House Study Bill 662 - Introduced

SENATE/HOUSE FILE _____

BY (PROPOSED JUDICIAL BRANCH BILL)

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to interpreters for limited-English-proficient,
- deaf, and hard-of-hearing persons in certain court
- 3 proceedings.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

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- 1 Section 1. Section 331.424, subsection 1, paragraph a,
- 2 subparagraph (6), Code 2020, is amended to read as follows:
- 3 (6) The maintenance and operation of the courts, including
- 4 but not limited to the salary and expenses of the clerk of the
- 5 district court and other employees of the clerk's office, and
- 6 bailiffs, court costs if the prosecution fails or if the costs
- 7 cannot be collected from the person liable, costs and expenses
- 8 of prosecution under section 189A.17, salaries and expenses
- 9 of juvenile court officers under chapter 602, court-ordered
- 10 costs in domestic abuse cases under section 236.5, sexual abuse
- 11 cases under section 236A.7, and elder abuse cases under section
- 12 235F.6, the county's expense for confinement of prisoners under
- 13 chapter 356A, temporary assistance to the county attorney,
- 14 county contributions to a retirement system for bailiffs,
- 15 reimbursement for judicial magistrates under section 602.6501,
- 16 claims filed under section 622.93, sign language interpreters'
- 17 fees under section 622B.7, uniform citation and complaint
- 18 supplies under section 805.6, and costs of prosecution under
- 19 section 815.13.
- 20 Sec. 2. Section 622A.1, Code 2020, is amended by adding the
- 21 following new subsections:
- 22 NEW SUBSECTION. 3. "Limited English proficient" means the
- 23 inability to adequately understand or effectively communicate
- 24 in the English language because a person's primary language is
- 25 a language other than English.
- 26 NEW SUBSECTION. 4. "Oral language interpreter" means a
- 27 person who can accurately transfer the meaning of words or
- 28 phrases of one oral language into the equivalent words or
- 29 phrases of a second oral language and from a second oral
- 30 language into the first oral language.
- 31 Sec. 3. Section 622A.2, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 32 follows:
- 33 622A.2 Who entitled to interpreter Limited-English-proficient
- 34 persons when entitled to oral language interpreter.
- 35 Every limited-English-proficient person who cannot speak

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- 1 or understand the English language and who is a party to any
- 2 legal proceeding or a witness therein, shall be entitled to an
- 3 oral language interpreter to assist such person throughout the
- 4 proceeding.
- 5 Sec. 4. Section 622A.3, subsection 1, Code 2020, is amended
- 6 to read as follows:
- 7 l. An oral language interpreter shall be appointed without
- 8 expense to the limited-English-proficient person requiring
- 9 assistance in the following cases:
- 10 a. If the person requiring assistance is a witness in the
- 11 civil legal proceeding.
- 12 b. If the person requiring assistance is indigent and
- 13 financially unable to secure an oral language interpreter.
- 14 Sec. 5. Section 622A.3, subsection 2, Code 2020, is amended
- 15 by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the
- 16 following:
- 17 2. The state court administrator shall pay an oral language
- 18 interpreter from the revolving fund created in section
- 19 602.1302, subsection 3, when a limited-English-proficient
- 20 person is entitled to an oral language interpreter under
- 21 section 622A.2 and the oral language interpreter services are
- 22 not provided before an administrative agency. In civil cases,
- 23 every court shall tax the costs of an oral language interpreter
- 24 the same as other court costs. In criminal cases, where the
- 25 defendant is indigent, the oral language interpreter shall be
- 26 considered as a defendant's witness under rule of criminal
- 27 procedure 2.15 for the purpose of receiving fees, except that
- 28 subpoenas shall not be required.
- Sec. 6. Section 622A.3, Code 2020, is amended by adding the
- 30 following new subsection:
- 31 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 2A. An administrative agency shall pay an
- 32 oral language interpreter when a limited-English-proficient
- 33 person is entitled to an oral language interpreter under
- 34 section 622A.2 and the oral language interpreter services are
- 35 provided before an administrative agency. The agency may

