S.F. 374

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(SUCCESSOR TO SSB 1077)

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1	SUBCHAPTER I
2	GENERAL PROVISIONS
3	PART 1
4	SHORT TITLE AND APPLICATIONS
5	Section 1. NEW SECTION. 504A.101A SHORT TITLE.
6	This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Iowa
7	Nonprofit Corporation Act".
8	Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 504A.101B RESERVATION OF POWER TO
9	AMEND OR REPEAL.
L O	The general assembly has power to amend or repeal all or
Ll	part of this chapter at any time and all domestic and foreign
L 2	corporations subject to this chapter are governed by the
L3	amendment or repeal.
L 4	PART 2
15	FILING DOCUMENTS
L 6	Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u> . 504A.111 FILING REQUIREMENTS.
L 7	1. A document must satisfy the requirements of this
18	section, and of any other section that adds to or varies these
19	requirements, to be entitled to filing by the secretary of
20	state.
21	2. This chapter must require or permit filing the document
22	in the office of the secretary of state.
23	3. The document must contain the information required by
24	this subchapter. It may contain other information as well.
25	4. The document must be typewritten or printed. If the
26	document is electronically transmitted, it must be in a format
27	that can be retrieved or reproduced in typewritten or printed
28	form.
29	5. The document must be in the English language. However,
30	a corporate name need not be in English if written in English
31	letters or Arabic or Roman numerals. The certificate of
32	existence required of foreign corporations need not be in
33	English if accompanied by a reasonably authenticated English
34	translation.
35	6. The document must be executed by one of the following:

- 1 a. The presiding officer of the board of directors of a 2 domestic or foreign corporation, its president, or by another 3 of its officers.
- 4 b. If directors have not been selected or the corporation 5 has not been formed, by an incorporator.
- 6 c. If the corporation is in the hands of a receiver,
- 7 trustee, or other court-appointed fiduciary, by that
- 8 fiduciary.
- 9 7. The person executing a document shall sign it and state 10 beneath or opposite the signature the person's name and the 11 capacity in which the person signs. The document may contain 12 a corporate seal, an attestation, an acknowledgment, or a 13 verification.
- 14 8. If the secretary of state has prescribed a mandatory 15 form for a document under section 504A.112, the document must 16 be in or on the prescribed form.
- 9. The document must be delivered to the office of the secretary of state for filing. Delivery may be made by 19 electronic transmission if and to the extent permitted by the 20 secretary of state. If it is filed in typewritten or printed 21 form and not transmitted electronically, the secretary of 22 state may require one exact or conformed copy to be delivered 23 with the document, except as provided in sections 504A.503 and 24 504A.1509.
- 25 10. When the document is delivered to the office of the 26 secretary of state for filing, the correct filing fee, and any 27 franchise tax, license fee, or penalty, shall be paid in a 28 manner permitted by the secretary of state.
- 29 11. The secretary of state may adopt rules for the 30 electronic filing of documents and the certification of 31 electronically filed documents.
- 32 Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.112 FORMS.
- The secretary of state may prescribe and furnish on
 request, forms for an application for a certificate of
 existence, a foreign corporation's application for a

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1	certificate of authority to transact business in this state, a
2	foreign corporation's application for a certificate of
3	withdrawal, and the biennial report. If the secretary of
4	state so requires, use of these forms is mandatory.
5	2. The secretary of state may prescribe and furnish on
6	request forms for other documents required or permitted to be
7	filed by this chapter but their use is not mandatory.
8	Sec. 5. <u>NEW SECTION</u> . 504A.113 FILING, SERVICE, AND
9	COPYING FEES.
10	1. The secretary of state shall collect the following
11	fees, as provided by the secretary of state, when the
12	documents described in this subsection are delivered for
13	filing:
14	DOCUMENT FEE
15	a. Articles of incorporation \$
16	b. Application for use of indistinguishable
17	name \$
18	c. Application for reserved name \$
19	d. Notice of transfer of reserved name \$
20	e. Application for registered name \$
21	f. Application for renewal of registered name \$
22	
2 3	registered agent or registered office or both \$
24	h. Agent's statement of change of registered
	office for each affected corporation not to
	exceed a total of\$
27	
28	
29	
	with amendments \$
31	
32	
33	
34	
35	p. Application for reinstatement following

1	administrative dissolution \$			
2	q. Certificate of reinstatement no fee			
. 3	r. Certificate of judicial dissolution no fee			
4	s. Application for certificate of authority \$			
5	t. Application for amended certificate of			
6	authority \$			
7	u. Application for certificate of withdrawal \$			
8	v. Certificate of revocation of authority			
9	to transact business no fee			
10	w. Biennial report\$			
11	x. Articles of correction \$			
12	y. Application for certificate of existence			
13	or authorization\$			
14	z. Any other document required or permitted			
15	to be filed by this Act\$			
16	2. The secretary of state shall collect a fee upon being			
17	served with process under this chapter. The party to a			
18	proceeding causing service of process is entitled to recover			
19	the fee paid the secretary of state as costs if the party			
20	prevails in the proceeding.			
21	3. The secretary of state shall collect fees for copying			
22	and certifying the copy of any filed document relating to a			
	domestic or foreign corporation.			
24				
	DOCUMENT.			
26				
27	504A.115, a document is effective at the later of the			
28	following times:			
29	3 ,			
	means as the secretary of state may use for the purpose of			
31	recording the date and time of filing.			
3 2	•			
33	time on the date it is filed.			
34				
35	date, and if it does so the document becomes effective at the			

- 1 time and date specified. If a delayed effective date but no
- 2 time is specified, the document is effective at the close of
- 3 business on that date. A delayed effective date for a
- 4 document shall not be later than the ninetieth day after the
- 5 date filed.
- 6 Sec. 7. NEW SECTION. 504A.115 CORRECTING FILED DOCUMENT.
- 7 1. A domestic or foreign corporation may correct a
- 8 document filed by the secretary of state if the document
- 9 satisfies one of the following:
- 10 a. The document contains an inaccuracy.
- 11 b. The document was defectively executed, attested,
- 12 sealed, verified, or acknowledged.
- 13 c. The electronic transmission was defective.
- 2. A document is corrected by doing both of the following:
- a. By preparing articles of correction that satisfy all of
- 16 the following requirements:
- 17 (1) Describe the document, including its filing date, or
- 18 attaching a copy of the document to the articles.
- 19 (2) Specify the inaccuracy or defect to be corrected.
- 20 (3) Correct the incorrect statement or defective
- 21 execution.
- 22 b. By delivering the articles of correction to the
- 23 secretary of state for filing.
- 24 3. Articles of correction are effective on the effective
- 25 date of the document they correct except as to persons relying
- 26 on the uncorrected document and adversely affected by the
- 27 correction. As to those persons, articles of correction are
- 28 effective when filed.
- 29 Sec. 8. NEW SECTION. 504A.116 FILING DUTY OF SECRETARY
- 30 OF STATE.
- 31 1. If a document delivered to the office of the secretary
- 32 of state for filing satisfies the requirements of section
- 33 504A.111, the secretary of state shall file it.
- 34 2. The secretary of state files a document by recording
- 35 the document as filed on the date and the time of receipt.

- 1 After filing a document, except as provided in sections
- 2 504A.503 and 504A.1510, the secretary of state shall deliver
- 3 to the domestic or foreign corporation or its representative a
- 4 copy of the document with an acknowledgment of the date and
- 5 time of filing.
- 6 3. Upon refusing to file a document, the secretary of
- 7 state shall return it to the domestic or foreign corporation
- 8 or its representative, together with a brief, written
- 9 explanation of the reason or reasons for the refusal.
- 10 4. The secretary of state's duty to file documents under
- 11 this section is ministerial. Filing or refusal to file a
- 12 document does not do any of the following:
- 13 a. Affect the validity or invalidity of the document in
- 14 whole or in part.
- b. Relate to the correctness or incorrectness of
- 16 information contained in the document.
- 17 c. Create a presumption that the document is valid or
- 18 invalid or that information contained in the document is
- 19 correct or incorrect.
- 20 Sec. 9. NEW SECTION. 504A.117 APPEAL FROM SECRETARY OF
- 21 STATE'S REFUSAL TO FILE DOCUMENT.
- 22 1. If the secretary of state refuses to file a document
- 23 delivered for filing to the secretary of state's office, the
- 24 domestic or foreign corporation may appeal the refusal to the
- 25 district court in the county where the corporation's principal
- 26 office, or if there is none in this state, its registered
- 27 office, is or will be located. The appeal is commenced by
- 28 petitioning the court to compel filing the document and by
- 29 attaching to the petition the document and the secretary of
- 30 state's explanation of the refusal to file.
- 31 2. The court may summarily order the secretary of state to
- 32 file the document or take other action the court considers
- 33 appropriate.
- 34 3. The court's final decision may be appealed as in other
- 35 civil proceedings.

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- 1 Sec. 10. NEW SECTION. 504A.118 EVIDENTIARY EFFECT OF
- 2 COPY OF FILED DOCUMENT.
- 3 A certificate from the secretary of state delivered with a
- 4 copy of a document filed by the secretary of state is
- 5 conclusive evidence that the original document is on file with
- 6 the secretary of state.
- 7 Sec. 11. NEW SECTION. 504A.119 CERTIFICATE OF EXISTENCE.
- 8 1. Any person may apply to the secretary of state to
- 9 furnish a certificate of existence for a domestic or foreign
- 10 corporation.
- 11 2. The certificate of existence shall set forth all of the
- 12 following:
- 13 a. The domestic corporation's corporate name or the
- 14 foreign corporation's corporate name used in this state.
- b. That the domestic corporation is duly incorporated
- 16 under the laws of this state, the date of its incorporation,
- 17 and the period of its duration if less than perpetual; or that
- 18 the foreign corporation is authorized to transact business in
- 19 this state.
- 20 c. That all fees, taxes, and penalties owed to this state
- 21 have been paid, if payment is reflected in the records of the
- 22 secretary of state and nonpayment affects the good standing of
- 23 the domestic or foreign corporation.
- 24 d. That its most recent biennial report required by
- 25 section 504A.1613 has been delivered to the secretary of
- 26 state.
- 27 e. That articles of dissolution have not been filed.
- 28 f. Other facts of record in the office of the secretary of
- 29 state that may be requested by the applicant.
- 30 3. Subject to any qualification stated in the certificate,
- 31 a certificate of existence issued by the secretary of state
- 32 may be relied upon as conclusive evidence that the domestic or
- 33 foreign corporation is in good standing in this state.
- 34 Sec. 12. NEW SECTION. 504A.120 PENALTY FOR SIGNING FALSE
- 35 DOCUMENT.

- 1. A person commits an offense by signing a document the
- 2 person knows is false in any material respect with intent that
- 3 the document be delivered to the secretary of state for
- 4 filing.
- 5 2. An offense under this section is a serious misdemeanor
- 6 punishable by a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars.
- 7 PART 3
- 8 SECRETARY OF STATE
- 9 Sec. 13. NEW SECTION. 504A.131 POWERS.
- 10 The secretary of state has all powers reasonably necessary
- 11 to perform the duties required of the secretary of state's
- 12 office by this chapter.
- 13 PART 4
- 14 DEFINITIONS
- 15 Sec. 14. NEW SECTION. 504A.141 CHAPTER DEFINITIONS.
- 16 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
- 17 requires:
- 18 1. "Approved by the members" or "approval by the members"
- 19 means approved or ratified by the affirmative vote of a
- 20 majority of the votes represented and voting at a duly held
- 21 meeting at which a quorum is present which affirmative votes
- 22 also constitute a majority of the required quorum or by a
- 23 written ballot or written consent in conformity with this
- 24 chapter or by the affirmative vote, written ballot, or written
- 25 consent of such greater proportion, including the votes of all
- 26 the members of any class, unit, or grouping as may be provided
- 27 in the articles, bylaws, or this chapter for any specified
- 28 member action.
- 29 2. "Articles of incorporation" or "articles" includes
- 30 amended and restated articles of incorporation and articles of
- 31 merger.
- 32 3. "Board" or "board of directors" means the board of
- 33 directors of a corporation except that no person or group of
- 34 persons are the board of directors because of powers delegated
- 35 to that person or group pursuant to section 504A.801.

- 1 4. "Bylaws" means the code or codes of rules other than
- 2 the articles adopted pursuant to this chapter for the
- 3 regulation or management of the affairs of a corporation
- 4 irrespective of the name or names by which such rules are
- 5 designated.
- 6 5. "Class" means a group of memberships which have the
- 7 same rights with respect to voting, dissolution, redemption,
- 8 and transfer. For purposes of this section, rights shall be
- 9 considered the same if they are determined by a formula
- 10 applied uniformly.
- 11 6. "Corporation" means a public benefit, mutual benefit,
- 12 or religious corporation.
- 13 7. "Delegates" means those persons elected or appointed to
- 14 vote in a representative assembly for the election of a
- 15 director or directors or on other matters.
- 16 8. "Deliver" or "delivery" means any method of delivery
- 17 used in conventional commercial practice, including delivery
- 18 in person, by mail, commercial delivery, and electronic
- 19 transmission.
- 9. "Directors" means individuals, designated in the
- 21 articles or bylaws or elected by the incorporators, and their
- 22 successors and individuals elected or appointed by any other
- 23 name or title to act as members of the board.
- 24 10. "Distribution" means the payment of a dividend or any
- 25 part of the income or profit of a corporation to its members,
- 26 directors, or officers.
- 27 ll. "Domestic corporation" means a corporation.
- 28 12. "Effective date of notice" is defined in section
- 29 504A.142.
- 30 13. "Electronic transmission" or "electronically
- 31 transmitted" means any process of communication not directly
- 32 involving the physical transfer of paper that is suitable for
- 33 the retention, retrieval, and reproduction of information by
- 34 the recipient.
- 35 14. "Employee" does not include an officer or director of

- l a corporation who is not otherwise employed by the
- 2 corporation.
- 3 15. "Entity" includes a corporation and foreign
- 4 corporation; business corporation and foreign business
- 5 corporation; limited liability company and foreign limited
- 6 liability company; profit and nonprofit unincorporated
- 7 association; corporation sole; business trust, estate,
- 8 partnership, trust, and two or more persons having a joint or
- 9 common economic interest; and state, the United States, and
- 10 foreign government.
- 11 16. "File", "filed", or "filing" means filed in the office
- 12 of the secretary of state.
- 13 17. "Foreign corporation" means a corporation organized
- 14 under laws other than the laws of this state which would be a
- 15 nonprofit corporation if formed under the laws of this state.
- 16 18. "Governmental subdivision" includes an authority,
- 17 county, district, and municipality.
- 18 19. "Includes" denotes a partial definition.
- 19 20. "Individual" includes the estate of an incompetent
- 20 individual.
- 21 21. "Means" denotes a complete definition.
- 22. "Member" means a person who on more than one occasion,
- 23 pursuant to the provisions of a corporation's articles or
- 24 bylaws, has a right to vote for the election of a director or
- 25 directors of a corporation, irrespective of how a member is
- 26 defined in the articles or bylaws of the corporation. A
- 27 person is not a member because of any of the following:
- 28 a. The person's rights as a delegate.
- 29 b. The person's rights to designate a director.
- 30 c. The person's rights as a director.
- 31 23. "Membership" refers to the rights and obligations a
- 32 member or members have pursuant to a corporation's articles,
- 33 bylaws, and this chapter.
- 34 24. "Mutual benefit corporation" means a domestic
- 35 corporation that is formed as a mutual benefit corporation

- 1 pursuant to subchapter 2 or is required to be a mutual benefit
- 2 corporation pursuant to section 504A.1705.
- 3 25. "Notice" is defined in section 504A.142.
- 4 26. "Person" includes any individual or entity.
- 5 27. "Principal office" means the office in or out of this
- 6 state so designated in the biennial report filed pursuant to
- 7 section 504A.1613 where the principal offices of a domestic or
- 8 foreign corporation are located.
- 9 28. "Proceeding" includes a civil suit and criminal,
- 10 administrative, or investigatory actions.
- 11 29. "Public benefit corporation" means a domestic
- 12 corporation that is formed as a public benefit corporation
- 13 pursuant to subchapter 2 or is required to be a public benefit
- 14 corporation pursuant to section 504A.1705.
- 15 30. "Record date" means the date established under
- 16 subchapter 6 or 7 on which a corporation determines the
- 17 identity of its members for the purposes of this subchapter.
- 18 31. "Religious corporation" means a domestic corporation
- 19 that is formed as a religious corporation pursuant to
- 20 subchapter 2 or is required to be a religious corporation
- 21 pursuant to section 504A.1705.
- 22 32. "Secretary" means the corporate officer to whom the
- 23 board of directors has delegated responsibility under section
- 24 504A.841, subsection 2, for custody of the minutes of the
- 25 directors' and members' meetings and for authenticating the
- 26 records of the corporation.
- 27 33. "Sign" or "signature" includes a manual, facsimile,
- 28 conformed, or electronic signature.
- 29 34. "State", when referring to a part of the United
- 30 States, includes a state and commonwealth and their agencies
- 31 and governmental subdivisions, and a territory and insular
- 32 possession and their agencies and governmental subdivisions of
- 33 the United States.
- 34 35. "United States" includes a district, authority,
- 35 bureau, commission, department, and any other agency of the

- 1 United States.
- 2 36. "Vote" includes authorization by written ballot and 3 written consent.
- 4 37. "Voting power" means the total number of votes
- 5 entitled to be cast for the election of directors at the time
- 6 the determination of voting power is made, excluding a vote
- 7 that is contingent upon the happening of a condition or event
- 8 that has not occurred at the time. When a class is entitled
- 9 to vote as a class for directors, the determination of voting
- 10 power of the class shall be based on the percentage of the
- 11 number of directors the class is entitled to elect out of the
- 12 total number of authorized directors.
- 13 Sec. 15. NEW SECTION. 504A.142 NOTICE.
- 14 1. Notice under this chapter must be in writing unless
- 15 oral notice is reasonable under the circumstances. Notice by
- 16 electronic transmission is written notice.
- 2. Subject to subsection 1, notice may be communicated in
- 18 person, by mail, or other method of delivery; or by telephone,
- 19 voice mail, or other electronic means. If these forms of
- 20 personal notice are impracticable, notice may be communicated
- 21 by a newspaper of general circulation in the area where
- 22 published or by radio, television, or other form of public
- 23 broadcast communication.
- 24 3. Oral notice is effective when communicated if
- 25 communicated in a comprehensible manner.
- 26 4. Written notice by a domestic or foreign corporation to
- 27 its member, if in a comprehensible form, is effective
- 28 according to one of the following:
- 29 a. Upon deposit in the United States mail, if mailed
- 30 postpaid and correctly addressed to the member's address shown
- 31 in the corporation's current record of members.
- 32 b. When electronically transmitted to the shareholder in a
- 33 manner authorized by the shareholder.
- 34 5. Except as provided in subsection 4, written notice, if
- 35 in a comprehensible form, is effective at the earliest of the

- 1 following:
- 2 a. When received.
- 3 b. Five days after its deposit in the United States mail,
- 4 if mailed correctly addressed and with first-class postage
- 5 affixed.
- 6 c. On the date shown on the return receipt, if sent by
- 7 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and
- 8 the receipt is signed by or on behalf of the addressee.
- 9 d. Thirty days after its deposit in the United States
- 10 mail, if mailed correctly addressed and with other than first-
- 11 class, registered, or certified postage affixed.
- 12 6. Written notice is correctly addressed to a member of a
- 13 domestic or foreign corporation if addressed to the member's
- 14 address shown in the corporation's current list of members.
- 7. A written notice or report delivered as part of a
- 16 newsletter, magazine, or other publication regularly sent to
- 17 members shall constitute a written notice or report if
- 18 addressed or delivered to the member's address shown in the
- 19 corporation's current list of members, or in the case of
- 20 members who are residents of the same household and who have
- 21 the same address in the corporation's current list of members,
- 22 if addressed or delivered to one of such members, at the
- 23 address appearing on the current list of members.
- 8. Written notice is correctly addressed to a domestic or
- 25 foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this
- 26 state, other than in its capacity as a member, if addressed to
- 27 its registered agent or to its secretary at its principal
- 28 office shown in its most recent biennial report or, in the
- 29 case of a foreign corporation that has not yet delivered an
- 30 annual report, in its application for a certificate of
- 31 authority.
- 9. If section 504A.705, subsection 2, or any other
- 33 provision of this chapter prescribes notice requirements for
- 34 particular circumstances, those requirements govern. If
- 35 articles or bylaws prescribe notice requirements not

1 inconsistent with this section or other provisions of this
2 chapter, those requirements govern.

PART 5

4 JUDICIAL RELIEF

- 5 Sec. 16. NEW SECTION. 504A.151 JUDICIAL RELIEF.
- 6 l. If for any reason it is impractical or impossible for a
- 7 corporation to call or conduct a meeting of its members,
- 8 delegates, or directors, or otherwise obtain their consent, in
- 9 the manner prescribed by its articles, bylaws, or this
- 10 chapter, then upon petition of a director, officer, delegate,
- 11 member, or the attorney general, the district court may order
- 12 that such a meeting be called or that a written ballot or
- 13 other form of obtaining the vote of members, delegates, or
- 14 directors be authorized, in such a manner as the court finds
- 15 fair and equitable under the circumstances.
- 16 2. The court shall, in an order issued pursuant to this
- 17 section, provide for a method of notice reasonably designed to
- 18 give actual notice to all persons who would be entitled to
- 19 notice of a meeting held pursuant to the articles, bylaws, and
- 20 this chapter, whether or not the method results in actual
- 21 notice to all such persons or conforms to the notice
- 22 requirements that would otherwise apply. In a proceeding
- 23 under this section, the court may determine who the members or
- 24 directors are.
- 25 3. An order issued pursuant to this section may dispense
- 26 with any requirement relating to the holding of or voting at
- 27 meetings or obtaining votes, including any requirement as to
- 28 quorums or as to the number or percentage of votes needed for
- 29 approval, that would otherwise be imposed by the articles,
- 30 bylaws, or this chapter.
- 31 4. Whenever practical, an order issued pursuant to this
- 32 section shall limit the subject matter of meetings or other
- 33 forms of consent authorized to items, including amendments to
- 34 the articles or bylaws, the resolution of which will or may
- 35 enable the corporation to continue managing its affairs

- 1 without further resort to this section; provided, however,
- 2 that an order under this section may also authorize the
- 3 obtaining of whatever votes and approvals are necessary for
- 4 the dissolution, merger, or sale of assets.
- 5. A meeting or other method of obtaining the vote of
- 6 members, delegates, or directors conducted pursuant to an
- 7 order issued under this section, and which complies with all
- 8 the provisions of such order, is for all purposes a valid
- 9 meeting or vote, as the case may be, and shall have the same
- 10 force and effect as if it complied with every requirement
- 11 imposed by the articles, bylaws, and this chapter.
- 12 PART 6
- 13 ATTORNEY GENERAL
- 14 Sec. 17. NEW SECTION. 504A.161 ATTORNEY GENERAL.
- 1. The attorney general shall be given notice of the
- 16 commencement of a proceeding which this chapter authorizes the
- 17 attorney general to bring but which has been commenced by
- 18 another person.
- 2. Whenever a provision of this chapter requires that
- 20 notice be given to the attorney general before or after
- 21 commencing a proceeding or permits the attorney general to
- 22 commence a proceeding:
- 23 a. If no proceeding has been commenced, the attorney
- 24 general may take appropriate action including, but not limited
- 25 to, seeking injunctive relief.
- 26 b. If a proceeding has been commenced by a person other
- 27 than the attorney general, the attorney general, as of right,
- 28 may intervene in such proceeding.
- 29 Sec. 18. NEW SECTION. 504A.162 RELIGIOUS CORPORATIONS --
- 30 CONSTITUTIONAL PROTECTIONS.
- 31 If religious doctrine governing the affairs of a religious
- 32 corporation is inconsistent with the provisions of this
- 33 chapter on the same subject, the religious doctrine shall
- 34 control to the extent required by the Constitution of the
- 35 United States or the constitution of this state or both.

1 SUBCHAPTER II

- 2 ORGANIZATION
- 3 Sec. 19. NEW SECTION. 504A.201 INCORPORATORS.
- 4 One or more persons may act as the incorporator or
- 5 incorporators of a corporation by delivering articles of
- 6 incorporation to the secretary of state for filing.
- 7 Sec. 20. NEW SECTION. 504A.202 ARTICLES OF
- 8 INCORPORATION.
- 9 1. The articles of incorporation shall set forth all of
- 10 the following:
- 11 a. A corporate name for the corporation that satisfies the
- 12 requirements of section 504A.401.
- b. One of the following statements:
- 14 (1) This corporation is a public benefit corporation.
- 15 (2) This corporation is a mutual benefit corporation.
- 16 (3) This corporation is a religious corporation.
- 17 c. The address of the corporation's initial registered
- 18 office and the name of its initial registered agent at that
- 19 office.
- 20 d. The name and address of each incorporator.
- 21 e. Whether the corporation will have members.
- 22 f. Provisions not inconsistent with law regarding the
- 23 distribution of assets on dissolution.
- 24 2. The articles of incorporation may set forth any of the
- 25 following:
- 26 a. The purpose for which the corporation is organized,
- 27 which may be, either alone or in combination with other
- 28 purposes, the transaction of any lawful activity.
- 29 b. The names and addresses of the individuals who are to
- 30 serve as the initial directors.
- 31 c. Provisions not inconsistent with law regarding all of
- 32 the following:
- 33 (1) Managing and regulating the affairs of the
- 34 corporation.
- 35 (2) Defining, limiting, and regulating the powers of the

- 1 corporation, its board of directors, and members, or any class 2 of members.
- 3 (3) The characteristics, qualifications, rights,
- 4 limitations, and obligations attaching to each or any class of 5 members.
- 6 d. A provision eliminating or limiting the liability of a
- 7 director to the corporation or its members for money damages
- 8 for any action taken, or any failure to take any action, as a
- 9 director, except liability for any of the following:
- 10 (1) The amount of a financial benefit received by a
- 11 director to which the director is not entitled.
- 12 (2) An intentional infliction of harm on the corporation
- 13 or its members.
- 14 (3) A violation of section 504A.834.
- 15 (4) An intentional violation of criminal law.
- 16 A provision set forth in the articles of incorporation
- 17 pursuant to this paragraph shall not eliminate or limit the
- 18 liability of a director for an act or omission that occurs
- 19 prior to the date when the provision becomes effective.
- 20 e. A provision permitting or requiring a corporation to
- 21 indemnify a director for liability, as defined in section
- 22 504A.851, subsection 5, to a person for any action taken, or
- 23 any failure to take any action, as a director except liability
- 24 for any of the following:
- 25 (1) Receipt of a financial benefit to which the person is
- 26 not entitled.
- 27 (2) Intentional infliction of harm on the corporation or
- 28 its members.
- 29 (3) A violation of section 504A.834.
- 30 (4) Intentional violation of criminal law.
- 31 f. Any provision that under this chapter is required or
- 32 permitted to be set forth in the bylaws.
- 33 3. Each incorporator named in the articles must sign the
- 34 articles.
- 35 4. The articles of incorporation need not set forth any of

- 1 the corporate powers enumerated in this chapter.
- 2 Sec. 21. NEW SECTION. 504A.203 INCORPORATION.
- Unless a delayed effective date is specified, the
- 4 corporate existence begins when the articles of incorporation
- 5 are filed.
- 6 2. The secretary of state's filing of the articles of
- 7 incorporation is conclusive proof that the incorporators
- 8 satisfied all conditions precedent to incorporation except in
- 9 a proceeding by the state to cancel or revoke the
- 10 incorporation or involuntarily dissolve the corporation.
- 11 Sec. 22. NEW SECTION. 504A.204 LIABILITY FOR
- 12 PREINCORPORATION TRANSACTIONS.
- 13 All persons purporting to act as or on behalf of a
- 14 corporation, knowing there was no incorporation under this
- 15 chapter, are jointly and severally liable for all liabilities
- 16 created while so acting.
- 17 Sec. 23. NEW SECTION. 504A.205 ORGANIZATION OF
- 18 CORPORATION.
- 19 1. After incorporation:
- 20 a. If initial directors are named in the articles of
- 21 incorporation, the initial directors shall hold an
- 22 organizational meeting, at the call of a majority of the
- 23 directors, to complete the organization of the corporation by
- 24 appointing officers, adopting bylaws, and carrying on any
- 25 other business brought before the meeting.
- 26 b. If initial directors are not named in the articles, the
- 27 incorporator or incorporators shall hold an organizational
- 28 meeting at the call of a majority of the incorporators to do
- 29 one of the following:
- 30 (1) Elect directors and complete the organization of the
- 31 corporation.
- 32 (2) Elect a board of directors who shall complete the
- 33 organization of the corporation.
- 2. Action required or permitted by this chapter to be
- 35 taken by incorporators at an organizational meeting may be

- 1 taken without a meeting if the action taken is evidenced by
- 2 one or more written consents describing the action taken and
- 3 signed by each incorporator.
- 4 3. An organizational meeting may be held in or out of this
- 5 state in accordance with section 504A.821.
- 6 Sec. 24. NEW SECTION. 504A.206 BYLAWS.
- 7 l. The incorporators or board of directors of a
- 8 corporation shall adopt bylaws for the corporation.
- 9 2. The bylaws may contain any provision for regulating and
- 10 managing the affairs of the corporation that is not
- ll inconsistent with law or the articles of incorporation.
- 12 Sec. 25. NEW SECTION. 504A.207 EMERGENCY BYLAWS AND
- 13 POWERS.
- 14 l. Unless the articles provide otherwise the directors of
- 15 a corporation may adopt, amend, or repeal bylaws to be
- 16 effective only in an emergency as described in subsection 4.
- 17 The emergency bylaws, which are subject to amendment or repeal
- 18 by the members, may provide special procedures necessary for
- 19 managing the corporation during the emergency, including all
- 20 of the following:
- 21 a. How to call a meeting of the board.
- 22 b. Quorum requirements for the meeting.
- 23 c. Designation of additional or substitute directors.
- 24 2. All provisions of the regular bylaws consistent with
- 25 the emergency bylaws remain effective during the emergency.
- 26 The emergency bylaws are not effective after the emergency
- 27 ends.
- 28 3. Corporate action taken in good faith in accordance with
- 29 the emergency bylaws does both of the following:
- 30 a. Binds the corporation.
- 31 b. Shall not be used to impose liability on a corporate
- 32 director, officer, employee, or agent.
- 33 4. An emergency exists for purposes of this section if a
- 34 quorum of the corporation's directors cannot readily be
- 35 assembled because of some catastrophic event.

1 SUBCHAPTER III

2 PURPOSES AND POWERS

- 3 Sec. 26. NEW SECTION. 504A.301 PURPOSES.
- 4 1. Every corporation incorporated under this chapter has
- 5 the purpose of engaging in any lawful activity unless a more
- 6 limited purpose is set forth in the articles of incorporation.
- 7 2. A corporation engaging in an activity that is subject
- 8 to regulation under another statute of this state may
- 9 incorporate under this chapter only if incorporation under
- 10 this chapter is not prohibited by the other statute. The
- 11 corporation shall be subject to all limitations of the other
- 12 statute.
- 13 Sec. 27. NEW SECTION. 504A.302 GENERAL POWERS.
- 14 Unless its articles of incorporation provide otherwise,
- 15 every corporation has perpetual duration and succession in its
- 16 corporate name and has the same powers as an individual to do
- 17 all things necessary or convenient to carry out its affairs,
- 18 including without limitation all of the following powers:
- 19 1. Sue and be sued, complain, and defend in its corporate
- 20 name.
- Have a corporate seal, which may be altered at will,
- 22 and to use it, or a facsimile of it, by impressing, affixing,
- 23 or in any other manner reproducing it.
- 24 3. Make and amend bylaws not inconsistent with its
- 25 articles of incorporation or with the laws of this state, for
- 26 regulating and managing the affairs of the corporation.
- 27 4. Purchase, receive, lease, or otherwise acquire, and
- 28 own, hold, improve, use, and otherwise deal with real or
- 29 personal property, or any legal or equitable interest in
- 30 property, wherever located.
- 31 5. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, and
- 32 otherwise dispose of all or any part of its property.
- 33 6. Purchase, receive, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire,
- 34 own, hold, vote, use, sell, mortgage, lend, pledge, or
- 35 otherwise dispose of, and deal in and with, shares or other

- 1 interests in, or obligations of, any entity.
- Make contracts and guarantees, incur liabilities,
- 3 borrow money, issue notes, bonds, and other obligations, and
- 4 secure any of its obligations by mortgage or pledge of any of
- 5 its property, franchises, or income.
- 6 8. Lend money, invest and reinvest its funds, and receive
- 7 and hold real and personal property as security for repayment,
- 8 except as limited by section 504A.833.
- 9 9. Be a promoter, partner, member, associate, or manager
- 10 of any partnership, joint venture, trust, or other entity.
- 11 10. Conduct its activities, locate offices, and exercise
- 12 the powers granted by this chapter in or out of this state.
- 13 11. Elect or appoint directors, officers, employees, and
- 14 agents of the corporation, define their duties, and fix their
- 15 compensation.
- 16 12. Pay pensions and establish pension plans, pension
- 17 trusts, and other benefit and incentive plans for any or all
- 18 of its current or former directors, officers, employees, and
- 19 agents.
- 20 13. Make donations not inconsistent with law for the
- 21 public welfare or for charitable, religious, scientific, or
- 22 educational purposes and for other purposes that further the
- 23 corporate interest.
- 24 14. Impose dues, assessments, and admission and transfer
- 25 fees upon its members.
- 26 15. Establish conditions for admission of members, admit
- 27 members, and issue memberships.
- 28 16. Carry on a business.
- 29 17. Do all things necessary or convenient, not
- 30 inconsistent with law, to further the activities and affairs
- 31 of the corporation.
- 32 Sec. 28. NEW SECTION. 504A.303 EMERGENCY POWERS.
- 33 1. In anticipation of or during an emergency as described
- 34 in subsection 4, the board of directors of a corporation may
- 35 do both of the following:

- 1 a. Modify lines of succession to accommodate the
- 2 incapacity of any director, officer, employee, or agent.
- 3 b. Relocate the principal office, designate alternative
- 4 principal offices or regional offices, or authorize an officer
- 5 to do so.
- 6 2. During an emergency described in subsection 4, unless
- 7 emergency bylaws provide otherwise, all of the following shall
- 8 apply:
- 9 a. Notice of a meeting of the board of directors need be
- 10 given only to those directors whom it is practicable to reach
- 11 and such notice may be given in any practicable manner,
- 12 including by publication and radio.
- b. One or more officers of the corporation present at a
- 14 meeting of the board of directors may be deemed to be
- 15 directors for the meeting, in order of rank and within the
- 16 same rank in order of seniority, as necessary to achieve a
- 17 quorum.
- 18 3. Corporate action taken in good faith during an
- 19 emergency under this section to further the ordinary affairs
- 20 of the corporation does both of the following:
- 21 a. Binds the corporation.
- 22 b. Shall not be used to impose liability on a corporate
- 23 director, officer, employee, or agent.
- 4. An emergency exists for purposes of this section if a
- 25 quorum of the corporation's directors cannot readily be
- 26 assembled because of some catastrophic event.
- 27 Sec. 29. NEW SECTION. 504A.304 ULTRA VIRES.
- 28 1. Except as provided in subsection 2, the validity of
- 29 corporate action may not be challenged on the ground that the
- 30 corporation lacks or lacked power to act.
- 31 2. A corporation's power to act may be challenged in a
- 32 proceeding against the corporation to enjoin an act when a
- 33 third party has not acquired rights. The proceeding may be
- 34 brought by the attorney general, a director, or by a member or
- 35 members in a derivative proceeding.

- 3. A corporation's power to act may be challenged in a
- 2 proceeding against an incumbent or former director, officer,
- 3 employee, or agent of the corporation. The proceeding may be
- 4 brought by a director, the corporation, directly,
- 5 derivatively, or through a receiver, a trustee or other legal
- 6 representative, or in the case of a public benefit
- 7 corporation, by the attorney general.
- 8 SUBCHAPTER IV
- 9 NAMES
- 10 Sec. 30. NEW SECTION. 504A.401 CORPORATE NAME.
- 11 1. A corporate name shall not contain language stating or
- 12 implying that the corporation is organized for a purpose other
- 13 than that permitted by section 504A.301 and its articles of
- 14 incorporation.
- 2. Except as authorized by subsections 3 and 4, a
- 16 corporate name must be distinguishable upon the records of the
- 17 secretary of state from:
- 18 a. The corporate name of any other nonprofit or business
- 19 corporation incorporated or authorized to do business in this
- 20 state.
- 21 b. A corporate name reserved or registered under section
- 22 490.402, 490.403, 504A.402, or 504A.403.
- 23 c. The fictitious name of a foreign business or nonprofit
- 24 corporation authorized to transact business in this state
- 25 because its real name is unavailable.
- 26 3. A corporation may apply to the secretary of state for
- 27 authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon
- 28 the secretary of state's records from one or more of the names
- 29 described in subsection 2. The secretary of state shall
- 30 authorize use of the name applied for if either of the
- 31 following applies:
- 32 a. The other corporation consents to the use of the name
- 33 in writing and submits an undertaking in a form satisfactory
- 34 to the secretary of state to change its name to a name that is
- 35 distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state

- 1 from the name of the applying corporation.
- 2 b. The applicant delivers to the secretary of state a
- 3 certified copy of a final judgment from a court of competent
- 4 jurisdiction establishing the applicant's right to use the
- 5 name applied for in this state.
- 6 4. A corporation may use the name, including the
- 7 fictitious name, of another domestic or foreign business or
- 8 nonprofit corporation that is being used in this state if the
- 9 other corporation is incorporated or authorized to do business
- 10 in this state and the proposed user corporation submits
- 11 documentation to the satisfaction of the secretary of state
- 12 establishing any of the following conditions:
- 13 a. The user corporation has merged with the other
- 14 corporation.
- b. The user corporation has been formed by reorganization
- 16 of the other corporation.
- 17 c. The user corporation has acquired all or substantially
- 18 all of the assets, including the corporate name, of the other
- 19 corporation.
- 20 5. This subchapter does not control the use of fictitious
- 21 names; however, if a corporation or a foreign corporation uses
- 22 a fictitious name in this state it shall deliver to the
- 23 secretary of state for filing a copy of the resolution of its
- 24 board of directors, certified by its secretary, adopting the
- 25 fictitious name.
- 26 Sec. 31. NEW SECTION. 504A.402 RESERVED NAME.
- 27 l. A person may reserve the exclusive use of a corporate
- 28 name, including a fictitious name for a foreign corporation
- 29 whose corporate name is not available by delivering an
- 30 application to the secretary of state for filing. Upon
- 31 finding that the corporate name applied for is available, the
- 32 secretary of state shall reserve the name for the applicant's
- 33 exclusive use for a nonrenewable one hundred twenty-day
- 34 period.
- 35 2. The owner of a reserved corporate name may transfer the

- 1 reservation to another person by delivering to the secretary
- 2 of state a signed notice of the transfer that states the name
- 3 and address of the transferee.
- 4 Sec. 32. NEW SECTION. 504A.403 REGISTERED NAME.
- A foreign corporation may register its corporate name,
- 6 or its corporate name with any change required by section
- 7 504A.1506, if the name is distinguishable upon the records of
- 8 the secretary of state from both of the following:
- 9 a. The corporate name of a nonprofit or business
- 10 corporation incorporated or authorized to do business in this
- ll state.
- b. A corporate name reserved under section 490.402,
- 13 490.403, or 504A.402, or registered under this section.
- 2. A foreign corporation shall register its corporate
- 15 name, or its corporate name with any change required by
- 16 section 504A.1506, by delivering to the secretary of state an
- 17 application that does both of the following:
- 18 a. Sets forth its corporate name, or its corporate name
- 19 with any change required by section 504A.1506, the state or
- 20 country and date of its incorporation, and a brief description
- 21 of the nature of the activities in which it is engaged.
- 22 b. Is accompanied by a certificate of existence, or a
- 23 document of similar import, from the state or country of
- 24 incorporation.
- 25 3. The name is registered for the applicant's exclusive
- 26 use upon the effective date of the application.
- 27 4. A foreign corporation whose registration is effective
- 28 may renew it for successive years by delivering to the
- 29 secretary of state for filing a renewal application which
- 30 complies with the requirements of subsection 2, between
- 31 October 1 and December 31 of the preceding year. The renewal
- 32 application renews the registration for the following calendar
- 33 year.
- 34 5. A foreign corporation whose registration is effective
- 35 may thereafter qualify as a foreign corporation under that

- 1 name or consent in writing to the use of that name by a
- 2 corporation thereafter incorporated under this chapter or by
- 3 another foreign corporation thereafter authorized to transact
- 4 business in this state. The registration terminates when the
- 5 domestic corporation is incorporated or the foreign
- 6 corporation qualifies or consents to the qualification of
- 7 another foreign corporation under the registered name.
- 8 SUBCHAPTER V
- 9 OFFICE AND AGENT
- 10 Sec. 33. NEW SECTION. 504A.501 REGISTERED OFFICE AND
- 11 REGISTERED AGENT.
- 12 A corporation shall continuously maintain both of the
- 13 following in this state:
- 14 1. A registered office with the same address as that of
- 15 the registered agent.
- 2. A registered agent, who may be any of the following:
- 17 a. An individual who resides in this state and whose
- 18 business office is identical with the registered office.
- 19 b. A domestic business or nonprofit corporation whose
- 20 business office is identical to the registered office.
- 21 c. A foreign business or nonprofit corporation authorized
- 22 to transact business in this state whose business office is
- 23 identical to the registered office.
- 24 Sec. 34. NEW SECTION. 504A.502 CHANGE OF REGISTERED
- 25 OFFICE OR REGISTERED AGENT.
- 26 1. A corporation may change its registered office or
- 27 registered agent by delivering to the secretary of state for
- 28 filing a statement of change that sets forth all of the
- 29 following:
- 30 a. The name of the corporation.
- 31 b. If the current registered office is to be changed, the
- 32 address of the new registered office.
- 33 c. If the current registered agent is to be changed, the
- 34 name of the new registered agent and the new agent's written
- 35 consent, either on the statement or attached to it, to the

- 1 change.
- 2 d. That after the change or changes are made, the
- 3 addresses of its registered office and the office of its
- 4 registered agent will be identical.
- 5 2. If the address of a registered agent's business office
- 6 is changed, the registered agent may change the address of the
- 7 registered office of any corporation for which the registered
- 8 agent is the registered agent by notifying the corporation in
- 9 writing of the change and by signing, either manually or in
- 10 facsimile, and delivering to the secretary of state for
- 11 filing, a statement that complies with the requirements of
- 12 subsection 1 and recites that the corporation has been
- 13 notified of the change.
- 14 3. If a registered agent changes the registered agent's
- 15 business address to another place, the registered agent may
- 16 change the address of the registered office of any corporation
- 17 for which the registered agent is the registered agent by
- 18 filing a statement as required in subsection 2 for each
- 19 corporation, or by filing a single statement for all
- 20 corporations named in the notice, except that it need be
- 21 signed, either manually or in facsimile, only once by the
- 22 registered agent and must recite that a copy of the statement
- 23 has been mailed to each corporation named in the notice.
- 24 Sec. 35. NEW SECTION. 504A.503 RESIGNATION OF REGISTERED
- 25 AGENT.
- 26 1. A registered agent may resign as registered agent by
- 27 signing and delivering to the secretary of state for filing a
- 28 signed original statement of resignation. The statement may
- 29 include a statement that the registered office is also
- 30 discontinued.
- 31 The registered agent shall send a copy of the statement of
- 32 resignation by certified mail to the corporation at its
- 33 principal office and to the registered office, if not
- 34 discontinued. The registered agent shall certify to the
- 35 secretary of state that copies have been sent to the

- 1 corporation, including the date the copies were sent.
- 2. The agency appointment is terminated, and the
- 3 registered office discontinued if so provided, on the date the
- 4 statement was filed.
- 5 Sec. 36. NEW SECTION. 504A.504 SERVICE ON CORPORATION.
- 6 1. A corporation's registered agent is the corporation's
- 7 agent for service of process, notice, or demand required or
- 8 permitted by law to be served on the corporation.
- 9 2. If a corporation has no registered agent, or the agent
- 10 cannot with reasonable diligence be served, the corporation
- 11 may be served by registered or certified mail, return receipt
- 12 requested, addressed to the secretary of the corporation at
- 13 its principal office shown in the most recent biennial report
- 14 filed pursuant to section 504A.1613. Service is perfected
- 15 under this subsection on the earliest of any of the following:
- 16 a. The date the corporation receives the mail.
- 17 b. The date shown on the return receipt, if signed on
- 18 behalf of the corporation.
- 19 c. Five days after its deposit in the United States mail,
- 20 if mailed and correctly addressed with first class postage
- 21 affixed.
- 22 3. This section does not prescribe the only means, or
- 23 necessarily the required means, of serving a corporation. A
- 24 corporation may also be served in any other manner permitted
- 25 by law.
- 26 SUBCHAPTER VI
- 27 MEMBERS AND MEMBERSHIPS
- 28 PART 1
- 29 ADMISSION OF MEMBERS
- 30 Sec. 37. NEW SECTION. 504A.601 ADMISSION.
- 31 1. The articles or bylaws may establish criteria or
- 32 procedures for admission of members.
- 33 2. A person shall not be admitted as a member without the
- 34 person's consent or affirmative action evidencing consent.
- 35 Sec. 38. NEW SECTION. 504A.602 CONSIDERATION.

