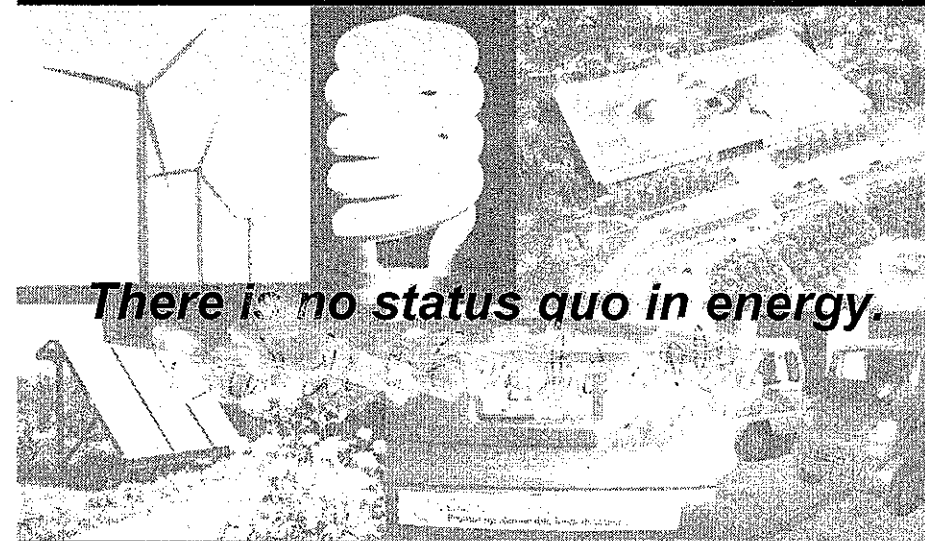


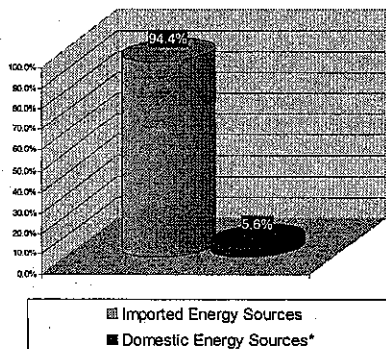
Energy Efficiency Policy Approaches

Roya Stanley – Director
November 13, 2008



The Time is Now

Iowa Energy Imports, 2005

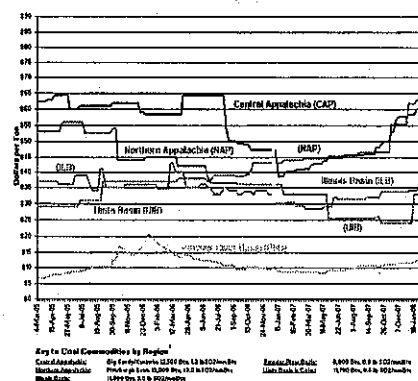


- U.S. energy demand expected to increase by more than 1/3 by 2030
- Market fluctuation creates instability
 - Heating oil prices up 117% from 5 yrs ago
 - Propane prices up 86% from 5 yrs ago
 - FY08: largest fluctuations in oil prices

* The domestic energy total includes "biomass", "wheat", "hydroelectric power", and "other".



Cost of Coal

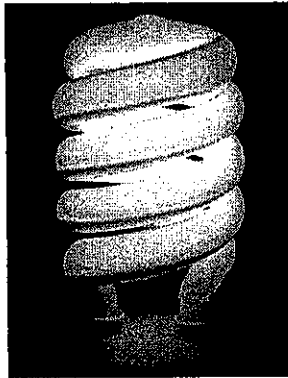


- Increasing costs of coal
- Average 500 MW coal-fired power plant emissions ~ 3 million tons of CO₂/yr
- If implementing carbon charge for coal, low estimates = \$7/ton in 2010
 - Increasing at 5% thereafter
- Transmission upgrades vary greatly
 - Bloomberg News estimates \$75 billion investment



Consumer Viewpoint

- Purchase energy for what it does
- Source of energy is unimportant
- Cost: most important issue for many consumers

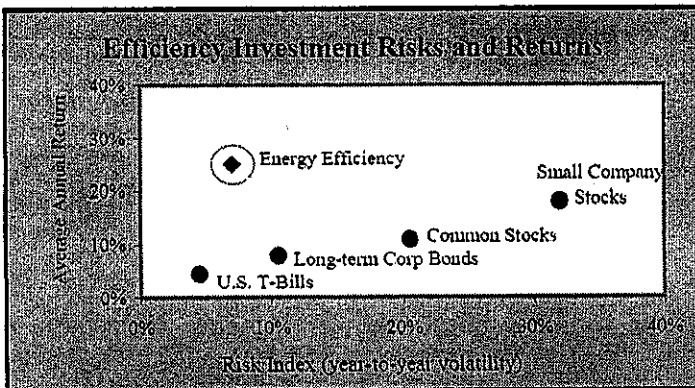


Why Energy Efficiency Programs

- EE is a *First Fuel* but not a *Silver Bullet*
- Low risk, high return
 - EE costs less than generation from new power plants by about ½. (EIA 2006)
 - Sizeable savings in 3 years or less
- Indicates Productivity
 - More output for less input



