## House File 2692 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE BY McCARTHY and RANTS Passed House, Date \_\_\_\_\_ Passed Senate, Date \_\_\_\_\_ Vote: Ayes \_\_\_\_ Nays \_\_\_ Nays \_\_\_ A BILL FOR 1 An Act relating to animal feeding operations by regulating livestock markets, open feedlot operations, and the stockpiling of manure, providing for applicability and enforcement, making penalties applicable, and providing effective dates. 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 7 TLSB 6665YH 82 8 da/rj/5PAG LIN Section 1. Section 459.102, subsection 4, Code 2007, is 2 amended to read as follows: 4. "Animal feeding operation" means a lot, yard, corral, 4 building, or other area in which animals are confined and fed 5 and maintained for forty=five days or more in any twelve=month 6 period, and all structures used for the storage of manure from 7 animals in the operation. An Except as required for a 8 national pollutant discharge elimination system permit
9 required pursuant to the federal Water Pollution Control Act, 1 10 33 U.S.C. ch. 26, as amended, an animal feeding operation does 1 11 not include a livestock market. Sec. 2. Section 459.102, Code 2007, is amended by adding 1 13 the following new subsections: 1 14 NEW SUBSECTION. 20A. "Designated area" means a known 1 15 sinkhole, a cistern, an abandoned well, an unplugged 1 16 agricultural drainage well, an agricultural drainage well 1 17 surface inlet, a drinking water well, a designated wetland, or 1 18 a water source. However, "designated area" does not include a 1 19 terrace tile inlet or a surface tile inlet other than an 1 20 agricultural drainage well surface tile inlet. NEW SUBSECTION. 23A. "Dry manure" means manure which 1 21 1 22 meets all of the following conditions:
1 23 a. The manure does not flow perceptibly under pressure.
1 24 b. The manure is not capable of being transported through 25 a mechanical pumping device designed to move a liquid. 1 26 c. The constituent molecules of the manure do not flow 1 27 freely among themselves but may show a tendency to separate 1 28 under stress. NEW SUBSECTION. "Stockpile" means to store dry 29 45A. 1 30 manure from a confinement feeding operation outside of a 1 31 confinement feeding operation structure. 32 Sec. 3. Section 459.206, subsection 2, paragraph b, Code 33 2007, is amended to read as follows: 1 34 b. A qualified confinement feeding operation that stores 1 35 <u>dry</u> manure on a dry matter basis. Sec. 4. Section 459.307, subsection 1, paragraph b, Code 2 2007, is amended to read as follows: 2 b. Whether the manure storage structure stores only dry 4 manure in an exclusively dry form.
5 Sec. 5. Section 459.311, subsection 1, Code 2007, is 2 2 2 6 amended to read as follows: 1. a. A confinement feeding operation shall retain all 8 manure produced by the operation between periods of manure 9 disposal. For purposes of this section, dry manure may be 10 retained by stockpiling as provided in section 459.311A.
11 b. A confinement feeding operation shall not discharge 2 12 manure directly into water of the state or into a tile line 2 13 that discharges directly into water of the state. 2 14 Sec. 6. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 459.311A DRY MANURE STOCKPILING.

A person may stockpile dry manure, subject to the

2 16 provisions of this chapter, including but not limited to 2 17 section 459.311, and all of the following restrictions:

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2 18 a. The person shall not stockpile dry manure within 2 19 the following distances unless the dry manure is maintained in 2 20 a manner that will not allow precipitation=induced runoff to 2 21 drain from the dry manure to the designated area: 2 22 (1) Four hundred feet from a designated area other than a

2 23 high=quality water resource.

(2) Eight hundred feet from a high-quality water resource. The person shall not stockpile dry manure within two 2 26 hundred feet from a terrace tile inlet or surface tile inlet 27 unless the dry manure is maintained in a manner that will not 28 allow precipitation=induced runoff to drain from the dry 2 29 manure to the terrace tile inlet or surface tile inlet. 2 30 terrace tile inlet or surface tile inlet does not include a 31 tile inlet that is not directly connected to a tile line that 32 discharges directly into a water of the state.

