House File 2445 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 2445
BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(SUCCESSOR TO HSB 678)

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to the uniform commercial code by providing for
- 2 controllable electronic records.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

1	DIVISION	Т
-	D T 4 T D T O II	_

- 2 CONTROLLABLE ELECTRONIC RECORDS
- 3 Section 1. NEW SECTION. 554.14101 Short title.
- 4 This Article may be cited as Uniform Commercial Code —
- 5 Controllable Electronic Records.
- 6 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 554.14102 Definitions.
- 7 l. Controllable electronic record defined. In this
- 8 Article, "controllable electronic record" means a controllable
- 9 electronic record that can be subjected to control under
- 10 section 554.14105. The term does not include deposit accounts,
- 11 electronic chattel paper, electronic documents of title,
- 12 intangible money, investment property, or "transferable
- 13 records", as defined in the federal Electronic Signatures in
- 14 Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. §7021(a)(1) or as
- 15 defined in the uniform electronic transactions Act, section
- 16 554.118, subsection 1.
- 17 2. Article 9 definitions applicable to this Article. The
- 18 definitions of "account debtor", "authenticate", "controllable
- 19 account", "controllable payment intangible", "deposit account",
- 20 "electronic chattel paper", "intangible money", "investment
- 21 property", and "proceeds" in Article 9 apply to this Article.
- 22 3. Definition of value. "Value" has the meaning provided in
- 23 section 554.3303, subsection 1.
- 24 Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 554.14103 Scope.
- 25 1. General scope of Article. This Article applies to
- 26 controllable electronic records, controllable accounts, and
- 27 controllable payment intangibles.
- 28 2. Conflict with Article 9. If there is conflict between
- 29 this Article and Article 9, Article 9 governs.
- 30 3. Applicable consumer laws and other laws. A transaction
- 31 subject to this Article is subject to any applicable rule of
- 32 law which establishes a different rule for consumers, including
- 33 as provided in chapter 537, or any other statute or regulation
- 34 of this state that regulates the rates, charges, agreements,
- 35 and practices for loans, credit sales, or other extensions of

- 1 credit, and to any consumer protection statute or regulation.
- Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 554.14104 Rights in controllable
- 3 electronic records, controllable accounts, and controllable
- 4 payment intangibles.
- 5 1. Definition of qualifying purchaser. "Qualifying
- 6 purchaser means a purchaser of a controllable electronic
- 7 record or an interest in the controllable electronic record
- 8 that obtains control of the controllable electronic record
- 9 for value, in good faith, and without notice of a claim of
- 10 a property right in the controllable electronic record or
- 11 a controllable account or controllable payment intangible
- 12 evidenced by the controllable electronic record.
- 2. Applicability of other law. Except as provided in this
- 14 section, law other than this Article determines whether a
- 15 person acquires a right in a controllable electronic record and
- 16 the right, if any, the person acquires.
- 17 3. Rights acquired by purchaser. A purchaser of a
- 18 controllable electronic record acquires all rights in the
- 19 controllable electronic record that the transferor had or had
- 20 power to transfer.
- 21 4. Purchase of limited interest. A purchaser of a limited
- 22 interest in a controllable electronic record acquires rights
- 23 only to the extent of the interest purchased.
- 24 5. Rights acquired by qualifying purchaser. In addition to
- 25 acquiring the rights of a purchaser, a qualifying purchaser
- 26 acquires its rights in the controllable electronic record and
- 27 a controllable account or controllable payment intangible
- 28 evidenced by the controllable electronic record free of a claim
- 29 of a property right in the controllable electronic record,
- 30 controllable account, or controllable payment intangible.
- 31 6. Exception for claim of property right in right to
- 32 payment, right to performance, or interest in property. Except
- 33 as provided in subsection 5 or law other than the Uniform
- 34 Commercial Code, as provided in this chapter, a qualifying
- 35 purchaser takes a right to payment, right to performance, or

- 1 interest in property evidenced by the controllable electronic
- 2 record subject to a claim of a property right in the right to
- 3 payment, right to performance, or interest in property.
- 4 7. Rights of a purchaser of a controllable electronic
- 5 record traceable to another controllable electronic record. The
- 6 following rules apply to a purchaser of a controllable
- 7 electronic record traceable to another controllable electronic
- 8 record:
- 9 a. An action based on a claim of a property right in the
- 10 other controllable electronic record or a controllable account
- 11 or controllable payment intangible evidenced by the other
- 12 controllable electronic record, whether framed in conversion,
- 13 replevin, constructive trust, equitable lien, or other theory,
- 14 may not be asserted against the purchaser if the purchaser
- 15 acquires its interest in and obtains control of the traceable
- 16 controllable electronic record for value, in good faith, and
- 17 without notice of a claim of a property right in the traceable
- 18 controllable electronic record or a controllable account or
- 19 controllable payment intangible evidenced by the traceable
- 20 controllable electronic record.
- 21 b. The purchaser takes free of a security interest in the
- 22 traceable controllable electronic record and a controllable
- 23 account or controllable payment intangible evidenced by the
- 24 traceable controllable electronic record if:
- 25 (1) the purchaser acquires its interest in and obtains
- 26 control of the traceable controllable electronic record for
- 27 value, in good faith, and without notice of a claim of a
- 28 property right in the traceable controllable electronic record
- 29 or a controllable account or controllable payment intangible
- 30 evidenced by the traceable controllable electronic record; and
- 31 (2) the traceable controllable electronic record
- 32 constitutes proceeds of the other controllable electronic
- 33 record.
- 34 8. Filing not notice. Filing of a financing statement under
- 35 Article 9 is not notice of a claim of a property interest in a

- 1 controllable electronic record.
- 2 Sec. 5. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **554.14105** Control of controllable
- 3 electronic record.
- 4 1. Requirements for control. A person has control of a
- 5 controllable electronic record if:
- 6 a. the controllable electronic record, a record attached
- 7 to or logically associated with the controllable electronic
- 8 record, or the system in which the controllable electronic
- 9 record is recorded, if any, gives the person:
- 10 (1) the power to avail itself of substantially all the
- 11 benefit from the controllable electronic record; and
- 12 (2) subject to subsection 2, the exclusive power to:
- 13 (a) prevent others from availing themselves of
- 14 substantially all the benefit from the controllable electronic
- 15 record: and
- 16 (b) transfer control of the controllable electronic record
- 17 to another person or cause another person to obtain control
- 18 of a controllable electronic record that is traceable to the
- 19 controllable electronic record; and
- 20 b. the controllable electronic record, a record attached
- 21 to or logically associated with the controllable electronic
- 22 record, or the system in which the controllable electronic
- 23 record is recorded, if any, enables the person to readily
- 24 identify itself as having the powers specified in paragraph
- 25 "a". The person may be identified in any way, including by
- 26 name, identifying number, cryptographic key, office, or account
- 27 number.
- 28 2. Certain limitations on exclusivity permitted. A power
- 29 specified in subsection 1, paragraph "a", is exclusive, even if:
- 30 a. the controllable electronic record or the system in which
- 31 the controllable electronic record is recorded, if any, limits
- 32 the use to which the controllable electronic record may be put
- 33 or has a protocol that is programmed to result in a transfer of
- 34 control; or
- 35 b. the person has agreed to share the power with another

- 1 person.
- 2 Sec. 6. NEW SECTION. 554.14106 Discharge of account debtor
- 3 on controllable account or controllable payment intangible.
- 4 l. General rule discharge of account debtor on
- 5 controllable account or controllable payment intangible. Except
- 6 as provided in this section, an account debtor on a
- 7 controllable account or controllable payment intangible may
- 8 discharge its obligation:
- 9 a. by paying the person having control of the controllable
- 10 electronic record that evidences the controllable account or
- 11 controllable payment intangible; or
- 12 b. by paying a person that formerly had control of the
- 13 controllable electronic record.
- 2. Discharge of account debtor effect of notification of
- 15 transfer of control. Subject to subsections 3 and 7, an account
- 16 debtor may not discharge its obligation by paying a person that
- 17 formerly had control of the controllable electronic record if
- 18 the account debtor receives a notification, authenticated by a
- 19 person that formerly had control or the person to which control
- 20 was transferred, that reasonably identifies the controllable
- 21 account or controllable payment intangible, notifies the
- 22 account debtor that control of the controllable electronic
- 23 record that evidences the controllable account or controllable
- 24 payment intangible was transferred, identifies the transferee,
- 25 and provides a commercially reasonable method by which the
- 26 account debtor is to pay the transferee. The transferee may be
- 27 identified in any way, including by name, identifying number,
- 28 cryptographic key, office, or account number. After receipt
- 29 of the notification, the account debtor may discharge its
- 30 obligation only by paying in accordance with the notification
- 31 and may not discharge the obligation by paying a person that
- 32 formerly had control.
- 33 3. When notification ineffective. Subject to subsection 7,
- 34 notification is ineffective under subsection 2:
- 35 a. unless, before the notification is sent, the account

