expenditures.

Division XX — Opioid Settlement Fund — FY 2026-2027

The Governor item vetoed this division.

Division XXI — Graduate Medical Education

This division allows HHS to use certain moneys appropriated by HHS in FY 2025-2026 to fund Medicaid graduate medical education to award grants to start medical residency programs if the criteria in the Act are met. The division appropriates to HHS moneys from the medical residency training account, repealed by 2025 Iowa Acts, chapter 120, for the purposes of implementing the waiver described in division XV of the Act.

Division XXII — Medicaid Reimbursement Rate — Special Population Nursing Facilities

This division requires HHS to set the Medicaid reimbursement rate for a special population nursing facility at the facility's average allowable per diem cost as adjusted pursuant to federal law and regulations.

THE GOVERNOR ITEM VETOED THE FOLLOWING:

1. A provision related to the distribution by HHS of moneys from the Federal Community Health Services Block Grant.
2. A provision appropriating moneys to HHS from the Opioid Settlement Fund.

HOUSE FILE 2783 - Appropriations — Education

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to and makes appropriations to the education system, including the funding and operation of the Department for the Blind, Department of Education (DE), State Board of Regents, Department of Workforce Development, and Iowa Special Education Council.

Division I — FY 2026-2027 Appropriations — Department for the Blind

This division appropriates moneys to the Department for the Blind for its administration.

Division II — FY 2026-2027 Appropriations — Department of Education

This division appropriates moneys to DE for purposes of DE's general administration; career and technical education administration; Public Broadcasting Division; career and technical education reimbursement; school food service; expansion of the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act birth through age three services; Early Head Start projects; the Student Achievement and Teacher Quality Program; statewide student assessment; statewide clearinghouse to expand work-based learning; Postsecondary Summer Classes for High School Students Program; school districts to reinforce collaborative efforts and regional initiatives that accelerate work-based learning and credential attainment; attendance center performance/general Internet site and data system support; successful progression for early readers; an early warning system for literacy; the Iowa Reading Research Center; Computer Science Professional Development Incentive Fund; children's mental health school-based training and support; school districts for students with intellectual and developmental disabilities; distribution to the Midwestern Higher Education Compact to pay Iowa's member state annual obligation; community colleges; the Iowa School for the Deaf and Iowa Educational Services for the Blind and Visually Impaired Program; the Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics Collaborative Initiative; the Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Fund; an online state job posting system; the LEAD-K Program; Division of Special Education; professional development; the administration and various programs of the College Student Aid Commission; and a grant program designed to help teachers obtain the advanced dyslexia specialist endorsement.

The division also appropriates moneys from the Iowa Skilled Worker and Job Creation Fund to DE for various purposes. If the Career Training Physical Expansion Program Fund created in Iowa Code section 84J.3 is enacted by 2026 Iowa Acts, Senate File 2168, but is not funded by any other Act of the General Assembly, then the division requires DE to deposit into the Career Training Physical Expansion Program Fund \$3.5 million of the \$6 million appropriated from the Iowa Skilled Worker and Job Creation Fund to DE for certain vertical infrastructure projects.

Division III — FY 2026-2027 Appropriations — State Board of Regents

This division appropriates moneys to the State Board of Regents for the board office, the Western Iowa Regents Resource Center, the John Pappajohn Centers for Entrepreneurship, the State University of Iowa, the Iowa State University of Science and Technology, and the University of Northern Iowa.

The appropriation to the State University of Iowa includes a \$1 million appropriation for purposes of supporting the Center for Intellectual Freedom.

Prior appropriations to the Iowa State University of Science and Technology were itemized and included appropriations for general university expenses, the Agricultural Experiment Station, the Cooperative Extension Service in Agriculture and Home Economics, and purposes of preparing Iowa's future ready workforce. The division combines all appropriations to the Iowa State University of Science and Technology into one line item.

Division IV — Standing Appropriations

For FY 2026-2027, this division limits the appropriations associated with programs for at-risk children under Iowa Code section 279.51 and the Work-Study Program under Iowa Code section 256.209.

Division V — State Program Allocation

Current Iowa Code section 284.13 establishes how and in what priority moneys appropriated for purposes of the Student Achievement and Teacher Quality Program are to be allocated. This division extends such allocations to FY 2026-2027. The division provides that beginning in FY 2027-2028 rather than FY 2026-2027, of the moneys appropriated for purposes of the Student Achievement and Teacher Quality Program, the final priority for the allocation is \$10 million for purposes of implementing the supplemental assistance for high-need schools provisions of Iowa Code section 284.11.

Division VI — Iowa Tuition Grants

Iowa Code section 256.192 establishes a Tuition Grants Program for students attending a vocational-technical or career option program at a community college. This division modifies Iowa Code section 256.192 to allow students attending for-profit, postsecondary institutions to apply for a vocational-technical tuition grant. The division repeals Iowa Code section 256.191, which established a Tuition Grants Program for students attending for-profit, postsecondary institutions, and transfers any moneys appropriated for purposes of the Iowa Tuition Grants For-Profit Institutions Fund that remain unencumbered or unobligated as of July 1, 2026, to the Vocational-Technical Tuition Grants Fund.

Prior law required the for-profit institutions participating in the Iowa Tuition Grants Program to provide students enrolled in the for-profit institution with a matching amount of institutional financial aid. The division strikes this requirement.

The division increases the standing appropriation for tuition grants paid from the Vocational-Technical Tuition Grants Fund.

Division VII — Iowa Special Education Council — Repeal

This division eliminates the Iowa Special Education Council.

Division VIII — Department of Education — Reporting Requirements Related to Antibullying Programming

This division requires DE to submit an annual report to the General Assembly that contains, in part, information related to DE's antibullying programming.

Division IX — Board of Educational Examiners — Fees

This division strikes a requirement that the Executive Director of the Board of Educational Examiners (BOEE) deposit 25 percent of the licensing fees collected annually by the BOEE with the Treasurer of State to be credited to the General Fund of the State, allowing the BOEE to retain all licensing fees it collects.

THE GOVERNOR ITEM VETOED THE FOLLOWING:

A provision that appropriated \$500,000 to DE in FY 2026-2027 for purposes of procuring, implementing, and maintaining on-premises and secure electronic mail gateway appliances to protect school district electronic mail systems.

HOUSE FILE 2800 - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to state and local government and finances, and makes corrections.

Division I — Appropriations, Distributions, Transfers, and Expenditure Authority

The Act limits or reduces the standing appropriations for FY 2026-2027 for payment of claims for nonpublic school pupil transportation and instructional support state aid, authorizes salary adjustments to be funded for FY 2026-2027 as determined by the Department of Management from unappropriated moneys in certain special funds, appropriates moneys from the Sports Wagering Receipts Fund each fiscal year for the Double Up Food Bucks Program, provides for expenditure each fiscal year of unencumbered and unobligated moneys appropriated for the Future Ready Iowa Registered Apprenticeship Development Program and Future Ready Iowa Expanded Registered Apprenticeship Opportunities Program, and increases the reduction each fiscal year to state aid for school district special education support services funding and appropriates moneys from the reduction beginning in FY 2027-2028.

In addition, the Act provides for the use of federal incentive payments by the Department of Workforce Development for FY 2025-2026 and FY 2026-2027. This provision took effect June 2, 2026.

Division II — Corrective Provisions

The Act makes technical corrections to, or as the result of, legislation enacted or considered during the 2026 Legislative Session. Certain provisions took effect or apply retroactively based on the amended legislation.

Division III — National Electrical Code

The Act adopts certain provisions of the National Electrical Code, 2023 Edition, with amendments, as the National Electrical Code applicable in this state until the Electrical Examining Board adopts the National Electrical Code, 2026 Edition. The Act prohibits a political subdivision from adopting a local electrical code that is more restrictive than the National Electrical Code and requires the Electrical Examining Board to conduct an analysis of the cost to consumers of any significant changes to the National Electrical Code prior to adopting changes.

This division took effect June 2, 2026.

Division IV — Local Laws — Civil Rights

The Act provides that a city or local government shall not enforce any ordinance or other law that is broader or has different categories of unfair or discriminatory practices than those provided in Iowa Code chapter 216 (Iowa Civil Rights Act of 1965).

Division V — Political Party State Central Committees

The Act prohibits state political party constitutions and bylaws from prohibiting elected officials from serving on the party's state central committee and provides for the election of officers to the committees.

Division VI — Noxious Weeds

The Act declares Japanese knotweed to be a primary noxious weed for purposes of control and eradication.

Division VII — Iowa State Fair Foundation — Nonresident Deer Hunting License

The Act provides for one additional nonresident deer hunting license to be allocated as determined by the Iowa State Fair Foundation.

Division VIII — Proprietary Treatment Systems

The Act provides for inspection, monitoring, and maintenance requirements for proprietary treatment systems, and requires associated reports to and by the Department of Natural Resources.

Division IX — Poultry Association

The Act replaces references to the Iowa Poultry Association with the North Central Poultry Association or its successor organization.

Division X — Health Care Access and Innovation Tax Credit

The Governor item vetoed this division.

Division XI — Alternative Nicotine and Vapor Products — Pediatric Cancer Research

The Act provides for appropriations of revenue from taxes on alternative nicotine products and vapor products and specifies that common carriers must knowingly be transporting associated products in order to be required to file reports with the Director of Revenue. These provisions take effect January 1, 2027.

The Act appropriates moneys from the Sports Wagering Receipts Fund for FY 2026-2027 for pediatric cancer research and therapy access.

Division XII — Public Assistance Programs

The Act provides that 2026 Iowa Acts, Senate File 2422, division I, is effective on the date the Department of Health and Human Services implements the Eligibility Determination for Essential Needs System. This division took effect June 2, 2026.

Division XIII — Judicial Branch and County Attorney Salaries

The Act requires the Iowa Supreme Court to establish a pay and benefits plan for judicial officers and the State Court Administrator. Under prior law and the Act, the Iowa Supreme Court is required to set the salary of the State Court Administrator within pay grade 43 of the pay plans published by the Department of Administrative Services.

The Act repeals Iowa Code section 602.1501 (Judicial Salaries), which required the General Assembly to set the salary for specified judicial officers. The Act also strikes the requirement that the salary of a full-time county attorney of a county with a population of 200,000 or less be between 45 percent and 100 percent of the salary of a district judge.

This division took effect June 19, 2026.

Division XIV — Civil Litigation Abuse

The Governor item vetoed this division.

Division XV — Human Trafficking

The Act requires a screening by a trained child protection worker during a child abuse assessment under certain circumstances. The Act provides that for purposes of 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 1036, the amendments to Iowa Code sections 80.45 and 232.71B are repealed; the amendment to Iowa Code section 910.1 takes effect July 1, 2027, rather than July 1, 2026; and the required report by the Department of Health and Human Services on restoration facilities is due by December 15, 2026, rather than December 15, 2025.

Division XVI — Federal Grants and Loans — Notification

The Act requires the Department of Management's Office of Grants Enterprise Management and the judicial branch to notify certain parties of the General Assembly about executive branch entities or the judicial branch, respectively, applying for or receiving certain federal grants or loans.

Division XVII — Area Education Agencies — Quarterly Payments — FY 2026-2027

2026 Iowa Acts, Senate File 2201, provides for quarterly, rather than monthly, payments of state aid moneys to area education agencies beginning in FY 2027-2028. The Act instead provides that such quarterly payments begin in FY 2026-2027.

Division XVIII — Higher Education — Civic Proficiency

The Act provides that the Board of Regents must require each institution of higher education to establish as a requirement for the completion of any general education requirements or core curricula that an undergraduate student complete introductory survey courses in American history and American government. The requirement applies to undergraduate students beginning enrollment at institutions in academic years beginning on or after July 1, 2028.

Division XIX — Charter Schools — IPERS

The Act provides for the continued eligibility under the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System for all charter schools and their employees, regardless of the Iowa Code chapter under which the charter school was authorized.

This division took effect June 2, 2026, and applies retroactively to May 12, 2026.

Division XX — Incentives — School Districts

The Act extends certain incentives for whole grade sharing by school districts and for school district reorganization or dissolution from July 1, 2024, to July 1, 2035, and provides for a reduced uniform levy as an incentive for school districts that reorganize on or before July 1, 2035.

Division XXI — Extracurricular Interscholastic Eligibility

The Act provides that administrative rules adopted under 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 2591, take effect August 1, 2026. This division took effect June 2, 2026.

Division XXII — Levy Increases

The Act provides for school district cash reserve levy increases for the school budget year that began July 1, 2026. This division took effect June 2, 2026.

THE GOVERNOR ITEM VETOED THE FOLLOWING:

1. Provisions that transferred federal coronavirus aid moneys to the Department of Health and Human Services' Information Technology Fund and appropriated moneys in that fund for FY 2026-2027 for various projects.
2. A provision that created a Health Care Access and Innovation Tax Credit for insurance company taxes for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2026.
3. A provision that authorized private parties to bring civil actions for civil litigation abuse for civil actions or proceedings resolved on or after July 1, 2026.

BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE

- SENATE FILE 413** - State Banks — Boards of Directors and Electronic Activities
- SENATE FILE 629** - Secretary of State Expedited Filing Service — Surcharge
- SENATE FILE 2215** - Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Individual Deferred Annuities — Applicability to Contingent Deferred Annuities
- SENATE FILE 2468** - Uniform Partnership Law — Conversion of Partnerships into Other Organizations
- SENATE FILE 2497** - Uniform Assignment for Benefit of Creditors Act
- HOUSE FILE 640** - Self-Service Storage Facilities — Rental Agreement Defaults and Acceptances
- HOUSE FILE 2185** - Insurance — Cost Sharing for Qualified High-Deductible Health Plans — Eligibility for Health Savings Accounts
- HOUSE FILE 2232** - Life Insurance — Financial Exploitation of Eligible Adults
- HOUSE FILE 2329** - Regulated Loan Interest Rates and Charges — Consumer Credit Transaction Service Charges
- HOUSE FILE 2434** - Health Insurance Coverage — Covered Benefits Provided Pursuant to Out-of-Network Primary Care Provider Referral
- HOUSE FILE 2497** - Peer-to-Peer Car Sharing Programs
- HOUSE FILE 2582** - Insurance — Fraud Investigations Related to Adjusters, Appraisers, and Umpires — Adjuster Licensure and Evidence of Financial Responsibility
- HOUSE FILE 2633** - Insurance Policies for Living Organ Donors — Nondiscrimination
- HOUSE FILE 2634** - Cemeteries and Funerals — Preneed Sellers and Sales Agents
- HOUSE FILE 2635** - Health Carrier Standards of Conduct — Utilization Review Organizations, Use of Artificial Intelligence, and Audits — Prior Authorizations and Certificates of Need
- HOUSE FILE 2678** - Fraudulent Business Entity Filings with Secretary of State — Removal and Interrogatories — Foreign, Nonresident Alien, and Out-of-State Agricultural Landholding Annual Summary
- HOUSE FILE 2756** - Licensing and Operations of Residential Service Contract Companies and Motor Vehicle Service Contract Companies
- HOUSE FILE 2766** - Captive Insurance Companies and Life Captive Reinsurance Companies

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 639** - Business Court — Establishment, Jurisdiction, and Procedure
SEE CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION. This Act creates a business court with jurisdiction over specified commercial civil actions seeking compensatory damages exceeding \$200,000, including matters involving business entities, contracts, fraud, trade secrets, commercial real estate, antitrust and securities, and commercial banking transactions. The Act establishes procedures for case assignment, transfer, retention, and appeal within the business court. The Act takes effect September 1, 2026, and allows the transfer of pending civil actions to the business court by agreement of the parties.
- SENATE FILE 2296** - Digital Financial Asset Transaction Kiosks — Licenses — Operator Duties — Civil Penalties
SEE CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION. This Act requires a digital financial asset transaction kiosk operator who owns, operates, markets, or facilitates

a kiosk in this state to obtain a license under Iowa Code section 533C.301. The Act strikes the requirement that kiosk transaction receipts include the operator's legal name and contact information, and eliminates certain duties imposed on operators that facilitate transactions through another person's use of a kiosk.

SENATE FILE 2465 - Agriculture — Infrastructure, Product, Innovation, and Revitalization Programs — Weights and Measuring Standards, Animal Health Regulation, Grain Sales and Operations, and Agricultural Tourism — Miscellaneous Tax Provisions

SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act amends or enacts a number of provisions in various Iowa Code chapters relating to agriculture, including by providing for the management of the Grain Depositors and Sellers Indemnity Fund.

SENATE FILE 2492 - Corporate Income Tax Deduction — Foreign Income Terminology

SEE TAXATION. This Act creates a state corporate income tax deduction for net controlled foreign corporate tested income (NCTI) in lieu of global intangible low-taxed income (GILTI).

HOUSE FILE 960 - Sales Tax Exemption for Central Office Equipment or Transmission Equipment — Telecommunications and Internet Access Services

SEE TAXATION. This Act modifies the sales tax exemption for the purchase of central office equipment or transmission equipment in the furnishing of telecommunications services or Internet access services, or any combination of these, by certain businesses including local exchange service providers, franchised cable television operators, and mutual companies.

HOUSE FILE 2739 - Health Maintenance Organizations — Health Care-Related Tax — Insurance Company Premium Tax — Taxpayer Relief Fund Transfers

SEE TAXATION. This Act strikes the tax on health maintenance organization premiums and creates a new health care-related tax on the taxable funds of a health maintenance organization in new Iowa Code chapter 432B.

BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE

SENATE FILE 413 - State Banks — Boards of Directors and Electronic Activities

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act requires a board of directors of a state bank to consist of five or more directors 18 years of age or older, a majority of whom are citizens of the United States, and at least three of whom are residents of Iowa.

The Act requires a board of directors of a state bank to hold at least six regular meetings each year, at least one of which occurring in each quarter of a calendar year, and any additional regular meetings if deemed necessary by the Superintendent of Banking.

The Act eliminates the authorization for a state bank to engage in new or innovative electronic activities that are part of the business of banking. The Act eliminates the authorization for the Superintendent of Banking to adopt rules to implement Iowa Code section 524.802A as it relates to application procedures or determinations that additional new or innovative electronic activities are authorized for state banks without prior approval.

SENATE FILE 629 - Secretary of State Expedited Filing Service — Surcharge

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act requires the Secretary of State (secretary) to establish and administer several expedited filing services furnished to business entities doing or transacting business in Iowa on a profit, cooperative, or nonprofit basis. A business entity electing an expedited filing service must pay a surcharge.

BACKGROUND — BUSINESS ENTITIES FILING BUSINESS DOCUMENTS ON AN EXPEDITED BASIS. Iowa Code Title XII governs a number of different types of business entities subject to the jurisdiction of the secretary. Generally, the secretary is required to charge a fee for filing a document by a business entity as provided in the business entity's respective governing Iowa Code chapter. Under Iowa Code section 9.15, the secretary is required to furnish two expedited filing services with accompanying surcharges: (1) for a two-day filing, an additional \$50, and (2) for a five-day filing, an additional \$15. Moneys collected by the secretary for furnishing a surcharged filing service are deposited in the Business Administration Fund (fund) (Iowa Code section 9.13). Moneys in the fund are appropriated to the secretary for the exclusive purpose of administering the relevant Iowa Code chapters governing the business entities.

ACT'S PROVISIONS. The Act requires the secretary to furnish two additional expedited filing services, each subject to a surcharge, as follows: for a one-hour filing, an additional \$200, and for a same-day filing, an additional \$125. Moneys collected by the secretary are also deposited into the fund and appropriated to the secretary. In addition, at the time of furnishing any expedited filing service, the secretary must provide a written confirmation of the service.

SENATE FILE 2215 - Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Individual Deferred Annuities — Applicability to Contingent Deferred Annuities

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act makes subsections 2 through 7 of Iowa Code section 508.38 (Standard Nonforfeitures — Deferred Annuities) inapplicable to contingent deferred annuities, except for certain nonforfeiture benefits prescribed by rule by the Commissioner of Insurance.

SENATE FILE 2468 - Uniform Partnership Law — Conversion of Partnerships into Other Organizations

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act amends provisions in Iowa Code chapter 486A (the Uniform Partnership Act) prepared and recommended for enactment by the states by the Commissioners of Uniform State Laws (see Iowa Code chapter 5). Iowa Code chapter 486A provides for general partnerships and limited liability partnerships. The Act provides for the conversion of such a domestic partnership to a domestic limited partnership or any other type of domestic or foreign organization under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of State (secretary).

RECOGNIZED ORGANIZATIONS. An organization recognized under a jurisdiction's governing statute as a separate legal entity is often distinguished by several criteria. The first criterion is whether the organization operates on a for-profit basis for the benefit of its owners (investors) or on a nonprofit basis (e.g., for public benefit, mutual benefit, or religious purpose). The second criterion is which persons are authorized to manage the organization. The organization generally operates pursuant to an organizational document that outlines its internal governance. The

third criterion is whether the organization's owners or managers are to some extent shielded from personal liability for obligations such as debts incurred by the organization (other than the loss of any equity position in the organization acquired by an owner's contribution and any loss to the organization caused by a manager's breach of a fiduciary duty owed to the organization). The fourth criterion is whether the organization is "domestic," meaning the organization is recognized to do business in the jurisdiction of its formation according to that jurisdiction's governing statute, or is "foreign," meaning that the organization is authorized to do business in a jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction of its formation according to the governing statute of that other jurisdiction (usually by registering with the jurisdiction's filing office). In order to be classified as an organization having a separate legal identity, the organization may be required to file a document with the jurisdiction's filing office, which either provides for its formation as a domestic organization or an authorization to do business as a foreign organization. The Act refers to this type of document as a public organic document.

PARTNERSHIP FORM OF ORGANIZATIONS. Iowa Code chapter 486A provides for two different forms of partnership. The first form is a traditional partnership, commonly referred to as a general partnership, and the second form is a limited liability partnership. In both cases, the partnership's interest holders (partners) manage the affairs of the business pursuant to a partnership agreement. A general partnership is not required to file a formation document, although it may file an organizational document referred to as a statement of partnership authority. A foreign partnership is not required to file an authorization document (register) with the secretary. In a general partnership, its partners share unlimited personal liability. A limited liability partnership is required to file a formation document or authorization document with the secretary, and its partners may be shielded from personal liability. Iowa Code chapter 488 provides for a limited partnership, which may be structured as a limited liability limited partnership. In this case, one or more general partners manage the organization and limited partners act as passive investors. The limited partnership is required to file a formation document or authorization document with the secretary, and its partners may be shielded from personal liability.

CORPORATE FORM OF ORGANIZATIONS. The Act expressly provides for several types of organizations formed on a corporate model. Iowa Code chapter 490 provides for the standard form of a for-profit business organization that is managed by a board of directors acting in a fiduciary capacity on behalf of its passive investor interest holders (shareholders). Iowa Code chapter 489 provides for a limited liability company, which is a hybrid of a business corporation and a form of partnership, and which may be structured as a manager-managed limited liability company or a member-managed limited liability company, for the benefit of its members. Iowa Code chapter 504 provides for a nonprofit corporation that is modeled on the structure of a business corporation and that is managed by a board of directors, and which may or may not have members. Each of these three types of organizations is required to file a formation document or authorization document with the secretary, and its managers and members may be shielded from personal liability.

OTHER FORMS OF ORGANIZATIONS. The Act does not expressly provide for certain other types of organizations recognized in the Iowa Code. The Act does not refer to a corporation for pecuniary profit (Iowa Code chapter 491) or an organization doing business on a cooperative basis (cooperative associations) (see Iowa Code chapters 497, 498, 499, 501, and 501A). The Act does provide for a business trust in which one or more trustees hold title to and manage the trust estate for the benefit of one or more persons who are beneficiaries of the trust estate. The Iowa Code does not include a statute that expressly provides for the formation of a domestic business trust or authorizes a foreign business trust to do business under the jurisdiction of the secretary. Iowa Code chapter 633A does provide for the structure and management of trusts, but not a business trust taxed as a partnership or corporation.

PRIOR LAW—CONVERSION. The process of conversion allows a domestic organization to become another type of domestic or foreign organization. Under prior law, Iowa Code chapter 486A, article 9, provided for the conversion of different types of partnerships. Iowa Code section 486A.902 provided for the conversion of a domestic partnership to a domestic limited partnership governed under Iowa Code chapter 488. A general partner formerly governed under Iowa Code chapter 486A who became a limited partner as a result of the conversion to a limited partnership, governed under Iowa Code chapter 488, remained liable as a general partner for an obligation incurred by the partnership before the conversion took effect. A limited partner, formerly governed under Iowa Code chapter 488, who became a general partner under Iowa Code chapter 486A, as a result of the conversion to a partnership, remained liable only as a limited partner for an obligation incurred by the limited partnership before the conversion

took effect. Iowa Code section 486A.903, not amended by the Act, provides for the conversion of a domestic limited partnership governed under Iowa Code chapter 488 to a domestic partnership governed under Iowa Code chapter 486A. Iowa Code section 486A.904 provided that a partnership or limited partnership that was converted remains the same entity.

ACT'S PROVISIONS — CONVERSION. The Act strikes and rewrites Iowa Code sections 486A.901, 486A.902, and 486A.904 by providing for the conversion of a domestic partnership to a domestic limited partnership, or any other type of domestic or foreign organization, so long as the other organization's governing statute authorizes the conversion, the conversion is not prohibited by the other organization's governing statute, and the other organization complies with its governing statute. The terms of the conversion must be set out in a plan of conversion for approval by all of the general partnership's partners or a percentage specified in its partnership agreement. The plan of conversion must include organizational documents of the converted organization. After the conversion is approved, the other organization must file articles of conversion with the secretary that include information regarding the converting partnership and converted organization. The fee for filing articles of conversion is \$50. The conversion takes effect when articles of conversion and any public organic record for the converted organization are filed, or a later date as specified in the filed articles. The Act retains a provision that holds a general partner liable for any obligation incurred by the partnership before the conversion takes effect.

ACT'S PROVISIONS — EFFECT OF CONVERSION. Under the Act, when a conversion takes effect, property owned by the converting organization becomes property of the converted organization. Obligations, including debts, incurred by the converting organization become obligations of the converted organization. Any pending legal action brought by or against the converting organization continues as if the conversion had not occurred. The converted foreign organization consents to the jurisdiction of Iowa courts to enforce any obligation owed by the converting organization. A converted foreign organization that is not authorized to transact business in Iowa must appoint the secretary as its agent for service of process.

SENATE FILE 2497 - Uniform Assignment for Benefit of Creditors Act

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act is based on the Uniform Assignment for Benefit of Creditors Act (UABCA), approved and recommended by the Commission on Uniform State Laws (Iowa Code chapter 5), more commonly referred to as the Uniform Law Commission. The Act enacts new Iowa Code chapter 681A and repeals Iowa Code chapter 681, which governed the same subject.

BACKGROUND. An assignment for the benefit of creditors (commonly referred to as "ABC") allows one party to facilitate the liquidation of the person's assets by transferring the assets to a disinterested person who acts as a fiduciary to pay the claims of creditors. The process is governed under state law as an alternative to a federal bankruptcy proceeding, receivership, or voluntary workout.

ACT'S PROVISIONS — TERMINOLOGY. Under the Act, the party seeking to liquidate assets (assignor) and the party acting as the fiduciary (assignee) act in accordance with an assignment agreement entered into by the parties governing the assignment estate comprised of the assigned assets. Therefore, the liquidation is governed by the agreement rather than by court order. An assigned asset includes any legal or equitable interest in the property of an assignor, regardless of whether the assignor is in possession or control of the property. The assigned assets covered under the assignment agreement become part of an assignment estate administered by the assignee for the benefit of creditors. A creditor's proof of claim refers to a record required to be submitted to an assignee by a creditor that evidences the creditor's claim to an assigned asset. A creditor is considered a protected secured creditor if the creditor holds a perfected lien that cannot be avoided by the assignee and is superior to the assignee's lien.

ACT'S PROVISIONS — POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE ASSIGNOR, ASSIGNEE, AND CREDITORS. The assignor has the duty to cooperate with the assignee to assist in administering the assignment estate. The assignor must provide the assignee a list of the assigned assets, together with creditor and employee information. The assignee must notify creditors known to the assignee of the assignment. An assigned asset is subject to any existing lien or security interest that is not capable of being avoided by the assignee. A transfer of assets is presumably governed under the Uniform Voidable Transactions Act (Iowa Code chapter 684). Unless the

assignment agreement otherwise provides, the assignee has the same rights and duties over the assigned assets as did the assignor prior to the assignment (e.g., to operate the assignor's business, incur debt, pay expenses, and assert or defend claims related to administering the assigned estate). The assignee may also avoid certain claims that the assignor could have avoided if there had not been an assignment agreement. The assignee is deemed to be a lien creditor against the assigned assets consisting of personal property and fixtures and a bona fide purchaser of assigned assets consisting of nonfixture real estate. The assignor or a creditor may petition the district court to remove an assignee based on the best interests of the creditors (e.g., evidence of fraud, dishonesty, incompetence, or gross mismanagement).

ACT'S PROVISIONS — DISTRIBUTIONS TO CREDITORS AND WINDING UP THE ASSIGNMENT ESTATE. A creditor must file proof of a claim with the assignee as required by the assignee. The assigned assets in the assignment estate are distributed to creditors whose proof of a claim is accepted by the assignee in accordance with scheduled priorities including by class of creditors. The creditor's priority is established by law outside the Iowa Code chapter, including Iowa's version of the Uniform Commercial Code governing secured transactions codified under Iowa Code chapter 554, article 9. A creditor holding priority status includes protected secured creditors and the assignee who has a lien on the assignment estate for payment of the assignee's fees and expenses. If there are not sufficient moneys to pay creditors with equal priority in full, the assignee must distribute the moneys to those creditors on a pro rata basis. The assignee may also establish reserve moneys for disputed claims to be determined in district court, and for winding up the assignment estate. After the assignee has distributed all of the assets of the assignment estate to creditors, the assignee must send a final accounting to the creditors. The assignee is then discharged from the assignee's duties. The assignor is entitled to terminate of any financing statement filed by the assignee over the asset under Iowa Code chapter 554, article 9.

ACT'S PROVISIONS — COORDINATING AMENDMENTS. The Act amends several Iowa Code provisions that refer to Iowa Code chapter 681, including provisions governing franchises by providing for the termination of a franchise under an ABC process (Iowa Code sections 523H.7(3)(b) and 537A.10(7)(c)). The Act replaces those references with references to Iowa Code chapter 681A. The Act similarly revises a reference from Iowa Code chapter 681 to Iowa Code chapter 681A in a provision requiring the clerk of court to carry out duties relating to the assignment of property for the benefit of creditors (Iowa Code section 602.8102(122)). The Act provides that an assignment does not trigger the real estate transfer tax otherwise imposed on the transfer of real property (Iowa Code section 428A.2). Prior to the Act, there was no similar exemption.

ACT'S PROVISIONS — EFFECTIVE DATE. The Act takes effect January 1, 2027.

HOUSE FILE 640 - Self-Service Storage Facilities — Rental Agreement Defaults and Acceptances

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act provides that an occupant who uses a leased space at a self-service storage facility (facility) for residential purposes is immediately in default and the facility operator may limit the occupant's access to the leased space and proceed in accordance with Iowa Code chapter 578A (Self-Service Storage Facilities).

The Act deems a person who receives a written rental agreement from a facility operator and takes possession of or retains the leased space, but fails to execute and deliver the agreement within 30 days, to have accepted the agreement. If an occupant is in default for a reason other than nonpayment of rent or if the facility operator does not renew the occupant's rental agreement, the facility operator must provide the occupant notice to remove personal property from the leased space within 15 days. During the 15-day period, the facility operator may place reasonable restrictions on the occupant's access to the leased space if such right is set forth in the rental agreement. Any personal property remaining in the leased space is subject to lien.

HOUSE FILE 2185 - Insurance — Cost Sharing for Qualified High-Deductible Health Plans — Eligibility for Health Savings Accounts

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act applies to group health insurance and accident and sickness insurance. If a copayment, coinsurance, or deductible paid as cost sharing by an enrollee may result in the enrollee becoming ineligible for a health savings account associated with the enrollee's qualified high-deductible health plan,

the Act provides that the cost sharing will apply only to the enrollee's qualified high-deductible health plan after the enrollee satisfies the enrollee's minimum deductible, except for items or services determined to be preventive care.

HOUSE FILE 2232 - Life Insurance — Financial Exploitation of Eligible Adults

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to life insurance, permissible third parties, and financial exploitation of eligible adults (financial exploitation).

Under the Act, a delay of a disbursement or transaction involving the money, assets, or property of an eligible adult will expire upon the first to occur of: (1) a determination by a broker-dealer or investment adviser that the disbursement or transaction will not result in or contribute to financial exploitation; (2) 15 days after the initial delay of the disbursement or transaction, unless extended; (3) if the 15-day delay is extended, 25 days after the date of the initial delay; or (4) if the 25-day delay is extended, 55 days after the date of the initial delay.

If an insurer or qualified individual reasonably believes financial exploitation occurred, was attempted, or is being attempted, the insurer or qualified individual may notify the Commissioner of Insurance (commissioner) and is immune from administrative or civil liability for failure to notify the eligible adult of the disclosure.

If an insurer or qualified individual reasonably believes financial exploitation occurred, was attempted, or is being attempted, the insurer or qualified individual may notify a permissible third party designated by the eligible adult prior to a review or investigation. An insurer or qualified individual is prohibited from notifying a permissible third party that the permissible third party is suspected of financial exploitation or other abuse. An eligible adult may voluntarily provide contact information for permissible third parties to an insurer, but an insurer or qualified individual is not liable for failing to request such information.

An insurer or qualified individual who, acting reasonably and in good faith, complies with the Act is immune from administrative or civil liability that may arise from disclosing the eligible adult's information to a permissible third party.

If an insurer or qualified individual reasonably believes a disbursement or transaction is likely to result in, or contribute to, financial exploitation, the insurer or qualified individual may initiate an internal review of the requested disbursement or transaction. An insurer may delay a disbursement or transaction from an eligible adult's policy, contract, or account, or a policy, contract, or account on which an eligible adult is a beneficiary, in the circumstances detailed in the Act.

Delay of a disbursement or transaction will expire according to the timeline detailed in the Act. Upon petition of the commissioner, the insurer, or another interested party, a court may enter an order terminating, extending, or modifying the delay of the disbursement or transaction and may order any other protective relief necessary.

The commissioner may adopt rules regarding the form and manner of notifications under the Act. An insurer or qualified individual who complies with the requirements of the Act is immune from any liability that may arise from such delay in a disbursement or transaction.

No later than June 30, 2027, an insurer must provide training, as detailed in the Act, to supervisors and employees employed by the insurer who handle or advise on complaints, possible fraud, and investigations.

An insurer shall provide access to or copies of records that are relevant to financial exploitation of an eligible adult to the commissioner and to law enforcement, either as part of a referral or upon request, which records must be considered confidential public records and not made available for examination by the public.

HOUSE FILE 2329 - Regulated Loan Interest Rates and Charges — Consumer Credit Transaction Service Charges

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act eliminates provisions under prior law related to the Superintendent of Banking's investigations of the conditions of regulated loans, and the authority to redetermine and refix the maximum rate of interest or charges on regulated loans.

The Act eliminates provisions that established the rate of interest or charges upon the class or classes of regulated loans, and instead sets the rate of interest or charges for all regulated loans at 3 percent per month.

Under the Act, in addition to finance charges for a consumer credit transaction, a creditor may contract for and receive a service charge in an amount not to exceed the lesser of either 3 percent of the amount financed or \$100.

HOUSE FILE 2434 - Health Insurance Coverage — Covered Benefits Provided Pursuant to Out-of-Network Primary Care Provider Referral

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act relates to insurance coverage for health care services provided pursuant to a referral by an out-of-network primary care provider.

The Act prohibits a health carrier from: (1) denying coverage for a covered benefit provided to a covered person solely on the basis that the referral to receive the covered benefit was made by the covered person's out-of-network primary care provider; and (2) imposing a deductible, coinsurance, or copayment for a covered benefit for which a covered person was referred by a primary care provider greater than what would be applicable to the same benefit had the covered person been referred by an in-network health care professional. A health carrier may require a primary care provider to provide evidence that they executed a direct primary care agreement with the covered person as detailed in the Act. "Covered benefit," "direct primary care agreement," "health carrier," and "primary care provider" are defined in the Act.

The Act applies to covered benefits for which a covered person's primary care provider referred the covered person on or after July 1, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2497 - Peer-to-Peer Car Sharing Programs

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. Under this Act, a peer-to-peer car sharing program (program) assumes liability to a shared vehicle owner (owner) for all bodily injuries or property damage to a third party during the car sharing period in the amount stated in the program agreement (agreement), but not less than the amounts required by law. The assumption of liability applies to bodily injury and property damage losses by a damaged third party, but does not apply if the owner makes an intentional or fraudulent material misrepresentation or omission to the program, or acts in concert with a shared vehicle driver (driver) to have the driver fail to return the shared vehicle. The Act exempts a program and an owner from liability under any state or local law that imposes liability based on vehicle ownership consistent with federal law.

The Act requires a program to ensure that a motor vehicle liability policy (liability policy) is in effect during each car sharing period, and the policy may be maintained by the owner, the driver, the program, or any combination of the three. The requirements for a liability policy, and the liability assumed by the insurer or program, are detailed in the Act. If, during a car sharing period, a claim occurs in another state that requires minimum financial responsibility limits higher than required by the Act, the coverage must satisfy the difference in the required minimum coverage amounts, up to the policy limit.

The Act creates an insurable interest for a program in a shared vehicle during the car sharing period. A program may maintain as the named insured one or more liability policies pursuant to the requirements of the Act. The Act does not create liability on a program to maintain a liability insurance policy, limit the liability of a program for an act or omission that results in injury to a person, or limit the ability of a program to contractually seek indemnification from an owner or a driver. A liability policy may exclude the coverages detailed in the Act.

The Act does not invalidate, limit, or restrict an exclusion in a liability policy, or an insurance carrier's ability to underwrite an insurance policy or to cancel or not renew an insurance policy. A liability policy that defends or indemnifies a claim made against an owner or a driver for loss or injury that occurred during a car sharing period, when the claim is excluded under the terms of the liability policy, may seek recovery against the program's liability policy. A program is exclusively responsible for any equipment placed in or on a shared vehicle for the car sharing transaction unless the owner is at fault, in which case the program may seek indemnity from the driver.

The Act requires an agreement to include the disclosures and information detailed in the Act. A program may only enter into an agreement with a person who meets the requirements of the Act. The Act requires a program, prior to

the time an owner makes a shared vehicle available for car sharing, to verify that the shared vehicle does not have any safety recalls for which repairs have not been made, and notify the owner of the requirements to make safety repairs. The Act details additional requirements related to safety recalls and liens against the shared vehicle.

The Act requires a program to collect and verify records relating to the use of a shared vehicle, including the information detailed in the Act, and to retain such records as required by the Act. Upon request, a program must provide such information to the owner, the insurance carrier for the owner's liability policy, or the insurance carrier for the driver's liability policy for purposes of a claim coverage investigation, settlement, negotiation, or litigation. The Act requires a program to keep permanent records as detailed in the Act.

The Act does not limit the liability of a program for any act or omission of the program that results in injury to a person from the use of a shared vehicle.

HOUSE FILE 2582 - Insurance — Fraud Investigations Related to Adjusters, Appraisers, and Umpires — Adjuster Licensure and Evidence of Financial Responsibility

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to insurance fraud investigations related to insurance adjusters, appraisers, and umpires, and license and financial responsibility requirements for adjusters.

The Act expands the list of Iowa Code chapters under which an individual employed by the Insurance Division and designated as a peace officer is considered a law enforcement officer for an arrest to include an investigation pursuant to, or an investigation or assignment authorized by, Iowa Code chapters 522C (Licensing of Adjusters) and 522F (Licensing and Regulation of Appraisers and Umpires).

The Act does not require a person to hold a license as an adjuster for a licensed insurance producer appointed by, and granted claim authority by, an insurer or self-insurer.

The Act eliminates the requirement that, prior to issuance of a license as an adjuster, an applicant secure evidence of financial responsibility through a surety bond executed and issued by an insurer authorized to issue surety bonds. The Act also eliminates the authority for the Insurance Division to request evidence of financial responsibility at any time and the requirement that an adjuster immediately notify the Insurance Division if the adjuster's evidence of financial responsibility terminates, at which time the adjuster's license would become inactive. The Act instead requires, prior to being issued a license as an adjuster, an applicant to secure evidence of financial responsibility in a form and manner prescribed by the Commissioner of Insurance.

The Insurance Division is authorized to adopt emergency rules.

The Act took effect April 9, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2633 - Insurance Policies for Living Organ Donors — Nondiscrimination

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act prohibits, based solely on an individual's status as a living organ donor, an insurer from: (1) declining or limiting coverage under a policy for a covered person; (2) as a condition of continued coverage under a policy, precluding a covered person from becoming a living organ donor; or (3) discriminating against a covered person or individual in the offering, issuance, cancellation, coverage amount, price, or any other condition of a policy.

HOUSE FILE 2634 - Cemeteries and Funerals — Preneed Sellers and Sales Agents

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to preneed sellers, sales agents and sales agent applicants, and government cemeteries.

The Act uses the most recently released Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers to calculate the rate of inflation when withdrawing from a trust fund related to the sale or furnishing of cemetery or funeral merchandise or services. Under the Act, the Commissioner of Insurance (commissioner) may require a preneed seller to provide a certified copy of an audit of the preneed seller conducted by an independent certified public accountant to verify compliance with a trust agreement.

Prior to being issued a sales license, an applicant for a sales license must be designated by a preneed seller to sell, negotiate, or solicit purchase agreements on behalf of the preneed seller, and the preneed seller must file documentation of the designation. An applicant is not eligible for a license as a sales agency unless the applicant has met all licensure requirements and the Insurance Division (division) has received a designation by a preneed seller. A preneed seller must disclose to the commissioner changes made to the designation of a sales agent within 30 days of a change.

For a sales agent to renew a license, the sales agent must pay a renewal fee. The Act clarifies the manner in which to contact the division by directing inquiries and complaints to the division's Internet site.

The Act strikes the requirement that the commissioner conduct an examination no less than once every five years of any cemetery that has a trust arrangement. The Act requires all cemeteries be designated as perpetual care cemeteries, nonperpetual care cemeteries, or government cemeteries.

The Act requires, by striking exceptions from applicable Iowa Code provisions, a cemetery owned or operated by a political subdivision to make a minimum initial deposit in a care fund, and prohibits such a cemetery from serving as a trustee. The Act eliminates the requirement that a cemetery have a care fund in cash.

HOUSE FILE 2635 - Health Carrier Standards of Conduct — Utilization Review Organizations, Use of Artificial Intelligence, and Audits — Prior Authorizations and Certificates of Need

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act relates to health carrier standards of conduct; utilization review organizations, artificial intelligence, audits, and prior authorization; and certificate of need processes.

Division I — Health Insurance Trade Practices

This division permits a utilization review organization (URO) to use an artificial intelligence-based algorithm or system to provide an initial review of a request for prior authorization (request), except that a URO may not use an artificial intelligence-based algorithm or system as the sole basis for the decision to deny, delay, or downgrade a request for a health care service based on medical necessity.

The requirements and timelines for a URO to conduct an audit of a claim submitted by a health care provider (provider) are detailed in the division. A provider may opt-in to receive electronic delivery of notices and audit determinations from a URO, and a URO may determine the method for a provider to opt-in. The division details the applicability of the audit requirements.

The division prohibits a health carrier (carrier) from: (1) imposing on a provider a financial penalty, reimbursement reduction, or administrative fee, or terminating a provider's participation in the carrier's network, based on the provider's referral to, or affiliation with, an out-of-network provider; (2) interfering with, or participating in any capacity in, a provider's decisions regarding staffing and referrals; and (3) offering, attempting to enforce, or enforcing an agreement, or an amendment to an agreement, with a provider without providing an opportunity for negotiation.

Division II — Prior Authorizations

For a request made on or after July 1, 2027, this division requires a provider to submit all requests to a carrier electronically using a standards-based application programming interface, or another form of electronic submission, supported by the carrier that is compliant with federal interoperability regulations.

The division prohibits a URO from denying or downgrading a request unless the requirements of the division are met. At the request of a provider, a URO that denies a request must consult with the provider no later than seven days after the notification of the denial. If a URO's decision to deny or downgrade a request is appealed by the provider, the appeal must be conducted as required by the division. The applicability of specific peer review requirements are detailed in the division.

The division prohibits a carrier from requiring prior authorization for, or imposing additional utilization review requirements on, a covered person for a cancer-related screening or the diagnosis and treatment of an emergency medical condition as described in the division. The applicability of these prior authorization exemptions and the remedy for noncompliance are detailed in the division.

Upon a finding of a pattern or practice of noncompliance, the Commissioner of Insurance may also suspend a URO's authority to conduct utilization review.

Division III — Prior Authorizations — Medical Assistance Program

The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), or a managed care organization (MCO), are prohibited from requiring prior authorization for or imposing additional utilization review requirements on a recipient or an eligible child for a cancer-related screening or the diagnosis and treatment of an emergency medical condition as detailed in this division. The applicability of these prior authorization exemptions are detailed in the division.

For a request made on or after July 1, 2027, the division requires a provider to submit all requests to an MCO electronically using a standards-based application programming interface, or another form of electronic submission, supported by the MCO that is compliant with federal interoperability regulations.

Division IV — Certificates of Need

This division amends the definitions of “affected persons,” “institutional health facility,” and “new institutional health service” or “changed institutional health service.”

The division requires an application for a certificate of need to be made on forms furnished or prescribed by HHS and contain information as required by rule. An applicant for a new institutional health service or a changed institutional health service offered or developed by an intermediate care facility for persons with an intellectual disability or for persons with mental illness shall not be required to pay the application fee. The division removes the provision that, when an application was voluntarily withdrawn more than 30 but within 60 days after submission, 50 percent of the application fee had to be refunded and if the application was withdrawn voluntarily more than 60 days after submission, 25 percent of the application fee had to be refunded.

The division makes Iowa Code chapter 135, subchapter VI, inapplicable to an organized outpatient health facility that provides behavioral health services, open heart surgical services, organ transplantation services, radiation therapy services, and cardiac catheterization services.

The division eliminates the requirement that HHS could only grant a certificate of need for a new institutional health service or changed institutional health service if HHS found that any existing facilities providing institutional health services similar to those proposed were being used in an appropriate and efficient manner.

If HHS rejects an application for a certificate of need, an applicant may revise and resubmit the application once for review, without submitting another application fee, within 30 days of the date HHS sent the rejected application.

The requirements for public comments, public hearings, and summary review procedures are detailed in the division. The division eliminates the previous requirement for a letter of intent to precede an application for a certificate of need.

HOUSE FILE 2678 - Fraudulent Business Entity Filings with Secretary of State — Removal and Interrogatories — Foreign, Nonresident Alien, and Out-of-State Agricultural Landholding Annual Summary
BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to different types of persons having a legal presence in Iowa under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of State (secretary).

BACKGROUND — BUSINESS ENTITIES THAT EXIST OR ARE AUTHORIZED TO DO OR TRANSACT BUSINESS IN THIS STATE. Generally, a business entity formed or recognized under statute exists as a distinct person. In Iowa, the secretary's business filing office records all documents or records required to be filed by

the business entity. A business entity is composed of one or more persons holding a legal interest in a for-profit business entity, cooperative interest in a cooperative association, or beneficial interest in a nonprofit business entity, with the interest holders being shielded from personal liability from the acts or omissions of the business entity. A business entity is either formed in Iowa (domestic) or formed outside Iowa and authorized to do or transact business in Iowa (foreign) as provided in their respective governing Iowa Code chapters. These business entities include limited liability partnerships (Iowa Code chapter 486A); limited partnerships (Iowa Code chapter 488); limited liability companies (Iowa Code chapter 489); business corporations (Iowa Code chapter 490); traditional cooperative associations (Iowa Code chapter 499); housing cooperatives (Iowa Code chapter 499A); closed cooperatives (Iowa Code chapter 501); cooperative associations (Iowa Code chapter 501A); and nonprofit corporations (Iowa Code chapter 504). Generally, to be recognized as a domestic or foreign business entity, the entity must comply with a number of requirements as set forth in its governing Iowa Code chapter. A business entity must file a number of specified documents or records relating to the organization or management of the entity, including a document or record establishing its existence (e.g., for a domestic business corporation, articles of incorporation and for a foreign business corporation, a foreign registration statement). A business entity must maintain a registered agent in this state who may accept service of process on behalf of the entity. A business entity may also be subject to administrative dissolution proceedings by the secretary under certain circumstances (e.g., a failure to pay taxes, a failure to deliver a biennial report, or a failure to retain a registered agent).

ACT'S PROVISIONS — ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION. The Act amends provisions governing business entities by allowing the secretary to take two forms of administrative action: (1) by providing for the removal of false information in a filing, and (2) by providing for the administrative dissolution of the business entity based on the responses to interrogatories served on the business entity indicating the business entity's wrongful conduct.

ACT'S PROVISIONS — ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION — STATEMENT OF REMOVAL. The Act authorizes the secretary to file a statement of removal (statement) that removes information from a filing. The secretary files the statement based on a review of an affidavit of unauthorized use submitted by a person (affiant) swearing that personal information regarding the affiant was wrongfully included in the filing, including by identifying the affiant as the business entity's registered agent; or providing the affiant's street address, mailing address, or email address as the address of the registered agent or the business entity's principal office. Upon filing a statement of removal, the secretary must send a notice to the business entity informing the business entity of the secretary's decision that the statement is immediately effective.

ACT'S PROVISIONS — ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION — ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION. The Act authorizes the secretary to commence administrative dissolution proceedings against a business entity based on a determination by the secretary that the business entity is being used to commit a fraudulent, criminal, or unlawful purpose. The secretary's determination is based on a review of responses to interrogatories served by the secretary on the business entity. The secretary serves the interrogatories based on credible information, which includes an affidavit of unauthorized use, information provided by a government agency, or information collected by the secretary from a credible third-party data set. To be considered responsive, a completed and signed interrogatories form must be received by the secretary within 21 calendar days after the form was mailed.

AGRICULTURAL LANDHOLDING REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. The Act provides for agricultural landholding reporting by an out-of-state business entity and an out-of-state individual.

BACKGROUND — AGRICULTURAL LANDHOLDING REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. Iowa Code chapter 10B requires certain persons (referred to as a reporting entity) to file a biennial report with the secretary regarding agricultural landholdings. A reporting entity includes a business entity formed under the statutes of this state on a profit, cooperative, or not-for-profit basis that is subject to certain agricultural landholding restrictions under Iowa Code chapter 9H, but exempts a family farm entity in which the entity is controlled by family members actively engaged in farming. A reporting entity also includes a foreign person acting as a nonresident alien, foreign business, or foreign government, and that is subject to registration requirements and landholding restrictions, under Iowa Code chapter 9I. A report must include information regarding the reporting entity and the reporting entity's agricultural landholdings. Information provided in a report is a confidential record subject to exceptions for the Attorney General and members of the General Assembly. The secretary must submit to the Governor and General Assembly an annual

summary of foreign landholding. A reporting entity that fails to comply with the reporting requirements is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000. However, a nonresident alien, foreign business, or foreign government that fails to comply with such requirements is subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each offense.

ACT'S PROVISIONS — AGRICULTURAL LANDHOLDING REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. The Act provides that a report must be filed by an out-of-state business entity formed in (1) a state other than Iowa or (2) a territory of the United States. For purposes of this provision, a business entity includes a broader range of persons (e.g., a general partnership in which a partner is domiciled in another state, or territory, of the United States) than described in Iowa Code chapter 9H, but also excludes a family farm entity. The report must also be filed by an out-of-state individual who is domiciled in (1) a state other than Iowa or (2) a territory of the United States. The Act provides that the report is no longer a confidential record if the reporting entity is either (1) a foreign person or (2) an out-of-state business entity or out-of-state individual. The secretary's annual summary submitted to the Governor and General Assembly must include information regarding agricultural landholding by out-of-state business entities and out-of-state individuals.

HOUSE FILE 2756 - Licensing and Operations of Residential Service Contract Companies and Motor Vehicle Service Contract Companies

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to the licensing of service companies, motor vehicle service contracts, and residential service contracts.

The Act prohibits a person from issuing, offering for sale, or selling a motor vehicle service contract or residential service contract unless the person is a licensed service company. The requirements of the Act do not apply to any person who provides support services.

The Act requires a service company to maintain a license for the entirety of any service contract that the company has entered, unless otherwise ordered, and to report to the Commissioner of Insurance (commissioner) material changes to the information submitted in the company's application, final dispositions of administrative actions, and criminal prosecutions. A residential or motor vehicle service contract is not considered insurance.

The Act requires an application for a license as a service company to be filed with the commissioner, include all required information, and be accompanied by a \$500 license fee. Such license is valid for one year and must be renewed annually on or before August 31, and a licensee must apply for renewal at least 90 days prior to the license expiration date. The Act requires an application for license renewal to include the information required for an initial license, a list of each service contract form, any additional information requested by the commissioner, and the required information and fees. If the renewal application meets the requirements, the commissioner must renew the license unless otherwise denied in writing.

If a service company fails to renew a license by the end of the license period, the company's license may be deemed expired, and the company will be subject to restrictions. If a service company submits an application or renewal application after the license has expired, the company must file a service company license renewal application, including payment of applicable fees.

The Act prohibits a service contract from being issued, sold, or offered for sale unless the service contract and service company comply with the requirements of the Act, including the requirements for a residential service contract related to goods that are essential to the health and safety of the service contract holder, if applicable.

A service company may continue to use a noncompliant service contract form until January 1, 2028, provided no changes are made to the form and the service contract form was filed with the Insurance Division before January 1, 2027.

The commissioner may suspend or revoke the license of, deny an application for license from, or refuse to renew the license of a service company, or levy a civil penalty against a service company, and must notify the service company in writing of the reason. The licensee or applicant may request a hearing.

A service company, or the service company's support services, must not represent in any manner a false, deceptive, or misleading statement with respect to the service company's affiliation with a motor vehicle manufacturer or

importer, the validity or expiration of a warranty, or a motor vehicle service contract holder's coverage under a motor vehicle service contract, and must not describe the service contract as a policy.

The Act describes prohibited acts or practices of a service company. The commissioner may adopt rules regulating service contracts to prohibit misrepresentation, false advertising, defamation, boycotts, coercion, intimidation, false statements and entries, and unfair discrimination or practices. If the commissioner finds that a person has violated the Act, the commissioner may order the person to cease and desist from the violation and order payment of a civil penalty. A violation of the Act is an unlawful practice. A service contract issued or sold by an unlicensed service company is void and unenforceable.

A written explanation to a service contract holder for a denial of a claim or offer of a settlement must include the required information, including the process for filing a complaint with the Insurance Division.

The commissioner must maintain the confidentiality of information submitted to or obtained by the Insurance Division in the course of an investigation, examination, or inquiry, but the commissioner may disclose or release information that is otherwise confidential in the circumstances detailed in the Act.

The Act takes effect January 1, 2027.

HOUSE FILE 2766 - Captive Insurance Companies and Life Captive Reinsurance Companies

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to captive insurance companies (captive companies) and life captive reinsurance companies (LCRCs).

Under the Act, a tax return on gross premiums filed by an insurance company or a captive company is not subject to inspection, and a present or former officer or employee of the state is prohibited from willfully or recklessly publishing such tax return. A person who violates this prohibition commits a serious misdemeanor and must be dismissed from state office or discharged from state employment in addition to any other penalty imposed. The Act does not prohibit the Department of Revenue from turning over information and tax returns pursuant to certain agreements.

The Act applies Iowa Code section 490.905 (Foreign Insurance Companies Becoming Domestic) to captive companies. Under the Act, a captive company may apply for a certificate of authority to have the ability to accept or transfer risks by means of a parametric contract.

The Act prohibits a captive company from writing any insurance business unless the captive company's organizational documents have been filed and approved by the Commissioner of Insurance (commissioner) prior to being filed with the Secretary of State. The Act eliminates the requirement that a captive company file a certified copy of the company's organizational document with the commissioner. The Act eliminates the requirement that certain commissioner requirements be established by rule. The Act includes reports as confidential information when submitted by a captive company prior to receiving a certificate of authority.

The Act requires each captive company, individual series of members of a limited liability company, and protected cell to pay an annual renewal registration fee of \$300, but does not require payment of an initial registration fee.

The Act prohibits the commissioner from issuing a certificate of authority to a captive company unless the captive company possesses and maintains unimpaired paid-in capital and surplus of not less than \$100,000 for a protected cell captive company. The Act requires the minimum capital and surplus requirements for a captive company to be in the form of cash, cash equivalent, an irrevocable letter of credit, or marketable securities approved by the commissioner who may require the captive company to file financial statements or other reports on a more frequent basis than otherwise required.

Under the Act, in addition to formation or organization as a business entity, a captive company may also be formed as a reciprocal insurer subject to the commissioner's approval.

The Act eliminates the requirement that a captive risk retention group formed as a reciprocal insurer have a minimum of five members of the subscribers' advisory committee who are residents of Iowa. The Act subjects a captive

company formed as a reciprocal insurer to Iowa Code chapter 520 (Reciprocal or Interinsurance Contracts) unless exempt in the captive company's plan of operation.

Under the Act, a captive company is not required to file an annual report if directed by the commissioner in the first year of a captive company's licensure. The Act eliminates the requirement that all reports be considered confidential and not a public record.

Under the Act, if a captive company's admitted assets total less than \$5 million, the commissioner may approve an investment of up to 20 percent of the company's total assets disclosed in the company's annual report, provided that all assets included must be reasonably liquid, realizable, and available to support the obligations of the company.

The Act requires each protected cell captive company to be formed as a business entity, provided the business entity is separate from the protected cell captive company of which the business entity is a part.

The Act provides the requirements for payment of taxes on premiums for a foreign or alien captive company that redomesticates into Iowa.

An LCRC issued a certificate of authority may only reinsure the risks of a ceding insurer, is prohibited from otherwise engaging in the business of insurance, and may purchase retrocession to cede the risks assumed under a reinsurance contract. An LCRC cannot write any insurance business unless the LCRC complies with the requirements of the Act. All documents and information submitted by an LCRC for purposes of an application for a certificate of authority are confidential unless otherwise provided. If the LCRC's application is complete, the commissioner may issue a certificate of authority upon a finding that the proposed plan of operation meets the requirements of the Act. In conjunction with the issuance of the certificate of authority, the commissioner may issue an order regarding any terms and conditions regarding the organization, licensing, and operation of the LCRC.

The Act prohibits an LCRC from adopting a name that is the same, deceptively similar, or likely to be confused with or mistaken for any other existing business name already registered in the state.

The Act requires, when an LCRC files an application for a certificate of authority, and each succeeding year, a qualified actuary to file a certification as described in the Act. The commissioner shall not issue a certificate of authority unless an LCRC possesses and maintains unimpaired paid-in capital and surplus that is not less than \$5 million, and the commissioner may require additional capital and surplus based upon the reinsurance business transacted by the LCRC.

An LCRC must have a plan of operation approved by its board of directors, and must submit the plan of operation to the commissioner for approval, who may approve the plan of operation upon finding that the plan meets the requirements of the Act.

An LCRC or an affiliated company may organize an LCRC pursuant to the requirements of the Act. An organizing company must maintain a minimum of 10 percent voting interest and 10 percent equity ownership in the LCRC unless otherwise approved by the commissioner, and may invest funds from its surplus in an LCRC, and the organizing company's officers and directors may serve as officers and directors of the LCRC.

The Act prohibits an LCRC from paying a dividend out of, or other distribution with respect to, the minimum capital or surplus without the prior written approval of the commissioner. The commissioner's approval of an ongoing plan for the payment of dividends or other distributions must be conditioned upon retention, at the time of each payment, of capital and surplus.

The Act details the reports and notifications an LCRC is required to file with the commissioner. The commissioner may examine each LCRC's compliance with the Act as necessary, but not less frequently than every five years, and the costs incurred in performing and preparing the report of the examination must be charged to and paid by the LCRC.

The commissioner may suspend or revoke an LCRC's certificate of authority for any of the reasons described in the Act. If the commissioner does not revoke an LCRC's certificate of authority during a suspension, the LCRC's certificate of authority may be reinstated if the commissioner finds that the cause of the suspension has been rectified.

A merger between LCRCs must comply with the Act. The commissioner may provide notice to the public of a proposed merger prior to approving or disapproving of the merger. A plan for a merger must be fair and equitable to the shareholders and provide for the purchase of the shares of any nonconsenting shareholder.

The Act provides requirements for an LCRC's investment program, preservation and administration of assets, securitizations, admitted assets, loans, ownership, exposure to reinsurance losses, and purchase of retrocession.

An LCRC may enter into contracts and conduct other commercial activities related or incidental to and necessary to fulfill the purposes of a reinsurance contract, an insurance securitization, and the Act. Such contracts and commercial activities must be included in the LCRC's plan of operation. A reinsurance contract cannot contain a provision for payment by the LCRC in discharge of its obligations to a person other than the ceding insurer.

An LCRC cannot be required to join a rating organization and cannot join or contribute financially to any plan, pool, association, or guaranty or insolvency fund in Iowa.

An LCRC domiciled in the state may apply to the commissioner for a certificate of dormancy, which is valid for five years and may not be renewed. An LCRC issued a certificate of dormancy must comply with the Act.

Unless otherwise approved by the commissioner, an LCRC must maintain its original books, records, documents, accounts, vouchers, and agreements in Iowa, make them available for examination and inspection by the commissioner upon request, and keep them in the state until the commissioner approves destruction or other disposition of such materials. The LCRC may store and reproduce such materials electronically pursuant to the Act.

An LCRC may not take any of the actions detailed in the Act unless the company provides the commissioner prior written notice and the commissioner expressly approves the action. An LCRC must submit to the commissioner requests for authorization prior to making payments of interest on, and repayments of principal of, surplus notes and other debt obligations. The commissioner may not approve the payment or repayment if it would jeopardize the ability of the LCRC or another person to fulfill their obligations.

An LCRC security is not subject to regulation as an insurance or reinsurance contract. An investor in, or holder of, the security is not considered to transact in the business of insurance solely based on such interest. An underwriter's placement agents, selling agents, partners, commissioners, officers, members, managers, employees, agents, representatives, and advisors involved in an insurance securitization are not considered to be insurance producers or brokers or to be conducting business as an insurance company, a reinsurance company, or an insurance agency, brokerage, intermediary, advisory, or consulting business, solely by virtue of their underwriting activities in connection with a securitization.

CHILDREN AND YOUTH

- HOUSE FILE 1003** - Child in Need of Assistance — Court-Ordered Child Placements
- HOUSE FILE 2256** - Definition of Child Abuse — Inability to Access Behavioral or Mental Health Treatment — Departmental Child Abuse Assessment Policies

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 473** - Child Foster Care Provider and Adoptive Parent Criteria — Religious or Moral Beliefs
SEE HUMAN SERVICES. This Act prohibits the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) from adopting certain rules or taking certain actions, as detailed in the Act, that would prohibit a person from becoming a child's individual licensee or approved kinship caregiver for foster care purposes based on the person's sincerely held moral and religious beliefs, including but not limited to beliefs related to sexual orientation and gender identity.

