## Senate File 200 - Introduced

SENATE FILE<br>BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY<br>(SUCCESSOR TO SF 14)


1 An Act providing for the liability of a landowner of land where
2 livestock are kept or an owner of adjoining land for erecting
3 and maintaining a fence, and providing for the assessment of
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5 BE IToperty taxes. ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:
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            Section 1. Section 169C.1, Code 2007, is amended by adding
the following new subsections:
    NEW SUBSECTION. 1A. "Fence" means a fence as described in
chapter 359A which is lawful and tight as provided in that
chapter, including but not limited to a partition fence. For
purposes of this chapter, "fence" includes a fence bordering a
public road.
    NEW SUBSECTION. 8. "Public road" means a thoroughfare and
its right=of=way, whether reserved by public ownership or
easement, for use by the traveling public.
    Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 169C.6 HABITUAL TRESPASS.
    A habitual trespass occurs when livestock trespasses from
the land where the livestock are kept onto the land of a
neighboring landowner or strays from the livestock owner's
control onto a public road, and on three or more separate
occasions within the prior twelve=month period the same or
different livestock kept on that land have trespassed onto the
land of the same neighboring landowner or strayed from the
livestock owner's control on the same public road.
    1: The local authority upon its own initiative or upon
receipt of a complaint shall determine whether livestock are
trespassing or straying from the livestock owner's control on
a public road, and make a record of its findings:
    2. a. Once a habitual trespass occurs, a neighboring
landowner may request that the responsible landowner of the
land where the trespassing or stray livestock are kept erect
or maintain a fence on the land. The neighboring landowner
shall make the request to the responsible landowner in
writing. The responsible landowner may compel an adjacent
landowner to contribute to the erection or maintenance of the
fence as provided in chapter 359A.
    b. If the responsible landowner does not erect or maintain
a fence within thirty days after receiving the request, the
neighboring landowner may apply to the fence viewers as
provided in chapter 359A as if the matter were a controversy
between the responsible landowner and an adjacent landowner,
and the matter shall be resolved by an order issued by the
fence viewers, subject to appeal, as provided in chapter 359A.
The neighboring landowner shall be a party to the controversy
as if the neighboring party were an adjacent landowner. The
neighboring landowner is not liable for erecting or
maintaining the fence, unless the neighboring landowner is an
adjacent landowner who is otherwise required to make a
contribution under chapter 359A.
    3. If the fence is not erected or maintained as required
in section 359A.6, and upon the written request of the board
of township trustees, the board of supervisors of the county
where the fence is to be erected or maintained shall act in
the same manner as the board of township trustees under that
section, including by erecting or maintaining the fence,
ordering payment from a defaulted party, and certifying an
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17 fence and a penalty equal to five percent of the total costs. The amount shall be placed upon the tax books, and collected with interest and penalties after due, in the same manner as other unpaid property taxes.

Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 359A.22A HABITUAL TRESPASS.
A landowner of land where livestock are kept or an owner of adjoining land shall be liable to erect or maintain a fence if the livestock trespasses upon the land of a neighboring landowner or strays from the livestock owner's control onto a public road, as provided in section 169C.6.

EXPLANATION
This bill amends Code chapter 169C, enacted in 1997, which provides a cause of action to a landowner or a county or city, referred to as a local authority, when livestock is trespassing, or is taken into custody after straying from its owner's control. The Code chapter provides that a landowner or local authority may take custody of livestock if the livestock trespasses upon the landowner's land or strays on a public road which adjoins the landowner's land, and may bring a civil action against the livestock owner for damages caused by the livestock and costs associated with the trespass or custody.

The bill provides for habitual trespass when livestock trespass from the land where the livestock are kept onto the same neighbor's land or the same public road on three or more occasions within a 12=month period. The bill provides that a local authority (county or city) may make a record of the occurrences. After the third occurrence, the neighboring landowner may request that the responsible landowner where the livestock should be kept erect or maintain a fence on the land under the provisions of Code chapter 359A. That chapter provides that an adjacent landowner may compel the erection or maintenance of a partition fence. Each adjacent landowner is liable to contribute an equal amount to pay for the associated costs of constructing the fence or making repairs. The bill treats the neighboring landowner as an adjacent landowner with the right to compel the fence to be constructed or repaired by the responsible landowner who presumably could require contribution from the adjacent landowner. However, the neighboring landowner making the request is not liable for the associated costs unless the neighboring landowner is also the adjacent landowner. Code chapter 359A provides that the township trustees may directly provide for the erection and maintenance of a fence if the parties do not act in a timely manner, and assess the amount as property taxes. The bill provides that the board of township trustees may request that the board of supervisors assume this duty. If the board constructs or repairs the fence, it may recoup the expenses together with a five percent penalty from a defaulted party. The amount of the associated costs is placed on the tax books and collected as property taxes.
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