SEN	ATE	FILE
BY	DAI	NIELSON

Passed	Senate,	Date	Passed	House,	Date	
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays	
	A	pproved			1	

A BILL FOR

1 An Act concerning suspension of a driver's license due to temporary loss of consciousness or lack of voluntary control. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 4 TLSB 1811SS 82

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1 Section 1. Section 321.210, subsection 2, Code 2007, is 2 amended by adding the following new paragraph:

NEW PARAGRAPH. e. The first instance of a licensee's 4 temporary loss of consciousness or lack of voluntary control 5 while operating a motor vehicle, if the person was under the 6 influence of a drug at the time the incident occurred and all of the following apply:

8 (1) The drug was prescribed for the person and was taken 9 under the prescription and in accordance with the directions 10 of a medical practitioner as defined in chapter 155A, or the 11 drug was dispensed by a pharmacist without a prescription 12 pursuant to the rules of the board of pharmacy examiners, and 1 13 the medical practitioner or pharmacist had not directed the 14 person to refrain from operating a motor vehicle and there 1 15 were no labeling directions from the pharmacy advising against 1 16 motor vehicle operation.

1 17 (2) There is no evidence of the consumption of alcohol and 18 the person was not charged with a violation of section 321J.2 1 19 or 321J.2A in connection with the incident.

(3) The person submits to the department a medical report 21 from a physician licensed under chapter 148, 150, or 150A 22 certifying that the physician has performed a medical 1 23 examination of the person following the incident and concluded 24 that there is no likely medical explanation for the temporary 25 loss of consciousness or lack of voluntary control other than 1 26 the person's use of the drug as directed, and that the person 27 has been advised to discontinue use of the drug.

EXPLANATION

This bill requires the department of transportation to 30 refrain from suspending a person's driver's license due to 31 temporary loss of consciousness or lack of voluntary control 32 while operating a motor vehicle if the loss of consciousness 33 or lack of control was caused by the use of a prescribed drug 34 or a drug dispensed by a pharmacist, there is no evidence of 35 alcohol consumption, and the person was not charged with 1 operating while intoxicated. The bill specifies that the 1 operating while intoxicated. 2 person must have taken the drug as directed by a medical 3 practitioner or pharmacist and that there were no warnings 4 from the medical practitioner, pharmacist, or the drug's 5 labeling to abstain from operating a motor vehicle while 6 taking the drug. In addition, the person must submit a report 7 from a licensed physician certifying that a medical 8 examination of the person has demonstrated that there is no 9 likely medical explanation for the temporary loss of 2 10 consciousness or lack of volunt 2 11 of the drug as directed, and th 2 12 to discontinue use of the drug. 10 consciousness or lack of voluntary control other than the use 11 of the drug as directed, and that the person has been advised

Currently, pursuant to administrative rules, the department 14 suspends a person's license following an incident involving 2 15 temporary loss of consciousness or lack of voluntary control 2 16 until the person is episode free for six months; however, the 2 17 suspension may be lifted if medication is prescribed that 2 18 prevents such episodes. There is no provision in the rules 2 19 for lifting the suspension requirement if discontinued use of 2 20 a prescribed medication will prevent the temporary loss of

- 2 21 consciousness or lack of voluntary control. 2 22 LSB 1811SS 82 2 23 dea:nh/es/88