- 1 Except as provided in its articles or bylaws, a corporation
- 2 may admit members for no consideration or for such
- 3 consideration as is determined by the board.
- 4 Sec. 39. NEW SECTION. 504A.603 NO REQUIREMENT OF
- 5 MEMBERS.
- A corporation is not required to have members.
- 7 PART 2
- 8 TYPES OF MEMBERSHIPS -- MEMBERS' RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS
- 9 Sec. 40. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.611 DIFFERENCES IN RIGHTS AND 10 OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS.
- 11 All members shall have the same rights and obligations with
- 12 respect to voting, dissolution, redemption, and transfer,
- 13 unless the articles or bylaws establish classes of membership
- 14 with different rights or obligations. All members shall have
- 15 the same rights and obligations with respect to any other
- 16 matters, except as set forth in or authorized by the articles
- 17 or bylaws. A person that has no voting rights and is
- 18 identified as a member in the articles or bylaws of the
- 19 corporation shall have only those rights set forth for such a
- 20 member in the articles or bylaws of the corporation.
- 21 Sec. 41. NEW SECTION. 504A.612 TRANSFERS.
- 22 l. Except as set forth in or authorized by the articles or
- 23 bylaws, a member of a mutual benefit corporation shall not
- 24 transfer a membership or any right arising therefrom.
- 25 2. A member of a public benefit or religious corporation
- 26 shall not transfer a membership or any right arising
- 27 therefrom.
- 28 3. Where transfer rights have been provided, a restriction
- 29 on them shall not be binding with respect to a member holding
- 30 a membership issued prior to the adoption of the restriction
- 31 unless the restriction is approved by the members and the
- 32 affected member.
- 33 Sec. 42. NEW SECTION. 504A.613 MEMBER'S LIABILITY TO
- 34 THIRD PARTIES.
- 35 A member of a corporation is not, as such, personally

- 1 liable for the acts, debts, liabilities, or obligations of the
- 2 corporation.
- 3 Sec. 43. NEW SECTION. 504A.614 MEMBER'S LIABILITY FOR
- 4 DUES, ASSESSMENTS, AND FEES.
- 5 A member may become liable to the corporation for dues,
- 6 assessments, or fees. However, an article or bylaw provision
- 7 or a resolution adopted by the board authorizing or imposing
- 8 dues, assessments, or fees does not, of itself, create
- 9 liability.
- 10 Sec. 44. NEW SECTION. 504A.615 CREDITOR'S ACTION AGAINST
- 11 MEMBER.
- 12 1. A proceeding shall not be brought by a creditor to
- 13 reach the liability, if any, of a member to the corporation
- 14 unless final judgment has been rendered in favor of the
- 15 creditor against the corporation and execution has been
- 16 returned unsatisfied in whole or in part or unless such
- 17 proceeding would be useless.
- 18 2. All creditors of the corporation, with or without
- 19 reducing their claims to judgment, may intervene in any
- 20 creditor's proceeding brought under subsection 1 to reach and
- 21 apply unpaid amounts due the corporation. Any or all members
- 22 who owe amounts to the corporation may be joined in such
- 23 proceeding.
- 24 PART 3
- 25 RESIGNATION AND TERMINATION
- 26 Sec. 45. NEW SECTION. 504A.621 RESIGNATION.
- A member may resign at any time.
- 28 2. The resignation of a member does not relieve the member
- 29 from any obligations the member may have to the corporation as
- 30 a result of obligations incurred or commitments made prior to
- 31 resignation.
- 32 Sec. 46. NEW SECTION. 504A.622 TERMINATION, EXPULSION,
- 33 OR SUSPENSION.
- 34 1. A member of a public benefit or mutual benefit
- 35 corporation shall not be expelled or suspended, and a

- 1 membership or memberships in such a corporation shall not be
- 2 terminated or suspended except pursuant to a procedure which
- 3 is fair and reasonable and is carried out in good faith.
- 4 2. A procedure is fair and reasonable when either of the 5 following occurs:
- 6 a. The articles or bylaws set forth a procedure which 7 provides both of the following:
- 8 (1) Not less than fifteen days' prior written notice of
- $\boldsymbol{9}$ the expulsion, suspension, or termination and the reasons
- 10 therefore.
- 11 (2) An opportunity for the member to be heard, orally or
- 12 in writing, not less than five days before the effective date
- 13 of the expulsion, suspension, or termination by a person or
- 14 persons authorized to decide that the proposed expulsion,
- 15 termination, or suspension not take place.
- 16 b. The procedure requires consideration of all relevant
- 17 facts and circumstances surrounding the expulsion, suspension,
- 18 or termination by a person or persons authorized to make a
- 19 decision regarding the proposed expulsion, termination, or
- 20 suspension.
- 21 3. Any written notice given by mail pursuant to this
- 22 section must be given by first class or certified mail sent to
- 23 the last address of the member shown on the corporation's
- 24 records.
- 4. A proceeding challenging an expulsion, suspension, or
- 26 termination, including a proceeding alleging defective notice,
- 27 must be commenced within one year after the effective date of
- 28 the expulsion, suspension, or termination.
- 29 5. A member who has been expelled or suspended may be
- 30 liable to the corporation for dues, assessments, or fees as a
- 31 result of obligations incurred or commitments made prior to
- 32 expulsion or suspension.
- 33 Sec. 47. NEW SECTION. 504A.623 PURCHASE OF MEMBERSHIPS.
- 34 l. A public benefit or religious corporation shall not
- 35 purchase any of its memberships or any right arising

- 1 therefrom.
- 2. A mutual benefit corporation may purchase the
- 3 membership of a member who resigns or whose membership is
- 4 terminated for the amount and pursuant to the conditions set
- 5 forth in or authorized by its articles or bylaws. A payment
- 6 shall not be made in violation of subchapter 13.
- 7 PART 4
- 8 DERIVATIVE PROCEEDINGS
- 9 Sec. 48. NEW SECTION. 504A.631 DERIVATIVE PROCEEDINGS --
- 10 DEFINITION.
- In this part, unless the context otherwise requires,
- 12 "derivative proceeding" means a civil suit in the right of a
- 13 domestic corporation or, to the extent provided in section
- 14 504A.638, in the right of a foreign corporation.
- 15 Sec. 49. NEW SECTION. 504A.632 STANDING.
- 16 A member or director shall not commence or maintain a
- 17 derivative proceeding unless the member or director satisfies
- 18 both of the following:
- 19 1. Was a member or director of the corporation at the time
- 20 of the act or omission complained of or became a member
- 21 through transfer by operation of law from one who was a member
- 22 at that time.
- 23 2. The member or director fairly and adequately represents
- 24 the interests of the corporation in enforcing the rights of
- 25 the corporation.
- 26 Sec. 50. NEW SECTION. 504A.633 DEMAND.
- 27 A member or director shall not commence a derivative
- 28 proceeding until both of the following have occurred:
- 29 1. A written demand has been made upon the corporation to
- 30 take suitable action.
- 31 2. Ninety days have expired from the date the demand was
- 32 made, unless the member or director has earlier been notified
- 33 that the demand has been rejected by the corporation or unless
- 34 irreparable injury to the corporation would result by waiting
- 35 for the expiration of the ninety-day period.

- 1 Sec. 51. NEW SECTION. 504A.634 STAY OF PROCEEDINGS.
- 2 If a corporation commences an inquiry into the allegations
- 3 made in a demand or complaint, the court may stay any
- 4 derivative proceeding for a period of time as the court deems
- 5 appropriate.
- 6 Sec. 52. NEW SECTION. 504A.635 DISMISSAL.
- 7 l. A derivative proceeding shall be dismissed by the court
- 8 on motion by the corporation if one of the groups specified in
- 9 subsection 2 or 6 has determined in good faith after
- 10 conducting a reasonable inquiry upon which its conclusions are
- 11 based that the maintenance of the derivative proceeding is not
- 12 in the best interests of the corporation. A corporation
- 13 moving to dismiss on this basis shall submit in support of the
- 14 motion a short and concise statement of the reasons for its
- 15 determination.
- Unless a panel is appointed pursuant to subsection 6,
- 17 the determination in subsection 1 shall be made by one of the
- 18 following:
- 19 a. A majority vote of independent directors present at a
- 20 meeting of the board of directors if the independent directors
- 21 constitute a quorum.
- 22 b. A majority vote of a committee consisting of two or
- 23 more independent directors appointed by majority vote of
- 24 independent directors present at a meeting of the board of
- 25 directors, whether or not such independent directors
- 26 constitute a quorum.
- 27 3. None of the following shall by itself cause a director
- 28 to be considered not independent for purposes of this section:
- 29 a. The nomination or election of the director by persons
- 30 who are defendants in the derivative proceeding or against
- 31 whom action is demanded.
- 32 b. The naming of the director as a defendant in the
- 33 derivative proceeding or as a person against whom action is
- 34 demanded.
- 35 c. The approval by the director of the act being

- 1 challenged in the derivative proceeding or demand if the act
- 2 resulted in no personal benefit to the director.
- 3 4. If a derivative proceeding is commenced after a
- 4 determination has been made rejecting a demand by a member or
- 5 director, the complaint shall allege with particularity facts
- 6 establishing one of the following:
- 7 a. That a majority of the board of directors did not
- 8 consist of independent directors at the time the determination
- 9 was made.
- 10 b. That the requirements of subsection 1 have not been
- ll met.
- 12 All discovery and other proceedings shall be stayed during
- 13 the pendency of any motion to dismiss unless the court finds
- 14 upon the motion of any party that particularized discovery is
- 15 necessary to preserve evidence or prevent undue prejudice to
- 16 that party.
- 17 5. If a majority of the board of directors does not
- 18 consist of independent directors at the time the determination
- 19 is made, the corporation shall have the burden of proving that
- 20 the requirements of subsection 1 have been met. If a majority
- 21 of the board of directors consists of independent directors at
- 22 the time the determination is made, the plaintiff shall have
- 23 the burden of proving that the requirements of subsection 1
- 24 have not been met.
- 25 6. The court may appoint a panel of one or more
- 26 independent persons upon motion by the corporation to make a
- 27 determination whether the maintenance of the derivative
- 28 proceeding is in the best interests of the corporation. In
- 29 such case, the plaintiff shall have the burden of proving that
- 30 the requirements of subsection 1 have not been met.
- 31 Sec. 53. NEW SECTION. 504A.636 DISCONTINUANCE OR
- 32 SETTLEMENT.
- 33 A derivative proceeding shall not be discontinued or
- 34 settled without the court's approval. If the court determines
- 35 that a proposed discontinuance or settlement will

- 1 substantially affect the interests of a corporation's member
- 2 or class of members or director, the court shall direct that
- 3 notice be given to the members or director affected.
- 4 Sec. 54. NEW SECTION. 504A.637 PAYMENT OF EXPENSES.
- On termination of a derivative proceeding, the court may do
- 6 either of the following:
- 7 l. Order the corporation to pay the plaintiff's reasonable
- 8 expenses, including attorney fees incurred in the proceeding,
- 9 if it finds that the proceeding has resulted in a substantial
- 10 benefit to the corporation.
- 11 2. Order the plaintiff to pay any defendant's reasonable
- 12 expenses, including attorney fees incurred in defending the
- 13 proceeding, if it finds that the proceeding was commenced or
- 14 maintained without reasonable cause or for an improper
- 15 purpose.
- 16 Sec. 55. NEW SECTION. 504A.638 APPLICABILITY TO FOREIGN
- 17 CORPORATIONS.
- 18 In any derivative proceeding in the right of a foreign
- 19 corporation, the matters covered by this part shall be
- 20 governed by the laws of the jurisdiction of incorporation of
- 21 the foreign corporation except that sections 504A.634,
- 22 504A.636, and 504A.637 shall apply.
- 23 PART 5
- 24 DELEGATES
- 25 Sec. 56. NEW SECTION. 504A.641 DELEGATES.
- 26 1. A corporation may provide in its articles or bylaws for
- 27 delegates having some or all of the authority of members.
- 28 2. The articles or bylaws may set forth provisions
- 29 relating to all of the following:
- 30 a. The characteristics, qualifications, rights,
- 31 limitations, and obligations of delegates including their
- 32 selection and removal.
- 33 b. Calling, noticing, holding, and conducting meetings of
- 34 delegates.
- 35 c. Carrying on corporate activities during and between

1	meetings of delegates.
2	SUBCHAPTER VII
3	MEMBERS' MEETINGS AND VOTING
4	PART 1
5	MEETINGS AND ACTION WITHOUT MEETINGS
6	Sec. 57. NEW SECTION. 504A.701 ANNUAL AND REGULAR
7	MEETINGS.
. 8	1. A corporation with members shall hold a membership
9	meeting annually at a time stated in or fixed in accordance
10	with the bylaws.
11	2. A corporation with members may hold regular membership
12	meetings at the times stated in or fixed in accordance with
13	the bylaws.
14	3. Annual or regular membership meetings may be held in o
15	out of this state at the place stated in or fixed in
16	accordance with the bylaws. If a place is not stated in or
17	fixed in accordance with the bylaws, annual and regular
18	meetings shall be held at the corporation's principal office.
19	4. At the annual meeting all of the following shall occur
20	a. The president and chief financial officer shall report
21	on the activities and financial condition of the corporation.
22	b. The members shall consider and act upon such other
23	matters as may be raised consistent with the notice
24	requirements of sections 504A.705 and 504A.713, subsection 4.
25	5. At regular meetings, the members shall consider and ac
26	upon such matters as may be raised consistent with the notice
27	requirements of sections 504A.705 and 504A.713, subsection 4.
28	6. The failure to hold an annual or regular meeting at a
29	time stated in or fixed in accordance with a corporation's
30	bylaws does not affect the validity of any corporate action.
31	Sec. 58. NEW SECTION. 504A.702 SPECIAL MEETING.
3 2	1. A corporation with members shall hold a special meeting
22	of members when either of the following occurs:

a. At the call of its board or the person or persons

35 authorized to do so by the corporation's articles or bylaws.

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- 1 b. Except as provided in the articles or bylaws of a
- 2 religious corporation, if the holders of at least five percent
- 3 of the voting power of any corporation sign, date, and deliver
- 4 to any corporate officer one or more written demands for the
- 5 meeting describing the purpose for which it is to be held.
- 6 Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, a
- 7 written demand for a special meeting may be revoked by a
- 8 writing to that effect received by the corporation prior to
- 9 the receipt by the corporation of demands sufficient in number
- 10 to require the holding of a special meeting.
- 11 2. The close of business on the thirtieth day before
- 12 delivery of the demand for a special meeting to any corporate
- 13 officer is the record date for the purpose of determining
- 14 whether the five percent requirement of subsection 1,
- 15 paragraph "b", has been met.
- 3. If a notice for a special meeting demanded under
- 17 subsection 1, paragraph "b", is not given pursuant to section
- 18 504A.705 within thirty days after the date the written demand
- 19 or demands are delivered to a corporate officer, regardless of
- 20 the requirements of subsection 4, a person signing the demand
- 21 may set the time and place of the meeting and give notice
- 22 pursuant to section 504A.705.
- 23 4. Special meetings of members may be held in or out of
- 24 this state at a place stated in or fixed in accordance with
- 25 the bylaws. If a place is not stated or fixed in accordance
- 26 with the bylaws, special meetings shall be held at the
- 27 corporation's principal office.
- 28 5. Only those matters that are within the purpose
- 29 described in the meeting notice required by section 504A.705
- 30 may be considered at a special meeting of members.
- 31 Sec. 59. NEW SECTION. 504A.703 COURT-ORDERED MEETING.
- 32 1. The district court of the county where a corporation's
- 33 principal office is located or, if none is located in this
- 34 state, where its registered office is located, may summarily
- 35 order a meeting to be held when any of the following occurs:

- a. On application of any member or other person entitled
- 2 to participate in an annual or regular meeting of the
- 3 corporation, and in the case of a public benefit corporation,
- 4 the attorney general, if an annual meeting was not held within
- 5 the earlier of six months after the end of the corporation's
- 6 fiscal year or fifteen months after its last annual meeting.
- 7 b. On application of any member or other person entitled
- 8 to participate in a regular meeting of the corporation, and in
- 9 the case of a public benefit corporation, the attorney
- 10 general, if a regular meeting was not held within forty days
- ll after the date it was required to be held.
- 12 c. On application of a member who signed a demand for a
- 13 special meeting valid under section 504A.702, a person
- 14 entitled to call a special meeting, and in the case of a
- 15 public benefit corporation, the attorney general, if any of
- 16 the following applies:
- 17 (1) The notice of the special meeting was not given within
- 18 thirty days after the date the demand was delivered to a
- 19 corporate officer.
- 20 (2) The special meeting was not held in accordance with
- 21 the notice.
- 22 2. The court may fix the time and place of the meeting,
- 23 specify a record date for determining members entitled to
- 24 notice of and to vote at the meeting, prescribe the form and
- 25 content of the meeting notice, fix the quorum required for
- 26 specific matters to be considered at the meeting or direct
- 27 that the votes represented at the meeting constitute a quorum
- 28 for action on those matters, and enter other orders necessary
- 29 to accomplish the purpose of the meeting.
- 30 3. If the court orders a meeting, it may also order the
- 31 corporation to pay the member's costs, including reasonable
- 32 attorney fees, incurred to obtain the order.
- 33 Sec. 60. NEW SECTION. 504A.704 ACTION BY WRITTEN
- 34 CONSENT.
- 35 1. Unless limited or prohibited by the articles or bylaws

- 1 of the corporation, action required or permitted by this
- 2 subchapter to be approved by the members of a corporation may
- 3 be approved without a meeting of members if the action is
- 4 approved by members holding at least eighty percent of the
- 5 voting power. The action must be evidenced by one or more
- 6 written consents describing the action taken, signed by those
- 7 members representing at least eighty percent of the voting
- 8 power, and delivered to the corporation for inclusion in the
- 9 minutes or filing with the corporate records. A written
- 10 consent may be revoked by a writing to that effect received by
- 11 the corporation prior to the receipt by the corporation of
- 12 unrevoked written consents sufficient in number to take
- 13 corporation action.
- 14 2. If not otherwise determined under section 504A.703 or
- 15 504A.707, the record date for determining members entitled to
- 16 take action without a meeting is the date the first member
- 17 signs the consent under subsection 1.
- 18 3. A consent signed under this section has the effect of a
- 19 meeting vote and may be described as such in any document
- 20 filed with the secretary of state.
- 21 4. Written notice of member approval pursuant to this
- 22 section shall be given to all members who have not signed the
- 23 written consent. If written notice is required, member
- 24 approval pursuant to this section shall be effective ten days
- 25 after such written notice is given.
- 26 Sec. 61. NEW SECTION. 504A.705 NOTICE OF MEETING.
- 27 1. A corporation shall give notice consistent with its
- 28 bylaws of meetings of members in a fair and reasonable manner.
- 29 2. Any notice which conforms to the requirements of
- 30 subsection 3 is fair and reasonable, but other means of giving
- 31 notice may also be fair and reasonable when all the
- 32 circumstances are considered. However, notice of matters
- 33 referred to in subsection 3, paragraph "b", must be given as
- 34 provided in subsection 3.
- 35 3. Notice is fair and reasonable if all of the following

1 occur:

- 2 a. The corporation notifies its members of the place,
- 3 date, and time of each annual, regular, and special meeting of
- 4 members not more than sixty days and not less than ten days,
- 5 or if notice is mailed by other than first class or registered
- 6 mail, not less than thirty days, before the date of the
- 7 meeting.
- 8 b. The notice of an annual or regular meeting includes a
- 9 description of any matter or matters which must be considered
- 10 for approval by the members under sections 504A.833, 504A.857,
- 11 504A.1003, 504A.1022, 504A.1104, 504A.1202, 504A.1401, and
- 12 504A.1402.
- 13 c. The notice of a special meeting includes a description
- 14 of the purpose for which the meeting is called.
- 15 4. Unless the bylaws require otherwise, if an annual,
- 16 regular, or special meeting of members is adjourned to a
- 17 different date, time, or place, notice need not be given of
- 18 the new date, time, or place, if the new date, time, or place
- 19 is announced at the meeting before adjournment. If a new
- 20 record date for the adjourned meeting is or must be fixed
- 21 under section 504A.707, however, notice of the adjourned
- 22 meeting must be given under this section to the members of
- 23 record as of the new record date.
- 24 5. When giving notice of an annual, regular, or special
- 25 meeting of members, a corporation shall give notice of a
- 26 matter a member intends to raise at the meeting if requested
- 27 in writing to do so by a person entitled to call a special
- 28 meeting and if the request is received by the secretary or
- 29 president of the corporation at least ten days before the
- 30 corporation gives notice of the meeting.
- 31 Sec. 62. NEW SECTION. 504A.706 WAIVER OF NOTICE.
- 32 1. A member may waive any notice required by this
- 33 subchapter, the articles, or bylaws before or after the date
- 34 and time stated in the notice. The waiver must be in writing,
- 35 be signed by the member entitled to the notice, and be

- 1 delivered to the corporation for inclusion in the minutes or 2 filing with the corporate records.
- 3 2. A member's attendance at a meeting does all of the 4 following:
- 5 a. Waives objection to lack of notice or defective notice
- 6 of the meeting, unless the member at the beginning of the
- 7 meeting objects to holding the meeting or transacting business
- 8 at the meeting.
- 9 b. Waives objection to consideration of a particular
- 10 matter at the meeting that is not within the purpose described
- 11 in the meeting notice, unless the member objects to
- 12 considering the matter when it is presented.
- 13 Sec. 63. NEW SECTION. 504A.707 RECORD DATE --
- 14 DETERMINING MEMBERS ENTITLED TO NOTICE AND VOTE.
- 15 1. The bylaws of a corporation may fix or provide the
- 16 manner of fixing a date as the record date for determining the
- 17 members entitled to notice of a members' meeting. If the
- 18 bylaws do not fix or provide for fixing such a record date,
- 19 the board may fix a future date as such a record date. If a
- 20 record date is not fixed, members at the close of business on
- 21 the business day preceding the day on which notice is given,
- 22 or if notice is waived, at the close of business on the
- 23 business day preceding the day on which the meeting is held
- 24 are entitled to notice of the meeting.
- 25 2. The bylaws of a corporation may fix or provide the
- 26 manner of fixing a date as the record date for determining the
- 27 members entitled to vote at a members' meeting. If the bylaws
- 28 do not fix or provide for fixing such a record date, the board
- 29 may fix a future date as such a record date. If a record date
- 30 is not fixed, members on the date of the meeting who are
- 31 otherwise eligible to vote are entitled to vote at the
- 32 meeting.
- 33 3. The bylaws may fix or provide the manner for
- 34 determining a date as the record date for the purpose of
- 35 determining the members entitled to exercise any rights in

1 respect of any other lawful action. If the bylaws do not fix

2 or provide for fixing such a record date, the board may fix in

- 3 advance such a record date. If a record date is not fixed,
- 4 members at the close of business on the day on which the board
- 5 adopts the resolution relating thereto, or the sixtieth day
- 6 prior to the date of such other action, whichever is later,
- 7 are entitled to exercise such rights.
- 8 4. A record date fixed under this section shall not be
- 9 more than seventy days before the meeting or action requiring
- 10 a determination of members occurs.
- 11 5. A determination of members entitled to notice of or to
- 12 vote at a membership meeting is effective for any adjournment
- 13 of the meeting unless the board fixes a new date for
- 14 determining the right to notice or the right to vote, which it
- 15 must do if the meeting is adjourned to a date more than
- 16 seventy days after the record date for determining members
- 17 entitled to notice of the original meeting.
- 18 6. If a court orders a meeting adjourned to a date more
- 19 than one hundred twenty days after the date fixed for the
- 20 original meeting, it may provide that the original record date
- 21 for notice or voting continues in effect or it may fix a new
- 22 record date for notice or voting.
- 23 Sec. 64. NEW SECTION. 504A.708 ACTION BY WRITTEN BALLOT.
- 24 1. Unless prohibited or limited by the articles or bylaws,
- 25 any action which may be taken at any annual, regular, or
- 26 special meeting of members may be taken without a meeting if
- 27 the corporation delivers a written ballot to every member
- 28 entitled to vote on the matter.
- 29 2. A written ballot shall do both of the following:
- 30 a. Set forth each proposed action.
- 31 b. Provide an opportunity to vote for or against each
- 32 proposed action.
- 33 3. Approval by written ballot pursuant to this section
- 34 shall be valid only when the number of votes cast by ballot
- 35 equals or exceeds the quorum required to be present at a

- 1 meeting authorizing the action, and the number of approvals
- 2 equals or exceeds the number of votes that would be required
- 3 to approve the matter at a meeting at which the total number
- 4 of votes cast was the same as the number of votes cast by
- 5 ballot.
- 6 4. All solicitations for votes by written ballot shall do
- 7 all of the following:
- 8 a. Indicate the number of responses needed to meet the
- 9 quorum requirements.
- 10 b. State the percentage of approvals necessary to approve
- 11 each matter other than election of directors.
- 12 c. Specify the time by which a ballot must be received by
- 13 the corporation in order to be counted.
- 14 5. Except as otherwise provided in the articles or bylaws,
- 15 a written ballot shall not be revoked.
- 16 PART 2
- 17 VOTING
- 18 Sec. 65. NEW SECTION. 504A.711 MEMBERS' LIST FOR
- 19 MEETING.
- 20 1. After fixing a record date for a notice of a meeting, a
- 21 corporation shall prepare an alphabetical list of the names of
- 22 all its members who are entitled to notice of the meeting.
- 23 The list must show the address of each member and number of
- 24 votes each member is entitled to cast at the meeting. The
- 25 corporation shall prepare on a current basis through the time
- 26 of the membership meeting a list of members, if any, who are
- 27 entitled to vote at the meeting, but not entitled to notice of
- 28 the meeting. This list shall be prepared on the same basis as
- 29 and be part of the list of members.
- 30 2. The list of members must be available for inspection by
- 31 any member for the purpose of communication with other members
- 32 concerning the meeting, beginning two business days after
- 33 notice is given of the meeting for which the list was prepared
- 34 and continuing through the meeting, at the corporation's
- 35 principal office or at a reasonable place identified in the

- 1 meeting notice in the city where the meeting will be held. A
- 2 member, a member's agent, or a member's attorney is entitled
- 3 on written demand to inspect and, subject to the limitations
- 4 of section 504A.1602, subsection 3, and section 504A.1605, to
- 5 copy the list, at a reasonable time and at the member's
- 6 expense, during the period it is available for inspection.
- 7 3. A corporation shall make the list of members available
- 8 at the meeting, and any member, a member's agent, or a
- 9 member's attorney is entitled to inspect the list at any time
- 10 during the meeting or any adjournment.
- 11 4. If a corporation refuses to allow a member, a member's
- 12 agent, or a member's attorney to inspect the list of members
- 13 before or at the meeting or copy the list as permitted by
- 14 subsection 2, the district court of the county where a
- 15 corporation's principal office is located or, if none is
- 16 located in this state, where its registered office is located,
- 17 on application of the member, may summarily order the
- 18 inspection or copying of the membership list at the
- 19 corporation's expense, may postpone the meeting for which the
- 20 list was prepared until the inspection or copying is complete,
- 21 and may order the corporation to pay the member's costs,
- 22 including reasonable attorney fees incurred to obtain the
- 23 order.
- 24 5. Unless a written demand to inspect and copy a
- 25 membership list has been made under subsection 2 prior to the
- 26 membership meeting and a corporation improperly refuses to
- 27 comply with the demand, refusal or failure to comply with this
- 28 section does not affect the validity of action taken at the
- 29 meeting.
- 30 6. The articles or bylaws of a religious corporation may
- 31 limit or abolish the rights of a member under this section to
- 32 inspect and copy any corporate record.
- 33 Sec. 66. NEW SECTION. 504A.712 VOTING ENTITLEMENT
- 34 GENERALLY.
- 35 1. The right of the members of a corporation, or any class

- l or classes of members, to vote may be limited, enlarged, or
- 2 denied to the extent specified in the articles of
- 3 incorporation or, if the articles of incorporation so provide,
- 4 by the bylaws. Unless so limited, enlarged, or denied, each
- 5 member, regardless of class, shall be entitled to one vote on
- 6 each matter submitted to a vote of members.
- 7 2. Unless the articles or bylaws provide otherwise, if a
- 8 membership stands of record in the names of two or more
- 9 persons, the persons' acts with respect to voting shall have
- 10 the following effect:
- 11 a. If only one votes, such act binds all.
- 12 b. If more than one votes, the vote shall be divided on a
- 13 pro rata basis.
- 14 Sec. 67. NEW SECTION. 504A.713 QUORUM REQUIREMENTS.
- 1. Unless this subchapter, or the articles or bylaws of a
- 16 corporation provide for a higher or lower quorum, ten percent
- 17 of the votes entitled to be cast on a matter must be
- 18 represented at a meeting of members to constitute a quorum on
- 19 that matter.
- 20 2. A bylaw amendment to decrease the quorum for any member
- 21 action may be approved by the members or, unless prohibited by
- 22 the bylaws, by the board.
- 23 3. A bylaw amendment to increase the quorum required for
- 24 any member action must be approved by the members.
- 25 4. Unless one-third or more of the voting power is present
- 26 in person or by proxy, the only matters that may be voted upon
- 27 at an annual or regular meeting of members are those matters
- 28 that are described in the meeting notice.
- 29 Sec. 68. NEW SECTION. 504A.714 VOTING REQUIREMENTS.
- 30 1. Unless this subchapter, or the articles or bylaws of a
- 31 corporation require a greater vote or voting by class, if a
- 32 quorum is present, the affirmative vote of the votes
- 33 represented and voting, which affirmative votes also
- 34 constitute a majority of the required quorum, is the act of
- 35 the members.

- A bylaw amendment to increase or decrease the vote
- 2 required for any member action must be approved by the
- 3 members.
- 4 Sec. 69. NEW SECTION. 504A.715 PROXIES.
- 5 l. Unless the articles or bylaws of a corporation prohibit
- 6 or limit proxy voting, a member or the member's agent or
- 7 attorney in fact may appoint a proxy to vote or otherwise act
- 8 for the member by signing an appointment form or by an
- 9 electronic transmission. An electronic transmission must
- 10 contain or be accompanied by information from which it can be
- 11 determined that the member, the member's agent, or the
- 12 member's attorney in fact authorized the electronic
- 13 transmission.
- 2. An appointment of a proxy is effective when a signed
- 15 appointment form or an electronic transmission of an
- 16 appointment form is received by the secretary or other officer
- 17 or agent authorized to tabulate votes. An appointment is
- 18 valid for eleven months unless a different period is expressly
- 19 provided for in the appointment. However, a proxy shall not
- 20 be valid for more than three years from its date of execution.
- 21 3. An appointment of a proxy is revocable by the member.
- 22 4. The death or incapacity of the member appointing a
- 23 proxy does not affect the right of the corporation to accept
- 24 the proxy's authority unless notice of the death or incapacity
- 25 is received by the secretary or other officer or agent
- 26 authorized to tabulate votes before the proxy exercises
- 27 authority under the appointment.
- 28 5. Appointment of a proxy is revoked by the person
- 29 appointing the proxy if either of the following occurs:
- 30 a. The person appointing the proxy attends any meeting and
- 31 votes in person.
- 32 b. The person appointing the proxy signs and delivers or
- 33 sends through electronic transmission to the secretary or
- 34 other officer or agent authorized to tabulate proxy votes
- 35 either a writing or electronic transmission stating that the

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- l appointment of the proxy is revoked or a subsequent
- 2 appointment.
- 3 6. Subject to section 504A.718 and any express limitation
- 4 on the proxy's authority appearing on the face of the
- 5 appointment form, a corporation is entitled to accept the
- 6 proxy's vote or other action as that of the member making the
- 7 appointment.
- 8 Sec. 70. NEW SECTION. 504A.716 CUMULATIVE VOTING FOR
- 9 DIRECTORS.
- 10 l. If the articles or bylaws of a corporation provide for
- 11 cumulative voting by members, members may so vote, by
- 12 multiplying the number of votes the members are entitled to
- 13 cast by the number of directors for whom they are entitled to
- 14 vote, and casting the product for a single candidate or
- 15 distributing the product among two or more candidates.
- 2. A director elected by cumulative voting may be removed
- 17 by the members without cause if the requirements of section
- 18 504A.808 are met unless the votes cast against removal, or not
- 19 consenting in writing to such removal, would be sufficient to
- 20 elect such director if voted cumulatively at an election at
- 21 which the same total number of votes were cast or, if such
- 22 action is taken by written ballot, all memberships entitled to
- 23 vote were voted, and the entire number of directors authorized
- 24 at the time of the director's most recent election were then
- 25 being elected.
- 26 3. Members shall not cumulatively vote if the directors
- 27 and members are identical.
- 28 Sec. 71. NEW SECTION. 504A.717 OTHER METHODS OF ELECTING
- 29 DIRECTORS.
- 30 A corporation may provide in its articles or bylaws for
- 31 election of directors by members or delegates on the basis of
- 32 chapter or other organizational unit, by region or other
- 33 geographic unit, by preferential voting, or by any other
- 34 reasonable method.
- 35 Sec. 72. NEW SECTION. 504A.718 CORPORATION'S ACCEPTANCE

1 OF VOTES.

- 2 1. If the name signed on a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy
- 3 appointment corresponds to the name of a member, the
- 4 corporation if acting in good faith is entitled to accept the
- 5 vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment and give it effect
- 6 as the act of the member.
- 7 2. If the name signed on a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy
- 8 appointment does not correspond to the record name of a
- 9 member, the corporation if acting in good faith is
- 10 nevertheless entitled to accept the vote, consent, waiver, or
- 11 proxy appointment and give it effect as the act of the member
- 12 if any of the following is applicable:
- 13 a. The member is an entity and the name signed purports to
- 14 be that of an officer or agent of the entity.
- 15 b. The name signed purports to be that of an attorney in
- 16 fact of the member and if the corporation requests, evidence
- 17 acceptable to the corporation of the signatory's authority to
- 18 sign for the member has been presented with respect to the
- 19 vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment.
- 20 c. Two or more persons hold the membership as cotenants or
- 21 fiduciaries and the name signed purports to be the name of at
- 22 least one of the coholders and the person signing appears to
- 23 be acting on behalf of all the coholders.
- 24 d. In the case of a mutual benefit corporation:
- 25 (1) The name signed purports to be that of an
- 26 administrator, executor, guardian, or conservator representing
- 27 the member and, if the corporation requests, evidence of
- 28 fiduciary status acceptable to the corporation has been
- 29 presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver, or proxy
- 30 appointment.
- 31 (2) The name signed purports to be that of a receiver or
- 32 trustee in bankruptcy of the member, and, if the corporation
- 33 requests, evidence of this status acceptable to the
- 34 corporation has been presented with respect to the vote,
- 35 consent, waiver, or proxy appointment.

