

House Concurrent Resolution 5 - Introduced

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 5
BY COMMITTEE ON ADMINISTRATION AND RULES
(SUCCESSOR TO HSB 102)

1 A Concurrent Resolution relating to joint rules of
2 the Senate and House of Representatives for the
3 Ninety-first General Assembly.

4 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
5 THE SENATE CONCURRING, That the joint rules of the
6 Senate and House of Representatives for the ~~Ninetieth~~
7 Ninety-first General Assembly shall be:

8 JOINT RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE

9 Rule 1

10 Suspension of Joint Rules

11 The joint rules of the general assembly may be
12 suspended by concurrent resolution, duly adopted by a
13 constitutional majority of the senate and the house.

14 Rule 2

15 Designation of Sessions

16 Each regular session of a general assembly shall be
17 designated by the year in which such regular session
18 commences.

19 Rule 3

20 Sessions of a General Assembly

21 The election of officers, organization, hiring and
22 compensation of employees, and standing committees in
23 each ~~house~~ chamber of the general assembly and action
24 taken by each ~~house~~ chamber shall carry over from
25 the first to the second regular session and to any
26 extraordinary session of the same general assembly.
27 The status of each bill and resolution shall be the

1 same at the beginning of each second session as it was
2 immediately before adjournment of the previous regular
3 or extraordinary session; however the rules of either
4 house chamber may provide for re-referral of some or
5 all bills and resolutions to standing committees upon
6 adjournment of each session or at the beginning of
7 a subsequent regular or extraordinary session, except
8 those which have been adopted by both houses chambers
9 in different forms.

10 Upon final adoption of a concurrent resolution at
11 any extraordinary session affecting that session, or at
12 a regular session affecting any extraordinary session
13 which may be held before the next regular session,
14 the creation of any calendar by either house chamber
15 shall be suspended and the business of the session
16 shall consist solely of those bills or subject matters
17 stated in the resolution adopted. Bills named in
18 the resolution, or bills containing the subject matter
19 provided for in the resolution, may, at any time, be
20 called up for debate in either house chamber by the
21 majority leader of that house chamber.

22

Rule 3A

23

International Relations Protocol

24 The senate and the house of representatives shall
25 comply with the international relations protocol policy
26 adopted by the international relations committee of the
27 legislative council.

28

Rule 4

29

Presentation of Messages

30 All messages between the two houses chambers shall

1 be sent and accepted, as soon as practicable, by
2 the secretary of the senate and the chief clerk of
3 the house of representatives. The messages shall be
4 communicated to and received by the presiding officer
5 of the other house chamber at the earliest appropriate
6 time when that house chamber is in session.

7 Rule 5

8 Printing and Form of Bills and Other Documents

9 Bills and joint resolutions shall be introduced,
10 numbered, prepared, and printed as provided by law, or
11 in the absence of such law, in a manner determined
12 by the secretary of the senate and the chief
13 clerk of the house of representatives. Proposed
14 bills and resolutions which are not introduced but
15 are referred to committee shall be tracked in the
16 legislative computer system as are introduced bills
17 and resolutions. The referral of proposed bills
18 and resolutions to committee shall be entered in the
19 journal.

20 All bills and joint resolutions introduced shall be
21 in a form and number approved by the secretary of the
22 senate and chief clerk of the house.

23 ~~The legal counsel's office of each house shall~~
24 ~~approve all bills before introduction.~~

25 Rule 6

26 Companion Bills

27 Identical bills introduced in one or both houses
28 chambers shall be called companion bills. Each house
29 chamber shall designate the sponsor in the usual way
30 followed in parentheses by the sponsor of any companion

1 bill or bills in the other house chamber. The house
2 chamber where a companion bill is first introduced
3 shall print the complete text.

4

Rule 7

5

Reprinting of Bills

6 Whenever any bill has been substantially amended
7 by either house chamber, the secretary of the senate
8 or the chief clerk of the house shall order the bill
9 reprinted on paper of a different color. All adopted
10 amendments shall be distinguishable.

11 The secretary of the senate or the chief clerk
12 of the house may order the printing of a reasonable
13 number of additional copies of any bill, resolution,
14 amendment, or journal.

15

Rule 8

16

Daily Clip Sheet

17 The secretary of the senate and the chief clerk of
18 the house shall prepare a daily clip sheet covering all
19 amendments filed.

20

Rule 9

21

Reintroduction of Bills and Other Measures

22 A bill or resolution which has passed one house
23 chamber and is rejected in the other shall not be
24 introduced again during that general assembly.

25

Rule 10

26

Certification of Bills and Other Enrollments

27 When any bill or resolution which has passed one
28 house chamber is rejected or adopted in the other,
29 notice of such action and the date thereof shall be
30 given to the house chamber of origin in writing signed

1 by the secretary of the senate or the chief clerk of
2 the house.

3

Rule 11

4

Code Editor's Correction Bills

5 A bill recommended by the Code editor which is
6 passed out of committee to the floor for debate by a
7 committee of the house or senate and which contains
8 Code corrections of a nonsubstantive nature shall not
9 be amended on the floor of either ~~house~~ chamber except
10 pursuant to corrective or nonsubstantive amendments
11 filed by the judiciary committee of the senate or
12 the house. Such committee amendments, whether filed
13 at the time of initial committee passage of the bill
14 to the floor for debate or after rereferral to the
15 committee, shall not be incorporated into the bill
16 in the originating ~~house~~ chamber but shall be filed
17 separately. Amendments filed from the floor to strike
18 sections of the bill or the committee amendments shall
19 be in order. Following amendment and passage by the
20 second ~~house~~ chamber, only amendments filed from the
21 floor which strike sections of the amendment of the
22 second ~~house~~ chamber shall be in order.

23 A bill recommended by the Code editor which is
24 passed out of committee to the floor for debate by a
25 committee of the house or senate and which contains
26 Code corrections beyond those of a nonsubstantive
27 nature shall not be amended on the floor of either
28 ~~house~~ chamber except pursuant to amendments filed by
29 the judiciary committee of the senate or the house.
30 Such committee amendments, whether filed at the time of

1 initial committee passage of the bill to the floor for
2 debate or after rereferral to the committee, shall not
3 be incorporated into the bill in the originating ~~house~~
4 chamber but shall be filed separately. Such a bill
5 shall be limited to corrections which: Adjust language
6 to reflect current practices, insert earlier omissions,
7 delete redundancies and inaccuracies, delete temporary
8 language, resolve inconsistencies and conflicts, update
9 ongoing provisions, and remove ambiguities. Amendments
10 filed from the floor to strike sections of the bill or
11 the committee amendments shall be in order. Following
12 amendment and passage by the second ~~house~~ chamber, only
13 amendments filed from the floor which strike sections
14 of the amendment of the second ~~house~~ chamber shall be
15 in order.

16 It is the intent of the house and the senate that
17 such bills be passed out of committee to the floor for
18 debate within the first four weeks of convening of a
19 legislative session.

20

Rule 12

21

Amendments by Other ~~House~~ Chamber

22 1. When a bill which originated in one ~~house~~
23 chamber is amended in the other ~~house~~ chamber, the
24 ~~house~~ chamber originating the bill may amend the
25 amendment, concur in full in the amendment, or refuse
26 to concur in full in the amendment. Precedence of
27 motions shall be in that order. The amendment of the
28 other ~~house~~ chamber shall not be ruled out of order
29 based on a question of germaneness. An amendment
30 of one chamber to an amendment adopted in the other

1 chamber is an amendment only in the first degree.

2 a. If the house chamber originating the bill
3 concurs in the amendment, the bill shall then be
4 immediately placed upon its final passage.

5 b. If the house chamber originating the bill
6 refuses to concur in the amendment, the bill shall
7 be returned to the amending house chamber which shall
8 either:

9 (1) Recede, after which the bill shall be read for
10 the last time and immediately placed upon its final
11 passage; or

12 (2) Insist, which will send the bill to a
13 conference committee.

14 c. If the house chamber originating the bill amends
15 the amendment, that house chamber shall concur in the
16 amendment as amended and the bill shall be immediately
17 placed on final passage, and shall be returned to the
18 other house chamber. The other house chamber cannot
19 further amend the bill.

20 (1) If the amending house chamber which gave second
21 consideration to the bill concurs in the amendment
22 to the amendment, the bill shall then be immediately
23 placed upon its final passage.

24 (2) If the amending house chamber refuses to concur
25 in the amendment to the amendment, the bill shall be
26 returned to the house chamber originating the bill
27 which shall either:

28 (a) Recede, after which the bill shall be read for
29 the last time as amended and immediately placed upon
30 its final passage; or

1 (b) Insist, which will send the bill to a
2 conference committee.

3 2. A motion to recede has precedence over a motion
4 to insist. Failure to recede means to insist; and
5 failure to insist means to recede.

6 3. A motion to lay on the table or to indefinitely
7 postpone shall be out of order with respect to motions
8 to recede from or insist upon and to amendments to
9 bills which have passed both ~~houses~~ chambers.

10 4. A motion to concur, refuse to concur, recede,
11 insist, or adopt a conference committee report is in
12 order even though the subject matter has previously
13 been acted upon.

14 Rule 13

15 Conference Committee

16 1. Within one legislative day after either ~~house~~
17 chamber insists upon an amendment to a bill,
18 the ~~presiding officer~~ speaker of the house, after
19 consultation with the majority leader, shall appoint
20 three majority party members and, after consultation
21 with the minority leader, shall appoint two minority
22 party members to a conference committee. The majority
23 leader of the senate, after consultation with the
24 president, shall appoint three majority party members
25 and, after consultation with and approval by the
26 minority leader, shall appoint two minority party
27 members to a conference committee. The papers shall
28 remain with the ~~house~~ chamber that originated the bill.

29 2. The conference committee shall meet before
30 the end of the next legislative day after their

1 appointment, shall select a chair and shall discuss the
2 controversy.

3 3. The authority of the first conference committee
4 shall cover only issues related to provisions of the
5 bill and amendments to the bill which were adopted
6 by either the senate or the house of representatives
7 and on which the senate and house of representatives
8 differed. If a conference committee report is not
9 acted upon because such action would violate this
10 subsection of this rule, the inaction on the report
11 shall constitute refusal to adopt the conference
12 committee report and shall have the same effect as if
13 the conference committee had disagreed.

14 4. An agreement on recommendations must be approved
15 by a majority of the committee members from each ~~house~~
16 chamber. The committee shall submit two originals
17 of the report signed by a majority of the committee
18 members of each ~~house~~ chamber with one signed original
19 and three copies to be submitted to each ~~house~~ chamber.
20 The report shall first be acted upon in the ~~house~~
21 chamber originating the bill. Such action, including
22 all papers, shall be immediately referred by the
23 secretary of the senate or the chief clerk of the house
24 of representatives to the other ~~house~~ chamber.

25 5. The report of agreement is debatable, but cannot
26 be amended. If the report contains recommended
27 amendments to the bill, adoption of the report shall
28 automatically adopt all amendments contained therein.
29 After the report is adopted, there shall be no more
30 debate, and the bill shall immediately be placed upon

1 its final passage.

2 6. Refusal of either house chamber to adopt the
3 conference committee report has the same effect as if
4 the committee had disagreed.

5 7. If the conference committee fails to reach
6 agreement, a report of such failure signed by a
7 majority of the committee members of each house chamber
8 shall be given promptly to each house chamber. The
9 bill shall be returned to the house chamber that
10 originated the bill, the members of the committee
11 shall be immediately discharged, and a new conference
12 committee appointed in the same manner as the first
13 conference committee.

14 8. The authority of a second or subsequent
15 conference committee shall cover free conference during
16 which the committee has authority to propose amendments
17 to any portion of a bill provided the amendment is
18 within the subject matter content of the bill as passed
19 by the house chamber of origin or as amended by the
20 second house chamber.

21 Rule 14

22 Enrollment and Authentication of Bills

23 A bill or resolution which has passed both houses
24 chambers shall be enrolled in the house chamber of
25 origin under the direction of either the secretary
26 of the senate or the chief clerk of the house and
27 its house chamber of origin shall be certified by the
28 endorsement of the secretary of the senate or the chief
29 clerk of the house.

30 After enrollment, each bill shall be signed by the

1 president of the senate and by the speaker of the
2 house.

3

Rule 15

4

Concerning Other Enrollments

5 All resolutions and other matters which are to
6 be presented to the governor for approval shall be
7 enrolled, signed, and presented in the same manner as
8 bills.

9 All resolutions and other matters which are not to
10 be presented to the governor or the secretary of state
11 shall be enrolled, signed, and retained permanently
12 by the secretary of the senate or chief clerk of the
13 house.

14

Rule 16

15

Transmission of Bills to the Governor

16 After a bill has been signed in each house chamber,
17 it shall be presented by the house chamber of origin
18 to the governor by either the secretary of the senate
19 or the chief clerk of the house. The secretary or the
20 chief clerk shall report the date of the presentation,
21 which shall be entered upon the journal of the house
22 chamber of origin.

23

Rule 17

24

Fiscal Notes

25 A fiscal note shall be attached to any bill or
26 joint resolution which reasonably could have an annual
27 effect of at least one five hundred thousand dollars
28 or a combined total effect within five years after
29 enactment of two million five hundred thousand dollars
30 or more on the aggregate revenues, expenditures, or

1 fiscal liability of the state or its subdivisions.
2 This rule does not apply to appropriation and ways
3 and means measures where the total effect is stated in
4 dollar amounts.

5 Each fiscal note shall state in dollars the
6 estimated effect of the bill on the revenues,
7 expenditures, and fiscal liability of the state or
8 its subdivisions during the first five years after
9 enactment. The information shall specifically note
10 the fiscal impact for the first two years following
11 enactment and the anticipated impact for the succeeding
12 three years. The fiscal note shall specify the source
13 of the information. Sources of funds for expenditures
14 under the bill shall be stated, including federal
15 funds. If an accurate estimate cannot be made, the
16 fiscal note shall state the best available estimate or
17 shall state that no dollar estimate can be made and
18 state concisely the reason.

19 The preliminary determination of whether the bill
20 appears to require a fiscal note shall be made by
21 the legal services staff of the legislative services
22 agency. Unless the requestor specifies the request is
23 to be confidential, upon completion of the bill draft,
24 the legal services staff shall immediately send a copy
25 to the fiscal services director for review.

26 When a committee reports a bill to the floor, the
27 committee shall state in the report whether a fiscal
28 note is or is not required.

29 The fiscal services director or the director's
30 designee shall review all bills placed on the senate

1 or house calendars to determine whether the bills are
2 subject to this rule.

3 Additionally, a legislator may request the
4 preparation of a fiscal note by the fiscal services
5 staff for any bill or joint resolution introduced which
6 reasonably could be subject to this rule.

7 The fiscal services director or the director's
8 designee shall cause to be prepared and shall approve
9 a fiscal note within a reasonable time after receiving
10 a request or determining that a bill is subject to
11 this rule. All fiscal notes approved by the fiscal
12 services director shall be transmitted immediately to
13 the secretary of the senate or the chief clerk of the
14 house, after notifying the sponsor of the bill that a
15 fiscal note has been prepared, for publication in the
16 daily clip sheet. The secretary of the senate or chief
17 clerk of the house shall attach the fiscal note to the
18 bill as soon as it is available.

19 The fiscal services director may request the
20 cooperation of any state department or agency in
21 preparing a fiscal note.

22 A revised fiscal note may be requested by a
23 legislator if the fiscal effect of the bill has been
24 changed by adoption of an amendment. However, a
25 request for a revised fiscal note shall not delay
26 action on a bill unless so ordered by the presiding
27 officer of the ~~house~~ chamber in which the bill is under
28 consideration.

29 If a date for adjournment has been set, then a
30 constitutional majority of the ~~house~~ chamber in which

1 the bill is under consideration may waive the fiscal
2 note requirement during the three days prior to the
3 date set for adjournment.

4

Rule 18

5

Legislative Interns Reserved

6 ~~Legislators may arrange student internships during~~
7 ~~the legislative session with Iowa college, university,~~
8 ~~or law school students, for which the students may~~
9 ~~receive college credit at the discretion of their~~
10 ~~schools. Each legislator is allowed only one intern~~
11 ~~at a time per legislative session, and all interns must~~
12 ~~be registered with the offices of the secretary of the~~
13 ~~senate and the chief clerk of the house.~~

14 ~~The purpose of the legislative intern program shall~~
15 ~~be: to provide useful staff services to legislators~~
16 ~~not otherwise provided by the general assembly; to give~~
17 ~~interested college, graduate, and law school students~~
18 ~~practical experience in the legislative process as well~~
19 ~~as providing a meaningful educational experience; and~~
20 ~~to enrich the curriculum of participating colleges and~~
21 ~~universities.~~

22 ~~The secretary of the senate and the chief clerk of~~
23 ~~the house or their designees shall have the following~~
24 ~~responsibilities as regards the legislative intern~~
25 ~~program:~~

26 ~~1. Identify a supervising faculty member at each~~
27 ~~participating institution who shall be responsible~~
28 ~~for authorizing students to participate in the intern~~
29 ~~program.~~