 The Act requires HHS to adopt rules so that an entity with a contract, subcontract, or other agreement with HHS that holds itself out to the public as a religious organization is not required to provide the contracted, subcontracted, or other agreed upon services in a manner inconsistent with the religious organization's sincerely held religious beliefs.
- SENATE FILE 542** - Suspension of Child Support and Medical Support Orders
SEE CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION. This Act provides for a procedure for a parent to suspend, or terminate the suspension of, child support, medical support, or both (support), for a child if the child has been transferred to the parent obligated to pay support or returned to the parent entitled to receive support.
- SENATE FILE 2096** - Foster Parent Training Requirements — Individual Licensees
SEE HUMAN SERVICES. This Act allows the Department of Health and Human Services to determine appropriate child foster care training requirements for an individual child foster care provider based on the individual's experience and the circumstances of both the prospective foster child and the individual.
- SENATE FILE 2416** - Child Abuse Reports — Interviews, Home Entry, and Observation
SEE CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION. This Act allows a court to authorize entry into a child's home to conduct an interview, as defined in the Act, with a child, or to observe a child if a child abuse allegation is referred to law enforcement and the child's parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian does not permit such entry, interview, or observation.
- HOUSE FILE 1036** - Human Trafficking — Legislative Proposal Development, Investigation and Prosecution, Statutes of Limitations, Victim Restoration Services and Facilities, and Definitions
SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS. This Act provides that the court or the court's designee may order a child screened for commercial sexual exploitation when the court reviews a complaint using a standardized human trafficking indicator list.

 The Act provides that if a person who sells or offers for sale the person's services as a partner in a sex act is under the age of 18, the county attorney may elect, in lieu of filing a petition alleging that the person has committed a delinquent act, that the person shall not be arrested, charged, or prosecuted for the offense, but instead may be taken into temporary custody under Iowa Code section 232.78 or 232.79 or referred to HHS for the possible filing of a petition alleging that the person is a child in need of assistance.

- HOUSE FILE 2360** - Child Endangerment — Definitions and Terminology
SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS. Prior law provided that a person who is the parent, guardian, or person having custody or control over a child or a minor under the age of 18 with a mental or physical disability, or a person who is a member of the household in which a child or such a minor resides, commits child endangerment when the person does any of the actions described in Iowa Code section 726.6. This Act adds a definition of “child” to mean any person under 18 years of age, and removes references to minors.
- HOUSE FILE 2514** - State Child Care Assistance Program Eligibility — Children of Child Care Workers
SEE HUMAN SERVICES. This Act qualifies a child for the State Child Care Assistance (CCA) Program if the child’s parent, guardian, or custodian (caregiver) works in a child care facility or child care home located in this state and meets other requirements as detailed in the Act. A caregiver participating in the CCA Program under the Act must make copayments as specified by the Department of Health and Human Services.
- HOUSE FILE 2515** - Sexual Exploitation of a Minor — Ineligibility for Deferred or Suspended Sentences
SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS. This Act provides that a person convicted of sexual exploitation of a child in violation of Iowa Code section 728.12 is not eligible to receive a deferred or suspended sentence.
- HOUSE FILE 2523** - Minor Child Medical Services — Parent or Guardian Consent over Minor Child’s Objection
SEE CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION. This Act authorizes a parent, legal guardian, or custodian of a minor to have the minor committed over the minor’s objections to services to treat a substance use disorder or a mental health disorder.
- HOUSE FILE 2526** - Foster Parents — Residential Address Confidentiality
SEE HUMAN SERVICES. This Act prohibits the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) and HHS’s agents from making a document that contains the unredacted address of a child’s current foster parent available to the foster child’s biological parent and from verbally disclosing the address of the child’s current foster parent to a foster child’s biological parent. HHS and HHS’s agents may make such a disclosure if the foster parent provides written consent to the disclosure prior to HHS or HHS’s agents disclosing such information.
- HOUSE FILE 2619** - Uniform Family Law Arbitration Act
SEE CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION. This Act adopts and modifies the Uniform Family Law Arbitration Act governing arbitration of family law disputes involving children. The Act prohibits arbitrators from making determinations regarding certain matters, including termination of parental rights, adoption, guardianship, child dependency, and child support.

The Act establishes requirements for arbitration agreements and court oversight, including provisions for enforceability, notice, and judicial review. The Act requires arbitrators to meet specified qualifications and training related to domestic violence and child abuse, and authorizes court involvement to ensure protection of children and parties, including issuance of temporary orders and appointment of arbitrators.

The Act provides safeguards for children during arbitration proceedings, including requirements for disclosure, termination or suspension of proceedings when abuse or safety risks are identified, and consideration of the best interests of the child in any court review of matters related to custody or support.

- HOUSE FILE 2660** - Decedent Property — Small Estate Affidavit Requirements and Disposition of Deposit Accounts and Undistributed Child Support
SEE CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION. This Act requires Child Support Services to make a form available that a decedent's successor may use to obtain undistributed child support payments held by Child Support Services or the Collection Services Center and owed to the decedent.
- HOUSE FILE 2781** - Juvenile Detention Home Fund — Distribution of Moneys
SEE HUMAN SERVICES. This Act requires \$150,000 to be distributed to each juvenile detention home (home) from the Juvenile Detention Home Fund (fund) each year. Moneys in the fund remaining after the initial distribution are distributed based on each home's proportion of the total costs of all homes for the immediately preceding fiscal year.
- HOUSE FILE 2782** - Appropriations — Health and Human Services — Veterans Affairs
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to appropriations for health and human services for FY 2026-2027, and includes provisions related to early intervention and supports, child vision screening, services and support for children and youth with certain disabilities, behavioral health services and support for children and youth with behavioral health conditions, the Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa Program, child care, child protection, child support, child welfare, and other child health initiatives and programs under the purview of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). The Act creates a Comprehensive Family Support Program under the purview of HHS.
- HOUSE FILE 2800** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act requires a screening by a trained child protection worker during a child abuse assessment under certain circumstances.

CHILDREN AND YOUTH

HOUSE FILE 1003 - Child in Need of Assistance — Court-Ordered Child Placements

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. After a dispositional hearing for a child in need of assistance proceeding, if a court determines that placing the child's custody with either of the child's parents is not in the child's best interests, the court must transfer the child's custody to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) for placement with certain persons as prioritized in Iowa Code section 232.102(1)(a) (Transfer of Legal Custody of Child and Placement). This Act prohibits a court from placing a child with an individual that is not the child's licensed foster parent, if the child has been placed with the foster parent for at least nine months immediately preceding the dispositional hearing, unless the court makes a specific finding that placement with a different individual is in the child's best interests and the court provides reasons for the finding.

HOUSE FILE 2256 - Definition of Child Abuse — Inability to Access Behavioral or Mental Health Treatment — Departmental Child Abuse Assessment Policies

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. If a parent or legal guardian, despite reasonable attempts, is unable to provide necessary behavioral or mental health treatment for the parent or legal guardian's child, this Act prohibits the Department of Health and Human Services from considering the lack of behavioral or mental health treatment as child abuse.

CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION

- SENATE FILE 512** - Civil Actions — Law Governing Determination of Accrual — Amendments to Limitations Only by General Assembly
- SENATE FILE 542** - Suspension of Child Support and Medical Support Orders
- SENATE FILE 639** - Business Court — Establishment, Jurisdiction, and Procedure
- SENATE FILE 2039** - Intervention by Certain Members of the General Assembly in Proceedings for Judicial Review of Agency Action
- SENATE FILE 2296** - Digital Financial Asset Transaction Kiosks — Licenses — Operator Duties — Civil Penalties
- SENATE FILE 2365** - Notice Requirements for Final Acceptance of Public Improvements
- SENATE FILE 2416** - Child Abuse Reports — Interviews, Home Entry, and Observation
- SENATE FILE 2448** - Residential Property Information — Unit Owner Association Records — Home Inspection Reports
- HOUSE FILE 523** - Petition for Domestic Abuse Emergency Protective Order — Peace Officer Filing Authority
- HOUSE FILE 917** - Motocross Facilities — Liability Limitations — Required Notices
- HOUSE FILE 2349** - Final Disposition of Human Remains — Forfeiture of Authority to Control
- HOUSE FILE 2523** - Minor Child Medical Services — Parent or Guardian Consent over Minor Child's Objection
- HOUSE FILE 2532** - Damages for Wrongful Death and Awarding of Costs and Fees in Probate Proceedings — Nontestamentary Transfer Action Statute of Limitation — Actions to Set Aside or Contest Trusts
- HOUSE FILE 2619** - Uniform Family Law Arbitration Act
- HOUSE FILE 2660** - Decedent Property — Small Estate Affidavit Requirements and Disposition of Deposit Accounts and Undistributed Child Support
- HOUSE FILE 2695** - Prohibition on Transfer of Civil Actions to Other Courts or Forums — Application of Foreign Laws
- HOUSE FILE 2706** - Judicial Officers, Magistrates, and Senior Magistrates — Appointing Commissions, Vacancies, Areas of Service, Elections, and Compensation
- HOUSE FILE 2720** - Dissolution of Marriage or Annulment — Name Change Request — Separate Document from Decree

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 472** - Retention and Recertification Elections for Public Employee Collective Bargaining Units — Election Notices, Employee Lists, Objection Procedures, and Writs to Compel Employee Lists
SEE LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT. This Act requires a public employer, after receiving a notice of intent to conduct a retention and recertification election (election) from the Employment Appeal Board (board), to submit to the board a list of employees in the bargaining unit within 10 days. The Act authorizes an Iowa resident to petition the district court to compel a public employer to provide the list to the board.

The Act took effect May 19, 2026, and applies to an election for which the board issues a notice of intent to conduct an election dated on or after May 19, 2026.

- SENATE FILE 579** - Civil Rights — Local Laws, Local Commissions, and Local Agencies
SEE LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act prohibits cities and local governments from enacting laws that are broader or have different categories of unfair or discriminatory practices than those provided in the Iowa Civil Rights Act. The Act requires complaints filed with a local civil rights commission or local civil rights agency to be screened and cross-filed with the Iowa Office of Civil Rights as provided within 120 days of filing. Any complaint not screened within 120 days is administratively closed.
- SENATE FILE 2198** - Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care — Authority of Attorney in Fact
SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY. This Act relates to the authority of an attorney in fact (attorney) under a durable power of attorney for health care (POA). The Act requires the attorney to act in accordance with the desires of the individual as expressed in a POA or a declaration relating to the use of life-sustaining procedures, or as otherwise made known to the attorney by the individual. The authority of the attorney is not restricted by the individual's desires expressed verbally or in writing to another person other than the attorney, unless the document authorizing the POA expressly states a limitation on the authority of the attorney.
- SENATE FILE 2379** - Criminal Law — Victim Counselors, Protective Orders, Sex Offender Registration, Sexual Abuse Evidence, Victim Rights, Restoration of Mental Competency, and Restitution
SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS. This Act provides that following an initial evaluation finding that there is no substantial probability that a defendant will be restored to competency in a reasonable amount of time and provided the defendant is otherwise eligible for pretrial release, the defendant may request a bond review hearing.
- The Act requires a court to hold a hearing to determine the defendant's competency status and make a finding as detailed in the Act. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that there is no substantial probability the defendant's competency will be restored in a reasonable amount of time, the court shall terminate the commitment and, if the person is charged with a forcible felony, set the matter for commencement of civil proceedings. A charge of a forcible felony shall be deemed a recent overt act for purposes of civil commitment proceedings under Iowa Code chapter 229.
- SENATE FILE 2417** - Conversational Artificial Intelligence Services — Limitations, Required Disclosures, and Civil Penalties
SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY. This Act requires the operator of a conversational AI service (AI service), as those terms are defined in the Act, to follow procedures, implement safeguards, and create disclaimers for the AI service as detailed in the Act. The Act requires the Attorney General to bring a civil suit against persons in violation of the Act and makes persons found in violation of the Act subject to an injunction and a civil penalty equal to the greater of actual damages or \$1,000 per violation, up to a maximum of \$500,000 per violation.
- SENATE FILE 2465** - Agriculture — Infrastructure, Product, Innovation, and Revitalization Programs — Weights and Measuring Standards, Animal Health Regulation, Grain Sales and Operations, and Agricultural Tourism — Miscellaneous Tax Provisions
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act amends or enacts a number of provisions in various Iowa Code chapters relating to agriculture, including by limiting the liability of a person involved in conducting a tourism event on a farm.
- SENATE FILE 2497** - Uniform Assignment for Benefit of Creditors Act
SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE. This Act provides for an assignment for the benefit of creditors that allows one party to facilitate the liquidation of the party's assets by transferring the assets to a disinterested party who acts as a fiduciary supervising the

distribution of the assets to pay the claims of creditors in lieu of direct judicial action, including bankruptcy. The Act requires the clerk of court to carry out duties relating to the assignment of the assets for the benefit of creditors.

HOUSE FILE 571

- Medical Practitioners and Health Care Institutions — Exercise of Conscience, Whistleblower Activities, and Free Speech Protections

SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY. This Act provides immunity from civil liability for a medical practitioner (practitioner) or health care institution (institution) exercising their conscience in good faith.

The Act provides certain whistleblower protections to a practitioner or institution. These protections do not exempt a person from the requirements of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.

A person is prohibited from interfering or attempting to interfere with the rights and protections provided to practitioners and institutions under the Act. A person who violates this provision of the Act may be subject to civil penalties. A person declining to use or purchase a service from a practitioner or institution exercising their conscience is not a cause for a civil action. The Act cannot be construed to deny, abrogate, or impair any other common law or statutory right, remedy, or prohibition.

HOUSE FILE 864

- Age Verification for Certain Internet Sites Containing Content Pornographic for Minors — Enforcement and Civil Penalties

SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY. This Act requires a person who operates an Internet site, application, or segment of an Internet site or application to implement reasonable age verification if the Internet site, application, or segment of an Internet site contains a substantial portion of material that is pornographic for minors. The Act details certain exceptions to age verification requirements and requires the Attorney General to enforce the Act. A person who violates the Act is subject to an injunction and a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 per violation, up to a maximum of \$10,000 per day.

HOUSE FILE 1003

- Child in Need of Assistance — Court-Ordered Child Placements

SEE CHILDREN AND YOUTH. This Act prohibits a court from placing a child with an individual that is not the child's licensed foster parent, if the child has been placed with the foster parent for at least nine months immediately preceding the dispositional hearing, unless the court makes a specific finding that placement with a different individual is in the child's best interests and the court provides reasons for the finding.

HOUSE FILE 2305

- Health Care Decision Making and Programs — Palliative Care, Hospice Programs, Life-Sustaining Procedures, Certain Do-Not-Resuscitate Orders, Durable Powers of Attorney, and Probate Court Guardianships

SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY. This Act relates to health care decisions related to palliative care, hospice programs, life-sustaining procedures, and resuscitation and includes requirements for the authority of an attorney under a durable power of attorney for health care and probate court guardianship reports.

The Act allows a guardian to make decisions for a protected person related to hospice care, life-sustaining procedures, and resuscitation without court approval in certain circumstances. The guardian is required in the initial care plan and annual reports to the court to include the protected person's wishes related to placement in a hospice program and the withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining procedures.

HOUSE FILE 2356 - State Public Defender — Project to Preserve Families
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act requires the State Public Defender to administer and maintain a Project to Preserve Families to assist families involved in the child welfare system.

HOUSE FILE 2527 - Civil or Criminal Actions — Damage or Injury from Effect on Climate Caused by Greenhouse Gas Emissions — Limitation on Liability
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act limits a defendant's liability arising from any alleged actual or potential effect on climate caused wholly or partly by a greenhouse gas emission attributable to the defendant in a civil or criminal action.

HOUSE FILE 2562 - Health Care Decision-Making Authority for Persons Unable to Consent — Duties of Facilities Providing Health-Related and Personal Care Services
SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY. This Act relates to care facility placement for certain adults.

The Act defines “authorized representative,” “care facility,” “patient,” “person authorized to consent,” and “public assistance program.”

After a good-faith effort to locate an authorized representative or a person authorized to consent for the patient, the Act allows the patient's attending physician or a care facility to petition the court to order the patient's admission, discharge, or transfer to or from a care facility, and allow the physician or a care facility to assist the patient with applying for health insurance through a public assistance program or private insurer if appropriate. The petition to the court must include certain information. If the court makes certain findings, then the petition can be granted. If under the Act a patient is transferred to a receiving care facility, the receiving care facility has the authority to apply for health insurance on a patient's behalf through a public assistance program.

An order issued under the Act is effective until the date specified by the Act.

Under the Act, the court must send copies of certain documents to the Department of Health and Human Services's Division of Aging and Disability Services.

The Act provides immunity from civil or criminal liability to a person or care facility acting in good faith, and from licensee discipline to licensees acting reasonably and in good faith under the Act.

HOUSE FILE 2697 - Dismissal of Offenses and Violations — Payment of Damages and Restitution — Consent
SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS. Notwithstanding any other statute or rule of law, with the consent of the defendant and the prosecuting attorney, this Act authorizes a court to order, as part of the dismissal of a public offense or violation of an ordinance, the defendant to pay pecuniary damages to the victim and category “B” restitution, which shall include court costs.

HOUSE FILE 2749 - Real Estate Transfer Tax — Declaration of Value Exceptions
SEE TAXATION. This Act expands the categories of instruments exempt from the declaration of value requirement under Iowa Code chapter 428A (Real Estate Transfer Tax) to include certain instruments not subject to the real estate transfer tax, including transfers made as a result of a corporate or limited liability company merger, consolidation, or reorganization; deeds between an entity and its stockholders, partners, or members in connection with the formation or dissolution of the entity when made without actual consideration other than interests in the entity; and deeds transferring distributions of trust assets to beneficiaries when conveyed without consideration.

- HOUSE FILE 2756** - Licensing and Operations of Residential Service Contract Companies and Motor Vehicle Service Contract Companies
SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE. This Act relates to the licensing of service companies, motor vehicle service contracts, and residential service contracts.
- The Act describes prohibited acts or practices of a service company. The Commissioner of Insurance (commissioner) may suspend or revoke the license of, deny an application for license from, or refuse to renew the license of a service company, or levy a civil penalty against a service company for the reasons detailed in the Act. If the commissioner finds that a person has violated the Act, the commissioner may order the person to cease and desist from the violation and may order payment of a civil penalty. A violation of the Act is an unlawful practice.
- HOUSE FILE 2769** - Appropriations — Judicial Branch
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to and makes appropriations to the judicial branch. The Act prohibits meetings of the Judicial Council involving discussion of the Judicial Retirement System from being held in closed session. The Act also requires the State Court Administrator to advise the Judicial Council regarding determinations made concerning the Judicial Retirement System.
- HOUSE FILE 2800** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act requires the Iowa Supreme Court to establish a pay and benefits plan for judicial officers and the State Court Administrator.

CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION

SENATE FILE 512 - Civil Actions — Law Governing Determination of Accrual — Amendments to Limitations Only by General Assembly

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to statutes of limitations. The Act provides that nothing in Iowa Code section 614.1 shall be construed to alter the law governing when a cause of action accrues, including the discovery rule and related doctrines. The Act also provides that only the General Assembly may alter the time limitations established in Iowa Code section 614.1.

SENATE FILE 542 - Suspension of Child Support and Medical Support Orders

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to the suspension of child support and medical support (support) obligations.

The Act allows a court to enter an ex parte order suspending support if a dispositional or permanency order in juvenile court places the custody or physical care of a child with a parent who is obligated to pay support for the child (supporting parent), the juvenile court files a notice of change of custody, and the supporting parent files an application requesting a suspension of support in the care in which child support was ordered. The Act details required contents of the application, procedural requirements related to the application, and who may object to the application. The order is effective on the date the next support payment is due, and that payment is suspended. The Act describes how the parent previously entitled to receive support (receiving parent) may apply to end a suspension of the support if the custody or physical care of the child is transferred back to the receiving parent.

The Act requires the court to waive any court costs or filing fees for an application to suspend or terminate a suspension of support, and requires the Supreme Court to prescribe and distribute standard forms for parents to use for such applications.

The Act requires a court to enter a notice of change of custody at a dispositional hearing if the custody or physical care of a child is transferred to a supporting parent and the supporting parent makes a request for a notice of change of custody.

SENATE FILE 639 - Business Court — Establishment, Jurisdiction, and Procedure

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act creates a business court with jurisdiction over civil actions seeking compensatory damages of \$200,000 or more arising from specified commercial matters, including technology licensing agreements; internal affairs of business entities; breach of contract, fraud, misrepresentation, or statutory violations between businesses; shareholder derivative actions and commercial class actions; commercial banking transactions; trade secrets and noncompete agreements; commercial real estate disputes; antitrust and securities actions; and business tort claims.

The Act establishes procedures governing transfer, dismissal, retention, and removal of cases in the business court and provides that appeals from business court proceedings follow the same procedures as appeals from district court.

The Act requires the Governor to appoint no fewer than two and no more than three business court judges from nominees selected by the State Judicial Nominating Commission, with vacancies filled through the same process. The Supreme Court may appoint district court judges and senior judges as visiting business court judges. The State Court Administrator is required to assign one judge to preside over each case and a second judge to serve as settlement conference judge.

The Act provides that a business court judge does not have to issue a written opinion if the court has a well-developed body of law on the issue, the court is applying precedent, or another opinion on the issue will not significantly contribute to the development of the body of law.

The Act authorizes the court to appoint necessary personnel, establishes a business court seal, and directs the Supreme Court to adopt court rules for operation of the business court.

The Act requires the judicial branch to submit a report to the General Assembly by January 1, 2029, evaluating the performance of the business court.

The Act takes effect September 1, 2026, and allows for the transfer of pending civil actions to the business court by agreement of the parties.

SENATE FILE 2039 - Intervention by Certain Members of the General Assembly in Proceedings for Judicial Review of Agency Action

BY KLIMESH. This Act authorizes the Majority Leader of the Senate, the Minority Leader of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives to each intervene in a proceeding for judicial review of agency action under the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.

SENATE FILE 2296 - Digital Financial Asset Transaction Kiosks — Licenses — Operator Duties — Civil Penalties
BY COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY. This Act relates to digital financial asset transaction kiosks.

The Act modifies the definitions of “charges,” “digital financial asset,” and “digital financial asset transaction kiosk” (kiosk), and strikes the definition of “licensed digital financial asset exchange.”

The Act requires a kiosk operator (operator) who owns, operates, markets, or facilitates a kiosk in this state to obtain a license under Iowa Code section 533C.301 as a money transmitter.

The Act strikes the requirement that kiosk transaction receipts include the legal name and contact information of the operator, and eliminates provisions imposing duties on operators that facilitate transactions through another person’s use of a kiosk.

The Act replaces prior enforcement provisions with a provision making violations an unlawful practice under Iowa Code section 714.16 (Consumer Frauds), subject to the remedies available under that section. The Act authorizes the Attorney General to seek a civil penalty of up to \$100,000 for violations of an injunction enforcing such provision.

SENATE FILE 2365 - Notice Requirements for Final Acceptance of Public Improvements
BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to public improvement contracts.

The Act requires, no later than 14 calendar days after a public corporation’s final acceptance of the public improvement, a public corporation to notify the principal contractor, the surety on any bond given for the performance of the contract, and any claimant for labor or material who has filed a claim. The public corporation will not be liable for any claims or damages based on or arising out of the public corporation’s failure to comply with the Act.

SENATE FILE 2416 - Child Abuse Reports — Interviews, Home Entry, and Observation

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act allows a court to authorize entry into a child’s home to conduct an interview, as defined in the Act, with a child, or to observe a child if a child abuse allegation is referred to law enforcement and the child’s parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian does not permit such entry, interview, or observation.

SENATE FILE 2448 - Residential Property Information — Unit Owner Association Records — Home Inspection Reports

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act requires a unit owners association, the association’s designee, or the association’s management company (unit owners association) to provide, upon request by a unit owner, certain certification concerning the payment of dues and fees, as well as a schedule and disclosure of all fees related to the transfer of real property ownership within the common interest community.

The Act allows a unit owners association to charge a reasonable fee for any required record produced, including costs associated with developing and making certain certification available. The Act requires, upon request, a unit owner to be provided reasonable documentation supporting the fee charged.

Prior law required a person for whom a home inspection report was prepared to provide, upon request and without charge, a copy of the report to the seller of the inspected property. The Act strikes this requirement and instead requires the buyer, upon request of the seller of the inspected property, to provide without charge the portions of the home inspection report related to remediation requests made by the buyer. The Act allows the seller to cancel the purchase contract for the inspected property without penalty if the buyer fails to provide the applicable portions of the report.

HOUSE FILE 523 - Petition for Domestic Abuse Emergency Protective Order — Peace Officer Filing Authority
BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY. This Act allows a peace officer to file a petition to receive a 72-hour emergency protective order on a person's behalf if the person claims to be in present danger of domestic abuse and the person requests the peace officer to submit the petition.

HOUSE FILE 917 - Motocross Facilities — Liability Limitations — Required Notices
BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act limits motocross facility liability for injury to or the death of a participant resulting from the inherent risks of motocross activities. The Act further provides that a participant is unable to make or maintain a claim or recover damages against a motocross facility for injury, loss, damage, or death resulting from motocross activities occurring at the facility.

The Act provides four exceptions to immunity from liability if a motocross facility intentionally, negligently, knowingly, or unreasonably causes an injury.

The Act requires a motocross facility to post and maintain warning signs in a clearly visible location on or near areas where motocross activities are conducted.

The Act does not limit or modify any claim or defense existing under statute or common law and does not affect any claim occurring prior to July 1, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2349 - Final Disposition of Human Remains — Forfeiture of Authority to Control
BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to the final disposition of human remains. Under the Act, a designee or person with the authority to control the final disposition of cremated human remains forfeits all rights and authority over the cremated human remains if the person does not claim the remains within 30 days after receipt of a written notice from a funeral director, funeral establishment, cremation establishment, cemetery, the state medical examiner, or a county medical examiner. The Act also makes technical corrections.

HOUSE FILE 2523 - Minor Child Medical Services — Parent or Guardian Consent over Minor Child's Objection
BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. Under previous law, if a minor refused to receive treatment or rehabilitation services for the minor's substance use disorder (SUD treatment), or refused observation, diagnosis, care, or treatment for the minor's mental health disorder (mental health treatment), the minor's parents, or any other interested person, needed to obtain a court order to have the minor committed for SUD treatment or mental health treatment.

This Act authorizes a parent, legal guardian, or custodian of a minor to have the minor committed over the minor's objections to SUD treatment, mental health treatment, or both.

The Act shall not be construed to require a mental health care professional or a facility that provides SUD treatment to provide treatment to a minor child if the mental health professional or facility determines that treatment is not appropriate, the criteria to admit the minor child for treatment has not been met, or the mental health professional or facility is otherwise unable to provide treatment.

HOUSE FILE 2532 - Damages for Wrongful Death and Awarding of Costs and Fees in Probate Proceedings — Nontestamentary Transfer Action Statute of Limitation — Actions to Set Aside or Contest Trusts

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act establishes a two-year statute of limitations for actions involving nontestamentary transfers, including claims based on a decedent's title to assets, beneficiary designations, or other transfers alleged to have been procured by tortious interference with inheritance, undue influence, fraud, or

other wrongful conduct not involving fraud. The limitation applies to actions involving decedents dying on or after July 1, 2026.

The Act authorizes a court in a disputed probate proceeding to award costs, attorney fees, and other expenses to any party, as equity and justice require, and to be paid by another party or from the estate, and excludes certain attorney fees as defined in Iowa Code section 633.198. This provision applies to actions involving decedents dying on or after July 1, 2026.

The Act revises provisions governing wrongful death damages by requiring damages to be allocated between the estate and persons suffering loss of services and support, and establishing priorities for payment of estate-related costs, medical assistance reimbursements, debts, and distribution under a will or intestacy.

The Act extends the deadline for a personal representative to file a probate report and inventory from 90 days to 120 days after the personal representative's qualification.

The Act establishes procedures governing trust code proceedings, including providing that actions to set aside or contest trusts and contested claims are triable in probate as law actions, while other trust matters are tried as equity proceedings, and establishes notice and finality provisions for probate orders. These provisions took effect May 2, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2619 - Uniform Family Law Arbitration Act

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act adopts and modifies the Uniform Family Law Arbitration Act (Uniform Act).

The Act allows certain family law disputes to be resolved through arbitration but does not authorize arbitrators to grant legal separation, divorce, dissolution of marriage, annulment, termination of parental rights, adoption, guardianship, or determinations of child dependency or support.

The Act requires arbitration agreements for family law disputes to be in a signed record identifying the arbitrator or selection method and the scope of disputes to be arbitrated, and provides that post-dispute family law claims are unenforceable unless affirmed after the dispute arises or incorporated into a court order. Courts are authorized to resolve challenges to enforceability or scope of arbitration agreements.

The Act establishes requirements for notice, representation, confidentiality, and conduct of proceedings, and requires arbitrators to be attorneys, inactive attorneys, or retired judges with specified domestic violence and child abuse training. The Act provides disclosure requirements for arbitrator impartiality and authorizes court intervention, including temporary orders, appointment of arbitrators, and consolidation of proceedings.

The Act authorizes arbitrators to manage proceedings, including by issuing subpoenas, ruling on evidence, conducting discovery, and implementing protections for parties or children, and requires reporting and termination of proceedings in cases involving domestic violence risk or suspected child abuse or neglect.

The Act requires arbitration awards to be issued in writing and confirmed by a court before becoming enforceable, with heightened review standards for child custody and support matters based on best interests of the child. The Act provides procedures for correcting, vacating, or amending awards and allows appeals of specified court orders.

The Act does not include a section from the Uniform Act relating to the immunity of arbitrators.

The Act applies to arbitration agreements entered on or after July 1, 2026, with limited application to prior agreements by party agreement.

HOUSE FILE 2660 - Decedent Property — Small Estate Affidavit Requirements and Disposition of Deposit Accounts and Undistributed Child Support

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to decedent property, including deposit accounts, small estate affidavits, and access to undistributed child support payments owed to a decedent.

Under current law, a state bank may provide for a deposit account payable on death to a designated beneficiary and, after payment, the proceeds remain subject to the decedent's debts and applicable inheritance tax for deaths occurring prior to January 1, 2025. The Act clarifies that the state bank is not liable for debts of the decedent or for any estate, inheritance, or succession taxes resulting from payment to the designated beneficiary.

The Act increases the maximum gross value of a decedent's personal property eligible for disposition through a small estate affidavit procedure from \$50,000 to \$100,000, requires the decedent's probate assets to consist only of personal property with no interest in real estate, and eliminates the prior exception allowing certain real property transfers for deaths occurring before January 1, 2025.

The Act requires Child Support Services to make a form available that a decedent's successor may use to collect undistributed child support payments held by Child Support Services or the Collection Services Center and owed to a decedent.

HOUSE FILE 2695 - Prohibition on Transfer of Civil Actions to Other Courts or Forums — Application of Foreign Laws

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act prohibits a court of this state, an arbitration panel, a tribunal, or an administrative agency from transferring a civil action to a forum that would apply foreign law in a manner that violates or is likely to violate the Constitution of the United States or the Constitution of the State of Iowa. A decision or ruling based, in whole or in part, on foreign law that denies a party a fundamental constitutional right is void and unenforceable.

The Act further provides that a contractual provision selecting foreign law is void and unenforceable if application of the foreign law would result in the denial of constitutional rights. The Act includes exceptions for ecclesiastical or internal religious matters, voluntary and knowing submission to foreign law or forums, and federal preemption, including treaties and international agreements. The Act applies to civil actions, contracts, arbitrations, and administrative proceedings commenced on or after July 1, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2706 - Judicial Officers, Magistrates, and Senior Magistrates — Appointing Commissions, Vacancies, Areas of Service, Elections, and Compensation

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to judicial officers, including magistrate appointments in judicial election districts, senior magistrates, and judicial officer compensation.

Division I — Magistrate Appointments in Judicial Election Districts

This division provides for the appointment and service of magistrates in judicial election districts rather than individual counties.

The division replaces county magistrate appointing commissions with judicial election district magistrate appointing commissions and revises commission membership.

The division requires the Supreme Court to prescribe a formula for determining the number of magistrates in each judicial election district. The division eliminates the requirement that each county be allotted at least one resident magistrate and removes certain limitations on substitution between district associate judges and magistrates.

If a magistrate vacancy cannot be filled, the division authorizes the chief judge of the judicial district to assign a magistrate within the judicial district to serve the remainder of the term, provided that the combined workload of the magistrate does not exceed 33 percent of a full-time position. This provision took effect April 30, 2026, and is repealed August 1, 2027.

The division provides priority consideration for magistrate applicants serving in the immediately preceding term for the magistrate term commencing August 1, 2027, and provides that if vacancies are fewer than prioritized applicants, only prioritized applicants shall be appointed. This provision is repealed July 31, 2031.

The division requires magistrate appointing commission member reimbursements to be paid by the county where the member resides instead of the county where the member serves.

Except as otherwise provided, the division takes effect November 1, 2026.

Division II — Senior Magistrates

This division establishes provisions governing senior magistrates, including eligibility, appointment, service limitations, compensation, reappointment, and retirement requirements. The division authorizes the Supreme Court to appoint eligible retired magistrates as senior magistrates and provides for maintenance of a senior magistrate roster and judicial branch medical insurance coverage.

Division III — Judicial Officer Salaries

This division would have increased salaries for judicial officers other than magistrates by 5 percent, and increased magistrate salaries to 40 percent of the salary of a district associate judge. The division was repealed by 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 2800 (see Appropriations).

HOUSE FILE 2720 - Dissolution of Marriage or Annulment — Name Change Request — Separate Document from Decree

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. Under current law, a party to a marriage may request, as part of a decree of dissolution or annulment, a change of the party's name to either the name appearing on the party's birth certificate or the name the party had immediately prior to the marriage. This Act requires the court to issue a separate document evidencing the name change if such a request is granted. The Act further requires the document to not contain any other information relating to the decree of dissolution or annulment.

CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS

- SENATE FILE 2114** - Intimidation with a Dangerous Weapon
- SENATE FILE 2280** - Safety of Certain Professions — Professional Permits to Carry Weapons — Threats Against Public Officials — Malicious Sharing of Personal Information
- SENATE FILE 2379** - Criminal Law — Victim Counselors, Protective Orders, Sex Offender Registration, Sexual Abuse Evidence, Victim Rights, Restoration of Mental Competency, and Restitution
- SENATE FILE 2399** - Bail and Bond Amounts and Conditions
- HOUSE FILE 1036** - Human Trafficking — Legislative Proposal Development, Investigation and Prosecution, Statutes of Limitations, Victim Restoration Services and Facilities, and Definitions
- HOUSE FILE 2199** - Law Enforcement Academy Training Programs
- HOUSE FILE 2202** - Regulation of Controlled Substances — Changes to Substance Schedules and Precursor Substances Reporting
- HOUSE FILE 2337** - Academic Degrees or Credentials and Professional or Occupational Licenses — Fraudulent Practice
- HOUSE FILE 2348** - Animal Torture — Penalties
- HOUSE FILE 2360** - Child Endangerment — Definitions and Terminology
- HOUSE FILE 2515** - Sexual Exploitation of a Minor — Ineligibility for Deferred or Suspended Sentences
- HOUSE FILE 2542** - Habitual Offender Minimum Sentences
- HOUSE FILE 2571** - Supreme Court — Rules of Criminal Procedure Revisions — Commitment Hearing Following Acquittal on Ground of Insanity
- HOUSE FILE 2697** - Dismissal of Offenses and Violations — Payment of Damages and Restitution — Consent
- HOUSE FILE 2787** - Warrant Resolution Clinics — Prohibition
- HOUSE FILE 2794** - Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Center Grant Program and Trust Fund
- HOUSE FILE 2797** - Brady-Giglio Lists — Retroactive Application of Rights — Equitable Relief, Attorney Fees, Expenses, and Costs

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 492** - Licensed Vehicle Recyclers — Vehicle Acquisition — Lienholder Verification
SEE TRANSPORTATION. This Act prohibits a licensed vehicle recycler from acquiring a motor vehicle sold for scrap or junk unless the recycler uses the recycler's access to the Department of Transportation's state records system to verify that no lienholder has a security interest in the vehicle. By operation of law, a violation of the Act is a simple misdemeanor punishable by a scheduled fine of \$135.
- SENATE FILE 2088** - Transportation — Administration and Regulation of Permits, Accident Reports, License and Identification Card Applications, and Certificates of Title — Mississippi River Parkway Commission
SEE TRANSPORTATION. This Act requires the driver of a vehicle to submit an accident report regardless of injury, death, or property damage if the vehicle does not have financial liability coverage in effect at the time of the accident. By operation of law, a person who fails to forward a written accident report to the Department of Transportation (DOT) when required commits a simple misdemeanor. This requirement applies on and after December 1, 2028, or the date the DOT submits to the Iowa Administrative Code Editor for publication

in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin a statement by the Director of Transportation that the applicable phase of the DOT's new records system is implemented, whichever is earlier.

SENATE FILE 2218 - Verification of Identity, Citizenship, Immigration Status, and Employment and Licensure Eligibility — Voter Registration and Pretrial Detention — Civil Penalties for Employment of Persons Providing False Information

SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act provides that it is a fraudulent practice for a person, for the purpose of retaining or obtaining employment, or any other thing of value, to falsely provide an employer or prospective employer with a social security number that does not belong to the person. Additionally, an employer who knowingly provides a potential employee with a fraudulent social security number for the purpose of hiring the potential employee commits a fraudulent practice.

The Act requires each voter registration form to contain an oath established in the Act. A person falsely swearing this oath is guilty of election misconduct in the first degree, a class "D" felony. The Act provides that an information or indictment for election misconduct in the first degree shall be found within five years after the commission of the offense.

The Act provides that a charge for a forcible felony creates a rebuttable presumption that the person is dangerous and that there is not a sufficient surety or condition of release that will reasonably assure the personal safety of another person or persons. If a court determines that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed a forcible felony, then the defendant shall be detained without bail. The prosecuting attorney, or the court on its own motion, must move for pretrial detention. The defendant may rebut the presumption by demonstrating, by a preponderance of the evidence, that adequate conditions of release will reasonably assure the personal safety of another person or persons.

The Act also provides that it shall be presumed that there are not sufficient sureties or conditions of release that will secure the appearance at trial of an unauthorized alien for an indictable offense. If a court determines that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed an indictable offense and the court further determines by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant is an unauthorized alien, the prosecuting attorney, or the court on its own motion, shall move for pretrial detention. The defendant may rebut the presumption by demonstrating, by a preponderance of the evidence, that adequate conditions of release will secure the appearance of the defendant at trial.

SENATE FILE 2426 - Commercial Motor Vehicle Drivers — English Language Proficiency Requirements — Penalties

SEE TRANSPORTATION. This Act prohibits a person who is not sufficiently proficient in the English language from operating a commercial motor vehicle (CMV). A person who violates this provision commits a serious misdemeanor punishable by a \$1,000 fine and imprisonment not to exceed one year. However, if a CMV driver holds a commercial driver's license or learner's permit issued in Iowa after the driver demonstrated sufficient English proficiency to the Department of Transportation, a peace officer is required to issue an out-of-service order in lieu of the criminal penalty.

A commercial motor carrier is prohibited from employing or engaging the services of a commercial driver, including as an independent contractor, who is not sufficiently proficient in the English language. A carrier who violates this provision commits a simple misdemeanor and is subject to a \$10,000 scheduled fine. In addition, a peace officer must serve an out-of-service order on a commercial motor carrier who is found to have allowed a CMV driver who was not sufficiently proficient in the English language.

- HOUSE FILE 571** - Medical Practitioners and Health Care Institutions — Exercise of Conscience, Whistleblower Activities, and Free Speech Protections
SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY. This Act provides immunity from civil, criminal, or administrative liability for a medical practitioner (practitioner) or health care institution (institution) exercising their conscience in good faith.
- The Act also provides certain whistleblower protections to a practitioner or institution. The Act does not exempt a person from the requirements of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.
- HOUSE FILE 2253** - Crimes Involving Pregnant Females — Terminology
SEE HUMAN SERVICES. This Act changes the use of “pregnant person” to “pregnant female” in Iowa Code.
- HOUSE FILE 2527** - Civil or Criminal Actions — Damage or Injury from Effect on Climate Caused by Greenhouse Gas Emissions — Limitation on Liability
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act limits a defendant’s liability arising from any alleged actual or potential effect on climate caused wholly or partly by a greenhouse gas emission attributable to the defendant in a civil or criminal action.
- HOUSE FILE 2601** - Elections and Campaign Finance — Prohibition on Direct or Indirect Participation and Influence by Foreign Nationals in Ballot Issues — Investigations
SEE ELECTIONS, ETHICS, AND CAMPAIGN FINANCE. This Act relates to campaign finance and campaign contributions by foreign nationals. By operation of law, a person who violates a provision of the Act, including by accepting or failing to report certain contributions from foreign nationals, or by collecting or disclosing certain information about donors to a tax-exempt organization, is guilty of a serious misdemeanor.
- HOUSE FILE 2602** - Massage Therapy — Establishment Licensure — Sole Practitioners — Penalties
SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY. This Act requires a massage therapy establishment to obtain a license in order to operate on or after January 1, 2027. The operation of a massage therapy establishment without a license after that date is a serious misdemeanor.
- HOUSE FILE 2766** - Captive Insurance Companies and Life Captive Reinsurance Companies
SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE. This Act relates to captive insurance companies. Under the Act, a tax return on gross premiums filed by an insurance company or a captive company is not subject to inspection, and a present or former officer or employee of the state is prohibited from willfully or recklessly publishing such tax return. A person who violates the Act is guilty of a serious misdemeanor and, in addition to any other penalty, must be dismissed from state office or discharged from state employment.
- HOUSE FILE 2770** - Appropriations — Justice System
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act makes appropriations to the justice system for FY 2026-2027. The Act increases the hourly rate for court-appointed counsel. The Act directs the College Student Aid Commission to establish an Attorney Loan Repayment Program to encourage attorneys to remain and practice law in this state, including requirements for service as an indigent defense attorney. The Act also increases court filing fees.

CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS

SENATE FILE 2114 - Intimidation with a Dangerous Weapon

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to intimidation with a dangerous weapon.

The Act removes language referring to the shooting, throwing, launching, or discharging of a dangerous weapon within an assembly of people, and thereby placing the occupants or people in reasonable apprehension of serious injury from the Act, but includes the shooting, throwing, launching, or discharging of a weapon at another person.

A violation of the Act is either a class “C” or class “D” felony depending on the circumstances.

SENATE FILE 2280 - Safety of Certain Professions — Professional Permits to Carry Weapons — Threats Against Public Officials — Malicious Sharing of Personal Information

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.

Division I — Professional Permit to Carry Weapons

This Act provides that a permit issued to a member of the General Assembly, judicial officer, Attorney General, Deputy Attorney General, or Assistant Attorney General grants authorization to go armed anywhere in the state at all times, including on the grounds of a school. The Act allows the Iowa Supreme Court to impose additional training or other requirements on judicial officers who hold a permit issued under the Act.

Division II — Threats Against Members of the General Assembly or Judicial Officers — Immediate Family Members

The Act prohibits a person from threatening a member of the General Assembly or a judicial officer or the immediate family member of a member of the General Assembly or judicial officer with the intent to do any of the following: placing a member of the General Assembly or a judicial officer or the immediate family member of a member of the General Assembly or judicial officer in fear of serious injury to the a member of the General Assembly or a judicial officer or the immediate family member of a member of the General Assembly or judicial officer; preventing or interrupting the ability of a member of the General Assembly or a judicial officer from carrying out job duties; or retaliating against a member of the General Assembly or a judicial officer in relation to the performance of the General Assembly member’s or judicial officer’s official duties. A person violating this division of the Act is guilty of a class “C” felony.

Division III — Malicious Sharing of Personal Information

The Act prohibits a person from sharing the personal information of a member of the General Assembly or a judicial officer or the immediate family member of a member of the General Assembly or judicial officer with the intent to do any of the following: causing harm to a member of the General Assembly or a judicial officer or the immediate family member of a member of the General Assembly or judicial officer; placing a member of the General Assembly or a judicial officer or the immediate family member of a member of the General Assembly or judicial officer in fear of serious harm to a member of the General Assembly or a judicial officer or the immediate family member of a member of the General Assembly or judicial officer; or preventing or interrupting the ability to carry out the member of the General Assembly’s or judicial officer’s job duties. A person violating this division of the Act is guilty of a serious misdemeanor.

Division IV — Threats Including to Public Officials

The Act provides that a person commits harassment when the person communicates a true threat, including an intent to cause bodily injury to a public official, and the public official becomes aware of the threat within one year.

SENATE FILE 2379 - Criminal Law — Victim Counselors, Protective Orders, Sex Offender Registration, Sexual Abuse Evidence, Victim Rights, Restoration of Mental Competency, and Restitution

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to rights and protections of victims of certain crimes.

Division I — Victim Counselors

The Act provides that a victim counselor, or a clerk, secretary, stenographer, or any other employee who types or otherwise prepares or manages the confidential reports or working papers of a victim counselor, must not be compelled to produce confidential communications or confidential information or be examined or required to give evidence concerning any confidential communication or confidential information made by a victim to the counselor, except when the victim waives the privilege in writing, or disclosure of the information is compelled by a court.

Division II — Protective Orders

The Act provides that in the sentencing proceeding for a person convicted of certain sexual offenses, a prosecutor may request the criminal court to grant the victim an order of protection to remain in effect for the duration of the criminal court's jurisdiction over the person. After the expiration of a criminal court's jurisdiction over the person, the victim may file a petition for an order of protection against the person, or submit evidence of the person's conviction for a sexual offense as cause for the court to grant the order of protection. A court may take judicial notice of the facts that led to a person's conviction for a sexual offense and a victim is not required to appear before the court on the victim's petition for an order of protection. The court may grant an order of protection for any length of time, including for a victim's lifetime.

Division III — Sex Offender Registration

The Act provides that a sex offender must appear in person to register with the sheriff of each county where the offender has a residence, maintains employment, or is in attendance as a student, within three business days of being required to register. A sex offender must also notify the sheriff, within three business days, of the following: a change of residence or employment, a change of attendance as a student, the establishment of a new residence or employment, and attendance of school in another jurisdiction. A sex offender, within three business days of a change, must appear in person to notify the sheriff of the county of principal residence of any location in which the offender is staying when away from the principal residence of the offender for more than five days by identifying the location and the period of time the offender is staying in such location. A sex offender is required to appear in person, within three business days of a change, to notify the sheriff of the county of the sex offender's principal residence of the following: the name, address, and telephone number of the sex offender's place of employment, and any changes to such information, and the license plate number and a physical description, including make, model, and color, of any vehicle owned or regularly operated by the sex offender.

Division IV — Sexual Abuse — Rights

The Act provides that a law enforcement agency shall store a sexual abuse evidence collection kit in a clean, dry location for a minimum of 20 years, or in the case of a minor victim for the lifetime of the minor victim, even if the reported victim of sexual abuse has not filed a criminal complaint. A law enforcement agency shall notify the reported victim in writing not fewer than 60 days before the intended date of disposal of the kit, the reason for disposal of the kit, and the options that remain available for retention and analysis of the kit, if any. Upon written request of the reported victim, the law enforcement agency shall grant further preservation of the kit or its probative contents. For notification purposes, the Act requires a victim to submit the victim's physical address to the law enforcement office that has custody of the sexual assault examination kit. A victim must also notify the law enforcement office that has custody of the sexual assault examination kit of any change to the victim's contact information.

The Act adds additional information to be included in the document provided to victims explaining the victim's rights.

Division V — Mental Competency

The Act provides that upon a finding by an evaluating psychiatrist or licensed doctorate-level psychologist that there is no substantial probability that a defendant will be restored to competency in a reasonable amount of time, the court shall schedule a hearing to be held within 14 days. Within 10 days of receiving notice, a party may request a separate independent psychiatric evaluation to be performed by a psychiatrist or licensed, doctorate-level psychologist of the

party's own choosing. The requesting party must file notice of intent to seek such evaluation before the scheduled hearing.

The Act provides that following an initial evaluation finding that there is no substantial probability that the defendant will be restored to competency in a reasonable amount of time and provided the defendant is otherwise eligible for pretrial release, the defendant may request a bond review hearing.

The Act provides that after the receipt of a second evaluation, or upon expiration of the time period for obtaining a second evaluation, the court shall hold a hearing to determine the defendant's competency status.

The Act provides that if the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that there is no substantial probability the defendant's competency will be restored in a reasonable amount of time, the court shall terminate the commitment and, if the person is charged with a forcible felony, set the matter for commencement of civil proceedings. A charge of a forcible felony shall be deemed a recent overt act for purposes of civil commitment proceedings under Iowa Code chapter 229.

Division VI — Restitution

The Act reclassifies the payment of Crime Victim Compensation Program reimbursements as category "A" restitution rather than category "B" restitution. Category "A" restitution is ordered without regard to an offender's reasonable ability to make payments. This division of the Act takes effect July 1, 2027.

Division VII — Victim Rights

The Act requires a sexual assault nurse examiner to complete a sexual assault forensic examiner program that meets the sexual assault nurse examiner education guidelines approved by the federal Department of Justice. The sexual assault forensic examiner program shall maintain a list of sexual assault examiners and sexual assault nurse examiners who have completed didactic and clinical training approved by the state Department of Justice and consistent with the sexual assault forensic examiner education guidelines approved by the federal Department of Justice. The Act provides that a foster parent or custodian of a victim may qualify as a secondary victim.

SENATE FILE 2399 - Bail and Bond Amounts and Conditions

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to bail and bond amounts and conditions.

The Act provides that when an offense is bailable, the magistrate must fix bail at the amount endorsed on the warrant unless the bail set on the warrant is less than that specified on the bond schedule, and shall give due consideration to other conditions stipulated on the warrant for the defendant's appearance in the court that issued the warrant. In fixing bail, the magistrate shall not set bail at an amount that is less than, or a percentage of, that on the uniform bond schedule, unless the magistrate provides justification for the deviation, pursuant to Iowa Code section 811.2(2), in writing.

The Act provides that a defendant is only eligible to be released on the defendant's own recognizance if the defendant has been charged with a nonviolent, nondrug simple or serious misdemeanor or to receive necessary medical attention. A defendant released for necessary medical attention shall be returned to the custody of a law enforcement agency once the defendant is medically cleared and fit for confinement.

The Act provides that for an arrest made without a warrant, in determining conditions of release, a magistrate shall not set bail at an amount that is less than, or a percentage of, that on the uniform bond schedule, or otherwise release a defendant, unless the magistrate provides justification, pursuant to Iowa Code section 811.2(2), in writing. A defendant is only eligible to be released on the defendant's own recognizance if the defendant has been charged with a nonviolent, nondrug simple or serious misdemeanor.

The Act removes the requirement that cash or other qualified security deposited with the clerk of the district court pursuant to the execution of an appearance bond may not exceed 10 percent of the amount of the bond.

The Act provides that if a pretrial release evaluation is completed by the Department of Corrections for a magistrate to consider prior to the release of a defendant, the evaluator for the Department of Corrections must verify all of the information contained in the pretrial release evaluation prior to providing it to the magistrate.

The Act directs the Judicial Council to revise and update the bond schedule to adjust for inflation since the previous update that became effective on July 1, 2017. The revised bond schedule shall be submitted to the Supreme Court no later than July 1, 2027.

HOUSE FILE 1036 - Human Trafficking — Legislative Proposal Development, Investigation and Prosecution, Statutes of Limitations, Victim Restoration Services and Facilities, and Definitions

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to human trafficking, including civil statutes of limitations, an annual stakeholder meeting and report, depositions of victims, restitution, restorative facilities and protective services, and investigation and prosecution.

The Act directs the Office to Combat Human Trafficking within the Department of Public Safety to hold an annual meeting of stakeholders to develop legislative proposals to combat human trafficking, and submit a report to the Governor and General Assembly by December 15, 2025, and annually thereafter for five years until the submission of the report in 2030. The Act specifies the participants in the meeting. These provisions were repealed by 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 2800 (see Appropriations).

The Act provides that the court or the court's designee may order a child screened for commercial sexual exploitation when the court reviews a complaint using a standardized human trafficking indicator list.

The Act requires the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) to screen a child for exploitation if HHS determines a report it receives alleging child abuse constitutes a child abuse allegation. This provision was repealed by House File 2800, which provides a different screening process.

The Act provides that if a person who sells or offers for sale the person's services as a partner in a sex act is under the age of 18, the county attorney may elect, in lieu of filing a petition alleging that the person has committed a delinquent act, that the person shall not be arrested, charged, or prosecuted for the offense, but instead may be taken into temporary custody under Iowa Code section 232.78 or 232.79 or referred to HHS for the possible filing of a petition alleging that the person is a child in need of assistance (CINA).

The Act provides that the payment of Crime Victim Compensation Program reimbursements is category "A" restitution. These provisions, as amended by House File 2800, take effect July 1, 2027.

The Act directs HHS to develop a plan in consultation with nonprofit service providers who provide restoration services to victims of human trafficking to increase the availability of restoration facilities and protective services available to juvenile victims of human trafficking, including juvenile victims who are not, at the time of victimization, either a CINA or otherwise involved in the juvenile court system. The Act, as amended by House File 2800, requires HHS to present a report detailing the plan to the Governor and the General Assembly by December 15, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2199 - Law Enforcement Academy Training Programs

BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY. This Act relates to Level II Law Enforcement Academy (academy) training programs. The Act requires an individual who submits an application for attendance at an approved Level II academy training program, at a minimum, to submit proof of successful completion of a two-year or four-year police science or criminal justice program at an accredited educational institution approved by the academy, or meet the qualifications set forth in Iowa Code section 80B.11H(1) (for military veterans with active duty military police experience) or Iowa Code section 80B.11H(3) (for federal law enforcement officers).

HOUSE FILE 2202 - Regulation of Controlled Substances — Changes to Substance Schedules and Precursor Substances Reporting

BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY. This Act relates to controlled substances, including certain controlled substances schedules.

The Act makes changes to the Schedule I controlled substances in Iowa's Uniform Controlled Substances Act (Iowa Code chapter 124) to conform to the specific chemical designations of the substances contained in Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 1308.

A violation involving a controlled substance included in the Act may result in a class "B" felony and, in addition to the 25-year mandatory minimum term of imprisonment for class "B" felons, a fine of not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$100,000; a class "C" felony punishable by imprisonment up to 10 years and a fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$50,000; or an aggravated misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment up to 2 years and a fine of at least \$855 but not more than \$8,540.

The Act took effect April 16, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2337 - Academic Degrees or Credentials and Professional or Occupational Licenses — Fraudulent Practice

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to fraudulent practices involving academic credentials and professional or occupational licenses. The Act provides that a person who falsely represents oneself as possessing an academic degree or academic credentials for the purpose of obtaining employment or other personal gain is guilty of a fraudulent practice in the fifth degree, which is a simple misdemeanor. The Act provides that a person who falsely represents oneself as possessing a professional or occupational license regulated under Iowa Code chapter 272C is guilty of a fraudulent practice in the third degree, which is an aggravated misdemeanor.

HOUSE FILE 2348 - Animal Torture — Penalties

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to animal torture. The Act provides that a person is guilty of animal torture if the person intentionally, willfully, and maliciously mutilates, burns, poisons, drowns, starves, or causes intensive or prolonged pain or death to a companion animal, or causes, directs, or provides anything of value to another person to do the same. A person who commits animal torture as described is guilty of a class "D" felony. A person who intentionally or knowingly inflicts on an animal severe and prolonged or repeated physical pain that causes the animal's serious injury or death is guilty of an aggravated misdemeanor.

The Act provides that a person who commits animal torture shall be guilty of an offense one degree higher than the underlying offense if the person has previously been convicted of committing animal abuse pursuant to Iowa Code section 717B.2, animal neglect punishable as a serious misdemeanor or aggravated misdemeanor pursuant to Iowa Code section 717B.3, animal torture pursuant to the Act, injury to or interference with a police service dog pursuant to Iowa Code section 717B.9, bestiality pursuant to Iowa Code section 717C.1, or an act involving a contest event prohibited in Iowa Code section 717D.2.

HOUSE FILE 2360 - Child Endangerment — Definitions and Terminology

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. Prior law provided that a person who is the parent, guardian, or person having custody or control over a child or a minor under the age of 18 with a mental or physical disability, or a person who is a member of the household in which a child or such a minor resides, commits child endangerment when the person does any of the actions described in Iowa Code section 726.6.

This Act adds a definition of "child" to mean any person under 18 years of age, and removes references to minors.

HOUSE FILE 2515 - Sexual Exploitation of a Minor — Ineligibility for Deferred or Suspended Sentences

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act provides that a person convicted of sexual exploitation of a child in violation of Iowa Code section 728.12 is not eligible to receive a deferred or suspended sentence.

HOUSE FILE 2542 - Habitual Offender Minimum Sentences

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to habitual offenders. The Act provides that a person convicted of a third qualifying felony shall be sentenced as a habitual offender and shall serve a minimum of seven years of the sentence imposed by law. A person sentenced as a habitual offender shall not be eligible for parole until the person has served the minimum sentence of confinement of seven years. Earned time accrued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 903A shall not reduce the minimum sentence of confinement of seven years. The Act provides that a habitual offender shall be confined for no more than 20 years.

The Act requires a probation officer to report probation violations to the proper authorities.

The Act provides that a person convicted as a habitual offender is not eligible for a deferred or suspended sentence.

HOUSE FILE 2571 - Supreme Court — Rules of Criminal Procedure Revisions — Commitment Hearing Following Acquittal on Ground of Insanity

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to the Iowa Rules of Criminal Procedure including commitment hearings following an acquittal based on insanity. The Act provides a list of factors a court must consider in determining whether a defendant continues to be mentally ill and dangerous to the defendant's self or others. The Act states that the absence of recent overt acts of dangerousness shall not, by itself, be the sole determining factor in assessing whether the defendant poses a risk to the defendant's self or others. The factors include the original offense, behavioral history, psychiatric history and current mental status, substance use disorder history, institutional behavior and independent functioning, environmental influences, and expert testimony and risk assessment reports.

The revised Iowa Rules of Criminal Procedure are required to be submitted for Legislative Council review no later than October 14, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2697 - Dismissal of Offenses and Violations — Payment of Damages and Restitution — Consent

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. Notwithstanding any other statute or rule of law, with the consent of the defendant and the prosecuting attorney, this Act authorizes a court to order, as part of the dismissal of a public offense or violation of an ordinance, the defendant to pay pecuniary damages to the victim and category "B" restitution, which shall include court costs.

HOUSE FILE 2787 - Warrant Resolution Clinics — Prohibition

BY COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT OVERSIGHT. This Act prohibits warrant resolution clinics and includes enforcement mechanisms.

The Act defines "warrant resolution clinic" as any prearranged, formal or informal, advertised event designed to allow individuals with outstanding arrest warrants to appear and resolve such warrants without being subject to immediate arrest and custodial processing. The Act provides that an entity, organization, county attorney, law enforcement agency, judicial officer, nonprofit organization, or any other person shall not organize, sponsor, host, fund, promote, or participate in a warrant resolution clinic. A person who has an outstanding warrant for the person's arrest may only resolve the warrant by surrendering to a peace officer or at a law enforcement agency, appearing at a scheduled court hearing as directed by a magistrate or judge under standard judicial procedures, or through a written or oral motion made in an individual pending case, with notice provided to the prosecuting attorney, and ruled on by the court under standard judicial procedures in the ordinary course of the case.

The Act prohibits the use of public funds or facilities for the purpose of hosting a warrant resolution clinic. The Act provides that a person shall not evade or attempt to evade the prohibitions of the Act by conducting a substantially equivalent program, event, or arrangement under a different name, structure, or designation. The Act provides examples of substantially equivalent programs that are prohibited.

A public official or employee who knowingly violates the Act commits a simple misdemeanor, and is also subject to removal from office or employment pursuant to applicable law. A private person that knowingly organizes, sponsors, hosts, or funds a warrant resolution clinic or substantially equivalent program in violation of the Act commits a simple misdemeanor and is also subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 per violation, recoverable by the Attorney General in an action in district court.

The Act authorizes any person to report a suspected violation of the Act to the Office of the Attorney General. The Attorney General may investigate suspected violations and may bring a civil enforcement action in district court seeking injunctive relief, civil penalties, and recovery of costs and reasonable attorney fees.

The Act provides that any resident of a county in which a warrant resolution clinic or substantially equivalent program is conducted or planned in violation of the Act may bring a civil action in district court to obtain injunctive or declaratory

relief to prevent or restrain the violation, recover actual damages, and recover reasonable attorney fees and court costs. Any county organizing, sponsoring, hosting, funding, promoting, or participating in a warrant resolution clinic is not entitled to receive any funds having their origin in court debt including but not limited to fees or remittances arising from or related to the collection of past due fines and fees constituting court debt.

The Act took effect June 2, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2794 - Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Center Grant Program and Trust Fund

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act establishes a Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Center Grant Program.

The Act requires, contingent upon funding, the Attorney General to contract with an eligible nonprofit organization to operate and maintain sexual assault forensic examination centers in the state.

The Act provides that a contracting nonprofit organization shall: provide services to sexual assault survivors; offer or facilitate trainings regarding sexual assault services and prevention; provide a cooperative team approach regarding sexual assault services and establish an approach that emphasizes the best interests of the sexual assault survivor; involve or consult with persons from various professional disciplines who have training and expertise in addressing special types of sexual assault; and submit an annual report to the Attorney General and the General Assembly regarding the services offered.

The Act creates a Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Center Grant Program Trust Fund in the State Treasury under the control of the Department of Justice. All moneys deposited in the trust fund are appropriated and made available to the Department of Justice for the purposes of the Act and to provide grants to sexual assault forensic examination centers in this state.

HOUSE FILE 2797 - Brady-Giglio Lists — Retroactive Application of Rights — Equitable Relief, Attorney Fees, Expenses, and Costs

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act provides that an officer placed on a Brady-Giglio list by a prosecuting agency, regardless of when such placement, action, or decision occurred, shall have the rights afforded under the Act.

The Act provides that if an officer, after appealing a decision placing the officer on a Brady-Giglio list, prevails, the court shall award the officer equitable relief, reasonable attorney fees, expenses, and court costs. Any such award shall be paid by the state or the municipality or county that employs or is responsible for the prosecuting agency.

The Act takes effect upon enactment and applies retroactively to the placement of an officer on a Brady-Giglio list and subsequent proceedings and orders occurring on and after July 1, 2021.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

- SENATE FILE 2411** - Iowa-Ireland Trade Commission
- HOUSE FILE 2799** - Economic Development — Programs for Corporate Headquarters Expansion and Development, Major Economic Growth Attraction, Business Incentives for Growth, and Industrial New Jobs Training — Repeal of New Jobs Tax Credit — Electricity Use Analysis and Forecasting

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2453** - Regents Institution Foundation Investments — State-Certified Innovation Funds — VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR
SEE EDUCATION. This bill required each foundation associated with Iowa State University, the University of Iowa, and the University of Northern Iowa to ensure that no less than 1 percent of their respective total endowment assets, as defined in the bill, were invested by July 1, 2027, in one or more innovation funds certified by the Economic Development Authority. If the percentage of investment fell below 1 percent, the foundation would have been required to increase its investment as necessary to meet the required percentage. The bill provided additional standards and a waiver process for such investments and required an annual report to the General Assembly.
- The bill required the Economic Development Authority to maintain a public list of all innovation funds eligible for investment by a foundation.
- SENATE FILE 2465** - Agriculture — Infrastructure, Product, Innovation, and Revitalization Programs — Weights and Measuring Standards, Animal Health Regulation, Grain Sales and Operations, and Agricultural Tourism — Miscellaneous Tax Provisions
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act amends or enacts a number of provisions in various Iowa Code chapters relating to agriculture, including by promoting and regulating the renewable fuel industry; promoting agricultural commodities and associated products; providing for on-farm agricultural tourism; providing a sales and use tax exemption for the sale of honeybees; and expanding the Rural Veterinarian Loan Repayment Program and providing an income tax exclusion for licensed veterinarians participating in the program.
- SENATE FILE 2472** - Property Taxation — Local and State Government Taxes, Financial Authority, and Budgets — First-Time Homebuyers Programs — Urban Renewal
SEE TAXATION. Division XIII of this Act amends the definition of “economic development” for purposes of Iowa Code chapter 15 to also include the provision of workforce housing; adds development policies that advance the development of workforce housing to the list of factors required to be considered by the public body before public funds are used for grants, loans, tax incentives, or other financial assistance to private persons or on behalf of private persons for economic development under Iowa Code chapter 15; and defines “low and moderate income family housing” for Iowa Code chapter 403 to mean housing for low and moderate income families and housing that meets the requirements of Iowa Code section 15.353 (workforce housing). The Act also amends various provisions relating to Iowa’s Urban Renewal Law and the use of divisions of revenue (tax increment financing).
- SENATE FILE 2484** - Appropriations — Infrastructure and Capital Projects
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act authorizes an Iowa nonprofit organization established to promote economic development and tourism in an area within the state, rather than a convention and visitors bureau, to apply for certification of Regional Sports Authority Districts (RSADs) and for financial assistance from the Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA). The Act strikes the 10 RSAD certification cap and requires IEDA to

certify RSADs on a competitive basis based on factors including the number of unique and innovative activities proposed to be supported by an RSAD. The Act strikes the RSAD board requirements and amends the active promotion requirements to include physical sporting events in an RSAD area rather than nonprofessional sporting events. The Act requires RSADs that receive financial assistance to submit a comprehensive report to IEDA.

