# House File 2619 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 2619
BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS

(SUCCESSOR TO HF 2558) (SUCCESSOR TO HSB 662)

## A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to interpreters for limited-English-proficient,
- 2 deaf, and hard-of-hearing persons in certain court
- 3 proceedings and including effective date provisions.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- Section 1. Section 331.424, subsection 1, paragraph a, 2 subparagraph (6), Code 2020, is amended to read as follows: 3 (6) The maintenance and operation of the courts, including
- 4 but not limited to the salary and expenses of the clerk of the
- 5 district court and other employees of the clerk's office, and
- 6 bailiffs, court costs if the prosecution fails or if the costs
- 7 cannot be collected from the person liable, costs and expenses
- 8 of prosecution under section 189A.17, salaries and expenses
- 9 of juvenile court officers under chapter 602, court-ordered
- 10 costs in domestic abuse cases under section 236.5, sexual abuse
- 11 cases under section 236A.7, and elder abuse cases under section
- 12 235F.6, the county's expense for confinement of prisoners under
- 13 chapter 356A, temporary assistance to the county attorney,
- 14 county contributions to a retirement system for bailiffs,
- 15 reimbursement for judicial magistrates under section 602.6501,
- 16 claims filed under section 622.93, sign language interpreters'
- 17 fees under section 622B.7, uniform citation and complaint
- 18 supplies under section 805.6, and costs of prosecution under
- 19 section 815.13.
- Sec. 2. Section 622A.1, Code 2020, is amended by adding the
- 21 following new subsection:
- 22 NEW SUBSECTION. 3. "Limited English proficient" means the
- 23 inability to adequately understand or effectively communicate
- 24 in the English language because a person's primary language is
- 25 a language other than English.
- Sec. 3. Section 622A.2, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 27 follows:
- 28 622A.2 Who entitled to interpreter Limited-English-proficient
- 29 persons when entitled to interpreter.
- 30 Every limited-English-proficient person who cannot speak
- 31 or understand the English language and who is a party to any
- 32 legal proceeding or a witness therein, shall be entitled to an
- 33 interpreter to assist such person throughout the proceeding.
- 34 Sec. 4. Section 622A.3, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph
- 35 1, Code 2020, is amended to read as follows:

- 1 An interpreter shall be appointed without expense to the
- 2 limited-English-proficient person requiring assistance in the
- 3 following cases:
- 4 Sec. 5. Section 622A.3, subsection 2, Code 2020, is amended
- 5 by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the
- 6 following:
- 7 2. The state court administrator shall receive, review,
- 8 and pay fee claims from an interpreter appointed under
- 9 subsection 1 and the fees shall be paid from the revolving
- 10 fund created in section 602.1302, subsection 3, when a
- 11 limited-English-proficient person is entitled to an interpreter
- 12 under section 622A.2 and the interpreter services are not
- 13 provided before an administrative agency. In civil cases,
- 14 every court shall tax the costs of an interpreter the same as
- 15 other court costs. In criminal cases, where the defendant is
- 16 indigent, the interpreter shall be considered as a defendant's
- 17 witness under rule of criminal procedure 2.15 for the purpose
- 18 of receiving fees, except that subpoenas shall not be required.
- 19 Sec. 6. Section 622A.3, Code 2020, is amended by adding the
- 20 following new subsection:
- 21 NEW SUBSECTION. 2A. An administrative agency shall pay
- 22 an interpreter when a limited-English-proficient person
- 23 is entitled to an interpreter under section 622A.2 and the
- 24 interpreter services are provided before an administrative
- 25 agency. The agency may require that the party to the
- 26 proceeding pay the expense of the interpreter.
- 27 Sec. 7. Section 622A.4, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 28 follows:
- 29 622A.4 Fee set by court payment or administrative agency.
- 30 Every interpreter appointed by a court or administrative
- 31 agency shall receive a fee to be set by the court or
- 32 administrative agency. If the interpreter is appointed by the
- 33 court in a civil case for a person who is indigent and unable
- 34 to secure an interpreter, the fee for the interpreter shall be
- 35 paid from the revolving fund established in section 602.1302,

