Senate Study Bill 1160 - Introduced

SENATE FILE

BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY BILL BY CHAIRPERSON FRAISE)

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to the operations of certain common interest 2 communities.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

1 DIVISION I UNIFORM COMMON INTEREST OWNERSHIP ACT 2 3 Section 1. NEW SECTION. 499C.101 Title. 4 This chapter shall be known and cited as the "Uniform Common 5 Interest Ownership Act". Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 499C.102 Public policy. 6 7 The general assembly declares that it is the public policy of 8 the state that the management and affairs of common interest 9 communities be conducted openly, and this chapter shall be 10 construed, to provide open access to the management of the 11 common interest community to the unit owners. NEW SECTION. 499C.103 Definitions. 12 Sec. 3. 13 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise 14 requires: 1. "Assessment" means a sum attributable to each unit and 15 16 due to the unit owners association as may be provided in a 17 declaration or in the bylaws. 2. "Bylaws" means the instruments, however denominated, 18 19 that contain the procedures for conducting the affairs of the 20 unit owners association or the executive board regardless of 21 the form in which the association is organized, including any 22 amendments to such instruments. 3. "Common element" means: 23 24 For a cooperative under chapter 499A or a horizontal a. 25 property regime under chapter 499B, all portions of the common 26 interest community other than the units. 27 b. For a planned community, any real estate within the 28 planned community which is owned or leased by the unit owners 29 association, other than a unit. 30 c. For all common interest communities, any other interests 31 in real estate for the benefit of unit owners which are subject 32 to the declaration. 33 4. "Common expense liability" means the liability for common 34 expenses allocated to each unit pursuant to a declaration or 35 bylaws.

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1 5. "Common expenses" means expenditures made by, or 2 financial liabilities of, the unit owners association or the 3 executive board, together with any allocations to reserves. 4 6. a. "Common interest community" means real estate 5 described in a declaration with respect to which a person, 6 by virtue of the person's ownership of a unit, is obligated 7 to pay for a share of real estate taxes, insurance premiums, 8 maintenance, or improvement of, or services or other expenses 9 related to, common elements, other units, or other real estate 10 described in the declaration. "Common interest community" 11 includes a cooperative under chapter 499A and a horizontal 12 property regime under chapter 499B.

13 b. Common interest community does not include:

14 (1) A covenant that requires the owners of separate parcels 15 of real estate to share costs or other obligations related to a 16 wall, driveway, well, or other similar structure, unless all 17 such owners consent in writing to the creation of a common 18 interest community.

19 (2) Real estate described in paragraph a^{\prime} if all units are 20 owned by a single unit owner.

21 7. "Declarant" means any person or group of persons who,
22 as the record title owner of real estate, by a declaration,
23 initially creates a common interest community.

8. "Declaration" means the instrument, however denominated,
that creates a common interest community, including any
amendments to the instrument.

9. "Executive board" means the body, regardless of name,
28 designated in the declaration or bylaws to act on behalf of the
29 unit owners association.

30 10. "Planned community" means a common interest community 31 that is not a cooperative under chapter 499A or a horizontal 32 property regime under chapter 499B, and includes property 33 owner or homeowner associations. However, a cooperative under 34 chapter 499A or a horizontal property regime under chapter 499B 35 may be part of a planned community.

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1 11. "Rule" means a policy, guideline, restriction,
 2 procedure, or regulation, however denominated, which is not set
 3 forth in the declaration or bylaws.

4 12. "Unit" means a physical portion of the common interest 5 community designated for separate ownership or occupancy or 6 as otherwise defined in the statute under which the common 7 interest community is organized.

8 13. "Unit owner" means a declarant or other person that owns 9 a unit, but does not include a person having an interest in a 10 unit solely as security for an obligation. In a horizontal 11 property regime under chapter 499B or a planned community, the 12 declarant is the owner of any unit created by the declaration. 13 In a cooperative under chapter 499A, the declarant is the owner 14 of any unit to which an interest has been allocated until that 15 unit has been conveyed to another person.

16 14. "Unit owners association" means a unit owners
17 association organized under section 499C.201.

18 Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 499C.104 Variation by agreement.
19 Except as expressly provided in this chapter, the provisions
20 of this chapter may not be varied by agreement, and rights
21 conferred by it may not be waived.

22 Sec. 5. NEW SECTION. 499C.105 Applicability.

23 Unless otherwise provided by law:

This chapter applies to all common interest communities
 established within this state on or after July 1, 2011.
 This chapter does not apply to common interest

27 communities of three or fewer units.

