## Senate File 2173 - Introduced

SENATE FILE BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES (SUCCESSOR TO SSB 3013) Vote: Ayes \_\_\_\_\_ Nays \_\_\_\_ Vote: Ayes \_\_\_\_ Nays \_\_\_\_ Nays \_\_\_ A BILL FOR 1 An Act relating to case permanency plans, consent decrees, and attendance at proceedings in juvenile court.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 4 TLSB 5504SV 82 5 jm/rj/8PAG LIN 1 1 Section 1. Section 232.2, subsection 4, paragraph e, Code 1 2 Supplement 2007, is amended to read as follows:
1 3 e. The most recent information available regarding the 1 4 child's health and education records, including the date the 5 records were supplied to the agency or individual who is the 1 6 child's foster care provider. <u>If the child remains in foster</u>
1 7 care until the age of majority, the child is entitled to
1 8 receive prior to discharge the most recent information 1 9 available regarding the child's health and educational 10 records. Sec. 2. Section 232.46, subsection 4, Code 2007, is 1 12 amended to read as follows: 1 13 4. A consent decree shall remain in force for six months 1 14 up to one year unless the child is sooner discharged by the 1 15 court or by the juvenile court officer or other agency or 1 16 person supervising the child. Upon application of a juvenile 1 17 court officer or other agency or person supervising the child 1 18 made prior to the expiration of the decree and after notice 1 19 and hearing, or upon agreement by the parties, a consent 1 20 decree may be extended for  $\frac{1}{2}$  an additional  $\frac{1}{2}$  six months  $\frac{1}{2}$  by order of the court. Sec. 3. Section 232.91, subsection 3, Code Supplement 1 23 2007, is amended to read as follows: 1 24 3. Any person who is entitled under section 232.88 to 1 25 receive notice of a hearing concerning a child shall be given 1 26 the opportunity to be heard in any other review or hearing 1 27 involving the child. A foster parent, relative, or other 1 28 individual with whom a child has been placed for preadoptive 1 29 care shall have the right to be heard in any proceeding 1 30 involving the child. If a child is of an age appropriate to
1 31 attend the hearing but the child does not attend, the court
1 32 shall determine if the child was informed of the child's right 1 33 to attend the hearing. EXPLANATION This bill relates to case permanency plans, consent 2 1 decrees, and notification in juvenile court. The bill provides that a child who remains in foster care until the age of majority may receive the most recent 4 information regarding the child's health and educational 5 records prior to discharge from juvenile court. The bill provides that a consent decree entered into in 7 juvenile court in a juvenile delinquency proceeding shall 8 remain in force for up to one year unless the juvenile is 2 9 discharged by the court. The bill also provides that a 2 10 consent decree may be extended for up to an additional year. 2 11 Current law provides that a consent decree shall only remain 2 12 in force fo 2 13 six months. 12 in force for six months and may be extended for an additional A consent decree is an agreement entered into by a juvenile 2 15 in a delinquency proceeding whereby the juvenile voluntarily 16 agrees to terms and conditions established by the court. If 2 17 the juvenile abides by the terms and conditions of the consent

2 18 decree the state cannot proceed against the juvenile for any

2 19 delinquent act alleged in the delinquency petition.

- Under the bill, in any child in need of assistance 2 1 proceedings where the child does not attend and the child's 2 22 age is appropriate to attend such proceedings, the court shall 2 3 determine if the child was informed of the child's right to 2 24 attend.
  2 25 LSB 5504SV 82 2 6 jm/rj/8