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- 1 require that the party to the proceeding pay the expense of the
- 2 oral language interpreter.
- 3 Sec. 7. Section 622A.3, subsection 3, Code 2020, is amended
- 4 to read as follows:
- 5 3. Moneys recovered as court costs for oral language
- 6 interpreters paid through the revolving fund established in
- 7 section 602.1302, subsection 3, shall be deposited in that
- 8 fund.
- 9 Sec. 8. Section 622A.4, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 10 follows:
- 11 622A.4 Fee set by court payment or administrative agency.
- 12 Every oral language interpreter appointed by a court
- 13 or administrative agency shall receive a fee to be set by
- 14 the court or administrative agency. If the interpreter is
- 15 appointed by the court in a civil case for a person who is
- 16 indigent and unable to secure an interpreter, the fee for the
- 17 interpreter shall be paid from the revolving fund established
- 18 in section 602.1302, subsection 3.
- 19 Sec. 9. Section 622A.5, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 20 follows:
- 21 **622A.5** Oath.
- 22 Every oral language interpreter in any legal proceeding
- 23 shall take the same an oath as any other witness consistent
- 24 with the rules the supreme court adopts under this chapter.
- Sec. 10. Section 622A.6, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 26 follows:
- 27 622A.6 Qualifications, neutrality, and integrity.
- Any court or administrative agency may inquire into the
- 29 qualifications, neutrality, and integrity of any oral language
- 30 interpreter, and may disqualify any person from serving as an
- 31 oral language interpreter.
- 32 Sec. 11. Section 622A.7, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 33 follows:
- 34 622A.7 Rules.
- 35 The supreme court, after consultation with the commission

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- 1 of Latino affairs of the department of human rights and other
- 2 appropriate departments, shall adopt rules governing the
- 3 qualifications and compensation of oral language interpreters
- 4 appearing in legal proceedings before a court or grand jury
- 5 under this chapter. However, an administrative agency which is
- 6 subject to chapter 17A may adopt rules differing from those of
- 7 the supreme court governing the qualifications and compensation
- 8 of oral language interpreters appearing in proceedings before
- 9 that agency.
- Sec. 12. Section 622A.8, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 11 follows:
- 12 622A.8 Tape Electronic recording of testimony.
- 13 A tape An electronic recording of the portion of
- 14 proceedings where non-English testimony is given shall be
- 15 made and maintained for one year after the entry of the final
- 16 disposition or sentence or, if the final judgment is appealed,
- 17 until one year after the final disposition of the appeal.
- 18 Sec. 13. NEW SECTION. 622A.9 Privileged communications.
- 19 Communications between a limited-English-proficient person
- 20 and a third party which are privileged under chapter 622 in
- 21 which an oral language interpreter participates as an oral
- 22 language interpreter shall be privileged with regard to the
- 23 oral language interpreter.
- Sec. 14. Section 622B.1, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 25 follows:
- 26 622B.1 Definitions rules.
- 27 1. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
- 28 requires:
- 29 a. "Administrative agency" means any department, board,
- 30 commission, or agency of the state or any political subdivision
- 31 of the state.
- 32 b. "Deaf person" means an individual who uses sign language
- 33 as the person's primary mode of communication and who may use
- 34 sign language interpreters to facilitate communication.
- 35 c. "Hard-of-hearing person" means an individual who

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- 1 is unable to hear and distinguish sounds within normal
- 2 conversational range and who needs to use speechreading,
- 3 assistive listening devices, or oral interpreters other
- 4 reasonable accommodations to facilitate communication.
- 5 d. "Interpreter" means an oral interpreter or sign language
- 6 interpreter.
- 7 e. "Oral interpreter" means an interpreter who is fluent in
- 8 transliterating, paraphrasing, and voicing.
- 9 f. d. "Sign language interpreter" means an interpreter a
- 10 person who is able to interpret from sign language to English
- 11 and English to into an oral language and from an oral language
- 12 into sign language.
- 2. The supreme court, after consultation with the
- 14 department of human rights, shall adopt rules governing the
- 15 qualifications and compensation of sign language interpreters
- 16 appearing in a legal proceeding before a court, grand jury, or
- 17 before an administrative agency under this chapter. However,
- 18 an administrative agency which is subject to chapter 17A
- 19 may adopt rules differing from those of the supreme court
- 20 governing the qualifications and compensation of sign language
- 21 interpreters appearing in proceedings before that agency.
- Sec. 15. Section 622B.2, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 23 follows:
- 24 622B.2 Interpreter appointed.
- 25 If a deaf or hard-of-hearing person is a party to, a witness
- 26 at, or a participant in a proceeding before a grand jury,
- 27 court, or administrative agency of this state, the court
- 28 or administrative agency shall appoint an a sign language
- 29 interpreter without expense to the deaf or hard-of-hearing
- 30 person to interpret or translate the proceedings to the deaf
- 31 or hard-of-hearing person and to interpret or translate the
- 32 person's testimony unless the deaf or hard-of-hearing person
- 33 waives the right to an a sign language interpreter.
- 34 Sec. 16. Section 622B.3, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 35 follows:

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- 1 622B.3 Notice of need.
- When a deaf or hard-of-hearing person is entitled to an a
- 3 sign language interpreter, the deaf or hard-of-hearing person
- 4 shall notify the presiding official within three days after
- 5 receiving notice of the proceeding, stating the disability and
- 6 requesting the services of an a sign language interpreter. If
- 7 the deaf or hard-of-hearing person receives notification of an
- 8 appearance less than five days prior to the proceeding, that
- 9 person shall notify the presiding official requesting an a sign
- 10 language interpreter as soon as practicable or may apply for a
- 11 continuance until an a sign language interpreter is appointed.
- 12 Sec. 17. Section 622B.4, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 13 follows:
- 14 622B.4 List.
- 15 The office of deaf services of the department of human rights
- 16 shall prepare and continually update a listing of qualified
- 17 and available sign language interpreters. The courts and
- 18 administrative agencies shall maintain a directory of qualified
- 19 sign language interpreters for deaf and hard-of-hearing
- 20 persons as furnished by the department of human rights.
- 21 The office of deaf services shall maintain a list of sign
- 22 language interpreters which shall be made available to a court,
- 23 administrative agency, or interested parties to an action using
- 24 the services of an a sign language interpreter.
- 25 Sec. 18. Section 622B.5, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 26 follows:
- 27 **622B.5** Oath.
- 28 Before participating in a proceeding, an a sign
- 29 language interpreter shall take an oath that the sign
- 30 language interpreter will make a true interpretation in an
- 31 understandable manner to the person for whom the sign language
- 32 interpreter is appointed and that the sign language interpreter
- 33 will interpret or translate the statements of the deaf or
- 34 hard-of-hearing person to the best of the sign language
- 35 interpreter's skills and judgment.

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- 1 Sec. 19. Section 622B.6, Code 2020, is amended to read as 2 follows:
- 3 622B.6 Privileged communications.
- 4 Communication between a deaf or hard-of-hearing person
- 5 and a third party which is privileged under chapter 622 in
- 6 which the sign language interpreter participates as an a sign
- 7 <u>language</u> interpreter shall be privileged to the <u>sign language</u>
- 8 interpreter.
- 9 Sec. 20. Section 622B.7, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 10 follows:
- 11 **622B.7** Fee.
- 12 An A sign language interpreter appointed under this chapter
- 13 is entitled to a reasonable fee and expenses as determined
- 14 by the rules applying to that proceeding. This schedule
- 15 shall be furnished to all courts and administrative agencies
- 16 and maintained by them. If the sign language interpreter is
- 17 appointed by the court, the fee and expenses shall be paid by
- 18 the county and if the sign language interpreter is appointed by
- 19 an administrative agency, the fee and expenses shall be paid
- 20 out of funds available to the administrative agency.
- 21 Sec. 21. Section 622B.8, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 22 follows:
- 23 622B.8 Disqualification.
- On motion of a party or on its own motion, a court or
- 25 administrative agency shall inquire into the qualifications,
- 26 neutrality, and integrity of an a sign language interpreter. A
- 27 court or administrative agency may disqualify for good reason
- 28 any person from serving as an a sign language interpreter
- 29 in that proceeding. If an a sign language interpreter is
- 30 disqualified, the court or administrative agency shall appoint
- 31 another sign language interpreter.
- 32 Sec. 22. Section 815.11, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 33 follows:
- 34 815.11 Appropriations for indigent defense fund created.
- 35 l. Costs incurred for legal representation by a