3. Sections 499C.301, 499C.302, 499C.401, 499C.402, 499C.403, and 499C.501 apply to common interest communities established before July 1, 2011. Any portion of a declaration, bylaws, covenant, or other contractual provision existing prior 2 to July 1, 2011, that violates section 499C.301, 499C.302, 33 499C.401, 499C.402, or 499C.403 is not enforceable. However, 4 nothing in this chapter shall be construed to invalidate other 35 provisions of the declaration, bylaws, plats, or plans of those

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1 common interest communities established before July 1, 2011.

Sec. 6. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 499C.201 Unit owners association.
1. A unit owners association shall be organized not later
4 than the date the first unit in the common interest community
5 is conveyed.

6 2. Membership of a unit owners association shall at all 7 times consist exclusively of all unit owners except following 8 termination of the common interest community, at which time 9 the unit owners association shall consist of all former unit 10 owners entitled to distributions of proceeds or their heirs, 11 successors, or assigns.

A unit owners association shall have an executive board.
 A unit owners association shall be organized as a
 profit or nonprofit corporation, trust, limited liability
 company, partnership, unincorporated association, or any other
 form of organization authorized by the law of this state.
 The requirements of this chapter relating to a unit owners
 association shall preempt any conflicting provision of the
 statute under which the unit owner association is organized.
 Sec. 7. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 499C.202 Unit owners association —
 powers and duties.

22 1. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a unit23 owners association shall do all of the following:

24 a. Adopt bylaws which may be amended subject to the25 provisions of section 499C.301.

26 b. Adopt budgets, collect assessments for common expenses
27 from unit owners, and invest funds of the association, if
28 applicable.

29 2. Unless otherwise limited by a declaration or bylaws, a 30 unit owners association shall have authority to do any of the 31 following:

32 *a.* Adopt and amend rules for operation of the unit owners 33 association.

34 b. Hire, employ, and discharge employees, agents, and35 independent contractors.

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c. Institute, defend, or intervene in litigation,
 arbitration, mediation, or administrative proceedings on behalf
 of the unit owners association or for two or more unit owners
 on matters affecting the common interest community.

5 d. Make contracts and incur liabilities.

6 e. Regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement, and7 modification of common elements.

8 f. Cause additional improvements to be made to the common9 elements of the common interest community.

10 g. Acquire, hold, encumber, and convey any right, title, or 11 interest to real estate or personal property.

12 h. Grant easements, leases, licenses, and concessions 13 through or over the common elements of the common interest 14 community.

15 *i.* Impose and receive any payments, fees, or charges for the 16 use, rental, or operation of the common elements, other than 17 limited common elements as defined in section 499B.2, and for 18 services provided to unit owners.

j. Impose charges for late payment of assessments and,
after notice and an opportunity to be heard, impose reasonable
monetary penalties for violations of the declaration, bylaws,
and rules of the association.

23 k. Impose reasonable charges for the preparation and24 recording of statements of unpaid assessments.

25 1. Provide for the indemnification of its officers and
26 executive board, including maintenance of liability insurance
27 for directors and officers of the unit owners association.

28 m. Assign its right to future income, including the right 29 to receive assessments.

n. Exercise powers conferred by the declaration or bylaws. *o.* Exercise all other powers that may be exercised in this
state by organizations of the same type as the unit owners
association.

34 p. Suspend any right or privilege of a unit owner who fails 35 to pay an assessment. The unit owners association shall not,

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1 however, deny a unit owner or other occupant access to the 2 owner's unit, suspend a unit owner's right to vote, prevent a 3 unit owner from seeking election as a director or officer of 4 the association, or withhold services provided to a unit or a 5 unit owner by the association if the effect of withholding the 6 service would be to endanger the health, safety, or property 7 of any person.

8 *q*. Exercise any other powers necessary and proper for the 9 governance and operation of the association.

10 3. If a tenant of a unit owner violates the declaration, 11 bylaws, or rules of the association, in addition to exercising 12 any of its powers against the unit owner, the association may 13 do any of the following:

14 *a.* Exercise the powers described in subsection 2, paragraph 15 j'', against the offending tenant.

16 b. After giving notice to the tenant and the unit owner 17 and providing each an opportunity to be heard, levy reasonable 18 monetary penalties against the tenant for the violation.

19 c. Take other action against the tenant for the violation in 20 the same manner as the unit owner, acting as landlord, could 21 have exercised under the lease or in the manner that the unit 22 owners association could lawfully have taken action directly 23 against the unit owner, or both. Action under this paragraph 24 may only be taken if the tenant or unit owner fails to remedy 25 the violation within ten days after notification by the unit 26 owners association of the violation.

4. Unless a lease of a unit otherwise provides, this section28 does not do any of the following:

29 a. Affect rights that the unit owner possesses to enforce 30 the lease or that the unit owners association has under other 31 provisions of law.

b. In the absence of a violation of the declaration, bylaws,
or rules, authorize the unit owners association to enforce a
lease to which the unit owners association is not a party.
An executive board may determine whether to exercise

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1 the association's power to impose sanctions or commence an 2 action for a violation of the declaration, bylaws, or rules, 3 including whether to settle any claim for unpaid assessments or 4 other claim made by or against the unit owners association. An 5 executive board does not have a duty to take enforcement action 6 if the executive board determines, following consideration of 7 the facts and circumstances presented, any of the following: 8 a. The association's legal position does not justify taking

9 any or further enforcement action.

10 b. The covenant, restriction, or rule being enforced is, or 11 is likely to be construed as, inconsistent with law.

12 c. Despite the existence of a violation, the violation is 13 nonmaterial and does not justify expenditure of the unit owners 14 association resources.

15 d. It is not in the unit owners association's best interests 16 to pursue an enforcement action.

17 6. The failure of an executive board to take action pursuant 18 to subsection 5 shall not prevent the executive board from 19 taking enforcement action under a similar set of circumstances 20 or facts. The authority of an executive board to take action 21 under this chapter shall not, however, be exercised in a 22 arbitrary or capricious manner.

23 Sec. 8. NEW SECTION. 499C.203 Executive board.

1. Except as otherwise provided in the declaration, the bylaws, subsection 2, or provisions of the statute under which the common interest community is organized, an executive board acts on behalf of the unit owners association. In the performance of their duties, officers and members of the executive board appointed by the declarant shall exercise the degree of care and loyalty to the unit owners association required of a trustee. Officers and members of an executive board not appointed by the declarant shall exercise the degree of care and loyalty to the unit owners association required of an officer or director of a corporation organized under chapter 504, and such officers and members are subject to the

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1 conflict of interest rules governing directors and officers
2 under chapter 504.

2. An executive board shall not act on behalf of the unit 4 owners association to amend the declaration, to terminate the 5 common interest community, to elect members of the executive 6 board, or determine the qualifications, powers and duties, or 7 terms of office of executive board members. An executive board 8 may fill vacancies in its membership for the unexpired portion 9 of any term.

10 3. *a.* Subject to subsection 4, the declaration may 11 provide for a period of declarant control of the unit owners 12 association, during which a declarant, or persons designated by 13 the declarant, may appoint and remove the officers and members 14 of the executive board. In no case, however, shall a period of 15 declarant control continue upon the occurrence of any of the 16 following:

17 (1) Sixty days after the conveyance of seventy-five percent
18 of all units in the common interest community to unit owners
19 other than a declarant;

20 (2) Two years after all declarants have ceased to offer 21 units for sale in the ordinary course of business.

22 (3) Two years after the addition of any number of new units23 to the common interest community.

(4) The date the declarant, after giving written notice
25 to all unit owners, records an instrument voluntarily
26 surrendering all rights to control activities of the unit
27 owners association.

b. A declarant may voluntarily surrender the right to appoint and remove officers and members of the executive board before termination of the period under paragraph "a". However, the declarant may retain, for the duration of the period of declarant control, approval authority for specified actions of the unit owners association or executive board, as described in a recorded instrument executed by the declarant.

35 4. a. Not later than sixty days after conveyance of

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1 twenty-five percent of the units to unit owners other than a
2 declarant, at least one member and not less than twenty-five
3 percent of the members of the executive board must be elected
4 by unit owners other than the declarant.

5 b. Not later than sixty days after conveyance of fifty6 percent of the units to unit owners other than a declarant, not7 less than one-third of the members of the executive board must8 be elected by unit owners other than the declarant.

9 5. Following the termination of any period of declarant 10 control under this section, the unit owners shall elect an 11 executive board of at least three members, at least a majority 12 of whom must be unit owners. The executive board members shall 13 elect officers of the executive board. The executive board 14 members and officers shall take office upon election. This 15 subsection shall not apply to a common interest community if 16 all the units of the community are owned by one owner.

17 6. Notwithstanding any provision of the declaration or 18 bylaws to the contrary, the unit owners, by a two-thirds vote 19 of all persons present and entitled to vote at any meeting of 20 the unit owners at which a quorum is present, may remove any 21 member of the executive board with or without cause, other than 22 a member appointed by the declarant.

23 Sec. 9. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **499C.301** Amendments to governing 24 instruments.

25 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section:

a. The declaration, bylaws, or plans of a common interest community established before July 1, 2011, may be amended upon approval of two-thirds of the unit owners or as otherwise provided in the declaration or bylaws.

30 b. The declaration, bylaws, or plans of a common interest 31 community created on or after July 1, 2011, may be amended by 32 two-thirds of the unit owners unless the declaration or bylaws 33 expressly require a greater or lesser percentage.

34 2. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a 35 declaration may expressly reserve authority to the executive

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1 board, with or without the consent of unit owners, to amend the 2 declaration, bylaws, or plans of a common interest community to 3 add land, buildings, or both.

3. a. Following adoption of an amendment to a declaration,
5 bylaws, or plans, the amendment or a copy of the amended
6 declaration, bylaws, or plan shall be recorded with the county
7 recorder of the county where the property is located.

8 b. An amendment may be recorded on behalf of the required 9 number of unit owners by the officers of the association if the 10 officers verify under oath that the proceedings to approve the 11 amendment satisfied the requirements of this chapter.

4. An amendment to a declaration, the bylaws, or plans to prohibit or materially restrict the permitted uses of a unit, the permitted uses of a common element, or the number or other gualifications of persons who may occupy units shall only be approved upon the affirmative vote of unit owners equal in number to at least eighty percent of the total unit owner votes in the association, unless the declaration requires a larger percentage. An amendment approved under this subsection shall provide reasonable protection for a use or occupancy permitted prior to adoption of the amendment.

22 5. *a.* If a declaration, the bylaws, or a plan requires 23 the consent of a holder of a security interest in a unit as a 24 condition to the adoption or implementation of an amendment, 25 consent is deemed provided if a written refusal to consent 26 is not received by the association within sixty days after 27 the association delivers notice of the proposed amendment to 28 the holder of the security interest at an address provided by 29 the holder or after the association mails the notice of the 30 proposed amendment to the holder by certified mail, return 31 receipt requested, at the address provided. If the holder of 32 a security interest has not provided to the association an 33 address for notice, the association shall provide notice to the 34 address in the security interest of record, if available. 35 b. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the

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1 contrary, an amendment to the declaration, bylaws, or plans 2 that affects the priority of a holder's security interest or 3 the ability of a holder to foreclose a security interest may 4 not be adopted without the security holder's written consent if 5 the declaration, bylaws, or plans requires that consent as a 6 condition to the adoption or implementation of the amendment. 7 6. If a declaration requires that amendments, including 8 amendments under subsection 4, to the declaration, bylaws, or 9 plans be adopted only upon the affirmative vote of unit owners 10 equal in number to at least eighty percent of the total unit 11 owner votes in the association, the amendment is approved if 12 one of the following is met:

13 a. A number of unit owners comprising at least eighty 14 percent of the total unit owner votes in the association votes 15 affirmatively for the proposed amendment, no owner votes 16 against the proposed amendment, all required notices of the 17 proposed amendment are delivered to each unit owner as required 18 under this chapter, and the association does not receive a 19 written objection to the proposed amendment within sixty days 20 after delivery of the notice.

b. A number of unit owners comprising at least eighty percent of the total unit owner votes in the unit owners association votes affirmatively for the proposed amendment unit, one or more owner votes against the proposed amendment, and pursuant to an action brought by the association in the district court of the county where the property is located against all objecting unit owners, the court finds that the objecting unit owners do not have an interest different in kind from the interests of the other unit owners that the voting requirement of the declaration, bylaws, or plans was intended to protect.

32 7. An action challenging the validity of an amendment 33 adopted pursuant to this chapter shall not be brought more than 34 one year after the amendment is recorded.

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35 Sec. 10. NEW SECTION. 499C.302 Rules.

1 1. Unless otherwise limited by a declaration or bylaws, an 2 executive board may adopt and amend rules for the operation 3 of the executive board or other matters authorized in the 4 declaration or bylaws. Before adopting, amending, or repealing 5 a rule, the executive board shall give each unit owner a notice 6 that states the executive board's intention to adopt, amend, 7 or repeal a rule, provides the text of the rule or the proposed 8 change, and states the date the executive board intends to act 9 on the proposed rule or amendment following consideration of 10 comments from unit owners.

11 2. A unit owners association may adopt rules to establish 12 and enforce construction and design criteria and aesthetic 13 standards if the declaration so provides. In accordance 14 with the declaration, a unit owners association shall adopt 15 procedures for enforcement of those standards and for approval 16 of construction applications, including a timeline within which 17 the unit owners association must act on an application and the 18 consequences of a unit owners association's failure to act. 19 3. Following adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule, the

20 officers of the unit owners association or executive board, 21 as applicable, shall notify each unit owner of the action and 22 provide a copy of any new or revised rule.

4. A rule regulating display of the flag of the United X States shall be consistent with federal law. A unit owners association shall not prohibit on a unit or on a limited common element, as defined in section 499B.2, adjoining a unit the display of the flag of this state, or signs regarding candidates for public office or unit owners association office or public measures, but the association may adopt rules governing the time, place, size, number, and manner of those i displays.

5. Unit owners may peacefully assemble on common elements to consider matters related to the common interest community, but the unit owners association may adopt rules governing the time, place, and manner of such assemblies.

