

sick of his own town and the surrounding community. His name was a word revered in every household in the vicinity of Wyoming.

When Wyoming was incorporated, Dr. Calkins was unanimously elected its first mayor. He was sent south during the Civil War to take the vote of the soldiers and did many patriotic acts to prosecute the Civil War. In 1881 he was elected to the office of state representative of Jones County, without opposition and served in the Nineteenth and Twentieth General Assemblies with honor to himself and to his constituency. He served as chairman on Public Health and was the author of a bill requiring a rigid inspection of illuminating oils used in mines, and regulating the sale thereof. The bill was opposed by the Standard Oil interests and they made a hard fight for its defeat, but in the meantime Senator Larrabee worked it through the Senate and it was afterwards known as Senate File 305. On the last day of the session, the bill was stolen. He immediately notified the Speaker, who had all the doors closed and a search made. It was found secreted in the northeast corner of the House. It passed the House unanimously.

In 1907 he prepared an extensive paper of recollections of the Nineteenth and Twentieth General Assemblies, which was read at a meeting of the Pioneer Lawmakers in Des Moines. As a public speaker, he was in demand for Fourth of July and Decoration Day orations. His speeches were eulogistic, witty and historical. He was the reliable historian of Wyoming and vicinity. He knew the people from the time of their childhood and seemed to them like a father, a counselor and a protector. No one will be missed more than Dr. Calkins in Wyoming.

He leaves a widow, Mrs. Lucinda Calkins of Wyoming. The children are Mrs. W. E. Briggs of St. Paul, Minn., and Mary A., the wife of Edward D. Chassel of Des Moines, Iowa.

Resolved, That in the death of this former member of the House, the state has lost a valuable citizen whose influence has done much for this state. That his family has lost a dutiful and kind husband, a loving and indulgent father.

Resolved that these resolutions be spread upon the Journal, and that the Chief Clerk of the House be instructed to mail an engrossed copy of these resolutions to the wife and family of the deceased.

W. M. BYERLY,
W. P. DAWSON,
GORDON HAYES,

Committee.

Adopted.

HON. JOHN S. STANBERRY.

MR. SPEAKER: Your committee appointed to prepare suitable resolutions commemorating the life, character and public services of John S. Stanberry, deceased, a member of the Thirtieth and Thirty-first General Assemblies, beg leave to submit the following:

John S. Stanberry was born in Mercer county, Ohio, September 28th, 1846. His father was a doctor of medicine and practised in that county. In the spring of 1857 the father came to Iowa to look up a location and he was followed in the fall of that year by the

mother and three children who came that long distance in a covered wagon. After long weeks of travel they located at Vinton, in Benton county, Iowa. In May, 1858, the family moved to Clear Lake, Iowa, where the father continued his practice of medicine. In 1860 the family moved to Mason City.

John S. attended school in Clear Lake and Mason City until 1865 when he began teaching school after which he attended school for short periods between terms of teaching. In the fall of 1868 he entered the Iowa law school and remained about a year. In 1871 he began the practice of law, forming a partnership with his father. In 1872, D. T. Gibson was added to the firm. In 1874 he formed a partnership with Joseph J. Clark, which continued for about thirty years. Later, the firm was again changed to Stanberry, Hill and Eulette, and finally to Stanberry and Stanberry, the junior member of the firm being the son of John S.

Mr. Stanberry was the eldest member of the bar of Cerro Gordo county in years of service. He did not mix much in politics, but he was a member of the republican party and was justice of the peace in Mason City for six years, member of the school board for several years and was honored by being chosen as a member of the House of Representatives for two terms. Of all the offices he held, however, the one which gave him the most pleasure was the superintendency of the M. E. Sunday School, an office he filled with ability for ten years. His life was constructive and he was ever found on that side of questions which tended to better conditions for his fellow men. He was twice married; in June, 1873, to Laura Janet Ives, who died in August, 1875; in September, 1876, he married Martha A. Waldo. To them were born two children, Anna Waldo and Ralph Stanley. His second wife died March 11th, 1906.

He was one of a family of twelve children, seven boys and five girls, nine of whom are still living. The death of the father in 1874 left much of the care of the family on John S., who was one of the elder children and his help to them is gratefully remembered by the rest of the children.

Resolved, that in token of our appreciation of his well spent life, this brief sketch be spread on the Journal of the House and that the chief clerk be directed to forward engrossed copies of this to each of his children as evidence of the high regard in which he is held by this House and by the community in which he lived.

ARTHUR PICKFORD,
WM. LARRABEE, JR.,
F. R. FRY,

Committee

Adopted.

HON. F. G. COLD.

MR. SPEAKER: Your committee appointed to prepare resolutions commemorative of the life, character and public services of the Honorable John F. G. Cold, a member of the Twenty-eighth General Assembly of Iowa, beg leave to respectfully submit the following report: