## Senate File 2308 - Introduced

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE (SUCCESSOR TO SSB 3200) Passed Senate, Date \_\_\_\_\_ Passed House, Date \_\_\_\_\_ Vote: Ayes \_\_\_\_\_ Nays \_\_\_\_ Nays \_\_\_\_

## A BILL FOR

SENATE FILE

1 An Act relating to identity theft by providing for the notification of a breach in the security of computerized data that includes personal information, and providing penalties.
4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 5 TLSB 6517SV 82

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Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 715C.1 DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise 1 3 requires:

- 1. "Breach of security" means unauthorized acquisition of 5 computerized data maintained by a person that compromises the 6 security, confidentiality, or integrity of personal
  7 information maintained by the person. Good faith acquisition
  8 of personal information by a person or that person's employee 9 or agent for a legitimate purpose of that person is not a 1 9 or agent for a legitimate purpose of that person is not a 1 10 breach of security, provided that the personal information is 1 11 not used in violation of applicable law or in a manner that 1 12 harms or poses an actual threat to the security, 1 13 confidentiality, or integrity of the personal information. 1 14 2. "Consumer" means an individual who is a resident of
- 1 15 this state.
  - 3. "Consumer reporting agency" means the same as defined
- 1 17 by the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. } 1681a.
  1 18 4. "Debt" means the same as provided in section 537.7102.
  1 19 5. "Encryption" means the use of an algorithmic process to 1 20 transform data into a form in which the data is rendered 1 21 unreadable or unusable without the use of a confidential 1 22 process or key.
- 6. "Extension of credit" means the right to defer payment 1 24 of debt or to incur debt and defer its payment offered or
- 1 25 granted primarily for personal, family, or household purposes. 1 26 7. "Financial institution" means the same as defined in 1 27 section 536C.2, subsection 6.
- 1 28 8. "Identity theft" means the same as provided in section 1
- 29 715A.8.
  30 9. "Payment card" means the same as defined in section 1 30
- 1 31 715A.10, subsection 3, paragraph "b".
  1 32 10. "Person" means an individual; corporation; business
  1 33 trust; estate; trust; partnership; limited liability company; 1 34 association; joint venture; government; governmental 1 35 subdivision, agency, or instrumentality; public corporation; 2 1 or any other legal or commercial entity. 2 2 11. "Personal information" means an individual's first
  - 3 name or first initial and last name in combination with any 4 one or more of the following data elements that relate to the 5 individual if neither the name nor the data elements are 6 encrypted, redacted, or otherwise altered by any method or 7 technology in such a manner that the name or data elements are 8 unreadable:
    - a. Social security number.
- 2 10 b. Driver's license number or other unique id 2 11 number created or collected by a government body. b. Driver's license number or other unique identification
- 2 12 c. Financial account number, credit card number, or debit 2 13 card number in combination with any required security code, 2 14 access code, or password that would permit access to an 2 15 individual's financial account.
- d. Unique electronic identifier or routing code, in 2 16 2 17 combination with any required security code, access code, or

2 18 password.

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e. Biometric identifier.

"Redacted" means altered or truncated so that no more 12. 2 21 than the last four digits of a social security number or other 2 22 numbers designated in section 715A.8, subsection 1, paragraph 2 23 "a", is accessible as part of the data.

