SENATE/HOUSE FILE _____ BY (PROPOSED STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER BILL)

A BILL FOR

An Act relating to payments from the indigent defense fund by
 the state public defender, and providing penalties.
 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

1 Section 1. Section 13B.4, subsection 4, paragraph d, Code 2 2014, is amended by striking the paragraph. Sec. 2. Section 13B.4, subsection 8, Code 2014, is amended 3 4 to read as follows: 5 8. The state public defender shall adopt rules, as 6 necessary, pursuant to chapter 17A to interpret and administer 7 this chapter, and chapter 815, and sections 229A.6, 232.11, 8 232.89, 232.113, 232.126, 232.141, 232.179, 600A.6A, 600A.6B, 9 814.11, and 908.2A. The state public defender shall have the 10 discretion to interpret such rules. NEW SECTION. 13B.4A Judicial review of agency 11 Sec. 3. 12 action. 1. Notwithstanding chapter 17A, a claimant for payment of 13 14 indigent defense costs may seek judicial review of the state 15 public defender's final agency action denying or reducing any 16 claim by filing a motion for judicial review in the court with 17 jurisdiction over the original appointment. This section is 18 the sole and exclusive method of seeking judicial review of the 19 state public defender's action on any claim for payment. A claimant may only file the motion after the state 20 a. 21 public defender has taken final agency action, as defined by 22 the state public defender, on the claim, and the claimant must 23 file the motion within twenty days of the date that the state 24 public defender provides notice of the final agency action to 25 the claimant. 26 b. Failure to seek judicial review within twenty days of 27 the date that the state public defender provides notice to the 28 claimant of final agency action as defined by the state public 29 defender shall preclude any judicial review of the action taken 30 by the state public defender.

31 c. The motion must clearly and concisely set forth the 32 grounds for error and any other grounds the claimant intends 33 to rely upon when challenging the action of the state public 34 defender.

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35 2. a. The court shall set the motion for hearing and

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1 provide the state public defender with at least ten days'
2 notice of the hearing. The state public defender shall not
3 be required to file a resistance to the motion for judicial
4 review.

5 b. The claimant or state public defender may participate 6 in the hearing by telephone. If the state public defender 7 participates by telephone, the state public defender shall be 8 responsible for initiating the telephone call and paying all 9 telephone charges incurred for the hearing.

10 3. The claimant shall have the burden to show by a 11 preponderance of the evidence any of the following, otherwise 12 the action of the state public defender shall be affirmed: 13 a. The action of the state public defender violates the 14 Constitution of the United States or the Constitution of the 15 State of Iowa, a statute, or an administrative rule adopted by 16 the state public defender.

b. The action of the state public defender is arbitrary,capricious, or an abuse of discretion.

19 4. In a hearing on a motion for judicial review of an action20 of the state public defender the following shall apply:

21 *a.* The state public defender's interpretation of the rules 22 adopted by the state public defender or a statute, which the 23 state public defender is vested with discretion to interpret 24 pursuant to section 13B.4, subsection 8, is binding on the 25 court unless the interpretation is irrational, illogical, or a 26 wholly unjustifiable interpretation of the law.

b. Factual findings of the state public defender must be
accepted by the court unless not supported by substantial
evidence.

30 c. If the state public defender provides an administrative 31 procedure for review of an action on a claim, the court shall 32 not consider any grounds for error or any other grounds unless 33 raised with the state public defender prior to the final agency 34 action, and the court shall not admit new evidence that was 35 not presented to the state public defender prior to the final

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1 agency action.

5. If the state public defender is not first notified and given an opportunity to be heard, any court order entered after the state public defender has taken action on the claim, which faffects the claim, is void.

6 6. The decision of the court following a hearing on a motion7 for judicial review is a final judgment appealable by either8 the claimant or state public defender.

