Status Update

Donna M. Mueller, CEO IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM December 18, 2017 Presented to the Public Retirement Systems Committee

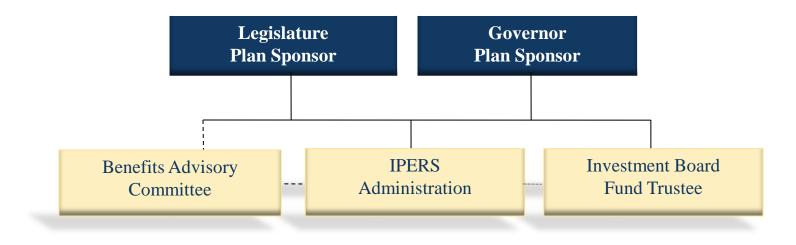


IPERS History 101

Established in 1953, to:

- Attract and retain a quality
 - workforce
- Provide secure retirement with lifetime benefit payments

Governance



What is the role of the Plan Sponsor?Creates planDetermines participationEstablishes fundingDetermines benefitsMonitors performance against plan goals

IPERS is a Defined Benefit Plan

- Paid as a lifetime, monthly annuity
- Amount is based on a formula
- Contributions from employee and employer
- Pooled contributions are invested by professional investment managers

IPERS Benefit Calculation

Average Salary

- × Multiplier
- Reduction, If Any*

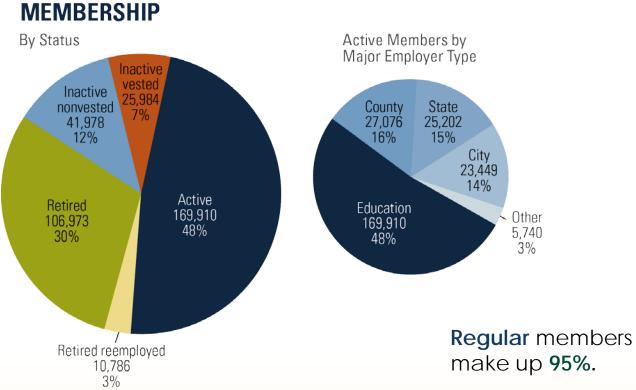
Annual IPERS Benefit

*Early-retirement reduction applies only to the benefits of Regular members who retire before normal retirement age.

Core Elements

- Mandatory participation
- Pooled investment risk
- Pooled longevity risk
- Employer/employee cost-sharing
- Lifetime annuity
- Works with Social Security and personal savings

355,600 Members



make up 95%.

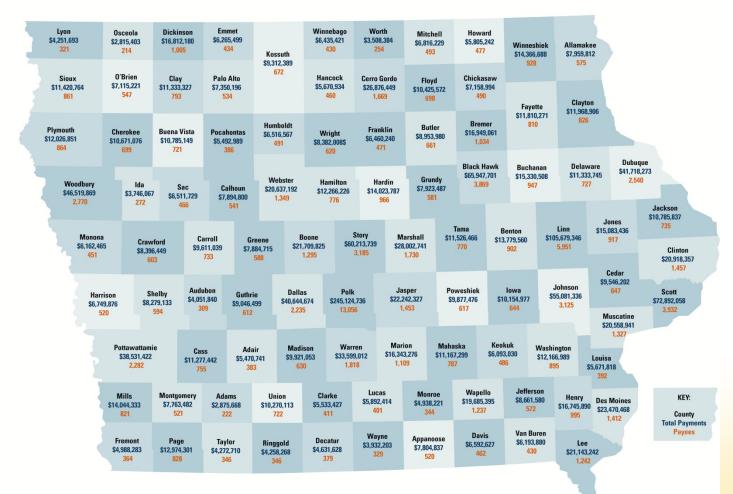
Special Service

members make up 5%.

Benefit Payments by County

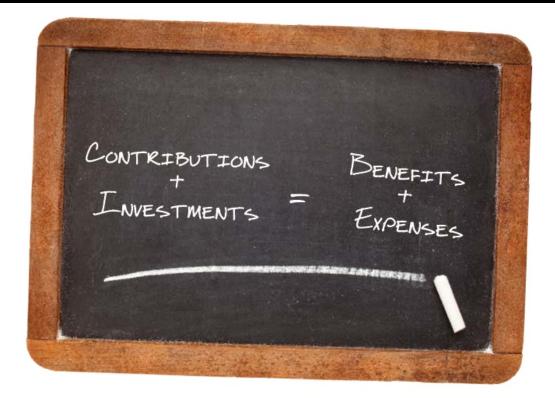
Benefit Payments by Iowa County

Fiscal Year 2017



- Over 117,000
 retirees
- \$2 billion paid in benefits
- \$1.7 billion paid to lowans

The Funding Equation



The key to secure funding for any pension system is managing to this equation.