The Act strikes a provision from Iowa Code section 15G.104 that prohibited an entity that received financial assistance under Iowa Code chapter 15G (Major Events and Tourism) from also receiving financial assistance under Iowa Code chapter 15F, subchapter IV (Sports Tourism Infrastructure Program).

HOUSE FILE 2772 - Appropriations — Economic Development
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act appropriates moneys for FY 2026-2027 from the General Fund of the State and the Iowa Skilled Worker and Job Creation Fund to the Iowa Economic Development Authority. Division II of the Act codifies the Housing Renewal Program.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SENATE FILE 2411 - Iowa-Ireland Trade Commission

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act establishes an Iowa-Ireland Trade Commission (commission). The Economic Development Authority is responsible for providing administrative support for the commission. The commission must be composed of the members detailed in the Act, and commission members do not receive compensation for services. The requirements for electing a chairperson of the commission, commission meetings, and commission records are detailed in the Act. The commission is tasked with the objectives detailed in the Act, including promoting trade, business, and academic exchanges between Iowa and Ireland. The Act requires the commission to submit a report to the Governor and General Assembly within one year of the date of the commission's organizational meeting, and annually thereafter, that includes the information detailed in the Act.

HOUSE FILE 2799 - Economic Development — Programs for Corporate Headquarters Expansion and Development, Major Economic Growth Attraction, Business Incentives for Growth, and Industrial New Jobs Training — Repeal of New Jobs Tax Credit — Electricity Use Analysis and Forecasting

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to matters under the purview of the Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA), the Iowa Utilities Commission (IUC), and the Department of Education.

Division I — Headquarters Expansion and Development for Growth Employment Program

The Act creates the Headquarters Expansion and Development for Growth Employment Program (EDGE Program). The Act details the requirements for a business to be eligible for participation in the EDGE Program, including the business's primary engagement in advanced manufacturing, bioscience, insurance and finance, technology and innovation, or research and development. The Act also details the factors IEDA must consider in determining a business's eligibility. An application for the EDGE Program must be submitted to IEDA, including payment of an application fee. The aggregate value, and terms of, a tax incentive may be negotiated between IEDA and a business.

The Act requires an eligible business that is approved to participate in the EDGE Program to enter into an agreement with IEDA that specifies the requirements for completion of the program requirements, including all of the information detailed in the Act. The eligible business must comply with such requirements until the agreement end date, including maintaining the business's base employment level.

If IEDA has entered into an agreement with an eligible business, IEDA may authorize a qualifying wage tax credit for a period of up to three years, provided the business maintains the required number of employees. The amount of, and procedure for, a tax credit is detailed in the Act. IEDA may prohibit an eligible business issued a tax incentive from receiving any additional financial assistance. Tax reductions for a qualifying wage tax credit are detailed in the Act.

Division II — Major Economic Growth Attraction Program

The Act amends the definition of "foreign adversary." Under the Act, the IEDA board cannot authorize tax incentives available under the Major Economic Growth Attraction Program, or an exemption to restrictions on agricultural land holdings, for more than two eligible businesses, or on or after January 1, 2030, whichever occurs first.

Division III — Business Incentives for Growth Program Training Fund

The Act creates a Business Incentives for Growth Program Training Fund (fund) under the control of IEDA. An amount up to 1.5 percent of the gross wages an eligible business pays to specified employees must be credited to the fund from the withholding payments made by the eligible business. Quarterly, an eligible business must disclose the amount of gross wages that qualify to IEDA, which must calculate the amount of gross wages to be deposited into the fund, and the Department of Revenue (IDR), which must deposit that amount into the fund. Moneys in the fund must be used to reimburse eligible training expenses incurred by an eligible business. An eligible business

that has been approved to receive a reimbursement from the fund cannot receive any other state incentives for the same purpose.

Division IV — Repeal of the New Jobs Tax Credit

The Act repeals the New Jobs Tax Credit and makes conforming changes. This division of the Act took effect June 2, 2026.

Division V — Load Forecasting

The Act requires IEDA to commission, at least every two years, Iowa State University of Science and Technology (ISU) to produce a report forecasting the probable future growth of the use of electricity within Iowa and the midwest. The report must include a load forecast and an analysis of electric transmission system expansion plans. Additional requirements for the report are detailed in the Act.

The load forecast and state electric transmission system expansion planning analysis must be published by December 31, 2028, and biennially published by December 31 thereafter. IEDA may commission other reports as necessary, and a commissioned report must be publicly available on IEDA's Internet site. The Act grants IUC authority to compel public utilities to share with ISU information necessary to develop the required analysis, and allows a utility to enter into a nondisclosure agreement with ISU to keep information confidential.

The Act creates an Electric Transmission System Expansion Planning Analysis and Load Forecasting Fund and requires IUC to direct all electric utilities to remit to the Treasurer of State for deposit in the fund not more than .02 percent of the utilities' total gross intrastate operating revenues from the prior year. Moneys in the fund are appropriated to IEDA for the purpose of commissioning the load forecasting report and analysis. IUC must establish an aggregate maximum amount of remittances and a schedule for remittances. The remittances are in addition to assessments otherwise permitted and may be included in budgets approved for energy efficiency implementation as detailed in the Act.

Division VI — Iowa Industrial New Jobs Training Program

The Act provides that, for an agreement entered into on or before June 30, 2026, payment of Iowa Industrial New Jobs Training Program (program) costs cannot be deferred for a period of more than 10 years, and the agreed-upon period cannot be extended. For an agreement entered into on or before July 1, 2026, payment of program costs cannot be deferred for more than seven years.

When IDR receives notice that a community college and an employer have entered into an agreement under the program, IDR must provide a copy of the agreement to the Department of Workforce Development for review and feedback to be shared with the community college.

A bond issued to a community college for a project under the program cannot exceed 70 percent of total program costs related to training expenses. A community college that receives a new jobs credit from withholding must annually report a detailed accounting of the community college's bond interest as detailed in the Act. To be eligible to receive a new jobs credit from withholding, a community college must document that the community college's program costs meet the criteria of the Act.

The Act requests the Legislative Council to establish an interim study committee to meet during the 2026 Legislative Interim to review the New Jobs Training Program and make recommendations regarding the program. The membership and responsibilities of the committee are detailed in the Act. The interim study committee must submit a report detailing the committee's findings and recommendations to the General Assembly no later than December 15, 2026. The interim study committee must hold the committee's first meeting on or before August 1, 2026.

EDUCATION

- SENATE FILE 176** - Participation in Cocurricular and Extracurricular Activities by Open Enrollment Students Receiving Instruction over the Internet
- SENATE FILE 273** - Definition of Grooming Behavior — Mandatory Reporting to Board of Educational Examiners
- SENATE FILE 274** - Extracurricular Interscholastic Athletic Contests or Competitions — Forms of Payment for Entry
- SENATE FILE 2086** - Schools — Elective Junior Fire Fighter Program
- SENATE FILE 2201** - School Finance — State Percents of Growth — Replacement Payments, Transportation Funding, Budget Adjustments, Enrollments, and Education Support Personnel
- SENATE FILE 2219** - Student Absences for School-Sponsored Activities, Programs, Competitions, and Projects — Exemptions and School Policies
- SENATE FILE 2220** - Education — Statewide Assessments, Gifted and Talented Student Identification, Advanced Mathematics Pathway, Course Acceleration, and Advanced Course Automatic Enrollment
- SENATE FILE 2231** - Education and Local Governments — Protected Speech and Expression of Rights Policies, Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program, Postsecondary Programs, Textbooks, and County Officer Use of Funds — Child and Education Tax Credits
- SENATE FILE 2299** - District-to-Community College Sharing or Concurrent Enrollment Program — Payment for Failed or Withdrawn Classes — VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR
- SENATE FILE 2320** - District-to-Community College Sharing or Concurrent Enrollment Program — Courses Offered Both in Person and over the Internet — VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR
- SENATE FILE 2428** - Education — Discipline of Disruptive Students — Special Education and Individualized Education Programs — Attendance Center Pilot Program
- SENATE FILE 2453** - Regents Institution Foundation Investments — State-Certified Innovation Funds — VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR
- SENATE FILE 2474** - Education — Dyslexia Board Extension and Report on School Cardiac Emergency Response Plans and Automated External Defibrillators
- HOUSE FILE 703** - State and Federal Student Loan Programs — Interest Rate Information and Analysis — Notification of Institutions and Prospective Students
- HOUSE FILE 2230** - Teacher Education and Licensing — Required Clinical Experiences and Preparation Relating to Disabled Students and English Learners — Practitioner Preparation Summative Assessments
- HOUSE FILE 2231** - Seal of Civics Excellence — High School Graduates
- HOUSE FILE 2491** - Board of Regents — Tuition and Fee Waiver for Certain Disabled Veterans
- HOUSE FILE 2493** - Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program Eligibility and Funding
- HOUSE FILE 2539** - Higher Education — Duties and Authority of College Student Aid Commission and Board of Regents — Laboratory Schools — Elimination of Programs
- HOUSE FILE 2591** - Interscholastic Athletic Eligibility — Eighth Grade, Transfer, and Open Enrollment Students
- HOUSE FILE 2610** - Education — Career and Technical Education, Statewide Lower Division General Education Framework, Common Course Numbering, and Statewide Corequisite Model

- HOUSE FILE 2670** - Elementary and Secondary School Educational Programs, Curriculum, Reporting, and Testing
- HOUSE FILE 2724** - Educator Endorsements and Authorizations — Fine Arts, Mathematics, Science, Instructional Strategist, and Activities Administration
- HOUSE FILE 2754** - Charter Schools — Innovation Zone School Elimination — Area Education Agency Services, Education Savings Accounts, School Accreditation, Teacher Training and Licensure, Statewide Preschool Program, and Private Instruction

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2168** - Workforce Development — Apprenticeship and Intern Programs, Career Training Physical Expansion Program, High-Demand Job Programs, Unemployment Insurance, and Reemployment Case Management Program — Career and Technical Secondary Authorizations

SEE LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT. This Act relates to workforce matters.

IOWA REGISTERED APPRENTICESHIP ACT. The Act replaces intermediaries with intermediary sponsors, as defined in the Act, as a class of entities that provide apprenticeship training under the Iowa Registered Apprenticeship Act, and that are subject to registration with the Iowa Office of Apprenticeship (office). The Act provides procedures relating to intermediary sponsors.

IOWA PLUMBER, MECHANICAL PROFESSIONAL, AND CONTRACTOR LICENSING ACT — APPRENTICESHIPS. The Act authorizes a licensed journeyman or master to employ or supervise licensed apprentices at a ratio not to exceed three apprentices to one licensee. The Act provides that certain statutory requirements relating to qualifications and other licensing matters do not apply to apprenticeship classroom training.

IOWA APPRENTICESHIP ACT. The Act adds intermediary sponsors as a class of entities that may provide apprenticeship training and are eligible for financial assistance from the Department of Workforce Development (IWD) under the Iowa Apprenticeship Act. However, an apprenticeship sponsor whose apprentices receive contact hours from a lead apprenticeship sponsor is not eligible for such financial assistance.

CAREER TRAINING PHYSICAL EXPANSION PROGRAM. The Act creates a Career Training Physical Expansion Program to be administered by IWD to provide financial assistance for construction of new facilities and procurement of equipment that will expand the capacity of community colleges and unionized and nonunionized private sector apprenticeship programs to provide education and training for workers in high-demand fields in Iowa.

The Act provides for eligibility requirements, award criteria, application and other necessary procedures, and priority for financial assistance for the program.

The Act creates a Career Training Physical Expansion Program Fund under the control of IWD. Moneys in the fund are appropriated to IWD for the purposes of the program.

The program is repealed July 1, 2030.

APPRENTICESHIP TRAINING IN SCHOOL DISTRICTS. The Act encourages school boards to establish or expand quality pre-apprenticeship opportunities and youth apprenticeship programs at secondary schools in partnership with apprenticeship sponsors and the office.

The Act encourages school boards to establish a work-based learning program at each secondary school to facilitate implementation of the Act and other pre-apprenticeship, apprenticeship, and work-based learning at the school.

The Act encourages school boards to pursue funding sources and in-kind contributions through private sector partnerships and from apprenticeship sponsors and nonprofit sources to implement the Act.

HIGH-DEMAND JOBS AND SCHOLARSHIP ELIGIBILITY. The Act requires the Workforce Development Board to create and update a list of high-demand jobs statewide for purposes of various worker training programs every three years. The Act requires the board to collaborate with community colleges in the selection and prioritization of such jobs and authorizes more frequent updates if requested by a representative designated by the community colleges and the board agrees with the requested update. The Act changes the wage criterion for high-demand jobs from an entry-level hourly wage of not less than \$14 per hour to a competitive entry-level wage.

The Act strikes the statutory financial need criterion for the Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship Program and instead provides that the criterion shall be established by the College Student Aid Commission.

CAREER AND TECHNICAL SECONDARY AUTHORIZATIONS. The Act requires the Board of Educational Examiners to limit qualifications for an applicant for a career and technical secondary authorization to 3,000 hours of recent and relevant experience and to limit training requirements for an initial authorization to ethics training.

SUMMER YOUTH INTERN PILOT PROGRAM — REPEAL. The Act repealed the Summer Youth Intern Pilot Program effective June 30, 2026.

SENATE FILE 2218 - Verification of Identity, Citizenship, Immigration Status, and Employment and Licensure Eligibility — Voter Registration and Pretrial Detention — Civil Penalties for Employment of Persons Providing False Information

SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act provides that the Board of Educational Examiners shall require all initial applicants for licensure and all applicants for license renewal to produce evidence of the applicant's legal authorization to work in the United States as a condition of initial licensure or license renewal. Practitioners who are not subject to license renewal requirements are required to produce evidence of the practitioner's legal authorization to work in the United States every five years as a condition of remaining licensed.

The Act requires the State Board of Regents, each institution of higher education governed by the State Board of Regents, the board of directors of each school district, the authorities in charge of each accredited nonpublic school, and the governing board of each charter school or innovation zone school to use the E-Verify system of the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services to confirm the employment eligibility of newly hired employees. After the completion of an appeals process, if applicable, the relevant entity is required to transmit the results of the E-Verify system check to the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement if the check shows that an employee does not have legal status to be present in the United States.

- SENATE FILE 2465** - Agriculture — Infrastructure, Product, Innovation, and Revitalization Programs — Weights and Measuring Standards, Animal Health Regulation, Grain Sales and Operations, and Agricultural Tourism — Miscellaneous Tax Provisions
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act amends or enacts a number of provisions in various Iowa Code chapters relating to agriculture, including by providing for the Rural Veterinarian Loan Repayment Program administered by the College Student Aid Commission.
- SENATE FILE 2472** - Property Taxation — Local and State Government Taxes, Financial Authority, and Budgets — First-Time Homebuyers Programs — Urban Renewal
SEE TAXATION. Division V of this Act reduces the foundation property tax levy rate from \$5.40 to \$5.10 for the budget year beginning July 1, 2028, and to \$4.90 for budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2029. Division VI modifies allocations from the Secure an Advanced Vision for Education Fund and extends the future state sales and use tax rate reduction by 20 years. Division X establishes requirements and limitations relating to school district reserve and unspent balance amounts. Divisions XIII and XVII modify the applicability of Iowa's Urban Renewal Law and divisions of revenue (tax increment financing) to certain school district property tax levies.
- For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, division XIII authorizes school districts to approve the payment from the school district's general fund to a municipality's urban renewal special fund of all or a portion of the school district foundation property taxes under Iowa Code section 257.3 levied against property located in an incorporated area and subject to an ordinance providing for a division of revenue adopted on or after January 1, 2027. Such payments are voluntary, shall continue to be considered foundation property taxes, and shall not result in the adjustment of state foundation aid or other amounts under Iowa Code chapter 257.
- SENATE FILE 2480** - Taxation and Regulation of Alternative Nicotine Products and Vapor Products — Health Care Trust Fund Allocations
SEE TAXATION. This Act appropriates the first \$3 million of the taxes that are attributable to the additional taxes on alternative nicotine products or vapor products from the Health Care Trust Fund to the State Board of Regents. The Act specifies the purpose of the appropriation is for conducting pediatric cancer research, clinical therapy access, and providing physician-scientist leadership at the University of Iowa Stead Family Children's Hospital.
- HOUSE FILE 2337** - Academic Degrees or Credentials and Professional or Occupational Licenses — Fraudulent Practice
SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS. This Act provides that a person who falsely represents oneself as possessing an academic degree or academic credentials for the purpose of obtaining employment or other personal gain is guilty of a fraudulent practice in the fifth degree, which is a simple misdemeanor. The Act provides that a person who falsely represents oneself as possessing a professional or occupational license regulated under Iowa Code chapter 272C is guilty of a fraudulent practice in the third degree, which is an aggravated misdemeanor.
- HOUSE FILE 2598** - Commercial Driver's Licenses — Human Trafficking Prevention Training
SEE TRANSPORTATION. This Act requires the Department of Transportation (DOT) to approve, in cooperation with the Department of Education and the State Board of Education, human trafficking prevention training materials regarding the recognition, prevention, and reporting of human trafficking, and make the approved materials available to the public. The departments are required to review and update the approved human trafficking prevention training materials to account for changes and trends in human trafficking at least once every three years.

HOUSE FILE 2676 - Health-Related Profession Education, Licensure, and Compacts — Summer Nutrition Assistance Program — Epinephrine Delivery Systems and Ivermectin Availability — School Food and Beverage Standards, Electronic Instruction Standards, Fitness Testing, and Physical Activity Requirements
SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY. This Act relates to health-related matters, including educational matters.

Division III — Medical School Graduation Requirement — Nutrition

Beginning July 1, 2028, a medical school or college of osteopathic medicine and surgery in Iowa must require each student to complete at least 40 hours of coursework on nutrition and metabolic health as a condition of graduation.

Division V — School Foods and Beverages

Beginning July 1, 2027, the Act prohibits school districts, nonpublic schools, charter schools, and innovation zone schools from including certain ingredients in a meal served to students as part of a breakfast or lunch program unless the food or beverage was received as part of a direct delivery from the Foods in Schools program of the United States Department of Agriculture. The Act also prohibits employees and contracted vendors from providing foods containing those ingredients to students during the school day. Schools may sell foods containing prohibited ingredients outside of the school day.

Division VIII — Student Instructional Technology Standards

The Act limits the amount of time that school districts, charter schools, and innovation zone schools may dedicate to digital instruction for students in grades kindergarten through five to 60 minutes per school day, subject to certain exceptions listed in the Act. The board of directors of each school district and the governing board of each charter school must adopt and post online a written technology use policy applicable to grades kindergarten through five.

Prior to adopting or renewing a one-to-one digital device program for any grade level, the board of directors of a school district and the governing board of each charter school must complete a technology adoption checklist that documents consideration of certain factors listed in the Act. The Act does not apply to students enrolled in an online learning program or limit the authority of a school district, accredited nonpublic school, charter school, or innovation zone school to provide instruction over the Internet to meet the minimum school calendar requirements.

The Department of Education, in collaboration with the Department of Health and Human Services, shall convene and provide administrative support to a working group to examine research related to the impact of school-provided technology on the cognitive function and academic performance of students in grades 6 through 12. The working group must submit its findings and recommendations in a report to the General Assembly by December 31, 2026.

Division IX — Presidential Physical Fitness Test

The Act requires the physical education curriculum of school districts and accredited nonpublic schools to include an assessment of the physical fitness of students who are physically able using the presidential physical fitness test. This division of the Act takes effect upon the issuance of final guidance by the federal government for the administration of the presidential physical fitness test.

Division X — Student Physical Activity Requirements

The Act increases the daily physical activity requirements for students in kindergarten through grade four from 30 to 40 minutes.

- HOUSE FILE 2711** - Elimination of State and Local Policies and Programs with Affirmative Action, Race, Minority, or Gender Requirements
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to state policies and programs with race or gender requirements. The Act repeals various requirements relating to affirmative action for state and educational entities, including but not limited to the State Board of Regents, the Department of Education, school districts, area education agencies, community colleges, and accredited private institutions. The Act also strikes provisions requiring the State Board of Regents to conduct studies to evaluate employment practices and develop improved methods of dealing with all employment issues related to affirmative action and equal employment opportunity.
- The Act replaces the requirement that the State Board of Regents' contract compliance policies assure the equitable provision of services within state programs and the utilization of minority, women's, and disadvantaged business enterprises with the requirement that the policies assure the utilization of Iowa-based businesses and that the State Board of Regents report on equal opportunity efforts related to the use of Iowa-based businesses. The Act eliminates the Academic Incentives for Minorities Program, the Minority and Women Educators Enhancement Program, and the College-Bound Program. The Act also removes the provisions limiting the Iowa Minority Academic Grants for Economic Success Program to minorities and strikes the goal of recruiting and retaining women and minorities in math and science education from the Math and Science Education Grant Program.
- HOUSE FILE 2757** - Nuclear Electric Generation Facilities — Sales and Use Tax Exemptions and Refunds — Board of Regents Nuclear Energy Workforce Fund
SEE TAXATION. This Act creates sales and use tax exemptions and refunds for nuclear electric generation facilities and makes the exemptions and refunds contingent upon the facility making contributions to establish and maintain nuclear energy workforce programs and equipment at institutions governed by the State Board of Regents.
- HOUSE FILE 2771** - Appropriations — Agriculture, Natural Resources, and Environmental Protection
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act makes appropriations for FY 2026-2027 from the General Fund of the State and the Environment First Fund for purposes of supporting Iowa State University of Science and Technology (ISU) and the State University of Iowa (UI). The Act appropriates moneys to support ISU's Midwest Grape and Wine Industry Institute, the Livestock Disease Research Fund, the College of Veterinary Medicine's Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory, and timber management. The Act also makes an appropriation to ISU from the Iowa Nutrient Research Fund to support the laboratory. The Act appropriates moneys for purposes of supporting Iowa's Center for Agricultural Safety and Health and to support water management efforts by the Iowa Geological Survey.
- HOUSE FILE 2783** - Appropriations — Education
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act modifies Iowa Code section 256.192 to allow students attending for-profit, postsecondary institutions to apply for a vocational-technical tuition grant. The Act repeals Iowa Code section 256.191, which established a Tuition Grants Program for students attending for-profit, postsecondary institutions. The Act strikes a requirement that the for-profit institutions participating in the Iowa Tuition Grants Program provide students enrolled in the for-profit institution with a matching amount of institutional financial aid.

The Act eliminates the Iowa Special Education Council.

The Act requires the Department of Education (DE) to submit an annual report to the General Assembly that contains, in part, information related to DE's antibullying programming.

- HOUSE FILE 2799** - Economic Development — Programs for Corporate Headquarters Expansion and Development, Major Economic Growth Attraction, Business Incentives for Growth, and Industrial New Jobs Training — Repeal of New Jobs Tax Credit — Electricity Use Analysis and Forecasting

SEE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT. This Act relates to the Iowa Industrial New Jobs Training Program. The Act amends the timeline for payment of Iowa Industrial New Jobs Training Program costs. A bond issued to a community college for a project under the Iowa Industrial New Jobs Training Program cannot exceed 70 percent of total program costs related to training expenses. A community college that receives a new jobs credit from withholding must annually report a detailed accounting of the community college's bond interest as detailed in the Act. To be eligible to receive a new jobs credit from withholding, a community college must document that the community college's program costs meet the criteria of the Act. The Act requests the Legislative Council to establish an interim study committee to meet during the 2026 Legislative Interim to review the New Jobs Training Program and make recommendations regarding the program, and to submit a report detailing the committee's findings and recommendations to the General Assembly no later than December 15, 2026.

- HOUSE FILE 2800** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes

SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act limits or reduces the standing appropriations for FY 2026-2027 for payment of claims for nonpublic school pupil transportation and instructional support state aid; increases the reduction each fiscal year to state aid for school district special education support services funding and appropriates moneys from the reduction beginning in FY 2027-2028; provides for quarterly, rather than monthly, payments of state aid moneys to area education agencies beginning in FY 2026-2027; provides that the Board of Regents must require each institution of higher education to establish as a requirement for the completion of any general education requirements or core curricula that an undergraduate student complete introductory survey courses in American history and American government; provides for the continued eligibility under the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System for all charter schools and their employees; extends certain incentives for whole grade sharing by school districts and for school district reorganization or dissolution to July 1, 2035, and provides for a reduced uniform levy as an incentive for school districts that reorganize on or before July 1, 2035; provides for the effective date of administrative rules adopted under 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 2591; and provides for school district cash reserve levy increases for the school budget year that began July 1, 2026.

EDUCATION

SENATE FILE 176 - Participation in Cocurricular and Extracurricular Activities by Open Enrollment Students Receiving Instruction over the Internet

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to participation in cocurricular and extracurricular activities offered by school districts by pupils who open enroll for purposes of receiving educational instruction and course content primarily over the Internet. Prior law allowed pupils participating in open enrollment for purposes of receiving educational instruction and course content primarily over the Internet to participate in any cocurricular or extracurricular activities offered in the pupil's grade or group, and sponsored by the pupil's district of residence, under the same conditions as the pupils enrolled in the district of residence. Prior law also allowed such pupils participating in open enrollment for purposes of receiving educational instruction and course content primarily over the Internet to participate in not more than two cocurricular or extracurricular activities during a school year, unless the resident district approved the pupil's participation in additional activities. The Act allows such pupils to participate in such cocurricular or extracurricular activities only if the school district attendance center providing the educational instruction and course content primarily over the Internet does not sponsor the cocurricular or extracurricular activities. Additionally, such pupils are authorized to participate in not more than two cocurricular or extracurricular activities per academic term, unless the resident district approves the pupil's participation in additional activities.

SENATE FILE 273 - Definition of Grooming Behavior — Mandatory Reporting to Board of Educational Examiners

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to mandatory reporting to the Board of Educational Examiners (BOEE) of licensed school employees who engage in grooming behavior toward students. Existing law requires the board of directors of a school district or area education agency, the superintendent of a school district, the chief administrator of an area education agency, and the authorities in charge of an accredited nonpublic school to report to the BOEE any instance of disciplinary action taken against a licensed school employee for conduct constituting soliciting, encouraging, or consummating a sexual or physical relationship with a student, grooming behavior toward a student, or an otherwise inappropriate relationship with a student. The Act modifies the definition of "grooming behavior" for purposes of these provisions to mean any pattern of behavior, which in light of all relevant circumstances, constitutes actions to entice or entrap a student with the intent to take advantage of such student for the benefit of the individual engaging in the pattern of behavior, including but not limited to by engaging in a sex act with the student.

SENATE FILE 274 - Extracurricular Interscholastic Athletic Contests or Competitions — Forms of Payment for Entry

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act requires a public school to accept legal tender as a form of payment for entry into any extracurricular interscholastic athletic contest or competition sponsored by an organization, as defined in the Act. The Act requires an organization, as a condition of registration with the Department of Education, to accept legal tender as a form of payment for entry into an extracurricular interscholastic athletic contest or competition sponsored by the organization. These provisions do not apply to an extracurricular interscholastic athletic contest or competition that takes place at a public school or a nonpublic school that is not a member of an organization, or to an extracurricular interscholastic athletic contest or competition, sponsored by an organization, that takes place at a venue that is not owned or operated by a public school, a nonpublic school, or an organization.

SENATE FILE 2086 - Schools — Elective Junior Fire Fighter Program

BY COMMITTEE ON WORKFORCE. This Act authorizes school districts, accredited nonpublic schools, charter schools, and innovation zone schools (schools) to offer to students enrolled in grades 11 and 12 an elective junior fire fighter program. Prior to offering an elective junior fire fighter program, a school is required to enter into an agreement with the local fire department that will be responsible for providing students involved in the program with appropriate materials and skills training.

The Act requires an elective junior fire fighter program to be taught by Fire Service Training Bureau (FSTB) personnel, or an instructor who has been approved by the FSTB, using curriculum that has been approved by the FSTB. The Act subjects such personnel and instructors to the same background investigation and termination provisions that apply to employees of school districts.

If a school offers an elective junior fire fighter program, the school is required to coordinate with a local fire department to ensure students are provided with the appropriate materials and skills training to successfully complete all components necessary for firefighter I certification.

The Act establishes requirements related to elective junior fire fighter programs, including requirements that all programs must satisfy, requirements related to activities in which all students involved in the program are prohibited from participating, and requirements related to student involvement in the program and activities in which students who are younger than 18 years of age may participate.

The Act provides that a school may offer an elective junior fire fighter program as an extracurricular activity or as part of the career and technical education curriculum. In order to participate in an elective junior fire fighter program, the Act requires a student to submit to the school a properly executed waiver of liability.

The Act provides that a student involved in an elective junior fire fighter program is not considered an employee, volunteer, fire fighter, or a member of a fire department for any purpose. The Act also provides that a student's involvement in an elective junior fire fighter program does not create an employer-employee relationship between the student and a fire department or city. Any injuries sustained by a student as a result of the student's involvement in an elective junior fire fighter program are not compensable under the workers' compensation system. Schools are responsible for providing medical and liability insurance coverage for all students who are involved in an elective junior fire fighter program.

The Act requires the Administrator of the FSTB (administrator) to allow a student who has successfully completed an elective junior fire fighter program, submitted all necessary certification registration and local verification forms, and paid all applicable registration fees to sit for certification testing for firefighter I certification. If a student attains passing scores on all examinations necessary for firefighter I certification prior to the date the student turns 18 years of age, then the administrator is prohibited from issuing firefighter I certification to the student until the student turns 18 years of age.

SENATE FILE 2201 - School Finance — State Percents of Growth — Replacement Payments, Transportation Funding, Budget Adjustments, Enrollments, and Education Support Personnel

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to public school funding by establishing the state percent of growth and categorical state percent of growth for the budget year beginning July 1, 2026; modifies provisions relating to the property tax replacement payment, transportation equity aid funding, funding for school district budget adjustments, and school district enrollment; and establishes an education support personnel salary supplement.

Division I — State and Categorical Percents of Growth and Property Tax Replacement Payments

The Act establishes a state percent of growth of 2.0 percent for the budget year beginning July 1, 2026. The Act also establishes a categorical state percent of growth of 2.0 percent for the budget year beginning July 1, 2026.

The Act modifies the property tax replacement payment calculation for budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2026. For budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2026, the amount of each school district's property tax replacement payment is the product of the school district's weighted enrollment for the budget year multiplied by the per pupil property tax replacement amount for the budget year. The per pupil property tax replacement amount for budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2026, is equal to the sum of \$153 plus the difference between the following: (1) the regular program state cost per pupil for the budget year beginning July 1, 2026, multiplied by 100 percent less the regular program foundation base per pupil percentage; and (2) the regular program state cost per pupil for the budget year beginning July 1, 2021, multiplied by 100 percent less the regular program foundation base per pupil percentage. The regular program foundation base per pupil percentage is 88.4 percent.

This division took effect February 26, 2026.

Division II — Transportation Equity Aid Funding

For budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2026, the Act caps transportation equity aid paid to an eligible school district at \$1 million for a budget year.

This division took effect February 26, 2026.

Division III — School District Budget Adjustment — FY 2026-2027

Iowa Code section 257.14 authorizes school districts to receive a budget adjustment equal to the difference between the regular program district cost for the budget year and 101 percent of the regular program district cost for the base year. If approved by the school district's board of directors, such a budget adjustment is funded through school district property taxes. The Act provides that for the school budget year beginning July 1, 2026, the Department of Management (DOM) must add the amount of the school district's budget adjustment under Iowa Code section 257.14, if any, to the combined foundation base under Iowa Code section 257.1(2). Iowa Code section 257.1 provides foundation aid from the state in an amount per pupil equal to the difference between the amount per pupil of foundation property tax in the district and the combined foundation base per pupil or the combined district cost per pupil, whichever is less. Accordingly, following the addition to the combined foundation base, the budget adjustment amount shall be funded by foundation aid from the state instead of property taxes.

This division took effect February 26, 2026.

Division IV — Education Support Personnel Salary Supplement

For FY 2026-2027, the Act appropriates from the General Fund of the State \$7 million to the Department of Education (DE) to provide a funding supplement to school districts to supplement education support personnel compensation. In order to receive the funding supplement, a school district must report information relating to education support personnel to DE on or before July 1, 2026. The Act defines "education support personnel" as regular and part-time employees of a school district who are not salaried.

Division V — School District Enrollment and Budgeting

Under prior law, a school district's basic enrollment for a budget year was the district's actual enrollment for the base year. The Act provides that a school district's basic enrollment for a budget year is the average of the actual enrollment for the base year and adjusted enrollment for the base year. Under prior law, a school district's basic enrollment for the base year was the district's actual enrollment for the year preceding the base year. The Act provides a school district's basic enrollment for the base year is the average of the actual enrollment for the year preceding the base year and adjusted enrollment for the year preceding the base year.

The Act requires adjusted enrollment to be determined annually on January 15, or the third Monday in January if January 15 falls on a Saturday or Sunday, of the base year, based on the same categories of students used to determine actual enrollment. School districts are required to certify adjusted enrollment to DE by January 30 of the base year, and DE is required to promptly forward the information to DOM for use in determining and adjusting tax and funding amounts.

A school district must certify its actual enrollment to DE, and DE has 30 days to forward the information to DOM. DOM must adjust school district budgets of the second year succeeding the audit year for the property tax and state aid portions of the reported differences in enrollment for the fiscal year two years prior to the budget year.

The Act modifies provisions relating to state aid deductions and payments to area education agencies (AEAs). As amended by 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 2800 (see Appropriations), for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2026, deductions for state aid for the AEA teacher salary supplement district cost and amounts attributable to supplementary weighting must be paid to AEAs on a quarterly basis from July 15 to April 15 each school year. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2026, deductions and payments for media services and educational services attributable to nonpublic school students must be made on a quarterly basis from July 15 through April 15 of each

school year. The Act also modifies various provisions that required monthly deductions and payments of state aid to instead require quarterly deductions and payments.

The provisions of this division modifying school district enrollment apply to enrollment determinations occurring on or after July 1, 2026, used for school budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2027.

SENATE FILE 2219 - Student Absences for School-Sponsored Activities, Programs, Competitions, and Projects — Exemptions and School Policies

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act requires boards of directors of school districts, the governing boards of charter schools, and the authorities in charge of accredited nonpublic schools to adopt a policy that requires the school district, charter school, or accredited nonpublic school to grant a student an exempt absence when the student is absent from school because of the student's involvement in a school-sponsored activity, program, competition, or project. The Act requires the policy to allow a student who is absent from school because of the student's involvement in a school-sponsored activity, program, competition, or project to make up any classwork the student was not able to complete as a result of the absence.

SENATE FILE 2220 - Education — Statewide Assessments, Gifted and Talented Student Identification, Advanced Mathematics Pathway, Course Acceleration, and Advanced Course Automatic Enrollment

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to education, including the Iowa Statewide Assessment of Student Progress (ISASP), programs for gifted and talented children, advanced mathematics pathways, and procedures for subject acceleration and whole-grade acceleration.

Under prior law, ISASP assessments in science were administered to students in grades 5, 8, and 10. The Act modifies these provisions to provide that such assessments be administered to students in grades 5, 8, and 11.

The Act requires school districts to establish systematic and uniform procedures for screening, referring, identifying, and serving gifted and talented children. School districts are required to base the identification of gifted and talented children on a body of evidence from multiple data sources described in the Act. The identification procedures established by the school district are prohibited from providing that any one particular criteria prohibits a student from participating in the school district's program for gifted and talented children. School districts are required to make all reasonable efforts to identify gifted and talented children among all student populations.

The Act requires school districts to provide educational service options for gifted and talented children that are based on the areas in which the child is gifted or talented and to ensure that the school district provides gifted and talented children with appropriate instructional adaptations and educational services beyond those that are provided in the regular school program. The Act establishes requirements related to the educational services a school district provides to gifted and talented children. School districts are required to review the progress of gifted and talented children at least annually to ensure that the educational services the school district provides meet the academic needs of such children.

The Act requires each school district to develop an advanced mathematics pathway that is designed to increase the number of students who complete higher-level mathematics courses in grades 9 through 12 and enable students to be prepared for, and enroll in, Algebra I as early as middle school and to complete Algebra I no later than by the end of grade 9. School districts are required to automatically enroll a student in the advanced mathematics pathway if the student attains a score that is within the advanced performance level on the ISASP assessment in mathematics that was administered to the student when the student was enrolled in grades five, six, or seven, or if the student demonstrated proficiency in mathematics as indicated in other specified ways. The Act defines "advanced mathematics pathway" as a sequence of courses and curricula that accelerates or combines mathematics instruction that is typically provided to students enrolled in grades six through eight. These provisions apply to school years beginning on or after July 1, 2027.

The Act requires each school district to establish and implement procedures for subject acceleration and whole-grade acceleration that satisfy requirements established in the Act. The Act also requires school districts to automatically enroll any student who is enrolled in grades 4 through 12 in the next most rigorous level of advanced courses or

programs offered by the school district if certain specified requirements are satisfied, unless the student's parent or guardian requests that the student not be enrolled. School districts are required to use this automatic enrollment to increase student access to, and enrollment in, advanced courses. Additionally, school districts are required to notify students, and the parents or guardians of students, of the advanced courses and programs available to eligible students. The Act requires school districts to allow any student who is enrolled in an accelerated course to take the ISASP assessment that corresponds to the content and level of the course in which the student is enrolled. These provisions apply to school years beginning on or after July 1, 2027.

SENATE FILE 2231 - Education and Local Governments — Protected Speech and Expression of Rights Policies, Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program, Postsecondary Programs, Textbooks, and County Officer Use of Funds — Child and Education Tax Credits

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act modifies provisions related to the protected speech and expression rights of students, provisions related to the duties of the Department of Education (DE), and provisions related to eligibility and participation requirements for certain education programs, preschool programs, and tax provisions.

The Act requires the Director of DE to annually distribute the most recent federal guidance on constitutionally protected prayer and religious expression in public elementary and secondary schools to each superintendent employed by each school district and each principal employed by a charter school, for further distribution in accordance with the Act. The Director of DE must also publish the guidance on DE's Internet site, develop and distribute a professional development training program, and create a model policy to assist schools in complying with federal religious expression standards.

The Act amends the Higher Education Facilities Program by removing the exclusion of property used for sectarian study from the definition of eligible property. The Act amends the Postsecondary Enrollment Options Program and the District-to-Community College Sharing or Concurrent Enrollment Program by removing the requirement that the student enroll in a nonsectarian course. The Act modifies provisions related to the use of public moneys to purchase textbooks for students attending accredited nonpublic schools by removing religious limitations on the type of textbooks that may be purchased. The Act strikes duties of county officers that prohibit the appropriation, grant, or loan of public funds to certain institutions or entities under ecclesiastical or sectarian management or control.

The Act creates new protections for student religious, political, and ideological speech and expression. A school district, charter school, or innovation zone school shall not discriminate against or penalize a student for engaging in or expressing religious, political, or ideological speech or viewpoints.

The Act requires each school district, charter school, and innovation zone school to notify employees of federal religious expression guidance, offer professional development opportunities, adopt a policy ensuring compliance with federal religious expression standards, and annually certify compliance to DE. Any individual or student club alleging a violation under the Act may bring a civil action for declaratory relief, injunctive relief, monetary damages, attorney fees, court costs, and other appropriate relief. A court shall assess a civil penalty of not less than \$5,000 against a noncompliant school, payable to the prevailing party. A civil action must commence not later than two years after the day the cause of action accrues.

The Act's protected speech provisions shall not be construed to prevent a school district, charter school, or innovation zone school from prohibiting, limiting, or restricting expression not protected under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States. A school district, charter school, or innovation zone school may restrict unwelcome expression that is so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a student access to educational opportunities or benefits, as well as conduct that intentionally, materially, and substantially disrupts district operations or the expressive activity of another individual occurring on school property in an area reserved for that activity.

Under current law, a school district may enter into an agreement under Iowa Code chapter 28E (agreement) with a community-based provider with respect to the Statewide Preschool Program (program). The Act requires a school district, upon the request of a community-based provider, to enter into an agreement with the provider to allow the provider to deliver high-quality instruction as part of the district's approved local preschool program. An agreement

entered into under the Act does not limit the number of eligible students who may receive high-quality instruction from a community-based provider. The Act provides limitations on state and political subdivision authority with respect to community-based providers participating in the program.

The Act removes exclusions of sectarian books and expenses that relate to the teaching of religion from the definitions of “textbooks” and “tuition” for purposes of the Tuition and Textbook Tax Credit. The Act also strikes exclusions of certain religious services, materials, or activities from the definition of “early childhood development expenses” for purposes of the Early Childhood Development Tax Credit. These provisions apply retroactively to January 1, 2026, for tax years beginning on or after that date.

SENATE FILE 2299 - District-to-Community College Sharing or Concurrent Enrollment Program — Payment for Failed or Withdrawn Classes — VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This bill related to the District-to-Community College Sharing or Concurrent Enrollment Program (program). The bill provided that a student’s parent or guardian, if the student was a minor, or the student, if the student was 18 years of age or older or was an emancipated minor, upon the request of the school district or accredited nonpublic school through which the student was accessing the program, would be required to pay to the school an amount equal to the amount the school paid to the community college that was directly associated with the student’s participation in the community college-offered class or the class taught by a community college-employed instructor if the student failed or withdrew from the class.

SENATE FILE 2320 - District-to-Community College Sharing or Concurrent Enrollment Program — Courses Offered Both in Person and over the Internet — VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This bill modified provisions related to the District-to-Community College Sharing or Concurrent Enrollment Program (program). The bill provided that if the community college offered a course under the program using both instruction delivered in person and instruction delivered primarily over the Internet, then the student would have been required to enroll in the version of the course that used instruction delivered in person unless the superintendent of the school district, or the superintendent’s designee, authorized the student to enroll in the version of the course that used instruction delivered primarily over the Internet. When determining whether to authorize a student to enroll in the version of the course that used instruction delivered primarily over the Internet, the superintendent, or the superintendent’s designee, would have been required to consider if the student was prepared for and likely to be successful in such a course. When making that determination, the bill authorized the superintendent, or the superintendent’s designee, to consider any relevant factors, including potential scheduling conflicts.

SENATE FILE 2428 - Education — Discipline of Disruptive Students — Special Education and Individualized Education Programs — Attendance Center Pilot Program

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to education, including duties of the Department of Education (DE); discipline of students enrolled in school districts, charter schools, and innovation zone schools who cause violent or nonviolent disruptions; responsibilities and powers of DE, school district teachers, and other educational staff related to students who have an individualized education program (IEP) or a plan under section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act; school district professional development plans; and meetings of a student’s IEP team.

The Act requires DE to develop and distribute to school districts a training program and materials for members of a student’s IEP team related to the least restrictive environment requirements under the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. The board of directors of each school district is required to provide training to all members of a student’s IEP team based on the program and materials.

When DE takes monitoring and enforcement action against a school district or nonpublic school seeking accreditation from DE, the Act requires DE to consider the timeliness and accuracy of the information the school district or nonpublic school provides to DE.

The Act requires DE to develop and administer a pilot program requiring a rural school district and an urban school district to establish attendance centers to provide educational services to eligible students. Iowa Code section 256.20, which establishes the pilot program, is repealed July 1, 2031.

The Act authorizes a teacher to remove a student from the classroom if the student causes a nonviolent disruption and the Act requires a teacher to remove a student from the classroom if the student causes a violent disruption. Depending on a student's grade level, type of disruption, and history of disruptions, certain conditions detailed in the Act must be met before the student returns to the classroom.

If a principal determines that disciplinary action should be taken against a student who was removed from a teacher's classroom for causing a nonviolent disruption or a violent disruption, the principal is required to take such disciplinary action and provide notice of the disciplinary action to the student's parent or guardian. If a student was removed from a classroom because the student's nonviolent disruption or violent disruption consisted of conduct, statements, or other actions that were severe or pervasive, and if requested by the teacher, the principal must impose the maximum amount of punishment applicable to such conduct, statements, or other actions as provided in policies adopted by the school.

The Act requires school districts, charter schools, and innovation zone schools to create an oversight review committee that must develop a policy regarding when a student may be readmitted to the classroom. An oversight review committee may issue particular and individualized recommendations related to the readmission of a student who was removed from a teacher's classroom for causing a nonviolent disruption.

Under the Act, if a student who has an IEP was removed from a classroom for causing a nonviolent disruption or a violent disruption, certain specified individuals are required to participate in the next meeting of the student's IEP team, and at that meeting, the student's IEP team is required to discuss certain specified subjects. If a teacher or other employee of a school district, charter school, or innovation zone school is not able to participate in such meeting, then the student's IEP team is required to prepare minutes or a summary of the meeting and provide the minutes or summary to the teacher or other employee, and the teacher or other employee is required to review the minutes or summary and provide written notice to the student's IEP team indicating that the teacher or other employee has read the minutes or summary. The Act also provides that if a student who has an IEP was removed from a classroom for causing a nonviolent disruption or a violent disruption five or more times within any 15-consecutive-school-day period, then the student's IEP team is required to meet to discuss the student's behavior.

The Act authorizes teachers to appeal certain specified decisions of the principal to the board of directors of the school district or the governing board of the charter school or innovation zone school, as applicable.

The Act requires school districts, charter schools, and innovation zone schools to immediately grant a teacher a leave of absence for physical recovery with full pay for not more than three days if the teacher is injured due to a student's violent disruption. Additional leave may be granted if the teacher provides a note from a physician indicating such leave is needed.

The Act requires each principal of an attendance center to make a mental health professional, guidance counselor, or behavioral interventionist available to students, teachers, and other school district, charter school, or innovation zone school employees to address the immediate trauma associated with a violent disruption or a nonviolent disruption. Such a mental health professional, guidance counselor, or behavioral interventionist is prohibited from providing any mental health services to a student who is under 18 years of age unless the student's parent or guardian consents to the student receiving such services, or unless the student is an emancipated minor.

The Act requires principals to carry out these responsibilities and other specified duties in an expeditious manner.

The Act authorizes certain teachers to request a meeting of a student's IEP team at any time by submitting a request to an administrator. The administrator may deny the teacher's request if the denial satisfies certain requirements established in the Act.

The Act requires the board of directors of each school district to ensure that each student's IEP is accessible to each school district employee who is responsible for the implementation of the student's IEP; each school district employee who is responsible for the implementation of a student's IEP reads all changes to the accommodations or modifications described in the student's IEP; and each teacher and service provider who is responsible for the implementation of a student's IEP be informed of the teacher's or service provider's responsibilities related to

implementing the student's IEP and the accommodations, modifications, and supports that must be provided for the student under the IEP. After a regular education teacher has read the most recent changes to the accommodations or modifications described in a student's IEP, the regular education teacher must provide written notice to the special education teacher who is on the student's IEP team indicating that the regular education teacher has read such changes.

The Act requires each teacher employed by a school district who teaches a student who has a plan under section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act to read the plan. After reading the plan, the teacher must provide written notice to any special education teacher who provides special education services to the student, or to the principal of the attendance center, indicating that the teacher has read the plan.

The Act requires at least one para-educator or other employee of the school district who assists a teacher in providing classroom instruction to a student who has an IEP, or to a student who has a plan under section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act, to attend all meetings related to the student's IEP or plan.

The Act requires school district professional development plans to include programs and offerings for all teachers to support serving students with disabilities and information related to the obligation to provide a free appropriate public education, the provision of supports and services through a student's IEP, and the general requirements related to providing education to a student with a disability consistent with the least restrictive environment requirements under the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

SENATE FILE 2453 - Regents Institution Foundation Investments — State-Certified Innovation Funds — VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This bill required each foundation associated with Iowa State University, the University of Iowa, and the University of Northern Iowa to ensure that no less than 1 percent of their respective total endowment assets, as defined in the bill, were invested by July 1, 2027, in one or more innovation funds certified by the Economic Development Authority.

If the percentage of investment fell below 1 percent, the foundation would have been required to increase its investment in one or more innovation funds as necessary in order to meet the required percentage. The bill provided additional standards and a waiver process for such investments and required an annual report to the General Assembly.

The bill included standards for implementation and construction relating to donor intent and other matters.

The bill would have taken effect December 31, 2026.

SENATE FILE 2474 - Education — Dyslexia Board Extension and Report on School Cardiac Emergency Response Plans and Automated External Defibrillators

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to education, including the Iowa Dyslexia Board, cardiac emergency response plans, and automated external defibrillators.

The Act extends the repeal date of Iowa Code section 256.32A, which establishes the Iowa Dyslexia Board, from July 1, 2027, to July 1, 2032.

The Act requires the Department of Education (DE) to prepare a report that includes information related to the number of school districts, charter schools, and innovation zone schools that have adopted and implemented a cardiac emergency response plan and the number of automated external defibrillators owned by each school district, charter school, or innovation zone school, and where each automated external defibrillator is located on the school's property. DE must submit the report to the General Assembly on or before January 15, 2027.

HOUSE FILE 703 - State and Federal Student Loan Programs — Interest Rate Information and Analysis — Notification of Institutions and Prospective Students

BY COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION. This Act requires the Iowa College Aid Bureau of the Department of Education (bureau) to compare the estimated annual percentage rate (APR) for the federal direct plus loan to the

APR for the state college family loan and the partnership loan and determine if the college family loan or partnership loan may offer a lower APR than the federal direct plus loan. If the bureau so determines, the Act requires the bureau to publish a statement that contains specified information, including an explanation that the state Supplemental Student Loan Program offers an APR that is lower than the estimated APR of the federal direct plus loan.

Annually, if the bureau determines that the college family loan or partnership loan may offer a lower APR than the federal direct plus loan, the Act requires the bureau to send specified information to each institution of higher education in Iowa eligible to receive funds through the college family loan or partnership loan. Each institution must include the information in offers of financial aid. Required information includes an explanation that the state Supplemental Student Loan Program offers an APR that is lower than the estimated APR of the federal direct plus loan and a statement that students and their families should utilize federal loan programs for students before considering a federal direct plus loan, college family loan, or partnership loan.

HOUSE FILE 2230 - Teacher Education and Licensing — Required Clinical Experiences and Preparation Relating to Disabled Students and English Learners — Practitioner Preparation Summative Assessments

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to teacher education and licensure, including practitioner preparation programs and licenses issued by the Board of Educational Examiners (BOEE).

Beginning July 1, 2027, the Act requires higher education institutions providing practitioner preparation to include clinical experiences and preparation to prepare students in a practitioner preparation program to serve students with disabilities and English learners. The rules adopted by the State Board of Education pursuant to this provision must prescribe practicum and clinical experience standards for practitioner preparation programs related to serving students with disabilities and English learners. Clinical experiences for all students are required to include a minimum of 15 practicum hours focused on differentiation of instruction and support for special populations. Meanwhile, clinical experiences for students who are seeking an endorsement in English learner instruction must include a minimum of 40 practicum hours, inclusive of methods of teaching English to English learners in both elementary and secondary school settings. The Department of Education (DE) is required to establish a process to review and provide ongoing support for the adoption and implementation of standards for preparation of teacher and administrator candidates in serving students with disabilities and English learners.

Beginning July 1, 2027, the Act requires higher education institutions providing practitioner preparation to administer, prior to a student's completion of the practitioner preparation program, a summative end-of-program assessment that is designed to measure the student's preparation in content areas that are required for the endorsement area in which the student will be teaching, and that was distributed to the higher education institution by DE pursuant to the Act's provisions.

On or before July 1, 2027, DE must identify and distribute to all higher education institutions providing practitioner preparation a summative end-of-program assessment required for each endorsement area. If DE creates a new endorsement area after July 1, 2027, the Act requires DE to identify and distribute to all higher education institutions providing practitioner preparation a summative end-of-program assessment required for the new endorsement area. DE is required to set the minimum score for each summative end-of-program assessment.

Higher education institutions are required to report to DE information related to the scores attained by students on the summative end-of-program assessment. Beginning August 1, 2028, the Act requires DE to publish on DE's Internet site passage rates attained by students on the summative end-of-program assessment, information related to efforts DE has made to support the higher education institutions in certain specified areas, and examples of program remediation and assessment plans that higher education institutions have provided to students who scored below the minimum score set by DE.

The Act requires the BOEE to adopt rules requiring an individual who has applied to a school to teach in a special education setting to complete a self-paced course created by DE as a condition of awarding the individual a class B license or a conditional license.

HOUSE FILE 2231 - Seal of Civics Excellence — High School Graduates

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act establishes a Seal of Excellence Program (program) to recognize students graduating from high school who have demonstrated proficiency in civics through the provision of a seal of civics excellence (civics seal).

The Act requires the Director of the Department of Education (DE) to develop and administer the program. The Director of DE must determine the minimum requirements necessary for a student to obtain a civics seal, including knowledge of American government and participation in civic and community activities. The Director of DE must produce a civics seal, which may include a sticker for a student's transcript or a certificate. A civics seal may be affixed to the student's diploma and noted on the student's transcript.

The Act provides that participation in the program by a school district or accredited nonpublic school is voluntary. A participating school must notify DE of the names of students who qualify for a civics seal, and DE must provide the appropriate number of civics seals or other authorized endorsement. The Act permits DE to charge a nominal fee to cover printing and postage charges related to issuance of the civics seal.

HOUSE FILE 2491 - Board of Regents — Tuition and Fee Waiver for Certain Disabled Veterans

BY COMMITTEE ON VETERANS AFFAIRS. This Act requires an institution governed by the State Board of Regents to waive all tuition and mandatory fees for a veteran who has a permanent service-connected disability rating of 100 percent and who is admitted for enrollment at the institution.

A veteran is only eligible for a waiver if the veteran is not eligible for or has exhausted any other available federal or state sources of financial assistance.

HOUSE FILE 2493 - Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program Eligibility and Funding

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act modifies provisions related to the Statewide Preschool Program for four-year-old children.

Under current law, a child who is a resident of Iowa and is four years of age on or before September 15 of a school year is eligible to enroll in the Statewide Preschool Program. Under prior law, only a child who has reached four years of age by September 15 in the base year and who has attended the school district's approved local program could be included as an eligible student in the enrollment count of the preschool programming for state funding purposes.

The Act expands the eligibility and state funding provisions of the Statewide Preschool Program to also include five-year-old children who reach the age of five on or after March 15 but on or before September 15 of the calendar year during which the school year begins. If a child enrolled in the Statewide Preschool Program has been counted for state funding purposes under Iowa Code chapter 256C for a prior school year, the child shall not be counted for state funding purposes.

The Act applies to school budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2027.

HOUSE FILE 2539 - Higher Education — Duties and Authority of College Student Aid Commission and Board of Regents — Laboratory Schools — Elimination of Programs

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act repeals various programs and functions of the State Board of Regents and institutions of higher education governed by the board such as the College Bound Program, the Regents' Minority and Women Educators Enhancement Program, laboratory schools, and various purchasing, policy, and reporting requirements. Certain provisions were also amended or repealed by 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 2711 (see State Government).

HOUSE FILE 2591 - Interscholastic Athletic Eligibility — Eighth Grade, Transfer, and Open Enrollment Students

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act modifies provisions related to open enrollment, student transfers, and interscholastic athletic eligibility requirements.

Under prior law, a student who participated in open enrollment in grades 9 through 12 was ineligible to participate in varsity interscholastic athletic contests and competitions during the student's first 90 school days of enrollment. The Act changes the restriction from 90 school days to 140 calendar days. The Act also provides that a student in grades 9 through 12 who transfers from one school to another school is ineligible to compete in varsity interscholastic athletics for 140 calendar days. The Act further requires the State Board of Education to adopt rules allowing students enrolled in grade 8 to participate in any extracurricular interscholastic athletic contest or competition that is provided by a school district, nonpublic school, or charter school on the same basis as students who are enrolled in grades 9 through 12. As amended by 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 2800 (see Appropriations), these provisions take effect August 1, 2026.

The Act requires the State Board of Education to adopt emergency rules to implement the provision allowing students enrolled in grade 8 to participate in extracurricular interscholastic athletic contests or competitions on the same basis as students enrolled in grades 9 through 12, which rules shall be effective August 1, 2026. This requirement took effect June 2, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2610 - Education — Career and Technical Education, Statewide Lower Division General Education Framework, Common Course Numbering, and Statewide Corequisite Model

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to career and technical education expenditures and definitions, statewide lower division general education framework and common course numbering systems, and the implementation of a statewide corequisite model in community colleges.

The Act renames the career and technical education service areas as content areas and requires the Department of Education (DE) to ensure that the six career and technical education content areas in the high school career and technical education program are aligned to a national framework representative of all career pathways. The Act modifies what is included in five of the six career and technical education content areas.

The Act requires regional career and technical education partnerships to demonstrate that all expenditures are aligned with high-skill, high-wage, and high-demand occupations. The Act defines “high-demand occupation,” “high-skill occupation,” and “high-wage occupation.” The Act requires DE, in consultation with the Iowa Workforce Development Board, to adopt rules to administer the process of selecting the resulting occupations using these statewide definitions. The selected occupations are to be used by government agencies and statewide programs.

The Act requires DE, in coordination with the community colleges and in consultation with the State Board of Regents, to implement a statewide lower division general education framework and common course numbering systems for all coursework offered by the community colleges. The common course numbering system must assign each course an alphanumeric prefix and number reflecting subject area and level, identify equivalent courses across institutions, ensure each equivalent course has a common description and common course outcomes, and be used in all course catalogs, registration systems, and transcripts. DE must maintain a statewide course numbering directory, establish a faculty-led process for determining course equivalency, and adopt rules to administer the statewide common course numbering system. For the school year beginning July 1, 2027, and each succeeding school year, the Act requires the lower division general education framework to apply to all community college general education coursework and be built upon the existing statewide transfer pathways.

By the 2028-2029 school year, all the community colleges must replace traditional, prerequisite remedial coursework in mathematics and English with corequisite models. DE must also establish a statewide framework for corequisite developmental education. The board of directors of each community college must implement the corequisite models and assist DE in implementing a statewide framework for corequisite developmental education.

DE, in consultation with the State Board of Regents, must submit to the General Assembly a study on the systemic implementation considerations of statewide lower division general education framework and common course numbering systems in institutions of higher education.

HOUSE FILE 2670 - Elementary and Secondary School Educational Programs, Curriculum, Reporting, and Testing

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to education, including summative testing in schools and the educational program provided to students enrolled in kindergarten through grade 12.

Prior law required all students enrolled in school districts be administered an assessment in science in grades 5, 8, and 10. The Act provides that the assessment in science be administered in grades 5, 8, and 11. The State Board of Education is required to develop a set of core academic indicators in social studies in grades 8 and 10. The Act requires all students enrolled in school districts be administered an assessment in social studies in grades 8 and 11. This provision applies to school years beginning on or after July 1, 2027.

Prior law required the summative assessments administered to students to be aligned with the Iowa common core standards in both content and rigor and meet the summative assessment requirements of the federal Every Student Succeeds Act. The Act provides that such summative assessments be aligned with the Iowa standards in both content and rigor. The summative assessments are still required to meet the summative assessment requirements of the federal Every Student Succeeds Act, if applicable.

The Act strikes a requirement that the State Board of Education adopt rules requiring school districts to adopt protocols for the identification of adverse childhood experiences and strategies to mitigate toxic stress response.

Current law requires the Director of the Department of Education (DE) to convene an advisory group to review the National Assessment of Educational Progress standards and assessments used by other states and to consider the standards identified as best practices in the field of study. The Act strikes a requirement that the advisory group consider the standards identified as best practices by the National Councils of Teachers of English and Mathematics, the National Council for the Social Studies, and the National Science Teachers Association.

The Act strikes a requirement that the Director of DE develop and distribute to school districts standards of practice for equity coordinators employed by school districts.

The Act strikes the requirement that the state educational program use, and be taught from, a multicultural and gender-fair approach and incorporate global perspectives.

Prior law required the kindergarten program to include experiences designed to develop healthy emotional social habits and to include age-appropriate and research-based human growth and development. The Act strikes these requirements. The Act requires charter school and innovation zone school kindergarten programs to conform to these modified requirements.

The Act requires the health curriculum provided to students enrolled in school districts, accredited nonpublic schools, charter schools, and innovation zone schools in grades one through eight to include physical fitness and nutrition.

The Act provides that the two additional units of mathematics offered and taught to students enrolled in school districts, accredited nonpublic schools, charter schools, and innovation zone schools in grades 9 through 12 may include instruction related to agriculture, which may be offered and taught through dedicated units of coursework or through units of coursework that also meet the requirements of the coursework required under the career and technical education curriculum.

The Act requires the one unit of health education offered and taught to students enrolled in school districts, accredited nonpublic schools, charter schools, and innovation zone schools in grades 9 through 12 to include instruction related to physical fitness, food and nutrition, and personal health. Additionally, the one unit of health education offered and taught to such students may include instruction related to environmental health, safety and survival skills, consumer health, family life, age-appropriate and research-based human growth and development, substance use disorder and nonuse, health resources, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and prevention and control of disease.

The Act requires the Articulated Sequential Kindergarten Through Grade 12 Guidance and Counseling Program established by the State Board of Education to be designed to ensure that the guidance counselor works

collaboratively with parents or guardians, students, teachers, support staff, and administrators to support the curricular goals of the school.

Under prior law, if a school district was found to be in noncompliance with certain specified federal or state education laws, then the Director of DE was required to recommend, and the State Board of Education was authorized to do, one of the following within 30 days of the finding of noncompliance: impose conditions on funding provided to the school district or withhold payment of state or federal funds to the school district. The Act requires the State Board of Education to take one of those actions in such circumstances.

Prior law required students graduating from Iowa's education system to be prepared for productive employment in a global economy. The Act instead requires students graduating from Iowa's education system to be prepared for productive employment in Iowa's economy.

HOUSE FILE 2724 - Educator Endorsements and Authorizations — Fine Arts, Mathematics, Science, Instructional Strategist, and Activities Administration

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act requires the Board of Educational Examiners (BOEE) to establish additional endorsements and authorizations.

The Act requires the BOEE to establish additional endorsements for instruction related to fine arts, mathematics, and science. The BOEE is prohibited from granting an applicant such an endorsement unless the applicant holds a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university. These provisions are repealed July 1, 2030.

The Act requires the BOEE to establish an additional kindergarten through grade 12 instructional strategist II endorsement that does not require the applicant to possess a master's or doctoral degree as a condition of obtaining the endorsement.

The Act requires the BOEE to establish an activities administrator authorization. An applicant for the activities administrator authorization must hold a bachelor's degree or higher in any academic field.