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6. A unit owners association may adopt rules that restrict
 2 the use of unit or behavior within units that may be used for
 3 residential purposes, but only to do the following:

4

a. Implement a provision of the declaration.

5 b. Regulate a behavior in or the occupancy of a unit that 6 violates the declaration or adversely affects the use and 7 enjoyment of other units or the common elements by other unit 8 owners.

9 c. Restrict the leasing of residential units to the 10 extent the rules are reasonably designed to meet underwriting 11 requirements of institutional lenders that regularly make 12 loans secured by first mortgages on units in common interest 13 communities or regularly purchase such mortgages.

14 7. A unit owners association's internal business operating
15 procedures are exempt from the requirements of this section.
16 8. Each rule adopted by a unit owners association or
17 executive board shall be reasonable in nature and scope.

18 Sec. 11. NEW SECTION. 499C.401 Meetings.

19 1. Meetings of a unit owners association, whether such 20 association is incorporated or unincorporated, shall comply 21 with all of the following:

A unit owners association shall hold a meeting of 22 a. 23 unit owners annually at a time, date, and place stated in or 24 determined in accordance with the declaration or bylaws. 25 *b*. A unit owners association shall hold a special meeting 26 of unit owners to address any matter affecting the unit owners 27 association if the association's president, a majority of the 28 executive board, or an amount of unit owners comprising at 29 least twenty percent of all votes in the association, unless a 30 different percentage is specified in the bylaws, request that 31 the secretary call the meeting. If the unit owners association 32 does not notify unit owners of a special meeting within thirty 33 days after the required number of unit owners has requested the 34 secretary to call a special meeting, the requesting members may 35 directly notify all unit owners of the meeting. Only matters

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1 described in the meeting notice may be considered at a special
2 meeting.

3 c. A unit owners association shall notify each unit owner 4 of the time, date, and place of each annual and special unit 5 owners meeting not less than ten days and not more than sixty 6 days before the meeting date. Notice may be by any means 7 described in section 499C.403. Each meeting notice shall state 8 the time, date, and place of the meeting and the items on the 9 agenda, including but not limited to:

10 (1) A statement of the general nature of any proposed 11 amendment to the declaration or bylaws.

12 (2) A statement describing any budget changes.

13 (3) Any proposal to remove an officer or member of the 14 executive board.

15 d. The requirements relating to the timing of meeting 16 notices under paragraph "c" may be reduced or waived for a 17 meeting called to address an emergency. A meeting called to 18 address an emergency shall be limited to matters arising out of 19 the emergency. The decision of an officer of the unit owners 20 association to convene a meeting for an emergency shall be 21 ratified by a majority of unit owners required by the bylaws to 22 conduct the business of the unit owners association.

e. Each unit owner shall be given a reasonable opportunity
at any meeting to comment on any matter affecting the common
interest community or the unit owners association.

26 f. The declaration or bylaws may allow for meetings of 27 unit owners to be conducted by telephonic, video, or other 28 conferencing method, if such method is consistent with 29 subsection 2, paragraph g''.

30 2. Meetings of the executive board and committees of the 31 unit owners association, authorized to act for the unit owners 32 association, shall comply with all of the following:

a. Meetings shall be open to the unit owners except during
 executive sessions. The executive board and committees of
 the unit owners association may hold an executive session

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1 only during a regular or special meeting of the board or the 2 committee. No final vote or action may be taken during an 3 executive session. An executive session may only be held for 4 the following reasons:

5 (1) To consult with the unit owners association's attorney6 concerning legal matters governed by attorney-client privilege.

7 (2) To discuss existing or potential litigation or 8 mediation, arbitration, or administrative proceedings.

9 (3) To discuss labor or personnel matters.

10 (4) To discuss contracts, leases, and other commercial 11 transactions for goods or services that are under negotiation, 12 including the review of bids or proposals, if public disclosure 13 of such matters would place the unit owners association at a 14 disadvantage.

15 (5) To prevent public knowledge of a matter if the executive 16 board or the committee determines that public disclosure would 17 violate the privacy of any person.

18 b. For purposes of this section, a gathering of board 19 members at which the board members do not conduct unit owners 20 association business is not a meeting of the executive board. 21 Executive board members shall not use incidental or social 22 gatherings of board members or any other method to evade the 23 meeting and notice requirements of this section.

c. During a period of declarant control, the executive board shall meet at least four times a year. At least one of the meetings shall be held at the common interest community or at a place convenient to the unit owners of the common interest community. After termination of the period of declarant outrol, all executive board meetings shall be at the common interest community or at a place convenient to the unit owners of the common interest community unless the unit owners amend the bylaws to vary the location of such meetings.

