HOUSE FILE 2113 BY SALMON

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to the operations and governance of certain 2 common interest communities.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

1 DIVISION I 2 IOWA COMMON INTEREST OWNERSHIP ACT Section 1. NEW SECTION. 499C.101 Title. 3 4 This chapter shall be known and cited as the "Iowa Common 5 Interest Ownership Act". Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 499C.102 Public policy. 6 The general assembly declares that it is the public policy of 7 8 the state that the management and affairs of common interest 9 communities be conducted openly, and this chapter shall be 10 construed to provide open access to the management of the 11 common interest community for the unit owners. NEW SECTION. 499C.103 Definitions. 12 Sec. 3. 13 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise 14 requires: 1. "Assessment" means a sum attributable to each unit and 15 16 due to the unit owners association as may be provided in a 17 declaration or in the bylaws. 18 2. "Bylaws" means the instruments, however denominated, 19 that contain the procedures for conducting the affairs of the 20 unit owners association or the executive board regardless of 21 the form in which the association is organized, including any 22 amendments to such instruments. 3. "Common element" means: 23 24 For a cooperative under chapter 499A or a horizontal а. 25 property regime under chapter 499B, all portions of the common 26 interest community other than the units. 27 b. For a planned community, any real estate within the 28 planned community which is owned or leased by the unit owners 29 association, other than a unit. c. For all common interest communities, any other interests 30 31 in real estate identified in the declaration for the benefit 32 of unit owners. 33 4. "Common expenses" means expenditures made by, or 34 financial liabilities of, the unit owners association or the 35 executive board, together with any allocations to reserves.

-1-

5. a. "Common interest community" means real estate
described in a declaration with respect to which a person,
by virtue of the person's ownership of a unit, is obligated
to pay for a share of real estate taxes, insurance premiums,
maintenance, or improvement of, or services or other expenses
related to, common elements, other units, or other real estate
described in the declaration. "Common interest community"
includes a cooperative under chapter 499A and a horizontal
property regime under chapter 499B.

10 b. Common interest community does not include:

11 (1) A covenant that requires the owners of separate parcels 12 of real estate to share costs or other obligations related to a 13 wall, driveway, well, or other similar structure, unless all 14 such owners consent in writing to the creation of a common 15 interest community.

16 (2) Real estate described in paragraph a'' if all units are 17 owned by a single owner.

18 6. "Declarant" means a person or group of persons who,
19 as the record title owner of real estate, by a declaration,
20 creates a common interest community.

21 7. "Declaration" means the instrument, however denominated,
22 that creates a common interest community, including any
23 amendments to the instrument.

8. *Executive board* means the body, regardless of name,
25 designated in the declaration or bylaws to act on behalf of the
26 unit owners association.

9. "Planned community" means a common interest community that is not solely a cooperative under chapter 499A or solely a horizontal property regime under chapter 499B, and includes property owner or homeowner associations. However, a cooperative under chapter 499A or a horizontal property regime under chapter 499B may be part of a planned community.

33 10. "Rule" means a policy, guideline, restriction, 34 procedure, or regulation, however denominated, which is not set 35 forth in the declaration or bylaws.

-2-

LSB 5138YH (3) 86 md/sc

1 11. "Unit" means a physical portion of the common interest 2 community designated for separate ownership or occupancy or 3 as otherwise defined in the statute under which the common 4 interest community is organized.

5 12. "Unit owner" means a declarant or other person that owns 6 a unit, but does not include a person having an interest in a 7 unit solely as security for an obligation. In a horizontal 8 property regime under chapter 499B or a planned community, 9 the declarant is the owner of a unit. In a cooperative under 10 chapter 499A, the declarant is the owner of any unit to 11 which an interest has been allocated until that unit has been 12 conveyed to another person.

13 13. "Unit owners association" means an association, 14 regardless of name, organized as a for-profit or nonprofit 15 corporation, trust, limited liability company, partnership, 16 unincorporated association, or any other form of organization 17 authorized by the laws of this state, the membership of 18 which consists solely of unit owners except following 19 termination of the common interest community, at which time the 20 association shall consist of all former unit owners entitled 21 to distributions of proceeds or their heirs, successors, or 22 assigns.

Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 499C.104 Variation by agreement.
Except as expressly provided in this chapter, the provisions
of this chapter may not be varied by agreement, and rights
conferred by it may not be waived.

27 Sec. 5. NEW SECTION. 499C.105 Applicability.

28 Unless otherwise provided by law:

This chapter applies to common interest communities
 within this state having eight or more units.

31 2. Any portion of a declaration, bylaws, covenant, or 32 other contractual provision existing prior to July 1, 2016, 33 that violates or is inconsistent with this chapter is not 34 enforceable. However, nothing in this chapter shall be 35 construed to invalidate other provisions of the declaration,

-3-

1 bylaws, covenant, or contractual provision of those common 2 interest communities established before July 1, 2016. The provisions of this chapter shall prevail over any 3 3. 4 conflicting provision of law under which a common interest 5 community or unit owners association is organized. Sec. 6. NEW SECTION. 499C.201 Unit owners association -6 7 powers and duties. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a unit 8 1. 9 owners association shall do all of the following: Adopt bylaws and amend such bylaws. 10 a. b. Adopt budgets, collect assessments for common expenses 11 12 from unit owners, and invest funds of the association, if 13 applicable. 14 2. Unless otherwise limited by a declaration or bylaws, a 15 unit owners association shall have authority to do any of the 16 following: a. Adopt and amend rules for operation of the unit owners 17 18 association. 19 Hire, employ, and discharge employees, agents, and *b*. 20 independent contractors. Institute, defend, or intervene in litigation, 21 C. 22 arbitration, mediation, or governmental administrative 23 proceedings on behalf of the unit owners association or for two 24 or more unit owners on matters affecting the common interest 25 community. 26 Make contracts and incur liabilities. đ. 27 e. Regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement, and 28 modification of common elements. 29 f. Cause additional improvements to be made to the common 30 elements of the common interest community. 31 Acquire, hold, encumber, and convey any right, title, or q. 32 interest to real estate or personal property. 33 h. Grant easements, leases, licenses, and concessions 34 through or over the common elements of the common interest

-4-

35 community.

LSB 5138YH (3) 86 md/sc

i. Impose and receive any payments, fees, or charges for the
 use, rental, or operation of the common elements, other than
 limited common elements as defined in section 499B.2, and for
 services provided to unit owners.

j. Impose charges for late payment of assessments and,
after notice and an opportunity to be heard, impose reasonable
monetary penalties for violations of the declaration, bylaws,
and rules of the association.

9 k. Impose reasonable charges for the preparation and 10 recording of statements of unpaid assessments.

11 J. Provide for the indemnification of its officers and 12 executive board, including maintenance of liability insurance 13 for directors and officers of the unit owners association. 14 m. Assign its right to future income, including the right 15 to receive assessments.

16 n. Exercise powers conferred by the declaration or bylaws.
17 o. Exercise all other powers that may be exercised in this
18 state by organizations of the same type as the unit owners
19 association.

20 p. Suspend any right or privilege of a unit owner who fails 21 to pay an assessment. The unit owners association shall not, 22 however, deny a unit owner or other occupant access to the 23 owner's unit, suspend a unit owner's right to vote, prevent a 24 unit owner from seeking election as a director or officer of 25 the association, or withhold services provided to a unit or a 26 unit owner by the association if the effect of withholding the 27 service would be to endanger the health, safety, or property 28 of any person.

29 q. Exercise any other powers necessary and proper for the 30 governance and operation of the association.

31 3. If a tenant of a unit owner violates the declaration, 32 bylaws, or rules of the association, in addition to exercising 33 any of its powers against the unit owner, the association may 34 do any of the following:

35 *a.* Exercise the powers described in subsection 2, paragraph

-5-

1 "j", against the offending tenant.

30 any or further enforcement action.

2 b. After giving notice to the tenant and the unit owner
3 and providing each an opportunity to be heard, levy reasonable
4 monetary penalties against the tenant for the violation.

5 c. Take other action against the tenant for the violation in 6 the same manner as the unit owner, acting as landlord, could 7 have exercised under the lease or in the manner that the unit 8 owners association could lawfully have taken action directly 9 against the unit owner, or both. Action under this paragraph 10 may only be taken if the tenant or unit owner fails to remedy 11 the violation within ten days after notification by the unit 12 owners association of the violation.

