## Senate File 227 - Introduced

## SENATE FILE

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT
(SUCCESSOR TO SSB 1128)



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association with the national popular vote winner.
d. At least six days before the day fixed by law for the meeting and voting by the presidential electors, each member state shall make a final determination of the number of popular votes cast in the state for each presidential slate and shall communicate an official statement of such determination within twenty=four hours to the chief election official of each other member state.
e. The chief election official of each member state shall treat as conclusive an official statement containing the number of popular votes in a state for each presidential slate made by the day established by federal law for making a state's final determination conclusive as to the counting of electoral votes by Congress.
f. In event of a tie for the national popular vote winner, the presidential elector certifying official of each member state shall certify the appointment of the elector slate nominated in association with the presidential slate receiving the largest number of popular votes within that official's own state.
g. If, for any reason, the number of presidential electors nominated in a member state in association with the national popular vote winner is less than or greater than that state's number of electoral votes, the presidential candidate on the presidential slate that has been designated as the national popular vote winner shall have the power to nominate the presidential electors for that state and that state's presidential elector certifying official shall certify the appointment of such nominees.
h. The chief election official of each member state shall immediately release to the public all vote counts or statements of votes as they are determined or obtained.
i. This article shall govern the appointment of presidential electors in each member state in any year in which this agreement is, on July 20, in effect in states cumulatively possessing a majority of the electoral votes.
4. ARTICLE IV == OTHER PROVISIONS.
a. This agreement shall take effect when states cumulatively possessing a majority of the electoral votes have enacted this agreement in substantially the same form and the enactments by such states have taken effect in each state.
b. Any member state may withdraw from this agreement, except that a withdrawal occurring six months or less before the end of a president's term shall not become effective until a president or vice president shall have been qualified to serve the next term.
c. The chief executive of each member state shall promptly notify the chief executives of all other states of when this agreement has been enacted and has taken effect in that official's state, when the state has withdrawn from this agreement, and when this agreement takes effect generally.
d. This agreement shall terminate if the electoral college is abolished.
e. If any provision of this agreement is held invalid, the remaining provisions shall not be affected.
5. ARTICLE V == DEFINITIONS. For purposes of this agreement:
a. "Chief election official" shall mean the state official or body that is authorized to certify the total number of popular votes for each presidential slate.
b. "Chief executive" shall mean the governor of a state of the United States or the mayor of the District of Columbia.
c. "Elector slate" shall mean a slate of candidates who have been nominated in a state for the position of presidential elector in association with a presidential slate.
d. "Presidential elector" shall mean an elector for president and vice president of the United States.
e. "Presidential elector certifying official" shall mean the state official or body that is authorized to certify the appointment of the state's presidential electors.
f. "Presidential slate" shall mean a slate of two persons, the first of whom has been nominated as a candidate for president of the United States and the second of whom has been nominated as a candidate for vice president of the United States, or any legal successors to such persons, regardless of whether both names appear on the ballot presented to the voter in a particular state.
g. "State" shall mean a state of the United States and the District of Columbia.
h. "Statewide popular election" shall mean a general
election in which votes are cast for presidential slates by

427 individual voters and counted on a statewide basis.
429 This bill creates a compact for the state of Iowa whereby
430 the state agrees to certify its electors for president of the
431 United States based on the national popular vote for
432 president, rather than on the popular vote for president
433 within the state. The agreement is cited in the bill as the
434 "National Popular Vote Compact". To take effect, the compact
435 must be enacted by any number of states whose electoral votes,
51 in the aggregate, constitute a majority of the entire number
52 of electoral votes nationally. The compact provides that any
53 member state may withdraw from the compact. However, if a
54 withdrawal occurs six months or less before the end of a
55 president's term, the withdrawal shall not take effect until a
56 president has qualified to serve the next term.
57 LSB 1749SV 83
$58 \mathrm{sc} / \mathrm{nh} / 14$