9 Sec. 4. Section 13B.4B, subsection 2, paragraphs c and d, 10 Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:

11 c. The state public defender may in the state public
12 defender's sole discretion release claims and supporting
13 documents, including any information that would otherwise
14 <u>be confidential in sections 232.147 through 232.150</u>, to the
15 auditor of state, the Iowa supreme court attorney disciplinary
16 board, the grievance commission of the supreme court of Iowa,
17 or to other state or local agencies to the extent necessary
18 to investigate fraud or other criminal activity against the
19 attorney or vendor submitting the claim.

d. The state public defender may release the claim and
supporting documents to the court with respect to a hearing
held under section 13B.4, subsection 4, paragraph defined 13B.4A.
Sec. 5. Section 232.151, Code 2014, is amended to read as

24 follows:

25 232.151 Criminal penalties.

Any person who knowingly discloses, receives, or makes vuse or permits the use of information derived directly or indirectly from the records concerning a child referred to in sections 232.147 to through 232.150, except as provided by those sections or section 13B.4B, subsection 2, paragraph "c", shall be guilty of a serious misdemeanor.

32 Sec. 6. Section 600A.6B, Code 2014, is amended to read as 33 follows:

34 600A.6B Payment of attorney fees.

35 1. A person filing a petition for termination of parental

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1 rights under this chapter or the person on whose behalf the 2 petition is filed shall be responsible for the payment of 3 reasonable attorney fees for services provided by counsel 4 appointed pursuant to section 600A.6A in juvenile court or in 5 an appellate proceeding initiated by the person filing the 6 petition unless the person filing the petition is a private 7 child-placing agency as defined in section 238.1 licensed under 8 chapter 238 or unless the court determines that the person 9 filing the petition or the person on whose behalf the petition 10 is filed is indigent.

If the person filing the petition is a private
 child-placing agency as defined in section 238.1 licensed
 under chapter 238 or if the person filing the petition or the
 person on whose behalf the petition is filed is indigent, the
 appointed attorney shall be paid reasonable attorney fees
 prospective parent on whose behalf the petition is filed
 shall be responsible for the payment of reasonable attorney
 fees for services provided in juvenile court or an appellate
 proceeding as determined by the state public defender for
 counsel appointed pursuant to section 600A.6A unless the court
 determines that the prospective parent on whose behalf the

23 If the prospective parent on whose behalf the petition 3. 24 is filed is indigent, and if the person filing the petition 25 is indigent or a private child-placing agency licensed under 26 chapter 238, the appointed counsel shall be paid reasonable 27 attorney fees as determined by the state public defender from 28 the indigent defense fund established in section 815.11. 29 3. 4. If the parent against whom the petition is filed 30 appeals a termination order under section 600A.9, subsection 1, 31 paragraph "b", the person who filed the petition or the person 32 on whose behalf the petition is filed shall not be responsible 33 for the payment of attorney fees for services provided by 34 counsel appointed pursuant to section 600A.6A in the appellate

35 proceeding. Instead, the appointed attorney shall be paid

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1 reasonable attorney fees as determined by the state public 2 defender from the indigent defense fund established pursuant 3 to section 815.11.

4 4. 5. The state public defender shall review all the 5 claims submitted under this section subsection 3 or 4 and shall 6 have the same authority with regard to the payment of these 7 claims as the state public defender has with regard to claims 8 submitted under chapters 13B and 815, including the authority 9 to adopt rules concerning the review and payment of claims 10 submitted.

11 Sec. 7. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 815.1 Costs incurred by a privately 12 retained attorney representing an indigent person.

13 1. The court shall not authorize the payment of state 14 funds for the costs incurred in the legal representation of a 15 person represented by a privately retained attorney unless the 16 requirements of this section are satisfied.

17 2. An application for the payment of state funds for the 18 costs incurred in the legal representation of an indigent 19 person that is submitted by the privately retained attorney 20 shall be submitted in camera to the court in the county in 21 which the case was filed and include the following:

22 *a.* A copy of the attorney's fee agreement for the 23 representation.

24 b. An itemized accounting of all compensation paid to the25 attorney including the amount of any retainer.

26 c. The amount of compensation earned by the attorney.

27 d. Information on any expected additional costs to be paid
28 or owed by the represented person to the attorney for the
29 representation.

30 *e.* A signed financial affidavit completed by the represented 31 person.

32 3. The attorney shall submit a copy of the application and 33 all attached documents to the state public defender.