4. Unless a lease of a unit otherwise provides, this section14 does not do any of the following:

15 a. Affect rights that the unit owner possesses to enforce 16 the lease or that the unit owners association has under other 17 provisions of law.

18 b. In the absence of a violation of the declaration, bylaws, 19 or rules, authorize the unit owners association to enforce a 20 lease to which the unit owners association is not a party. 21 5. An executive board may determine whether to exercise 22 the association's power to impose sanctions or commence an 23 action for a violation of the declaration, bylaws, or rules, 24 including whether to settle any claim for unpaid assessments or 25 other claim made by or against the unit owners association. An 26 executive board does not have a duty to take enforcement action 27 if the executive board determines, following consideration of 28 the facts and circumstances presented, any of the following: 29 a. The association's legal position does not justify taking

31 *b.* The covenant, restriction, or rule being enforced is, or 32 is likely to be construed as, inconsistent with law.

33 *c.* Despite the existence of a violation, the violation is 34 nonmaterial and does not justify expenditure of the unit owners 35 association's resources.

-6-

LSB 5138YH (3) 86 md/sc

d. It is not in the unit owners association's best interests
 2 to pursue an enforcement action.

6. The failure of an executive board to take action pursuant 4 to subsection 5 shall not prevent the executive board from 5 taking enforcement action under a similar set of circumstances 6 or facts. The authority of an executive board to take action 7 under this chapter shall not, however, be exercised in an 8 arbitrary or capricious manner.

Sec. 7. NEW SECTION. 9 499C.202 Executive board. 10 1. A unit owners association shall have an executive 11 board and, except as otherwise provided in the declaration, 12 the bylaws, subsection 2, or provisions of the statute under 13 which the common interest community is organized, an executive 14 board acts on behalf of the unit owners association. In 15 the performance of their duties, officers and members of the 16 executive board appointed by the declarant shall exercise the 17 degree of care and loyalty to the unit owners association 18 required of a trustee. Officers and members of an executive 19 board not appointed by the declarant shall exercise the degree 20 of care and loyalty to the unit owners association required 21 of an officer or director of a corporation organized under 22 chapter 504, and such officers and members are subject to the 23 conflict of interest rules governing directors and officers 24 under chapter 504.

25 2. An executive board shall not act on behalf of the unit 26 owners association to amend the declaration, to terminate the 27 common interest community, to elect members of the executive 28 board, or determine the qualifications, powers and duties, or 29 terms of office of executive board members. An executive board 30 may fill vacancies in its membership for the unexpired portion 31 of any term.

32 3. *a.* Subject to subsection 4, the declaration may 33 provide for a period of declarant control of the unit owners 34 association during which a declarant, or persons designated by 35 the declarant, may appoint and remove the officers and members

-7-

1 of the executive board. In no case, however, shall a period of 2 declarant control continue upon the occurrence of any of the 3 following:

4 (1) Sixty days after the conveyance of seventy-five percent
5 of all units in the common interest community to unit owners
6 other than a declarant.

7 (2) Two years after all declarants have ceased to offer 8 units for sale in the ordinary course of business.

9 (3) Two years after the addition of any number of new units 10 to the common interest community.

11 (4) The date the declarant, after giving written notice 12 to all unit owners, records an instrument voluntarily 13 surrendering all rights to control activities of the unit 14 owners association.

b. A declarant may voluntarily surrender the right to appoint and remove officers and members of the executive board before termination of the period under paragraph "a". However, the declarant may retain, for the duration of the period of declarant control, approval authority for specified actions of the unit owners association or executive board, as described in a recorded instrument executed by the declarant.

4. a. Not later than sixty days after conveyance of twenty-five percent of the units to unit owners other than a declarant, at least one member, and not less than twenty-five percent of the members of the executive board, must be elected by unit owners other than the declarant.

27 b. Not later than sixty days after conveyance of fifty 28 percent of the units to unit owners other than a declarant, not 29 less than one-third of the members of the executive board must 30 be elected by unit owners other than the declarant.

5. Following the termination of any period of declarant control under this section, the unit owners shall elect an executive board of at least three members, at least a majority of whom must be unit owners. The executive board members shall select officers of the executive board. The executive board

-8-

LSB 5138YH (3) 86 md/sc

1 members and officers shall take office upon election. This
2 subsection shall not apply to a common interest community if
3 all the units of the community are owned by one owner.