30 ~~2. Provide legislators with a list of participating~~

1 ~~institutions and the names of supervising professors to~~
2 ~~contact if interested in arranging for an intern.~~

3 ~~3. Provide interns with name badges which will~~
4 ~~allow them access to the floor of either house when~~
5 ~~required to be present by the legislators for whom they~~
6 ~~work.~~

7 ~~4. Provide orientation materials to interns prior~~
8 ~~to the convening of each session.~~

9

Rule 19

10 Administrative Rules Review Committee Bills and Rule
11 Referrals

12 A bill which relates to departmental rules and
13 which is approved by the administrative rules review
14 committee by a majority of the committee's members
15 of each house chamber is eligible for introduction
16 in either house chamber at any time and must be
17 referred to a standing committee, which must take
18 action on the bill within three weeks of referral,
19 except bills referred to appropriations and ways and
20 means committees.

21 ~~If, on or after July 1, 1999,~~ the administrative
22 rules review committee delays the effective date of a
23 rule until the adjournment of the next regular session
24 of the general assembly and the speaker of the house
25 or the president of the senate refers the rule to a
26 standing committee, the standing committee shall review
27 the rule within twenty-one days of the referral and
28 shall take formal committee action by sponsoring a
29 joint resolution to disapprove the rule, by proposing
30 legislation relating to the rule, or by refusing to

1 propose a joint resolution or legislation concerning
2 the rule. The standing committee shall inform the
3 administrative rules review committee of the committee
4 action taken concerning the rule.

5 Rule 20

6 Time of Committee Passage and Consideration of Bills

7 1. This rule does not apply to concurrent or
8 simple resolutions, joint resolutions nullifying
9 administrative rules, senate confirmations, bills
10 embodying redistricting plans prepared by the
11 legislative services agency pursuant to chapter 42,
12 or bills passed by both ~~houses~~ chambers in different
13 forms. Subsection 2 of this rule does not apply to
14 appropriations bills, ways and means bills, government
15 oversight bills, legalizing acts, administrative rules
16 review committee bills, bills sponsored by standing
17 committees in response to a referral from the president
18 of the senate or the speaker of the house of
19 representatives relating to an administrative rule
20 whose effective date has been delayed or whose
21 applicability has been suspended until the adjournment
22 of the next regular session of the general assembly
23 by the administrative rules review committee, bills
24 cosponsored by majority and minority floor leaders of
25 one ~~house~~ chamber, bills in conference committee, and
26 companion bills sponsored by the majority floor leaders
27 of both ~~houses~~ chambers after consultation with the
28 respective minority floor leaders. For the purposes
29 of this rule, a joint resolution is considered as a
30 bill. To be considered an appropriations, ways and

1 means, or government oversight bill for the purposes of
2 this rule, the appropriations committee, the ways and
3 means committee, or the government oversight committee
4 must either be the sponsor of the bill or the committee
5 of first referral in the originating house chamber.

6 2. To be placed on the calendar in the house
7 chamber of origin, a bill must be first reported out
8 of a standing committee by Friday of the 8th week
9 of the first session and the 6th week of the second
10 session. To be placed on the calendar in the other
11 house chamber, a bill must be first reported out of a
12 standing committee by Friday of the 12th week of the
13 first session and the 10th week of the second session.

14 3. During the 10th week of the first session and
15 the 7th week of the second session, each house chamber
16 shall consider only bills originating in that house
17 chamber and unfinished business. During the 13th week
18 of the first session and the 11th week of the second
19 session, each house chamber shall consider only bills
20 originating in the other house chamber and unfinished
21 business. Beginning with the 14th week of the first
22 session and the 12th week of the second session, each
23 house chamber shall consider only bills passed by both
24 houses chambers, bills exempt from subsection 2, and
25 unfinished business.

26 4. A motion to reconsider filed and not disposed of
27 on an action taken on a bill or resolution which is
28 subject to a deadline under this rule may be called up
29 at any time before or after the day of the deadline
30 by the person filing the motion or after the deadline

1 by the majority floor leader, notwithstanding any other
2 rule to the contrary.