- 1 subsection 3.
- 2 Sec. 8. Section 622A.5, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 3 follows:
- 4 622A.5 Oath.
- 5 Every interpreter in any legal proceeding shall take the
- 6 same an oath as any other witness consistent with the rules the
- 7 supreme court adopts under this chapter.
- 8 Sec. 9. Section 622A.6, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 9 follows:
- 10 622A.6 Qualifications, neutrality, and integrity.
- 11 Any court or administrative agency may inquire into the
- 12 qualifications, neutrality, and integrity of any interpreter,
- 13 and may disqualify any person from serving as an interpreter.
- 14 Sec. 10. Section 622A.7, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 15 follows:
- 16 **622A.7** Rules.
- 17 The supreme court, after consultation with the commission
- 18 of Latino affairs of the department of human rights and other
- 19 appropriate departments, shall adopt rules governing the
- 20 qualifications and compensation of interpreters appearing in
- 21 legal proceedings before a court or grand jury under this
- 22 chapter. However, an administrative agency which is subject
- 23 to chapter 17A may adopt rules differing from those of the
- 24 supreme court governing the qualifications and compensation of
- 25 interpreters appearing in proceedings before that agency.
- Sec. 11. Section 622A.8, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 27 follows:
- 28 622A.8 Tape Electronic recording of testimony.
- 29 A tape An electronic recording of the portion of
- 30 proceedings where non-English testimony is given shall be
- 31 made and maintained for one year after the entry of the final
- 32 disposition or sentence or, if the final judgment is appealed,
- 33 until one year after the final disposition of the appeal.
- 34 Sec. 12. NEW SECTION. 622A.9 Privileged communications.
- 35 Communications between a limited-English-proficient person

- 1 and a third party which are privileged under chapter 622 in
- 2 which an interpreter participates as an interpreter shall be
- 3 privileged with regard to the interpreter.
- 4 Sec. 13. Section 622B.1, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 5 follows:
- 6 622B.1 Definitions rules.
- 7 l. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
- 8 requires:
- 9 a. "Administrative agency" means any department, board,
- 10 commission, or agency of the state or any political subdivision
- ll of the state.
- 12 b. "Deaf person" means an individual who uses sign language
- 13 as the person's primary mode of communication and who may use
- 14 sign language interpreters to facilitate communication.
- 15 c. "Hard-of-hearing person" means an individual who
- 16 is unable to hear and distinguish sounds within normal
- 17 conversational range and who needs to use speechreading,
- 18 assistive listening devices, or oral interpreters other
- 19 reasonable accommodations to facilitate communication.
- 20 d. "Interpreter" means an oral interpreter or sign language
- 21 interpreter.
- 22 e. "Oral interpreter" means an interpreter who is fluent in
- 23 transliterating, paraphrasing, and voicing.
- 24 *f. d. "Sign language interpreter"* means <del>an interpreter</del> a
- 25 person who is able to interpret from sign language to English
- 26 and English to into an oral language and from an oral language
- 27 into sign language.
- 28 2. The supreme court, after consultation with the
- 29 department of human rights, shall adopt rules governing the
- 30 qualifications and compensation of sign language interpreters
- 31 appearing in a legal proceeding before a court, grand jury, or
- 32 before an administrative agency under this chapter. However,
- 33 an administrative agency which is subject to chapter 17A
- 34 may adopt rules differing from those of the supreme court
- 35 governing the qualifications and compensation of sign language