6. Notwithstanding any provision of the declaration or 5 bylaws to the contrary, the unit owners, by a two-thirds vote 6 of all persons present and entitled to vote at any meeting of 7 the unit owners at which a quorum is present, may remove any 8 member of the executive board with or without cause, other than 9 a member appointed by the declarant.

10 Sec. 8. NEW SECTION. 499C.401 Meetings.

11 l. Meetings of a unit owners association shall comply with
12 all of the following:

a. A unit owners association shall hold a meeting of
unit owners annually at a time, date, and place stated in or
determined in accordance with the declaration or bylaws.

b. A unit owners association shall hold a special meeting of unit owners to address any matter affecting the unit owners association if the association's president, a majority of the executive board, or a number of unit owners comprising at least forty percent of all votes in the association, unless a different percentage is specified in the bylaws, request that the secretary call the meeting. If the unit owners association does not notify unit owners of a special meeting within thirty days after the required number of unit owners has requested the secretary to call a special meeting, the requesting members may directly notify all unit owners of the meeting. Only matters reduction in the meeting notice may be considered at a special meeting.

c. A unit owners association shall notify each unit owner of the time, date, and place of each annual and special unit owners meeting not less than ten days and not more than sixty days before the meeting date. Each meeting notice shall state the time, date, and place of the meeting and the items on the agenda in a manner reasonably calculated to apprise the unit owners of that information, including but not limited to:

-9-

(1) A statement of the general nature of any proposed
 2 amendment to the declaration or bylaws.

3 (2) A statement describing any budget changes.

4 (3) Any proposal to remove an officer or member of the 5 executive board.

d. The requirements relating to the timing of meeting
7 notices under paragraph "c" may be reduced or waived for a
8 meeting called to address an emergency. A meeting called to
9 address an emergency shall be limited to matters arising out
10 of the emergency.

11 e. Each unit owner shall be given a reasonable opportunity 12 at any meeting to comment on any matter affecting the common 13 interest community or the unit owners association or only on 14 the emergency being addressed, if applicable.

15 *f*. The declaration or bylaws may allow for meetings of 16 unit owners to be conducted by telephonic, video, or other 17 conferencing methods, if such methods are consistent with 18 subsection 2, paragraph "g".

19 2. Meetings of the executive board and meetings of 20 committees of the unit owners association, authorized to act 21 for the unit owners association, shall comply with all of the 22 following:

a. Meetings shall be open to the unit owners except during executive sessions. The executive board and committees of the unit owners association authorized to act for the association may hold an executive session only during a regular or special meeting of the board or the committee. No final vote or final action may be taken during an executive session. An executive session may only be held for the following reasons:

30 (1) To consult with the unit owners association's attorney 31 concerning legal matters governed by attorney-client privilege.

32 (2) To discuss existing or potential litigation or
33 mediation, arbitration, or governmental administrative
34 proceedings.

35 (3) To discuss matters relating to the job performance,

-10-

LSB 5138YH (3) 86 md/sc

1 compensation, or health records of an individual employee or 2 specific complaints against an individual employee of the 3 unit owners association or against an independent contractor 4 retained by the unit owners association.

5 (4) To discuss contracts, leases, and other commercial 6 transactions for goods or services that are under negotiation, 7 including the review of bids or proposals, if public disclosure 8 of such matters would place the unit owners association at a 9 disadvantage.

10 (5) To discuss personal, health, or financial information 11 relating to a unit owner, a specific employee of the unit 12 owners association, or a specific employee of an independent 13 contractor retained by the unit owners association, including 14 any records of the unit owners association relating to such 15 information.

16 b. Executive board members shall not use incidental or 17 social gatherings of board members or any other method to 18 evade the meeting and notice requirements of this section. 19 For purposes of this section, a gathering of board members at 20 which the board members do not conduct unit owners association 21 business is not a meeting of the executive board.

c. During a period of declarant control, the executive board shall meet at least one time each year. At least one of the meetings shall be held at the common interest community or at a place convenient to the unit owners of the common interest community. After termination of the period of declarant control, all executive board meetings shall be held at the common interest community or at a place convenient to the unit owners of the common interest community unless the unit owners amend the bylaws to vary the location of such meetings.

