## Senate Study Bill 1188 - Introduced

SENATE FILE \_\_\_\_\_

BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY BILL BY CHAIRPERSON ZAUN)

## A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act providing for business organizations, including limited
- 2 liability companies, providing penalties, and including
- 3 effective date provisions.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

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1 DIVISION I 2 LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES 3 Section 1. Section 489.101, Code 2023, is amended to read 4 as follows: 489.101 Short title. 5 1. This chapter may be cited as the "Revised Uniform 6 7 "Uniform Limited Liability Company Act". 8 2. In addition, article 14 subchapter XIV of this chapter 9 may be cited as provided in section 489.14101. 10 Sec. 2. Section 489.102, Code 2023, is amended to read as 11 follows: 12 489.102 Definitions. 13 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise 14 requires: 1. "Certificate of organization" means the certificate 15 16 required by section 489.201. The term includes the certificate 17 as amended or restated. 2. *Contribution* means any benefit provided by a person to 18 19 a limited liability company that is any of the following: a. In order to become a member upon formation of the company 20 21 and in accordance with an agreement between or among the 22 persons that have agreed to become the initial members of the 23 company. 24 b. In order to become a member after formation of the 25 company and in accordance with an agreement between the person 26 and the company. c. In the person's capacity as a member and in accordance 27 28 with the operating agreement or an agreement between the member 29 and the company. 2. "Contribution", except in the phrase "right of 30 31 contribution", means property or a benefit described in section 32 489.402 which is provided by a person to a limited liability 33 company to become a member or in the person's capacity as a 34 member. "Debtor in bankruptcy" means a person that is the subject 35 3.

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1 of any of the following:

2 a. An order for relief under Tit. 11 of the United States
3 Code or a <u>comparable order under a</u> successor statute of general
4 application.

5 b. A comparable order under federal, state, or foreign law 6 governing insolvency.

7 4. "Deliver" or "delivery" means any method of delivery
8 used in conventional commercial practice, including delivery in
9 person, by <u>hand</u>, mail, commercial delivery, and <u>if authorized</u>
10 <u>in accordance with section 489.120</u>, by electronic transmission.

11 5. "Distribution", except as otherwise provided in section 12 489.405, subsection 6, means a transfer of money or other 13 property from a limited liability company to another <u>a</u> person 14 on account of a transferable interest <u>or in the person's</u> 15 capacity as a member.

16 *a. Distribution* includes all of the following:

17 (1) A redemption or other purchase by a limited liability 18 company of a transferable interest.

19 (2) A transfer to a member in return for the member's 20 relinquishment of any right to participate as a member in 21 the management or conduct of the limited liability company's 22 activities and affairs or to have access to records or other 23 information concerning the company's activities and affairs. 24 <u>b. Distribution</u> does not include amounts constituting 25 reasonable compensation for present or past service or payments 26 made in the ordinary course of business under a bona fide

27 retirement plan or other bona fide benefits program.

6. "Domestic cooperative" means an entity organized on a cooperative basis under chapter 497, 498, or 499, a cooperative organized under chapter 499A, or a cooperative organized under chapter 501 or 501A.

32 7. *Effective*, with respect to a record required or 33 permitted to be delivered to the secretary of state for filing 34 under this chapter, means effective under section 489.205, 35 subsection 3.

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7. "Electronic" means relating to technology having 1 2 electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, 3 electromagnetic, or similar capabilities. "Electronic transmission" or "electronically transmitted" 4 8. 5 means any form or process of communication not directly 6 involving the physical transfer of paper that is suitable for 7 the retention, retrieval, and reproduction of information by 8 the recipient. or another tangible medium that is all of the 9 following: a. Suitable for the retention, retrieval, and reproduction 10 ll of information by the recipient. 12 b. Retrievable in paper form by the recipient through an 13 automated process used in conventional commercial practice, 14 unless otherwise authorized in accordance with subsection 15. 9. "Filing entity" means an unincorporated entity, other 15 16 than a limited liability partnership, that is of a type that 17 is created by filing a public organic record or is required to 18 file a public organic record that evidences its creation. *"Foreign limited liability company"* means an 19 <del>9.</del> 10. 20 unincorporated entity formed under the law of a jurisdiction 21 other than this state and denominated by that law as a limited 22 liability company which would be a limited liability company if 23 formed under the law of this state. 24 11. "Jurisdiction", used to refer to a political entity, 25 means the United States, a state, a foreign county, or a 26 political subdivision of a foreign country. 12. "Jurisdiction of formation" means the jurisdiction whose 27 28 law governs the internal affairs of an entity. 10. 13. "Limited liability company", except in the phrase 29 30 *``foreign limited liability company"*, and in subchapter X means 31 an entity formed under this chapter or which becomes subject to 32 this chapter under subchapter X or section 489.110. 11. 14. "Manager" means a person that under the operating 33 34 agreement of a manager-managed limited liability company is 35 responsible, alone or in concert with others, for performing

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1 the management functions stated in section 489.407, subsection
2 3.

3 12. 15. "Manager-managed limited liability company" means a 4 limited liability company that qualifies under section 489.407, 5 subsection 1.

6 13. 16. "Member" means a person that has become a member 7 of a limited liability company under section 489.401 and has 8 not dissociated under section 489.602. for whom all of the 9 following are true:

10 a. The person has become a member of a limited liability 11 company under section 489.401 or was a member in a limited 12 liability company when the company became subject to this

13 chapter under section 489.110.

14 b. The person is not dissociated under section 489.602.

15 14. <u>17.</u> "Member-managed limited liability company" means a 16 limited liability company that is not a manager-managed limited 17 liability company.

18 <u>18. "Nonfiling entity" means an unincorporated entity that</u>
19 <u>is of a type that is not created by filing a public organic</u>
20 record.

21 15. 19. "Operating agreement" means the agreement, whether 22 or not referred to as an operating agreement and whether oral, 23 <u>implied</u>, in a record, <del>implied</del>, or in any combination thereof, 24 of all the members of a limited liability company, including 25 a sole member, concerning the matters described in section 26 489.110, subsection 1. The term includes the agreement as 27 amended or restated.

28 <del>16.</del> <u>20.</u> "Organizer" means a person that acts under section 29 489.201 to form a limited liability company.

30 17. <u>21. a.</u> "Person" means an individual, <u>business</u> 31 corporation, <del>business trust, estate, trust,</del> <u>nonprofit</u> 32 <u>corporation</u>, partnership, <u>limited partnership</u>, limited 33 liability company, <u>domestic cooperative</u>, <u>unincorporated</u> 34 <u>nonprofit</u> association, <u>statutory trust</u>, <u>business trust</u>, 35 common-law business trust, estate, trust, association, joint

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1 venture, public corporation, government or governmental 2 subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or 3 commercial entity. b. "Person" includes a protected series, however 4 5 denominated, of an entity if the protected series is 6 established under law that limits, or limits if conditions 7 specified under law are satisfied, the ability of a creditor 8 of the entity or of any other protected series of the entity to 9 satisfy a claim from assets of the protected series. 18. 22. "Principal office" means the principal executive 10 11 office of a limited liability company or foreign limited 12 liability company, whether or not the office is located in this 13 state. 23. "Property" means all property, whether real, personal, 14 15 or mixed or tangible or intangible, or any right or interest 16 therein. 19. 24. "Record", used as a noun, means information that 17 18 is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an 19 electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable 20 form. 20. "Registered office" means the office that a limited 21 22 liability company or foreign limited liability company is 23 required to designate and maintain under section 489.113. 24 25. "Registered agent" means an agent of a limited 25 liability company or foreign limited liability company which is 26 authorized to receive service of any process, notice, or demand 27 required or permitted by law to be served on the company. 26. "Registered foreign limited liability company" means 28 29 a foreign limited liability company that is registered to do 30 business in this state pursuant to a statement of registration 31 filed by the secretary of state. 21. 27. "Sign" means, with the present intent to 32 33 authenticate or adopt a record, to do any of the following: 34 a. Execute or adopt a tangible symbol. b. Attach to or logically associate with the record an 35 LSB 1051XC (18) 90

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1 electronic symbol, sound, or process.

22. 28. "State" means a state of the United States, the 2 3 District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin 4 Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the 5 jurisdiction of the United States. 23. 29. "Transfer" includes an assignment, conveyance, 6 7 deed, bill of sale, lease, mortgage, security interest, 8 encumbrance, gift, or transfer by operation of law. any of the 9 following: a. An assignment. 10 11 b. A conveyance. 12 c. A sale. 13 d. A lease. e. An encumbrance, including a mortgage or security 14 15 interest. f. A gift. 16 g. A transfer by operation of law. 17 24. 30. a. "Transferable interest" means the right, as 18 19 originally associated with initially owned by a person in the 20 person's capacity as a member, to receive distributions from 21 a limited liability company, in accordance with the operating 22 agreement, whether or not the person remains a member or 23 continues to own any part of the right. 24 b. "Transferable interest" applies to any fraction of the 25 interest, by whomever owned. 25. 31. a. "Transferee" means a person to which all or 26 27 part of a transferable interest has been transferred, whether 28 or not the transferor is a member. b. "Transferee" includes a person that owns a transferable 29 30 interest under section 489.603, subsection 1, paragraph c''. Sec. 3. Section 489.103, Code 2023, is amended to read as 31 32 follows: 489.103 Knowledge — notice. 33 1. A person knows a fact when if the person has or is any 34 35 of the following:

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1 a. Has actual knowledge of it. 2 b. Is deemed to know it under subsection 4, paragraph "a", 3 or law other than this chapter. 4 2. A person has notice of a fact when if the person has or 5 is any of the following: Has reason to know the fact from all of the facts known 6 a. 7 to the person at the time in question. 8 b. Is deemed to have notice of the fact under subsection 4, 9 paragraph "b". 3. A Subject to section 489.210, subsection 6, a person 10 11 notifies another person of a fact by taking steps reasonably 12 required to inform the other person in ordinary course, whether 13 or not those steps cause the other person knows to know the 14 fact. 15 4. A person that is not a member is deemed both all of the 16 following: To know of a limitation on authority to transfer real 17 a. 18 property as provided in section 489.302, subsection 7. b. 19 To have notice of all of the following regarding a 20 limited liability company's: (1) Dissolution, The limited liability company's 21 22 dissolution, ninety days after a statement of dissolution under 23 section 489.702, subsection 2, paragraph "b", subparagraph (1), 24 becomes effective. 25 (2) Termination, The limited liability company's 26 termination, ninety days after a statement of termination under 27 section 489.702, subsection 2, paragraph b'', subparagraph (6), 28 becomes effective. 29 (3) Merger, The limited liability company's participation 30 in a merger, interest exchange, conversion, or domestication, 31 ninety days after articles of merger, interest exchange, 32 conversion, or domestication under article 10 subchapter X 33 become effective. 34 Section 489.104, Code 2023, is amended to read as Sec. 4. 35 follows:

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1 489.104 Nature, purpose, and duration of limited liability 2 company.

3 l. A limited liability company is an entity distinct from4 its member or members.

5 2. A limited liability company may have any lawful purpose, 6 regardless of whether for profit.

3. A limited liability company has perpetual duration.
8 Sec. 5. Section 489.105, Code 2023, is amended to read as
9 follows:

10 **489.105** Powers.

11 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, a limited 12 liability company has the capacity to sue and be sued in its 13 own name and the power to do all things necessary or convenient 14 to carry on its activities and affairs.

15 2. Until a limited liability company has or has had at 16 least one member, the <u>limited liability</u> company lacks the 17 capacity to do any act or carry on any activity except all of 18 the following:

19 a. Delivering to the secretary of state for filing a 20 statement of change under section 489.114, an amendment to the 21 certificate under section 489.202, a statement of correction 22 under section 489.206, a biennial report under section 489.209, 23 a statement of withdrawal or a statement of rescission under 24 section 489.701A, or a statement of termination under section 25 489.702, subsection 2, paragraph b'', subparagraph (6).

26 b. Admitting a member under section 489.401.

27 c. Dissolving under section 489.701.

3. A limited liability company that has or has had at least one member may ratify an act or activity that occurred when the company lacked capacity under subsection 2.

31 Sec. 6. Section 489.106, Code 2023, is amended to read as 32 follows:

33 **489.106** Governing law.

34 The law of this state governs all of the following:

35 1. The internal affairs of a limited liability company.

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1 2. The liability of a member as member and a manager as 2 manager for the debts, obligations, a debt, obligation, or 3 other liabilities liability of a limited liability company. 4 Sec. 7. Section 489.108, Code 2023, is amended to read as 5 follows: 6 489.108 Name Permitted names. The name of a limited liability company must contain 7 1. 8 the words phrase "limited liability company" or "limited 9 company" or the abbreviation "L.L.C.", "LLC", "L.C.", or "LC". 10 "Limited" may be abbreviated as "Ltd.", and "company" may be 11 abbreviated as "Co.". 12 2. Unless authorized by Except as otherwise provided in 13 subsection 3, the name of a limited liability company, and 14 the name under which a foreign limited liability company may 15 register to do business in this state, must be distinguishable 16 in on the records of the secretary of state from all any of the 17 following: 18 a. The name of each person that is not an individual and 19 that is incorporated, organized, or authorized to transact 20 business in this state. 21 b. Each name reserved under section 489.109. 22 a. The name of an existing person whose formation required 23 the filing of a record by the secretary of state and which is 24 not at the time administratively dissolved, or if such person 25 has been administratively dissolved, within five years of the 26 effective date of dissolution. 27 b. The name of a limited liability partnership whose 28 statement of qualification is in effect. The name under which a person is registered to do 29 C. 30 business in this state by the filing of a record by the 31 secretary of state. d. The name reserved under section 489.109 or other law 32 33 of this state providing for the reservation of a name by the 34 filing of a record by the secretary of state. 35 e. The name registered under section 489.114 or other law

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1 of this state providing for the registration of a name by the 2 filing of a record by the secretary of state. f. The name registered with the secretary of state as a 3 4 fictitious name. 5 3. A limited liability company may apply to the secretary of 6 state for authorization to use a name that does not comply with 7 subsection 2. The secretary of state shall authorize use of 8 the name applied for if either of the following applies: If a 9 person consents in a record to the use of its name and submits 10 an undertaking in a form satisfactory to the secretary of state 11 to change its name to a name that is distinguishable on the 12 records of the secretary of state from any name in any category 13 of names in subsection 2, the name of the consenting person may 14 be used by the person to which the consent was given. 15 a. The present user, registrant, or owner of the 16 noncomplying name consents in a signed record to the use 17 and submits an undertaking in a form satisfactory to the 18 secretary of state to change the noncomplying name to a name 19 that complies with subsection 2 and is distinguishable in the 20 records of the secretary of state from the name applied for. 21 b. The applicant delivers to the secretary of state a 22 certified copy of the final judgment of a court establishing 23 the applicant's right to use in this state the name applied 24 <del>for.</del> 25 4. A limited liability company may use the name, including 26 the fictitious name, of another entity that is used in this 27 state if the other entity is formed under the law of this 28 state or is authorized to transact business in this state 29 and the proposed user limited liability company meets any 30 of the following conditions: In determining whether a name 31 is the same as or not distinguishable on the records of the 32 secretary of state from the name of another person, words, 33 phrases, or abbreviations indicating a type of person, such as 34 "corporation", "corp.", "incorporated", "Inc.", "professional 35 corporation", "P.C.", "PC", "professional association", "P.A.",

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1 "PA", "Limited", "Ltd.", "limited partnership", "L.P.", "LP", 2 "limited liability partnership", "L.L.P.", "LLP", "registered 3 limited liability partnership", "R.L.L.P.", "RLLP", "limited 4 liability limited partnership", "L.L.L.P.", "LLLP", "registered 5 limited liability limited partnership", "R.L.L.L.P.", "RLLLP", 6 "limited liability company", "L.L.C.", "LLC", "cooperative", 7 "coop", or "CP" shall not be taken into account. 8 a. Has merged with the other entity. 9 b. Has been formed by reorganization of the other entity. c. Has acquired all or substantially all of the assets, 10 11 including the name, of the other entity. 12 5. This article does not control the use of fictitious 13 names. However, if a limited liability company uses a 14 fictitious name in this state, it shall deliver to the 15 secretary of state for filing a certified copy of the 16 resolution of its members if it is member-managed or its 17 managers if it is manager-managed, adopting the fictitious 18 name. The name of a limited liability company or foreign 19 limited liability company shall not contain words that may be 20 used only with approval by another state department or state 21 agency unless the company obtains the approval of such other 22 state department or agency and delivers to the secretary of 23 state for filing a record certifying such approval. 24 6. Subject to section 489.805, this section applies to 25 a foreign limited liability company transacting business in 26 this state which has a certificate of authority to transact 27 business in this state or which has applied for a certificate 28 of authority. A limited liability company or foreign limited 29 liability company may use a name that is not distinguishable 30 from a name described in subsection 2, paragraphs a'' through 31 "f'', if the company delivers to the secretary of state a 32 certified copy of a final judgment of a court of competent 33 jurisdiction establishing the right of the company to use the 34 name in this state. 7. A limited liability company may use the name, including 35

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1 the fictitious name, of another entity that is used in this 2 state if the other entity is formed under the law of this 3 state or is authorized to transact business in this state and 4 the proposed user limited liability company meets any of the 5 following conditions: Has merged with the other entity. 6 a. 7 b. Has been formed by reorganization of the other entity. 8 c. Has acquired all or substantially all of the assets, 9 including the name, of the other entity. 10 8. This subchapter does not control the use of fictitious ll names. However, if a limited liability company uses a 12 fictitious name in this state, it shall deliver to the 13 secretary of state for filing a certified copy of the 14 resolution of its members if it is member-managed or its 15 managers if it is manager-managed, adopting the fictitious 16 name. Sec. 8. Section 489.109, Code 2023, is amended to read as 17 18 follows: 489.109 Reservation of name. 19 20 1. A person may reserve the exclusive use of the a name 21 of a limited liability company, including a fictitious or 22 assumed name for a foreign limited liability company whose 23 name is not available, by delivering an application to the 24 secretary of state for filing that complies with section 25 489.112 by delivering an application to the secretary of state 26 for filing. The application must state the name and address 27 of the applicant and the name <del>proposed</del> to be reserved. Ιf 28 the secretary of state finds that the name applied for is 29 available, it must be reserved the secretary of state shall 30 reserve the name for the applicant's exclusive use for a 31 one-hundred-twenty-day period one hundred and twenty days. 32 2. The owner of a reserved name reserved for a limited 33 liability company may transfer the reservation to another 34 person by delivering to the secretary of state for filing a 35 signed notice in a record of the transfer which states the name

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1 and address of the transferee person to which the reservation 2 is being transferred. Sec. 9. Section 489.110, Code 2023, is amended to read as 3 4 follows: 489.110 Operating agreement - scope, function, and 5 6 limitations. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 2 3 and 3 4, 7 1. 8 the operating agreement governs all of the following: 9 a. Relations among the members as members and between the 10 members and the limited liability company. b. The rights and duties under this chapter of a person in 11 12 the capacity of manager. The activities and affairs of the company and the conduct 13 C. 14 of those activities and affairs. 15 đ. The means and conditions for amending the operating 16 agreement. 17 2. To the extent the operating agreement does not otherwise 18 provide for a matter described in subsection 1, this chapter 19 governs the matter. 20 3. An operating agreement shall not do any of the following: Vary a limited liability company's capacity under section 21 a. 22 489.105 to sue and be sued in its own name the law applicable 23 under section 489.104. 24 Vary the law applicable under section 489.106 a limited *b*. 25 liability company's capacity under section 489.109 to sue and 26 be sued in its own name. 27 Vary the power of the court under section 489.204. any C. 28 requirement, procedure, or other provision of this chapter 29 pertaining to any of the following: 30 (1) Registered agents. (2) The secretary of state, including provisions pertaining 31 32 to records authorized or required to be delivered to the 33 secretary of state for filing under this chapter. 34 Subject to subsections 4 through 7, eliminate the duty of d. 35 loyalty, the duty of care, or any other fiduciary duty Vary the

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1 provisions of section 489.204.

2	e. Subject to subsections 4 through 7, eliminate the
3	contractual obligation of good faith and fair dealing under
4	section 489.409, subsection 4 Alter or eliminate the duty of
5	loyalty or the duty of care, except as otherwise provided in
6	subsection 4.
7	f. Unreasonably restrict the duties and rights stated in
8	section 489.410 Eliminate the contractual obligation of good
9	faith and fair dealing under section 489.409, subsection 4,
10	but the operating agreement may prescribe the standards, if
11	not manifestly unreasonable, by which the performance of the
12	obligation is to be measured.
13	g. Vary the power of a court to decree dissolution in
14	the circumstances specified in section 489.701, subsection
15	<del>l, paragraphs "d" and "e"</del> Relieve or exonerate a person from
16	liability for conduct except as provided in subsection 6.
17	h. Vary the requirement to wind up a limited liability
18	company's business as specified in section 489.702,
19	subsection 1, and section 489.702, subsection 2, paragraph
20	$\tilde{a}^{-}$ Unreasonably restrict the duties and rights under section
21	489.410, but the operating agreement may impose reasonable
22	restrictions on the availability and use of information
23	obtained under that section and may define appropriate
24	remedies, including liquidated damages, for a breach of any
25	reasonable restriction on use.
26	<i>i.</i> Unreasonably restrict the right of a member to maintain
27	an action under article 9 Vary the causes of dissolution
28	specified in section 489.701, subsection 1, paragraph " $d''$ .
29	j. Restrict the right to approve a merger, conversion, or
30	domestication under section 489.1014 to a member that will have
	personal liability with respect to a surviving, converted, or
32	domesticated organization Vary the requirement to wind up the
33	limited liability company's activities and affairs as specified
	in section 489.702, subsection 1; subsection 2, paragraph "a";
35	and subsection 5.

1 k. Except as otherwise provided in section 489.112, 2 subsection 2, restrict the rights under this chapter of a 3 person other than a member or manager Unreasonably restrict the 4 right of a member to maintain an action under subchapter VIII. 5 1. Vary the provisions of section 489.805A, but the 6 operating agreement may provide that the limited liability 7 company shall not have a special litigation committee. m. Vary the right of a member to approve a merger, interest 8 9 exchange, conversion, or domestication under section 489.1023, 10 subsection 1, paragraph "b"; section 489.1033, subsection 1, 11 paragraph "b"; section 489.1043, subsection 1, paragraph "b"; or 12 section 489.1053, subsection 1, paragraph "b". 13 n. Vary the required contents of a plan of merger under 14 section 489.1022, subsection 1; plan of interest exchange 15 under section 489.1032, subsection 1; plan of conversion under 16 section 489.1042, subsection 1; or plan of domestication under 17 section 489.1052, subsection 1. o. Except as otherwise provided in sections 489.111 and 18 19 489.112, subsection 2, restrict the rights under this chapter 20 of a person other than a member or manager. 21 4. If not manifestly unreasonable, the operating agreement 22 may do any of the following: Subject to subsection 3, 23 paragraph g'', without limiting other terms that may be included 24 in an operating agreement, all the following rules apply: 25 a. Restrict or eliminate the duty to do any The operating 26 agreement may do all of the following: 27 (1) As required in section 489.409, subsection 2, paragraph 28 <del>"a", and section 489.409, subsection 8, to account to the</del> 29 limited liability company and to hold as trustee for it any 30 property, profit, or benefit derived by the member in the 31 conduct or winding up of the company's business, from a use by 32 the member of the company's property, or from the appropriation 33 of a limited liability company opportunity Specify the method 34 by which a specific act or transaction that would otherwise 35 violate the duty of loyalty may be authorized or ratified by

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1 one or more disinterested and independent persons after full 2 disclosure of all material facts. (2) As required in section 489.409, subsection 2, paragraph 3 4 "b", and section 489.409, subsection 8, to refrain from dealing 5 with the company in the conduct or winding up of the company's 6 business as or on behalf of a party having an interest adverse 7 to the company Alter the prohibition in section 489.405, 8 subsection 1, paragraph "b", so that the prohibition requires 9 only that the limited liability company's total assets not be 10 less than the sum of its total liabilities. (3) As required by section 489.409, subsection 2, paragraph 11 12 "c", and section 489.409, subsection 8, to refrain from 13 competing with the company in the conduct of the company's 14 business before the dissolution of the company. 15 b. Identify specific types or categories of activities 16 that do not violate the duty of loyalty To the extent the 17 operating agreement of a member-managed limited liability 18 company expressly relieves a member of a responsibility that 19 the member otherwise would have under this chapter and imposes 20 the responsibility on one or more other members, the agreement 21 also may eliminate or limit any fiduciary duty of the member 22 relieved of the responsibility which would have pertained to 23 the responsibility. 24 Alter the duty of care, except to authorize intentional C. 25 misconduct or knowing violation of law. If not manifestly 26 unreasonable, the operating agreement may do all of the 27 following: 28 (1) Alter or eliminate the aspects of the duty of loyalty 29 stated in section 489.409, subsections 2 and 9. 30 (2) Identify specific types or categories of activities 31 that do not violate the duty of loyalty. 32 (3) Alter the duty of care, but may not authorize conduct 33 involving bad faith, willful or intentional misconduct, or 34 knowing violation of law. (4) Alter or eliminate any other fiduciary duty. 35

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1 d. Alter any other fiduciary duty, including eliminating 2 particular aspects of that duty. e. Prescribe the standards by which to measure the 3 4 performance of the contractual obligation of good faith and 5 fair dealing under section 489.409, subsection 4. 5. The operating agreement may specify the method by which 6 7 a specific act or transaction that would otherwise violate the 8 duty of loyalty may be authorized or ratified by one or more 9 disinterested and independent persons after full disclosure 10 of all material facts The court shall decide as a matter of 11 law whether a term of an operating agreement is manifestly 12 unreasonable under subsection 3, paragraph "f'', or subsection 13 4, paragraph "c". All of the following shall apply: 14 a. The court shall make its determination as of the time the 15 challenged term became part of the operating agreement and by 16 considering only circumstances existing at that time. b. The court may invalidate the term only if, in light of 17 18 the purposes, activities, and affairs of the limited liability 19 company, it is readily apparent that any of the following 20 apply: 21 (1) The objective of the term is unreasonable. (2) The term is an unreasonable means to achieve the term's 22 23 objective. 24 6. To the extent the operating agreement of a member-managed 25 limited liability company expressly relieves a member of a 26 responsibility that the member would otherwise have under 27 this chapter and imposes the responsibility on one or more 28 other members, the operating agreement may, to the benefit 29 of the member that the operating agreement relieves of the 30 responsibility, also eliminate or limit any fiduciary duty that 31 would have pertained to the responsibility. 7. 6. The An operating agreement may alter or eliminate 32 33 the indemnification for a member or manager provided by section 34 489.408, subsection 1, and may eliminate or limit a member's 35 or manager's liability to the limited liability company and

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1 members for money damages, except for any of the following:

2 a. A breach of the duty of loyalty. 3 b. A financial benefit received by the member or manager to 4 which the member or manager is not entitled. 5 C, A breach of a duty under section 489.406. 6 d. Intentional infliction of harm on the company or a 7 member. 8 e. An intentional violation of criminal law. 9 8. The court shall decide any claim under subsection 4 that 10 a term of an operating agreement is manifestly unreasonable. 11 All of the following apply: 12 a. The court shall make its determination as of the time the 13 challenged term became part of the operating agreement and by 14 considering only circumstances existing at that time. 15 b. The court may invalidate the term only if, in light of 16 the purposes and activities of the limited liability company, 17 it is readily apparent that any of the following applies: (1) The objective of the term is unreasonable. 18 (2) The term is an unreasonable means to achieve the 19 20 provision's objective. 21 Sec. 10. Section 489.111, Code 2023, is amended to read as 22 follows: 23 489.111 Operating agreement — effect on limited liability 24 company and persons becoming members — preformation agreement. 25 1. A limited liability company is bound by and may enforce 26 the operating agreement, whether or not the company has itself 27 manifested assent to the operating agreement. 2. A person that becomes a member of a limited liability 28 29 company is deemed to assent to the operating agreement. 30 Two or more persons intending to become the initial 3. 31 members of a limited liability company may make an agreement 32 providing that upon the formation of the company the agreement 33 will become the operating agreement. One person intending 34 to become the initial member of a limited liability company 35 may assent to terms providing that upon the formation of the LSB 1051XC (18) 90 da/jh 18/161 -181 company the terms will become the operating agreement.

4. An operating agreement in a signed record that excludes
3 modification or rescission except by a signed record cannot be
4 otherwise modified or rescinded.

5 Sec. 11. Section 489.112, Code 2023, is amended to read as 6 follows:

7 489.112 Operating agreement — effect on third parties and
8 relationship to records effective on behalf of limited liability
9 company.

10 1. An operating agreement may specify that its amendment 11 requires the approval of a person that is not a party to the 12 operating agreement or the satisfaction of a condition. An 13 amendment is ineffective if its adoption does not include the 14 required approval or satisfy the specified condition.

15 2. The obligations of a limited liability company and its 16 members to a person in the person's capacity as a transferee or 17 <u>a person</u> dissociated <u>as a</u> member are governed by the operating 18 agreement. Subject only to <del>any</del> <u>a</u> court order issued under 19 section 489.503, subsection 2, paragraph "b", to effectuate a 20 charging order, an amendment to the operating agreement made 21 after a person becomes a transferee or <u>is</u> dissociated <u>as a</u> 22 member is <u>or is not effective as follows:</u>

23 <u>a. Is effective</u> with regard to any debt, obligation, or 24 other liability of the limited liability company or its members 25 to the person in the person's capacity as a transferee or 26 person dissociated as a member.

27 b. Is not effective to the extent the amendment imposes a
28 new debt, obligation, or other liability on the transferee or
29 person dissociated as a member.

30 3. If a record that has been delivered by a limited 31 liability company to the secretary of state for filing and 32 has become becomes effective under this chapter and contains 33 a provision that would be ineffective under section 489.110, 34 subsection 3 or subsection 4, paragraph c, if contained in 35 the operating agreement, the provision is likewise ineffective

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1 in the record.

4. Subject to subsection 3, if a record that has been
3 delivered by a limited liability company to the secretary
4 of state for filing and has become becomes effective under
5 this chapter and conflicts with a provision of the operating
6 agreement, all of the following rules apply:

7 a. The operating agreement prevails as to members, persons
8 dissociated <u>as</u> members, transferees, and managers.