HOUSE FILE 2754 - Charter Schools — Innovation Zone School Elimination — Area Education Agency Services, Education Savings Accounts, School Accreditation, Teacher Training and Licensure, Statewide Preschool Program, and Private Instruction

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to education, including charter school approval, contracts, funding, and operations; services provided to charter schools by area education agencies; charter school student participation in extracurricular activities provided by public schools; the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS); education savings accounts; independent accreditation; teacher training and licensure; the Statewide Preschool Program for Four-Year-Old Children (SPP); the District-to-Community College Sharing or Concurrent Enrollment Program; open enrollment; school tuition organizations; private instruction; and innovation zone schools.

Division I — Charter Schools

Prior Iowa Code chapter 256F authorized school districts to join together to establish an innovation zone school. This division eliminates that authorization. The division transfers the Iowa Code sections within Iowa Code chapter 256F to a new subchapter II within Iowa Code chapter 256E. The division also organizes existing Iowa Code sections within Iowa Code chapter 256E into a new subchapter I.

The division grants the University of Northern Iowa authority to approve the establishment of charter schools under Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I.

Prior law restricted the term of a charter school contract entered into between the board of directors of a school district that established a charter school under Iowa Code chapter 256F and the State Board of Education to four years. The division instead provides a five-year term for such a contract. The division requires such a contract to incorporate a performance framework. In addition, the division provides that an approved charter school opens on the first day of the school year that is two school years immediately subsequent to the school year in which the charter

school contract is executed; provided, however, that the approved charter school may open on the first day of the school year that is immediately subsequent to the school year in which the charter school contract is executed if the approved charter school demonstrates adequate preparation to the State Board of Education. If the charter school requires an opening delay of more than two school years immediately subsequent to the school year in which the charter school contract is executed, the charter school may request an extension from the State Board of Education. These provisions apply to charter school contracts under Iowa Code chapter 256F that are renewed on or after May 12, 2026.

The division makes the governing board of a charter school that is approved under Iowa Code section 256E.5 (Founding Group-State Board Model) a local education agency for the purpose of receiving federal funds for all attendance centers that are under the jurisdiction of the governing board.

Iowa Code section 256.163 establishes requirements for teacher licensure beyond a temporary initial license or an initial license. The division adds charter schools established pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, to the list of schools or programs from which a teacher may use as evidence of completing not less than three years of successful teaching experience to attain licensure beyond a temporary initial license or an initial license.

Prior law provided that one of the purposes of charter schools established under Iowa Code chapter 256E was to accelerate student learning to prevent learning loss during the COVID-19 pandemic and other significant disruptions to student learning. The division strikes the reference to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Division II — Funding and Area Education Agency Services

Each student enrolled in a charter school under Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, is counted, for state school foundation purposes, in the student's district of residence. The Department of Education (DE) is required to pay to the charter school in which the student is enrolled an amount equal to the sum of the regular program state cost per pupil for the budget year plus other additional costs specified in Iowa Code section 256E.8(2)(a). This division adds the teacher salary supplement state cost per pupil to the amount required to be paid to the Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, charter school. This provision applies to school budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2026.

The division requires area education agencies to provide special educational services and media services to students enrolled in Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, charter schools. Additionally, the division authorizes the Department of Management to deduct from the state aid due to each school district pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 257 and pay the amounts to the respective area education agencies for purposes of providing services to students enrolled in Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, charter schools within the boundaries of the area education agency both of the following: (1) the amount calculated for media services for the school district that is attributable to the number of students enrolled in Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, charter schools within the school district who are provided media services by an area education agency; and (2) the amount calculated for educational services for the school district that is attributable to the number of students enrolled in Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, charter schools within the school district who are provided educational services by an area education agency. This provision applies to school budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2026.

Division III — Extracurricular Activities

This division requires the board of directors of a school district to allow a student who resides within the district or within a contiguous school district, and who is enrolled in an Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, charter school, to participate in any extracurricular interscholastic athletic contest or competition, and any extracurricular activity, that is provided by the school district pursuant to the terms of an agreement between the board of directors of the school district and the governing board of the charter school if the extracurricular interscholastic athletic contest or competition or extracurricular activity has not been provided by the charter school during the two immediately preceding school years and if the charter school has not entered into an agreement with another school district, nonpublic school, or charter school that provides for the eligibility of students enrolled in the charter school to participate in the extracurricular interscholastic athletic contest or competition or any extracurricular activity that is being provided by that school.

The division provides that if the board of directors of a school district has established a fee for the cost of a student's participation in an extracurricular interscholastic athletic contest or competition or extracurricular activity, a student who is enrolled in an Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, charter school and who is participating in an extracurricular interscholastic athletic contest or competition or extracurricular activity at a public school pursuant to the division's provisions, or the student's parent or guardian, is responsible for paying the fee.

The division requires a student who is enrolled in an Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, charter school and who is participating in an extracurricular interscholastic athletic contest or competition or extracurricular activity at a public school pursuant to the division's provisions to participate under the same conditions as a student who is enrolled in the school district, including compliance with the school district's student code of conduct requirements.

The division provides that a student who participates in an extracurricular interscholastic athletic contest or competition or extracurricular activity pursuant to the division's provisions is deemed to satisfy residence requirements for purposes of Iowa Code section 256.46 (Rules for Participation in Extracurricular Activities by Certain Children).

Division IV — Driver Education

Current law requires every public school district in Iowa to offer or make available to all students residing in the school district, including Iowa students attending a nonpublic school or receiving competent private instruction or independent private instruction in the district, an approved course in driver education. This division requires an Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, charter school to offer or make available such courses to students attending the charter school. In addition, the division requires every public school district in Iowa to offer or make available to all Iowa students residing in the school district who attend an Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, charter school an approved course in driver education pursuant to policies established by the school district. The charter school is responsible for paying all of the school district's costs associated with providing the approved course in driver education to those students.

Division V — Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System

This division, as amended by 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 2800 (see Appropriations), provides that persons employed by charter schools that satisfy all applicable requirements under federal law for participation in the retirement system are employees for purposes of the provisions of IPERS. Additionally, the division provides that charter schools that satisfy all applicable requirements under federal law for participation in the retirement system are employers for purposes of the provisions of IPERS.

The division provides that in the event of an Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, charter school closure, the assets of the charter school must be used, after payroll obligations but prior to paying creditors, to satisfy any liabilities due and owing to IPERS.

Division VI — Charter School Facilities Revolving Loan Program

This division establishes a Charter School Facilities Revolving Loan Program Fund within the Iowa Finance Authority (IFA) to assist Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, charter schools in acquiring suitable school facilities. The moneys in the fund are appropriated to IFA for use in the development and operation of a Charter School Facilities Revolving Loan Program to assist charter schools in purchasing, acquiring, developing, reconstructing, remodeling, or replacing school buildings. The division also allows IFA to make or enter into a liquidity or credit enhancement agreement with an Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapter I, charter school to assist the charter school in purchasing, acquiring, developing, reconstructing, remodeling, or replacing school buildings.

Division VII — Education Savings Accounts

Under current law, the parent or guardian of a pupil is required to submit an application for payment under the Education Savings Account Program to DE on or after January 1 but by June 30 preceding the school year for which the education savings account payment is requested. This division allows the parent or guardian of a pupil to submit

such an application on or after October 15 but by November 15 preceding the semester for which the education savings account payment is requested. Additionally, under prior law, each education savings account payment was equal to the regular program state cost per pupil for the same school budget year. The division provides that, if the parent or guardian of a pupil submitted such an application on or after October 15, but by November 15 preceding the semester for which the education savings account payment is requested, the education savings account payment for such pupil is equal to 50 percent of the regular program state cost per pupil for the same school budget year.

The division strikes a requirement that DE or a third-party entity notify the parent or guardian of each pupil approved for the following school year or semester of the amount of the education savings account payment for the pupil within 30 days after the submission of an application.

Division VIII — Independent Accreditation

If an approved independent accrediting agency deaccredits a nonpublic school, this division prohibits the nonpublic school from seeking accreditation from an independent accrediting agency for a period of three years. The division authorizes such a nonpublic school to immediately seek accreditation from DE.

Current law authorizes a nonpublic school to be accredited by an approved independent accrediting agency instead of by the State Board of Education if the nonpublic school is accredited by an independent accrediting agency that is on a list of approved independent accrediting agencies maintained by the State Board of Education. The division provides that these provisions are not to be construed to authorize the state or any political subdivision of the state to exercise authority over any nonpublic school or construed to require a nonpublic school to modify its academic standards for admission or educational program. The division also provides that these provisions are not to be construed to expand the authority of the state or any political subdivision of the state to impose regulations upon any nonpublic school that are not necessary to implement the state's educational standards. The division invalidates rules adopted by the State Board of Education to implement these provisions that impose an undue burden on a nonpublic school. The division requires a nonpublic school to be given the maximum freedom possible to provide for the educational needs of the school's students, consistent with state and federal law.

Division IX — Schedule of Teacher Trainings and Licensure Renewal Requirements

This division requires DE to convene a task force to study the training programs in which teachers in Iowa are required to participate pursuant to state law and the requirements associated with renewing a teaching license. The task force is required to submit its findings and recommendations to the General Assembly on or before December 31, 2026.

Division X — Statewide Preschool Program

Under prior law, only school districts that met certain requirements established by the State Board of Education were able to participate in the SPP, although school districts were allowed to contract with community-based providers. This division authorizes community-based providers to directly participate in the SPP by applying to DE to implement a preschool program.

The division allows a community-based provider approved to directly participate in the SPP to be paid preschool foundation aid directly in the same manner as a school district. The division establishes the amount of preschool foundation aid that is payable to such a community-based provider for the initial school year for which the community-based provider is approved to directly participate in the SPP, and for subsequent school years.

Division XI — School Tuition Organizations — Preschool Startup Costs

This division authorizes certain specified school tuition organizations to provide funding to a preschool in an amount up to the costs the preschool incurred in its first year of operation related to the provision of preschool services.

Division XII — Miscellaneous Provisions

This division allows students from charter schools established pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 256E, subchapters I and II, to access the District-to-Community College Sharing or Concurrent Enrollment Program through the school district in which the charter school is located. The division also allows students from online charter schools to access the program through the students' school district of residence.

Current law requires the board of directors of a receiving district to enroll a pupil who has properly applied for open enrollment for the following school year unless the receiving district has insufficient classroom space or unless the receiving district has prohibited the pupil from enrolling because the pupil is truant. The division requires the receiving district to document the reason for the denial of any open enrollment request and submit information related to the denial to DE.

Division XIII — Private Instruction

Prior law required a child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian who placed the child under competent private instruction to furnish a report to the school district of residence by September 1 of the school year in which the child was under competent private instruction that included an outline of course of study, among other requirements. This division requires this report to state the name and age of the child, the period of time during which the child will be under competent private instruction for the year, an outline of the course of study or texts that will be used, and the name and address of the instructor.

Prior law provided that independent private instruction was private instruction that, among other criteria, enrolled not more than four unrelated students and did not charge tuition or fees for instruction. The division strikes these provisions.

The division requires independent private instruction to provide students in all grade levels with instruction in mathematics, reading and language arts, science, and social studies. The division also provides that the students receiving independent private instruction need not be related to the primary instructor.

The division deems a student who completes a program of secondary education under competent private instruction or independent private instruction to have completed a high school education and shall not be required to obtain a high school equivalency diploma or other alternative credential.

The division authorizes a parent, guardian, legal custodian, or instructor responsible for providing the program of secondary education under competent private instruction or independent private instruction to issue a diploma, final transcript, or other written documentation evidencing academic achievements and the completion of the program of secondary education. A diploma, final transcript, or other written documentation issued pursuant to these provisions is required to be accepted in the same manner as a high school diploma, final transcript, or other written documentation issued by a school district or an accredited nonpublic school for all purposes. The division prohibits the state, a political subdivision of the state, or any other person from denying or restricting any right, privilege, or benefit available to an individual solely because the individual's diploma, final transcript, or other written documentation was issued pursuant to these provisions. These provisions apply to all diplomas, final transcripts, and other written documentation issued before, on, or after May 12, 2026.

The division authorizes the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of a child of compulsory attendance age to execute any document required by law to verify the placement of a child under competent private instruction or independent private instruction, the child's full-time or part-time status in competent private instruction or independent private instruction, the grades the child has obtained in competent private instruction or independent private instruction, or any other required educational information.

Division XIV — Immediate Effective Date

The Act took effect May 12, 2026.

ELECTIONS, ETHICS, AND CAMPAIGN FINANCE

- SENATE FILE 140** - Satellite Absentee Voting Stations — Conditions for Rejection — Certain Materials Removed or Obscured
- HOUSE FILE 2501** - Elections — Misconduct Investigations, Conditions for Registration Cancellation, Public Measure Recounts, Voting System Standards, and Local Election Filings — Miscellaneous Provisions
- HOUSE FILE 2601** - Elections and Campaign Finance — Prohibition on Direct or Indirect Participation and Influence by Foreign Nationals in Ballot Issues — Investigations

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2218** - Verification of Identity, Citizenship, Immigration Status, and Employment and Licensure Eligibility — Voter Registration and Pretrial Detention — Civil Penalties for Employment of Persons Providing False Information
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act disqualifies persons who are unauthorized aliens from registering to vote and from voting. The Act requires each voter registration form to contain an oath established in the Act.

The Act requires the State Registrar of Voters to attempt to verify all registered voters' United States citizenship using the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements system of the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services. The State Registrar of Voters is required to provide notice to each county commissioner of registration of the results of the citizenship verification for each registrant in the county commissioner of registration's county. Additionally, the State Registrar of Voters is required, on a monthly basis, to verify the United States citizenship of all newly registered voters and to, on an annual basis, verify the United States citizenship of all registered voters.

Upon receipt of a notification that a registrant has not been verified as a United States citizen, a county commissioner of registration is required to designate the records of the registrant as unconfirmed. The county commissioner of registration is required to send to a registrant whose record has been designated as unconfirmed a notice that includes information described in the Act. A registration that has been designated as unconfirmed pursuant to the provisions of the Act shall be canceled if the registrant does not provide proof of citizenship within 90 days after receiving such notice.

- HOUSE FILE 2800** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act prohibits state political party constitutions and bylaws from prohibiting elected officials from serving on the party's state central committee and provides for the election of officers to the committees.

ELECTIONS, ETHICS, AND CAMPAIGN FINANCE

SENATE FILE 140 - Satellite Absentee Voting Stations — Conditions for Rejection — Certain Materials Removed or Obscured

BY DRISCOLL. This Act relates to satellite absentee voting stations. A county commissioner of elections shall not establish a satellite absentee voting station on school property if a question to approve a bond, an instructional support program, an educational improvement program, a physical plant and equipment levy, or public education and recreation levy issued by any local school appears on the ballot to be voted at that election. A county commissioner of elections shall remove or obscure all published material relating to a public measure that is posted at a satellite absentee voting station.

HOUSE FILE 2501 - Elections — Misconduct Investigations, Conditions for Registration Cancellation, Public Measure Recounts, Voting System Standards, and Local Election Filings — Miscellaneous Provisions

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to the conduct of elections.

Division I — Election Misconduct — Investigation

The Act defines “election day” for the purposes of election misconduct to include any day on which voting takes place in person, including absentee voting at the offices of a county commissioner of elections or at a satellite absentee voting station. The Act requires a law enforcement agency or other entity of the state or a political subdivision of the state that is investigating an election, the actions of election officials, or election misconduct to immediately notify the State Commissioner of Elections, or the Governor if the State Commissioner of Elections is under investigation.

Division II — Cancellation of Voter Registration

A voter registration that has been designated as incomplete, pending, or unconfirmed for 90 days shall be canceled if the county commissioner of elections has been unable to contact the registrant or the registrant has failed to submit sufficient information to complete, verify, or correct the defect in the registration.

Division III — Election Recounts — Public Measures

The Act changes the minimum threshold for conducting a recount of a public measure that is not voted on by the electors of the entire state and that requires an affirmative vote of at least 60 percent of the votes cast on the measure to be a difference between passage and defeat of not more than 1 percent or 50 votes, whichever is lesser. The Act changes the makeup of a recount board for a public measure to consist of the county commissioner of elections and the commissioner’s staff, which may include persons employed by the commissioner to tally ballots.

Division IV — Election Security

The Act updates references to the United States Election Assistance Commission and the federal Help America Vote Act. The Act requires all election equipment, including election equipment that is not currently in use, to be secured with a tamper-evident seal at all times.

Division V — Special Precinct Election Board

The Act requires a county commissioner of elections to set a convening time for the election board of the absentee ballot and special voters precinct of no later than 9:00 a.m. on election day for general and statewide special elections.

Division VI — Local Election Filings

The Act requires all filings for city and school elections to be made with the county commissioner of elections and removes the authority of a county commissioner of elections to designate a city clerk to accept election filings. The Act also requires objections to petitions in city elections to be heard by the county auditor, county treasurer, and county attorney.

Division VII — Voter Identification — Attestation of Another

The Act strikes the ability of a registered voter to attest to the identity of another registered voter in lieu of that voter presenting identification to establish identity and residency prior to receiving a ballot.

Division VIII — Hospital Board of Trustees Elections

For elections for hospital boards of trustees in 2026 in which five of seven trustees are to be elected, the four who are elected who receive the highest number of votes are elected to four-year terms, and the remaining trustee is elected to a two-year term. In case of a tie, the county commissioner of elections shall determine who serves the two-year term by lot, and the person next elected to that office shall thereafter be elected for regular times.

HOUSE FILE 2601 - Elections and Campaign Finance — Prohibition on Direct or Indirect Participation and Influence by Foreign Nationals in Ballot Issues — Investigations

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to campaign finance. The Act requires the treasurer of a political committee expressly advocating the passage or defeat of a ballot issue that receives a contribution from a donor to obtain an affirmation that the donor is not a foreign national and has not knowingly or willfully accepted funds in excess of \$100,000 in aggregate from one or more foreign nationals within the four years immediately preceding the date the contribution is made. A political committee or person required to make an independent expenditure report to the Iowa Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board (board) is also required to include in its reports to the board affirmations regarding such contributions from foreign nationals.

The Act prohibits a foreign national from directly or indirectly participating in the decision-making process of a person regarding the person's activities to influence a ballot issue. A governmental entity conducting an investigation related to certain forms of election misconduct shall, to the greatest extent possible, shield the identity of lawful donors to tax-exempt organizations. The Act prohibits a governmental entity from collecting information regarding the identity of a donor to a tax-exempt organization that is not directly related to a violation related to campaign finance during the investigation of a violation related to campaign finance. The Act also prohibits a governmental entity from disclosing information concerning the identity of a donor to a tax-exempt organization to the public or another governmental entity, other than to another governmental entity directly involved in an investigation, unless a final determination has been made that the donor has committed a violation related to campaign finance.

A person who knowingly or willfully violates a provision of the Act shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$10,000 or three times the amount of the contribution or expenditure, whichever is greater, to be collected by the board and deposited in the General Fund of the State. By operation of law, a person who willfully violates a provision of the Act is also guilty of a serious misdemeanor.

ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES

- SENATE FILE 2214** - Transmission Lines on Highway Rights-of-Way — Coordination Activities and Installation
- SENATE FILE 2304** - Public Utilities — System Enhancement Improvements and Charges — Utilities Commission Approval — Acquisition Cost Considerations
- SENATE FILE 2490** - Oil, Gas, and Mineral Production — Filing Requirements, Confidential Information, Pooling Orders, Permission for Entry, Surface Damage, Severance Taxes, and Water Quality Project Funding
- HOUSE FILE 2227** - Electric Transmission Lines — Initial Construction — Agricultural Land Restoration
- HOUSE FILE 2583** - Electric Transmission Line Owners — Emergency Response Plans — Civil Penalties

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2465** - Agriculture — Infrastructure, Product, Innovation, and Revitalization Programs — Weights and Measuring Standards, Animal Health Regulation, Grain Sales and Operations, and Agricultural Tourism — Miscellaneous Tax Provisions
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act amends or enacts a number of provisions in various Iowa Code chapters relating to agriculture, including by promoting the renewable fuel industry.
- HOUSE FILE 960** - Sales Tax Exemption for Central Office Equipment or Transmission Equipment — Telecommunications and Internet Access Services
SEE TAXATION. This Act modifies the sales tax exemption for the purchase of central office equipment or transmission equipment in the furnishing of telecommunications services or Internet access services, or any combination of these, by certain businesses including municipal utilities, cooperatives, and companies not subject to rate regulation under Iowa Code chapter 476 (Public Utility Regulation).
- HOUSE FILE 2527** - Civil or Criminal Actions — Damage or Injury from Effect on Climate Caused by Greenhouse Gas Emissions — Limitation on Liability
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act limits a defendant's liability arising from any alleged actual or potential effect on climate caused wholly or partly by a greenhouse gas emission attributable to the defendant in a civil or criminal action.
- HOUSE FILE 2534** - Confinement Feeding Operations — Shellfish — Waste Disposal Permitting
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act regulates confinement feeding operations (CFOs) by the Department of Natural Resources under Iowa Code chapter 459. A CFO is a location where certain species of animals associated with agriculture are maintained within one or more roofed structures for 45 days or more in any 12-month period, and all associated open or covered structures used for the storage of manure or egg washwater. The Act adds shellfish under Iowa Code chapter 459 regulations.
- HOUSE FILE 2757** - Nuclear Electric Generation Facilities — Sales and Use Tax Exemptions and Refunds — Board of Regents Nuclear Energy Workforce Fund
SEE TAXATION. This Act creates sales and use tax exemptions and refunds for nuclear electric generation facilities and makes the exemptions and refunds contingent upon the facility making contributions to establish and maintain nuclear energy workforce programs and equipment at institutions governed by the State Board of Regents.
- HOUSE FILE 2765** - Regulation of Mining — Subsidence
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act requires the Division of Soil Conservation and Water Quality, an administrative unit of the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship, to adopt rules providing for the regulation of a subsidence, as defined in the Act.

- HOUSE FILE 2771** - Appropriations — Agriculture, Natural Resources, and Environmental Protection
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act makes appropriations for FY 2026-2027 from the General Fund of the State, the Environment First Fund, the Groundwater Protection Fund, and the Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund for purposes of supporting the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship to support soil and water conservation and water quality; the Department of Natural Resources to support water quality monitoring, public water supplies, the regulation of animal feeding operations, floodplain management and dam safety, and air quality; the State University of Iowa to support the measurement, assessment, and evaluation of the quantity of water sources and to assist DNR in regulating water quantity; and the Iowa Finance Authority to support the Wastewater and Drinking Water Treatment Financial Assistance Program and to provide loans to small or medium sized communities to upgrade water or wastewater infrastructure.
- HOUSE FILE 2799** - Economic Development — Programs for Corporate Headquarters Expansion and Development, Major Economic Growth Attraction, Business Incentives for Growth, and Industrial New Jobs Training — Repeal of New Jobs Tax Credit — Electricity Use Analysis and Forecasting
SEE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT. This Act requires the Economic Development Authority to commission Iowa State University of Science and Technology to produce a report forecasting the probable future growth of the use of electricity, including a load forecast and an analysis of electric transmission system expansion plans. The Act grants the Iowa Utilities Commission authority to compel public utilities to share the utility's information necessary to develop the required analysis. The Act creates an Electric Transmission System Expansion Planning Analysis and Load Forecasting Fund and requires the Iowa Utilities Commission to direct all electric utilities to remit for deposit in the fund not more than .02 percent of the utilities' total gross intrastate operating revenues from the prior year. Moneys in the fund are appropriated for the purpose of commissioning the load forecasting report and analysis. The Iowa Utilities Commission must establish an aggregate maximum amount of remittances and a schedule for remittances. The remittances are in addition to assessments otherwise permitted and may be included in budgets approved for energy efficiency implementation as detailed in the Act.
- HOUSE FILE 2800** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act provides for inspection, monitoring, and maintenance requirements for proprietary treatment systems and requires associated reports to and by the Department of Natural Resources.

ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES

SENATE FILE 2214 - Transmission Lines on Highway Rights-of-Way — Coordination Activities and Installation
BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act requires the Department of Transportation (DOT) to engage in coordination activities with a utility or transmission line developer, when requested, to review highway corridors identified in the request for potential locations to place transmission lines. The DOT must share all known plans with affected utility or transmission line developers on planned future projects in the highway corridor if the planned highway project impacts the placement or siting of transmission lines.

The Act authorizes longitudinal transmission line installations to be installed on a primary road right-of-way, upon written request by a utility infrastructure owner, unless the DOT determines such an installation would endanger public safety or interfere with the proper function and use of the highway. The DOT is required to make the reason for denying the installation of a longitudinal transmission line available to the public within 90 days.

SENATE FILE 2304 - Public Utilities — System Enhancement Improvements and Charges — Utilities Commission Approval — Acquisition Cost Considerations

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act establishes procedures for system enhancement of infrastructure, including the development of ratemaking principles permitted for the recovery costs of certain investments in infrastructure by water and wastewater utilities. The Act states the intent of the General Assembly that these mechanisms be available to support the development and sustainability of adequate and resilient water and wastewater treatment facilities, and provides that the Iowa Utilities Commission (commission) is not bound by traditional ratemaking principles when evaluating system enhancement infrastructure.

The Act defines terms, including “system enhancement costs” and “system enhancement improvement.” System enhancement costs include depreciation expenses, restoration costs, property taxes, and pretax return, but exclude fines and penalties. A system enhancement improvement is a qualifying water or wastewater utility plant project.

The Act requires an eligible utility to obtain commission approval of a plan before seeking recovery of system enhancement costs through a system enhancement charge. The application is dismissed if the utility has not received a final order in a general rate case for the same type of utility service within the previous five years.

The Act requires an application for approval of a plan to include projected annual capital expenditures, a description of the infrastructure, applicable legal or regulatory requirements and any consent decrees, a description of how proposed improvements enable compliance, alternative compliance options considered, an engineering evaluation and report, blanket-type work orders and their associated proposed costs, proposed rate schedules for the system enhancement charge, the estimated rate impact of the charge, and a financial impact statement.

The application is a contested case, and the commission must issue a final order within eight months of filing unless extended for good cause shown. When reviewing the plan, the commission is required to make reasonable efforts to ensure the utility is in compliance with all requirements and the commission may also consider certain criteria. The commission is restricted from disapproving a plan on the basis of one or more system enhancements, but may approve plans subject to removal of the system enhancement improvements that do not satisfy the criteria. Utilities providing both water and wastewater service must submit separate plans for each service.

The Act prohibits the commission from approving a plan if the commission finds that the projected annualized revenue required to recover the costs of improvements would exceed 10 percent of the utility’s authorized revenue requirement. Following approval of a plan, the Act requires an eligible utility to file an annual application to establish or adjust a system enhancement charge as described in the Act. The Act also sets forth certain requirements and limitations of the charge.

The Act authorizes an eligible utility to defer system enhancement costs for recovery through the utility’s next approved system enhancement charge. The Act further authorizes an eligible utility, when filing an application to implement or change a system enhancement charge, to update information from the plan and to include project additions, replacements, or deferrals that otherwise qualify as system enhancement improvements and that the

utility reasonably expects to occur while the plan is effective. The application is required to follow notice and publication requirements.

The Act allows a utility to include the system enhancement improvements to its rate base in its subsequent general rate case and provides that a system enhancement charge approved under the Act resets to zero upon approval of new base rates.

The Act provides that if a water, sanitary sewer, or storm water utility that is the subject of an acquisition does not meet certain requirements, the commission must consider reasonable and customary costs in connection with the acquisition in the public utility's next rate case.

SENATE FILE 2490 - Oil, Gas, and Mineral Production — Filing Requirements, Confidential Information, Pooling Orders, Permission for Entry, Surface Damage, Severance Taxes, and Water Quality Project Funding

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to oil and gas production, including filing requirements, the authority of the Department of Natural Resources (DNR), confidential information, pooling orders, negotiation of surface damage, imposition and distribution of a tax, and jurisdiction.

The Act provides the Director of DNR (director) the authority to require yearly filings from every person, acting as a principal or agent for another or independently, engaged in oil and gas operations. The director also has the authority to issue a variance to any of DNR's rules, regulations, or orders, and establish procedures to grant such variances.

The Act allows an owner to make certain information submitted to DNR confidential for five years, unless otherwise extended by the director for good cause, and provides for confidentiality procedures.

If DNR is unable to determine the existence of a pool and the appropriate acreage and shape for a spacing unit (unit) based on the evidence introduced at hearing, the Act allows DNR to establish an exploratory unit to drill for exploratory wells to establish the existence of a pool and the appropriate size and shape for the unit.

Under prior law, in the absence of voluntary pooling, the director was required to enter an order pooling all interests (pooling order) upon the application of an interested person. The Act requires the director to enter such order only if the application is submitted by the owner or owners of at least 25 percent of the area of the unit and the producer has identified pools of existing natural hydrogen within the unit.

The Act establishes requirements for a pooling order to provide for certain rights and obligations of consenting owners of a unit. The director is authorized to ensure the producers are entitled to all production from the well after payment of royalties and other obligations and to determine costs if there is a dispute. Owners who do not consent to the pooling order are entitled to a share of the production applicable to the owner's interest after the producer has recovered a certain amount specified in the Act.

The Act provides that certain nonconsenting owners of a tract or interest in a unit shall be entitled to a cost-free royalty interest during the time of drilling or operating a well pursuant to the pooling order, and sets forth procedural requirements for the participation in the pooling order by nonconsenting landowners after the producer has fully recovered costs.

The Act provides minimum requirements for an application for compulsory pooling and any associated hearing.

The Act requires, prior to entering a site for purposes of oil and gas operations, the operator to receive written permission from the surface owner. If permission is not granted, the operator may not enter the site. Additionally, an operator must negotiate and execute a written agreement with the surface owner on payment of damages caused by drilling operations prior to entering a drilling site with heavy equipment that is subject to a pooling order or within an exploratory unit. The Act creates a mechanism for the surface owner to opt out of further communication with the operator, except for required legal notices.

The Act levies a severance tax on oil and gas production in this state. The Act sets the tax rate for oil and gas production and provides that expenses incurred prior to market valuation are not deductible. When ownership is shared, each owner is responsible for a proportionate share of the tax, subject to a deduction of royalties or other payments due to other interest owners.

The Act provides for the distribution of the moneys raised by the severance tax. A portion of the revenues is distributed to counties based on population and to counties based on production, and must be used to construct and maintain county roads or offset property taxes. The Act also provides for distributions to the Road Use Tax Fund, the Environment First Fund for support of water quality projects, and the Taxpayer Relief Fund. The Act provides for administration of the severance tax by the Department of Revenue and establishes confidentiality requirements for taxpayer information.

The Act provides that oil and gas operation is subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of this state. Except for certain limited exceptions, the Act prohibits a county, city, or other political subdivision from enacting or enforcing any ordinance or other measure that bans, limits, or otherwise regulates oil and gas operation within its jurisdiction.

Under prior law, DNR had the authority to determine market demand for oil and gas for each marketing district and to regulate the amount of production. The Act removes this authority from DNR.

HOUSE FILE 2227 - Electric Transmission Lines — Initial Construction — Agricultural Land Restoration

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to land restoration following the initial construction of electric transmission lines. The Act directs the Natural Resource Commission (NRC) to adopt rules to implement the land restoration requirements after initial construction of an electric transmission line, and sets forth standards related to drain tiles, noninvasive rocks, tilling, soil conservation practices, reseeding, field entrances and temporary roads, practices when constructing in wet conditions, electric transmission owner contact information, and inspections.

The Act allows NRC to issue an order requiring corrective action and impose civil penalties if the electric transmission owner or its contractor do not comply with the required standards.

The Act requires petitioners for a franchise for electric transmission construction to file a land restoration plan outlining how the construction will conform to the required standards, but also allows alternative provisions in independent agreements with landowners, alternate methods of land restoration with NRC approval, and waiver if the requirements are satisfied through similar agreement with other agencies in the state. The restoration plan will be provided to all property owners affected by the construction.

The Act does not limit, expand, or otherwise modify the rights of access and obligations for damages set forth in Iowa Code section 478.17.

The Act took effect April 16, 2026, and applies retroactively to an electric transmission line included in a federally registered planning authority long-term transmission plan approved on or after July 1, 2020.

HOUSE FILE 2583 - Electric Transmission Line Owners — Emergency Response Plans — Civil Penalties

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to emergency planning and coordination for electric transmission line (ETL) owners. The Act requires each ETL owner to independently develop an emergency response plan and submit the plan to the Iowa Utilities Commission (commission). The plan must include ETL emergency information as detailed in the Act. The Act includes timelines for the submission of the initial plan and subsequent updated plans, which must be submitted annually or after a material change.

The Act provides that emergency response plans and related information submitted to the commission are confidential records and are not subject to disclosure, except as necessary to coordinate emergency response and restoration efforts among authorized state and utility personnel.

The Act requires an ETL owner to notify the commission when an outage meeting certain criteria is projected to result in a loss of service for more than six hours to end user customers. The notice must be made as early as possible and must include the general nature and cause of the interruption, the geographic area or the affected

end user customer and the impacted franchise, a preliminary assessment of the damage, and an estimated time for restoration, with updates provided as more accurate information becomes available. In the event of an actual or imminent proclaimed disaster emergency, the Act requires ETL owners to coordinate operational responses with one another to ensure expeditious and orderly repair and restoration, and provide information to the commission and the Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management as requested to support state-level emergency response.

The Act authorizes the commission to levy a civil penalty against an ETL owner that violates the Act or rules adopted under it, in an amount of not more than \$1,000 per violation or \$10,000 per day for a continuing violation, whichever is greater.

HEALTH AND SAFETY

- SENATE FILE 304** - Vaccinations for Minors for Sexually Transmitted Diseases or Infections — Parental Consent Required
- SENATE FILE 469** - Emeritus License to Practice Medicine and Surgery or Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery
- SENATE FILE 563** - Cremation Establishments and Crematory Operators — Licensure
- SENATE FILE 2139** - Athletic Trainer Compact
- SENATE FILE 2184** - Medical Licensure — Presentment to Board by Designee, License Renewal, and Final Decision Timelines
- SENATE FILE 2190** - Physician Assistants — Title Changes and Terminology — Physician Associates
- SENATE FILE 2198** - Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care — Authority of Attorney in Fact
- SENATE FILE 2417** - Conversational Artificial Intelligence Services — Limitations, Required Disclosures, and Civil Penalties
- HOUSE FILE 571** - Medical Practitioners and Health Care Institutions — Exercise of Conscience, Whistleblower Activities, and Free Speech Protections
- HOUSE FILE 648** - Dentists — Licensed Sedation Provider Host Permit
- HOUSE FILE 864** - Age Verification for Certain Internet Sites Containing Content Pornographic for Minors — Enforcement and Civil Penalties
- HOUSE FILE 990** - Medical Cannabidiol — Registration Cards and Dispensary Licensure
- HOUSE FILE 2254** - Noncompetete Clause Prohibition — Certain Medical Professions of University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics
- HOUSE FILE 2297** - Radon Mitigation Requirements for New Single-Family and Two-Family Residential Construction — State Building Code
- HOUSE FILE 2305** - Health Care Decision Making and Programs — Palliative Care, Hospice Programs, Life-Sustaining Procedures, Certain Do-Not-Resuscitate Orders, Durable Powers of Attorney, and Probate Court Guardianships
- HOUSE FILE 2498** - Podiatric Medical Licensure Compact
- HOUSE FILE 2562** - Health Care Decision-Making Authority for Persons Unable to Consent — Duties of Facilities Providing Health-Related and Personal Care Services
- HOUSE FILE 2564** - Legal Capacity to Consent to Prenatal, Intrapartum, or Postnatal Care — Minor Without Available Parent, Guardian, or Legal Custodian
- HOUSE FILE 2585** - Accessible Prescription Labels and Related Materials — Blindness, Visual Impairments, and Print Disabilities
- HOUSE FILE 2602** - Massage Therapy — Establishment Licensure — Sole Practitioners — Penalties
- HOUSE FILE 2676** - Health-Related Profession Education, Licensure, and Compacts — Summer Nutrition Assistance Program — Epinephrine Delivery Systems and Ivermectin Availability — School Food and Beverage Standards, Electronic Instruction Standards, Fitness Testing, and Physical Activity Requirements
- HOUSE FILE 2788** - Abortion — Definitions, Informed Consent, Reporting, and Abortion-Inducing Drugs

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2289** - Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing — Powers and Operations of State Racing and Gaming Commission — State Building Code and Fees — Special Classification Residential Care Facilities
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to duties under the purview of the Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing, including gambling, the State Building Code, and residential care facilities. The Act allows a residential care facility that is a pediatric palliative care center to serve as few as zero individuals. Prior law required an entity to serve at least three individuals to be defined as a residential care facility.
- HOUSE FILE 2635** - Health Carrier Standards of Conduct — Utilization Review Organizations, Use of Artificial Intelligence, and Audits — Prior Authorizations and Certificates of Need
SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE. This Act relates to requirements for applications for certificates of need, application fees and fees for applicants for a new institutional health service or a changed institutional health service offered or developed by an intermediate care facility for persons with an intellectual disability or for persons with mental illness, organized outpatient health facilities that provide specified services, administrative procedures, and letters of intent.
- HOUSE FILE 2711** - Elimination of State and Local Policies and Programs with Affirmative Action, Race, Minority, or Gender Requirements
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to state policies and programs with race or gender requirements. The Act removes the contribution of a proposed institutional health service in meeting the needs of racial and ethnic minorities from the list of factors the Department of Health and Human Services must consider in determining whether to issue a certificate of need, which is required for a new or changed institutional health service to be offered or developed. The Act also alters the requirement for the Board of Medicine to prioritize applications for licensure of a physician, surgeon, and osteopathic physician or surgeon who will primarily serve medically underserved communities and those living in rural areas by removing minority persons from this list.
- HOUSE FILE 2782** - Appropriations — Health and Human Services — Veterans Affairs
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to appropriations to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) for FY 2026-2027. The Act makes appropriations from the General Fund of the State and other funds to HHS for aging and disability services; behavioral health; public health; community access and eligibility; the Medical Assistance Program, the State Supplementary Assistance Program, the Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa Program, and other specified health-related programs, including health program operations and reimbursement rate provisions; family well-being and protection, including state child care assistance, early intervention and supports, and Child Protective Services; and state-operating specialty care. The Act creates a Comprehensive Family Support Program under HHS's purview.
- HOUSE FILE 2794** - Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Center Grant Program and Trust Fund
SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS. This Act establishes a Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Center Grant Program. The Act requires, contingent upon funding, the Attorney General to contract with an eligible nonprofit organization to operate and maintain sexual assault forensic examination centers in the state. The Act creates a Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Center Grant Program Trust Fund in the State Treasury under the control of the Department of Justice. All moneys deposited in the trust fund are appropriated and made available to the Department of Justice for the purposes of the Act and to provide grants to sexual assault forensic examination centers in this state.

HEALTH AND SAFETY

SENATE FILE 304 - Vaccinations for Minors for Sexually Transmitted Diseases or Infections — Parental Consent Required

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. Under certain conditions, a minor has the legal capacity to consent to the provision of medical care or services for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of a sexually transmitted disease or infection. This Act removes the legal capacity for a minor to consent to the provision of vaccinations for a sexually transmitted disease or infection.

SENATE FILE 469 - Emeritus License to Practice Medicine and Surgery or Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act relates to the issuance of an emeritus license to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery. The Board of Medicine (board) must issue an emeritus license to a physician and surgeon or osteopathic physician and surgeon who is at least 60 years of age, who is or will be primarily engaged in the practice of supervising and training residents, and who submits an application to the board. An emeritus license: entitles the licensee to maintain the same scope of practice as the licensee had as a physician and surgeon or osteopathic physician and surgeon; does not require continuing education credits; is valid for a term of three years; and may be renewed once. The application and renewal fees for an emeritus license are one-half of the corresponding fees for a license to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery.

The Act requires the board to adopt rules to implement the Act, including by defining “primarily engaged in the practice of supervising and training resident physicians.”

SENATE FILE 563 - Cremation Establishments and Crematory Operators — Licensure

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act requires the Board of Mortuary Science (board) to adopt rules for licensure as a crematory operator, including the requirement to complete a specialized course in cremation from a nationally recognized organization. The Act requires the board to grant a crematory operator license to a funeral director who submits an application to the board and permits a crematory operator or a funeral director to operate a cremation establishment. The Act makes the payment of anything of value as a commission or gratuity for securing business for a crematory operator a simple misdemeanor and subjects a person who falsely makes an affidavit in the application for a crematory establishment license to all the penalties prescribed for making a false affidavit.

SENATE FILE 2139 - Athletic Trainer Compact

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act adopts the Athletic Trainer Compact (compact). The compact creates a system allowing an athletic trainer who is licensed in one participating state to practice in another participating state under a compact privilege without applying for a license in that other state. The compact also imposes certain minimum requirements on the licensure of athletic trainers in participating states.

The compact is administered by a commission consisting of delegates from each participating state (commission). The commission may create rules and bylaws relating to the compact, levy annual assessments on participating states and impose fees on licensees seeking a compact privilege, sue and be sued, intervene in legal matters concerning the commission, appoint an executive committee, and generally administer the compact as detailed in the Act.

The compact instructs the commission to create a database containing licensure, adverse action, and significant investigative information on all licensees and applicants in participating states. Participating states may designate certain information to not be shared with the public.

The compact comes into effect on the date on which the seventh participating state enacts the compact statute. A participating state may withdraw from the compact by enacting a statute repealing the compact.

SENATE FILE 2184 - Medical Licensure — Presentment to Board by Designee, License Renewal, and Final Decision Timelines

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act relates to the issuance of licenses to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, and administrative medicine (licenses). The Act allows an applicant for a license to designate a person to submit application materials on behalf of the applicant. The Act requires the Board of Medicine (board) to adopt rules setting the term of a license at not less than three years and requires a license to expire on the birthday of the licensee.

The board is required to issue a final decision on an application for a license within 45 calendar days of receipt of the application, or 75 calendar days of receipt of all documentation if the board informs the applicant, and the applicant's employee, if applicable, that there are specific concerns that are delaying the final review of the application.

SENATE FILE 2190 - Physician Assistants — Title Changes and Terminology — Physician Associates

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act directs the Iowa Code Editor to change all references of "physician assistant" throughout the Iowa Code and in any Iowa Code sections or other noncodified enactments amended or enacted by any other Act to "physician associate." This change does not alter the rights, responsibilities, or scope of practice of a person licensed as a physician assistant, and the Act prohibits a person with a business relationship with a physician assistant from altering that relationship as a result of the title change. The Act allows a person who is licensed or qualified for licensure as a physician associate to use either title until the use of the title "physician associate" becomes common.

The Act requires agencies to update documents to conform with the Act by January 1, 2027, and allows agencies to submit amendments to the Iowa Administrative Code Editor to editorially update references of "physician assistant" in rules to "physician associate."

SENATE FILE 2198 - Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care — Authority of Attorney in Fact

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to the authority of an attorney in fact (attorney) under a durable power of attorney for health care (POA).

Under prior law, an attorney under a POA had the duty to act in accordance with the desires expressed in the POA or made known to the attorney by the individual who executed the POA. If the individual executed a declaration related to life-sustaining procedures, the declaration did not prohibit the attorney from withdrawing hydration or nutrition in certain circumstances or otherwise restrict the authority of the attorney.

The Act requires the attorney to act in accordance with the desires of the individual as expressed in a POA or a declaration relating to the use of life-sustaining procedures, or as otherwise made known to the attorney by the individual. The authority of the attorney is not restricted by the individual's desires expressed verbally or in writing to another person other than the attorney, unless the document authorizing the POA expressly states a limitation on the authority of the attorney.

SENATE FILE 2417 - Conversational Artificial Intelligence Services — Limitations, Required Disclosures, and Civil Penalties

BY COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY. This Act relates to requirements and guidelines for conversational AI services (AI services).

The Act defines "conversational AI service" as an artificial intelligence (AI), available by software application, web interface, or computer program, that is accessible to the general public and that has the primary purpose of simulating human conversation and interaction through text, audio communication, or visual communication. The Act lists exceptions to the definition of AI service.

The Act defines "operator" as a person who develops and makes an AI service available to the public. The Act lists exceptions to the definition of "operator."

The Act also defines "account holder," "minor," "sexually explicit conduct," and "visual depiction."

The Act requires an operator to clearly and conspicuously disclose to a minor account holder (minor) that the minor is interacting with AI through a persistent visible disclaimer or a disclaimer that appears at the beginning of each interaction between the operator's AI service and a minor and at least once every three hours of continuous interaction between the minor and the AI service.

The Act prohibits an operator from providing a minor with points or similar rewards at unpredictable intervals with the intent to encourage increased engagement with the operator's AI service.

The Act prohibits an operator's AI service from producing visual depictions of sexually explicit material for a minor, stating that a minor should engage in sexually explicit conduct, or sexually objectifying a minor.

The Act requires an operator to institute reasonable measures to prevent the operator's AI service from leading a reasonable individual to believe the individual is interacting with a human. If the AI service would lead a reasonable individual to believe the individual is interacting with a human, the operator must clearly and conspicuously disclose, using a disclaimer similar to what is required for AI interactions with a minor, that the AI service is AI.

The Act requires, in circumstances detailed in the Act, an operator to provide tools to a minor or a minor's parent or guardian, or both, that will allow the individual to manage the minor's privacy and account settings.

The Act requires an operator to adopt protocols for the operator's AI service that would respond in a manner detailed in the Act to user prompts of suicidal ideation or self-harm.

The Act prohibits an operator from knowingly and intentionally causing or programming an AI service to make a representation or statement that would lead a reasonable person to believe the AI service is designed to provide professional psychology services or behavioral health services that would require licensure.

The Act authorizes the Attorney General to enforce the Act and adopt rules to administer the Act. An operator in violation of the Act is subject to an injunction and the greater of actual damages or a civil penalty of \$1,000 per violation, up to a maximum of \$500,000 per operator. Civil penalties collected under the Act must be deposited into the General Fund of the State.

The Act does not create a private right of action and is not to be construed to make a developer of an AI model liable solely because a third party uses the developer's AI model to create or train an AI service.

The Act applies July 1, 2027.

HOUSE FILE 571 - Medical Practitioners and Health Care Institutions — Exercise of Conscience, Whistleblower Activities, and Free Speech Protections

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to protections for medical practitioners (practitioners) and health care institutions (institutions) concerning exercise of conscience, whistleblower activities, and free speech.

The Act defines "conscience," "discrimination," "health care institution," "health care service," "medical practitioner," and "participate in a health care service."

The Act gives a practitioner or institution the right to refuse to participate in or pay for a health care service (service) that violates their conscience. A practitioner shall inform their employer of their conscientious objection to the service. A practitioner or institution that refuses to participate in a service based on their conscience shall not be discriminated against for their refusal. These provisions shall not be construed to relieve a practitioner or institution of their duty under federal law to provide emergency medical services to certain individuals.

A practitioner or institution that holds itself out as religious-based, as described in the Act, also has the right to make certain decisions consistent with their religious beliefs. The Act provides immunity from civil, criminal, or administrative liability for a practitioner or institution exercising their conscience in good faith.

The Act provides certain whistleblower protections to a practitioner or institution. These protections do not exempt a person from the requirements of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.

The Act prohibits the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) or a licensing or certifying entity (entity) from taking certain actions against a practitioner or institution for engaging in federally protected speech activities, unless there is clear and convincing evidence that the activity directly caused harm to certain patients or clients. A notice of a complaint to an entity alleging a violation of this provision of the Act must be received by the practitioner or institution within 21 days of receipt of the complaint by the entity. If the practitioner or institution does not receive such notice, the entity is subject to a fine.

The Act prohibits the state from contracting with, recognizing, approving, or requiring a practitioner or institution to obtain a certification or credential issued or approved by certain entities that revoke or refuse to issue a certification or credential in violation of the Act.

A person is prohibited from interfering or attempting to interfere with the rights and protections provided to practitioners and institutions under the Act. A person who violates this provision of the Act may be subject to civil penalties. A person declining to use or purchase a service from a practitioner or institution exercising their conscience is not a cause for a civil action. The Act cannot be construed to deny, abrogate, or impair any other common law or statutory right, remedy, or prohibition.

HOUSE FILE 648 - Dentists — Licensed Sedation Provider Host Permit

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act relates to the hosting of a licensed sedation provider by a dentist. The Dental Board (board) may issue a licensed sedation provider host permit (permit) to a dentist who satisfies the requirements listed in new Iowa Code section 153.25(1), including the completion of a licensure course. A dentist with a permit may employ a licensed sedation provider, defined in the Act as a physician anesthesiologist or certified registered nurse anesthetist licensed in Iowa, to administer moderate sedation on an outpatient basis to a patient who is at least 13 years of age on whom the dentist is performing a dental procedure. The dentist may also monitor a patient who is under moderate sedation.

The Act requires the board to ensure that a course meets the requirements listed in new Iowa Code section 153.25(3) prior to approving it as a course for licensure as a licensed sedation provider host, and to review courses for approval on an annual basis. The board shall adopt rules to implement the Act, including for the expiration and renewal of a permit.

HOUSE FILE 864 - Age Verification for Certain Internet Sites Containing Content Pornographic for Minors — Enforcement and Civil Penalties

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to age verification requirements for Internet sites (websites), applications (apps), and segments of websites or apps.

The Act defines “application,” “commercial entity,” “digital identification,” “interactive computer service,” “minor,” “mobile device,” “news-gathering organization,” “pornographic for minors,” “substantial portion,” and “transactional data.”

The Act prohibits a person from operating a website, an app, or a segment of a website or app, that contains a substantial portion of content pornographic for minors unless the person uses reasonable age verification to prevent minors from accessing such content. The Act details acceptable means of age verification, and requires the means of age verification a person uses to reflect the person’s scope of business.

The Act prohibits a person that performs age verification, including a third party contracting to perform age verification for another entity, from retaining, selling, leasing, or otherwise disseminating any identifying information of an individual subject to age verification unless retention or dissemination is required by law or court order.

The Act details certain exceptions to age verification requirements.

The Act requires the Attorney General to enforce the Act. A person who violates the Act is subject to an injunction and a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 per violation, up to a maximum of \$10,000 per day. Penalties collected under the Act must be deposited into the General Fund of the State.

HOUSE FILE 990 - Medical Cannabidiol — Registration Cards and Dispensary Licensure

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act strikes a requirement that a person be a resident of Iowa in order to receive a medical cannabidiol registration card, and allows the Department of Health and Human Services to license a minimum of 5 and a maximum of 10 medical cannabidiol dispensaries.

HOUSE FILE 2254 - Noncompetete Clause Prohibition — Certain Medical Professions of University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act relates to noncompetete clauses in certain employment contracts entered into by the University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics (UIHC).

The Act directs the Board of Regents to develop a policy prohibiting UIHC from including a noncompetete clause in an employment contract entered into between UIHC and a physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, licensed practical nurse, pharmacist, physician assistant, or registered nurse, as defined in the Act.

The Act took effect June 2, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2297 - Radon Mitigation Requirements for New Single-Family and Two-Family Residential Construction — State Building Code

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act requires the State Building Code Commissioner to adopt, as part of the State Building Code, a requirement that new single-family or two-family construction include a passive method for the mitigation of radon. This requirement applies to all new single-family or two-family construction commenced in Iowa after the adoption of the requirement into the State Building Code.

HOUSE FILE 2305 - Health Care Decision Making and Programs — Palliative Care, Hospice Programs, Life-Sustaining Procedures, Certain Do-Not-Resuscitate Orders, Durable Powers of Attorney, and Probate Court Guardianships

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act relates to health care decisions related to palliative care, hospice programs, life-sustaining procedures, and resuscitation and includes requirements for the authority of an attorney under a durable power of attorney for health care (POA) and probate court guardianship reports.

The Act replaces the term “attending physician” with “attending provider” in certain Iowa Code sections. The Act defines “attending provider” as a physician, physician assistant, or advanced registered nurse practitioner who is licensed in the state.

Under prior law, a hospice program was required to provide palliative care to patients to be eligible for licensure. The Act removes this requirement and instead requires a hospice program to provide care directed at symptom management to patients to be eligible for licensure.

Under the Act, if a patient has a terminal condition, is comatose, incompetent, or incapable of communication (unable to communicate), and has not expressed desires regarding palliative care or a hospice program, who has the authority to make the decision of whether or not to place the patient in a hospice program on the patient's behalf is determined in the same manner as the decision to withhold or withdraw life-sustaining procedures from the patient.

The Act provides that for a patient who has a terminal condition, is unable to communicate, and has not made a declaration related to life-sustaining procedures, the patient's attorney in fact under a POA or guardian may decide whether to withhold or withdraw life-sustaining procedures from the patient. If the patient does not have an attorney in fact or guardian, then certain individuals, in order of priority, may decide whether to withhold or withdraw life-sustaining procedures from the patient.

The Act provides that resuscitation may be withheld or withdrawn from a patient who has a terminal condition, is unable to communicate, and has not executed an out-of-hospital do-not-resuscitate order if there is consultation between and a written agreement by certain individuals as detailed in the Act.

Prior law required a guardian to obtain court approval to withhold or withdraw life-sustaining procedures for a protected person. A guardian was not required to report to the court the protected person's wishes related to hospice care or life-sustaining procedures.

The Act allows a guardian to make decisions for a protected person related to hospice care, life-sustaining procedures, and resuscitation without court approval in certain circumstances. The guardian is required in the initial care plan and annual reports to the court to include the protected person's wishes related to placement in a hospice program and the withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining procedures.

HOUSE FILE 2498 - Podiatric Medical Licensure Compact

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act adopts the Interstate Podiatric Medical Licensure Compact (compact). The compact creates a system allowing a podiatrist who is licensed in one participating state to practice in another participating state under a compact privilege without applying for a license in that other state. The compact also imposes certain minimum requirements on the licensure of podiatrists in participating states.

The compact is administered by a commission consisting of delegates from each participating state (commission). The commission may create rules and bylaws relating to the compact, levy annual assessments on participating states and impose fees on licensees seeking a compact privilege, sue and be sued, intervene in legal matters concerning the commission, appoint an executive committee, and generally oversee and maintain the administration of the compact, as detailed in the Act. The compact instructs the commission to create a database containing licensure information on all licensees and applicants in participating states.

The compact comes into effect on the date on which the fourth participating state enacts the compact statute. A participating state may withdraw from the compact by enacting a statute repealing the compact.

HOUSE FILE 2562 - Health Care Decision-Making Authority for Persons Unable to Consent — Duties of Facilities Providing Health-Related and Personal Care Services

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act relates to care facility placement for certain adults.

The Act defines "authorized representative" as an agent under a durable power of attorney, an attorney under a durable power of attorney for health care, a conservator or guardian, or a public guardian. "Patient" and "care facility" are also defined in the Act. With the enactment of 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 2305, the Act defines "person authorized to consent" (authorized person) in order of priority as the patient's spouse, adult child or the majority of adult children, parent or parents, adult sibling or the majority of adult siblings, adult relative or the majority of adult relatives, or close adult friend reasonably available, willing, and competent to make a decision on the patient's behalf. The Act also defines "public assistance program" as a state or federally funded program including but not limited to Medicaid, Medicare, or the United States Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Benefit Package.

The Act provides that after examining a patient, a licensed physician may certify in the patient's medical records that the patient is not able to consent, that despite good-faith efforts an authorized representative for the patient has not been located by the physician, and that it is in the patient's best interests to be discharged from the patient's current care facility and transferred or admitted to a care facility recommended by the physician.

After the physician makes such a certification, the Act allows an authorized person to make decisions related to the patient's admission, discharge, or transfer to or from a care facility (placement) and to assist the patient in applying for health insurance coverage through a public assistance program or private insurer as necessary. While assisting the patient, the authorized person may access the patient's banking and financial records and disclose relevant health information of the patient as necessary and permitted under state and federal law. An authorized person's authority expires when certain conditions are met.

A qualified employee of the patient's current care facility must inform the authorized person of the person's powers and duties, and assist in identifying a receiving care facility as described in the Act. If the receiving care facility consents to the transfer, the patient must be transferred to that care facility.

After a good-faith effort to locate an authorized representative or an authorized person for a patient, the patient's attending physician or a care facility may petition the court to order placement, and allow the physician or a care facility to assist the patient with applying for health insurance through a public assistance program or private insurer if appropriate. The petition to the court must include certain information. If the court makes certain findings, then the petition may be granted. If granted, the court must also issue an order allowing a qualified employee of the receiving care facility to apply for health insurance on the patient's behalf through a public assistance program. If a patient is transferred to a receiving care facility, the receiving care facility has the authority to apply for health insurance on a patient's behalf through a public assistance program. An order issued under the Act is effective until the date specified by the Act.

Under the Act, a patient's attending physician, a care facility, or the court must send copies of certain documents to the Department of Health and Human Services's Division of Aging and Disability Services (division). The receiving care facility is also required to notify the division upon completion of the patient's placement at the facility pursuant to the Act.

The Act provides immunity from civil or criminal liability to a person or care facility acting in good faith, and from licensee discipline to licensees acting reasonably and in good faith.

The Act shall not be construed to require a care facility to accept the transfer or admission of a patient, to repeal, abrogate, or impair the operation of certain federal or state laws, or to infringe upon certain rights of a patient under state or federal law.

HOUSE FILE 2564 - Legal Capacity to Consent to Prenatal, Intrapartum, or Postnatal Care — Minor Without Available Parent, Guardian, or Legal Custodian

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. If a minor's parent, guardian, or legal custodian is not reasonably available, this Act gives a pregnant minor the legal capacity to consent to prenatal, intrapartum, and postnatal care by certain health care providers. The Act does not relieve the health care provider's duty to obtain informed consent from the minor prior to providing medical care.

HOUSE FILE 2585 - Accessible Prescription Labels and Related Materials — Blindness, Visual Impairments, and Print Disabilities

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to the provision of accessible prescription-related measures for persons who are blind or have a visual impairment or other print disability (visually impaired).

The Act requires the Board of Pharmacy (board) to adopt administrative rules prior to January 1, 2027, requiring pharmacies to provide accessible prescription drug labels, bag tags, and medical guides for visually impaired persons or to provide a referral to another pharmacy if the pharmacy is unable to provide any such items.

The Act requires accessible prescription drug labels, bag tags, and medical guides to be provided by a pharmacy at no additional cost to the visually impaired. After a reasonable development period, accessible prescription drug labels, bag tags, and medical guides must be fully accessible and provided by a pharmacy to visually impaired persons within a time frame comparable to persons who are not visually impaired.

On or before April 1 of each year, the Act requires the board to publish a list on the board's Internet site of pharmacies that provide accessible prescription drug labels, bag tags, and medical guides.

These requirements apply to all pharmacies in the state, except for an institutional pharmacy as defined in the Act; participating pharmacies dispensing drugs donated under the Prescription Drug Donation Repository Program (Iowa Code chapter 135M); and pharmacies in a jail, state correctional institution, federal correctional facility, or juvenile detention home.

Rules adopted by the board pursuant to the Act must comply with current guidelines and recommendations from the United States Government Accountability Office and current industry standards, and also include a method for providing public notice in audio format of the availability of accessible prescription drug labels, bag tags, and medical guides.

The Act requires the board to submit a report to the Governor and the General Assembly by January 1, 2028, that provides a summary of the board's progress on implementing rules pursuant to the Act and recommendations for additional measures to improve prescription-related accessibility.

HOUSE FILE 2602 - Massage Therapy — Establishment Licensure — Sole Practitioners — Penalties

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to the licensure of massage establishments. Beginning January 1, 2027, an establishment, defined in the Act as a location where massage therapy is practiced, subject to exceptions listed in the Act, must obtain a license in order to operate. An applicant for an establishment license must submit an application and fee to the Board of Massage Therapy (board). The board may inspect an establishment prior to issuing a license and biennially thereafter, or upon receipt of a complaint. The board must perform a criminal record check on the owner of the establishment, except that the Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing (DIAL) may adopt rules allowing the board to forego a criminal record check for certain owners.

The board may deny, revoke, or suspend an establishment license for reasons listed in the Act. Otherwise, an establishment license is valid for a period of time determined by DIAL and may be renewed. An establishment must retain certain records for three years.

The Act requires a person under investigation by a peace officer for the provision of illegal services to provide a copy of the establishment license, if applicable. A person who violates this provision of the Act is guilty of a serious misdemeanor. The Act also requires the board to adopt rules to implement the Act, including rules related to application, sanitation, building safety, record retention, inspection, and license transfer requirements.

HOUSE FILE 2676 - Health-Related Profession Education, Licensure, and Compacts — Summer Nutrition Assistance Program — Epinephrine Delivery Systems and Ivermectin Availability — School Food and Beverage Standards, Electronic Instruction Standards, Fitness Testing, and Physical Activity Requirements

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act relates to health-related matters.

Division I — Short Title

The Act may be referred to as the “Iowa Make America Healthy Again Act.”

Division II — Continuing Education Requirements — Nutrition and Metabolic Health

The Board of Medicine and Board of Physician Assistants must adopt rules requiring certain licensees to complete a minimum of one hour of continuing education on nutrition and metabolic health every four years as a condition of license renewal.

Division III — Medical School Graduation Requirement — Nutrition

Beginning July 1, 2028, a medical school or college of osteopathic medicine and surgery in Iowa must require each student to complete at least 40 hours of coursework on nutrition and metabolic health as a condition of graduation.

Division IV — Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program — Summer Electronic Benefits Transfer for Children Program

The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) is required to implement a Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) waiver upon receipt of approval by the United States Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, and continuously maintain participation in SNAP in accordance with waiver guidelines limiting the foods that are eligible for SNAP to healthy foods, as defined by the Director of HHS (director) or the director's designee. Regardless of approval of the waiver, the Act requires HHS to ensure the continuous provision of SNAP benefits, contingent upon the availability of federal funds and in accordance with federal law. HHS may participate in the federal Summer Electronic Benefits Transfer for Children Program subject to approved foods for the program being confined to healthy foods, as defined by the director.

Division V — School Foods and Beverages

Beginning July 1, 2027, the Act prohibits school districts, nonpublic schools, charter schools, and innovation zone schools from including certain ingredients in a meal served to students as part of a breakfast or lunch program unless the food or beverage was received as part of a direct delivery from the Foods in Schools program of the United States Department of Agriculture. The Act also prohibits employees and contracted vendors from providing foods containing those ingredients to students during the school day. Schools may sell foods containing prohibited ingredients outside of the school day.

Division VI — Epinephrine Delivery Systems

The Act changes references to “epinephrine auto-injectors” to “epinephrine delivery systems.”

Division VII — Ivermectin — Over-the-Counter Availability

A pharmacist or pharmacy may distribute ivermectin for human consumption as an over-the-counter medicine and is not subject to professional discipline or civil or criminal penalties for the distribution of ivermectin consistent with the Act.

Division VIII — Student Instructional Technology Standards

The Act limits the amount of time that school districts, charter schools, and innovation zone schools may dedicate to digital instruction for students in grades kindergarten through five to 60 minutes per school day, subject to certain exceptions listed in the Act. The board of directors of each school district and the governing board of each charter school shall adopt and post online a written technology use policy applicable to grades kindergarten through five, which must include the daily digital instruction limits, notice of a parent's or guardian's right to request additional reductions to digital instruction time, a statement that instructional technology supports, and does not supplant, foundational learning, and a prohibition on the use of digital devices during recess.

Prior to adopting or renewing a one-to-one digital device program for any grade level, the board of directors of a school district and the governing board of each charter school must complete a technology adoption checklist that documents consideration of certain factors, listed in the Act. The Act does not apply to students enrolled in an online learning program or limit the authority of a school district, accredited nonpublic school, charter school, or innovation zone school to provide instruction over the Internet to meet the minimum school calendar requirements.

The Department of Education, in collaboration with HHS, must convene and provide administrative support to a working group to examine research related to the impact of school-provided technology on the cognitive function and academic performance of students in grades 6 through 12. The working group shall submit its findings and recommendations in a report to the General Assembly by December 31, 2026.

Division IX — Presidential Physical Fitness Test

The Act requires the physical education curriculum of school districts and accredited nonpublic schools to include an assessment of the physical fitness of students who are physically able using the presidential physical fitness test. This division of the Act takes effect upon the issuance of final guidance by the federal government for the administration of the presidential physical fitness test.