- 3. The corporation is entitled to reject a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment if the secretary or other officer or agent authorized to tabulate votes, acting in good faith, has reasonable basis for doubt about the validity of the signature on it or about the signatory's authority to sign for
- 5 signature on it or about the signatory's authority to sign for 6 the member.
- 7 4. The corporation and its officer or agent who accepts or 8 rejects a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment in good 9 faith and in accordance with the standards of this section are 10 not liable in damages to the member for the consequences of 11 the acceptance or rejection.
- 12 5. Corporate action based on the acceptance or rejection 13 of a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment under this 14 section is valid unless a court of competent jurisdiction 15 determines otherwise.
- 16 PART 3
- 17 VOTING AGREEMENTS
- 18 Sec. 73. NEW SECTION. 504A.721 VOTING AGREEMENTS.
- 19 1. Two or more members of a corporation may provide for
- 20 the manner in which they will vote by signing an agreement for
- 21 that purpose. For public benefit corporations, such
- 22 agreements must have a reasonable purpose not inconsistent
- 23 with the corporation's public or charitable purposes.
- 24 2. A voting agreement created under this section is
- 25 specifically enforceable.
- 26 SUBCHAPTER VIII
- 27 DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS
- 28 PART 1
- 29 BOARD OF DIRECTORS
- 30 Sec. 74. NEW SECTION. 504A.801 REQUIREMENT FOR AND
- 31 DUTIES OF BOARD.
- 32 1. Each corporation must have a board of directors.
- 33 2. Except as otherwise provided in this subchapter or
- 34 subsection 3, all corporate powers shall be exercised by or
- 35 under the authority of, and the affairs of the corporation

- 1 managed under the direction of, its board.
- 2 3. The articles of incorporation may authorize a person or
- 3 persons to exercise some or all of the powers which would
- 4 otherwise be exercised by a board. To the extent so
- 5 authorized, any such person or persons shall have the duties
- 6 and responsibilities of the directors, and the directors shall
- 7 be relieved to that extent from such duties and
- 8 responsibilities.
- 9 Sec. 75. NEW SECTION. 504A.802 QUALIFICATIONS OF
- 10 DIRECTORS.
- 11 All directors of a corporation must be individuals. The
- 12 articles or bylaws may prescribe other qualifications for
- 13 directors.
- 14 Sec. 76. NEW SECTION. 504A.803 NUMBER OF DIRECTORS.
- 15 1. The board of directors of a corporation must consist of
- 16 one or more individuals, with the number specified in or fixed
- 17 in accordance with the articles or bylaws.
- 18 2. The number of directors may be increased or decreased
- 19 from time to time by amendment to or in the manner prescribed
- 20 in the articles or bylaws.
- 21 Sec. 77. NEW SECTION. 504A.804 ELECTION, DESIGNATION,
- 22 AND APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS.
- If the corporation has members, all the directors,
- 24 except the initial directors, shall be elected at the first
- 25 annual meeting of members, and at each annual meeting
- 26 thereafter, unless the articles or bylaws provide some other
- 27 time or method of election, or provide that some of the
- 28 directors are appointed by some other person or designated.
- 29 2. If a corporation does not have members, all the
- 30 directors, except the initial directors, shall be elected,
- 31 appointed, or designated as provided in the articles or
- 32 bylaws. If no method of designation or appointment is set
- 33 forth in the articles or bylaws, the directors other than the
- 34 initial directors shall be elected by the board.
- 35 Sec. 78. NEW SECTION. 504A.805 TERMS OF DIRECTORS

1 GENERALLY.

- The articles or bylaws of a corporation must specify
- 3 the terms of directors. Except for designated or appointed
- 4 directors, and except as otherwise provided in the articles or
- 5 bylaws, the terms of directors shall not exceed five years.
- 6 In the absence of any term specified in the articles or
- 7 bylaws, the term of each director shall be one year.
- 8 Directors may be elected for successive terms.
- 9 2. A decrease in the number or term of directors does not
- 10 shorten an incumbent director's term.
- 11 3. Except as provided in the articles or bylaws, both of
- 12 the following apply:
- 13 a. The term of a director filling a vacancy in the office
- 14 of a director elected by members expires at the next election
- 15 of directors by members.
- 16 b. The term of a director filling any other vacancy
- 17 expires at the end of the unexpired term which such director
- 18 is filling.
- 19 4. Despite the expiration of a director's term, the
- 20 director continues to serve until the director's successor is
- 21 elected, designated, or appointed, and qualifies, or until
- 22 there is a decrease in the number of directors.
- 23 Sec. 79. NEW SECTION. 504A.806 STAGGERED TERMS FOR
- 24 DIRECTORS.
- 25 The articles or bylaws of a corporation may provide for
- 26 staggering the terms of directors by dividing the total number
- 27 of directors into groups. The terms of the several groups
- 28 need not be uniform.
- 29 Sec. 80. NEW SECTION. 504A.807 RESIGNATION OF DIRECTORS.
- 30 1. A director of a corporation may resign at any time by
- 31 delivering written notice to the board of directors, its
- 32 presiding officer, or the president or secretary.
- 33 2. A resignation is effective when the notice is effective
- 34 unless the notice specifies a later effective date. If a
- 35 resignation is made effective at a later date, the board may

- 1 fill the pending vacancy before the effective date if the
- 2 board provides that the successor does not take office until
- 3 the effective date.
- 4 Sec. 81. NEW SECTION. 504A.808 REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS
- 5 ELECTED BY MEMBERS OR DIRECTORS. .
- 6 1. The members of a corporation may remove one or more
- 7 directors elected by the members without cause.
- 8 2. If a director is elected by a class, chapter, or other
- 9 organizational unit or by region or other geographic grouping,
- 10 the director may be removed only by the members of that class,
- 11 chapter, unit, or grouping.
- 12 3. Except as provided in subsection 9, a director may be
- 13 removed under subsection 1 or 2 only if the number of votes
- 14 cast to remove the director would be sufficient to elect the
- 15 director at a meeting to elect directors.
- 16 4. If cumulative voting is authorized, a director shall
- 17 not be removed if the number of votes, or if the director was
- 18 elected by a class, chapter, unit, or grouping of members, the
- 19 number of votes of that class, chapter, unit, or grouping,
- 20 sufficient to elect the director under cumulative voting, is
- 21 voted against the director's removal.
- 22 5. A director elected by members may be removed by the
- 23 members only at a meeting called for the purpose of removing
- 24 the director and the meeting notice must state that the
- 25 purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is the removal
- 26 of the director.
- 27 6. For the purpose of computing whether a director is
- 28 protected from removal under subsections 2 through 4, it
- 29 should be assumed that the votes against removal are cast in
- 30 an election for the number of directors of the group to which
- 31 the director to be removed belonged on the date of that
- 32 director's election.
- 33 7. An entire board of directors may be removed under
- 34 subsections 1 through 5.
- 35 8. A director elected by the board may be removed without

- 1 cause by the vote of two-thirds of the directors then in-
- 2 office or such greater number as is set forth in the articles
- 3 or bylaws. However, a director elected by the board to fill
- 4 the vacancy of a director elected by the members may be
- 5 removed without cause by the members, but not by the board.
- 6 9. If at the beginning of a director's term on the board
- 7 the articles or bylaws provide that a director may be removed
- 8 for missing a specified number of board meetings, the board
- 9 may remove the director for failing to attend the specified
- 10 number of meetings. The director may be removed only if a
- ll majority of the directors then in office votes for the
- 12 removal.
- 13 10. The articles or bylaws of a religious corporation may
- 14 do both of the following:
- 15 a. Limit the application of this section.
- 16 b. Set forth the vote and procedures by which the board or
- 17 any person may remove with or without cause a director elected
- 18 by the members or the board.
- 19 Sec. 82. NEW SECTION. 504A.809 REMOVAL OF DESIGNATED OR
- 20 APPOINTED DIRECTORS.
- 21 1. A designated director of a corporation may be removed
- 22 by an amendment to the articles or bylaws deleting or changing
- 23 the designation.
- 24 2. a. Except as otherwise provided in the articles or
- 25 bylaws, an appointed director may be removed without cause by
- 26 the person appointing the director.
- 27 b. The person removing the appointed director shall do so
- 28 by giving written notice of the removal to the director and
- 29 either the presiding officer of the board or the corporation's
- 30 president or secretary.
- 31 c. A removal of an appointed director is effective when
- 32 the notice is effective unless the notice specifies a future
- 33 effective date.
- 34 Sec. 83. NEW SECTION. 504A.810 REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS BY
- 35 JUDICIAL PROCEEDING.

- 1 1. The district court of the county where a corporation's
- 2 principal office is located may remove any director of the
- 3 corporation from office in a proceeding commenced either by
- 4 the corporation, its members holding at least twenty percent
- 5 of the voting power of any class, or the attorney general in
- 6 the case of a public benefit corporation if the court finds
- 7 both of the following:
- 8 a. The director engaged in fraudulent or dishonest conduct
- 9 with respect to the corporation, or a final judgment has been
- 10 entered finding that the director has violated a duty set
- 11 forth in sections 504A.831 through 504A.835.
- b. Removal is in the best interest of the corporation.
- 2. The court that removes a director may bar the director
- 14 from serving on the board for a period prescribed by the
- 15 court.
- 16 3. If members or the attorney general commence a
- 17 proceeding under subsection 1, the corporation shall be made a
- 18 party defendant.
- 19 4. If a public benefit corporation or its members commence
- 20 a proceeding under subsection 1, they shall give the attorney
- 21 general written notice of the proceeding.
- 22 5. The articles or bylaws of a religious corporation may
- 23 limit or prohibit the application of this section.
- 24 Sec. 84. NEW SECTION. 504A.811 VACANCY ON BOARD.
- 25 l. Unless the articles or bylaws of a corporation provide
- 26 otherwise, and except as provided in subsections 2 and 3, if a
- 27 vacancy occurs on the board of directors, including a vacancy
- 28 resulting from an increase in the number of directors, any of
- 29 the following may occur:
- 30 a. The members, if any, may fill the vacancy. If the
- 31 vacant office was held by a director elected by a class,
- 32 chapter, or other organizational unit or by region or other
- 33 geographic grouping, only members of the class, chapter, unit,
- 34 or grouping are entitled to vote to fill the vacancy if it is
- 35 filled by the members.

- b. The board of directors may fill the vacancy.
- 2 c. If the directors remaining in office constitute fewer
- 3 than a quorum of the board, they may fill the vacancy by the
- 4 affirmative vote of a majority of all the directors remaining
- 5 in office.
- 6 2. Unless the articles or bylaws provide otherwise, if a
- 7 vacant office was held by an appointed director, only the
- 8 person who appointed the director may fill the vacancy.
- 9 3. If a vacant office was held by a designated director,
- 10 the vacancy shall be filled as provided in the articles or
- 11 bylaws. In the absence of an applicable article or bylaw
- 12 provision, the vacancy shall be filled by the board.
- 13 4. A vacancy that will occur at a specific later date by
- 14 reason of a resignation effective at a later date under
- 15 section 504A.807, subsection 2, or otherwise, may be filled
- 16 before the vacancy occurs, but the new director shall not take
- 17 office until the vacancy occurs.
- 18 Sec. 85. NEW SECTION. 504A.812 COMPENSATION OF
- 19 DIRECTORS.
- 20 Unless the articles or bylaws of a corporation provide
- 21 otherwise, a board of directors may fix the compensation of
- 22 directors.
- 23 PART 2
- 24 MEETINGS AND ACTION OF THE BOARD
- 25 Sec. 86. NEW SECTION. 504A.821 REGULAR AND SPECIAL
- 26 MEETINGS.
- 27 l. If the time and place of a directors' meeting is fixed
- 28 by the bylaws or the board, the meeting is a regular meeting.
- 29 All other meetings are special meetings.
- 30 2. A board of directors may hold regular or special
- 31 meetings in or out of this state.
- 32 3. Unless the articles or bylaws provide otherwise, a
- 33 board may permit any or all directors to participate in a
- 34 regular or special meeting by, or conduct the meeting through
- 35 the use of, any means of communication by which all directors

- 1 participating may simultaneously hear each other during the
- 2 meeting. A director participating in a meeting by this means
- 3 is deemed to be present in person at the meeting.
- 4 Sec. 87. NEW SECTION. 504A.822 ACTION WITHOUT MEETING.
- 5 1. Except to the extent the articles or bylaws of a
- 6 corporation require that action by the board of directors be
- 7 taken at a meeting, action required or permitted by this
- 8 subchapter to be taken by the board of directors may be taken
- 9 without a meeting if each director signs a consent describing
- 10 the action to be taken, and delivers it to the corporation.
- 11 2. Action taken under this section is the act of the board
- 12 of directors when one or more consents signed by all the
- 13 directors are delivered to the corporation. The consent may
- 14 specify the time at which the action taken is to be effective.
- 15 A director's consent may be withdrawn by revocation signed by
- 16 the director and delivered to the corporation prior to the
- 17 delivery to the corporation of unrevoked written consents
- 18 signed by all of the directors.
- 19 3. A consent signed under this section has the effect of
- 20 action taken at a meeting of the board of directors and may be
- 21 described as such in any document.
- 22 Sec. 88. NEW SECTION. 504A.823 CALL AND NOTICE OF
- 23 MEETINGS.
- 24 l. Unless the articles or bylaws of a corporation, or
- 25 subsection 3, provide otherwise, regular meetings of the board
- 26 may be held without notice.
- 27 2. Unless the articles, bylaws, or subsection 3 provide
- 28 otherwise, special meetings of the board must be preceded by
- 29 at least two days' notice to each director of the date, time,
- 30 and place, but not the purpose, of the meeting.
- 31 3. In corporations without members, any board action to
- 32 remove a director or to approve a matter which would require
- 33 approval by the members if the corporation had members shall
- 34 not be valid unless each director is given at least seven
- 35 days' written notice that the matter will be voted upon at a

- 1 directors' meeting or unless notice is waived pursuant to 2 section 504A.824.
- 3 4. Unless the articles or bylaws provide otherwise, the
- 4 presiding officer of the board, the president, or twenty
- 5 percent of the directors then in office may call and give
- 6 notice of a meeting of the board.
- 7 Sec. 89. NEW SECTION. 504A.824 WAIVER OF NOTICE.
- 8 1. A director may at any time waive any notice required by
- 9 this subchapter, the articles, or bylaws. Except as provided
- 10 in subsection 2, the waiver must be in writing, signed by the
- 11 director entitled to the notice, and filed with the minutes or
- 12 the corporate records.
- 13 2. A director's attendance at or participation in a
- 14 meeting waives any required notice of the meeting unless the
- 15 director, upon arriving at the meeting or prior to the vote on
- 16 a matter not noticed in conformity with this subchapter, the
- 17 articles, or bylaws, objects to lack of notice and does not
- 18 thereafter vote for or assent to the objected-to action.
- 19 Sec. 90. NEW SECTION. 504A.825 QUORUM AND VOTING.
- Except as otherwise provided in this subchapter, or the
- 21 articles or bylaws of a corporation, a quorum of a board of
- 22 directors consists of a majority of the directors in office
- 23 immediately before a meeting begins. The articles or bylaws
- 24 shall not authorize a quorum of fewer than one-third of the
- 25 number of directors in office.
- 26 2. If a quorum is present when a vote is taken, the
- 27 affirmative vote of a majority of directors present is the act
- 28 of the board unless this subchapter, the articles, or bylaws
- 29 require the vote of a greater number of directors.
- 30 Sec. 91. NEW SECTION. 504A.826 COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD.
- 31 1. Unless prohibited or limited by the articles or bylaws
- 32 of a corporation, the board of directors may create one or
- 33 more committees of the board and appoint members of the board
- 34 to serve on them. Each committee shall have two or more
- 35 directors, who serve at the pleasure of the board.

- 1 2. The creation of a committee and appointment of members
- 2 to it must be approved by the greater of either of the
- 3 following:
- 4 a. A majority of all the directors in office when the
- 5 action is taken.
- 6 b. The number of directors required by the articles or
- 7 bylaws to take action under section 504A.825.
- 8 3. Sections 504A.821 through 504A.825, which govern
- 9 meetings, action without meetings, notice and waiver of
- 10 notice, and quorum and voting requirements of the board, apply
- 11 to committees of the board and their members as well.
- 12 4. To the extent specified by the board of directors or in
- 13 the articles or bylaws, each committee of the board may
- 14 exercise the board's authority under section 504A.801.
- 15 5. A committee of the board shall not, however, do any of
- 16 the following:
- 17 a. Authorize distributions.
- 18 b. Approve or recommend to members dissolution, merger, or
- 19 the sale, pledge, or transfer of all or substantially all of
- 20 the corporation's assets.
- 21 c. Elect, appoint, or remove directors or fill vacancies
- 22 on the board or on any of its committees.
- 23 d. Adopt, amend, or repeal the articles or bylaws.
- 24 6. The creation of, delegation of authority to, or action
- 25 by a committee does not alone constitute compliance by a
- 26 director with the standards of conduct described in section
- 27 504A.831.
- PART 3
- 29 STANDARDS OF CONDUCT
- 30 Sec. 92. NEW SECTION. 504A.831 GENERAL STANDARDS FOR
- 31 DIRECTORS.
- 32 1. Each member of the board of directors of a corporation,
- 33 when discharging the duties of a director, shall act in
- 34 conformity with all of the following:
- 35 a. In good faith.

- b. In a manner the director reasonably believes to be in2 the best interests of the corporation.
- 3 2. The members of the board of directors or a committee of
- 4 the board, when becoming informed in connection with their
- 5 decision-making functions, shall discharge their duties with
- 6 the care that a person in a like position would reasonably
- 7 believe appropriate under similar circumstances.
- 8 3. In discharging board or committee duties, a director
- 9 who does not have knowledge that makes reliance unwarranted is
- 10 entitled to rely on the performance by any of the persons
- 11 specified in subsection 5, paragraph "a", to whom the board
- 12 may have delegated, formally or informally by course of
- 13 conduct, the authority or duty to perform one or more of the
- 14 board's functions that are delegable under applicable law.
- 15 4. In discharging board or committee duties, a director is
- 16 entitled to rely on information, opinions, reports, or
- 17 statements, including financial statements and other financial
- 18 data, if prepared or presented by any of the persons specified
- 19 in subsection 5.
- 20 5. A director is entitled to rely, in accordance with
- 21 subsection 3 or 4, on any of the following:
- 22 a. One or more officers or employees of the corporation
- 23 whom the director reasonably believes to be reliable and
- 24 competent in the functions performed or the information,
- 25 opinions, reports, or statements provided by the officer or
- 26 employee.
- 27 b. Legal counsel, public accountants, or other persons as
- 28 to matters involving skills or expertise the director
- 29 reasonably believes are either of the following:
- 30 (1) Matters within the particular person's professional or
- 31 expert competence.
- 32 (2) Matters as to which the particular person merits
- 33 confidence.
- c. A committee of the board of which the director is not a
- 35 member, as to matters within its jurisdiction, if the director

- 1 reasonably believes the committee merits confidence.
- 2 d. In the case of religious corporations, religious
- 3 authorities and ministers, priests, rabbis, or other persons
- 4 whose position or duties in the religious organization the
- 5 director believes justify reliance and confidence and whom the
- 6 director believes to be reliable and competent in the matters
- 7 presented.
- 8 6. A director shall not be deemed to be a trustee with
- 9 respect to the corporation or with respect to any property
- 10 held or administered by the corporation, including without
- 11 limit, property that may be subject to restrictions imposed by
- 12 the donor or transferor of such property.
- 13 Sec. 93. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.832 STANDARDS OF LIABILITY
- 14 FOR DIRECTORS.
- 15 1. A director shall not be liable to the corporation or
- 16 its members for any decision to take or not to take action, or
- 17 any failure to take any action, as director, unless the party
- 18 asserting liability in a proceeding establishes both of the
- 19 following:
- 20 a. That section 504A.901 or the protection afforded by
- 21 section 504A.831, if interposed as a bar to the proceeding by
- 22 the director, does not preclude liability.
- 23 b. That the challenged conduct consisted or was the result
- 24 of one of the following:
- 25 (1) Action not in good faith.
- 26 (2) A decision that satisfies one of the following:
- 27 (a) That the director did not reasonably believe to be in
- 28 the best interests of the corporation.
- 29 (b) As to which the director was not informed to an extent
- 30 the director reasonably believed appropriate in the
- 31 circumstances.
- 32 (3) A lack of objectivity due to the director's familial,
- 33 financial, or business relationship with, or lack of
- 34 independence due to the director's domination or control by,
- 35 another person having a material interest in the challenged

- 1 conduct which also meets both of the following criteria:
- 2 (a) Which relationship or which domination or control
- 3 could reasonably be expected to have affected the director's
- 4 judgment respecting the challenged conduct in a manner adverse
- 5 to the corporation.
- 6 (b) After a reasonable expectation to such effect has been
- 7 established, the director shall not have established that the
- 8 challenged conduct was reasonably believed by the director to
- 9 be in the best interests of the corporation.
- 10 (4) A sustained failure of the director to devote
- 11 attention to ongoing oversight of the business and affairs of
- 12 the corporation, or a failure to devote timely attention, by
- 13 making, or causing to be made, appropriate inquiry, when
- 14 particular facts and circumstances of significant concern
- 15 materialize that would alert a reasonably attentive director
- 16 to the need therefor.
- 17 (5) Receipt of a financial benefit to which the director
- 18 was not entitled or any other breach of the director's duties
- 19 to deal fairly with the corporation and its members that is
- 20 actionable under applicable law.
- 21 2. a. The party seeking to hold the director liable for
- 22 money damages shall also have the burden of establishing both
- 23 of the following:
- 24 (1) That harm to the corporation or its members has been
- 25 suffered.
- 26 (2) The harm suffered was proximately caused by the
- 27 director's challenged conduct.
- 28 b. A party seeking to hold the director liable for other
- 29 money payment under a legal remedy, such as compensation for
- 30 the unauthorized use of corporate assets, shall also have
- 31 whatever persuasion burden may be called for to establish that
- 32 the payment sought is appropriate in the circumstances.
- 33 c. A party seeking to hold the director liable for other
- 34 money payment under an equitable remedy, such as profit
- 35 recovery by or disgorgement to the corporation, shall also

- 1 have whatever persuasion burden may be called for to establish
- 2 that the equitable remedy sought is appropriate in the
- 3 circumstances.
- 4 3. This section shall not do any of the following:
- 5 a. In any instance where fairness is at issue, such as
- 6 consideration of the fairness of a transaction to the
- 7 corporation under section 504A.833, alter the burden of
- 8 proving the fact or lack of fairness otherwise applicable.
- 9 b. Alter the fact or lack of liability of a director under
- 10 another section of this chapter, such as the provisions
- 11 governing the consequences of a transactional interest under
- 12 section 504A.833 or an unlawful distribution under section
- 13 504A.835.
- 14 c. Affect any rights to which the corporation or a
- 15 shareholder may be entitled under another statute of this
- 16 state or the United States.
- 17 Sec. 94. NEW SECTION. 504A.833 DIRECTOR CONFLICT OF
- 18 INTEREST.
- 19 l. A conflict of interest transaction is a transaction
- 20 with the corporation in which a director of the corporation
- 21 has a direct or indirect interest. A conflict of interest
- 22 transaction is not voidable by the corporation on the basis of
- 23 the director's interest in the transaction if the transaction
- 24 was fair at the time it was entered into or is approved as
- 25 provided in subsection 2 or 3.
- 26 2. A transaction in which a director of a public benefit
- 27 or religious corporation has a conflict of interest may be
- 28 approved in either of the following ways:
- 29 a. In advance by the vote of the board of directors or a
- 30 committee of the board if both of the following occur:
- 31 (1) The material facts of the transaction and the
- 32 director's interest are disclosed or known to the board or
- 33 committee of the board.
- 34 (2) The directors approving the transaction in good faith
- 35 reasonably believe that the transaction is fair to the

1 corporation.

- 2 b. Before or after the transaction is consummated by 3 obtaining approval of either of the following:
- 4 (1) The attorney general.
- 5 (2) The district court in an action in which the attorney 6 general is joined as a party.
- 7 3. A transaction in which a director of a mutual benefit 8 corporation has a conflict of interest may be approved if
- 9 either of the following occurs:
- 10 a. The material facts of the transaction and the
- 11 director's interest were disclosed or known to the board of
- 12 directors or a committee of the board and the board or
- 13 committee of the board authorized, approved, or ratified the
- 14 transaction.
- b. The material facts of the transaction and the
- 16 director's interest were disclosed or known to the members and
- 17 they authorized, approved, or ratified the transaction.
- 18 4. For the purposes of this section, a director of the
- 19 corporation has an indirect interest in a transaction under
- 20 either of the following circumstances:
- 21 a. If another entity in which the director has a material
- 22 interest or in which the director is a general partner is a
- 23 party to the transaction.
- 24 b. If another entity of which the director is a director,
- 25 officer, or trustee is a party to the transaction.
- 26 5. For purposes of subsections 2 and 3, a conflict of
- 27 interest transaction is authorized, approved, or ratified if
- 28 it receives the affirmative vote of a majority of the
- 29 directors on the board or on a committee of the board, who
- 30 have no direct or indirect interest in the transaction, but a
- 31 transaction shall not be authorized, approved, or ratified
- 32 under this section by a single director. If a majority of the
- 33 directors on the board who have no direct or indirect interest
- 34 in the transaction vote to authorize, approve, or ratify the
- 35 transaction, a quorum is present for the purpose of taking

- 1 action under this section. The presence of, or a vote cast
- 2 by, a director with a direct or indirect interest in the
- 3 transaction does not affect the validity of any action taken
- 4 under subsection 2, paragraph "a", or subsection 3, paragraph
- 5 "a", if the transaction is otherwise approved as provided in
- 6 subsection 2 or 3.
- 7 6. For purposes of subsection 3, paragraph "b", a conflict
- 8 of interest transaction is authorized, approved, or ratified
- 9 by the members if it receives a majority of the votes entitled
- 10 to be counted under this subsection. Votes cast by or voted
- 11 under the control of a director who has a direct or indirect
- 12 interest in the transaction, and votes cast by or voted under
- 13 the control of an entity described in subsection 4, paragraph
- 14 "a", shall not be counted in a vote of members to determine
- 15 whether to authorize, approve, or ratify a conflict of
- 16 interest transaction under subsection 3, paragraph "b". The
- 17 vote of these members, however, is counted in determining
- 18 whether the transaction is approved under other sections of
- 19 this subchapter. A majority of the voting power, whether or
- 20 not present, that is entitled to be counted in a vote on the
- 21 transaction under this subsection constitutes a quorum for the
- 22 purpose of taking action under this section.
- 7. The articles, bylaws, or a resolution of the board may
- 24 impose additional requirements on conflict of interest
- 25 transactions.
- 26 Sec. 95. NEW SECTION. 504A.834 LOANS TO OR GUARANTEES
- 27 FOR DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS.
- 28 1. A corporation shall not lend money to or guarantee the
- 29 obligation of a director or officer of the corporation.
- 30 2. The fact that a loan or guarantee is made in violation
- 31 of this section does not affect the borrower's liability on
- 32 the loan.
- 33 Sec. 96. NEW SECTION. 504A.835 LIABILITY FOR UNLAWFUL
- 34 DISTRIBUTIONS.
- 35 l. Unless a director complies with the applicable

- 1 standards of conduct described in section 504A.831, a director
- 2 who votes for or assents to a distribution made in violation
- 3 of this subchapter is personally liable to the corporation for
- 4 the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have
- 5 been distributed without violating this subchapter.
- 6 2. A director held liable for an unlawful distribution
- 7 under subsection 1 is entitled to contribution from both of
- 8 the following:
- 9 a. Every other director who voted for or assented to the
- 10 distribution without complying with the applicable standards
- 11 of conduct described in section 504A.831.
- 12 b. Each person who received an unlawful distribution for
- 13 the amount of the distribution whether or not the person
- 14 receiving the distribution knew it was made in violation of
- 15 this subchapter.
- 16 PART 4
- 17 OFFICERS
- 18 Sec. 97. NEW SECTION. 504A.841 REQUIRED OFFICERS.
- 19 1. Unless otherwise provided in the articles or bylaws of
- 20 a corporation, a corporation shall have a president, a
- 21 secretary, a treasurer, and such other officers as are
- 22 appointed by the board. An officer may appoint one or more
- 23 officers if authorized by the bylaws or the board of
- 24 directors.
- 25 2. The bylaws or the board shall delegate to one of the
- 26 officers responsibility for preparing minutes of the
- 27 directors' and members' meetings and for authenticating
- 28 records of the corporation.
- 29 3. The same individual may simultaneously hold more than
- 30 one office in a corporation.
- 31 Sec. 98. NEW SECTION. 504A.842 DUTIES AND AUTHORITY OF
- 32 OFFICERS.
- 33 Each officer of a corporation has the authority and shall
- 34 perform the duties set forth in the bylaws or, to the extent
- 35 consistent with the bylaws, the duties and authority

- 1 prescribed in a resolution of the board or by direction of an
- 2 officer authorized by the board to prescribe the duties and
- 3 authority of other officers.
- 4 Sec. 99. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.843 STANDARDS OF CONDUCT FOR 5 OFFICERS.
- 6 1. An officer, when performing in such capacity, shall act
- 7 in conformity with all of the following:
- 8 a. In good faith.
- 9 b. With the care that a person in a like position would
- 10 reasonably exercise under similar circumstances.
- 11 c. In a manner the officer reasonably believes to be in
- 12 the best interests of the corporation and its members, if any.
- 13 2. In discharging the officer's duties, an officer who
- 14 does not have knowledge that makes reliance unwarranted, is
- 15 entitled to rely on any of the following:
- 16 a. The performance of properly delegated responsibilities
- 17 by one or more employees of the corporation whom the officer
- 18 reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in performing
- 19 the responsibilities delegated.
- 20 b. Information, opinions, reports, or statements,
- 21 including financial statements and other financial data,
- 22 prepared or presented by one or more officers or employees of
- 23 the corporation whom the officer reasonably believes to be
- 24 reliable and competent in the matters presented.
- 25 c. Legal counsel, public accountants, or other persons
- 26 retained by the corporation as to matters involving the skills
- 27 or expertise the officer reasonably believes are within the
- 28 person's professional or expert competence, or as to which the
- 29 particular person merits confidence.
- 30 d. In the case of religious corporations, religious
- 31 authorities, and ministers, priests, rabbis, or other persons
- 32 whose position or duties in the religious organization the
- 33 officer believes justify reliance and confidence and whom the
- 34 officer believes to be reliable and competent in the matters
- 35 presented.

- 1 3. An officer shall not be liable as an officer to the
- 2 corporation or its members for any decision to take or not to
- 3 take action, or any failure to take any action, if the duties
- 4 of the officer are performed in compliance with this section.
- 5 Whether an officer who does not comply with this section shall
- 6 have liability will depend in such instance on applicable law,
- 7 including those principles of sections 504A.832 and 504A.901
- 8 that have relevance.
- 9 Sec. 100. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.844 RESIGNATION AND REMOVAL
- 10 OF OFFICERS.
- 11 1. An officer of a corporation may resign at any time by
- 12 delivering notice to the corporation. A resignation is
- 13 effective when the notice is effective unless the notice
- 14 specifies a future effective time. If a resignation is made
- 15 effective at a future time and the board or appointing officer
- 16 accepts the future effective time, its board or appointing
- 17 officer may fill the pending vacancy before the effective time
- 18 if the board or appointing officer provides that the successor
- 19 does not take office until the effective time.
- 20 2. An officer may be removed at any time with or without
- 21 cause by any of the following:
- 22 a. The board of directors.
- 23 b. The officer who appointed such officer, unless the
- 24 bylaws or the board of directors provide otherwise.
- 25 c. Any other officer if authorized by the bylaws or the
- 26 board of directors.
- 27 d. In this section, "appointing officer" means the
- 28 officer, including any successor to that officer, who
- 29 appointed the officer resigning or being removed.
- 30 Sec. 101. NEW SECTION. 504A.845 CONTRACT RIGHTS OF
- 31 OFFICERS.
- 32 1. The appointment of an officer of a corporation does not
- 33 itself create contract rights.
- 34 2. An officer's removal does not affect the officer's
- 35 contract rights, if any, with the corporation. An officer's

- 1 resignation does not affect the corporation's contract rights,
- 2 if any, with the officer.
- 3 Sec. 102. NEW SECTION. 504A.846 OFFICERS' AUTHORITY TO
- 4 EXECUTE DOCUMENTS.
- 5 l. A contract or other instrument in writing executed or
- 6 entered into between a corporation and any other person is not
- 7 invalidated as to the corporation by any lack of authority of
- 8 the signing officers in the absence of actual knowledge on the
- 9 part of the other person that the signing officers had no
- 10 authority to execute the contract or other instrument if it is
- 11 signed by any two officers in category 1 or by one officer in
- 12 category 1 and one officer in category 2 as set out in
- 13 subsection 2.
- 14 2. a. Category 1 officers include the presiding officer
- 15 of the board and the president.
- 16 b. Category 2 officers include a vice president and the
- 17 secretary, treasurer, and executive director.
- 18 PART 5
- 19 INDEMNIFICATION
- 20 Sec. 103. NEW SECTION. 504A.851 DEFINITIONS.
- 21 As used in this part, unless the context otherwise
- 22 requires:
- 23 1. "Corporation" includes any domestic or foreign
- 24 predecessor entity of a corporation in a merger.
- 25 2. "Director" or "officer" means an individual who is or
- 26 was a director or officer of a corporation or an individual
- 27 who, while a director or officer of a corporation, is or was
- 28 serving at the corporation's request as a director, officer,
- 29 partner, trustee, employee, or agent of another foreign or
- 30 domestic business or nonprofit corporation, partnership, joint
- 31 venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other entity. A
- 32 "director" or "officer" is considered to be serving an
- 33 employee benefit plan at the corporation's request if the
- 34 director's or officer's duties to the corporation also impose
- 35 duties on, or otherwise involve services by, the director or

- 1 officer to the plan or to participants in or beneficiaries of
- 2 the plan. "Director" or "officer" includes, unless the
- 3 context otherwise requires, the estate or personal
- 4 representative of a director or officer.
- 5 3. "Disinterested director" means a director who at the
- 6 time of a vote referred to in section 504A.854, subsection 3,
- 7 or a vote or selection referred to in section 504A.856,
- 8 subsection 2 or 3, is not either of the following:
- 9 a. A party to the proceeding.
- 10 b. An individual having a familial, financial,
- ll professional, or employment relationship with the director
- 12 whose indemnification or advance for expenses is the subject
- 13 of the decision being made, which relationship would, in the
- 14 circumstances, reasonably be expected to exert an influence on
- 15 the director's judgment when voting on the decision being
- 16 made.
- 17 4. "Expenses" includes attorney fees.
- 18 5. "Liability" means the obligation to pay a judgment,
- 19 settlement, penalty, or fine including an excise tax assessed
- 20 with respect to an employee benefit plan, or reasonable
- 21 expenses actually incurred with respect to a proceeding.
- 22 6. "Official capacity" means either of the following:
- 23 a. When used with respect to a director, the office of
- 24 director in a corporation.
- 25 b. When used with respect to an officer, as contemplated
- 26 in section 504A.857, the office in a corporation held by the
- 27 officer. "Official capacity" does not include service for any
- 28 other foreign or domestic business or nonprofit corporation or
- 29 any partnership joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan,
- 30 or other entity.
- 31 7. "Party" means an individual who was, is, or is
- 32 threatened to be made a defendant or respondent in a
- 33 proceeding.
- 34 8. "Proceeding" means any threatened, pending, or
- 35 completed action, suit, or proceeding whether civil, criminal,

- 1 administrative, or investigative and whether formal or
- 2 informal.
- 3 Sec. 104. NEW SECTION. 504A.852 PERMISSIBLE
- 4 INDEMNIFICATION.
- 5 l. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
- 6 corporation may indemnify an individual who is a party to a
- 7 proceeding because the individual is a director, against
- 8 liability incurred in the proceeding if all of the following
- 9 apply:
- 10 a. The individual acted in good faith.
- 11 b. The individual reasonably believed either of the
- 12 following:
- 13 (1) In the case of conduct in the individual's official
- 14 capacity, that the individual's conduct was in the best
- 15 interests of the corporation.
- 16 (2) In all other cases, that the individual's conduct was
- 17 at least not opposed to the best interests of the corporation.
- 18 c. In the case of any criminal proceeding, the individual
- 19 had no reasonable cause to believe the individual's conduct
- 20 was unlawful.
- 21 d. The individual engaged in conduct for which broader
- 22 indemnification has been made permissible or obligatory under
- 23 a provision of the articles of incorporation as authorized by
- 24 section 504A.202, subsection 2, paragraph "d".
- 25 2. A director's conduct with respect to an employee
- 26 benefit plan for a purpose the director reasonably believed to
- 27 be in the interests of the participants in and beneficiaries
- 28 of the plan is conduct that satisfies the requirements of
- 29 subsection 1, paragraph "b", subparagraph (2).
- 30 3. The termination of a proceeding by judgment, order,
- 31 settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of nolo contendere or
- 32 its equivalent is not, of itself, determinative that the
- 33 director did not meet the relevant standard of conduct
- 34 described in this section.
- Unless ordered by a court under section 504A.855,

- 1 subsection 1, paragraph "b", a corporation shall not indemnify
- 2 a director under this section under either of the following
- 3 circumstances:
- 4 a. In connection with a proceeding by or in the right of
- 5 the corporation, except for reasonable expenses incurred in
- 6 the relevant standard of conduct under subsection 1.
- 7 b. In connection with any proceeding with respect to
- 8 conduct for which the director was adjudged liable on the
- 9 basis that the director received a financial benefit to which
- 10 the director was not entitled, whether or not involving action
- ll in the director's official capacity.
- 12 Sec. 105. NEW SECTION. 504A.853 MANDATORY
- 13 INDEMNIFICATION.
- 14 A corporation shall indemnify a director who was wholly
- 15 successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of any
- 16 proceeding to which the director was a party because the
- 17 director is or was a director of the corporation against
- 18 reasonable expenses actually incurred by the director in
- 19 connection with the proceeding.
- 20 Sec. 106. NEW SECTION. 504A.854 ADVANCE FOR EXPENSES.
- 21 1. A corporation may, before final disposition of a
- 22 proceeding, advance funds to pay for or reimburse the
- 23 reasonable expenses incurred by a director who is a party to a
- 24 proceeding because the person is a director if the person
- 25 delivers all of the following to the corporation:
- 26 a. A written affirmation of the director's good faith
- 27 belief that the director has met the relevant standard of
- 28 conduct described in section 504A.852 or that the proceeding
- 29 involved conduct for which liability has been eliminated under
- 30 a provision of the articles of incorporation as authorized by
- 31 section 504A.202, subsection 2, paragraph "d".
- 32 b. The director's written undertaking to repay any funds
- 33 advanced if the director is not entitled to mandatory
- 34 indemnification under section 504A.853 and it is ultimately
- 35 determined under section 504A.855 or 504A.856 that the

- 1 director has not met the relevant standard of conduct
- 2 described in section 504A.852.
- 3 2. The undertaking required by subsection 1, paragraph
- 4 "b", must be an unlimited general obligation of the director
- 5 but need not be secured and may be accepted without reference
- 6 to the financial ability of the director to make repayment.
- 7 3. Authorizations under this section shall be made
- 8 according to one of the following:
- 9 a. By the board of directors as follows:
- 10 (1) If there are two or more disinterested directors, by a
- 11 majority vote of all the disinterested directors, a majority
- 12 of whom shall for such purpose constitute a quorum, or by a
- 13 majority of the members of a committee of two or more
- 14 disinterested directors appointed by such vote.
- 15 (2) If there are fewer than two disinterested directors,
- 16 by the vote necessary for action by the board in accordance
- 17 with section 504A.825, subsection 2, in which authorization
- 18 directors who do not qualify as disinterested directors may
- 19 participate.
- 20 b. By the members, but the director who, at the time does
- 21 not qualify as a disinterested director, may not vote as a
- 22 member or on behalf of a member.
- 23 Sec. 107. NEW SECTION. 504A.855 COURT-ORDERED
- 24 INDEMNIFICATION.
- 25 l. A director who is a party to a proceeding because the
- 26 person is a director may apply for indemnification or an
- 27 advance for expenses to the court conducting the proceeding or
- 28 to another court of competent jurisdiction. After receipt of
- 29 an application, and after giving any notice the court
- 30 considers necessary, the court shall do one of the following:
- 31 a. Order indemnification if the court determines that the
- 32 director is entitled to mandatory indemnification under
- 33 section 504A.853.
- 34 b. Order indemnification or advance for expenses if the
- 35 court determines that the director is entitled to

- 1 indemnification or advance for expenses pursuant to a
- 2 provision authorized by section 504A.859, subsection 1.
- 3 c. Order indemnification or advance for expenses if the
- 4 court determines, in view of all the relevant circumstances,
- 5 that it is fair and reasonable to do one of the following:
- 6 (1) To indemnify the director.
- 7 (2) To indemnify or advance expenses to the director, even
- 8 if the director has not met the relevant standard of conduct
- 9 set forth in section 504A.852, subsection 1, failed to comply
- 10 with section 504A.854 or was adjudged liable in a proceeding
- 11 referred to in section 504A.852, subsection 4, paragraph "a"
- 12 or "b", but if the director was adjudged so liable the
- 13 director's indemnification shall be limited to reasonable
- 14 expenses incurred in connection with the proceeding.
- 15 2. If the court determines that the director is entitled
- 16 to indemnification under subsection 1, paragraph "a", or to
- 17 indemnification or advance for expenses under subsection 1,
- 18 paragraph "b", it shall also order the corporation to pay the
- 19 director's reasonable expenses incurred in connection with
- 20 obtaining court-ordered indemnification or advance for
- 21 expenses. If the court determines that the director is
- 22 entitled to indemnification or advance for expenses under
- 23 subsection 1, paragraph "c", it may also order the corporation
- 24 to pay the director's reasonable expenses to obtain court-
- 25 ordered indemnification or advance for expenses.
- 26 Sec. 108. NEW SECTION. 504A.856 DETERMINATION AND
- 27 AUTHORIZATION OF INDEMNIFICATION.
- 28 l. A corporation shall not indemnify a director under
- 29 section 504A.852 unless authorized for a specific proceeding
- 30 after a determination has been made that indemnification of
- 31 the director is permissible because the director has met the
- 32 standard of conduct set forth in section 504A.852.
- 33 2. The determination shall be made by any of the
- 34 following:
- 35 a. If there are two or more disinterested directors, by

- 1 the board of directors by a majority vote of all the
- 2 disinterested directors, a majority of whom shall for such
- 3 purpose constitute a quorum, or by a majority of the members
- 4 of a committee of two or more disinterested directors
- 5 appointed by such vote.
- 6 b. By special legal counsel under one of the following 7 circumstances:
- 8 (1) Selected in the manner prescribed in paragraph "a".
- 9 (2) If there are fewer than two disinterested directors
- 10 selected by the board in which selection directors who do not
- 11 qualify as disinterested directors may participate.
- 12 c. By the members of a mutual benefit corporation, but
- 13 directors who are at the time parties to the proceeding shall
- 14 not vote on the determination.
- 15 3. Authorization of indemnification shall be made in the
- 16 same manner as the determination that indemnification is
- 17 permissible, except that if there are fewer than two
- 18 disinterested directors or if the determination is made by
- 19 special legal counsel, authorization of indemnification shall
- 20 be made by those entitled under subsection 2, paragraph "c",
- 21 to select special legal counsel.
- 22 4. A director of a public benefit corporation shall not be
- 23 indemnified until twenty days after the effective date of
- 24 written notice to the attorney general of the proposed
- 25 indemnification.
- 26 Sec. 109. NEW SECTION. 504A.857 INDEMNIFICATION OF
- 27 OFFICERS.
- 28 l. A corporation may indemnify and advance expenses under
- 29 this part to an officer of the corporation who is a party to a
- 30 proceeding because the person is an officer, according to all
- 31 of the following:
- 32 a. To the same extent as to a director.
- 33 b. If the person is an officer but not a director, to such
- 34 further extent as may be provided by the articles of
- 35 incorporation, the bylaws, a resolution of the board of

- 1 directors, or contract, except for either of the following:
- 2 (1) Liability in connection with a proceeding by or in the
- 3 right of the corporation other than for reasonable expenses
- 4 incurred in connection with the proceeding.
- 5 (2) Liability arising out of conduct that constitutes any 6 of the following:
- 7 (a) Receipt by the officer of a financial benefit to which 8 the officer is not entitled.
- 9 (b) An intentional infliction of harm on the corporation 10 or the shareholders.
- 11 (c) An intentional violation of criminal law.
- 12 2. The provisions of subsection 1, paragraph "b", shall
- 13 apply to an officer who is also a director if the basis on
- 14 which the officer is made a party to a proceeding is an act or
- 15 omission solely as an officer.
- 16 3. An officer of a corporation who is not a director is
- 17 entitled to mandatory indemnification under section 504A.853,
- 18 and may apply to a court under section 504A.855 for
- 19 indemnification or an advance for expenses, in each case to
- 20 the same extent to which a director may be entitled to
- 21 indemnification or advance for expenses under those
- 22 provisions.
- 23 Sec. 110. NEW SECTION. 504A.858 INSURANCE.
- 24 A corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf
- 25 of an individual who is a director or officer of the
- 26 corporation, or who, while a director or officer of the
- 27 corporation, serves at the request of the corporation as a
- 28 director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or agent of
- 29 another domestic business or nonprofit corporation,
- 30 partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or
- 31 other entity, against liability asserted against or incurred
- 32 by the individual in that capacity or arising from the
- 33 individual's status as a director, officer, whether or not the
- 34 corporation would have power to indemnify or advance expenses
- 35 to that individual against the same liability under this part.