33 d. At each executive board meeting, the executive board
34 shall provide a reasonable opportunity for unit owners to
35 comment on any matter affecting the common interest community

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1 and the unit owners association.

2 e. Unless the meeting is included in a schedule given to the 3 unit owners or the meeting is called to address an emergency, 4 the secretary or other officer specified in the bylaws shall 5 give notice of each executive board meeting to each executive 6 board member and to each unit owner. Such notice shall be 7 given at least ten days before the meeting and shall state the 8 time, date, place, and agenda of the meeting.

9 f. If any materials are distributed to the executive board 10 before a meeting, the executive board, upon receipt of the 11 materials, shall make copies reasonably available to unit 12 owners, except that the executive board is not required to make 13 available copies of unapproved minutes or materials that are to 14 be considered during an executive session.

15 g. Unless otherwise provided in the declaration or bylaws, 16 the executive board may conduct a meeting by telephonic, video, 17 or other conferencing method if all of the following conditions 18 are met:

19 (1) The meeting notice states the conferencing method to 20 be used and provides information explaining how unit owners 21 may participate in the conference directly or by meeting at a 22 central location or conference connection.

(2) The process provides all unit owners the opportunity
24 to hear or perceive the discussion and to comment on matters
25 before the executive board.

26 *h*. Following termination of the period of declarant control, 27 unit owners may amend the bylaws to vary the procedures for 28 meetings described in paragraph g''.

i. In lieu of a meeting, the executive board may act by unanimous consent if such action is documented in a record authenticated by all executive board members. The secretary shall give prompt notice to all unit owners of any action taken by unanimous consent. After termination of the period d of declarant control, an executive board may act by unanimous consent only to undertake ministerial actions or to implement

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1 actions previously taken at a meeting of the executive board. 2 j. Unless otherwise restricted by this chapter or the common 3 interest community's bylaws, an executive board may determine 4 rules of procedure for the executive board.

5 k. An executive board may remove any person from a meeting 6 of the executive board upon a finding by a majority of the 7 board members that the person is being disruptive to the 8 meeting. An executive board may bar any person from meetings 9 of the executive board or other meetings of the common interest 10 community for a period of up to one year if the person has 11 been twice removed from a meeting within the preceding twelve 12 months.

13 I. An action by an executive board that is not in compliance 14 with this section is valid unless invalidated by a court. A 15 challenge to the validity of an action of the executive board 16 for failure to comply with this section shall not be brought 17 more than sixty days after the minutes of the executive board 18 of the meeting at which the action was taken are approved 19 or the record of that action is distributed to unit owners, 20 whichever is later.

21 Sec. 12. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 499C.402 Association records.
22 1. A unit owners association shall retain all of the
23 following:

a. Detailed records of receipts and expenditures relating to
 the operation and administration of the unit owners association
 and other appropriate accounting records.

b. Minutes of all unit owners meetings and executive board meetings other than executive sessions, a record of all actions y taken by the unit owners or the executive board without a meeting, and a record of all actions taken by a committee in place of the executive board on behalf of the unit owners association.

33 c. The names of all unit owners in a form that permits 34 preparation of a list of the names of all owners and the 35 addresses at which the unit owners association communicates

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1 with them, the records shall indicate the number of votes each
2 unit owner is entitled to cast.

3 *d.* The unit owners association's original and amended 4 organizational documents, bylaws including all amendments to 5 the bylaws, and all rules of the common interest community 6 currently in effect.

7 e. All financial statements and tax returns of the unit 8 owners association for the past three years.

9 f. A list of the names and addresses of the current 10 executive board members and officers.

11 g. The unit association's most recent annual report 12 delivered to the secretary of state, if applicable.

13 h. Copies of each contract to which the unit owners 14 association is currently a party.

i. Records of executive board or committee actions relating
16 to requests for design or architectural approval from unit
17 owners.

18 j. Ballots, proxies, and other records related to voting by 19 unit owners for one year after the election, action, or vote. 20 2. Except as provided under subsections 3 and 4, all records 21 retained by a unit owners association must be available for 22 examination and copying by a unit owner or the unit owner's 23 authorized agent during reasonable business hours or at a 24 mutually convenient time and location upon providing a five 25 days' notice that reasonably identifies the specific records 26 that are being requested.

3. Records retained by a unit owners association may bewithheld from inspection and copying to the extent that theyconcern:

30 *a.* Personally identifiable information, salary, and medical 31 records relating to specific individuals.

b. Information relating to contracts, leases, and other
 commercial transactions to purchase or provide goods or
 services, currently under negotiation.

35 c. Information relating to existing or potential litigation,

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1 mediation, arbitration, or administrative proceedings.

2 d. Information relating to existing or potential matters
3 involving federal, state, or local administrative proceedings
4 or other proceedings before a government tribunal for
5 enforcement of the declaration, bylaws, or rules.