Efficiency Investment Risks and Returns



Source: ACEEE estimates adapted from the U.S. EPA and the Vanguard Group

ACEEE
American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy



Investment/Technical Potential

- EPA National Energy Plan (2006):
 - Economic potential of more than 20% savings in total electric demand by 2025
 - 50% or greater reduction in natural gas demand growth
 - Potential for nearly \$20 billion in energy savings over 10-15 yrs
 - Defer need for 20,000 MW of new generation



Energy Efficiency Potential

Table 1. Summary of Results from Recent Technical, Economic and Achievable Energy Savings Potential Studies.

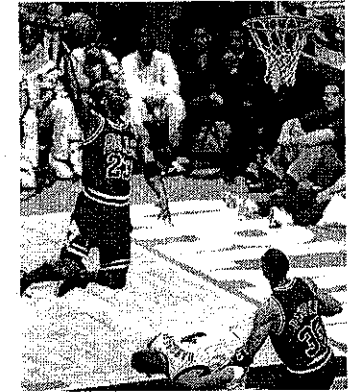
Region	Year	Fuel	# Years	Potential (%)		
				Technical	Economic	Achievable
California	2003	Electric	10	18%	13%	10%
Massachusetts	2001	Electric	5		24%	
New York	2003	Electric	20	36%	27%	
Oregon	2003	Electric	10	31%		
Puget	2003	Electric	20	35%	19%	11%
Southwest	2002	Electric	17			33%
Vermont	2003	Electric	10			31%
U.S.	2000	Electric	20			24%
Median		Electric		33%	21.5%	24%
California	2003	Gas	10		21%	10%
Oregon	2003	Gas	10	47%	35%	
Puget	2003	Gas	20	40%	13%	9%
Utah	2004	Gas	10	41%	22%	
U.S.	2000	Gas	20			8%
Median		Gas		41%	22%	9%

Note: This table only includes the longest time periods and more aggressive scenarios covered in each study.



Michael Jordan Approach

- Elements to MJ's success
 - Game plan
 - Follow-through
 - Teamwork



EE Policy Impacts

- Have short-term and long-term impacts on:
 - Economy
 - job creation
 - security
 - Environment
 - emissions reductions
 - Energy security
 - import reductions



Energy Independence Policy Recommendations

- Create energy efficiency portfolio standard (EEPS)
- Promote smart growth
- Coordinate core energy efficiency programs
- Make energy efficiency a priority over new generation



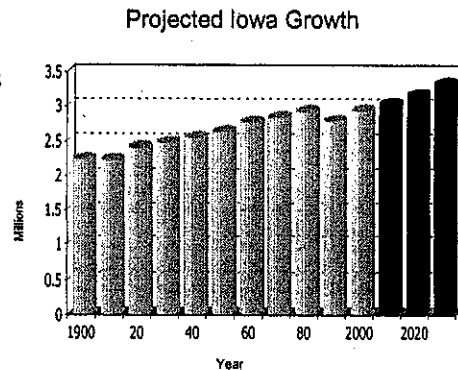
Energy Efficiency Portfolio Standard

- Encourages efficient:
 - Generation
 - Transmission
 - Usage



Promotion of Smart Growth

- By 2020: population size/density and transportation patterns will change
- Creates the need for smart growth techniques
 - Reduce vehicle miles traveled (VMTs)
 - Encourage urban area density



Projections from Woods & Poole Economics, Inc., 2004 (Iowa State University presentation)

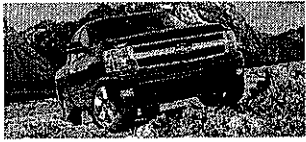


Smart Growth Techniques

- Planning is Key
 - Compact growth
 - Transit-oriented development
 - Integrated transit networks
 - Mixed use development
- Low or no incremental cost



GHGs avoided by decreased VMTs



Vehicle	CO2 emissions 10,000 miles/yr	CO2 emissions 8,000 miles/yr
Chevy Silverado	13,043 lbs/yr	10,434 lbs/yr
Ford Taurus	9,316 lbs/yr	7,453 lbs/yr



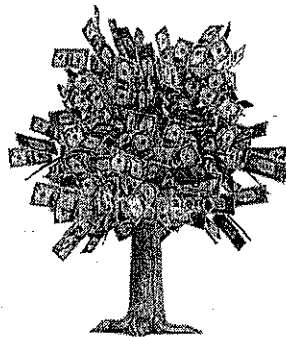
Core Utility EE Programs

- Simplification needed in a confusing marketplace
- Set standards for industry-wide programs
- State leadership
- Creates infrastructure
 - Training
 - Business availability



Make Energy Efficiency a Priority

- Require Iowa utilities to do least cost planning for new generation
 - Need to demonstrate pursuit of all efficiency resources before new generation



Questions & Comments
Are Welcomed