Division X — Student Physical Activity Requirements

The Act increases the daily physical activity requirements for students in kindergarten through grade four from 30 to 40 minutes.

Division XI — Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact

The Act adopts the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact (compact). The compact creates a system allowing a psychologist who is licensed in one participating state to practice in another participating state under a compact

privilege without applying for a license in that other state. The compact also imposes certain minimum requirements on the licensure of psychologists in participating states.

The compact is administered by a commission consisting of delegates from each participating state. The commission may create rules and bylaws relating to the compact, levy annual assessments on participating states and impose fees on licensees seeking a compact privilege, sue and be sued, intervene in legal matters concerning the commission, and appoint an executive committee.

The compact instructs the commission to create a database containing information on all licensees in participating states. Participating states may designate certain information to not be shared with the public.

The compact came into effect on the date on which the seventh participating state enacted the compact statute. A participating state may withdraw from the compact by enacting a statute repealing the compact.

HOUSE FILE 2788 - Abortion — Definitions, Informed Consent, Reporting, and Abortion-Inducing Drugs

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to abortions. The Act amends the definition of “abortion,” for purposes of Iowa Code chapters 146B (Abortion — Postfertilization Age) and 146E (Abortion — Fetal Heartbeat), to provide for an exemption in the case of a miscarriage, an ectopic pregnancy, or the removal of the products of conception after an incomplete or inevitable loss of a pregnancy.

The Act defines “abortion” as the termination of a human pregnancy with the intent other than to produce a live birth or remove a dead fetus except in certain cases. The Act requires in-person examination and referral by a physician prior to performing an abortion.

The Act defines “abortion-inducing drug” as any drug, chemical, or other substance that is prescribed or administered with the intent of performing an abortion, and defines a “chemical abortion” as an abortion performed by the administration or use of an abortion-inducing drug.

Except in the case of a defined medical emergency, the Act establishes prerequisites for a physician prior to performing a chemical abortion. These prerequisites shall not be construed to impose civil or criminal liability on a woman upon whom a chemical abortion was performed. A physician who does not comply with these prerequisites is subject to disciplinary action.

Except in the case of a defined medical emergency, the Act prohibits any person from dispensing an abortion-inducing drug unless certain criteria are met. A licensed pharmacist or physician who does not comply with this prohibition is subject to disciplinary action.

Except for a licensed pharmacist or physician, the Act imposes civil liability on any person for damages resulting from the person dispensing an abortion-inducing drug, but shall not be construed to impose civil or criminal liability on a woman upon whom a chemical abortion was performed.

The Act amends and adds reporting requirements related to the termination of a pregnancy under Iowa Code section 144.29A (Termination of Pregnancy Reporting — Legislative Intent).

The Act repeals Iowa Code chapter 146C (Abortion — Detectable Fetal Heartbeat).

HUMAN SERVICES

- SENATE FILE 473** - Child Foster Care Provider and Adoptive Parent Criteria — Religious or Moral Beliefs
- SENATE FILE 2096** - Foster Parent Training Requirements — Individual Licensees
- SENATE FILE 2422** - Public Health and Assistance Programs — Eligibility Verification, Reporting, Waivers, Expenditure Neutrality, and Exceptions to Policy — Medicaid, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, and Iowa Health and Wellness Plan
- SENATE FILE 2488** - Early Childhood and Family Services System and Fund — Advisory Councils and Program Transitions — Decategorization Funding and Initiatives — Child Abuse Prevention Programs
- HOUSE FILE 2253** - Crimes Involving Pregnant Females — Terminology
- HOUSE FILE 2514** - State Child Care Assistance Program Eligibility — Children of Child Care Workers
- HOUSE FILE 2526** - Foster Parents — Residential Address Confidentiality
- HOUSE FILE 2543** - Subacute Mental Health Care Facility Initial Treatment Plans and Insurance Authorizations — Psychiatric Bed Tracking for Children — Departmental Rule and Service Capability Reviews
- HOUSE FILE 2707** - Health and Human Services — Delivery of Behavioral Health Services, Aging and Disability Services, and Volunteer Services
- HOUSE FILE 2781** - Juvenile Detention Home Fund — Distribution of Moneys

RELATED LEGISLATION

- HOUSE FILE 571** - Medical Practitioners and Health Care Institutions — Exercise of Conscience, Whistleblower Activities, and Free Speech Protections
SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY. This Act prohibits the Department of Health and Human Services or a licensing or certifying entity from taking certain actions against a medical practitioner (practitioner) or health care institution (institution) for engaging in federally protected speech activities unless there is clear and convincing evidence that the activity directly caused harm to certain patients or clients.

The Act prohibits the state from contracting with, recognizing, approving, or requiring a practitioner or institution to obtain a certification or credential issued or approved by certain entities that revoke or refuse to issue a certification or credential in violation of the Act.
- HOUSE FILE 2256** - Definition of Child Abuse — Inability to Access Behavioral or Mental Health Treatment — Departmental Child Abuse Assessment Policies
SEE CHILDREN AND YOUTH. If a parent or legal guardian, despite reasonable attempts, is unable to provide necessary behavioral or mental health treatment for the parent or legal guardian's child, this Act prohibits the Department of Health and Human Services from considering the lack of behavioral or mental health treatment as child abuse.
- HOUSE FILE 2562** - Health Care Decision-Making Authority for Persons Unable to Consent — Duties of Facilities Providing Health-Related and Personal Care Services
SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY. This Act relates to care facility placement for certain adults. Under the Act, the Department of Health and Human Services's Division of Aging and Disability Services (division) must be sent copies of certain documents by a patient's attending physician, a care facility, or the court as detailed in the Act. The receiving care facility must notify the division upon completion of the patient's admission, discharge, or transfer to the facility pursuant to the Act.

- HOUSE FILE 2635** - Health Carrier Standards of Conduct — Utilization Review Organizations, Use of Artificial Intelligence, and Audits — Prior Authorizations and Certificates of Need
SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE. This Act prohibits the Department of Health and Human Services, or a managed care organization, from requiring prior authorization for, or imposing additional utilization review requirements on, a recipient or an eligible child for a cancer-related screening or the diagnosis and treatment of an emergency medical condition as detailed in the Act. The Act requires a health care provider to submit requests for prior authorization to a managed care organization electronically.
- HOUSE FILE 2739** - Health Maintenance Organizations — Health Care-Related Tax — Insurance Company Premium Tax — Taxpayer Relief Fund Transfers
SEE TAXATION. This Act strikes the tax on health maintenance organization premiums and creates a new health care-related tax on the taxable funds of a health maintenance organization in new Iowa Code chapter 432B. The Act also makes a supplemental appropriation of \$89 million to the Department of Health and Human Services for FY 2025-2026 for the Medical Assistance Program.
- HOUSE FILE 2782** - Appropriations — Health and Human Services — Veterans Affairs
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to appropriations to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) for FY 2026-2027. The Act makes appropriations from the General Fund of the State and other funds to HHS for aging and disability services; behavioral health; public health; community access and eligibility including for child support services; the Medical Assistance Program, the State Supplementary Assistance Program, the Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa Program, and other specified health-related programs, including health program operations and reimbursement rate provisions; family well-being and protection, including state child care assistance, early intervention and supports, and Child Protective Services; state-operating specialty care; and administration and compliance. The Act includes transfer, cash flow, nonreversion, and other provisions relating to HHS. The Act creates a Comprehensive Family Support Program under HHS's purview.
- HOUSE FILE 2800** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act appropriates moneys from the Sports Wagering Receipts Fund each fiscal year for the Double Up Food Bucks Program; appropriates moneys from the Sports Wagering Receipts Fund for FY 2026-2027 for pediatric cancer research and therapy access; provides that 2026 Iowa Acts, Senate File 2422, division I, is effective on the date the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) implements the Eligibility Determination for Essential Needs System; and provides that a required report by HHS on restoration facilities is due by December 15, 2026.

HUMAN SERVICES

SENATE FILE 473 - Child Foster Care Provider and Adoptive Parent Criteria — Religious or Moral Beliefs

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act prohibits the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) from requiring an individual licensee (foster parent) to affirm, accept, or support a policy related to sexual orientation (orientation) or gender identity (identity) that conflicts with the foster parent's beliefs, or from precluding a person from providing child foster care as a foster parent or approved kinship caregiver (caregiver) based on the person's beliefs related to orientation or identity, including but not limited to the foster parent's or caregiver's intent to guide, instruct, or raise a child in a manner consistent with the foster parent's or caregiver's beliefs.

The Act prohibits HHS and HHS's designees from adopting a standard, policy, or rule that precludes a foster parent or caregiver from being considered as a possible placement for a child based on the foster parent's or caregiver's beliefs related to orientation or identity.

The Act shall not be interpreted to preclude HHS or HHS's designee from taking into account the beliefs, including beliefs related to orientation and identity, of a child and the child's family of origin as compared to the beliefs of a foster parent or caregiver when determining the most appropriate placement for the child consistent with the best interests of the child.

The Act allows a current or prospective foster parent or caregiver to bring an action asserting a violation of the Act. A court may provide relief as the court deems appropriate, including reasonable attorney fees and costs. The Attorney General may bring an action to enforce the Act.

The Act contains provisions related to prospective adoptive parents that are similar to the prohibitions and actionable rights related to current and prospective foster parents and caregivers.

The Act requires HHS to adopt rules so that an entity with a contract, subcontract, or other agreement with HHS that holds itself out to the public as a religious organization is not required to provide the contracted, subcontracted, or other agreed upon services in a manner inconsistent with the religious organization's sincerely held religious beliefs.

SENATE FILE 2096 - Foster Parent Training Requirements — Individual Licensees

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act relates to training requirements for the licensure of individual child foster care (foster care) providers.

Under prior law, an individual was required to complete 30 hours of foster care training offered or approved by the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) to obtain a foster care license. HHS could waive all or a portion of an individual's training requirements based on the individual's relevant training and experience and the circumstances of the prospective foster child. An individual licensee was also required to receive six hours of foster care training annually prior to renewal of the individual's foster care license. The Act eliminates the hourly requirements for foster care training for initial foster care licensure and renewals. Instead, the Act allows HHS to determine appropriate training requirements based on an individual's experience and the circumstances of both the prospective foster child and the individual.

SENATE FILE 2422 - Public Health and Assistance Programs — Eligibility Verification, Reporting, Waivers, Expenditure Neutrality, and Exceptions to Policy — Medicaid, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, and Iowa Health and Wellness Plan

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act relates to public assistance programs under the purview of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION. Currently, HHS uses information maintained by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) for verification of an individual's citizenship and immigration status in determining program eligibility. The Act requires HHS to use the federal Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements system or its successor verification system for that verification. Pursuant to 2026

Iowa Acts, House File 2800 (see Appropriations), this provision takes effect when HHS implements the Eligibility Determination for Essential Needs system.

SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. Current law requires HHS to establish certain income eligibility limits in administering the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP). The Act requires HHS to consider the income and financial resources of all household members in determining the eligibility and benefit allotment for the household in administering SNAP; makes a household member ineligible to participate in SNAP unless that person has an eligible immigration or United States citizenship status as detailed in the Act; and requires HHS to report to USCIS, pursuant to federal law, any household member who is ineligible to participate in SNAP due to that person's immigration or United States citizenship status.

Beginning October 1, 2026, the Act requires HHS to submit a report to the General Assembly and the Governor each fiscal quarter detailing SNAP error rates for the preceding fiscal quarter.

The Act requires HHS to request waivers of SNAP regulations related to the expungement of benefits from certain electronic benefits accounts and requirements for independent verification of SNAP eligibility. HHS must implement the requested waiver upon approval by the federal government.

MEDICAID. Under current law, Medicaid applicants may be eligible to receive benefits retroactively for up to three months prior to the applicant's application. Beginning January 1, 2027, the Act prohibits HHS from adopting rules or submitting a waiver request or state plan amendment to the federal government to provide for more than two months of retroactive eligibility for Medicaid applicants, except in the case of specific applicant groups, as detailed in the Act.

Under current law, an individual applying to be a member of the Iowa Health and Wellness Plan (IHAWP) receives one month of retroactive eligibility, and IHAWP applicants who are pregnant women, infants, and residents of certain nursing care facilities receive two months of retroactive eligibility. Under the Act, HHS cannot adopt rules, submit a waiver request, or submit a state plan amendment to the federal government to provide for IHAWP retroactive eligibility beyond the month of the applicant's application.

The Act requires HHS to request a waiver of retroactive eligibility requirements for Medicaid, except for specific applicant groups as detailed in the Act. HHS shall implement the requested waiver upon approval by the federal government.

The Act places restrictions on HHS related to moneys deposited by Medicaid managed care organizations, as described in the Act, into the Medicaid Managed Care Organization Health Care Tax Fund, created pursuant to 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 2739 (see Taxation). These restrictions take effect January 1, 2027.

The Act prohibits HHS from implementing a change to a federally approved Medicaid waiver or state plan amendment, or submitting a new request for a Medicaid waiver or state plan amendment, if the change or request is not expenditure neutral or would expand Medicaid coverage to persons not previously covered, unless HHS receives approval from the General Assembly. This prohibition does not apply to certain changes to, or requests for, a Medicaid waiver or state plan amendment as detailed in the Act.

The Act requires HHS to make publicly available, pursuant to Iowa Code section 217.22, information related to exceptions to policy for Medicaid as detailed in the Act.

HOSPITAL DIRECTED PAYMENT. The Act requires HHS to implement a hospital directed payment program under Iowa Code chapter 249O, utilizing rates up to the maximum amount permitted under federal law.

ELECTRONIC BENEFITS TRANSFER. The Act requires HHS, in coordination with the Department of Management's Division of Information Technology, to provide for the ability of all premium payments required by public assistance program participants to be made by electronic benefits transfer. By January 1, 2028, HHS must allow premium payments required by participants in the Medicaid for Employed People with Disabilities Program, under Iowa Code section 249A.3(2)(a)(1), to be made by electronic benefits transfer.

EFFECTIVE DATE. The Act took effect June 2, 2026.

SENATE FILE 2488 - Early Childhood and Family Services System and Fund — Advisory Councils and Program Transitions — Decategorization Funding and Initiatives — Child Abuse Prevention Programs

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to early childhood and family services (ECFS), and establishes the ECFS system.

Division I — Early Childhood and Family Services System

The Act creates new Iowa Code chapter 234A to administer the ECFS system. The purpose of the ECFS system is to provide accessible, ongoing, and community-based services for children and families. The Act defines terms used in the chapter.

The ECFS system is established under the control of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), and ECFS districts (districts) are established for statewide implementation of primary prevention strategies and early intervention strategies for families and their children under 19 years of age.

The Act details actions HHS must perform, to the extent funding is available, to develop and administer the ECFS system.

HHS must establish an ECFS district advisory council (council) in each district, and develop policies and procedures for the operational function of the councils. A council will consist of 10 members appointed by HHS. The Act specifies individuals who are eligible for appointment, and the duties of a council.

The Act specifies HHS's duties related to data collection and use for the ECFS system. HHS must maintain compliance with applicable federal and state privacy laws to ensure the confidentiality and integrity of individually identifiable data related to the ECFS system collected by HHS.

Former Iowa Code section 135.106 (Healthy Opportunities for Parents to Experience Success – Healthy Families Iowa (HOPES-HFI) Program) is placed in new Iowa Code chapter 234A and becomes part of the ECFS system. The Act specifies the requirements for the HOPES-HFI Program and directs HHS to develop and administer the HOPES-HFI Program, in whole or in part, by contracting with local organizations that use evidence-based home visiting models.

The Act establishes an ECFS System Fund (ECFS Fund) consisting of moneys appropriated to HHS for the ECFS Fund's purposes by the General Assembly and any other moneys available and obtained or accepted by HHS for deposit in the ECFS Fund. These provisions took effect June 2, 2026.

Division II — Decategorization Initiative

The Act eliminates decategorization initiatives and details how moneys available for a decategorization initiative will be made available or appropriated to HHS and juvenile court services. The Act requires HHS, with input from appropriate stakeholders, to identify each contract funded through a decategorization initiative and determine whether to terminate the contract, extend the contract, or renew the contract. Juvenile Court Services is required to terminate all of its contracts funded through a decategorization initiative. The Act prohibits a governance board, as defined in the Act, or other entity from entering into certain contracts if the contract extends past, or the deliverables under the contract would be provided after, June 30, 2027.

The provisions of this division of the Act that relate to decategorization funding and initiatives took effect June 2, 2026, and apply retroactively to July 1, 2025.

Division III — Child Abuse Prevention Program

The Act eliminates the Child Abuse Prevention Program (CAPP) and the CAPP Fund. A taxpayer may still receive a nonrefundable reduction in the taxpayer's income taxes for contributing one or more dollars to child abuse prevention,

but the moneys received will be administered through the ECFS system instead of the CAPP Fund. Funding for child abuse prevention and moneys currently in the CAPP Fund are directed to the ECFS Fund to be used by HHS for child abuse prevention.

The Act requires HHS to review the CAPP's contract for program administration and each grant project funded through the CAPP for FY 2025-2026 that is impacted by the Act. HHS must work with the CAPP's program administrator, local child abuse stakeholders, and grant project recipients to transition CAPP funding and CAPP service delivery to the ECFS system. The provisions of this division of the Act relating to review of CAPP contracts and CAPP funding took effect June 2, 2026, and apply retroactively to July 1, 2025.

Division IV — Early Childhood Iowa Initiative — Early Childhood and Family Services

When HHS receives a request from an Early Childhood Iowa (ECI) area board to transition administration of home visiting services to the ECFS system, the Act requires HHS to develop and implement a plan to facilitate the transfer. The Act details what each plan must include at a minimum. For FY 2027-2028, FY 2028-2029, and FY 2029-2030, the Act requires HHS to redistribute a percentage of Social Security Act, Tit. IV-E, moneys, as detailed in the Act, among all ECI areas that made a request to transfer home visiting services to the ECFS system.

Division V — Early Childhood Iowa Interim Study Committee

The Act requires the Legislative Council to convene an ECI Study Committee (committee) during the 2026 Legislative Interim to review the most efficient means to transition home visiting services offered through an ECI area to the ECFS system, and to implement the transition with minimal disruption to home visiting services. HHS must cooperate with any formal request for data from the committee and redact all personal identifying information prior to submitting the requested data. The committee must submit a final report to the General Assembly no later than January 8, 2027, or, in lieu of a final report, the committee may submit a bill draft to the General Assembly with proposed changes to the Iowa Code based on the committee's findings.

Division VI — Conforming Changes

The Act includes conforming changes.

Division VII — Code Editor Directives

The Act includes directives to the Iowa Code Editor.

HOUSE FILE 2253 - Crimes Involving Pregnant Females — Terminology

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act changes the use of "pregnant person" to "pregnant female" in Iowa Code.

HOUSE FILE 2514 - State Child Care Assistance Program Eligibility — Children of Child Care Workers

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act qualifies a child for the State Child Care Assistance (CCA) Program if the child's parent, guardian, or custodian (caregiver) works in a child care facility or child care home located in this state and meets other requirements as detailed in the Act. A caregiver whose child is participating in the CCA Program under the Act must make copayments as specified by the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

No later than December 1 of each year, HHS must submit to the General Assembly a report with specified information relating to families of child care workers participating in the CCA Program under the Act.

HOUSE FILE 2526 - Foster Parents — Residential Address Confidentiality

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act prohibits the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) and HHS's agents from making a document that contains the unredacted address of a child's current foster parent available to the foster child's biological parent and from verbally disclosing the address of the child's

current foster parent to a foster child's biological parent. HHS and HHS's agents may make such a disclosure if the foster parent provides written consent to the disclosure prior to HHS or HHS's agents disclosing such information.

HOUSE FILE 2543 - Subacute Mental Health Care Facility Initial Treatment Plans and Insurance Authorizations — Psychiatric Bed Tracking for Children — Departmental Rule and Service Capability Reviews

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act eliminates the requirement that subacute mental health care (SMHC) must be limited to a period of 10 calendar days unless a longer period of time is adopted by the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

The Act requires an SMHC facility to develop a written treatment care plan with a resident within 24 hours of the resident's admission to the SMHC facility.

If a mental health professional submits an electronic request through an Internet portal designated by HHS for prior authorization for insurance coverage for an individual's SMHC service under Medicaid or the Iowa Health and Wellness Plan, the Act requires HHS or the managed care organization (MCO) responsible for administering the individual's medical assistance to provide a determination to the mental health professional for the preauthorization request within a timeline detailed in the Act.

The Act requires HHS to establish an electronic system to track the availability of beds at each psychiatric medical institution for children.

The Act directs HHS and the Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing (DIAL) to collaborate to review each department's rules and eliminate any rule the departments determine impedes certain goals without providing an equal or greater benefit.

DIAL must adopt rules to ensure requirements applicable to an SMHC facility, and SMHC facility employees, are less stringent than comparable requirements that apply to a state mental health institute or a state mental health institute's employees. HHS may adopt emergency rules to implement the Act.

The Act requires HHS to review the state's capability to establish SMHC services and additional psychiatric inpatient services at the State Mental Health Institute at Independence beginning July 1, 2027, and to submit a report to the chairpersons of the House and Senate committees on Health and Human Services and committees on Appropriations no later than January 4, 2027. If HHS determines on or after July 1, 2026, that HHS can provide SMHC services at the State Mental Health Institute at Independence within HHS's budget, HHS may provide the services until the General Assembly directs otherwise.

The Act took effect May 2, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2707 - Health and Human Services — Delivery of Behavioral Health Services, Aging and Disability Services, and Volunteer Services

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act relates to activities, programs, and services under the purview of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

Division I — Health and Human Services Districts

The Act directs HHS to divide the state into health and human services districts (districts), as defined in the Act, for the delivery of programs and services. The initial districts must be the same as the behavioral health districts existed on April 30, 2026, pursuant to Iowa Code section 225A.4, Code 2026. The Act provides factors HHS must consider when modifying districts, and requires HHS to review the efficacy of districts starting on January 1, 2032, and every 10 consecutive calendar years thereafter. The manner in which HHS modifies a district is not subject to judicial review.

This division of the Act took effect April 30, 2026.

Division II — Aging and Disability Services

Under current law, HHS is required to divide the state into distinct planning and service areas (service areas) in accordance with federal law and utilizing districts.

The Act prohibits HHS from submitting an application for federal approval to redesignate service areas prior to January 1, 2027. The Act requires HHS and each area agency on aging to collaborate in good faith to perform certain tasks related to the redesignation of service areas, determine the effects of a proposed redesignation, identify alternatives to redesignation, and recommend a date for implementation of a proposed redesignation as detailed in the Act. The Act requires HHS to submit a report to the General Assembly detailing the results of the collaboration no later than December 15, 2026.

Division III — Volunteer Services

The Act creates a subunit for volunteerism (subunit) within HHS. The subunit must establish volunteer programs designed to enhance the services provided by HHS and provide administrative support for the nonpolicymaking duties of the Iowa Commission on Volunteer Service (commission). The Director of HHS shall appoint an executive director to oversee the administration of the subunit and to carry out nonpolicymaking duties delegated to the subunit by the commission. HHS may employ personnel for the subunit to carry out the subunit's duties, including duties delegated to the subunit by the commission. All volunteers registered with programs administered by the subunit are considered employees of the state; however, this does not exempt a volunteer conservator or guardian from their duties and does not limit their civil liability for performing their duties.

This division of the Act took effect April 30, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2781 - Juvenile Detention Home Fund — Distribution of Moneys

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. The Juvenile Detention Home Fund (fund) is in the State Treasury under the authority of the Department of Health and Human Services for the purposes of establishing, improving, operating, and maintaining juvenile detention homes (homes). Under prior law, moneys in the fund were distributed to a home based on the home's proportion of the costs of all homes in the immediately preceding fiscal year. This Act instead requires \$150,000 to be distributed to each home. Moneys in the fund remaining after the initial \$150,000 to each home are then distributed based on each home's proportion of the total costs of all homes for the immediately preceding fiscal year.

LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT

- SENATE FILE 472** - Retention and Recertification Elections for Public Employee Collective Bargaining Units — Election Notices, Employee Lists, Objection Procedures, and Writs to Compel Employee Lists
- SENATE FILE 2168** - Workforce Development — Apprenticeship and Intern Programs, Career Training Physical Expansion Program, High-Demand Job Programs, Unemployment Insurance, and Reemployment Case Management Program — Career and Technical Secondary Authorizations

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2086** - Schools — Elective Junior Fire Fighter Program
SEE EDUCATION. This Act authorizes school districts, accredited nonpublic schools, charter schools, and innovation zone schools to offer to students enrolled in grades 11 and 12 an elective junior fire fighter program. The Act requires the Administrator of the Fire Service Training Bureau (administrator) to allow a student who has successfully completed an elective junior fire fighter program, submitted all necessary certification registration and local verification forms, and paid all applicable registration fees to sit for certification testing for firefighter I certification. If a student attains passing scores on all examinations necessary for firefighter I certification prior to the date the student turns 18 years of age, then the administrator is prohibited from issuing firefighter I certification to the student until the student turns 18 years of age.
- SENATE FILE 2218** - Verification of Identity, Citizenship, Immigration Status, and Employment and Licensure Eligibility — Voter Registration and Pretrial Detention — Civil Penalties for Employment of Persons Providing False Information
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act creates within the Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing (DIAL) a clearinghouse to process requests to verify, using the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements system of the United States Department of Homeland Security and the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (SAVE Program), the United States citizenship and immigration status of individuals who have applied for a professional license in this state. The Act establishes an appeals process that allows an employee to challenge the results of the submission of the employee's information to the SAVE Program clearinghouse or the E-Verify system. After the completion of the appeals process, if applicable, DIAL is required to transmit the results of a SAVE Program clearinghouse check to the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement if the check shows that the subject of the check does not have legal status to be present in the United States.

The Act requires professional licensing boards to use the SAVE Program clearinghouse to verify the United States citizenship and immigration status of an individual who has applied for a professional license from the board and to decline to issue or renew a license if the licensing board is unable to verify that the person is lawfully present in the United States. The Act requires the denial of an application for a professional license due to the results of the SAVE Program clearinghouse check to be appealed to the Director of DIAL.

The Act requires a licensing board established after January 1, 1978, to adopt rules for the revocation or suspension of a license that the licensing board deems to be a professional license if the licensee is unlawfully present in the United States, as determined by using the SAVE Program clearinghouse.

- SENATE FILE 2467** - Second Injury Fund — Reimbursement of Attorney General for Representation
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act increases the maximum reimbursement to the Attorney General annually from the Second Injury Fund (workers' compensation) for services related to the fund from \$450,000 to \$900,000.
- HOUSE FILE 2254** - Noncompete Clause Prohibition — Certain Medical Professions of University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics
SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY. This Act directs the Board of Regents to develop a policy prohibiting the University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics from including a noncompete clause in certain employment contracts.
- HOUSE FILE 2502** - Paid Parental Leave for State Employees
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act strikes the requirement that a state employee be entitled to leave under the federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 in order to receive paid leave for the birth or adoption of a child.
- HOUSE FILE 2680** - Medication Aides — Certification — Administrative Rules Rescission
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act requires the Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing (DIAL) to establish a Medication Aide Certification Registry (registry) on DIAL's Internet site. The registry shall allow a person offering a DIAL-approved medication aide certification examination (examination) to submit proof that an individual successfully completed the examination. The Act prohibits DIAL from charging a fee for a person to submit or access proof that an individual successfully completed an examination.
- HOUSE FILE 2800** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act provides for the use of federal incentive payments by the Department of Workforce Development for FY 2025-2026 and FY 2026-2027, and provides for expenditure each fiscal year of unencumbered and unobligated moneys appropriated for the Future Ready Iowa Registered Apprenticeship Development Program and Future Ready Iowa Expanded Registered Apprenticeship Opportunities Program.

LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT

SENATE FILE 472 - Retention and Recertification Elections for Public Employee Collective Bargaining Units — Election Notices, Employee Lists, Objection Procedures, and Writs to Compel Employee Lists

BY COMMITTEE ON WORKFORCE. This Act relates to retention and recertification elections (elections) for public employee collective bargaining units conducted by the Employment Appeal Board (board).

The Act requires a public employer, after receiving a notice of intent to conduct an election from the board, to submit to the board a list of employees in the bargaining unit within 10 days. The board must utilize the list to determine the employees eligible to vote in the election and the outcome of the election. The Act requires the board to publish a list of any public employers that have failed to submit a list of employees to the board.

The Act authorizes an Iowa resident, within 60 days of publication of the list of public employers, to petition the district court to compel a public employer to provide the list to the board. The court must grant the petition if it appears to the court that the public employer failed to submit a list of employees to the board. The Act requires the board to extend the timelines for carrying out an election as needed to allow for resolution of the petition and any resulting appeals.

The Act took effect May 19, 2026, and applies to an election for which the board issues a notice of intent to conduct an election dated on or after May 19, 2026.

SENATE FILE 2168 - Workforce Development — Apprenticeship and Intern Programs, Career Training Physical Expansion Program, High-Demand Job Programs, Unemployment Insurance, and Reemployment Case Management Program — Career and Technical Secondary Authorizations

BY COMMITTEE ON WORKFORCE. This Act relates to workforce matters.

Division I — Iowa Registered Apprenticeship Act

This division replaces intermediaries with intermediary sponsors, as defined in the division, as a class of entities that provide apprenticeship training under the Iowa Registered Apprenticeship Act, and that are subject to registration with the Iowa Office of Apprenticeship (office).

The division provides that an intermediary sponsor has the sole discretion for approving employer partners provided that employer partners are compliant with their responsibilities outlined in the intermediary sponsor's standards.

The division provides procedures for the cancellation, suspension, or deregistration of an intermediary sponsor by the office and for judicial review of such action.

Division II — Iowa Plumber, Mechanical Professional, and Contractor Licensing Act — Apprenticeships

This division authorizes a licensed journeyman or master to employ or supervise licensed apprentices at a ratio not to exceed three apprentices to one licensee. The division provides that certain statutory requirements relating to qualifications and other licensing matters do not apply to apprenticeship classroom training.

Division III — Iowa Apprenticeship Act

This division adds intermediary sponsors as a class of entities that may provide apprenticeship training and that are eligible for financial assistance from the Department of Workforce Development (IWD) under the Iowa Apprenticeship Act.

The division provides that an apprenticeship sponsor whose apprentices receive contact hours from a lead apprenticeship sponsor is not eligible for such financial assistance.

The division increases the annual appropriation from the Workforce Development Fund Account to the Apprenticeship Training Program Fund from \$3 million to \$4.5 million.

Division IV — Career Training Physical Expansion Program

This division creates a Career Training Physical Expansion Program to be administered by IWD to provide financial assistance for construction of new facilities and procurement of equipment that will expand the capacity of community colleges and unionized and nonunionized private sector apprenticeship programs to provide education and training for workers in high-demand fields in Iowa.

The division provides for eligibility requirements, award criteria, application and other necessary procedures, and priority for financial assistance for the program.

The division creates a Career Training Physical Expansion Program Fund under the control of IWD. Moneys in the fund are appropriated to IWD for the purposes of the program.

The program is repealed July 1, 2030.

Division V — Apprenticeship Training in School Districts

This division encourages school boards to establish or expand quality pre-apprenticeship opportunities and youth apprenticeship programs at secondary schools in partnership with apprenticeship sponsors and the office. The division specifies activities school boards may pursue in furtherance of this goal.

The division encourages school boards to establish a work-based learning program at each secondary school to facilitate implementation of the division and other pre-apprenticeship, apprenticeship, and work-based learning at the school. The division specifies that a work-based learning program must be a program recognized as a work-based learning program by the Department of Education and must be operated by trained and credentialed staff who have prior experience relevant to implementation of quality pre-apprenticeships, youth apprenticeships, or other work-based learning initiatives.

The division encourages school boards to pursue funding sources and in-kind contributions through private sector partnerships and from apprenticeship sponsors and nonprofit sources to implement the division.

Division VI — High-Demand Jobs and Scholarship Eligibility

This division requires the Workforce Development Board to create and update a list of high-demand jobs statewide for purposes of various worker training programs every three years. Prior law authorized the board to do so as necessary. The division requires the board to collaborate with community colleges in the selection and prioritization of such jobs and authorizes more frequent updates if requested by a representative designated by the community colleges and the board agrees with the requested update. The division changes the wage criterion for high-demand jobs from an entry-level hourly wage of not less than \$14 per hour to a competitive entry-level wage.

The division strikes the statutory financial need criterion for the Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship Program and instead provides that the criterion must be established by the College Student Aid Commission. The division also modifies reporting requirements for the program.

Division VII — Career and Technical Secondary Authorizations

This division requires the Board of Educational Examiners to limit qualifications for an applicant for a career and technical secondary authorization to 3,000 hours of recent and relevant experience and to limit training requirements for an initial authorization to ethics training.

Division VIII — Reemployment Case Management Program

This division requires IWD to operate a Reemployment Case Management Program. The program must provide individualized reemployment services to claimants of unemployment benefits who are no longer attached to work. The division provides that an individual is considered to be earnestly and actively seeking work for purposes of eligibility for unemployment benefits if the individual is participating in and compliant with the program.

Division IX — Summer Youth Intern Pilot Program — Repeal

This division repeals the Summer Youth Intern Pilot Program. The division took effect June 30, 2026.

Division X — Membership of Workforce Development Board

This division adds four members to the State Workforce Development Board.

Division XI — Unemployment Compensation Reserve Fund — Transfer to Unemployment Trust Fund

This division provides that any unencumbered or unobligated moneys in the Unemployment Compensation Reserve Fund repealed in 2024 Iowa Acts, chapter 1162, that were to be deposited and transferred as provided in that Act must instead be transferred to the state's account in the federal Unemployment Trust Fund.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

- SENATE FILE 579** - Civil Rights — Local Laws, Local Commissions, and Local Agencies
- SENATE FILE 2340** - Battery-Charged Security Alarm Systems — Regulation by Counties and Cities
- SENATE FILE 2369** - Accessory Dwelling Units — Regulation by Counties and Cities
- SENATE FILE 2378** - City Zoning — District Regulation, Variance Review, and Conditions and Standards for Approval
- HOUSE FILE 2296** - Issuance of Local Forms of Identification — Limitations
- HOUSE FILE 2522** - Public Officer Insurance Policy in lieu of Bond — State as Required Beneficiary — Elimination
- HOUSE FILE 2531** - Mineral Rights and Interests

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2088** - Transportation — Administration and Regulation of Permits, Accident Reports, License and Identification Card Applications, and Certificates of Title — Mississippi River Parkway Commission
SEE TRANSPORTATION. This Act strikes the requirement for county treasurers to maintain a county records system, and instead requires the Department of Transportation (DOT) to maintain a records system that both the DOT and county treasurers must use for vehicle-related recordkeeping. County treasurers are required to continue to perform all duties related to the county records system prior to December 1, 2028, or the date the DOT submits to the Iowa Administrative Code Editor for publication in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin a statement by the Director of Transportation that the applicable phase of the DOT's new records system is implemented, whichever is earlier.
- SENATE FILE 2189** - Nonresident Vehicle Registration Applications and Certificates of Title
SEE TRANSPORTATION. This Act authorizes certain nonresidents to provide alternative information when applying for vehicle registration in Iowa. Nonresidents who own real property in Iowa who are registering a vehicle that is used primarily at that property may apply using the owner's driver's license number or nonoperator's identification card number issued by another state in lieu of providing both the primary user's information and the Iowa driver's license number or nonoperator's identification card number. A nonresident who applies for registration and issuance of a certificate of title under this provision is required to provide acceptable proof that the nonresident owns such property in Iowa, as determined by the Department of Transportation.
- SENATE FILE 2218** - Verification of Identity, Citizenship, Immigration Status, and Employment and Licensure Eligibility — Voter Registration and Pretrial Detention — Civil Penalties for Employment of Persons Providing False Information
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act requires the board of supervisors of each county and each city to use the E-Verify system of the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services to confirm the employment eligibility of newly hired employees. After the completion of an appeals process, if applicable, the board of supervisors of each county and each city are required to transmit the results of the E-Verify system check to the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement if the check shows that an employee does not have legal status to be present in the United States.

- SENATE FILE 2418** - Levee and Drainage Districts — District Parcel Record Preparation and Filing Deadline
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act extends the deadline for a county auditor to prepare and file a drainage district parcel record with the county recorder to June 30, 2027, and extends the repeal date of the applicable provision to July 1, 2027.
- SENATE FILE 2430** - Display of Flags at Half-Staff at Public Buildings — Proclamations Issued by the Governor — Injunctive Relief for Violations
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act requires the custodian and the board of public officers of a public building to comply with a proclamation issued by the Governor for the flags of the United States and the state of Iowa to be flown at half-staff. The Act allows a person to report alleged violations to the Attorney General, who may initiate a legal action to obtain compliance with the Act's provisions.
- SENATE FILE 2465** - Agriculture — Infrastructure, Product, Innovation, and Revitalization Programs — Weights and Measuring Standards, Animal Health Regulation, Grain Sales and Operations, and Agricultural Tourism — Miscellaneous Tax Provisions
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act amends or enacts a number of provisions in various Iowa Code chapters relating to agriculture, including by providing for exclusions from county land use regulations.
- SENATE FILE 2472** - Property Taxation — Local and State Government Taxes, Financial Authority, and Budgets — First-Time Homebuyers Programs — Urban Renewal
SEE TAXATION. This Act modifies certain property tax levy rate and budget limitations for counties, cities, and other governmental entities; prohibits certain governmental entities from issuing bonds or other indebtedness payable from an ad valorem property tax levy for the purpose of funding general operations; modifies allocations from the Secure an Advanced Vision for Education Fund; extends the future state sales and use tax rate reduction by 20 years; modifies various property tax credits and exemptions; reestablishes a multiresidential property tax classification; establishes requirements and limitations relating to governmental entity reserve and unspent balance amounts; modifies provisions relating to property assessments and protests of valuations; amends various provisions relating to Iowa's Urban Renewal Law and the use of divisions of revenue (tax increment financing); requires the review of utility replacement taxes and the study of payments in lieu of property taxes for owners of certain property exempt from property taxes; and modifies the requirements for property tax information statements.
- SENATE FILE 2496** - Urban Renewal Tax Increment Financing — Taxes for Emergency Medical Services
SEE TAXATION. This Act excludes property taxes for emergency medical services imposed pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 357F, 357G, or 422D from a division of revenue (tax increment financing) under Iowa Code section 403.19. The Act applies to property taxes due and payable in fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2026. The Act took effect May 2, 2026.
- HOUSE FILE 777** - Motor Vehicle Salvage Certificates of Title Applications — Supporting Documents
SEE TRANSPORTATION. This Act limits the liability of a county treasurer who relies on representations made in a supporting document that was submitted by an insurer with an application for a salvage certificate of title for a motor vehicle if reasonable steps were taken to verify the validity of the supporting document prior to issuing the salvage certificate of title and no specific information was known that a representation in the document was incorrect at the time the title was issued.

The Act takes effect January 1, 2027.

- HOUSE FILE 1023** - Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System — Protection Occupations
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act establishes a cost-of-living adjustment to the monthly retirement allowance for active and inactive members of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS), for members in protection occupations and to beneficiaries and contingent annuitants, for retirements occurring on or after July 1, 2026. The Act alters the applicable employee and employer percentage for IPERS members in a protection occupation and also increases the applicable percentage used to calculate the monthly allowance for an IPERS member in a protection occupation who is at least 55 years old at retirement.
- HOUSE FILE 2345** - Public Retirement Systems — Member and Beneficiary Information — Member Statements — Form of Payment
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act allows the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and the Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System (MFPRSI) to release the legal name and city of last known address of a member or beneficiary to the Treasurer of State to assist in locating the member or beneficiary. The Act also requires IPERS to provide each member a statement reflecting the prior four quarters during each calendar year and allows a retired member to choose to receive monthly payments in the form of a reloadable payment card.
- HOUSE FILE 2490** - Open Meetings and Open Records — Meeting Notice Requirements, Examination and Copying of Records, and Confidential Records — Vexatious Record Requesters
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act modifies public notice requirements applicable to open meetings of governmental bodies. The Act expands certain personnel records that are subject to public disclosure and authorizes local government bodies to seek injunctions to restrict or limit public records requests that constitute vexatious conduct under standards established in the Act.
- HOUSE FILE 2558** - Public Construction Bidding — Definition of Public Improvement
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act revises the definition of “public improvement” for purposes of Iowa Code chapter 26 (Public Construction Bidding) to exclude equipment acquired by or for a city utility under Iowa Code chapter 388 when such equipment is related to an electric generating project and to exclude the furnishing of a manufactured home, including the erecting of the foundation or tiedown system, supporting, anchoring, and close-up of the home, and implementing the utility service connections for the home.
- HOUSE FILE 2617** - Abandoned Vehicles — Form of Payment for Towing Fees, Notice Deadlines, Lienholder Requests for Information or Inspection, Display of Charges, and Local Preemption
SEE TRANSPORTATION. This Act requires Iowa Code section 321.89 (Abandoned Vehicles) to be implemented uniformly throughout the state, as it preempts any county or municipal ordinance regarding the towing of an abandoned vehicle.
- HOUSE FILE 2780** - Alcoholic Beverage Control — Permits and Licenses — Authority to Designate City Social Districts
SEE ALCOHOL AND GAMING. This Acts permits cities to create social districts for the consumption of alcoholic beverages in certain public places.
- HOUSE FILE 2787** - Warrant Resolution Clinics — Prohibition
SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS. This Act defines “warrant resolution clinic” as any prearranged, formal or informal, advertised event designed to allow individuals with outstanding arrest warrants to appear and resolve such warrants without being subject to immediate arrest and custodial processing. The Act provides that an entity, organization, county attorney, law enforcement agency, judicial officer, nonprofit

organization, or any other person shall not organize, sponsor, host, fund, promote, or participate in a warrant resolution clinic.

A public official or employee who knowingly violates the Act commits a simple misdemeanor, and is also subject to removal from office or employment pursuant to applicable law.

The Act provides that any resident of a county in which a warrant resolution clinic or substantially equivalent program is conducted or planned in violation of the Act may bring a civil action in district court to obtain injunctive or declaratory relief to prevent or restrain the violation, recover actual damages, and recover reasonable attorney fees and court costs. Any county organizing, sponsoring, hosting, funding, promoting, or participating in a warrant resolution clinic is not entitled to receive any funds having their origin in court debt including but not limited to fees or remittances arising from or related to the collection of past due fines and fees constituting court debt.

HOUSE FILE 2800 - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes

SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act adopts certain provisions of the National Electrical Code, 2023 Edition, with amendments, as the National Electrical Code applicable in this state and prohibits a political subdivision from adopting a local electrical code that is more restrictive than the National Electrical Code; provides that a city or local government shall not enforce any ordinance or other law that is broader or has different categories of unfair or discriminatory practices than those provided in Iowa Code chapter 216; and strikes a salary requirement for certain full-time county attorneys.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

SENATE FILE 579 - Civil Rights — Local Laws, Local Commissions, and Local Agencies

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. Prior law required cities, to the extent possible, to protect the rights of the citizens of this state under the Iowa Civil Rights Act, and provided that the Iowa Civil Rights Act must not be construed as limiting a city or local government from enacting any ordinance or other law that prohibits broader or different categories of unfair or discriminatory practices. This Act strikes this limitation and instead prohibits cities and local governments from enacting any ordinance or other law that is broader or has different categories of unfair or discriminatory practices than those provided in the Iowa Civil Rights Act.

The Act prohibits a local civil rights commission or local civil rights agency (local commission or agency) from acting contrary to a final decision issued by a district court.

The Act requires any complaint filed with a local commission or agency where a party is a political subdivision to be referred to the Iowa Office of Civil Rights.

The Act requires a local commission or agency to screen a complaint and cross-file the complaint with the Iowa Office of Civil Rights if the complaint arises from an alleged violation of state law under the jurisdiction of the Iowa Office of Civil Rights within 120 days of the filing of the complaint. A complaint not screened within the 120-day period is administratively closed.

The Act provides that the term of a commissioner of a local commission or agency is two years.

The Act requires a local commission or agency to inform a person filing a complaint with the local commission or agency that the complaint may be filed with the Iowa Office of Civil Rights.

The Act requires a local commission or agency to provide notice to parties, including the Iowa Office of Civil Rights, of a complaint that has been pending for at least 12 months as of March 10, 2026, about the right to transfer the complaint to the Iowa Office of Civil Rights.

The Act took effect March 10, 2026.

SENATE FILE 2340 - Battery-Charged Security Alarm Systems — Regulation by Counties and Cities

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act provides that a county or city shall not consider a battery-charged security alarm system to be a fence or to be subject to regulation by fence codes, and shall not require a fence permit for a battery-charged security alarm system on property that is not used exclusively for residential purposes. A county or city shall not prohibit or otherwise regulate the installation or use of a battery-charged security alarm system on nonresidential property, provided that the system complies with certain requirements.

The Act provides that a county or city may only require an alarm system operator license or permit for battery-charged security alarm systems in the same manner as is required for any other security alarm systems.

SENATE FILE 2369 - Accessory Dwelling Units — Regulation by Counties and Cities

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. Under current law, a county or city shall allow a minimum of one accessory dwelling unit (ADU) on the same lot as a single family residence in accordance with certain conditions. This Act specifies that an ADU is allowed on the same lot as a single family residence within a zoning district where a single family residence is an allowed principal use. The Act excludes unfinished basements from ADU size requirements.

The Act strikes the condition that a State Historic Building Code restriction can prohibit or limit an ADU. The Act requires an ADU proposed for a lot within a historic preservation district as defined in Iowa Code section 15.445, or an area of historical significance pursuant to Iowa Code section 15.459, to be regulated only to the extent that the historic preservation commission or city determines that the proposed ADU would be incongruous with the historical, architectural, archaeological, or cultural aspects of the district or area.

SENATE FILE 2378 - City Zoning — District Regulation, Variance Review, and Conditions and Standards for Approval

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act repeals the ability of property owners to submit a written protest to challenge a proposed change in a zoning district (Iowa Code section 414.5).

The Act provides that, as a part of an ordinance changing land zoning districts or approving a site development plan, a city council may impose conditions for public safety on a property owner in addition to existing regulations if the conditions were agreed to in writing before the public hearing or adjournment of the hearing. The Act strikes provisions authorizing cities to impose agreed upon conditions on zoning changes, provisions governing written protests to zoning changes or repeals, including the three-fourths vote requirement by a city council to approve protested changes, and provisions related to public hearings and notice for zoning requirements.

The Act allows any individual affected by a variance of an ordinance granted by the Board of Adjustment to appeal the decision within 60 days. The variance will not take effect during the city council's review of the appeal. In addition, the city council may overturn the decision of the Board of Adjustment with a two-thirds vote, regardless of whether an appeal has been brought.

Prior law required a person to obtain approval from the City Zoning Commission, or city council if the city does not have a commission, before substantially changing the existing use of a shooting range or improving property that was acquired to maintain a shooting range within the city. Due to the repeal of Iowa Code section 414.5, the Act eliminates the requirement that, in the event a city does not have a city zoning commission, a city council comply with Iowa Code section 414.5 before granting approval.

HOUSE FILE 2296 - Issuance of Local Forms of Identification — Limitations

BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY. This Act prohibits a county or city from issuing identification cards to its residents. The Act provides exceptions for counties authorized to issue driver's licenses, nonoperator's identification cards, and persons with disabilities identification devices pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 321M. The Act also provides an exception for a county or city when issuing an identification card to an employee or elected official relating to the employee's or official's job duties.

HOUSE FILE 2522 - Public Officer Insurance Policy in lieu of Bond — State as Required Beneficiary — Elimination

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act strikes a requirement that an insurance policy obtained in lieu of a bond by certain public officers list the state of Iowa as the beneficiary of the insurance policy and that the insurance policy be for the use and benefit of any corporation, public or private, or person injured or sustaining loss, with a right of action in the name of the state for its or the corporation's or person's use.

The Act took effect April 16, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2531 - Mineral Rights and Interests

BY COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES. This Act requires a county or city to divest any interest in minerals that the county or city owns or controls. The county or city shall convey any interest in minerals it owns or controls to the surface owner of the land to which the interest in minerals pertains except when the county or city is the fee simple owner of the land. Counties and cities shall complete all conveyances required under the Act no later than five years after June 2, 2026. Any interest in minerals acquired by a county or city after June 2, 2026, shall be conveyed within 90 days.

If taxes on any mineral rights or interests not owned by the owner of the land are delinquent, the Act requires the county to send a statement of the delinquent taxes along with a notice through first class mail that the mineral rights or interests will be conveyed to the owner of the land unless the owner of those mineral rights or interests pays the total amount due within 90 days after the notice is served. If the owner of the mineral rights and interests does not pay the total amount due, the county must convey the mineral rights and interests to the owner of the land, terminating any right of redemption of the owner of the mineral rights or interests. The Act authorizes the county to collect the total amount due by converting the amount to a personal judgment. If the county treasurer finds that

it is impractical to collect the amount due through tax sale and personal judgment, the county treasurer shall make a written recommendation to the board of supervisors to abate the total amount due. The board of supervisors shall abate, by resolution, the amount due and direct the county treasurer to strike the amount due from the county system.

The Act provides that any mineral interest is abandoned if it has not been active for a period of 20 years after its creation, transfer, or preservation, unless a statement of claim is filed. The Act specifies that a mineral interest is active when one of several conditions exist. Title to the abandoned mineral interest vests in the owner of the surface estate in the land in, or under, which the mineral interest is located on the date of abandonment.

The Act defines "severed mineral interest" as an interest created by an instrument that creates or transfers, either by grant, assignment, reservation, or otherwise, an interest of any kind in coal, any naturally occurring gases, oil, or other gaseous, liquid, or solid hydrocarbons; oil shale; gemstones; metals; fissionable or nonfissionable ore; or steam or other geothermal resources.

The Act provides that the statement of claim shall not be required of an owner if the severed mineral interest was separately taxed for real estate tax purposes, the tax was paid, the mineral interest has not been subject to a tax sale, and the severed mineral interest has not been conveyed to the owner of the surface estate.

NATURAL RESOURCES AND OUTDOOR RECREATION

- SENATE FILE 654** - Wildlife and Hunting — Tree Stands Placed on Public Land, Beaver Dams, Traps, Snares, and Fur Dealer Licenses — Economic Loss Due to Wild Animals
- SENATE FILE 2318** - Nonresident Deer Hunting Licenses — Exception for Required Additional License Purchase
- SENATE FILE 2471** - Lifetime Fur Harvester Licenses — Fees
- HOUSE FILE 863** - Operation of Vessels — Use of Blue Lights
- HOUSE FILE 2215** - Natural Resources — State Director Office, State Department and State Commission Powers and Duties, and Deer Hunting Age Requirements

RELATED LEGISLATION

- HOUSE FILE 2765** - Regulation of Mining — Subsidence
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act requires the Division of Soil Conservation and Water Quality, an administrative unit of the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship, to adopt rules providing for the regulation of a subsidence, as defined in the Act.
- HOUSE FILE 2771** - Appropriations — Agriculture, Natural Resources, and Environmental Protection
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act makes appropriations for FY 2026-2027 from the General Fund of the State, the Special Snowmobile Fund, and the State Fish and Game Protection Fund. The Act also appropriates moneys to support the Iowa Resources Enhancement and Protection (REAP) Fund. The moneys are appropriated to further a number of natural resource activities, including the management and operation of state parks and recreation areas.
- HOUSE FILE 2800** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act provides for one additional nonresident deer hunting license to be allocated as determined by the Iowa State Fair Foundation.

NATURAL RESOURCES AND OUTDOOR RECREATION

SENATE FILE 654 - Wildlife and Hunting — Tree Stands Placed on Public Land, Beaver Dams, Traps, Snares, and Fur Dealer Licenses — Economic Loss Due to Wild Animals

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to wildlife, including the treatment of beaver dams; identification for traps, snares, and tree stands; maximum fur dealer license fees; and deer depredation. The Act requires a tree stand placed on public land for hunting deer to have a metal plate that plainly shows the department-issued identification number of the owner of the stand. An owner of a tree stand that does not comply with this requirement is subject to a scheduled fine of \$30. The Act provides that an owner of a tree stand placed on public land shall not be held liable for damage to personal property or an injury resulting from another person's use of the tree stand. The Natural Resource Commission shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of the Act relating to tree stands.

Under prior law, a person was generally prohibited from disturbing, in any manner, any den, lodge, or house of a fur-bearing animal or beaver dam without written permission of an officer appointed by the Director of the Department of Natural Resources. The Act allows a property owner, the property owner's agent, or a drainage district to breach or alter a beaver dam to protect the property owner's property.

The Act allows a user the option of labeling a trap or snare with the user's department-issued identification number instead of the user's name and address.

Prior law allowed residents from another state to purchase a fur dealer license for a set fee unless that state had reciprocity with Iowa, in which case the nonresident must pay the reciprocity fee amount, which was less than the nonresident license fee, but more than the Iowa resident license fee. The Act creates a maximum fur dealer license fee of \$50, regardless of the licensee's resident status.

Under prior law, a producer was required to have suffered "crop, horticultural product, tree, or nursery damage due to wild animals" to be issued a depredation or deer shooting permit (permit). Under the Act, a permit may be issued to a landowner that has suffered "economic loss to agriculture, horticulture, or silviculture operations due to wild animals."

The Act authorizes any conservation officer to issue permits. In addition to landowners as currently allowed, the Act allows tenants to receive permits with written approval from the landowner.

SENATE FILE 2318 - Nonresident Deer Hunting Licenses — Exception for Required Additional License Purchase

BY COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT. This Act waives the purchase requirement of an antlerless deer only deer hunting license for a nonresident who purchases an antlered or any sex deer hunting license in zones designated as not required by the Natural Resource Commission. Under prior law, a nonresident who purchased an antlered or any sex deer hunting license was required to purchase an antlerless deer only deer hunting license at the same time, without regard to the zone for which the license was purchased.

SENATE FILE 2471 - Lifetime Fur Harvester Licenses — Fees

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to fees for lifetime fur harvester licenses. The Act sets the fee for a lifetime fur harvester license at \$5, plus any additional processing fee. Under prior law, the fee for the license was established by rule by the Department of Natural Resources. Lifetime fur harvester licenses are currently available for purchase by residents of Iowa who served in the armed forces of the United States on federal active duty and who were disabled during military service.

HOUSE FILE 863 - Operation of Vessels — Use of Blue Lights

BY COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES. Prior law prohibited vessels from displaying or reflecting solid or flashing blue lights when operating on waters under the Natural Resource Commission's jurisdiction unless the vessel was an authorized emergency vessel. This Act allows a vessel to display or reflect a solid blue light while operating a vessel in waters under the Natural Resource Commission's jurisdiction. A person who operates a vessel that displays or reflects flashing blue lights is still subject to a scheduled fine of \$35.

HOUSE FILE 2215 - Natural Resources — State Director Office, State Department and State Commission Powers and Duties, and Deer Hunting Age Requirements

BY COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES. This Act relates to natural resources, including office locations for the Director of the Department of Natural Resources (DNR), state park user fee pilot programs, the delegation of powers and duties concerning state preserves, and age requirements for hunting deer with pistols or revolvers.

The Act removes references to the Lake Manawa and Waubonsie state park user fee pilot programs that repealed by their own terms on December 31, 2025.

The Act requires DNR to maintain an office at or near the State Capitol. Under prior law, the office was required to be located at the State Capitol. The Act also transfers all of DNR's powers and duties over state preserves to the Natural Resource Commission.

Under the Act, a person under the age of 18 is prohibited from hunting deer with a pistol or revolver without qualified supervision. Prior law required supervision until the person reached 21 years of age. The Act also authorizes a person who is at least 18 years old with a valid hunting license and the necessary consent to supervise a person under the age of 18 who is hunting deer with a pistol or revolver, with certain limitations.

PUBLIC DEFENSE AND VETERANS

- SENATE FILE 93** - County Commissions of Veteran Affairs — Qualifications of Commissioners and Executive Directors

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2471** - Lifetime Fur Harvester Licenses — Fees
SEE NATURAL RESOURCES AND OUTDOOR RECREATION. This Act sets the fee for a lifetime fur harvester license at \$5 for a resident of Iowa who served in the armed forces of the United States on federal active duty and who was disabled during military service.
- HOUSE FILE 2491** - Board of Regents — Tuition and Fee Waiver for Certain Disabled Veterans
SEE EDUCATION. This Act requires an institution governed by the State Board of Regents to waive all tuition and mandatory fees for a veteran who has a permanent service-connected disability rating of 100 percent and who is admitted for enrollment at the institution.
- A veteran is only eligible for a waiver if the veteran is not eligible for or has exhausted any other available federal or state sources of financial assistance.
- HOUSE FILE 2782** - Appropriations — Health and Human Services — Veterans Affairs
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to appropriations for health and human services for FY 2026-2027, and includes funding for the Department of Veterans Affairs, the Iowa Veterans Home, and local veterans services.

PUBLIC DEFENSE AND VETERANS

SENATE FILE 93 - County Commissions of Veteran Affairs — Qualifications of Commissioners and Executive Directors

BY REICHMAN. This Act allows an Iowa resident who is a current or former member of the Iowa National Guard or an Iowa unit of the reserve forces of the United States whose service is or was satisfactory according to a letter of recommendation from the person's most recent unit commander or who was discharged under honorable conditions to serve on a county commission of veteran affairs (commission). An executive director of a commission must still be a veteran, as defined in Iowa Code section 35.1.

STATE GOVERNMENT

- SENATE FILE 572** - Hospitals and Health Care Facilities — Establishment or Operation by Certain Foreign Individuals, Governments, or Entities — Prohibition
- SENATE FILE 2137** - Educational Savings Plan Trust — Qualified Education Expenses — Internal Revenue Code Reference
- SENATE FILE 2207** - Proposed Legislative Bills and Joint Resolutions — Governor, Departments, and Agencies — Submission Deadlines — VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR
- SENATE FILE 2218** - Verification of Identity, Citizenship, Immigration Status, and Employment and Licensure Eligibility — Voter Registration and Pretrial Detention — Civil Penalties for Employment of Persons Providing False Information
- SENATE FILE 2289** - Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing — Powers and Operations of State Racing and Gaming Commission — State Building Code and Fees — Special Classification Residential Care Facilities
- SENATE FILE 2430** - Display of Flags at Half-Staff at Public Buildings — Proclamations Issued by the Governor — Injunctive Relief for Violations
- SENATE FILE 2463** - Administrative Rulemaking — Uniform Rules on Agency Procedure — Required Periodic Review and Readoption of Administrative Rules
- HOUSE FILE 704** - Iowa Propane Education and Research Council
- HOUSE FILE 1023** - Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System — Protection Occupations
- HOUSE FILE 1028** - Department of Management — Interdepartmental Transfers, Information Technology Projects, Employee Background Checks, and Permissible Contract Terms — Cybersecurity and Threat Information Confidentiality — Criminal Information and Record Sharing
- HOUSE FILE 2303** - Professional and Amateur Kickboxing Regulation
- HOUSE FILE 2345** - Public Retirement Systems — Member and Beneficiary Information — Member Statements — Form of Payment
- HOUSE FILE 2356** - State Public Defender — Project to Preserve Families
- HOUSE FILE 2357** - Code Corrections
- HOUSE FILE 2490** - Open Meetings and Open Records — Meeting Notice Requirements, Examination and Copying of Records, and Confidential Records — Vexatious Record Requesters
- HOUSE FILE 2500** - State Agency Goods and Services Procurement — Prohibited and Required Contract Provisions
- HOUSE FILE 2502** - Paid Parental Leave for State Employees
- HOUSE FILE 2558** - Public Construction Bidding — Definition of Public Improvement
- HOUSE FILE 2671** - Department of Administrative Services — Capitol Complex Public Outdoor Events — State Rental or Lease of Biodiesel-Capable Passenger Vehicles
- HOUSE FILE 2680** - Medication Aides — Certification — Administrative Rules Rescission
- HOUSE FILE 2694** - Limitations on Gubernatorial Authority — Closure or Regulation of Places of Worship — State of Disaster Emergency Proclamations
- HOUSE FILE 2711** - Elimination of State and Local Policies and Programs with Affirmative Action, Race, Minority, or Gender Requirements

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2039** - Intervention by Certain Members of the General Assembly in Proceedings for Judicial Review of Agency Action
SEE CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION. This Act authorizes the Majority Leader of the Senate, the Minority Leader of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives to each intervene in a proceeding for judicial review of agency action under the Iowa Administrative Procedure Act.
- SENATE FILE 2280** - Safety of Certain Professions — Professional Permits to Carry Weapons — Threats Against Public Officials — Malicious Sharing of Personal Information
SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS. This Act provides that a permit issued to a member of the General Assembly, judicial officer, Attorney General, Deputy Attorney General, or Assistant Attorney General grants authorization to go armed anywhere in the state at all times, including on the grounds of a school. The Act allows the Iowa Supreme Court to impose additional training or other requirements on judicial officers who hold a permit issued under the Act.
- SENATE FILE 2411** - Iowa-Ireland Trade Commission
SEE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT. This Act establishes an Iowa-Ireland Trade Commission, with administrative support provided by the Economic Development Authority. The Act details the membership, meetings, records, responsibilities, and reports of the Iowa-Ireland Trade Commission.
- SENATE FILE 2468** - Uniform Partnership Law — Conversion of Partnerships into Other Organizations
SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE. This Act amends provisions in Iowa Code chapter 486A by providing for the conversion of a domestic partnership to a domestic limited partnership or any other type of domestic or foreign organization under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of State.
- SENATE FILE 2472** - Property Taxation — Local and State Government Taxes, Financial Authority, and Budgets — First-Time Homebuyers Programs — Urban Renewal
SEE TAXATION. Division IV of this Act establishes the FirstHome Iowa Program, which allows citizens of the state to invest money in a public trust for future application to the payment of qualified homebuyer expenses, and amends the Iowa First-Time Homebuyer Savings Account Act under Iowa Code chapter 541B.
- Division VI modifies certain amounts and allocations to other funds from the Secure an Advanced Vision for Education (SAVE) Fund. Prior law provided a future repeal of Iowa Code chapter 423F, which establishes the SAVE Fund, and would thereby lower the state sales and use tax rate from 6 percent to 5 percent on January 1, 2051. The Act extends that repeal and reduction date to January 1, 2071.
- SENATE FILE 2488** - Early Childhood and Family Services System and Fund — Advisory Councils and Program Transitions — Decategorization Funding and Initiatives — Child Abuse Prevention Programs
SEE HUMAN SERVICES. This Act creates an Early Childhood and Family Services (ECFS) system, and requires the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) to follow certain procedures when administering ECFS services and transferring administration of certain services to the ECFS system.

The Act eliminates decategorization initiatives and requires HHS and Juvenile Court Services to take certain actions regarding contracts that are funded through decategorization initiative funding.

The Act eliminates the Child Abuse Prevention Program (CAPP) and the CAPP Fund, and requires HHS to administer the contributions that would have been directed to the CAPP Fund through the ECFS system.