6 e. Communications with the unit owners association attorney
7 which are otherwise protected by the attorney-client privilege
8 or the attorney work-product doctrine.

9 f. Information that if disclosed would violate another 10 provision of law.

11 g. Records of an executive session of the executive board.
12 h. Records relating to a specific unit owner, if the person
13 requesting the records is not the unit owner that is the
14 subject of the records.

4. A unit owners association may charge a reasonable fee
16 for providing copies of any records under this section and for
17 supervising the inspection of such records.

18 5. The right to inspect records under this section includes 19 the right to copy records by photocopying or other means 20 including copies through an electronic transmission, if 21 available, upon request of the requester.

22 6. A unit owners association is not obligated to compile or23 synthesize information or records under this section.

7. Information or records obtained under this section shall25 not be used for commercial purposes.

Sec. 13. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **499C.403** Notice to unit owners. 1. A unit owners association or an executive board, as applicable, shall deliver each notice required to be given by the association or board under this chapter to the regular mail address or electronic mail address provided by each unit owner. If a regular mail address or electronic mail address is not provided by the unit owner, the notice may be delivered using any of the following methods:

34 a. Hand delivery to the unit owner.

35 b. Mailing by regular mail or certified mail, as defined in

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1 section 618.15, to the address of the unit. Any other method reasonably calculated to provide notice 2 C. 3 to the unit owner. The ineffectiveness of a good-faith effort to deliver 4 2. 5 notice under subsection 1 does not invalidate an action taken 6 at a meeting or an action taken by other means. 499C.501 Cause of action — attorney 7 Sec. 14. NEW SECTION. 8 fees. 9 A declarant, unit owners association, unit owner, or any 10 other person subject to this chapter may bring an action to 11 enforce a right granted or obligation imposed by this chapter, 12 the declaration, or the bylaws. In any action under this 13 chapter, the court may award reasonable attorney fees to the 14 prevailing party. 15 DIVISION II 16 ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS AND CORRESPONDING CHANGES 17 Sec. 15. NEW SECTION. 499A.1A Applicability. 18 19 This chapter shall apply to cooperatives established under 20 this chapter unless otherwise provided in chapter 499C. 21 Sec. 16. NEW SECTION. 499B.1A Applicability. 22 This chapter applies to horizontal property regimes 23 established under this chapter unless otherwise provided in 24 chapter 499C. Sec. 17. Section 499B.2, Code 2011, is amended by adding the 25 26 following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 1A. "As-built certificate" means a 27 28 certificate and any accompanying documentation from a competent 29 licensed professional engineer, licensed land surveyor, or 30 registered architect, that certifies that such individual has 31 examined the plan filed with the declaration and that the plan 32 does diagrammatically represent, insofar as may be reasonably 33 determined through the use of nondestructive measurement 34 techniques, the building, the general common elements, and the 35 limited common elements that have been constructed on the real

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1 estate described in the declaration and plans. 2 Sec. 18. Section 499B.6, Code 2011, is amended to read as 3 follows: 4 499B.6 Copy of the floor plans to be filed. 5 There shall be attached to the declaration, at the time 1. 6 it is filed, a full and an exact copy of the plans of the 7 building, which copy shall be entered of record along with 8 the declaration or buildings and an as-built certificate or a 9 certificate described in subsection 2, paragraph a''. 10 2. a. If a portion of the horizontal property regime 11 is not completed at the time the declaration is filed, the 12 declaration may be filed, in lieu of an as-built certificate, 13 with a certification that the plans diagrammatically represent, 14 insofar as reasonably ascertainable, the buildings the 15 declarant intends to construct. 16 b. Upon completion of all buildings of a horizontal property 17 regime, for which a certificate under paragraph "a" was filed, 18 the declarant shall file for recording an as-built certificate. 19 c. Upon completion of a discrete portion of a horizontal 20 property regime project, a declarant may file an as-built 21 certificate for the portion then completed. 22 d. The absence of a certificate described in this subsection 23 for a declaration recorded before July 1, 2011, shall not 24 affect the marketability of title. The plans described in subsection 1 shall show 25 3. 26 graphically all particulars of the building, including, but 27 not limited to, the dimensions, area, and location of common 28 elements affording access to each apartment. Other common 29 elements, both limited and general, shall be shown graphically 30 insofar as possible and shall be certified to by an engineer, 31 architect, or land surveyor, who is registered or licensed to 32 practice that profession in this state. 33 Sec. 19. Section 499B.15, subsection 2, Code 2011, is 34 amended by striking the subsection. 35 EXPLANATION

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1 Division I of this bill creates a uniform common interest 2 ownership Act, new Code chapter 499C. The bill provides that 3 it is the public policy of the state that the management and 4 affairs of common interest communities be conducted to provide 5 open access to the management of the common interest community 6 to the unit owners.