9 b. The record prevails as to other persons to the extent 10 they reasonably rely on the record.

11 Sec. 12. Section 489.114, Code 2023, is amended to read as
12 follows:

13 489.114 Change of registered office or registered agent for 14 service of process or address for registered agency by limited 15 liability company.

16 1. A limited liability company or <u>registered</u> foreign 17 limited liability company may change its registered <del>office</del> 18 <del>or its registered agent for service of process</del> <u>agent or the</u> 19 <u>address of its registered agent</u> by delivering to the secretary 20 of state for filing a statement of change that <del>sets forth</del> 21 states all of the following:

22 a. The name of the <u>limited liability</u> company <u>or foreign</u>
23 limited liability company.

*b.* If the current registered office is to be changed, the
street and mailing addresses of the new registered office <u>The</u>
information that is to be in effect as a result of the filing of

27 the statement of change.

28 c. If the current registered agent is to be changed, the 29 name of the new registered agent and the new agent's consent to 30 the appointment. The agent's consent may be on the statement 31 or attached to it. 32 d. That after the change or changes are made, the street

33 address of its registered office and the business office of its
34 registered agent will be identical.

35 2. If a registered agent changes the street address of

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1 the registered agent's business office, the registered agent 2 may change the street address of the registered office of any 3 limited liability company or foreign limited liability company 4 for which the person is the registered agent by notifying the 5 limited liability company or foreign limited liability company 6 in writing of the change and signing, either manually or in 7 facsimile, and delivering to the secretary of state for filing 8 a statement that complies with the requirements of subsection 9 1 and recites that the limited liability company or foreign 10 limited liability company has been notified of the change. The 11 members or managers of a limited liability company need not 12 approve the delivery to the secretary of state filing of any 13 of the following: 14 a. A statement of change under this section. b. A similar filing changing the registered agent or 15 16 registered office, if any, of the limited liability company in 17 any other jurisdiction. 3. If a registered agent changes the registered agent's 18 19 business address to another place, the registered agent may 20 change the business address and the address of the registered 21 agent by filing a statement as required by subsection 2 for 22 each limited liability company or foreign limited liability 23 company, or a single statement of all limited liability 24 companies or all foreign limited liability companies named 25 in the notice, except that it need be signed only by the 26 registered agent and need not be responsive to subsection 1, 27 paragraph  $\tilde{c}''$ , and must recite that a copy of the statement 28 has been mailed to each limited liability company or foreign 29 limited liability company named in the notice A statement of 30 change under this section designating a new registered agent 31 is an affirmation of fact by the limited liability company or 32 registered foreign limited liability company that the agent has 33 consented to serve. 34 A limited liability company or foreign limited liability 4.

35 company may also change its registered office or registered

1 agent in its biennial report as provided in section 489.209
2 As an alternative to using the procedure in this section,
3 a limited liability company may amend its certificate of
4 organization.

5 5. Subject to section 489.205, subsection 3, a statement of 6 change is effective when filed by the secretary of state. 7 Sec. 13. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.114A Registration of name. 8 1. A foreign limited liability company not registered to 9 do business in this state under subchapter IX may register 10 its name, or an alternate name adopted pursuant to section 11 489.906A, if the name is distinguishable on the records of the 12 secretary of state from the names that are not available under 13 section 489.108.

14 2. To register its name or an alternate name adopted 15 pursuant to section 489.906A, a foreign limited liability 16 company must deliver to the secretary of state for filing an 17 application stating the company's name, the jurisdiction and 18 date of its formation, and any alternate name adopted pursuant 19 to section 489.906A. If the secretary of state finds that the 20 name applied for is available, the secretary of state shall 21 register the name for the applicant's exclusive use.

3. The registration of a name under this section is effective for one year after the date of registration. A. A foreign limited liability company whose name registration is effective may renew the registration for successive one-year periods by delivering, not earlier than three months before the expiration of the registration, to the secretary of state for filing a renewal application that complies with this section. When filed, the renewal application renews the registration for a succeeding one-year period.

32 5. A foreign limited liability company whose name 33 registration is effective may register as a foreign limited 34 liability company under the registered name or consent in a 35 signed record to the use of that name by another person that is

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1 not an individual.

2 Sec. 14. Section 489.115, Code 2023, is amended to read as 3 follows:

4 489.115 Resignation of registered agent for service of
5 process.

1. A registered agent may resign the agent's agency 6 7 appointment by signing and as an agent for a limited liability 8 company or registered foreign limited liability company by 9 delivering to the secretary of state for filing the signed 10 original a statement of resignation. The statement of 11 resignation may include a statement that the registered office 12 is also discontinued. The registered agent shall send a copy 13 of the statement of resignation by certified mail, return 14 receipt requested, to the limited liability company or foreign 15 limited liability company at its principal office and to the 16 registered office, if not discontinued. The registered agent 17 shall certify to the secretary of state that the copies have 18 been sent to the limited liability company or foreign limited 19 liability company, including the date the copies were sent. 20 that states all of the following: 21 a. The name of the limited liability company or foreign 22 limited liability company. 23 b. The name of the agent. 24 c. That the agent resigns from serving as registered agent 25 for the limited liability company or foreign limited liability 26 company. đ. 27 The address of the limited liability company or foreign 28 limited liability company to which the agent will send the 29 notice required by subsection 3. 30 2. A statement of resignation takes effect on the earlier 31 of the following: 12:01 a.m. on the The thirty-first day after the day on 32 a. 33 which it is filed with the secretary of state. 34 The designation of a new registered agent for the limited b. 35 liability company or registered foreign limited liability

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1 company. 3. A registered agent promptly shall furnish to the limited 2 3 liability company or registered foreign limited liability 4 company notice in a record of the date on which a statement of 5 resignation was filed. 4. When a statement of resignation takes effect, the 6 7 registered agent ceases to have responsibility under this 8 chapter for any matter thereafter tendered to it as agent for 9 the limited liability company or registered foreign limited 10 liability company. The resignation does not affect any 11 contractual rights the company or foreign company has against 12 the agent or that the agent has against the company or foreign 13 company. 14 5. A registered agent may resign with respect to a limited 15 liability company or registered foreign limited liability 16 company whether or not the company or foreign company is in 17 good standing. 489.115A Registered agent. 18 Sec. 15. NEW SECTION. Each limited liability company and each registered 19 1. 20 foreign limited liability company shall designate and maintain 21 a registered agent in this state. The designation of a 22 registered agent is an affirmation of fact by the limited 23 liability company or registered foreign limited liability 24 company that the agent has consented to serve. 25 2. A registered agent for a limited liability company or 26 registered foreign limited liability company must have a place 27 of business in this state. The only duties under this chapter of a registered agent 28 3. 29 that has complied with this chapter are as follows: 30 To forward to the limited liability company or registered a. 31 foreign limited liability company at the address most recently 32 supplied to the agent by the limited liability company or 33 registered foreign limited liability company any process, 34 notice, or demand pertaining to the company or foreign company 35 which is served on or received by the agent.

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b. If the registered agent resigns, to provide the notice
 required by section 489.115, subsection 3, to the limited
 liability company or registered foreign limited liability
 company at the address most recently supplied to the agent by
 the limited liability company or registered foreign limited
 liability company.

7 c. To keep current the information with respect to the agent 8 in the certificate of organization or foreign registration 9 statement.

10 Sec. 16. Section 489.116, Code 2023, is amended to read as 11 follows:

12 489.116 Service of process, notice, or demand.

13 1. A limited liability company's company or registered 14 foreign limited liability company's registered agent is the 15 company's agent for service of process, notice, or demand 16 required or permitted by law to company may be served on 17 the company with any process, notice, or demand required or 18 permitted by law by serving its registered agent.

If a limited liability company or registered foreign 19 2. 20 limited liability company has no ceases to have a registered 21 agent, or the if its registered agent cannot with reasonable 22 diligence be served, the limited liability company or 23 registered foreign limited liability company may be served by 24 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, or by 25 similar commercial delivery service, addressed to the limited 26 liability company or registered foreign limited liability 27 company at its principal office. The address of the principal 28 office must be as shown on the limited liability company's or 29 registered foreign limited liability company's most recent 30 biennial report filed with the secretary of state pursuant to 31 section 489.209. Service is perfected effected under this 32 subsection at on the earliest of any of the following: 33 a. The date the limited liability company or registered 34 foreign limited liability company receives the mail or delivery 35 by the commercial delivery service.

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1 b. The date shown on the return receipt, if signed on behalf 2 of by the limited liability company or registered foreign 3 limited liability company. Five days after its deposit in with the United States 4 с. 5 mail, as evidenced by the postmark, if mailed postpaid and 6 postal service or with the commercial delivery service, if 7 correctly addressed and with sufficient postage or payment. 8 3. A limited liability company or foreign limited liability 9 company may be served pursuant to this section, as provided 10 in another provision of this chapter, or as provided in 11 sections 617.3 through 617.6, unless the manner of service is 12 otherwise specifically provided for by another provision of law 13 If process, notice, or demand cannot be served on a limited 14 liability company or registered foreign limited liability 15 company pursuant to subsection 1 or 2, service may be made by 16 handing a copy to the individual in charge of any regular place 17 of business or activity of the limited liability company or 18 registered foreign company if the individual served is not a 19 plaintiff in the action. 20 4. Service of process, notice, or demand on a registered 21 agent must be in a written record. 22 5. Service of process, notice, or demand may be made by 23 other means under law other than this chapter, including as 24 provided in sections 617.3 through 617.6 unless specifically 25 provided for by another provision of law. Section 489.117, Code 2023, is amended to read as 26 Sec. 17. 27 follows: 489.117 Fees. 28 29 1. The secretary of state shall collect the following fees 30 when documents described in this subsection are delivered to 31 the secretary's office for filing: Statement of rescission ..... No fee 32 а. Statement of withdrawal ..... No fee 33 b. 34 c. Certificate of organization ..... \$ 50 d. Application for use of 35

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1	indistinguishable name \$ 10
2	e. Application for reserved name
3	f. Notice of transfer of reserved name \$ 10
4	g. Statement of change of registered
5	agent or registered office or both No fee
6	h. Registered agent's statement of
7	change <del>of registered office</del> for each
8	affected limited liability company No fee
9	i. Registered agent's statement
10	of resignation No fee
11	j. Amendment to certificate of
12	organization \$ 50
13	k. Restatement of certificate of
14	organization with amendment
15	of certificate \$ 50
16	<pre>1. Articles of merger \$ 50</pre>
17	<i>m.</i> Statement of dissolution \$ 5
18	n. Declaration of administrative
19	dissolution No fee
20	o. Application for reinstatement
21	following administrative dissolution\$ 5
22	p. Certificate of reinstatement No fee
23	q. Application for certificate
24	of authority registration \$100
25	r. Application for amended
26	certificate of authority registration \$100
27	s. Statement of cancellation\$ 10
28	t. Certificate of revocation
29	of authority to transact business No fee
30	<i>u.</i> Statement of correction\$ 5
31	v. Application for certificate of
32	existence or authorization \$ 5
33	w. Any other document required or
34	permitted to be filed by this chapter\$ 5
35	2. The secretary of state shall collect a fee of five
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dollars each time process is served on the secretary under this
 chapter. The party to a proceeding causing service of process
 is entitled to recover this fee as costs if the party prevails
 in the proceeding.

5 3. The secretary of state shall collect the following fees 6 for copying and certifying the copy of any filed document 7 relating to a <u>domestic</u> <u>limited liability company</u> or foreign 8 limited liability company as follows:

9 a. One dollar a page for copying.

10 b. Five dollars for the certificate.

11 4. The secretary of state may impose, assess, and collect 12 a filing fee as a condition to accepting a biennial report as 13 provided in section 489.209.

14 Sec. 18. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.118 Change of name or address by 15 registered agent.

16 1. If a registered agent changes its name or address, 17 the agent may deliver to the secretary of state for filing a 18 statement of change that states all of the following:

19 a. The name of the limited liability company or registered 20 foreign limited liability company represented by the registered 21 agent.

*b.* The name of the agent as currently shown in the records
of the secretary of state for the limited liability company or
registered foreign limited liability company.

c. If the name of the agent has changed, its new name.
d. If the address of the agent has changed, its new address.
2. A registered agent promptly shall furnish notice to the
represented limited liability company or registered foreign
limited liability company of the filing by the secretary of
state of the statement of change and the changes made by the
statement.

32 Sec. 19. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.120 Delivery of record.
33 1. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter,
34 permissible means of delivery of a record include delivery by
35 hand, mail, conventional commercial practice, and electronic

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1 transmission.

2 2. Delivery to the secretary of state is effective only when 3 a record is received by the secretary of state.

4 Sec. 20. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.121 Reservation of power to amend 5 or repeal.

6 The general assembly has power to amend or repeal all or 7 part of this chapter at any time, and all limited liability 8 companies and foreign limited liability companies subject to 9 this chapter are governed by the amendment or repeal.

10 Sec. 21. Section 489.201, Code 2023, is amended to read as 11 follows:

12 489.201 Formation of limited liability company — certificate 13 of organization.

14 1. One or more persons may act as organizers to form a 15 limited liability company by signing and delivering to the 16 secretary of state for filing a certificate of organization.

17 2. A certificate of organization must state all of the 18 following:

19 a. The name of the limited liability company, which must 20 comply with section 489.108.

21 b. The street address and mailing addresses of the initial 22 registered office and the name of the initial registered 23 agent for service of process on the company limited liability 24 company's principal office.

25 <u>c. The name and street and mailing addresses in this state</u>
26 of the limited liability company's registered agent.

27 3. Subject to section 489.112, subsection 3, a <u>A</u> certificate 28 of organization may also contain statements as to matters other 29 than those required by subsection 2, but shall not vary or 30 otherwise affect the provisions specified in section 489.110,

31 subsections 3 and 4, in a manner inconsistent with that

32 <u>section</u>. However, a statement in a certificate of organization 33 is not effective as a statement of authority.

4. A limited liability company is formed when the secretary
 35 of state has filed the certificate of organization, unless the

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1 certificate states a delayed becomes effective date pursuant 2 to section 489.205, subsection 3. If the certificate states 3 a delayed effective date, a limited liability company is not 4 formed if, before the certificate takes effect, a statement of 5 cancellation is signed and delivered to the secretary of state 6 for filing and the secretary of state files the certificate. 5. Subject to any delayed effective date and except in 7 8 a proceeding by this state to dissolve a limited liability 9 company, the filing of the certificate of organization by the 10 secretary of state is conclusive proof that the organizer 11 satisfied all conditions to the formation of a limited 12 liability company. 13 Sec. 22. Section 489.202, Code 2023, is amended to read as 14 follows: 489.202 Amendment or restatement of certificate of 15 16 organization. 17 1. A certificate of organization may be amended or restated 18 at any time. To amend its certificate of organization, a limited 19 2. 20 liability company must deliver to the secretary of state for 21 filing an amendment stating all of the following: 22 The name of the limited liability company. a. 23 The date of filing of its initial certificate of b. 24 organization. 25 C. The changes the amendment makes to the certificate as 26 most recently amended or restated text of the amendment. 27 To restate its certificate of organization, a limited 3. 28 liability company must deliver to the secretary of state for 29 filing a restatement, designated as such in its heading, 30 stating and setting forth all of the following: In the heading or an introductory paragraph, the 31 a. 32 company's present name and the date of the filing of the 33 company's initial certificate of organization The name of the 34 limited liability company. b. If the company's name has been changed at any time since 35

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1 the company's formation, each of the company's former names The 2 text of the restated certificate of organization. The changes the restatement makes to the certificate as 3 C. 4 most recently amended or restated A statement that the restated 5 certificate consolidates all amendments into a single document. If a new amendment is included in the restated 6 d. 7 certificate of organization, the statements required under 8 subsection 2 with respect to the new amendment if not otherwise 9 provided. 10 4. Subject to section 489.112, subsection 3, and section 11 489.205, subsection 3, an amendment to or restatement of a 12 certificate of organization is effective when filed by the 13 secretary of state. If a member of a member-managed limited 14 liability company, or a manager of a manager-managed limited 15 liability company, knows that any information in a filed 16 certificate of organization was inaccurate when the certificate 17 of organization was filed or has become inaccurate due to 18 changed circumstances, the member or manager shall promptly do 19 any of the following: 20 a. Cause the certificate of organization to be amended. 21 b. If appropriate, deliver to the secretary of state 22 for filing a statement of change under section 489.114 or a 23 statement of correction under section 489.206. 24 5. If a member of a member-managed limited liability 25 company, or a manager of a manager-managed limited liability 26 company, knows that any information in a filed certificate of 27 organization was inaccurate when the certificate was filed 28 or has become inaccurate owing to changed circumstances, the 29 member or manager shall promptly do any of the following: 30 a. Cause the certificate to be amended. b. If appropriate, deliver to the secretary of state 31 32 for filing a statement of change under section 489.114 or a 33 statement of correction under section 489.206. 34 Sec. 23. Section 489.203, Code 2023, is amended to read as 35 follows:

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489.203 Signing of records to be delivered for filing to
 secretary of state.

3 l. A record delivered to the secretary of state for filing4 pursuant to this chapter must be signed as follows:

5 *a.* Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs "b'' and "c'', a 6 record signed on behalf of by a limited liability company must 7 be signed by a person authorized by the company.

8 b. A limited liability company's initial certificate of 9 organization must be signed by at least one person acting as 10 an organizer.

11 c. A record filed delivered on behalf of a dissolved limited 12 liability company that does not have or has not had at least 13 one has no member must be signed by an organizer the person 14 winding up the company's activities and affairs under section 15 489.702, subsection 3, or a person appointed under section 16 489.702, subsection 4, to wind up the activities and affairs. 17 d. A record filed on behalf of a dissolved limited liability 18 company that has no members must be signed by the person 19 winding up the company's activities under section 489.702,

20 subsection 3, or a person appointed under section 489.702,

21 subsection 4, to wind up those activities A statement of denial

22 by a person under section 489.303 must be signed by that

23 person.

*e.* A statement of cancellation under section 489.201,
subsection 4, must be signed by each organizer that signed
the initial certificate of organization, but a personal
representative of a deceased or incompetent organizer may sign
in the place of the decedent or incompetent <u>Any other record</u>
delivered on behalf of a person to the secretary of state for
filing must be signed by that person. *f.* A statement of denial by a person under section 489.303
must be signed by that person. *g.* Any other record must be signed by the person on whose

34 behalf the record is delivered to the secretary of state.

35 2. Any A record filed delivered for filing under this

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1 chapter may be signed by an agent. Whenever this chapter 2 requires a particular individual to sign a record and the 3 individual is deceased or incompetent, the record may be signed 4 by a legal representative of the individual. 3. A person that signs a record as an agent or legal 5 6 representative affirms as a fact that the person is authorized 7 to sign the record. 8 Sec. 24. Section 489.204, Code 2023, is amended to read as 9 follows: 10 489.204 Signing and filing pursuant to judicial order. If a person required by this chapter to sign a record 11 1. 12 or deliver a record to the secretary of state for filing under 13 this chapter does not do so, any other person that is aggrieved 14 may petition the district court to order one or more of the 15 following: 16 The person to sign the record. a. 17 b. The person to deliver the record to the secretary of 18 state for filing. The secretary of state to file the record unsigned. 19 с, 20 2. If a petitioner under subsection 1 is not the limited 21 liability company or foreign limited liability company to which 22 the record pertains, the petitioner shall make the limited 23 liability company or foreign limited liability company a party 24 to the action. 25 3. If a district court orders an unsigned record to be 26 delivered to the secretary of state, the secretary of state 27 shall file the record and the court order upon receipt A record 28 filed under subsection 1, paragraph c'', is effective without 29 being signed. Sec. 25. Section 489.205, Code 2023, is amended by striking 30 31 the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 489.205 Liability for inaccurate information in filed 32 33 records. 34 1. If a record delivered to the secretary of state for 35 filing under this chapter and filed by the secretary of state

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1 contains inaccurate information, a person that suffers loss by 2 reliance on the information may recover damages for the loss 3 from all of the following:

*a.* A person that signed the record, or caused another to 5 sign it on the person's behalf, and knew the information to be 6 inaccurate at the time the record was signed.

*b.* Subject to subsection 2, a member of a member-managed
limited liability company or a manager of a manager-managed
limited liability company if all of the following apply:

10 (1) The record was delivered for filing on behalf of the 11 limited liability company.

12 (2) The member or manager knew or had notice of the 13 inaccuracy for a reasonably sufficient time before the 14 information was relied upon so that, before the reliance, 15 the member or manager reasonably could have done any of the 16 following:

17 (a) Effected an amendment under section 489.202.

18 (b) Filed a petition under section 489.204.

19 (c) Delivered to the secretary of state for filing a 20 statement of change under section 489.114 or a statement of 21 correction under section 489.206.

22 2. To the extent the operating agreement of a member-managed 23 limited liability company expressly relieves a member of 24 responsibility for maintaining the accuracy of information 25 contained in records delivered on behalf of the limited 26 liability company to the secretary of state for filing under 27 this chapter and imposes that responsibility on one or more 28 other members, the liability stated in subsection 1, paragraph 29 "b", applies to those other members and not to the member that 30 the operating agreement relieves of the responsibility.

31 3. A person commits a serious misdemeanor if that person 32 signs a record the person knows is false in any material 33 respect with intent that the record be delivered to the 34 secretary of state for filing.

35 Sec. 26. Section 489.206, Code 2023, is amended to read as

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1 follows: 489.206 Correcting filed record. 2 1. A limited liability company or foreign limited liability 3 4 company may deliver to the secretary of state for filing 5 a statement of correction to correct a record previously 6 delivered by the company to the secretary of state and filed 7 by the secretary of state, if at the time of filing the record 8 contained inaccurate information or was defectively signed. 9 A person on whose behalf a filed record was delivered to the 10 secretary of state for filing may correct the record if any of 11 the following apply: 12 a. The record at the time of filing was inaccurate. 13 b. The record was defectively signed. c. The electronic transmission of the record to the 14 15 secretary of state was defective. 2. A statement of correction under subsection 1 shall not 16 17 have a delayed effective date and must do all of the following: 18 To correct a filed record, a person on whose behalf the record 19 was delivered to the secretary of state must deliver to the 20 secretary of state for filing a statement of correction. 21 a. Describe the record to be corrected, including its filing 22 date, or attach a copy of the record as filed. 23 b. Specify the inaccurate information and the reason it is 24 inaccurate or the manner in which the signing was defective. 25 c. Correct the defective signature or inaccurate 26 information. 27 3. When filed by the secretary of state, a statement of 28 correction under subsection 1 is effective retroactively as 29 of the effective date of the record the statement corrects, 30 but the statement is effective when filed as to A statement of 31 correction shall comply with all of the following: a. For the purposes of section 489.103, subsection 4 It must 32 33 not state a delayed effective date. 34

34 b. As to persons that previously relied on the uncorrected 35 record and would be adversely affected by the retroactive

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1 effect It must be signed by the person correcting the filed
2 record.

3 <u>c.</u> It must describe the record to be corrected including its 4 filing date or attach a copy of the record as filed.

5 d. It must specify the inaccuracy or defect to be corrected.

6 *e.* It must correct the inaccuracy or defect.

7 4. A statement of correction is effective as of the

8 effective date of the filed record that it corrects except for

9 purposes of section 489.103, subsection 4, and as to persons

10 relying on the uncorrected filed record and adversely affected

11 by the correction. For those purposes and as to those persons,

12 the statement of correction is effective when filed.

13 Sec. 27. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.206A Filing requirements.
14 1. To be filed by the secretary of state pursuant to
15 this chapter, a record must be captioned to describe the
16 record's purpose, must be received by the secretary of state,
17 must comply with this chapter, and must satisfy all of the
18 following:

19 a. The filing of the record must be required or permitted by 20 this chapter.

21 b. The record must be physically delivered in written
22 form unless and to the extent the secretary of state permits
23 electronic delivery of records.

*c.* The words in the record must be in English, and numbers must be in Arabic or Roman numerals, but the name of an entity need not be in English if written in English letters or Arabic rabic or Roman numerals.

28 d. The record must be signed by a person authorized or29 required under this chapter to sign the record.

30 e. The record must state the name and capacity, if 31 any, of each individual who signed it, either on behalf 32 of the individual or the person authorized or required to 33 sign the record, but need not contain a seal, attestation, 34 acknowledgment, or verification.

35 2. If law other than this chapter prohibits the disclosure

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by the secretary of state of information contained in a record
 delivered to the secretary of state for filing, the secretary
 of state shall file the record if the record otherwise complies
 with this chapter but may redact the information.

5 3. When a record is delivered to the secretary of state for 6 filing, any fee required under this chapter and any fee, tax, 7 interest, or penalty required to be paid under this chapter or 8 law other than this chapter must be paid in a manner permitted 9 by the secretary of state or by that law.

10 4. The secretary of state may require that a record 11 delivered in written form be accompanied by an identical or 12 conformed copy.

13 5. The secretary of state may provide forms for filings 14 required or permitted to be made by this chapter, but, except 15 as otherwise provided in subsection 6, their use is not 16 required.

17 6. The secretary of state may prescribe, and furnish on18 request and require any of the following forms:

19 *a.* A cover sheet for a filing.

20 *b.* An application for a certificate of existence or 21 certificate of registration.

22 c. A foreign corporation's registration statement.

23 d. A foreign corporation's statement of withdrawal.
24 e. A foreign corporation's transfer of registration
25 statement.

26 f. The biennial report required by section 489.209.

27 7. Upon request and payment of the requisite fee, the28 secretary of state shall send the requester a certified copy29 of a requested record.

30 Sec. 28. Section 489.207, Code 2023, is amended by striking 31 the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 32 489.207 Effective date and time.

33 Except as otherwise provided in section 489.115 and section 34 489.208A and subject to section 489.206, subsection 4, a record 35 filed under this chapter is effective as follows:

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1 1. On the date and at the time of its filing by the
 2 secretary of state, as provided in section 489.210, subsection
 3 2.
 4 2. On the date of filing and at the time specified in the
 5 record as its effective time, if later than the time under
 6 subsection 1.

7 3. At a specified delayed effective date and time, which may 8 not be more than ninety days after the date of filing.

9 4. If a delayed effective date is specified, but no time is 10 specified, at 12:01 a.m. on the date specified, which shall not 11 be more than ninety days after the date of filing.

12 Sec. 29. Section 489.208, Code 2023, is amended to read as
13 follows:

14 489.208 Certificate of existence or authorization 15 registration.

16 1. Any person may apply to <u>On request of any person</u>, the 17 secretary of state to be furnished <u>shall issue</u> a certificate 18 of existence for a <del>domestic</del> limited liability company or a 19 certificate of <del>authorization</del> <u>registration</u> for a <u>registered</u> 20 foreign limited liability company.

2. A certificate of existence or certificate of
 22 authorization registration under subsection 1 must set forth
 23 state all of the following:

24 a. The domestic limited liability company's name or the
 25 <u>registered</u> foreign limited liability company's name used in
 26 this state.

27 b. One In the case of a limited liability company, all of 28 the following:

(1) If it is a domestic limited liability company, that the company is duly formed under the laws of this state, the date of its formation, and the period of its duration That a certificate of organization has been filed and has taken <u>a effect</u>.

34 (2) If it is a foreign limited liability company, that the
35 company is authorized to transact business in this state <u>The</u>

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1 date the certificate became effective. 2 (3) The period of the limited liability company's duration 3 if the records of the secretary of state reflect that its 4 period of duration is less than perpetual. 5 (4) That all of the following apply: 6 (a) No statement of dissolution, statement of 7 administrative dissolution, or statement of termination has 8 been filed. 9 (b) The records of the secretary of state do not otherwise 10 reflect that the limited liability company has been dissolved ll or terminated. 12 (c) A proceeding is not pending under section 489.705. 13 с. That all fees, taxes, and penalties due under this 14 chapter or other law to the secretary of state have been paid 15 In the case of a registered foreign limited liability company, 16 that it is registered to do business in this state. That the company's most recent biennial report required 17 d. 18 by this chapter has been filed by the secretary of state That 19 all fees, taxes, interest, and penalties owed to this state 20 by the limited liability company or foreign limited liability 21 company and collected through the secretary of state have been 22 paid, if all of the following apply: 23 (1) Payment is reflected in the records of the secretary of 24 state. 25 (2) Nonpayment affects the good standing or registration 26 of the limited liability company or foreign limited liability 27 company. 28 е. If it is a domestic limited liability company, that a 29 statement of dissolution or statement of termination has not 30 been filed That the most recent biennial report required by 31 section 489.209 has been delivered to the secretary of state 32 for filing. f. Other facts of record in the office reflected in the 33 34 records of the secretary of state that may be requested by 35 the applicant pertaining to the limited liability company or

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1 foreign limited liability company which the person requesting
2 the certificate reasonably requests.

3 3. Subject to any qualification stated in the certificate, a 4 certificate of existence or certificate of authorization issued 5 by the secretary of state is <u>under subsection 1 may be relied</u> 6 <u>on as</u> conclusive evidence that the domestic limited liability 7 company is in existence or the foreign limited liability 8 company is authorized to transact business in this state <u>of the</u> 9 facts stated in the certificate.

10 Sec. 30. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.208A Withdrawal of filed record 11 before effectiveness.

12 1. Except as otherwise provided in sections 489.1024, 13 489.1034, 489.1044, and 489.1054, a record delivered to the 14 secretary of state for filing may be withdrawn before it takes 15 effect by delivering to the secretary of state for filing a 16 statement of withdrawal.

17 2. A statement of withdrawal must comply with all of the 18 following:

19 *a*. Be signed by each person that signed the record being20 withdrawn, except as otherwise agreed by those persons.

21 b. Identify the record to be withdrawn.

*c.* If signed by fewer than all the persons that signed the mean of a solution of a solution of a solution of a solution that signed accordance with the agreement of all the persons that signed the record.

26 3. On filing by the secretary of state of a statement of 27 withdrawal, the action or transaction evidenced by the original 28 record does not take effect.

29 Sec. 31. Section 489.209, Code 2023, is amended to read as 30 follows:

31 489.209 Biennial report for secretary of state.