- Sec. 111. NEW SECTION. 504A.859 APPLICATION OF PART.
- 2 l. A corporation may, by a provision in its articles of
- 3 incorporation or bylaws or in a resolution adopted or a
- 4 contract approved by its board of directors or members,
- 5 obligate itself in advance of the act or omission giving rise
- 6 to a proceeding to provide indemnification in accordance with
- 7 section 504A.852 or advance funds to pay for or reimburse
- 8 expenses in accordance with section 504A.854. Any such
- 9 obligatory provision shall be deemed to satisfy the
- 10 requirements for authorization referred to in section
- 11 504A.854, subsection 3, and in section 504A.856, subsection 2
- 12 or 3. Any such provision that obligates the corporation to
- 13 provide indemnification to the fullest extent permitted by law
- 14 shall be deemed to obligate the corporation to advance funds
- 15 to pay for or reimburse expenses in accordance with section
- 16 504A.854 to the fullest extent permitted by law, unless the
- 17 provision specifically provides otherwise.
- 18 2. Any provision pursuant to subsection 1 shall not
- 19 obligate the corporation to indemnify or advance expenses to a
- 20 director of a predecessor of the corporation, pertaining to
- 21 conduct with respect to the predecessor, unless otherwise
- 22 specifically provided. Any provision for indemnification or
- 23 advance for expenses in the articles of incorporation, bylaws,
- 24 or a resolution of the board of directors or members of a
- 25 predecessor of the corporation in a merger or in a contract to
- 26 which the predecessor is a party, existing at the time the
- 27 merger takes effect, shall be governed by section 504A.1104.
- 28 3. A corporation may, by a provision in its articles of
- 29 incorporation, limit any of the rights to indemnification or
- 30 advance for expenses created by or pursuant to this part.
- 31 4. This part does not limit a corporation's power to pay
- 32 or reimburse expenses incurred by a director or an officer in
- 33 connection with the director's or officer's appearance as a
- 34 witness in a proceeding at a time when the director or officer
- 35 is not a party.

- 1 5. This part does not limit a corporation's power to
- 2 indemnify, advance expenses to, or provide or maintain
- 3 insurance on behalf of an employee or agent.
- 4 Sec. 112. NEW SECTION. 504A.860 EXCLUSIVITY OF PART.
- 5 A corporation may provide indemnification or advance
- 6 expenses to a director or an officer only as permitted by this 7 part.
- 8 SUBCHAPTER IX
- 9 PERSONAL LIABILITY
- 10 Sec. 113. NEW SECTION. 504A.901 PERSONAL LIABILITY.
- Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a director,
- 12 officer, employee, or member of a corporation is not liable
- 13 for the corporation's debts or obligations and a director,
- 14 officer, member, or other volunteer is not personally liable
- 15 in that capacity, to any person for any action taken or
- 16 failure to take any action in the discharge of the person's
- 17 duties except liability for any of the following:
- 18 1. The amount of any financial benefit to which the person
- 19 is not entitled.
- 20 2. An intentional infliction of harm on the corporation or
- 21 the members.
- 3. A violation of section 504A.834.
- 4. An intentional violation of criminal law.
- 24 SUBCHAPTER X
- 25 AMENDMENT OF ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION AND BYLAWS
- 26 PART 1
- 27 ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
- 28 Sec. 114. NEW SECTION. 504A.1001 AUTHORITY TO AMEND.
- 29 A corporation may amend its articles of incorporation at
- 30 any time to add or change a provision that is required or
- 31 permitted in the articles or to delete a provision not
- 32 required in the articles. Whether a provision is required or
- 33 permitted in the articles is determined as of the effective
- 34 date of the amendment.
- 35 Sec. 115. NEW SECTION. 504A.1002 AMENDMENT BY DIRECTORS.

- 1 l. Unless the articles provide otherwise, a corporation's
- 2 board of directors may adopt one or more amendments to the
- 3 corporation's articles without member approval to do any of
- 4 the following:
- 5 a. Extend the duration of the corporation if it was
- 6 incorporated at a time when limited duration was required by
- 7 law.
- 8 b. Delete the names and addresses of the initial
- 9 directors.
- 10 c. Delete the name and address of the initial registered
- 11 agent or registered office, if a statement of change is on
- 12 file with the secretary of state.
- 13 d. Change the corporate name by substituting the word
- 14 "corporation", "incorporated", "company", "limited", or the
- 15 abbreviation "corp.", "inc.", "co.", or "ltd.", for a similar
- 16 word or abbreviation in the name, or by adding, deleting, or
- 17 changing a geographical attribution to the name.
- 18 e. Make any other change expressly permitted by this
- 19 subchapter to be made by director action.
- If a corporation has no members, its incorporators,
- 21 until directors have been chosen, and thereafter its board of
- 22 directors, may adopt one or more amendments to the
- 23 corporation's articles subject to any approval required
- 24 pursuant to section 504A.1031. The corporation shall provide
- 25 notice of any meeting at which an amendment is to be voted
- 26 upon. The notice shall be in accordance with section
- 27 504A.823, subsection 3. The notice must also state that the
- 28 purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to consider
- 29 a proposed amendment to the articles and contain or be
- 30 accompanied by a copy or summary of the amendment or state the
- 31 general nature of the amendment. The amendment must be
- 32 approved by a majority of the directors in office at the time
- 33 the amendment is adopted.
- 34 Sec. 116. NEW SECTION. 504A.1003 AMENDMENT BY DIRECTORS
- 35 AND MEMBERS.

- 1 l. Unless this chapter, the articles or bylaws of a
- 2 corporation, the members acting pursuant to subsection 2, or
- 3 the board of directors acting pursuant to subsection 3,
- 4 require a greater vote or voting by class, an amendment to the
- 5 corporation's articles must be approved by all of the
- 6 following to be adopted:
- 7 a. The board if the corporation is a public benefit or
- 8 religious corporation and the amendment does not relate to the
- 9 number of directors, the composition of the board, the term of
- 10 office of directors, or the method or way in which directors
- ll are elected or selected.
- b. Except as provided in section 504A.1002, subsection 1,
- 13 by the members by two-thirds of the votes cast by the members
- 14 or a majority of the members' voting power that could be cast,
- 15 whichever is less.
- 16 c. In writing by any person or persons whose approval is
- 17 required by a provision of the articles authorized by section
- 18 504A.1031.
- 19 2. The members may condition the adoption of an amendment
- 20 on receipt of a higher percentage of affirmative votes or on
- 21 any other basis.
- 22 3. If the board initiates an amendment to the articles or
- 23 board approval is required by subsection 1 to adopt an
- 24 amendment to the articles, the board may condition the
- 25 amendment's adoption on receipt of a higher percentage of
- 26 affirmative votes or any other basis.
- 27 4. If the board or the members seek to have the amendment
- 28 approved by the members at a membership meeting, the
- 29 corporation shall give notice to its members of the proposed
- 30 membership meeting in writing in accordance with section
- 31 504A.705. The notice must state that the purpose, or one of
- 32 the purposes, of the meeting is to consider the proposed
- 33 amendment and contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary
- 34 of the amendment.
- 35 5. If the board or the members seek to have the amendment

- 1 approved by the members by written consent or written ballot,
- 2 the material soliciting the approval shall contain or be
- 3 accompanied by a copy or summary of the amendment.
- 4 Sec. 117. NEW SECTION. 504A.1004 CLASS VOTING BY MEMBERS
- 5 ON AMENDMENTS.
- 6 1. The members of a class in a public benefit corporation
- 7 are entitled to vote as a class on a proposed amendment to the
- 8 articles if the amendment would change the rights of that
- 9 class as to voting in a manner different than such amendment
- 10 affects another class or members of another class.
- 11 2. The members of a class in a mutual benefit corporation
- 12 are entitled to vote as a class on a proposed amendment to the
- 13 articles if the amendment would do any of the following:
- 14 a. Affect the rights, privileges, preferences,
- 15 restrictions, or conditions of that class as to voting,
- 16 dissolution, redemption, or transfer of memberships in a
- 17 manner different than such amendment would affect another
- 18 class.
- 19 b. Change the rights, privileges, preferences,
- 20 restrictions, or conditions of that class as to voting,
- 21 dissolution, redemption, or transfer by changing the rights,
- 22 privileges, preferences, restrictions, or conditions of
- 23 another class.
- 24 c. Increase or decrease the number of memberships
- 25 authorized for that class.
- 26 d. Increase the number of memberships authorized for
- 27 another class.
- 28 e. Effect an exchange, reclassification, or termination of
- 29 the memberships of that class.
- 30 f. Authorize a new class of memberships.
- 31 3. The members of a class of a religious corporation are
- 32 entitled to vote as a class on a proposed amendment to the
- 33 articles only if a class vote is provided for in the articles
- 34 or bylaws.
- 35 4. If a class is to be divided into two or more classes as

- 1 a result of an amendment to the articles of a public benefit
- 2 or mutual benefit corporation, the amendment must be approved
- 3 by the members of each class that would be created by the
- 4 amendment.
- 6 religious corporation, if a class vote is required to approve
- 7 an amendment to the articles of the corporation, the amendment
- 8 must be approved by the members of the class by two-thirds of
- 9 the votes cast by the class or a majority of the voting power
- 10 of the class, whichever is less.
- 11 6. A class of members of a public benefit or mutual
- 12 benefit corporation is entitled to the voting rights granted
- 13 by this section even if the public benefit or mutual benefit
- 14 corporation's articles and bylaws provide that the class shall
- 15 not vote on the proposed amendment.
- 16 Sec. 118. NEW SECTION. 504A.1005 ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT.
- 17 A corporation amending its articles shall deliver to the
- 18 secretary of state articles of amendment setting forth:
- 19 1. The name of the corporation.
- 20 2. The text of each amendment adopted.
- 21 3. The date of each amendment's adoption.
- 22 4. If approval by members was not required, a statement to
- 23 that effect and a statement that the amendment was approved by
- 24 a sufficient vote of the board of directors or incorporators.
- 25 5. If approval by members was required, both of the
- 26 following:
- 27 a. The designation, number of memberships outstanding,
- 28 number of votes entitled to be cast by each class entitled to
- 29 vote separately on the amendment, and number of votes of each
- 30 class indisputably voting on the amendment.
- 31 b. Either the total number of votes cast for and against
- 32 the amendment by each class entitled to vote separately on the
- 33 amendment or the total number of undisputed votes cast for the
- 34 amendment by each class and a statement that the number of
- 35 votes cast for the amendment by each class was sufficient for

- 1 approval by that class.
- 2 6. If approval of the amendment by some person or persons
- 3 other than the members, the board, or the incorporators is
- 4 required pursuant to section 504A.1031, a statement that the
- 5 approval was obtained.
- 6 Sec. 119. NEW SECTION. 504A.1006 RESTATED ARTICLES OF
- 7 INCORPORATION.
- 8 1. A corporation's board of directors may restate the
- 9 corporation's articles of incorporation at any time with or
- 10 without approval by members or any other person.
- 11 2. The restatement may include one or more amendments to
- 12 the articles. If the restatement includes an amendment
- 13 requiring approval by the members or any other person, it must
- 14 be adopted as provided in section 504A.1003.
- 15 3. If the restatement includes an amendment requiring
- 16 approval by members, the board must submit the restatement to
- 17 the members for their approval.
- 18 4. If the board seeks to have the restatement approved by
- 19 the members at a membership meeting, the corporation shall
- 20 notify each of its members of the proposed membership meeting
- 21 in writing in accordance with section 504A.705. The notice
- 22 must also state that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of
- 23 the meeting is to consider the proposed restatement and must
- 24 contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the
- 25 restatement that identifies any amendments or other changes
- 26 the restatement would make in the articles.
- 27 5. If the board seeks to have the restatement approved by
- 28 the members by written ballot or written consent, the material
- 29 soliciting the approval shall contain or be accompanied by a
- 30 copy or summary of the restatement that identifies any
- 31 amendments or other changes the restatement would make in the
- 32 articles.
- 33 6. A restatement requiring approval by the members must be
- 34 approved by the same vote as an amendment to articles under
- 35 section 504A.1003.

- 1 7. If the restatement includes an amendment requiring
- 2 approval pursuant to section 504A.1031, the board must submit
- 3 the restatement for such approval.
- 4 8. A corporation restating its articles shall deliver to
- 5 the secretary of state articles of restatement setting forth
- 6 the name of the corporation and the text of the restated
- 7 articles of incorporation together with a certificate setting
- 8 forth all of the following:
- 9 a. Whether the restatement contains an amendment to the
- 10 articles requiring approval by the members or any other person
- ll other than the board of directors and, if it does not, that
- 12 the board of directors adopted the restatement.
- b. If the restatement contains an amendment to the
- 14 articles requiring approval by the members, the information
- 15 required by section 504A.1005.
- 16 c. If the restatement contains an amendment to the
- 17 articles requiring approval by a person whose approval is
- 18 required pursuant to section 504A.1031, a statement that such
- 19 approval was obtained.
- 20 9. Duly adopted restated articles of incorporation
- 21 supersede the original articles of incorporation and all
- 22 amendments to the original articles.
- 23 10. The secretary of state may certify restated articles
- 24 of incorporation as the articles of incorporation currently in
- 25 effect without including the certificate information required
- 26 by subsection 8.
- 27 Sec. 120. NEW SECTION. 504A.1007 AMENDMENT PURSUANT TO
- 28 JUDICIAL REORGANIZATION.
- 29 1. A corporation's articles may be amended without board
- 30 approval or approval by the members or approval required
- 31 pursuant to section 504A.1031 to carry out a plan of
- 32 reorganization ordered or decreed by a court of competent
- 33 jurisdiction under federal statute if the articles after
- 34 amendment contain only provisions required or permitted by
- 35 section 504A.202.

- 2. An individual or individuals designated by the court
- 2 shall deliver to the secretary of state articles of amendment
- 3 setting forth all of the following:
- 4 a. The name of the corporation.
- 5 b. The text of each amendment approved by the court.
- 6 c. The date of the court's order or decree approving the
- 7 articles of amendment.
- 8 d. The title of the reorganization proceeding in which the
- 9 order or decree was entered.
- 10 e. A statement that the court had jurisdiction of the
- 11 proceeding under federal statute.
- 12 3. This section does not apply after entry of a final
- 13 decree in the reorganization proceeding even though the court
- 14 retains jurisdiction of the proceeding for limited purposes
- 15 unrelated to consummation of the reorganization plan.
- 16 Sec. 121. NEW SECTION. 504A.1008 EFFECT OF AMENDMENT AND
- 17 RESTATEMENT.
- 18 An amendment to articles of incorporation does not affect a
- 19 cause of action existing against or in favor of the
- 20 corporation, a proceeding to which the corporation is a party,
- 21 any requirement or limitation imposed upon the corporation or
- 22 any property held by it by virtue of any trust upon which such
- 23 property is held by the corporation or the existing rights of
- 24 persons other than members of the corporation. An amendment
- 25 changing a corporation's name does not abate a proceeding
- 26 brought by or against the corporation in its former name.
- 27 PART 2
- 28 BYLAWS
- 29 Sec. 122. NEW SECTION. 504A.1021 AMENDMENT BY DIRECTORS.
- 30 If a corporation has no members, its incorporators, until
- 31 directors have been chosen, and thereafter its board of
- 32 directors, may adopt one or more amendments to the
- 33 corporation's bylaws subject to any approval required pursuant
- 34 to section 504A.1031. The corporation shall provide notice of
- 35 any meeting of directors at which an amendment is to be

- 1 approved. The notice must be given in accordance with section
- 2 504A.823, subsection 3. The notice must also state that the
- 3 purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to consider
- 4 a proposed amendment to the bylaws and contain or be
- 5 accompanied by a copy or summary of the amendment or state the
- 6 general nature of the amendment. The amendment must be
- 7 approved by a majority of the directors in office at the time
- 8 the amendment is adopted.
- 9 Sec. 123. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.1022 AMENDMENT BY DIRECTORS
- 10 AND MEMBERS.
- 1. Unless this chapter, the articles, bylaws, the members
- 12 acting pursuant to subsection 2, or the board of directors
- 13 acting pursuant to subsection 3, require a greater vote or
- 14 voting by class, or the articles or bylaws provide otherwise,
- 15 an amendment to a corporation's bylaws must be approved by all
- 16 of the following to be adopted:
- 17 a. By the board if the corporation is a public benefit or
- 18 religious corporation and the amendment does not relate to the
- 19 number of directors, the composition of the board, the term of
- 20 office of directors, or the method or way in which directors
- 21 are elected or selected.
- 22 b. By the members by two-thirds of the votes cast or a
- 23 majority of the voting power, whichever is less.
- 24 c. In writing by any person or persons whose approval is
- 25 required by a provision of the articles authorized by section
- 26 504A.1031.
- 2. The members may condition the amendment's adoption on
- 28 its receipt of a higher percentage of affirmative votes or on
- 29 any other basis.
- 30 3. If the board initiates an amendment to the bylaws or
- 31 board approval is required by subsection 1 to adopt an
- 32 amendment to the bylaws, the board may condition the
- 33 amendment's adoption on receipt of a higher percentage of
- 34 affirmative votes or on any other basis.
- 35 4. If the board or the members seek to have the amendment

- 1 approved by the members at a membership meeting, the
- 2 corporation shall give notice to its members of the proposed
- 3 membership meeting in writing in accordance with section
- 4 504A.705. The notice must also state that the purpose, or one
- 5 of the purposes, of the meeting is to consider the proposed
- 6 amendment and contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary
- 7 of the amendment.
- 8 5. If the board or the members seek to have the amendment
- 9 approved by the members by written consent or written ballot,
- 10 the material soliciting the approval shall contain or be
- 11 accompanied by a copy or summary of the amendment.
- 12 Sec. 124. NEW SECTION. 504A.1023 CLASS VOTING BY MEMBERS
- 13 ON AMENDMENTS.
- 14 1. The members of a class in a public benefit corporation
- 15 are entitled to vote as a class on a proposed amendment to the
- 16 bylaws if the amendment would change the rights of that class
- 17 as to voting in a manner different than such amendment affects
- 18 another class or members of another class.
- 19 2. The members of a class in a mutual benefit corporation
- 20 are entitled to vote as a class on a proposed amendment to the
- 21 bylaws if the amendment would do any of the following:
- 22 a. Affect the rights, privileges, preferences,
- 23 restrictions, or conditions of that class as to voting,
- 24 dissolution, redemption, or transfer of memberships in a
- 25 manner different than such amendment would affect another
- 26 class.
- 27 b. Change the rights, privileges, preferences,
- 28 restrictions, or conditions of that class as to voting,
- 29 dissolution, redemption, or transfer by changing the rights,
- 30 privileges, preferences, restrictions, or conditions of
- 31 another class.
- 32 c. Increase or decrease the number of memberships
- 33 authorized for that class.
- 34 d. Increase the number of memberships authorized for
- 35 another class.

- e. Effect an exchange, reclassification, or termination of all or part of the memberships of that class.
- 3 f. Authorize a new class of memberships.
- 4 3. The members of a class of a religious corporation are
- 5 entitled to vote as a class on a proposed amendment to the
- 6 bylaws only if a class vote is provided for in the articles or 7 bylaws.
- 8 4. If a class is to be divided into two or more classes as
- 9 a result of an amendment to the bylaws, the amendment must be
- 10 approved by the members of each class that would be created by
- 11 the amendment.
- 12 5. If a class vote is required to approve an amendment to
- 13 the bylaws, the amendment must be approved by the members of
- 14 the class by two-thirds of the votes cast by the class or a
- 15 majority of the voting power of the class, whichever is less.
- 16 6. A class of members is entitled to the voting rights
- 17 granted by this section even if the articles and bylaws
- 18 provide that the class may not vote on the proposed amendment.
- 19 PART 3
- 20 ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION AND BYLAWS
- 21 Sec. 125. NEW SECTION. 504A.1031 APPROVAL BY THIRD
- 22 PERSONS.
- 23 The articles of a corporation may require that an amendment
- 24 to the articles or bylaws be approved in writing by a
- 25 specified person or persons other than the board. Such a
- 26 provision in the articles may only be amended with the
- 27 approval in writing of the person or persons specified in the
- 28 provision.
- 29 Sec. 126. NEW SECTION. 504A.1032 AMENDMENT TERMINATING
- 30 MEMBERS OR REDEEMING OR CANCELING MEMBERSHIPS.
- 31 1. An amendment to the articles or bylaws of a public
- 32 benefit or mutual benefit corporation which would terminate
- 33 all members or any class of members or redeem or cancel all
- 34 memberships or any class of memberships must meet the
- 35 requirements of this chapter and this section.

- Before adopting a resolution proposing such an
- 2 amendment, the board of a mutual benefit corporation shall
- 3 give notice of the general nature of the amendment to the
- 4 members.
- 5 3. After adopting a resolution proposing such an
- 6 amendment, the notice to members proposing such amendment
- 7 shall include one statement of up to five hundred words
- 8 opposing the proposed amendment, if such statement is
- 9 submitted by any five members or members having three percent
- 10 or more of the voting power, whichever is less, not later than
- 11 twenty days after the board has voted to submit such amendment
- 12 to the members for their approval. In public benefit
- 13 corporations, the production and mailing costs of the
- 14 statement opposing the proposed amendment shall be paid by the
- 15 requesting members. In mutual benefit corporations, the
- 16 production and mailing costs of the statement opposing the
- 17 proposed amendment shall be paid by the corporation.
- 18 4. Any such amendment shall be approved by the members by
- 19 two-thirds of the votes cast by each class.
- 20 5. The provisions of section 504A.622 shall not apply to
- 21 any amendment meeting the requirements of this chapter and
- 22 this section.
- 23 SUBCHAPTER XI
- 24 MERGER
- 25 Sec. 127. NEW SECTION. 504A.1101 APPROVAL OF PLAN OF
- 26 MERGER.
- 27 1. Subject to the limitations set forth in section
- 28 504A.1102, one or more nonprofit corporations may merge with
- 29 or into any one or more corporations or nonprofit corporations
- 30 or limited liability companies, if the plan of merger is
- 31 approved as provided in section 504A.1103.
- 32 2. The plan of merger shall set forth all of the
- 33 following:
- 34 a. The name of each corporation or limited liability
- 35 company planning to merge and the name of the surviving

- 1 corporation into which each plans to merge.
- 2 b. The terms and conditions of the planned merger.
- 3 c. The manner and basis, if any, of converting the
- 4 memberships of each public benefit or religious corporation
- 5 into memberships of the surviving corporation or limited
- 6 liability company.
- d. If the merger involves a mutual benefit corporation,
- 8 the manner and basis, if any, of converting memberships of
- 9 each merging corporation into memberships, obligations, or
- 10 securities of the surviving or any other corporation or
- 11 limited liability company or into cash or other property in
- 12 whole or in part.
- 13 3. The plan of merger may set forth any of the following:
- 14 a. Any amendments to the articles of incorporation or
- 15 bylaws of the surviving corporation or limited liability
- 16 company to be effected by the planned merger.
- 17 b. Other provisions relating to the planned merger.
- 18 Sec. 128. NEW SECTION. 504A.1102 LIMITATIONS ON MERGERS
- 19 BY PUBLIC BENEFIT OR RELIGIOUS CORPORATIONS.
- 20 1. Without the prior approval of the district court in a
- 21 proceeding of which the attorney general has been given
- 22 written notice, a public benefit or religious corporation may
- 23 merge only with one of the following:
- 24 a. A public benefit or religious corporation.
- 25 b. A foreign corporation which would qualify under this
- 26 chapter as a public benefit or religious corporation.
- 27 c. A wholly owned foreign or domestic business or mutual
- 28 benefit corporation, provided the public benefit or religious
- 29 corporation is the surviving corporation and continues to be a
- 30 public benefit or religious corporation after the merger.
- 31 d. A business or mutual benefit corporation, provided that
- 32 all of the following apply:
- 33 (1) On or prior to the effective date of the merger,
- 34 assets with a value equal to the greater of the fair market
- 35 value of the net tangible and intangible assets, including

- 1 goodwill, of the public benefit or religious corporation or
- 2 the fair market value of the public benefit or religious
- 3 corporation if it were to be operated as a business concern
- 4 are transferred or conveyed to one or more persons who would
- 5 have received its assets under section 504A.1406, subsection
- 6 l, paragraphs "e" and "f", had it dissolved.
- 7 (2) The business or mutual benefit corporation shall
- 8 return, transfer, or convey any assets held by it upon
- 9 condition requiring return, transfer, or conveyance, which
- 10 condition occurs by reason of the merger, in accordance with
- 11 such condition.
- 12 (3) The merger is approved by a majority of directors of
- 13 the public benefit or religious corporation who are not and
- 14 will not become members or shareholders in or officers,
- 15 employees, agents, or consultants of the surviving
- 16 corporation.
- 2. At least twenty days before consummation of any merger
- 18 of a public benefit corporation or a religious corporation
- 19 pursuant to subsection 1, paragraph "d", notice, including a
- 20 copy of the proposed plan of merger, must be delivered to the
- 21 attorney general.
- 22 3. Without the prior written consent of the attorney
- 23 general or of the district court in a proceeding in which the
- 24 attorney general has been given notice, a member of a public
- 25 benefit or religious corporation shall not receive or keep
- 26 anything as a result of a merger other than a membership in
- 27 the surviving public benefit or religious corporation. The
- 28 court shall approve the transaction if it is in the public
- 29 interest.
- 30 Sec. 129. NEW SECTION. 504A.1103 ACTION ON PLAN BY
- 31 BOARD, MEMBERS, AND THIRD PERSONS.
- 32 1. Unless this chapter, the articles, bylaws, or the board
- 33 of directors or members acting pursuant to subsection 3
- 34 require a greater vote or voting by class, a plan of merger
- 35 for a corporation must be approved by all of the following to

l be adopted:

- 2 a. The board.
- 3 b. The members, if any, by two-thirds of the votes cast or 4 a majority of the voting power, whichever is less.
- 5 c. In writing by any person or persons whose approval is
- 6 required by a provision of the articles authorized by section
- 7 504A.1031 for an amendment to the articles or bylaws.
- 8 2. If the corporation does not have members, the merger
- 9 must be approved by a majority of the directors in office at
- 10 the time the merger is approved. In addition, the corporation
- 11 shall provide notice of any directors' meeting at which such
- 12 approval is to be obtained in accordance with section
- 13 504A.823, subsection 3. The notice must also state that the
- 14 purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to consider
- 15 the proposed merger.
- 16 3. The board may condition its submission of the proposed
- 17 merger, and the members may condition their approval of the
- 18 merger, on receipt of a higher percentage of affirmative votes
- 19 or on any other basis.
- 20 4. If the board seeks to have the plan approved by the
- 21 members at a membership meeting, the corporation shall give
- 22 notice to its members of the proposed membership meeting in
- 23 accordance with section 504A.705. The notice must also state
- 24 that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to
- 25 consider the plan of merger and contain or be accompanied by a
- 26 copy or summary of the plan. The copy or summary of the plan
- 27 for members of the surviving corporation shall include any
- 28 provision that, if contained in a proposed amendment to the
- 29 articles of incorporation or bylaws, would entitle members to
- 30 vote on the provision. The copy or summary of the plan for
- 31 members of the disappearing corporation shall include a copy
- 32 or summary of the articles and bylaws which will be in effect
- 33 immediately after the merger takes effect.
- 34 5. If the board seeks to have the plan approved by the
- 35 members by written consent or written ballot, the material

- 1 soliciting the approval shall contain or be accompanied by a
- 2 copy or summary of the plan. The copy or summary of the plan
- 3 for members of the surviving corporation shall include any
- 4 provision that, if contained in a proposed amendment to the
- 5 articles of incorporation or bylaws, would entitle members to
- 6 vote on the provision. The copy or summary of the plan for
- 7 members of the disappearing corporation shall include a copy
- 8 or summary of the articles and bylaws which will be in effect
- 9 immediately after the merger takes effect.
- 10 6. Voting by a class of members is required on a plan of
- 11 merger if the plan contains a provision that, if contained in
- 12 a proposed amendment to articles of incorporation or bylaws,
- 13 would entitle the class of members to vote as a class on the
- 14 proposed amendment under section 504A.1004 or 504A.1023. The
- 15 plan must be approved by a class of members by two-thirds of
- 16 the votes cast by the class or a majority of the voting power
- 17 of the class, whichever is less.
- 7. After a merger is adopted, and at any time before
- 19 articles of merger are filed, the planned merger may be
- 20 abandoned subject to any contractual rights without further
- 21 action by members or other persons who approved the plan in
- 22 accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of merger
- 23 or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by the
- 24 board of directors.
- 25 Sec. 130. NEW SECTION. 504A.1104 ARTICLES OF MERGER.
- 26 After a plan of merger is approved by the board of
- 27 directors, and if required by section 504A.1103, by the
- 28 members and any other persons, the surviving or acquiring
- 29 corporation shall deliver to the secretary of state articles
- 30 of merger setting forth all of the following, as applicable:
- 31 1. The plan of merger.
- 32 2. If approval of members was not required, a statement to
- 33 that effect and a statement that the plan was approved by a
- 34 sufficient vote of the board of directors.
- 35 3. If approval by members was required, both of the

1 following:

- 2 a. The designation, number of memberships outstanding,
- 3 number of votes entitled to be cast by each class entitled to
- 4 vote separately on the plan, and number of votes of each class
- 5 indisputably voting on the plan.
- 6 b. Either the total number of votes cast for and against
- 7 the plan by each class entitled to vote separately on the plan
- 8 or the total number of undisputed votes cast for the plan by
- 9 each class and a statement that the number of votes cast for
- 10 the plan by each class was sufficient for approval by that
- 11 class.
- 12 4. If approval of the plan by some person or persons other
- 13 than the members of the board is required pursuant to section
- 14 504A.1103, subsection 1, paragraph "c", a statement that the
- 15 approval was obtained.
- 16 Sec. 131. NEW SECTION. 504A.1105 EFFECT OF MERGER.
- 17 When a merger takes effect, all of the following occur:
- 18 1. Every other corporation party to the merger merges into
- 19 the surviving corporation and the separate existence of every
- 20 corporation except the surviving corporation ceases.
- 21 2. The title to all real estate and other property owned
- 22 by each corporation party to the merger is vested in the
- 23 surviving corporation without reversion or impairment subject
- 24 to any and all conditions to which the property was subject
- 25 prior to the merger.
- 26 3. The surviving corporation has all the liabilities and
- 27 obligations of each corporation party to the merger.
- 28 4. A proceeding pending against any corporation party to
- 29 the merger may be continued as if the merger did not occur or
- 30 the surviving corporation may be substituted in the proceeding
- 31 for the corporation whose existence ceased.
- 32 5. The articles of incorporation and bylaws of the
- 33 surviving corporation are amended to the extent provided in
- 34 the plan of merger.
- 35 Sec. 132. NEW SECTION. 504A.1106 MERGER WITH FOREIGN

1 CORPORATION.

- 2 1. Except as provided in section 504A.1102, one or more
- 3 foreign business or nonprofit corporations may merge with one
- 4 or more domestic nonprofit corporations if all of the
- 5 following conditions are met:
- 6 a. The merger is permitted by the law of the state or
- 7 country under whose law each foreign corporation is
- 8 incorporated and each foreign corporation complies with that
- 9 law in effecting the merger.
- 10 b. The foreign corporation complies with section 504A.1104
- 11 if it is the surviving corporation of the merger.
- 12 c. Each domestic nonprofit corporation complies with the
- 13 applicable provisions of sections 504A.1101 through 504A.1103
- 14 and, if it is the surviving corporation of the merger, with
- 15 section 504A.1104.
- 16 2. Upon the merger taking effect, the surviving foreign
- 17 business or nonprofit corporation is deemed to have
- 18 irrevocably appointed the secretary of state as its agent for
- 19 service of process in any proceeding brought against it.
- 20 Sec. 133. NEW SECTION. 504A.1107 BEQUESTS, DEVISES, AND
- 21 GIFTS.
- 22 Any bequest, devise, gift, grant, or promise contained in a
- 23 will or other instrument of donation, subscription, or
- 24 conveyance, that is made to a constituent corporation and
- 25 which takes effect or remains payable after the merger, inures
- 26 to the surviving corporation unless the will or other
- 27 instrument otherwise specifically provides.
- 28 SUBCHAPTER XII
- 29 SALE OF ASSETS
- 30 Sec. 134. NEW SECTION. 504A.1201 SALE OF ASSETS IN
- 31 REGULAR COURSE OF ACTIVITIES AND MORTGAGE OF ASSETS.
- 32 l. A corporation may on the terms and conditions and for
- 33 the consideration determined by the board of directors do
- 34 either of the following:
- 35 a. Sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of all, or

1 substantially all, of its property in the usual and regular

- 2 course of its activities.
- 3 b. Mortgage, pledge, dedicate to the repayment of
- 4 indebtedness, whether with or without recourse, or otherwise
- 5 encumber any or all of its property whether or not in the
- 6 usual and regular course of its activities.
- 7 2. Unless the articles require it, approval of the members
- 8 or any other persons of a transaction described in subsection
- 9 1 is not required.
- 10 Sec. 135. NEW SECTION. 504A.1202 SALE OF ASSETS OTHER
- 11 THAN IN REGULAR COURSE OF ACTIVITIES.
- 12 1. A corporation may sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise
- 13 dispose of all, or substantially all, of its property, with or
- 14 without the goodwill, other than in the usual and regular
- 15 course of its activities on the terms and conditions and for
- 16 the consideration determined by the corporation's board if the
- 17 proposed transaction is authorized by subsection 2.
- 18 2. Unless this chapter, the articles, bylaws, or the board
- 19 of directors or members acting pursuant to subsection 4
- 20 require a greater vote or voting by a class, the proposed
- 21 transaction to be authorized must be approved by all of the
- 22 following:
- 23 a. The board.
- 24 b. The members by two-thirds of the votes cast or a
- 25 majority of the voting power, whichever is less.
- 26 c. In writing by any person or persons whose approval is
- 27 required by a provision of the articles authorized by section
- 28 504A.1031 for an amendment to the articles or bylaws.
- 29 3. If the corporation does not have members, the
- 30 transaction must be approved by a vote of a majority of the
- 31 directors in office at the time the transaction is approved.
- 32 In addition, the corporation shall provide notice of any
- 33 directors' meeting at which such approval is to be obtained in
- 34 accordance with section 504A.823, subsection 3. The notice
- 35 shall also state that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of

- 1 the meeting is to consider the sale, lease, exchange, or other
- 2 disposition of all, or substantially all, of the property or
- 3 assets of the corporation and contain or be accompanied by a
- 4 copy or summary of a description of the transaction.
- 5 4. The board may condition its submission of the proposed
- 6 transaction, and the members may condition their approval of
- 7 the transaction, on receipt of a higher percentage of
- 8 affirmative votes or on any other basis.
- 9 5. If the corporation seeks to have the transaction
- 10 approved by the members at a membership meeting, the
- 11 corporation shall give notice to its members of the proposed
- 12 membership meeting in accordance with section 504A.705. The
- 13 notice must also state that the purpose, or one of the
- 14 purposes, of the meeting is to consider the sale, lease,
- 15 exchange, or other disposition of all, or substantially all,
- 16 of the property or assets of the corporation and contain or be
- 17 accompanied by a copy or summary of a description of the
- 18 transaction.
- 19 6. If the board is required to have the transaction
- 20 approved by the members by written consent or written ballot,
- 21 the material soliciting the approval shall contain or be
- 22 accompanied by a copy or summary of a description of the
- 23 transaction.
- 7. A public benefit or religious corporation shall give
- 25 written notice to the attorney general twenty days before it
- 26 sells, leases, exchanges, or otherwise disposes of all, or
- 27 substantially all, of its property if the transaction is not
- 28 in the usual and regular course of its activities unless the
- 29 attorney general has given the corporation a written waiver of
- 30 the requirements of this subsection. The attorney general
- 31 shall be deemed to have consented to the transaction unless
- 32 notice is given to the corporation within the twenty days.
- 33 8. After a sale, lease, exchange, or other disposition of
- 34 property is authorized, the transaction may be abandoned,
- 35 subject to any contractual rights, without further action by

- 1 the members or any other person who approved the transaction
- 2 in accordance with the procedure set forth in the resolution
- 3 proposing the transaction or, if none is set forth, in the
- 4 manner determined by the board of directors.
- 5 SUBCHAPTER XIII
- 6 DISTRIBUTIONS
- 7 Sec. 136. NEW SECTION. 504A.1301 PROHIBITED
- 8 DISTRIBUTIONS.
- 9 Except as authorized by section 504A.1302, a corporation
- 10 shall not make any distributions.
- 11 Sec. 137. NEW SECTION. 504A.1302 AUTHORIZED
- 12 DISTRIBUTIONS.
- 13 1. A mutual benefit corporation may purchase its
- 14 memberships if after the purchase is completed, both of the
- 15 following apply:
- 16 a. The corporation will be able to pay its debts as they
- 17 become due in the usual course of its activities.
- 18 b. The corporation's total assets will at least equal the
- 19 sum of its total liabilities.
- 20 2. Corporations may make distributions upon dissolution in
- 21 conformity with subchapter 14.
- 22 SUBCHAPTER XIV
- 23 DISSOLUTION
- 24 PART 1
- 25 VOLUNTARY DISSOLUTION
- 26 Sec. 138. NEW SECTION. 504A.1401 DISSOLUTION BY
- 27 INCORPORATORS OR DIRECTORS AND THIRD PERSONS.
- 28 1. A majority of the incorporators of a corporation that
- 29 has no directors and no members or a majority of the directors
- 30 of a corporation that has no members may, subject to any
- 31 approval required by the articles or bylaws, dissolve the
- 32 corporation by delivering articles of dissolution to the
- 33 secretary of state.
- 34 2. The corporation shall give notice of any meeting at
- 35 which dissolution will be approved. The notice must be in

- 1 accordance with section 504A.823, subsection 3. The notice
- 2 must also state that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of
- 3 the meeting is to consider dissolution of the corporation.
- 4 3. The incorporators or directors in approving dissolution
- 5 shall adopt a plan of dissolution indicating to whom the
- 6 assets owned or held by the corporation will be distributed
- 7 after all creditors have been paid.
- 8 Sec. 139. NEW SECTION. 504A.1402 DISSOLUTION BY
- 9 DIRECTORS, MEMBERS, AND THIRD PERSONS.
- 10 1. Unless this chapter, the articles, bylaws, or the board
- 11 of directors or members acting pursuant to subsection 3
- 12 require a greater vote or voting by class, dissolution is
- 13 authorized if it is approved by all of the following:
- 14 a. The board.
- b. The members, if any, by two-thirds of the votes cast or
- 16 a majority of the voting power, whichever is less.
- 17 c. In writing by any person or persons whose approval is
- 18 required by a provision of the articles authorized by section
- 19 504A.1031 for an amendment to the articles or bylaws.
- 20 2. If the corporation does not have members, dissolution
- 21 must be approved by a vote of a majority of the directors in
- 22 office at the time the transaction is approved. In addition,
- 23 the corporation shall provide notice of any directors' meeting
- 24 at which such approval is to be obtained in accordance with
- 25 section 504A.823, subsection 3. The notice must also state
- 26 that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to
- 27 consider dissolution of the corporation and contain or be
- 28 accompanied by a copy or summary of the plan of dissolution.
- 29 3. The board may condition its submission of the proposed
- 30 dissolution, and the members may condition their approval of
- 31 the dissolution, on receipt of a higher percentage of
- 32 affirmative votes or on any other basis.
- 33 4. If the board seeks to have dissolution approved by the
- 34 members at a membership meeting, the corporation shall give
- 35 notice to its members of the proposed membership meeting in

- 1 accordance with section 504A.705. The notice must also state
- 2 that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to
- 3 consider dissolving the corporation and must contain or be
- 4 accompanied by a copy or summary of the plan of dissolution.
- 5 5. If the board seeks to have the dissolution approved by
- 6 the members by written consent or written ballot, the material
- 7 soliciting the approval shall contain or be accompanied by a
- 8 copy or summary of the plan of dissolution.
- 9 6. The plan of dissolution shall indicate to whom the
- 10 assets owned or held by the corporation will be distributed
- 11 after all creditors have been paid.
- 12 Sec. 140. NEW SECTION. 504A.1403 NOTICES TO THE ATTORNEY
- 13 GENERAL.
- 14 1. A public benefit or religious corporation shall give
- 15 the attorney general written notice that it intends to
- 16 dissolve at or before the time it delivers articles of
- 17 dissolution to the secretary of state. The notice shall
- 18 include a copy or summary of the plan of dissolution.
- 19 2. Assets shall not be transferred or conveyed by a public
- 20 benefit or religious corporation as part of the dissolution
- 21 process until twenty days after it has given the written
- 22 notice required by subsection 1 to the attorney general or
- 23 until the attorney general has consented in writing to, or
- 24 indicated in writing that, the attorney general will take no
- 25 action in respect to the transfer or conveyance, whichever is
- 26 earlier.
- 3. When all or substantially all of the assets of a public
- 28 benefit corporation have been transferred or conveyed
- 29 following approval of dissolution, the board shall deliver to
- 30 the attorney general a list showing to whom, other than
- 31 creditors, the assets were transferred or conveyed. The list
- 32 shall indicate the addresses of each person, other than
- 33 creditors, who received assets and indicate what assets each
- 34 received.
- 35 Sec. 141. NEW SECTION. 504A.1404 ARTICLES OF

1 DISSOLUTION.

- 2 l. At any time after dissolution is authorized, a
- 3 corporation may dissolve by delivering articles of dissolution
- 4 to the secretary of state setting forth all of the following:
- 5 a. The name of the corporation.
- 6 b. The date dissolution was authorized.
- 7 c. A statement that dissolution was approved by a
- 8 sufficient vote of the board.
- 9 d. If approval of members was not required, a statement to
- 10 that effect and a statement that dissolution was approved by a
- 11 sufficient vote of the board of directors or incorporators.
- 12 e. If approval by members was required, both of the
- 13 following:
- 14 (1) The designation, number of memberships outstanding,
- 15 number of votes entitled to be cast by each class entitled to
- 16 vote separately on dissolution, and number of votes of each
- 17 class indisputably voting on dissolution.
- 18 (2) Either the total number of votes cast for and against
- 19 dissolution by each class entitled to vote separately on
- 20 dissolution or the total number of undisputed votes cast for
- 21 dissolution by each class and a statement that the number cast
- 22 for dissolution by each class was sufficient for approval by
- 23 that class.
- 24 f. If approval of dissolution by some person or persons
- 25 other than the members, the board, or the incorporators is
- 26 required pursuant to section 504A.1402, subsection 1,
- 27 paragraph "c", a statement that the approval was obtained.
- 28 g. If the corporation is a public benefit or religious
- 29 corporation, that the notice to the attorney general required
- 30 by section 504A.1403, subsection 1, has been given.
- 31 2. A corporation is dissolved upon the effective date of
- 32 its articles of dissolution.
- 33 Sec. 142. NEW SECTION. 504A.1405 REVOCATION OF
- 34 DISSOLUTION.
- 35 1. A corporation may revoke its dissolution within one

- 1 hundred twenty days of its effective date.
- 2 2. Revocation of dissolution must be authorized in the
- 3 same manner as the dissolution was authorized unless that
- 4 authorization permitted revocation by action of the board of
- 5 directors alone, in which event the board of directors may
- 6 revoke the dissolution without action by the members or any
- 7 other person.
- 8 3. After the revocation of dissolution is authorized, the
- 9 corporation may revoke the dissolution by delivering to the
- 10 secretary of state for filing, articles of revocation of
- ll dissolution, together with a copy of its articles of
- 12 dissolution, that set forth all of the following:
- 13 a. The name of the corporation.
- 14 b. The effective date of the dissolution that was revoked.
- 15 c. The date that the revocation of dissolution was
- 16 authorized.
- 17 d. If the corporation's board of directors or
- 18 incorporators revoked the dissolution, a statement to that
- 19 effect.
- 20 e. If the corporation's board of directors revoked a
- 21 dissolution authorized by the members alone or in conjunction
- 22 with another person or persons, a statement that revocation
- 23 was permitted by action of the board of directors alone
- 24 pursuant to that authorization.
- 25 f. If member or third person action was required to revoke
- 26 the dissolution, the information required by section
- 27 504A.1404, subsection 1, paragraphs "e" and "f".
- 28 4. Revocation of dissolution is effective upon the
- 29 effective date of the articles of revocation of dissolution.
- 30 5. When the revocation of dissolution is effective, it
- 31 relates back to and takes effect as of the effective date of
- 32 the dissolution and the corporation resumes carrying on its
- 33 activities as if dissolution had never occurred.
- 34 Sec. 143. NEW SECTION. 504A.1406 EFFECT OF DISSOLUTION.
- 35 1. A dissolved corporation continues its corporate

- 1 existence but shall not carry on any activities except those
- 2 appropriate to wind up and liquidate its affairs, including
- 3 all of the following:
- 4 a. Preserving and protecting its assets and minimizing its
- 5 liabilities.
- 6 b. Discharging or making provision for discharging its
- 7 liabilities and obligations.
- 8 c. Disposing of its properties that will not be
- 9 distributed in kind.
- d. Returning, transferring, or conveying assets held by
- 11 the corporation upon a condition requiring return, transfer,
- 12 or conveyance, which condition occurs by reason of the
- 13 dissolution, in accordance with such condition.
- e. Transferring, subject to any contractual or legal
- 15 requirements, its assets as provided in or authorized by its
- 16 articles of incorporation or bylaws.
- 17 f. If the corporation is a public benefit or religious
- 18 corporation, and a provision has not been made in its articles
- 19 or bylaws for distribution of assets on dissolution,
- 20 transferring, subject to any contractual or legal requirement,
- 21 its assets to one or more persons described in section
- 22 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or if the dissolved
- 23 corporation is not described in section 501(c)(3) of the
- 24 Internal Revenue Code, to one or more public benefit or
- 25 religious corporations.
- 26 g. If the corporation is a mutual benefit corporation and
- 27 a provision has not been made in its articles or bylaws for
- 28 distribution of assets on dissolution, transferring its assets
- 29 to its members or, if it has no members, those persons whom
- 30 the corporation holds itself out as benefiting or serving.
- 31 h. Doing every other act necessary to wind up and
- 32 liquidate its assets and affairs.
- 33 2. Dissolution of a corporation does not do any of the
- 34 following:
- 35 a. Transfer title to the corporation's property.

