## House Study Bill 705 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE $\qquad$
BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY BILL BY CHAIRPERSON HOLT)

## A BILL FOR

1 An Act establishing the criminal offense of organized retail 2 theft, providing penalties, and including effective date 3 provisions.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:
H.F. $\qquad$

Section 1. NEW SECTION. 714.2B Organized retail theft.

1. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
a. "Pattern of retail theft" means acts committed or directed by a person on at least two separate occasions in the preceding six months that would constitute a violation of any of the following:
(1) Burglary under section 713.1 when the structure is a retail establishment.
(2) Theft under section 714.1 , subsection $1,3,4$, or 6 , involving retail merchandise.
(3) A violation of section 714.7B concerning theft detection devices.
(4) Theft of pseudoephedrine, under section 7l4.7C, from a retail establishment.
b. "Retail establishment" means the building where a retailer sells retail merchandise.
c. "Retail merchandise" means all forms of tangible property held out for sale by a retailer.
d. "Retail theft enterprise" means a group of two or more individuals with a shared goal involving the unauthorized removal of retail merchandise from a retailer. "Retail theft enterprise" does not require the membership of the enterprise to remain the same or that the same individuals participate in each offense committed by the enterprise.
e. "Retailer" means a person or entity that sells retail merchandise.
f. "Value" means the same as provided in section 714.3.
2. A person commits organized retail theft when all of the following occur:
a. The person is employed by or associated with a retail theft enterprise.
b. The person has previously engaged in a pattern of retail theft and intentionally commits an act or directs another member of the retail theft enterprise to commit an act
H.F.
involving retail merchandise that is a violation of section 713.l, section 7l4.l, subsection $1,3,4$, or 6 , section 714.7 B , or section 714.7C.
C. The person or another member of the retail theft enterprise sells or intends to sell the stolen retail
merchandise, advertises or displays any item of the stolen retail merchandise for sale, or returns any item of the stolen retail merchandise to a retailer for anything of value.
3. A person who commits organized retail theft is guilty of the following:
a. A class "C" felony if the value of the property stolen exceeds five thousand dollars.
b. A class "D" felony if either of the following circumstances exists:
(l) The value of the property stolen is more than one thousand dollars but not more than five thousand dollars.
(2) The value of the property is more than five hundred dollars but not more than one thousand dollars and the person has been convicted at least twice before for a violation of this section, section 713.1 , section 714.1 , subsection 1,3 , 4, or 6 , section $714.7 B$, or section $714.7 C$, or a statute from another state, the United States, or a foreign jurisdiction, in conformity with any of those sections, and the person received a felony or an aggravated misdemeanor sentence for the offense, and at least two of the prior convictions occurred in the previous ten years.
c. An aggravated misdemeanor if either of the following circumstances exist:
(l) The value of the property stolen is more than five hundred dollars but not more than one thousand dollars.
(2) The value of the property is five hundred dollars or less and the person commits the offense within ten years of a previous conviction under this section, section 713.1 , section 714.1 , subsection $1,3,4$, or 6 , section $714.7 B$, or section $714.7 C$, or a statute from another state, the United
H.F.

States, or a foreign jurisdiction, in conformity with any of those sections, and the person received a felony or aggravated 3 misdemeanor sentence for the offense.
d. A serious misdemeanor if the value of the property stolen is five hundred dollars or less.
4. The value of the retail merchandise received by the defendant in violation of this section within any six-month period may be aggregated and the defendant charged accordingly in applying the provisions of this subdivision, provided that 10 when two or more offenses are committed by the same person in ll two or more counties, the accused may be prosecuted in any 12 county in which one of the offenses was committed for all of 13 the offenses aggregated under this subdivision.
5. If a violation of this section creates a reasonably foreseeable risk of bodily harm to another, the penalties described in subsection 3 are enhanced as follows:
a. If the penalty is a serious misdemeanor or an aggravated misdemeanor, the offense shall be classified and punished as an offense one degree higher than the underlying offense.
b. If the penalty is a felony, the offense shall be classified and punished as an offense one degree higher than the underlying offense.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act, being deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.

EXPLANATION
The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.

This bill establishes the criminal offense of organized retail theft.

The bill defines a "pattern of retail theft" to mean acts committed or directed by a person on at least two separate occasions in the preceding six months that would constitute a violation of any of the following: burglary under Code section 713.1 when the building is a retail establishment, theft under Code section 714.1 , subsection $1,3,4$, or 6 , involving retail
H.F. $\qquad$

## 1

merchandise, a violation of Code section 7l4.7B concerning theft detection devices, and theft of pseudoephedrine, under Code section 7l4.7C, from a retail establishment. The bill defines "retail theft enterprise" to mean a group of two or more individuals with a shared goal involving the unauthorized removal of retail merchandise from a retailer. "Retail theft enterprise" does not require the membership of the enterprise to remain the same or that the same individuals participate in each offense committed by the enterprise. The bill also defines "retail establishment", "retail merchandise", "retailer", and "value".

The bill provides that a person commits organized retail theft when all of the following occur: the person is employed by or associated with a retail theft enterprise; the person has previously engaged in a pattern of retail theft and intentionally commits an act or directs another member of the retail theft enterprise to commit an act involving retail merchandise that is a violation of Code section 713.1, Code section 7l4.l, subsection $1,3,4$, or 6 , Code section 7l4.7B, or Code section 7l4.7C; and the person or another member of the retail theft enterprise sells or intends to sell the stolen retail merchandise, advertises or displays any item of the stolen retail merchandise for sale, or returns any item of the stolen retail merchandise to a retailer for anything of value.

The bill provides that a person who commits organized retail theft is guilty of the following: a class "C" felony if the value of the property stolen exceeds $\$ 5,000$; a class "D" felony if either the value of the property stolen is more than $\$ 1,000$ but not more than $\$ 5,000$, or the value of the property is more than $\$ 500$ but not more than $\$ 1,000$ and the person has been convicted at least twice before for a violation of the bill or one of the other qualifying offenses, the person received a felony or an aggravated misdemeanor sentence for the offense, and at least two of the prior convictions occurred in the previous 10 years; an aggravated misdemeanor if either the
H.F. $\qquad$
value of the property stolen is more than $\$ 500$ but not more 2 than $\$ 1,000$, or the value of the property is $\$ 500$ or less and 3 the person commits the offense within lo years of a previous 4 conviction under the bill or one of the other qualifying 5 offenses and the person received a felony or aggravated 6 misdemeanor sentence for the offense; or a serious misdemeanor 7 if the value of the property stolen is $\$ 500$ or less.
8 The bill provides that the value of the retail merchandise 9 received by the defendant in violation of the bill within any 10 six-month period may be aggregated and the defendant charged ll accordingly.

12 The bill provides that if a violation of the bill creates 13 a reasonably foreseeable risk of bodily harm to another, the

14 penalties described in the bill are enhanced as follows:
15 if the penalty is a serious misdemeanor or an aggravated
16 misdemeanor, the offense shall be classified and punished as
17 an offense one degree higher than the underlying offense; if
18 the penalty is a felony, the offense shall be classified and
19 punished as an offense one degree higher than the underlying 20 offense.

21 The bill takes effect upon enactment.