- 1 debtor and the person that at that time had control of the
- 2 controllable electronic record that evidences the controllable
- 3 account or controllable payment intangible agree in an
- 4 authenticated record to a commercially reasonable method by
- 5 which a person can furnish reasonable proof that control has
- 6 been transferred;
- 7 b. to the extent that an agreement between the account
- 8 debtor and the seller of a payment intangible limits the
- 9 account debtor's duty to pay a person other than the seller and
- 10 the limitation is effective under law other than this Article;
- 11 or
- 12 c. at the option of the account debtor, if the notification
- 13 notifies the account debtor to divide a payment and pay
- 14 portions by more than one method.
- 15 4. Proof of transfer. Subject to subsection 7, if requested
- 16 by the account debtor, the person giving the notification shall
- 17 seasonably furnish reasonable proof, using the agreed method,
- 18 that control of the controllable electronic record has been
- 19 transferred. Unless the person complies with the request, the
- 20 account debtor may discharge its obligation by paying a person
- 21 that formerly had control, even if the account debtor has
- 22 received a notification under subsection 2.
- 23 5. When proof sufficient. A person furnishes reasonable
- 24 proof that control has been transferred if the person
- 25 demonstrates, using the agreed method, that the transferee has
- 26 the power to avail itself of substantially all the benefit
- 27 from the controllable electronic record, prevent others from
- 28 availing themselves of substantially all the benefit from the
- 29 controllable electronic record, and transfer these powers to
- 30 another person.
- 31 6. Subsection 3, paragraph "c", not waivable. Subject to
- 32 subsection 7, an account debtor may not waive or vary its
- 33 option under subsection 3, paragraph c.
- 34 7. Rule for individual under other law. This section is
- 35 subject to law other than this Article which establishes a

- 1 different rule for an account debtor who is an individual and
- 2 who incurred the obligation primarily for personal, family, or
- 3 household purposes.
- 4 Sec. 7. NEW SECTION. 554.14107 Governing law.
- 5 Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties, the laws of this
- 6 state shall govern any actions taken pursuant to this Article.
- 7 Sec. 8. NEW SECTION. 554.14108 Applicability.
- 8 This Article applies to any transaction involving a
- 9 controllable electronic record that arises on or after the
- 10 effective date of this section. This Article does not apply to
- ll any transaction involving a controllable electronic record that
- 12 arises before the effective date of this section even if the
- 13 transaction would be subject to this Article if the transaction
- 14 had arisen on or after the effective date of this section.
- 15 This Article does not apply to a right of action with regard to
- 16 any transaction involving a controllable electronic record that
- 17 has accrued before the effective date of this section.
- 18 Sec. 9. NEW SECTION. 554.14109 Savings clause.
- 19 Any transaction involving a controllable electronic record
- 20 that arose before the effective date of this section and
- 21 the rights, obligations, and interests flowing from that
- 22 transaction are governed by any statute or other rule amended
- 23 or repealed by this Act as if such amendment or repeal had not
- 24 occurred and may be terminated, completed, consummated, or
- 25 enforced under that statute or other rule.
- 26 DIVISION II
- 27 CORRESPONDING CHANGES
- 28 PART A
- 29 GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 30 Sec. 10. Section 554.1201, subsection 2, Code 2022, is
- 31 amended by adding the following new paragraph:
- 32 NEW PARAGRAPH. Oq. "Electronic" means relating to
- 33 technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless,
- 34 optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
- 35 Sec. 11. Section 554.1201, subsection 2, paragraph x, Code

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1 2022, is amended to read as follows:
          "Money" means a medium of exchange currently authorized
 3 or adopted by a domestic or foreign government.
 4 includes a monetary unit of account established by an
 5 intergovernmental organization or by agreement between two or
 6 more countries.
      Sec. 12.
                Section 554.1204, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code
  2022, is amended to read as follows:
      Except as otherwise provided in Articles 3, 4, and 5, and 14,
10 a person gives value for rights if the person acquires them:
                                PART B
11
12
                         SECURED TRANSACTIONS
13
      Sec. 13.
                Section 554.9102, subsection 1, paragraphs b, ac,
14 and bi, Code 2022, are amended to read as follows:
         "Account", except as used in "account for", means a
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16 right to payment of a monetary obligation, whether or not
17 earned by performance, for property that has been or is to
18 be sold, leased, licensed, assigned, or otherwise disposed
19 of; for services rendered or to be rendered; for a policy of
20 insurance issued or to be issued; for a secondary obligation
21 incurred or to be incurred; for energy provided or to be
22 provided; for the use or hire of a vessel under a charter or
23 other contract; arising out of the use of a credit or charge
24 card or information contained on or for use with the card;
25 or as winnings in a lottery or other game of chance operated
26 or sponsored by a state, governmental unit of a state, or
27 person licensed or authorized to operate the game by a state or
28 governmental unit of a state. The term includes controllable
29 accounts and health care insurance receivables.
30 does not include rights to payment evidenced by chattel paper
31 or an instrument, commercial tort claims, deposit accounts,
32 investment property, letter-of-credit rights or letters of
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33 credit, or rights to payment for money or funds advanced or 34 sold, other than rights arising out of the use of a credit or 35 charge card or information contained on or for use with the

- 1 card.
- 2 ac. "Deposit account" means a demand, time, savings,
- 3 passbook, or similar account maintained with a bank. The term
- 4 includes an account that is money under section 554.1201,
- 5 subsection 2, paragraph x. The term does not include
- 6 investment property or accounts evidenced by an instrument.
- 7 bi. "Payment intangible" means a general intangible
- 8 under which the account debtor's principal obligation is a
- 9 monetary obligation. The term includes controllable payment
- 10 intangibles.
- 11 Sec. 14. Section 554.9102, subsection 1, Code 2022, is
- 12 amended by adding the following new paragraphs:
- 13 NEW PARAGRAPH. Oab. "Controllable account" means an account
- 14 evidenced by a controllable electronic record that provides
- 15 that the account debtor undertakes to pay the person that has
- 16 control of the controllable electronic record under section
- 17 554.14105.
- 18 NEW PARAGRAPH. 00ab. "Controllable payment intangible" means
- 19 a payment intangible evidenced by a controllable electronic
- 20 record that provides that the account debtor undertakes to pay
- 21 the person that has control of the controllable electronic
- 22 record under section 554.14105.
- NEW PARAGRAPH. Oav. "Intangible money" means money that
- 24 is represented or evidenced by an electronic record. The term
- 25 does not include money that is a deposit account.
- 26 NEW PARAGRAPH. Ocb. "Tangible money" means money that is
- 27 represented or evidenced by a record consisting of information
- 28 that is inscribed on a tangible medium.
- 29 Sec. 15. Section 554.9102, subsection 2, Code 2022, is
- 30 amended by adding the following new paragraph:
- 31 NEW PARAGRAPH. Oi. "Controllable electronic
- 32 record"......Section 554.14102.
- 33 Sec. 16. NEW SECTION. 554.9105A Control of intangible
- 34 money.
- 35 1. Requirements for control. A person has control of

- 1 intangible money if the following conditions are met:
- 2 a. the intangible money or the system in which the
- 3 intangible money is recorded, if any, gives the person:
- 4 (1) the power to avail itself of substantially all the
- 5 benefit from the intangible money; and
- 6 (2) subject to subsection 2, the exclusive power to:
- 7 (a) prevent others from availing themselves of
- 8 substantially all the benefit from the intangible money; and
- 9 (b) transfer control of the intangible money to another
- 10 person or cause another person to obtain control of intangible
- 11 money that is traceable to the intangible money; and
- 12 b. the intangible money, a record attached to or logically
- 13 associated with the intangible money, or the system in which
- 14 the intangible money is recorded, if any, enables the person to
- 15 readily identify itself as having the powers under paragraph
- 16 "a". The person may be identified in any way, including by
- 17 name, identifying number, cryptographic key, office, or account
- 18 number.
- 19 2. Certain limitations on exclusivity permitted. A power
- 20 specified in subsection 1 is exclusive, even if:
- 21 a. the intangible money or the system in which the
- 22 intangible money is recorded, if any, limits the use to which
- 23 the intangible money may be put or has protocols that are
- 24 programmed to result in a transfer of control; or
- 25 b. the person has agreed to share the power with another
- 26 person.
- 27 Sec. 17. NEW SECTION. 554.9107A Control of controllable
- 28 electronic record, controllable account, or controllable payment
- 29 intangible.
- 30 1. Control under section 554.14105. A secured party has
- 31 control of a controllable electronic record as provided in
- 32 section 554.14105.
- 33 2. Controllable account or controllable payment
- 34 intangible. A secured party has control of a controllable
- 35 account or controllable payment intangible if the secured

- 1 party has control of the controllable electronic record that
- 2 evidences the controllable account or controllable payment
- 3 intangible.
- 4 Sec. 18. Section 554.9203, subsection 2, Code 2022, is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 2. Enforceability. Except as otherwise provided in
- 7 subsections 3 through 9 10, a security interest is enforceable
- 8 against the debtor and third parties with respect to the
- 9 collateral only if:
- 10 a. value has been given;
- 11 b. the debtor has rights in the collateral or the power to
- 12 transfer rights in the collateral to a secured party; and
- 13 c. one of the following conditions is met:
- 14 (1) the debtor has authenticated a security agreement that
- 15 provides a description of the collateral and, if the security
- 16 interest covers timber to be cut, a description of the land
- 17 concerned;
- 18 (2) the collateral is not a certificated security and is
- 19 in the possession of the secured party under section 554.9313
- 20 pursuant to the debtor's security agreement;
- 21 (3) the collateral is a certificated security in registered
- 22 form and the security certificate has been delivered to the
- 23 secured party under section 554.8301 pursuant to the debtor's
- 24 security agreement; or
- 25 (4) the collateral is controllable electronic records,
- 26 controllable accounts, controllable payment intangibles,
- 27 deposit accounts, electronic chattel paper, intangible money,
- 28 investment property, letter-of-credit rights, or electronic
- 29 documents, and the secured party has control under section
- 30 554.7106, 554.9104, 554.9105, 554.9105A, 554.9106, or 554.9107,
- 31 or 554.9107A pursuant to the debtor's security agreement.
- 32 Sec. 19. Section 554.9203, Code 2022, is amended by adding
- 33 the following new subsection:
- 34 NEW SUBSECTION. 10. Controllable account or payment
- 35 intangible. The attachment of a security interest in a

- 1 controllable electronic record that evidences a controllable
- 2 account or controllable payment intangible is also attachment
- 3 of a security interest in the controllable account or
- 4 controllable payment intangible.
- 5 Sec. 20. Section 554.9207, subsection 3, Code 2022, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 3. Duties and rights when secured party in possession or
- 8 control. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a
- 9 secured party having possession of collateral or control
- 10 of collateral under section 554.7106, 554.9104, 554.9105,
- 11 554.9106, or 554.9107, or 554.9107A:
- 12 a. may hold as additional security any proceeds, except
- 13 money or funds, received from the collateral;
- 14 b. shall apply money or funds received from the collateral
- 15 to reduce the secured obligation, unless remitted to the
- 16 debtor; and
- 17 c. may create a security interest in the collateral.
- 18 Sec. 21. Section 554.9301, subsection 3, Code 2022, is
- 19 amended to read as follows:
- Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, while
- 21 tangible negotiable documents, goods, instruments, tangible
- 22 money, or tangible chattel paper is located in a jurisdiction,
- 23 the local law of that jurisdiction governs:
- 24 a. perfection of a security interest in the goods by filing
- 25 a fixture filing;
- 26 b. perfection of a security interest in timber to be cut;
- 27 and
- c. the effect of perfection or nonperfection and the
- 29 priority of a nonpossessory security interest in the
- 30 collateral.
- 31 Sec. 22. Section 554.9308, Code 2022, is amended by adding
- 32 the following new subsection:
- 33 NEW SUBSECTION. 8. Controllable account or payment
- 34 intangible. Perfection of a security interest in a controllable
- 35 electronic record that evidences a controllable account or

- 1 controllable payment intangible also perfects a security
- 2 interest in the controllable account or controllable payment
- 3 intangible.
- 4 Sec. 23. Section 554.9310, subsection 2, paragraph h, Code
- 5 2022, is amended to read as follows:
- 6 h. in deposit accounts, electronic chattel paper, electronic
- 7 documents, intangible money, investment property, controllable
- 8 electronic records, controllable accounts, controllable payment
- 9 intangible, or letter-of-credit rights which is perfected by
- 10 control under section 554.9314;
- 11 Sec. 24. Section 554.9312, Code 2022, is amended to read as
- 12 follows:
- 13 554.9312 Perfection of security interests in controllable
- 14 electronic records, controllable accounts, controllable payment
- 15 intangibles, chattel paper, deposit accounts, documents,
- 16 goods covered by documents, instruments, investment property,
- 17 letter-of-credit rights, and money perfection by permissive
- 18 filing temporary perfection without filing or transfer of
- 19 possession.
- 20 1. Perfection by filing permitted. A security interest
- 21 in controllable electronic records, controllable accounts,
- 22 controllable payment intangibles, chattel paper, negotiable
- 23 documents, instruments, or investment property may be perfected
- 24 by filing.
- 25 2. Control or possession of certain collateral. Except as
- 26 otherwise provided in section 554.9315, subsections 3 and 4,
- 27 for proceeds:
- 28 a. a security interest in a deposit account may be perfected
- 29 only by control under section 554.9314;
- 30 b. and except as otherwise provided in section 554.9308,
- 31 subsection 4, a security interest in a letter-of-credit right
- 32 may be perfected only by control under section 554.9314; and
- 33 c. a security interest in tangible money may be perfected
- 34 only by the secured party's taking possession under section
- 35 554.9313; and

- 1 d. a security interest in intangible money may be perfected
- 2 only by control under section 554.9105A.
- 3. Goods covered by negotiable document. While goods are
- 4 in the possession of a bailee that has issued a negotiable
- 5 document covering the goods:
- 6 a. a security interest in the goods may be perfected by
- 7 perfecting a security interest in the document; and
- 8 b. a security interest perfected in the document has
- 9 priority over any security interest that becomes perfected in
- 10 the goods by another method during that time.
- 11 4. Goods covered by nonnegotiable document. While goods are
- 12 in the possession of a bailee that has issued a nonnegotiable
- 13 document covering the goods, a security interest in the goods
- 14 may be perfected by:
- 15 a. issuance of a document in the name of the secured party;
- 16 b. the bailee's receipt of notification of the secured
- 17 party's interest; or
- 18 c. filing as to the goods.
- 19 5. Temporary perfection new value. A security
- 20 interest in certificated securities, negotiable documents,
- 21 or instruments is perfected without filing or the taking of
- 22 possession or control for a period of twenty days from the time
- 23 it attaches to the extent that it arises for new value given
- 24 under an authenticated security agreement.
- 25 6. Temporary perfection goods or documents made available
- 26 to debtor. A perfected security interest in a negotiable
- 27 document or goods in possession of a bailee, other than one
- 28 that has issued a negotiable document for the goods, remains
- 29 perfected for twenty days without filing if the secured
- 30 party makes available to the debtor the goods or documents
- 31 representing the goods for the purpose of:
- 32 a. ultimate sale or exchange; or
- 33 b. loading, unloading, storing, shipping, transshipping,
- 34 manufacturing, processing, or otherwise dealing with them in a
- 35 manner preliminary to their sale or exchange.

