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HOUSE RESOLUTION NO.
           BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON ADMINISTRATION AND
              RULES RESOLUTION BY CHAIRPERSON QUIRK)
   4 A Resolution relating to permanent rules of the House
         for the eighty=first eighty=second general assembly.
         BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
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   7 That the permanent rules of the House for the
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     eighty=first eighty=second general assembly be as
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   9 follows:
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                     DIVISION I == GENERAL RULES
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                                 Rule 1
                 Call to Order and Order of Business
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         The speaker shall take the chair at the hour to
1 14 which the house has adjourned, and shall immediately
1 15 call the members to order, correct the journal of the
1 16 previous day's proceedings, and proceed to other
1 17 business, including, but not limited to, introduction 1 18 of bills, reports, messages, communications, business 1 19 pending at adjournment, resolutions and bills on their
1 20 passage.
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                                 Rule 2
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                  Quorum Call and Time of Convening
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         The house shall convene each Monday at 1:00 p.m.
  24 and at 8:45 9:00 a.m. on all other legislative days
1 25 unless otherwise ordered. The time of convening shall 1 26 be recorded in the journal. The house shall not
  27 convene on Sunday during a regular or special session.
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         The speaker or a member may request a roll call to
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  29 determine if a quorum is present.
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                                 Rule 3
                        Absences from the House
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         No member shall be absent without leave while the
   3 house is in session unless the member is sick or
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   4 unable to attend.
                                 Rule 4
                         Preservation of Order
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         The speaker shall preserve order and decorum and
     speak to points of order in preference to other
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   9 members. Subject to an appeal to the house by any
 10 member, the speaker shall decide questions of order
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  11 which shall not be debated.
12 The speaker may have the chamber of the house
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2 13 cleared in case of any disturbance or disorderly
2 14 conduct.
2 15 Only past legislators, state officials, person
2 15 Only past legislators, state officials, persons 2 16 whose presence is deemed by the speaker to be of
2 17 special significance to the house, and school classes
2 18 accompanied by teachers and seated in the galleries 2 19 shall be introduced in the house.
         The public may take photographs from the galleries
  21 at any time. However, the use of flash bulbs or any
  22 other artificial lighting is prohibited. The press
  23 may photograph from the press section, but may not use
  24 artificial lighting except for live television crews
  25 who receive permission in advance from the chief clerk
  26 of the house or the sergeant=at=arms. Photographic
  27 instruments shall not be used on the house floor at
  28 any time when the members are voting on a question put
  29 before the house. Photographic instruments may be
  30 used on the house floor at other times with the
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   1 consent of the subject or subjects of the photography.
                                 Rule 4A
               Use of Telephonic or Electronic Devices
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                         in Chamber Restricted
         1. In order to prevent the disruption of house
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   6 deliberations, a person shall not do any of the
   7 following in the chamber while the house is in
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   8 session:
             Allow any audible signal to be continued to be
 10 transmitted to or from a telephonic or electronic
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3 11 device under the person's control.

b. Disrupt house deliberations by using a

3 13 telephonic or electronic device to audibly transmit or 3 14 receive communications.

2. A member shall not use a telephonic or 3 16 electronic device to audibly transmit or receive 3 17 communications while recognized by the presiding 3 18 officer to speak in debate.

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3. The speaker or other presiding officer may have 3 20 the chamber cleared of any person acting in violation 3 21 of this rule.

Rule 5

Rules of Parliamentary Practice The rules of parliamentary practice in Mason's 3 25 Manual of Legislative Procedure shall govern the house 26 in all cases where they are not inconsistent with the 27 standing rules of the house or the joint rules of the 3 28 senate and house.

Rule 5A House Budget

The speaker of the house shall annually prepare a 2 proposed budget for the house of representatives for the payment of expenses, salaries, per diems, and 4 other items. The proposed budget shall be submitted 5 on the fourteenth day of each legislative session to 6 the house committee in charge of administration, which 7 shall approve a proposed budget in house resolution 8 form within thirty days of receiving the proposed 9 budget from the speaker. The house shall adopt a 4 10 budget within thirty days of the introduction of the 4 11 house resolution.

Rule 6

The Speaker Pro Tempore

The house shall, at its pleasure, elect a speaker 4 15 pro tempore. When the speaker shall for any cause be 4 16 absent, the speaker pro tempore shall preside, except 4 17 when the chair is filled by appointment by either the 4 18 speaker or the speaker pro tempore. If a vacancy 4 19 occurs in the office of speaker, the speaker pro 20 tempore shall assume the duties and responsibilities 4 21 of the speaker until such time as the house shall 4 22 elect a new speaker. The speaker or the speaker pro 23 tempore shall have the right to name any member to 24 perform the duties of speaker, but such substitution 4 25 shall not extend beyond the adjournment. The acts of 26 the speaker pro tempore shall have the same validity 27 as those of the speaker. In the absence of both the 28 speaker and the speaker pro tempore, the house shall 29 name a speaker who shall preside over it and perform 30 all the duties of the speaker with the exception of 1 signing bills, until such time as the speaker or 2 speaker pro tempore shall be present, and the person's 3 acts shall have the same force and validity as those 4 of the regularly elected speaker.

Rule 7

Amendment and Suspension of Rules A motion to change or rescind a standing rule or 8 order of the house requires one day's notice. A 9 motion to suspend a rule, or to table or take from the 10 table a matter, requires an affirmative vote of a 11 constitutional majority. Postponing or changing the 12 order of business requires an affirmative vote of a 13 constitutional majority.

Rule 8

Violation of House Rules

The speaker shall, or any member may, call to order 17 a member who transgresses the rules of the house. 5 18 With leave of the house, the member called to order 5 19 may be permitted to explain. If the case requires it, 20 the member shall be subject to censure of the house. Rule 9

Referral of Rule Violations

The speaker shall, upon complaint of a member, or 24 upon the speaker's own motion, refer any alleged 25 violation of house or joint rules by house members, 26 employees or staff to the house ethics committee upon

27 an initial finding that an investigation is warranted. 28 The ethics committee shall investigate such 29 allegations and report them back to the house with a 30 recommendation.

Rule 10

Recognition and Decorum in Debate A member who wishes to speak in debate or deliver

4 any matter to the house shall be appropriately 5 attired, with male members wearing coat or tie, and, 6 after recognition by the chair, shall respectfully 7 address the presiding officer by saying "Mr. or Madam 8 Speaker", shall confine all remarks to the question 9 under debate, and shall avoid personalities.

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Rule 11 Limit on Debate

No member shall speak more than once on the same 6 13 question, without leave of the speaker, nor more than 6 14 twice until every member choosing to speak has spoken, 6 15 except as provided in Rule 81. A member shall be 6 16 limited to ten minutes debate on a bill being 6 17 considered prior to its last reading, but may be 6 18 granted an extension of time by consent of the house. Rule 12

Decorum During Debate

No member shall leave the house while the speaker 6 22 is putting a question. No one shall pass between the 23 speaker and a member who is speaking or two members 24 who have been recognized by the speaker.

Rule 13

Stating the Question

When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the 28 speaker. A motion made in writing shall be passed to 29 the desk before it is debated.

Rule 14

Putting the Question

Questions shall be distinctly put in this form: "All those in favor of (the question) shall say 'aye';" and after the affirmative voice is expressed, "All those opposed to (the question) shall say 'no'. 6 If the speaker is in doubt or a member of the house 7 requests, a nonrecord roll call vote shall be taken. 8 DIVISION II == EMPLOYEES OF THE HOUSE

Rule 15

Chief Clerk of the House

The chief clerk of the house shall serve as 7 12 parliamentarian and chief administrative officer of 7 13 the house under the direction of the speaker of the 14 house. The chief clerk shall supervise the chief 15 clerk's office; be responsible for the custody and 7 16 safekeeping of all bills, resolutions, and amendments 17 filed, except when they are in the custody of a 7 18 committee; have charge of the daily journal; have 7 19 control of all rooms assigned for the use of the 20 house; attest to the accuracy and correctness of text 21 and action on bills and resolutions; process the 22 handling of amendments when filed and during the floor 23 consideration of bills; insert adopted amendments into 24 bills before transmittal to the senate and prior to 25 final enrollment; supervise legislative printing and 26 the distribution of printed material; and perform all 27 other duties pertaining to the office of the chief 28 clerk.

> Rule 16 Reserved Rule 17

Sergeant=At=Arms

The sergeant=at=arms shall execute all orders of 4 the house and the presiding officer; perform all 5 assigned duties related to the policing and good order 6 of the house; supervise the entrance and exit of all 7 persons to and from the chamber; promptly execute all 8 messages, etc.; provide that the chamber is properly 9 ventilated and open for the use of the members; and 10 perform all other services pertaining to the office of 11 sergeant=at=arms.

> Rule 18 Secretaries

All secretaries of the house shall be under the 15 general direction of the speaker and the chief clerk. 8 16 Secretaries shall be on duty at the house from 8:30 8 17 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. except when excused by the member to 18 whom the secretary is assigned. Secretaries shall 19 perform such additional duties as may be assigned to 20 them by the chief clerk.

Rule 19

Extra Compensation of Employees No employee shall receive any extra compensation, 8 24 except as provided by the house, or tips for services 8 25 performed while on duty. Any violation of this rule 8 26 shall be grounds for removal.

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DIVISION III == VISITORS AND LOBBYISTS Rule 20

Admission to the House; Lobbying The chamber of the house shall include the 1 vestibule, restrooms, cloak room, lounge, visitors' 2 galleries, and floor of the house.

The floor of the house shall consist of that area 4 between the press box, speaker's station, and the 5 south wall behind the last row of desks occupied by 6 representatives, excluding the visitors' galleries.

During a legislative day while the house is in 8 session, and one=half hour before the house convenes 9 and one=half hour after the house recesses or 9 10 adjourns, no person shall be admitted to the floor of 11 the house except:

- 1. Members of the general assembly and authorized 9 13 house employees in the performance of their duties.
 - 2. Former members of the general assembly who are 15 not registered lobbyists.

3. A general assembly member's family.

- Representatives of the press, radio, and 18 television who shall go directly to and from the press 9 19 box.
- Legislative interns approved by the chief clerk 9 21 who shall go directly to and from the seat of their 22 assigned representative or to be seated in the 9 23 perimeter seating area.
 - 6. Chair, co=chair, and the executive secretary of 25 a political party having members serving in the 26 general assembly.
 - 7. Personnel of the legislative services agency 28 and citizens' aide/ombudsman's office.
 - The governor's executive assistants and 30 administrative assistants, members of the state executive council, the lieutenant governor, the attorney general, and the administrative rules 3 coordinator, all of whom shall be confined to the 4 perimeter area.

The current status of former members of the general assembly shall govern their access to the floor under these rules.

No other persons shall be allowed on the house floor without permission of the presiding officer of 10 10 the house.

No person admitted to the floor of the house, 10 12 except members of the general assembly, shall, while 10 13 the $\bar{\text{h}}\text{ouse}$ is in session, lobby or attempt to exercise 10 14 any influence with any member for or against any 10 15 matter then pending or that may thereafter be 10 16 considered by the house.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this rule 10 18 regarding admission to the floor of the house, a 10 19 registered lobbyist shall not be admitted to the floor 10 20 of the house on any day when the house is in session 10 21 or committees are scheduled to meet from one=half hour 10 22 before the house convenes or 8:45 9:00 a.m., whichever 10 23 is earlier, until one=half hour after the house 10 24 adjourns or until 4:30 p.m., whichever is later. 10 25 registered lobbyist or other person may be admitted to 10 26 the house when the house is not in session to gain 10 27 access to a committee room.

Each lobbyist shall be given a copy of this rule 10 29 when the lobbyist registers.

Each member, employee of the house, and registered lobbyist shall report violations of this rule 2 immediately to the sergeant=at=arms.

Any person for cause may be summarily dismissed 4 from the chamber of the house, by action of the house, 5 and shall forfeit that person's right to admission thereafter.

Rule 20A

Legislative Interns

11 9 Only one legislative intern per member of the house 11 10 is allowed on the floor of the house at any one time. Rule 21

Distribution of Literature

11 12 No person except a member or employee of the house 11 13 11 14 of representatives shall generally distribute or cause 11 15 to be distributed any pamphlets, material, or other

11 16 printed literature to the members' desks in the house. 11 17 An employee of the house shall generally distribute or 11 18 cause to be distributed such literature only on behalf 11 19 of the employee's office or staff.

11 20 All copies of pamphlets, material, or printed 11 21 literature distributed by a member or employee of the 11 22 house of representatives shall bear the name of the 11 23 member or employee's office or staff.

Other distributions of pamphlets, material, or 11 25 other printed literature shall bear their source of 11 26 origin and be distributed through the legislative post 11 27 office by completing a form containing a member's or 11 28 the chief clerk's authorization, with the 29 authorization form attached to one copy of the 30 distribution. The copy with the attached 1 authorization form shall be retained for a reasonable time period by the legislative post office.

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Rule 22

Distribution of Materials Printed by the State

A member of the house shall not distribute maps, books, and pamphlets such as, but not limited to, How 8 a Bill Becomes Law, which have been printed by the 9 state of Iowa and upon which the name of the member of 12 10 the house has been affixed unless the member has 12 11 purchased the materials or unless the member has 12 12 affixed the words "Paid for by the citizens of Iowa 12 13 and distributed by representative (member's name)."
12 14 DIVISION IV == FORMS AND PROCEDURES

FOR BILLS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

Rule 23

Documents Signed by the Speaker

All acts and joint resolutions shall be signed by 12 19 the speaker, and all writs, warrants, and subpoenas 12 20 issued by order of the house, shall be signed by the 12 21 speaker and attested by the chief clerk. The speaker 12 22 shall cause certificates of recognition or condolence 12 23 to be issued by the house which shall be signed by the 12 24 speaker and the chief clerk.

Rule 24

Presentation of Petitions

All petitions, memorials and other papers addressed 12 28 to the house shall be signed by the member and filed 12 29 with the chief clerk or the chief clerk's staff.

Rule 25

Consideration of Resolutions

Action on a resolution, except a memorial 3 resolution, or a proposition requesting information 4 from a state official shall not be taken until one day 5 after the resolution has been placed on the members' After the resolution is adopted, the chief 6 desks. 7 clerk shall transmit certified copies and have the 8 resolution printed in the bound journal. A resolution 9 may be printed in the daily journal upon the approval 13 10 of the speaker after consultation with the minority 13 11 leader.

Rule 26

Unanimous Consent Calendar

The speaker may, upon the request of three members, 13 15 place on a unanimous consent calendar any house 13 16 resolution or concurrent resolution which does not 13 17 contain an appropriation and which has been laid over 13 18 under Rule 25.

If such resolution is placed on the unanimous 13 20 consent calendar, it may be removed only upon a 13 21 written request submitted to the speaker by a member 13 22 of the house.

If not removed after five legislative days, the 13 24 chief clerk shall call up the resolution and without 13 25 debate the speaker shall pronounce that it has passed 13 26 by unanimous consent.

If the resolution is removed from the unanimous 13 28 consent calendar, the speaker may again lay the 13 29 resolution over under Rule 25, place it on a different 13 30 calendar, or refer the resolution to any of the 1 standing committees of the house.

Rule 27

Forms of Bills and Joint Resolutions Every house bill shall be introduced by one or more 5 members or by any standing or specially authorized 6 committee of the house, the administrative rules

7 review committee or interim study committee. 8 bills and joint resolutions introduced shall be 9 prepared by the legislative services agency with 14 10 title, enacting clause, text and explanation as 14 11 directed by the chief clerk of the house. One copy of 14 12 each bill shall be presented in a bill cover with the 14 13 number of copies of the bill and the title as directed 14 14 by the chief clerk.

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Rule 28

Joint and Nullification Resolutions Joint resolutions shall be framed and treated as 14 18 bills.

A "nullification resolution" is a joint resolution 14 20 which nullifies all of an administrative rule, or a 14 21 severable item of an administrative rule adopted 14 22 pursuant to chapter 17A of the Code. A nullification 14 23 resolution shall not amend an administrative rule by 14 24 adding language or by inserting new language in lieu 14 25 of existing language.

A nullification resolution may be introduced by an 14 27 individual, a standing committee or the administrative 14 28 rules review committee, and may be referred to a 14 29 standing committee. A nullification resolution is 14 30 debatable, but cannot be amended on the floor of the 1 house.

Rule 29

Time of Introduction of Bills No bill or joint resolution under individual 5 sponsorship, other than a nullification resolution, 6 shall be read for the first time after 4:30 p.m. on 7 Friday of the 6th week of the first regular session of 8 the general assembly unless a written formal request for drafting the bill has been filed with the 15 10 legislative services agency before that time.

After adjournment of the first regular session, 15 12 bills may be prefiled at any time before the convening 15 13 of the second regular session. No bill or joint 15 14 resolution under individual sponsorship, other than a 15 15 nullification resolution, shall be read for the first 15 16 time after 4:30 p.m. on Friday of the second week of 15 17 the second regular session of the general assembly 15 18 unless a written formal request for drafting the bill 15 19 has been filed with the legislative services agency 15 20 before that time.

However, bills or joint resolutions sponsored by 15 22 standing committees or the administrative rules review 15 23 committee, co=sponsored by the majority and minority 15 24 floor leaders, or companion bills sponsored by the 15 25 house majority leader and the senate majority leader 15 26 may be drafted and introduced at any time permissible 15 27 under Joint Rule 20. House, concurrent, and 15 28 nullification resolutions may be introduced at any 15 29 time.

Rule 30

Introduction and Reading of Bills All bills and resolutions to be introduced in the 3 house shall be typed prepared in proper form and filed 4 with the chief clerk no later than 4:30 p.m. on the 5 legislative day preceding its introduction.

Every bill shall receive two readings but no bill shall receive its first and last readings on the same day.

A "reading of a bill" as required by these rules 16 10 shall consist of a reading of the title and enacting 16 11 clause unless otherwise demanded by a house member. Rule 31

First Reading, Commitment, and Amendment 16 14 31.1. A bill is introduced into the house by an 16 15 initial or "first reading of the bill".

31.2. When the house is in session the first 16 17 reading shall consist of a "reading" as provided in 16 18 Rule 30.

31.3. Upon a first reading of the bill, the 16 20 speaker shall state that it is ready for commitment or 16 21 amendment; and the speaker shall commit it to the 16 22 standing or select committee, or to a committee of the 16 23 whole house. If to a committee of the whole house, 16 24 the house shall determine on what day.

16 25 31.4. On a day when the house is not in session, 16 26 the speaker shall cause a statement, which shall 16 27 consist of the title, enacting clause, bill number and 16 28 committee to which the bill is referred to be 16 29 published in the house journal. This publication 16 30 shall constitute a first reading and commitment and 1 shall contain the notation "read and committed under 2 Rule 31.4"

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31.5. All amendments offered to bills on file or 4 on the regular calendar shall be accompanied by such copies as the chief clerk shall direct.

31.6. Such amendments shall give the number of the bill sought to amend and the chief clerk shall designate each such amendment thus: Amendment to ____, or Senate File House File

A bill reported out by committee shall go to 17 12 the speaker who shall direct that the bill be placed 17 13 on the regular calendar unless it covers subject 17 14 matter more properly within the jurisdiction of some 17 15 other standing committee, in which case the speaker 17 16 shall refer the bill to the proper standing committee. 17 17 In order to expedite important business and set a 17 18 definite time for the bill's consideration, the 17 19 speaker may direct the bill to be placed on the 17 20 special order calendar.

31.8. No amendment to the rules of the house, to 17 22 any resolution or bill, except technical amendments 17 23 and amendments to bills substituted for by senate 17 24 files containing substantially identical title, 17 25 language, subject matter, purpose and intrasectional 17 26 arrangement, shall be considered by the membership of 17 27 the house without a copy of the amendment having been 17 28 filed with the chief clerk by 4:00 p.m. or within one= 17 29 half hour of adjournment, whichever is later, on the 17 30 day preceding floor debate on the amendment. 1 house adjourns prior to 2:00 p.m. on Friday, the final 2 deadline is two hours after adjournment. However, 3 committee amendments filed pursuant to the submission 4 of the committee report may be accepted after this This provision shall not apply to any 5 deadline. 6 proposal debated on the floor of the house after the 7 fourteenth week of the first session and the twelfth 8 week of the second session. No amendment or amendment 9 to an amendment to a bill, rule of the house, or 18 10 resolution shall be considered by the membership of 18 11 the house without a copy of the amendment being on the 18 12 desks of the entire membership of the house prior to 18 13 consideration. However, after the fourteenth week of 18 14 the first session and the twelfth week of the second 18 15 session, the membership of the house may consider an 18 16 amendment or an amendment to an amendment to a bill, 18 17 rule of the house, or resolution without a copy of the 18 18 amendment being on the desks of the entire membership 18 19 of the house prior to consideration if a copy of the 18 20 amendment is made available to the entire membership 18 21 of the house electronically.

Commitment of Appropriation and Revenue Bills All bills to appropriate money shall be referred to the appropriations committee, and all bills pertaining to the levy, assessment, or collection of taxes shall 18 27 be referred to the committee on ways and means. Rule 33

Regular Calendar

Bills, nullification resolutions, and joint 1 resolutions reported out for passage, or amendment and passage, or without recommendation, by a committee, 3 shall be arranged on a regular calendar by the chief 4 clerk each day at 4:30 p.m. in the order of the file 5 number of the bills and following the preceding legislative day's regular calendar. Priority shall be given to house over senate file numbers and to joint 8 resolutions over bills in the arrangement of the 9 regular calendar.

Rule 34

Debate and Special Order Calendars The majority floor leadership shall cause to be 19 13 prepared and distributed to the members at the opening 19 14 of each session day when floor action is scheduled, a 19 15 daily debate calendar consisting of bills, 19 16 nullification resolutions, and joint resolutions from 19 17 the regular calendar setting forth the number and 19 18 title of bills, nullification resolutions, and joint

19 19 resolutions for the next session day that floor action 19 20 is scheduled.

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The majority floor leadership shall cause to be 19 22 prepared and distributed to the members at the opening 19 23 of each session day when floor action is scheduled, a 19 24 special order calendar setting forth the number and 19 25 title of bills, nullification resolutions, and joint 19 26 resolutions and the date upon which debate is 19 27 scheduled to begin on each of them, which can be no 19 28 sooner than five session days from the first date of 29 publication on the regular calendar.

This rule does not apply to bills which have passed 1 both houses in different forms, reconsiderations, or veto reconsiderations.

Rule 35

Noncontroversial Calendar

The majority floor leadership may cause to be prepared a noncontroversial calendar consisting of bills and joint resolutions from the regular calendar. The noncontroversial calendar shall appear under separate heading on the regular calendar.

Notwithstanding Rule 34, a bill or joint resolution 20 11 on the noncontroversial calendar may be called up for 20 12 debate at any time by the majority leader beginning 20 13 the third legislative day after it appears on the 20 14 noncontroversial calendar. A bill or joint resolution 20 15 shall be stricken from the noncontroversial calendar 20 16 if a written objection to the bill or joint resolution 20 17 is filed with the chief clerk prior to the time the 20 18 bill or joint resolution is called up by the majority 20 19 leader.

Debate on a bill or joint resolution from the 20 21 noncontroversial calendar shall be limited to ten 20 22 minutes. If debate exceeds ten minutes, the bill or 20 23 joint resolution shall be stricken from the 20 24 noncontroversial calendar.

Rule 36

Consideration of Committee Amendments After a bill has been referred and reported back, 20 28 it shall be considered on its first reading after the 20 29 amendments of the committee have been read.

Rule 37

Amendments to Special Order Bills 2 All amendments to bills on the special order 3 calendar shall be filed at least three session days 4 prior to the date set for debate. Amendments to an 5 amendment shall be filed at least two session days 6 prior to the date set for debate. However, corrective 7 amendments and amendments sponsored by either the 8 majority floor leader or the minority floor leader may 9 be filed at any time. Rule 31.8 shall not apply to 21 10 these amendments.

A corrective amendment is an amendment which does 21 12 not substantively change the amendment or the bill. Rule 38

Irrelevant Amendments

No motion or proposition on a subject different 21 16 from that under consideration shall be admitted under 21 17 color of an amendment.

Rule 39

Consideration of Bills

Bills, including committee bills, and nullification 21 21 resolutions, reported out for passage, for indefinite 21 22 postponement, for amendment and passage, or without 21 23 recommendation by the committee, shall not be acted 21 24 upon until after the second legislative day following 21 25 the day the report was printed in the journal.

The reports of the committees shall not be read 27 while the house is in session except as herein 21 28 provided. The reports shall be printed in the journal 29 immediately after they are filed with the chief clerk. 30 Reports recommending bills for passage, for amendment 1 and passage, or without recommendation shall stand approved unless written objections are filed during the first legislative day following their printing in the journal. If objections are filed, they shall be 5 disposed of as soon as possible. Reports recommending 6 indefinite postponement shall be governed by Rule 44.

Upon an affirmative vote of at least a 8 constitutional majority of the members, a report may 9 be read before it is printed in the journal and while 22 10 the house is in session, and acted upon at once. 22 11 Rule 40 22 12 22 13

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Consideration of Bills Upon Last Reading No amendment, unless by way of correcting an error 22 14 or omission, shall be received to any bill on its last 22 15 reading, and no debate shall be allowed on it. Rule 41

Printing of Bills and Joint Resolutions Bills and joint resolutions shall be printed in 22 19 form as provided by law and by rule. Each house may 22 20 direct the printing of an additional number of its own 22 21 bills.

Legalizing bills of a local or private nature shall 22 23 be printed in bill form and placed in the files of the 22 24 members, the same as other bills, in the order of 22 25 their introduction. The cost of printing shall be 22 26 deposited with the treasurer of state in advance at a 22 27 rate to be fixed, and the newspaper publication of the 22 28 bill shall be without cost to the state. No 22 29 legalizing act may be introduced until all provisions 22 30 of law have been complied with.

Rule 42

Certification and Engrossment of Bills 3 The chief clerk shall certify the passage of each 4 bill and note the date of its passage.

In engrossing a bill, the chief clerk shall correct 6 all obvious typographical, spelling, or other clerical errors and change section subunit numbers and letters 8 and internal references as required to conform the 9 original bill to any amendments which have been 23 10 adopted. The chief clerk shall report all such 23 11 corrections or changes in the journal. The engrossed 23 12 bill shall be placed in the bill file with the 23 13 original bill and amendments.

> Rule 43 Rereferral

A bill may be rereferred at any time before its 23 17 passage and after the report of its referral to 23 18 committee.

Rule 44

Effect of Indefinite Postponement When a question is indefinitely postponed, it shall 23 22 not be acted upon again during that session. Any bill 23 23 which receives a committee recommendation of 23 24 indefinite postponement shall be disposed of within 23 25 three legislative days after the printed journal 23 26 containing the report has been placed upon the desks 23 27 of the members of the house, or the committee 23 28 recommendation will be considered adopted.

Rule 45

Status of Bills Following First Regular Session

Except for those bills which have been adopted by 3 both houses in different forms, all bills which have 4 not been withdrawn, defeated or indefinitely 5 postponed, shall be rereferred to committee upon 6 adjournment of the first regular session. Within 7 seven days after the first committee meeting following 8 convening of the second regular session, the committee 9 chair shall submit the bill to the full committee for 24 10 action or the chair shall reassign the bill to a 24 11 subcommittee.

DIVISION V == COMMITTEE PROCEDURES Rule 46

Appointment of Committees

All committees shall be appointed by the speaker, 24 16 unless otherwise especially directed by the house. Rule 47

Order on Question of Commitment

When a resolution is offered or a motion made to 24 20 refer any subject, and different committees are 24 21 proposed, the question shall be taken in the following 24 22 order: The committee of the whole house; a standing 24 23 committee; a select committee.

Rule 48 Study Bills

24 25 24 26 A study bill is any matter which a member of the 24 27 house wishes to have considered by a standing 24 28 committee, other than appropriations, and which has 24 29 not been included in a previously introduced bill. 24 30 Upon taking possession of a study bill, the committee

1 chair shall notify the speaker and then submit fifteen 2 copies of the bill to the legal counsel's office for 3 numbering.

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A study bill shall bear the name of the member who 5 wishes to have the bill considered. A study bill 6 submitted by a state agency or board for consideration shall bear the name of the state agency or board. A committee chair may submit a study bill in the name of that committee.

Final committee action on a study bill shall not be taken until one day following the notation of the 25 12 study bill assignment in the house journal.

A study bill not prepared by the legislative 25 14 services agency may be submitted to a standing 25 15 committee, but shall not be considered by the full 25 16 committee unless reviewed and typed prepared in proper 25 17 form by the legislative services agency. 25 18 Rule 49

Rule 49

Committee Meetings

No committee, except a conference committee or the 25 21 administrative rules review committee, shall meet 25 22 while the house is in session without special leave. 25 23 Two committees with overlapping memberships shall not 25 24 meet at the same time without special leave. 25 25 Rule 50

Rule 50

Smoking Prohibited

25 27 Smoking shall not be permitted in the house or in 25 28 any area of the capitol building controlled by the 25 29 house or controlled jointly by the house and senate.

Rule 50A

Nondegradable Polystyrene Cups

The use of nondegradable polystyrene cups shall not 3 be permitted on the floor of the house, at the speaker's station, or in the press boxes.
Rule 51

Assignments to Subcommittee

The chair of the committee shall report to the 8 house the bill number of each bill assigned to subcommittee and the names of the subcommittee 26 10 members. The report shall be printed in the journal.

All bills, prior to consideration by the committee, shall be referred by the chair to a subcommittee, 26 13 unless acted upon by a committee of the whole.

26 14 The chair may assign bills to subcommittees without 26 15 a meeting of the committee, but the membership of the 26 16 subcommittee so appointed shall be reported at the 26 17 next meeting of the committee. 26 18 Rule !

Rule 52

Open Meetings

Standing committee meetings shall be open, and 26 21 voting by secret ballot is prohibited. The committee 26 22 on administration and rules may close its meetings to 26 23 evaluate the professional competency of an individual 26 24 whose appointment, hiring, performance, or discharge 26 25 is being considered when necessary to prevent needless 26 26 and irreparable injury to that individual's reputation 26 27 on the request of the affected individual.

Rule 53

Quorum and Vote Requirements

The committee roll shall be taken at the convening of each meeting to determine the presence of a quorum. A majority of the committee membership shall 3 constitute a quorum.

An affirmative vote of a majority of the committee membership is required to report a bill out of committee or to suspend a committee rule.

A motion to reconsider may be made only by a committee member who voted on the prevailing side of the question sought to be reconsidered. A motion to 27 10 reconsider may only be made provided the bill is still 27 11 in possession of the committee.

27 12 If a member, who is in the committee room when a 27 13 question to report a bill out of committee is put, has 27 14 not asked to be excused prior to commencing to take 27 15 the vote on the question, the member shall vote aye or 27 16 nay unless the committee has excused the member for 27 17 special reasons. However, a member may pass on the 27 18 first taking of the roll call on the question but 27 19 shall vote age or nay when the member's name is called 27 20 for a second time.

Committee Attendance Record and Report of Committee Form

- 1. A committee attendance record shall be filed 27 24 27 25 with the chief clerk no later than 10:00 a.m. or two 27 26 hours after the house convenes, whichever is later, of 27 27 the legislative day immediately following the day of 27 28 the committee meeting. The committee attendance 29 record is a public record and may be published in the 27 30 journal. The committee attendance record shall include the following information:
 - The time the meeting convened.

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- The members present at the meeting.
- c. The time the meeting adjourned.
- A list of bills receiving final committee d. 6 disposition.
- 2. A report of committee form shall be filed with 28 8 the chief clerk no later than 10:00 a.m. or two hours 28 9 after the house convenes, whichever is later, of the 28 10 legislative day immediately following the day of the 28 11 committee meeting for each study bill, numbered bill 28 12 or resolution receiving final committee disposition. 28 13 The report of committee form is a public record and a 28 14 report of committee action shall be printed in the 28 15 journal. The report of committee form shall include 28 16 the following information:
 - a. The committee action taken.
 - b. The committee amendment number, if any.
- The roll call vote of the committee on final c. 28 20 disposition.
 - d. The minority recommendation, if any.
- Upon final adjournment of the first session and 28 23 final adjournment of the second session of the general 28 24 assembly, the chair of each committee shall have 28 25 placed the committee's book of record containing 28 26 minutes, roll calls, rules, etc., with the chief clerk 28 27 for access of any interested person.

Rule 55

Minority Recommendation

The minority of the members of a committee may 1 present its recommendations on the final disposition 2 of a bill to the house by attaching its recommendation 3 to the committee report and the same shall be printed 4 in the journal with the committee report.

Rule 56

Committee Amendment

Whenever a committee amendment is proposed which 8 would amend another committee amendment, the amendment 9 shall be drafted in the form of a substitute amendment 29 10 and shall be considered as such.

Rule 57

Committee Notice and Agenda Each committee shall prepare and publish a notice 29 14 and agenda of each committee meeting at least one 29 15 legislative day prior to the meeting. The notice and 29 16 agenda may be placed on the desks of or transmitted electronically to committee members.

The notice shall contain the committee name, the

29 19 date, time, and location of the meeting.
29 20 The agenda shall contain the matters to be 29 21 discussed, including a list of bills, joint 29 22 resolutions, nullification resolutions, and study 29 23 bills by number. The agenda should contain the names 29 24 of individuals who are scheduled to appear before the 29 25 committee and the organization which they represent.

29 26 A bill, joint resolution, nullification resolution, 29 27 or study bill shall not be reported out of committee 29 28 if the bill was not included in the published notice 29 29 and agenda unless this rule is suspended by a majority 29 30 of the total membership of the committee.

A committee chair may call a meeting without 2 providing the required notice and agenda upon leave of the house if a notice is either electronically 4 transmitted to committee members and placed on the 5 bulletin board or placed on the desks of committee 6 members.

Rule 58

Clearing of Committee Room

The chair of a committee may clear the committee 30 10 room in case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct. Rule 58A

Use of Telephonic or Electronic Devices

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30 13
                      in Committee Rooms Restricted
30 14
          1. In order to prevent the disruption of committee
30 15 deliberations, a person shall not do any of the
30 16 following in any committee room while a standing 30 17 committee is in session:
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          a. Allow any audible signal to be continued to be
30 19 transmitted to or from a telephonic or electronic 30 20 device under the person's control.
              Use a telephonic or electronic device to
30 21
30 22 audibly transmit or receive communications.
30 23 2. The chair or acting chair of a standing
30 24 committee may clear the committee room of any person
30 25 acting in violation of this rule.
30 26
                                   Rule 59
30 27
                           Committee Amendments
30 28
          All amendments to a bill or resolution adopted in
30 29 committee shall be incorporated in a single committee
30 30 amendment or incorporated in a new committee bill.
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                                   Rule 60
                            Withdrawal of Bills
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                      or Nullification Resolutions
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                               From Committee
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          A bill or nullification resolution which has been
    6 in committee for eighteen legislative days following 7 notation of such referral in the journal may be
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    8 withdrawn from the committee and placed on the
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    9 calendar by an affirmative vote of not less than
31 10 fifty=one members of the house.
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                                   Rule 61
                        Committee Public Hearings
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          The chair of a committee may call a public hearing
31 14 for the purpose of receiving public comment on any
31 15 matter within the purview of the committee.
31 16
          The chair shall call a public hearing upon the
31 17 written request of committee members according to
31 18 committee rules, but no more than one=third of the
31 19 committee members shall be required.
31 20 A public hearing shall not be cal
          A public hearing shall not be called or requested
31 21 after final action on the bill has been taken by the
31 22 committee. However, a public hearing called or
31 23 requested before final action has been taken by the 31 24 committee may be held after final action on the bill
31 25 has been taken by the committee.
31 26
          The chair shall designate a time and place for a
31 27 public hearing and provide public notice at least five
31 28 days prior to a public hearing.
31 29
          A bill for which a public hearing has been called
31 30 can be voted to the calendar but cannot be debated
       until after the public hearing has been held.
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          However, public hearings which have been requested
    3 during or after the 9th week of the first session and 4 during or after the 7th week of the second session
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    5 must be held within four legislative days of the date
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    6 of the request.
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                                   Rule 62
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                     Limitation on Filing of Claims
32 9 A claim or claim bill, the subject matter of which 32 10 has been considered or filed for consideration in the
32 11 house or any of its committees, in two or more prior
32 12 sessions of the general assembly, shall not be
32 13 considered by any committee or by the house unless it 32 14 has been specifically referred to this session by a
32 15 prior general assembly. The committee on
32 16 appropriations is authorized to set a definite date
32 17 after which it will not receive claims or claim bills
32 18 for consideration.
32 19
                 DIVISION VI == COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE
32 20
                                   Rule 63
32 21
                Organization of Committee of the Whole
32 22
          In forming the committee of the whole house, the
32 23 speaker shall appoint a member to preside in committee
32 24 and then leave the chair.
32 25
                                   Rule 64
                     Rules in Committee of the Whole
32 26
32 27
          The rules of the house shall be observed in
32 28 committee of the whole house, so far as they are
32 29 applicable.
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Bills in Committee of the Whole
Bills committed to the committee of the whole house
shall first be read in their entirety by the chief

Rule 65

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4 clerk or chair and then read again or debated by 5 section, leaving the preamble to be considered last. 33 6 After report, the bill shall again be subject to 33 33 7 debate and amendment before a vote is had on its last 33 8 reading and passage. 33 Rule 66 33 10 Amendments by Committee of the Whole All amendments made to a report committed to a 33 11 33 12 committee of the whole house shall be noted and 33 13 reported as in the case of bills. 33 14 DIVISION VII == MOTIONS 33 15 Rule 67 33 16 Order and Precedence of Motions 33 17 The following order and precedence of motions shall 33 18 govern when a question is under debate: 33 19 Adjourn. 33 20 10. Recess. 33 21 9. Questions of privilege. 33 22 Lay on the table. 33 23 7. Previous question. 33 24 Postpone definitely or to a certain time. 6. 33 25 Refer or commit. 33 26 4. Defer. Amend an amendment. 33 27 33 28 3. 2. Amend. 33 29 1. Postpone indefinitely. 33 30 These motions are listed in descending order of 34 1 precedence. 34 A motion to postpone definitely or to a certain time, to 34 3 refer or commit, or to postpone indefinitely a particular question shall not be considered more than once on the same day.

Adoption of a motion to strike the enacting words is equivalent 34 34 34 to rejection of the question. 34 Rule 68 34 Order of Consideration of Amendments Amendments shall be considered by earliest position 34 34 10 in the bill. Amendments to the same place in the bill 34 11 shall be considered by the lowest amendment number. 34 12 An amendment which inserts language after a line and 34 13 an amendment which inserts language before the 34 14 succeeding line shall be considered amendments to the 34 15 same place in the bill. 34 16 However, an amendment to strike the enacting clause 34 17 shall always be considered first. An amendment filed 34 18 by a committee shall have the next highest order of 34 19 priority, followed by an amendment to strike 34 20 everything after the enacting clause and insert new 34 21 language. An amendment to strike language or to 34 22 strike and insert new language, except an amendment to 34 23 strike everything after the enacting clause and insert 34 24 new language, shall not be considered before 34 25 amendments to perfect all or part of the same portion 34 26 of the bill. 34 27 Rule 69 34 28 Motions Not Debatable 34 29 The motions to lay on the table, to adjourn, to 34 30 adjourn to a time certain, for the previous question, 35 to defer, to rerefer, and appeals of a ruling of the 35 presiding officer shall be decided without debate. 35 Rule 70 35 Motion to Adjourn A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, 35 35 except when a member is speaking or the house is 35 voting. 35 Rule 71 35 Withdrawal of Motions 35 10 After a motion is stated by the speaker, or read by 35 11 the chief clerk, it shall be deemed to be in 35 12 possession of the house, but may be withdrawn by leave 35 13 of the house. 35 14 Rule 72 35 15 Referral and Rereferral 35 16 Motions and reports may be referred and rereferred 35 17 at the pleasure of the house. 35 18 Rule 73 35 19 Reconsideration 35 20 1. A motion to reconsider may be made only by a 35 21 member who voted on the prevailing side of the 35 22 question sought to be reconsidered

2. A motion to reconsider may be made not later

35 24 than adjournment on the day following the day of the

35 25 action sought to be reconsidered. Where the floor 35 26 manager voted on the prevailing side, the floor 35 27 manager has the prior right to make the motion, until 35 28 adjournment on the day of the action sought to be 35 29 reconsidered. A motion to reconsider a nullification 35 30 resolution shall be acted upon not later than 36 1 adjournment on the legislative day following the day 36 2 of the action sought to be reconsidered.

3. A motion to reconsider made following the 4 ninety=seventh calendar day of the first regular 5 session, or the eighty=seventh calendar day of the 6 second regular session, may be taken up when made. motion made at any other time may be taken up prior to the third day succeeding the day of the action sought to be reconsidered only if called up by the mover, and 36 10 after the second day succeeding the day of the action 36 11 sought to be reconsidered if called up by any member.

The making of a motion to reconsider takes

36 13 precedence over all other questions.

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5. No motion to reconsider passage, adoption or 36 15 failure of any bill, nullification resolution or joint 36 16 resolution shall prevail unless it obtains a 36 17 constitutional majority. When passage, adoption or 36 18 failure is reconsidered, questions on amendments may 36 19 also be reconsidered and shall be disposed of 36 20 immediately.

6. A motion that the motion to reconsider be laid 36 22 on the table is in order. The effect of laying the 36 23 motion to reconsider on the table is to cause the bill 36 24 or joint resolution to proceed on its regular course 36 25 immediately. 36 26 7. In th

7. In the event that a motion to reconsider is 36 27 pending at the end of the first session or any 36 28 extraordinary session of any general assembly, or the 36 29 general assembly adjourns sine die, and the motion to 36 30 reconsider has not been voted upon by the house, the 1 motion shall be determined to have failed.

DIVISION VIII == VOTING

Rule 74

Manner of Voting

Members present may cast their votes, either by 6 operating the voting mechanism located at their assigned desk or by signaling the speaker from the 8 floor of the house or from the south visitors' gallery 9 if they are unable to vote at their assigned desk. 37 10 The speaker shall enter the votes of members signaling 37 11 their votes. Upon direction of the speaker or upon 37 12 request of two members during the taking of the vote 37 13 of the house on any question, only those members at 37 14 their desks and voting shall be counted. Members who 37 15 are not present shall not cast their votes except: 37 16 1. Members who have not voted may record their

1. Members who have not voted may record their 37 17 votes on any record roll call vote except quorum calls 37 18 within ten minutes after the vote has been announced, 37 19 providing the vote does not change the outcome of the 37 20 vote on that question. A member may request 37 21 announcement of the names of members so recorded after 37 22 the ten=minute period. 37 23 2. Members meeting in a conference committee or in

37 24 administrative rules review committee at the time a 37 25 vote is taken on a question may have their vote 37 26 recorded within thirty minutes or adjournment, 37 27 whichever is first of that same legislative day, 28 providing the vote does not change the outcome of the 37 29 vote on that question.

Rule 75

Duty of Voting

Except as limited in Rule 74, every member who is in the house when a question is put shall vote unless 4 the house has excused that member for special reasons; 5 however, such member must have asked to be excused prior to commencing to take the vote on the main question.

Rule 76

Limitation on Right to Vote No member shall vote on any question in which that 38 11 person is financially interested.

Rule 77

Call of the House

38 14 Upon written request of five members, the presiding 38 15 officer shall compel attendance of absent and

38 16 unexcused members for the consideration of specified 38 17 bills or resolutions.

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A call of the house shall specify the propositions 38 19 to which it is to apply, and must be put into effect 38 20 before roll call is taken on the proposition. The 38 21 request may be filed at any time before final action 38 22 upon the propositions with the chief clerk, who shall 38 23 notify the house immediately.

Rule 78

Method of Calling the House

38 26 Upon a call of the house, the names of the members 38 27 shall be called by the chief clerk and the absentees 38 28 noted, after which the names of the absentees shall 29 again be called. The sergeant=at=arms shall be 38 30 directed by the speaker to compel the attendance of 1 absent members, unless they are previously excused. 2 Any member occupying the member's seat during a call 3 of the house shall be counted by the speaker and that 4 person's name entered in the journal as being present for the purpose of making a quorum.

Rule 79

Method of Calling the Roll

The electrical voting machine shall be used for a $39\,$ 9 call of the house, a quorum call or a roll call vote $39\,\,10$ on any question. If the electrical voting machine is 39 11 not in operating order when it is necessary to take a 39 12 record roll call vote, the presiding officer shall 39 13 order the vote to be taken by calling the roll in 39 14 alphabetical order, except the name of the presiding 39 15 officer shall be called last.

During the casting of the vote with the voting 39 17 machine, the individual votes and the vote totals 39 18 shall be shown on the display boards. Before the 39 19 voting machine is closed, the presiding officer shall 39 20 inquire of the house, "Have you all voted?"

Rule 80

Quorum and Record Roll Call Votes A majority of the members shall constitute a 39 24 quorum.

A record roll call vote shall be ordered upon 39 26 request of any two members. The names of the members 39 27 requesting the record roll call shall be entered in 39 28 the journal.

Rule 81

Previous Question

When a member moves for a previous question, that 2 member shall state whether the motion will apply to the main question, to all the amendments, or to The motion requires an 4 particular amendments. 5 affirmative vote of at least a constitutional majority 6 of the members. If the motion for a previous question 7 is not adopted, the house shall proceed in the same 8 manner as before the motion was made.

If the motion is adopted, all debate must end and the house will vote upon the question except:

- 1. If the motion applies to the main question, the 40 11 40 12 member in charge of the measure will have ten minutes 40 13 to speak for the purpose of closing discussion before the vote on the measure is taken. 40 14
- 40 15 2. If the motion applies to an amendment, the 40 16 member proposing the amendment will have five minutes 40 17 to speak for the purpose of closing discussion before 40 18 the vote on the amendment is taken.
- 3. If a member has filed a written request with 40 20 the chief clerk of the house indicating the member's 40 21 desire to speak on a particular question. The request 40 22 must be filed before the motion is made by the movant. 40 23 The request allows a member to speak on a particular 40 24 question before the closing discussion by the member 40 25 who is in charge of the measure or who is proposing 40 26 the amendment.

Rule 82

Division of the Question

40 29 Any member may call for a division of the question, 40 30 which shall be divided if it comprehends questions so 1 distinct that one being taken away, the remainder may 2 stand separately for discussion by the house. 3 motion to strike out being lost shall not preclude either an amendment or a motion to strike out and 5 insert. A motion to strike out and insert shall be 6 deemed indivisible.