- b. Subject its directors or officers to standards of
- 2 conduct different from those prescribed in subchapter 8.
- 3 c. Change quorum or voting requirements for its board or
- 4 members; change provisions for selection, resignation, or
- 5 removal of its directors or officers or both; or change
- 6 provisions for amending its bylaws.
- 7 d. Prevent commencement of a proceeding by or against the
- 8 corporation in its corporate name.
- 9 e. Abate or suspend a proceeding pending by or against the
- 10 corporation on the effective date of dissolution.
- 11 f. Terminate the authority of the registered agent.
- 12 Sec. 144. NEW SECTION. 504A.1407 KNOWN CLAIMS AGAINST
- 13 DISSOLVED CORPORATION.
- 14 1. A dissolved corporation may dispose of the known claims
- 15 against it by following the procedure described in this
- 16 section.
- 17 2. The dissolved corporation shall notify its known
- 18 claimants in writing of the dissolution at any time after the
- 19 effective date of the dissolution. The written notice must do
- 20 all of the following:
- 21 a. Describe information that must be included in a claim.
- 22 b. Provide a mailing address where a claim may be sent.
- 23 c. State the deadline, which shall not be fewer than one
- 24 hundred twenty days from the effective date of the written
- 25 notice, by which the dissolved corporation must receive the
- 26 claim.
- 27 d. State that the claim will be barred if not received by
- 28 the deadline.
- 29 3. A claim against the dissolved corporation is barred if
- 30 either of the following occurs:
- 31 a. A claimant who was given written notice under
- 32 subsection 2 does not deliver the claim to the dissolved
- 33 corporation by the deadline.
- 34 b. A claimant whose claim was rejected by the dissolved
- 35 corporation does not commence a proceeding to enforce the

- 1 claim within ninety days from the effective date of the 2 rejection notice.
- 3 4. For purposes of this section, "claim" does not include
- 4 a contingent liability or a claim based on an event occurring
- 5 after the effective date of dissolution.
- 6 Sec. 145. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.1408 UNKNOWN CLAIMS AGAINST
- 7 DISSOLVED CORPORATION.
- 8 1. A dissolved corporation may also publish notice of its
- 9 dissolution and request that persons with claims against the
- 10 corporation present them in accordance with the notice.
- 11 2. The notice must do all of the following:
- 12 a. Be published one time in a newspaper of general
- 13 circulation in the county where the dissolved corporation's
- 14 principal office is located, or, if none is located in this
- 15 state, where its registered office is or was last located.
- b. Describe the information that must be included in a
- 17 claim and provide a mailing address where the claim may be
- 18 sent.
- 19 c. State that a claim against the corporation will be
- 20 barred unless a proceeding to enforce the claim is commenced
- 21 within five years after publication of the notice.
- 22 3. If the dissolved corporation publishes a newspaper
- 23 notice in accordance with subsection 2, the claim of each of
- 24 the following claimants is barred unless the claimant
- 25 commences a proceeding to enforce the claim against the
- 26 dissolved corporation within five years after the publication
- 27 date of the newspaper notice:
- 28 a. A claimant who did not receive written notice under
- 29 section 504A.1407.
- 30 b. A claimant whose claim was timely sent to the dissolved
- 31 corporation but not acted on.
- 32 c. A claimant whose claim is contingent or based on an
- 33 event occurring after the effective date of dissolution.
- 34 4. A claim may be enforced under this section to the
- 35 following extent, as applicable:

- 1 a. Against the dissolved corporation, to the extent of its
 2 undistributed assets.
- 3 b. If the assets have been distributed in liquidation,
- 4 against any person, other than a creditor of the corporation,
- 5 to whom the corporation distributed its property to the extent
- 6 of the distributee's pro rata share of the claim or the
- 7 corporate assets distributed to such person in liquidation,
- 8 whichever is less, but the distributee's total liability for
- 9 all claims under this section shall not exceed the total
- 10 amount of assets distributed to the distributee.
- 11 PART 2
- 12 ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION
- 13 Sec. 146. NEW SECTION. 504A.1421 GROUNDS FOR
- 14 ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION.
- 15 The secretary of state may commence a proceeding under
- 16 section 504A.1422 to administratively dissolve a corporation
- 17 if any of the following occurs:
- 18 1. The corporation does not deliver its biennial report to
- 19 the secretary of state, in a form that meets the requirements
- 20 of section 504A.1613, within sixty days after the report is
- 21 due.
- 22 2. The corporation is without a registered agent or
- 23 registered office in this state for sixty days or more.
- 24 3. The corporation does not notify the secretary of state
- 25 within sixty days that its registered agent or registered
- 26 office has been changed, that its registered agent has
- 27 resigned, or that its registered office has been discontinued.
- 28 4. The corporation's period of duration, if any, stated in
- 29 its articles of incorporation expires.
- 30 Sec. 147. NEW SECTION. 504A.1422 PROCEDURE FOR AND
- 31 EFFECT OF ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION.
- 32 1. Upon determining that one or more grounds exist under
- 33 section 504A.1421 for dissolving a corporation, the secretary
- 34 of state shall serve the corporation with written notice of
- 35 that determination under section 504A.504, and in the case of

1 a public benefit corporation shall notify the attorney general 2 in writing of that determination.

- If the corporation does not correct each ground for
- 4 dissolution or demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of
- 5 the secretary of state that each ground determined by the
- 6 secretary of state does not exist within at least sixty days
- 7 after service of notice is perfected under section 504A.504,
- 8 the secretary of state may administratively dissolve the
- 9 corporation by signing a certificate of dissolution that
- 10 recites the ground or grounds for dissolution and its
- 11 effective date. The secretary of state shall file the
- 12 original of the certificate of dissolution and serve a copy on
- 13 the corporation under section 504A.504, and in the case of a
- 14 public benefit corporation shall notify the attorney general
- 15 in writing of the dissolution.
- 16 3. A corporation administratively dissolved continues its
- 17 corporate existence but may not carry on any activities except
- 18 those necessary to wind up and liquidate its affairs pursuant
- 19 to section 504A.1406 and notify its claimants pursuant to
- 20 sections 504A.1407 and 504A.1408.
- 21 4. The administrative dissolution of a corporation does
- 22 not terminate the authority of its registered agent.
- 23 5. The secretary of state's administrative dissolution of
- 24 a corporation pursuant to this section appoints the secretary
- 25 of state as the corporation's agent for service of process in
- 26 any proceeding based on a cause of action which arose during
- 27 the time the corporation was authorized to transact business
- 28 in this state. Service of process on the secretary of state
- 29 under this subsection is service on the corporation. Upon
- 30 receipt of process, the secretary of state shall serve a copy
- 31 of the process on the corporation as provided in section
- 32 504A.504. This subsection does not preclude service on the
- 33 corporation's registered agent, if any.
- 34 Sec. 148. NEW SECTION. 504A.1423 REINSTATEMENT FOLLOWING
- 35 ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION.

- 2 504A.1422 may apply to the secretary of state for
- 3 reinstatement within two years after the effective date of
- 4 dissolution. The application must state all of the following:
- 5 a. The name of the corporation and the effective date of
- 6 its administrative dissolution.
- 7 b. That the ground or grounds for dissolution either did
- 8 not exist or have been eliminated.
- 9 c. That the corporation's name satisfies the requirements
- 10 of section 504A.401.
- 11 d. The federal tax identification number of the
- 12 corporation.
- 13 2. a. The secretary of state shall refer the federal tax
- 14 identification number contained in the application for
- 15 reinstatement to the department of revenue and finance. The
- 16 department of revenue and finance shall report to the
- 17 secretary of state the tax status of the corporation. If the
- 18 department reports to the secretary of state that a filing
- 19 delinquency or liability exists against the corporation, the
- 20 secretary of state shall not cancel the certificate of
- 21 dissolution until the filing delinquency or liability is
- 22 satisfied.
- 23 b. If the secretary of state determines that the
- 24 application contains the information required by subsection 1,
- 25 that a delinquency or liability reported pursuant to paragraph
- 26 "a" has been satisfied, and that all of the application
- 27 information is correct, the secretary of state shall cancel
- 28 the certificate of dissolution and prepare a certificate of
- 29 reinstatement reciting that determination and the effective
- 30 date of reinstatement, file the original of the certificate,
- 31 and serve a copy on the corporation under section 504A.504.
- 32 If the corporate name in subsection 1, paragraph "c", is
- 33 different from the corporate name in subsection 1, paragraph
- 34 "a", the certificate of reinstatement shall constitute an
- 35 amendment to the articles of incorporation insofar as it

- 1 pertains to the corporate name.
- 2 3. When reinstatement is effective, it relates back to and
- 3 takes effect as of the effective date of the administrative
- 4 dissolution and the corporation shall resume carrying on its
- 5 activities as if the administrative dissolution had never
- 6 occurred.
- 7 Sec. 149. NEW SECTION. 504A.1424 APPEAL FROM DENIAL OF
- 8 REINSTATEMENT.
- 9 1. The secretary of state, upon denying a corporation's
- 10 application for reinstatement following administrative
- 11 dissolution, shall serve the corporation under section
- 12 504A.504 with a written notice that explains the reason or
- 13 reasons for denial.
- 2. The corporation may appeal the denial of reinstatement
- 15 to the district court within ninety days after service of the
- 16 notice of denial is perfected by petitioning to set aside the
- 17 dissolution and attaching to the petition copies of the
- 18 secretary of state's certificate of dissolution, the
- 19 corporation's application for reinstatement, and the secretary
- 20 of state's notice of denial of reinstatement.
- 21 3. The court may summarily order the secretary of state to
- 22 reinstate the dissolved corporation or may take other action
- 23 the court considers appropriate.
- 24 4. The court's final decision may be appealed as in other
- 25 civil proceedings.
- 26 PART 3
- 27 JUDICIAL DISSOLUTION
- 28 Sec. 150. NEW SECTION. 504A.1431 GROUNDS FOR JUDICIAL
- 29 DISSOLUTION.
- 30 1. The district court may dissolve a corporation in any of
- 31 the following ways:
- 32 a. In a proceeding brought by the attorney general, if any
- 33 of the following is established:
- 34 (1) The corporation obtained its articles of incorporation
- 35 through fraud.

- 1 (2) The corporation has continued to exceed or abuse the 2 authority conferred upon it by law.
- 3 (3) The corporation is a public benefit corporation and 4 the corporate assets are being misapplied or wasted.
- 5 (4) The corporation is a public benefit corporation and is 6 no longer able to carry out its purposes.
- 7 b. Except as provided in the articles or bylaws of a
- 8 religious corporation, in a proceeding brought by fifty
- 9 members or members holding five percent of the voting power,
- 10 whichever is less, or by a director or any person specified in
- 11 the articles, if any of the following is established:
- 12 (1) The directors are deadlocked in the management of the
- 13 corporate affairs, and the members, if any, are unable to
- 14 break the deadlock.
- 15 (2) The directors or those in control of the corporation
- 16 have acted, are acting, or will act in a manner that is
- 17 illegal, oppressive, or fraudulent.
- 18 (3) The members are deadlocked in voting power and have
- 19 failed, for a period that includes at least two consecutive
- 20 annual meeting dates, to elect successors to directors whose
- 21 terms have, or would otherwise have, expired.
- 22 (4) The corporate assets are being misapplied or wasted.
- 23 (5) The corporation is a public benefit or religious
- 24 corporation and is no longer able to carry out its purposes.
- 25 c. In a proceeding brought by a creditor, if either of the
- 26 following is established:
- 27 (1) The creditor's claim has been reduced to judgment, the
- 28 execution on the judgment is returned unsatisfied, and the
- 29 corporation is insolvent.
- 30 (2) The corporation has admitted in writing that the
- 31 creditor's claim is due and owing and the corporation is
- 32 insolvent.
- d. In a proceeding brought by the corporation to have its
- 34 voluntary dissolution continued under court supervision.
- 35 2. Prior to dissolving a corporation, the court shall

l consider whether:

- 2 a. There are reasonable alternatives to dissolution.
- 3 b. Dissolution is in the public interest, if the
- 4 corporation is a public benefit corporation.
- 5 c. Dissolution is the best way of protecting the interests
- 6 of members, if the corporation is a mutual benefit
- 7 corporation.
- 8 Sec. 151. NEW SECTION. 504A.1432 PROCEDURE FOR JUDICIAL
- 9 DISSOLUTION.
- 10 l. Venue for a proceeding brought by the attorney general
- 11 to dissolve a corporation lies in Polk county. Venue for a
- 12 proceeding brought by any other party named in section
- 13 504A.1431 lies in the county where a corporation's principal
- 14 office is located or, if none is located in this state, where
- 15 its registered office is or was last located.
- 16 2. It is not necessary to make directors or members
- 17 parties to a proceeding to dissolve a corporation unless
- 18 relief is sought against them individually.
- 19 3. A court in a proceeding brought to dissolve a
- 20 corporation may issue injunctions, appoint a receiver or
- 21 custodian pendente lite with all powers and duties the court
- 22 directs, take other action required to preserve the corporate
- 23 assets wherever located, or carry on the activities of the
- 24 corporation until a full hearing can be held.
- 25 4. A person other than the attorney general who brings an
- 26 involuntary dissolution proceeding for a public benefit or
- 27 religious corporation shall immediately give written notice of
- 28 the proceeding to the attorney general who may then intervene.
- 29 Sec. 152. NEW SECTION. 504A.1433 RECEIVERSHIP OR
- 30 CUSTODIANSHIP.
- 31 1. A court in a judicial proceeding brought to dissolve a
- 32 public benefit or mutual benefit corporation may appoint one
- 33 or more receivers to wind up and liquidate, or one or more
- 34 custodians to manage, the affairs of the corporation. The
- 35 court shall hold a hearing, after notifying all parties to the

- 1 proceeding and any interested persons designated by the court,
- 2 before appointing a receiver or custodian. The court
- 3 appointing a receiver or custodian has exclusive jurisdiction
- 4 over the corporation and all of its property wherever located.
- 5 2. The court may appoint an individual, or a domestic or
- 6 foreign business or nonprofit corporation authorized to
- 7 transact business in this state as a receiver or custodian.
- 8 The court may require the receiver or custodian to post bond,
- 9 with or without sureties, in an amount the court directs.
- 10 3. The court shall describe the powers and duties of the
- 11 receiver or custodian in its appointing order, which may be
- 12 amended including the following:
- 13 a. The receiver or custodian may dispose of all or any
- 14 part of the assets of the corporation wherever located, at a
- 15 public or private sale, if authorized by the court. However,
- 16 the receiver's or custodian's power to dispose of the assets
- 17 of the corporation is subject to any trust and other
- 18 restrictions that would be applicable to the corporation. The
- 19 receiver or custodian may sue and defend in the receiver's or
- 20 custodian's name as receiver or custodian of the corporation,
- 21 as applicable, in all courts of this state.
- 22 b. The custodian may exercise all of the powers of the
- 23 corporation, through or in place of its board of directors or
- 24 officers, to the extent necessary to manage the affairs of the
- 25 corporation in the best interests of its members and
- 26 creditors.
- 27 4. The court during a receivership may redesignate the
- 28 receiver a custodian, and during a custodianship may
- 29 redesignate the custodian a receiver, if doing so is in the
- 30 best interests of the corporation, its members, and creditors.
- 31 5. The court during the receivership or custodianship may
- 32 order compensation paid and expense disbursements or
- 33 reimbursements made to the receiver or custodian and to the
- 34 receiver's or custodian's attorney from the assets of the
- 35 corporation or proceeds from the sale of the assets.

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Sec. 153. NEW SECTION. 504A.1434 DECREE OF DISSOLUTION.
 1
          If after a hearing the court determines that one or
 3 more grounds for judicial dissolution described in section
 4 504A.1431 exist, the court may enter a decree dissolving the
 5 corporation and specifying the effective date of the
 6 dissolution, and the clerk of the court shall deliver a
 7 certified copy of the decree to the secretary of state, who
 8 shall file it.
         After entering the decree of dissolution, the court
10 shall direct the winding up of the corporation's affairs and
11 liquidation of the corporation in accordance with section
12 504A.1406 and the notification of its claimants in accordance
13 with sections 504A.1407 and 504A.1408.
14
                               PART 4
15
                            MISCELLANEOUS
16
      Sec. 154.
                 NEW SECTION.
                               504A.1441 DEPOSIT WITH STATE
17 TREASURER.
18
      Assets of a dissolved corporation which should be
19 transferred to a creditor, claimant, or member of the
20 corporation who cannot be found or who is not competent to
21 receive them shall be reduced to cash subject to known trust
22 restrictions and deposited with the treasurer of state for
23 safekeeping. However, in the treasurer of state's discretion,
24 property may be received and held in kind. When the creditor,
25 claimant, or member furnishes satisfactory proof of
26 entitlement to the amount deposited or property held in kind,
27 the treasurer of state shall deliver to the creditor, member,
28 or other person or to the representative of the creditor,
29 member, or other person that amount or property.
30
                            SUBCHAPTER XV
31
                        FOREIGN CORPORATIONS
32
                               PART 1
33
                      CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY
34
      Sec. 155.
                NEW SECTION. 504A.1501 AUTHORITY TO TRANSACT
35 BUSINESS REOUIRED.
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- 1 1. A foreign corporation shall not transact business in
- 2 this state until it obtains a certificate of authority from
- 3 the secretary of state.
- 4 2. The following activities, among others, do not
- 5 constitute transacting business within the meaning of
- 6 subsection 1:
- 7 a. Maintaining, defending, or settling any proceeding.
- 8 b. Holding meetings of the board of directors or members
- 9 or carrying on other activities concerning internal corporate
- 10 affairs.
- 11 c. Maintaining bank accounts.
- d. Maintaining offices or agencies for the transfer,
- 13 exchange, or registration of memberships or securities or
- 14 maintaining trustees or depositaries with respect to those
- 15 securities.
- 16 e. Selling through independent contractors.
- 17 f. Soliciting or obtaining orders, whether by mail or
- 18 through employees or agents or otherwise, if the orders
- 19 require acceptance outside this state before they become
- 20 contracts.
- 21 q. Creating or acquiring indebtedness, mortgages, or
- 22 security interests in real or personal property.
- 23 h. Securing or collecting debts or enforcing mortgages or
- 24 security interests in property securing the debts.
- 25 i. Owning, without more, real or personal property.
- 26 j. Conducting an isolated transaction that is completed
- 27 within thirty days and that is not one in the course of
- 28 repeated transactions of a like nature.
- 29 k. Transacting business in interstate commerce.
- 30 Sec. 156. NEW SECTION. 504A.1502 CONSEQUENCES OF
- 31 TRANSACTING BUSINESS WITHOUT AUTHORITY.
- 32 1. A foreign corporation transacting business in this
- 33 state without a certificate of authority shall not maintain a
- 34 proceeding in any court in this state until it obtains a
- 35 certificate of authority.

- 2. The successor to a foreign corporation that transacted
- 2 business in this state without a certificate of authority and
- 3 the assignee of a cause of action arising out of that business
- 4 shall not maintain a proceeding on that cause of action in any
- 5 court in this state until the foreign corporation or its
- 6 successor obtains a certificate of authority.
- 7 3. A court may stay a proceeding commenced by a foreign
- 8 corporation, its successor, or assignee until the court
- 9 determines whether the foreign corporation or its successor
- 10 requires a certificate of authority. If it so determines, the
- 11 court may further stay the proceeding until the foreign
- 12 corporation or its successor obtains the certificate.
- 13 4. A foreign corporation is liable for a civil penalty of
- 14 an amount not to exceed a total of one thousand dollars if it
- 15 transacts business in this state without a certificate of
- 16 authority. The attorney general may collect all penalties due
- 17 under this subsection.
- 18 5. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2, the failure of a
- 19 foreign corporation to obtain a certificate of authority does
- 20 not impair the validity of its corporate acts or prevent it
- 21 from defending any proceeding in this state.
- 22 Sec. 157. NEW SECTION. 504A.1503 APPLICATION FOR
- 23 CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY.
- 24 l. A foreign corporation may apply for a certificate of
- 25 authority to transact business in this state by delivering an
- 26 application to the secretary of state. The application must
- 27 set forth all of the following:
- 28 a. The name of the foreign corporation or, if its name is
- 29 unavailable for use in this state, a corporate name that
- 30 satisfies the requirements of section 504A.1506.
- 31 b. The name of the state or country under whose law it is
- 32 incorporated.
- 33 c. The date of incorporation and period of duration.
- 34 d. The address of its principal office.
- 35 e. The address of its registered office in this state and

- 1 the name of its registered agent at that office.
- 2 f. The names and usual business or home addresses of its
- 3 current directors and officers.
- 4 g. Whether the foreign corporation has members.
- 5 h. Whether the corporation, if it had been incorporated in
- 6 this state, would be a public benefit, mutual benefit, or
- 7 religious corporation.
- 8 2. The foreign corporation shall deliver the completed
- 9 application to the secretary of state, and shall also deliver
- 10 to the secretary of state a certificate of existence or a
- 11 document of similar import duly authenticated by the secretary
- 12 of state or other official having custody of corporate records
- 13 in the state or country under whose law it is incorporated
- 14 which is dated no earlier than ninety days prior to the date
- 15 the application is filed with the secretary of state.
- 16 Sec. 158. NEW SECTION. 504A.1504 AMENDED CERTIFICATE OF
- 17 AUTHORITY.
- 18 1. A foreign corporation authorized to transact business
- 19 in this state shall obtain an amended certificate of authority
- 20 from the secretary of state if it changes any of the
- 21 following:
- 22 a. Its corporate name.
- 23 b. The period of its duration.
- 24 c. The state or country of its incorporation.
- 25 2. The requirements of section 504A.1503 for obtaining an
- 26 original certificate of authority apply to obtaining an
- 27 amended certificate under this section.
- 28 Sec. 159. NEW SECTION. 504A.1505 EFFECT OF CERTIFICATE
- 29 OF AUTHORITY.
- 30 1. A certificate of authority authorizes the foreign
- 31 corporation to which it is issued to transact business in this
- 32 state subject, however, to the right of the state to revoke
- 33 the certificate as provided in this chapter.
- 34 2. A foreign corporation with a valid certificate of
- 35 authority has the same rights and has the same privileges as

- 1 and, except as otherwise provided by this chapter, is subject
- 2 to the same duties, restrictions, penalties, and liabilities
- 3 now or later imposed on a domestic corporation of like
- 4 character.
- 5 3. This chapter does not authorize this state to regulate
- 6 the organization or internal affairs of a foreign corporation
- 7 authorized to transact business in this state.
- 8 Sec. 160. NEW SECTION. 504A.1506 CORPORATE NAME OF
- 9 FOREIGN CORPORATION.
- 10 1. If the corporate name of a foreign corporation does not
- 11 satisfy the requirements of section 504A.401, the foreign
- 12 corporation, to obtain or maintain a certificate of authority
- 13 to transact business in this state, may use a fictitious name
- 14 to transact business in this state if the corporation's real
- 15 name is unavailable and it delivers to the secretary of state
- 16 for filing a copy of the resolution of its board of directors,
- 17 certified by its secretary, adopting the fictitious name.
- 18 2. Except as authorized by subsections 3 and 4, the
- 19 corporate name of a foreign corporation, including a
- 20 fictitious name, must be distinguishable upon the records of
- 21 the secretary of state from all of the following:
- 22 a. The corporate name of a nonprofit or business
- 23 corporation incorporated or authorized to transact business in
- 24 this state.
- 25 b. A corporate name reserved or registered under section
- 26 504A.402 or 504A.403 or section 490.402 or 490.403.
- 27 c. The fictitious name of another foreign business or
- 28 nonprofit corporation authorized to transact business in this
- 29 state.
- 30 3. A foreign corporation may apply to the secretary of
- 31 state for authorization to use in this state the name of
- 32 another corporation incorporated or authorized to transact
- 33 business in this state that is not distinguishable upon the
- 34 records of the secretary of state from the name applied for.
- 35 The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name applied

- 1 for if either of the following applies:
- a. The other corporation consents to the use in writing
- 3 and submits an undertaking in a form satisfactory to the
- 4 secretary of state to change its name to a name that is
- 5 distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state
- 6 from the name of the applying corporation.
- 7 b. The applicant delivers to the secretary of state a
- 8 certified copy of a final judgment of a court of competent
- 9 jurisdiction establishing the applicant's right to use the
- 10 name applied for in this state.
- 11 4. A foreign corporation may use in this state the name,
- 12 including the fictitious name, of another domestic or foreign
- 13 business or nonprofit corporation that is used in this state
- 14 if the other corporation is incorporated or authorized to
- 15 transact business in this state and the foreign corporation
- 16 has filed documentation satisfactory to the secretary of state
- 17 of the occurrence of any of the following:
- 18 a. The foreign corporation has merged with the other
- 19 corporation.
- 20 b. The foreign corporation has been formed by
- 21 reorganization of the other corporation.
- 22 c. The foreign corporation has acquired all or
- 23 substantially all of the assets, including the corporate name,
- 24 of the other corporation.
- 25 5. If a foreign corporation authorized to transact
- 26 business in this state changes its corporate name to one that
- 27 does not satisfy the requirements of section 504A.401, it
- 28 shall not transact business in this state under the changed
- 29 name until it adopts a name satisfying the requirements of
- 30 section 504A.401 and obtains an amended certificate of
- 31 authority under section 504A.1504.
- 32 Sec. 161. NEW SECTION. 504A.1507 REGISTERED OFFICE AND
- 33 REGISTERED AGENT OF FOREIGN CORPORATION.
- 34 Each foreign corporation authorized to transact business in
- 35 this state shall continuously maintain in this state both of

1 the following:

- 2 l. A registered office with the same address as that of 3 its registered agent.
- 4 2. A registered agent, who may be any of the following:
- 5 a. An individual who resides in this state and whose
- 6 office is identical to the registered office.
- 7 b. A domestic business or nonprofit corporation whose
- 8 office is identical to the registered office.
- 9 c. A foreign business or nonprofit corporation authorized
- 10 to transact business in this state whose office is identical
- ll to the registered office.
- 12 Sec. 162. NEW SECTION. 504A.1508 CHANGE OF REGISTERED
- 13 OFFICE OR REGISTERED AGENT OF FOREIGN CORPORATION.
- 14 1. A foreign corporation authorized to transact business
- 15 in this state may change its registered office or registered
- 16 agent by delivering to the secretary of state for filing a
- 17 statement of change that sets forth all of the following that
- 18 apply:
- 19 a. The name of its registered office or registered agent.
- 20 b. If the current registered office is to be changed, the
- 21 address of its new registered office.
- 22 c. If the current registered agent is to be changed, the
- 23 name of its new registered agent and the new agent's written
- 24 consent to the appointment, either on the statement or
- 25 attached to it.
- 26 d. That after the change or changes are made, the
- 27 addresses of its registered office and the office of its
- 28 registered agent will be identical.
- 29 2. If a registered agent changes the address of its
- 30 business office, the agent may change the address of the
- 31 registered office of any foreign corporation for which the
- 32 agent is the registered agent by notifying the corporation in
- 33 writing of the change and signing either manually or in
- 34 facsimile and delivering to the secretary of state for filing
- 35 a statement of change that complies with the requirements of

- 1 subsection 1 and recites that the corporation has been
- 2 notified of the change.
- 3 3. If a registered agent changes the registered agent's
- 4 business address to another place, the registered agent may
- 5 change the address of the registered office of any corporation
- 6 for which the registered agent is the registered agent by
- 7 filing a statement as required in subsection 2 for each
- 8 corporation, or by filing a single statement for all
- 9 corporations named in the notice, except that it must be
- 10 signed either manually or in facsimile only by the registered
- 11 agent and must recite that a copy of the statement has been
- 12 mailed to each corporation named in the notice.
- 4. A corporation may also change its registered office or
- 14 registered agent in its biennial report as provided in section
- 15 504A.1613.
- 16 Sec. 163. NEW SECTION. 504A.1509 RESIGNATION OF
- 17 REGISTERED AGENT OF FOREIGN CORPORATION.
- 18 1. The registered agent of a foreign corporation may
- 19 resign as agent by signing and delivering to the secretary of
- 20 state for filing the original statement of resignation. The
- 21 statement of resignation may include a statement that the
- 22 registered office is also discontinued.
- 23 The registered agent shall send a copy of the statement of
- 24 resignation by certified mail to the corporation at its
- 25 principal office and to the registered office, if not
- 26 discontinued. The registered agent shall certify to the
- 27 secretary of state that the copies have been sent to the
- 28 corporation, including the date the copies were sent.
- 29 2. The agency appointment is terminated, and the
- 30 registered office discontinued if so provided, on the date on
- 31 which the statement is filed with the secretary of state.
- 32 Sec. 164. NEW SECTION. 504A.1510 SERVICE ON FOREIGN
- 33 CORPORATION.
- 34 1. The registered agent of a foreign corporation
- 35 authorized to transact business in this state is the

- 1 corporation's agent for service of process, notice, or demand
- 2 required or permitted by law to be served on the foreign
- 3 corporation.
- 4 2. A foreign corporation may be served by registered or
- 5 certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the
- 6 secretary of the foreign corporation at its principal office
- 7 shown in its application for a certificate of authority or in
- 8 its most recent biennial report filed under section 504A.1613
- 9 if any of the following conditions apply:
- 10 a. The foreign corporation has no registered agent or its
- 11 registered agent cannot with reasonable diligence be served.
- 12 b. The foreign corporation has withdrawn from transacting
- 13 business in this state under section 504A.1521.
- 14 c. The foreign corporation has had its certificate of
- 15 authority revoked under section 504A.1532.
- 3. Service is perfected under subsection 2 at the earliest
- 17 of any of the following:
- 18 a. The date the foreign corporation receives the mail.
- 19 b. The date shown on the return receipt, if signed on
- 20 behalf of the foreign corporation.
- 21 c. Five days after its deposit in the United States mail,
- 22 as evidenced by the postmark, if mailed postpaid and correctly
- 23 addressed.
- 4. This section does not prescribe the only means, or
- 25 necessarily the required means, of serving a foreign
- 26 corporation. A foreign corporation may also be served in any
- 27 other manner permitted by law.
- 28 PART 2
- 29 WITHDRAWAL
- 30 Sec. 165. NEW SECTION. 504A.1521 WITHDRAWAL OF FOREIGN
- 31 CORPORATION.
- 32 1. A foreign corporation authorized to transact business
- 33 in this state shall not withdraw from this state until it
- 34 obtains a certificate of withdrawal from the secretary of
- 35 state.

- A foreign corporation authorized to transact business
- 2 in this state may apply for a certificate of withdrawal by
- 3 delivering an application to the secretary of state for
- 4 filing. The application shall set forth all of the following:
- 5 a. The name of the foreign corporation and the name of the
- 6 state or country under whose law it is incorporated.
- 7 b. That it is not transacting business in this state and
- 8 that it surrenders its authority to transact business in this
- 9 state.
- 10 c. That it revokes the authority of its registered agent
- 11 to accept service on its behalf and appoints the secretary of
- 12 state as its agent for service of process in any proceeding
- 13 based on a cause of action arising during the time it was
- 14 authorized to do business in this state.
- d. A mailing address to which the secretary of state may
- 16 mail a copy of any process served on the secretary of state
- 17 under paragraph "c".
- 18 3. After the withdrawal of the corporation is effective,
- 19 service of process on the secretary of state under this
- 20 section is service on the foreign corporation. Upon receipt
- 21 of process, the secretary of state shall mail a copy of the
- 22 process to the foreign corporation at the mailing address set
- 23 forth in its application for withdrawal.
- 24 PART 3
- 25 REVOCATION OF CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY
- 26 Sec. 166. NEW SECTION. 504A.1531 GROUNDS FOR REVOCATION.
- 27 1. The secretary of state may commence a proceeding under
- 28 section 504A.1532 to revoke the certificate of authority of a
- 29 foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this
- 30 state if any of the following applies:
- 31 a. The foreign corporation does not deliver the biennial
- 32 report to the secretary of state in a form that meets the
- 33 requirements of section 504A.1613 within sixty days after it
- 34 is due.
- 35 b. The foreign corporation is without a registered agent

- 1 or registered office in this state for sixty days or more.
- 2 c. The foreign corporation does not inform the secretary
- 3 of state under section 504A.1508 or 504A.1509 that its
- 4 registered agent or registered office has changed, that its
- 5 registered agent has resigned, or that its registered office
- 6 has been discontinued within ninety days of the change,
- 7 resignation, or discontinuance.
- 8 d. An incorporator, director, officer, or agent of the
- 9 foreign corporation signed a document that such person knew
- 10 was false in any material respect with intent that the
- 11 document be delivered to the secretary of state for filing.
- 12 e. The secretary of state receives a duly authenticated
- 13 certificate from the secretary of state or other official
- 14 having custody of corporate records in the state or country
- 15 under whose law the foreign corporation is incorporated,
- 16 stating that it has been dissolved or disappeared as the
- 17 result of a merger.
- 18 2. The attorney general may commence a proceeding under
- 19 section 504A.1532 to revoke the certificate of authority of a
- 20 foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this
- 21 state if any of the following applies:
- 22 a. The corporation has continued to exceed or abuse the
- 23 authority conferred upon it by law.
- 24 b. The corporation would have been a public benefit
- 25 corporation had it been incorporated in this state and its
- 26 corporate assets in this state are being misapplied or wasted.
- 27 c. The corporation would have been a public benefit
- 28 corporation had it been incorporated in this state and it is
- 29 no longer able to carry out its purposes.
- 30 Sec. 167. NEW SECTION. 504A.1532 PROCEDURE FOR AND
- 31 EFFECT OF REVOCATION.
- 32 1. The secretary of state, upon determining that one or
- 33 more grounds exist under section 504A.1531 for revocation of a
- 34 certificate of authority, shall serve the foreign corporation
- 35 with written notice of that determination under section

1 504A.1510.