New Code chapter 499C defines "common interest community" 7 8 to mean real estate described in a declaration with respect 9 to which a person, by virtue of the person's ownership of a 10 unit, is obligated to pay for a share of real estate taxes, 11 insurance premiums, maintenance, or improvement of, or services 12 or other expenses related to, common elements, other units, or 13 other real estate described in the declaration. Cooperatives 14 under Code chapter 499A and horizontal property regimes under 15 Code chapter 499B are also defined to be common interest 16 communities. The bill specifies that a common interest 17 community does not include a covenant that requires the owners 18 of separate parcels of real estate to share certain costs or 19 other obligations, unless all such owners consent in writing 20 to the creation of a common interest community, and does not 21 include community where all units are owned by a single unit 22 owner.

The bill does not allow for the provisions of new Code chapter 499C to be varied by agreement, and rights conferred by new Code chapter 499C may not be waived.

The bill specifies that unless otherwise provided by law new Code chapter 499C applies to all common interest communities established within this state on or after July 1, 2011. New Code chapter 499C does not apply to common interest communities of three or fewer units. The bill provides that new Code sections 499C.301 (amendments to governing instruments), 499C.302 (rules), 499C.401 (meetings), 499C.402 (records), 3499C.403 (notices), and 499C.501 (enforcement actions) apply to common interest communities established before July 1, 2011, and any portion of a declaration, bylaws, covenant, or other

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1 contractual provision existing prior to July 1, 2011, that 2 violates Code section 499C.301, 499C.302, 499C.401, 499C.402, 3 or 499C.403 is not enforceable.

The bill establishes requirements and procedures for common interest communities, unit owners associations, and executive boards relating to amending governing instruments, including declarations, bylaws, and plans. The bill also establishes requirements and procedures for the adoption of rules by executive boards and unit owners associations.

10 New Code section 499C.201 establishes requirements for unit ll owners associations, as defined in the bill. A unit owners 12 association must be organized not later than the date the first 13 unit in the common interest community is conveyed. The bill 14 provides that the membership of a unit owners association shall 15 at all times consist exclusively of all unit owners except 16 following termination of the common interest community, at 17 which time the unit owners association shall consist of all 18 former unit owners entitled to distributions of proceeds or 19 their heirs, successors, or assigns. The bill requires each 20 unit owners association to have an executive board. A unit 21 owners association must be organized as a profit or nonprofit 22 corporation, trust, limited liability company, partnership, 23 unincorporated association, or any other form of organization 24 authorized by the law of this state. The bill provides that 25 the requirements of new Code chapter 499C relating to a unit 26 owners association preempt any conflicting provision of the 27 statute under which the unit owners association is organized. The bill specifies the duties and powers of a unit owners 28 29 association, including powers of the unit owners association 30 for enforcement of the provisions of declaration, bylaws, or 31 rules.

32 The bill specifies the duties and powers of an executive 33 board. An executive board, except as otherwise provided in the 34 declaration, the bylaws, or other provision of law, acts on 35 behalf of the unit owners association. The bill specifies the

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1 duty of care required for members and officers of the executive
2 board.

3 The bill establishes requirements relating to meetings of 4 unit owners associations, executive boards, and committees 5 of such entities including requirements for the contents 6 of meeting notices, allowable actions during meetings, 7 requirements relating to unit owner comments, and the manner 8 in which meetings may be conducted. The bill also specifies 9 the manner and the reasons for which certain meetings may be 10 called.

11 The bill enacts requirements relating to the retention of 12 records by unit owners associations and specifies the records 13 retained by a unit owners association which may be withheld 14 from inspection and copying.

15 The bill requires a unit owners association or executive 16 board, as applicable, to deliver each notice required to be 17 given by the association under new Code chapter 499C to the 18 regular mail address or electronic mail address provided by 19 each unit owner. If a regular mail or electronic mail address 20 is not provided by the unit owner, the unit owners association 21 may deliver the notice by a different method specified in 22 the bill. The bill provides that the ineffectiveness of a 23 good-faith effort to deliver notice does not invalidate an 24 action taken at a meeting or an action taken by other means. 25 The bill provides that a declarant, unit owners association, 26 unit owner, or any other person subject to new Code chapter 27 499C may bring an action to enforce a right granted or 28 obligation imposed by the Code chapter, the declaration, or the 29 bylaws. In any such action, the court may award reasonable 30 attorney fees to the prevailing party.

31 Division II of the bill amends provisions relating to 32 certain plans and documents filed with a declaration of a 33 horizontal property regime and makes corresponding changes 34 relating to the enactment of new Code chapter 499C.

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