32 1. A limited liability company or a foreign limited 33 liability company authorized registered to transact do business 34 in this state shall deliver to the secretary of state for 35 filing a biennial report that states all of the following:

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1 *a.* The name of the company.

2 b. The street address of the company's registered office,
3 the name of its registered agent at that office, and the
4 consent of any new registered agent.

5 c. The street address of its principal office.

*d.* In the case of a foreign limited liability company, the
7 state or other jurisdiction under whose law the <u>foreign</u> company
8 is formed and any alternate name adopted under section 489.805,
9 subsection l.

10 Information in a biennial report under this section 2. 11 must be current as of the date the report is delivered to the 12 secretary of state for filing. The report shall be executed 13 on behalf of the limited liability company or foreign limited 14 liability company and signed as provided in section 489.203. 15 3. The first biennial report under this section in this 16 state must be delivered to the secretary of state between 17 January 1 and April 1 of the first odd-numbered year following 18 the calendar year in which a limited liability company was 19 formed or a foreign limited liability company was authorized 20 registered to transact do business. A subsequent biennial 21 report must be delivered to the secretary of state between 22 January 1 and April 1 of each following odd-numbered calendar 23 year. A filing fee for the biennial report shall be determined 24 by the secretary of state pursuant to section 489.117. Each 25 biennial report shall contain information related to the 26 two-year period immediately preceding the calendar year in 27 which the report is filed.

4. If a biennial report does not contain the information required in this section, the secretary of state shall promptly notify the reporting limited liability company or foreign limited liability company in writing and return the report to it for correction.

5. The secretary of state may provide for the change of registered office or registered agent on the form prescribed by the secretary of state for the biennial report, provided that

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1 the form contains the information required in section 489.114. 2 If the secretary of state determines that a biennial report 3 does not contain the information required in this section but 4 otherwise meets the requirements of section 489.114 for the 5 purpose of changing the registered office or registered agent, 6 the secretary of state shall file the statement of change 7 for the registered office or registered agent, effective as 8 provided in section 489.205 489.207, subsection 3, before 9 returning the biennial report to the limited liability 10 company as provided in this section. A statement of change of 11 registered office or registered agent accomplished pursuant to 12 this subsection shall be executed by a person authorized to 13 execute the biennial report.

14 Sec. 32. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.210 Duty of secretary of state 15 to file — review of refusal to file — delivery of record by 16 secretary of state.

17 1. The secretary of state shall file a record delivered
 18 to the secretary of state for filing which satisfies this
 19 chapter. The duty of the secretary of state under this section
 20 is ministerial.

21 2. When the secretary of state files a record, the secretary 22 of state shall record it as filed on the date and at the time of 23 its delivery. After filing a record, the secretary of state 24 shall deliver to the person that submitted the record a copy 25 of the record with an acknowledgment of the date and time of 26 filing and, in the case of a statement of denial, also to the 27 limited liability company to which the statement pertains. 28 3. If the secretary of state refuses to file a record, the 29 secretary of state shall, not later than fifteen business days 30 after the record is delivered, do all of the following:

31 *a.* Return the record or notify the person that submitted the 32 record of the refusal.

33 *b.* Provide a brief explanation in a record of the reason for 34 the refusal.

35 4. If the secretary of state refuses to file a record, the

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1 person that submitted the record may petition the district 2 court of Polk county to compel filing of the record. The 3 record and the explanation of the secretary of state of 4 the refusal to file must be attached to the petition. The 5 court may decide the matter in a summary proceeding. If the 6 court orders the record to be filed, the court may order it 7 filed with an effective date that is the date on which it was 8 submitted to the secretary of state for filing.

9 5. The filing of or refusal to file a record does not do any 10 of the following:

11 a. Affect the validity or invalidity of the record in whole
12 or in part.

13 *b.* Create a presumption that the information contained in 14 the record is correct or incorrect.

15 6. Except as otherwise provided by section 489.116 or by law 16 other than this chapter, the secretary of state may deliver any 17 record to a person by delivering it by any of the following:

18 *a*. In person to the person that submitted it.

19 b. To the address of the person's registered agent.

20 c. To the principal office of the person.

21 d. To another address the person provides to the secretary22 of state for delivery.

23 Sec. 33. Section 489.302, Code 2023, is amended to read as 24 follows:

25 489.302 Statement of limited liability company authority.

26 1. A limited liability company may deliver to the secretary 27 of state for filing a statement of authority. All of the 28 following apply to the statement:

29 a. It must include the name of the <u>limited liability</u> company 30 and the <u>name and</u> street <del>address</del> <u>and mailing addresses</u> of its 31 principal office registered agent.

*b.* With respect to any position that exists in or with respect to the <u>limited liability</u> company, it may state the authority, or limitations on the authority, of all persons holding the position to do any of the following:

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1 (1) Execute Sign an instrument transferring real property 2 held in the name of the limited liability company. (2) Enter into other transactions on behalf of, or otherwise 3 4 act for or bind, the limited liability company. 5 c. It may state the authority, or limitations on the 6 authority, of a specific person to do any of the following: (1) Execute Sign an instrument transferring real property 7 8 held in the name of the limited liability company. 9 (2) Enter into other transactions on behalf of, or otherwise 10 act for or bind, the limited liability company. To amend or cancel a statement of authority filed by 11 2. 12 the secretary of state under section 489.205, subsection 1, 13 a limited liability company must deliver to the secretary of 14 state for filing an amendment or cancellation stating all of 15 the following: 16 The name of the limited liability company. a. b. The name and street address and mailing addresses of the 17 18 limited liability company's principal office registered agent. 19 с, The caption of the statement being amended or canceled 20 and the date the statement being affected became effective. 21 The contents of the amendment or a declaration that the d. 22 statement being affected is canceled. 23 3. A statement of authority affects only the power of a 24 person to bind a limited liability company to persons that are 25 not members. Subject to subsection 3 and section 489.103, subsection 26 4. 27 4, and except as otherwise provided in subsections 6, 7, and 28 8, a limitation on the authority of a person or a position 29 contained in an effective statement of authority is not by 30 itself evidence of any person's knowledge or notice of the 31 limitation by any person. Subject to subsection 3, a grant of authority not 32 5. 33 pertaining to a transfer of real property and contained in an 34 effective statement of authority is conclusive in favor of a

35 person that gives value in reliance on the grant, except to the

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1 extent that when the person gives value, any of the following
2 applies:

3 a. The person has knowledge to the contrary.

4 b. The statement has been canceled or restrictively amended 5 under subsection 2.

6 c. A limitation on the grant is contained in another
7 statement of authority that became effective after the
8 statement containing the grant became effective.

9 6. Subject to subsection 3, an effective statement of 10 authority that grants authority to transfer real property 11 held in the name of the limited liability company and that, a 12 <u>certified copy of which statement</u> is recorded by certified copy 13 in the office for recording transfers of the real property is 14 conclusive in favor of a person that gives value in reliance 15 on the grant without knowledge to the contrary, except to the 16 extent that when the person gives value, any of the following 17 applies:

*a.* The statement has been canceled or restrictively amended
under subsection 2 and a certified copy of the cancellation
or restrictive amendment has been recorded in the office for
recording transfers of the real property.

b. A limitation on the grant is contained in another
statement of authority that became effective after the
statement containing the grant became effective, and a
certified copy of the later-effective statement is recorded in
the office for recording transfers of the real property.
7. Subject to subsection 3, if a certified copy of an
effective statement containing a limitation on the authority to
transfer real property held in the name of a limited liability
company is recorded in the office for recording transfers of
that real property, all persons are deemed to know of the
limitation.

33 8. Subject to subsection 9, an effective statement of
34 dissolution or <u>a</u> statement of termination is a cancellation
35 of any filed statement of authority for the purposes of

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1 subsection 6 and is a limitation on authority for the purposes
2 of subsection 7.

9. After a statement of dissolution becomes effective, 4 a limited liability company may deliver to the secretary of 5 state for filing and, if appropriate, <u>the secretary of state</u> 6 may record a statement of authority that is designated as 7 a post-dissolution statement of authority. The statement 8 operates as provided in <u>subsections 6 and 7</u>.

9 10. A statement of authority filed by the secretary of 10 state under section 489.205 489.207, subsection 1, is effective 11 until amended or canceled as provided in subsection 2, unless 12 an earlier cancellation date is specified in the statement.

13 11. An effective statement of denial operates as a 14 restrictive amendment under this section and may be recorded by 15 certified copy for the purposes of subsection 6, paragraph "a". 16 Sec. 34. Section 489.304, Code 2023, is amended to read as 17 follows:

18 489.304 Liability of members and managers.

For debts, obligations, or other liabilities <u>A debt</u>,
 obligation, or other liability of a limited liability
 company, whether arising in contract, tort, or otherwise
 all of the following apply: is solely the debt, obligation,
 or other liability of the company. A member or manager is
 not personally liable, directly or indirectly, by way of
 contribution or otherwise, for a debt, obligation, or other
 liability of the company solely by reason of being or acting
 as a member or manager. This subsection applies regardless of
 the dissolution of the company.

29 *a.* They are solely the debts, obligations, or other

30 liabilities of the company.

31 *b.* They do not become the debts, obligations, or other

32 liabilities of a member or manager solely by reason of the

33 member acting as a member or manager acting as a manager.

34 2. The failure of a limited liability company to observe any
 35 particular formalities relating to the exercise of its powers

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1 or management of its activities <u>and affairs</u> is not a ground 2 for imposing liability on the members <u>a member</u> or managers 3 <u>manager</u> for the debts, obligations, <u>a debt</u>, obligation, or 4 other <del>liabilities</del> <u>liability</u> of the company.

5 Sec. 35. Section 489.401, Code 2023, is amended to read as 6 follows:

7 489.401 Becoming member.

8 1. If a limited liability company is to have only one member 9 upon formation, <u>a the</u> person becomes the <u>a</u> member as agreed by 10 that person and the organizer of the company or <u>a majority of</u> 11 <del>organizers if more than one</del>. That person and the organizer 12 may be, but need not be, different persons. If different, the 13 organizer acts on behalf of the initial member.

14 2. If a limited liability company is to have more than 15 one member upon formation, those persons become members as 16 agreed by the persons before the formation of the company. The 17 organizer acts on behalf of the persons in forming the company 18 and may be, but need not be, one of the persons.

19 3. If a limited liability company has no members upon 20 formation, a person becomes a member of the limited liability 21 company with the consent of the organizer or a majority of 22 the organizers if more than one. The organizers may consent 23 to more than one person simultaneously becoming the company's 24 initial members After formation of a limited liability company,

25 a person becomes a member according to any of the following:

26 *a.* As provided in the operating agreement.

27 <u>b.</u> As the result of a transaction effective under subchapter
28 X.

29 <u>c.</u> With the affirmative vote or consent of all the members.
30 <u>d.</u> As provided in section 489.701, subsection 1, paragraph
31 <u>c.</u>

32 4. After formation of a limited liability company, a person 33 becomes a member upon <u>A person may become a member without</u> any 34 of the following:

35 a. As provided in the operating agreement Acquiring a

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1 transferable interest. As the result of a transaction effective under article 10 2 b. 3 Making or being obligated to make a contribution to the limited 4 liability company. c. With the consent of all the members. 5 d. If, within ninety consecutive days after the company 6 7 ceases to have any members, all of the following occur: 8 (1) The last person to have been a member, or the legal 9 representative of that person, designates a person to become a 10 member. (2) The designated person consents to become a member. 11 12 5. A person may become a member without acquiring a 13 transferable interest and without making or being obligated to 14 make a contribution to the limited liability company. Section 489.402, Code 2023, is amended to read as 15 Sec. 36. 16 follows: 489.402 Form of contribution. 17 A contribution may consist of tangible or intangible 18 19 property or other benefit to a limited liability company, 20 including money, services performed, promissory notes, other 21 agreements to contribute money or property, and contracts for 22 services to be performed property transferred to, services 23 performed for, or another benefit provided to the limited 24 liability company or an agreement to transfer property to, 25 perform services for, or provide another benefit to the 26 company. Sec. 37. Section 489.403, Code 2023, is amended to read as 27 28 follows: 489.403 Liability for contributions. 29 30 1. A person's obligation to make a contribution to a 31 limited liability company is not excused by the person's 32 death, disability, termination, or other inability to perform 33 personally. If a person does not make a required contribution, 34 the person or the person's estate is obligated to contribute 35 money equal to the value of the part of the contribution which

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1 has not been made, at the option of the company. 2 2. A creditor of a limited liability company which extends 3 credit or otherwise acts in reliance on an obligation described 4 in subsection 1 may enforce the obligation If a person does not 5 fulfill an obligation to make a contribution other than money, 6 the person is obligated at the option of the limited liability 7 company to contribute money equal to the value of the part of 8 the contribution which has not been made. 9 3. An operating agreement may provide that the interest of 10 any member who fails to make a contribution that the member 11 is obligated to make is subject to specified penalties for, 12 or specified consequences of, such failure. The penalty or 13 consequence may take the form of reducing or eliminating 14 the defaulting member's proportionate interest in a limited 15 liability company, subordinating the member's interest to 16 that of a nondefaulting member, a forced sale of the member's 17 interest, forfeiture of the member's interest, the lending by 18 other members of the amount necessary to meet the member's 19 commitment, a fixing of the value of the member's interest 20 by appraisal or by formula and redemption, or sale of the 21 member's interest at such value or other penalty or consequence 22 The obligation of a person to make a contribution may be 23 compromised only by the affirmative vote or consent of all the 24 members. If a creditor of a limited liability company extends 25 credit or otherwise acts in reliance on an obligation described 26 in subsection 1 without knowledge or notice of a compromise 27 under this subsection, the creditor may enforce the obligation. 28 4. An operating agreement may provide that the interest of 29 any member who fails to make a contribution that the member 30 is obligated to make is subject to specified penalties for, 31 or specified consequences of, such failure. The penalty or 32 consequence may take the form of reducing or eliminating 33 the defaulting member's proportionate interest in a limited 34 liability company, subordinating the member's interest to 35 that of a nondefaulting member, a forced sale of the member's

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1 interest, forfeiture of the member's interest, the lending by

2 other members of the amount necessary to meet the member's

3 commitment, a fixing of the value of the member's interest by

4 appraisal or by formula and redemption, or sale of the member's

5 interest at such value or other penalty or consequence.

6 Sec. 38. Section 489.404, Code 2023, is amended to read as 7 follows:

8 489.404 Sharing of and right to distributions before9 dissolution.

10 1. Any distributions distribution made by a limited 11 liability company before its dissolution and winding up must 12 be in equal shares among members and <u>persons</u> dissociated <u>as</u> 13 members, except to the extent necessary to comply with <del>any</del> <u>a</u> 14 transfer effective under section 489.502 and any charging order 15 in effect under section 489.503.

16 2. A person has a right to a distribution before the 17 dissolution and winding up of a limited liability company only 18 if the <u>limited liability</u> company decides to make an interim 19 distribution. A person's dissociation does not entitle the 20 person to a distribution.

3. A person does not have a right to demand or receive a 21 22 distribution from a limited liability company in any form other 23 than money. Except as otherwise provided in section 489.708, 24 subsection 3 4, a limited liability company may distribute an 25 asset in kind only if each part of the asset is fungible with 26 each other part and each person receives a percentage of the 27 asset equal in value to the person's share of distributions. 4. If a member or transferee becomes entitled to receive a 28 29 distribution, the member or transferee has the status of, and 30 is entitled to all remedies available to, a creditor of the 31 limited liability company with respect to the distribution. 32 However, the company's obligation to make a distribution is 33 subject to offset for any amount owed to the company by the 34 member or a person dissociated as a member on whose account the 35 distribution is made.

1 Sec. 39. Section 489.405, Code 2023, is amended to read as
2 follows:

S.F.

3 489.405 Limitations on distribution.

A limited liability company shall not make a
 distribution, including a distribution under section 489.708,
 if after the distribution any of the following applies:
 *a*. The <u>limited liability</u> company would not be able to pay
 its debts as they become due in the ordinary course of the
 company's activities <u>and affairs</u>.

10 b. The limited liability company's total assets would be 11 less than the sum of its total liabilities plus the amount that 12 would be needed, if the company were to be dissolved, and wound 13 up, and terminated at the time of the distribution, to satisfy 14 the preferential rights upon dissolution, and winding up, and 15 termination of members up of members and transferees whose 16 preferential rights are superior to those the rights of persons 17 receiving the distribution.

18 2. A limited liability company may base a determination 19 that a distribution is not prohibited under subsection 1 on 20 financial statements prepared on the basis of accounting 21 practices and principles that are reasonable in the

22 circumstances or on a fair valuation or other method that is

23 reasonable under the circumstances any of the following:

24 *a.* Financial statements prepared on the basis of

25 <u>accounting practices and principles that are reasonable in the</u> 26 circumstances.

27 b. A fair valuation or other method that is reasonable under
28 the circumstances.

3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, the effect
of a distribution under subsection 1 is measured as follows: *a.* In the case of a distribution by purchase, redemption, or
other acquisition of a transferable interest in the company,
as of the date money or other property is transferred or
debt incurred by the company as defined in section 489.102,
subsection 5, paragraph *a*, as of the earlier of any of the

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1 following:

2 (1) The date money or other property is transferred or debt 3 is incurred by the limited liability company.

4 (2) The date the person entitled to the distribution ceases
5 to own the interest or right being acquired by the limited
6 liability company in return for the distribution.

7 <u>b.</u> In the case of any other distribution of indebtedness, as
8 of the date the indebtedness is distributed.

9 b. c. In all other cases, as follows any of the following:
10 (1) The date that the distribution is authorized, if the
11 payment occurs within not later than one hundred twenty days
12 after that date.

13 (2) The date that the payment is made, if the payment occurs 14 more than one hundred twenty days after the distribution is 15 authorized.

16 4. A limited liability company's indebtedness to a member 17 <u>or transferee</u> incurred by reason of a distribution made in 18 accordance with this section is at parity with the company's 19 indebtedness to its general, unsecured creditors, except to the 20 <u>extent subordinated by agreement</u>.

5. A limited liability company's indebtedness, including indebtedness issued in connection with or as part of <u>as</u> a distribution, is not a liability for purposes of subsection if the terms of the indebtedness provide that payment of principal and interest are <u>is</u> made only <u>if and</u> to the extent that <u>payment of</u> a distribution could <u>then</u> be made <del>to members</del> under this section. If <u>the</u> indebtedness is issued as a distribution, each payment of principal or interest <del>on the</del> <u>indebtedness</u> is treated as a distribution, the effect of which so is measured on the date the payment is made.

31 6. In subsection 1, "distribution" does not include amounts 32 constituting reasonable compensation for present or past 33 services or reasonable payments made in the ordinary course of 34 business under a bona fide retirement plan or other benefits 35 program In measuring the effect of a distribution under section

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1 489.708, the liabilities of a dissolved limited liability

2 company do not include any claim that has been disposed of

3 under section 489.703, 489.704, or 489.706A.

4 Sec. 40. Section 489.406, Code 2023, is amended to read as 5 follows:

6 489.406 Liability for improper distributions.

1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, if a member 8 of a member-managed limited liability company or <u>a</u> manager 9 of a manager-managed limited liability company consents to 10 a distribution made in violation of section 489.405 and in 11 consenting to the distribution fails to comply with section 12 489.409, the member or manager is personally liable to the 13 company for the amount of the distribution that which exceeds 14 the amount that could have been distributed without the 15 violation of section 489.405.

16 2. To the extent the operating agreement of a member-managed 17 limited liability company expressly relieves a member of the 18 authority and responsibility to consent to distributions and 19 imposes that authority and responsibility on one or more other 20 members, the liability stated in subsection 1 applies to the 21 other members and not the member that the operating agreement 22 relieves of the authority and responsibility.

3. A person that receives a distribution knowing that the distribution to that person was made in violation of violated section 489.405 is personally liable to the limited liability company but only to the extent that the distribution received by the person exceeded the amount that could have been properly paid under section 489.405.

4. A person against which an action is commenced because the person is liable under subsection 1 may do all of the liable following:

32 a. Implead any other person that is subject to liability
 33 <u>liable</u> under subsection 1 and seek to compel <u>enforce a right of</u>
 34 contribution from the person.

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35 b. Implead any person that received a distribution in

1 violation of subsection 3 and seek to compel enforce a right of 2 contribution from the person in the amount the person received 3 in violation of subsection 3. 4 5. An action under this section is barred if not 5 unless commenced within not later than two years after the 6 distribution. Sec. 41. Section 489.407, Code 2023, is amended to read as 7 8 follows: 9 489.407 Management of limited liability company. 1. A limited liability company is a member-managed limited 10 11 liability company unless the operating agreement does any of 12 the following: 13 Expressly provides that any of the following apply: a. 14 (1) The limited liability company is or will be 15 "manager-managed". 16 (2) The limited liability company is or will be "managed by 17 managers". 18 (3) Management of the limited liability company is or will 19 be "vested in managers". Includes words of similar import. 20 b. In a member-managed limited liability company, all of the 21 2. 22 following rules apply: 23 The Except as expressly provided in this chapter, the a. 24 management and conduct of the limited liability company are 25 vested in the members. b. Each member has equal rights in the management and 26 27 conduct of the limited liability company's activities and 28 affairs. 29 C. A difference arising among members as to a matter in the 30 ordinary course of the activities and affairs of the limited 31 liability company may be decided by a majority of the members. An act outside the ordinary course of the activities 32 d. 33 of the company, including selling, leasing, exchanging, or 34 otherwise disposing of all, or substantially all, of the 35 company's property, with or without the goodwill, may be

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1 undertaken only with the consent of all members The affirmative 2 vote or consent of all the members is required to do any of the 3 following: (1) Sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of all, or 4 5 substantially all, of the limited liability company's property, 6 with or without good will, outside the ordinary course of the 7 company's activities. 8 (2) Undertake an act outside the ordinary course of the 9 activities and affairs of the limited liability company. 10 (3) Approve a merger, interest exchange, conversion, or 11 domestication under subchapter X. 12 (4) Amend the operating agreement. 13 e. The operating agreement may be amended only with the 14 consent of all members. 15 3. In a manager-managed limited liability company, all of 16 the following rules apply: a. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this chapter, 17 18 any matter relating to the activities and affairs of the 19 limited liability company is decided exclusively by the 20 managers manager, or, if there is more than one manager, by a 21 majority of the managers. 22 Each manager has equal rights in the management and b. 23 conduct of the activities and affairs of the limited liability 24 company. 25 c. A difference arising among managers as to a matter in the 26 ordinary course of the activities of the company may be decided 27 by a majority of the managers. d. c. The affirmative vote or consent of all members is 28 29 required to do any of the following: 30 (1) Sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of all, or 31 substantially all, of the limited liability company's property, 32 with or without the goodwill, outside the ordinary course of 33 the company's activities. 34 (2) Approve a merger, conversion, or domestication under 35 article 10 Undertake any other act outside the ordinary course

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1 of the limited liability company's activities and affairs.

2 (3) Undertake any other act outside the ordinary course of
3 the company's activities Approve a merger, interest exchange,
4 conversion, or domestication under subchapter X.

5 (4) Amend the operating agreement.

6  $e_{\tau}$  <u>d</u>. A manager may be chosen at any time by the 7 <u>affirmative vote or</u> consent of a majority of the members and 8 remains a manager until a successor has been chosen, unless the 9 manager at an earlier time resigns, is removed, or dies, or, in 10 the case of a manager that is not an individual, terminates. A 11 manager may be removed at any time by the <u>affirmative vote or</u> 12 consent of a majority of the members without notice or cause. 13 <u>f.</u> <u>e.</u> A person need not be a member to be a manager, but 14 the dissociation of a member that is also a manager removes the 15 person as a manager. If a person that is both a manager and 16 a member ceases to be a manager, that cessation does not by 17 itself dissociate the person as a member.

18 g. f. A person's ceasing to be a manager does not discharge 19 any debt, obligation, or other liability to the limited 20 liability company or members which the person incurred while 21 a manager.

4. An action requiring the <u>vote or</u> consent of members under this chapter may be taken without a meeting, and a member may appoint a proxy or other agent to <u>vote</u>, consent, or otherwise sact for the member by signing an appointing record, personally or by the member's agent.

5. The dissolution of a limited liability company does not affect the applicability of this section. However, a person that wrongfully causes dissolution of the company loses the right to participate in management as a member and a manager. 6. This chapter does not entitle a member to remuneration for services performed for a member-managed limited liability company, except for reasonable compensation for services rendered in winding up the activities of the company <u>A limited</u> liability company shall reimburse a member for an advance to

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1 the company beyond the amount of capital the member agreed to
2 contribute.

3 7. A payment or advance made by a member which gives rise 4 to a limited liability company obligation under subsection 6 5 or section 489.408, subsection 1, constitutes a loan to the 6 company which accrues interest from the date of the payment or 7 advance.

8 <u>8. A member is not entitled to remuneration for services</u>
9 performed for a member-managed limited liability company,

10 except for reasonable compensation for services rendered in

11 winding up the activities of the company.

12 Sec. 42. Section 489.407A, Code 2023, is amended to read as 13 follows:

14 489.407A Real estate interest transferred by limited 15 liability company or foreign limited liability company.

16 1. A transfer of an interest in real estate situated in 17 this state held by a limited liability company or a <u>registered</u> 18 foreign limited liability company authorized to <del>transact</del> <u>do</u> 19 business in this state is subject to the provisions of this 20 section.

21 2. a. In a member-managed <u>limited liability</u> company, a
22 transfer of an interest in real estate held by the company may
23 be undertaken by any of the following:

(1) As provided in the operating agreement, or if theoperating agreement does not so provide, only with the consentof all members.

(2) As provided in a statement of authority filed by the limited liability company with the secretary of state and the recorder of the county where the real estate is situated pursuant to section 489.302.

*b.* A requirement of paragraph "*a*" is applicable to every transfer of an interest in real estate situated in this state held by a member-managed <u>limited liability</u> company, whether or not the transfer is in the ordinary course of the company's business.

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3. a. In a manager-managed <u>limited liability</u> company, a
 2 transfer of an interest in real estate held by the company may
 3 be undertaken by any of the following:

4 (1) As provided in the operating agreement, or if the 5 operating agreement does not so provide, only with the consent 6 of a majority of all managers.

7 (2) As provided in a statement of authority filed by the 8 <u>limited liability</u> company with the secretary of state and 9 the recorder of the county where the real estate is situated 10 pursuant to section 489.302.

11 b. A requirement in paragraph "a" is applicable to every 12 transfer of an interest in real estate situated in this state 13 held by a manager-managed limited liability company, whether 14 or not the transfer is in the ordinary course of the company's 15 business.

16 Sec. 43. Section 489.408, Code 2023, is amended to read as
17 follows:

18 489.408 Indemnification Reimbursement, indemnification, 19 advancement, and insurance.

20 A limited liability company shall reimburse a member of 1. 21 a member-managed limited liability company or the manager of 22 a manager-managed limited liability company for any payment 23 made and indemnify for any debt, obligation, or other liability 24 incurred by a member of a member-managed company or the manager 25 of a manager-managed company in the course of the member's 26 or manager's activities on behalf of the company, if, in 27 making the payment or incurring the debt, obligation, or other 28 liability, the member or manager complied with the duties 29 stated in sections 489.405 and 489.409 by the member or manager 30 in the course of the member's or manager's activities on behalf 31 of the company, if the member or manager complied with sections 32 489.405, 489.407, and 489.409 in making the payment. 33 2. A limited liability company may purchase and maintain 34 insurance on behalf of a member or manager of the company

35 against liability asserted against or incurred by the member or

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1 manager in that capacity or arising from that status even if, 2 under section 489.110, subsection 7, the operating agreement 3 could not eliminate or limit the person's liability to the 4 company for the conduct giving rise to the liability A limited 5 liability company shall indemnify and hold harmless a person 6 with respect to any claim or demand against the person and any 7 debt, obligation, or other liability incurred by the person by 8 reason of the person's former or present capacity as a member 9 or manager, if the claim, demand, debt, obligation, or other 10 liability does not arise from the person's breach of section 11 489.405, 489.407, or 489.409. 12 3. In the ordinary course of its activities and affairs, 13 a limited liability company may advance reasonable expenses, 14 including attorney's fees and costs, incurred by a person 15 in connection with a claim or demand against the person by 16 reason of the person's former or present capacity as a member 17 or manager, if the person promises to repay the company if 18 the person ultimately is determined not to be entitled to be 19 indemnified under subsection 2. 20 4. A limited liability company may purchase and maintain 21 insurance on behalf of a member or manager against liability 22 asserted against or incurred by the member or manager in that 23 capacity or arising from that status even if, under section 24 489.110, subsection 3, paragraph "g'', the operating agreement 25 could not eliminate or limit the person's liability to the 26 company for the conduct giving rise to the liability. 27 Sec. 44. Section 489.409, Code 2023, is amended to read as 28 follows: 489.409 Standards of conduct for members and managers. 29 30 1. A member of a member-managed limited liability company 31 owes to the company and, subject to section 489.901, subsection 32 2, the other members the fiduciary duties of loyalty and care 33 stated in subsections 2 and 3. 34 The fiduciary duty of loyalty of a member in a 2. 35 member-managed limited liability company includes all of the

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1 following duties:

2 *a.* To account to the <u>limited liability</u> company and to hold 3 as trustee for it any property, profit, or benefit derived by 4 the member regarding any of the following:

5 (1) In the conduct or winding up of the <u>limited liability</u>
6 company's activities and affairs.

7 (2) From a use by the member of the <u>limited liability</u>8 company's property.

9 (3) From the appropriation of a limited liability company 10 opportunity.

11 b. To refrain from dealing with the <u>limited liability</u>
12 company in the conduct or winding up of the company's
13 activities <u>and affairs</u> as or on behalf of a person having an
14 interest adverse to the company.

15 c. To refrain from competing with the <u>limited liability</u> 16 company in the conduct of the company's activities <u>and affairs</u> 17 before the dissolution of the company.