- HOUSE FILE 2678** - Fraudulent Business Entity Filings with Secretary of State — Removal and Interrogatories — Foreign, Nonresident Alien, and Out-of-State Agricultural Landholding Annual Summary ***SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.*** This Act amends or enacts provisions relating to different types of persons having a legal presence in this state under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of State (secretary). First, the Act amends provisions governing existing filings by business entities in two ways: (1) by providing for the removal of false information in a filing, and (2) by providing for the administrative dissolution of the business entity based on the responses to interrogatories served on the business entity indicating the business entity's wrongful conduct. Second, the Act provides for agricultural landholding reporting by (1) an out-of-state business entity and (2) an out-of-state individual.
- HOUSE FILE 2707** - Health and Human Services — Delivery of Behavioral Health Services, Aging and Disability Services, and Volunteer Services ***SEE HUMAN SERVICES.*** This Act relates to how the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) divides the state into districts when administering HHS services and how HHS divides the state into service areas when providing aging and disability services. The Act also creates a subunit within HHS to establish volunteer programs, enhance services provided by HHS, and support nonpolicymaking duties of the Iowa Commission on Volunteer Service.
- HOUSE FILE 2800** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes ***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** This Act authorizes salary adjustments to be funded for FY 2026-2027 as determined by the Department of Management (department) from unappropriated moneys in certain special funds, and requires the department's Office of Grants Enterprise Management and the judicial branch to notify certain parties of the General Assembly about executive branch entities or the judicial branch, respectively, applying for or receiving certain federal grants or loans.

STATE GOVERNMENT

SENATE FILE 572 - Hospitals and Health Care Facilities — Establishment or Operation by Certain Foreign Individuals, Governments, or Entities — Prohibition

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act prohibits the Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing from issuing or renewing a license to establish, conduct, or maintain a hospital, or to establish or operate a health care facility, for an instrumentality of the government of the People's Republic of China (China), the government of the Russian Federation (Russia), the government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (North Korea), an individual who is a citizen of China, Russia, or North Korea, or a business entity in which a majority interest is owned directly or indirectly by an instrumentality of the government of China, Russia, or North Korea or an individual who is a citizen of China, Russia, or North Korea.

SENATE FILE 2137 - Educational Savings Plan Trust — Qualified Education Expenses — Internal Revenue Code Reference

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act strikes an unnecessary reference to a specific amendment to the Internal Revenue Code in the definition of “qualified education expenses” for purposes of the Iowa Educational Savings Plan Trust, established in Iowa Code chapter 12D. “Internal Revenue Code” is defined in Iowa Code chapter 12D to mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and regulations promulgated thereunder.

SENATE FILE 2207 - Proposed Legislative Bills and Joint Resolutions — Governor, Departments, and Agencies — Submission Deadlines — VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This bill related to the deadline for the submission of proposed legislation to the Legislative Services Agency by the Governor and the departments and agencies of state government. The bill would have required the Governor and the departments and agencies of state government to submit proposed legislation to the Legislative Services Agency no later than 60 days prior to the convening of each session of the General Assembly. This deadline would not have applied to the Governor during the year of the Governor's initial inauguration.

SENATE FILE 2218 - Verification of Identity, Citizenship, Immigration Status, and Employment and Licensure Eligibility — Voter Registration and Pretrial Detention — Civil Penalties for Employment of Persons Providing False Information

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to state regulatory compliance and eligibility requirements, including the verification of the identity and employment eligibility of individuals by the Board of Educational Examiners (BOEE), school districts, accredited nonpublic schools, charter schools, and innovation zone schools; the provision of a false social security number to an employer, prospective employer, or a potential employee; and qualifications for employment, professional licensure, voter registration, and bail.

Division I — Education-Related Provisions

This division provides that the BOEE shall require all initial applicants for licensure and all applicants for license renewal to produce evidence of the applicant's legal authorization to work in the United States as a condition of initial licensure or license renewal. These requirements apply to all applications for initial licensure, and all applications for license renewal, that are submitted to the BOEE on or after July 1, 2026. Practitioners who are not subject to license renewal requirements are required to produce evidence of the practitioner's legal authorization to work in the United States every five years as a condition of remaining licensed. The division establishes the documents that the BOEE will accept as proof of an applicant's or practitioner's legal authorization to work in the United States.

Division II — Providing False Social Security Numbers — Penalties

This division provides that an employer shall not hire or continue to employ an employee whom the employer knows to have provided the employer with a social security number on any documentation for employment that does not belong to the employee. An employer violating this prohibition is subject to a \$10,000 civil penalty to be collected by the Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing (DIAL). For a fourth or subsequent violation, in addition to the civil penalty, an employer must cease operations at the location where the violation occurred until any individual who

holds a majority ownership interest in the employer, and all managerial staff at the location, participate in training developed by DIAL regarding compliance with the division.

A person commits a fraudulent practice if the person, for the purpose of retaining or obtaining employment, or any other thing of value, falsely provides an employer or prospective employer with a social security number that does not belong to the person, or the person is an employer who knowingly provides a potential employee with a fraudulent social security number for the purpose of hiring the potential employee.

Division III — Immigration Status — Employment and Licensure

This division requires each house of the General Assembly, the Legislative Services Agency, and the Ombudsman to use the E-Verify system of the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) to confirm the employment eligibility of newly hired employees. The division establishes an appeals process that allows an employee to challenge the results of the submission of the employee's information to the E-Verify system. After the completion of the appeals process, if applicable, the applicable house of the General Assembly, the Legislative Services Agency, or the Ombudsman is required to transmit the results of the E-Verify system check to the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) and other appropriate federal agencies if the check shows that an employee does not have legal status to be present in the United States.

The division requires each head of a department or independent agency of this state, the State Board of Regents, each institution of higher education governed by the State Board of Regents, the board of directors of each school district, the authorities in charge of each accredited nonpublic school, the governing board of each charter school or innovation zone school, the board of supervisors of each county, and each city to use the E-Verify system to confirm the employment eligibility of newly hired employees. After the completion of an appeals process, if applicable, the relevant authority is required to transmit the results of the E-Verify system check to ICE and other appropriate federal agencies if the check shows that an employee does not have legal status to be present in the United States.

The division creates within DIAL a clearinghouse to process requests to verify, using the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements system of the United States Department of Homeland Security and USCIS (SAVE Program), the United States citizenship and immigration status of individuals who have applied for a professional license in this state. The division establishes an appeals process that allows employees to challenge the results of the submission of the employee's information to the SAVE Program clearinghouse or the E-Verify system. After the completion of the appeals process, if applicable, DIAL is required to transmit the results of a SAVE Program clearinghouse check to ICE and other appropriate federal agencies if the check shows that the subject of the check does not have legal status to be present in the United States.

The division requires each professional licensing board regulated by the division to use the SAVE Program clearinghouse to verify the United States citizenship and immigration status of an individual who has applied for a professional license from the board and to decline to issue or renew a license if the licensing board is unable to verify that the person is lawfully present in the United States. The denial of an application for a professional license due to the results of the SAVE Program clearinghouse check may be appealed to the director of DIAL, and the decision of the director shall constitute a final agency action.

The division requires a licensing board established after January 1, 1978, to adopt rules for the revocation or suspension of a license that the licensing board deems to be a professional license if the licensee is unlawfully present in the United States, as determined by using the SAVE Program clearinghouse.

Division IV — Voter Registration — Unauthorized Aliens

This division disqualifies persons who are unauthorized aliens from registering to vote and from voting. The division requires each voter registration form to contain an oath established in the division. A person falsely swearing this oath is guilty of election misconduct in the first degree, a class "D" felony. The division provides that an information or indictment for election misconduct in the first degree shall be found within five years after the commission of the offense.

The division requires the State Registrar of Voters to attempt to verify all registered voters' United States citizenship using the SAVE Program. The State Registrar of Voters is required to provide notice to each county commissioner of registration of the results of the citizenship verification for each registrant in the county commissioner of registration's county. Additionally, the State Registrar of Voters is required, on a monthly basis, to verify the United States citizenship of all newly registered voters and to, on an annual basis, verify the United States citizenship of all registered voters.

Upon receipt of a notification that a registrant has not been verified as a United States citizen, a county commissioner of registration is required to designate the records of the registrant as unconfirmed. The county commissioner of registration is required to send to a registrant whose record has been designated as unconfirmed a notice that includes information described in the division. A registration that has been designated as unconfirmed pursuant to the provisions of the division shall be canceled if the registrant does not provide proof of citizenship within 90 days after receiving such notice.

Division V — Pretrial Detention

This division provides that a charge for a forcible felony creates a rebuttable presumption that the person is dangerous and that there is not a sufficient surety or condition of release that will reasonably assure the personal safety of another person or persons. If a court determines that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed a forcible felony, then the defendant shall be detained without bail. The prosecuting attorney, or the court on its own motion, must move for pretrial detention. The defendant may rebut the presumption by demonstrating, by a preponderance of the evidence, that adequate conditions of release will reasonably assure the personal safety of another person or persons.

The division also provides that it shall be presumed that there are not sufficient sureties or conditions of release that will secure the appearance at trial of an unauthorized alien for an indictable offense. If a court determines that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed an indictable offense and the court further determines by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant is an unauthorized alien, the prosecuting attorney, or the court on its own motion, shall move for pretrial detention. The defendant may rebut the presumption by demonstrating, by a preponderance of the evidence, that adequate conditions of release will secure the appearance of the defendant at trial.

Division VI — Severability

This division establishes specific severability provisions and contingent implementation provisions. The division provides that the provisions of the Act are required to be suspended under certain specified conditions. In addition, the division establishes what is to occur in the event any provision of the Act is enjoined by a federal court, and such injunction creates a conflict between the federal court order and the requirements established in the Act.

SENATE FILE 2289 - Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing — Powers and Operations of State Racing and Gaming Commission — State Building Code and Fees — Special Classification Residential Care Facilities

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to matters under the purview of the Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing.

Division I — Gambling

The Act increases the \$30,000-per-year total cap on reimbursements that the State Racing and Gaming Commission (commission) may pay to all commissioners for expenses incurred in the performance of the commissioners' duties to \$45,000 per year. The Act grants the commission explicit authority to issue cease and desist orders and seek injunctive relief against persons who offer gambling services in the state without an appropriate license or authorization.

Under current law, a person commits a class "D" felony and is barred for life from excursion gambling boats and gambling structures under the jurisdiction of the commission for committing certain acts. The Act expands the lifetime

ban to include sports wagering and advance deposit sports wagering. The Act also imposes a lifetime ban from sports wagering and advance deposit sports wagering on a person who is convicted twice of unlawful betting.

The Act requires state income tax to be withheld on winnings from gambling activities authorized under Iowa Code chapter 99D (Pari-Mutuel Wagering) and from slot machines authorized under Iowa Code chapter 99F (Gambling Games and Sports Wagering Regulation) if the winnings are in an amount sufficient to require an information return to be filed under the federal Internal Revenue Code, rather than if the winnings exceed certain amounts. This provision took effect May 15, 2026.

Division II — State Building Code

The Act requires the State Building Code Commissioner to consult with the Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management, instead of the Department of Public Defense, in adopting rules relating to safe rooms and storm shelters. The Act also requires fees collected by the State Building Code Commissioner to be deposited in the Licensing and Regulation Fund instead of the General Fund of the State.

Division III — Residential Care Facilities

The Act allows a residential care facility that is a pediatric palliative care center to serve as few as zero individuals. Prior law required an entity to serve at least three individuals to be defined as a residential care facility.

SENATE FILE 2430 - Display of Flags at Half-Staff at Public Buildings — Proclamations Issued by the Governor — Injunctive Relief for Violations

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act requires the custodian and the board of public officers of a public building to comply with a proclamation issued by the Governor for the flags of the United States and the state of Iowa to be flown at half-staff. The Act allows a person to report alleged violations to the Attorney General, who may initiate a legal action to obtain compliance with the Act's provisions.

SENATE FILE 2463 - Administrative Rulemaking — Uniform Rules on Agency Procedure — Required Periodic Review and Readoption of Administrative Rules

BY ADMINISTRATIVE RULES REVIEW COMMITTEE. This Act relates to the executive branch rulemaking process.

UNIFORM RULES ON AGENCY PROCEDURE. The Act rescinds specified rules of various executive branch agencies relating to subjects addressed by the uniform rules on agency procedure (uniform rules) adopted by the Administrative Rules Coordinator. The date of rescission for the majority of rules is July 1, 2026, with the remainder rescinded January 1, 2027. The Act provides that the rescinded rules remain applicable to specified administrative and judicial proceedings initiated before the rescission date for the pendency of the action.

The Act authorizes an agency to adopt emergency rules providing for additions, exceptions, or amendments to the uniform rules if the agency determines a rule is necessary to comply with a legal obligation imposed on the agency, or is otherwise necessary. The provision authorizing emergency rulemaking took effect April 16, 2026, and is repealed January 1, 2027.

The Act specifies that if an agency does not have rules in effect concerning a matter relating to a subject addressed in the uniform rules, the uniform rules concerning the matter shall apply to the agency as though the agency had adopted them.

FIVE-YEAR REVIEW OF RULES. The Act authorizes the Administrative Rules Coordinator to adopt a schedule for agencies to conduct the five-year reviews of rules required under current law. The schedule would stagger the reviews evenly over each five-year period. The Act requires the Administrative Rules Coordinator to publish the schedule online if one is adopted. The Act requires the Administrative Rules Coordinator to publish the summaries of such reviews online.

FIVE-YEAR REGULATORY READOPTION OF RULES. Prior law required the rescission of most chapters of rules five years after the date on which the chapter became effective as a whole. The Act provides that the rescission instead occurs five years after the most recent regulatory readoption of the chapter. The Act provides that a regulatory readoption shall include all amendments to the chapter found necessary or appropriate by the agency during the agency's five-year review of the chapter. The Act requires a regulatory readoption of a chapter to include notations of additions to or deletions from the language of the prior chapter in any published rulemaking document. The Act requires the agency to indicate in the preamble of the document that the document is part of the regulatory readoption of the chapter. The Act also requires a regulatory readoption of a chapter to be done from a zero base, defined as adoption of a chapter without any presumption in favor of retaining the prior language of the chapter.

The Act generally provides that for a chapter of rules that became effective as a whole on or before January 1, 2028, the procedures for determining the rescission date of the chapter prior to July 1, 2026, remain applicable.

The Act modifies time periods for an extension of the rescission date of a chapter granted by the Administrative Rules Review Committee.

HOUSE FILE 704 - Iowa Propane Education and Research Council

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to the Iowa Propane Education and Research Council (council). The Act strikes definitions for "energy star certification" and "weatherization."

The Act changes the membership of the council by removing all ex officio, nonvoting members and adding the State Fire Marshal, and by requiring qualified propane industry organizations to appoint members directly, rather than submit a list of potential members to the State Fire Marshal. Qualified propane industry organizations shall consider representatives from wholesalers when appointing members. New appointees to the council shall serve two-year terms, except that initial appointments shall be made such that at least four members are selected every year.

The council is no longer required to submit its proposed budget to the State Fire Marshal for review and comment, and shall submit an audit of its books and a report regarding its programs in the annual report that it submits to the General Assembly and Auditor of State, rather than as a separate report. The Act changes the type of energy efficiency education programs that the council may develop and strikes the authority of the council to establish quality standards in relation to weatherization and appliance installation.

HOUSE FILE 1023 - Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System — Protection Occupations

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act establishes a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) to the monthly retirement allowance for active and inactive members of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS), for members in protection occupations and to beneficiaries and contingent annuitants, for retirements occurring on or after July 1, 2026. Beginning July 1, 2026, and on each July 1 thereafter, the monthly retirement allowance of such a member, beneficiary, or contingent annuitant shall be adjusted by adding to the monthly retirement allowance an amount equal to 1.5 percent of the monthly retirement allowance payable on that date. Such a member, beneficiary, or contingent annuitant is not eligible for the COLA unless the member has 22 years of eligible service and attained 55 years of age prior to the retirement date of the member. A retired member, beneficiary, or contingent annuitant that receives the COLA is not eligible for the retirement dividends under Iowa Code section 97B.49F.

The Act increases the applicable employee percentage for IPERS members in a protection occupation from 40 percent to 50 percent of the required contribution rate and decreases the applicable employer percentage from 60 percent to 50 percent of the required contribution rate. The Act also increases the applicable percentage used to calculate the monthly allowance for an IPERS member in a protection occupation who is at least 55 years old at retirement to 60 percent plus an additional .625 percent for each additional calendar quarter of eligible service beyond 22 years of service for the member, not to exceed a total of 20 additional percentage points.

HOUSE FILE 1028 - Department of Management — Interdepartmental Transfers, Information Technology Projects, Employee Background Checks, and Permissible Contract Terms — Cybersecurity and Threat Information Confidentiality — Criminal Information and Record Sharing

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to matters under the purview of the Department of Management (DOM).

The Act increases the amount of moneys that may be transferred, pursuant to an interdepartmental transfer, from an appropriation in excess of its needs to another appropriation, other than an entitlement appropriation, from 50 percent to 100 percent of the appropriation in excess of its needs.

The Act strikes a provision allowing for the use of moneys in the Technology Reinvestment Fund for certain technology projects and instead appropriates moneys in the fund to DOM for technology projects using factors set forth in the Act. The Act requires DOM to provide a prioritized list of proposed projects to the Governor, who must use the list to develop a budgetary recommendation to the General Assembly, and to report completed and ongoing projects to the General Assembly annually.

The Act increases the frequency at which a person performing work for DOM or an individual on the information technology staff of a supported entity may be subject to a national criminal history check through the Federal Bureau of Investigation to at least once every five years.

The Act prohibits the inclusion of certain provisions in information technology contracts and declares those provisions void if present in such contracts. The Act also provides that such contracts are deemed to include provisions requiring the contract to be governed by Iowa law and litigation related to the contract to be brought and maintained in a state or federal court in Iowa. The Act authorizes the Director of DOM to include limitations of vendor liability in information technology goods and services contracts, but sets forth prohibited terms in such limitations of liability. These provisions apply to contracts entered into or renewed on or after July 1, 2026.

The Act makes confidential all communication concerning cybersecurity between the chief information security officer and other entities, and allows the communications to be released only for specific purposes.

Under prior law, the Department of Health and Human Services served as the Iowa statistical analysis center and maintained an integrated information system for data sharing among federal, state, and local governments. The Act transfers these powers and duties to DOM and grants DOM access to criminal justice information other than intelligence data and peace officer investigative reports maintained by the Department of Public Safety. DOM is authorized to provide data analysis and reporting on issues that may affect the state's correctional population and various subgroups of the population, to maintain a multiagency information system to track the progress of juveniles and adults charged with a criminal offense through state and local agencies and programs, and to count and track decision points for individuals in the juvenile justice system, child welfare system, and court system. If DOM lacks sufficient moneys to perform the authorized tasks of the Iowa statistical analysis center, DOM may determine which, if any, to implement.

The Act states that DOM is not the lawful custodian under Iowa Code chapter 22 (open records) for records DOM maintains in DOM's information technology capacity for other state entities as an automated data processing unit of government or when held by DOM solely for storage for another department or establishment. DOM must deny requests for information for which DOM is not the lawful custodian; provide assistance to the lawful custodian to comply with production obligations; and cooperate in any efforts to resist associated subpoenas.

HOUSE FILE 2303 - Professional and Amateur Kickboxing Regulation

BY BEHN. This Act provides that a professional or amateur kickboxing match is subject to regulation by the State Commissioner of Athletics. The Act provides that kickboxing shall be regulated on similar terms as set out in current law for mixed martial arts. The commissioner currently regulates professional kickboxing by rule.

HOUSE FILE 2345 - Public Retirement Systems — Member and Beneficiary Information — Member Statements — Form of Payment

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act allows the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and the Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System (MFPRSI) to release the legal name and city of last known address of a member or beneficiary to the Treasurer of State to assist in locating the member or beneficiary.

The Act removes the requirement for IPERS, between January and June of each calendar year, to provide each member with a statement of the member's accumulated contributions and benefit credits accrued up to the end of the prior calendar year and instead requires IPERS to provide each member a statement reflecting the prior four quarters during each calendar year.

Under current law, a retired member can receive monthly retirement allowance payments via electronic funds transfers or, with the cost of an administrative fee, as paper warrants. The Act provides a third option, allowing a retired member to choose to receive monthly payments in the form of a reloadable payment card without being charged an administrative fee.

The Act took effect April 16, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2356 - State Public Defender — Project to Preserve Families

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act requires the State Public Defender to administer and maintain a Project to Preserve Families (project) to assist families involved in the child welfare system. The project was formerly known as the State Public Defender Pilot Project, which was set to terminate on June 30, 2025. The Act allows the State Public Defender to maintain the project throughout the state, coordinate with other agencies and organizations to administer and maintain the project, analyze the outcomes of the project, and seek grant funding for the project.

HOUSE FILE 2357 - Code Corrections

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. Pursuant to Iowa Code section 2B.6(1), the Iowa Code Editor shall submit recommendations as the Iowa Code Editor deems proper to each General Assembly for the purpose of amending, revising, codifying, and repealing portions of the statutes that are inaccurate, inconsistent, outdated, conflicting, redundant, or ambiguous, and present the recommendations in bill form to the appropriate committees of the General Assembly.

This Act contains statutory corrections that adjust language to reflect current practices, correct grammar, insert earlier omissions, delete redundancies and inaccuracies, resolve inconsistencies and conflicts, or remove ambiguities. The Act also includes a Code Editor directive to correct references to the Department of Education. The primary categories of changes in the Act are: updating archaic and improper language and style to conform to current Iowa Code style and to improve the readability of the language; updating style and punctuation in lists and series of items; aligning and combining Iowa Code section and subunit references to preferred formats; correcting grammar and punctuation; and correcting citations to Iowa Code and the federal decennial census.

HOUSE FILE 2490 - Open Meetings and Open Records — Meeting Notice Requirements, Examination and Copying of Records, and Confidential Records — Vexatious Record Requesters

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to public records and open meetings requirements for governmental bodies.

The Act requires a governmental body to provide notice of an open meeting to news media requesting notice, and to post the notice in a designated location and on the governmental body's Internet site. Amended agendas must be marked "AMENDED," identify amended provisions, and be accompanied by a new notice.

The Act expands public records relating to government employees, contractors, and appointees to include the last date worked and information regarding severance, continuation pay, and other compensation or benefits provided beyond compensation owed for work performed prior to separation from the governmental body.

The Act authorizes a government body to seek an injunction against a person engaged in a pattern of vexatious public records requests. The court may prohibit or limit future requests to a specific government body if certain findings

are made, including that the requests are not in the public interest, constitute vexatious conduct, and substantially interfere with governmental operations. The Act provides that large volumes of requests alone do not constitute vexatious conduct, and requires a government body to pay a requester's costs and reasonable attorney fees if the court finds the requester did not engage in a pattern of vexatious conduct.

HOUSE FILE 2500 - State Agency Goods and Services Procurement — Prohibited and Required Contract Provisions

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act prohibits the inclusion of certain provisions in contracts entered into by the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) and any other state agency under Iowa Code chapter 8A, subchapter III, part 2 (Purchasing), and declares those provisions void if present in such contracts. The Act also provides that every state agency vendor contract shall be deemed to include provisions requiring the contract to be governed by Iowa law and for litigation related to the contract to be brought and maintained in an appropriate state or federal court sitting in Iowa. The Director of DAS may waive a contract requirement of the Act to the extent necessary for the procurement of a necessary good or service that the director determines is otherwise impossible to procure.

The Act applies to contracts entered into or renewed on or after July 1, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2502 - Paid Parental Leave for State Employees

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act strikes the requirement that a state employee be entitled to leave under the federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 in order to receive paid leave under Iowa Code section 70A.24 for the birth or adoption of a child. The Act took effect April 30, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2558 - Public Construction Bidding — Definition of Public Improvement

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act revises the definition of “public improvement” for purposes of Iowa Code chapter 26 (Public Construction Bidding) to exclude equipment acquired by or for a city utility under Iowa Code chapter 388 when such equipment is related to an electric generating project and to exclude the furnishing of a manufactured home, including the erecting of the foundation or tiedown system, supporting, anchoring, and close-up of the home, and implementing the utility service connections for the home.

By operation of law, the Act affects the term “public improvement” as used in Iowa Code chapter 26A (Guaranteed Maximum Price Contracts) and in Iowa Code sections 8.46 (lease-purchase reporting); 260C.38 (community college lease-purchase contracts); 278.1 (school district lease-purchase contracts); 297.7 (construction, renovation, and repair of school buildings); 298.3 (school district levy revenue); 331.341 (county board of supervisors contracts); 364.4 (city lease-purchase contracts); and 384.20 (city finance accounts).

HOUSE FILE 2671 - Department of Administrative Services — Capitol Complex Public Outdoor Events — State Rental or Lease of Biodiesel-Capable Passenger Vehicles

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act establishes a process for requesting to hold a public outdoor event on the Capitol complex and provides that the Director of the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) shall not approve or deny a request based on the number of events a person has held or requested to hold. This provision became effective April 9, 2026.

The Act also requires, prior to being awarded a contract under DAS's request for proposal process for state passenger vehicle rental or leasing, a private entity to certify that the motor vehicle's manufacturer expressly states that the engine is capable of being powered by biodiesel blended fuel classified as B-20 or higher. This requirement applies to such contracts issued or renewed on or after July 1, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2680 - Medication Aides — Certification — Administrative Rules Rescission

BY COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. This Act requires the Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing (DIAL) to establish a Medication Aide Certification Registry (registry) on DIAL's Internet site. The registry shall allow a person offering a DIAL-approved medication aide certification examination (examination) to submit proof that an individual successfully completed the examination. The Act prohibits DIAL from charging a fee for a person to submit or access proof that an individual successfully completed an examination.

Under prior law, a medication aide included certain persons responsible for administering medications or a class of medications at residential care facilities, nursing facilities, residential care facilities with three-bed to five-bed specialized licenses, intermediate care facilities for the intellectually disabled, and intermediate care facilities for persons with mental illness. The Act requires DIAL to adopt rules that include specified provisions relating to the qualifications of medication aides. The specified provisions relate to procedures for DIAL-approved medication aide courses, DIAL-approved medication aide challenge examinations, and medication aides certified in other states. The Act also requires DIAL to adopt any rules necessary to ensure consistency in all provisions relating to medication aide training and qualifications at such facilities.

The Act rescinds specified DIAL rules relating to DIAL-approved medication aide courses and DIAL-approved medication aide challenge examinations for medication aides at such care facilities.

HOUSE FILE 2694 - Limitations on Gubernatorial Authority — Closure or Regulation of Places of Worship — State of Disaster Emergency Proclamations

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to the powers of the Governor. The Act prohibits the Governor from closing, placing a mandate on, or otherwise regulating a place or practice of worship for any reason, including through the proclamation of a disaster emergency or a public health disaster. As part of a proclamation of disaster emergency, the Governor is additionally prohibited from authorizing a change to an established law, policy, or regulation governing an election, absent prior approval from the General Assembly, regulating conduct within a private residence, or requiring a vaccination. A proclamation of a public health disaster may recommend, but not require, that a private business cease lawful operations.

HOUSE FILE 2711 - Elimination of State and Local Policies and Programs with Affirmative Action, Race, Minority, or Gender Requirements

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act repeals the state policy to apply affirmative action measures in the state employment system, as well as various requirements relating to affirmative action for state and educational entities including but not limited to the Department of Administrative Services (DAS), the State Board of Regents, the judicial branch, the Department of Education, school districts, area education agencies, community colleges, and accredited private institutions. The Act also strikes provisions requiring DAS and the State Board of Regents to conduct studies to evaluate employment practices and develop improved methods of dealing with all employment issues related to affirmative action and equal employment opportunity.

The Act replaces the requirement that DAS's and the State Board of Regents' contract compliance policies assure the equitable provision of services within state programs and the utilization of minority, women's, and disadvantaged business enterprises with the requirement that the policies assure the utilization of Iowa-based businesses and that DAS and the State Board of Regents report on equal opportunity efforts related to the use of Iowa-based businesses.

The Act strikes the requirement for the Director of the Iowa Law Enforcement Academy to promulgate rules related to dealing with gang-affected youth and racial and cultural awareness training, the requirement for a law enforcement agency to provide annual training to officers on issues relating to the prevention of bias, and the requirement for the Iowa Law Enforcement Academy to develop and disseminate related training guidelines.

The Act removes the contribution of a proposed institutional health service in meeting the needs of racial and ethnic minorities from the list of factors the Department of Health and Human Services must consider in determining whether to issue a certificate of need, which is required for a new or changed institutional health service to be offered or developed. The Act also alters the requirement for the Board of Medicine to prioritize applications for licensure of a physician, surgeon, and osteopathic physician or surgeon who will primarily serve medically underserved communities and those living in rural areas by removing minority persons from this list.

The Act eliminates the Academic Incentives for Minorities Program, the Minority and Women Educators Enhancement Program, and the College-Bound Program. The Act also removes the provisions limiting the Iowa Minority Academic Grants for Economic Success Program to minorities and strikes the goal of recruiting and retaining women and minorities in math and science education from the Math and Science Education Grant Program.

The Act repeals the requirement for an application for a grant from a state agency to include a minority impact statement.

Certain provisions were also amended or repealed by 2026 Iowa Acts, House File 2539.

TAXATION

- SENATE FILE 2472** - Property Taxation — Local and State Government Taxes, Financial Authority, and Budgets — First-Time Homebuyers Programs — Urban Renewal
- SENATE FILE 2480** - Taxation and Regulation of Alternative Nicotine Products and Vapor Products — Health Care Trust Fund Allocations
- SENATE FILE 2492** - Corporate Income Tax Deduction — Foreign Income Terminology
- SENATE FILE 2493** - Fuel Excise Tax Exemption — Ethanol Blended Gasoline Purchased for Use in an Implement of Husbandry Used in Agricultural Production
- SENATE FILE 2496** - Urban Renewal Tax Increment Financing — Taxes for Emergency Medical Services
- SJR 11** - Proposed Constitutional Amendment — Certain Tax Law Changes — Two-Thirds Majority Vote Required
- HOUSE FILE 960** - Sales Tax Exemption for Central Office Equipment or Transmission Equipment — Telecommunications and Internet Access Services
- HOUSE FILE 2739** - Health Maintenance Organizations — Health Care-Related Tax — Insurance Company Premium Tax — Taxpayer Relief Fund Transfers
- HOUSE FILE 2749** - Real Estate Transfer Tax — Declaration of Value Exceptions
- HOUSE FILE 2757** - Nuclear Electric Generation Facilities — Sales and Use Tax Exemptions and Refunds — Board of Regents Nuclear Energy Workforce Fund

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2231** - Education and Local Governments — Protected Speech and Expression of Rights Policies, Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program, Postsecondary Programs, Textbooks, and County Officer Use of Funds — Child and Education Tax Credits
SEE EDUCATION. This Act removes exclusions of sectarian books and expenses that relate to the teaching of religion from the definitions of “textbooks” and “tuition” for purposes of the Tuition and Textbook Tax Credit. The Act also strikes exclusions of certain religious services, materials, or activities from the definition of “early childhood development expenses” for purposes of the Early Childhood Development Tax Credit. These provisions apply retroactively to January 1, 2026, for tax years beginning on or after that date.
- SENATE FILE 2289** - Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing — Powers and Operations of State Racing and Gaming Commission — State Building Code and Fees — Special Classification Residential Care Facilities
SEE STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to duties under the purview of the Department of Inspections, Appeals, and Licensing, including gambling, the State Building Code, and residential care facilities. The Act requires state income tax to be withheld on winnings from gambling activities authorized under Iowa Code chapter 99D (Pari-Mutuel Wagering) and from slot machines authorized under Iowa Code chapter 99F (Gambling Games and Sports Wagering Regulation) if the winnings are in an amount sufficient to require an information return to be filed under the federal Internal Revenue Code, rather than if the winnings exceed certain amounts. This provision took effect May 15, 2026.
- SENATE FILE 2465** - Agriculture — Infrastructure, Product, Innovation, and Revitalization Programs — Weights and Measuring Standards, Animal Health Regulation, Grain Sales and Operations, and Agricultural Tourism — Miscellaneous Tax Provisions
SEE AGRICULTURE. This Act amends or enacts a number of provisions in various Iowa Code chapters relating to agriculture, including by providing sales and use tax exemptions

for the sale of honeybees, and an income tax exclusion for licensed veterinarians participating in the Rural Veterinarian Loan Repayment Program.

- SENATE FILE 2468** - Uniform Partnership Law — Conversion of Partnerships into Other Organizations
SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE. This Act amends provisions in Iowa Code chapter 486A by providing a filing fee paid to the Secretary of State for filing documents required to convert a domestic partnership to a domestic limited partnership or any other type of domestic or foreign organization.
- SENATE FILE 2490** - Oil, Gas, and Mineral Production — Filing Requirements, Confidential Information, Pooling Orders, Permission for Entry, Surface Damage, Severance Taxes, and Water Quality Project Funding
SEE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES. This Act levies a severance tax on oil and gas production in this state. The Act sets the tax rate for oil and gas production and provides that expenses incurred prior to market valuation are not deductible. When ownership is shared, each owner is responsible for a proportionate share of the tax, subject to a deduction of royalties or other payments due to other interest owners. The Act provides for the distribution of moneys raised by the severance tax. The Act also provides for administration of the severance tax by the Department of Revenue and establishes confidentiality requirements for taxpayer information.
- SENATE FILE 2497** - Uniform Assignment for Benefit of Creditors Act
SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE. This Act provides for an assignment for the benefit of creditors that allows one party to facilitate the liquidation of the party's assets by transferring the assets to a disinterested party who acts as a fiduciary supervising the distribution of the assets to pay the claims of creditors in lieu of direct judicial action, including bankruptcy. The Act provides that an assignment does not trigger the real estate transfer tax otherwise imposed on the transfer of real property (Iowa Code section 428A.2).
- HOUSE FILE 2643** - Retail Dealer Fuel Gallonage Reporting — Timely Filing and Tax Credit Eligibility
SEE TRANSPORTATION. This Act specifies that a retail dealer who does not timely file a report for total gasoline and diesel fuel gallonage sold or dispensed as required by Iowa Code section 452A.33 is prohibited from claiming certain tax credits for the tax year that are available under Iowa Code sections 422.11O (E-85 gasoline promotion), 422.11P (biodiesel blended fuel), and 422.11Y (E-15 plus gasoline promotion), as applicable.
- HOUSE FILE 2800** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act specifies that common carriers must knowingly be transporting tobacco, alternative nicotine, or vapor products in order to be required to file certain reports with the Director of Revenue.

TAXATION

SENATE FILE 2472 - Property Taxation — Local and State Government Taxes, Financial Authority, and Budgets — First-Time Homebuyers Programs — Urban Renewal

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to various local and state government taxes, budgets, and programs.

Division I — County Property Taxes and Budgets

Iowa Code section 331.423 establishes property tax levy rate limitations for the general county services levy and the rural county services levy. The Act modifies such levy rate limitations for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, but before July 1, 2030, to not exceed a levy rate per \$1,000 of assessed value equal to 1,000 multiplied by the quotient of 102 percent of the current fiscal year's (immediately preceding fiscal year) actual property tax dollars certified for the applicable levy divided by the remainder of the total assessed value used to calculate such taxes for the budget year minus value attributable to new valuation, as defined in the Act. For each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2030, the maximum levy rate is the lesser of: (1) a levy rate per \$1,000 of assessed value equal to 1,000 multiplied by the quotient of 102 percent of the current fiscal year's (immediately preceding fiscal year) actual property tax dollars certified for the applicable levy divided by the remainder of the total assessed value used to calculate such taxes for the budget year minus value attributable to new valuation, as defined in the Act; and (2) \$3.50 for the general county services levy or \$3.95 for the rural county services levy, as applicable.

Division II — City Property Taxes and Budgets

Iowa Code section 384.1 establishes a city general fund levy rate limitation. The Act modifies the levy rate limitation for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, but before July 1, 2030, to not exceed a levy rate per \$1,000 of assessed value equal to 1,000 multiplied by the quotient of 102 percent of the current fiscal year's (immediately preceding fiscal year) actual property tax dollars certified for the applicable levy divided by the remainder of the total assessed value used to calculate such taxes for the budget year minus value attributable to new valuation, as defined in the Act. For each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2030, the maximum levy rate is the lesser of: (1) a levy rate per \$1,000 of assessed value equal to 1,000 multiplied by the quotient of 102 percent of the current fiscal year's (immediately preceding fiscal year) actual property tax dollars certified for the applicable levy divided by the remainder of the total assessed value used to calculate such taxes for the budget year minus value attributable to new valuation, as defined in the Act; and (2) \$8.10.

Division III — Rate-Limited Property Tax Levy Rates

The Act establishes an additional limitation for rate-limited property tax levies. "Rate-limited property tax levy," in addition to several specific exclusions and inclusions, is defined to include any ad valorem property tax levy limited by law to a specific property tax levy rate for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2027, expressed in statute as a specific amount of money due other than a calculated amount, per \$1,000 of assessed value used to calculate taxes. In addition to the statutory rate limitation of each rate-limited property tax levy, for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, the Act also limits each such levy rate to not exceed a levy rate per \$1,000 of assessed value equal to 1,000 multiplied by the quotient of 102 percent of the current fiscal year's (immediately preceding fiscal year) actual property tax dollars certified for the applicable levy divided by the total assessed value used to calculate such taxes for the budget year. The limitation established in the Act allows for newly imposed property tax levies and voter-approved increases in an authorized levy rate.

The Act prohibits, on or after July 1, 2026, a governmental entity, as defined in the Act, from issuing bonds or other indebtedness payable from an ad valorem property tax levy for the purpose of funding the general operations of the governmental entity or otherwise using proceeds from the sale of bonds or issuance of other indebtedness to fund general operations. "General operations" is defined as services or activities generally funded from the governmental entity's general fund, which are necessary for the operation of the governmental entity, including salaries and benefits, or which are for the health and welfare of the governmental entity's citizens or primarily intended

to benefit all residents of the governmental entity, but excluding certain direct and indirect capital expenditures, capital leases, and services financed by statutory funds other than a debt service fund.

Division IV — FirstHome Iowa Accounts

The Act establishes the FirstHome Iowa Program, which allows citizens of the state to invest money in a public trust for future application to the payment of qualified homebuyer expenses. A FirstHome Iowa Program Trust is created and the Treasurer of State is the trustee of the trust. The trust may enter into participation agreements with participants on behalf of beneficiaries. The participant contributes moneys into an account for a beneficiary. Moneys accrued by participants in an account may be used for payments to or on behalf of a beneficiary for “qualified homebuyer expenses” for a “qualified purchase,” as those terms are defined in the Act.

The Act establishes an Iowa income tax deduction for the participant for amounts contributed to an account, and income from interest and earnings received from the FirstHome Iowa Program Trust is deducted from income.

The Act also amends the Iowa First-Time Homebuyer Savings Account Act under Iowa Code chapter 541B to allow for the withdrawal and deposit of account balances under Iowa Code chapter 541B to accounts within the FirstHome Iowa Program Trust without penalty or taxation in this state. The Act prohibits new accounts under Iowa Code chapter 541B from being established on or after July 1, 2026.

Division V — School Taxes

Iowa Code section 257.3 requires school districts to levy a foundation property tax of \$5.40 per \$1,000 of assessed value on all taxable property in the school district. The Act reduces the foundation property tax levy rate to \$5.10 for the budget year beginning July 1, 2028, and to \$4.90 for budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2029. The Act makes corresponding changes to the applicable foundation property tax levy rates for those school districts that have recently been reorganized.

Division VI — Secure an Advanced Vision for Education Fund — Equity Transfer Percentage — Future Repeal

Prior to allocation of moneys available in the Secure an Advanced Vision for Education (SAVE) Fund to school districts on a per-pupil basis, certain amounts are calculated and allocated to other funds. Iowa Code section 423F.2 establishes a calculation for an equity transfer percentage that is used, in part, to determine amounts distributed and credited to the Foundation Base Supplement Fund and the Property Tax Equity and Relief Fund. For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2026, the Act eliminates the calculation of the equity transfer percentage based on increases in the amount in the SAVE Fund and instead specifies that the equity transfer percentage is as follows: for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2026, 12.5 percent; for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2027, 15 percent; for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2028, 17.5 percent; for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2029, 22.5 percent; and for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2030, and each fiscal year thereafter, 25 percent.

Prior law provided a future repeal of Iowa Code chapter 423F, which establishes the SAVE Fund, and would thereby lower the state sales and use tax rate from 6 percent to 5 percent on January 1, 2051. The Act extends that repeal and reduction date to January 1, 2071.

Division VII — Elderly and Disabled Property Tax Credit and Rent Reimbursement

Except for the property tax freeze calculation under Iowa Code section 425.23(1)(c), current law limits the maximum amount of the additional Homestead Property Tax Credit or reimbursement for rent constituting property taxes paid to \$1,000. The Act increases that maximum amount to \$1,500 and includes applicability provisions.

Division VIII — Property Classifications and Assessment Limitations

The Act reestablishes a multiresidential property classification for assessment years beginning on or after January 1, 2027, that includes types of property that were classified as multiresidential property for assessment years beginning before January 1, 2022. Such property is included within the residential property classification under current law.

The Act provides that multiresidential property is assessed at a percentage of actual value for the assessment year beginning January 1, 2027, equal to the percentage applicable to residential property for the same assessment year plus 3 percent, but not to exceed 100 percent, and for assessment years beginning on or after January 1, 2028, a percentage equal to the percentage applicable to residential property for the same assessment year plus 6 percent, but not to exceed 100 percent.

Division IX — Emergency Medical Services Levy

Iowa Code chapter 422D authorizes a \$0.75 per \$1,000 of assessed value county property tax levy for emergency medical services if approved at election. For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, the Act increases the maximum authorized levy rate to \$1.50 per \$1,000 of assessed value if such increased rate is approved at an election held on or after July 1, 2026.

Division X — School District Unspent Balances — On-Time Funding and Modified Supplemental Amounts

Iowa Code section 257.7 determines the authorized expenditures of a school district for a budget year, which in part includes the addition of the actual unspent balance from the preceding year. The Act limits such additional amount to an amount equal to 35 percent of the school district's authorized expenditures for the budget year immediately preceding the base year unless a greater amount is authorized by the School Budget Review Committee (SBRC) based on one or more grounds authorized for the approval of a modified supplemental amount.

Iowa Code section 257.13 authorizes an on-time funding budget adjustment for school districts when the district's actual enrollment for the budget year is greater than the district's budget enrollment for the budget year and the SBRC is required to establish a modified supplemental amount for such a school district if the district adopts a resolution to receive the adjustment and notifies the SBRC. Under the Act, for school budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2026, the SBRC may establish a modified supplemental amount if the district has adopted a resolution and notifies the SBRC on or before a date established by the SBRC.

The Act also requires the board of directors of each school district to establish a policy that defines a targeted range and maximum amount of unspent balance of authorized expenditures, determined by a percent of authorized expenditures or other methodology specified in the policy.

This division of the Act took effect May 18, 2026.

Division XI — General Fund Reserves

The Act provides that for governmental entity budgets certified for budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, proposed unassigned reserve funds identified within a governmental entity's general fund shall not exceed an amount equal to 35 percent of the budgeted expenditures from the governmental entity's general fund for the prior fiscal year before any budgeted transfers from such general fund. For purposes of this provision, the Act defines "governmental entity" to mean any unit of government or other public body or public corporation, including any intergovernmental entity, that has the power to impose or certify a property tax levy, but excludes school districts and a governmental entity that has a bond rating that is the highest classification according to the standard rating services.

Division XII — Property Parcel Information

The Act requires each county auditor to submit an annual report not later than September 1, 2027, and each September 1 thereafter, to the Department of Management containing parcel-level property data, including parcel identification information, location, size, valuation, classification, types of structures and improvements, exemptions, credits, and amounts of property taxes due and payable.

Division XIII — Urban Renewal

The Act amends the definition of "economic development" for purposes of Iowa Code chapter 15 to also include the provision of workforce housing; adds development policies that advance the development of workforce housing to

the list of factors required to be considered by the public body before public funds are used for grants, loans, tax incentives, or other financial assistance to private persons or on behalf of private persons for economic development under Iowa Code chapter 15; and defines “low and moderate income family housing” for Iowa Code chapter 403 to mean housing for low and moderate income families and housing that meets the requirements of Iowa Code section 15.353 (workforce housing).

Under the Act, for urban renewal areas for which an ordinance providing for a division of revenue is not limited in duration under former Iowa Code section 403.17(10) (20 years), after 20 years following May 18, 2026, or after 20 years from the calendar year following the calendar year in which the municipality first certifies to the county auditor the amount of any loans, advances, indebtedness, or bonds that qualify for payment from the division of revenue, whichever is later, the amount of taxes that is authorized to be paid into the municipality’s urban renewal special fund shall not exceed 60 percent of the amount otherwise authorized, but for the Act, and such excess amounts shall be allocated and paid to the respective taxing districts in the same manner as other taxes. The municipality may exceed this limitation to the extent necessary for the payment of bonds or other indebtedness incurred before May 18, 2026, but in such event the municipality shall not issue bonds or other indebtedness payable from such division of revenue while exceeding the limitation and the municipality shall not be eligible to utilize school district foundation property taxes.

The Act excludes the school district foundation property tax imposed under Iowa Code section 257.3 from the division of revenue under Iowa Code section 403.19 if levied against property located in an incorporated area and subject to a division of revenue ordinance adopted on or after January 1, 2027, or levied against property subject to the 60 percent limitation established in the Act for the applicable fiscal year.

For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, the Act authorizes school districts to approve the payment from the school district’s general fund to a municipality’s urban renewal special fund all or a portion of the school district foundation property taxes under Iowa Code section 257.3 levied against property located in an incorporated area and subject to an ordinance providing for a division of revenue adopted on or after January 1, 2027. Such payments are voluntary, shall continue to be considered foundation property taxes, and shall not result in the adjustment of state foundation aid or other amounts under Iowa Code chapter 257.

Under the Act, an ordinance providing for a division of revenue adopted on or after May 18, 2026, shall be limited to 23 years from the calendar year following the calendar year in which the municipality first certifies to the county auditor the amount of any loans, advances, indebtedness, or bonds that qualify for payment from the division of revenue. The ordinance shall terminate and be of no further force and effect following the 23-year period.

Under former Iowa Code section 403.22, for any urban renewal area established upon the determination that the area is an economic development area, a division of revenue shall not be allowed for the purpose of providing or aiding in the provision of public improvements related to housing and residential development unless the municipality assures that the project will include certain amounts of assistance for low and moderate income family housing based on municipality population thresholds. The Act repeals Iowa Code section 403.22 and provides that a division of revenue in effect on May 18, 2026, that was subject to the 10-year duration limitation of former Iowa Code section 403.22(5) shall continue to be subject to the 20-year duration limitation otherwise applicable to an urban renewal area established upon the determination that the area is an economic development area.

This division took effect May 18, 2026.

Division XIV — Assessment Procedures

The Act amends Iowa Code section 441.21(3) by providing that for assessment years beginning on or after January 1, 2027, if the taxpayer’s residential property has increased in actual value by 10 percent or more as compared to either of the two immediately preceding assessment years, the assessor shall provide the taxpayer with a statement of the reasons for the increase in actual value, information specifying the portion of actual value increase attributable to a change in classification, revaluation, new construction, improvements, or renovations to the property, and all information in any formula or method used to determine the actual value.

Under current Iowa Code section 441.21(3), the burden of proof is upon any complainant attacking a property valuation as excessive, inadequate, inequitable, or capricious. However, when the complainant offers competent evidence that the market value of the property is different than the market value determined by the assessor, the burden of proof thereafter is upon the officials or persons seeking to uphold such valuation to be assessed. The Act modifies the burden of proof in certain circumstances. For assessment years beginning on or after January 1, 2027, for residential property only, if the property's actual value increased by 10 percent or more as compared to either of the two immediately preceding assessment years, including an increase as the result of an equalization order, and the property did not change classification or primary use and the increase in actual value is not the result of new construction, improvements, or renovations to the property, the actual value so determined by the assessor is not presumed to be the actual value, and in any protest or appeal the assessor shall have the burden of proof that the valuation is not excessive, inadequate, inequitable, or capricious.

The Act amends Iowa Code section 441.33 to provide that ex parte communications with board of review members are prohibited in protests before the board of review.

Division XV — Valuations — Abnormal Transactions — Real Estate Transfer Tax Forms

The Act amends Iowa Code section 428A.7 governing real estate transfer tax forms for the declaration of value prescribed by the Department of Revenue by specifying examples of the types of special facts and circumstances that may distort market value.

The Act modifies the list of examples of abnormal property transactions that are to be excluded from consideration or adjusted to eliminate distortions of market value when valuing property to include built-to-suit construction, sale-leaseback transactions, leased fee sales, and, instead of sales to immediate family, sales between related parties.

This division of the Act applies retroactively to assessment years beginning on or after January 1, 2026.

Division XVI — Agricultural Extension Levy

The Act amends Iowa Code section 176A.10, which governs the property tax levy rate limitation for financing county agricultural extension education programs, by providing that for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, the property tax levy rate shall be limited by the limitation established in division III of the Act for rate-limited property tax levies.

Division XVII — Chapter 404 — School Taxes

Iowa Code section 404.3D provides that for revitalization areas established on or after July 1, 2024, and for first-year exemption applications filed on or after July 1, 2024, for property located in a revitalization area in existence on July 1, 2024, an exemption authorized under Iowa Code chapter 404 for property that is residential property shall not apply to property tax levies imposed by a school district. The Act provides that, in addition to the inapplicability of the exemption to school district property tax levies, for property taxes due and payable in fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, if such a property receiving an exemption is located in both an urban revitalization area and an urban renewal area, the school district property taxes on the property shall not be subject to the division of revenue under Iowa Code section 403.19 and when collected shall be paid to the school district.

Division XVIII — Utility Replacement Tax Task Force

Iowa Code section 437A.15(7) establishes a Utility Replacement Tax Task Force. The Act modifies the duties of the task force to study the accuracy of the taxes imposed under Iowa Code chapters 437A and 437B, ways to modernize the administration of such taxes, methods of simplifying administration of the replacement taxes, elimination of property taxes imposed under Iowa Code chapter 437A or 437B, simplification of thresholds for replacement tax rate adjustments while retaining tax stability, and the effects of such taxes on local taxing authorities, local taxing districts, consumers, and taxpayers through December 31, 2026, including ways to maintain continuity for local taxing districts and consumers and ways to provide a competitive and equitable tax environment for taxpayers. If

the task force recommends modifications to the replacement taxes, the Department of Management shall transmit those recommendations to the General Assembly. This division took effect May 18, 2026.

Division XIX — Payments in Lieu of Property Taxes — Task Force

By January 10, 2027, the Department of Revenue shall prepare and submit to the General Assembly a report approved by a task force created in this division, including recommended legislative actions, regarding the establishment of a program under which counties may implement a program for the collection of payments in lieu of property taxes from owners of property that is exempt, in whole or in part, from ad valorem property taxes, but excluding government-owned property.

Division XX — Homestead Credits and Exemptions

For the assessment year beginning January 1, 2026, the Act replaces the Homestead Property Tax Credit, other than the portion of the credit provided to certain disabled veterans, with a homestead property tax exemption. For assessment years beginning on or after January 1, 2026, the exemption amount is 10 percent of taxable value, but not less than an exemption of \$5,500 and not to exceed an exemption of \$20,000 in taxable value. The maximum exemption amount is annually adjusted by a cumulative adjustment factor based on inflation.

The Act moves the Disabled Veteran Homestead Tax Credit from Iowa Code section 425.15 to Iowa Code section 425.1, and makes changes to the scope of the Disabled Veteran Homestead Tax Credit for new applicants on or after July 1, 2026, by changing the definition of “homestead” to exclude appurtenances and limiting the size of the homestead to one-half acre of land.

The state continues to reimburse local governments for the Homestead Property Tax Credit, which for assessment years beginning on or after January 1, 2026, includes only the Disabled Veteran Homestead Tax Credit, but does not reimburse local governments for homestead exemptions under current law or established in the Act. Instead, the Act provides taxing authorities with Homestead Property Tax Credit replacement funding. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2027, and the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2028, taxing authorities receive a specified portion of the funding they previously received from the state for funding the Homestead Property Tax Credit.

Division XXI — Local Government Budget Statements

Iowa Code section 24.2A requires the county auditor to mail statements containing certain county, city, and school district budget and property tax information to each property owner or taxpayer. For budgets for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, the Act authorizes those statements to be posted on the political subdivision’s Internet site by March 15 in lieu of mailing individual statements. Additionally, if the political subdivision maintains a social media account on one or more social media applications, the statement or an electronic link to the statement shall be posted on each such account by March 15.

The Act strikes the current list of items that must be included on each individual statement under Iowa Code section 24.2A and establishes the minimum contents for the statement. The Act requires the statements to be clear, concise, and written in plain language, and allows the information in the individual statements to be presented using tables, written narrative, and graphic representations.

This division applies to political subdivision budgets for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027.

Division XXII — Hospital Property Tax Levies

The Act provides that for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, any property tax levy imposed for a county hospital under Iowa Code chapter 347 that is limited by law to a specific property tax levy rate per \$1,000 of assessed value shall, in addition, not exceed a levy rate per \$1,000 of assessed value that is equal to 1,000 multiplied by the quotient obtained by dividing 104 percent of the current fiscal year’s actual property tax dollars certified for such levy by the remainder of the total assessed value used to calculate such taxes for the budget year minus value attributable to new valuation, as defined in the Act. The Act establishes a similar limitation for levies limited by law

to a specific property tax levy rate per \$1,000 of assessed value imposed under Iowa Code chapter 347A (County Hospitals Payable from Revenue).

Division XXIII — Transit Taxes

The Act establishes an annual limitation on the total amount of property taxes that a regional transit district may receive. For each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2027, the total amount of property taxes for support of a regional transit district shall not exceed 103 percent of the total amount of property taxes for support of the regional transit district for the immediately preceding fiscal year. The Act establishes a similar limitation for the property tax levy of a city under Iowa Code section 384.12(1) for the operation and maintenance of a regional transit district.

Division XXIV — Commercial and Industrial Property Tax Replacement Payments

For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2027, the Act eliminates the appropriation for payments made to local governments under Iowa Code section 441.21(5)(e) that are made to replace property taxes due to the application of the residential property assessment limitation to certain portions of commercial and industrial property valuations.

Division XXV — Iowa Economic Emergency Fund — Taxpayer Relief Fund

For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2027, the Act decreases the General Fund of the state expenditure limitation by \$125 million. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2028, moneys in excess of the maximum balance of the Iowa Economic Emergency Fund created in Iowa Code section 8.55 are required to be distributed as follows: (1) the difference between the actual net revenue for the General Fund of the State for the fiscal year and the adjusted revenue estimate for the fiscal year shall be transferred to the Taxpayer Relief Fund created in Iowa Code section 8.57E; (2) of the remaining moneys in excess of the maximum balance of the Iowa Economic Emergency Fund, if any, \$125 million shall be transferred to the Taxpayer Relief Fund; and (3) after such transfers, if applicable, the remaining moneys in excess of the maximum balance of the Iowa Economic Emergency Fund, if any, shall be transferred to the General Fund of the State.

Division XXVI — Local Emergency Management Property Taxes

The Act provides that for each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2027, and in addition to any applicable property tax levy rate limitations provided by law, the sum of the property tax dollars levied by all governmental entities for the purpose of funding the services and operation of an emergency management agency and commission established under Iowa Code chapter 29C shall not exceed an amount equal to 103 percent of the sum of property tax dollars levied by all governmental entities for the purpose of funding the services and operation of the emergency management agency and commission for the immediately preceding fiscal year.

SENATE FILE 2480 - Taxation and Regulation of Alternative Nicotine Products and Vapor Products — Health Care Trust Fund Allocations

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act regulates alternative nicotine products and vapor products and imposes taxes upon the wholesale sales price of such products, and makes numerous conforming changes to Iowa Code chapter 453A (cigarettes and tobacco-related products).

The Act defines “nicotine analog” to mean a substance that has a chemical structure that is substantially similar to nicotine, or that has an effect on the central nervous system that is substantially similar to, or greater than, the effects of nicotine on the central nervous system.

The Act adds “nicotine analog” to the definitions of “alternative nicotine product” and “vapor product.”

The Act imposes upon any distributor of alternative nicotine products an additional tax on alternative nicotine products at the rate of 5 cents per container containing up to 20 units, and a proportionate tax at the same rate on each unit in excess of 20 units.

The Act imposes upon any distributor of vapor products an additional tax on vapor products at the rate of 5 cents per milliliter of a solution containing nicotine or a nicotine analog and a proportionate tax at the same rate on any fractions of a milliliter. The tax shall be imposed based on the net volume of the solution as listed by the manufacturer.

The Act imposes the additional alternative nicotine products tax or vapor products tax, as applicable, upon the use or storage of the alternative nicotine products or vapor products at the same rates as the tax on the distributor, if the tax on the distributor has not been paid by the distributor.

The revenues generated in the Act are deposited into the Health Care Trust Fund created in Iowa Code section 453A.35A.

Beginning with FY 2027-2028, and for each fiscal year thereafter, the Act appropriates the first \$3 million of the taxes that are attributable to the additional taxes on alternative nicotine products or vapor products from the Health Care Trust Fund to the State Board of Regents. The Act specifies the purpose of the appropriation is for conducting pediatric cancer research, clinical therapy access, and providing physician-scientist leadership at the University of Iowa Stead Family Children's Hospital. The Act requires the State Board of Regents to file an annual report with the General Assembly about the programs funded by the appropriation beginning December 2028.

The Act takes effect January 1, 2027.

SENATE FILE 2492 - Corporate Income Tax Deduction — Foreign Income Terminology

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act creates a state corporate income tax deduction for net controlled foreign corporation tested income (NCTI).

Prior law specifically referenced global intangible low-taxed income (GILTI) under section 951A of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) for purposes of an allowable state corporate income tax deduction. Recent federal legislation replaced GILTI with NCTI under section 951A of the IRC. NCTI is the aggregate amount of net income subject to federal tax that is earned by a taxpayer from controlled foreign corporations of the taxpayer, and is applied more broadly to foreign income than GILTI.

Because the federal legislation replaced GILTI with NCTI in the same section of the IRC (951A), the state corporate income tax deduction no longer applies because Iowa Code section 422.35(12) specifically references GILTI income under section 951A of the IRC. The Act strikes the specific reference to GILTI but continues to allow the deduction for income under section 951A of the IRC, which is now recharacterized as NCTI.

SENATE FILE 2493 - Fuel Excise Tax Exemption — Ethanol Blended Gasoline Purchased for Use in an Implement of Husbandry Used in Agricultural Production

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act exempts from imposition and collection of the motor fuel excise tax ethanol blended gasoline formulated with more than 85 percent by volume of ethanol when purchased at a terminal or refinery rack exclusively for use in an implement of husbandry used in agricultural production.

The Act requires a person who purchases fuel on which an excise tax is not collected in accordance with the Act to substantiate the purchase with an exemption certificate provided by the Iowa Department of Revenue (IDR). The exemption certificate must be complete and correct according to the requirements of the Director of Revenue, signed by the purchaser, and retained by the supplier. A supplier must retain exemption certificates for at least three years. The Act requires IDR to disallow all sales of fuel described in the Act unless proof is established by an exemption certificate. If a purchaser uses or disposes of fuel that was purchased using an exemption certificate in a nonexempt manner, the purchaser is solely liable for the excise tax and is required to remit the tax directly to IDR.

SENATE FILE 2496 - Urban Renewal Tax Increment Financing — Taxes for Emergency Medical Services

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act excludes property taxes for emergency medical services imposed pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 357F, 357G, or 422D from a division of revenue (tax increment financing) under Iowa Code section 403.19. The Act applies to property taxes due and payable in fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2026.

The Act took effect May 2, 2026.

SJR 11 - Proposed Constitutional Amendment — Certain Tax Law Changes — Two-Thirds Majority Vote Required

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Joint Resolution proposes an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Iowa that requires a bill that increases the individual or corporate income tax rate, or the rate of any other type of tax based upon income or legal and special reserves, to require the affirmative votes of two-thirds of the members elected to each house of the General Assembly. A bill that proposes a new tax on any type of income or legal and special reserves imposed by the state will also require the affirmative votes of at least two-thirds of the members elected to each house of the General Assembly.

A lawsuit challenging the proper enactment of a bill increasing tax rates or enacting a new similar tax must be filed within one year of enactment. If a lawsuit is not filed within the one-year limit, the bill shall be considered properly enacted under the requirements of the Joint Resolution.

The Joint Resolution, having been adopted and agreed to by the 90th General Assembly and the 91st General Assembly, will be submitted to the people of the state of Iowa at the general election in November of the year 2026 in the manner required by the Constitution of the State of Iowa and the laws of the state of Iowa.

HOUSE FILE 960 - Sales Tax Exemption for Central Office Equipment or Transmission Equipment — Telecommunications and Internet Access Services

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act modifies the sales tax exemption for the purchase of central office equipment or transmission equipment used by certain entities in the furnishing of telecommunications services on a commercial basis.

The Act expands the sales tax exemption for the purchase of central office equipment or transmission equipment by striking the term “primarily,” thus exempting from sales tax all purchases used in the furnishing of telecommunications services or Internet access services, or any combination of these.

HOUSE FILE 2739 - Health Maintenance Organizations — Health Care-Related Tax — Insurance Company Premium Tax — Taxpayer Relief Fund Transfers

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act modifies the taxes imposed on health maintenance organizations, makes transfers from the Taxpayer Relief Fund, and makes supplemental appropriations.

Division I — Health Maintenance Organization Taxation

Under prior law, health maintenance organization (HMO) premiums were subject to taxation under Iowa Code chapter 432 (Insurance Companies Tax).

The Act defines “HMO” to mean the same as defined in Iowa Code section 514B.1, and includes an HMO contracting with the Department of Health and Human Services to administer the Medical Assistance Program under Iowa Code chapter 249A.

The Act strikes the tax on HMO premiums and creates a health care-related tax on the taxable funds of an HMO in new Iowa Code chapter 432B. By striking the taxation of HMO premiums, the tax credits available to an HMO in Iowa Code chapter 432 are not available to an HMO in new Iowa Code chapter 432B.

The Act defines “taxable funds” to mean payments received by an HMO for health care services, insurance, indemnity, or other benefits to which an enrollee is entitled through an HMO; and payments made by the HMO to providers for health care services, to insurers, or to corporations authorized under Iowa Code chapter 514 for insurance, indemnity, or other authorized service benefits. The Act excludes from the definition of taxable funds the payments made to an HMO by the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services under a contract and pursuant to federal authority. If a payment qualifies as both a payment received by an HMO for services provided and a payment made by the HMO to providers, the Act requires the HMO to classify the payment as a payment received by the HMO.

Commencing with the calendar year 2026 and subsequent calendar years, the new tax rate for an HMO is .95 percent of taxable funds. However, for the period in calendar year 2026 beginning January 1, 2026, and ending September 30, 2026, the tax rate is temporarily increased to 3.5 percent of taxable funds. This temporary increase takes effect on the date the Department of Health and Human Services notified the General Assembly and the Iowa Code Editor of the approval by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the United States Department of Health and Human Services of the method of taxation imposed pursuant to the division.

The Act establishes the same prepayment framework as the insurance premium tax. The HMO is required to prepay one-half of the health care-related tax on June 1 and one-half on August 15. Due to the effective date of the temporary increase being dependent upon notification of federal approval, the prepayment framework for calendar year 2026 is modified.

The rest of the division took effect March 25, 2026.

The division applies retroactively to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2026.

Division II — Taxpayer Relief Fund Transfers — Supplemental Appropriations

Iowa Code section 8.57E provides for transfers each fiscal year through FY 2028-2029 from the Taxpayer Relief Fund to the General Fund of the State. The Act requires the transfers for FY 2027-2028 and FY 2028-2029 to be included in the General Fund expenditure limitation for the fiscal year and limits those transfers to 50 percent of the difference between the adjusted revenue estimate for the fiscal year and the net General Fund appropriation for the fiscal year.

The Act transferred \$347 million from the Taxpayer Relief Fund to the General Fund of the State based on the reduction in state revenue from 2025 federal tax law changes.

The Act made a supplemental appropriation of \$89 million to the Department of Health and Human Services for FY 2025-2026 for the Medical Assistance Program.

This division took effect March 25, 2026.