31 *d*. Unless the meeting is called to address an emergency, 32 at each executive board meeting, the executive board shall 33 provide a reasonable opportunity for unit owners to comment on 34 any matter affecting the common interest community and the unit 35 owners association.

-11-

LSB 5138YH (3) 86 md/sc

e. Unless the meeting is included in a schedule given to the
 unit owners or the meeting is called to address an emergency,
 the secretary or other officer specified in the bylaws shall
 give notice of each executive board meeting to each executive
 board member and to each unit owner. Such notice shall be
 given at least ten days before the meeting and shall state the
 time, date, place, and agenda of the meeting.

8 f. If any materials are distributed to the executive board 9 before a meeting, the executive board, upon receipt of the 10 materials, shall make copies reasonably available to unit 11 owners, except that the executive board is not required to make 12 available copies of unapproved minutes or materials that are to 13 be considered during an executive session.

14 g. Unless otherwise provided in the declaration or bylaws, 15 the executive board may conduct a meeting by telephonic, 16 video, or other conferencing methods if all of the following 17 conditions are met:

18 (1) The meeting notice states the conferencing method to 19 be used and provides information explaining how unit owners 20 may participate in the conference directly or by meeting at a 21 central location or conference connection.

(2) The process provides all unit owners the opportunity23 to hear or perceive the discussion and to comment on matters24 before the executive board.

25 *h*. Following termination of the period of declarant control, 26 unit owners may amend the bylaws to vary the procedures for 27 meetings described in paragraph "g".

i. In lieu of a meeting, the executive board may act by unanimous consent if such action is documented in a record authenticated by all executive board members. The secretary shall give prompt notice to all unit owners of any action taken by unanimous consent. After termination of the period of declarant control, an executive board may act by unanimous consent only to undertake ministerial actions or to implement actions previously taken at a meeting of the executive board.

-12-

j. Unless otherwise restricted by this chapter or the common
 interest community's bylaws, an executive board may determine
 rules of procedure for the executive board.

4 k. An executive board may remove any person from a meeting 5 of the executive board upon a finding by a majority of the 6 board members that the person is being disruptive to the 7 meeting. An executive board may bar any person from meetings 8 of the executive board or other meetings of the common interest 9 community for a period of up to one year if the person has 10 been twice removed from a meeting within the preceding twelve 11 months.

12 *I.* An action by an executive board that is not in compliance 13 with this section is valid unless invalidated by a court. A 14 challenge to the validity of an action of the executive board 15 for failure to comply with this section shall not be brought 16 more than sixty days after the minutes of the executive board 17 meeting at which the action was taken are approved or the 18 record of that action is distributed to unit owners, whichever 19 is later.

Sec. 9. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 499C.402 Association records.
1. A unit owners association shall retain all of the
following:

a. Detailed records of receipts and expenditures relating to
 the operation and administration of the unit owners association
 and other appropriate accounting records.

b. Minutes of all unit owners meetings and executive board meetings, a record of all actions taken by the unit owners or the executive board without a meeting, and a record of all actions taken by a committee in place of the executive board on behalf of the unit owners association. The minutes retained by the unit owners association shall indicate the date, time, and place of the meeting, the names of all persons present at the meeting, and each action taken at the meeting. The minutes shall also include the results of each vote taken at the meeting, including information indicating the vote of each

-13-

1 executive board member present at the meeting. The vote of 2 each executive board member present shall be made public at the 3 open session.

4 c. The names of all unit owners in a form that permits 5 preparation of a list of the names of all owners and the 6 regular mail and electronic mail addresses at which the unit 7 owners association communicates with them, and the number of 8 votes each unit owner is entitled to cast.

9 *d*. The unit owners association's original and amended 10 organizational documents, bylaws including all amendments to 11 the bylaws, and all rules of the common interest community 12 currently in effect.

13 *e.* All financial statements and tax returns of the unit 14 owners association for the past three years.

15 *f*. A list of the names and addresses of the current 16 executive board members and officers.

17 g. The unit owners association's most recent annual report 18 delivered to the secretary of state, if applicable.

