HOUSE FILE (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY BILL BY CHAIRPERSON BAUDLER)

Passed	House,	, Date	Passed	Senate,	Date	
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays	
	-	Approved		-	_	

A BILL FOR

1 An Act allowing an advanced registered nurse practitioner to certify an alleged intoxicated driver's death or other incapacitated state for purposes of chemical testing and to administer a chemical test of bodily fluids, without a warrant, to a person suspected of driving while intoxicated. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 7 TLSB 1712YC 81

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Section 1. Section 321J.7, Code 2005, is amended to read 2 as follows:

321J.7 DEAD OR UNCONSCIOUS PERSONS.

A person who is dead, unconscious, or otherwise in a 5 condition rendering the person incapable of consent or refusal 6 is deemed not to have withdrawn the consent provided by 7 section 321J.6, and the test may be given if a licensed 8 physician <u>or advanced registered nurse practitioner</u> certifies 9 in advance of the test that the person is dead, unconscious, 10 or otherwise in a condition rendering that person incapable of 1 11 consent or refusal. If the certification is oral, a written 1 12 certification shall be completed by the physician or advanced registered nurse practitioner within a reasonable time of the 1 14 test.

1 15 Sec. 2. Section 321J.11, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1 16 2005, is amended to read as follows:

Only a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant as 1 18 defined in section 148C.1, medical technologist, advanced 19 registered nurse practitioner, or registered nurse, acting at 1 20 the request of a peace officer, may withdraw a specimen of 1 21 blood for the purpose of determining the alcohol concentration 1 22 or the presence of a controlled substance or other drugs. 23 However, any peace officer, using devices and methods approved 24 by the commissioner of public safety, may take a specimen of a 1 25 person's breath or urine for the purpose of determining the 26 alcohol concentration, or may take a specimen of a person's 27 urine for the purpose of determining the presence of a 1 28 controlled substance or other drugs. Only new equipment kept 1 29 under strictly sanitary and sterile conditions shall be used 30 for drawing blood.

EXPLANATION

This bill allows an advanced registered nurse practitioner 33 to certify a person's death, unconscious state, or other 34 incapacitated condition, for purposes of chemical testing and 35 to administer a chemical test of bodily fluids, without a 1 warrant, to a person suspected of driving while intoxicated.

The bill provides that an advanced registered nurse practitioner may certify that a person suspected of driving 4 while intoxicated is dead, unconscious, or otherwise in a 5 condition rendering that person incapable of consent or 6 refusal. The bill further provides that if the certification 7 is oral, a written certification shall be completed by the 8 advanced registered nurse practitioner within a reasonable 9 time of the test. Current law limits the certification under 2 10 these circumstances to a licensed physician.

The bill further provides that an advanced registered nurse 12 practitioner, acting at the request of a peace officer, may 2 13 withdraw a specimen of blood for the purpose of determining 2 14 the alcohol concentration or the presence of a controlled

2 15 substance or other drugs.