HOUSE FILE 2749 - Real Estate Transfer Tax — Declaration of Value Exceptions

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. Under Iowa Code chapter 428A (Real Estate Transfer Tax), a declaration of value is not required for certain instruments that are not subject to a real estate transfer tax. This Act expands the categories of instruments exempt from the declaration of value requirement to include the following: (1) instruments of transfer made or delivered as a result of a corporate or limited liability company merger, consolidation, or reorganization; (2) deeds between a family corporation, partnership, limited liability partnership, or limited liability company and its stockholders, partners, or members for the purpose of transferring real property in an incorporation or corporate dissolution or the organization or dissolution of a partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, or limited liability company, when the deeds are given for no actual consideration other than shares or debt securities of the entity; and (3) deeds transferring distributions of trust assets to beneficiaries when conveyed without consideration.

HOUSE FILE 2757 - Nuclear Electric Generation Facilities — Sales and Use Tax Exemptions and Refunds — Board of Regents Nuclear Energy Workforce Fund

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act creates sales and use tax exemptions and refunds for nuclear electric generation facilities and makes the exemptions and refunds contingent upon making contributions to establish and maintain nuclear energy workforce programs and equipment at institutions governed by the State Board of Regents (regents institution).

NUCLEAR ELECTRIC GENERATION FACILITY — SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTION. For a nuclear electric generation facility (facility) restarting after a period of decommissioning, the facility is eligible for a sales and use tax exemption (exemption) retroactively to January 1, 2026. For all other facilities, the facility is eligible for the exemption to the extent permissible under an agreement entered into with the Economic Development Authority (authority). The

exemption is applicable to tangible personal property or specified digital products sold and services furnished for site preparation, construction, reconstruction, replacement, alteration, repair, safe storage, or the restarting after decommissioning of a facility. The tangible personal property, specified digital products, and services exempted are required to be directly and primarily used for these purposes. The exemption ends when the facility begins or restarts commercial operation.

SALES AND USE TAX REFUNDS. The Act permits a facility to apply to the Department of Revenue for the refund of sales or use tax upon the sales price of all sales of building materials, supplies, equipment, or from services furnished to a contractor, used in the performance of a written contract with the facility, if certain circumstances apply. Any contractor who willfully makes a false report of taxes paid for purposes of obtaining a sales or use tax refund under the Act commits a simple misdemeanor.

DEFINITION OF "FACILITY." The Act defines a facility to mean a facility located in this state that uses nuclear fission, fusion, or other nuclear processes to generate electricity for sale or for use in the transmission or distribution grid and is licensed by the federal Nuclear Regulatory Commission. The definition of facility further includes but is not limited to nuclear reactors, storage facilities, equipment, electrical generation, and other structures.

NUCLEAR ENERGY WORKFORCE FUND. The Act creates a Nuclear Energy Workforce Fund. The fund is governed by the State Board of Regents for the purpose of establishing and maintaining programs and equipment at regents institutions that support nuclear energy workforce programs.

AGREEMENT BY FACILITY. As a condition of receiving the exemption created in the Act, a facility must enter into an agreement with the authority that requires the facility to make a contribution into the fund that supports nuclear energy workforce programs at regents institutions. The agreement requires the facility to make the annual contribution into the fund for four years that equals \$2,200 for each megawatt of nameplate generating capacity approved by the Iowa Utilities Commission. The agreement with the authority must also include but is not limited to identifying the date the exemption begins, the date the facility is expected to begin commercial operations, and the nameplate generating capacity approved by the Iowa Utilities Commission.

REPORTING BY FACILITY. A facility receiving an exemption must also file an annual report with the Department of Revenue (DOR). The annual report must provide the aggregate sales price amount of tangible personal property, specified digital products, and services that received an exemption in the previous calendar year. The report must also include evidence the facility made any required contributions to the fund, and any other information required by DOR. If the facility fails to make the contribution to the fund as required by the agreement, the facility will be ineligible to receive the exemption on any refunds and must repay the amount of exemptions and refunds previously received by the facility.

FAILURE TO COMMENCE OR RESTART FACILITY. The Act requires a facility to commence or restart commercial operations within 12.5 years of the later of the issuance of the certificate of public convenience, use, and necessity under Iowa Code chapter 476A (Electric Power Generation and Transmission) for the applicable unit of the facility or the placement of the first safety related concrete for such unit. If the facility does not commence or restart commercial operations within the 12.5-year period, the facility must repay the entire amount of sales and use tax exemptions and refunds previously received by the facility.

REPEAL. The facility exemption and refund provisions are repealed July 1, 2051.

TRANSPORTATION

- SENATE FILE 378** - Speed Limits and Violations
- SENATE FILE 490** - Transportation — Maximum Power Output of Low-Speed Bicycles and Pedestrian Conveyances
- SENATE FILE 492** - Licensed Vehicle Recyclers — Vehicle Acquisition — Lienholder Verification
- SENATE FILE 2088** - Transportation — Administration and Regulation of Permits, Accident Reports, License and Identification Card Applications, and Certificates of Title — Mississippi River Parkway Commission
- SENATE FILE 2187** - Driver's Licenses and Nonoperator's Identification Cards — Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status
- SENATE FILE 2189** - Nonresident Vehicle Registration Applications and Certificates of Title
- SENATE FILE 2426** - Commercial Motor Vehicle Drivers — English Language Proficiency Requirements — Penalties
- SENATE FILE 2429** - Fluid Milk Products — Transportation Permits
- HOUSE FILE 766** - Motor Vehicle Window Tinting
- HOUSE FILE 777** - Motor Vehicle Salvage Certificates of Title Applications — Supporting Documents
- HOUSE FILE 907** - Noncommercial Fleet Vehicles — Registration and Special Plates
- HOUSE FILE 992** - Interstate Fuel Use Tax Permits or Licenses — Fee for Duplicates or Other Evidence of Permit or License
- HOUSE FILE 2485** - Motor Vehicle Dealers — Acquisition and Rights to Vehicles of Ownership or Controlling Entity, Records Storage, and Remote Sales
- HOUSE FILE 2598** - Commercial Driver's Licenses — Human Trafficking Prevention Training
- HOUSE FILE 2617** - Abandoned Vehicles — Form of Payment for Towing Fees, Notice Deadlines, Lienholder Requests for Information or Inspection, Display of Charges, and Local Preemption
- HOUSE FILE 2643** - Retail Dealer Fuel Gallonage Reporting — Timely Filing and Tax Credit Eligibility
- HOUSE FILE 2655** - Operation of Authorized Emergency Vehicles and Police Bicycles
- HOUSE FILE 2667** - Statewide Urban Design Standards and Specifications — Board — VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR

RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2214** - Transmission Lines on Highway Rights-of-Way — Coordination Activities and Installation ***SEE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES.*** This Act relates to Department of Transportation requirements regarding utility or transmission line projects along highway corridors.
- SENATE FILE 2465** - Agriculture — Infrastructure, Product, Innovation, and Revitalization Programs — Weights and Measuring Standards, Animal Health Regulation, Grain Sales and Operations, and Agricultural Tourism — Miscellaneous Tax Provisions ***SEE AGRICULTURE.*** This Act amends or enacts a number of provisions in various Iowa Code chapters relating to agriculture, including by regulating the transportation of implements of husbandry on state highways.

- SENATE FILE 2478** - Appropriations — Transportation
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act makes appropriations to the Department of Transportation for FY 2026-2027.
- SENATE FILE 2484** - Appropriations — Infrastructure and Capital Projects
SEE APPROPRIATIONS. This Act creates the Railway Tracks Overpass and Underpass Fund under the control of the Department of Transportation (DOT). Moneys in the fund are appropriated to the DOT to distribute in the form of grants to cities and counties to assist with the construction of highway overpasses and underpasses across railway tracks. The Act appropriates to the fund \$5 million per year for each of the next five years.
- HOUSE FILE 917** - Motocross Facilities — Liability Limitations — Required Notices
SEE CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION. This Act limits motocross facility liability for an injury to or death of a participant resulting from the inherent risks of motocross activities, except as provided in the Act. The Act requires a motocross facility to post warning signs in a clearly visible location on or near areas where motocross activities are conducted.

TRANSPORTATION

SENATE FILE 378 - Speed Limits and Violations

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act increases the default speed limit for all vehicular traffic from 55 miles per hour (MPH) to 60 MPH.

The default speed limit does not apply to the various speed limits that are specified for certain types of streets and highways. Additionally, the agency responsible for a highway is authorized to establish a lower reasonable and proper speed limit on the highway under certain circumstances and is required to erect signage giving notice of the limit.

The Act also increases by 5 MPH the speed limit range for which the Department of Transportation (DOT) and insurance providers are prohibited from considering certain excessive speed violations for certain purposes. The Act does not increase the 55 MPH minimum speed limit a local authority is authorized to provide for by ordinance.

When updating speed limit signs as a result of the Act, the agency that exercises jurisdiction over a highway for which the speed limit increased is authorized to attach nonpermanent overlays or stickers approved by the DOT to existing speed limit signs in order to display the new speed limit. The nonpermanent overlays or stickers may be used by the agency until the applicable speed limit sign is replaced based on the agency's replacement schedule and any applicable specifications or requirements.

SENATE FILE 490 - Transportation — Maximum Power Output of Low-Speed Bicycles and Pedestrian Conveyances

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act increases the authorized maximum power produced by electric motors on low-speed electric bicycles and pedestrian conveyances. Prior law limited the power output of such electric motors to less than 750 watts. The Act instead authorizes such electric motors to produce not more than 750 watts.

Vehicles equipped with an electric motor that produces more than 750 watts are not regulated under existing low-speed electric bicycle or personal conveyance provisions, as applicable, but are instead governed by the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 321 relating to vehicles, motor vehicles, automobiles, cars, motorcycles, and motorized bicycles.

SENATE FILE 492 - Licensed Vehicle Recyclers — Vehicle Acquisition — Lienholder Verification

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act prohibits a licensed vehicle recycler from acquiring a motor vehicle sold for scrap or junk unless the recycler uses the recycler's access to the Department of Transportation's state records system to verify that no lienholder has a security interest in the vehicle. By operation of law, a violation of the Act is a simple misdemeanor punishable by a scheduled fine of \$135. However, a licensed vehicle recycler is not required to verify the nonexistence of a lienholder in transactions with a scrap metal dealer. In accordance with existing law, a licensed vehicle recycler may purchase a vehicle sold for scrap or junk without the owner presenting a certificate of title or a junking certificate if the vehicle is 12 model years old or older and is acquired by the vehicle recycler for reasonable consideration equaling less than \$1,000.

SENATE FILE 2088 - Transportation — Administration and Regulation of Permits, Accident Reports, License and Identification Card Applications, and Certificates of Title — Mississippi River Parkway Commission

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act relates to the administration and regulation of matters associated with the operation, registration, and titling of motor vehicles.

Division I — Chauffeur's Instruction Permits

The Act eliminates the chauffeur's instruction permit.

Division II — Motor Vehicle Accident Reports

The Act requires the driver of a vehicle, including an all-terrain vehicle but not including a snowmobile, to submit an accident report regardless of injury, death, or property damage if the vehicle does not have financial liability coverage in effect at the time of the accident. The Act also increases the minimum amount of total property damage necessary before an accident report is required from \$1,500 to \$5,000, including for an accident involving an all-terrain vehicle. The Act strikes the 24-hour requirement for a law enforcement officer who investigated an accident to forward a written report to the Department of Transportation (DOT), and requires these written reports, as well as reports of accidents involving law enforcement officers or other emergency responders, to be submitted to the DOT in an electronic format and in a manner approved by the DOT. By operation of law, a driver of a vehicle who strikes fixtures upon a highway is not required to report the accident to the DOT unless the apparent total property damage is \$5,000 or more.

By operation of law, a person who fails to forward a written accident report to the DOT when required commits a simple misdemeanor.

This division of the Act applies on and after March 1, 2027, or the date the DOT submits to the Iowa Administrative Code Editor for publication in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin a statement by the Director of Transportation that the applicable phase of the DOT's new records system is implemented, whichever is earlier. The DOT is also required to forward a copy of the statement to the Iowa Code Editor.

Division III — Electronic Applications for Driver's Licenses and Nonoperator's Identification Cards

The Act authorizes a person to renew a nonoperator's identification card electronically if the person is eligible pursuant to rules adopted by the DOT. Under existing law, a person may already apply to renew a driver's license electronically in accordance with the DOT's eligibility requirements. The Act also authorizes a person to replace a driver's license or nonoperator's identification card electronically if the person is eligible pursuant to rules adopted by the DOT.

This division of the Act applies on and after March 1, 2027, or the date the DOT submits to the Iowa Administrative Code Editor for publication in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin a statement by the Director of Transportation that the applicable phase of the DOT's new records system is implemented, whichever is earlier. The DOT is also required to forward a copy of the statement to the Iowa Code Editor.

Division IV — Records System

The DOT maintains, in accordance with law, a motor vehicle records system, which is used for various purposes relating to the administration of Iowa Code chapter 321 (Motor Vehicles and Law of the Road). Prior to the Act, each county treasurer was also required to maintain a county records system for vehicle registration and certificate of title documents. The Act strikes the requirement for county treasurers to maintain a county records system, and instead requires the DOT to maintain a records system that both the DOT and county treasurers must use for vehicle-related recordkeeping. County treasurers are required to continue to perform all duties related to the county records system prior to the applicability of this division of the Act. The Act harmonizes various references in Iowa Code chapters 321 and 331 (County Home Rule Implementation) to the records system.

This division of the Act applies on and after December 1, 2028, or the date the DOT submits to the Iowa Administrative Code Editor for publication in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin a statement by the Director of Transportation that the applicable phase of the DOT's new records system is implemented, whichever is earlier. The DOT is also required to forward a copy of the statement to the Iowa Code Editor.

Division V — Electronic Communications

The Act adds a person's electronic mail (email) address to the definition of "personal information" for purposes of DOT records, and prohibits the DOT from disclosing a person's email address or telephone number, other than to

specified parties, regardless of the person's consent to the disclosure. The Act authorizes the DOT to communicate with persons who consent to electronic communication, other than notices of a sanction, using electronic methods.

This division of the Act applies on and after December 1, 2028, or the date the DOT submits to the Iowa Administrative Code Editor for publication in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin a statement by the Director of Transportation that the DOT's new electronic communications system is implemented, whichever is earlier. The DOT is also required to forward a copy of the statement to the Iowa Code Editor.

Division VI — Mississippi River Parkway Commission

The Act renames the Mississippi Parkway Planning Commission to the Mississippi River Parkway Commission (MRPC), and requires the 10 members, who are appointed by the Governor, to each reside in a different county adjacent to the Mississippi River in Iowa.

The Act requires four advisory, ex officio members, consisting of one member each from the DOT, the Natural Resource Commission, the Economic Development Authority, and the State Historical Society of Iowa. Under prior law, there were seven advisory, ex officio members.

The Act requires the MRPC to submit a report regarding the economic impact of the Great River Road on Iowa to the General Assembly and to the Governor. "Great River Road" is defined for these and similar purposes as a scenic and recreational highway consisting of a designated system of roads and streets along the Mississippi River in Iowa.

Under the Act, the MRPC is authorized to establish a technical committee to advise the MRPC and, if established, the Act provides qualifications for such members. The MRPC may also request any other state agency to designate an employee to serve on the committee.

SENATE FILE 2187 - Driver's Licenses and Nonoperator's Identification Cards — Verification of Citizenship and Immigration Status

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act requires the Department of Transportation (DOT) to use the federal Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements system to verify the U.S. citizenship and immigration status of each person who applies for issuance or renewal of a driver's license or nonoperator's identification card and who does not provide proof that the person is a U.S. citizen. The Act prohibits the DOT from issuing or renewing a driver's license or nonoperator's identification card if the person does not provide proof of U.S. citizenship and the DOT is unable to verify the person's status as lawfully present in the United States.

The Act applies on and after March 1, 2027, or the publication date of the issue of the Iowa Administrative Bulletin that includes a statement by the Director of Transportation that the applicable phase of the DOT's new records system is implemented, whichever is earlier.

SENATE FILE 2189 - Nonresident Vehicle Registration Applications and Certificates of Title

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. Pursuant to law, an owner of a vehicle must apply for registration and issuance of a certificate of title if the vehicle is required to be registered in Iowa. If the vehicle is owned by a nonresident but still subject to issuance of a certificate of title or registration in Iowa, the application must contain the full legal name, Iowa driver's license number or Iowa nonoperator's identification card number, date of birth, bona fide residence, and mailing address of the primary user of the vehicle.

This Act authorizes certain nonresidents to provide alternative information. Nonresidents who own real property in Iowa and who are registering a vehicle that is used primarily at that property may apply using the owner's driver's license number or nonoperator's identification card number issued by another state in lieu of providing both the primary user's information and the Iowa driver's license number or nonoperator's identification card number. A nonresident who applies for registration and issuance of a certificate of title under this provision is required to provide acceptable proof that the nonresident owns such property in Iowa, as determined by the Department of Transportation.

SENATE FILE 2426 - Commercial Motor Vehicle Drivers — English Language Proficiency Requirements — Penalties

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act requires the Department of Transportation (DOT) to deny the issuance or renewal of a commercial driver's license (CDL) or commercial learner's permit (CLP) if the person applying for or renewing the CDL or CLP fails to demonstrate proficiency in the English language, as required in the Act. The DOT is required to examine the English language proficiency of each person who applies for initial issuance or renewal of a CDL or CLP. Pursuant to federal regulations, a person must demonstrate the ability to read and speak the English language sufficiently to converse with the general public, to understand highway traffic signs and signals in the English language, to respond to official inquiries, and to make entries on reports and records.

The Act prohibits a person who is not sufficiently proficient in the English language from operating a commercial motor vehicle (CMV). A person who violates this provision commits a serious misdemeanor punishable by a \$1,000 fine and imprisonment not to exceed one year. However, if a CMV driver holds a CDL or CLP issued in Iowa after the driver demonstrated sufficient English proficiency to the DOT, a peace officer is required to issue an out-of-service order in lieu of the criminal penalty.

A commercial motor carrier is prohibited from employing or engaging the services of a commercial driver, including as an independent contractor, who is not sufficiently proficient in the English language. A carrier who violates this provision commits a simple misdemeanor and is subject to a \$10,000 scheduled fine. In addition, a peace officer must serve an out-of-service order on a commercial motor carrier who is found to have allowed a CMV driver who was not sufficiently proficient in the English language.

The Act requires certain notices regarding violations of the Act and includes provisions for a person who is sufficiently proficient in the English language to take possession of a stopped CMV or transfer the cargo to another CMV. The Act limits liability for damages that result from the tow or impoundment of a CMV if the driver did not possess sufficient English language proficiency.

The DOT and the Department of Public Safety are prohibited from complying with a provision of the Act if compliance would cause the denial of federal funds or services or otherwise violate federal law.

The DOT is required to comply with the Act on or before March 1, 2027, or the date the DOT submits to the Iowa Administrative Code Editor for publication in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin a statement by the Director of Transportation that the applicable phase of the DOT's new records system is implemented, whichever is earlier.

SENATE FILE 2429 - Fluid Milk Products — Transportation Permits

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. Prior to this Act, only the Department of Transportation (DOT) was authorized to issue annual permits for the operation of vehicles or combinations of vehicles transporting fluid milk products while exceeding the weight limitation of Iowa Code section 321.463 but not exceeding a gross weight of 96,000 pounds on primary roads and primary road extensions in cities.

The Act strikes the restriction that limits such permitted vehicles to be operated only on primary roads and primary road extensions in cities. Accordingly, the Act authorizes local authorities, in addition to the DOT, to issue fluid milk products annual permits. The Act also makes fluid milk products annual permits valid for vehicles and combinations of vehicles weighing up to 136,000 pounds. Permitted vehicles are still limited to 20,000 pounds per axle and the permit remains valid only while the vehicle is moving to or from a milk plant, receiving station, or transfer station. The DOT is required to establish rules regarding minimum distances for axle configurations.

The Act takes effect January 1, 2027.

HOUSE FILE 766 - Motor Vehicle Window Tinting

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act prohibits a person from operating on the highway a motor vehicle equipped with a front windshield that meets a minimum standard of transparency of less than 70 percent light transmittance or a side window or sidewing immediately beside or forward of the driver, as applicable, that meets a minimum standard of transparency of less than 50 percent light transmittance. However, and in accordance with existing law, these standards do not apply to a person operating a motor vehicle owned or leased by a federal, state,

or local law enforcement agency if the operation is part of the person's official duties. Under prior law, the Department of Transportation was authorized to adopt rules establishing a minimum measurable standard of transparency, and the department had adopted a minimum standard of transparency of 70 percent light transmittance for all windows beside or in front of a driver.

A violation of Iowa Code section 321.438, included as amended by the Act, is punishable by a scheduled fine of \$70.

HOUSE FILE 777 - Motor Vehicle Salvage Certificates of Title Applications — Supporting Documents

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act authorizes an insurer who submits a supporting document with an application for a salvage certificate of title for a motor vehicle to submit the documents signed and affirmed under penalty of perjury in lieu of a notarized signature, and the signature may be electronic. The affirmation under penalty of perjury is limited to the signature identifying the signer as the owner or the signer's representation of the authority of the named agent to sign on the owner's behalf. Under the Act, the Department of Transportation and a county treasurer may rely on representations made in a supporting document and are not liable to any person for such reliance if reasonable steps were taken to verify the validity of the supporting document prior to issuing the salvage certificate of title and no specific information was known that a representation in the document was incorrect at the time the title was issued.

The Act takes effect January 1, 2027.

HOUSE FILE 907 - Noncommercial Fleet Vehicles — Registration and Special Plates

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act requires the Department of Transportation (DOT) to develop and implement a program to allow persons to register and renew the registration of a noncommercial fleet vehicle (as defined in the Act), design a special noncommercial fleet vehicle registration plate that indicates a vehicle is registered as a noncommercial fleet vehicle, and adopt rules necessary to administer the Act. The DOT must comply with these requirements on or before December 1, 2028. Noncommercial fleet vehicle registration plates are exempt from the annual validation sticker requirement that otherwise requires a validation sticker to be placed on the rear registration plate upon registration renewal.

HOUSE FILE 992 - Interstate Fuel Use Tax Permits or Licenses — Fee for Duplicates or Other Evidence of Permit or License

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act increases the fee for a duplicate or other evidence of an international fuel tax agreement permit or license from 50 cents to \$1. Under existing law, evidence of such a permit or license is required when a motor vehicle, other than a private passenger automobile, is operated in Iowa using any motor fuel, special fuel, or electric fuel stored in batteries.

HOUSE FILE 2485 - Motor Vehicle Dealers — Acquisition and Rights to Vehicles of Ownership or Controlling Entity, Records Storage, and Remote Sales

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act deems a licensed motor vehicle dealer to possess the right, title, claim, and interest in a vehicle if the vehicle's certificate of title is issued or properly assigned to an entity with direct ownership or control over the dealer. Generally, a person must hold the title to a vehicle to acquire such rights. Additionally, the Act requires a dealer to store all records at a place of business of the dealer or at a place of business within the United States of an entity that has direct ownership or control over the dealer, provide electronic records to the Department of Transportation (DOT) within 24 hours after receiving a request, and provide physical records to the DOT within a reasonable time considering postal delivery.

The Act modifies certain provisions relating to dealers who engage in remote sales of motor vehicles, including the possession of a vehicle's title prior to engaging in a remote sale, the signing of a purchase agreement by a dealer before the dealer receives an executed purchase agreement from a buyer, disclosure requirements that a dealer must provide to a buyer as part of a remote sale, recordkeeping requirements, and electronic signature requirements.

The Act specifies that a remote sale of a motor vehicle is not a "door-to-door sale" and is not subject to related regulations.

HOUSE FILE 2598 - Commercial Driver's Licenses — Human Trafficking Prevention Training

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act requires persons making an initial application for a class A, B, or C commercial driver's license (CDL) to certify that the person successfully completed a course of instruction regarding human trafficking prevention. A course of instruction regarding human trafficking prevention must be offered in the English language, last at least 30 minutes, and include training based on approved materials by the Department of Transportation (DOT).

The DOT must approve, in cooperation with the Department of Education and the State Board of Education, human trafficking prevention training materials regarding the recognition, prevention, and reporting of human trafficking, and make the approved materials available to the public. The departments are required to review and update the approved human trafficking prevention training materials to account for changes and trends in human trafficking at least once every three years.

The Act applies on and after March 1, 2027, or the publication date of the issue of the Iowa Administrative Bulletin that includes a statement by the Director of Transportation that the applicable phase of the DOT's new records system is implemented, whichever is earlier.

HOUSE FILE 2617 - Abandoned Vehicles — Form of Payment for Towing Fees, Notice Deadlines, Lienholder Requests for Information or Inspection, Display of Charges, and Local Preemption

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act modifies provisions regulating the towing and possession of abandoned vehicles, as defined in Iowa Code section 321.89 (Abandoned Vehicles). The Act decreases the number of days a person who takes custody of an abandoned vehicle has to send notice from 20 days to 10 days, and increases the number of days a person may reclaim the vehicle or personal property from inside the vehicle from 10 days to 20 days.

When a private entity ceases a tow after attaching towing equipment to an abandoned vehicle and releases the vehicle to the registered owner or operator prior to removing the vehicle from the location where the vehicle was abandoned, the Act requires the private entity to accept payment by credit card, in addition to other forms of payment, for any fee charged to release the vehicle.

Under the Act, a private entity with custody of an abandoned vehicle must provide information about the condition of the vehicle to a registered lienholder, and the private entity may charge an inspection fee not to exceed \$100. While a private entity has custody of an abandoned vehicle, a registered owner may reclaim personal property, as defined in the Act, once during the 20-day vehicle reclamation period. In addition, a private entity with custody of an abandoned vehicle must provide an itemized account of all fees assessed to the registered owner when the registered owner reclaims the vehicle.

The Act requires a private entity that takes custody of an abandoned vehicle to display at the entity's place of business in a manner that is readily visible to visitors and on the entity's Internet site, if applicable, the daily storage and impound fees the entity will charge.

The Act requires Iowa Code section 321.89 to be implemented uniformly throughout the state, as it preempts any county or municipal ordinance regarding the towing of an abandoned vehicle.

HOUSE FILE 2643 - Retail Dealer Fuel Gallonage Reporting — Timely Filing and Tax Credit Eligibility

BY COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE. This Act relates to reporting total gasoline and diesel fuel gallonage sold or dispensed by retail dealers for a determination period.

The Act specifies that a retail dealer that does not timely file a report for total gasoline and diesel fuel gallonage sold or dispensed as required by Iowa Code section 452A.33 is not eligible to claim the tax credits available under Iowa Code sections 422.11O (E-85 gasoline promotion), 422.11P (biodiesel blended fuel), and 422.11Y (E-15 plus gasoline promotion), as applicable.

The deadline to timely file the report may be extended from February 10 to February 28 and beyond by the Department of Revenue. The Act also requires the Department of Revenue to mail written and electronic notification to retailers who have not timely filed the report by February 10.

HOUSE FILE 2655 - Operation of Authorized Emergency Vehicles and Police Bicycles

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act grants the authorizations to the driver of any authorized emergency vehicle, other than a privately owned towing and recovery vehicle, to exceed the maximum speed limit and to proceed without stopping past a red or stop signal or stop sign. The Act also specifies that the authorizations for drivers of authorized emergency vehicles apply to a peace officer riding a police bicycle in the line of duty. In accordance with existing law, these authorizations apply only to vehicles making use of an audible warning device or visual signaling device, except under specific limited circumstances.

HOUSE FILE 2667 - Statewide Urban Design Standards and Specifications — Board — VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This bill would have established the Statewide Urban Design and Specifications Board (SUDAS Board) within the Department of Transportation (DOT). The SUDAS Board would have been required to develop statewide urban design standards and specifications (SUDAS), which may include soliciting recommendations from the Institute for Transportation at Iowa State University. Currently, the institute maintains Iowa's SUDAS manuals for public improvements.

The bill provided for 15 members from the DOT and various nongovernment entities to serve as members on the SUDAS Board. The SUDAS Board would have been required to publish a design manual and a specifications manual, along with an analysis of any changes to the SUDAS manuals, and provide an estimate of expected cost variations that would likely be incurred, if any, by implementing the changes.

Prior to a city council approving a city street project that would not comply with DOT design standards and specifications, the bill would have required the person responsible for managing the project to submit a report describing the costs for the project that would be incurred as a result of the project not matching the DOT design standards and specifications. Additionally, a city would have been prohibited from modifying approved project design standards and specifications after a project had begun.

2026 SECTIONS AMENDED, ADDED, OR REPEALED

KEY TO CHART

Eff. Date:	Indicates first date on which bill section has legal effect, not necessarily specified in bill.
App. Date:	Indicates first date on which bill section practically applies as particularly specified in the bill.
Gov's Action:	Signed, Veto, Item Veto Full, or Item Veto Part.
Gov's Action Date:	Indicates date of approval, veto, or item veto.
LAST UPDATED:	July 23, 2026

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
1B.3	Amend	SF2430, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
2.11 (3)	Add	SF2218, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
2.12B (2)	Amend	SF2484, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
2.16 (2)	Amend	SF2207, §1	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02
2.48 (3)(e)(7)	Strike	HF2799, §16, 20	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
2A.2 (2)(0i)	Add	SF2218, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
2B.5A (5)(b)(2)	Strike	SF2463, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
2C.4	Amend	SF2218, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
4.1A (1)(e)	Amend	HF2357, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
4.1A (4)	Amend	HF2357, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
7.19	New	HF2694, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
7E.3 (6)	Add	SF2218, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
8.3 (3)	Amend	HF2357, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
8.9 (3)	Add	HF2800, §83	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
8.11	Repeal	HF2711, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
8.22 (1)(b)(2)	Amend	HF2357, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
8.39 (2)	Amend	HF1028, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
8.54 (5)(b)	Amend	HF2739, §17, 21	2026-03-25		Signed	2026-03-25
8.57A (3A)	Add	SF2490, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
8.57A (4)(b,c)	Strike	HF2357, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
8.57C (2,3,4)	Amend	HF1028, §2, 21	Multiple		Signed	2026-06-02
8.57C (3)	Amend	SF2484, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
8.57E (2)(b)(02)	Add	HF2739, §18, 21	2026-03-25		Signed	2026-03-25
8.57I (3)(c)	Add	HF2800, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
8.78	Amend	HF1028, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
8.94	New	HF1028, §4, 22	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
8.95	New	HF1028, §5, 22	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
8.96	New	HF1028, §6, 22	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
8.97	New	HF1028, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
8.98	New	HF1028, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
8.99	New	HF1028, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
8A.111 (7)	Strike	HF2711, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
8A.311C	New	HF2500, §1, 4	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-04-16
8A.311D	New	HF2500, §2, 4	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-04-16
8A.311E	New	HF2500, §3, 4	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-04-16
8A.322 (3)	Amend	HF2671, §1, 3	2026-04-09		Signed	2026-04-09
8A.367 (2)(d)	Add	HF2671, §2, 4	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-04-09
8A.402 (1)(d)	Amend	HF2711, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
9.15	Amend	SF629, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
9F.6	Amend	HF2357, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
9I.7 (u1)	Amend	HF2678, §51	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01

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10A.101 (4)	Add	SF2218, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
10A.113	New	SF2218, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
10A.114	New	SF2218, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
10A.506 (13)	Add	SF2218, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
10A.518 (2)(b)	Amend	SF2472, §121, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
10A.518 (3)(b)	Amend	SF2472, §122, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
10A.519 (3)(c)	Add	HF2768, §29	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
10A.519 (7)	Amend	HF2768, §30	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
10A.520 (3)	Amend	HF2768, §31	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
10B.1 (1A,10A,10B)	Add	HF2678, §52	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
10B.1 (11)(Of,00f)	Add	HF2678, §53	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
10B.3 (5A)	Add	HF2678, §54	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
10B.4 (2)(Ob)	Add	HF2678, §55	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
10B.5 (2)	Amend	HF2678, §56	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
10B.5A	Amend	HF2678, §57	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
11.11	Amend	SF2472, §88	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
12.51 (1)	Amend	HF2707, §1, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
12.51 (2)(b)(2)(a)	Amend	HF2357, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
12.51 (2)(b)(3)(d)(ii)	Amend	HF2707, §2, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
12.51 (2)(b)(4)	Amend	HF2357, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
12D.1 (2)(k)	Amend	SF2137, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
12G.2 (6)	Add	SF2472, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
12L.1	New	SF2472, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
12L.2	New	SF2472, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
12L.3	New	SF2472, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
12L.4	New	SF2472, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
12L.5	New	SF2472, §29	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
12L.6	New	SF2472, §30	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
12L.7	New	SF2472, §31	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
12L.8	New	SF2472, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
12L.9	New	SF2472, §33	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
12L.10	New	SF2472, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
13B.13	Amend	HF2356, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
15.120A	New	HF2799, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
15.123	New	SF2411, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
15.274	Amend	HF2357, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
15.436 (1)	Amend	HF2357, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
15.491 (12)	Amend	HF2799, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
15.501	Amend	HF2799, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
15.512	New	HF2799, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
15.600	New	HF2799, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
15.601	New	HF2799, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
15.602	New	HF2799, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
15.603	New	HF2799, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
15.604	New	HF2799, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
15.605	New	HF2799, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
15.606	New	HF2799, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
15A.1 (1)(b)	Amend	SF2472, §93, 106	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
15A.1 (2)(e)	Add	SF2472, §94, 106	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
15E.321	Amend	SF2484, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
15E.370	Repeal	SF2465, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
15G.104 (2)	Amend	SF2484, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
15H.2 (1)	Amend	HF2707, §24, 27	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30

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15H.4	Amend	HF2707, §25, 27	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
16.52	New	HF2772, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
16.134 (4)(i)	Amend	HF2771, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
16.134A (3)	Amend	HF2771, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
16.152 (5,6,7,8)	Add	HF2771, §29	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
16.163	New	HF2754, §72, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
16.230	Amend	HF2357, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
16.240	New	HF2771, §30	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
17A.6 (1)(b)	Amend	SF2463, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
17A.7 (2,3)	Amend	SF2463, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
17A.19A	New	SF2039, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
17A.24 (2)	Amend	SF2463, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
19B.1 (1)	Strike	HF2711, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
19B.2 (1)	Amend	HF2711, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
19B.3	Amend	HF2711, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
19B.4 (1)	Strike	HF2711, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
19B.5	Repeal	HF2711, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
19B.6	Amend	HF2711, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
19B.7 (1)(a)(1)	Strike	HF2711, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
19B.7 (1)(a)(2)	Amend	HF2711, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
19B.7 (1)(d)	Amend	HF2711, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
19B.7 (1)(e)	Strike	HF2711, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
19B.8	Amend	HF2711, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
19B.11	Amend	HF2711, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
20.15 (2)(a)	Amend	SF472, §1, 2, 3	2026-05-19	2026-05-19	Signed	2026-05-19
21.4 (1)(a)	Amend	HF2490, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
22.3	Amend	HF2490, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
22.7 (11)(a)(6,7)	Add	HF2490, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
22.7 (58)	Amend	HF2634, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
22.7 (78)	Add	SF2490, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
22.8A	New	HF2490, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
23A.2 (8)(p)	Add	SF2465, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
24.2A (1)(c)	Strike	SF2472, §149, 161	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
24.2A (2)(a)	Amend	SF2472, §150, 161	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
24.2A (2)(b)	Strike and Replace	SF2472, §151, 161	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
24.2A (2)(c)	Add	SF2472, §152, 161	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
24.2A (3)	Amend	SF2472, §153, 161	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
24.2A (4)(b)(4)(a)	Amend	SF2472, §154, 161	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
24.3 (u1)	Amend	SF2472, §155, 161	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
24.34	Amend	SF2472, §89	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
24.35	New	SF2472, §90	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
24.48 (6)	Add	SF2472, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
25B.7 (2)(a)	Amend	SF2472, §123, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
26.2 (3)(b)(7,8)	Add	HF2558, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
28E.9 (2)	Amend	HF2357, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
28M.5 (1)	Amend	SF2472, §164	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
29C.6 (1)	Amend	HF2694, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
29C.17 (2)(u1)	Amend	SF2472, §169	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
29C.17 (7)	Add	SF2472, §170	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
29E.1 (1)(b)(4)	Strike	HF2754, §1, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
35B.3	Amend	SF93, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
35B.6 (1)(a)	Amend	SF93, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
39A.1 (2A)	Add	HF2501, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02

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39A.2 (1)(a)(2)	Amend	SF2218, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
39A.8	New	HF2501, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
43.111 (1,3)	Amend	HF2800, §41	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
44.8 (1)	Amend	HF2501, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
44.9 (2,3,5)	Amend	HF2501, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
44.11	Amend	HF2501, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
48A.2 (4A)	Add	SF2218, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
48A.6 (3)	Add	SF2218, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
48A.11 (9)	Add	SF2218, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
48A.25B	New	SF2218, §29	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
48A.30 (1)(i)	Add	HF2501, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
49.78 (4,5)	Strike	HF2501, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
49.78 (6)	Amend	HF2501, §22	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
49.81 (2)	Amend	HF2501, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
49.128 (1)	Amend	HF2357, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
50.49 (1,2)	Amend	HF2501, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
50.49 (3)	Amend	HF2501, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
52.5 (2)	Amend	HF2501, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
52.39	New	HF2501, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
53.11 (1)(c)(5)	Add	SF140, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
53.11 (6)	Amend	SF140, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
53.23 (3)(a)	Amend	HF2501, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
64.3 (4)	Strike	HF2522, §1, 2	2026-04-16		Signed	2026-04-16
68A.102 (12A,14A)	Add	HF2601, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
68A.203 (3)(f)	Add	HF2601, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
68A.203 (5)	Add	HF2601, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
68A.402 (8)(a,b)	Add	HF2601, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
68A.404 (2)(c)	Amend	HF2601, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
68A.404 (5)(i)	Add	HF2601, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
68A.507	New	HF2601, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
70A.24 (1)	Amend	HF2502, §1, 2	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
80.45 (3)(i)	Add	HF1036, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
80.45 (3)(i)	Repeal	HF2800, §80, 82	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
80B.11 (1)(d)	Strike	HF2711, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
80B.11D (3,5,6)	Amend	HF2199, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
80B.11G (1,3)	Amend	HF2711, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
80B.11G (4)	Strike	HF2711, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
80F.1 (25)	Amend	HF2797, §1, 2, 3	2026-06-02	2021-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
84A.1A (1)(a)(07)	Add	SF2168, §30	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84A.1A (1)(a)(7)(a)(u1)	Amend	SF2168, §31	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84A.1A (1)(a)(7)(b)(u1)	Amend	SF2168, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84A.1B (3)	Amend	SF2168, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84A.1B (3)(u1)	Amend	SF2168, §27, 29	2026-06-30		Signed	2026-06-02
84A.1B (3)(u1)	Amend	HF2357, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
84A.5 (5)(m)	Add	SF2168, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84A.12	Repeal	SF2168, §28, 29	2026-06-30		Signed	2026-06-02
84D.2 (5)	Amend	SF2168, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84D.2 (11A,12A)	Add	SF2168, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84D.2 (12)	Strike	SF2168, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84D.2 (19)(a)(2)(c)	Amend	SF2168, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84D.4 (2)(c)	Add	SF2168, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84D.4 (8)	Amend	SF2168, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84D.7	Amend	SF2168, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02

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84E.2 (8A)	Add	SF2168, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84E.4 (1,2,3,4)	Amend	SF2168, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84F.1 (6)(b)	Amend	HF2800, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84F.2 (7)(b)	Amend	HF2800, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84G.3 (2)	Amend	SF2168, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84J.1	New	SF2168, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84J.2	New	SF2168, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84J.3	New	SF2168, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84J.4	New	SF2168, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
84J.5	New	SF2168, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
85.67 (1)	Amend	SF2467, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
90A.1 (2A)	Add	HF2303, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
90A.1 (9)(d)	Add	HF2303, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
90A.2 (1)	Amend	HF2303, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
90A.6 (1)(u1)	Amend	HF2303, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
90A.9 (1)	Amend	HF2303, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
90A.10 (1)	Amend	HF2768, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
91F.1	New	SF2218, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
91F.2	New	SF2218, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
91F.3	New	SF2218, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
96.4 (3)(a)	Amend	SF2168, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
96.11 (17)	Add	SF2168, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
97B.1A (8)(a)(13)	Add	HF2754, §69, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
97B.1A (8)(a)(13)	Amend	HF2800, §91, 93, 94	2026-06-02	2026-05-12	Signed	2026-06-02
97B.1A (9)(a)	Amend	HF2800, §92, 93, 94	2026-06-02	2026-05-12	Signed	2026-06-02
97B.1A (9)(a)	Amend	HF2754, §70, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
97B.11 (3)(b)(1,2)	Amend	HF1023, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
97B.17 (6)	Add	HF2345, §1, 5	2026-04-16		Signed	2026-04-16
97B.18	Amend	HF2345, §2, 5	2026-04-16		Signed	2026-04-16
97B.48 (6)	Amend	HF2345, §3, 5	2026-04-16		Signed	2026-04-16
97B.49B (1)(a)(6)	Amend	HF1023, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
97B.49B (1)(a)(7)	Add	HF1023, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
97B.49B (5)	Add	HF1023, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
99B.15 (1)(e)	Amend	HF2506, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
99B.58	Amend	HF2768, §33	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
99D.5 (4)	Amend	SF2289, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
99D.7 (3)	Amend	HF2615, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
99D.7 (25)	Amend	SF2289, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
99D.7A	New	HF2615, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
99E.3 (2)(f)	Amend	SF2289, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
99F.4 (13)	Amend	SF2289, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
99F.15 (4)(u1)	Amend	SF2289, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
99F.15 (6)(c)	Amend	SF2289, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
99G.31 (3)(g)(u1)	Amend	HF2357, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
99G.31 (3)(h)(u1)	Amend	HF2357, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
100B.7 (2)(r)	Add	SF2086, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
101C.2 (3)	Strike	HF704, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
101C.2 (13)	Strike and Replace	HF704, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
101C.3 (1,2,5,6,7,9,10)	Amend	HF704, §3, 7	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-04-30
101C.3 (3)	Strike	HF704, §4, 7	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-04-30
101C.3 (8)(b)	Amend	HF704, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
101C.11	Amend	HF704, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
103.1 (12A)	Add	HF2800, §35, 39	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02

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103.1B	New	HF2800, §36, 39	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
103.1C	New	HF2800, §37, 39	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
103.22 (7)	Amend	SF2472, §124, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
103A.8C (1)	Amend	SF2289, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
103A.8E	New	HF2297, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
103A.10 (4)(c)	Add	HF2297, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
103A.23 (2)	Amend	SF2289, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
105.11 (3)	Amend	SF2472, §125, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
105.18 (5)	Add	SF2168, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
123.3 (5A)	Add	HF2200, §1, 6	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
123.3 (40)(c)	Amend	HF2780, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
123.5 (3)	Amend	HF2200, §2, 6	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
123.5 (3A,6)	Add	HF2200, §3, 6	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
123.13	Strike and Replace	HF2200, §4, 6	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
123.23 (1)	Amend	HF2780, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
123.23 (5)	Strike	HF2780, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
123.30 (5)(a)(4)	Add	HF2780, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
123.31C (1)	Amend	HF2357, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
123.45A	New	HF2200, §5, 6	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
123.46 (2)	Amend	HF2780, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
123.135 (1,2,3)	Amend	HF2780, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
123.173 (2)	Amend	HF2780, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
123.175 (2)(c)	Amend	HF2780, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
123.176A	New	HF2780, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
123.177 (2)	Amend	HF2780, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
123.179	Amend	HF2780, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
123.180 (1,2,3)	Amend	HF2780, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
124.204 (2)(dd,de,df,dg,dh,di,dj,dk,dl,dm)	Add	HF2202, §1, 6	2026-04-16		Signed	2026-04-16
124.204 (4)(cq)	Add	HF2202, §2, 6	2026-04-16		Signed	2026-04-16
124.204 (6)(m)	Add	HF2202, §3, 6	2026-04-16		Signed	2026-04-16
124.204 (9)(c,e,f)	Strike	HF2202, §5, 6	2026-04-16		Signed	2026-04-16
124.204 (9)(w,x)	Add	HF2202, §4, 6	2026-04-16		Signed	2026-04-16
124E.4 (1)(b)	Strike	HF990, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
124E.4 (1)(d)(1)	Amend	HF990, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
124E.4 (2)(a)	Amend	HF990, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
124E.8 (1)(a)	Amend	HF990, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
124E.8 (2)	Strike	HF990, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
126.24	New	HF2676, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
135.61 (1)(d,f)	Strike	HF2635, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.61 (12)(e)	Strike	HF2635, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.61 (16)	Amend	HF2635, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.61 (16)(a)(1)(a,b)	Amend	HF2800, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
135.61 (16)(c)(1,2)	Amend	HF2800, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
135.61 (16)(e)(1)(a,b)	Amend	HF2800, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
135.61 (16)(f)(1)(a,b)	Amend	HF2800, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
135.62 (1)	Amend	HF2635, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.62 (2)(a,e)	Amend	HF2635, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.62 (2)(h)(2)	Amend	HF2635, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.62 (2)(r,s,t,u,v)	Add	HF2635, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.63 (1)(a)	Amend	HF2711, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
135.63 (2)(b)	Strike	HF2635, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.64	Repeal	HF2635, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.65 (1,2)	Amend	HF2635, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13

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135.65 (3)(b)	Amend	HF2635, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.65 (4)	Strike	HF2635, §22	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.66 (1)	Amend	HF2635, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.70 (2)	Amend	HF2635, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.71 (4)	Amend	HF2635, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135.106	Repeal	SF2488, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
135.185	Amend	HF2676, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
135.196	New	HF2564, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
135B.3	Amend	SF572, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
135C.2 (6)(u1)	Amend	HF2357, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
135C.2 (6)(u1)	Amend	SF2289, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
135C.2 (8)	Amend	HF2357, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
135C.6 (1)	Amend	SF572, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
135C.6 (1)(b)	Amend	HF2800, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
135C.6 (10)	Amend	HF2357, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
135C.24 (1,2,4)	Amend	HF2357, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
135C.34	Amend	HF2680, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
135C.34A	New	HF2680, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
135G.1 (12)(c)	Strike	HF2543, §1, 7	2026-05-02		Signed	2026-05-02
135G.3 (1A)	Add	HF2543, §2, 7	2026-05-02		Signed	2026-05-02
135G.3A	New	HF2543, §3, 7	2026-05-02		Signed	2026-05-02
135H.5 (2)	Amend	HF2357, §22	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
135H.9A	New	HF2543, §4, 7	2026-05-02		Signed	2026-05-02
135J.1	Amend	HF2305, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
135J.3	Amend	HF2305, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
135J.3A	New	HF2305, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
135P.1 (3)	Amend	HF2635, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135P.1 (3A)	Add	HF2635, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
135S.1	New	HF571, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
135S.1 (2)	Amend New	HF2800, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
135S.2	New	HF571, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
135S.2 (1)(a)	Amend New	HF2800, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
135S.3	New	HF571, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
135S.4	New	HF571, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
135S.5	New	HF571, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
135S.6	New	HF571, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
135S.7	New	HF571, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
139A.35	Amend	SF304, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
144.13A (5)(a)	Amend	SF2488, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
144.29A (1)(k)	Amend	HF2788, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
144.29A (1)(l)	Add	HF2788, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
144.29A (7)(c)	Amend	HF2788, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
144A.2	Amend	HF2305, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
144A.3 (3,5)	Amend	HF2305, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
144A.4	Amend	HF2305, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
144A.5	Amend	HF2305, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
144A.6 (2)	Amend	HF2305, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
144A.7 (1,2)	Amend	HF2305, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
144A.7A (1,3)	Amend	HF2305, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
144A.7B	New	HF2305, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
144A.8 (1)	Amend	HF2305, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
144B.1	Amend	HF2305, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
144B.5 (1)	Amend	HF2305, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02

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144B.6 (1)	Amend	HF2305, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
144B.6 (2)	Amend	SF2198, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
144C.2 (16)	Amend	HF2305, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
144C.8	Amend	HF2349, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
144H.1	New	HF2562, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
144H.1 (6)	Amend New	HF2562, §10, 11	Contingent		Signed	2026-05-15
144H.1 (6)	Strike and Replace New	HF2800, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
144H.2	New	HF2562, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
144H.3	New	HF2562, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
144H.4	New	HF2562, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
144H.5	New	HF2562, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
144H.6	New	HF2562, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
144H.7	New	HF2562, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
144H.8	New	HF2562, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
144H.9	New	HF2562, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
146A.1 (1A)	Add	HF2788, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
146A.1 (6)(0a,00a,0b)	Add	HF2788, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
146A.2	New	HF2788, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
146B.1 (1)	Amend	HF2788, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
Ch. 146C	Repeal	HF2788, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
146E.1 (1)	Amend	HF2788, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
146F.1	New	HF2788, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
146F.2	New	HF2788, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
146F.4	New	HF2788, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
146F.5	New	HF2788, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
147.74 (17)	Amend	SF2190, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
147M.1	New	SF2139, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
147M.1	New	HF2498, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
147M.1	New	HF2676, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
148.3 (1)(u1)	Amend	SF2184, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
148.3 (3)	Amend	HF2711, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
148.3 (5,6)	Add	SF2184, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
148.3 (5)	Add	HF2676, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
148.4	New	SF469, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
148.6 (1)	Amend	HF2357, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
148.11A (2)	Amend	SF2184, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
148.11A (2)(b)	Amend	HF2800, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
148.15	New	HF2676, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
148C.3 (1)(c)	Amend	HF2676, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
152C.1 (1A,5)	Add	HF2602, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
152C.4 (1)(u1)	Amend	HF2602, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
152C.5B (2)	Amend	HF2602, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
152C.7	Amend	HF2602, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
152C.10	New	HF2602, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
153.25	New	HF648, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
155A.49	New	HF2585, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
156.1 (3A)	Add	SF563, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
156.6	New	SF563, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
156.9	Amend	SF563, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
156.12	Amend	SF563, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
156.14 (3)(u1)	Amend	SF563, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
156.14 (3)(e)	Amend	SF563, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
156.14 (3A)	Add	SF563, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02

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156.14 (4)	Amend	SF563, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
156.15 (2)(c)	Amend	SF563, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
159.25	Transfer Directive	SF2465, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
159A.16 (3)(a,b,c)	Amend	SF2465, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
163.1 (7A)	Add	SF2465, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
163.2B	New	SF2465, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
163.3C (1)(f)	Amend	HF2800, §51	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
165B.5 (2)(e)	Amend	HF2800, §52	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
169.13 (3)(h)	Amend	HF2357, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
176A.8 (13)	Strike	SF2472, §91	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
176A.10	Amend	SF2472, §114, 115	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
184.2 (4)	Amend	HF2800, §53	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
187.201 (3)	Amend	SF2465, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
187.201 (3)	Amend	HF2357, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
187.301 (1A)	Add	SF2465, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
187.301 (2)(c)	Add	SF2465, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
187.303 (1,2)	Amend	SF2465, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
187.307	New	SF2465, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
187.308	Transfer Directive	SF2465, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
187.309	Transfer Directive	SF2465, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
187.311 (5A)	Add	SF2465, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
187.315	New	SF2465, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
187.331	Amend	SF2465, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
187.331	Transfer Directive	SF2465, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
187.331 (2)(a)	Amend	HF2357, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
189A.2 (1)(b)(4)	Amend	HF2357, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
190A.2 (5,9)	Strike	SF2465, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
190A.2 (7)	Amend	SF2465, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
190A.3 (1)	Amend	SF2465, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
190A.5 (3)	Amend	SF2465, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
190A.6	Repeal	SF2465, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
200.3 (5)	Amend	HF2357, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
200.3 (22)	Amend	HF2357, §29	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
200.6 (1)(e)	Amend	HF2357, §30	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
200.10 (1)	Amend	HF2357, §31	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
203.1 (1)	Amend	HF2357, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
203.3 (4)(b)	Strike and Replace	SF2465, §33, 44	2026-06-01		Signed	2026-06-01
203.3 (5)(b)	Strike and Replace	SF2465, §34, 44	2026-06-01		Signed	2026-06-01
203.8 (2)(a)	Amend	SF2465, §35, 44	2026-06-01		Signed	2026-06-01
203.12 (1)	Amend	SF2465, §36, 44	2026-06-01		Signed	2026-06-01
203.12A (5)	Amend	SF2465, §37, 44	2026-06-01		Signed	2026-06-01
203.15 (4)	Strike and Replace	SF2465, §38, 44	2026-06-01		Signed	2026-06-01
203C.6 (4)(b)	Strike and Replace	SF2465, §39, 44	2026-06-01		Signed	2026-06-01
203C.6 (5)(b)	Strike and Replace	SF2465, §40, 44	2026-06-01		Signed	2026-06-01
203D.1 (20)(a)	Amend	HF2357, §33	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
203D.3A (2)(e)	Add	SF2465, §41, 44	2026-06-01		Signed	2026-06-01
203D.6 (5)(b)	Amend	HF2357, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
203D.6 (8)(a)	Amend	SF2465, §42, 44	2026-06-01		Signed	2026-06-01
203D.6A (2)	Amend	SF2465, §43, 44	2026-06-01		Signed	2026-06-01
208.2 (2)	Amend	HF2765, §1, 5	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
208.2 (14A)	Add	HF2765, §2, 5	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
208.9A	New	HF2765, §3, 5	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
210.1	Amend	SF2465, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01

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213.1	Amend	SF2465, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
213.1	Transfer Directive	SF2465, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
213.2	Amend	SF2465, §22	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
213.2	Transfer Directive	SF2465, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
213.3	Repeal	SF2465, §31	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
213.7	Repeal	SF2465, §31	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
214.3 (1)	Amend	SF2465, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
215.1 (1)	Amend	SF2465, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
215.1 (3A)	Add	SF2465, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
215.1A	Amend	SF2465, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
215.1A	Transfer Directive	SF2465, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
215.1B	Transfer Directive	SF2465, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
215.1C	Transfer Directive	SF2465, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
215.1D	Transfer Directive	SF2465, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
215.1E	Transfer Directive	SF2465, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
215.14 (3)	Amend	SF2465, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
215.18	Transfer Directive	SF2465, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
215.19	Amend	SF2465, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
215.23 (2)	Amend	SF2465, §29	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
216.12 (1)(e)	Amend	SF2472, §126, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
216.19 (1)(u1)	Amend	SF579, §1, 6	2026-03-10		Signed	2026-03-10
216.19 (1)(u1)	Amend	HF2800, §40	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
216.19 (1)(c)	Strike	SF579, §2, 6	2026-03-10		Signed	2026-03-10
216.19 (2)	Amend	SF579, §3, 6	2026-03-10		Signed	2026-03-10
216.19 (9,10,11,12)	Add	SF579, §4, 6	2026-03-10		Signed	2026-03-10
216A.131A	Amend	HF1028, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
216A.133 (1)(d,e,f,i,t)	Strike	HF1028, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
216A.133 (1)(q)(1,6)	Strike	HF1028, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
216A.133 (1)(s)	Amend	HF1028, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
216A.135 (2)(e)	Strike	HF1028, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
216A.136	Repeal	HF1028, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
216A.137	Repeal	HF1028, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
216A.138	Repeal	HF1028, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
217.1 (4)	Add	HF2707, §3, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
217.1B	New	HF2707, §4, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
217.4	Amend	HF2357, §35	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
217.13	Strike and Replace	HF2707, §26, 27	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
217.24	Amend	SF2422, §17, 18	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
217.31 (1)	Amend	HF2357, §36	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
225.2	Amend	HF2357, §37	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
225.3	Amend	HF2357, §38	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
225A.1	Amend	HF2707, §5, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.2 (3)(c)	Amend	HF2707, §6, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.3 (2)(a)(1)(u1)	Amend	HF2707, §7, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.3 (2)(a)(1)(d)	Amend	HF2707, §8, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.3 (2)(a)(1)(d)	Amend	HF2357, §39	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
225A.3 (2)(a)(2)(u1)	Amend	HF2707, §9, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.3 (2)(a)(2)(b)	Amend	HF2707, §10, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.3 (2)(c)	Amend	HF2707, §11, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.3 (2)(k)(9)	Amend	HF2707, §12, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.4 (1)	Amend	HF2707, §13, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.4 (2)(a)	Amend	HF2707, §14, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.4 (2)(b)(2)	Amend	HF2707, §15, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30

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225A.4 (2)(c)(2)	Amend	HF2707, §16, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.4 (5)	Amend	HF2707, §17, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.5	Amend	HF2707, §18, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.6 (4)	Amend	HF2707, §19, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.7 (2)(a)	Amend	HF2707, §20, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.8 (2)(u1)	Amend	HF2707, §21, 22	2026-04-30		Signed	2026-04-30
225A.10	New	HF2782, §37	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
229.2 (1)	Amend	HF2523, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
229.6A (1,3)	Amend	HF2523, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
231.4 (1)(i)	Strike	HF2357, §40	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
231.80	New	HF2782, §32, 34, 35	2026-06-02	2025-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
232.2 (7A)	Add	HF1036, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
232.28 (2)	Amend	HF1036, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
232.68 (2)(a)(4)(d)	Add	HF2256, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
232.68 (3)(a)	Amend	SF2416, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
232.69 (1)(b)(5)	Amend	SF2488, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
232.71B (1)(a)(u1)	Amend	HF1036, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
232.71B (1)(a)(u1)	Amend	HF2800, §78, 82	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
232.71B (1)(a)(u1)	Repeal	HF2800, §80, 82	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
232.71B (3)(b)	Amend	SF2416, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
232.77 (1)(d)	Amend	HF2357, §41	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
232.102 (1)(c)	Amend	HF1003, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
232.102 (11)	Add	SF542, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
232.104 (11)	Add	SF542, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
232.142 (6)(b)	Amend	HF2781, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
232.147 (2)(i)	Amend	HF1028, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
232.147 (3)(n)	Amend	HF1028, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
232.147 (4)(i)	Amend	HF1028, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
232.149 (5)(f)	Amend	HF1028, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
232.149A (3)(m)	Amend	HF1028, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
232.188	Repeal	SF2488, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
232D.503 (6)(g)	Add	SF2472, §35	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
232E.1 (6)	Amend	HF2754, §2, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
234.1 (4A)	Add	HF2676, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
234.12B	New	HF2676, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
234A.1	New	SF2488, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
234A.2	New	SF2488, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
234A.3	New	SF2488, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
234A.4	New	SF2488, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
234A.5	New	SF2488, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
234A.6	New	SF2488, §6, 8	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
235.2 (9)	Add	HF2782, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
235.7 (2)	Amend	SF2488, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
235A.1	Repeal	SF2488, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
235A.2	Repeal	SF2488, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
235A.3	Repeal	SF2488, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
236.6 (1A)	Add	HF523, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
236A.7 (3)	Amend	SF2379, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
237.5A	Amend	SF2096, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-07
237.9 (u1)	Amend	HF2357, §42	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
237.10 (9A)	Add	SF473, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
237A.1 (2)(j)(2)	Strike	SF2488, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
237A.5 (1)(e)	Amend	HF2357, §43	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16

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237A.13A	New	HF2514, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
237A.30 (1)	Amend	SF2488, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
237D.1	New	HF2526, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
239.1 (01)	Add	SF2422, §3, 18	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
239.2	Amend	SF2422, §4, 18	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
239.6 (1)(a)(4)	Amend	SF2422, §1	Contingent		Signed	2026-06-02
239.6 (2)(g)	Add	SF2422, §2	Contingent		Signed	2026-06-02
239.12	New	SF2422, §5, 18	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
249A.2 (15)	Add	HF2782, §40	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
249A.3B	New	SF2422, §8, 18	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
249A.4 (15)	Add	HF2782, §29	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
249A.5	New	HF2635, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
249A.6	New	HF2635, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
249A.13 (1)	Amend	HF2739, §1, 15, 16	2026-03-25	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-03-25
249A.13 (2)	Amend	SF2422, §12, 15	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
249A.26 (5)	Strike	SF2488, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
249A.26 (7)	Amend	HF2357, §44	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
249A.38C	New	HF2782, §41	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
249A.59	New	SF2422, §13, 18	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
249A.60	New	SF2422, §14, 18	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
249N.4 (5)	Amend	SF2422, §9, 18	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
249O.2 (01)	Add	SF2422, §16, 18	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
252E.2 (1)	Amend	HF2357, §45	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
252E.6 (1)	Amend	HF2357, §46	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
252E.7 (4)	Amend	HF2357, §47	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
252E.9 (2)	Amend	HF2357, §48	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256.7 (15)	Amend	HF2754, §3, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256.7 (21)(b)(u1)	Amend	HF2670, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.7 (21)(b)(2)(a)	Amend	SF2220, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.7 (21)(b)(2)(a,b,c,d)	Amend	HF2670, §2, 20	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
256.7 (33)(b)	Amend	HF2670, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.7 (36)	Add	HF2591, §1, 5	2026-08-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.9 (49)(b)	Amend	HF2670, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.9 (59)	Amend	HF2231, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
256.9 (64)	Amend	HF2670, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.9 (69,71,73,78)	Amend	HF2754, §4, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256.9 (70)(a)	Amend	HF2610, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.9 (80)	Add	SF2428, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
256.9 (80,81)	Add	SF2231, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
256.11 (u1)	Amend	HF2670, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.11 (2)	Amend	HF2670, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.11 (3)(a)(5)	Amend	HF2670, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.11 (3)(a)(6)	Amend	HF2676, §20, 23	Contingent		Signed	2026-05-20
256.11 (4)(a)(5)	Amend	HF2670, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.11 (4)(a)(8)	Amend	HF2676, §21, 23	Contingent		Signed	2026-05-20
256.11 (4)(b)	Amend	HF2610, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.11 (5)(e,j)	Amend	HF2670, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.11 (5)(g)	Amend	HF2676, §22, 23	Contingent		Signed	2026-05-20
256.11 (5)(g)(3)	Amend	HF2676, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
256.11 (5)(h)(1)	Amend	HF2610, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.11 (5)(h)(3)	Amend	HF2610, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.11 (6)(b)	Amend	HF2676, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
256.11 (9)(d)	Strike	HF2357, §49	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16

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256.11 (9A)	Amend	HF2670, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.11 (10)(u1)	Amend	SF2428, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
256.11 (10)(c)(2)(u1)	Amend	HF2670, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.11 (16)(d,e)	Add	HF2754, §75, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256.11 (18)	Amend	HF2676, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
256.12 (2)(c)	Amend	SF2201, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-02-26
256.16 (1)(p,q)	Add	HF2230, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.16 (3)	Add	HF2230, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.20	New	SF2428, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
256.32A (5)	Amend	SF2474, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
256.35B	Repeal	HF2783, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.36 (2)(a)(u1)	Amend	HF2711, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.36 (2)(a)(6)	Strike	HF2711, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.37 (3)	Amend	HF2670, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.46 (4)	Add	HF2591, §2, 5	2026-08-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.125 (5)	Amend	HF2610, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.125 (5A,5B,5C)	Add	HF2610, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.129 (2)	Amend	HF2610, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.130 (5)	Amend	HF2610, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.136 (6)	Amend	HF2610, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.139	New	HF2610, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.140	New	HF2610, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.141	New	HF2610, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.146 (16)	Amend	SF2218, §1, 2	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
256.146 (26)	Amend	SF2168, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.146 (28)	Add	HF2230, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.146 (28,29,30)	Add	HF2724, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.155 (2,3)	Amend	HF2783, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.160 (5)(a)	Amend	SF273, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
256.163 (1)(c)	Amend	HF2754, §77, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256.163 (1)(f)	Add	HF2754, §5, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256.177 (10)	Amend	HF2711, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.181	Repeal	HF2539, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
256.183 (1)(d)	Amend	HF2711, §22	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.183 (3)	Amend	HF2783, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.189 (3)	Amend	HF2357, §50	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256.191	Repeal	HF2783, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.191 (8)	Amend	HF2357, §51	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256.192 (1,2,4,5)	Amend	HF2783, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.192 (8,9)	Strike and Replace	HF2357, §52	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256.194 (2)	Strike	HF2783, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.194 (3)	Amend	HF2783, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.194 (3)	Amend	HF2357, §53	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256.212 (6)	Amend	HF2357, §54	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256.213	Amend	HF2711, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.213	Repeal	HF2539, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
256.214 (3)	Amend	HF2711, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.214 (5)	Strike	HF2711, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.214 (7)	Amend	HF2711, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.215 (1)	Amend	HF2539, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
256.215 (1)	Strike	HF2711, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.216 (u1)	Amend	HF2357, §55	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256.216 (7)	Strike	HF2539, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30