34 4. The court shall not grant the application and authorize35 all or a portion of the payment to be made from state funds

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1 unless the court determines, after reviewing the application
2 and supporting documents, that all of the following apply:
3 a. The represented person is indigent and unable to pay for
4 the costs sought to be paid by the attorney.

5 b. The costs are reasonable and necessary for the
6 representation of the person in a case for which counsel could
7 have been appointed under section 815.10.

8 c. The moneys paid or to be paid to the attorney by or on 9 behalf of the represented person are insufficient to pay all or 10 a portion of the costs sought to be paid from state funds.

11 (1) In determining whether the moneys paid or to be paid to 12 the attorney are insufficient for purposes of this paragraph 13 c'', the court shall add the hours previously worked to the 14 hours expected to be worked to finish the case and multiply 15 that sum by the hourly rate of compensation specified under 16 section 815.7.

17 (2) If the product calculated in subparagraph (1) is 18 greater than the moneys paid or to be paid to the attorney by 19 or on behalf of the represented person, the moneys shall be 20 considered insufficient to pay all or a portion of the costs 21 sought to be paid from state funds.

22 (3) If the private attorney is retained on a flat fee 23 agreement, and a precise record of hours worked is not 24 available, the privately retained attorney shall provide the 25 court a reasonable estimate of the time expended to allow the 26 court to make the calculation pursuant to this paragraph c. 27 5. This section applies to payments to witnesses under 28 section 815.4, evaluators, investigators, and certified 29 shorthand reporters, and for other costs incurred in the legal 30 representation.

31 6. This section shall not be construed to restrict payment 32 of costs on behalf of an indigent person represented on a pro 33 bono basis.

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EXPLANATION

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The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with

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the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.

2 This bill relates to payments from the indigent defense fund 3 by the state public defender.

4 The bill specifies the state public defender may adopt rules 5 to interpret and administer Code sections 229A.6 (sexually 6 violent predators), 232.11 (juvenile delinquency), 232.89 7 (child in need of assistance), 232.113 (termination of parental 8 rights in juvenile court), 232.126 (appointment of guardian 9 ad litem for family in need of assistance), 232.141 (juvenile 10 court expenses and costs), 232.179 (appointment of counsel and 11 guardian ad litem for voluntary foster care placement), 600A.6A 12 (termination of parental rights), 600A.6B (payment of attorney 13 fees for termination of parental rights), 814.11 (indigent's 14 right to counsel), and 908.2A (appointment of an attorney for 15 violations of probation or parole).

16 The bill strikes the current provisions for judicial review 17 of an indigent fee claim in Code section 13B.4(4)(d) and 18 replaces this provision with new Code section 13B.4A. Under 19 the bill, an indigent defense claimant may seek judicial review 20 of the final agency action of the state public defender denying 21 or reducing an indigent defense claim by filing a motion 22 for judicial review in the court with jurisdiction over the 23 original court appointment.

The bill requires the motion to be filed within 20 days of the date that the state public defender provides notice of the final agency action to the claimant. The bill also requires the motion to clearly and concisely set forth the grounds for error the claimant intends to rely upon when challenging the final agency action of the state public defender. Under the bill, failure to seek judicial review within 20 days of the notice provided by the state public defender precludes any judicial review of the action taken by the state public afender.

The bill requires the motion to be set for a hearing and that the state public defender be provided at least 10 days' notice

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1 of the hearing. The bill does not require the state public 2 defender to file a resistance to the motion. The claimant or 3 state public defender may appear at the hearing by telephone, 4 however, if the state public defender appears by telephone, the 5 state public defender shall be responsible for initiating and 6 paying all telephone charges incurred during the hearing.

7 The bill specifies that if the state public defender is not 8 first notified and given an opportunity to be heard on a motion 9 to review a claim for payment, any court order entered after 10 the state public defender has taken action on the claim, which 11 affects the claim, is void.

12 The bill requires the claimant to prove by a preponderance of 13 the evidence that the final agency action of the state public 14 defender violated the constitutions of the United States or the 15 State of Iowa, a statute, or an administrative rule, or that 16 the final agency action was arbitrary, capricious, or an abuse 17 of discretion.