\$5.6 billion UAL resulted from:

- Over a decade of insufficient contributions
- Two recessions 2001 and 2009
- Changed assumptions
 - Updated mortality tables
- Unfunded benefit enhancements
 - FED payments

FY2017 Actuarial Valuation



Presented by

Patrice A. Beckham, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA



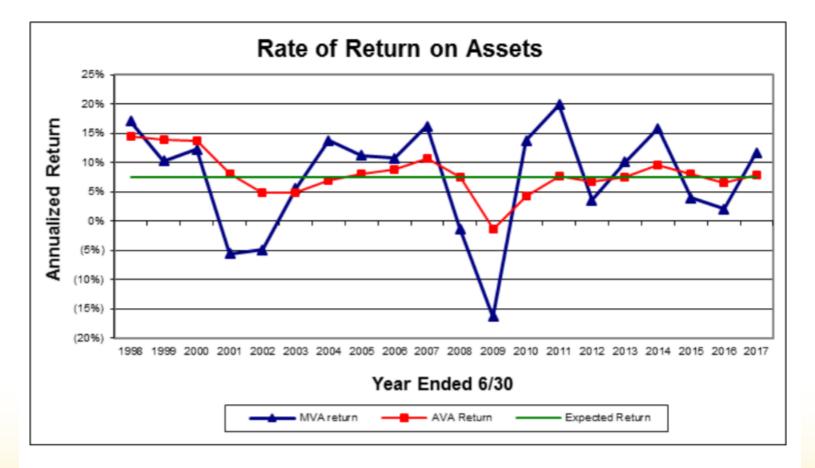
Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting

- Independent actuarial consulting firm
- Practicing entirely in the public sector
- Lead actuarial consultant to IPERS for many years

Actuarial Value of Assets

- Market value not used directly in valuation
- Asset valuation method used to smooth the effect of market fluctuations
- Actuarial value is expected value (based on 7.5% assumption) plus 25% of difference between actual and expected values
- Resulting value of actuarial assets must be within corridor of 80 120% of pure market value (corridor did not apply this year).

Historical Asset Returns



Expected return is 7.5% for all years. The assumption has been changed to 7.0% effective June 30, 2017.

Changes Since Prior Valuation

J'AA

- No change to benefit structure
- No change to actuarial methods
- Change to actuarial assumptions
 - Economic assumptions modified pursuant to study prepared earlier this year
 - Inflation lowered from 3.0% to 2.6%
 - o Investment return lowered from 7.5% to 7.0%
 - o Interest on member accounts decreased from 3.75% to 3.50%
 - General wage growth assumption decreased from 4.00% to 3.25%
 - Payroll growth assumption was lowered from 4.00% to 3.25%
- Demographic assumptions reviewed in FY2018

Funded Status: Regular

Regular Members	June 30, 2016	Old Assumptions June 30, 2017	New Assumptions June 30, 2017
Actuarial Liability (AL) Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	\$32,578 _27,001	\$33,829 <u>28,293</u>	\$35,177 _ <u>28,293</u>
Unfunded AL (UAL)	\$ 5,576	\$ 5,536	\$ 6,884
Funded Ratio	82.9%	83.6%	80.4%

Funded Status: Sheriffs & Deputies

Sheriffs & Deputies	June 30, 2016	Old Assumptions June 30, 2017	New Assumptions June 30, 2017
Actuarial Liability (AL) Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	\$624.8 _602.2	\$664.0 _642.5	\$691.2 <u>642.5</u>
Unfunded AL (UAL)	\$ 22.6	\$ 21.5	\$ 48.7
Funded Ratio	96.4%	96.8%	93.0%

Note: Numbers may not add due to rounding.

