House File 302 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 302
BY COHOON and KRESSIG

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to the parental rights of an individual whose
- 2 parentage is the result of sexual abuse.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- 1 Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **598.41E** Custody and visitation 2 restrictions sexual abuse.
- Notwithstanding section 598.41, and except as otherwise
- 4 provided in subsection 2, custody and visitation shall not
- 5 be awarded to a party who is the biological parent of a
- 6 child if that party has been convicted of having sexually
- 7 abused the other biological parent or has been found by clear
- 8 and convincing evidence to have sexually abused the other
- 9 biological parent, resulting in the conception of the child.
- 10 2. Notwithstanding subsection 1, if a party who is the
- 11 biological parent of a child has been convicted of sexual abuse
- 12 of the other biological parent or has been found by clear
- 13 and convincing evidence to have sexually abused the other
- 14 biological parent, resulting in the conception of the child,
- 15 and the parties are married at the time of the conception,
- 16 during any subsequent dissolution proceedings, the conviction
- 17 or finding by clear and convincing evidence of sexual abuse
- 18 creates a rebuttable presumption that sole or joint custody of
- 19 the child or visitation by the perpetrator of the sexual abuse
- 20 is not in the best interest of the child. The court shall
- 21 provide findings that any custody or visitation arrangement
- 22 ordered by the court under this subsection adequately protects
- 23 the child and the victim of the sexual abuse.
- Sec. 2. Section 600.7, Code 2013, is amended by adding the
- 25 following new subsection:
- 26 NEW SUBSECTION. 5. The biological parent of a child who has
- 27 been convicted of having sexually abused the other biological
- 28 parent or has been found by clear and convincing evidence to
- 29 have sexually abused the other biological parent, resulting in
- 30 the conception of the child who is the subject of the adoption
- 31 proceedings, shall not be required to consent to the adoption.
- 32 Sec. 3. Section 600.11, subsection 2, paragraph a,
- 33 subparagraph (1), Code 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- 34 (1) A guardian, guardian ad litem if appointed for the
- 35 adoption proceedings, and custodian of, and a person in a

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- 1 parent-child relationship with the person to be adopted. This
- 2 subparagraph does not require notice to be given to a person
- 3 whose parental rights have been terminated with regard to the
- 4 person to be adopted, including a biological parent whose
- 5 parental rights have been terminated based on the grounds
- 6 specified in section 600A.8, subsection 11, relating to sexual
- 7 abuse of the other biological parent.
- 8 Sec. 4. Section 600A.5, subsection 3, paragraph c, Code
- 9 2013, is amended to read as follows:
- 10 c. A plain statement of the facts and grounds in section
- 11 600A.8 which indicate that the parent-child relationship should
- 12 be terminated. If the grounds stated are those specified
- 13 in section 600A.8, subsection 11, relating to sexual abuse
- 14 perpetrated by the biological parent of the child, the
- 15 petitioner may also petition the court for a temporary order
- 16 and an injunction prohibiting the individual for whom the
- 17 petitioner is seeking termination of parental rights from
- 18 visiting or contacting the child alleging facts sufficient to
- 19 demonstrate that such prohibition is in the best interest of
- 20 the child.
- 21 Sec. 5. Section 600A.6, subsection 1, Code 2013, is amended
- 22 to read as follows:
- 23 l. a. A termination of parental rights under this chapter
- 24 shall, unless provided otherwise in this section, be ordered
- 25 only after notice has been served on all necessary parties and
- 26 these parties have been given an opportunity to be heard before
- 27 the juvenile court except that notice need not be served on the
- 28 petitioner or on any necessary party who is the spouse of the
- 29 petitioner.
- 30 b. (1) "Necessary party" means any person whose name,
- 31 residence, and domicile are required to be included on the
- 32 petition under section 600A.5, subsection 3, paragraphs "a"
- 33 and b'', and any putative father who files a declaration of
- 34 paternity in accordance with section 144.12A, or any unknown
- 35 putative father, if any, except a biological parent who has

