## Senate Study Bill 1099

SENATE/HOUSE FILE
BY (PROPOSED JUDICIAL
BRANCH BILL)

Passed	Senate,	Date	Passed	House,	Date	
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes		Nays
Approved					_	

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A BILL FOR
  1 An Act relating to emergency procedures for the temporary
        detention and treatment of persons who are incapacitated or
        impaired due to substance abuse or mental health problems.
  4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:
  5 TLSB 1211DP 80
  6 rh/sh/8
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            Section 1. Section 125.91, subsection 2, Code 2003, is
     2 amended to read as follows:
            2. \underline{a}. A peace officer who has reasonable grounds to
      4 believe that the circumstances described in subsection 1 are
     5 applicable, may, without a warrant, take or cause that person
     6 to be taken to the nearest available facility referred to in 7 section 125.81, subsection 2 or 3. Such an intoxicated or
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     8 incapacitated person may also be delivered to a facility by
     9 someone other than a peace officer upon a showing of
  1 10 reasonable grounds. Upon delivery of the person to a facility 1 11 under this section, the <del>chief medical officer</del> examining
     12 physician may order treatment of the person, but only to the
  1 13 extent necessary to preserve the person's life or to 1 14 appropriately control the person's behavior if the behavior is
  1 15 likely to result in physical injury to the person or others if
  1 16 allowed to continue. The peace officer or other person who
    17 delivered the person to the facility shall describe the
  1 18 circumstances of the matter to the administrator examining
    19 physician. If the person is a peace officer, the peace
  1 20 officer may do so either in person or by written report.
1 21 the administrator in consultation with the chief medical
  1 22 officer examining physician has reasonable grounds to believe
  1 23 that the circumstances in subsection 1 are applicable, the
  1 24 administrator examining physician shall at once communicate
  1 25 with the nearest available magistrate as defined in section
  1 26 801.4, subsection 10. The magistrate shall immediately
  1 27 proceed to the facility where the person is detained, except 1 28 that if the administrator's communication with the magistrate
  1 29 occurs between the hours of midnight and seven a.m. and the
    30 magistrate deems it appropriate under the circumstances
31 described by the administrator, the magistrate may delay going
    32 to the facility, and in that case, shall, based upon the
    33 circumstances described by the examining physician, give the
  1 34 administrator examining physician verbal oral instructions 1 35 either directing that the person be released forthwith, or
  2 1 authorizing the person's continued detention at the in an
      2 appropriate facility. The magistrate may also give oral 3 instructions and order that the detained person be transported
     4 to an appropriate facility. In the latter case, the
     5 magistrate shall:
           a. Arrive at the facility where the person is being
    7 detained as soon as possible and no later than twelve o'clock
  2 8 noon of the same day on which the administrator's
        communication occurred.
  2 10
           b. By the close of business on the next working day file
  2 11 with the clerk a written report stating the substance of the
  2 12 communication with the administrator on which the person's 2 13 continued detention was ordered. If the magistrate orders
    14 that the person be detained, the magistrate shall, by the
    15 close of business on the next working day, file a written 16 order with the clerk in the county where it is anticipated
    17 that an application may be filed under section 125.75. The
    18 order may be filed by facsimile if necessary. The order shall
    19 state the circumstances under which the person was taken into 20 custody or otherwise brought to a facility and the grounds
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21 supporting the finding of probable cause to believe that the 22 person is a chronic substance abuser likely to result in