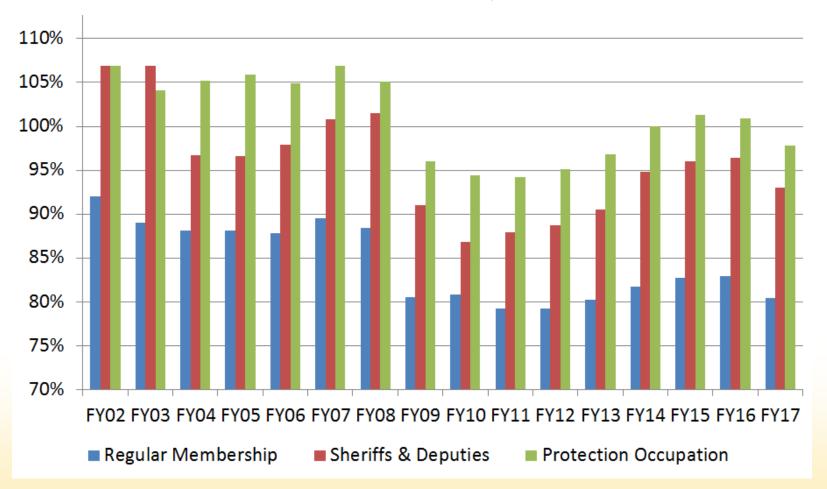
Funded Status: Protection Occupation

Protection Occupation	June 30, 2016	Old Assumptions June 30, 2017	New Assumptions June 30, 2017
Actuarial Liability (AL) Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) Unfunded AL (UAL)	\$1,417 _ <u>1,430</u> \$ (13)	\$1,515 <u>1,537</u> \$ (22)	\$1,572 <u>1,537</u> \$ 35
Funded Ratio	100.9%	101.5%	97.8%

Note: Numbers may not add due to rounding.

Case Study Within IPERS

Historical Funded Ratios By Membership Class



Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL \$M)

UAL June 30, 2016	\$5,586
 Contributions above actuarial rate 	(58)
 Expected increase from amortization 	52
 Investment experience 	(102)
 Liability experience 	33
 Changes to actuarial assumptions 	1,433
– Other	24
UAL June 30, 2017	\$6,968

Note: This represents the total System.

Contribution Rates

Components

- o Normal Cost (ongoing cost for actives)
- o Amortization of UAL

UAL Amortization Policy

- June 30, 2014 base is amortized over a closed 30-year period (27 years remaining as of current valuation).
- Each year thereafter, changes in the expected UAL will result in the establishment of new base to be amortized over a separate closed 20-year period. (layered amortization)
- Once a group becomes fully funded, all outstanding bases are eliminated and the surplus is amortized over an open 30year period.

Contribution Rates

Contribution Rate Funding Policy

Compares Required Contribution Rate (RCR) from prior year to Actuarial Contribution Rate (ACR) in current year.

- If ACR < previous RCR, then:
 - If difference is < 0.50%, RCR is unchanged
 - If difference is > 0.50%, RCR is lowered by 0.05% provided funded ratio is 95% or higher
- If ACR > previous RCR, then current RCR shall be:

Regular	Sheriffs/Deputies	Protection Occupation
Increased to	Increased to ACR	Increased to ACR
ACR with max 1%		

Contribution Rates: Regular

Regular Members	June 30, 2016	Old Assumptions June 30, 2017	New Assumptions June 30, 2017
Normal Cost Rate	10.20%	10.18%	10.40%
UAL Rate	4.01%	3.88%	5.33%
Actuarial Contribution Rate	14.21%	14.06%	15.73%
Required Contribution Rate	14.88%	14.88%	15.73%
Shortfall/(Margin)	(0.67%)	(0.82%)	0.00%
Employee Contribution Rate	5.95%	5.95%	6.29%
Employer Contribution Rate	8.93%	8.93%	9.44%

The Actuarial Contribution Rate is greater than the prior year's Required Contribution Rate by less than 1 percent. Therefore, the Required Contribution Rate was increased to the Actuarial Contribution Rate.



Sheriffs & Deputies	June 30, 2016	Old Assumptions June 30, 2017	New Assumptions June 30, 2017
Normal Cost Rate	16.41%	16.44%	16.85%
UAL Rate	0.91%	0.84%	2.67%
Actuarial Contribution Rate	17.32%	17.28%	19.52%
Required Contribution Rate	18.76%	18.26%	19.52%
Shortfall/(Margin)	(1.44%)	(0.98%)	0.00%
Employee Contribution Rate	9.38%	9.13%	9.76%
Employer Contribution Rate	9.38%	9.13%	9.76%

The Actuarial Contribution Rate is greater than the prior year's Required Contribution Rate. Therefore, the Required Contribution Rate was increased to the Actuarial Contribution Rate.