Under the bill, if the state public defender provides an administrative procedure for review of an action on a claim, the court, during judicial review, shall not consider any grounds for error unless raised with the state public defender prior to the final agency action, and the court is prohibited from admitting new evidence that was not previously presented to the state public defender.

The bill also allows the state public defender to provide indigent defense claims and supporting documents relating to confidential juvenile records to the auditor of state, the lowa supreme court attorney disciplinary board, or grievance commission, or to other state or local agencies for the purpose of investigating fraud or criminal activity. Current law allows the release of indigent defense claims and supporting documents for the purpose of investigating fraud or criminal activity but does not specifically allow for the release of confidential juvenile records for the purpose of investigating fraud or other criminal activity.

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1 The bill makes it a serious misdemeanor for a person to 2 knowingly disclose confidential juvenile information relating 3 to an indigent defense claim except as provided in Code section 4 13B.4B(2)(c). Current law allows disclosure of confidential 5 juvenile information under Code sections 232.147 through 6 232.150.

7 The bill provides that a child-placing agency licensed under 8 Code chapter 238 may file a petition to terminate parental 9 rights under Code chapter 600A. Current law specifies a 10 child-placing agency as defined in Code section 238.1 may file 11 such a petition.

12 The bill specifies that if a person filing a petition 13 to terminate parental rights under Code chapter 600A is a 14 child-placing agency licensed under Code chapter 238 or if the 15 person filing the petition is indigent, the prospective parent 16 on whose behalf the petition is filed shall be responsible for 17 the payment of reasonable attorney fees in the case, unless the 18 court determines the prospective parent on whose behalf the 19 petition is filed is indigent.

If a prospective parent on whose behalf a petition is filed is indigent, and if the person filing the petition is indigent cor a child-placing agency licensed under Code chapter 238 files the petition, the bill requires the appointed attorney in the case to be paid reasonable attorney fees as determined by the state public defender from the indigent defense fund established in Code section 815.11.

The bill establishes a process for payment of state funds to a privately retained attorney for the costs incurred in the legal representation of a person who is later determined to be indigent.

31 Under the bill, the privately retained attorney shall submit 32 an application for the payment of state funds in camera with 33 the court in the county in which the case was filed. The bill 34 requires the application to include a copy of the attorney's 35 fee agreement, an itemized accounting of all compensation

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paid to the attorney including the amount of any retainer,
 information on any expected additional expense paid or owed
 to the attorney in the case, and a signed financial affidavit
 completed by the represented person.

5 The bill requires a copy of the application to be submitted 6 to the state public defender.

The bill prohibits the payment of state funds to a privately 7 8 retained attorney unless the court determines that the 9 represented person is indigent and unable to pay for the 10 expenses sought to be paid by the attorney, the expense of the 11 attorney is reasonable and necessary for the representation of 12 an indigent person for which counsel could have been appointed, 13 and the moneys paid or to be paid by or on behalf of the 14 represented person to the private attorney are insufficient to 15 pay all or a portion of the expenses sought to be paid from 16 state funds. In determining whether the moneys paid or to be 17 paid to the attorney are insufficient, the bill requires the 18 court to add the hours previously worked to the hours expected 19 to be worked to finish the case and to multiply that sum by the 20 hourly rate of compensation specified under Code section 815.7. 21 If this calculation is greater than the moneys paid or to be 22 paid by or on behalf of the represented person to the attorney, 23 the bill specifies the moneys shall be considered insufficient 24 to pay all or a portion of the expenses sought to be paid 25 from state funds, and the court may authorize the payment of 26 state funds to the extent the moneys paid or to be paid to the 27 attorney are insufficient to pay the expenses as calculated 28 by the court. If the private attorney is retained on a flat 29 fee agreement, and a precise record of hours worked is not 30 available, the bill requires the privately retained attorney to 31 provide the court a reasonable estimate of the time expended to 32 allow the court to determine whether state funds must be paid 33 to the privately retained attorney.

This process of the payment of state funds established in the bill also applies to payments to witnesses, evaluators,

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1 investigators, and certified shorthand reporters, and for other 2 costs incurred in the legal representation. However, nothing 3 in the bill is to be construed to restrict payment of expenses 4 from state funds on behalf on an indigent person represented by 5 an attorney on a pro bono basis.

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