The person shall not stockpile dry manure in a grassed c.

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- d. The person shall not stockpile dry manure on land having a slope of more than three percent unless methods, 2 structures, or practices are implemented to contain the 3 stockpiled dry manure, including but not limited to using silt 4 fences, temporary earthen berms, or other effective measures, 5 and to prevent or diminish precipitation=induced runoff from 6 the stockpiled dry manure.
  7 2. The person shall remove the stockpiled manure and apply
- 8 it in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, including but not limited to section 459.311, within six 3 10 months after the manure is stockpiled.

Sec. 7. Section 459.314, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 3 12 2007, is amended by striking the paragraph.

Sec. 8. Section 459A.103, subsection 3, Code 2007, is

3 14 amended to read as follows:

3. a. In calculating the animal unit capacity of an open 3 16 feedlot operation, the animal unit capacity shall not include 3 17 the animal unit capacity of any confinement feeding operation 3 18 building as defined in section 459.102, which is part of the 3 19 open feedlot operation.

3 20 b. Notwithstanding paragraph "a", only for purposes of determining whether an open feedlot operation must obtain an 22 operating permit, the animal unit capacity of the animal 23 feeding operation includes the animal unit capacities of both 24 the open feedlot operation and the confinement feeding 25 operation if the animals in the open feedlot operation and the 26 confinement feeding operation are all in the same category or 27 type of animals as used in the definitions of large and medium 28 concentrated animal feeding operations in 40 C.F.R. pt. 122. 29 In all other respects the confinement feeding operation shall 30 be governed by chapter 459 and the open feedlot operation shall be governed by this chapter.

Sec. 9. Section 459A.401, subsection 2, paragraph a, 3 33 unnumbered paragraph 1, Code Supplement 2007, is amended to 3 34 read as follows:

An open feedlot operation in compliance with the inspection and recordkeeping requirements of 40 C.F.R. pt. 122 and 40 2 C.F.R. pt. 412 applicable to the operation may discharge open 3 feedlot effluent into any waters of the United States due to a 4 precipitation event, if any of the following apply:

5 Sec. 10. COMPLIANCE EDUCATION EFFORT. The department 6 natural resources shall provide for a compliance education The department of effort. In administering the effort, the department, in 8 cooperation with associations that represent livestock producers and organizations that represent farmers generally, 4 10 shall provide information on a statewide basis to persons 4 11 involved with maintaining animals in a confinement feeding 4 12 operation or open feedlot operation regarding methods and 4 13 practices to ensure compliance with this Act.

Sec. 11. APPLICABILITY AND ENFORCEMENT.

- 1. A person required to obtain an operating permit for an 4 16 open feedlot operation by the department of natural resources 4 17 pursuant to 567 IAC ch. 65, and section 459.102, subsection 4, 4 18 as amended by this Act, or section 459A.103, subsection 3, as 4 19 amended by this Act, shall submit an application for the 4 20 operating permit to the department of natural resources on or 4 21 before December 31, 2008.
- 2. a. The state shall not take an enforcement action 23 against a person arising from the person's failure to obtain 4 24 an operating permit by the department of natural resources as required pursuant to this Act if the person's application for the operating permit application is pending in accordance with 4 27 subsection 1.
  - b. The state shall not take an enforcement action against

4 29 a person arising from the person's failure to obtain an 4 30 operating permit as required pursuant to this Act for the 4 31 period beginning on the day when the department of natural 4 32 resources denies the person's application for the operation 4 33 permit and ending on the thirtieth day after the person 34 receives written notice that such application has been denied. 35

Sec. 12. SPECIAL EFFECTIVE DATES.

1. The section of this Act establishing a compliance education effort takes effect upon enactment.

- 2. The sections of this Act amending the following take effect on December 31, 2008: a. Section 459.102, subsection 4.