- 1 7. Temporary perfection delivery of security certificate
- 2 or instrument to debtor. A perfected security interest in
- 3 a certificated security or instrument remains perfected for
- 4 twenty days without filing if the secured party delivers the
- 5 security certificate or instrument to the debtor for the
- 6 purpose of:
- 7 a. ultimate sale or exchange; or
- 8 b. presentation, collection, enforcement, renewal, or
- 9 registration of transfer.
- 10 8. Expiration of temporary perfection. After the twenty-day
- 11 period specified in subsection 5, 6, or 7 expires, perfection
- 12 depends upon compliance with this Article.
- 13 Sec. 25. Section 554.9313, subsection 1, Code 2022, is
- 14 amended to read as follows:
- 15 l. Perfection by possession or delivery. Except as otherwise
- 16 provided in subsection 2, a secured party may perfect a
- 17 security interest in tangible negotiable documents, goods,
- 18 instruments, tangible money, or tangible chattel paper by
- 19 taking possession of the collateral. A secured party may
- 20 perfect a security interest in certificated securities by
- 21 taking delivery of the certificated securities under section
- 22 554.8301.
- 23 Sec. 26. Section 554.9314, subsections 1 and 2, Code 2022,
- 24 are amended to read as follows:
- 25 l. Perfection by control. A security interest in investment
- 26 property, deposit accounts, intangible money, letter-of-credit
- 27 rights, controllable electronic records, controllable accounts,
- 28 controllable payment intangibles, electronic chattel paper,
- 29 or electronic documents may be perfected by control of the
- 30 collateral under section 554.7106, 554.9104, 554.9105,
- 31 554.9105A, 554.9106, or 554.9107, or 554.9107A.
- 32 2. Specified collateral time of perfection by control —
- 33 continuation of perfection. A security interest in controllable
- 34 electronic records, controllable accounts, controllable payment
- 35 intangibles, deposit accounts, intangible money, electronic

- 1 chattel paper, letter-of-credit rights, or electronic documents
- 2 is perfected by control under section 554.7106, 554.9104,
- 3 554.9105, or 554.9107, or 554.9107A when the secured party
- 4 obtains control and remains perfected by control only while the
- 5 secured party retains control.
- 6 Sec. 27. NEW SECTION. 554.9326A Priority of security
- 7 interests in controllable electronic records, controllable
- 8 accounts, and controllable payment intangibles.
- 9 A security interest in a controllable electronic record,
- 10 controllable account, or controllable payment intangible
- 11 held by a secured party having control of the controllable
- 12 electronic record, controllable account, or controllable
- 13 payment intangible has priority over a conflicting security
- 14 interest held by a secured party that does not have control.
- 15 Sec. 28. Section 554.9331, Code 2022, is amended to read as
- 16 follows:
- 17 554.9331 Priority of rights of purchasers of instruments,
- 18 documents, and securities, controllable electronic records,
- 19 controllable accounts, and controllable payment intangibles under
- 20 other articles priority of interests in financial
- 21 assets and security entitlements under Article 8 and controllable
- 22 electronic records under Article 14.
- 23 1. Rights under Articles 3, 7, and 8, and 14 not
- 24 limited. This Article does not limit the rights of a holder
- 25 in due course of a negotiable instrument, a holder to which a
- 26 negotiable document of title has been duly negotiated, or a
- 27 protected purchaser of a security, or a qualifying purchaser of
- 28 a controllable electronic record. These holders or purchasers
- 29 take priority over an earlier security interest, even if
- 30 perfected, to the extent provided in Articles 3, 7, and 8, and 31 14.
- 32 2. Protection under Article Articles 8 and 14. This Article
- 33 does not limit the rights of or impose liability on a person to
- 34 the extent that the person is protected against the assertion
- 35 of a claim under Article 8 or 14.

- 1 3. Filing not notice. Filing under this Article does not
- 2 constitute notice of a claim or defense to the holders, or
- 3 purchasers, or persons described in subsections 1 and 2.
- 4 Sec. 29. Section 554.9406, subsections 1, 2, and 3, Code
- 5 2022, are amended to read as follows:
- 6 1. Discharge of account debtor effect of
- 7 notification. Subject to subsections 2 through 9 and
- 8 11, an account debtor on an account, chattel paper, or a
- 9 payment intangible may discharge its obligation by paying the
- 10 assignor until, but not after, the account debtor receives a
- 11 notification, authenticated by the assignor or the assignee,
- 12 that the amount due or to become due has been assigned and that
- 13 payment is to be made to the assignee. After receipt of the
- 14 notification, the account debtor may discharge its obligation
- 15 by paying the assignee and may not discharge the obligation by
- 16 paying the assignor.
- 17 2. When notification ineffective. Subject to subsection
- 18 subsections 8 and 11, notification is ineffective under
- 19 subsection 1:
- 20 a. if it does not reasonably identify the rights assigned;
- 21 b. to the extent that an agreement between an account
- 22 debtor and a seller of a payment intangible limits the account
- 23 debtor's duty to pay a person other than the seller and the
- 24 limitation is effective under law other than this Article; or
- c. at the option of an account debtor, if the notification
- 26 notifies the account debtor to make less than the full amount
- 27 of any installment or other periodic payment to the assignee,
- 28 even if:
- 29 (1) only a portion of the account, chattel paper, or payment
- 30 intangible has been assigned to that assignee;
- 31 (2) a portion has been assigned to another assignee; or
- 32 (3) the account debtor knows that the assignment to that
- 33 assignee is limited.
- 3. Proof of assignment. Subject to subsection subsections
- 35 8 and 11, if requested by the account debtor, an assignee shall