18 3. Subject to the business judgment rule as stated in 19 subsection 7, the duty of care of a member of a member-managed 20 limited liability company in the conduct and winding up of the 21 company's activities is to act with the care that a person 22 in a like position would reasonably exercise under similar 23 circumstances and in a manner the member reasonably believes to 24 be in the best interests of the company. In discharging this 25 duty, a member may rely in good faith upon opinions, reports, 26 statements, or other information provided by another person 27 that the member reasonably believes is a competent and reliable 28 source for the information The duty of care of a member of 29 a member-managed limited liability company in the conduct 30 or winding up of the company's activities and affairs is to 31 refrain from engaging in grossly negligent or reckless conduct, 32 willful or intentional misconduct, or knowing violation of law. 4. A member in a member-managed limited liability company 33 34 or a manager-managed limited liability company shall discharge 35 the duties under this chapter or under the operating agreement

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1 and exercise any rights consistently with the contractual 2 obligation of good faith and fair dealing A member shall 3 discharge the duties and obligations under this chapter 4 or under the operating agreement and exercise any rights 5 consistently with the contractual obligation of good faith and 6 fair dealing. 5. It is a defense to a claim under subsection 2, paragraph 7 8 "b", and any comparable claim in equity or at common law that 9 the transaction was fair to the limited liability company A 10 member does not violate a duty or obligation under this chapter 11 or under the operating agreement solely because the member's 12 conduct furthers the member's own interest. 6. All of the members of a member-managed limited liability 13 14 company or a manager-managed limited liability company may 15 authorize or ratify, after full disclosure of all material 16 facts, a specific act or transaction that otherwise would 17 violate the duty of loyalty. 18 7. a. A member satisfies the duty of care in subsection 3 19 if all of the following apply: It is a defense to a claim under 20 subsection 2, paragraph "b'', and any comparable claim in equity 21 or at common law that the transaction was fair to the limited 22 liability company. 23 (1) The member is not interested in the subject matter of 24 the business judgment. 25 (2) The member is informed with respect to the subject 26 of the business judgment to the extent the member reasonably 27 believes to be appropriate in the circumstances. (3) The member has a rational basis for believing that 28 29 the business judgment is in the best interests of the limited 30 liability company. 31 b. A person challenging the business judgment of a member 32 has the burden of proving a breach of the duty of care, and 33 in a damage action, the burden of proving that the breach was 34 the legal cause of damage suffered by the limited liability 35 company.

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1 8. In a manager-managed limited liability company, all of 2 the following rules apply: If, as permitted by subsection 6 3 or subsection 9, paragraph "f'', or the operating agreement, a 4 member enters into a transaction with the limited liability 5 company which otherwise would be prohibited by subsection 2, 6 paragraph "b'', the member's rights and obligations arising from 7 the transaction are the same as those of a person that is not a 8 member. 9 a. Subsections 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7 apply to the manager or 10 managers and not the members. b. The duty stated under subsection 2, paragraph  $\tilde{c}''$ , 11 12 continues until winding up is completed. 13 c. Subsection 4 applies to the members and managers. 14 d. Subsection 6 applies only to the members. 15 e. A member does not have any fiduciary duty to the company 16 or to any other member solely by reason of being a member. 9. In a manager-managed limited liability company, all of 17 18 the following rules apply: a. Subsections 1, 2, 3, and 7 apply to the manager or 19 20 managers and not the members. b. The duty stated under subsection 2, paragraph "c", 21 22 continues until winding up is completed. 23 c. Subsection 4 applies to managers and members. 24 d. Subsection 5 applies only to members. 25 e. The power to ratify under subsection 6 may be exercised 26 only by the members. 27 f. Subject to subsection 4, a member does not have any duty 28 to the limited liability company or to any other member solely 29 by reason of being a member. 30 Sec. 45. Section 489.410, Code 2023, is amended to read as 31 follows: 489.410 Right of members, managers, and dissociated members 32 33 to information Rights to information of member, manager, and 34 person dissociated as member. In a member-managed limited liability company, all of the 35 1.

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1 following rules apply:

a. On reasonable notice, a member may inspect and copy
during regular business hours, at a reasonable location
specified by the <u>limited liability</u> company, any record
maintained by the company regarding the company's activities,
<u>affairs</u>, financial condition, and other circumstances, to the
extent the information is material to the member's rights and
duties under the operating agreement or this chapter.

9 b. The <u>limited liability</u> company shall furnish to each 10 member all of the following:

11 (1) Without demand, any information concerning the <u>limited</u> 12 <u>liability</u> company's activities, <u>affairs</u>, financial condition, 13 and other circumstances which the company knows and is material 14 to the proper exercise of the member's rights and duties under 15 the operating agreement or this chapter, except to the extent 16 the company can establish that it reasonably believes the 17 member already knows the information.

18 (2) On demand, any other information concerning the <u>limited</u> 19 <u>liability</u> company's activities, <u>affairs</u>, financial condition, 20 and other circumstances, except to the extent the demand <del>or</del> for 21 <u>the</u> information demanded is unreasonable or otherwise improper 22 under the circumstances.

23 c. The duty to furnish information under paragraph "b" also 24 applies to each member to the extent the member knows any of 25 the information described in paragraph "b".

26 2. In a manager-managed limited liability company, all of27 the following rules apply:

28 *a.* The informational rights stated in subsection 1 and 29 the duty stated in subsection 1, paragraph "c", apply to the 30 managers and not the members.

31 b. During regular business hours and at a reasonable 32 location specified by the <u>limited liability</u> company, a 33 member may obtain from the company and inspect and copy full 34 information regarding the activities, <u>affairs</u>, financial 35 condition, and other circumstances of the company as is just

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1 and reasonable if all of the following apply:

(1) The member seeks the information for a purpose material 2 3 reasonably related to the member's interest as a member. (2) The member makes a demand in a record received by 4 5 the limited liability company, describing with reasonable 6 particularity the information sought and the purpose for 7 seeking the information. 8 (3) The information sought is directly connected to the 9 member's purpose. 10 c. Within Not later than ten days after receiving a demand 11 pursuant to paragraph b'', subparagraph (2), the limited 12 liability company shall in a record inform in a record the 13 member that made the demand that includes all of the following: 14 (1) Of the What information that the limited liability 15 company will provide in response to the demand and when and 16 where the company will provide the information. 17 (2) If the company declines to provide any demanded 18 information, the company's reasons for declining The limited 19 liability company's reasons for declining, if the company 20 declines to provide any demanded information. 21 Whenever this chapter or an operating agreement provides d. 22 for a member to vote on or give or withhold consent to a matter, 23 before the vote is cast or consent is given or withheld, the 24 limited liability company shall, without demand, provide the 25 member with all information that is known to the company and is 26 material to the member's decision. 3. On ten days' demand made in a record received by a 27 28 limited liability company, a dissociated member may have access 29 to information to which the person was entitled while a member 30 if the information pertains to the period during which the 31 person was a member, the person seeks the information in good 32 faith, and the person satisfies the requirements imposed on 33 a member by subsection 2, paragraph "b". The company shall 34 respond to a demand made pursuant to this subsection in the 35 manner provided in subsection 2, paragraph "c" Subject to

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1 subsection 8, on ten days' demand made in a record received by 2 a limited liability company, a person dissociated as a member 3 may have access to the information to which the person was 4 entitled while a member if all of the following apply: 5 a. The information pertains to the period during which the 6 person was a member. 7 b. The person seeks the information in good faith. 8 c. The person satisfies the requirements imposed on a member 9 by subsection 2, paragraph "b''. 4. A limited liability company may charge a person that 10 11 makes a demand under this section the reasonable costs of 12 copying, limited to the costs of labor and material shall 13 respond to a demand made pursuant to subsection 3 in the manner 14 provided in subsection 2, paragraph "c". 5. A member or dissociated member may exercise rights 15 16 under this section through an agent or, in the case of an 17 individual under legal disability, a legal representative. Any 18 restriction or condition imposed by the operating agreement 19 or under subsection 7 applies both to the agent or legal 20 representative and the member or dissociated member A limited 21 liability company may charge a person that makes a demand under 22 this section the reasonable costs of copying, limited to the 23 costs of labor and material. 24 The rights under this section do not extend to a person 6. 25 as transferee A member or person dissociated as a member may 26 exercise the rights under this section through an agent or, 27 in the case of an individual under legal disability, a legal 28 representative. Any restriction or condition imposed by the 29 operating agreement or under subsection 8 applies both to the 30 agent or legal representative and to the member or person 31 dissociated as a member. 7. In addition to any restriction or condition stated 32 33 in its operating agreement, a limited liability company, as 34 a matter within the ordinary course of its activities, may 35 impose reasonable restrictions and conditions on access to

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1 and use of information to be furnished under this section, 2 including designating information confidential and imposing 3 nondisclosure and safeguarding obligations on the recipient. 4 In a dispute concerning the reasonableness of a restriction 5 under this subsection, the company has the burden of proving 6 reasonableness Subject to section 489.504, the rights under 7 this section do not extend to a person as transferee. 8 8. In addition to any restriction or condition stated in its 9 operating agreement, a limited liability company, as a matter 10 within the ordinary course of its activities and affairs, may 11 impose reasonable restrictions and conditions on access to 12 and use of information to be furnished under this section, 13 including designating information confidential and imposing 14 nondisclosure and safeguarding obligations on the recipient. 15 In a dispute concerning the reasonableness of a restriction 16 under this subsection, the company has the burden of proving 17 reasonableness. Sec. 46. Section 489.502, Code 2023, is amended to read as 18 19 follows: 489.502 Transfer of transferable interest. 20 1. For Subject to section 489.503, subsection 6, for a 21 22 transfer, in whole or in part, all of the following applies to 23 a transferable interest: 24 It is permissible. a. It does not by itself cause a member's person's 25 b. 26 dissociation as a member or a dissolution and winding up of the 27 limited liability company's activities and affairs. Subject to section 489.504, it does not entitle the 28 C. 29 transferee to do any of the following: 30 (1) Participate in the management or conduct of the limited 31 liability company's activities and affairs. (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, have 32 33 access to records or other information concerning the limited 34 liability company's activities and affairs. 2. A transferee has the right to receive, in accordance 35

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1 with the transfer, distributions to which the transferor would 2 otherwise be entitled.

3 3. In a dissolution and winding up of a limited liability 4 company, a transferee is entitled to an account of the 5 company's transactions only from the date of dissolution.

A transferable interest may be evidenced by a certificate
of the interest issued by the <u>a</u> limited liability company in a
record, and, subject to this section, the interest represented
by the certificate may be transferred by a transfer of the
certificate.

11 5. A limited liability company need not give effect to a 12 transferee's rights under this section until the company <u>knows</u> 13 or has notice of the transfer.

14 6. A transfer of a transferable interest in violation of a 15 restriction on transfer contained in the operating agreement 16 or another agreement to which the transferor is a party is 17 ineffective as to a person having notice of the restriction at 18 the time of transfer if the intended transferee has knowledge 19 or notice of the restriction at the time of transfer.

7. Except as otherwise provided in section 489.602,
21 subsection 4 5, paragraph b, when if a member transfers a
22 transferable interest, the transferor retains the rights of a
23 member other than the transferable interest in distributions
24 transferred and retains all duties and obligations of a member.
25 8. When If a member transfers a transferable interest to a
26 person that becomes a member with respect to the transferred
27 interest, the transferee is liable for the member's obligations
28 under section sections 489.403 and section 489.406, subsection
29 3, 489.406 known to the transferee when the transferee becomes
30 a member.

31 Sec. 47. Section 489.503, Code 2023, is amended to read as 32 follows:

33 489.503 Charging order.

On application by a judgment creditor of a member
 or transferee, a court may enter a charging order against

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1 the transferable interest of the judgment debtor for the 2 unsatisfied amount of the judgment. A Except as otherwise 3 provided in subsection 6, a charging order constitutes a lien 4 on a judgment debtor's transferable interest and requires the 5 limited liability company to pay over to the person to which 6 the charging order was issued any distribution that would 7 otherwise would be paid to the judgment debtor.

8 2. To the extent necessary to effectuate the collection 9 of distributions pursuant to a charging order in effect under 10 subsection 1, the court may do all of the following:

11 a. Appoint a receiver of the distributions subject to 12 the charging order, with the power to make all inquiries the 13 judgment debtor might have made.

14 b. Make all other orders necessary to give effect to the 15 charging order.

16 3. Upon a showing that distributions under a charging 17 order will not pay the judgment debt within a reasonable 18 time, the court may foreclose the lien and order the sale of 19 the transferable interest. The Except as otherwise provided 20 <u>in subsection 6, the</u> purchaser at the foreclosure sale <del>only</del> 21 obtains <u>only</u> the transferable interest, does not thereby become 22 a member, and is subject to section 489.502.

4. At any time before foreclosure under subsection 3, the member or transferee whose transferable interest is subject to charging order under subsection 1 may extinguish the charging order by satisfying the judgment and filing a certified copy of the satisfaction with the court that issued the charging order. S. At any time before foreclosure under subsection 3, a limited liability company or one or more members whose transferable interests are not subject to the charging order may pay to the judgment creditor the full amount due under the judgment and thereby succeed to the rights of the judgment creditor, including the charging order.

34 6. This chapter does not deprive any member or transferee of
35 the benefit of any exemption laws applicable to the member's

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1 or transferee's transferable interest If a court orders 2 foreclosure of a charging order lien against the sole member of 3 a limited liability company all of the following apply: The court shall confirm the sale. 4 a. 5 b. The purchaser at the sale obtains the member's entire 6 interest, not only the member's transferable interest. c. The purchaser thereby becomes a member. 7 8 đ. The person whose interest was subject to the foreclosed 9 charging order is dissociated as a member. 10 This section provides the exclusive remedy by which 7. 11 a person seeking to enforce a judgment against a member or 12 transferee may, in the capacity of judgment creditor, satisfy 13 the judgment from the judgment debtor's transferable interest 14 This chapter does not deprive any member or transferee of the 15 benefit of any exemption law applicable to the transferable 16 interest of the member or transferee. 8. This section provides the exclusive remedy by which a 17 18 person seeking in the capacity of judgment creditor to enforce 19 a judgment against a member or transferee may satisfy the 20 judgment from the judgment debtor's transferable interest. 21 Sec. 48. Section 489.504, Code 2023, is amended to read as 22 follows: 23 489.504 Power of personal representative of deceased member. 24 If a member dies, the deceased member's personal legal 25 representative or other legal representative may exercise all 26 of the following: 27 1. The rights of a transferee provided in section 489.502, 28 subsection 3, and, for. 29 2. For the purposes of settling the estate, the rights of a 30 current the deceased member had under section 489.410. 31 Sec. 49. Section 489.601, Code 2023, is amended to read as 32 follows: 489.601 Member's power Power to dissociate as a member ---33 34 wrongful dissociation. 35 1. A person has the power to dissociate as a member at any

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1 time, rightfully or wrongfully, by withdrawing as a member by
2 express will under section 489.602, subsection 1.

2. A person's dissociation from a limited liability company
4 <u>as a member</u> is wrongful only if any of the following applies to
5 the dissociation:

6 a. It is in breach of an express provision of the operating7 agreement.

8 b. It occurs before the termination completion of the
9 winding up of the limited liability company and any of the
10 following applies:

11 (1) The person withdraws as a member by express will.

12 (2) The person is expelled as a member by judicial order 13 under section 489.602, subsection 5 6.

14 (3) The person is dissociated under section 489.602,
15 subsection 7, paragraph ~a", by becoming a debtor in bankruptcy
16 8.

17 (4) In the case of a person that is not a trust other than 18 a business trust, an estate, or an individual, the person 19 is expelled or otherwise dissociated as a member because it 20 willfully dissolved or terminated.

3. A person that wrongfully dissociates as a member is liable to the limited liability company and, subject to section 489.901, to the other members for damages caused by the dissociation. The liability is in addition to any other debt, obligation, or other liability of the member to the company or the other members.

27 Sec. 50. Section 489.602, Code 2023, is amended to read as 28 follows:

29 489.602 Events causing dissociation.

30 A person is dissociated as a member from a limited liability 31 company when any of the following applies:

1. The <u>limited liability</u> company <u>knows or</u> has notice of the person's express will to withdraw as a member, but, if the person specified a withdrawal date later than the date the limited liability company <u>knew or</u> had notice, on that later

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1 date.

2 2. An event stated in the operating agreement as causing the
 3 person's dissociation occurs.
 4 3. The person is expelled as a member pursuant to the

5 operating agreement The person's entire interest is transferred 6 in a foreclosure sale under section 489.503, subsection 6.

7 4. The person is expelled as a member by the unanimous
8 consent of the other members if any of the following applies:
9 pursuant to the operating agreement.

10 a. It is unlawful to carry on the company's activities with 11 the person as a member.

12 *b.* There has been a transfer of all of the person's

13 transferable interest in the company, other than any of the
14 following:

15 (1) A transfer for security purposes.

16 (2) A charging order in effect under section 489.503 which 17 has not been foreclosed.

c. The person is a corporation and, within ninety days 18 19 after the company notifies the person that it will be expelled 20 as a member because the person has filed a certificate of 21 dissolution or the equivalent, its charter has been revoked, 22 or its right to conduct business has been suspended by 23 the jurisdiction of its incorporation, the certificate of 24 dissolution has not been revoked or its charter or right to 25 conduct business has not been reinstated. d. The person is a limited liability company or partnership 26 27 that has been dissolved and whose business is being wound up. 5. On application by the company, the person is expelled 28 29 as a member by judicial order because the person has done any 30 of the following The person is expelled as a member by the

31 affirmative vote or consent of all the other members if any of

32 the following apply:

33 a. Has engaged, or is engaging, in wrongful conduct that
34 has adversely and materially affected, or will adversely and
35 materially affect, the company's activities It is unlawful to

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1 carry on the limited liability company's activities and affairs 2 with the person as a member. Has willfully or persistently committed, or is willfully 3 b. 4 and persistently committing, a material breach of the 5 operating agreement or the person's duties or obligations under 6 section 489.409 There has been a transfer of all the person's 7 transferable interest in the limited liability company, other 8 than any of the following: 9 (1) A transfer for security purposes. 10 (2) A charging order in effect under section 489.503 which 11 has not been foreclosed. 12 с. Has engaged in, or is engaging in, conduct relating 13 to the company's activities which makes it not reasonably 14 practicable to carry on the activities with the person as a 15 member The person is an entity and all of the following apply: 16 (1) The limited liability company notifies the person that 17 it will be expelled as a member because the person has filed 18 a statement of dissolution or the equivalent, the person has 19 been administratively dissolved, the person's charter or the 20 equivalent has been revoked, or the person's right to conduct 21 business has been suspended by the person's jurisdiction of 22 formation. 23 (2) Not later than ninety days after the notification, 24 the statement of dissolution or the equivalent has not been 25 withdrawn, rescinded, or revoked, the person has not been 26 reinstated, or the person's charter or the equivalent or right 27 to conduct business has not been reinstated. 28 The person is an unincorporated entity that has been đ. 29 dissolved and whose activities and affairs are being wound up. 30 In the case of a person who is an individual, any of 6. 31 the following applies On application by the limited liability 32 company or a member in a direct action under section 489.901, 33 the person is expelled as a member by judicial order because 34 any of the following apply: The person dies has engaged or is engaging in wrongful 35 a.

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1 conduct that has affected adversely and materially, or will 2 affect adversely and materially, the company's activities and 3 affairs. 4 b. In a member-managed limited liability company, any of 5 the following applies: The person has committed willfully or 6 persistently, or is committing willfully or persistently, 7 a material breach of the operating agreement or a duty or 8 obligation under section 489.409. (1) A guardian or general conservator for the person is 9 10 appointed. (2) There is a judicial order that the person has otherwise 11 12 become incapable of performing the person's duties as a member 13 under this chapter or the operating agreement. 14 c. The person has engaged or is engaging in conduct relating 15 to the limited liability company's activities and affairs which 16 makes it not reasonably practicable to carry on the activities 17 and affairs with the person as a member. 18 In a member-managed limited liability company, the 7. 19 person does any of the following In the case of an individual 20 any of the following apply: 21 Becomes a debtor in bankruptcy The individual dies. a. Executes an assignment for the benefit of creditors In a 22 b. 23 member-managed limited liability company any of the following 24 apply: 25 (1) A guardian or general conservator for the individual is 26 appointed. 27 (2) A court orders that the individual has otherwise become 28 incapable of performing the individual's duties as a member 29 under this chapter or the operating agreement. 30 c. Seeks, consents to, or acquiesces in the appointment of 31 a trustee, receiver, or liquidator of the person or of all or 32 substantially all of the person's property. In the case of a person that is a trust or is acting as 33 8. 34 a member by virtue of being a trustee of a trust, the trust's 35 entire transferable interest in the company is distributed In a

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1 member-managed limited liability company, any of the following

2 apply: a. The person becomes a debtor in bankruptcy. 3 4 b. The person signs an assignment for the benefit of 5 creditors. c. The person seeks, consents to, or acquiesces in the 6 7 appointment of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator of the person 8 or of all or substantially all the person's property. 9 9. In the case of a person that is an estate or is acting 10 as a member by virtue of being a personal representative of 11 an estate, the estate's entire transferable interest in the 12 company is distributed In the case of a person that is a 13 testamentary or inter vivos trust or is acting as a member by 14 virtue of being a trustee of such a trust, the trust's entire 15 transferable interest in the limited liability company is 16 distributed. In the case of a member that is not an individual, 17 10. 18 partnership, limited liability company, corporation, trust, or 19 estate, the termination of the member In the case of a person 20 that is an estate or is acting as a member by virtue of being 21 a personal representative of an estate, the estate's entire 22 transferable interest in the limited liability company is 23 distributed. 11. The company participates in a merger under article 10, 24 25 if any of the following applies: In the case of a person that 26 is not an individual, the existence of the person terminates. 27 a. The company is not the surviving entity. b. Otherwise as a result of the merger, the person ceases 28 29 to be a member. 30 The company participates in a conversion under article 12. 31 10 The limited liability company participates in a merger under 32 subchapter X and any of the following apply: 33 a. The limited liability company is not the surviving 34 entity. b. Otherwise as a result of the merger, the person ceases 35 LSB 1051XC (18) 90 -74da/jh 74/161 1 to be a member.

2	13. The company participates in a domestication under
3	article 10, if, as a result of the domestication, the
4	<del>person ceases to be a member</del> The limited liability company
5	participates in an interest exchange under subchapter X and,
6	as a result of the interest exchange, the person ceases to be a
7	member.
8	14. The <u>limited liability</u> company terminates participates
9	in a conversion under subchapter X.
10	15. The limited liability company participates in a
11	domestication under subchapter X and, as a result of the
12	domestication, the person ceases to be a member.
13	16. The limited liability company dissolves and completes
14	winding up.
15	Sec. 51. Section 489.603, Code 2023, is amended to read as
16	follows:
17	489.603 Effect of person's dissociation as member.
18	<ol> <li>When If a person is dissociated as a member, of a limited</li> </ol>
19	liability company, all of the following apply:
20	a. The person's right to participate as a member in the
21	management and conduct of the <u>limited liability</u> company's
22	activities and affairs terminates.
23	b. If the company is member-managed, the person's fiduciary
24	duties as a member end with regard to matters arising and
25	<del>events occurring after the person's dissociation</del> The person's
26	duties and obligations under section 489.409 as a member end
27	with regard to matters arising and events occurring after the
28	person's dissociation.
29	c. Subject to section 489.504 and $\frac{\text{article 10}}{\text{article 10}}$ subchapter X,
30	any transferable interest owned by the person in the person's
31	capacity as a member immediately before dissociation in the
32	person's capacity as a member is owned by the person solely as
33	a transferee.
34	2. A person's dissociation as a member of a limited
35	liability company does not of itself discharge the person from

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1 any debt, obligation, or other liability to the company or the 2 other members which the person incurred while a member.

3 Sec. 52. Section 489.604, Code 2023, is amended to read as 4 follows:

5 489.604 Member's power to dissociate under certain 6 circumstances.

If the certificate of organization or an operating 7 1. 8 agreement does not specify the time or the events upon the 9 happening of which a member may dissociate from a limited 10 liability company, a member may dissociate from the limited 11 liability company in the event any amendment to the certificate 12 of organization or operating agreement that is adopted over 13 the member's written dissent adversely affects the rights or 14 preferences of the dissenting member's transferable interest 15 in any of the ways described in paragraphs a'' through f''. 16 A dissociation in the event of such dissent and adverse 17 effect is deemed to have occurred as of the effective date 18 of the amendment, if the member gives notice to the limited 19 liability company not more than sixty days after the date of 20 the amendment. In valuing the member's distribution pursuant 21 to this subsection, any depreciation in anticipation of the 22 amendment shall be excluded. An amendment that does any of the 23 following is subject to this section:

24 a. Alters or abolishes a member's right to receive a25 distribution.

26 b. Alters or abolishes a member's right to voluntarily27 dissociate.

*c.* Alters or abolishes a member's right to vote on any matter, except as the rights may be altered or abolished through the acceptance of contributions or the making of al contribution agreements.

32 *d.* Alters or abolishes a member's preemptive right to make 33 contributions.

34 e. Establishes or changes the conditions for or consequences35 of expulsion.

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1 f. Waives the application of this section to the limited
2 liability company.

3 2. A member dissociating <u>from a limited liability company</u>
4 under this section is not liable for damages for the breach of
5 any agreement not to withdraw.

6 3. This section applies to a limited liability company 7 whose original articles of organization or certificate of 8 organization is filed with the secretary of state on or after 9 July 1, 1997.

10 4. This section applies to a limited liability company whose 11 original articles of organization are filed with the secretary 12 of state and effective on or prior to June 30, 1997, if such 13 company's operating agreement provides that it is subject to 14 this section.

15 5. The operating agreement of a limited liability company 16 may waive the applicability of this section to the company and 17 its members.

18 Sec. 53. Section 489.701, Code 2023, is amended to read as 19 follows:

20 489.701 Events causing dissolution.

21 1. A limited liability company is dissolved, and its 22 activities <u>and affairs</u> must be wound up, upon the occurrence 23 of any of the following:

24 a. An event or circumstance that the operating agreement25 states causes dissolution.

26 b. The affirmative vote or consent of all the members.

27 c. Once the <u>The limited liability</u> company has at least one 28 member, <u>and then</u> the passage of ninety consecutive days during 29 which the company has no members. <u>unless before the end of the</u> 30 period all of the following apply:

31 (1) Consent to admit at least one specified person as a 32 member is given by transferees owning the rights to receive 33 a majority of distributions as transferees at the time the 34 consent is to be effective.

35 (2) At least one person becomes a member in accordance with

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1 the consent.

2 d. On application by a member, the entry by a the district 3 court of an order dissolving the limited liability company on 4 the grounds that any of the following applies: 5 (1) The conduct of all or substantially all of the limited 6 liability company's activities and affairs is unlawful. 7 (2) It is not reasonably practicable to carry on the limited 8 liability company's activities and affairs in conformity with 9 the certificate of organization and the operating agreement. (3) The managers or those members in control of the limited 10 11 liability company conduct themselves according to any of the 12 following: (a) Have acted, are acting, or will act in a manner that is 13 14 illegal or fraudulent. 15 (b) Have acted or are acting in a manner that is oppressive 16 and was, is, or will be directly harmful to the applicant. 17 e. On application by a member or transferee, the entry by 18 a district court of an order dissolving the company on the 19 grounds that the managers or those members in control of the 20 company have done any of the following: The signing and filing 21 of a statement of administrative dissolution by the secretary 22 of state under section 489.705. 23 (1) Have acted, are acting, or will act in a manner that is 24 illegal or fraudulent. 25 (2) Have acted or are acting in a manner that is oppressive 26 and was, is, or will be directly harmful to the applicant. 27 In a proceeding brought under subsection 1, paragraph 2. 28  $\tilde{a}''$ ,  $\tilde{a}''$ , subparagraph (3), the district court may order a 29 remedy other than dissolution. 30 Sec. 54. Section 489.701A, Code 2023, is amended to read as 31 follows: 489.701A Rescinding dissolution. 32 33 1. A limited liability company may rescind its dissolution, 34 unless a statement of termination applicable to the company has 35 become effective, a the district court has entered an order

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1 under section 489.701, subsection 1, paragraph d'', dissolving 2 the company, or the secretary of state has dissolved the 3 company under section 489.705.

4 2. Rescinding dissolution under this section requires all5 of the following:

6 *a*. The affirmative vote or consent of each member.

7 b. If the limited liability company has delivered to the 8 secretary of state for filing a statement of dissolution and 9 any of the following applies apply:

10 (1) If the statement has not become effective, delivery to 11 the secretary of state for filing of a statement of withdrawal 12 under section 489.205 489.208A applicable to the statement of 13 dissolution.

14 (2) If the statement of dissolution has become effective, 15 delivery to the secretary of state for filing of a statement of 16 rescission stating the name of the <u>limited liability</u> company 17 and that dissolution has been rescinded under this section.

18 3. If a limited liability company rescinds its dissolution 19 all of the following apply:

20 a. The <u>limited liability</u> company shall <u>may</u> resume carrying 21 on its activities and affairs as if the dissolution had never 22 occurred.

23 b. Subject to paragraph c'', any liability incurred by the 24 <u>limited liability</u> company after the dissolution and before 25 the rescission has become effective shall be determined as if 26 dissolution had never occurred.

*c.* The rights of a third party arising out of conduct in
reliance on the dissolution before the third party knew or had
notice of the rescission must not be adversely affected.

30 Sec. 55. Section 489.702, Code 2023, is amended to read as 31 follows:

32 489.702 Winding up.

A dissolved limited liability company shall wind up its
 activities and affairs, and except as otherwise provided in
 <u>section 489.701A</u>, the company continues after dissolution only

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1 for the purpose of winding up.

2 2. In winding up its activities <u>and affairs</u>, all of the 3 following apply to a limited liability company:

*a.* It shall discharge the <u>limited liability</u> company's debts,
5 obligations, or <u>and</u> other liabilities, settle and close the
6 company's activities <u>and affairs</u>, and marshal and distribute
7 the assets of the company.

8 b. It may do all of the following:

9 (1) Deliver to the secretary of state for filing a statement 10 of dissolution stating the name of the <u>limited liability</u> 11 company and that the company is dissolved.

12 (2) Preserve the <u>limited liability</u> company activities,
13 <u>affairs</u>, and property as a going concern for a reasonable time.
14 (3) Prosecute and defend actions and proceedings, whether
15 civil, criminal, or administrative.

16 (4) Transfer the limited liability company's property.

17 (5) Settle disputes by mediation or arbitration.

