## House File 305 - Introduced

	HOUSE FILE BY HEATON
Passed House, Date Vote: Ayes Nays	Passed Senate, Date Vote: Ayes Nays

A BILL FOR

1 An Act relating to notice of claim and certificate of merit requirements in a civil action for personal injury or death against a health care provider.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

5 TLSB 1457YH 82

6 rh/je/5

PAG LIN

1 1

1 14

1 20

1 26

1

1

1

2

2

1 32

1

Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 147.140 NOTICE OF CLAIM AND 2 CERTIFICATE OF MERIT REQUIREMENT.

3 1. At least thirty days prior to filing a civil action for 4 personal injury or wrongful death against a licensed health 5 care provider, based upon the alleged negligence of the 6 licensed health care provider in the practice of that 7 profession, a plaintiff shall serve by certified mail, return 8 receipt requested, a notice of claim upon the licensed health 9 care provider. The notice of claim shall include a statement 10 of the theory of liability upon which the cause of action is 11 based and include a list of all persons to whom notices have 1 12 been sent, together with a certificate of merit, if necessary, 1 13 as specified in subsection 2.

2. a. The certificate of merit shall be signed under oath 1 15 by an expert who, in the three years preceding the allegedly 1 16 negligent act, either practiced or instructed in the same or 1 17 substantially similar field of medicine as the defendant. 1 18 b. The certificate of merit shall contain information

1 19 relating to all of the following:

(1) The expert's familiarity with the applicable standard 21 of care.

(2) The expert's qualifications.

1 22 1 23 (3) The expert's statement that the appropriate standard 24 of care was breached by the health care provider named in the 1 25 complaint.

(4) The expert's statement of the actions that the health 27 care provider should have taken or failed to take to have 28 complied with the standard of care.

(5) A statement of the manner in which the breach of the 30 standard of care was the cause of the injury alleged in the 31 complaint.

c. A separate certificate of merit shall be completed for 1 33 each defendant named in the notice of claim.

34 d. If a plaintiff or plaintiff's counsel asserts in good 35 faith that the plaintiff has insufficient time to obtain a 1 certificate of merit prior to the expiration of the period of 2 limitation in subsection 1, the plaintiff shall provide notice 3 of intent to provide a certificate of merit to the defendant 4 within sixty days of the date the defendant receives the 5 notice of the claim.

3. Notwithstanding subsection 2, if a plaintiff believes that a certificate of merit is not necessary because the 8 plaintiff's cause of action against a health care provider is 9 based upon a well=established legal theory of liability which 2 10 does not require expert testimony supporting a breach of the 2 11 applicable standard of care, the plaintiff shall file a 2 12 statement setting forth the basis for the alleged liability o 2 13 the health care provider in lieu of the certificate of merit. 12 statement setting forth the basis for the alleged liability of

4. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 2 15 applicable statute of limitations in a civil cause of action 16 against a health care provider upon whom a notice of claim is 2 17 served pursuant to this section shall be tolled from the date 2 18 the notice of claim is mailed.

5. If the plaintiff fails to provide a notice of claim and

2 20 a certificate of merit, or a statement of the legal theory 2 21 upon which the claim is based, the claim shall be dismissed 2 22 with prejudice.

2 23 6. For purposes of this section, "health care provider" 2 24 means a physician or surgeon, osteopath, osteopathic physician 25 or surgeon, dentist, podiatric physician, optometrist, 26 pharmacist, chiropractor, or nurse licensed in this state, a 27 hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 135B, or a health care 2 28 facility licensed pursuant to chapter 135C. EXPLANATION

This bill relates to notice of claim and certificate of 31 merit requirements in a civil action for personal injury or 32 death against a health care provider.

33 The bill provides that at least 30 days prior to filing a 34 civil action for personal injury or wrongful death against a 35 health care provider, based upon the alleged negligence of the 1 licensed health care provider in the practice of that 2 profession, a plaintiff shall serve by certified mail, 3 receipt requested, a notice of claim upon the licensed health 4 care provider. The notice of claim shall include a statement 5 of the theory of liability upon which the cause of action is 6 based and include a list of all persons to whom notices have 7 been sent, together with a certificate of merit.

The bill requires that the certificate of merit shall meet 9 certain requirements and specifies certain information that a 3 10 qualified expert who provides information in the certificate 11 of merit shall provide. The bill provides that a separate 12 certificate of merit shall be completed for each defendant 3 13 named in the complaint, and that if a plaintiff or plaintiff's 3 14 counsel asserts in good faith that the plaintiff has 3 15 insufficient time to obtain a certificate of merit prior to 3 16 the expiration of the 30=day limitation period, the plaintiff 3 17 shall provide notice of intent to provide a certificate of 3 18 merit to the defendant within 60 days of the date the 3 19 defendant receives the notice of the claim. If a plai If a plaintiff 3 20 believes that a certificate of merit is not necessary because 21 the plaintiff's cause of action against a health care provider 22 is based upon a well-established legal theory of liability 3 23 which does not require expert testimony supporting a breach of 24 the applicable standard of care, the plaintiff shall file a 25 statement setting forth the basis for the alleged liability of 26 the health care provider in lieu of the certificate of merit.

The bill further provides that the applicable statute of 28 limitations in a civil cause of action against a health care 29 provider upon whom a notice of claim is served shall be tolled 3 30 from the date the notice of claim is mailed. In addition, if 31 the plaintiff fails to provide a notice of claim and a 32 certificate of merit, or a statement of the legal theory upon 33 which the claim is based, the claim shall be dismissed with 34 prejudice.

For purposes of the bill, "health care provider" means a 1 physician or surgeon, osteopath, osteopathic physician or 2 surgeon, dentist, podiatric physician, optometrist, 3 pharmacist, chiropractor, or nurse licensed in Iowa, 4 hospital licensed pursuant to Code chapter 135B, or a health 5 care facility licensed pursuant to Code chapter 135C. 6 LSB 1457YH 82

7 rh:nh/je/5

2

3

3

3

3

3 35 4

4

2.9 2 30