3

Rule 21

4

Resolutions

5 1. A "concurrent resolution" is a resolution to
6 be adopted by both ~~houses~~ chambers of the general
7 assembly which expresses the sentiment of the general
8 assembly or deals with temporary legislative matters.
9 It may authorize the expenditure, for any legislative
10 purpose, of funds appropriated to the general assembly.
11 A concurrent resolution is not limited to, but may
12 provide for a joint convention of the general assembly,
13 adjournment or recess of the general assembly, or
14 requests to a state agency or to the general assembly
15 or a committee. A concurrent resolution requires the
16 affirmative vote of a majority of the senators or
17 representatives present and voting unless otherwise
18 specified by statute. A concurrent resolution does
19 not require the governor's approval unless otherwise
20 specified by statute. A concurrent resolution shall
21 be filed with the secretary of the senate or the chief
22 clerk of the house. A concurrent resolution shall be
23 printed in the bound journal after its adoption.

24 2. A "joint resolution" is a resolution which
25 requires for approval the affirmative vote of a
26 constitutional majority of each ~~house~~ chamber of
27 the general assembly. A joint resolution which
28 appropriates funds or enacts temporary laws must
29 contain the clause "Be It Enacted by the General
30 Assembly of the State of Iowa:", is equivalent to

1 a bill, and must be transmitted to the governor for
2 approval. A joint resolution which proposes amendments
3 to the Constitution of the State of Iowa, ratifies
4 amendments to the Constitution of the United States,
5 proposes a request to Congress or an agency of the
6 government of the United States of America, proposes to
7 Congress an amendment to the Constitution of the United
8 States of America, nullifies an administrative rule, or
9 creates a special commission or committee must contain
10 the clause "Be It Resolved by the General Assembly of
11 the State of Iowa:" and shall not be transmitted to the
12 governor. A joint resolution shall not amend a statute
13 in the Code of Iowa.

14 Rule 22

15 Nullification Resolutions

16 A "nullification resolution" is a joint resolution
17 which nullifies all of an administrative rule, or
18 a severable item of an administrative rule adopted
19 pursuant to chapter 17A of the Code. A nullification
20 resolution shall not amend an administrative rule by
21 adding language or by inserting new language in lieu of
22 existing language.

23 A nullification resolution is debatable, but cannot
24 be amended on the floor of the house or senate. The
25 effective date of a nullification resolution shall
26 be stated in the resolution. Any motions filed to
27 reconsider adoption of a nullification resolution must
28 be disposed of within one legislative day of the
29 filing.

30 Rule 23

1 under senate rule 24 or house rule 73.

2 7. The secretary of the senate or the chief clerk
3 of the house shall immediately notify the other ~~house~~
4 chamber of the adoption or rejection of a motion to
5 override an executive veto or item veto.

6 8. All bills and appropriations items on the veto
7 calendar shall be disposed of before adjournment sine
8 die, unless the ~~house~~ chamber having a bill or
9 appropriation item before it declines to do so by
10 unanimous consent.

11 9. Bills and appropriations items on the veto
12 calendar are exempt from deadlines imposed by joint
13 rule 20.

14 Rule 24

15 Special Rules Regarding Redistricting

16 1. If, pursuant to chapter 42, either the senate
17 or the house of representatives rejects a redistricting
18 plan submitted by the legislative services agency,
19 the ~~house~~ chamber rejecting the plan shall convey
20 the reasons for the rejection of the plan to the
21 legislative services agency by resolution.

22 2. If, pursuant to chapter 42, the legislative
23 services agency submits a third redistricting plan
24 as provided by law, the senate and the house of
25 representatives, when considering a bill embodying the
26 third plan, shall be allowed to accept for filing as
27 amendments only such amendments which constitute the
28 total text of a congressional plan without striking
29 a legislative redistricting plan, the total text of
30 a legislative redistricting plan without striking a

1 congressional plan, or the combined total text of
2 a congressional plan and a legislative redistricting
3 plan, and nonsubstantive, technical corrections to the
4 text of any such bills or amendments.

5

Rule 25

6

Demonstrations

7 In order to ensure the health and safety of elected
8 officials, employees, the public, and lobbyists,
9 demonstrations are not permitted anywhere on the
10 second floor, third floor, or either chamber of the
11 Capitol. For purposes of this rule, "demonstration"
12 includes the posting, wearing, or carrying of signage,
13 setting up of tables or booths, chanting, rallies,
14 ~~or~~ marches, or engaging in "public disorder" as
15 prohibited in chapter 723 including rioting, unlawful
16 assembly, failure to disperse, and disorderly conduct.
17 "Demonstration" shall not include the distribution of
18 materials directly to an elected official or employee
19 of the legislature or the wearing of clothing or
20 buttons that contain political statements or messages.