19 h. Copies of each contract to which the unit owners20 association is currently a party.

i. Records of executive board or committee actions relating
 to requests for design or architectural approval from unit
 owners.

j. Ballots, proxies, and other records related to voting by unit owners for one year after the election, action, or vote. Except as provided under subsections 3 and 4, all records retained by a unit owners association must be available for examination and copying by a unit owner or the unit owner's authorized agent during reasonable business hours or at a mutually convenient time and location upon providing a five al days' notice that reasonably identifies the specific records that are being requested.

33 3. Records retained by a unit owners association may be 34 withheld from inspection and copying to the extent that they 35 concern:

-14-

LSB 5138YH (3) 86 md/sc

a. Personally identifiable information, salary, and medical
 2 records relating to specific individuals.

3 b. Information relating to contracts, leases, and other 4 commercial transactions to purchase or provide goods or 5 services, that are currently under negotiation.

c. Information relating to existing or potential litigation,
7 mediation, arbitration, or governmental administrative
8 proceedings.

9 *d.* Information relating to existing or potential matters 10 involving governmental administrative proceedings or other 11 proceedings before a government tribunal for enforcement of the 12 declaration, bylaws, or rules.

13 e. Communications with the unit owners association attorney 14 which are otherwise protected by the attorney-client privilege 15 or the attorney work-product doctrine.

16 f. Information that if disclosed would violate another
17 provision of law.

18 g. Records of an executive session of the executive board. 19 However, upon the completion of a matter that is the subject of 20 an executive session held under section 499C.401, subsection 21 2, paragraph "a", subparagraphs (1) through (4), such records 22 of the executive session shall be available for inspection as 23 provided in this section.

h. Records directly related to the personal, health, or
financial information of a unit owner, if the person requesting
the records is not the unit owner that is the subject of the
records.

4. A unit owners association may charge a reasonable fee
for providing copies of any records under this section and for
supervising the inspection of such records.

5. The right to inspect records under this section includes the right to copy records by photocopying or other means and includes the right to receive copies through an electronic transmission, if available, upon request of the requester.
6. A unit owners association is not obligated to compile or

-15-

LSB 5138YH (3) 86 md/sc

1 synthesize information or records under this section.

2 7. Information or records obtained under this section shall3 not be used for commercial purposes.

4 Sec. 10. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **499C.403** Notice to unit owners. 5 1. A unit owners association or an executive board, as 6 applicable, shall deliver each notice required to be given by 7 the association or board under this chapter to the regular mail 8 address or electronic mail address provided by each unit owner. 9 If a regular mail address or electronic mail address is not 10 provided by the unit owner, the notice may be delivered using 11 any of the following methods:

12 a. Hand delivery to the unit owner.

b. Mailing by certified mail, as defined in section 618.15,or by regular mail to the address of the unit.

15 c. Any other method reasonably calculated to provide notice 16 to the unit owner.

17 2. The ineffectiveness of a good-faith effort to deliver 18 notice under subsection 1 does not invalidate an action taken 19 at a meeting or an action taken by other means.

20 Sec. 11. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 499C.501 Cause of action — attorney 21 fees.

A declarant, unit owners association, unit owner, or any other person subject to this chapter may bring an action to enforce a right granted or obligation imposed by this chapter, the declaration, or the bylaws. In any action under this chapter, the court may award reasonable attorney fees to the prevailing party.

28 29

DIVISION II

CORRESPONDING CHANGES

30 Sec. 12. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 499A.201 Applicability.

31 This chapter shall apply to cooperatives established under 32 this chapter unless otherwise provided in chapter 499C.

33 Sec. 13. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 499B.1A Applicability.

34 This chapter applies to horizontal property regimes 35 established under this chapter unless otherwise provided in

LSB 5138YH (3) 86

md/sc

-16-

1 chapter 499C.

2 Sec. 14. Section 499B.15, subsection 2, Code 2016, is3 amended by striking the subsection.

4 Sec. 15. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 499B.22 Board of administration — 5 meetings and records.

6 1. For horizontal property regimes with eight or more
7 apartments, if the form of administration is a board of
8 administration, the board of administration shall comply with
9 the requirements of chapter 499C.

10 2. For horizontal property regimes with seven or less 11 apartments, if the form of administration is a board of 12 administration, the board of administration shall comply 13 with the requirements of section 499C.401, subsection 2, and 14 sections 499C.402 and 499C.403.

