HOUSE FILE BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY BILL BY CHAIRPERSON PAULSEN)

Passed	House,	Date	Passed	Senate,	Date	
Vote:	Ayes _	Nays	_ Vote:	Ayes	Nays _	
		Approved	_			

A BILL FOR

1 An Act limiting causes of action against veterinary practitioners who provide care to animals suffering distress.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

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Section 1. Section 169.3, Code 2005, is amended by adding

2 the following new subsection: 3 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 14. "Vet "Veterinary practitioner" means any 4 of the following:

a. A veterinarian who may practice veterinary medicine pursuant to a valid license or temporary permit issued by the 7 board pursuant to section 169.4.

8 b. A professional corporation organized under chapter 496C 1 9 which is owned and operated by one or more veterinarians 1 10 practicing veterinary medicine pursuant to a valid license 1 11 issued by the board pursuant to section 169.4.

Sec. 2. Section 169.12, unnumbered paragraph 4, Code 2005,

1 12 1 13 is amended to read as follows: 1 14

Any licensee who is desirous of changing residence to 1 15 another state or territory shall, upon application to the 1 16 department and payment of the legal fee, receive a certified 1 17 statement that the licensee is a duly licensed practitioner in 1 18 this state.

1 19 Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 169.21 I 1 20 CARE OF ABUSED OR NEGLECTED ANIMAL. 169.21 LIMITATION ON LIABILITY ==

1. A veterinary practitioner shall not be liable for civil 1 22 damages for an act or omission occurring when providing care 23 to an animal as defined in section 717A.1, including any act 1 24 or omission arising from the practice of veterinary medicine. 1 25 The care must be provided in good faith and the act or 26 omission must not constitute recklessness. In addition, one 27 of the following conditions must apply:

28 a. The animal is taken by a county or city, including as 29 part of a rescue of livestock as provided in section 717.2A, 30 for disposition pursuant to section 717.5, or as part of the 1 31 rescue of another animal, for disposition pursuant to section 1 32 717B.4.

b. The animal is distressed by disease or injury that 34 would result in severe and prolonged suffering. An animal's 35 distress is conclusively presumed to result in severe and 1 prolonged suffering if the animal is livestock which is abused 2 or neglected as provided in chapter 717 or the animal is 3 subject to abuse, neglect, or torture as provided in chapter 4 717B. The veterinary practitioner must provide notice of the 5 care to a peace officer of a county sheriff's office or police 6 department which has jurisdiction to take the animal.

2. A veterinary assistant shall not be liable for civil 8 damages for an act or omission occurring when providing care 9 to an animal, including any act or omission arising from the 2 10 practice of veterinary medicine, if all of the following 11 apply:

a. The care is provided in good faith and the act or 2 13 omission does not constitute recklessness.

2 14 b. The act or omission is under the direction or 15 supervision of a veterinary practitioner as provided in 2 16 subsection 1.

EXPLANATION

This bill amends Code chapter 169, which governs veterinary

2 19 practice, including by regulating veterinarians who are 2 20 required to be issued a license or temporary permit by the 2 21 Iowa board of veterinary medicine. The bill refers to these 2 22 persons as veterinary practitioners. The bill also provides 2 23 that a veterinary practitioner includes a professional 2 24 corporation owned and operated by veterinarians. The bill provides for the care of animals which are subject 25 26 to unwarranted physical harm. Specifically, the bill creates 27 a "good Samaritan" exception to a right to bring a civil 28 action for damages. Under the bill, the exception bars a 29 person from bringing a cause of action against a veterinary 2 30 practitioner for an act or omission occurring when the 2 31 veterinary practitioner provided care to an animal. 32 conditions apply. The care must be provided in good faith and 33 the act or omission cannot constitute recklessness. Livestock 34 or another domesticated animal must be taken by a county or 35 city, including as part of a rescue under Code chapter 717 or 1 717B. The animal must be distressed by disease or injury that The animal must be distressed by disease or injury that 2 would result in prolonged suffering. Alternatively, it is 3 conclusively presumed that an animal is in distress if it is 3 4 harmed in a manner that violates a provision in only those 5 Code chapters providing for abuse, torture, or neglect. The 6 veterinary practitioner must notify the appropriate county 7 sheriff's office or police department.
8 The bill also bars a civil action against a veterinary 9 assistant for an act or omission occurring when providing care 10 to the animal as long as the care is provided in good faith, 11 the act or omission does not constitute recklessness, and the 3 12 act or omission is under the direction or supervision of a 3 13 veterinary practitioner. 3 14 LSB 2011YC 81

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