- The attorney general, upon determining that one or more
- 3 grounds exist under section 504A.1531, subsection 2, for
- 4 revocation of a certificate of authority, shall request the
- 5 secretary of state to serve, and the secretary of state shall
- 6 serve, the foreign corporation with written notice of that
- 7 determination under section 504A.1510.
- 8 3. If the foreign corporation does not correct each ground
- 9 for revocation or demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction
- 10 of the secretary of state or attorney general that each ground
- 11 for revocation determined by the secretary of state or
- 12 attorney general does not exist within sixty days after
- 13 service of the notice is perfected under section 504A.1510,
- 14 the secretary of state may revoke the foreign corporation's
- 15 certificate of authority by signing a certificate of
- 16 revocation that recites the ground or grounds for revocation
- 17 and its effective date. The secretary of state shall file the
- 18 original of the certificate and serve a copy on the foreign
- 19 corporation under section 504A.1510.
- 20 4. The authority of a foreign corporation to transact
- 21 business in this state ceases on the date shown on the
- 22 certificate revoking its certificate of authority.
- 23 5. The secretary of state's revocation of a foreign
- 24 corporation's certificate of authority appoints the secretary
- 25 of state the foreign corporation's agent for service of
- 26 process in any proceeding based on a cause of action that
- 27 arose during the time the foreign corporation was authorized
- 28 to transact business in this state. Service of process on the
- 29 secretary of state under this subsection is service on the
- 30 foreign corporation. Upon receipt of process, the secretary
- 31 of state shall mail a copy of the process to the secretary of
- 32 the foreign corporation at its principal office shown in its
- 33 most recent biennial report or in any subsequent
- 34 communications received from the corporation stating the
- 35 current mailing address of its principal office, or, if none

- 1 are on file, in its application for a certificate of 2 authority.
- 3 6. Revocation of a foreign corporation's certificate of
- 4 authority does not terminate the authority of the registered
- 5 agent of the corporation.
- 6 Sec. 168. NEW SECTION. 504A.1533 APPEAL FROM REVOCATION.
- 7 l. A foreign corporation may appeal the secretary of
- 8 state's revocation of its certificate of authority to the
- 9 district court within thirty days after the service of the
- 10 certificate of revocation is perfected under section 504A.1510
- 11 by petitioning to set aside the revocation and attaching to
- 12 the petition copies of its certificate of authority and the
- 13 secretary of state's certificate of revocation.
- 2. The court may summarily order the secretary of state to
- 15 reinstate the certificate of authority or may take any other
- 16 action the court considers appropriate.
- 17 3. The court's final decision may be appealed as in other
- 18 civil proceedings.
- 19 SUBCHAPTER XVI
- 20 RECORDS AND REPORTS
- 21 PART 1
- 22 RECORDS
- 23 Sec. 169. NEW SECTION. 504A.1601 CORPORATE RECORDS.
- 1. A corporation shall keep as permanent records minutes
- 25 of all meetings of its members and board of directors, a
- 26 record of all actions taken by the members or directors
- 27 without a meeting, and a record of all actions taken by
- 28 committees of the board of directors as authorized by section
- 29 504A.826, subsection 4.
- 30 2. A corporation shall maintain appropriate accounting
- 31 records.
- 32 3. A corporation or its agent shall maintain a record of
- 33 its members in a form that permits preparation of a list of
- 34 the names and addresses of all members, in alphabetical order
- 35 by class, showing the number of votes each member is entitled

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- 1 to vote.
- 2 4. A corporation shall maintain its records in written
- 3 form or in another form capable of conversion into written
- 4 form within a reasonable time.
- 5 5. A corporation shall keep a copy of all of the following 6 records:
- 7 a. Its articles or restated articles of incorporation and
- 8 all amendments to them currently in effect.
- 9 b. Its bylaws or restated bylaws and all amendments to
- 10 them currently in effect.
- 11 c. Resolutions adopted by its board of directors relating
- 12 to the characteristics, qualifications, rights, limitations,
- 13 and obligations of members or any class or category of
- 14 members.
- d. The minutes of all meetings of members and records of
- 16 all actions approved by the members for the past three years.
- e. All written communications to members generally within
- 18 the past three years, including the financial statements
- 19 furnished for the past three years under section 504A.1611.
- 20 f. A list of the names and business or home addresses of
- 21 its current directors and officers.
- 22 g. Its most recent biennial report delivered to the
- 23 secretary of state under section 504A.1613.
- 24 Sec. 170. NEW SECTION. 504A.1602 INSPECTION OF RECORDS
- 25 BY MEMBERS.
- 26 1. Subject to subsection 5, a member is entitled to
- 27 inspect and copy, at a reasonable time and location specified
- 28 by the corporation, any of the records of the corporation
- 29 described in section 504A.1601, subsection 5, if the member
- 30 gives the corporation written notice or a written demand at
- 31 least five business days before the date on which the member
- 32 wishes to inspect and copy.
- 33 2. Subject to subsection 5, a member is entitled to
- 34 inspect and copy, at a reasonable time and reasonable location
- 35 specified by the corporation, any of the following records of

- 1 the corporation if the member meets the requirements of
- 2 subsection 3 and gives the corporation written notice at least
- 3 five business days before the date on which the member wishes
- 4 to inspect and copy:
- 5 a. Excerpts from any records required to be maintained
- 6 under section 504A.1601, subsection 1, to the extent not
- 7 subject to inspection under section 504A.1602, subsection 1.
- 8 b. Accounting records of the corporation.
- 9 c. The membership list.
- 10 3. A member may inspect and copy the records identified in
- 11 subsection 2 only if all of the following apply:
- 12 a. The member's demand is made in good faith and for a
- 13 proper purpose.
- 14 b. The member describes with reasonable particularity the
- 15 purpose of the demand and the records the member desires to
- 16 inspect.
- 17 c. The records are directly connected to the purpose
- 18 described.
- 19 d. The board consents, if consent is required by section
- 20 504A.1605.
- 21 4. This section does not affect either of the following:
- 22 a. The right of a member to inspect records under section
- 23 504A.711 or, if the member is in litigation with the
- 24 corporation, to the same extent as any other litigant.
- 25 b. The power of a court, independently of this chapter, to
- 26 compel the production of corporate records for examination.
- 27 5. The articles or bylaws of a religious corporation may
- 28 limit or abolish the right of a member under this section to
- 29 inspect and copy any corporate record.
- 30 Sec. 171. NEW SECTION. 504A.1603 SCOPE OF INSPECTION
- 31 RIGHT.
- 32 1. A member's agent or attorney has the same inspection
- 33 and copying rights as the member the agent or attorney
- 34 represents.
- 35 2. The right to copy records under section 504A.1602

- 1 includes, if reasonable, the right to receive copies made by
- 2 photographic, xerographic, or other means.
- 3. The corporation may impose a reasonable charge,
- 4 covering the costs of labor and material, for copies of any
- 5 documents provided to the member. The charge shall not exceed
- 6 the estimated cost of production or reproduction of the
- 7 records.
- 8 4. The corporation may comply with a member's demand to
- 9 inspect the record of members under section 504A.1602,
- 10 subsection 2, paragraph "c", by providing the member with a
- 11 list of its members that was compiled no earlier than the date
- 12 of the member's demand.
- 13 Sec. 172. NEW SECTION. 504A.1604 COURT-ORDERED
- 14 INSPECTION.
- 15 l. If a corporation does not allow a member who complies
- 16 with section 504A.1602, subsection 1, to inspect and copy any
- 17 records required by that subsection to be available for
- 18 inspection, the district court in the county where the
- 19 corporation's principal office is located or, if none is
- 20 located in this state, where its registered office is located,
- 21 may summarily order inspection and copying of the records
- 22 demanded at the corporation's expense upon application of the
- 23 member.
- 24 2. If a corporation does not within a reasonable time
- 25 allow a member to inspect and copy any other records, the
- 26 member who complies with section 504A.1602, subsections 2 and
- 27 3, may apply to the district court in the county where the
- 28 corporation's principal office is located or, if none is
- 29 located in this state, where its registered office is located,
- 30 for an order to permit inspection and copying of the records
- 31 demanded. The court shall dispose of an application under
- 32 this subsection on an expedited basis.
- 33 3. If the court orders inspection and copying of the
- 34 records demanded, it shall also order the corporation to pay
- 35 the member's costs, including reasonable attorney fees

- 1 incurred, to obtain the order unless the corporation proves
- 2 that it refused inspection in good faith because it had a
- 3 reasonable basis for doubt about the right of the member to
- 4 inspect the records demanded.
- 5 4. If the court orders inspection and copying of the
- 6 records demanded, it may impose reasonable restrictions on the
- 7 use or distribution of the records by the demanding member.
- 8 Sec. 173. NEW SECTION. 504A.1605 LIMITATIONS ON USE OF
- 9 CORPORATE RECORDS.
- 10 Without consent of the board, no corporate record may be
- 11 obtained or used by any person for any purpose unrelated to a
- 12 member's interest as a member. Without limiting the
- 13 generality of the foregoing, without the consent of the board,
- 14 corporate records including, without limitation, a membership
- 15 list or any part thereof, shall not be used for any of the
- 16 following:
- 17 l. To solicit money or property unless such money or
- 18 property will be used solely to solicit the votes of the
- 19 members in an election to be held by the corporation.
- 20 2. For any commercial purpose.
- 3. For sale to or purchase by any person.
- 22 4. For any purpose that is detrimental to the interests of
- 23 the corporation.
- 24 Sec. 174. NEW SECTION. 504A.1606 INSPECTION OF RECORDS
- 25 BY DIRECTORS.
- 26 l. A director of a corporation is entitled to inspect and
- 27 copy the books, records, and documents of the corporation at
- 28 any reasonable time to the extent reasonably related to the
- 29 performance of the director's duties as a director, including
- 30 duties as a member of a committee, but not for any other
- 31 purpose or in any manner that would violate any duty to the
- 32 corporation.
- 33 2. The district court of the county where the
- 34 corporation's principal office, or if none in this state, its
- 35 registered office, is located may order inspection and copying

- 1 of the books, records, and documents at the corporation's
- 2 expense, upon application of a director who has been refused
- 3 such inspection rights, unless the corporation establishes
- 4 that the director is not entitled to such inspection rights.
- 5 The court shall dispose of an application under this
- 6 subsection on an expedited basis.
- 7 3. If an order is issued, the court may include provisions
- 8 protecting the corporation from undue burden or expense, and
- 9 prohibiting the director from using information obtained upon
- 10 exercise of the inspection rights in a manner that would
- ll violate a duty to the corporation, and may also order the
- 12 corporation to reimburse the director for the director's
- 13 costs, including reasonable counsel fees, incurred in
- 14 connection with the application.
- 15 PART 2
- 16 REPORTS
- 17 Sec. 175. NEW SECTION. 504A.1611 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- 18 FOR MEMBERS.
- 19 1. Except as provided in the articles or bylaws of a
- 20 religious corporation, a corporation upon written demand from
- 21 a member shall furnish that member the corporation's latest
- 22 annual financial statements, which may be consolidated or
- 23 combined statements of the corporation and one or more of its
- 24 subsidiaries or affiliates, as appropriate, that include a
- 25 balance sheet as of the end of the fiscal year and a statement
- 26 of operations for that year.
- 27 2. If annual financial statements are reported upon by a
- 28 public accountant, the accountant's report must accompany
- 29 them.
- 30 Sec. 176. NEW SECTION. 504A.1612 REPORT OF
- 31 INDEMNIFICATION TO MEMBERS.
- 32 If a corporation indemnifies or advances expenses to a
- 33 director under section 504A.852, 504A.853, 504A.854, or
- 34 504A.855 in connection with a proceeding by or in the right of
- 35 the corporation, the corporation shall report the

- 1 indemnification or advance in writing to the members with or
- 2 before the notice of the next meeting of members.
- 3 Sec. 177. NEW SECTION. 504A.1613 BIENNIAL REPORT FOR
- 4 SECRETARY OF STATE.
- 5 l. Each domestic corporation, and each foreign corporation
- 6 authorized to transact business in this state, shall deliver
- 7 to the secretary of state for filing a biennial report on a
- 8 form prescribed and furnished by the secretary of state that
- 9 sets forth all of the following:
- 10 a. The name of the corporation and the state or country
- 11 under whose law it is incorporated.
- 12 b. The address of the corporation's registered office and
- 13 the name of the corporation's registered agent at that office
- 14 in this state, together with the consent of any new registered
- 15 agent.
- 16 c. The address of the corporation's principal office.
- 17 d. The names and addresses of the president, secretary,
- 18 treasurer, and one member of the board of directors.
- 19 e. A brief description of the nature of the corporation's
- 20 activities.
- 21 f. Whether or not the corporation has members.
- 22 g. If the corporation is a domestic corporation, whether
- 23 the corporation is a public benefit, mutual benefit, or
- 24 religious corporation.
- 25 h. If the corporation is a foreign corporation, whether
- 26 the corporation would be a public benefit, mutual benefit, or
- 27 religious corporation had the corporation been incorporated in
- 28 this state.
- 29 2. The information in the biennial report must be current
- 30 on the date the biennial report is executed on behalf of the
- 31 corporation.
- 32 3. The first biennial report shall be delivered to the
- 33 secretary of state between January 1 and April 1 of the first
- 34 odd-numbered year following the calendar year in which a
- 35 domestic corporation was incorporated or a foreign corporation

- 1 was authorized to transact business. Subsequent biennial
- 2 reports must be delivered to the secretary of state between
- 3 January 1 and April 1 of the following odd-numbered calendar 4 years.
- 5 4. a. If a biennial report does not contain the
- 6 information required by this section, the secretary of state
- 7 shall promptly notify the reporting domestic or foreign
- 8 corporation in writing and return the report to the
- 9 corporation for correction.
- 10 b. A filing fee for the biennial report shall be
- 11 determined by the secretary of state.
- 12 c. For purposes of this section, each biennial report
- 13 shall contain information related to the two-year period
- 14 immediately preceding the calendar year in which the report is
- 15 filed.
- 16 5. The secretary of state may provide for the change of
- 17 registered office or registered agent on the form prescribed
- 18 by the secretary of state for the biennial report, provided
- 19 that the form contains the information required in section
- 20 504A.502 or 504A.508. If the secretary of state determines
- 21 that a biennial report does not contain the information
- 22 required by this section but otherwise meets the requirements
- 23 of section 504A.502 or 504A.508 for the purpose of changing
- 24 the registered office or registered agent, the secretary of
- 25 state shall file the statement of change of registered office
- 26 or registered agent, effective as provided in section
- 27 504A.114, before returning the biennial report to the
- 28 corporation as provided in this section. A statement of
- 29 change of registered office or agent pursuant to this
- 30 subsection shall be executed by a person authorized to execute
- 31 the biennial report.
- 32 SUBCHAPTER XVII
- 33 TRANSITION PROVISIONS
- 34 Sec. 178. NEW SECTION. 504A.1701 APPLICATION TO EXISTING
- 35 DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS.

- 1 A domestic corporation in existence on April 1, 2005, that
- 2 was incorporated under the statutes of this state as they
- 3 existed prior to July 1, 2004, is subject to this chapter on
- 4 and after April 1, 2005.
- 5 Sec. 179. NEW SECTION. 504A.1702 APPLICATION TO
- 6 QUALIFIED FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.
- 7 A foreign corporation authorized to transact business in
- 8 this state on the effective date of this Act is subject to
- 9 this chapter, but is not required to obtain a new certificate
- 10 of authority to transact business under this chapter.
- 11 Sec. 180. NEW SECTION. 504A.1703 SAVINGS PROVISIONS.
- 12 1. Except as provided in subsection 2, the repeal of a
- 13 statute by this Act does not affect any of the following:
- 14 a. The operation of the statute or any action taken under
- 15 it before its repeal.
- b. Any ratification, right, remedy, privilege, obligation,
- 17 or liability acquired, accrued, or incurred under the statute
- 18 before its repeal.
- 19 c. Any violation of the statute or any penalty,
- 20 forfeiture, or punishment incurred because of the violation,
- 21 before its repeal.
- 22 d. Any proceeding, reorganization, or dissolution
- 23 commenced under the statute before its repeal, and the
- 24 proceeding, reorganization, or dissolution may be completed in
- 25 accordance with the statute as if it had not been repealed.
- 26 2. If a penalty or punishment imposed for violation of a
- 27 statute repealed by this Act is reduced by this chapter, the
- 28 penalty or punishment, if not already imposed, shall be
- 29 imposed in accordance with this chapter.
- 30 Sec. 181. NEW SECTION. 504A.1704 SEVERABILITY.
- 31 If any provision of this chapter or its application to any
- 32 person or circumstance is held invalid by a court of competent
- 33 jurisdiction, the invalidity does not affect other provisions
- 34 or applications of the chapter that can be given effect
- 35 without the invalid provision or application, and to this end

- 1 the provisions of the chapter are severable.
- 2 Sec. 182. NEW SECTION. 504A.1705 PUBLIC BENEFIT, MUTUAL
- 3 BENEFIT, AND RELIGIOUS CORPORATIONS.
- 4 On April 1, 2005, each domestic corporation existing on
- 5 April 1, 2005, that is or becomes subject to this chapter as
- 6 provided in section 504A.1701, shall be designated as a public
- 7 benefit, mutual benefit, or religious corporation as follows:
- 8 1. A corporation designated by statute as a public benefit
- 9 corporation, a mutual benefit corporation, or a religious
- 10 corporation is deemed to be the type of corporation designated
- 11 by that statute.
- 12 2. A corporation that does not come within subsection 1
- 13 but is organized primarily or exclusively for religious
- 14 purposes is a religious corporation.
- 3. A corporation that does not come within subsection 1 or
- 16 2 but which is recognized as exempt under section 501(c)(3) of
- 17 the Internal Revenue Code, or any successor section, is a
- 18 public benefit corporation.
- 19 4. A corporation that does not come within subsection 1,
- 20 2, or 3, but which is organized for a public or charitable
- 21 purpose and which upon dissolution must distribute its assets
- 22 to a public benefit corporation, the United States, a state,
- 23 or a person recognized as exempt under section 501(c)(3) of
- 24 the Internal Revenue Code, or any successor section, is a
- 25 public benefit corporation.
- 26 5. A corporation that does not come within subsection 1,
- 27 2, 3, or 4 is a mutual benefit corporation.
- Sec. 183. Section 15E.64, subsection 2, unnumbered
- 29 paragraph 1, Code 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- 30 To facilitate the organization of an Iowa capital
- 31 investment corporation, both of the following persons shall
- 32 serve as incorporators as provided in section 504A-28
- 33 504A.201:
- 34 Sec. 184. Section 230A.12, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code
- 35 2003, is amended to read as follows:

Each community mental health center established or 1 2 continued in operation pursuant to section 230A.3, shall be 3 organized under the-Towa-nonprofit-corporation-Act-appearing 4 as chapter 504A, except that a community mental health center 5 organized under chapter 504 prior to July 1, 1974, shall not 6 be required by this chapter to adopt the Iowa nonprofit 7 corporation Act if it is not otherwise required to do so by 8 law. The board of directors of each such community mental 9 health center shall enter into an agreement with the county or 10 affiliated counties which are to be served by the center, 11 which agreement shall include but need not be limited to the 12 period of time for which the agreement is to be in force, what 13 services the center is to provide for residents of the county 14 or counties to be served, standards the center is to follow in 15 determining whether and to what extent persons seeking 16 services from the center shall be considered able to pay the 17 cost of the services received, and policies regarding 18 availability of the center's services to persons who are not 19 residents of the county or counties served by the center. 20 board of directors, in addition to exercising the powers of 21 the board of directors of a nonprofit corporation may: 22 Section 490.401, subsection 2, paragraph b, Code Sec. 185. 23 2003, is amended to read as follows: b. A corporate name reserved or registered under section 25 490.402, 490.403, or 504A-7 504A.402. Sec. 186. Section 497.22, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 26 27 2003, is amended to read as follows: 28 Sections-504A-83-and-504A-84-apply Section 504A.1613 29 applies to a cooperative association organized under this 30 chapter in the same manner as those-sections-apply that 31 section applies to a corporation organized under chapter 504A. 32 In addition to the information required to be set forth in the 33 biennial report under section 504A-03 504A.1613, the 34 cooperative association shall also set forth the total amount 35 of business transacted, number of members, total expense of

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- 1 operation, total amount of indebtedness, and total profits or
- 2 losses for each calendar or fiscal year of the two-year period
- 3 which ended immediately preceding the first day of January of
- 4 the year in which the report is filed.
- 5 Sec. 187. Section 498.24, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code
- 6 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- 7 Sections-504A-83-and-504A-84-apply Section 504A.1613
- 8 applies to a cooperative association organized under this
- 9 chapter in the same manner as those-sections-apply that
- 10 section applies to a corporation organized under chapter 504A.
- 11 In addition to the information required to be set forth in the
- 12 biennial report under section 504A-83 504A.1613, the
- 13 cooperative association shall also set forth the total amount
- 14 of business transacted, number of members, total expense of
- 15 operation, total amount of indebtedness, and total profits or
- 16 losses for each calendar or fiscal year of the two-year period
- 17 which ended immediately preceding the first day of January of
- 18 the year in which the report is filed.
- 19 Sec. 188. Section 499.49, Code 2003, is amended to read as
- 20 follows:
- 21 499.49 BIENNIAL REPORT.
- 22 Sections-504A-83-and-504A-84-apply Section 504A.1613
- 23 applies to a cooperative organized under this chapter in the
- 24 same manner as those-sections-apply that section applies to a
- 25 corporation organized under chapter 504A. In addition to the
- 26 information required to be set forth in the biennial report
- 27 under section 504A-03 504A.1613, the cooperative shall also
- 28 set forth the number of members of the cooperative, the
- 29 percentage of the cooperative's business done with or for its
- 30 own members during each of the fiscal or calendar years of the
- 31 preceding two-year period, the percentage of the cooperative's
- 32 business done with or for each class of nonmembers specified
- 33 in section 499.3, and any other information deemed necessary
- 34 by the secretary of state to advise the secretary whether the
- 35 cooperative is actually functioning as a cooperative.

- 1 Sec. 189. Section 504A.102, subsection 2, paragraphs a and
- 2 b, Code 2003, are amended to read as follows:
- 3 a. The adoption of a resolution or resolutions at a
- 4 meeting of the board of directors upon receiving the vote of a
- 5 majority of the directors in office and of the members of the
- 6 association in the same manner as provided in section 504A-35
- 7 504A.1003. The resolution or resolutions shall recite that
- 8 the association voluntarily elects to be governed as a
- 9 corporation under this chapter. The resolution must designate
- 10 the address of the association's initial registered office and
- 11 the name of the association's registered agent or agents at
- 12 that office, if any.
- b. The adoption of articles of incorporation in compliance
- 14 with section 504A-29 504A.202 at a meeting of the board of
- 15 directors upon receiving the vote of a majority of the
- 16 directors in office and of the members of the association in
- 17 the same manner as provided in section 504A.35 504A.1003. The
- 18 articles of incorporation may be a restatement, substitution,
- 19 or amendment of articles of incorporation adopted by the
- 20 association pursuant to section 176.3. The articles of
- 21 incorporation may be made part of the resolution or
- 22 resolutions adopted by the association pursuant to paragraph
- 23 "a" of this subsection.
- Sec. 190. Section 504A.102, subsection 2, paragraph c,
- 25 subparagraphs (1) and (3), Code 2003, are amended to read as
- 26 follows:
- 27 (1) The association name as provided in the association's
- 28 articles of incorporation pursuant to section 176.3 and the
- 29 new corporation's corporate name, if different, as provided in
- 30 section 504A-6 504A.401.
- 31 (3) The address of the new corporation's registered office
- 32 and the name of the new corporation's registered agent as
- 33 provided in section 504A-8 504A.501.
- Sec. 191. Section 504A.102, subsection 2, paragraph d,
- 35 unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2003, is amended to read as

- 1 follows:
- 2 All of the following shall be delivered to the office of
- 3 the secretary of state for filing and recording as provided in
- 4 section 504A-30 504A.111:
- 5 Sec. 192. Section 504A.102, subsection 3, Code 2003, is
- 6 amended by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu
- 7 thereof the following:
- 8 3. CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION. Unless a delayed
- 9 effective date is specified, the corporate existence begins
- 10 when the articles of incorporation are filed as provided in
- 11 section 504A.203.
- 12 Sec. 193. Section 504A.102, subsection 4, Code 2003, is
- 13 amended to read as follows:
- 4. LIABILITIES AND RIGHTS PRIOR TO THE ELECTION. An
- 15 association's election to be governed as a corporation under
- 16 this chapter does not affect any right accrued or established,
- 17 or any liability or penalty incurred, under the provisions of
- 18 chapter 176, prior to filing of the resolution or resolutions,
- 19 articles of incorporation, and instrument of verification by
- 20 the association as provided in subsection-2 this chapter.
- 21 Sec. 194. Section 504A.102, subsection 5, Code 2003, is
- 22 amended to read as follows:
- 23 5. REPEAL. This-section-is Subsections 1, 2, and 3 of
- 24 this section are repealed on July 1, 2005.
- 25 Sec. 195. Section 534.501, subsection 4, Code 2003, is
- 26 amended to read as follows:
- 27 4. AMENDMENT PROCEDURE. The procedure for amending
- 28 articles of incorporation or adopting restated articles for
- 29 mutual associations is that specified in section-504A-35
- 30 chapter 504A, subchapter 10, and for stock associations it is
- 31 that specified in section 490.726 and sections 490.1002
- 32 through 490.1005.
- 33 Sec. 196. Section 602.8102, subsection 70, Code 2003, is
- 34 amended to read as follows:
- 35 70. Certify a copy of a decree of dissolution of a

- 1 nonprofit corporation to the secretary of state and the
- 2 recorder in the county in which the corporation is located as
- 3 provided in section 504A-62 504A.1434.
- 4 Sec. 197. Sections 504A.1 through 504A.101, Code 2003, are
- 5 repealed.
- 6 Sec. 198. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act takes effect July 1,
- 7 2004.
- B EXPLANATION
- 9 This bill repeals Code sections 504A.1 through 504A.101,
- 10 relating to nonprofit corporations, and replaces them with the
- ll revised model nonprofit corporation Act.
- 12 Subchapter I provides for filing requirements, forms
- 13 prescribed and furnished by the secretary of state, filing,
- 14 service, and copying fees, the effective date of filed
- 15 documents, correcting filed documents, the filing duty of the
- 16 secretary of state, the procedure for appealing from the
- 17 secretary of state's refusal to file a document, evidentiary
- 18 effect of a copy of a filed document, a certificate of
- 19 existence, a penalty for signing a false document, powers of
- 20 the secretary of state, notice requirements, judicial relief,
- 21 the role of the attorney general, and religious corporations.
- 22 Subchapter II provides for incorporators of a nonprofit
- 23 corporation, articles of incorporation, incorporation,
- 24 liability for preincorporation transactions, organization of a
- 25 nonprofit corporation, bylaws, and emergency bylaws and
- 26 powers.
- 27 Subchapter III provides for the general powers of a
- 28 nonprofit corporation, emergency powers of a nonprofit
- 29 corporation, and ultra vires.
- 30 Subchapter IV provides for corporate names, reserved names,
- 31 and registered names.
- 32 Subchapter V provides for registered offices and registered
- 33 agents of the corporation, the method of changing a registered
- 34 office or registered agent, resignation of registered agents,
- 35 and the method of service on the nonprofit corporation.

- 1 Subchapter VI provides for the admission of members,
- 2 consideration for admission, member requirements, differences
- 3 in rights and obligations of members, transfer of memberships,
- 4 a member's liability to third parties, a member's liability
- 5 for dues, assessments, and fees, a creditor's action against
- 6 members, resignation of members, termination, expulsion, or
- 7 suspension of members, purchase of memberships, derivative
- 8 suits, and delegates having some or all of the authority of
- 9 members.
- 10 Subchapter VII provides for annual and regular meetings,
- 11 special meetings, court-ordered meetings, action by written
- 12 consent, notice of meetings, waiver of notice, record dates,
- 13 determination of members entitled to notice and vote, action
- 14 by written ballot, a members' list for a meeting, voting
- 15 entitlement generally, quorum requirements, voting
- 16 requirements, proxies, cumulative voting for directors, other
- 17 methods of electing directors, a corporation's acceptance of
- 18 votes, and voting agreements.
- 19 Subchapter VIII provides for requirements for and duties of
- 20 the board of directors, qualifications of directors, number of
- 21 directors, election, designation, and appointment of
- 22 directors, terms of directors, staggered terms for directors,
- 23 resignation of directors, removal of directors elected by
- 24 members or directors, removal of designated or appointed
- 25 directors, removal of directors by judicial proceeding,
- 26 vacancy on the board of directors, compensation of directors,
- 27 regular and special meetings of the board, action without a
- 28 meeting of the board, call and notice of a meeting of the
- 29 board, waiver of notice of a meeting of the board, quorum and
- 30 voting at a meeting of the board, committees of the board,
- 31 general standards for directors, director conflicts of
- 32 interest, loans to or guarantees for directors and officers,
- 33 liability for unlawful distributions, required officers,
- 34 duties and authority of officers, standards of conduct for
- 35 officers, resignation and removal of officers, contract rights

- 1 of officers, officers' authority to execute documents,
- 2 authority of a nonprofit corporation to indemnify, mandatory
- 3 indemnification, advances for expenses of a director, court-
- 4 ordered indemnification, determination and authorization of
- 5 indemnification, indemnification of officers, employees, and
- 6 agents of the nonprofit corporation, and insurance purchased
- 7 and maintained by the nonprofit corporation.
- 8 Subchapter IX provides for personal liability and
- 9 limitations to the personal liability of a director, officer,
- 10 member, or volunteer of a nonprofit corporation.
- 11 Subchapter X provides for the authority to amend articles
- 12 of incorporation, amendment of the articles of incorporation
- 13 by the directors, amendment of the articles of incorporation
- 14 by directors and members, class voting by members on
- 15 amendments of the articles of incorporation, articles of
- 16 amendment, restated articles of incorporation, amendments of
- 17 the articles of incorporation pursuant to judicial
- 18 reorganization, effect of amendment and restatement, amendment
- 19 of the bylaws by directors, amendment of the bylaws by
- 20 directors and members, class voting by members on amendments
- 21 of the bylaws, approval of amendments of the bylaws and
- 22 articles of incorporation by third persons, and amendments
- 23 terminating members or redeeming or canceling memberships.
- 24 Subchapter XI provides for the approval of a plan of
- 25 merger, limitations on mergers by public benefit or religious
- 26 corporations, action on a merger plan by the board of
- 27 directors, members, and third persons, articles of merger,
- 28 effects of a merger, merger with a foreign corporation, and
- 29 bequests, devises, and gifts to a corporation involved in a
- 30 merger.
- 31 Subchapter XII provides for the sale of assets in the
- 32 regular course of activities and mortgage of assets and the
- 33 sale of assets other than in the regular course of activities
- 34 by nonprofit corporations.
- 35 Subchapter XIII provides for prohibited distributions and

- 1 authorized distributions by nonprofit corporations.
- 2 Subchapter XIV provides for dissolution by incorporators or
- 3 directors and third persons, dissolution by directors,
- 4 members, and third persons, notices to the attorney general,
- 5 articles of dissolution, revocation of dissolution, effects of
- 6 dissolution, known claims against a dissolved corporation,
- 7 unknown claims against a dissolved corporation, grounds for
- 8 administrative dissolution, procedure for and effect of
- 9 administrative dissolution, reinstatement following
- 10 administrative dissolution, appeal from denial of
- 11 reinstatement, grounds for judicial dissolution, procedure for
- 12 judicial dissolution, receivership or custodianship, decrees
- 13 of dissolution, and depositing assets with the treasurer of
- 14 state.
- 15 Subchapter XV provides for requiring an authority to
- 16 transact business, consequences of transacting business
- 17 without authority, an application for a certificate of
- 18 authority, an amended certificate of authority, the corporate
- 19 name of a foreign corporation, the registered office and
- 20 registered agent of a foreign corporation, change of a
- 21 registered office of a registered agent of a foreign
- 22 corporation, the resignation of a registered agent of a
- 23 foreign corporation, service on a foreign corporation, the
- 24 withdrawal of a foreign corporation, grounds for revocation of
- 25 a certificate of authority, the procedure and effect of
- 26 revocation of a certificate of authority, and appeal from a
- 27 revocation of a certificate of authority.
- 28 Subchapter XVI provides for corporate records, the
- 29 inspection of corporate records by members, the scope of
- 30 inspection rights, court-ordered inspections, financial
- 31 statements of a corporation upon demand by members, and a
- 32 biennial report for the secretary of state.
- 33 Subchapter XVII provides for the application of new Code
- 34 chapter 504A to existing corporations and qualified foreign
- 35 corporations, savings provisions, severability, and the

1 designation of public benefit, mutual benefit, and religious
2 corporations.

3 The bill provides conforming amendments.

Code section 504A.102 relating to farm aid associations is amended to provide that any liabilities or rights of a farm aid association that exist prior to the association's election to be governed as a corporation under chapter 504A continue after the July 1, 2005, repeal of other transition provisions relating to farm aid associations.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2004, and is applicable to 11 new corporations incorporated after that date. Corporations 12 in existence prior to July 1, 2004, are subject to the bill on 13 and after April 1, 2005. All corporations that are or become 14 subject to this bill on April 1, 2005, must be designated as a 15 public benefit, mutual benefit, or religious corporation on 16 April 1, 2005.

Miller Larson Holveck

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SENATE FILE SF/HF 374

BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY BILL BY CHAIRPERSON REDFERN)

Passed Senate, Date		Passed	House,	Date
Vote: Ayes Nays				
Approved				
	A BILL FOR			
B. B. L				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
An Act relating to nonpr				viding penalties
and effective and app	licability	dates	•	
BE IT ENACTED BY THE GEN	ERAL ASSEM	BLY OF	THE STAT	E OF IOWA:
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1	SUBCHAPTER I
2	GENERAL PROVISIONS
3	PART 1
4	SHORT TITLE AND APPLICATIONS
5	Section 1. NEW SECTION. 504A.101A SHORT TITLE.
6	This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Iowa
7	Nonprofit Corporation Act".
8	Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u> . 504A.101B RESERVATION OF POWER TO
9	AMEND OR REPEAL.
10	The general assembly has power to amend or repeal all or
11	part of this chapter at any time and all domestic and foreign
12	corporations subject to this chapter are governed by the
13	amendment or repeal.
14	PART 2
15	FILING DOCUMENTS
16	Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u> . 504A.111 FILING REQUIREMENTS.
17	1. A document must satisfy the requirements of this
18	section, and of any other section that adds to or varies these
19	requirements, to be entitled to filing by the secretary of
20	state.
21	2. This chapter must require or permit filing the document
22	in the office of the secretary of state.
23	3. The document must contain the information required by
	this subchapter. It may contain other information as well.
	4. The document must be typewritten or printed. If the
	document is electronically transmitted, it must be in a format
27	that can be retrieved or reproduced in typewritten or printed
28	form.
29	5. The document must be in the English language. However,
30	a corporate name need not be in English if written in English
31	letters or Arabic or Roman numerals. The certificate of
	existence required of foreign corporations need not be in
	English if accompanied by a reasonably authenticated English
	translation.
35	6. The document must be executed by one of the following:

- a. The presiding officer of the board of directors of a
- 2 domestic or foreign corporation, its president, or by another
- 3 of its officers.
- 4 b. If directors have not been selected or the corporation
- 5 has not been formed, by an incorporator.
- 6 c. If the corporation is in the hands of a receiver,
- 7 trustee, or other court-appointed fiduciary, by that
- 8 fiduciary.
- 9 7. The person executing a document shall sign it and state
- 10 beneath or opposite the signature the person's name and the
- 11 capacity in which the person signs. The document may contain
- 12 a corporate seal, an attestation, an acknowledgment, or a
- 13 verification.
- 14 8. If the secretary of state has prescribed a mandatory
- 15 form for a document under section 504A.112, the document must
- 16 be in or on the prescribed form.
- 17 9. The document must be delivered to the office of the
- 18 secretary of state for filing. Delivery may be made by
- 19 electronic transmission if and to the extent permitted by the
- 20 secretary of state. If it is filed in typewritten or printed
- 21 form and not transmitted electronically, the secretary of
- 22 state may require one exact or conformed copy to be delivered
- 23 with the document, except as provided in sections 504A.503 and
- 24 504A.1509.
- 25 10. When the document is delivered to the office of the
- 26 secretary of state for filing, the correct filing fee, and any
- 27 franchise tax, license fee, or penalty, shall be paid in a
- 28 manner permitted by the secretary of state.
- 29 11. The secretary of state may adopt rules for the
- 30 electronic filing of documents and the certification of
- 31 electronically filed documents.
- 32 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 504A.112 FORMS.
- 33 l. The secretary of state may prescribe and furnish on
- 34 request, forms for an application for a certificate of
- 35 existence, a foreign corporation's application for a

1	certificate of authority to transact business in this state,
2	foreign corporation's application for a certificate of
3	withdrawal, and the biennial report. If the secretary of
4	state so requires, use of these forms is mandatory.
5	2. The secretary of state may prescribe and furnish on
6	request forms for other documents required or permitted to be
7	filed by this chapter but their use is not mandatory.
8	Sec. 5. <u>NEW SECTION</u> . 504A.113 FILING, SERVICE, AND
9	COPYING FEES.
10	1. The secretary of state shall collect the following
11	fees, as provided by the secretary of state, when the
	documents described in this subsection are delivered for
	filing:
14	DOCUMENT FEE
15	a. Articles of incorporation\$
16	b. Application for use of indistinguishable
	name\$
18	c. Application for reserved name\$
19	d. Notice of transfer of reserved name\$
20	e. Application for registered name\$
21 22	f. Application for renewal of registered name \$
23	g. Corporation's statement of change of registered agent or registered office or both\$
24	h. Agent's statement of change of registered
	office for each affected corporation not to
	exceed a total of\$
27	i. Agent's statement of resignation no fee
28	•
29	
30	with amendments\$
31	1. Articles of merger\$
32	m. Articles of dissolution\$
33	n. Articles of revocation of dissolution \$
34	o. Certificate of administrative dissolution \$
35	p. Application for reinstatement following

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1	administrative dissolution \$
2	q. Certificate of reinstatement no fee
3	r. Certificate of judicial dissolution no fee
4	s. Application for certificate of authority \$
5	t. Application for amended certificate of
6	authority \$
7	u. Application for certificate of withdrawal \$
8	v. Certificate of revocation of authority
9	to transact business no fee
10	w. Biennial report \$
11	x. Articles of correction \$
12	y. Application for certificate of existence
13	or authorization \$
14	z. Any other document required or permitted
15	to be filed by this Act \$\$
16	2. The secretary of state shall collect a fee upon being
17	served with process under this chapter. The party to a
18	proceeding causing service of process is entitled to recover
19	the fee paid the secretary of state as costs if the party
20	prevails in the proceeding.
21	3. The secretary of state shall collect fees for copying
22	and certifying the copy of any filed document relating to a
2 3	domestic or foreign corporation.
24	Sec. 6. NEW SECTION. 504A.114 EFFECTIVE DATE OF
25	DOCUMENT.
26	1. Except as provided in subsection 2 and section
27	504A.115, a document is effective at the later of the
28	following times:
29	a. At the date and time of filing, as evidenced by such
30	means as the secretary of state may use for the purpose of
31	recording the date and time of filing.
32	b. At the time specified in the document as its effective
33	time on the date it is filed.
34	2. A document may specify a delayed effective time and
35	date, and if it does so the document becomes effective at the

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- 1 time and date specified. If a delayed effective date but no
- 2 time is specified, the document is effective at the close of
- 3 business on that date. A delayed effective date for a
- 4 document shall not be later than the ninetieth day after the
- 5 date filed.
- 6 Sec. 7. NEW SECTION. 504A.115 CORRECTING FILED DOCUMENT.
- 7 l. A domestic or foreign corporation may correct a
- 8 document filed by the secretary of state if the document
- 9 satisfies one of the following:
- 10 a. The document contains an inaccuracy.
- 11 b. The document was defectively executed, attested,
- 12 sealed, verified, or acknowledged.
- 13 c. The electronic transmission was defective.
- 2. A document is corrected by doing both of the following:
- 15 a. By preparing articles of correction that satisfy all of
- 16 the following requirements:
- 17 (1) Describe the document, including its filing date, or
- 18 attaching a copy of the document to the articles.
- 19 (2) Specify the inaccuracy or defect to be corrected.
- 20 (3) Correct the incorrect statement or defective
- 21 execution.
- 22 b. By delivering the articles of correction to the
- 23 secretary of state for filing.
- 3. Articles of correction are effective on the effective
- 25 date of the document they correct except as to persons relying
- 26 on the uncorrected document and adversely affected by the
- 27 correction. As to those persons, articles of correction are
- 28 effective when filed.
- 29 Sec. 8. NEW SECTION. 504A.116 FILING DUTY OF SECRETARY
- 30 OF STATE.
- 31 1. If a document delivered to the office of the secretary
- 32 of state for filing satisfies the requirements of section
- 33 504A.111, the secretary of state shall file it.
- 34 2. The secretary of state files a document by recording
- 35 the document as filed on the date and the time of receipt.

- 1 After filing a document, except as provided in sections
- 2 504A.503 and 504A.1510, the secretary of state shall deliver
- 3 to the domestic or foreign corporation or its representative a
- 4 copy of the document with an acknowledgment of the date and
- 5 time of filing.
- 6 3. Upon refusing to file a document, the secretary of
- 7 state shall return it to the domestic or foreign corporation
- 8 or its representative, together with a brief, written
- 9 explanation of the reason or reasons for the refusal.
- 10 4. The secretary of state's duty to file documents under
- 11 this section is ministerial. Filing or refusal to file a
- 12 document does not do any of the following:
- a. Affect the validity or invalidity of the document in
- 14 whole or in part.
- 15 b. Relate to the correctness or incorrectness of
- 16 information contained in the document.
- 17 c. Create a presumption that the document is valid or
- 18 invalid or that information contained in the document is
- 19 correct or incorrect.
- 20 Sec. 9. NEW SECTION. 504A.117 APPEAL FROM SECRETARY OF
- 21 STATE'S REFUSAL TO FILE DOCUMENT.
- 22 1. If the secretary of state refuses to file a document
- 23 delivered for filing to the secretary of state's office, the
- 24 domestic or foreign corporation may appeal the refusal to the
- 25 district court in the county where the corporation's principal
- 26 office, or if there is none in this state, its registered
- 27 office, is or will be located. The appeal is commenced by
- 28 petitioning the court to compel filing the document and by
- 29 attaching to the petition the document and the secretary of
- 30 state's explanation of the refusal to file.
- 31 2. The court may summarily order the secretary of state to
- 32 file the document or take other action the court considers
- 33 appropriate.
- 34 3. The court's final decision may be appealed as in other
- 35 civil proceedings.

- 1 Sec. 10. NEW SECTION. 504A.118 EVIDENTIARY EFFECT OF
- 2 COPY OF FILED DOCUMENT.
- 3 A certificate from the secretary of state delivered with a
- 4 copy of a document filed by the secretary of state is
- 5 conclusive evidence that the original document is on file with
- 6 the secretary of state.
- 7 Sec. 11. NEW SECTION. 504A.119 CERTIFICATE OF EXISTENCE.
- 8 1. Any person may apply to the secretary of state to
- 9 furnish a certificate of existence for a domestic or foreign
- 10 corporation.
- 11 2. The certificate of existence shall set forth all of the
- 12 following:
- 13 a. The domestic corporation's corporate name or the
- 14 foreign corporation's corporate name used in this state.
- 15 b. That the domestic corporation is duly incorporated
- 16 under the laws of this state, the date of its incorporation,
- 17 and the period of its duration if less than perpetual; or that
- 18 the foreign corporation is authorized to transact business in
- 19 this state.
- 20 c. That all fees, taxes, and penalties owed to this state
- 21 have been paid, if payment is reflected in the records of the
- 22 secretary of state and nonpayment affects the good standing of
- 23 the domestic or foreign corporation.
- 24 d. That its most recent biennial report required by
- 25 section 504A.1613 has been delivered to the secretary of
- 26 state.
- 27 e. That articles of dissolution have not been filed.
- 28 f. Other facts of record in the office of the secretary of
- 29 state that may be requested by the applicant.
- Subject to any qualification stated in the certificate,
- 31 a certificate of existence issued by the secretary of state
- 32 may be relied upon as conclusive evidence that the domestic or
- 33 foreign corporation is in good standing in this state.
- 34 Sec. 12. NEW SECTION. 504A.120 PENALTY FOR SIGNING FALSE
- 35 DOCUMENT.

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- 1. A person commits an offense by signing a document the
- 2 person knows is false in any material respect with intent that
- 3 the document be delivered to the secretary of state for
- 4 filing.
- 5 2. An offense under this section is a serious misdemeanor
- 6 punishable by a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars.
- 7 PART 3
- 8 SECRETARY OF STATE
- 9 Sec. 13. NEW SECTION. 504A.131 POWERS.
- 10 The secretary of state has all powers reasonably necessary
- 11 to perform the duties required of the secretary of state's
- 12 office by this chapter.
- 13 PART 4
- 14 DEFINITIONS
- 15 Sec. 14. NEW SECTION. 504A.141 CHAPTER DEFINITIONS.
- 16 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
- 17 requires:
- 18 1. "Approved by the members" or "approval by the members"
- 19 means approved or ratified by the affirmative vote of a
- 20 majority of the votes represented and voting at a duly held
- 21 meeting at which a quorum is present which affirmative votes
- 22 also constitute a majority of the required quorum or by a
- 23 written ballot or written consent in conformity with this
- 24 chapter or by the affirmative vote, written ballot, or written
- 25 consent of such greater proportion, including the votes of all
- 26 the members of any class, unit, or grouping as may be provided
- 27 in the articles, bylaws, or this chapter for any specified
- 28 member action.
- 29 2. "Articles of incorporation" or "articles" includes
- 30 amended and restated articles of incorporation and articles of
- 31 merger.
- 32 3. "Board" or "board of directors" means the board of
- 33 directors of a corporation except that no person or group of
- 34 persons are the board of directors because of powers delegated
- 35 to that person or group pursuant to section 504A.801.

