House File 223 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 223
BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY

(SUCCESSOR TO HF 12)

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act concerning issuance of a license or users permit for
- 2 specified activities regarding explosives.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- 1 Section 1. Section 101A.2, Code 2013, is amended to read as 2 follows:
- 3 101A.2 Commercial license how issued violation.
- 4 l. The state fire marshal shall issue commercial licenses
- 5 for the manufacture, importation, distribution, sale, and
- 6 commercial use of explosives to persons who, in the state fire
- 7 marshal's discretion are of good character and sound judgment,
- 8 and have sufficient knowledge of the use, handling, and storage
- 9 of explosive materials to protect the public safety. Licenses
- 10 shall be issued for a period of one year three years, but may be
- 11 issued for shorter periods, and may be revoked or suspended by
- 12 the state fire marshal for any of the following reasons:
- 13 a. Falsification of information submitted in the application 14 for a license.
- 15 b. Proof that the licensee has violated any provisions of
- 16 this chapter or any rules prescribed by the state fire marshal
- 17 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
- 18 c. The results of a national criminal history check
- 19 conducted pursuant to subsection 3.
- 20 2. Licenses shall be issued by the state fire marshal upon
- 21 payment of a fee of sixty dollars, valid for a period of one
- 22 three calendar year years, commencing on January 1 of the first
- 23 year and terminating on December 31; however of the third year.
- 24 However, an initial license may be issued during any a calendar
- 25 year for the number of months remaining in such calendar year
- 26 and the following two years, computed to the first day of the
- 27 month when the application for the license is approved. The
- 28 license fee shall be charged on a pro rata basis for the number
- 29 of months remaining in the year period of issue. Applications
- 30 for renewal of licenses shall be submitted within thirty days
- 31 prior to the license expiration date and shall be accompanied
- 32 by payment of the prescribed annual fee.
- 33 3. Prior to the issuance of a license pursuant to this
- 34 chapter, an applicant shall be subject to a national criminal
- 35 history check through the federal bureau of investigation.

- 1 The applicant shall provide fingerprints to the department of
- 2 public safety for submission through the state criminal history
- 3 repository to the federal bureau of investigation. Upon
- 4 application for renewal of a license, the national criminal
- 5 history check shall be repeated to determine the occurrence
- 6 of criminal violations occurring during the previous period
- 7 of licensure. Fees for the national criminal history check
- 8 shall be paid by the applicant or the applicant's employer.
- 9 The results of a criminal history check conducted pursuant to
- 10 this subsection shall be considered a confidential record under
- 11 chapter 22.
- 12 3. 4. Except as permitted in section 101A.3 and sections
- 13 101A.9 to 101A.11, it shall be unlawful for any person to
- 14 willfully manufacture, import, store, detonate, sell, or
- 15 otherwise transfer any explosive materials unless such person
- 16 is the holder of a valid license issued pursuant to this
- 17 section.
- 18 4. 5. Commercial dealers having a federal firearms license
- 19 shall be exempt from the requirement or the commercial license
- 20 requirement of this chapter for importation, distribution,
- 21 sale, transportation, storage and possession of smokeless
- 22 powder propellants or black sporting powder propellants
- 23 provided that such dealer must conform and comply to rules,
- 24 or ordinances of federal, state, or city authorities having
- 25 jurisdiction of such powder.
- Sec. 2. Section 101A.3, subsection 1, Code 2013, is amended
- 27 to read as follows:
- 28 1. User's permits to purchase, possess, transport, store,
- 29 and detonate explosive materials shall be issued by the sheriff
- 30 of the county or the chief of police of a city of ten thousand
- 31 population or more where the possession and detonation will
- 32 occur. If the possession and detonation are to occur in more
- 33 than one county or city, then such permits must be issued by
- 34 the sheriff or chief of police of each of such counties or
- 35 cities, except in counties and cities in which the explosives

- 1 are possessed for the sole purpose of transporting them
- 2 through such counties and cities. A permit shall not be issued
- 3 unless the sheriff or chief of police having jurisdiction is
- 4 satisfied that possession and detonation of explosive materials
- 5 is necessary to the applicant's business or to improve the
- 6 applicant's property. Permits shall be issued only to persons
- 7 who, in the discretion of the sheriff or chief of police, are
- 8 of good character and sound judgment, and have sufficient
- 9 knowledge of the use and handling of explosive materials to
- 10 protect the public safety. Applicants shall be subject to the
- 11 criminal history check provisions of section 101A.2, subsection
- 12 3. The state fire marshal shall prescribe, have printed, and
- 13 distribute permit application forms to all local permit issuing
- 14 authorities.
- 15 Sec. 3. Section 101A.14, subsection 1, Code 2013, is amended
- 16 to read as follows:
- 1. Any person who violates the provisions of section 101A.2,
- 18 subsection 3 4, or section 101A.3, subsection 4, commits a
- 19 public offense and, upon conviction, shall be guilty of a class
- 20 "C" felony.
- 21 EXPLANATION
- 22 This bill concerns licensing and permitting requirements
- 23 applicable to explosives.
- 24 The bill changes the current period of licensure from
- 25 one to three years. The bill additionally provides that
- 26 prior to the issuance or renewal of a license, or issuance
- 27 of a user's permit, an applicant shall be subject to a
- 28 national criminal history check through the federal bureau of
- 29 investigation. The bill specifies that fees for the national
- 30 criminal history check shall be paid by the applicant or the
- 31 applicant's employer, and that the results shall be considered
- 32 a confidential record under Code chapter 22. The bill further
- 33 provides that the results of the national criminal history
- 34 check may be reason for the state fire marshal to revoke or
- 35 suspend a license and, by operation of law, an explosive

1 materials user's permit by the issuer of the permit.