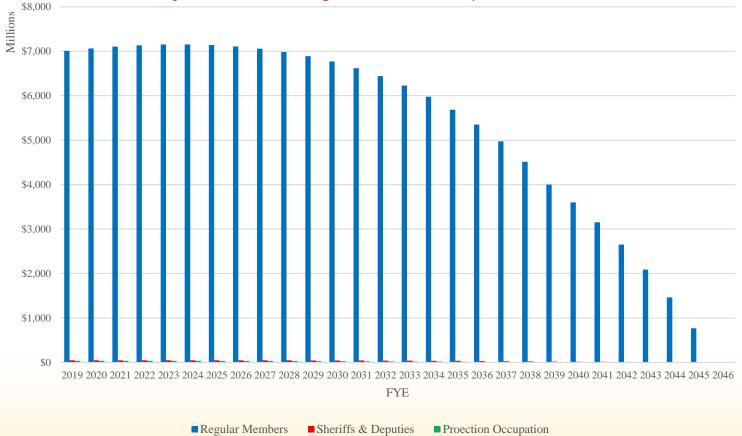
Contribution Rates: Protection Occupation

Protection Occupation	June 30, 2016	Old Assumptions June 30, 2017	New Assumptions June 30, 2017
Normal Cost Rate	15.99%	15.93%	16.31%
UAL Rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.71%
Actuarial Contribution Rate	15.99%	15.93%	17.02%
Required Contribution Rate	16.40%	16.40%	17.02%
Shortfall/(Margin)	(0.41%)	(0.47%)	0.00%
Employee Contribution Rate	6.56%	6.56%	6.81%
Employer Contribution Rate	9.84%	9.84%	10.21%

The Actuarial Contribution Rate is greater than the prior year's Required Contribution Rate. Therefore, the Required Contribution Rate was increased to the Actuarial Contribution Rate.

Case Study Within IPERS

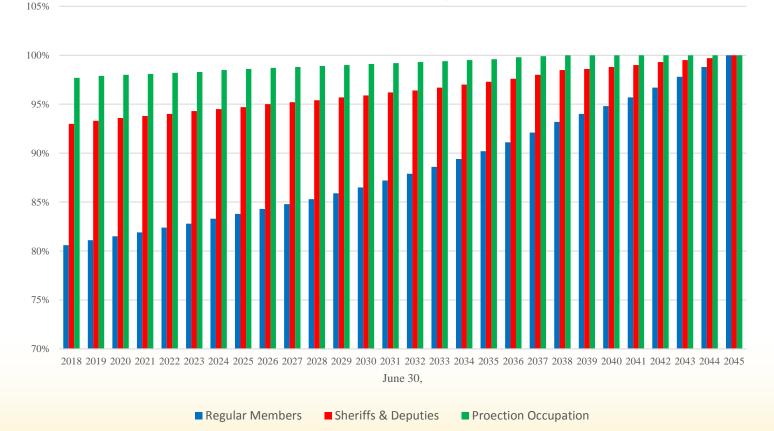
Projected UAL By Membership Class



Projections assume current contribution rates remain in place and all actuarial assumptions are met in the future.

Case Study Within IPERS

Projected Funded Ratios By Membership Class



Projections assume current contribution rates remain in place and all actuarial assumptions are met in the future.

Key Funding Measurements

FY2017

- Ratio of actuarial assets to actuarial liabilities
 81.4% (down from 83.9%)
- Unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) increased by
 \$1.4 billion, largely because of the change in investment return rate
- Deferred investment gain of \$307 million

IPERS Investment Board

The Investment Board is the trustee of the Trust Fund

A fiduciary with a legal duty to act in accordance with all of the following:

- Solely in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries
- For the exclusive purpose ulletof providing benefits to participants and beneficiaries and paying reasonable expenses



Wayne Walter Chair Voting Member term expires 2019

Vice Chair, State Treasurer Voting Member

Fitzgerald



Creighton, Sr.

Voting Member

term expires 2021



Phyllis S. Peterson Voting Member term expires 2022



Marlene Sprouse Voting Member term expires 2023

Lisa Stanae Dennis Youna Voting Member Voting Member term expires 2023 term expires 2019





Mark S. Lofaren State Senator Nonvoting Member





Mary Mascher Nonvoting Member



Dawn E. Nonvoting Member Representative



Pettenaill

IPERS Investment Board

Roles & Responsibilities

- Establish the investment policy and risk tolerance of the investment program
 - Asset allocation policy is most critical
- Hire investment managers and consultants
- Review investment performance, investment management expenses and IPERS' administrative budget
- Select the actuary and adopt actuarial methods, mortality tables and assumptions to be used by the actuary for the annual valuation of assets