- 1 4. "Bylaws" means the code or codes of rules other than
- 2 the articles adopted pursuant to this chapter for the
- 3 regulation or management of the affairs of a corporation
- 4 irrespective of the name or names by which such rules are
- 5 designated.
- 6 5. "Class" means a group of memberships which have the
- 7 same rights with respect to voting, dissolution, redemption,
- 8 and transfer. For purposes of this section, rights shall be
- 9 considered the same if they are determined by a formula
- 10 applied uniformly.
- 11 6. "Corporation" means a public benefit, mutual benefit,
- 12 or religious corporation.
- 7. "Delegates" means those persons elected or appointed to
- 14 vote in a representative assembly for the election of a
- 15 director or directors or on other matters.
- 16 8. "Deliver" or "delivery" means any method of delivery
- 17 used in conventional commercial practice, including delivery
- 18 in person, by mail, commercial delivery, and electronic
- 19 transmission.
- 9. "Directors" means individuals, designated in the
- 21 articles or bylaws or elected by the incorporators, and their
- 22 successors and individuals elected or appointed by any other
- 23 name or title to act as members of the board.
- 24 10. "Distribution" means the payment of a dividend or any
- 25 part of the income or profit of a corporation to its members,
- 26 directors, or officers.
- 27 11. "Domestic corporation" means a corporation.
- 28 12. "Effective date of notice" is defined in section
- 29 504A.142.
- 30 13. "Electronic transmission" or "electronically
- 31 transmitted" means any process of communication not directly
- 32 involving the physical transfer of paper that is suitable for
- 33 the retention, retrieval, and reproduction of information by
- 34 the recipient.
- 35 14. "Employee" does not include an officer or director of

- 1 a corporation who is not otherwise employed by the
- 2 corporation.
- 3 15. "Entity" includes a corporation and foreign
- 4 corporation; business corporation and foreign business
- 5 corporation; limited liability company; profit and nonprofit
- 6 unincorporated association; corporation sole; business trust,
- 7 estate, partnership, trust, and two or more persons having a
- 8 joint or common economic interest; and state, the United
- 9 States, and foreign government.
- 10 16. "File", "filed", or "filing" means filed in the office
- 11 of the secretary of state.
- 12 17. "Foreign corporation" means a corporation organized
- 13 under laws other than the laws of this state which would be a
- 14 nonprofit corporation if formed under the laws of this state.
- 15 18. "Governmental subdivision" includes an authority,
- 16 county, district, and municipality.
- 17 19. "Includes" denotes a partial definition.
- 18 20. "Individual" includes the estate of an incompetent
- 19 individual.
- 20 21. "Means" denotes a complete definition.
- 21 22. "Member" means a person who on more than one occasion,
- 22 pursuant to the provisions of a corporation's articles or
- 23 bylaws, has a right to vote for the election of a director or
- 24 directors of a corporation, irrespective of how a member is
- 25 defined in the articles or bylaws of the corporation. A
- 26 person is not a member because of any of the following:
- 27 a. The person's rights as a delegate.
- 28 b. The person's rights to designate a director.
- 29 c. The person's rights as a director.
- 30 23. "Membership" refers to the rights and obligations a
- 31 member or members have pursuant to a corporation's articles,
- 32 bylaws, and this chapter.
- 33 24. "Mutual benefit corporation" means a domestic
- 34 corporation that is formed as a mutual benefit corporation
- 35 pursuant to subchapter 2 or is required to be a mutual benefit

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- 1 corporation pursuant to section 504A.1706.
- 2 25. "Notice" is defined in section 504A.142.
- 3 26. "Person" includes any individual or entity.
- 4 27. "Principal office" means the office in or out of this
- 5 state so designated in the biennial report filed pursuant to
- 6 section 504A.1613 where the principal offices of a domestic or
- 7 foreign corporation are located.
- 8 28. "Proceeding" includes a civil suit and criminal,
- 9 administrative, or investigatory actions.
- 10 29. "Public benefit corporation" means a domestic
- 11 corporation that is formed as a public benefit corporation
- 12 pursuant to subchapter 2 or is required to be a public benefit
- 13 corporation pursuant to section 504A.1706.
- 14 30. "Record date" means the date established under
- 15 subchapter 6 or 7 on which a corporation determines the
- 16 identity of its members for the purposes of this subchapter.
- 17 31. "Religious corporation" means a domestic corporation
- 18 that is formed as a religious corporation pursuant to
- 19 subchapter 2 or is required to be a religious corporation
- 20 pursuant to section 504A.1706.
- 21 32. "Secretary" means the corporate officer to whom the
- 22 board of directors has delegated responsibility under section
- 23 504A.841, subsection 2, for custody of the minutes of the
- 24 directors' and members' meetings and for authenticating the
- 25 records of the corporation.
- 26 33. "Sign" or "signature" includes a manual, facsimile,
- 27 conformed, or electronic signature.
- 28 34. "State", when referring to a part of the United
- 29 States, includes a state and commonwealth and their agencies
- 30 and governmental subdivisions, and a territory and insular
- 31 possession and their agencies and governmental subdivisions of
- 32 the United States.
- 33 35. "United States" includes a district, authority,
- 34 bureau, commission, department, and any other agency of the
- 35 United States.

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- 1 36. "Vote" includes authorization by written ballot and 2 written consent.
- 3 37. "Voting power" means the total number of votes
- 4 entitled to be cast for the election of directors at the time
- 5 the determination of voting power is made, excluding a vote
- 6 that is contingent upon the happening of a condition or event
- 7 that has not occurred at the time. When a class is entitled
- 8 to vote as a class for directors, the determination of voting
- 9 power of the class shall be based on the percentage of the
- 10 number of directors the class is entitled to elect out of the
- 11 total number of authorized directors.
- 12 Sec. 15. NEW SECTION. 504A.142 NOTICE.
- 13 1. Notice under this chapter must be in writing unless
- 14 oral notice is reasonable under the circumstances. Notice by
- 15 electronic transmission is written notice.
- 2. Subject to subsection 1, notice may be communicated in
- 17 person, by mail, or other method of delivery; or by telephone,
- 18 voice mail, or other electronic means. If these forms of
- 19 personal notice are impracticable, notice may be communicated
- 20 by a newspaper of general circulation in the area where
- 21 published or by radio, television, or other form of public
- 22 broadcast communication.
- 23 3. Oral notice is effective when communicated if
- 24 communicated in a comprehensible manner.
- 25 4. Written notice by a domestic or foreign corporation to
- 26 its member, if in a comprehensible form, is effective
- 27 according to one of the following:
- 28 a. Upon deposit in the United States mail, if mailed
- 29 postpaid and correctly addressed to the member's address shown
- 30 in the corporation's current record of members.
- 31 b. When electronically transmitted to the shareholder in a
- 32 manner authorized by the shareholder.
- 33 5. Except as provided in subsection 4, written notice, if
- 34 in a comprehensible form, is effective at the earliest of the
- 35 following:

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- 1 a. When received.
- 2 b. Five days after its deposit in the United States mail,
- 3 if mailed correctly addressed and with first-class postage
- 4 affixed.
- 5 c. On the date shown on the return receipt, if sent by
- 6 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and
- 7 the receipt is signed by or on behalf of the addressee.
- 8 d. Thirty days after its deposit in the United States
- 9 mail, if mailed correctly addressed and with other than first-
- 10 class, registered, or certified postage affixed.
- 11 6. Written notice is correctly addressed to a member of a
- 12 domestic or foreign corporation if addressed to the member's
- 13 address shown in the corporation's current list of members.
- 7. A written notice or report delivered as part of a
- 15 newsletter, magazine, or other publication regularly sent to
- 16 members shall constitute a written notice or report if
- 17 addressed or delivered to the member's address shown in the
- 18 corporation's current list of members, or in the case of
- 19 members who are residents of the same household and who have
- 20 the same address in the corporation's current list of members,
- 21 if addressed or delivered to one of such members, at the
- 22 address appearing on the current list of members.
- 8. Written notice is correctly addressed to a domestic or
- 24 foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this
- 25 state, other than in its capacity as a member, if addressed to
- 26 its registered agent or to its secretary at its principal
- 27 office shown in its most recent biennial report or, in the
- 28 case of a foreign corporation that has not yet delivered an
- 29 annual report, in its application for a certificate of
- 30 authority.
- 31 9. If section 504A.705, subsection 2, or any other
- 32 provision of this chapter prescribes notice requirements for
- 33 particular circumstances, those requirements govern. If
- 34 articles or bylaws prescribe notice requirements not
- 35 inconsistent with this section or other provisions of this

1 chapter, those requirements govern.

PART 5

3 JUDICIAL RELIEF

- 4 Sec. 16. NEW SECTION. 504A.151 JUDICIAL RELIEF.
- 5 l. If for any reason it is impractical or impossible for a
- 6 corporation to call or conduct a meeting of its members,
- 7 delegates, or directors, or otherwise obtain their consent, in
- 8 the manner prescribed by its articles, bylaws, or this
- 9 chapter, then upon petition of a director, officer, delegate,
- 10 member, or the attorney general, the district court may order
- 11 that such a meeting be called or that a written ballot or
- 12 other form of obtaining the vote of members, delegates, or
- 13 directors be authorized, in such a manner as the court finds
- 14 fair and equitable under the circumstances.
- 15 2. The court shall, in an order issued pursuant to this
- 16 section, provide for a method of notice reasonably designed to
- 17 give actual notice to all persons who would be entitled to
- 18 notice of a meeting held pursuant to the articles, bylaws, and
- 19 this chapter, whether or not the method results in actual
- 20 notice to all such persons or conforms to the notice
- 21 requirements that would otherwise apply. In a proceeding
- 22 under this section, the court may determine who the members or
- 23 directors are.
- 24 3. An order issued pursuant to this section may dispense
- 25 with any requirement relating to the holding of or voting at
- 26 meetings or obtaining votes, including any requirement as to
- 27 quorums or as to the number or percentage of votes needed for
- 28 approval, that would otherwise be imposed by the articles,
- 29 bylaws, or this chapter.
- 30 4. Whenever practical, an order issued pursuant to this
- 31 section shall limit the subject matter of meetings or other
- 32 forms of consent authorized to items, including amendments to
- 33 the articles or bylaws, the resolution of which will or may
- 34 enable the corporation to continue managing its affairs
- 35 without further resort to this section; provided, however,

- 1 that an order under this section may also authorize the
- 2 obtaining of whatever votes and approvals are necessary for
- 3 the dissolution, merger, or sale of assets.
- 4 5. A meeting or other method of obtaining the vote of
- 5 members, delegates, or directors conducted pursuant to an
- 6 order issued under this section, and which complies with all
- 7 the provisions of such order, is for all purposes a valid
- 8 meeting or vote, as the case may be, and shall have the same
- 9 force and effect as if it complied with every requirement
- 10 imposed by the articles, bylaws, and this chapter.
- 11 PART 6
- 12 ATTORNEY GENERAL
- 13 Sec. 17. NEW SECTION. 504A.161 ATTORNEY GENERAL.
- 14 l. The attorney general shall be given notice of the
- 15 commencement of a proceeding which this chapter authorizes the
- 16 attorney general to bring but which has been commenced by
- 17 another person.
- 2. Whenever a provision of this chapter requires that
- 19 notice be given to the attorney general before or after
- 20 commencing a proceeding or permits the attorney general to
- 21 commence a proceeding:
- 22 a. If no proceeding has been commenced, the attorney
- 23 general may take appropriate action including, but not limited
- 24 to, seeking injunctive relief.
- 25 b. If a proceeding has been commenced by a person other
- 26 than the attorney general, the attorney general, as of right,
- 27 may intervene in such proceeding.
- 28 Sec. 18. NEW SECTION. 504A.162 RELIGIOUS CORPORATIONS --
- 29 CONSTITUTIONAL PROTECTIONS.
- 30 If religious doctrine governing the affairs of a religious
- 31 corporation is inconsistent with the provisions of this
- 32 chapter on the same subject, the religious doctrine shall
- 33 control to the extent required by the Constitution of the
- 34 United States or the constitution of this state or both.
- 35 SUBCHAPTER II

1 ORGANIZATION

- 2 Sec. 19. NEW SECTION. 504A.201 INCORPORATORS.
- 3 One or more persons may act as the incorporator or
- 4 incorporators of a corporation by delivering articles of
- 5 incorporation to the secretary of state for filing.
- 6 Sec. 20. NEW SECTION. 504A.202 ARTICLES OF
- 7 INCORPORATION.
- 8 1. The articles of incorporation shall set forth all of
- 9 the following:
- 10 a. A corporate name for the corporation that satisfies the
- 11 requirements of section 504A.401.
- b. One of the following statements:
- 13 (1) This corporation is a public benefit corporation.
- 14 (2) This corporation is a mutual benefit corporation.
- 15 (3) This corporation is a religious corporation.
- 16 c. The address of the corporation's initial registered
- 17 office and the name of its initial registered agent at that
- 18 office.
- 19 d. The name and address of each incorporator.
- 20 e. Whether the corporation will have members.
- 21 f. Provisions not inconsistent with law regarding the
- 22 distribution of assets on dissolution.
- 23 2. The articles of incorporation may set forth any of the
- 24 following:
- 25 a. The purpose for which the corporation is organized,
- 26 which may be, either alone or in combination with other
- 27 purposes, the transaction of any lawful activity.
- 28 b. The names and addresses of the individuals who are to
- 29 serve as the initial directors.
- 30 c. Provisions not inconsistent with law regarding all of
- 31 the following:
- 32 (1) Managing and regulating the affairs of the
- 33 corporation.
- 34 (2) Defining, limiting, and regulating the powers of the
- 35 corporation, its board of directors, and members, or any class

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- 1 of members.
- 2 (3) The characteristics, qualifications, rights,
- 3 limitations, and obligations attaching to each or any class of 4 members.
- 5 d. A provision permitting or requiring a corporation to
- 6 indemnify a director for liability, as defined in section
- 7 504A.851, subsection 5, to a person for any action taken, or
- 8 any failure to take any action, as a director except liability
- 9 for any of the following:
- 10 (1) Receipt of a financial benefit to which the person is
- ll not entitled.
- 12 (2) Intentional infliction of harm on the corporation or
- 13 its members.
- 14 (3) A violation of section 504A.834.
- 15 (4) Intentional violation of criminal law.
- 16 e. Any provision that under this chapter is required or
- 17 permitted to be set forth in the bylaws.
- 18 3. Each incorporator named in the articles must sign the
- 19 articles.
- 20 4. The articles of incorporation need not set forth any of
- 21 the corporate powers enumerated in this chapter.
- 22 Sec. 21. NEW SECTION. 504A.203 INCORPORATION.
- 23 l. Unless a delayed effective date is specified, the
- 24 corporate existence begins when the articles of incorporation
- 25 are filed.
- 26 2. The secretary of state's filing of the articles of
- 27 incorporation is conclusive proof that the incorporators
- 28 satisfied all conditions precedent to incorporation except in
- 29 a proceeding by the state to cancel or revoke the
- 30 incorporation or involuntarily dissolve the corporation.
- 31 Sec. 22. NEW SECTION. 504A.204 LIABILITY FOR
- 32 PREINCORPORATION TRANSACTIONS.
- 33 All persons purporting to act as or on behalf of a
- 34 corporation, knowing there was no incorporation under this
- 35 chapter, are jointly and severally liable for all liabilities

- 1 created while so acting.
- 2 Sec. 23. NEW SECTION. 504A.205 ORGANIZATION OF
- 3 CORPORATION.
- 4 1. After incorporation:
- 5 a. If initial directors are named in the articles of
- 6 incorporation, the initial directors shall hold an
- 7 organizational meeting, at the call of a majority of the
- 8 directors, to complete the organization of the corporation by
- 9 appointing officers, adopting bylaws, and carrying on any
- 10 other business brought before the meeting.
- 11 b. If initial directors are not named in the articles, the
- 12 incorporator or incorporators shall hold an organizational
- 13 meeting at the call of a majority of the incorporators to do
- 14 one of the following:
- 15 (1) Elect directors and complete the organization of the
- 16 corporation.
- 17 (2) Elect a board of directors who shall complete the
- 18 organization of the corporation.
- 19 2. Action required or permitted by this chapter to be
- 20 taken by incorporators at an organizational meeting may be
- 21 taken without a meeting if the action taken is evidenced by
- 22 one or more written consents describing the action taken and
- 23 signed by each incorporator.
- 24 3. An organizational meeting may be held in or out of this
- 25 state in accordance with section 504A.821.
- 26 Sec. 24. NEW SECTION. 504A.206 BYLAWS.
- 27 1. The incorporators or board of directors of a
- 28 corporation shall adopt bylaws for the corporation.
- 29 2. The bylaws may contain any provision for regulating and
- 30 managing the affairs of the corporation that is not
- 31 inconsistent with law or the articles of incorporation.
- 32 Sec. 25. NEW SECTION. 504A.207 EMERGENCY BYLAWS AND
- 33 POWERS.
- 34 l. Unless the articles provide otherwise the directors of
- 35 a corporation may adopt, amend, or repeal bylaws to be

- 1 effective only in an emergency as described in subsection 4.
- 2 The emergency bylaws, which are subject to amendment or repeal
- 3 by the members, may provide special procedures necessary for
- 4 managing the corporation during the emergency, including all
- 5 of the following:
- 6 a. How to call a meeting of the board.
- 7 b. Quorum requirements for the meeting.
- 8 c. Designation of additional or substitute directors.
- 9 2. All provisions of the regular bylaws consistent with
- 10 the emergency bylaws remain effective during the emergency.
- 11 The emergency bylaws are not effective after the emergency 12 ends.
- 3. Corporate action taken in good faith in accordance with
- 14 the emergency bylaws does both of the following:
- 15 a. Binds the corporation.
- 16 b. Shall not be used to impose liability on a corporate
- 17 director, officer, employee, or agent.
- 18 4. An emergency exists for purposes of this section if a
- 19 quorum of the corporation's directors cannot readily be
- 20 assembled because of some catastrophic event.
- 21 SUBCHAPTER III
- 22 PURPOSES AND POWERS
- 23 Sec. 26. NEW SECTION. 504A.301 PURPOSES.
- 24 1. Every corporation incorporated under this chapter has
- 25 the purpose of engaging in any lawful activity unless a more
- 26 limited purpose is set forth in the articles of incorporation.
- 27 2. A corporation engaging in an activity that is subject
- 28 to regulation under another statute of this state may
- 29 incorporate under this chapter only if incorporation under
- 30 this chapter is not prohibited by the other statute. The
- 31 corporation shall be subject to all limitations of the other
- 32 statute.
- 33 Sec. 27. NEW SECTION. 504A.302 GENERAL POWERS.
- 34 Unless its articles of incorporation provide otherwise,
- 35 every corporation has perpetual duration and succession in its

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- 1 corporate name and has the same powers as an individual to do
- 2 all things necessary or convenient to carry out its affairs,
- 3 including without limitation all of the following powers:
- 4 1. Sue and be sued, complain, and defend in its corporate 5 name.
- 6 2. Have a corporate seal, which may be altered at will,
- 7 and to use it, or a facsimile of it, by impressing, affixing,
- 8 or in any other manner reproducing it.
- 9 3. Make and amend bylaws not inconsistent with its
- 10 articles of incorporation or with the laws of this state, for
- 11 regulating and managing the affairs of the corporation.
- 12 4. Purchase, receive, lease, or otherwise acquire, and
- 13 own, hold, improve, use, and otherwise deal with real or
- 14 personal property, or any legal or equitable interest in
- 15 property, wherever located.
- 16 5. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, and
- 17 otherwise dispose of all or any part of its property.
- 18 6. Purchase, receive, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire,
- 19 own, hold, vote, use, sell, mortgage, lend, pledge, or
- 20 otherwise dispose of, and deal in and with, shares or other
- 21 interests in, or obligations of, any entity.
- 7. Make contracts and guarantees, incur liabilities,
- 23 borrow money, issue notes, bonds, and other obligations, and
- 24 secure any of its obligations by mortgage or pledge of any of
- 25 its property, franchises, or income.
- 26 8. Lend money, invest and reinvest its funds, and receive
- 27 and hold real and personal property as security for repayment,
- 28 except as limited by section 504A.833.
- 9. Be a promoter, partner, member, associate, or manager
- 30 of any partnership, joint venture, trust, or other entity.
- 31 10. Conduct its activities, locate offices, and exercise
- 32 the powers granted by this chapter in or out of this state.
- 33 11. Elect or appoint directors, officers, employees, and
- 34 agents of the corporation, define their duties, and fix their
- 35 compensation.

- 1 12. Pay pensions and establish pension plans, pension
- 2 trusts, and other benefit and incentive plans for any or all
- 3 of its current or former directors, officers, employees, and
- 4 agents.
- 5 13. Make donations not inconsistent with law for the
- 6 public welfare or for charitable, religious, scientific, or
- 7 educational purposes and for other purposes that further the
- 8 corporate interest.
- 9 14. Impose dues, assessments, and admission and transfer
- 10 fees upon its members.
 - 11 15. Establish conditions for admission of members, admit
- 12 members, and issue memberships.
- 13 16. Carry on a business.
- 14 17. Do all things necessary or convenient, not
- 15 inconsistent with law, to further the activities and affairs
- 16 of the corporation.
- 17 Sec. 28. NEW SECTION. 504A.303 EMERGENCY POWERS.
- 18 1. In anticipation of or during an emergency as described
- 19 in subsection 4, the board of directors of a corporation may
- 20 do both of the following:
- 21 a. Modify lines of succession to accommodate the
- 22 incapacity of any director, officer, employee, or agent.
- 23 b. Relocate the principal office, designate alternative
- 24 principal offices or regional offices, or authorize an officer
- 25 to do so.
- 26 2. During an emergency described in subsection 4, unless
- 27 emergency bylaws provide otherwise, all of the following shall
- 28 apply:
- 29 a. Notice of a meeting of the board of directors need be
- 30 given only to those directors whom it is practicable to reach
- 31 and such notice may be given in any practicable manner,
- 32 including by publication and radio.
- 33 b. One or more officers of the corporation present at a
- 34 meeting of the board of directors may be deemed to be
- 35 directors for the meeting, in order of rank and within the

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- 1 same rank in order of seniority, as necessary to achieve a
 2 quorum.
- 3. Corporate action taken in good faith during an
- 4 emergency under this section to further the ordinary affairs
- 5 of the corporation does both of the following:
- 6 a. Binds the corporation.
- 7 b. Shall not be used to impose liability on a corporate
- 8 director, officer, employee, or agent.
- 9 4. An emergency exists for purposes of this section if a
- 10 quorum of the corporation's directors cannot readily be
- 11 assembled because of some catastrophic event.
- 12 Sec. 29. NEW SECTION. 504A.304 ULTRA VIRES.
- 13 1. Except as provided in subsection 2, the validity of
- 14 corporate action may not be challenged on the ground that the
- 15 corporation lacks or lacked power to act.
- 16 2. A corporation's power to act may be challenged in a
- 17 proceeding against the corporation to enjoin an act when a
- 18 third party has not acquired rights. The proceeding may be
- 19 brought by the attorney general, a director, or by a member or
- 20 members in a derivative proceeding.
- 21 3. A corporation's power to act may be challenged in a
- 22 proceeding against an incumbent or former director, officer,
- 23 employee, or agent of the corporation. The proceeding may be
- 24 brought by a director, the corporation, directly,
- 25 derivatively, or through a receiver, a trustee or other legal
- 26 representative, or in the case of a public benefit
- 27 corporation, by the attorney general.
- 28 SUBCHAPTER IV
- 29 NAMES
- 30 Sec. 30. NEW SECTION. 504A.401 CORPORATE NAME.
- 31 1. A corporate name shall not contain language stating or
- 32 implying that the corporation is organized for a purpose other
- 33 than that permitted by section 504A.301 and its articles of
- 34 incorporation.
- 35 2. Except as authorized by subsections 3 and 4, a

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1 corporate name must be distinguishable upon the records of the

- 2 secretary of state from:
- 3 a. The corporate name of any other nonprofit or business
- 4 corporation incorporated or authorized to do business in this
- 5 state.
- 6 b. A corporate name reserved or registered under section
- 7 490.402, 490.403, 504A.402, or 504A.403.
- 8 c. The fictitious name of a foreign business or nonprofit
- 9 corporation authorized to transact business in this state
- 10 because its real name is unavailable.
- 3. A corporation may apply to the secretary of state for
- 12 authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon
- 13 the secretary of state's records from one or more of the names
- 14 described in subsection 2. The secretary of state shall
- 15 authorize use of the name applied for if either of the
- 16 following applies:
- 17 a. The other corporation consents to the use of the name
- 18 in writing and submits an undertaking in a form satisfactory
- 19 to the secretary of state to change its name to a name that is
- 20 distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state
- 21 from the name of the applying corporation.
- 22 b. The applicant delivers to the secretary of state a
- 23 certified copy of a final judgment from a court of competent
- 24 jurisdiction establishing the applicant's right to use the
- 25 name applied for in this state.
- 26 4. A corporation may use the name, including the
- 27 fictitious name, of another domestic or foreign business or
- 28 nonprofit corporation that is being used in this state if the
- 29 other corporation is incorporated or authorized to do business
- 30 in this state and the proposed user corporation submits
- 31 documentation to the satisfaction of the secretary of state
- 32 establishing any of the following conditions:
- 33 a. The user corporation has merged with the other
- 34 corporation.
- 35 b. The user corporation has been formed by reorganization

- 1 of the other corporation.
- 2 c. The user corporation has acquired all or substantially
- 3 all of the assets, including the corporate name, of the other
- 4 corporation.
- 5 5. This subchapter does not control the use of fictitious
- 6 names; however, if a corporation or a foreign corporation uses
- 7 a fictitious name in this state it shall deliver to the
- 8 secretary of state for filing a copy of the resolution of its
- 9 board of directors, certified by its secretary, adopting the
- 10 fictitious name.
- 11 Sec. 31. NEW SECTION. 504A.402 RESERVED NAME.
- 12 1. A person may reserve the exclusive use of a corporate
- 13 name, including a fictitious name for a foreign corporation
- 14 whose corporate name is not available by delivering an
- 15 application to the secretary of state for filing. Upon
- 16 finding that the corporate name applied for is available, the
- 17 secretary of state shall reserve the name for the applicant's
- 18 exclusive use for a nonrenewable one hundred twenty-day
- 19 period.
- 20 2. The owner of a reserved corporate name may transfer the
- 21 reservation to another person by delivering to the secretary
- 22 of state a signed notice of the transfer that states the name
- 23 and address of the transferee.
- 24 Sec. 32. NEW SECTION. 504A.403 REGISTERED NAME.
- 25 l. A foreign corporation may register its corporate name,
- 26 or its corporate name with any change required by section
- 27 504A.1506, if the name is distinguishable upon the records of
- 28 the secretary of state from both of the following:
- 29 a. The corporate name of a nonprofit or business
- 30 corporation incorporated or authorized to do business in this
- 31 state.
- 32 b. A corporate name reserved under section 490.402,
- 33 490.403, or 504A.402, or registered under this section.
- 34 2. A foreign corporation shall register its corporate
- 35 name, or its corporate name with any change required by

- 1 section 504A.1506, by delivering to the secretary of state an
- 2 application that does both of the following:
- 3 a. Sets forth its corporate name, or its corporate name
- 4 with any change required by section 504A.1506, the state or
- 5 country and date of its incorporation, and a brief description
- 6 of the nature of the activities in which it is engaged.
- 7 b. Is accompanied by a certificate of existence, or a
- 8 document of similar import, from the state or country of
- 9 incorporation.
- 10 3. The name is registered for the applicant's exclusive
- 11 use upon the effective date of the application.
- 12 4. A foreign corporation whose registration is effective
- 13 may renew it for successive years by delivering to the
- 14 secretary of state for filing a renewal application which
- 15 complies with the requirements of subsection 2, between
- 16 October 1 and December 31 of the preceding year. The renewal
- 17 application renews the registration for the following calendar 18 year.
- 19 5. A foreign corporation whose registration is effective
- 20 may thereafter qualify as a foreign corporation under that
- 21 name or consent in writing to the use of that name by a
- 22 corporation thereafter incorporated under this chapter or by
- 23 another foreign corporation thereafter authorized to transact
- 24 business in this state. The registration terminates when the
- 25 domestic corporation is incorporated or the foreign
- 26 corporation qualifies or consents to the qualification of
- 27 another foreign corporation under the registered name.
- 28 SUBCHAPTER V
- 29 OFFICE AND AGENT
- 30 Sec. 33. NEW SECTION. 504A.501 REGISTERED OFFICE AND
- 31 REGISTERED AGENT.
- 32 A corporation shall continuously maintain both of the
- 33 following in this state:
- 34 l. A registered office with the same address as that of
- 35 the registered agent.

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- 2. A registered agent, who may be any of the following:
- 2 a. An individual who resides in this state and whose
- 3 business office is identical with the registered office.
- 4 b. A domestic business or nonprofit corporation whose
- 5 business office is identical to the registered office.
- 6 c. A foreign business or nonprofit corporation authorized
- 7 to transact business in this state whose business office is
- 8 identical to the registered office.
- 9 Sec. 34. NEW SECTION. 504A.502 CHANGE OF REGISTERED
- 10 OFFICE OR REGISTERED AGENT.
- 11 1. A corporation may change its registered office or
- 12 registered agent by delivering to the secretary of state for
- 13 filing a statement of change that sets forth all of the
- 14 following:
- 15 a. The name of the corporation.
- 16 b. If the current registered office is to be changed, the
- 17 address of the new registered office.
- 18 c. If the current registered agent is to be changed, the
- 19 name of the new registered agent and the new agent's written
- 20 consent, either on the statement or attached to it, to the
- 21 change.
- 22 d. That after the change or changes are made, the
- 23 addresses of its registered office and the office of its
- 24 registered agent will be identical.
- 25 2. If the address of a registered agent's business office
- 26 is changed, the registered agent may change the address of the
- 27 registered office of any corporation for which the registered
- 28 agent is the registered agent by notifying the corporation in
- 29 writing of the change and by signing, either manually or in
- 30 facsimile, and delivering to the secretary of state for
- 31 filing, a statement that complies with the requirements of
- 32 subsection 1 and recites that the corporation has been
- 33 notified of the change.
- 34 3. If a registered agent changes the registered agent's
- 35 business address to another place, the registered agent may

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1 change the address of the registered office of any corporation

- 2 for which the registered agent is the registered agent by
- 3 filing a statement as required in subsection 2 for each
- 4 corporation, or by filing a single statement for all
- 5 corporations named in the notice, except that it need be
- 6 signed, either manually or in facsimile, only once by the
- 7 registered agent and must recite that a copy of the statement
- 8 has been mailed to each corporation named in the notice.
- 9 Sec. 35. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.503 RESIGNATION OF REGISTERED 10 AGENT.
- 11 1. A registered agent may resign as registered agent by
- 12 signing and delivering to the secretary of state for filing a
- 13 signed original statement of resignation. The statement may
- 14 include a statement that the registered office is also
- 15 discontinued.
- 16 The registered agent shall send a copy of the statement of
- 17 resignation by certified mail to the corporation at its
- 18 principal office and to the registered office, if not
- 19 discontinued. The registered agent shall certify to the
- 20 secretary of state that copies have been sent to the
- 21 corporation, including the date the copies were sent.
- 22 2. The agency appointment is terminated, and the
- 23 registered office discontinued if so provided, on the date the
- 24 statement was filed.
- 25 Sec. 36. NEW SECTION. 504A.504 SERVICE ON CORPORATION.
- 26 1. A corporation's registered agent is the corporation's
- 27 agent for service of process, notice, or demand required or
- 28 permitted by law to be served on the corporation.
- 29 2. If a corporation has no registered agent, or the agent
- 30 cannot with reasonable diligence be served, the corporation
- 31 may be served by registered or certified mail, return receipt
- 32 requested, addressed to the secretary of the corporation at
- 33 its principal office shown in the most recent biennial report
- 34 filed pursuant to section 504A.1613. Service is perfected
- 35 under this subsection on the earliest of any of the following:

- 1 a. The date the corporation receives the mail.
- 2 b. The date shown on the return receipt, if signed on
- 3 behalf of the corporation.
- 4 c. Five days after its deposit in the United States mail,
- 5 if mailed and correctly addressed with first class postage
- 6 affixed.
- 7 3. This section does not prescribe the only means, or
- 8 necessarily the required means, of serving a corporation. A
- 9 corporation may also be served in any other manner permitted
- 10 by law.
- 11 SUBCHAPTER VI
- 12 MEMBERS AND MEMBERSHIPS
- 13 PART 1
- 14 ADMISSION OF MEMBERS
- 15 Sec. 37. NEW SECTION. 504A.601 ADMISSION.
- 16 1. The articles or bylaws may establish criteria or
- 17 procedures for admission of members.
- 2. A person shall not be admitted as a member without the
- 19 person's consent or affirmative action evidencing consent.
- 20 Sec. 38. NEW SECTION. 504A.602 CONSIDERATION.
- 21 Except as provided in its articles or bylaws, a corporation
- 22 may admit members for no consideration or for such
- 23 consideration as is determined by the board.
- 24 Sec. 39. NEW SECTION. 504A.603 NO REQUIREMENT OF
- 25 MEMBERS.
- 26 A corporation is not required to have members.
- 27 PART 2
- 28 TYPES OF MEMBERSHIPS -- MEMBERS' RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS
- 29 Sec. 40. NEW SECTION. 504A.611 DIFFERENCES IN RIGHTS AND
- 30 OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS.
- 31 All members shall have the same rights and obligations with
- 32 respect to voting, dissolution, redemption, and transfer,
- 33 unless the articles or bylaws establish classes of membership
- 34 with different rights or obligations. All members shall have
- 35 the same rights and obligations with respect to any other

- 1 matters, except as set forth in or authorized by the articles
- 2 or bylaws. A person that has no voting rights and is
- 3 identified as a member in the articles or bylaws of the
- 4 corporation shall have only those rights set forth for members
- 5 in the articles or bylaws of the corporation.
- 6 Sec. 41. NEW SECTION. 504A.612 TRANSFERS.
- 7 1. Except as set forth in or authorized by the articles or
- 8 bylaws, a member of a mutual benefit corporation shall not
- 9 transfer a membership or any right arising therefrom.
- 10 2. A member of a public benefit or religious corporation
- 11 shall not transfer a membership or any right arising
- 12 therefrom.
- 13 3. Where transfer rights have been provided, a restriction
- 14 on them shall not be binding with respect to a member holding
- 15 a membership issued prior to the adoption of the restriction
- 16 unless the restriction is approved by the members and the
- 17 affected member.
- 18 Sec. 42. NEW SECTION. 504A.613 MEMBER'S LIABILITY TO
- 19 THIRD PARTIES.
- 20 A member of a corporation is not, as such, personally
- 21 liable for the acts, debts, liabilities, or obligations of the
- 22 corporation.
- 23 Sec. 43. NEW SECTION. 504A.614 MEMBER'S LIABILITY FOR
- 24 DUES, ASSESSMENTS, AND FEES.
- 25 A member may become liable to the corporation for dues,
- 26 assessments, or fees. However, an article or bylaw provision
- 27 or a resolution adopted by the board authorizing or imposing
- 28 dues, assessments, or fees does not, of itself, create
- 29 liability.
- 30 Sec. 44. NEW SECTION. 504A.615 CREDITOR'S ACTION AGAINST
- 31 MEMBER.
- 32 1. A proceeding shall not be brought by a creditor to
- 33 reach the liability, if any, of a member to the corporation
- 34 unless final judgment has been rendered in favor of the
- 35 creditor against the corporation and execution has been

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- 1 returned unsatisfied in whole or in part or unless such
- 2 proceeding would be useless.
- 3 2. All creditors of the corporation, with or without
- 4 reducing their claims to judgment, may intervene in any
- 5 creditor's proceeding brought under subsection 1 to reach and
- 6 apply unpaid amounts due the corporation. Any or all members
- 7 who owe amounts to the corporation may be joined in such
- 8 proceeding.
- 9 PART 3
- 10 RESIGNATION AND TERMINATION
- 11 Sec. 45. NEW SECTION. 504A.621 RESIGNATION.
- 12 1. A member may resign at any time.
- 2. The resignation of a member does not relieve the member
- 14 from any obligations the member may have to the corporation as
- 15 a result of obligations incurred or commitments made prior to
- 16 resignation.
- 17 Sec. 46. NEW SECTION. 504A.622 TERMINATION, EXPULSION,
- 18 OR SUSPENSION.
- 19 1. A member of a public benefit or mutual benefit
- 20 corporation shall not be expelled or suspended, and a
- 21 membership or memberships in such a corporation shall not be
- 22 terminated or suspended except pursuant to a procedure which
- 23 is fair and reasonable and is carried out in good faith.
- 24 2. A procedure is fair and reasonable when either of the
- 25 following occurs:
- 26 a. The articles or bylaws set forth a procedure which
- 27 provides both of the following:
- 28 (1) Not less than fifteen days' prior written notice of
- 29 the expulsion, suspension, or termination and the reasons
- 30 therefore.
- 31 (2) An opportunity for the member to be heard, orally or
- 32 in writing, not less than five days before the effective date
- 33 of the expulsion, suspension, or termination by a person or
- 34 persons authorized to decide that the proposed expulsion,
- 35 termination, or suspension not take place.

- 1 b. The procedure requires consideration of all relevant
- 2 facts and circumstances surrounding the expulsion, suspension,
- 3 or termination by a person or persons authorized to make a
- 4 decision regarding the proposed expulsion, termination, or
- 5 suspension.
- 6 3. Any written notice given by mail pursuant to this
- 7 section must be given by first class or certified mail sent to
- 8 the last address of the member shown on the corporation's
- 9 records.
- 10 4. A proceeding challenging an expulsion, suspension, or
- 11 termination, including a proceeding alleging defective notice,
- 12 must be commenced within one year after the effective date of
- 13 the expulsion, suspension, or termination.
- 14 5. A member who has been expelled or suspended may be
- 15 liable to the corporation for dues, assessments, or fees as a
- 16 result of obligations incurred or commitments made prior to
- 17 expulsion or suspension.
- 18 Sec. 47. NEW SECTION. 504A.623 PURCHASE OF MEMBERSHIPS.
- 19 1. A public benefit or religious corporation shall not
- 20 purchase any of its memberships or any right arising
- 21 therefrom.
- 22 2. A mutual benefit corporation may purchase the
- 23 membership of a member who resigns or whose membership is
- 24 terminated for the amount and pursuant to the conditions set
- 25 forth in or authorized by its articles or bylaws. A payment
- 26 shall not be made in violation of subchapter 13.
- 27 PART 4
- 28 DERIVATIVE PROCEEDINGS
- 29 Sec. 48. NEW SECTION. 504A.631 DERIVATIVE PROCEEDINGS --
- 30 DEFINITION.
- 31 In this part, unless the context otherwise requires,
- 32 "derivative proceeding" means a civil suit in the right of a
- 33 domestic corporation or, to the extent provided in section
- 34 504A.638, in the right of a foreign corporation.
- 35 Sec. 49. NEW SECTION. 504A.632 STANDING.

- 1 A member or director shall not commence or maintain a
- 2 derivative proceeding unless the member or director satisfies
- 3 both of the following:
- 4 l. Was a member or director of the corporation at the time
- 5 of the act or omission complained of or became a member
- 6 through transfer by operation of law from one who was a member
- 7 at that time.
- 8 2. The member or director fairly and adequately represents
- 9 the interests of the corporation in enforcing the rights of
- 10 the corporation.
- 11 Sec. 50. NEW SECTION. 504A.633 DEMAND.
- 12 A member or director shall not commence a derivative
- 13 proceeding until both of the following have occurred:
- 14 1. A written demand has been made upon the corporation to
- 15 take suitable action.
- 16 2. Ninety days have expired from the date the demand was
- 17 made, unless the member or director has earlier been notified
- 18 that the demand has been rejected by the corporation or unless
- 19 irreparable injury to the corporation would result by waiting
- 20 for the expiration of the ninety-day period.
- 21 Sec. 51. NEW SECTION. 504A.634 STAY OF PROCEEDINGS.
- 22 If a corporation commences an inquiry into the allegations
- 23 made in a demand or complaint, the court may stay any
- 24 derivative proceeding for a period of time as the court deems
- 25 appropriate.
- 26 Sec. 52. NEW SECTION. 504A.635 DISMISSAL.
- 27 l. A derivative proceeding shall be dismissed by the court
- 28 on motion by the corporation if one of the groups specified in
- 29 subsection 2 or 6 has determined in good faith after
- 30 conducting a reasonable inquiry upon which its conclusions are
- 31 based that the maintenance of the derivative proceeding is not
- 32 in the best interests of the corporation. A corporation
- 33 moving to dismiss on this basis shall submit in support of the
- 34 motion a short and concise statement of the reasons for its
- 35 determination.