15

EXPLANATION

16The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with17the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.

Division I of this bill creates an Iowa common interest ownership Act, new Code chapter 499C. The bill provides that it is the public policy of the state that the management and affairs of common interest communities be conducted openly and that the new Code chapter is to be construed to provide open access to the management of the common interest community for the unit owners.

New Code chapter 499C defines "common interest community" to mean real estate described in a declaration with respect to which a person, by virtue of the person's ownership of a unit, is obligated to pay for a share of real estate taxes, insurance premiums, maintenance, or improvement of, or services or other expenses related to, common elements, other units, or ther real estate described in the declaration. Cooperatives under Code chapter 499A and horizontal property regimes under Code chapter 499B are also defined to be common interest communities. The bill specifies that a common interest community does not include a covenant that requires the owners

-17-

1 of separate parcels of real estate to share certain costs or 2 other obligations, unless all such owners consent in writing 3 to the creation of a common interest community, and does not 4 include a community where all units are owned by a single 5 owner.

6 The bill does not allow for the provisions of new Code 7 chapter 499C to be varied by agreement, and rights conferred by 8 new Code chapter 499C may not be waived.

9 The bill specifies that unless otherwise provided by law new 10 Code chapter 499C applies to all common interest communities 11 established within this state having eight or more units. 12 However, the bill provides that for horizontal property regimes 13 with seven or fewer apartments, if the form of administration 14 is a board of administration, the board of administration must 15 comply with specified requirements of new Code chapter 499C 16 regarding meetings, records, and notice.

17 The bill establishes requirements and procedures for common 18 interest communities, unit owners associations, and executive 19 boards.

20 The bill provides that the membership of a unit owners 21 association shall at all times consist exclusively of all unit 22 owners except following termination of the common interest 23 community, at which time the unit owners association shall 24 consist of all former unit owners entitled to distributions 25 of proceeds or their heirs, successors, or assigns. The bill 26 requires each unit owners association to have an executive 27 board. A unit owners association must be organized as a 28 for-profit or nonprofit corporation, trust, limited liability 29 company, partnership, unincorporated association, or any 30 other form of organization authorized by the laws of this 31 state. The bill provides that the requirements of new Code 32 chapter 499C relating to a unit owners association preempt 33 any conflicting provision of the statute under which the unit 34 owners association is organized.

35 The bill specifies the duties and powers of a unit owners

-18-

1 association, including powers of the unit owners association
2 for enforcement of the provisions of declaration, bylaws, or
3 rules.

The bill specifies the duties and powers of an executive 5 board. An executive board, except as otherwise provided in the 6 declaration, the bylaws, or other provision of law, acts on 7 behalf of the unit owners association. The bill specifies the 8 duty of care required for members and officers of the executive 9 board.

10 The bill establishes requirements relating to meetings of 11 unit owners associations, executive boards, and committees 12 of such entities including requirements for the contents 13 of meeting notices, allowable actions during meetings, 14 requirements relating to unit owner comments, and the manner 15 in which meetings may be conducted. The bill also specifies 16 the manner and the reasons for which certain meetings may be 17 called.

18 The bill enacts requirements relating to the retention of 19 records by unit owners associations and specifies the records 20 retained by a unit owners association which may be withheld 21 from inspection and copying.

22 The bill requires a unit owners association or executive 23 board, as applicable, to deliver each notice required to be 24 given by the association under new Code chapter 499C to the 25 regular mail address or electronic mail address provided by 26 each unit owner. If a regular mail or electronic mail address 27 is not provided by the unit owner, the unit owners association 28 may deliver the notice by a different method specified in 29 the bill. The bill provides that the ineffectiveness of a 30 good-faith effort to deliver notice does not invalidate an 31 action taken at a meeting or an action taken by other means. 32 The bill provides that a declarant, unit owners association, 33 unit owner, or any other person subject to new Code chapter 34 499C may bring an action to enforce a right granted or 35 obligation imposed by the Code chapter, the declaration, or the

-19-

LSB 5138YH (3) 86 md/sc

1 bylaws. In any such action, the court may award reasonable
2 attorney fees to the prevailing party.

3 Division II of the bill makes corresponding changes relating 4 to the enactment of new Code chapter 499C.