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Section 459A.103, subsection 3. EXPLANATION

GENERAL. Two principal Code chapters regulate animal feeding operations. Code chapter 459 generally regulates 10 animal feeding operations, with the majority of its provisions concerning confinement feeding operations where animals are 5 12 confined in totally roofed areas. Code chapter 459A regulates 13 open feedlot operations where animals are otherwise confined 14 to areas where there is no vegetation or forage materials. 5 15 Both Code chapters are regulated by the department of natural 5 16 resources which has adopted rules under 567 IAC ch. 65. 5 17 Division I of the rules governs confinement feeding operations 5 18 and Division II of the rules governs open feedlot operations.

STOCKPILING. Stockpiling refers to a practice of keeping 20 manure outside a manure storage structure associated with an 21 animal feeding operation. Currently Code chapter 459 does not 5 22 address stockpiling. For stockpiling manure solids from an 5 23 open feedlot, see Code section 459A.403. Code section 459.311 24 currently requires that a confinement feeding operation retain 25 all manure produced by the operation between periods of manure 26 disposal and prohibits a confinement feeding operation from

27 discharging manure directly into the water of the state. 28 BILL PROVISIONS. The bill provides for stockpiling dry 5 29 manure from a confinement feeding operation. The bill defines 30 dry manure as manure which does not flow perceptibly under 31 pressure, is not capable of being transported through a 5 32 mechanical pumping device designed to move a liquid, and its 33 constituent molecules do not flow freely among themselves but 34 may show a tendency to separate under stress. The bill 35 provides that manure from a confinement feeding operation may 1 be retained by stockpiling, subject to certain limitations.

A person is prohibited from stockpiling dry manure within 3 certain distances from certain areas involving surface water 4 or groundwater, including the following:

- 1. A designated area. The definition of designated area 6 is taken from current law (Code section 459.314) and includes a known sinkhole, a cistern, an abandoned well, an unplugged 8 agricultural drainage well, an agricultural drainage well 6 9 surface inlet, a drinking water well, a designated wetland, or 6 10 a water source. It does not include a terrace tile inlet. 6 11 The bill provides that a designated area also does not include 6 12 a surface tile inlet, other than an agricultural drainage well 13 surface tile inlet, which is consistent with Code chapter 459A 6 14 governing open feedlot operations.
- A high=quality water resource as provided by rules 6 16 adopted by the department.
- 3. A terrace tile inlet or surface tile inlet unless the 6 18 dry manure is maintained in a manner that will not allow 6 19 precipitation=induced runoff to drain from the dry manure to 6 20 the terrace tile inlet or surface tile inlet.

In addition, a person cannot stockpile dry manure in a 22 grassed waterway or on a slope of more than 3 percent unless 23 means are provided to contain the stockpiled dry manure.

A person must remove the stockpiled manure and apply it in 6 25 accordance with the provisions of Code chapter 459, including 26 but not limited to Code section 459.311, within six months 27 after the manure is stockpiled.

NPDES PERMIT PROGRAM. Code section 455B.197 authorizes the 29 department of natural resources to administer the national 30 pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) permit program 6 31 pursuant to the federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. The NPDES permit program controls water pollution by 32 ch. 26. 33 regulating point sources that discharge pollutants into waters 34 of the United States, including "concentrated animal feeding 35 operations" which may include confinement feeding operations 1 and open feedlot operations. See 40 C.F.R. pt. 122. 2 department of natural resources rules provide for conditions 3 for the issuance of NPDES permits in compliance with federal 4 requirements, including provisions for inspections and

5 recordkeeping. The department of natural resources rules 6 governing open feedlot operations, 567 IAC ch. 65, Division 7 II, were first effective September 14, 2005, (see IAB Vol. 8 XXVIII, No.6. p. 395, ARC 4506B and IAB Vol. XXVIII, No.6. p. 9 453, ARC 4507B). The definition of an "animal feeding 7 10 operation" includes a statement that a livestock market can 11 satisfy the definition of a concentrated animal feeding operation and be subject to NPDES permit requirements (see 567 7 13 IAC 65.100).

