[April 3.

an honest purpose, without malice, and because he believed that he was elected by the qualified electors of the Thirty-fifth Senatorial district; that be was in no manner responsible for the careless and negligent manner in which the ballots were kept and preserved by the auditor of Dubuque county, and that he has been put to large cost by way of attorney fees and expenses, and deprived of a trial upon the merits by reason of the carelessness and negligence in the preservation of the ballots by the auditor of Dubuque county, an itemized statement of which said costs and expenses are as follows, towit:

Total...... \$695.50

That the incumbent, Phineas W. Crawford, has also been put to a large cost and expense by way of attorney fees expended herein, towit, the sum of \$200.

Your committee would therefore recommend to the Senate that there be paid to Thomas F. Nolan for expenses the sum of \$95.50, for attorney fees the sum of \$200, and that there also be paid to the incumbent, Phineas W. Crawford, for attorney fees the sum of \$200.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

O. B. COURTRIGHT, J. A. FITCHPATRICE, C. C. DOWBLL, FRED TOWNSEND, JOHN L. WILSON.

On motion of Senator Courtright, ordered referred to committee on Appropriations.

Senator Hogue, from the special committee appointed to draft resolutions on the death of Senator L. R. Bolton, late of Harrison county, submitted the following resolution and moved its adoption:

RESOLUTION.

WHEREAS, On the 29th day of June, 1901, Senator L. R. Bolter of the Thirty-fourth Senatorial district, died at his home at Logan, Iowa, be it

Resolved, That the Senate has learned with regret of the death of Senator Bolter, and that in his death the state has lost an able and high minded legislator, who at all times was a staunch and untiring advocate of the interests of the masses and his follow citizens.

As a lawyer Senator Bolter achieved an eminent position at the bar, and his deep and well founded legal knowledge made him a master of those principles of popular government, which the fathers of the country established, and which were developed by the great mind of Marshall and his associates.

As a legislator, Senator Bolter ever found guidance in the teachings of the great builders of our country, and his public career reflects the life of one, who was so ennobled and enlightened, and who from first to last retained the highest ideals.

He was a fair and honest man in all relations with his associates; his sense of right always permitted and demanded that the position of his political opponents be fairly stated.

We hereby record the recollection and deep impression which our departed associate made in this chamber on the last day of the Twentyeighth General Assembly, when he bade us and the people of this commonwealth whom he loved so well, a touching farewell, anticipating as he probably did that his days were numbered.

Be it further Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be spread on the records of the Senate, and that the President and Secretary are requested to send an authenticated copy thereof to members of his family.

E. L. HOGUE, TWOS. D. HEALY, GEO. W. BALL, Committee.

Senator Ball spoke as follows, in favor of the resolution:

MR. PRESIDENT—In seconding the resolutions upon the death of ex-Senator Bolter, I desire to read the following brief statement prepared by his life-long friend, Hon. Chas. Aldrich, and Published in the Annals, Vol. 5, page 156:

"Lemuel R. Bolter was born in Richland county, Ohio, July 27, 1834; he died at his home in Logan, Iowa, April 29, 1901, His early days were passed upon his father's farm in Ohio and later in Michigan. He attended the district and graded schools for several years, finally entering Hillside college. He received a good business education, his favorite study being After his college days he taught school for a short time, mathematics. when, in company with three other young men he started on the overland journey to California. This was in 1852. The traveling outfit consisted of a wagon and three yoke of oxen. The way was long and the journey full of peril from the elements and hostile Indians. Reaching Mokelume Hill, Calaveras county, he served the Wells-Fargo Express company awhile as a clerk at \$300 per month, but left that work to try his hand at mining. The results not meeting his expectations, he returned to the town where he worked two years as a clerk in a store. He returned to Michigan in 1854, where he taught school and studied law. He removed to Iowa in 1863, having in the meantime married Miss Caroline J. Rinehart. He settled upon a farm in Jefferson township, Harrison county, where for some years he devoted his time to farming and the practice of law. He was admitted to the bar in the court of Judge Isaac Pendleton, in 1866, in which year he was elected to the Iowa house of representatives. As a legislator he secured,

981