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256.216 (7)	Strike	HF2711, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.216 (8)	Amend	HF2711, §29	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.217A	Transfer Directive	HF2711, §35	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.217A	Transfer Directive	HF2539, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
256.218 (6)	Amend	HF2357, §56	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256.226 (4)(c)	Amend	SF2465, §53	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
256.226 (10)	Amend	HF2357, §57	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256.228 (1)(g)(5)	Amend	SF2168, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.228 (4)(b)	Amend	SF2168, §22	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.228 (4)(d)	Strike and Replace	SF2168, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256.228 (5)	Amend	HF2357, §58	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256.229 (5)	Amend	HF2357, §59	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256.230 (8)	Amend	HF2357, §60	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256.232	New	HF2770, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256A.3 (2,3)	Amend	HF2357, §61	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256B.3 (4)	Amend	HF2357, §62	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256B.4 (2,3)	Amend	HF2357, §63	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256C.1 (1,4)	Amend	HF2493, §1, 10	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
256C.1 (1)	Amend	HF2754, §78, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256C.1 (1A)	Add	HF2754, §79, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256C.1 (7)	Add	HF2493, §2, 10	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
256C.2	Amend	HF2493, §3, 10	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
256C.3 (1)(a,b)	Amend	HF2493, §4, 10	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
256C.3 (1)(b)	Amend	HF2754, §80, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256C.3 (2)(a)(1)	Amend	HF2754, §81, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256C.3 (3)(u1)	Amend	HF2754, §82, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256C.3 (3)(h)	Amend	HF2754, §83, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256C.3 (4)(b)	Amend	HF2493, §5, 10	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
256C.3 (4)(b)	Amend	SF2231, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
256C.3 (4A)	Add	HF2754, §84, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256C.3 (5)(a,b,d)	Amend	HF2754, §85, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256C.4 (1)	Amend	HF2754, §86, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256C.4 (1A)	Add	HF2754, §87, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256C.4 (1A)(b)	Amend	HF2800, §22, 32, 33	2026-06-02	2026-05-12	Signed	2026-06-02
256C.4 (2)	Amend	HF2493, §6, 10	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
256C.4 (2)(a)	Amend	HF2754, §88, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256C.5 (1)(c,d)	Amend	HF2754, §89, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256C.5 (2A)	Add	HF2754, §90, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256C.5 (3)	Amend	HF2754, §91, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.1 (2)(a,b)	Amend	HF2754, §6, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.1 (3)(u1)	Amend	HF2754, §7, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.1 (3)(d)	Amend	HF2754, §8, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.1 (4)	Amend	HF2754, §9, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.2 (u1)	Amend	HF2754, §10, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.2 (2,5)	Amend	HF2754, §11, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.3	Amend	HF2754, §12, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.4 (1,2,3,5,6,7,8,9,10)	Amend	HF2754, §13, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.4 (4)(ab)	Amend	HF2754, §14, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.5 (1,2,3,5,6,8,9,10)	Amend	HF2754, §15, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.5 (1A)	Add	HF2754, §16, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.5 (4)(ab)	Amend	HF2754, §17, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.6	Amend	HF2754, §18, 60, 101	2026-05-12	2026-05-12	Signed	2026-05-12
256E.7 (1)(u1)	Amend	HF2754, §19, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12

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256E.7 (2)(u1)	Amend	HF2754, §20, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.7 (2)(g,i,w)	Amend	HF2754, §21, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.7 (2)(h)(u1)	Amend	HF2754, §22, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.7 (2)(h)(02,002,0002)	Add	HF2670, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256E.7 (2)(h)(3)	Amend	HF2670, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256E.7 (2)(0n)	Add	SF2428, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
256E.7 (2)(r)	Amend	HF2670, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256E.7 (2)(0s)	Add	SF2231, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
256E.7 (2)(0s)	Add	HF2676, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
256E.7 (2)(0t)	Add	HF2676, §7, 11	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-20
256E.7 (2)(0w)	Add	SF2219, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
256E.7 (2)(0w)	Add	SF2218, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256E.7 (2)(0w)	Add	SF2086, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
256E.7 (9)	Amend	HF2754, §23, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.8 (1,4)	Amend	HF2754, §24, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.8 (2)(a)	Amend	HF2754, §62, 66, 101	2026-05-12	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-05-12
256E.9 (1)(u1)	Amend	HF2754, §25, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.9 (2,5)	Amend	HF2754, §26, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.10 (1,2,6,8,12,13)	Amend	HF2754, §27, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.10 (9)(u1)	Amend	HF2754, §28, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.10 (10)(u1)	Amend	HF2754, §29, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.10 (10)(a)	Amend	HF2754, §30, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.10 (11)(u1)	Amend	HF2754, §31, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.11 (1)	Amend	HF2754, §32, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.11 (2)	Amend	HF2754, §71, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.12	Amend	HF2754, §33, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.20	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.21	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.22	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.23	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.24	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.25	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.26	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.27	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.28	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.29	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256E.30	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.1	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.1 (1)	Amend	HF2754, §34, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.1 (3)(u1)	Amend	HF2754, §35, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.1 (4)	Strike	HF2754, §36, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.2	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.2 (u1)	Amend	HF2754, §37, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.2 (1,3)	Amend	HF2754, §38, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.2 (5,6)	Strike	HF2754, §39, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.3	Amend	HF2754, §40, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.3	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.3 (2)(b)	Amend	HF2357, §64	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256F.4	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.4 (1)	Strike	HF2754, §41, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.4 (2)(u1)	Amend	HF2754, §42, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.4 (2)(a,h)	Amend	HF2754, §43, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.4 (2)(p,r,t)	Amend	HF2670, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02

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256F.4 (2)(0q,00q,000q)	Add	HF2670, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256F.4 (2)(0q)	Add	SF2231, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
256F.4 (2)(u)	Amend	HF2357, §65	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256F.4 (2)(v)	Add	HF2754, §44, 61, 101	2026-05-12	2026-05-12	Signed	2026-05-12
256F.4 (2)(v)	Add	SF2428, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
256F.4 (2)(v)	Add	HF2676, §8, 11	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-20
256F.4 (2)(v)	Add	SF2086, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
256F.4 (2)(v)	Add	SF2218, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256F.4 (2)(w)	Add	HF2676, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
256F.4 (3,4,5,6,7,8)	Amend	HF2754, §45, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.5	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.5 (u1)	Amend	HF2754, §46, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.5 (1,2,4,6,7,10,12,13,14,15,16,17)	Amend	HF2754, §47, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.6	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.6 (1,3)	Amend	HF2754, §48, 61, 101	2026-05-12	2026-05-12	Signed	2026-05-12
256F.7	Amend	HF2754, §49, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.7	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.8	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.8 (1,2,3,4,6)	Amend	HF2754, §50, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.9	Amend	HF2754, §51, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.9	Amend	HF2357, §66	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
256F.9	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.10	Amend	HF2754, §52, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.10	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.12	Amend	HF2754, §53, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256F.12	Transfer Directive	HF2754, §59, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
256I.4 (6)	Strike	SF2488, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
256I.13 (1)	Amend	SF2488, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
257.3 (1)(a)	Amend	SF2472, §44, 51	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
257.3 (2)(a,b)	Amend	SF2472, §45, 51	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
257.3 (2)(d)	Amend	HF2800, §95	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
257.6 (1)(a)(9)	Amend	HF2754, §54, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
257.6 (1)(b,c)	Amend	SF2201, §11, 26	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-02-26
257.6 (2)	Amend	SF2201, §12, 26	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-02-26
257.6 (7)	Add	SF2201, §13, 26	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-02-26
257.7 (3)	Add	SF2472, §84, 87	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
257.8 (1,2)	Amend	SF2201, §1, 4	2026-02-26		Signed	2026-02-26
257.11 (2)(c)	Amend	HF2800, §96	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
257.11 (3)(c)(u1)	Amend	HF2610, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
257.11A (1,2)	Amend	HF2800, §97	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
257.11B (3,4)	Amend	HF2754, §74, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
257.13	Amend	SF2472, §85, 87	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
257.16 (2)	Amend	SF2201, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-02-26
257.16B (1,2)	Amend	SF2201, §2, 4	2026-02-26		Signed	2026-02-26
257.16B (3)	Amend	SF2201, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-02-26
257.16C (2)(b)	Amend	SF2201, §5, 6	2026-02-26		Signed	2026-02-26
257.16C (5)(b)	Amend	SF2201, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-02-26
257.35 (1)(a)(3)(u1)	Amend	HF2800, §85	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
257.35 (1)(a)(3)(u1)	Amend	SF2201, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-02-26
257.35 (1)(a)(4)	Add	SF2201, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-02-26
257.35 (1)(a)(4)(u1)	Amend	HF2800, §86	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
257.35 (2)	Strike and Replace	HF2800, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02

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257.35 (3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20)	Strike	HF2800, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
257.35 (21)(u1)	Amend	HF2800, §87	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
257.35 (21)(u1)	Amend	SF2201, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-02-26
257.35 (21A)	Add	SF2201, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-02-26
257.35 (21A)	Add	HF2754, §63, 66, 101	2026-05-12	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-05-12
257.35 (21A)(u1)	Amend	HF2800, §88	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
257.42 (01)	Add	SF2220, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
Ch. 260C	Amendment Directive	HF2357, §115	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
260C.14 (27)	Add	HF2610, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
260C.29	Repeal	HF2711, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
260E.2 (10)	Strike and Replace	HF2799, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
260E.3 (2)	Amend	HF2799, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
260E.3 (6)	Add	HF2799, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
260E.5 (7)	Add	HF2799, §29	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
260E.7 (4)	Add	HF2799, §30	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
260E.8	New	HF2799, §31	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
260I.6 (1)(u1)	Amend	HF2357, §67	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
261A.34 (4)	Amend	SF2231, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
261E.6 (3)	Amend	SF2231, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
261E.8 (1,3)	Amend	SF2231, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
261E.8 (2)(a)	Amend	HF2754, §94, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
261E.8 (3)	Amend	SF2320, §1	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02
261E.8 (10)	Add	SF2299, §1	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02
261M.1	New	HF703, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
261M.2	New	HF703, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
261M.3	New	HF703, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
261M.4	New	HF703, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
261M.5	New	HF703, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
262.9 (5,6,7,20,21)	Strike	HF2539, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
262.9 (21)	Amend	HF2711, §30	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
262.9 (31)(h)	Strike	HF2539, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
262.9 (43)	Add	HF2254, §1, 2	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
262.9 (43)	Add	HF2491, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
262.9C	Repeal	HF2539, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
262.9E	New	SF2218, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
262.20	Repeal	HF2539, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
262.81	Repeal	HF2711, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
262.81	Repeal	HF2539, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
262.82	Repeal	HF2539, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
262.82	Repeal	HF2711, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
262.91	Repeal	HF2711, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
262.91	Repeal	HF2539, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
262.92	Repeal	HF2711, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
262.92	Repeal	HF2539, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
262.93	Amend	HF2711, §31	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
262.93	Amend	HF2539, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
262.93	Transfer Directive	HF2539, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
262.93	Transfer Directive	HF2711, §35	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
262.100	New	HF2800, §89, 90	2026-07-01	2028-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
262.101	New	HF2757, §1, 5, 6	2026-07-01	Multiple	Signed	2026-06-01
262C.1	New	SF2453, §1, 9	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02
262C.2	New	SF2453, §2, 9	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02

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262C.3	New	SF2453, §3, 9	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02
262C.4	New	SF2453, §4, 9	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02
262C.5	New	SF2453, §5, 9	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02
262C.6	New	SF2453, §6, 9	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02
262C.7	New	SF2453, §7, 9	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02
262C.8	New	SF2453, §8, 9	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02
Ch. 265	Repeal	HF2539, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
266.47	Repeal	HF2539, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
267.2 (2)(d)	Amend	HF2800, §54	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
272C.1 (11)	Add	SF2218, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
272C.4 (11)	Add	SF2218, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
272C.10 (9)	Add	SF2218, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
272C.15A	New	SF2218, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
273.2 (3)(a)	Amend	HF2754, §64, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
273.2 (4)	Amend	HF2754, §65, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
273.2 (6)(a)	Amend	HF2357, §68	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
273.2 (7)	Amend	HF2357, §69	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
273.2 (14)	Amend	HF2357, §70	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
273.3 (14)(c,d)	Amend	HF2357, §71	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
273.3 (24)	Amend	HF2357, §72	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
273.5 (u1)	Amend	HF2357, §73	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
275.25 (1)(b)	Amend	HF2501, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
275.25 (2)(a)	Amend	HF2357, §74	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
277.4 (1,3,4)	Amend	HF2501, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
277.5	Amend	HF2501, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
279.6 (1)(b)(1)	Amend	HF2501, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
279.6 (2)	Amend	HF2501, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
279.51A (5)	Amend	HF2783, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
279.63A	New	SF2472, §86, 87	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
279.65A (3)	Amend	SF2428, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
279.65B	New	SF2428, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
279.89	New	SF2428, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
279.89	New	SF2220, §3, 6	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
279.89	New	SF2231, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
279.89	New	HF2676, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
279.89	New	SF2168, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
279.90	New	SF2220, §4, 6	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
279.90	New	SF2428, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
280.13D	Amend	HF2754, §67, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
280.13H	New	SF274, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
280.16	Amend	HF2676, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
280.16A	Amend	HF2676, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-20
280.36 (3)	Amend	HF2754, §55, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
280.37	New	SF2218, §22	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
280.37	New	SF2086, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
280.37 (3)	Amend New	HF2800, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
280.37 (4)(a)	Amend New	HF2800, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
282.9 (1)	Amend	HF2754, §56, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
282.18 (2)(b)	Amend	HF2754, §95, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
282.18 (11)(a)(u1)	Amend	HF2591, §3, 5	2026-08-01		Signed	2026-06-02
282.18 (11)(a)(8)	Amend	HF2754, §57, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
282.18 (12)	Amend	SF176, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
282.18 (15)	Strike	HF2539, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30

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282.30 (1)(a)(1)	Amend	HF2357, §75	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
282.31 (1)(a)	Amend	SF2201, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-02-26
282.31 (1)(b)(2)	Amend	SF2201, §22	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-02-26
282.31 (3)	Amend	SF2201, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-02-26
282.33 (1)	Amend	SF2201, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-02-26
282.35 (3)(d)	Amend	SF2201, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-02-26
283A.6	New	HF2676, §9, 11	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-20
283A.10	Amend	HF2676, §10, 11	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-20
284.3 (2)(a)	Amend	HF2357, §76	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
284.6 (3)	Amend	SF2428, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
284.6 (4)	Amend	HF2357, §77	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
284.13 (1)(a)(1)	Amend	HF2783, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
284.13 (1)(b,c,e,f,g)	Amend	HF2783, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
284.16 (1)(d)(7)	Amend	HF2357, §78	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
297.24 (3)(d)	Strike	HF2754, §58, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
298A.2 (2)(a)(1)	Amend	HF2493, §7, 10	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
298A.2 (2)(c)(1)	Amend	HF2493, §8, 10	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
299.1 (5)	Add	SF2219, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
299.1A (3)	Amend	HF2493, §9, 10	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
299.4 (1)	Amend	HF2754, §96, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
299A.1 (2)(b)	Amend	HF2754, §97, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
299A.13	New	HF2754, §98, 100, 101	2026-05-12	2026-05-12	Signed	2026-05-12
299A.14	New	HF2754, §99, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
301.1 (2)	Amend	SF2231, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
306.47 (3)	Add	SF2214, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
306A.3 (2)	Amend	SF2214, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
307.19	New	SF2484, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
307.22 (7)	Add	HF2667, §1	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02
307.22A	New	HF2667, §2	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02
307.22A (6)	Amend New	HF2800, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
308.1 (1)	Amend	SF2088, §33	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
308.1 (1A,1B)	Add	SF2088, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
312.2 (5)(a)(u1)	Amend	SF2472, §19, 22, 23	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
317.1A (1)(a)(13)	Add	HF2800, §42	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
321.1 (6C)	Amend	SF2472, §127, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
321.1 (20A)	Amend	SF2088, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
321.1 (36A)(u1)	Amend	SF490, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
321.1 (51A)	Amend	SF490, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
321.1 (059A)	Add	SF2088, §18, 29	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.11 (2,4)	Amend	SF2088, §30, 32	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.16A	New	SF2088, §31, 32	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.20 (1)(f)	Amend	SF2189, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
321.24 (2,9)	Amend	SF2088, §19, 29	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.31	Amend	SF2088, §20, 29	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.34 (4A)	Add	HF907, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
321.40 (4,6,7,8)	Amend	SF2088, §21, 29	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.45 (2)(c)	Add	HF2485, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
321.46 (2,5)	Amend	SF2088, §22, 29	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.47 (2)(a)	Amend	SF2088, §23, 29	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.50 (3,5,6)	Amend	SF2088, §24, 29	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.52 (2)(b)	Amend	SF492, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
321.52 (4)(a)	Amend	HF777, §1, 2	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-15
321.63 (3)	Add	HF2485, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30

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321.89 (2A)	Add	HF2617, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
321.89 (3)(a,e,f)	Amend	HF2617, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
321.89 (3)(b)(3)	Amend	HF2617, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
321.89 (3A,3B,6)	Add	HF2617, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
321.89 (4)	Amend	HF2617, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
321.90 (2)(f)	Amend	HF2617, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
321.153 (2)	Amend	SF2088, §25, 29	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.175	New	HF2598, §1, 3	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-15
321.177 (10)	Add	SF2426, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
321.178 (1)(c)	Amend	HF2754, §68, 101	2026-05-12		Signed	2026-05-12
321.180 (3)	Strike	SF2088, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
321.180 (4)	Amend	SF2088, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
321.183A	New	SF2187, §1, 2	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-15
321.187B	New	SF2426, §2, 5	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-02
321.188 (1)(h)	Add	HF2598, §2, 3	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-15
321.189 (3)	Strike	SF2088, §14, 17	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.190 (3,4)	Add	SF2088, §15, 17	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.191 (1)	Amend	SF2088, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
321.194 (4)(b)(3)	Amend	HF2357, §79	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
321.194 (6)(c)	Amend	HF2357, §80	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
321.195	Amend	SF2088, §16, 17	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.196 (1)	Amend	SF2088, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
321.198 (3)	Amend	SF2088, §26, 29	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.210 (2)(d)	Amend	SF378, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
321.210C (3)	Amend	SF378, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
321.231 (2)(u1)	Amend	HF2655, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
321.231 (2)(f,g)	Add	HF2655, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
321.231 (3)	Strike	HF2655, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
321.231 (5)	Amend	HF2655, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
321.266 (2,3)	Amend	SF2088, §9, 13	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.271 (1,2)	Amend	SF2088, §10, 13	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321.285 (3)	Amend	SF378, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
321.438 (2)	Amend	HF766, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
321.449C	New	SF2426, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
321.457 (2)(f)	Amend	SF2465, §45	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
321A.3 (4)	Amend	SF378, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
321A.5 (1)	Amend	SF2088, §11, 13	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321E.29B (1)	Amend	SF2429, §1, 2	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-01
321I.11	Amend	SF2088, §12, 13	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
321J.1 (7)	Amend	SF2088, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
321M.1 (5)	Amend	SF2088, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
322.3 (12)(a,c)	Amend	HF2485, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
322.3 (12)(f,g,h,i)	Add	HF2485, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
331.301 (29)(a)	Amend	SF2369, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
331.301 (29)(e)(5)	Add	SF2369, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
331.301 (30)	Add	HF2296, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
331.301 (30)	Add	SF2340, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
331.310	New	HF2531, §1, 14	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
331.321 (1)(v)	Amend	HF2706, §1, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
331.324 (1)(Op)	Add	SF2218, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
331.401 (1)(e,f)	Amend	SF2472, §128, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
331.403 (3)(b)(19)	Strike	SF2472, §95, 106	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
331.423 (1)(b)(1)	Amend	SF2472, §1, 9, 10	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18

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331.423 (1)(c)	Amend	SF2472, §2, 9, 10	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
331.423 (1)(d)	Add	SF2472, §3, 9, 10	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
331.423 (2)(b)(1)	Amend	SF2472, §4, 9, 10	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
331.423 (2)(c)	Amend	SF2472, §5, 9, 10	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
331.423 (2)(d)	Add	SF2472, §6, 9, 10	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
331.423 (2A)	Add	SF2472, §8, 9, 10	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
331.423 (3)(c)	Add	SF2472, §7, 9, 10	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
331.424 (1)(a)(6)	Amend	HF2770, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
331.434 (3)	Amend	SF2472, §156, 161	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
331.435 (2)	Amend	SF2472, §157, 161	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
331.502 (30)	Amend	HF2706, §2, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
331.510 (5)	Add	SF2472, §92	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
331.512 (3)	Amend	SF2472, §129, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
331.553 (8)	Amend	SF2088, §27, 29	2026-07-01	Custom	Signed	2026-05-19
331.559 (11)	Amend	SF2472, §130, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
331.653 (4)	Amend	HF2706, §3, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
331.752 (5)	Amend	HF2800, §64, 75	2026-06-19		Signed	2026-06-02
331.901 (5)	Strike	SF2231, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
331.901 (7)	Amend	SF2231, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
335.2 (4)	Add	SF2465, §48, 50	2026-06-01		Signed	2026-06-01
335.28	Amend	SF2465, §49, 50	2026-06-01		Signed	2026-06-01
347.7 (3A)	Add	SF2472, §162	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
347A.3 (3)	Add	SF2472, §163	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
359.27	Amend	HF2357, §81	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
362.4 (3)	Amend	HF2501, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
364.3 (23)(a)	Amend	SF2369, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
364.3 (23)(e)(5)	Add	SF2369, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
364.3 (24)	Add	SF2340, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
364.3 (24)	Add	HF2296, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
364.3 (24)	Add	HF2667, §3	Veto		Vetoed	2026-06-02
364.26	New	SF2218, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
364.26	New	HF2531, §2, 14	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
376.4 (1,3,4,5,6)	Amend	HF2501, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
376.10	Amend	HF2501, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
376.11 (1,2)	Amend	HF2501, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
384.1 (3)(c)(1)	Amend	SF2472, §11, 16, 17	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
384.1 (3)(d)	Amend	SF2472, §12, 16, 17	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
384.1 (3)(e)	Add	SF2472, §13, 16, 17	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
384.1 (3A)	Add	SF2472, §15, 16, 17	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
384.1 (4)(c)	Add	SF2472, §14, 16, 17	2027-01-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
384.12 (1)	Amend	SF2472, §165	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
384.17	Amend	SF2472, §158, 161	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
384.18 (2)	Amend	SF2472, §159, 161	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
384.22 (2)(b)(19)	Strike	SF2472, §96, 106	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
386.8	Amend	SF2472, §62, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
386.9	Amend	SF2472, §63, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
386.10	Amend	SF2472, §64, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
403.17 (10)	Amend	SF2472, §97, 106	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
403.17 (14)	Amend	SF2472, §98, 106	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
403.17 (14A)	Add	SF2472, §99, 106	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
403.19 (2)(a)	Amend	SF2496, §1, 2, 3	2026-05-02	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-05-02
403.19 (2)(a)	Amend	SF2472, §100, 106, 107	2026-05-18	2028-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
403.19 (2)(e)	Add	SF2472, §101, 106	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
403.19 (3A)	Add	SF2472, §102, 106	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
403.19 (12)	Add	SF2472, §103, 106	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
403.22	Repeal	SF2472, §104, 106, 108	2026-05-18	2026-05-18	Signed	2026-05-18
404.2 (2)(f)	Amend	SF2472, §65, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
404.3 (1)	Amend	SF2472, §131, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
404.3 (4)(a)	Strike and Replace	SF2472, §66, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
404.3A	Amend	SF2472, §67, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
404.3D	Amend	SF2472, §68, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
404.3D	Amend	SF2472, §116, 117	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
411.5 (6)(d)	Add	HF2345, §4, 5	2026-04-16		Signed	2026-04-16
414.4	Amend	SF2378, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
414.5	Repeal	SF2378, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
414.7 (2)	Amend	SF2378, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
414.34	New	HF2780, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
422.7 (46)	Add	SF2465, §54, 55, 56	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-06-01
422.7 (46)	Add	HF2770, §22	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
422.7 (46,47)	Add	SF2472, §36, 43	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
422.11A	Repeal	HF2799, §18, 20	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
422.11F (2)	Amend	HF2357, §82	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
422.11O (2)(a)(02)	Add	HF2643, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
422.11P (3)(a)(02)	Add	HF2643, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
422.11Y (3)(a)(02)	Add	HF2643, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
422.12 (1)(c)	Amend	HF2357, §83	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
422.12 (1)(e,f)	Amend	SF2231, §12, 14	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-19
422.12C (2)(b)(2)	Strike	SF2231, §13, 14	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-19
422.12K	Amend	SF2488, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
422.12R	New	HF2799, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
422.16 (2)(d)	Amend	SF2289, §7, 8	2026-05-15		Signed	2026-05-15
422.16A	Amend	SF2168, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
422.20 (3)(a)	Amend	HF2357, §84	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
422.33 (4)	Add	HF2799, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
422.33 (6)	Strike	HF2799, §17, 20	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
422.33 (12)(b)	Amend	HF2357, §85	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
422.35 (12)	Amend	SF2492, §1, 2	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-15
422.60 (2)	Add	HF2799, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
422.60 (5)(b)	Amend	HF2357, §86	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
422.72 (3)(a)	Amend	HF2357, §87	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
422D.1 (1)(a)(2)	Amend	SF2472, §83	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
423.2 (12)	Amend	SF2472, §52	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
423.2A (2)(c)	Amend	SF2472, §53	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
423.3	Amendment Directive	HF2357, §116	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
423.3 (47A)(a)	Amend	HF960, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
423.3 (47A)(b)(2)	Amend	HF2357, §88	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
423.3 (80)(c)(3)	Add	HF2757, §2, 5, 6	2026-07-01	Multiple	Signed	2026-06-01
423.3 (111)	Add	HF2757, §3, 5, 6	2026-07-01	Multiple	Signed	2026-06-01
423.3 (111)	Add	SF2465, §52	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
423.4 (1)(a)(11)	Add	HF2757, §4, 5, 6	2026-07-01	Multiple	Signed	2026-06-01
423.4 (8)(a)(u1)	Amend	HF2357, §89	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
423.5 (4)	Amend	SF2472, §54	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
423.43 (1)(b)	Amend	SF2472, §55	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
423F.2 (3)(b)(2)(b)	Amend	SF2472, §56	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
423F.2 (3)(b)(2)(c)	Strike and Replace	SF2472, §57	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
423F.6	Amend	SF2472, §58	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
425.1 (2)	Strike and Replace	SF2472, §132, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425.1A (1)	Amend	SF2472, §133, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425.1A (1A)	Add	SF2472, §134, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425.1A (2)	Amend	SF2472, §135, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425.2 (1,2)	Amend	SF2472, §136, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425.2 (4)	Strike	SF2472, §137, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425.2 (5,6)	Amend	SF2472, §138, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425.8 (1)	Amend	SF2472, §139, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425.11 (1)(d)(1)(u1)	Amend	SF2472, §140, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425.11 (1)(d)(3)	Amend	SF2472, §141, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425.11 (1)(e)(2)	Amend	SF2472, §142, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425.15	Repeal	SF2472, §145, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425.24	Amend	SF2472, §60, 61	2026-07-01	Multiple	Signed	2026-05-18
425.50	New	SF2472, §143, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425A.3 (1)	Amend	SF2472, §46, 51	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
425A.5	Amend	SF2472, §47, 51	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
426.3	Amend	SF2472, §48, 51	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
426.6 (1)	Amend	SF2472, §49, 51	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-18
428A.1 (2)	Amend	HF2749, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
428A.2 (23)	Add	SF2497, §31, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
428A.7	Amend	SF2472, §111, 113	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
432.1 (u1)	Amend	HF2739, §2, 15, 16	2026-03-25	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-03-25
432.1 (2)(u1)	Amend	HF2739, §3, 15, 16	2026-03-25	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-03-25
432.1 (7)	Add	HF2766, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
432.1A (9)	Add	HF2766, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
432.1B	Repeal	HF2739, §11, 15, 16	2026-03-25	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-03-25
432.12C (2)	Amend	HF2357, §90	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
432.12P	New	HF2800, §55, 56	Item Veto	Item Veto	IV Full	2026-06-02
432B.1	New	HF2739, §4, 15, 16	2026-03-25	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-03-25
432B.2	New	HF2739, §5, 15, 16	2026-03-25	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-03-25
432B.3	New	HF2739, §6, 15, 16	2026-03-25	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-03-25
437A.15 (7)(b)	Amend	SF2472, §118, 119	2026-05-18		Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (1)(b)(1)	Amend	SF2472, §112, 113	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (2)	Amend	SF2472, §69, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (3)	Amend	SF2472, §109	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (4)(a)(3)	Amend	SF2472, §70	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (4)(b)(2)	Amend	SF2472, §71	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (5)(e)	Amend	SF2472, §166	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (5)(f)(2)	Amend	HF2357, §91	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
441.21 (5)(f)(2)	Amend	SF2472, §72	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (8)(b)	Amend	SF2472, §73, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (9,10)	Amend	SF2472, §74	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (13)(a)(u1)	Amend	SF2472, §75, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (13)(b)	Strike and Replace	SF2472, §76, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (13)(c)	Amend	SF2472, §77, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (13)(0e)	Add	SF2472, §78, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
441.21 (14)	Amend	SF2472, §79, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
441.33 (3)	Add	SF2472, §110	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
444.25	New	SF2472, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
444.26	New	SF2472, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
446.7 (3)	Add	HF2531, §3, 14	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
452A.16	New	SF2493, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
452A.33 (1)(0c)	Add	HF2643, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16

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452A.33 (1)(c)	Amend	HF2643, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
452A.33 (1)(c)(2)	Amend	HF2800, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
452A.33 (1)(e)	Add	HF2643, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
452A.40 (5A)	Add	SF2465, §30	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
452A.53 (5)	Amend	HF992, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
453A.1 (1,29)	Amend	SF2480, §1, 14	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-26
453A.1 (18A)	Add	SF2480, §2, 14	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-26
453A.35A (1)	Amend	SF2480, §3, 14	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-26
453A.35A (1)(b)(1)	Amend	HF2800, §57, 60	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
453A.40 (1,3)	Amend	SF2480, §4, 14	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-26
453A.42 (5,7,15,18)	Amend	SF2480, §5, 14	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-26
453A.43A	New	SF2480, §6, 14	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-26
453A.44 (1,3,10)	Amend	SF2480, §7, 14	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-26
453A.45	Amend	SF2480, §8, 14	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-26
453A.45 (5)(c)(u1)	Amend	HF2800, §58, 60	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
453A.46 (1)(a)(1)	Amend	SF2480, §9, 14	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-26
453A.46 (6)	Amend	SF2480, §10, 14	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-26
453A.47	Amend	SF2480, §11, 14	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-26
453A.47C (3,4)	Amend	SF2480, §12, 14	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-26
453A.48 (3)	Amend	SF2480, §13, 14	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-05-26
455A.4 (1)(h)	Amend	HF2215, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
455B.241	New	HF2800, §45, 50	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
455B.242	New	HF2800, §46, 50	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
455B.243	New	HF2800, §47, 50	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
455B.244	New	HF2800, §48, 50	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
455G.32 (2)	Amend	HF2357, §92	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
456A.14	Amend	HF2215, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
458A.2 (01,2A,5A,20A)	Add	SF2490, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
458A.4 (1)(0b)	Add	SF2490, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
458A.4 (1)(b)	Amend	SF2490, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
458A.4 (4A)	Add	SF2490, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
458A.6	Repeal	SF2490, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
458A.6A	New	SF2490, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
458A.7 (3,4)	Amend	SF2490, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
458A.7 (5)	Add	SF2490, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
458A.8	Amend	SF2490, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
458A.18	Amend	HF2531, §4, 14	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
458A.19	Amend	HF2531, §5, 14	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
458A.20	Amend	HF2531, §6, 14	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
458A.26	New	SF2490, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
458A.27	New	SF2490, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
458A.28	New	SF2490, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
458A.29	New	SF2490, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
458A.30	New	SF2490, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
459.102 (4)	Amend	HF2534, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
459.102 (7)(n,o)	Add	HF2534, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
459.320	Amend	HF2534, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
462A.9 (4)	Amend	HF2357, §93	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
462A.9 (8)(a)	Amend	HF2357, §94	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
462A.9 (9)	Amend	HF2357, §95	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
462A.12 (4)	Amend	HF863, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
462A.17 (1)	Amend	HF2357, §96	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
465C.8 (u1)	Amend	HF2215, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09

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465C.9	Amend	HF2215, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
465C.10	Amend	HF2215, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
465C.11	Amend	HF2215, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
468.27 (3)(b)	Amend	SF2418, §1, 2	2026-04-09		Signed	2026-04-09
468.106	Amend	HF2357, §97	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
468.182	Amend	HF2357, §98	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
476.1A (2)	Amend	HF2799, §22	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
476.1B (2)	Amend	HF2799, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
476.2 (7)	Add	HF2799, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
476.10C	New	HF2799, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
476.59	New	SF2304, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
476.84 (2)(b)	Amend	SF2304, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
478.18	Amend	HF2227, §1, 3, 4	2026-04-16	2024-07-01	Signed	2026-04-16
478.34	New	HF2583, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
478.34	New	HF2227, §2, 3, 4	2026-04-16	2024-07-01	Signed	2026-04-16
481A.41	New	SF654, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
481A.48 (5)	Amend	HF2215, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
481A.57	Amend	HF2357, §99	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
481A.90 (2)	Amend	SF654, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
481A.92 (1)	Amend	SF654, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
481A.95 (2)	Strike and Replace	SF654, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
481C.2 (1,2)	Amend	SF654, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
481C.2A (2)(a)	Amend	SF654, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
483A.8 (3)(b)	Amend	SF2318, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
483A.24 (3)(u1)	Amend	HF2800, §43	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
483A.24 (3)(c)	Add	HF2800, §44	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
483A.24 (17)	Amend	SF2471, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
483A.24 (20)	Amend	SF2472, §144, 148	2026-07-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
486A.901	Strike and Replace	SF2468, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
486A.902	Strike and Replace	SF2468, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
486A.904	Strike and Replace	SF2468, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
486A.1202 (1)(0h)	Add	SF2468, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
486A.1205 (1)	Amend	HF2678, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
486A.1205 (5)	Add	HF2678, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
486A.1214A	New	HF2678, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
486A.1214B	New	HF2678, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
488.206 (1)(u1)	Amend	HF2678, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
488.206 (6)	Add	HF2678, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
488.210A	New	HF2678, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
488.210B	New	HF2678, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
488.809 (1,2,3)	Amend	HF2678, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
488.809 (6)	Add	HF2678, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
488.1101 (9)(c)	Amend	SF2468, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
489.210 (1)	Amend	HF2678, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
489.210 (7)	Add	HF2678, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
489.212A	New	HF2678, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
489.212B	New	HF2678, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
489.708 (6)	Add	HF2678, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
489.709 (1,2)	Amend	HF2678, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
489.709 (5)	Add	HF2678, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
490.125 (1)	Amend	HF2678, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
490.125 (5)	Add	HF2678, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
490.905 (1)	Amend	HF2766, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15

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490.1420 (6)	Add	HF2678, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
490.1421 (1,2)	Amend	HF2678, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
490.1421 (5)	Add	HF2678, §22	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
490.1621A	New	HF2678, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
490.1621B	New	HF2678, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
493.12	Amend	HF2357, §100	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
499.44 (1)	Amend	HF2678, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
499.44 (6)	Add	HF2678, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
499.50	New	HF2678, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
499.51	New	HF2678, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
499.76 (5)	Add	HF2678, §29	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
499.77 (1,2)	Amend	HF2678, §30	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
499.77 (5)	Add	HF2678, §31	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
499A.1 (3)	Add	HF2678, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
499C.2 (1)(f,g)	Add	SF2448, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
499C.2 (3)	Amend	SF2448, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
501.105 (7)	Add	HF2678, §33	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
501.713A	New	HF2678, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
501.713B	New	HF2678, §35	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
501.811 (5)	Add	HF2678, §36	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
501.812 (1,2)	Amend	HF2678, §37	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
501.812 (6)	Add	HF2678, §38	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
501A.202 (1)	Amend	HF2678, §39	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
501A.202 (5)	Add	HF2678, §40	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
501A.231A	New	HF2678, §41	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
501A.231B	New	HF2678, §42	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
501B.1	Amend	HF2357, §101	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
502.806 (3)(b)	Amend	HF2232, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
502.806 (3)(c,d)	Add	HF2232, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
504.116 (1)	Amend	HF2678, §43	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
504.116 (5)	Add	HF2678, §44	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
504.1421 (5)	Add	HF2678, §45	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
504.1422 (1,2)	Amend	HF2678, §46	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
504.1422 (6)	Add	HF2678, §47	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
504.1621A	New	HF2678, §48	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
504.1621B	New	HF2678, §49	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
505.7 (3)	Amend	HF2768, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
507E.8 (1)(a,b)	Amend	HF2582, §1, 5	2026-04-09		Signed	2026-04-09
507E.8 (1)(a,b)	Amend	HF2232, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
508.38 (1)	Amend	SF2215, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
508.101	New	HF2232, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
508.102	New	HF2232, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
508.103	New	HF2232, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
508.104	New	HF2232, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
508.105	New	HF2232, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
508.106	New	HF2232, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
508C.19	Amend	HF2739, §7, 15, 16	2026-03-25	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-03-25
508E.1	Amend	HF2357, §102	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
509.3B	New	HF2185, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
511.41	New	HF2633, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
514A.3C	New	HF2185, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
514B.31	Strike and Replace	HF2739, §8, 15, 16	2026-03-25	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-03-25
514C.37	New	HF2434, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
514E.1 (3)	Amend	HF2739, §9, 15, 16	2026-03-25	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-03-25
514E.2 (13)	Amend	HF2739, §10, 15, 16	2026-03-25	2026-01-01	Signed	2026-03-25
514F.6 (2)(a)	Amend	HF2357, §103	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
514F.8 (1)(0b)	Add	HF2635, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
514F.8 (2A)	Add	HF2635, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
514F.8 (6A)	Add	HF2635, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
514F.8A	New	HF2635, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
514F.8B	New	HF2635, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
514F.8C	New	HF2635, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
514F.8D	New	HF2635, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
514F.8D (5)	Amend New	HF2800, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
514F.8E	New	HF2635, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
514H.5 (1)	Amend	HF2357, §104	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
514I.13	New	HF2635, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-13
516B.3 (1)	Amend	SF378, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
519A.4 (1)(a)	Amend	HF2357, §105	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
521J.1 (u1)	Amend	HF2766, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.1 (2,6,7,8,9)	Amend	HF2766, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.1 (13A)	Add	HF2766, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.1 (22)	Amend	HF2766, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.1 (24)(b)	Amend	HF2766, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.1 (31)	Amend	HF2766, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.2 (1)(u1)	Amend	HF2766, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.2 (2)(e)	Add	HF2766, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.2 (3,4,5)	Amend	HF2766, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.4 (1)(d,e)	Amend	HF2766, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.4 (3)	Amend	HF2766, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.5 (1)	Amend	HF2766, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.5 (2)(c)	Amend	HF2766, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.5 (5)(c)	Amend	HF2766, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.5 (6,7)	Amend	HF2766, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.5 (8)	Strike	HF2766, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.5 (9)(b)	Amend	HF2766, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.6 (2)	Amend	HF2766, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.7	Amend	HF2766, §22	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.8 (1)(a)	Amend	HF2766, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.8 (5)	Amend	HF2766, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.9 (1)(h,i)	Amend	HF2766, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.11 (1)	Amend	HF2766, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.13 (1)	Amend	HF2766, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.14 (3)	Amend	HF2766, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.17 (2)(u1)	Amend	HF2766, §29	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.17 (2)(a)(4)	Amend	HF2766, §30	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.17 (2)(c)	Amend	HF2766, §31	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.18	Amend	HF2766, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.22 (3)(a)(3)	Amend	HF2766, §33	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.23	Amend	HF2766, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.24 (1)(b)	Amend	HF2766, §35	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.26 (u1)	Amend	HF2766, §36	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.27	New	HF2766, §37	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.101	New	HF2766, §38	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.102	New	HF2766, §39	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.103	New	HF2766, §40	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
521J.104	New	HF2766, §41	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.105	New	HF2766, §42	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.106	New	HF2766, §43	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.107	New	HF2766, §44	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.108	New	HF2766, §45	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.109	New	HF2766, §46	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.110	New	HF2766, §47	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.111	New	HF2766, §48	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.112	New	HF2766, §49	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.113	New	HF2766, §50	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.114	New	HF2766, §51	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.115	New	HF2766, §52	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.116	New	HF2766, §53	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.117	New	HF2766, §54	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.118	New	HF2766, §55	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.119	New	HF2766, §56	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.120	New	HF2766, §57	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
521J.121	New	HF2766, §58	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
522C.4 (2)(d)	Add	HF2582, §2, 5	2026-04-09		Signed	2026-04-09
522C.7	Amend	HF2582, §3, 5	2026-04-09		Signed	2026-04-09
523A.102 (7)	Strike	HF2634, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523A.201 (8)	Amend	HF2634, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523A.206 (1)	Amend	HF2634, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523A.502 (1)	Amend	HF2634, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523A.502 (5)	Amend	HF2634, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523A.502A	Repeal	HF2634, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523A.601 (1)(i)	Amend	HF2634, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523A.602 (2)(b)(1)	Amend	HF2634, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523A.602 (2)(c)	Amend	HF2634, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523A.807 (3)(u1)	Amend	HF2634, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523C.1 (1A,1B,6A, 12A,12B,12C)	Add	HF2756, §1, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.1 (4)	Amend	HF2756, §2, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.1 (10)	Amend	HF2756, §3, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.2	Strike and Replace	HF2756, §4, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.3	Strike and Replace	HF2756, §5, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.4	Strike and Replace	HF2756, §6, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.7	Strike and Replace	HF2756, §7, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.8	New	HF2756, §8, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.9	Strike and Replace	HF2756, §9, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.13	Strike and Replace	HF2756, §10, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.22	Amend	HF2756, §11, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.23 (1)(b)(4,5)	Add	HF2756, §12, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.23 (1)(c)	Strike	HF2756, §13, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.23 (3)	Strike	HF2756, §14, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523C.25	New	HF2756, §15, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523H.7 (3)(b)	Amend	SF2497, §28, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
523I.102 (9,16,45)	Strike	HF2634, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523I.102 (13A,13B)	Add	HF2634, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523I.102 (37)	Amend	HF2634, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523I.213A (1)	Amend	HF2634, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523I.312 (2)(n)	Amend	HF2634, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523I.401	Repeal	HF2634, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523I.501	Amend	HF2634, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16

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523I.801 (1)	Amend	HF2634, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523I.805 (1)	Amend	HF2634, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
523I.810 (1)(f)(u1)	Amend	HF2634, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
524.601 (1)	Amend	SF413, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
524.607 (1)	Amend	SF413, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
524.802A (2)	Strike	SF413, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
524.802A (4)	Amend	SF413, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
524.805 (8)	Amend	HF2660, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
533.329 (2)(c)	Amend	HF2357, §106	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
533.329 (2)(m)	Add	HF2799, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
533C.1004 (1)(a)(2)	Amend	SF2296, §1, 11, 12	2026-05-06	2026-05-06	Signed	2026-05-06
533C.1004 (1)(c,d)	Amend	SF2296, §2, 11, 12	2026-05-06	2026-05-06	Signed	2026-05-06
533C.1004 (1)(f)	Strike	SF2296, §3, 11, 12	2026-05-06	2026-05-06	Signed	2026-05-06
533C.1004 (1A)	Add	SF2296, §4, 11, 12	2026-05-06	2026-05-06	Signed	2026-05-06
533C.1004 (3)(b)	Amend	SF2296, §5, 11, 12	2026-05-06	2026-05-06	Signed	2026-05-06
533C.1004 (5)(e)	Amend	SF2296, §6, 11, 12	2026-05-06	2026-05-06	Signed	2026-05-06
533C.1004 (6)	Amend	SF2296, §7, 11, 12	2026-05-06	2026-05-06	Signed	2026-05-06
533C.1004 (7)(a)	Strike	SF2296, §8, 11, 12	2026-05-06	2026-05-06	Signed	2026-05-06
533C.1004 (10)(a,b)	Amend	SF2296, §9, 11, 12	2026-05-06	2026-05-06	Signed	2026-05-06
536.13 (1,2,3)	Strike	HF2329, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
536.13 (4,5)	Amend	HF2329, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
536.13 (7)(a)	Strike	HF2329, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
537.2501 (1)(l)	Amend	HF2329, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
537A.10 (7)(c)(2)	Amend	SF2497, §29, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
537C.1	New	HF2497, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
537C.2	New	HF2497, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
537C.3	New	HF2497, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
537C.4	New	HF2497, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
537C.5	New	HF2497, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
537C.6	New	HF2497, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
537C.7	New	HF2497, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
537C.8	New	HF2497, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
537C.9	New	HF2497, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
537C.9	Amend New	HF2800, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
537C.10	New	HF2497, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
537C.11	New	HF2497, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
537C.12	New	HF2497, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
541B.4 (5,6)	Add	SF2472, §37	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
554J.1	New	HF864, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
554J.1	New	SF2417, §1, 7	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-02
554J.2	New	HF864, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
554J.2	New	SF2417, §2, 7	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-02
554J.3	New	HF864, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
554J.3	New	SF2417, §3, 7	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-02
554J.4	New	HF864, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
554J.4	New	SF2417, §4, 7	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-02
554J.5	New	HF864, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
554J.5	New	SF2417, §5, 7	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-02
554J.6	New	SF2417, §6, 7	2026-07-01	2027-07-01	Signed	2026-05-02
556F.14	Amend	HF2706, §4, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
557C.1	Amend	HF2531, §7, 14	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
557C.2 (2)	Amend	HF2531, §8, 14	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
557C.2A	New	HF2531, §9, 14	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02

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557C.3	Amend	HF2531, §10, 14	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
557C.4	Amend	HF2531, §11, 14	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
557C.5	Amend	HF2531, §12, 14	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
557C.6	Amend	HF2531, §13, 14	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
558.46 (4A)	Add	SF2472, §80, 81, 82	2027-01-01	2027-01-01	Signed	2026-05-18
558A.1 (4)	Amend	HF2357, §107	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
558A.4A (5)	Amend	SF2448, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
573.16 (1)	Amend	SF2365, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
578A.1	Amend	HF2357, §108	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
578A.3 (2)	Amend	HF640, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
578A.6	Amend	HF640, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
598.21H	New	SF542, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
598.37	Amend	HF2720, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
598A.1	New	HF2619, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.2	New	HF2619, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.3	New	HF2619, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.4	New	HF2619, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.5	New	HF2619, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.6	New	HF2619, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.7	New	HF2619, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.8	New	HF2619, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.9	New	HF2619, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.10	New	HF2619, §10	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.11	New	HF2619, §11	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.12	New	HF2619, §12	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.13	New	HF2619, §13	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.14	New	HF2619, §14	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.15	New	HF2619, §15	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.16	New	HF2619, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.17	New	HF2619, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.18	New	HF2619, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.19	New	HF2619, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.20	New	HF2619, §20	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.21	New	HF2619, §21	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.22	New	HF2619, §22	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.23	New	HF2619, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.24	New	HF2619, §24	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.26	New	HF2619, §25	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.27	New	HF2619, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
598A.28	New	HF2619, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
600.7A	Amend	SF473, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
601.1 (2)	Amend	HF2523, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.1101 (10A)	Add	HF2706, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.1202	Amend	HF2769, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
602.1204 (2)	Amend	HF2711, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
602.1209 (3)	Amend	HF2711, §33	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
602.1214 (7)	Add	HF2706, §5, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.1303 (2)	Amend	HF2706, §6, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.1306	New	HF2800, §84	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
602.1401 (1,5)	Amend	HF2800, §65, 75	2026-06-19		Signed	2026-06-02
602.1501	Repeal	HF2800, §73, 75	2026-06-19		Signed	2026-06-02
602.1501 (6)	Amend	HF2706, §7, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.1502 (1)	Strike	HF2800, §66, 75	2026-06-19		Signed	2026-06-02

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602.1610 (1)(c)	Add	HF2706, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.2301 (3)	Amend	HF2706, §8, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6302	Amend	HF2706, §9, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6303 (1)(u1)	Amend	HF2706, §10, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6303 (2,4,5)	Amend	HF2706, §11, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6303 (3)	Strike	HF2706, §12, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6401	Amend	HF2706, §13, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6402	Repeal	HF2706, §24, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6403 (1,2,3,4,5,7,9)	Amend	HF2706, §14, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6403 (10,11)	Add	HF2706, §15, 25	Multiple		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6404 (2)	Amend	HF2706, §16, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6501	Amend	HF2706, §17, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6502	Amend	HF2706, §18, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6503 (1,3)	Amend	HF2706, §19, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6504 (1,3,4,5)	Amend	HF2706, §20, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.6801	New	SF639, §1, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.6802	New	SF639, §2, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.6803	New	SF639, §3, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.6804	New	SF639, §4, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.6805	New	SF639, §5, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.6806	New	SF639, §6, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.6807	New	SF639, §7, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.6808	New	SF639, §8, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.6808 (1)	Amend New	HF2800, §67, 75	2026-06-19		Signed	2026-06-02
602.6809	New	SF639, §9, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.6810	New	SF639, §10, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.6811	New	SF639, §11, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.6812	New	SF639, §12, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.6813	New	SF639, §13, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.6814	New	SF639, §14, 16	2026-09-01		Signed	2026-06-01
602.8102 (88,89)	Strike	HF2706, §21, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.8102 (90)	Amend	HF2706, §22, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.8102 (98)	Amend	HF2770, §23	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
602.8102 (122)	Amend	SF2497, §30, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
602.8105 (1,2)	Amend	HF2770, §24, 28	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
602.8107 (2)(c)	Amend	SF2379, §10, 15	2027-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
602.8108 (12)	Add	HF2770, §25, 28	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
602.9102	Amend	HF2769, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
602.9104 (1)(a)	Amend	HF2800, §68, 75	2026-06-19		Signed	2026-06-02
602.9204 (1)(a)	Amend	HF2800, §69, 75	2026-06-19		Signed	2026-06-02
602.9301	New	HF2706, §28	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.9302	New	HF2706, §29	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.9303	New	HF2706, §30	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.9303 (1)	Amend New	HF2800, §70, 75	2026-06-19		Signed	2026-06-02
602.9304	New	HF2706, §31	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.9305	New	HF2706, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.9306	New	HF2706, §33	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
602.9307	New	HF2706, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
611.24	New	HF2800, §76, 77	Item Veto	Item Veto	IV Full	2026-06-02
614.1 (u1)	Amend	SF512, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
614.1 (2B)	Add	HF2532, §1, 7	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-05-02
614.8 (2)	Amend	HF1036, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
614.8A	Amend	HF1036, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15

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618.13	Repeal	HF2770, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
622.79	Amend	HF2357, §109	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
622.93	Repeal	HF2770, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
623.1	New	HF2695, §1, 3	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
624.8	Repeal	HF2770, §27	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
625A.19 (1)	Amend	HF2357, §110	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
626E.1	New	HF2695, §2, 3	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-06-02
627.6 (18)	Add	SF2472, §38	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
631.6 (1)(a)	Amend	HF2770, §26	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
633.108 (2)(e)	Add	SF2472, §39	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
633.163	New	HF2532, §2, 7	2026-07-01	2026-07-01	Signed	2026-05-02
633.336	Strike and Replace	HF2532, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
633.356 (1)(u1)	Amend	HF2660, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
633.356 (3)(a)(3)	Strike and Replace	HF2660, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
633.356 (3)(c)	Add	HF2660, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
633.361 (u1)	Amend	HF2532, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
633.555 (1)(f)	Add	SF2472, §40	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
633.635 (6)	Add	HF2305, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
633.669 (1)(b)(11,12)	Add	HF2305, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
633.669 (1)(c)(9,10)	Add	HF2305, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
633.670 (6)	Amend	HF2357, §111	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
633.678 (1)(f)	Add	SF2472, §41	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
633.681 (1)(e)	Add	SF2472, §42	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-18
633A.6203	New	HF2532, §5, 6	2026-05-02		Signed	2026-05-02
657.9 (1)	Amend	SF2378, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
668.15A (3)(j)	Amend	HF2357, §112	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
673A.3 (6)(b)	Amend	SF2465, §46	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
673A.3 (9)	Amend	SF2465, §47	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-01
673B.1	New	HF917, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
673B.1	New	HF2527, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
673B.2	New	HF2527, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
673B.3	New	HF2527, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
673B.4	New	HF2527, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-30
Ch. 681	Repeal	SF2497, §27, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.1	New	SF2497, §1, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.2	New	SF2497, §2, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.3	New	SF2497, §3, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.4	New	SF2497, §4, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.5	New	SF2497, §5, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.6	New	SF2497, §6, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.7	New	SF2497, §7, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.8	New	SF2497, §8, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.9	New	SF2497, §9, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.10	New	SF2497, §10, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.11	New	SF2497, §11, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.12	New	SF2497, §12, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.13	New	SF2497, §13, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.14	New	SF2497, §14, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.15	New	SF2497, §15, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.16	New	SF2497, §16, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.17	New	SF2497, §17, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.18	New	SF2497, §18, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.19	New	SF2497, §19, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02

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681A.20	New	SF2497, §20, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.21	New	SF2497, §21, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.22	New	SF2497, §22, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.23	New	SF2497, §23, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.24	New	SF2497, §24, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.25	New	SF2497, §25, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
681A.26	New	SF2497, §26, 32	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
692A.104 (1,2,3,5,7,8)	Amend	SF2379, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
692A.105	Amend	SF2379, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
692A.105A	New	SF2379, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
707.7	Amend	HF2253, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
707.8 (1,2,3,5,7)	Amend	HF2253, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
707.8 (12)(a,b)	Amend	HF2253, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
708.2 (4)	Amend	HF2253, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
708.6	Amend	SF2114, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
708.7 (1)(c)	Add	SF2280, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
708.17	New	SF2280, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
708.18	New	SF2280, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
709.10 (6,7)	Amend	SF2379, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
709.22 (1)(c)	Amend	SF2379, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
710A.1 (4)(a)(u1)	Amend	HF1036, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
714.8 (6A,6B)	Add	HF2337, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
714.8 (23,24)	Add	SF2218, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
714.11 (1)(d)	Add	HF2337, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
714.13 (1)	Amend	HF2337, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
714.16 (2)(i)	Add	HF2756, §16, 17	2027-01-01		Signed	2026-06-02
714.16 (2)(i)	Add	SF2296, §10, 11, 12	2026-05-06	2026-05-06	Signed	2026-05-06
717B.3A (1A)	Add	HF2348, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-11
717B.3A (4,5)	Amend	HF2348, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-11
724.6 (1)(a)(1)	Amend	SF2280, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
724.6 (1)(a)(4)	Amend	SF2280, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
724.6 (1)(b,c,d)	Amend	SF2280, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
724.6 (1)(e)	Add	SF2280, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
724.6 (3)	Amend	SF2280, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
724.6 (4)	Add	SF2280, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
725.1 (1)(b)	Amend	HF1036, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
726.6	Amend	HF2360, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
802.2H	New	SF2218, §30	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
802.3	Amend	SF2218, §31	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
804.21 (2,4)	Amend	SF2399, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
804.21 (5)(b)	Amend	SF2399, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
804.22 (2)	Amend	SF2399, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
804.32	New	HF2787, §1, 2	2026-06-02		Signed	2026-06-02
805.8A (1)(c)	Amend	HF2357, §113	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
805.8A (13)(0c)	Add	SF2426, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-02
805.8B (3)(b)	Amend	SF654, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
805.8C (14)	Strike	HF2215, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
806.2	Amend	HF2706, §23, 25	2026-11-01		Signed	2026-04-30
811.1 (1)(0d,00d,e)	Add	SF2218, §32	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
811.1 (2)(u1)	Amend	SF2218, §33	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
811.1 (2)(u1)	Amend	SF2399, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
811.1 (3)	Add	SF2218, §34	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
811.1 (3)	Add	SF2399, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
811.2 (1)(a)(u1)	Amend	SF2399, §6	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
811.2 (1)(a)(3)	Amend	SF2399, §7	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
811.2 (1)(c)	Add	SF2399, §8	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
812.8 (4,8)	Amend	SF2379, §9	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
815.7 (10)	Amend	HF2770, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
815.7 (10A)	Add	HF2770, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
902.8	Amend	HF2542, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
902.9 (1)(c)	Amend	HF2542, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
907.2 (3)	Add	HF2542, §3	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
907.3 (2)(a)(10)	Add	HF2515, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
907.3 (2)(a)(10)	Add	HF2542, §4	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
907.3 (3)(i)	Add	HF2542, §5	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
907.3 (3)(i)	Add	HF2515, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-09
910.1 (1,2)	Amend	SF2379, §11, 15	2027-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
910.1 (1,2)	Amend	HF1036, §9, 11	2027-07-01		Signed	2026-05-15
910.1 (2A,2B)	Add	SF2379, §12, 15	2027-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
910.2 (1)(c)	Amend	SF2379, §13, 15	2027-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
910.2 (3)	Add	HF2697, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-04-16
910.2 (3)	Amend	HF2800, §29	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-06-02
915.20A (1)(a,d)	Amend	SF2379, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
915.20A (2,5)	Amend	SF2379, §2	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
915.46 (1)(e)	Amend	SF2379, §16	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
915.46 (2)	Amend	SF2379, §17	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
915.46 (4)(b)	Amend	SF2379, §18	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
915.47	New	HF2794, §1	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-19
915.80 (2A)	Add	SF2379, §14, 15	2027-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06
915.80 (7)	Amend	SF2379, §19	2026-07-01		Signed	2026-05-06

2026 ACTS AMENDED (LISTED BY BILL)

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
House File 1036.1	Repeal	HF2800, §80, 82	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 1036.4	Repeal	HF2800, §80, 82	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 1036.11	Amend	HF2800, §79, 82	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 2497.9	Amend New	HF2800, §28	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 2562.10	Strike and Replace New	HF2800, §20	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 2591.4	Amend	HF2800, §98, 99, 100	2026-06-02	2026-06-02	Signed
House File 2591.5	Amend	HF2800, §98, 99, 100	2026-06-02	2026-06-02	Signed
House File 2591.6	Amend	HF2800, §98, 99, 100	2026-06-02	2026-06-02	Signed
House File 2635.4	Amend New	HF2800, §27	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 2635.14	Amend	HF2800, §14	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 2635.14	Amend	HF2800, §13	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 2635.14	Amend	HF2800, §15	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 2635.14	Amend	HF2800, §16	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 2643.5	Amend	HF2800, §26	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 2667.2	Amend New	HF2800, §25	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 2697.1	Amend	HF2800, §29	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 2706.30	Amend New	HF2800, §70, 75	2026-06-19		Signed
House File 2706.35	Repeal	HF2800, §72, 75	2026-06-19		Signed
House File 2706.36	Repeal	HF2800, §72, 75	2026-06-19		Signed

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
House File 2706.37	Repeal	HF2800, §72, 75	2026-06-19		Signed
House File 2739.13	Amend	HF2800, §30, 32, 34	2026-06-02	2026-01-01	Signed
House File 2754.69	Amend	HF2800, §91, 93, 94	2026-06-02	2026-05-12	Signed
House File 2754.70	Amend	HF2800, §92, 93, 94	2026-06-02	2026-05-12	Signed
House File 2754.87	Amend	HF2800, §22, 32, 33	2026-06-02	2026-05-12	Signed
House File 2757.5	Amend	HF2800, §31	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 2757.6	Amend	HF2800, §31	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 2769.4	Amend	HF2800, §71, 75	2026-06-19		Signed
Senate File 2086.4	Amend New	HF2800, §23	2026-07-01		Signed
Senate File 2086.4	Amend New	HF2800, §24	2026-07-01		Signed
Senate File 2184.3	Amend	HF2800, §21	2026-07-01		Signed
Senate File 2201.17	Amend	HF2800, §85	2026-07-01		Signed
Senate File 2201.18	Amend	HF2800, §86	2026-07-01		Signed
Senate File 2201.19	Amend	HF2800, §87	2026-07-01		Signed
Senate File 2201.20	Amend	HF2800, §88	2026-07-01		Signed
Senate File 2422.2A	Add	HF2800, §62, 63	2026-06-02		Signed
Senate File 2480.3	Amend	HF2800, §57, 60	2027-01-01		Signed
Senate File 2480.8	Amend	HF2800, §58, 60	2027-01-01		Signed
House File 571.2	Amend New	HF2800, §18	2026-07-01		Signed
House File 571.3	Amend New	HF2800, §19	2026-07-01		Signed
Senate File 572.2	Amend	HF2800, §17	2026-07-01		Signed
Senate File 579.1	Amend	HF2800, §40	2026-07-01		Signed
Senate File 639.8	Amend New	HF2800, §67, 75	2026-06-19		Signed

ACTS FROM YEARS BEFORE 2026 (LISTED BY CHAPTER)

2025 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2025 Acts - Chapter 27.4	Strike and Replace	HF2357, §114	2026-07-01		Signed
2025 Acts - Chapter 120.19	Amend	HF2782, §39	2026-07-01		Signed
2025 Acts - Chapter 152.2 (1)(d)	Amend	HF2782, §36	Item Veto		IV Full
2025 Acts - Chapter 155.14	Repeal	HF2772, §13	2026-07-01		Signed
2025 Acts - Chapter 158.6 (2)(l)	Add	HF2706, §35	2026-07-01		Signed
2025 Acts - Chapter 167.14	Amend	SF2484, §9, 11	2026-06-02		Signed
2025 Acts - Chapter 169.27 (8)	Add	HF2782, §25, 26, 27	2026-06-02	2025-07-01	Signed

2024 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2024 Acts - Chapter 1155.1 (1)(b)(1)	Amend	SF2484, §9, 11	2026-06-02		Signed
2024 Acts - Chapter 1155.2	Amend	SF2484, §10, 11	2026-06-02		Signed
2024 Acts - Chapter 1162.21	Amend	SF2168, §33	2026-07-01		Signed

2023 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2023 Acts - Chapter 110.18	Repeal	HF2772, §13	2026-07-01		Signed
2023 Acts - Chapter 117.2 (u2)	Amend	SF2478, §3	2026-07-01		Signed
2023 Acts - Chapter 118.2	Amend	SF2484, §8, 11	2026-06-02		Signed

2022 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2022 Acts - Chapter 1148.20	Repeal	HF2772, §13	2026-07-01		Signed

2018 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2018 Acts - Chapter 1165.107	Strike	SF2422, §10, 18	2026-06-02		Signed

2017 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2017 Acts - Chapter 174.12 (15)(a)(7)	Strike	SF2422, §10, 18	2026-06-02		Signed

2014 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2014 Acts - Chapter 1125.10	Repeal	HF2539, §7	2026-07-01		Signed