	SENATE FILE BY NOBLE
Passed Senate, Date Vote: Ayes Nays Approved	Passed House, Date Vote: Ayes Nays
	A BILL FOR

1 An Act eliminating the requirement of the commission of certain predatory acts prior to civil commitment as a sexually violent predator. 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

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Section 1. Section 229A.1, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code
    2 2007, is amended to read as follows:
          The general assembly finds that a small but extremely
    4 dangerous group of sexually violent predators exists which is
    5 made up of persons who do not have a mental disease or defect
    6 that renders them appropriate for involuntary treatment
   7 pursuant to the treatment provisions for mentally ill persons 8 under chapter 229, since that chapter is intended to provide
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    9 short=term treatment to persons with serious mental disorders
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  10 and then return them to the community. In contrast to persons 11 appropriate for civil commitment under chapter 229, sexually
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1 12 violent predators generally have antisocial personality
1 13 features that are unamenable to existing mental illness
1 14 treatment modalities and that render them likely to engage in 1 15 sexually violent behavior. The general assembly finds that 1 16 sexually violent predators' likelihood of engaging in repeat
  17 acts of predatory sexual violence is high and that the
1 18 existing involuntary commitment procedure under chapter 229 is
1 19 inadequate to address the risk these sexually violent
1 20 predators pose to society.
           Sec. 2. Section 229A.2, subsection 4, Code 2007, is
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1 22 amended to read as follows:
                "Likely to engage in predatory acts of sexual violence"
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           4.
1 24 means that the person more likely than not will engage in acts 1 25 of a sexually violent nature. If a person is not confined at 1 26 the time that a petition is filed, a person is "likely to 1 27 engage in predatory acts of sexual violence" only if the
  28 person commits a recent overt act.
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           Sec. 3. Section 229A.2, subsection 6, Code 2007, is
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  30 amended by striking the subsection.
31 Sec. 4. Section 229A.2, subsection 11, Code 2007, is
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1 32 amended to read as follows:
           11. "Sexually violent predator" means a person who has
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  34 been convicted of or charged with a sexually violent offense 35 and who suffers from a mental abnormality which makes the
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3 facility. Sec. 5. Section 229A.8, subsection 1, Code 2007, is 5 amended to read as follows:

1 person likely to engage in predatory acts constituting

2 sexually violent offenses, if not confined in a secure

1. Upon civil commitment of a person pursuant to this 7 chapter, a rebuttable presumption exists that the commitment 8 should continue. The presumption may be rebutted when facts 9 exist to warrant a hearing to determine whether a committed 2 10 person no longer suffers from a mental abnormality which makes 2 11 the person likely to engage in predatory acts constituting 2 12 sexually violent offenses if discharged, or the committed 2 13 person is suitable for placement in a transitional release 2 14 program.

Sec. 6. Section 229A.8, subsection 5, paragraph e, 16 subparagraph (1), Code 2007, is amended to read as follows: 2 15 (1) The mental abnormality of the committed person has so 2 17 2 18 changed that the person is not likely to engage in predatory 2 19 acts constituting sexually violent offenses if discharged.

2 20 Sec. 7. Section 229A.8, subsection 6, paragraph d, 2 21 subparagraph (1), Code 2007, is amended to read as follows: (1) The committed person's mental abnormality remains such 2 23 that the person is likely to engage in predatory acts that 2 24 constitute sexually violent offenses if discharged. 25 Sec. 8. Section 229A.8A, subsection 2, paragraph g, Code 26 2007, is amended to read as follows: 2 25 2.7 g. The committed person is not likely to engage in 2 28 predatory acts constituting sexually violent offenses while in 2 29 the program. 2 30 Sec. 9. Section 229A.10, subsection 1, Code 2007, is 2 31 amended to read as follows: 2 32 1. If the director of human services determines that the 33 person's mental abnormality has so changed that the person is 34 not likely to engage in predatory acts that constitute 35 sexually violent offenses if discharged, the director shall 1 authorize the person to petition the court for discharge. 3 2 petition shall be served upon the court and the attorney 3 general. The court, upon receipt of the petition for 4 discharge, shall order a hearing within thirty days. The 5 attorney general shall represent the state, and shall have the 6 right to have the petitioner examined by an expert or 3 3 7 professional person of the attorney general's choice. 3 % professional person of the attorney general becomes a serior of the attorney general because the serior of the attorney general. If the attorney general a lo objects to the petition for discharge, the burden of proof 3 11 shall be upon the attorney general to show beyond a reasonable 3 12 doubt that the petitioner's mental abnormality or personality 3 13 disorder remains such that the petitioner is likely to engage 3 14 in predatory acts that constitute sexually violent offenses if 3 15 discharged. 3 16 Sec. 10. Section 229A.11, Code 2007, is amended to read as 3 17 follows: 3 18 229A.11 SUBSEQUENT DISCHARGE OR TRANSITIONAL RELEASE 3 19 PETITIONS == LIMITATIONS. Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a person from filing 21 a petition for discharge or placement in a transitional

3 22 release program, pursuant to this chapter. However, if a 3 23 person has previously filed a petition for discharge or for 3 24 placement in a transitional release program without the 25 authorization of the director of human services, and the court 26 determines either upon review of the petition or following a 3 27 hearing that the petition was frivolous or that the 28 petitioner's condition had not so changed that the person was 29 not likely to engage in predatory acts constituting sexually 3 30 violent offenses if discharged, or was not suitable for 3 31 placement in the transitional release program, then the court 32 shall summarily deny the subsequent petition unless the 33 petition contains facts upon which a court could find the 34 condition of the petitioner had so changed that a hearing was 35 warranted. Upon receipt of a first or subsequent petition 1 from a committed person without the director's authorization, 2 the court shall endeavor whenever possible to review the 3 petition and determine if the petition is based upon frivolous 4 grounds. If the court determines that a petition is 5 frivolous, the court shall dismiss the petition without a 6 hearing.

EXPLANATION

This bill eliminates the requirement that the commission of 9 certain acts prior to civil commitment as a sexually violent 4 10 predator be predatory acts.

The bill requires a person, in order to be eligible for 4 12 civil commitment as a sexually violent predator, to be a 4 13 person who has been convicted of or charged with a sexually 4 14 violent offense and who suffers from a mental abnormality 4 15 which makes the person likely to engage in acts constituting 4 16 sexually violent offenses, if not confined in a secure 4 17 facility.

Current law requires the sexually violent offenses be 4 19 predatory in nature prior to being eligible for civil 20 commitment as a sexually violent predator. Current law 21 defines "predatory" to mean an act directed toward a person 4 22 with whom a relationship has been established or promoted for 4 23 the primary purpose of victimization. 24 LSB 2666SS 82

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