18 (6) Deliver to the secretary of state for filing a statement
19 of termination stating the name of the <u>limited liability</u>
20 company and that the company is terminated.

21 (7) Perform other acts necessary or appropriate to the 22 winding up.

3. If a dissolved limited liability company has no members, the legal representative of the last person to have been a member may wind up the activities <u>and affairs</u> of the company. If the person does so, the person has the powers of a sole manager under section 489.407, subsection 3, and is deemed to be a manager for the purposes of section 489.304, subsection <del>1, paragraph "b"</del>.

4. If the legal representative under subsection 3 declines al or fails to wind up the <u>limited liability</u> company's activities <u>and affairs</u>, a person may be appointed to do so by the consent of transferees owning a majority of the rights to receive distributions as transferees at the time the consent is to be ffective. All of the following apply to a person appointed

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1 under this subsection:

The person has the powers of a sole manager under section 2 a. 3 489.407, subsection 3, and is deemed to be a manager for the 4 purposes of section 489.304, subsection 1, paragraph "b". 5 b. The person shall deliver promptly deliver to the 6 secretary of state for filing an amendment to the limited 7 liability company's certificate of organization to do stating 8 all of the following: 9 (1) State that That the limited liability company has no 10 members. (2) State that the person has been appointed pursuant to 11 12 this subsection to wind up the company The name and street and 13 mailing addresses of the person. 14 (3) Provide the street and mailing addresses of the person 15 That the person has been appointed pursuant to this subsection 16 to wind up the limited liability company's activities and 17 affairs. 5. The district court may order judicial supervision of the 18 19 winding up of a dissolved limited liability company, including 20 the appointment of a person to wind up the company's activities 21 and affairs pursuant to any of the following: 22 On application of a member, if the applicant establishes a. 23 good cause. 24 b. On the application of a transferee, if all of the 25 following apply: 26 (1) The limited liability company does not have any members. 27 The legal representative of the last person to have been (2) 28 a member declines or fails to wind up the limited liability 29 company's activities and affairs. 30 (3) Within a reasonable time following the dissolution a 31 person has not been appointed pursuant to subsection 4 3. In connection with a proceeding under section 489.701, 32 C. 33 subsection 1, paragraph "d" or "e". 34 Sec. 56. Section 489.703, Code 2023, is amended to read as 35 follows:

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489.703 Known claims against dissolved limited liability
 company.

3 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a dissolved 4 limited liability company may give notice of a known claim 5 under subsection 2, which has the effect as provided in 6 subsection 3.

7 2. A dissolved limited liability company may in a record
8 notify its known claimants of the dissolution. The notice must
9 do all of the following:

10 *a.* Specify the information required to be included in a 11 claim.

12 b. Provide State that a claim must be in writing and provide 13 a mailing address to which the claim is to be sent.

14 c. State the deadline for receipt of the <u>a</u> claim, which may 15 not be less than one hundred twenty days after the date the 16 notice is received by the claimant.

17 d. State that the claim will be barred if not received by 18 the deadline.

19 3. A claim against a dissolved limited liability company is 20 barred if the requirements of subsection 2 are met and any of 21 the following applies:

*a.* The claim is not received by the specified deadline. *b.* If the claim is timely received but rejected by the
<u>limited liability</u> company, all of the following <u>must</u> apply:
(1) The <u>limited liability</u> company causes the claimant to
receive a notice in a record stating that the claim is rejected
and will be barred unless the claimant commences an action
against the company to enforce the claim within not later than

29 ninety days after the claimant receives the notice.

30 (2) The claimant does not commence the required action 31 within not later than the ninety days <u>after the claimant</u> 32 receives the notice.

33 4. This section does not apply to a claim based on an
34 event occurring after the effective date of dissolution or a
35 liability that on that date is contingent.

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1 Sec. 57. Section 489.704, Code 2023, is amended to read as
2 follows:

3 489.704 Other claims against dissolved limited liability4 company.

5 1. A dissolved limited liability company may publish notice
6 of its dissolution and request persons having claims against
7 the company to present them in accordance with the notice.

8 2. The notice authorized by <u>under subsection 1 must do all</u>
9 of the following meet all of the following requirements:

10 a. Be published at least once in a newspaper of general 11 circulation in the county in this state in which the dissolved 12 limited liability company's principal office is located or, if 13 it has none in this state, in the county in which the company's 14 registered office is or was last located <u>Comply with any of the</u> 15 following:

16 (1) Publication of the notice one time in a newspaper of 17 general circulation in the county in this state in which the 18 dissolved limited liability company's principal office is 19 located or, if the principal office is not located in this 20 state, in the county in which the office of the company's 21 registered agent is or was last located.

22 (2) Publication by posting the notice conspicuously for at 23 least thirty days on the dissolved limited liability company's 24 internet site.

*b.* Describe the information required to be contained in a
claim, state that the claim must be in writing, and provide a
mailing address to which the claim is to be sent.

28 c. State that a claim against the <u>limited liability</u> company 29 is barred unless an action to enforce the claim is commenced 30 within five <u>not later than three</u> years after publication of the 31 notice.

32 3. If a dissolved limited liability company publishes a 33 notice in accordance with subsection 2, unless the claimant 34 commences an action to enforce the claim against the company 35 within five years after the publication date of the notice, the

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1 claim of each of the following claimants is barred of each of 2 the following claimants is barred unless the claimant commences 3 an action to enforce the claim against the company not later 4 than three years after the publication date of the notice: 5 a. A claimant that did not receive notice in a record under 6 section 489.703. b. A claimant whose claim was timely sent to the limited 7 8 liability company but not acted on. 9 с. A claimant whose claim is contingent at, or based on an 10 event occurring after, the effective date of dissolution. 4. A claim not barred under this section or section 489.703 11 12 may be enforced as follows: 13 a. Against a dissolved limited liability company, to the 14 extent of its undistributed assets. 15 If Except as otherwise provided in section 489.706A, if *b*. 16 assets of the limited liability company have been distributed 17 after dissolution, against a member or transferee to the extent 18 of that person's proportionate share of the claim or of the 19 company's assets distributed to the member or transferee after 20 dissolution, whichever is less, but a person's total liability 21 for all claims under this paragraph does not exceed the total 22 amount of assets distributed to the person after dissolution. 23 Sec. 58. Section 489.705, Code 2023, is amended to read as 24 follows: 25 489.705 Administrative Grounds for administrative 26 dissolution. 27 1. The secretary of state may commence a proceeding under 28 this section 489.709 to administratively dissolve a limited 29 liability company administratively, if any of the following 30 apply: 31 a. 1. The limited liability company has not delivered a 32 biennial report to the secretary of state in a form that meets 33 the requirements of section 489.209 within sixty days after 34 it is due, or has not paid within sixty days after the due 35 date, any fee, tax, or penalty due to the secretary of state

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1 under this chapter or law other than this chapter The limited 2 liability company does not pay within sixty days after they are 3 due any fees, taxes, interest, or penalties imposed by this 4 chapter or other laws of this state. 5 b. The limited liability company is without a registered 6 office or registered agent in this state for sixty days or 7 more. 8 c. The limited liability company does not notify the 9 secretary of state within sixty days that its registered agent 10 or registered office has been changed, that its registered 11 agent has resigned, or that its registered office has been 12 discontinued. d. The limited liability company's period of duration stated 13 14 in its certificate of organization has expired. 2. If the secretary of state determines that a ground exists 15 16 for administratively dissolving a limited liability company, 17 the secretary of state shall file a record of the determination 18 and serve the company with a copy of the filed record The 19 limited liability company does not deliver its biennial report 20 required by section 489.209 to the secretary of state within 21 sixty days after it is due. 3. If within sixty days after service of the copy pursuant 22 23 to subsection 2 a limited liability company does not correct 24 each ground for dissolution or demonstrate to the reasonable 25 satisfaction of the secretary of state that each ground 26 determined by the secretary of state does not exist, the 27 secretary of state shall dissolve the company administratively 28 by preparing, signing, and filing a declaration of dissolution 29 that states the grounds for dissolution. The secretary 30 of state shall serve the company with a copy of the filed 31 declaration The limited liability company is without a 32 registered agent or the registered agent does not have a place 33 of business in this state for sixty days or more. 34 4. A limited liability company that has been 35 administratively dissolved continues in existence but, subject

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1 to section 489.706, may carry on only activities necessary to 2 wind up its activities and liquidate its assets under sections 3 489.702 and 489.708 and to notify claimants under sections 4 489.703 and 489.704 The secretary of state has not been 5 notified within sixty days that the limited liability company's 6 registered agent or place of business of the registered agent 7 has been changed, or that its registered agent has resigned, or 8 that its registered office has been discontinued. 9 5. The administrative dissolution of a limited liability 10 company does not terminate the authority of its registered 11 agent for service of process The limited liability company's 12 period of duration stated in its certificate of organization 13 expires. 14 Sec. 59. Section 489.706, Code 2023, is amended to read as 15 follows: 16 489.706 Reinstatement following administrative dissolution. 1. A limited liability company administratively dissolved 17 18 under section 489.705 may apply to the secretary of state 19 for reinstatement at any time after the effective date 20 of dissolution. The application must be delivered to the 21 secretary of state and meet all of the following requirements: 22 Recite State the name of the limited liability company a. 23 at its date of dissolution and the effective date of its 24 administrative dissolution. 25 b. State that the ground or grounds for dissolution as 26 provided in section 489.705 either did not exist or have been 27 eliminated. 28 C. If the application is received more than five years after 29 the effective date of the administrative dissolution, state a 30 name that satisfies the requirements of section 489.108. 31 d. State the federal tax identification number of the 32 limited liability company. 33 2. *a.* The secretary of state shall refer the federal

34 tax identification number contained in the application for 35 reinstatement to the department of workforce development.

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1 The department of workforce development shall report to the 2 secretary of state the tax status of the limited liability 3 company. If the department reports to the secretary of state 4 that a filing delinquency or liability exists against the 5 <del>limited liability</del> company, the secretary of state shall not 6 cancel the <del>declaration</del> <u>certificate</u> of dissolution until the 7 filing delinquency or liability is satisfied.

8 3. <u>b.</u> (1) If the secretary of state determines that the 9 application contains the information required by subsection 10 1, and that a delinquency or liability reported pursuant to 11 <u>subsection 2 paragraph "a"</u> has been satisfied, and that the 12 information is correct, the secretary of state shall cancel 13 the <u>declaration certificate</u> of dissolution and prepare a 14 certificate of reinstatement that recites the secretary of 15 state's determination and the effective date of reinstatement, 16 file the <u>original of the</u> certificate <u>of reinstatement</u>, and 17 <u>serve deliver</u> a copy on <u>to</u> the limited liability company under 18 section 489.116.

19 (2) If the limited liability company's name in subsection
20 1, paragraph "c", is different than from the name in subsection
21 1, paragraph "a", the certificate of reinstatement shall
22 constitute an amendment to the limited liability company's
23 certificate of organization insofar as it pertains to its
24 name. A limited liability company shall not relinquish the
25 right to retain its name as provided in section 489.108, if the
26 reinstatement is effective within five years of the effective
27 date of the limited liability company's dissolution.

4. 3. When the reinstatement is effective, it relates
back to and takes effect as of the effective date of the
administrative dissolution as if the administrative dissolution
had never occurred.

32 Sec. 60. NEW SECTION. 489.706A Court proceedings.

33 1. A dissolved limited liability company that has published 34 a notice under section 489.704 may file an application with 35 the district court in the county where the company's principal

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1 office is located or, if the principal office is not located 2 in this state, where the office of its registered agent is 3 or was last located, for a determination of the amount and 4 form of security to be provided for payment of claims that are 5 reasonably expected to arise after the date of dissolution 6 based on facts known to the company and any of the following 7 apply:

8 a. At the time of application any of the following apply:9 (1) The facts are contingent.

10 (2) The facts have not been made known to the limited 11 liability company.

12 b. The facts are based on an event occurring after the date 13 of dissolution.

Security is not required for any claim that is or is
 reasonably anticipated to be barred under section 489.704.
 3. Not later than ten days after the filing of an
 application under subsection 1, the dissolved limited liability
 company shall give notice of the proceeding to each claimant
 holding a contingent claim known to the company.

4. In a proceeding under this section, the court may appoint a guardian ad litem to represent all claimants whose identities are unknown. The reasonable fees and expenses of the guardian, including all reasonable expert witness fees, must be paid by the dissolved limited liability company.

5. A dissolved limited liability company that provides security in the amount and form ordered by the court under vubsection 1 satisfies the company's obligations with respect to claims that are contingent, have not been made known to the company, or are based on an event occurring after the date of dissolution, and such claims may not be enforced against a member or transferee on account of assets received in liquidation.

33 Sec. 61. Section 489.707, Code 2023, is amended to read as 34 follows:

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35 489.707 Appeal from rejection denial of reinstatement.

If the secretary of state rejects denies a limited
 liability company's application for reinstatement following
 administrative dissolution, the secretary of state shall
 prepare, sign, and file a notice that explains the reason for
 rejection and serve the company under section 489.116 with a
 copy of the written notice that explains the reason or reasons
 for denial.

8 2. Within thirty days after service of a notice of rejection 9 of reinstatement under subsection 1, a limited liability 10 company may appeal from the rejection by petitioning the 11 district court to set aside the dissolution. The petition 12 must be served on the secretary of state and contain a copy 13 of the secretary of state's declaration of dissolution, the 14 company's application for reinstatement, and the secretary 15 of state's notice of rejection The limited liability company 16 may appeal the denial of reinstatement to the district court 17 of the county where the company's principal office or, if none 18 in this state, where its registered office is located within 19 thirty days after service of the notice of denial is effected. 20 The company appeals by petitioning the court to set aside 21 the dissolution and attaching to the petition copies of the 22 secretary of state's certificate of dissolution, the company's 23 application for reinstatement, and the secretary of state's 24 notice of denial. 25 3. The court may summarily order the secretary of state to 26 reinstate a the dissolved limited liability company or may take 27 other action the court considers appropriate. 4. The court's final decision may be appealed as in other 28 29 civil proceedings. 30 Sec. 62. Section 489.708, Code 2023, is amended to read as 31 follows: 489.708 Distribution Disposition of assets in winding up 32 33 limited liability company's activities.

In winding up its activities <u>and affairs</u>, a limited
 liability company <u>must shall</u> apply its assets to discharge <del>its</del>

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1 the company's obligations to creditors, including members that
2 are creditors.

2. After a limited liability company complies with
4 subsection 1, any surplus must be distributed in the following
5 order, subject to any charging order in effect under section
6 489.503:

7 a. To each person owning a transferable interest that 8 reflects contributions made by a member and not previously 9 returned, an amount equal to the value of the unreturned 10 contributions and not previously returned, an amount equal to 11 the value of the unreturned contributions.

b. In equal shares among members and dissociated members,
 except to the extent necessary to comply with any transfer
 effective under section 489.502 Among persons owning

15 transferable interests in proportion to their respective rights
16 to share in distributions immediately before the dissolution of

17 the limited liability company.

18 3. If a limited liability company does not have sufficient 19 surplus to comply with subsection 2, paragraph "a", any surplus 20 must be distributed among the owners of transferable interests 21 in proportion to the value of their the respective unreturned 22 contributions.

4. All distributions made under subsections 2 and 3 must be24 paid in money.

25 Sec. 63. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.709 Procedure for and effect of 26 administrative dissolution.

1. If the secretary of state determines that one or more grounds exist under section 489.705 for dissolving a limited liability company, the secretary of state shall serve the company with written notice of such determination under section 489.116.

32 2. If the limited liability company does not correct 33 each ground for dissolution or demonstrate to the reasonable 34 satisfaction of the secretary of state that each ground 35 determined by the secretary of state does not exist within

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1 sixty days after service of the notice under section 489.116, 2 the secretary of state shall administratively dissolve the 3 company by signing a certificate of dissolution that recites 4 the ground or grounds for dissolution and its effective 5 date. The secretary of state shall file the original of the 6 certificate and serve a copy on the company under section 7 489.116.

8 3. A limited liability company administratively dissolved 9 continues its existence but shall not carry on any business 10 except that necessary to wind up and liquidate its business 11 and affairs under section 489.702 and notify claimants under 12 sections 489.703 and 489.704.

4. The administrative dissolution of a limited liability14 company does not terminate the authority of its registered15 agent.

16 Sec. 64. Section 489.801, Code 2023, is amended to read as
17 follows:

18 **489.801** Governing law.

19 1. Subject to sections 489.14402 and 489.14404, the law 20 of the state or other jurisdiction under which <u>The law of</u> 21 <u>the jurisdiction of formation of</u> a foreign limited liability 22 company is formed governs all of the following:

23 a. The internal affairs of the <u>foreign limited liability</u>24 company.

*b.* The liability of a member as member and a manager as
manager for the debts, obligations, or other liabilities <u>a</u>
<u>debt</u>, obligation, or other liability of the <u>foreign limited</u>
liability company.

29 <u>c.</u> The liability of a series of the foreign limited 30 <u>liability company.</u>

31 2. A foreign limited liability company shall not be denied 32 a certificate of authority by reason of any difference between 33 the law of the jurisdiction under which the company is formed 34 is not precluded from registering to do business in this state 35 because of any difference between the law of the foreign

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1 limited liability company's jurisdiction of formation and the 2 law of this state. 3. A certificate of authority does not authorize a 3 4 foreign limited liability company to engage in any business 5 or exercise any power that a limited liability company shall 6 not Registration of a foreign limited liability company to do 7 business in this state does not permit the foreign limited 8 liability company to engage in any business or affairs or 9 exercise any power that a limited liability company cannot 10 lawfully engage in or exercise in this state. NEW SECTION. 489.805A Special litigation 11 Sec. 65. 12 committee. 13 If a limited liability company is named as or made a 1. 14 party in a derivative proceeding, the company may appoint a 15 special litigation committee to investigate the claims asserted 16 in the proceeding and determine whether pursuing the action is 17 in the best interests of the company. If the company appoints 18 a special litigation committee, on motion by the committee made 19 in the name of the company, except for good cause shown, the 20 court shall stay discovery for the time reasonably necessary 21 to permit the committee to make its investigation. This 22 subsection does not prevent the court from doing any of the 23 following: 24 Enforcing a person's right to information under section а. 25 489.410. 26 b. Granting extraordinary relief in the form of a temporary 27 restraining order or preliminary injunction. 2. A special litigation committee must be composed of one 28 29 or more disinterested and independent individuals, who may be 30 members. 31 3. A special litigation committee may be appointed as 32 follows: 33 a. In a member-managed limited liability company, any of the 34 following: (1) By the affirmative vote or consent of a majority of the 35 LSB 1051XC (18) 90

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1 members not named as parties in the proceeding.

2 (2) If all members are named as parties in the proceeding,3 by a majority of the members named as defendants.

4 b. In a manager-managed limited liability company, any of 5 the following:

6 (1) By a majority of the managers not named as parties in7 the proceeding.

8 (2) If all managers are named as parties in the proceeding,9 by a majority of the managers named as defendants.

10 4. After appropriate investigation, a special litigation 11 committee may determine that it is in the best interests of the 12 limited liability company that the proceeding comply with any 13 of the following:

14 a. Continue under the control of the plaintiff.

15 b. Continue under the control of the committee.

16 c. Be settled on terms approved by the committee.

17 *d*. Be dismissed.

18 5. After making a determination under subsection 4, a 19 special litigation committee shall file with the court a 20 statement of its determination and its report supporting its 21 determination and shall serve each party with a copy of the 22 determination and report. The court shall determine whether 23 the members of the committee were disinterested and independent 24 and whether the committee conducted its investigation and made 25 its recommendation in good faith, independently, and with 26 reasonable care, with the committee having the burden of proof. 27 If the court finds that the members of the committee were 28 disinterested and independent and that the committee acted in 29 good faith, independently, and with reasonable care, the court 30 shall enforce the determination of the committee. Otherwise, 31 the court shall dissolve the stay of discovery entered under 32 subsection 1 and allow the action to continue under the control 33 of the plaintiff.

34 Sec. 66. Section 489.809, Code 2023, is amended to read as 35 follows:

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1 489.809 Action by attorney general.

2 The attorney general may maintain an action to enjoin a 3 foreign limited liability company from transacting doing 4 business in this state in violation of this article chapter. 5 Sec. 67. Section 489.902, Code 2023, is amended to read as 6 follows:

7 489.902 Derivative action.

8 A member may maintain a derivative action to enforce a 9 right of a limited liability company as follows if any of the 10 following apply:

11 1. The member first makes a demand on the other members in a 12 member-managed limited liability company, or the managers of a 13 manager-managed limited liability company, requesting that they 14 cause the company to bring an action to enforce the right, and 15 the managers or other members do not bring the action within 16 ninety days from the date the demand was made unless the member 17 has earlier been notified that the demand has been rejected by 18 the company or unless irreparable injury to the company would 19 result by waiting for the expiration of the ninety-day period 20 a reasonable time.

21 2. A demand under subsection 1 would be futile.

22 Sec. 68. Section 489.904, Code 2023, is amended to read as 23 follows:

24 489.904 Pleading.

In a derivative action under section 489.902, the complaint must state with particularity any of the following:

The date and content of the plaintiff's demand and the
 response to the demand by the managers or other members.

29 2. If a demand has not been made, the reasons a demand under 30 section 489.902, subsection 1, would be Why demand should be 31 excused as futile.

32 Sec. 69. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **489.905** Activities not constituting 33 doing business in this state.

Activities of a foreign limited liability company that
 do not constitute doing business in this state for purposes of

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1 this subchapter include all of the following:

2 a. Maintaining, defending, mediating, arbitrating, or
3 settling a proceeding.

4 b. Carrying on any activity concerning the internal affairs
5 of the foreign limited liability company, including holding
6 meetings of its members or managers.

7 c. Maintaining accounts in financial institutions.

8 *d.* Maintaining offices or agencies for the transfer, 9 exchange, and registration of securities of the foreign limited 10 liability company or maintaining trustees or depositories with 11 respect to those securities.

12 e. Selling through independent contractors.

13 f. Soliciting or obtaining orders by any means if the 14 orders require acceptance outside this state before they become 15 contracts.

16 g. Creating or acquiring indebtedness, mortgages, or 17 security interests in property.

18 h. Securing or collecting debts or enforcing mortgages or
19 other security interests in property securing the debts and
20 holding, protecting, or maintaining property so acquired.

21 *i.* Conducting an isolated transaction that is not in the 22 course of similar transactions.

23 j. Owning, protecting, and maintaining property.

24 k. Doing business in interstate commerce.

25 2. This section does not apply in determining the contacts 26 or activities that may subject a foreign limited liability 27 company to service of process, taxation, or regulation under 28 the laws of this state other than this chapter.

29 Sec. 70. Section 489.906, Code 2023, is amended to read as 30 follows:

31 489.906 Proceeds and expenses.

32 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, all of the 33 following apply:

*a.* Any proceeds or other benefits of a derivative action 35 under section 489.902, whether by judgment, compromise, or

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1 settlement, belong to the limited liability company and not to
2 the plaintiff.

b. If the plaintiff receives any proceeds, the plaintiff shall remit them immediately to the <u>limited liability</u> company. Lif a derivative action under section 489.902 is successful in whole or in part, the court may award the plaintiff reasonable expenses, including reasonable attorney fees and costs, from the recovery of the limited liability company.

10 <u>3. A derivative action on behalf of a limited liability</u> 11 <u>company shall not be voluntarily dismissed or settled without</u> 12 the court's approval.

13 Sec. 71. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.906A Noncomplying name of foreign 14 limited liability company.

15 1. A foreign limited liability company whose name does 16 not comply with section 489.108 shall not register to do 17 business in this state until it adopts, for the purpose of 18 doing business in this state, an alternate name that complies 19 with section 489.108 by filing a foreign registration statement 20 under section 489.911B, or if applicable, a transfer of 21 registration statement under section 489.910, setting forth 22 that alternate name. After registering to do business in this 23 state with an alternate name, a foreign limited liability 24 company shall do business in this state under any of the 25 following:

26 a. The alternate name.

*b.* The foreign limited liability company's name, with the addition of its jurisdiction of formation.

29 2. If a registered foreign limited liability company 30 changes its name after registration to a name that does not 31 comply with section 489.108, it shall not do business in this 32 state until it complies with subsection 1 by amending its 33 registration statement to adopt an alternate name that complies 34 with section 489.108.

35 Sec. 72. NEW SECTION. 489.907 Withdrawal of registration of

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1 registered foreign limited liability company.

A registered foreign limited liability company may
 withdraw its registration by delivering a statement of
 withdrawal to the secretary of state for filing. The statement
 of withdrawal must be signed by the foreign limited liability
 company and state all of the following:

7 *a.* The name of the foreign limited liability company and its 8 jurisdiction of formation.

9 b. That the foreign limited liability company is not doing 10 business in this state and that it withdraws its registration 11 to do business in this state.

12 c. That the foreign limited liability company revokes the 13 authority of its registered agent in this state.

14 d. An address to which process on the foreign limited 15 liability company may be sent by the secretary of state under 16 section 489.116, subsection 3.

17 2. After the withdrawal of the registration of a foreign 18 limited liability company, service of process in any proceeding 19 based on a cause of action arising during the time the entity 20 was registered to do business in this state may be made as 21 provided in section 489.116.

22 Sec. 73. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **489.908** Deemed withdrawal upon 23 domestication or conversion to certain domestic entities.

A registered foreign limited liability company that domesticates to a domestic limited liability company or converts to a domestic business corporation or domestic nonprofit corporation or any type of domestic filing entity or to a domestic limited liability partnership is deemed to have withdrawn its registration on the effectiveness of such event. Sec. 74. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **489.909 Withdrawal upon dissolution** or conversion to certain nonfiling entities.

32 1. A registered foreign limited liability company that 33 has dissolved and completed winding up or has converted to 34 a domestic or foreign nonfiling entity other than a limited 35 liability partnership shall deliver to the secretary of state

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1 for filing a statement of withdrawal. The statement must be
2 signed by the dissolved foreign limited liability company or
3 the converted domestic or foreign nonfiling entity and state:
4 a. In the case of a foreign limited liability company that
5 has completed winding up all of the following:

6 (1) Its name and jurisdiction of formation.

7 (2) That the foreign limited liability company withdraws 8 its registration to do business in this state and revokes the 9 authority of its registered agent to accept service on its 10 behalf.

11 (3) An address to which process on the foreign limited 12 liability company may be sent by the secretary of state under 13 section 489.116, subsection 3.

*b.* In the case of a foreign limited liability company that
has converted to a domestic or foreign nonfiling entity other
than a limited liability partnership, all of the following:
(1) The name of the converting foreign limited liability

18 company and its jurisdiction of formation.

19 (2) The type of the nonfiling entity to which it has 20 converted and its name and jurisdiction of formation.

21 (3) That it withdraws its registration to do business in 22 this state and revokes the authority of its registered agent to 23 accept service on its behalf.

(4) An address to which process on the foreign limited
25 liability company may be sent by the secretary of state under
26 section 489.116, subsection 3.

27 2. After the withdrawal of the registration of a foreign 28 limited liability company, service of process in any proceeding 29 based on a cause of action arising during the time the entity 30 was registered to do business in this state may be made as 31 provided in section 489.116.

32 Sec. 75. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **489.910** Transfer of registration. 33 1. If a registered foreign limited liability company merges 34 into a nonregistered foreign entity or converts to a foreign 35 entity required to register with the secretary of state to do

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1 business in this state, the foreign entity shall deliver to 2 the secretary of state for filing a transfer of registration 3 statement. The transfer of registration statement must be 4 signed by the surviving or converted foreign entity and state 5 all of the following:

*a.* The name of the registered foreign limited liability
7 company and its jurisdiction of formation before the merger or
8 conversion.

9 b. The name and type of the surviving or converted foreign 10 entity and its jurisdiction of formation after the merger 11 or conversion and, if the name does not comply with section 12 489.108, an alternate name adopted pursuant to section 13 489.906A.

*c.* All of the following information regarding the surviving
or converted foreign entity after the merger or conversion:

(1) The street and mailing addresses of the principal office
of the foreign entity and, if the law of the foreign entity's
jurisdiction of formation requires it to maintain an office in
that jurisdiction, the street and mailing addresses of that

21 (2) The street and mailing addresses of the place of 22 business of the foreign entity's registered agent in this state 23 and the name of its registered agent.

24 2. On the effective date of a transfer of registration 25 statement as determined in accordance with section 489.207, 26 the registration of the registered foreign limited liability 27 company to do business in this state is transferred without 28 interruption to the foreign entity into which it has merged or 29 to which it has been converted.

30 Sec. 76. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **489.911** Administrative termination of 31 registration.

32 1. The secretary of state may terminate the registration of 33 a registered foreign limited liability company in the manner 34 provided in subsections 2 and 3, if any of the following 35 applies:

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a. The foreign limited liability company does not pay within
 2 sixty days after they are due any fees, taxes, interest, or
 3 penalties imposed by this chapter or other laws of this state.

4 b. The foreign limited liability company does not deliver
5 its biennial report to the secretary of state within sixty days
6 after it is due.

7 c. The foreign limited liability company is without a 8 registered agent or its registered agent has no place of 9 business in this state for sixty days or more.

10 d. The secretary of state has not been notified within sixty 11 days that the foreign limited liability company's registered 12 agent or the registered agent's place of business has been 13 changed, that its registered agent has resigned, or that its 14 registered office has been discontinued.

15 2. The secretary of state may terminate the registration of 16 a registered foreign limited liability company by doing all of 17 the following:

18 *a.* Filing a certificate of termination.

19 b. Delivering a copy of the certificate of termination 20 to the foreign company's registered agent or, if the foreign 21 company does not have a registered agent, to the foreign 22 company's principal office.

23 3. The certificate of termination must state all of the 24 following:

25 *a.* The effective date of the termination, which must be 26 not less than sixty days after the secretary of state delivers 27 the copy of the certificate of termination as prescribed in 28 subsection 2, paragraph "b".

29 b. The grounds for termination under subsection 1.
30 4. The registration of a registered foreign limited
31 liability company to do business in this state ceases on
32 the effective date of the termination as set forth in the
33 certificate of termination, unless before that date the
34 foreign company cures each ground for termination stated in the
35 certificate of termination. If the foreign company cures each

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1 ground, the secretary of state shall file a statement that the 2 certificate of termination is withdrawn.