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- 1 interpreters appearing in proceedings before that agency.
- 2 Sec. 14. Section 622B.2, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 3 follows:
- 4 622B.2 Interpreter appointed.
- 5 If a deaf or hard-of-hearing person is a party to, a witness
- 6 at, or a participant in a proceeding before a grand jury,
- 7 court, or administrative agency of this state, the court
- 8 or administrative agency shall appoint an a sign language
- 9 interpreter without expense to the deaf or hard-of-hearing
- 10 person to interpret or translate the proceedings to the deaf
- ll or hard-of-hearing person and to interpret or translate the
- 12 person's testimony unless the deaf or hard-of-hearing person
- 13 waives the right to an a sign language interpreter.
- 14 Sec. 15. Section 622B.3, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 15 follows:
- 16 622B.3 Notice of need.
- 17 When a deaf or hard-of-hearing person is entitled to an a
- 18 sign language interpreter, the deaf or hard-of-hearing person
- 19 shall notify the presiding official within three days after
- 20 receiving notice of the proceeding, stating the disability and
- 21 requesting the services of an a sign language interpreter. I
- 22 the deaf or hard-of-hearing person receives notification of an
- 23 appearance less than five days prior to the proceeding, that
- 24 person shall notify the presiding official requesting an a sign
- 25 language interpreter as soon as practicable or may apply for a
- 26 continuance until an a sign language interpreter is appointed.
- 27 Sec. 16. Section 622B.4, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 28 follows:
- 29 622B.4 List.
- 30 The office of deaf services of the department of human rights
- 31 shall prepare and continually update a listing of qualified
- 32 and available sign language interpreters. The courts and
- 33 administrative agencies shall maintain a directory of qualified
- 34 interpreters for deaf and hard-of-hearing persons as furnished
- 35 by the department of human rights. The office of deaf services

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- 1 shall maintain a list of sign language interpreters which
- 2 shall be made available to a court, administrative agency, or
- 3 interested parties to an action using the services of an a sign
- 4 language interpreter.
- 5 Sec. 17. Section 622B.5, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 6 follows:
- 7 622B.5 Oath.
- 8 Before participating in a proceeding, an a sign
- 9 language interpreter shall take an oath that the sign
- 10 language interpreter will make a true interpretation in an
- 11 understandable manner to the person for whom the sign language
- 12 interpreter is appointed and that the sign language interpreter
- 13 will interpret or translate the statements of the deaf or
- 14 hard-of-hearing person to the best of the sign language
- 15 interpreter's skills and judgment.
- 16 Sec. 18. Section 622B.6, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 17 follows:
- 18 622B.6 Privileged communications.
- 19 Communication between a deaf or hard-of-hearing person
- 20 and a third party which is privileged under chapter 622 in
- 21 which the sign language interpreter participates as an a sign
- 22 <u>language</u> interpreter shall be privileged to the <u>sign language</u>
- 23 interpreter.
- 24 Sec. 19. Section 622B.7, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 25 follows:
- 26 **622B.7** Fee.
- 27 An A sign language interpreter appointed under this chapter
- 28 is entitled to a reasonable fee and expenses as determined
- 29 by the rules applying to that proceeding. This schedule
- 30 shall be furnished to all courts and administrative agencies
- 31 and maintained by them. If the sign language interpreter is
- 32 appointed by the court, the fee and expenses shall be paid by
- 33 the county and if the sign language interpreter is appointed by
- 34 an administrative agency, the fee and expenses shall be paid
- 35 out of funds available to the administrative agency.

1 Sec. 20. Section 622B.8, Code 2020, is amended to read as 2 follows: 622B.8 Disqualification. 3 On motion of a party or on its own motion, a court or 5 administrative agency shall inquire into the qualifications, 6 neutrality, and integrity of an a sign language interpreter. A 7 court or administrative agency may disqualify for good reason 8 any person from serving as an a sign language interpreter 9 in that proceeding. If an a sign language interpreter is 10 disqualified, the court or administrative agency shall appoint 11 another sign language interpreter. 12 Sec. 21. Section 815.11, Code 2020, is amended to read as 13 follows: 815.11 Appropriations for indigent defense — fund created. 14 1. Costs incurred for legal representation by a 15 16 court-appointed attorney under chapter 229A, 665, 822, or 908, 17 or section 232.141, subsection 3, paragraph "d", or section 18 598.23A, 600A.6B, 814.9, 814.10, 814.11, 815.4, 815.7, or 19 815.10 on behalf of an indigent shall be paid from moneys 20 appropriated by the general assembly to the office of the 21 state public defender in the department of inspections and 22 appeals and deposited in an account to be known as the indigent 23 defense fund, except as provided in subsection 2. Costs 24 incurred representing an indigent defendant in a contempt 25 action, or representing an indigent juvenile in a juvenile 26 court proceeding, are also payable from the fund. However, 27 costs incurred in any administrative proceeding or in any 28 other proceeding under this chapter or chapter 598, 600, 600A, 29 633, 633A, 814, or 915 or other provisions of the Code or 30 administrative rules are not payable from the fund. The costs and fees associated with interpreters 31 32 are not payable from this fund. The costs and fees of an 33 interpreter shall be paid pursuant to section 622A.3 from 34 moneys appropriated by the general assembly to the judicial