- 1 been convicted of having sexually abused the other biological
- 2 parent while not cohabiting with that parent as husband and
- 3 wife, thereby producing the birth of the child who is the
- 4 subject of the termination proceedings.
- 5 (2) "Necessary party" does not include an individual who may
- 6 be the biological parent of a child conceived as a result of
- 7 sexual abuse perpetrated by the individual while the individual
- 8 was not cohabiting with the other parent as husband and wife,
- 9 if the individual has been convicted of sexual abuse or if
- 10 other clear and convincing evidence that the sexual abuse
- 11 occurred is attached to the petition filed under section
- 12 600A.5. An individual who is not a necessary party and is not
- 13 served notice under this subparagraph does not have standing to
- 14 appear and contest a petition for the termination of parental
- 15 rights, present evidence relevant to the issue of disposition,
- 16 or make alternative dispositional recommendations.
- 17 Sec. 6. Section 600A.7, Code 2013, is amended by adding the
- 18 following new subsection:
- 19 NEW SUBSECTION. 4. The grounds specified in section
- 20 600A.8, subsection 11, relating to conception of the child
- 21 as the result of sexual abuse may be proven by evidence of
- 22 a conviction of sexual abuse or other clear and convincing
- 23 evidence that the individual who is the biological parent of
- 24 the child committed, during the possible time of conception,
- 25 sexual abuse against the other biological parent of the child.
- Sec. 7. Section 600A.8, Code 2013, is amended by adding the
- 27 following new subsection:
- 28 NEW SUBSECTION. 11. A biological parent of the child who is
- 29 the subject of the termination of parental rights perpetrated
- 30 sexual abuse against the other biological parent of the child
- 31 and the child was conceived as a result of the sexual abuse.
- 32 EXPLANATION
- 33 This bill relates to the parental rights of a biological
- 34 parent whose parentage is the result of the biological parent's
- 35 perpetration of sexual abuse on the other biological parent,

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- 1 resulting in the conception of the child.
- 2 The bill amends provisions in Code chapters 598 (dissolution
- 3 of marriage and domestic relations), 600 (adoption), and 600A
- 4 (termination of parental rights).
- 5 Under Code chapter 598, the bill provides that custody
- 6 and visitation shall not be awarded to a party who is the
- 7 biological parent of a child if that party has been convicted
- 8 of having sexually abused the other biological parent or has
- 9 been found by clear and convincing evidence to have sexually
- 10 abused the other biological parent, resulting in the conception
- 11 of the child. Alternatively, if the parties are married at the
- 12 time of the conception which is the result of sexual abuse for
- 13 which a biological parent has been convicted or the biological
- 14 parent has been found by clear and convincing evidence to have
- 15 sexually abused the other biological parent, during dissolution
- 16 proceedings, the conviction or finding by clear and convincing
- 17 evidence of sexual abuse creates a rebuttable presumption
- 18 that sole or joint custody of the child or visitation by the
- 19 perpetrator of the sexual abuse is not in the best interest
- 20 of the child. Additionally, the court is to provide findings
- 21 that any custody or visitation arrangement ordered by the court
- 22 adequately protects the child and the victim of the sexual
- 23 abuse.
- 24 Under Code chapter 600, the bill provides that a biological
- 25 parent of a child who has been convicted of having sexually
- 26 abused the other biological parent or has been found by clear
- 27 and convincing evidence to have sexually abused the other
- 28 biological parent, resulting in the conception of the child
- 29 who is the subject of the adoption proceedings, shall not be
- 30 required to consent to the adoption. If such person's parental
- 31 rights have been terminated, the person is also not required to
- 32 be provided notice of the adoption hearing.
- Under Code chapter 600A, the bill provides that in the
- 34 termination of parental rights, one of the grounds for
- 35 termination is that a biological parent of the child who is

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1 the subject of the termination of parental rights perpetrated 2 sexual abuse against the other biological parent of the 3 child and the child was conceived as a result of the sexual 4 abuse. Under the bill, in the petition for termination of 5 an individual's parental rights based on sexual abuse that 6 resulted in the conception of a child, the petitioner may 7 request a temporary order and injunction prohibiting that 8 individual from visiting or contacting the child. 9 also provides that a "necessary party" who is required to be 10 served notice of a termination of parental rights proceeding 11 does not include an individual who may be the biological parent 12 of a child conceived as a result of sexual abuse perpetrated by 13 the individual while the individual was not cohabiting with the 14 other parent as husband and wife, if the individual has been 15 convicted of sexual abuse, or the sexual abuse is demonstrated 16 by other clear and convincing evidence. Such individual also 17 does not have standing to appear and contest a petition for the 18 termination of parental rights, present evidence relevant to 19 the issue of disposition, or make alternative dispositional 20 recommendations. The bill provides that in the hearing 21 on termination of parental rights, the grounds relating to 22 conception of the child as the result of sexual abuse may be 23 proven by evidence of a conviction of sexual abuse or other 24 clear and convincing evidence that the individual who is the 25 biological parent of the child committed, during the possible 26 time of conception, sexual abuse against the other biological 27 parent of the child.