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23 physical injury to the person or others if not detained.
  24 order shall confirm the oral order authorizing the person's
  25 detention including any order given to transport the person
  26 an appropriate facility. The clerk shall provide a copy of 27 that order to the chief medical officer of the facility to
  28 which the person was originally taken, any subsequent facility
  29 to which the person was transported, and to any law 30 enforcement department or ambulance service that transported
     the person pursuant to the magistrate's order.
          Sec. 2. Section 125.91, subsection 3, Code 2003, is
  32
2 33 amended by striking the subsection.
2 34 Sec. 3. Section 229.22, subsection 2, Code 2003, is
  35 amended to read as follows:
          2. In the circumstances described in subsection 1, any
   2 peace officer who has reasonable grounds to believe that a
    3 person is mentally ill, and because of that illness is likely
    4 to physically injure the person's self or others if not
   5 immediately detained, may without a warrant take or cause that 6 person to be taken to the nearest available facility as
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   7 defined in section 229.11, subsections subsection 2 and 3.
   8 person believed mentally ill, and likely to injure the 9 person's self or others if not immediately detained, may be
  10 delivered to a hospital by someone other than a peace officer.
  11 Upon delivery of the person believed mentally ill to the
  12 hospital, the chief medical officer examining physician may
3 13 order treatment of that person, including chemotherapy, but
  14 only to the extent necessary to preserve the person's life or
3 15 to appropriately control behavior by the person which is 3 16 likely to result in physical injury to that person or others
3 17 if allowed to continue. The peace officer who took the person
3 18 into custody, or other party who brought the person to the 3 19 hospital, shall describe the circumstances of the matter to
 20 the chief medical officer examining physician. If the person
  21 is a peace officer, the peace officer may do so either in 22 person or by written report. If the <del>chief medical officer</del>
  23 examining physician finds that there is reason to believe that
3 24 the person is seriously mentally impaired, and because of that 3 25 impairment is likely to physically injure the person's self or 3 26 others if not immediately detained, the chief medical officer
  27 examining physician shall at once communicate with the nearest
  28 available magistrate as defined in section 801.4, subsection 29 10. The magistrate shall, based upon the circumstances
  30 described by the chief medical officer examining physician
  31 give the <del>chief medical officer</del> examining physician <del>verbal</del> oral
     instructions either directing that the person be released
3 33 forthwith or authorizing the person's continued detention at
  34 that in an appropriate facility. The magistrate may also give
  <u>35 oral instructions and order that the detained person be</u>
   1 transported to an appropriate facility.
                                                         In the latter case,
   2 the magistrate shall:
         a. By the close of business on the next working day, file
      with the clerk a written report stating the substance of the
   5 information on the basis of which the person's continued
   <del>6 detention was ordered; and</del>
         b. Proceed to the facility where the person is being
   8 detained within twenty-four hours of giving instructions that
   9 the person be detained. If the magistrate orders that the
  10 person be detained, the magistrate shall, by the close of 11 business on the next working day, file a written order with
4 12 the clerk in the county where it is anticipated that an
  13 application may be filed under section 229.6. The order may 14 be filed by facsimile if necessary. The order shall state the
  15 circumstances under which the person was taken into custody or
  16 otherwise brought to a facility, and the grounds supporting
  17 the finding of probable cause to believe that the person is 18 seriously mentally impaired and likely to injure the person's
  19 self or others if not immediately detained. The order shall
  20 confirm the oral order authorizing the person's detention 21 including any order given to transport the person to an
  22 appropriate facility. The clerk shall provide a copy of that
  23 order to the chief medical officer of the facility to which
  24 the person was originally taken, to any subsequent facility to 25 which the person was transported, and to any law enforcement
  26 department or ambulance service that transported the person
     pursuant to the magistrate's order.
Sec. 4. Section 229.22, subsection 3, Code 2003, is
4 29 amended by striking the subsection.
                                       EXPLANATION
          This bill relates to emergency procedures for the temporary
4 32 detention and treatment of persons who are incapacitated or
4 33 impaired due to substance abuse or mental health problems.
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The bill removes references to the chief medical officer and substitutes the examining physician as the person who is authorized to determine the treatment needs of a person who has been temporarily detained. The bill also eliminates the requirement that the judge or magistrate travel to the facility where the patient is being detained. The bill further requires that the judge or magistrate follow up by filing with the clerk of court a written order before the close of the next business day.

8 LSB 1211DP 80