- 1 seasonably furnish reasonable proof that the assignment has
- 2 been made. Unless the assignee complies, the account debtor
- 3 may discharge its obligation by paying the assignor, even if
- 4 the account debtor has received a notification under subsection
- 5 1.
- 6 Sec. 30. Section 554.9406, Code 2022, is amended by adding
- 7 the following new subsection:
- 8 NEW SUBSECTION. 11. Inapplicability of certain
- 9 subsections. Subsections 1 through 3 and 7 do not apply to a
- 10 controllable account or controllable payment intangible.
- 11 Sec. 31. Section 554.9601, subsection 2, Code 2022, is
- 12 amended to read as follows:
- 2. Rights and duties of secured party in possession or
- 14 control. A secured party in possession of collateral or control
- 15 of collateral under section 554.7106, 554.9104, 554.9105,
- 16 554.9106, or 554.9107, or 554.9107A has the rights and duties
- 17 provided in section 554.9207.
- 18 Sec. 32. Section 554.9605, Code 2022, is amended to read as
- 19 follows:
- 20 554.9605 Unknown debtor or secondary obligor.
- 21 1. Duties to unknown persons general rule. A Subject to
- 22 subsection 2, a secured party does not owe a duty based on its
- 23 status as secured party:
- 24 1. a. to a person that is a debtor or obligor, unless the
- 25 secured party knows:
- 26 a_r (1) that the person is a debtor or obligor;
- 27 $\frac{b}{c}$ (2) the identity of the person; and
- 28 ϵ (3) how to communicate with the person; or
- 29 2. b. to a secured party or lienholder that has filed a
- 30 financing statement against a person, unless the secured party
- 31 knows:
- 32 a_r (1) that the person is a debtor; and
- 33 θ . (2) the identity of the person.
- 34 2. When subsection 1 not applicable notice that nature
- 35 of collateral or system in which collateral recorded prevents

- 1 acquisition of knowledge. Subsection 1 does not apply to a
- 2 secured party that, at the time the secured party's security
- 3 interest attaches to a controllable electronic record,
- 4 controllable account, or controllable payment intangible, has
- 5 notice that the nature of the collateral or the system in
- 6 which the collateral is recorded, if any, would prevent the
- 7 secured party from acquiring the knowledge specified in that
- 8 subsection.
- 9 Sec. 33. Section 554.9628, subsection 2, Code 2022, is
- 10 amended to read as follows:
- 11 2. Limitation of liability based on status as secured
- 12 party. A Subject to subsection 2A, a secured party is not
- 13 liable because of its status as secured party:
- 14 a. to a person that is a debtor or obligor, unless the
- 15 secured party knows:
- 16 (1) that the person is a debtor or obligor;
- 17 (2) the identity of the person; and
- 18 (3) how to communicate with the person; or
- 19 b. to a secured party or lienholder that has filed a
- 20 financing statement against a person, unless the secured party
- 21 knows:
- 22 (1) that the person is a debtor; and
- 23 (2) the identity of the person.
- 24 Sec. 34. Section 554.9628, Code 2022, is amended by adding
- 25 the following new subsection:
- 26 NEW SUBSECTION. 2A. When subsection 2 not applicable —
- 27 notice that nature of collateral or system in which collateral
- 28 recorded prevents acquisition of knowledge. Subsection 2 does
- 29 not apply to a secured party that, at the time the secured
- 30 party's security interest attaches to a controllable electronic
- 31 record, controllable account, or controllable payment
- 32 intangible, has notice that the nature of the collateral
- 33 or the system in which the collateral is recorded, if any,
- 34 would prevent the secured party from acquiring the knowledge
- 35 specified in that subsection.