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Generally, the department of natural resources rules implementing the NPDES permit program regulates medium and 7 15 7 16 large concentrated animal feeding operations based on the 7 17 number of animals of the same category, e.g., beef cattle, and 7 18 animal units of animals of different categories, e.g., beef 7 19 cattle and dairy cattle. The department of natural resources 7 20 rules provide that a large or medium concentrated animal 21 feeding operation may include an animal feeding operation 22 maintaining either of the following: (1) the same catego (1) the same category of 23 animals in one or more types of animal feeding operations, 24 e.g., beef cattle kept as part of a confinement feeding 25 operation and of an open feedlot operation; or (2) different 7 26 categories of animals kept at one type of animal feeding 27 operation, e.g., beef cattle and dairy cattle kept as part of 28 an open feedlot operation. See 567 IAC 65.100.
29 BILL PROVISIONS == LIVESTOCK MARKETS. The bill amends Code

The bill amends Code 30 section 459.102 which currently defines an animal feeding 31 operation for purposes of both confinement feeding operations 32 and open feedlot operations, to exclude a livestock market 33 where animals are assembled for public auction, private sale, The bill provides that an animal 34 or sale by commission. 35 feeding operation includes a livestock market if required for an NPDES permit.

BILL PROVISIONS == OPEN FEEDLOT OPERATIONS. The bill 3 amends Code section 459A.103 which currently provides that the 4 size of an open feedlot operation as calculated using its 5 animal unit capacity (see Code section 459.102) does not 6 include the animal unit capacity of any confinement feeding operation building. Notwithstanding that provision, the bill 8 provides that for purposes of the NPDES program the animal 9 unit capacity of a confinement feeding operation and open 10 feedlot operation are to be calculated together when
11 determining the animal unit capacity of the animal feeding 8 12 operation if the same category of animals is maintained in the 8 13 two types of operations. It also provides that for all other 8 14 purposes, the confinement feeding operation is to be governed 8 15 by Code chapter 459 and the open feedlot operation is to be

8 16 governed by Code chapter 459A. 8 17 The bill also amends Code section 459A.401 which currently 8 18 provides that an open feedlot operation required to be issued 8 19 an operating permit may discharge open feedlot effluent into 8 20 the waters of the United States due to a precipitation event 8 21 if certain design requirements are met. The bill provides 8 22 that the open feedlot operation must also be in compliance 8 23 with NPDES inspection and recordkeeping requirements.

BILL PROVISIONS == COMPLIANCE EDUCATION EFFORT. 8 25 requires the department of natural resources to provide for a 8 26 compliance education effort in cooperation with associations 27 that represent livestock producers and organizations that 8 28 represent farmers generally in order to ensure compliance with 8 29 the bill's provisions.

BILL PROVISIONS == APPLICABILITY AND ENFORCEMENT. 30 The bill 31 provides that a person required to obtain an operating permit 8 32 for an open feedlot operation because of the bill's provisions 33 is required to submit a permit application on or before 34 December 31, 2008.

The bill also provides that the state is prevented from taking an enforcement action against a person arising from the person's failure to obtain an operating permit because the application is pending or if the application has been denied 4 for the period beginning on the day of denial until 30 days 5 after the person receives written notice of the denial.

PENALTIES APPLICABLE. Code chapters 459 and 459A both include penalty provisions. Code sections 459.603 and 8 459A.502A refer to judicial actions brought by the attorney general under Code section 455B.191. Under that Code section 10 the general civil penalty applicable for a violation cannot 11 exceed \$5,000. Code section 459.603 also refers to Code 12 section 455B.109, which allows the department of natural 13 resources to establish a range of civil penalties based on a 14 number of criteria and which cannot exceed \$10,000. All civil 9 15 penalties are deposited in the animal agriculture compliance

9 16 fund created in Code section 459.401.
9 17 EFFECTIVE DATES. The bill's provisions regarding
9 18 stockpiling take effect on July 1, 2008. The bill's
9 19 provisions regarding the NPDES program take effect on December
9 20 31, 2008, except for the establishment of the compliance
9 21 program, which takes effect upon enactment, and compliance
9 22 with recordkeeping and inspection requirements which take
9 23 effect on July 1, 2008.
9 24 LSB 6665YH 82
9 25 da/rj/5