Senate Study Bill 1064

SENATE FILE BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY BILL BY CHAIRPERSON REDFERN)

Passed	Senate,	Date	Passed	House,	Date	
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays	_
	A	pproved _				

A BILL FOR

1 An Act creating an exception to the statutory rule against perpetuities and making related changes. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 4 TLSB 1918XC 80 5 rh/sh/8

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Section 1. Section 557.7, Code 2003, is amended to read as 1 2 follows:

557.7 CONTINGENT REMAINDERS.

- A Except as provided in section 558.68A, a contingent 5 remainder shall take effect, notwithstanding any determination 6 of the particular estate, in the same manner in which it would 7 have taken effect if it had been an executory devise or a 8 springing or shifting use, and shall, as well as such 9 limitations, be subject to the rule respecting remoteness 10 known as the rule against perpetuities, exclusive of any other 11 supposed rule respecting limitations to successive generations
- 1 12 or double possibilities. 1 13 Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 558.68A EXCEPTION TO RULE AGAINST 1 14 PERPETUITIES.
- 1. Notwithstanding section 558.68, a rule of law against 1 16 perpetuities, a suspension of the power of alienation of the 1 17 title to property, or a law restricting or limiting the 1 18 duration of trusts shall not apply with respect to any 1 19 interest in real or personal property held in trust if the 20 instrument creating the trust specifically states that such 1 21 rule or the provisions of section 558.68 shall not apply to 1 22 the trust and if either the trustee of the trust has unlimited 23 power to sell all trust assets, or one or more persons, one of 24 whom may be the trustee, has unlimited power to terminate the 1 25 entire trust.
- 2. A trust of real or personal property created by an 1 27 employer as part of a stock bonus plan, pension plan, 1 28 disability or death benefit plan, or profit sharing plan, for 1 29 the benefit of some or all the employer's employees, to which 30 contributions are made by the employer or employees, or both, 31 for the purposes of distributing to the employees or their 1 32 beneficiaries the earnings or the principal, or both, of such 33 trust is not invalid as violating the rule against 34 perpetuities or any other law restricting or limiting the 35 duration of trusts; but the trust may continue for the time 1 that is necessary to accomplish the purposes for which it was 2 created.
- 3. Subsection 1 shall be effective for interests in real 4 or personal property in trust created by an inter vivos or 5 testamentary trust or will executed on or after July 1, 2003, 6 or pursuant to the exercise of a general power of appointment 7 on or after July 1, 2003. For the purposes of this 8 subsection, "general power of appointment" means a power that 9 is exercisable in favor of the individual possessing the 2 10 power, the person's estate, the p 2 11 creditors of the person's estate. 10 power, the person's estate, the person's creditors, or the

EXPLANATION

This bill creates an exception to the statutory rule 2 14 against perpetuities codified in Code section 558.68, which is 2 15 a legal rule related to invalidating interests in property 2 16 that are intended to belong to a person at some point in the 2 17 future, but for which the actual determination of ownership 2 18 cannot or will not be accomplished within a specified period 2 19 of time. The purpose of the rule is to keep property from 2 20 being frozen in trust beyond a certain period of years. The bill allows a creator of a trust to suspend, explicitly

2 22 in the trust document, the rule from applying to a particular

2 23 trust, but only if the trustee has the power to sell all trust 2 24 assets or if one or more people, including the trustee, has 2 25 the power to terminate the trust.
2 26 The bill further allows suspension of the rule in 2 27 situations where an employer creates a stock bonus plan, 2 8 pension plan, disability or death benefit plan, or profit 2 29 sharing plan, in trust, for the benefit of the employer's 2 30 employees, for the purpose of distributing to the employees or 2 31 their beneficiaries earnings or principal or both. 2 32 This exception applies to all interests in real or personal 2 33 property by testamentary or inter vivos trust or will, or to 2 34 the exercise of a general power of appointment, executed on or 2 35 created after July 1, 2003. 3 LSB 1918XC 80

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