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1 court-appointed attorney under chapter 229A, 665, 822, or 908,
 2 or section 232.141, subsection 3, paragraph "d", or section
 3 598.23A, 600A.6B, 814.9, 814.10, 814.11, 815.4, 815.7, or
 4 815.10 on behalf of an indigent shall be paid from moneys
 5 appropriated by the general assembly to the office of the
 6 state public defender in the department of inspections and
 7 appeals and deposited in an account to be known as the indigent
 8 defense fund, except as provided in subsection 2.
 9 incurred representing an indigent defendant in a contempt
10 action, or representing an indigent juvenile in a juvenile
11 court proceeding, are also payable from the fund. However,
12 costs incurred in any administrative proceeding or in any
13 other proceeding under this chapter or chapter 598, 600, 600A,
14 633, 633A, 814, or 915 or other provisions of the Code or
15 administrative rules are not payable from the fund.
          The costs and fees associated with oral language
16
17 interpreters are not payable from this fund. The costs and
18 fees of an oral language interpreter shall be paid pursuant to
19 section 622A.3 from moneys appropriated by the general assembly
20 to the judicial branch revolving fund created pursuant to
21 section 602.1302, subsection 3.
22
                              EXPLANATION
23
           The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with
24
            the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
25
      This bill relates to oral language interpreters for
26 limited-English-proficient persons and sign language
27 interpreters for deaf and hard-of-hearing persons.
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      The bill amends Code chapter 622A, which in the bill provides
29 for oral language interpreters for limited-English-proficient
30 persons in legal proceedings.
      The bill provides new definitions for "limited English
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The bill provides that the state court administrator shall

34 pay oral language interpreters from the revolving fund created 35 in Code section 602.1302(3) when a limited-English-proficient

32 proficient" and "oral language interpreter".

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1 person is entitled to an oral language interpreter and the 2 oral language interpreter services are not provided before 3 an administrative agency. The bill provides that in civil 4 cases, every court shall tax the costs of an oral language 5 interpreter the same as other court costs. In criminal cases, 6 the bill provides that where the defendant is indigent, the 7 oral language interpreter shall be considered as a defendant's 8 witness under rule of criminal procedure 2.15 for the purpose 9 of receiving fees, except that subpoenas are not required. 10 The bill provides that an administrative agency shall pay an 11 oral language interpreter when a limited-English-proficient 12 person is entitled to an oral language interpreter and the 13 oral language interpreter services are provided before an 14 administrative agency. The bill provides that the agency may 15 require that the party to the proceeding pay the expense of the 16 oral language interpreter. The bill provides that an oral language interpreter in a 17 18 legal proceeding shall take an oath consistent with rules 19 the supreme court adopts under Code chapter 622A. The bill 20 provides that in addition to a court or administrative agency 21 being able to inquire into the qualifications and integrity 22 of an oral language interpreter, the court or administrative 23 agency may also inquire into the neutrality of the oral 24 language interpreter. The bill amends the section of Code 25 chapter 622A that provides the authorization for rulemaking 26 to specify oral language interpreters appearing in legal 27 proceedings. The bill provides that an electronic recording 28 of the portion of proceedings where non-English testimony is 29 given shall be made and maintained for one year after the entry 30 of the final disposition or sentence, or if the final judgment 31 is appealed, until one year after the final disposition of the 32 appeal.

- 33 The bill provides that communications between a
- 34 limited-English-proficient person and a third party which are
- 35 privileged under Code chapter 622 in which an oral language

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- 1 interpreter participates as an oral language interpreter shall
- 2 be privileged with regard to the oral language interpreter.
- The bill also amends Code chapter 622B, which provides
- 4 for sign language interpreters for deaf and hard-of-hearing
- 5 persons.
- 6 The bill provides that in addition to a court or
- 7 administrative agency being able to inquire into the
- 8 qualifications and integrity of a sign language interpreter,
- 9 the court or administrative agency may also inquire into the
- 10 neutrality of the sign language interpreter.
- 11 Code section 815.11 provides appropriations for indigent
- 12 defense. The bill provides that costs and fees associated with
- 13 oral language interpreters are not payable from this fund.