1	EXPLANATION
2	The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
4	BACKGROUND. This bill creates a new article within Code
5	chapter 554, Iowa's version of the uniform commercial code
6	(UCC) covering commercial transactions involving personal
7	property. New Article 12 cited as "Uniform Commercial
8	Code — Controllable Electronic Records" was drafted by a
9	committee appointed jointly by the uniform law commission
10	and the American law institute. The bill incorporates the
11	provisions of that draft under new Article 14 (new Code section
12	554.14101). New Article 14 governs commercial transactions
13	involving digital assets, including those involving virtual
14	currencies, and the use of distributed ledger technology (DLT).
15	Traditionally, a currency is a government-authorized medium of
16	exchange and specifically money (Code section $554.1201(2)(x)$).
17	By comparison, a virtual currency is only available as an
18	electronic record and is decentralized. An electronic record
19	is used to create or transfer rights to receive payment, to
20	receive performance of services or delivery of goods, and to
21	transfer an interest in property. It may also be used as a
22	medium of exchange and assigned intrinsic value.
23	CONTROLLABLE ELECTRONIC RECORDS. The bill applies to a form
24	of digital assets used in electronic commerce and referred
25	to as controllable electronic records. The UCC defines a
26	record as information retrievable in an electronic form (Code
27	section 554.1201(2)(ae)). A controllable electronic record is
28	a record that is stored in an electronic or other intangible
29	medium and that must be subject to control (new Code section
30	554.14105). Control is determined by the type of property
31	involved and new Article 14 specifies the rights of a purchaser
32	of a controllable electronic record who acquires whatever
33	rights the transferor had or had the power to transfer;
34	the rule recognized generally under the UCC as shelter (new
35	Code section 554.14104). Specifically, control involves

1 the power to (1) derive substantially all the benefit from 2 the controllable electronic record, (2) prevent others from 3 deriving substantially all the benefit from the controllable 4 electronic record, and (3) transfer control of the controllable 5 electronic record to another person or cause another person to 6 obtain control of a controllable electronic record. QUALIFIED PURCHASERS. A purchaser who is transferred 8 control of a controllable electronic record for value, in good 9 faith, and without notice of any claim of a property interest 10 in the controllable electronic record is referred to as a 11 qualified purchaser who takes the controllable electronic 12 record free of any claims against the property. Generally, law 13 outside Article 14 determines what rights a person must take 14 in order to acquire an interest in a controllable electronic 15 record which would include the creditor-debtor provisions in 16 Article 9. A security interest in a controllable electronic 17 record, controllable account, or controllable payment 18 intangible perfected by control has priority over a conflicting 19 security interest perfected by another method (e.g., the 20 filing of an Article 9 financing statement) (new Code section 21 554.9326A). 22 SPECIAL TYPES OF PROPERTY. Special provisions apply to 23 accounts and payment intangibles in the form of controllable 24 electronic records. The right to payment under these 25 intangibles is referred to as controllable accounts and 26 controllable payment intangibles (amended Code section 27 554.9102(2)). Under Article 9, the attachment and perfection 28 of a security interest in a controllable electronic record 29 would also be attachment of a security interest in controllable 30 accounts and controllable payment intangibles evidenced by 31 the controllable electronic record (amended Code section 32 554.9203(10)). Under Article 14, a qualifying purchaser 33 of a controllable electronic record acquires rights in the 34 controllable account or controllable payment intangible 35 free of any claim (new Code section 554.14104). The bill

1 also recognizes intangible money evidenced by a controllable 2 electronic record (amended Code section 554.9102(1)). 3 Similarly, a person having control over the controllable 4 electronic record takes free of any claim (new Code section 5 554.9105A). BACKGROUND — ARTICLES 1 AND 9. Article 1 includes general 7 provisions, including definitions, that apply throughout the 8 Code chapter. This includes providing a definition of the 9 term "electronic" and amending the definition of "account" 10 to include "controllable accounts" (Code section 554.1201). 11 Closely connected to new Article 14 is current Article 9, cited 12 as the "Uniform Commercial Code — Secured Transactions" (Code 13 section 554.9101). Article 9 governs how a debtor provides 14 the debtor's property as collateral to secure financing 15 provided by a creditor. The creditor obtains a lien in the 16 collateral to secure the debt. Article 9 provides for the 17 rights and obligations of the debtor and creditor as well 18 as other persons, including other creditors, engaged in 19 commercial transactions which involve that debtor's collateral. 20 Generally, the creditor becomes a secured party able to enforce 21 rights against the debtor when a security interest attaches to 22 the debtor's collateral. The secured party is able to enforce 23 creditor rights against other persons when the creditor's 24 security agreement is perfected. Article 9 provides different 25 procedures to attach a security interest to collateral, and 26 to perfect that security interest, depending upon how Article 27 9 classifies that collateral. Generally, Article 9 covers 28 two broad categories of collateral described as tangible or 29 intangible property. Tangible property includes firm assets 30 such as cars, equipment, inventory, and goods. In the case of 31 a security interest in money, perfection requires possession. 32 Intangible property includes accounts receivable, promissory 33 notes, securities, letters of credit, and interests in business The two principal forms of perfection are (1) the 34 entities. 35 secured party's possession of the collateral and (2) the filing

- 1 of a financing statement with the secretary of state, in which
- 2 case the secured party receives priority over secured parties
- 3 who do not file a financing statement or who file a financing
- 4 statement later in time.