5. After the effective date of the termination as set forth 4 in the certificate of termination, service of process in any 5 proceeding based on a cause of action arising during the time 6 the entity was registered to do business in this state may be 7 made as provided in section 489.116.

8 Sec. 77. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.911A Registration to do business 9 in this state.

10 1. A foreign limited liability company shall not do business 11 in this state until it registers with the secretary of state 12 under this chapter.

13 2. A foreign limited liability company doing business in 14 this state shall not maintain a proceeding in any court of this 15 state until it is registered to do business in this state. 16 3. The failure of a foreign limited liability company 17 to register to do business in this state does not impair 18 the validity of a contract or act of the foreign company or 19 preclude it from defending a proceeding in this state.

4. A limitation on the liability of a member or manager
21 of a foreign limited liability company is not waived solely
22 because the foreign company does business in this state without
23 registering.

5. Section 489.801, subsection 1, applies even if a
25 foreign limited liability company fails to register under this
26 subchapter.

27 Sec. 78. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.911B Foreign registration 28 statement.

I. To register to do business in this state, a foreign limited liability company shall deliver a foreign registration statement to the secretary of state for filing. The registration statement must be signed by the foreign company and state all of the following:

34 *a.* The name of the foreign limited liability company and, 35 if the name does not comply with section 489.108, an alternate

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1 name as required by section 489.906A.

2 *b.* The foreign limited liability company's jurisdiction of 3 formation.

*c.* The street and mailing addresses of the foreign limited
5 liability company's principal office and, if the law of the
6 foreign company's jurisdiction of formation requires the
7 foreign company to maintain an office in that jurisdiction, the
8 street and mailing addresses of that required office.

9 *d*. The street and mailing addresses of the place of business 10 of the foreign limited liability company's registered agent in 11 this state and the name of its registered agent.

12 2. The foreign limited liability company shall deliver the 13 completed foreign registration statement to the secretary of 14 state, and also deliver to the secretary of state a certificate 15 of existence or a document of similar import duly authenticated 16 by the secretary of state or other official having custody of 17 corporate records in the state or country under whose law it is 18 incorporated which is dated no earlier than ninety days prior 19 to the date the application is filed by the secretary of state. 20 Sec. 79. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **489.911C Amendment of foreign** 21 registration statement.

22 A registered foreign limited liability company shall sign 23 and deliver to the secretary of state for filing an amendment 24 to its foreign registration statement if there is a change in 25 any of the following:

26 l. Its name or alternate name.

27 2. Its jurisdiction of formation, unless its registration
28 is deemed to have been withdrawn under section 489.908 or
29 transferred under section 489.910.

30 3. An address required by section 489.911B, subsection 1, 31 paragraph c''.

32 4. The information required by section 489.911B, subsection 33 1, paragraph d'.

34 Sec. 80. Section 489.1001, Code 2023, is amended by striking 35 the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

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1 489.1001 Definitions.

2 As used in this subchapter, unless the context otherwise 3 requires:

"Acquired entity" means the entity, all of one or more
 classes or series of interests of which are acquired in an
 interest exchange.

7 2. "Acquiring entity" means the entity that acquires all
8 of one or more classes or series of interests of the acquired
9 entity in an interest exchange.

10 3. "Conversion" means a transaction authorized by part 4.
11 4. "Converted entity" means the converting entity as it
12 continues in existence after a conversion.

13 5. "Converting entity" means the domestic entity that 14 approves a plan of conversion pursuant to section 489.1043 or 15 the foreign entity that approves a conversion pursuant to the 16 law of its jurisdiction of formation.

17 6. "Distributional interest" means the right under an 18 unincorporated entity's organic law and organic rules to 19 receive distributions from the entity.

20 7. "Domestic", with respect to an entity, means governed as
21 to its internal affairs by the law of this state.

22 8. "Domesticated limited liability company" means the 23 domesticating limited liability company as it continues in 24 existence after a domestication.

9. "Domesticating limited liability company" means the domestic limited liability company that approves a plan of domestication pursuant to section 489.1053 or the foreign limited liability company that approves a domestication pursuant to the law of its jurisdiction of formation.

30 10. "Domestication" means a transaction authorized by part 31 5.

32 11. *a.* "*Entity*" means any of the following:

33 (1) A business corporation.

34 (2) A nonprofit corporation.

35 (3) A general partnership, including a limited liability

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1 partnership.

2 (4) A limited partnership, including a limited liability3 limited partnership.

4 (5) A limited liability company.

5 (6) A domestic cooperative.

6 (7) An unincorporated nonprofit association.

7 (8) A statutory trust, business trust, or common-law8 business trust.

9 (9) Any other person that has any of the following:
10 (a) A legal existence separate from any interest holder of
11 that person.

12 (b) The power to acquire an interest in real property in 13 its own name.

14 b. "Entity" does not include any of the following:

15 (1) An individual.

16 (2) A trust with a predominantly donative purpose or a
17 charitable trust.

18 (3) An association or relationship that is not an entity 19 listed in paragraph "a" and is not a partnership under the 20 rules stated in section 486A.202, subsection 3, or a similar 21 provision of the law of another jurisdiction.

22 (4) A decedent's estate.

23 (5) A government or a governmental subdivision, agency, or 24 instrumentality.

25 12. "Filing entity" means an entity whose formation requires 26 the filing of a public organic record. The term does not 27 include a limited liability partnership.

13. "Foreign", with respect to an entity, means an 29 entity governed as to its internal affairs by the law of a 30 jurisdiction other than this state.

31 14. "Governance interest" means a right under the organic 32 law or organic rules of an unincorporated entity, other than as 33 a governor, agent, assignee, or proxy, to any of the following: 34 a. Receive or demand access to information concerning, or 35 the books and records of, the entity.

b. Vote for or consent to the election of the governors of

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2 the entity. C. Receive notice of or vote on or consent to an issue 3 4 involving the internal affairs of the entity. 15. "Governor" means any of the following: 5 6 a. A director of a business corporation. A director or trustee of a nonprofit corporation. 7 *b*. A general partner of a general partnership. 8 C. 9 d. A general partner of a limited partnership. A manager of a manager-managed limited liability company. 10 e. f. A member of a member-managed limited liability company. 11 12 A director of a domestic cooperative. g. 13 A manager of an unincorporated nonprofit association. h. 14 A trustee of a statutory trust, business trust, or *i*. 15 common-law business trust. 16 *i.* Any other person under whose authority the powers of an 17 entity are exercised and under whose direction the activities 18 and affairs of the entity are managed pursuant to the organic 19 law and organic rules of the entity. 20 16. "Interest" means any of the following: 21 A share in a business corporation. a. A membership in a nonprofit corporation. 22 b. 23 A partnership interest in a general partnership. C. 24 A partnership interest in a limited partnership. d. 25 e, A membership interest in a limited liability company. 26 f. A share in a domestic cooperative. 27 q. A membership in an unincorporated nonprofit association. A beneficial interest in a statutory trust, business 28 h. 29 trust, or common-law business trust. 30 A governance interest or distributional interest in any i. 31 other type of unincorporated entity. 17. "Interest exchange" means a transaction authorized by 32 33 part 3. 34 18. "Interest holder" means any of the following: a. A shareholder of a business corporation. 35 LSB 1051XC (18) 90 da/jh 105/161 -105-

1 b. A member of a nonprofit corporation. 2 A general partner of a general partnership. c. d. A general partner of a limited partnership. 3 4 е. A limited partner of a limited partnership. A member of a limited liability company. 5 f. a shareholder of a domestic cooperative. 6 g. h. A member of an unincorporated nonprofit association. 7 *i*. A beneficiary or beneficial owner of a statutory trust, 8 9 business trust, or common-law business trust. j. Any other direct holder of an interest. 10 19. "Interest holder liability" means any of the following: 11 12 Personal liability for a liability of an entity which is a. 13 imposed on a person due to any of the following: 14 (1) Solely by reason of the status of the person as an 15 interest holder. 16 (2) By the organic rules of the entity which make one or 17 more specified interest holders or categories of interest 18 holders liable in their capacity as interest holders for all or 19 specified liabilities of the entity. 20 b. An obligation of an interest holder under the organic 21 rules of an entity to contribute to the entity. "Merger" means a transaction authorized by part 2. 22 20. 23 "Merging entity" means an entity that is a party to 21. 24 a merger and exists immediately before the merger becomes 25 effective. "Organic law" means the law of an entity's jurisdiction 26 22. 27 of formation governing the internal affairs of the entity. 23. "Organic rules" means the public organic record and 28 29 private organic rules of an entity. 30 24. "Plan" means a plan of merger, plan of interest 31 exchange, plan of conversion, or plan of domestication. 25. "Plan of conversion" means a plan under section 32 33 489.1042. 34 26. "Plan of domestication" means a plan under section 35 489.1052.

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1 27. "Plan of interest exchange" means a plan under section
2 489.1032.

3 28. "Plan of merger" means a plan under section 489.1022. 4 29. a. "Private organic rules" means the rules, whether or 5 not in a record, that govern the internal affairs of an entity, 6 are binding on all its interest holders, and are not part of 7 its public organic record, if any.

8 b. "Private organic rules" includes all of the following:
9 (1) The bylaws of a business corporation.

10 (2) The bylaws of a nonprofit corporation.

11 (3) The partnership agreement of a general partnership.

12 (4) The partnership agreement of a limited partnership.

13 (5) The operating agreement of a limited liability company.

14 (6) The bylaws of a domestic cooperative.

15 (7) The governing principles of an unincorporated nonprofit 16 association.

17 (8) The trust instrument of a statutory trust or similar18 rules of a business trust or common-law business trust.

30. "Protected agreement" means any of the following:
a. A record evidencing indebtedness and any related

21 agreement in effect on January 1, 2009.

*b.* An agreement that is binding on an entity on January 1,23 2009.

24 c. The organic rules of an entity in effect on January 1, 25 2009.

26 *d*. An agreement that is binding on any of the governors or 27 interest holders of an entity on January 1, 2009.

31. a. "Public organic record" means the record the filing
of which by the secretary of state is required to form an
of entity and any amendment to or restatement of that record.

31 b. "Public organic record" includes any of the following:
32 (1) The articles of incorporation of a business
33 corporation.

34 (2) The articles of incorporation of a nonprofit 35 corporation.

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1 (3) The certificate of limited partnership of a limited 2 partnership. (4) The certificate of organization of a limited liability 3 4 company. 5 (5) The articles of incorporation of a domestic 6 cooperative. (6) The certificate of trust of a statutory trust or similar 7 8 record of a business trust. 32. "Registered foreign entity" means a foreign entity that 9 10 is registered to do business in this state pursuant to a record 11 filed by the secretary of state. 12 33. "Statement of conversion" means a statement under 13 section 489.1045. "Statement of domestication" means a statement under 14 34. 15 section 489.1055. 16 35. "Statement of interest exchange" means a statement under

17 section 489.1035.

18 36. "Statement of merger" means a statement under section
19 489.1025.

20 37. "Surviving entity" means the entity that continues in 21 existence after or is created by a merger.

22 38. "Type of entity" means a generic form of entity that is 23 any of the following:

24 a. Recognized at common law.

*b.* Formed under an organic law, whether or not some entities
formed under that organic law are subject to provisions of that
law that create different categories of the form of entity.

28 Sec. 81. Section 489.1002, Code 2023, is amended by striking 29 the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

30 489.1002 Relationship of subchapter to other laws.

31 1. This subchapter does not authorize an act prohibited by, 32 and does not affect the application or requirements of, law 33 other than this subchapter.

A transaction effected under this subchapter shall
 not create or impair a right, duty, or obligation of a

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1 person under the statutory law of this state other than this 2 subchapter relating to a change in control, takeover, business 3 combination, control-share acquisition, or similar transaction 4 involving a domestic merging, acquired, converting, or 5 domesticating business corporation unless any of the following 6 applies:

7 *a.* If the corporation does not survive the transaction, the 8 transaction satisfies any requirements of the law.

9 b. If the corporation survives the transaction, the approval 10 of the plan is by a vote of the shareholders or directors which 11 would be sufficient to create or impair the right, duty, or 12 obligation directly under the law.

13 Sec. 82. Section 489.1003, Code 2023, is amended by striking 14 the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

15 489.1003 Required notice or approval.

16 1. A domestic or foreign entity that is required to give 17 notice to, or obtain the approval of, a governmental agency 18 or officer of this state to be a party to a merger must give 19 the notice or obtain the approval to be a party to an interest 20 exchange, conversion, or domestication.

21 2. Property held for a charitable purpose under the law of 22 this state by a domestic or foreign entity immediately before 23 a transaction under this subchapter becomes effective may be 24 diverted from the objects for which it was donated, granted, 25 devised, or otherwise transferred only to the extent a public 26 benefit corporation is able to divert from such objects under 27 chapter 504.

3. A bequest, devise, gift, grant, or promise contained in a will or other instrument of donation, subscription, or conveyance which is made to a merging entity that is not the surviving entity and which takes effect or remains payable after the merger inures to the surviving entity.

4. A trust obligation that would govern property if
34 transferred to a nonsurviving entity applies to property that
35 is transferred to the surviving entity under this section.

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Sec. 83. Section 489.1004, Code 2023, is amended by striking
 the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

3 489.1004 Nonexclusivity.

4 The fact that a transaction under this subchapter produces 5 a certain result does not preclude the same result from being 6 accomplished in any other manner permitted by law other than 7 this subchapter.

8 Sec. 84. Section 489.1005, Code 2023, is amended by striking9 the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

10 489.1005 Reference to external facts.

11 1. A plan may refer to facts ascertainable outside the plan 12 if the manner in which the facts will operate upon the plan is 13 specified in the plan. The facts may include the occurrence of 14 an event or a determination or action by a person, whether or 15 not the event, determination, or action is within the control 16 of a party to the transaction.

17 2. The following provisions of a record delivered to the 18 secretary of state for filing under this chapter or a plan 19 delivered for filing in lieu of a statement shall not be made 20 dependent on facts outside the record or plan:

21 a. The name and address of any person.

22 b. The registered office of any entity.

23 c. The registered agent of any entity.

24 *d.* The number of authorized interests and designation of25 each class or series of interests.

26 e. The effective date of a record delivered to the secretary 27 of state for filing.

28 f. Any required statement in a record delivered to the 29 secretary of state for filing of the date on which the 30 underlying transaction was approved or the manner in which that 31 approval was given.

32 Sec. 85. Section 489.1006, Code 2023, is amended by striking 33 the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

34 489.1006 Appraisal rights.

35 An interest holder of a domestic merging, acquired,

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1 converting, or domesticating limited liability company is

2 entitled to contractual appraisal rights in connection with a 3 transaction under this subchapter to the extent provided in any 4 of the following:

5 1. The operating agreement.

6 2. The plan.

7 Sec. 86. Section 489.1007, Code 2023, is amended by striking 8 the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

9 489.1007 Excluded entities and transactions.

10 This subchapter shall not be used to effect a transaction 11 involving a bank, insurance company, or public utility where 12 any chapter governing the regulation of such entity does not 13 permit the transaction.

14 Sec. 87. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1021 Merger authorized.
15 1. By complying with this part, all of the following apply:

16 a. One or more domestic limited liability companies may 17 merge with one or more domestic or foreign entities into a 18 domestic or foreign surviving entity.

19 b. Two or more foreign entities may merge into a domestic20 limited liability company.

21 2. By complying with the provisions of this part applicable 22 to foreign entities, a foreign entity may be a party to a 23 merger under this part or may be the surviving entity in such 24 a merger if the merger is authorized by the law of the foreign 25 entity's jurisdiction of formation.

26 Sec. 88. NEW SECTION. 489.1022 Plan of merger.

1. A domestic limited liability company may become a party
28 to a merger under this part by approving a plan of merger. The
29 plan must be in a record and contain all of the following:
30 a. As to each merging entity, its name, jurisdiction of
31 formation, and type of entity.

32 b. If the surviving entity is to be created in the merger, a 33 statement to that effect and the entity's name, jurisdiction of 34 formation, and type of entity.

35 c. The manner of converting the interests in each party

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1 to the merger into interests, securities, obligations, money, 2 other property, rights to acquire interests or securities, or 3 any combination of the foregoing.

4 *d.* If the surviving entity exists before the merger, any5 proposed amendments to all of the following:

6 (1) Its public organic record, if any.

7 (2) Its private organic rules that are, or are proposed to 8 be, in a record.

9 *e.* If the surviving entity is to be created in the merger, 10 all of the following:

11 (1) Its proposed public organic record, if any.

12 (2) The full text of its private organic rules that are 13 proposed to be in a record.

14 f. The other terms and conditions of the merger.

15 g. Any other provision required by the law of a merging 16 entity's jurisdiction of formation or the organic rules of a 17 merging entity.

18 2. In addition to the requirements of subsection 1, a plan 19 of merger may contain any other provision not prohibited by 20 law.

Sec. 89. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1023 Approval of merger.
A plan of merger is not effective unless it has been
approved according to all of the following:

*a.* By a domestic merging limited liability company, by all
the members of the company entitled to vote on or consent to
any matter.

*b.* In a record, by each member of a domestic merging limited liability company which will have interest holder liability for debts, obligations, and other liabilities that are incurred after the merger becomes effective, unless all of the following apply:

32 (1) The operating agreement of the limited liability 33 company provides in a record for the approval of a merger in 34 which some or all of its members become subject to interest 35 holder liability by the affirmative vote or consent of fewer

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1 than all the members.

2 (2) The member consented in a record to or voted for that 3 provision of the operating agreement or became a member after 4 the adoption of that provision.

2. A merger involving a domestic merging entity that is not
6 a limited liability company is not effective unless the merger
7 is approved by that entity in accordance with its organic law.
8 3. A merger involving a foreign merging entity is not
9 effective unless the merger is approved by the foreign entity

10 in accordance with the law of the foreign entity's jurisdiction 11 of formation.

12 Sec. 90. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1024 Amendment or abandonment 13 of plan of merger.

A plan of merger may be amended only with the consent
 of each party to the plan, except as otherwise provided in the
 plan.

17 2. A domestic merging limited liability company may approve 18 an amendment of a plan of merger according to any of the 19 following:

20 In the same manner as the plan was approved, if the plan а. 21 does not provide for the manner in which it may be amended. 22 By its managers or members in the manner provided in the b. 23 plan, but a member that was entitled to vote on or consent to 24 approval of the merger is entitled to vote on or consent to any 25 amendment of the plan that will change any of the following: 26 The amount or kind of interests, securities, (1) 27 obligations, money, other property, rights to acquire interests 28 or securities, or any combination of the foregoing, to be 29 received by the interest holders of any party to the plan. 30 (2) The public organic record, if any, or private 31 organic rules of the surviving entity that will be in effect 32 immediately after the merger becomes effective, except for 33 changes that do not require approval of the interest holders of 34 the surviving entity under its organic law or organic rules. (3) Any other terms or conditions of the plan, if the change 35

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1 would adversely affect the member in any material respect.
2 3. After a plan of merger has been approved and before
3 a statement of merger becomes effective, the plan may be
4 abandoned as provided in the plan. Unless prohibited by the
5 plan, a domestic merging limited liability company may abandon
6 the plan in the same manner as the plan was approved.

7 4. If a plan of merger is abandoned after a statement of 8 merger has been delivered to the secretary of state for filing 9 and before the statement becomes effective, a statement of 10 abandonment, signed by a party to the plan, must be delivered 11 to the secretary of state for filing before the statement of 12 merger becomes effective. The statement of abandonment takes 13 effect on filing, and the merger is abandoned and does not 14 become effective. The statement of abandonment must contain 15 all of the following:

16 a. The name of each party to the plan of merger.
17 b. The date on which the statement of merger was filed by
18 the secretary of state.

19 c. A statement that the merger has been abandoned in 20 accordance with this section.

21 Sec. 91. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1025 Statement of merger — 22 effective date of merger.

1. A statement of merger must be signed by each merging 23 24 entity and delivered to the secretary of state for filing. 25 2. A statement of merger must contain all of the following: 26 The name, jurisdiction of formation, and type of entity a. 27 of each merging entity that is not the surviving entity. The name, jurisdiction of formation, and type of entity 28 b. 29 of the surviving entity, and if the surviving entity is a 30 foreign entity, the street and mailing addresses of an office 31 of the surviving entity that the secretary of state may use for 32 purposes of section 489.1026, subsection 5.

33 c. A statement that the merger was approved by each domestic 34 merging entity, if any, in accordance with this part and by 35 each foreign merging entity, if any, in accordance with the law

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1 of its jurisdiction of formation.

2 d. If the surviving entity exists before the merger and is
3 a domestic filing entity, any amendment to its public organic
4 record approved as part of the plan of merger.

5 *e.* If the surviving entity is created by the merger and 6 is a domestic filing entity, its public organic record, as an 7 attachment.

8 f. If the surviving entity is created by the merger and 9 is a domestic limited liability partnership, its statement of 10 qualification, as an attachment.

11 3. In addition to the requirements of subsection 2, a 12 statement of merger may contain any other provision not 13 prohibited by law.

14 4. If the surviving entity is a domestic entity, its public 15 organic record, if any, must satisfy the requirements of the 16 law of this state, except that the public organic record does 17 not need to be signed.

18 5. If the surviving entity is a domestic limited liability 19 company, the merger becomes effective when the statement of 20 merger is effective. In all other cases, the merger becomes 21 effective on the later of the following:

22 *a.* The date and time provided by the organic law of the 23 surviving entity.

24 b. When the statement is effective.

25 Sec. 92. NEW SECTION. 489.1026 Effect of merger.

26 1. When a merger becomes effective, all of the following 27 apply:

*a.* The surviving entity continues or comes into existence. *b.* Each merging entity that is not the surviving entity
ceases to exist.

31 c. All property of each merging entity vests in the 32 surviving entity without transfer, reversion, or impairment. 33 d. All debts, obligations, and other liabilities of each 34 merging entity are debts, obligations, and other liabilities 35 of the surviving entity.

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e. Except as otherwise provided by law or the plan of
 merger, all the rights, privileges, immunities, powers, and
 purposes of each merging entity vest in the surviving entity.

4 f. If the surviving entity exists before the merger, all of 5 the following apply:

6 (1) All its property continues to be vested in it without7 transfer, reversion, or impairment.

8 (2) It remains subject to all its debts, obligations, and9 other liabilities.

10 (3) All its rights, privileges, immunities, powers, and 11 purposes continue to be vested in it.

12 g. The name of the surviving entity may be substituted for 13 the name of any merging entity that is a party to any pending 14 action or proceeding.

15 h. If the surviving entity exists before the merger, all of 16 the following apply:

17 (1) Its public organic record, if any, is amended to the 18 extent provided in the statement of merger.

19 (2) Its private organic rules that are to be in a record, if 20 any, are amended to the extent provided in the plan of merger. 21 *i*. If the surviving entity is created by the merger, its 22 private organic rules are effective and all of the following 23 apply:

24 (1) If it is a filing entity, its public organic record25 becomes effective.

26 (2) If it is a limited liability partnership, its statement 27 of qualification becomes effective.

*j.* The interests in each merging entity which are to be converted in the merger are converted, and the interest holders of those interests are entitled only to the rights provided to them under the plan of merger and to any appraisal rights they have under section 489.1006 and the merging entity's organic law.

Except as otherwise provided in the organic law or
 organic rules of a merging entity, the merger does not give

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1 rise to any rights that an interest holder, governor, or third 2 party would have upon a dissolution, liquidation, or winding up 3 of the merging entity.

3. When a merger becomes effective, a person that did 5 not have interest holder liability with respect to any of 6 the merging entities and becomes subject to interest holder 7 liability with respect to a domestic entity as a result of 8 the merger has interest holder liability only to the extent 9 provided by the organic law of that entity and only for those 10 debts, obligations, and other liabilities that are incurred 11 after the merger becomes effective.

12 4. When a merger becomes effective, the interest holder 13 liability of a person that ceases to hold an interest in a 14 domestic merging limited liability company with respect to 15 which the person had interest holder liability is subject to 16 the following rules:

17 a. The merger does not discharge any interest holder
18 liability under this chapter to the extent the interest holder
19 liability was incurred before the merger became effective.
20 b. The person does not have interest holder liability under
21 this chapter for any debt, obligation, or other liability that
22 is incurred after the merger becomes effective.

c. This chapter continues to apply to the release,
collection, or discharge of any interest holder liability
preserved under paragraph "a" as if the merger had not occurred.
d. The person has whatever rights of contribution from
any other person as are provided by this chapter, law other
than this chapter, or the operating agreement of the domestic
merging limited liability company with respect to any interest
holder liability preserved under paragraph "a" as if the merger

5. When a merger becomes effective, a foreign entity that is the surviving entity may be served with process in this state for the collection and enforcement of any debts, obligations, or other liabilities of a domestic merging limited liability

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1 company as provided in section 489.116.

6. When a merger becomes effective, the registration to do 3 business in this state of any foreign merging entity that is 4 not the surviving entity is canceled.

5 Sec. 93. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1031 Interest exchange 6 authorized.

7 1. By complying with this part, any of the following apply: 8 a. A domestic limited liability company may acquire all 9 of one or more classes or series of interests of another 10 domestic entity or a foreign entity in exchange for interests, 11 securities, obligations, money, other property, rights to 12 acquire interests or securities, or any combination of the 13 foregoing.

14 b. All of one or more classes or series of interests of a 15 domestic limited liability company may be acquired by another 16 domestic entity or a foreign entity in exchange for interests, 17 securities, obligations, money, other property, rights to 18 acquire interests or securities, or any combination of the 19 foregoing.

20 2. By complying with the provisions of this part applicable 21 to foreign entities, a foreign entity may be the acquiring or 22 acquired entity in an interest exchange under this part if 23 the interest exchange is authorized by the law of the foreign 24 entity's jurisdiction of formation.

3. If a protected agreement contains a provision that applies to a merger of a domestic limited liability company but does not refer to an interest exchange, the provision applies to an interest exchange in which the domestic limited liability company is the acquired entity as if the interest exchange were a merger until the provision is amended on or after January 1, 1 2009.

32 Sec. 94. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **489.1032** Plan of interest exchange. 33 1. A domestic limited liability company may be the acquired 34 entity in an interest exchange under this part by approving a 35 plan of interest exchange. The plan must be in a record and

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1 contain all of the following:

2 a. The name of the acquired entity.

3 b. The name, jurisdiction of formation, and type of entity 4 of the acquiring entity.

5 c. The manner of converting the interests in the acquired 6 entity into interests, securities, obligations, money, other 7 property, rights to acquire interests or securities, or any 8 combination of the foregoing.

9 d. Any proposed amendments to all of the following:
10 (1) The certificate of organization of the acquired entity.
11 (2) The operating agreement of the acquired entity that are,
12 or are proposed to be, in a record.

*e.* The other terms and conditions of the interest exchange. *f.* Any other provision required by the law of this state or
the operating agreement of the acquired entity.

16 2. In addition to the requirements of subsection 1, a 17 plan of interest exchange may contain any other provision not 18 prohibited by law.

19 Sec. 95. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1033 Approval of interest 20 exchange.

21 l. A plan of interest exchange is not effective unless it22 has been approved according to all of the following:

*a.* By all the members of a domestic acquired limited
liability company entitled to vote on or consent to any matter. *b.* In a record, by each member of the domestic acquired
limited liability company that will have interest holder
liability for debts, obligations, and other liabilities that
are incurred after the interest exchange becomes effective,
unless all of the following apply:

30 (1) The operating agreement of the limited liability 31 company provides in a record for the approval of an interest 32 exchange or a merger in which some or all of its members become 33 subject to interest holder liability by the affirmative vote or 34 consent of fewer than all the members.

35 (2) The member consented in a record to or voted for that

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1 provision of the operating agreement or became a member after
2 the adoption of that provision.

3 2. An interest exchange involving a domestic acquired 4 entity that is not a limited liability company is not effective 5 unless it is approved by the domestic entity in accordance with 6 its organic law.

3. An interest exchange involving a foreign acquired entity
8 is not effective unless it is approved by the foreign entity in
9 accordance with the law of the foreign entity's jurisdiction
10 of formation.

11 4. Except as otherwise provided in its organic law or 12 organic rules, the interest holders of the acquiring entity are 13 not required to approve the interest exchange.

14 Sec. 96. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1034 Amendment or abandonment 15 of plan of interest exchange.

16 1. A plan of interest exchange may be amended only with the 17 consent of each party to the plan, except as otherwise provided 18 in the plan.

A domestic acquired limited liability company may
 approve an amendment of a plan of interest exchange according
 to any of the following:

a. In the same manner as the plan was approved, if the plan
does not provide for the manner in which it may be amended.
b. By its managers or members in the manner provided in
the plan, but a member that was entitled to vote on or consent
to approval of the interest exchange is entitled to vote on or
consent to any amendment of the plan that will change any of
the following:

(1) The amount or kind of interests, securities, 30 obligations, money, other property, rights to acquire interests 31 or securities, or any combination of the foregoing, to be 32 received by any of the members of the acquired company under 33 the plan.

34 (2) The certificate of organization or operating agreement35 of the acquired company that will be in effect immediately

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1 after the interest exchange becomes effective, except for 2 changes that do not require approval of the members of the 3 acquired company under this chapter or the operating agreement. 4 (3) Any other terms or conditions of the plan, if the change 5 would adversely affect the member in any material respect. 6 3. After a plan of interest exchange has been approved and 7 before a statement of interest exchange becomes effective, 8 the plan may be abandoned as provided in the plan. Unless 9 prohibited by the plan, a domestic acquired limited liability 10 company may abandon the plan in the same manner as the plan was 11 approved.

12 4. If a plan of interest exchange is abandoned after a 13 statement of interest exchange has been delivered to the 14 secretary of state for filing and before the statement becomes 15 effective, a statement of abandonment, signed by the acquired 16 limited liability company, must be delivered to the secretary 17 of state for filing before the statement of interest exchange 18 becomes effective. The statement of abandonment takes effect 19 on filing, and the interest exchange is abandoned and does not 20 become effective. The statement of abandonment must contain 21 all of the following:

*a.* The name of the acquired limited liability company. *b.* The date on which the statement of interest exchange was
filed by the secretary of state.

25 c. A statement that the interest exchange has been abandoned 26 in accordance with this section.

