

at Elmwood Academy of Boscawen and the Literary Institute of New London. For two years he was superintendent of schools in his native town.

He enlisted in Company E, 16th New Hampshire Volunteers in October, 1862, and served as corporal of his company during the term of his services.

He came to Iowa in November, 1868, and the next year settled on and improved the farm near Fontanelle where he lived for many years, and engaged again in teaching school. In 1870 he married Elizabeth H. Peet, who was a teacher in the lower grades of the Fontanelle schools.

He was instrumental in the organization of a local horticultural society, and gave considerable attention to bee culture, and for some time had quite an apiary and even took two or three colonies of bees with him when he moved to Greenfield. He was always active in the furthering of any plans proposed for the betterment of the community. He was one of the first policy holders in the Adair County Mutual Insurance Association which began business in 1888 with fifty thousand dollars risks and which has now grown to an association with over five million dollar risks. He was its president from its organization until his death, a period of 34 years. He was also a stock holder and director in the First National Bank of Fontanelle.

In 1893 he was elected to the state Senate from Adair and Madison counties, to fill the vacancy caused by the election of the former senator to congress. He was re-elected at the next election, thus serving six years as state senator.

His last years were spent in his home in Greenfield, where he moved in 1913, and much of his time was spent at the public library, where he could always find books and magazine friends to his liking which he could always enjoy.

He is survived by his wife, Elizabeth H., his son, George G., and a daughter.

He passed on without regret for the past or fear for the future.

"To him death is but the beginning of life,
Not the close but the dawn of the day;
The end of all sorrow, the end of all strife,
With earth's barriers broken away."

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved, By the Senate of the Fortieth General Assembly of Iowa, that in the death of L. M. Kilburn, the state and community where he lived have suffered the loss of an influential and honorable citizen; and

Be It Further Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the Journal of the Senate and that the secretary be directed to send an engrossed copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

ED M. SMITH.

HARRY C. WHITE,

GEO. B. PERKINS.

Senator Smith spoke in part as follows:

MR. PRESIDENT—It was not my pleasure to know Senator Kilburn intimately, in fact the first time I met him was six years ago when I made my first trip to Adair county in the beginning of the campaign which

resulted in my becoming a member of this body. He was a man well past the years usually allotted to man, living in peace and contentment in his quiet home in Greenfield. I thought it was due him to call on him as an ex-member of this body.

The brief hour that I spent in visiting with him I appreciated very much, as well as the words of counsel and advice that I received.

As the sketch just read in your hearing said, he was one of the old time school teachers and I might say he was a gentleman of the old school. He came to Adair county in 1869, when there was little more than a prairie schooner track over the prairie county. There, with his wife he settled on a farm, which has since become one of the finest stock farms in that county.

I think I might digress here and tell an instance in his political life that will reveal to you something of his character. He became a candidate for senator following the promotion of Senator Hager to congress. In those days candidates were selected by the delegate convention. At that time Adair and Madison county each had nine delegates. I am not sure whether prior to that time or not there had been any agreement of the two counties, but if there was it was disturbed somewhat by the promotion of Senator Hager.

The convention was held at the little village of Webster, in a beautiful natural grove. There on the exact line of the two counties they pitched their tents and balloted day after day until the total number of ballots ran up into thousands, nine votes for Kilburn and nine for his opponent, and the convention adjourned without reaching an agreement. In September they reconvened in Winterset and after balloting one or two days one of the Madison delegates voted for Kilburn. Let me say that before Senator Kilburn had completed his services here he was unanimously respected and liked by all.

He lived to a ripe old age, passing away a few months ago at Greenfield, where his wife and two children still live. He enjoyed the love and respect of all who knew him.

I might digress here to say that Mr. Kilburn, Mr. Hager and the delegate which changed the result of the balloting, all three passed away within a few months.

I take pleasure in paying my slight tribute to L. M. Kilburn and move the adoption of the resolution.

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

FRED G. HENIGBAUM

Fred G. Henigbaum, the son of Adolph and Elizabeth Henigbaum, was born in Albany, New York, June 10, 1864, and in the year 1875, removed with his parents to Davenport, Iowa, which place continued to be his residence until the date of his demise, September 7, 1921. He was married to Miss Laura Dean on November 4, 1897, and to this marriage was born one son, Ted, who with the widow and two brothers and two sisters survive to mourn his death.

In politics, Mr. Henigbaum was a republican, though not what some would call a hide-bound partisan. He was firm in his beliefs of the cor-