35 branch revolving fund created pursuant to section 602.1302,

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1 subsection 3.
      Sec. 22. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act takes effect October 1,
 3 2020.
 4
                              EXPLANATION
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           The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with
            the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
      This bill relates to interpreters for
 8 limited-English-proficient persons and sign language
 9 interpreters for deaf and hard-of-hearing persons.
10
      The bill amends Code chapter 622A, which in the bill provides
11 for interpreters for limited-English-proficient persons in
12 legal proceedings.
      The bill defines "limited English proficient" to mean the
13
14 inability to adequately understand or effectively communicate
15 in the English language because a person's primary language is
16 a language other than English.
17
      The bill provides that the state court administrator
18 shall receive, review, and pay fee claims for interpreters
19 from the revolving fund created in Code section 602.1302(3)
20 when a limited-English-proficient person is entitled to an
21 interpreter and the interpreter services are not provided
22 before an administrative agency. The bill provides that in
23 civil cases, every court shall tax the costs of an interpreter
24 the same as other court costs. In criminal cases, the bill
25 provides that where the defendant is indigent, the interpreter
26 shall be considered as a defendant's witness under rule of
27 criminal procedure 2.15 for the purpose of receiving fees,
28 except that subpoenas are not required. The bill provides
29 that an administrative agency shall pay an interpreter
30 when a limited-English-proficient person is entitled to an
31 interpreter and the interpreter services are provided before
32 an administrative agency. The bill provides that the agency
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The bill provides that an interpreter in a legal proceeding

33 may require that the party to the proceeding pay the expense

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34 of the interpreter.

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- 1 shall take an oath consistent with rules the supreme court
- 2 adopts under Code chapter 622A. The bill provides that
- 3 in addition to a court or administrative agency being able
- 4 to inquire into the qualifications and integrity of an
- 5 interpreter, the court or administrative agency may also
- 6 inquire into the neutrality of the interpreter. The bill
- 7 amends the section of Code chapter 622A that provides the
- 8 authorization for rulemaking to specify interpreters appearing
- 9 in legal proceedings. The bill provides that an electronic
- 10 recording of the portion of proceedings where non-English
- 11 testimony is given shall be made and maintained for one year
- 12 after the entry of the final disposition or sentence, or if
- 13 the final judgment is appealed, until one year after the final
- 14 disposition of the appeal.
- The bill provides that communications between a
- 16 limited-English-proficient person and a third party which are
- 17 privileged under Code chapter 622 in which an interpreter
- 18 participates as an interpreter shall be privileged with regard
- 19 to the interpreter.
- 20 The bill also amends Code chapter 622B, which provides
- 21 for sign language interpreters for deaf and hard-of-hearing
- 22 persons.
- 23 The bill provides that in addition to a court or
- 24 administrative agency being able to inquire into the
- 25 qualifications and integrity of a sign language interpreter,
- 26 the court or administrative agency may also inquire into the
- 27 neutrality of the sign language interpreter.
- 28 Code section 815.11 provides appropriations for indigent
- 29 defense. The bill provides that costs and fees associated
- 30 with interpreters are not payable from the indigent defense
- 31 fund. The result of the bill, in part, is that the judicial
- 32 branch, through the state court administrator, is to assume
- 33 responsibility for the review and payment of interpreter and
- 34 translator claims formerly paid from the indigent defense fund.
- 35 The bill takes effect October 1, 2020.