27 Sec. 97. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1035 Statement of interest 28 exchange — effective date of interest exchange.

29 1. A statement of interest exchange must be signed by a 30 domestic acquired limited liability company and delivered to 31 the secretary of state for filing.

32 2. A statement of interest exchange must contain all of the 33 following:

34 a. The name of the acquired limited liability company.
35 b. The name, jurisdiction of formation, and type of entity

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1 of the acquiring entity.

*c.* A statement that the plan of interest exchange was
3 approved by the acquired company in accordance with this part. *d.* Any amendments to the acquired company's certificate of
5 organization approved as part of the plan of interest exchange.
3. In addition to the requirements of subsection 2, a

7 statement of interest exchange may contain any other provision 8 not prohibited by law.

9 4. An interest exchange becomes effective when the 10 statement of interest exchange is effective.

Sec. 98. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1036 Effect of interest exchange.
12 1. When an interest exchange in which the acquired entity
13 is a domestic limited liability company becomes effective, all
14 of the following apply:

15 a. The interests in the acquired limited liability company 16 which are the subject of the interest exchange are converted, 17 and the members holding those interests are entitled only to 18 the rights provided to them under the plan of interest exchange 19 and to any appraisal rights they have under section 486.1006. 20 b. The acquiring entity becomes the interest holder of the 21 interests in the acquired limited liability company stated in 22 the plan of interest exchange to be acquired by the acquiring 23 entity.

*c.* The certificate of organization of the acquired limited
liability company is amended to the extent provided in the
statement of interest exchange.

27 d. The provisions of the operating agreement of the acquired 28 limited liability company that are to be in a record, if any, 29 are amended to the extent provided in the plan of interest 30 exchange.

31 2. Except as otherwise provided in the operating agreement 32 of a domestic acquired limited liability company, the interest 33 exchange does not give rise to any rights that a member, 34 manager, or third party would have upon a dissolution, 35 liquidation, or winding up of the acquired limited liability

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1 company.

3. When an interest exchange becomes effective, a person that did not have interest holder liability with respect to a domestic acquired limited liability company and becomes subject to interest holder liability with respect to a domestic entity as a result of the interest exchange has interest holder liability only to the extent provided by the organic law of the entity and only for those debts, obligations, and other liabilities that are incurred after the interest exchange becomes effective.

11 4. When an interest exchange becomes effective, the 12 interest holder liability of a person that ceases to hold an 13 interest in a domestic acquired limited liability company with 14 respect to which the person had interest holder liability is 15 subject to all of the following rules:

16 a. The interest exchange does not discharge any interest 17 holder liability under this chapter to the extent the interest 18 holder liability was incurred before the interest exchange 19 became effective.

*b.* The person does not have interest holder liability under
this chapter for any debt, obligation, or other liability that
is incurred after the interest exchange becomes effective.

*c.* This chapter continues to apply to the release,
collection, or discharge of any interest holder liability
preserved under paragraph "a" as if the interest exchange had
not occurred.

27 *d.* The person has whatever rights of contribution from 28 any other person as are provided by this chapter, law other 29 than this chapter, or the operating agreement of the acquired 30 limited liability company with respect to any interest holder 31 liability preserved under paragraph a as if the interest 32 exchange had not occurred.

33 Sec. 99. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1041 Conversion authorized.
34 1. By complying with this part, a domestic limited liability
35 company may become any of the following:

LSB 1051XC (18) 90 -123- da/jh 123/161 1 *a.* A domestic entity that is a different type of entity.

2 b. A foreign entity that is a different type of entity, if 3 the conversion is authorized by the law of the foreign entity's 4 jurisdiction of formation.

5 2. By complying with the provisions of this part applicable 6 to foreign entities, a foreign entity that is not a foreign 7 limited liability company may become a domestic limited 8 liability company if the conversion is authorized by the law of 9 the foreign entity's jurisdiction of formation.

10 3. If a protected agreement contains a provision that 11 applies to a merger of a domestic limited liability company 12 but does not refer to a conversion, the provision applies 13 to a conversion of the limited liability company as if the 14 conversion were a merger until the provision is amended on or 15 after January 1, 2009.

16 4. A domestic entity that is not a limited liability company 17 may become a domestic limited liability company if all of the 18 following apply:

19 a. The domestic converting entity complies with section 20 489.1043.

21 b. The domestic converting entity files a statement of 22 conversion in accordance with section 489.1045.

23 Sec. 100. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1042 Plan of conversion.
24 1. A domestic limited liability company may convert to a
25 different type of entity under this part by approving a plan
26 of conversion. The plan must be in a record and contain all of
27 the following:

*a.* The name of the converting limited liability company. *b.* The name, jurisdiction of formation, and type of entity
of the converted entity.

31 c. The manner of converting the interests in the converting 32 limited liability company into interests, securities, 33 obligations, money, other property, rights to acquire interests 34 or securities, or any combination of the foregoing.

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35 d. The proposed public organic record of the converted

1 entity if it will be a filing entity.

2 e. The full text of the private organic rules of the3 converted entity which are proposed to be in a record.

4 f. The other terms and conditions of the conversion.

5 g. Any other provision required by the law of this state
6 or the operating agreement of the converting limited liability
7 company.

8 2. In addition to the requirements of subsection 1, a plan9 of conversion may contain any other provision not prohibited10 by law.

Sec. 101. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1043 Approval of conversion.
12 1. A plan of conversion is not effective unless it has been
13 approved according to all of the following:

14 a. By a domestic converting limited liability company, by 15 all the members of the limited liability company entitled to 16 vote on or consent to any matter.

17 b. In a record, by each member of a domestic converting 18 limited liability company which will have interest holder 19 liability for debts, obligations, and other liabilities that 20 are incurred after the conversion becomes effective, unless all 21 of the following apply:

(1) The operating agreement of the limited liability company provides in a record for the approval of a conversion or a merger in which some or all of its members become subject to interest holder liability by the affirmative vote or consent of fewer than all the members.

(2) The member voted for or consented in a record to that28 provision of the operating agreement or became a member after29 the adoption of that provision.

30 2. A conversion involving a domestic converting entity that 31 is not a limited liability company is not effective unless it 32 is approved by the domestic converting entity in accordance 33 with its organic law.

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34 3. A conversion of a foreign converting entity is not 35 effective unless it is approved by the foreign entity in

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1 accordance with the law of the foreign entity's jurisdiction
2 of formation.

3 Sec. 102. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1044 Amendment or abandonment of 4 plan of conversion.

5 1. A plan of conversion of a domestic converting limited
6 liability company may be amended according to any of the
7 following:

8 a. In the same manner as the plan was approved, if the plan
9 does not provide for the manner in which it may be amended.
10 b. By its managers or members in the manner provided in the
11 plan, but a member that was entitled to vote on or consent to
12 approval of the conversion is entitled to vote on or consent
13 to any amendment of the plan that will change any of the
14 following:

15 (1) The amount or kind of interests, securities, 16 obligations, money, other property, rights to acquire interests 17 or securities, or any combination of the foregoing, to be 18 received by any of the members of the converting limited 19 liability company under the plan.

(2) The public organic record, if any, or private organic 20 21 rules of the converted entity which will be in effect 22 immediately after the conversion becomes effective, except for 23 changes that do not require approval of the interest holders of 24 the converted entity under its organic law or organic rules. 25 (3) Any other terms or conditions of the plan, if the change 26 would adversely affect the member in any material respect. 27 2. After a plan of conversion has been approved by a 28 domestic converting limited liability company and before a 29 statement of conversion becomes effective, the plan may be 30 abandoned as provided in the plan. Unless prohibited by the 31 plan, a domestic converting limited liability company may 32 abandon the plan in the same manner as the plan was approved. 33 3. If a plan of conversion is abandoned after a statement 34 of conversion has been delivered to the secretary of state 35 for filing and before the statement becomes effective, a

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1 statement of abandonment, signed by the converting entity, 2 must be delivered to the secretary of state for filing before 3 the statement of conversion becomes effective. The statement 4 of abandonment takes effect on filing, and the conversion is 5 abandoned and does not become effective. The statement of 6 abandonment must contain all of the following:

7 a. The name of the converting limited liability company.
8 b. The date on which the statement of conversion was filed
9 by the secretary of state.

10 c. A statement that the conversion has been abandoned in 11 accordance with this section.

12 Sec. 103. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1045 Statement of conversion — 13 effective date of conversion.

14 1. A statement of conversion must be signed by the 15 converting entity and delivered to the secretary of state for 16 filing.

17 2. A statement of conversion must contain all of the 18 following:

19 a. The name, jurisdiction of formation, and type of entity 20 of the converting entity.

21 b. The name, jurisdiction of formation, and type of entity 22 of the converted entity and if the converted entity is a 23 foreign entity, the street and mailing addresses of an office 24 of the converted entity that the secretary of state may use for 25 purposes of section 489.1046, subsection 5.

*c.* If the converting entity is a domestic limited liability company, a statement that the plan of conversion was approved in accordance with this part or, if the converting entity is a foreign entity, a statement that the conversion was approved by the foreign entity in accordance with the law of its jurisdiction of formation.

32 *d*. If the converted entity is a domestic filing entity, its 33 public organic record, as an attachment.

34 *e.* If the converted entity is a domestic limited liability 35 partnership, its statement of qualification, as an attachment.

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3. In addition to the requirements of subsection 2, a
 2 statement of conversion may contain any other provision not
 3 prohibited by law.

4 4. If the converted entity is a domestic entity, its public 5 organic record, if any, must satisfy the requirements of the 6 law of this state, except that the public organic record does 7 not need to be signed.

8 5. If the converted entity is a domestic limited liability 9 company, the conversion becomes effective when the statement of 10 conversion is effective. In all other cases, the conversion 11 becomes effective on the later of the following:

12 a. The date and time provided by the organic law of the 13 converted entity.

14 b. When the statement is effective.

15 Sec. 104. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1046 Effect of conversion.
16 1. When a conversion becomes effective all of the following
17 apply:

18 *a*. The converted entity is any of the following:

19 (1) Organized under and subject to the organic law of the 20 converted entity.

21 (2) The same entity without interruption as the converting 22 entity.

*b.* All property of the converting entity continues to be
vested in the converted entity without transfer, reversion, or
impairment.

*c.* All debts, obligations, and other liabilities of the converting entity continue as debts, obligations, and other liabilities of the converted entity.

29 d. Except as otherwise provided by law or the plan of 30 conversion, all the rights, privileges, immunities, powers, 31 and purposes of the converting entity remain in the converted 32 entity.

*e.* The name of the converted entity may be substituted for
the name of the converting entity in any pending action or
proceeding.

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f. The certificate of organization of the converted entity
 2 becomes effective.

3 g. The provisions of the operating agreement of the 4 converted entity which are to be in a record, if any, approved 5 as part of the plan of conversion become effective.

*h.* The interests in the converting entity are converted, and
the interest holders of the converting entity are entitled only
to the rights provided to them under the plan of conversion and
to any appraisal rights they have under section 489.1006. *2.* Except as otherwise provided in the operating agreement
of a domestic converting limited liability company, the

12 conversion does not give rise to any rights that a member, 13 manager, or third party would have upon a dissolution, 14 liquidation, or winding up of the converting entity.

3. When a conversion becomes effective, a person that did not have interest holder liability with respect to the converting entity and becomes subject to interest holder lability with respect to a domestic entity as a result of the conversion has interest holder liability only to the extent provided by the organic law of the entity and only for those lebts, obligations, and other liabilities that are incurred after the conversion becomes effective.

4. When a conversion becomes effective, the interest holder liability of a person that ceases to hold an interest in a of a person that ceases to hold an interest in a domestic converting limited liability company with respect to which the person had interest holder liability is subject to all of the following rules:

*a.* The conversion does not discharge any interest holder
liability under this chapter to the extent the interest holder
liability was incurred before the conversion became effective. *b.* The person does not have interest holder liability under
this chapter for any debt, obligation, or other liability that

33 arises after the conversion becomes effective.

34 c. This chapter continues to apply to the release,35 collection, or discharge of any interest holder liability

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l preserved under paragraph "a" as if the conversion had not 2 occurred.

3 d. The person has whatever rights of contribution from any 4 other person as are provided by this chapter, law other than 5 this chapter, or the organic rules of the converting entity 6 with respect to any interest holder liability preserved under 7 paragraph "a" as if the conversion had not occurred.

8 5. When a conversion becomes effective, a foreign entity 9 that is the converted entity may be served with process in this 10 state for the collection and enforcement of any of its debts, 11 obligations, and other liabilities as provided in section 12 489.116.

13 6. If the converting entity is a registered foreign entity, 14 its registration to do business in this state is canceled when 15 the conversion becomes effective.

16 7. A conversion does not require the entity to wind up its 17 affairs and does not constitute or cause the dissolution of the 18 entity.

19 Sec. 105. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1051 Domestication authorized.
20 1. By complying with this part, a domestic limited liability
21 company may become a foreign limited liability company if
22 the domestication is authorized by the law of the foreign
23 jurisdiction.

By complying with the provisions of this part applicable
 to foreign limited liability companies, a foreign limited
 liability company may become a domestic limited liability
 company if the domestication is authorized by the law of the
 foreign limited liability company's jurisdiction of formation.
 If a protected agreement contains a provision that
 applies to a merger of a domestic limited liability company

31 but does not refer to a domestic limited liability company 32 to a domestication of the limited liability company as if the 33 domestication were a merger until the provision is amended on 34 or after January 1, 2009.

35 Sec. 106. NEW SECTION. 489.1052 Plan of domestication.

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A domestic limited liability company may become a foreign
 limited liability company in a domestication by approving
 a plan of domestication. The plan must be in a record and
 contain all of the following:

5 a. The name of the domesticating limited liability company.
6 b. The name and jurisdiction of formation of the
7 domesticated limited liability company.

8 c. The manner of converting the interests in the 9 domesticating limited liability company into interests, 10 securities, obligations, money, other property, rights to 11 acquire interests or securities, or any combination of the 12 foregoing.

13 d. The proposed certificate of organization of the 14 domesticated limited liability company.

15 e. The full text of the provisions of the operating 16 agreement of the domesticated limited liability company that 17 are proposed to be in a record.

18 f. The other terms and conditions of the domestication.

19 g. Any other provision required by the law of this state or 20 the operating agreement of the domesticating limited liability 21 company.

22 2. In addition to the requirements of subsection 1, a plan23 of domestication may contain any other provision not prohibited24 by law.

25 Sec. 107. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1053 Approval of domestication.
26 1. A plan of domestication of a domestic domesticating
27 limited liability company is not effective unless it has been
28 approved according to any of the following:

29 a. By all the members entitled to vote on or consent to any 30 matter.

31 b. In a record, by each member that will have interest 32 holder liability for debts, obligations, and other liabilities 33 that are incurred after the domestication becomes effective, 34 unless all of the following apply:

35 (1) The operating agreement of the domesticating limited

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liability company in a record provides for the approval of a
 domestication or merger in which some or all of its members
 become subject to interest holder liability by the affirmative
 vote or consent of fewer than all the members.

5 (2) The member voted for or consented in a record to that 6 provision of the operating agreement or became a member after 7 the adoption of that provision.

8 2. A domestication of a foreign domesticating limited 9 liability company is not effective unless it is approved in 10 accordance with the law of the foreign limited liability 11 company's jurisdiction of formation.

12 Sec. 108. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1054 Amendment or abandonment 13 of plan of domestication.

14 l. A plan of domestication of a domestic domesticating 15 limited liability company may be amended according to any of 16 the following:

*a.* In the same manner as the plan was approved, if the plan
does not provide for the manner in which it may be amended. *b.* By its managers or members in the manner provided in
the plan, but a member that was entitled to vote on or consent
to approval of the domestication is entitled to vote on or
consent to any amendment of the plan that will change any of
the following:

(1) The amount or kind of interests, securities,
25 obligations, money, other property, rights to acquire interests
26 or securities, or any combination of the foregoing, to be
27 received by any of the members of the domesticating limited
28 liability company under the plan.

(2) The certificate of organization or operating agreement 30 of the domesticated limited liability company that will be in 31 effect immediately after the domestication becomes effective, 32 except for changes that do not require approval of the members 33 of the domesticated limited liability company under its organic 34 law or operating agreement.

35 (3) Any other terms or conditions of the plan, if the change

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1 would adversely affect the member in any material respect. 2. After a plan of domestication has been approved by a 2 3 domestic domesticating limited liability company and before a 4 statement of domestication becomes effective, the plan may be 5 abandoned as provided in the plan. Unless prohibited by the 6 plan, a domestic domesticating limited liability company may 7 abandon the plan in the same manner as the plan was approved. 3. 8 If a plan of domestication is abandoned after a statement 9 of domestication has been delivered to the secretary of state 10 for filing and before the statement becomes effective, a 11 statement of abandonment, signed by the domesticating limited 12 liability company, must be delivered to the secretary of state 13 for filing before the statement of domestication becomes 14 effective. The statement of abandonment takes effect on 15 filing, and the domestication is abandoned and does not become 16 effective. The statement of abandonment must contain all of 17 the following: 18 The name of the domesticating limited liability company. a. The date on which the statement of domestication was 19 b. 20 filed by the secretary of state. 21 c. A statement that the domestication has been abandoned in 22 accordance with this section. 23 Sec. 109. NEW SECTION. 489.1055 Statement of domestication 24 — effective date of domestication. 25 1. A statement of domestication must be signed by the 26 domesticating limited liability company and delivered to the 27 secretary of state for filing. 2. A statement of domestication must contain all of the 28 29 following:

30 *a.* The name and jurisdiction of formation of the 31 domesticating limited liability company.

32 b. The name and jurisdiction of formation of the 33 domesticated limited liability company and the street and 34 mailing addresses of an office of the domesticated limited 35 liability company that the secretary of state may use for

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1 purposes of section 489.1056, subsection 5.

*c.* If the domesticating limited liability company is a domestic limited liability company, a statement that the plan of domestication was approved in accordance with this part or, if the domesticating limited liability company is a foreign limited liability company, a statement that the domestication was approved in accordance with the law of its jurisdiction of formation.

9 *d*. The certificate of organization of the domesticated 10 limited liability company, as an attachment.

11 3. In addition to the requirements of subsection 2, a 12 statement of domestication may contain any other provision not 13 prohibited by law.

4. The certificate of organization of a domestic
15 domesticated limited liability company must satisfy the
16 requirements of this chapter, but the certificate does not need
17 to be signed.

18 5. If the domesticated entity is a domestic limited 19 liability company, the domestication becomes effective 20 when the statement of domestication is effective. If the 21 domesticated entity is a foreign limited liability company, 22 the domestication becomes effective on the later of all of the 23 following:

24 a. The date and time provided by the organic law of the25 domesticated entity.

26 b. When the statement is effective.

27 Sec. 110. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1056 Effect of domestication.
28 1. When a domestication becomes effective, all of the
29 following apply:

30 a. The domesticated entity is all of the following:
31 (1) Organized under and subject to the organic law of the
32 domesticated entity.

33 (2) The same entity without interruption as the 34 domesticating entity.

35 b. All property of the domesticating entity continues to be

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1 vested in the domesticated entity without transfer, reversion, 2 or impairment.

3 c. All debts, obligations, and other liabilities of the 4 domesticating entity continue as debts, obligations, and other 5 liabilities of the domesticated entity.

6 d. Except as otherwise provided by law or the plan of
7 domestication, all the rights, privileges, immunities,
8 powers, and purposes of the domesticating entity remain in the
9 domesticated entity.

10 e. The name of the domesticated entity may be substituted 11 for the name of the domesticating entity in any pending action 12 or proceeding.

13 *f*. The certificate of organization of the domesticated 14 entity becomes effective.

15 g. The provisions of the operating agreement of the 16 domesticated entity that are to be in a record, if any, 17 approved as part of the plan of domestication become effective. 18 h. The interests in the domesticating entity are converted 19 to the extent and as approved in connection with the 20 domestication, and the members of the domesticating entity are 21 entitled only to the rights provided to them under the plan 22 of domestication and to any appraisal rights they have under 23 section 489.1006.

24 2. Except as otherwise provided in the organic law or 25 operating agreement of the domesticating limited liability 26 company, the domestication does not give rise to any rights 27 that a member, manager, or third party would otherwise 28 have upon a dissolution, liquidation, or winding up of the 29 domesticating company.

30 3. When a domestication becomes effective, a person that 31 did not have interest holder liability with respect to the 32 domesticating limited liability company and becomes subject to 33 interest holder liability with respect to a domestic limited 34 liability company as a result of the domestication has interest 35 holder liability only to the extent provided by this chapter

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1 and only for those debts, obligations, and other liabilities 2 that are incurred after the domestication becomes effective. 3 4. When a domestication becomes effective, the interest 4 holder liability of a person that ceases to hold an interest in 5 a domestic domesticating limited liability company with respect 6 to which the person had interest holder liability is subject 7 to all of the following rules:

8 *a.* The domestication does not discharge any interest 9 holder liability under this chapter to the extent the interest 10 holder liability was incurred before the domestication became 11 effective.

12 b. A person does not have interest holder liability under 13 this chapter for any debt, obligation, or other liability that 14 is incurred after the domestication becomes effective. 15 c. This chapter continues to apply to the release, 16 collection, or discharge of any interest holder liability 17 preserved under paragraph "a" as if the domestication had not 18 occurred.

19 d. A person has whatever rights of contribution from any 20 other person as are provided by this chapter, law other than 21 this chapter, or the operating agreement of the domestic 22 domesticating limited liability company with respect to any 23 interest holder liability preserved under paragraph "a" as if 24 the domestication had not occurred.

5. When a domestication becomes effective, a foreign limited liability company that is the domesticated company may be served with process in this state for the collection and enforcement of any of its debts, obligations, and other liabilities as provided in section 489.116.

30 6. If the domesticating limited liability company is a 31 registered foreign entity, the registration of the limited 32 liability company is canceled when the domestication becomes 33 effective.

34 7. A domestication does not require a domestic35 domesticating limited liability company to wind up its affairs

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1 and does not constitute or cause the dissolution of the limited
2 liability company.

3 Sec. 111. Section 489.1101, Code 2023, is amended to read 4 as follows:

5 489.1101 Definitions.

6 As used in this article <u>subchapter</u>, unless the context 7 otherwise requires:

8 1. "Employee" or "agent" does not include a clerk, 9 stenographer, secretary, bookkeeper, technician, or other 10 person who is not usually and ordinarily considered by custom 11 and practice to be practicing a profession nor any other person 12 who performs all that person's duties for the professional 13 limited liability company under the direct supervision and 14 control of one or more managers, employees, or agents of the 15 professional limited liability company who are duly licensed in 16 this state to practice a profession which the limited liability 17 company is authorized to practice in this state. This article 18 <u>subchapter</u> does not require any such persons to be licensed to 19 practice a profession if they are not required to be licensed 20 under any other law of this state.

21 2. "Foreign professional limited liability company" means 22 a limited liability company organized under laws other than 23 the laws of this state for a purpose for which a professional 24 limited liability company may be organized under this article 25 subchapter.

3. "Licensed" includes registered, certified, admitted to
practice, or otherwise legally authorized under the laws of
this state.

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29 4. "*Profession"* means the following professions:

30 *a.* Certified public accountancy.

31 b. Architecture.

32 c. Chiropractic.

33 *d.* Dentistry.

34 e. Physical therapy.

35 f. Practice as a physician assistant.

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1 g. Psychology.

2 h. Professional engineering.

3 *i.* Land surveying.

4 *j*. Landscape architecture.

5 *k.* Law.

6 1. Medicine and surgery.

7 *m*. Optometry.

8 *n*. Osteopathic medicine and surgery.

9 o. Accounting practitioner.

10 p. Podiatry.

11 q. Real estate brokerage.

12 r. Speech pathology.

13 s. Audiology.

14 t. Veterinary medicine.

15 *u*. Pharmacy.

16 v. Nursing.

17 w. Marital and family therapy or mental health counseling, 18 provided that the marital and family therapist or mental health 19 counselor is licensed under chapters 147 and 154D.

20 x. Social work, provided that the social worker is licensed 21 pursuant to chapter 147 and section 154C.3, subsection 1, 22 paragraph c.

5. "Professional limited liability company" means a limited liability company subject to this article subchapter, except a foreign professional limited liability company.

6. *Regulating board* means any board, commission, court, or governmental authority which, under the laws of this state, law charged with the licensing, registration, certification, admission to practice, or other legal authorization of the practitioners of any profession.

31 7. a. "Voluntary transfer" includes a sale, voluntary 32 assignment, gift, pledge, or encumbrance; a voluntary change 33 of legal or equitable ownership or beneficial interest; or a 34 voluntary change of persons having voting rights with respect 35 to any transferable interest, except as proxies.

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b. "Voluntary transfer" does not include a transfer of an individual's interest in a limited liability company or other property to a guardian or conservator appointed for that individual or the individual's property.

5 Sec. 112. Section 489.1106, Code 2023, is amended to read 6 as follows:

7 489.1106 Professional regulation.

8 A professional limited liability company shall not 9 be required to register with or to obtain any license, 10 registration, certificate, or other legal authorization from 11 a regulating board in order to practice a profession. Except 12 as provided in this section, this article subchapter does not 13 restrict or limit in any manner the authority or duties of any 14 regulating board with respect to individuals an individual 15 practicing a profession which is within the jurisdiction of the 16 regulating board, even if the individual is a member, manager, 17 employee, or agent of a professional limited liability company 18 or foreign professional limited liability company and practices 19 the individual's profession through such professional limited 20 liability company.

21 Sec. 113. Section 489.1107, Code 2023, is amended to read 22 as follows:

489.1107 Relationship and liability to persons served. This article subchapter does not modify any law applicable to the relationship between an individual practicing a profession and a person receiving professional services, rincluding but not limited to any liability arising out of such practice or any law respecting privileged communications. This article subchapter does not modify or affect the ethical standards or standards of conduct of any profession, including but not limited to any standards prohibiting or limiting the practice of the profession by a limited liability company or prohibiting or limiting the practice of two or more professions in combination. All such standards shall apply to the members, managers, employees, and agents through whom a professional

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1 limited liability company practices any profession in this
2 state, to the same extent that the standards apply to an
3 individual practitioner.

4 Sec. 114. Section 489.1110, Code 2023, is amended to read 5 as follows:

6 489.1110 Convertible interests — rights and options. A professional limited liability company shall not create 7 8 or issue any interest convertible into an interest of the 9 professional limited liability company. The provisions of this 10 article subchapter with respect to the issuance and transfer 11 of interests apply to the creation, issuance, and transfer 12 of any right or option entitling the holder to purchase from 13 a professional limited liability company any interest of the 14 professional limited liability company. A right or option 15 shall not be transferable, whether voluntarily, involuntarily, 16 by operation of law, or in any other manner. Upon the death 17 of the holder, or when the holder ceases to be licensed to 18 practice a profession in this state which the professional 19 limited liability company is authorized to practice, the right 20 or option shall expire.

21 Sec. 115. Section 489.1112, subsections 4, 5, and 6, Code 22 2023, are amended to read as follows:

4. When a person other than a member of record becomes
entitled to have interests of a professional limited liability
company transferred into that person's name or to exercise
voting rights, except as a proxy, with respect to interests of
the professional limited liability company, the professional
limited liability company shall immediately purchase the
interests. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing,
this section shall be applicable whether the event occurs
as a result of appointment of a guardian or conservator for
a member or the member's property, transfer of interests,
judicial proceeding, execution, levy, bankruptcy proceeding,

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or encumbrance, or any other situation or occurrence. However,
 this section does not apply to any voluntary transfer of
 interests as defined in this article subchapter.

Interests purchased by a professional limited liability 4 5. 5 company under this section shall be transferred to the 6 professional limited liability company as of the close 7 of business on the date of the death or other event which 8 requires purchase. The member and the member's executors, 9 administrators, legal representatives, or successors in 10 interest, shall promptly do all things which may be necessary 11 or convenient to cause transfer to be made as of the transfer 12 date. However, the interests shall promptly be transferred on 13 the books and records of the professional limited liability 14 company as of the transfer date, notwithstanding any delay in 15 transferring or surrendering the interests or certificates 16 representing the interests, and the transfer shall be valid and 17 effective for all purposes as of the close of business on the 18 transfer date. The purchase price for such interests shall be 19 paid as provided in this article subchapter, but the transfer 20 of interests to the professional limited liability company as 21 provided in this section shall not be delayed or affected by 22 any delay or default in making payment.

6. <u>a.</u> Notwithstanding subsections 1 through 5, purchase by the professional limited liability company is not required upon the occurrence of any event other than death of a member, if the professional limited liability company is dissolved within rsixty days after the occurrence of the event <u>or voluntarily</u> elects to no longer be a professional limited liability company but continue its existence as a limited liability company pursuant to section 489.1119A within sixty days after the <u>occurrence of the event</u>. The certificate of organization or operating agreement of the professional limited liability company may provide that purchase is not required upon the death of a member, if the professional limited liability company is dissolved within sixty days after the date of the

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1 member's death.

2 b. Notwithstanding sections 1 through 5, purchase by the 3 professional limited liability company is not required upon the 4 death of a shareholder if the professional limited liability 5 company voluntarily elects to no longer be a professional 6 limited liability company but continue its existence as a 7 limited liability company pursuant to section 489.1119A within 8 sixty days after death. Sec. 116. Section 489.1113, Code 2023, is amended to read 9 10 as follows: 489.1113 Certificates representing interests. 11 12 Each certificate representing an interest of a professional 13 limited liability company shall state in substance that the 14 certificate represents an interest in a professional limited 15 liability company and is not transferable except as expressly 16 provided in this article subchapter and in the certificate of 17 organization or an operating agreement of the professional 18 limited liability company. Sec. 117. Section 489.1114, Code 2023, is amended to read 19 20 as follows: 21 489.1114 Management. 1. All managers of a professional limited liability 22 23 company shall at all times be individuals who are licensed to 24 practice a profession in this state or a lawful combination of 25 professions pursuant to section 489.1102, which the limited 26 liability company is authorized to practice. A person who 27 is not licensed shall have no authority or duties in the 28 management or control of the professional limited liability 29 company. If a manager ceases to have this qualification, the 30 manager shall immediately and automatically cease to hold such 31 management position.

