

House Study Bill 158 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE _____

BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON
HUMAN RESOURCES BILL BY
CHAIRPERSON MILLER)

A BILL FOR

1 An Act relating to drug product selection.

2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

1 Section 1. Section 155A.13A, Code 2013, is amended to read
2 as follows:

3 **155A.13A Nonresident pharmacy license — required, renewal,
4 drug product selection, discipline.**

5 1. *License required.* A pharmacy located outside of this
6 state which delivers, dispenses, or distributes by any method,
7 prescription drugs or devices to an ultimate user in this state
8 shall obtain a nonresident pharmacy license from the board.

9 The board shall make available an application form for a
10 nonresident pharmacy license and shall require such information
11 it deems necessary to fulfill the purposes of this section. A
12 nonresident pharmacy shall do all of the following in order to
13 obtain a nonresident pharmacy license from the board:

14 a. Submit a completed application form and an application
15 fee as determined by the board.

16 b. Submit evidence of possession of a valid license, permit,
17 or registration as a pharmacy in compliance with the laws of
18 the state in which it is located, a copy of the most recent
19 inspection report resulting from an inspection conducted by
20 the regulatory or licensing agency of the state in which it is
21 located, and evidence of compliance with all legal directions
22 and requests for information issued by the regulatory or
23 licensing agency of the state in which it is located.

24 c. Submit a list of the names, titles, and locations of
25 all principal owners, partners, or officers of the nonresident
26 pharmacy, all pharmacists employed by the nonresident pharmacy
27 who deliver, dispense, or distribute by any method prescription
28 drugs to an ultimate user in this state, and of the pharmacist
29 in charge of the nonresident pharmacy. A nonresident pharmacy
30 shall update the list within thirty days of any addition,
31 deletion, or other change to the list.

32 d. Submit evidence that the nonresident pharmacy maintains
33 records of the controlled substances delivered, dispensed, or
34 distributed to ultimate users in this state.

35 e. Submit evidence that the nonresident pharmacy provides,

1 during its regular hours of operation for at least six days and
2 for at least forty hours per week, toll-free telephone service
3 to facilitate communication between ultimate users in this
4 state and a pharmacist who has access to the ultimate user's
5 records in the nonresident pharmacy, and that the toll-free
6 number is printed on the label affixed to each container of
7 prescription drugs delivered, dispensed, or distributed in this
8 state.

9 2. *License renewal.* A nonresident pharmacy shall renew its
10 license on or before January 1 annually. In order to renew
11 a nonresident pharmacy license, a nonresident pharmacy shall
12 submit a renewal fee as determined by the board, and shall
13 fulfill all of the requirements of subsection 1, paragraphs "b"
14 through "e". A nonresident pharmacy shall pay an additional fee
15 for late renewal as determined by the board.

16 3. *Drug product selection.* A nonresident pharmacy is
17 subject to the drug product selection requirements specified
18 in section 155A.32.

19 ~~3.~~ 4. *Discipline.* The board may deny, suspend, or revoke a
20 nonresident pharmacy license for any violation of this section,
21 section 155A.15, subsection 2, paragraph "a", "b", "d", "e",
22 "f", "g", "h", or "i", chapter 124, 124A, 124B, 126, or 205, or
23 a rule of the board.

24 Sec. 2. Section 155A.32, subsection 2, Code 2013, is amended
25 to read as follows:

26 2. The pharmacist shall not exercise the drug product
27 selection described in this section if ~~either~~ any of the
28 following is true:

29 a. The prescriber specifically indicates that no drug
30 product selection shall be made.

31 b. The person presenting the prescription indicates that
32 only the specific drug product prescribed should be dispensed.
33 However, this paragraph does not apply if the cost of the
34 prescription or any part of it will be paid by expenditure of
35 public funds authorized under chapter 249A.

1 c. The prescriber indicates that a specific drug product
2 should be dispensed and a diagnosis of epilepsy is written on
3 the prescription. For the purposes of this paragraph, "drug
4 product selection" includes dispensing a drug product of another
5 manufacturer instead of the specific drug product the patient
6 is currently prescribed, and substituting a generic version
7 for a brand version, a brand version for a generic version,
8 or a generic version for a generic version of a different
9 manufacturer. For the purposes of this paragraph, a "specific
10 drug product" means a specific drug, strength, dosage form, or
11 dosing regimen from a specific manufacturer.

12 Sec. 3. Section 155A.32, Code 2013, is amended by adding the
13 following new subsections:

14 NEW SUBSECTION. 4. If drug product selection is prohibited
15 pursuant to subsection 2, paragraph "c", but the specific
16 drug indicated is not available, the pharmacist may dispense
17 a seventy-two-hour emergency supply of a bioequivalent of
18 a specific generic manufacturer's product. If a pharmacist
19 dispenses a bioequivalent drug product under this subsection,
20 the pharmacist shall notify the patient and the prescriber
21 of the substitution and shall resolve the shortage within
22 seventy-two hours of dispensing the substitute drug product.
23 The board shall adopt rules regarding notification of the
24 patient and prescriber under this subsection.

25 NEW SUBSECTION. 5. If drug product selection is prohibited
26 under subsection 2, paragraph "c", any differential in cost to
27 the pharmacy or patient resulting from the prohibition shall be
28 covered by the patient's health carrier as defined in section
29 514J.102.

30 EXPLANATION

31 This bill relates to drug product selection.

32 The bill amends provisions relating to nonresident
33 pharmacies to provide that a nonresident pharmacy is subject
34 to the drug product selection requirements that are currently
35 applicable to resident pharmacies.

1 The bill also amends the list of exceptions to a pharmacist
2 exercising drug product selection to provide that a pharmacist
3 shall not exercise drug product selection if the prescriber
4 indicates that a specific drug product should be dispensed and
5 a diagnosis of epilepsy is written on the prescription. The
6 bill also specifies that for the purposes of the exception,
7 drug product selection includes dispensing a drug product of
8 another manufacturer instead of the specific drug product the
9 patient is currently prescribed, and substituting a generic
10 version for a brand version, a brand version for a generic
11 version, or a generic version for a generic version of a
12 different manufacturer. Additionally, for the purposes of
13 the exception, a specific drug product means a specific drug,
14 strength, dosage form, or dosing regimen from a specific
15 manufacturer.

16 The bill also addresses substitutions made when a pharmacy
17 does not have a specific drug product available when drug
18 product selection is prohibited. In those instances, the bill
19 provides that the pharmacist may dispense a 72-hour emergency
20 supply of a bioequivalent of a specific generic manufacturer's
21 product. If a substitute is dispensed, the pharmacist is
22 required to notify the patient and the prescriber of the
23 substitution and to resolve the shortage within 72 hours of
24 dispensing the substitute drug product. The bill directs the
25 board of pharmacy to adopt rules regarding notification of the
26 patient and prescriber.

27 The bill also provides that if drug product selection
28 is prohibited relating to a diagnosis of epilepsy, any
29 differential in cost to the pharmacy or patient resulting
30 from the prohibition shall be covered by the patient's health
31 carrier.