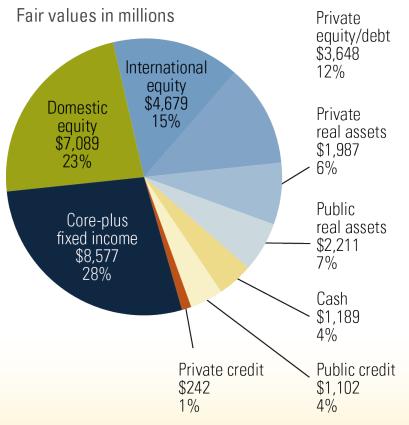
Investment Staff

- Chief Investment Officer reports to IPERS' Board and CEO
- CIO and five investment officers oversee \$31 billion global portfolio
- Key responsibilities:
 - Implement the Board's investment policies
 - Manage investment risk within risk budgets set by the Board
 - Add value earn more than the Board's strategic asset allocation
 - Advise Board on investment issues; make recommendations regarding asset allocation and implementation
 - Oversee and evaluate investment managers and recommend retention or removal; administer competitive bidding processes, divestment mandates
 - Make limited tactical allocation calls

Strategic Asset Allocation

- Investment Board annually reviews & periodically adjusts
- Most important policy decision drives 90% of total return
- How much risk is prudent?
 - Long-dated liabilities allow for long investment horizon
 - Can afford to take more equity and illiquidity risk
 - Cash flows must be monitored diligently

FUND ALLOCATION



As of June 30, 2017

FY2017 was a good year for investments

- Fund earned 11.70% net of fees for year ended June 30, 2017
- Exceeded the 7.5% investment return assumption
- Exceeded the Policy Benchmark return of 11.17%
- 73% of active investment managers outperformed
- Investment expenses were 0.23%

IPERS' return reflects a lower risk profile than peers

- Higher allocation to fixed income
- 1% cash allocation is a drag in a "risk on" year
- IPERS' approach is generally more conservative than its peers
- FY17 return ranks 71st versus peers; 10-year return ranks in top 20th percentile

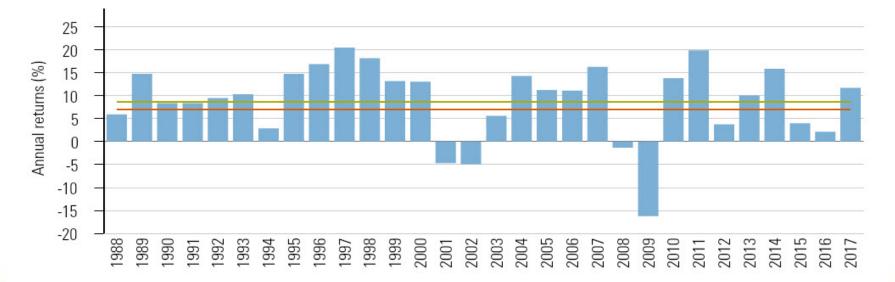
Investment Performance

Investment Returns

Fiscal Years Ended June 30

Current actuarial assumed investment return = 7.00%*

30-year annualized return = 8.65%



Annualized Returns		
1-Year	11.70%	
10-Year	5.89%	
20-Year	7.45%	
30-Year	8.65%	

*Actuarial Assumed Investment Return

1977–1993	6.50%
1994–1995	6.75%
1996–2016	7.50%
2017–present	7.00%

For periods ending June 30

Investment Performance

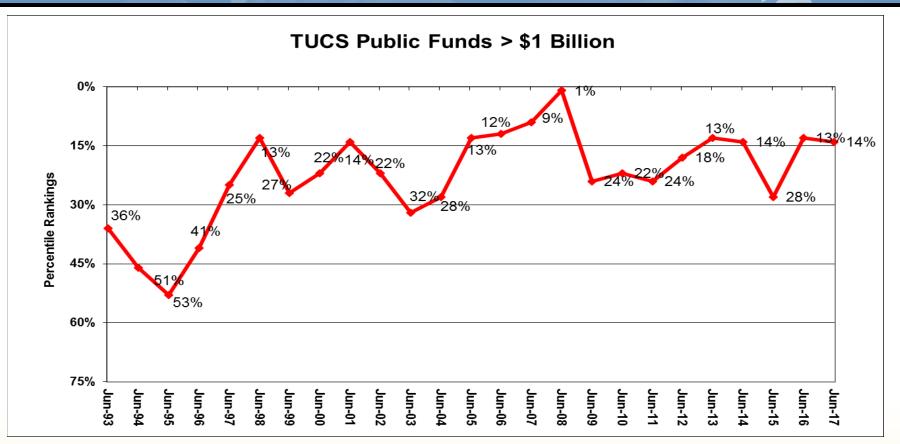
IPERS has beaten its benchmarks and peers over most long-term periods.