32 <u>2. Notwithstanding subsection 1, upon the occurrence of</u> 33 <u>any event that requires the professional limited liability</u> 34 <u>company either to be dissolved or to elect to no longer be</u> 35 a professional limited liability company but continue its

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1 existence as a limited liability company, as provided in 2 section 489.1119A, all of the following apply: The professional limited liability company ceases to 3 a, 4 practice the profession that the professional limited liability 5 company is authorized to practice, as provided in section 6 489.1119A. b. The individuals who are not licensed to practice in this 7 8 state a profession that the professional limited liability 9 company is authorized to practice may be appointed as officers 10 and directors for the sole purpose of doing any of the 11 following: 12 (1) Carrying out the dissolution of the professional 13 limited liability company. (2) If applicable, carrying out the voluntary election 14 15 of the professional limited liability company to no longer 16 be a professional limited liability company but continue its 17 existence as a limited liability company, as provided in 18 section 489.1119A. Sec. 118. Section 489.1115, Code 2023, is amended to read 19 20 as follows: 21 489.1115 Merger. A professional limited liability company shall not merge 22 23 with any entity except another professional limited liability 24 company subject to this article subchapter or a professional 25 corporation subject to chapter 496C. Merger is not permitted 26 unless the surviving or new professional limited liability 27 company is a professional limited liability company which that 28 complies with all requirements of this article subchapter. 29 Sec. 119. Section 489.1116, Code 2023, is amended to read 30 as follows: 31 489.1116 Dissolution or liquidation. A violation of any provision of this article subchapter by a 32 33 professional limited liability company or any of its members 34 or managers shall be cause for its involuntary dissolution, or

35 liquidation of its assets and business by the district court.

1 Upon the death of the last remaining member of a professional 2 limited liability company, or when the last remaining member is 3 not licensed or ceases to be licensed to practice a profession 4 in this state which the professional limited liability company 5 is authorized to practice, or when any person other than 6 the member of record becomes entitled to have all interests 7 of the last remaining member of the professional limited 8 liability company transferred into that person's name or to 9 exercise voting rights, except as a proxy, with respect to such 10 interests, the professional limited liability company shall not 11 practice any profession and it. In that case, the professional 12 limited liability company shall either be promptly dissolved 13 or shall promptly elect to no longer be a professional limited 14 liability company but continue its existence as a limited 15 liability company as provided in section 489.1119A. However, 16 if prior to dissolution all outstanding interests of the 17 professional limited liability company are acquired by two 18 or more persons licensed to practice a profession in this 19 state which the professional limited liability company is 20 authorized to practice, the professional limited liability 21 company need not be dissolved nor elect to no longer be a 22 professional limited liability company and may instead practice 23 the profession as provided in this article subchapter. 24 Sec. 120. Section 489.1117, Code 2023, is amended to read 25 as follows:

26 489.1117 Foreign professional limited liability company.

1. A foreign professional limited liability company may practice a profession in this state if it complies with the provisions of this article subchapter. The secretary of state any prescribe forms for this purpose. A foreign professional limited liability company may practice a profession in this state only through members, managers, employees, and agents who are licensed to practice the profession in this state. The provisions of this article subchapter with respect to the practice of a profession by a professional limited liability

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1 company apply to a foreign professional limited liability
2 company.

3 2. This article <u>subchapter</u> does not prohibit the practice 4 of a profession in this state by an individual who is a member, 5 manager, employee, or agent of a foreign professional limited 6 liability company, if the individual could lawfully practice 7 the profession in this state in the absence of any relationship 8 to a foreign professional limited liability company. This 9 subsection applies regardless of whether or not the foreign 10 professional limited liability company is authorized to 11 practice a profession in this state.

12 Sec. 121. Section 489.1118, Code 2023, is amended to read 13 as follows:

14 489.1118 Limited liability companies organized under the 15 other laws.

16 This article subchapter does not apply to or interfere with 17 the practice of any profession by or through any professional 18 limited liability company organized after July 1, 1992, under 19 any other law of this state or any other state or country, if 20 the practice is lawful under any other statute or rule of law 21 of this state. Any such professional limited liability company 22 may voluntarily elect to adopt this article subchapter and 23 become subject to its provisions, by amending its certificate 24 of organization to be consistent with all provisions of this 25 article subchapter and by stating in its amended certificate 26 of organization that the limited liability company has 27 voluntarily elected to adopt this article subchapter. Any 28 limited liability company organized under any law of any other 29 state or country may become subject to the provisions of this 30 article subchapter by complying with all provisions of this 31 article subchapter with respect to foreign professional limited 32 liability companies.

33 Sec. 122. Section 489.1119, Code 2023, is amended to read 34 as follows:

35 489.1119 Conflicts with other provisions of this chapter.

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The provisions of this article subchapter shall prevail over
 any inconsistent provisions of this chapter.

3 Sec. 123. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **489.1119A** Election to no longer be 4 a professional limited liability company.

5 A professional limited liability company may elect to no 6 longer be a professional limited liability company but continue 7 its existence as a limited liability company by filing with 8 the secretary of state an amendment to or restatement of its 9 certificate of organization that states that the limited 10 liability company is no longer a professional limited liability 11 company and amending its name to no longer indicate it is a 12 professional limited liability company.

13 Sec. 124. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1204 Severability clause.
14 If any provision of this chapter or its application to any
15 person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does
16 not affect other provisions or applications of this chapter
17 which can be given effect without the invalid provision or
18 application, and to this end the provisions of this chapter are
19 severable.

20 Sec. 125. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 489.1207 Application to existing 21 relationships.

1. For purposes of applying this chapter to a limited liability company formed before the effective date of this Act, references in the limited liability company's operating sagreement to provisions in this chapter in effect before the effective date of this Act are deemed to be references to the comparable provision in this chapter after the effective date of this Act.

29 2. A limited liability company that has published notice of 30 its dissolution and requested persons having claims against the 31 limited liability company to present them in accordance with 32 the notice pursuant to section 489.703 as that section existed 33 immediately prior to the effective date of this Act shall be 34 subject to the requirements set forth in that section as it 35 existed immediately prior to the effective date of this Act,

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1 including the right of a claim by a person that is commenced 2 within five years after publication of the notice.

3 3. For the purposes of applying this chapter to a limited 4 liability company formed before January 1, 2009, all of the 5 following apply:

*a.* The limited liability company's articles of organization *are* deemed to be the company's certificate of organization. *b.* For the purposes of applying section 489.102, subsection
9 15, and subject to section 489.112, subsection 4, language
10 in the limited liability company's articles of organization
11 designating the limited liability company's management
12 structure operates as if that language were in the operating
13 agreement.

14 c. If a professional limited liability company's name 15 complied with section 490A.1503 as that section existed on 16 December 30, 2010, that company's name shall also be deemed to 17 comply with the name requirements of section 489.1103 of the 18 2011 edition of the Iowa Code.

19 Sec. 126. Section 489.14101, Code 2023, is amended to read 20 as follows:

21 489.14101 Short title.

22 This article subchapter may be cited as the "Uniform 23 Protected Series Act".

24 Sec. 127. Section 489.14102, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 25 2023, is amended to read as follows:

As used in this article subchapter, unless the context 27 otherwise requires:

28 Sec. 128. Section 489.14102, subsections 4 and 9, Code 2023, 29 are amended to read as follows:

30 4. *Foreign protected series* means an arrangement, 31 configuration, or other structure established by a foreign 32 limited liability company which has attributes comparable to 33 a protected series established under this article <u>subchapter</u>. 34 The term applies whether or not the law under which the foreign 35 company is organized refers to "protected series".

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9. "Protected-series manager" means a person under whose authority the powers of a protected series are exercised and under whose direction the activities and affairs of the protected series are managed under the operating agreement, this article subchapter, and this chapter.

6 Sec. 129. Section 489.14104, subsection 4, paragraph c,7 Code 2023, is amended to read as follows:

8 c. Except as permitted by law of this state other than 9 this article <u>subchapter</u>, have a purpose or power that the law 10 of this state other than this <u>article subchapter</u> prohibits a 11 limited liability company from doing or having.

12 Sec. 130. Section 489.14106, subsections 2, 3, and 4, Code 13 2023, are amended to read as follows:

14 2. If this chapter otherwise restricts the power of an 15 operating agreement to affect a matter, the restriction applies 16 to a matter under this article <u>subchapter</u> in accordance with 17 section 489.14108.

18 3. If law of this state other than this article subchapter 19 imposes a prohibition, limitation, requirement, condition, 20 obligation, liability, or other restriction on a limited 21 liability company, a member, manager, or other agent of the 22 company, or a transferee of the company, except as otherwise 23 provided in law of this state other than this article 24 <u>subchapter</u>, the restriction applies in accordance with section 25 489.14108.

4. Except as otherwise provided in section 489.14107, if the operating agreement of a series limited liability company does not provide for a matter described in subsection 1 in a manner permitted by this article subchapter, the matter is determined in accordance with the following rules:

31 a. To the extent this article subchapter addresses the 32 matter, this article subchapter governs.

*b.* To the extent this article <u>subchapter</u> does not address
the matter, the other <u>articles</u> <u>subchapters</u> of this chapter
govern the matter in accordance with <u>section</u> 489.14108.

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1 Sec. 131. Section 489.14107, subsection 1, paragraphs v, w, 2 x, and y, Code 2023, are amended to read as follows:

3 v. Article 6 Subchapter VI.

4 w. Article 7 Subchapter VII.

5 x. Article 8 Subchapter VIII.

6 y. A provision of this article subchapter pertaining to any 7 of the following:

8 (1) Registered agents.

9 (2) The secretary of state, including provisions pertaining
10 to records authorized or required to be delivered to the
11 secretary of state for filing under this article subchapter.
12 Sec. 132. Section 489.14108, subsection 2, paragraph b,
13 subparagraphs (1) and (2), Code 2023, are amended to read as
14 follows:

15 (1) Accept for filing a type of record that neither this 16 article <u>subchapter</u> nor any of the other articles <u>subchapters</u> of 17 this chapter authorizes or requires a person to deliver to the 18 secretary of state for filing.

19 (2) Make or deliver a record that neither this article 20 <u>subchapter</u> nor the other articles <u>subchapters</u> of this chapter 21 authorizes or requires the secretary of state to make or 22 deliver.

23 Sec. 133. Section 489.14204, subsection 1, paragraph c, 24 Code 2023, is amended to read as follows:

25 c. Other means authorized by law of this state other than
26 the other articles subchapters of this chapter.

27 Sec. 134. Section 489.14301, subsection 5, unnumbered 28 paragraph 1, Code 2023, is amended to read as follows:

To the extent permitted by this section and law of this 30 state other than this article <u>subchapter</u>, a series limited 31 liability company or protected series of the company may 32 hold an associated asset directly or indirectly, through a 33 representative, nominee, or similar arrangement, except that 34 all of the following applies:

35 Sec. 135. Section 489.14303, subsection 4, Code 2023, is

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1 amended to read as follows:

4. Except for section 489.14108, subsection 1, paragraph 2 3 "c", a provision of this article subchapter which applies 4 to a protected-series transferee of a protected series of a 5 series limited liability company applies to the company in 6 its capacity as an owner of a protected-series transferable 7 interest of the protected series. A provision of the operating 8 agreement of a series limited liability company which applies 9 to a protected-series transferee of a protected series of the 10 company applies to the company in its capacity as an owner of a ll protected-series transferable interest of the protected series. 12 Sec. 136. Section 489.14304, subsection 6, Code 2023, is 13 amended to read as follows: 14 6. Article 9 Subchapter IX applies to a protected series in 15 accordance with section 489.14108. 16 Sec. 137. Section 489.14402, subsection 3, paragraph b, 17 Code 2023, is amended to read as follows: 18 b. The claim is to establish or enforce a liability arising 19 under law of this state other than this article subchapter or 20 from an act or omission in this state. 21 Sec. 138. Section 489.14404, subsection 3, Code 2023, is 22 amended to read as follows: 23 3. In addition to any other remedy provided by law or 24 equity, if a claim against a series limited liability company 25 or a protected series has not been reduced to a judgment and 26 law other than this article subchapter permits a prejudgment 27 remedy by attachment, levy, or the like, the court may apply 28 subsection 2 as a prejudgment remedy.

29 Sec. 139. Section 489.14404, subsection 5, paragraph b, 30 Code 2023, is amended to read as follows:

*b.* The claimant is a resident of this state or doing business or authorized to do business in this state, or the claim under section 489.14404 is to enforce a judgment, or to seek a prejudgment remedy, pertaining to a liability arising from law of this state other than this article subchapter or an

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1 act or omission in this state.

2 Sec. 140. Section 489.14801, Code 2023, is amended to read 3 as follows:

4 489.14801 Uniformity of application and construction.

5 In applying and construing this article <u>subchapter</u>, 6 consideration shall be given to the need to promote uniformity 7 of the law with respect to its subject matter among states 8 that enact the uniform protected series Act as approved and 9 recommended by the national conference of commissioners on 10 uniform state laws.

11 Sec. 141. Section 489.14804, Code 2023, is amended to read
12 as follows:

13 489.14804 Savings clause.

This article <u>subchapter</u> does not affect an action commenced,
proceeding brought, or right accrued before July 1, 2020.
Sec. 142. REPEAL. Sections 489.113, 489.802, 489.803,
489.804, 489.805, 489.806, 489.807, 489.808, 489.1008,
489.1009, 489.1010, 489.1011, 489.1012, 489.1013, 489.1014,
489.1015, 489.1016, and 489.1304, Code 2023, are repealed.
Sec. 143. CODE EDITOR DIRECTIVE.

21 l. The Code editor is directed to make the following 22 transfers:

23 Section 489.104 to section 489.108. a. 24 Section 489.105 to section 489.109. b. Section 489.106 to section 489.104. 25 c. Section 489.107 to section 489.111. 26 d. 27 e. Section 489.108 to section 489.112. 28 f. Section 489.109 to section 489.113. 29 q. Section 489.110 to section 489.105. 30 Section 489.111 to section 489.106. h. Section 489.112 to section 489.107. 31 i. j. Section 489.114 to section 489.116. 32 33 k. Section 489.114A, as enacted by this Act, to section 34 489.114. 1. Section 489.115 to section 489.117. 35

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1 m. Section 489.115A, as enacted by this Act, to section 2 489.115. n. Section 489.116 to section 489.119. 3 o. Section 489.117 to section 489.122. 4 5 p. Section 489.205A to section 489.122A. q. Section 489.206 to section 489.209. 6 7 r. Section 489.206A, as enacted by this Act, to section 8 489.206. s. Section 489.208 to section 489.211. 9 Section 489.208A, as enacted by this Act, to section 10 t. 11 489.208. 12 u. Section 489.209 to section 489.211A. 13 v. Section 489.701A to section 489.703. 14 w. Section 489.703 to section 489.704. Section 489.704 to section 489.705. 15 x. y. Section 489.705 to section 489.708. 16 z. Section 489.706 to section 489.710. 17 18 aa. Section 489.706A, as enacted by this Act, to section 19 489.706. 20 ab. Section 489.707 to section 489.711. 21 ac. Section 489.708 to section 489.707. ad. Section 489.801 to section 489.901. 22 23 Section 489.805A, as enacted by this Act, to section ae. 24 489.805. af. Section 489.809 to section 489.912. 25 Section 489.901 to section 489.801. 26 ag. 27 ah. Section 489.902 to section 489.802. 28 ai. Section 489.903 to section 489.803. aj. Section 489.904 to section 489.804. 29 30 Section 489.906 to section 489.806. ak. Section 489.906A, as enacted by this Act, to section 31 al. 32 489.906. 33 am. Section 489.911A to section 489.902. 34 Section 489.911B to section 489.903. an. ao. Section 489.911C to section 489.904. 35

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1 ap. Section 489.1119 to section 489.1120. ag. Section 489.1119A to section 489.1119. 2 ar. Section 489.1301 to section 489.1201. 3 as. Section 489.1302 to section 489.1202. 4 Section 489.1303 to section 489.1203. 5 at. 6 The Code editor shall correct internal references in the 2. 7 Code and in any enacted legislation as necessary due to the 8 enactment of this section. Sec. 144. DIRECTIONS TO THE CODE EDITOR - DIVIDING 9 10 SUBCHAPTER X INTO PARTS. The Code editor is directed to divide 11 the provisions of chapter 489, subchapter X, as amended or 12 enacted in this division of this Act, into parts as follows: 13 1. Part 1, including sections 489.1001 through 489.1007. 14 2. Part 2, including sections 489.1021 through 489.1026. 3. Part 3, including sections 489.1031 through 489.1036. 15 16 4. Part 4, including sections 489.1041 through 489.1046. 17 5. Part 5, including sections 489.1051 through 489.1056. 18 DIVISION II 19 COORDINATING AMENDMENTS 20 Sec. 145. Section 9.11, subsection 1, paragraph c, Code 21 2023, is amended to read as follows: c. Chapter 489, including as provided in section 489.205, 22 23 489.205A and as stated in section 489.117 or as otherwise 24 described in sections 489.112, 489.302, 489.702, 489.1008, 25 489.1012, and 489.14502 section 489.210. 26 Sec. 146. Section 10.1, subsection 9, paragraph b, Code 27 2023, is amended to read as follows: b. As used in paragraph a'', a type of membership interest 28 29 in a limited liability company includes a protected series as 30 provided in chapter 489, article 14 subchapter XIV. Sec. 147. Section 10.1, subsection 17, paragraph b, Code 31 32 2023, is amended to read as follows: 33 b. As used in paragraph a'', a type of membership interest 34 in a limited liability company includes a protected series of a 35 series limited liability company as provided in chapter 489,

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1 article 14 subchapter XIV.

Sec. 148. Section 10.10, subsection 1, paragraph c, 2 3 subparagraph (2), Code 2023, is amended to read as follows: 4 (2) As used in subparagraph (1), a type of membership 5 interest in a limited liability company includes a protected 6 series of a series limited liability company as provided in 7 chapter 489, article 14 subchapter XIV. 8 Sec. 149. Section 488.108, subsection 4, paragraph b, 9 subparagraph (4), Code 2023, is amended to read as follows: 10 (4) For a limited liability company under chapter 489, ll section 489.108, 489.109, 489.114A, or 489.706. 12 Sec. 150. Section 490.401, subsection 2, paragraph h, 13 subparagraph (4), Code 2023, is amended to read as follows: (4) For a limited liability company under chapter 489, 14 15 section 489.108, 489.109, 489.114A, or 489.706. 16 Sec. 151. Section 501A.102, subsection 13, Code 2023, is 17 amended by striking the subsection. Sec. 152. Section 501A.1101, subsections 1, 2, and 5, Code 18 19 2023, are amended to read as follows: 1. Authorization. Unless otherwise prohibited, cooperatives 20 21 organized under the laws of this state, including cooperatives 22 organized under this chapter or traditional cooperatives, may 23 merge or consolidate with each other, an Iowa limited liability 24 company under the provisions of section 489.1015, or other 25 another business entities entity organized under the laws 26 of another state, by complying with the provisions of this 27 section and the law of the state where the surviving or new 28 business entity will exist. A cooperative shall not merge or 29 consolidate with a business entity organized under the laws 30 of this state, other than a traditional cooperative, unless 31 the law governing the business entity expressly authorizes 32 merger or consolidation with a cooperative. This subsection 33 does not authorize a foreign business entity to do any act not 34 authorized by the law governing the foreign business entity. 2. Plan. To initiate a merger or consolidation of a 35

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1 cooperative, a written plan of merger or consolidation shall be
2 prepared by the board or by a committee selected by the board
3 to prepare a plan. The plan shall state all of the following:
4 a. The names of the each constituent domestic cooperative;
5 the name of any Iowa limited liability company that is a party
6 to the merger; to the extent authorized under section 489.1015;
7 and any foreign business entities entity that is a party to the
8 merger.

9 b. The name of the surviving or new domestic cooperative,
10 Iowa limited liability company as required by section 489.1015,
11 or other foreign business entity.

12 c. The manner and basis of converting membership or 13 ownership interests of the constituent domestic cooperative, 14 the Iowa limited liability company that is a party as provided 15 in section 489.1015, or foreign business entity into membership 16 or ownership interests in the surviving or new domestic 17 cooperative, the surviving Iowa limited liability company as 18 authorized in section 489.1015, or foreign business entity. 19 d. The terms of the merger or consolidation.

*e.* The proposed effect of the merger or consolidation on
the members and patron members of each constituent domestic
cooperative.

*f.* For a consolidation, the plan shall contain the articles to f the entity or organizational documents to be filed with the state in which the entity is organized or, if the surviving organization is an Iowa limited liability company, the articles of organization.

5. Effect of merger or consolidation. For a merger that does not involve an Iowa limited liability company, the following shall apply to the <u>The</u> effect of a merger <u>or consolidation</u> <u>shall be as follows</u>:

*a.* After the effective date, the each domestic cooperative,
33 Iowa limited liability company, if party to the plan,
34 cooperatives and any foreign business entity that is a party to
35 the plan become a single entity. For a merger, the surviving

1 business entity is the business entity designated in the plan. 2 For a consolidation, the new domestic cooperative, the Iowa 3 limited liability company, if any, and any or new foreign 4 business entity is the business entity provided for in the 5 plan. Except for the surviving or new domestic cooperative, 6 Iowa limited liability company, or foreign business entity, the 7 separate existence of each merged or consolidated domestic or 8 foreign business entity that is a party to the plan ceases on 9 the effective date of the merger or consolidation.

b. The surviving or new domestic cooperative, Iowa limited liability company, or foreign business entity possesses all of the rights and property of each of the merged or consolidated business entities and is responsible for all their obligations. The title to property of the merged or consolidated domestic cooperative, Iowa limited liability company, or foreign business entity, is vested in the surviving or new domestic cooperative, Iowa limited liability company, or foreign business entity without reversion or impairment of the title susiness entity without reversion.

20 c. If a merger involves an Iowa limited liability company, 21 this subsection is subject to the provisions of section 22 489.1015.

23 Sec. 153. Section 501A.1102, subsection 1, Code 2023, is 24 amended to read as follows:

Definition. For purposes of this section, "subsidiary"
 means a domestic cooperative, an Iowa limited liability
 company, or a foreign cooperative.

Sec. 154. Section 501A.1102, subsection 2, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2023, is amended to read as follows: An Iowa limited liability company may only participate in a merger under this section to the extent authorized under section 489.1015. A parent domestic cooperative or a subsidiary that is a domestic cooperative may complete the merger of a subsidiary as provided in this section. However, if either the parent cooperative or the subsidiary

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1 is a business entity organized under the laws of this state, 2 the merger of the subsidiary is not authorized under this 3 section unless the law governing the business entity expressly 4 authorizes merger with a cooperative.

5 Sec. 155. Section 501A.1103, subsection 2, paragraph a,6 Code 2023, is amended to read as follows:

7 a. A merger may be abandoned upon any of the following:
8 (1) The members of each of the constituent domestic
9 cooperatives entitled to vote on the approval of the plan
10 have approved the abandonment at a meeting by the affirmative
11 vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the
12 membership interests entitled to vote.

13 (2) The merger is with a domestic cooperative and an Iowa 14 limited liability company or foreign business entity.

15 (3) (2) The abandonment is approved in such manner as may 16 be required by section 489.1015 for the involvement of an Iowa 17 limited liability company, or for a foreign business entity by 18 <u>under</u> the laws of the state under which the foreign business 19 entity is organized.

20 (4) (3) The members of a constituent domestic cooperative 21 are not entitled to vote on the approval of the plan, and the 22 board of the constituent domestic cooperative has approved 23 the abandonment by the affirmative vote of a majority of the 24 directors present.

25 (5) (4) The plan provides for abandonment and all 26 conditions for abandonment set forth in the plan are met. 27 (6) (5) The plan is abandoned before the effective date 28 of the plan by a resolution of the board of any constituent 29 domestic cooperative abandoning the plan of merger approved by 30 the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present, 31 subject to the contract rights of any other person under the 32 plan. If a plan of merger is with a domestic business entity or 33 foreign business entity, the plan of merger may be abandoned 34 before the effective date of the plan by a resolution of the 35 foreign business entity adopted according to the laws of the

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1 state under which the foreign business entity is organized, 2 subject to the contract rights of any other person under the 3 plan. If the plan of merger is with an Iowa limited liability 4 company, the plan of merger may be abandoned by the Iowa 5 limited liability company as provided in section 489.1015, 6 subject to the contractual rights of any other person under the 7 <del>plan.</del> 8 Sec. 156. Section 504.401, subsection 2, paragraph b, 9 subparagraph (4), Code 2023, is amended to read as follows: 10 (4) For a limited liability company under chapter 489, ll section 489.108, 489.109, 489.114A, or 489.706. 12 Sec. 157. Section 504.403, subsection 1, paragraph b, 13 subparagraph (4), Code 2023, is amended to read as follows: (4) For a limited liability company under chapter 489, 14 15 section 489.108, 489.109, 489.114A, or 489.706. 16 Sec. 158. Section 524.310, subsection 5, paragraph b, Code 17 2023, is amended to read as follows: 18 b. A corporate or company name reserved, registered, or 19 protected as provided in section 489.109, 489.114A, 489.706, 20 490.402, 490.403, 504.402, or 504.403. 21 Sec. 159. Section 524.303, subsection 2, Code 2023, is 22 amended to read as follows: 23 2. Applicable fees, payable to the secretary of state as 24 specified in section 489.117 or section 490.122, for the filing 25 of the articles of incorporation or section 489.117 for filing 26 a certificate of organization. 27 Sec. 160. Section 542.7, subsection 3, paragraph c, 28 subparagraph (2), Code 2023, is amended to read as follows: 29 (2) Notwithstanding chapter 489, article 11 subchapter XI, 30 or any other provision of law to the contrary, a certified 31 public accounting firm organized as a professional limited 32 liability company under chapter 489, article 11 subchapter XI, 33 may have nonlicensee members provided that the professional 34 limited liability company complies with the requirements of 35 this section.

1	DIVISION III
2	EFFECTIVE DATE
3	Sec. 161. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act takes effect January 1,
4	2024.
5	EXPLANATION
6	The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with
7	the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
8	GENERAL. This bill enacts new or amends existing Code
9	sections in the Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company
10	Act (RULLCA), now referred to as simply the Uniform Limited
11	Liability Act, as approved and recommended by the national
12	conference on commissioners of uniform state laws, more
13	commonly referred to as the uniform law commissioners (ULC)
14	(see Code chapter 5). The RULLCA, which was enacted by the
15	general assembly by 2008 Iowa Acts, chapter 1162, replaced
16	the Iowa limited liability company Act effective January 1,
17	2011. Its provisions are published in Code chapter 489. The
18	bill is based on amendments approved and recommended by the
19	ULC in 2013. The bill amends every one of the 14 articles in
20	the RULLCA other than the last article, the uniform protected
21	series Act enacted by the general assembly in 2019 Iowa Acts,
22	chapter 26. The bill also amends provisions to the Iowa
23	professional corporation Act (IPCA) enacted as Article 11 by
24	the general assembly in 2008 Iowa Acts, chapter 1088.
25	BACKGROUND. A limited liability company (LLC), sometimes
	referred to as simply a company, is a type of domestic business
	entity usually perpetual in duration and formed for capital
	acquisition and the distribution of any profits. An LLC
	is formed by filing a certificate of organization with the
	secretary of state (SOS). A foreign LLC is recognized to
	do business in the state when acting under a certificate of
	authorization. An LLC is often organized in a manner similar
	to a limited partnership which may include a number of passive
	investors and one or more managers who owe a fiduciary duty
35	of care to the entity and its members when making decisions

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1 affecting the company, although the law also recognizes 2 member-managed organizational structure. An LLC is governed 3 by an operating agreement executed by the members, which may 4 supersede certain statutory provisions, and is comparable to 5 a partnership agreement in a general or limited partnership. 6 Members and managers are shielded from personal liability 7 similar to shareholders and directors of a corporation. Unlike 8 a corporation, taxes attributable as income to an LLC are 9 passed through to investors without being taxed at the business 10 level.

11 BILL'S PROVISIONS. The bill changes the names of articles 12 to subchapters to be consistent with Iowa's system of Code 13 organization (see Code chapter 490, the Iowa business 14 corporation Act). The bill also changes the name of the Code 15 chapter, other than subchapter XI, to the uniform limited 16 liability company Act (ULLCA). Subchapter I includes basic 17 provisions that govern the interpretation of terms in the 18 ULLCA, the nature and powers of LLCs, the formation of LLCs 19 including through the use of an operating agreement, the use 20 and protection of its name, the use of a registered agent, 21 and service of process, including by the SOS. Subchapter 22 II governs the formation of an LLC, including the filing of 23 a certificate of organization. The bill provides that a 24 foreign LLC does business in the state under a certificate 25 of registration. The subchapter provides for the records 26 filed with the SOS or pursuant to judicial order, the filing 27 of biennial reports with the SOS, and payment of fees or 28 charges to the SOS. Subchapter III governs the relationship 29 between members and managers and between the LLC and persons 30 dealing with the business entity, including the liability 31 of members and managers. Subchapter IV governs membership, 32 contributions and distributions, the management, standards of 33 conduct, and the right to information. Subchapter V governs 34 the transfer of rights and the rights of persons transferred an 35 interest. Subchapter VI governs a member's dissociation from

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1 an LLC. Subchapter VII governs the dissolution of the entity 2 voluntarily, by the SOS, and the winding up of its affairs, 3 including providing for the settlement of claims by creditors 4 and members. Subchapter VIII governs foreign LLCs and the 5 process to obtain a certificate of registration to do business 6 in the state. Subchapter IX governs action by members taken 7 against an LLC either directly or derivatively, and subchapter 8 X governs mergers, conversions, and domestications. Subchapter 9 XI amends provisions governing professional liability 10 companies. Subchapter XII governed series limited liability 11 companies before it was replaced by subchapter XIV. Subchapter 12 XIV enacts the uniform protected series Act.

PENALTY. A person who files a record containing information that the person knows is false commits a serious misdemeanor. A serious misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than one year and a fine of at least \$430 but not more than \$2,560.

18 COORDINATING PROVISIONS. The bill makes a number of 19 corresponding changes, including eliminating special 20 requirements applicable to cooperatives involved in a merger or 21 consolidation with a cooperative under Code chapter 501A. 22 EFFECTIVE DATE. The bill takes effect January 1, 2024.

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