24 Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 25 NOTIFICATION == REMEDIES. 715C.2 SECURITY BREACH == CONSUMER

- 1. Any person who owns, maintains, or otherwise possesses 27 data that includes a consumer's personal information that is 28 used in the course of the person's business, vocation, 2 29 occupation, or volunteer activities and who was subject to a 30 breach of security shall give notice of the breach of security 31 following discovery of such breach of security, or receipt of 32 notification under subsection 2, to any consumer whose 33 personal information was included in the information that was 34 breached. The consumer notification shall be made in the most 35 expeditious manner possible and without unreasonable delay, 1 consistent with the legitimate needs of law enforcement as 2 provided in subsection 3, and consistent with any measures 3 necessary to sufficiently determine contact information for 4 the affected consumers, determine the scope of the breach, and 5 restore the reasonable integrity, security, and 6 confidentiality of the data.
- 2. Any person who maintains or otherwise possesses 8 personal information on behalf of another person shall notify 9 the owner or licensor of the information of any breach of 3 10 security immediately following discovery of such breach of 3 11 security if a consumer's personal information was included in 3 12 the information that was breached.
- 3 13 3. The consumer notification requirements of this section 3 14 may be delayed if a law enforcement agency determines that the 3 15 notification will impede a criminal investigation and the 3 16 agency has made a written request that the notification be 3 17 delayed. The notification required by this section shall be 3 18 made after the law enforcement agency determines that the 3 19 notification will not compromise the investigation and 3 20 notifies the person required to give notice in writing. 3 21
- 4. For purposes of this section, notification to the 3 22 consumer may be provided by one of the following methods:
  - a. Written notice.
- Electronic notice if the person's customary method of b. 3 25 communication with the consumer is by electronic means or is 26 consistent with the provisions regarding electronic records 27 and signatures set forth in chapter 554D and the federal 3 28 Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 3 29 U.S.C. } 7001.
- Substitute notice, if the person demonstrates that the c. 31 cost of providing notice would exceed two hundred fifty 3 32 thousand dollars, that the affected class of consumers to be 3 33 notified exceeds three hundred fifty thousand persons, or if 3 34 the person does not have sufficient contact information to 35 provide notice. Substitute notice shall consist of the 1 following:
  - Electronic mail notice when the person has an (1)electronic mail address for the affected consumers.
  - (2) Conspicuous posting of the notice or a link to the notice on the internet web site of the person if the person 6 maintains an internet web site.
    - (3) Notification to major statewide media.
  - Notice pursuant to this section shall include, at a 9 minimum, all of the following:
    - a. A description of the breach of security.
    - The approximate date of the breach of security.
- The type of personal information obtained as a result 4 13 of the breach of security.
  - d. Contact information for consumer reporting agencies.
- Advice to the consumer to report suspected incidents of 4 15 e. 4 16 identity theft to local law enforcement or the attorney 4 17 general.
- 4 18 6. Notwithstanding subsection 1, notification is not 4 19 required if, after an appropriate investigation or after 4 20 consultation with the relevant federal, state, or local 4 21 agencies responsible for law enforcement, the person 22 determined that no reasonable likelihood of harm to the 23 consumers whose personal information has been acquired has 4 24 resulted or will result from the breach. Such a determination 25 must be documented in writing and the documentation must be 26 maintained for five years.
  - 7. This section does not apply to any of the following:
  - a. A person who complies with notification requirements or

4 29 breach of security procedures that provide greater protection 4 30 to personal information and at least as thorough disclosure 4 31 requirements than that provided by this section pursuant to 4 32 the rules, regulations, procedures, guidance, or guidelines 4 33 established by the person's primary or functional federal

- b. A person who complies with a state or federal law that provides greater protection to personal information and at 2 least as thorough disclosure requirements for breach of 3 security or personal information than that provided by this 4 section.
- c. A person who is subject to and complies with 6 regulations promulgated pursuant to Title V of the
- Gramm=Leach=Bliley Act of 1999, 15 U.S.C. } 6801=6809. 8. a. A violation of this chapter is an unlawful practice 9 pursuant to section 714.16 and, in addition to the remedies 10 provided to the attorney general pursuant to section 714.16, 11 subsection 7, the attorney general may seek and obtain an 5 12 order that a party held to violate this section pay damages to 5 13 the attorney general on behalf of a person injured by the 5 14 violation.
- b. The rights and remedies available under this section 5 16 are cumulative to each other and to any other rights and 5 17 remedies available under the law.

## EXPLANATION

This bill provides for the notification of a breach in the 5 20 security of computerized data of personal information.

The bill requires a person who owns, maintains, or 5 22 otherwise possesses computerized data that includes personal 5 23 information to provide notice of any breach of the person's 5 24 security of the data to those residents of this state whose 5 25 personal information was or may have been acquired by an 5 26 unauthorized person. The bill also requires a person who 27 maintains computerized data that includes personal information 28 that the person does not own to notify the owner of the data 5 29 of any breach in the security of the data. A "person" is 30 defined in the bill to include persons that conduct business 31 in this state and state agencies. The notice shall be 5 32 provided immediately unless a law enforcement agency 33 determines that the notification will impede a criminal 34 investigation. The notice may be made in writing, through 35 electronic means, or by substitute notice, as defined in the 1 bill, and must contain information regarding a description of 2 the breach of security, the approximate date of the breach, 3 the type of personal information obtained, contact information 4 for consumer reporting agencies, and consumer reporting 5 advice.

The bill provides that notification will not be required if 7 an investigation or consultation with law enforcement agencies 8 determines that no reasonable likelihood of harm has or will 9 result from the breach, and that the bill's provisions do not 10 apply to persons complying with specified requirements or 6 11 breach of security procedures that provide greater protection 6 12 to personal information and at least as thorough disclosure

13 requirements as provided pursuant to the bill. The bill provides that a violation of the bill is an 6 15 unlawful practice pursuant to Code section 714.16, and, in 6 16 addition, the attorney general may bring a civil action on 6 17 behalf of an injured person.

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