*A benchmark composed of market indexes with weightings reflective of IPERS' asset allocation targets. **Trust Universe Comparison Service (TUCS) Public Funds with Total Market Value > \$1 Billion. Note: 10-, 20-, and 30-year results are annualized returns.

For periods ended June 30, 2017

Risk-Adjusted Returns Rank High



Based on 3-year rolling return/risk ratios; IPERS ranked in top 14th percentile of peer universe of large public pension funds for period ended June 30, 2017

Source: Wilshire Associates; Trust Universe Comparison Services (TUCS)

Internal Investment Management

- Strategic initiative of IPERS
- Could save millions of dollars annually
 - Significantly lower management costs
 - Better oversight of external managers
 - Other benefits
- Requires significant start-up investment
 - Need trading, accounting and control infrastructure

Internal Investment Management

- Requires Investment Board to have more authority and autonomy
 - To hire and fire investment professionals (exempt from State personnel system)
 - To set compensation levels for investment personnel, and utilize performance incentive compensation structures
 - To oversee procurement of investment management tools and services

Internal Investment Management

- Investment Board supports the development of internal investment management
- It's part of IPERS' 5-year strategic plan; won't happen overnight
- Requires legislative and administration support for key changes



The IPERS Trust Fund as of 6/30/17 remained at **\$31 billion** after paying out \$1.9 billion in FY2017.

Benefits Advisory Committee

The Benefit Advisory Committee represents major member, employer and retiree associations.

An important communication link between members, administrators and legislators.

- Each association chooses its BAC representative
 - Nine voting members
 - Includes public member and DAS • director
- BAC studies issues and make plan design recommendations to IPERS and the General Assembly
- Helps ensure IPERS continues to ۲ meet the needs of members and employers







Len Cockman Chair

Voting Member term expires 2018

Bradley Hudson Votina Member term expires 2020 Susanna Matt Carver Brown Association Voting Member term expires 2019







Andrew Hennesy

Steve Hoffman Philip Tetzlof Association









Janet Phipps



Jon Thomas

Voting Member

term expires 2019

Association

Matt

Voting Member term expires 2018

Cosgrove Voting Member appointed by statute

Voting Member term expires 2020





Sandy B. Tryon



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Benefits Advisory Committee

Roles & Responsibilities

- #1 role is to consider and make recommendations to IPERS and the General Assembly on the administration of IPERS benefits
- Recommends changes to the laws governing the System
- Helps to ensure IPERS continues to meet the needs of employees

Pension reform passed in 2010

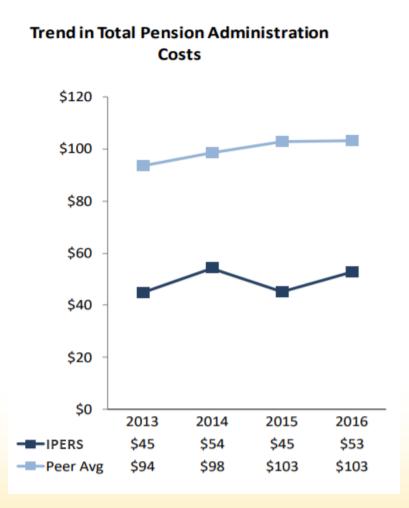
- **Contribution Rates** Changed from statutory static rate to actuarially determined rate shared by employees and employers
- Benefit Formula Salary averaged over 5 years; down from 3

Early Retirement Reduction – Increased from 3 percent per year to 6 percent reduction per year Vesting – Changed from age 55 to age 65; and from 4 years of service to 7 years of service

BAC Supported Initiatives

- Anti-spiking rules
- Exclusion of bonus and allowances from covered wages
- Actuarial cost studies
 - Cost-of-living adjustments
 - Retired re-employed
 - Mergers
 - Protection occupation membership guidelines
 - Plan projections

Consistent Low Cost



IPERS' total pension administration cost of **\$53** per active member and annuitant has remained significantly below its peer group cost of **\$103**.

Our Mission



Administer a cost-efficient retirement plan that provides lifetime pension payments to public employees and serves to attract and retain a quality workforce.



The purpose of this presentation is to provide an update on IPERS. For additional information, feel free to contact us or visit our website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>

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