HOUSE FILE \_\_\_\_\_ BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY

(SUCCESSOR TO HSB 607)

 Passed House, Date
 Passed Senate, Date

 Vote:
 Ayes

 Approved
 Vote:

## A BILL FOR

1	An Act relating to the regulation of explosives, and the
2	possession of an incendiary or explosive device or material,
3	and providing penalties.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:
5	TLSB 5379HV 82
6	jm/nh/8

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1 1	Section 1. Section 101A.1, subsection 3, Code 2007, is
	amended to read as follows:
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	compound, mixture or device, the primary or common purpose of
	which is to function by explosion, i.e., with substantially
1 6	
1 7	
1 8 1 9	United States department of transportation. The term <del>"explosives"</del> <u>"explosive"</u> includes all material materials which
	is are classified as a class A, class B, and class C
	explosives 1, division 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, or 1.4 explosive by the
1 12	United States department of transportation, <u>under 49 C.F.R.</u>
	173.50, and all materials classified as explosive materials
1 14	<u>under 18 U.S.C. } 841, and includes, but is not limited to,</u>
1 15	dynamite, black powder, pellet powders, initiating explosives,
1 16	blasting caps, electric blasting caps, safety fuse, fuse
1 17	lighters, fuse igniters, squibs, cordeau detonative fuse,
1 18	instantaneous fuse, igniter cord, igniters, smokeless
1 19 1 20	propellant, cartridges for propellant=actuated power devices.
L ZU	<del>and</del> cartridges for industrial guns, <u>and overpressure devices.</u> but <del>shall <u>does</u> not include "fireworks" as defined in section</del>
	727.2 hor or ammunition or small arms primers manufactured for
	use in shotguns, rifles, and pistols. Commercial explosives
	are those explosives which are intended to be used in
	commercial or industrial operations.
1 26	-
	the following new subsection:
1 28	<u>NEW SUBSECTION</u> . 7A. "Overpressure device" means any
	device constructed of a container or improvised container
	which is filled with a mixture of chemicals or sublimating
	materials or gases that generate an expanding gas, which is
	designed or constructed to cause the container to break,
	fracture, or rupture in a violent manner capable of causing
1 34	death, serious injury, or property damage. Sec. 3. Section 712.6, Code 2007, is amended to read as
	follows:
2 2	
2 3	
2 4	or explosive device or material with the intent to use such
25	device or material to commit <del>any</del> <u>a</u> public offense shall be
	guilty of a class "C" felony.
2 7	
	<u>device or material shall be guilty of an aggravated</u>
	<u>misdemeanor.</u>
2 10	
$\frac{2 11}{2 12}$	valid commercial license or user's permit issued pursuant to chapter 101A, provided that the person is acting within the
	scope of authority granted by the license or permit.
$\frac{2}{2}$ 14	$\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{3}{2}$ Any A person who, with the intent to intimidate,
	annoy, or alarm another person, who places a simulated
	explosive or simulated incendiary device in or near an
	occupied structure as defined in section 702.12, is guilty of
2 18	a serious misdemeanor.

2 19 EXPLANATION 2 20 This bill relates to regulation of explosives and the 2 21 possession of an incendiary or explosive device or material. The bill modifies the definition of "explosive" to include 2 2.2 2 23 materials which are classified as a class  $\hat{1}$ , division 1.1, 2 24 1.2, 1.3, or 1.4 explosive by the United States department of 25 transportation, under 49 C.F.R. } 173.50, and all materials 26 classified as explosives under 18 U.S.C } 841. The bill 2 2 2 27 strikes references to materials classified as class A, B, and 2 2 2 28 C explosives. 29 Under federal law explosives are divided into six divisions 2 30 with divisions 1.1 through 1.4 being the most dangerous 2 31 explosive materials. 32 The bill also adds an "overpressure device" to the 33 definition of "explosive" in Code section 101A.1. An 2 2 2 34 "overpressure device" means any device constructed of a 2 35 container or improvised container, which is filled with a 3 1 mixture of chemicals or sublimating materials or gases that 3 2 generate an expanding gas, which is designed or constructed to 3 3 cause the container to break, fracture, or rupture in a 3 4 violent manner capable of causing death, serious injury, or 3 5 property damage. 3 6 The changes to the definition of "explosive" affect the 3 7 fire marshal's regulation of explosives under Code chapter 3 8 101A. 3 9 The bill also makes it an aggravated misdemeanor to possess 3 10 any incendiary or explosive device or material unless the 3 11 person possesses a valid license or user's permit pursuant 3 12 Code chapter 101A and the person is acting within the scope of 3 13 authority granted by the license or permit. An aggravated 3 14 misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than two 3 15 years and a fine of at least \$625 but not more than \$6,250. Under current law a person commits a class "C" felony if 3 16 3 17 the person possesses an incendiary or explosive device or 3 18 material with the intent to use such device or material to 3 19 commit a public offense. In addition, under current law a 20 person commits a serious misdemeanor if a person, with the 3 3 21 intent to intimidate or annoy another person, places a3 22 simulated explosive or simulated incendiary explosive device 3 23 in or near an occupied structure. 3 24 LSB 5379HV 82 3 25 jm/nh/8