- 2. Unless a panel is appointed pursuant to subsection 6,
- 2 the determination in subsection 1 shall be made by one of the
- 3 following:
- 4 a. A majority vote of independent directors present at a
- 5 meeting of the board of directors if the independent directors
- 6 constitute a quorum.
- 7 b. A majority vote of a committee consisting of two or
- 8 more independent directors appointed by majority vote of
- 9 independent directors present at a meeting of the board of
- 10 directors, whether or not such independent directors
- ll constitute a quorum.
- 12 3. None of the following shall by itself cause a director
- 13 to be considered not independent for purposes of this section:
- 14 a. The nomination or election of the director by persons
- 15 who are defendants in the derivative proceeding or against
- 16 whom action is demanded.
- 17 b. The naming of the director as a defendant in the
- 18 derivative proceeding or as a person against whom action is
- 19 demanded.
- 20 c. The approval by the director of the act being
- 21 challenged in the derivative proceeding or demand if the act
- 22 resulted in no personal benefit to the director.
- 23 4. If a derivative proceeding is commenced after a
- 24 determination has been made rejecting a demand by a member or
- 25 director, the complaint shall allege with particularity facts
- 26 establishing one of the following:
- 27 a. That a majority of the board of directors did not
- 28 consist of independent directors at the time the determination
- 29 was made.
- 30 b. That the requirements of subsection 1 have not been
- 31 met.
- 32 All discovery and other proceedings shall be stayed during
- 33 the pendency of any motion to dismiss unless the court finds
- 34 upon the motion of any party that particularized discovery is
- 35 necessary to preserve evidence or prevent undue prejudice to

- 1 that party.
- 2 5. If a majority of the board of directors does not
- 3 consist of independent directors at the time the determination
- 4 is made, the corporation shall have the burden of proving that
- 5 the requirements of subsection 1 have been met. If a majority
- 6 of the board of directors consists of independent directors at
- 7 the time the determination is made, the plaintiff shall have
- 8 the burden of proving that the requirements of subsection 1
- 9 have not been met.
- 10 6. The court may appoint a panel of one or more
- 11 independent persons upon motion by the corporation to make a
- 12 determination whether the maintenance of the derivative
- 13 proceeding is in the best interests of the corporation. In
- 14 such case, the plaintiff shall have the burden of proving that
- 15 the requirements of subsection 1 have not been met.
- 16 Sec. 53. NEW SECTION. 504A.636 DISCONTINUANCE OR
- 17 SETTLEMENT.
- 18 A derivative proceeding shall not be discontinued or
- 19 settled without the court's approval. If the court determines
- 20 that a proposed discontinuance or settlement will
- 21 substantially affect the interests of a corporation's member
- 22 or class of members or director, the court shall direct that
- 23 notice be given to the members or director affected.
- 24 Sec. 54. NEW SECTION. 504A.637 PAYMENT OF EXPENSES.
- On termination of a derivative proceeding, the court may do
- 26 either of the following:
- 27 1. Order the corporation to pay the plaintiff's reasonable
- 28 expenses, including attorney fees incurred in the proceeding,
- 29 if it finds that the proceeding has resulted in a substantial
- 30 benefit to the corporation.
- 31 2. Order the plaintiff to pay any defendant's reasonable
- 32 expenses, including attorney fees incurred in defending the
- 33 proceeding, if it finds that the proceeding was commenced or
- 34 maintained without reasonable cause or for an improper
- 35 purpose.

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- 1 Sec. 55. NEW SECTION. 504A.638 APPLICABILITY TO FOREIGN
- 2 CORPORATIONS.
- 3 In any derivative proceeding in the right of a foreign
- 4 corporation, the matters covered by this part shall be
- 5 governed by the laws of the jurisdiction of incorporation of
- 6 the foreign corporation except that sections 504A.634,
- 7 504A.636, and 504A.637 shall apply.
- 8 PART 5
- 9 DELEGATES
- 10 Sec. 56. NEW SECTION. 504A.641 DELEGATES.
- 11 1. A corporation may provide in its articles or bylaws for
- 12 delegates having some or all of the authority of members.
- 2. The articles or bylaws may set forth provisions
- 14 relating to all of the following:
- 15 a. The characteristics, qualifications, rights,
- 16 limitations, and obligations of delegates including their
- 17 selection and removal.
- 18 b. Calling, noticing, holding, and conducting meetings of
- 19 delegates.
- 20 c. Carrying on corporate activities during and between
- 21 meetings of delegates.
- 22 SUBCHAPTER VII
- 23 MEMBERS' MEETINGS AND VOTING
- 24 PART 1
- 25 MEETINGS AND ACTION WITHOUT MEETINGS
- 26 Sec. 57. NEW SECTION. 504A.701 ANNUAL AND REGULAR
- 27 MEETINGS.
- 28 1. A corporation with members shall hold a membership
- 29 meeting annually at a time stated in or fixed in accordance
- 30 with the bylaws.
- 31 2. A corporation with members may hold regular membership
- 32 meetings at the times stated in or fixed in accordance with
- 33 the bylaws.
- 34 3. Annual or regular membership meetings may be held in or
- 35 out of this state at the place stated in or fixed in

l accordance with the bylaws. If a place is not stated in or

- 2 fixed in accordance with the bylaws, annual and regular
- 3 meetings shall be held at the corporation's principal office.
- 4 4. At the annual meeting all of the following shall occur:
- 5 a. The president and chief financial officer shall report
- 6 on the activities and financial condition of the corporation.
- 7 b. The members shall consider and act upon such other
- 8 matters as may be raised consistent with the notice
- 9 requirements of sections 504A.705 and 504A.713, subsection 4.
- 10 5. At regular meetings, the members shall consider and act
- ll upon such matters as may be raised consistent with the notice
- 12 requirements of sections 504A.705 and 504A.713, subsection 4.
- 13 6. The failure to hold an annual or regular meeting at a
- 14 time stated in or fixed in accordance with a corporation's
- 15 bylaws does not affect the validity of any corporate action.
- 16 Sec. 58. NEW SECTION. 504A.702 SPECIAL MEETING.
- 1. A corporation with members shall hold a special meeting
- 18 of members when either of the following occurs:
- 19 a. At the call of its board or the person or persons
- 20 authorized to do so by the corporation's articles or bylaws.
- 21 b. Except as provided in the articles or bylaws of a
- 22 religious corporation, if the holders of at least five percent
- 23 of the voting power of any corporation sign, date, and deliver
- 24 to any corporate officer one or more written demands for the
- 25 meeting describing the purpose for which it is to be held.
- 26 Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, a
- 27 written demand for a special meeting may be revoked by a
- 28 writing to that effect received by the corporation prior to
- 29 the receipt by the corporation of demands sufficient in number
- 30 to require the holding of a special meeting.
- 31 2. The close of business on the thirtieth day before
- 32 delivery of the demand for a special meeting to any corporate
- 33 officer is the record date for the purpose of determining
- 34 whether the five percent requirement of subsection 1,
- 35 paragraph "b", has been met.

- 3. If a notice for a special meeting demanded under
- 2 subsection 1, paragraph "b", is not given pursuant to section
- 3 504A.705 within thirty days after the date the written demand
- 4 or demands are delivered to a corporate officer, regardless of
- 5 the requirements of subsection 4, a person signing the demand
- 6 may set the time and place of the meeting and give notice
- 7 pursuant to section 504A.705.
- 8 4. Special meetings of members may be held in or out of
- 9 this state at a place stated in or fixed in accordance with
- 10 the bylaws. If a place is not stated or fixed in accordance
- 11 with the bylaws, special meetings shall be held at the
- 12 corporation's principal office.
- 13 5. Only those matters that are within the purpose
- 14 described in the meeting notice required by section 504A.705
- 15 may be considered at a special meeting of members.
- 16 Sec. 59. NEW SECTION. 504A.703 COURT-ORDERED MEETING.
- 17 1. The district court of the county where a corporation's
- 18 principal office is located or, if none is located in this
- 19 state, where its registered office is located, may summarily
- 20 order a meeting to be held when any of the following occurs:
- 21 a. On application of any member or other person entitled
- 22 to participate in an annual or regular meeting of the
- 23 corporation, and in the case of a public benefit corporation,
- 24 the attorney general, if an annual meeting was not held within
- 25 the earlier of six months after the end of the corporation's
- 26 fiscal year or fifteen months after its last annual meeting.
- 27 b. On application of any member or other person entitled
- 28 to participate in a regular meeting of the corporation, and in
- 29 the case of a public benefit corporation, the attorney
- 30 general, if a regular meeting was not held within forty days
- 31 after the date it was required to be held.
- 32 c. On application of a member who signed a demand for a
- 33 special meeting valid under section 504A.702, a person
- 34 entitled to call a special meeting, and in the case of a
- 35 public benefit corporation, the attorney general, if any of

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- 1 the following applies:
- 2 (1) The notice of the special meeting was not given within
- 3 thirty days after the date the demand was delivered to a
- 4 corporate officer.
- 5 (2) The special meeting was not held in accordance with
- 6 the notice.
- The court may fix the time and place of the meeting,
- 8 specify a record date for determining members entitled to
- 9 notice of and to vote at the meeting, prescribe the form and
- 10 content of the meeting notice, fix the quorum required for
- 11 specific matters to be considered at the meeting or direct
- 12 that the votes represented at the meeting constitute a quorum
- 13 for action on those matters, and enter other orders necessary
- 14 to accomplish the purpose of the meeting.
- 15 3. If the court orders a meeting, it may also order the
- 16 corporation to pay the member's costs, including reasonable
- 17 attorney fees, incurred to obtain the order.
- 18 Sec. 60. NEW SECTION. 504A.704 ACTION BY WRITTEN
- 19 CONSENT.
- 20 l. Unless limited or prohibited by the articles or bylaws
- 21 of the corporation, action required or permitted by this
- 22 subchapter to be approved by the members of a corporation may
- 23 be approved without a meeting of members if the action is
- 24 approved by members holding at least eighty percent of the
- 25 voting power. The action must be evidenced by one or more
- 26 written consents describing the action taken, signed by those
- 27 members representing at least eighty percent of the voting
- 28 power, and delivered to the corporation for inclusion in the
- 29 minutes or filing with the corporate records. A written
- 30 consent may be revoked by a writing to that effect received by
- 31 the corporation prior to the receipt by the corporation of
- 32 unrevoked written consents sufficient in number to take
- 33 corporation action.
- 34 2. If not otherwise determined under section 504A.703 or
- 35 504A.707, the record date for determining members entitled to

1 take action without a meeting is the date the first member

- 2 signs the consent under subsection 1.
- 3 3. A consent signed under this section has the effect of a
- 4 meeting vote and may be described as such in any document
- 5 filed with the secretary of state.
- 6 4. Written notice of member approval pursuant to this
- 7 section shall be given to all members who have not signed the
- 8 written consent. If written notice is required, member
- 9 approval pursuant to this section shall be effective ten days
- 10 after such written notice is given.
- 11 Sec. 61. NEW SECTION. 504A.705 NOTICE OF MEETING.
- 12 1. A corporation shall give notice consistent with its
- 13 bylaws of meetings of members in a fair and reasonable manner.
- 2. Any notice which conforms to the requirements of
- 15 subsection 3 is fair and reasonable, but other means of giving
- 16 notice may also be fair and reasonable when all the
- 17 circumstances are considered. However, notice of matters
- 18 referred to in subsection 3, paragraph "b", must be given as
- 19 provided in subsection 3.
- 20 3. Notice is fair and reasonable if all of the following
- 21 occur:
- 22 a. The corporation notifies its members of the place,
- 23 date, and time of each annual, regular, and special meeting of
- 24 members not more than sixty days and not less than ten days,
- 25 or if notice is mailed by other than first class or registered
- 26 mail, not less than thirty days, before the date of the
- 27 meeting.
- 28 b. The notice of an annual or regular meeting includes a
- 29 description of any matter or matters which must be considered
- 30 for approval by the members under sections 504A.833, 504A.857,
- 31 504A.1003, 504A.1022, 504A.1104, 504A.1202, 504A.1401, and
- 32 504A.1402.
- 33 c. The notice of a special meeting includes a description
- 34 of the purpose for which the meeting is called.
- 35 4. Unless the bylaws require otherwise, if an annual,

- 1 regular, or special meeting of members is adjourned to a
- 2 different date, time, or place, notice need not be given of
- 3 the new date, time, or place, if the new date, time, or place
- 4 is announced at the meeting before adjournment. If a new
- 5 record date for the adjourned meeting is or must be fixed
- 6 under section 504A.707, however, notice of the adjourned
- 7 meeting must be given under this section to the members of
- 8 record as of the new record date.
- 9 5. When giving notice of an annual, regular, or special
- 10 meeting of members, a corporation shall give notice of a
- 11 matter a member intends to raise at the meeting if requested
- 12 in writing to do so by a person entitled to call a special
- 13 meeting and if the request is received by the secretary or
- 14 president of the corporation at least ten days before the
- 15 corporation gives notice of the meeting.
- 16 Sec. 62. NEW SECTION. 504A.706 WAIVER OF NOTICE.
- 17 l. A member may waive any notice required by this
- 18 subchapter, the articles, or bylaws before or after the date
- 19 and time stated in the notice. The waiver must be in writing,
- 20 be signed by the member entitled to the notice, and be
- 21 delivered to the corporation for inclusion in the minutes or
- 22 filing with the corporate records.
- 23 2. A member's attendance at a meeting does all of the
- 24 following:
- 25 a. Waives objection to lack of notice or defective notice
- 26 of the meeting, unless the member at the beginning of the
- 27 meeting objects to holding the meeting or transacting business
- 28 at the meeting.
- 29 b. Waives objection to consideration of a particular
- 30 matter at the meeting that is not within the purpose described
- 31 in the meeting notice, unless the member objects to
- 32 considering the matter when it is presented.
- 33 Sec. 63. NEW SECTION. 504A.707 RECORD DATE --
- 34 DETERMINING MEMBERS ENTITLED TO NOTICE AND VOTE.
- 35 1. The bylaws of a corporation may fix or provide the

1 manner of fixing a date as the record date for determining the

- 2 members entitled to notice of a members' meeting. If the
- 3 bylaws do not fix or provide for fixing such a record date,
- 4 the board may fix a future date as such a record date. If a
- 5 record date is not fixed, members at the close of business on
- 6 the business day preceding the day on which notice is given,
- 7 or if notice is waived, at the close of business on the
- 8 business day preceding the day on which the meeting is held
- 9 are entitled to notice of the meeting.
- 10 2. The bylaws of a corporation may fix or provide the
- 11 manner of fixing a date as the record date for determining the
- 12 members entitled to vote at a members' meeting. If the bylaws
- 13 do not fix or provide for fixing such a record date, the board
- 14 may fix a future date as such a record date. If a record date
- 15 is not fixed, members on the date of the meeting who are
- 16 otherwise eligible to vote are entitled to vote at the
- 17 meeting.
- 18 3. The bylaws may fix or provide the manner for
- 19 determining a date as the record date for the purpose of
- 20 determining the members entitled to exercise any rights in
- 21 respect of any other lawful action. If the bylaws do not fix
- 22 or provide for fixing such a record date, the board may fix in
- 23 advance such a record date. If a record date is not fixed,
- 24 members at the close of business on the day on which the board
- 25 adopts the resolution relating thereto, or the sixtieth day
- 26 prior to the date of such other action, whichever is later,
- 27 are entitled to exercise such rights.
- 28 4. A record date fixed under this section shall not be
- 29 more than seventy days before the meeting or action requiring
- 30 a determination of members occurs.
- 31 5. A determination of members entitled to notice of or to
- 32 vote at a membership meeting is effective for any adjournment
- 33 of the meeting unless the board fixes a new date for
- 34 determining the right to notice or the right to vote, which it
- 35 must do if the meeting is adjourned to a date more than

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- 1 seventy days after the record date for determining members
- 2 entitled to notice of the original meeting.
- 3 6. If a court orders a meeting adjourned to a date more
- 4 than one hundred twenty days after the date fixed for the
- 5 original meeting, it may provide that the original record date
- 6 for notice or voting continues in effect or it may fix a new
- 7 record date for notice or voting.
- 8 Sec. 64. NEW SECTION. 504A.708 ACTION BY WRITTEN BALLOT.
- 9 1. Unless prohibited or limited by the articles or bylaws,
- 10 any action which may be taken at any annual, regular, or
- 11 special meeting of members may be taken without a meeting if
- 12 the corporation delivers a written ballot to every member
- 13 entitled to vote on the matter.
- 14 2. A written ballot shall do both of the following:
- 15 a. Set forth each proposed action.
- 16 b. Provide an opportunity to vote for or against each
- 17 proposed action.
- 18 3. Approval by written ballot pursuant to this section
- 19 shall be valid only when the number of votes cast by ballot
- 20 equals or exceeds the quorum required to be present at a
- 21 meeting authorizing the action, and the number of approvals
- 22 equals or exceeds the number of votes that would be required
- 23 to approve the matter at a meeting at which the total number
- 24 of votes cast was the same as the number of votes cast by
- 25 ballot.
- 26 4. All solicitations for votes by written ballot shall do
- 27 all of the following:
- 28 a. Indicate the number of responses needed to meet the
- 29 quorum requirements.
- 30 b. State the percentage of approvals necessary to approve
- 31 each matter other than election of directors.
- 32 c. Specify the time by which a ballot must be received by
- 33 the corporation in order to be counted.
- 34 5. Except as otherwise provided in the articles or bylaws,
- 35 a written ballot shall not be revoked.

1 PART 2

2 VOTING

- 3 Sec. 65. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.711 MEMBERS' LIST FOR 4 MEETING.
- 5 l. After fixing a record date for a notice of a meeting, a
- 6 corporation shall prepare an alphabetical list of the names of
- 7 all its members who are entitled to notice of the meeting.
- 8 The list must show the address of each member and number of
- 9 votes each member is entitled to cast at the meeting. The
- 10 corporation shall prepare on a current basis through the time
- 11 of the membership meeting a list of members, if any, who are
- 12 entitled to vote at the meeting, but not entitled to notice of
- 13 the meeting. This list shall be prepared on the same basis as
- 14 and be part of the list of members.
- 15 2. The list of members must be available for inspection by
- 16 any member for the purpose of communication with other members
- 17 concerning the meeting, beginning two business days after
- 18 notice is given of the meeting for which the list was prepared
- 19 and continuing through the meeting, at the corporation's
- 20 principal office or at a reasonable place identified in the
- 21 meeting notice in the city where the meeting will be held. A
- 22 member, a member's agent, or a member's attorney is entitled
- 23 on written demand to inspect and, subject to the limitations
- 24 of section 504A.1602, subsection 3, and section 504A.1605, to
- 25 copy the list, at a reasonable time and at the member's
- 26 expense, during the period it is available for inspection.
- 27 3. A corporation shall make the list of members available
- 28 at the meeting, and any member, a member's agent, or a
- 29 member's attorney is entitled to inspect the list at any time
- 30 during the meeting or any adjournment.
- 31 4. If a corporation refuses to allow a member, a member's
- 32 agent, or a member's attorney to inspect the list of members
- 33 before or at the meeting or copy the list as permitted by
- 34 subsection 2, the district court of the county where a
- 35 corporation's principal office is located or, if none is

- 1 located in this state, where its registered office is located,
- 2 on application of the member, may summarily order the
- 3 inspection or copying of the membership list at the
- 4 corporation's expense, may postpone the meeting for which the
- 5 list was prepared until the inspection or copying is complete,
- 6 and may order the corporation to pay the member's costs,
- 7 including reasonable attorney fees incurred to obtain the
- 8 order.
- 9 5. Unless a written demand to inspect and copy a
- 10 membership list has been made under subsection 2 prior to the
- 11 membership meeting and a corporation improperly refuses to
- 12 comply with the demand, refusal or failure to comply with this
- 13 section does not affect the validity of action taken at the
- 14 meeting.
- 15 6. The articles or bylaws of a religious corporation may
- 16 limit or abolish the rights of a member under this section to
- 17 inspect and copy any corporate record.
- 18 Sec. 66. NEW SECTION. 504A.712 VOTING ENTITLEMENT
- 19 GENERALLY.
- 20 l. The right of the members of a corporation, or any class
- 21 or classes of members, to vote may be limited, enlarged, or
- 22 denied to the extent specified in the articles of
- 23 incorporation or, if the articles of incorporation so provide,
- 24 by the bylaws. Unless so limited, enlarged, or denied, each
- 25 member, regardless of class, shall be entitled to one vote on
- 26 each matter submitted to a vote of members.
- 27 2. Unless the articles or bylaws provide otherwise, if a
- 28 membership stands of record in the names of two or more
- 29 persons, the persons' acts with respect to voting shall have
- 30 the following effect:
- 31 a. If only one votes, such act binds all.
- 32 b. If more than one votes, the vote shall be divided on a
- 33 pro rata basis.
- 34 Sec. 67. NEW SECTION. 504A.713 QUORUM REQUIREMENTS.
- 35 l. Unless this subchapter, or the articles or bylaws of a

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- 1 corporation provide for a higher or lower quorum, ten percent
- 2 of the votes entitled to be cast on a matter must be
- 3 represented at a meeting of members to constitute a quorum on
- 4 that matter.
- 5 2. A bylaw amendment to decrease the quorum for any member
- 6 action may be approved by the members or, unless prohibited by
- 7 the bylaws, by the board.
- 8 3. A bylaw amendment to increase the quorum required for
- 9 any member action must be approved by the members.
- 10 4. Unless one-third or more of the voting power is present
- 11 in person or by proxy, the only matters that may be voted upon
- 12 at an annual or regular meeting of members are those matters
- 13 that are described in the meeting notice.
- 14 Sec. 68. NEW SECTION. 504A.714 VOTING REQUIREMENTS.
- 15 l. Unless this subchapter, or the articles or bylaws of a
- 16 corporation require a greater vote or voting by class, if a
- 17 quorum is present, the affirmative vote of the votes
- 18 represented and voting, which affirmative votes also
- 19 constitute a majority of the required quorum, is the act of
- 20 the members.
- 21 2. A bylaw amendment to increase or decrease the vote
- 22 required for any member action must be approved by the
- 23 members.
- 24 Sec. 69. NEW SECTION. 504A.715 PROXIES.
- 25 1. Unless the articles or bylaws of a corporation prohibit
- 26 or limit proxy voting, a member or the member's agent or
- 27 attorney in fact may appoint a proxy to vote or otherwise act
- 28 for the member by signing an appointment form or by an
- 29 electronic transmission. An electronic transmission must
- 30 contain or be accompanied by information from which it can be
- 31 determined that the member, the member's agent, or the
- 32 member's attorney in fact authorized the electronic
- 33 transmission.
- 34 2. An appointment of a proxy is effective when a signed
- 35 appointment form or an electronic transmission of an

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- 1 appointment form is received by the secretary or other officer
- 2 or agent authorized to tabulate votes. An appointment is
- 3 valid for eleven months unless a different period is expressly
- 4 provided for in the appointment. However, a proxy shall not
- 5 be valid for more than three years from its date of execution.
- 6 3. An appointment of a proxy is revocable by the member.
- 7 4. The death or incapacity of the member appointing a
- 8 proxy does not affect the right of the corporation to accept
- 9 the proxy's authority unless notice of the death or incapacity
- 10 is received by the secretary or other officer or agent
- 11 authorized to tabulate votes before the proxy exercises
- 12 authority under the appointment.
- 13 5. Appointment of a proxy is revoked by the person
- 14 appointing the proxy if either of the following occurs:
- 15 a. The person appointing the proxy attends any meeting and
- 16 votes in person.
- 17 b. The person appointing the proxy signs and delivers or
- 18 sends through electronic transmission to the secretary or
- 19 other officer or agent authorized to tabulate proxy votes
- 20 either a writing or electronic transmission stating that the
- 21 appointment of the proxy is revoked or a subsequent
- 22 appointment.
- 23 6. Subject to section 504A.718 and any express limitation
- 24 on the proxy's authority appearing on the face of the
- 25 appointment form, a corporation is entitled to accept the
- 26 proxy's vote or other action as that of the member making the
- 27 appointment.
- 28 Sec. 70. NEW SECTION. 504A.716 CUMULATIVE VOTING FOR
- 29 DIRECTORS.
- 30 1. If the articles or bylaws of a corporation provide for
- 31 cumulative voting by members, members may so vote, by
- 32 multiplying the number of votes the members are entitled to
- 33 cast by the number of directors for whom they are entitled to
- 34 vote, and casting the product for a single candidate or
- 35 distributing the product among two or more candidates.

- A director elected by cumulative voting may be removed
- 2 by the members without cause if the requirements of section
- 3 504A.808 are met unless the votes cast against removal, or not
- 4 consenting in writing to such removal, would be sufficient to
- 5 elect such director if voted cumulatively at an election at
- 6 which the same total number of votes were cast or, if such
- 7 action is taken by written ballot, all memberships entitled to
- 8 vote were voted, and the entire number of directors authorized
- 9 at the time of the director's most recent election were then
- 10 being elected.
- 3. Members shall not cumulatively vote if the directors
- 12 and members are identical.
- 13 Sec. 71. NEW SECTION. 504A.717 OTHER METHODS OF ELECTING
- 14 DIRECTORS.
- 15 A corporation may provide in its articles or bylaws for
- 16 election of directors by members or delegates on the basis of
- 17 chapter or other organizational unit, by region or other
- 18 geographic unit, by preferential voting, or by any other
- 19 reasonable method.
- 20 Sec. 72. NEW SECTION. 504A.718 CORPORATION'S ACCEPTANCE
- 21 OF VOTES.
- 22 l. If the name signed on a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy
- 23 appointment corresponds to the name of a member, the
- 24 corporation if acting in good faith is entitled to accept the
- 25 vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment and give it effect
- 26 as the act of the member.
- 27 2. If the name signed on a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy
- 28 appointment does not correspond to the record name of a
- 29 member, the corporation if acting in good faith is
- 30 nevertheless entitled to accept the vote, consent, waiver, or
- 31 proxy appointment and give it effect as the act of the member
- 32 if any of the following is applicable:
- 33 a. The member is an entity and the name signed purports to
- 34 be that of an officer or agent of the entity.
- 35 b. The name signed purports to be that of an attorney in

- 1 fact of the member and if the corporation requests, evidence
- 2 acceptable to the corporation of the signatory's authority to
- 3 sign for the member has been presented with respect to the
- 4 vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment.
- 5 c. Two or more persons hold the membership as cotenants or
- 6 fiduciaries and the name signed purports to be the name of at
- 7 least one of the coholders and the person signing appears to
- 8 be acting on behalf of all the coholders.
- 9 d. In the case of a mutual benefit corporation:
- 10 (1) The name signed purports to be that of an
- 11 administrator, executor, guardian, or conservator representing
- 12 the member and, if the corporation requests, evidence of
- 13 fiduciary status acceptable to the corporation has been
- 14 presented with respect to the vote, consent, waiver, or proxy
- 15 appointment.
- 16 (2) The name signed purports to be that of a receiver or
- 17 trustee in bankruptcy of the member, and, if the corporation
- 18 requests, evidence of this status acceptable to the
- 19 corporation has been presented with respect to the vote,
- 20 consent, waiver, or proxy appointment.
- 21 3. The corporation is entitled to reject a vote, consent,
- 22 waiver, or proxy appointment if the secretary or other officer
- 23 or agent authorized to tabulate votes, acting in good faith,
- 24 has reasonable basis for doubt about the validity of the
- 25 signature on it or about the signatory's authority to sign for
- 26 the member.
- 27 4. The corporation and its officer or agent who accepts or
- 28 rejects a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment in good
- 29 faith and in accordance with the standards of this section are
- 30 not liable in damages to the member for the consequences of
- 31 the acceptance or rejection.
- 32 5. Corporate action based on the acceptance or rejection
- 33 of a vote, consent, waiver, or proxy appointment under this
- 34 section is valid unless a court of competent jurisdiction
- 35 determines otherwise.

PART 3

2 VOTING AGREEMENTS

- 3 Sec. 73. NEW SECTION. 504A.721 VOTING AGREEMENTS.
- 4 1. Two or more members of a corporation may provide for
- 5 the manner in which they will vote by signing an agreement for
- 6 that purpose. For public benefit corporations, such
- 7 agreements must have a reasonable purpose not inconsistent
- 8 with the corporation's public or charitable purposes.
- 9 2. A voting agreement created under this section is
- 10 specifically enforceable.
- 11 SUBCHAPTER VIII
- 12 DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS
- 13 PART 1
- 14 BOARD OF DIRECTORS
- 15 Sec. 74. NEW SECTION. 504A.801 REQUIREMENT FOR AND
- 16 DUTIES OF BOARD.
- 17 l. Each corporation must have a board of directors.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in this subchapter or
- 19 subsection 3, all corporate powers shall be exercised by or
- 20 under the authority of, and the affairs of the corporation
- 21 managed under the direction of, its board.
- 22 3. The articles of incorporation may authorize a person or
- 23 persons to exercise some or all of the powers which would
- 24 otherwise be exercised by a board. To the extent so
- 25 authorized, any such person or persons shall have the duties
- 26 and responsibilities of the directors, and the directors shall
- 27 be relieved to that extent from such duties and
- 28 responsibilities.
- 29 Sec. 75. NEW SECTION. 504A.802 QUALIFICATIONS OF
- 30 DIRECTORS.
- 31 All directors of a corporation must be individuals. The
- 32 articles or bylaws may prescribe other qualifications for
- 33 directors.
- 34 Sec. 76. NEW SECTION. 504A.803 NUMBER OF DIRECTORS.
- 35 1. The board of directors of a corporation must consist of

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- 1 one or more individuals, with the number specified in or fixed
- 2 in accordance with the articles or bylaws.
- 3 2. The number of directors may be increased or decreased
- 4 from time to time by amendment to or in the manner prescribed
- 5 in the articles or bylaws.
- 6 Sec. 77. NEW SECTION. 504A.804 ELECTION, DESIGNATION,
- 7 AND APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS.
- If the corporation has members, all the directors,
- 9 except the initial directors, shall be elected at the first
- 10 annual meeting of members, and at each annual meeting
- 11 thereafter, unless the articles or bylaws provide some other
- 12 time or method of election, or provide that some of the
- 13 directors are appointed by some other person or designated.
- 14 2. If a corporation does not have members, all the
- 15 directors, except the initial directors, shall be elected,
- 16 appointed, or designated as provided in the articles or
- 17 bylaws. If no method of designation or appointment is set
- 18 forth in the articles or bylaws, the directors other than the
- 19 initial directors shall be elected by the board.
- 20 Sec. 78. NEW SECTION. 504A.805 TERMS OF DIRECTORS
- 21 GENERALLY.
- 22 1. The articles or bylaws of a corporation must specify
- 23 the terms of directors. Except for designated or appointed
- 24 directors, and except as otherwise provided in the articles or
- 25 bylaws, the terms of directors shall not exceed five years.
- 26 In the absence of any term specified in the articles or
- 27 bylaws, the term of each director shall be one year.
- 28 Directors may be elected for successive terms.
- 29 2. A decrease in the number or term of directors does not
- 30 shorten an incumbent director's term.
- 31 3. Except as provided in the articles or bylaws, both of
- 32 the following apply:
- 33 a. The term of a director filling a vacancy in the office
- 34 of a director elected by members expires at the next election
- 35 of directors by members.

- b. The term of a director filling any other vacancy
- 2 expires at the end of the unexpired term which such director
- 3 is filling.
- 4. Despite the expiration of a director's term, the
- 5 director continues to serve until the director's successor is
- 6 elected, designated, or appointed, and qualifies, or until
- 7 there is a decrease in the number of directors.
- 8 Sec. 79. NEW SECTION. 504A.806 STAGGERED TERMS FOR
- 9 DIRECTORS.
- The articles or bylaws of a corporation may provide for
- 11 staggering the terms of directors by dividing the total number
- 12 of directors into groups. The terms of the several groups
- 13 need not be uniform.
- 14 Sec. 80. NEW SECTION. 504A.807 RESIGNATION OF DIRECTORS.
- 1. A director of a corporation may resign at any time by
- 16 delivering written notice to the board of directors, its
- 17 presiding officer, or the president or secretary.
- 18 2. A resignation is effective when the notice is effective
- 19 unless the notice specifies a later effective date. If a
- 20 resignation is made effective at a later date, the board may
- 21 fill the pending vacancy before the effective date if the
- 22 board provides that the successor does not take office until
- 23 the effective date.
- 24 Sec. 81. NEW SECTION. 504A.808 REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS
- 25 ELECTED BY MEMBERS OR DIRECTORS.
- 26 l. The members of a corporation may remove one or more
- 27 directors elected by the members without cause.
- 28 2. If a director is elected by a class, chapter, or other
- 29 organizational unit or by region or other geographic grouping,
- 30 the director may be removed only by the members of that class,
- 31 chapter, unit, or grouping.
- 32 3. Except as provided in subsection 9, a director may be
- 33 removed under subsection 1 or 2 only if the number of votes
- 34 cast to remove the director would be sufficient to elect the
- 35 director at a meeting to elect directors.

- 1 4. If cumulative voting is authorized, a director shall
- 2 not be removed if the number of votes, or if the director was
- 3 elected by a class, chapter, unit, or grouping of members, the
- 4 number of votes of that class, chapter, unit, or grouping,
- 5 sufficient to elect the director under cumulative voting, is
- 6 voted against the director's removal.
- 7 5. A director elected by members may be removed by the
- 8 members only at a meeting called for the purpose of removing
- 9 the director and the meeting notice must state that the
- 10 purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is the removal
- ll of the director.
- 12 6. For the purpose of computing whether a director is
- 13 protected from removal under subsections 2 through 4, it
- 14 should be assumed that the votes against removal are cast in
- 15 an election for the number of directors of the group to which
- 16 the director to be removed belonged on the date of that
- 17 director's election.
- 18 7. An entire board of directors may be removed under
- 19 subsections 1 through 5.
- 20 8. A director elected by the board may be removed without
- 21 cause by the vote of two-thirds of the directors then in
- 22 office or such greater number as is set forth in the articles
- 23 or bylaws. However, a director elected by the board to fill
- 24 the vacancy of a director elected by the members may be
- 25 removed without cause by the members, but not by the board.
- 9. If at the beginning of a director's term on the board
- 27 the articles or bylaws provide that a director may be removed
- 28 for missing a specified number of board meetings, the board
- 29 may remove the director for failing to attend the specified
- 30 number of meetings. The director may be removed only if a
- 31 majority of the directors then in office votes for the
- 32 removal.
- 33 10. The articles or bylaws of a religious corporation may
- 34 do both of the following:
- 35 a. Limit the application of this section.

- b. Set forth the vote and procedures by which the board or
- 2 any person may remove with or without cause a director elected
- 3 by the members or the board.
- 4 Sec. 82. NEW SECTION. 504A.809 REMOVAL OF DESIGNATED OR
- 5 APPOINTED DIRECTORS.
- 6 l. A designated director of a corporation may be removed
- 7 by an amendment to the articles or bylaws deleting or changing
- 8 the designation.
- 9 2. a. Except as otherwise provided in the articles or
- 10 bylaws, an appointed director may be removed without cause by
- 11 the person appointing the director.
- 12 b. The person removing the appointed director shall do so
- 13 by giving written notice of the removal to the director and
- 14 either the presiding officer of the board or the corporation's
- 15 president or secretary.
- 16 c. A removal of an appointed director is effective when
- 17 the notice is effective unless the notice specifies a future
- 18 effective date.
- 19 Sec. 83. NEW SECTION. 504A.810 REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS BY
- 20 JUDICIAL PROCEEDING.
- 21 1. The district court of the county where a corporation's
- 22 principal office is located may remove any director of the
- 23 corporation from office in a proceeding commenced either by
- 24 the corporation, its members holding at least twenty percent
- 25 of the voting power of any class, or the attorney general in
- 26 the case of a public benefit corporation if the court finds
- 27 both of the following:
- 28 a. The director engaged in fraudulent or dishonest conduct
- 29 with respect to the corporation, or a final judgment has been
- 30 entered finding that the director has violated a duty set
- 31 forth in sections 504A.831 through 504A.835.
- 32 b. Removal is in the best interest of the corporation.
- 33 2. The court that removes a director may bar the director
- 34 from serving on the board for a period prescribed by the
- 35 court.

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- 1 3. If members or the attorney general commence a
- 2 proceeding under subsection 1, the corporation shall be made a
- 3 party defendant.
- 4 4. If a public benefit corporation or its members commence
- 5 a proceeding under subsection 1, they shall give the attorney
- 6 general written notice of the proceeding.
- 7 5. The articles or bylaws of a religious corporation may
- 8 limit or prohibit the application of this section.
- 9 Sec. 84. NEW SECTION. 504A.811 VACANCY ON BOARD.
- 10 l. Unless the articles or bylaws of a corporation provide
- 11 otherwise, and except as provided in subsections 2 and 3, if a
- 12 vacancy occurs on the board of directors, including a vacancy
- 13 resulting from an increase in the number of directors, any of
- 14 the following may occur:
- 15 a. The members, if any, may fill the vacancy. If the
- 16 vacant office was held by a director elected by a class,
- 17 chapter, or other organizational unit or by region or other
- 18 geographic grouping, only members of the class, chapter, unit,
- 19 or grouping are entitled to vote to fill the vacancy if it is
- 20 filled by the members.
- 21 b. The board of directors may fill the vacancy.
- 22 c. If the directors remaining in office constitute fewer
- 23 than a quorum of the board, they may fill the vacancy by the
- 24 affirmative vote of a majority of all the directors remaining
- 25 in office.
- 26 2. Unless the articles or bylaws provide otherwise, if a
- 27 vacant office was held by an appointed director, only the
- 28 person who appointed the director may fill the vacancy.
- 29
 3. If a vacant office was held by a designated director,
- 30 the vacancy shall be filled as provided in the articles or
- 31 bylaws. In the absence of an applicable article or bylaw
- 32 provision, the vacancy shall be filled by the board.
- 33 4. A vacancy that will occur at a specific later date by
- 34 reason of a resignation effective at a later date under
- 35 section 504A.807, subsection 2, or otherwise, may be filled

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- 1 before the vacancy occurs, but the new director shall not take
- 2 office until the vacancy occurs.
- 3 Sec. 85. NEW SECTION. 504A.812 COMPENSATION OF
- 4 DIRECTORS.
- 5 Unless the articles or bylaws of a corporation provide
- 6 otherwise, a board of directors may fix the compensation of
- 7 directors.
- 8 PART 2
- 9 MEETINGS AND ACTION OF THE BOARD
- 10 Sec. 86. NEW SECTION. 504A.821 REGULAR AND SPECIAL
- 11 MEETINGS.
- 12 1. If the time and place of a directors' meeting is fixed
- 13 by the bylaws or the board, the meeting is a regular meeting.
- 14 All other meetings are special meetings.
- 15 2. A board of directors may hold regular or special
- 16 meetings in or out of this state.
- 3. Unless the articles or bylaws provide otherwise, a
- 18 board may permit any or all directors to participate in a
- 19 regular or special meeting by, or conduct the meeting through
- 20 the use of, any means of communication by which all directors
- 21 participating may simultaneously hear each other during the
- 22 meeting. A director participating in a meeting by this means
- 23 is deemed to be present in person at the meeting.
- 24 Sec. 87. NEW SECTION. 504A.822 ACTION WITHOUT MEETING.
- 25 1. Except to the extent the articles or bylaws of a
- 26 corporation require that action by the board of directors be
- 27 taken at a meeting, action required or permitted by this
- 28 subchapter to be taken by the board of directors may be taken
- 29 without a meeting if each director signs a consent describing
- 30 the action to be taken, and delivers it to the corporation.
- 31 2. Action taken under this section is the act of the board
- 32 of directors when one or more consents signed by all the
- 33 directors are delivered to the corporation. The consent may
- 34 specify the time at which the action taken is to be effective.
- 35 A director's consent may be withdrawn by revocation signed by

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- 1 the director and delivered to the corporation prior to the
- 2 delivery to the corporation of unrevoked written consents
- 3 signed by all of the directors.
- 4 3. A consent signed under this section has the effect of
- 5 action taken at a meeting of the board of directors and may be
- 6 described as such in any document.
- 7 Sec. 88. NEW SECTION. 504A.823 CALL AND NOTICE OF
- 8 MEETINGS.
- 9 1. Unless the articles or bylaws of a corporation, or
- 10 subsection 3, provide otherwise, regular meetings of the board
- 11 may be held without notice.
- 2. Unless the articles, bylaws, or subsection 3 provide
- 13 otherwise, special meetings of the board must be preceded by
- 14 at least two days' notice to each director of the date, time,
- 15 and place, but not the purpose, of the meeting.
- 16 3. In corporations without members, any board action to
- 17 remove a director or to approve a matter which would require
- 18 approval by the members if the corporation had members shall
- 19 not be valid unless each director is given at least seven
- 20 days' written notice that the matter will be voted upon at a
- 21 directors' meeting or unless notice is waived pursuant to
- 22 section 504A.824.
- 23 4. Unless the articles or bylaws provide otherwise, the
- 24 presiding officer of the board, the president, or twenty
- 25 percent of the directors then in office may call and give
- 26 notice of a meeting of the board.
- 27 Sec. 89. NEW SECTION. 504A.824 WAIVER OF NOTICE.
- 28 1. A director may at any time waive any notice required by
- 29 this subchapter, the articles, or bylaws. Except as provided
- 30 in subsection 2, the waiver must be in writing, signed by the
- 31 director entitled to the notice, and filed with the minutes or
- 32 the corporate records.
- 33 2. A director's attendance at or participation in a
- 34 meeting waives any required notice of the meeting unless the
- 35 director, upon arriving at the meeting or prior to the vote on

1 a matter not noticed in conformity with this subchapter, the

- 2 articles, or bylaws, objects to lack of notice and does not
- 3 thereafter vote for or assent to the objected-to action.
- 4 Sec. 90. NEW SECTION. 504A.825 QUORUM AND VOTING.
- 5 l. Except as otherwise provided in this subchapter, or the
- 6 articles or bylaws of a corporation, a quorum of a board of
- 7 directors consists of a majority of the directors in office
- 8 immediately before a meeting begins. The articles or bylaws
- 9 shall not authorize a quorum of fewer than one-third of the
- 10 number of directors in office.
- 11 2. If a quorum is present when a vote is taken, the
- 12 affirmative vote of a majority of directors present is the act
- 13 of the board unless this subchapter, the articles, or bylaws
- 14 require the vote of a greater number of directors.
- 15 Sec. 91. NEW SECTION. 504A.826 COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD.
- 16 l. Unless prohibited or limited by the articles or bylaws
- 17 of a corporation, the board of directors may create one or
- 18 more committees of the board and appoint members of the board
- 19 to serve on them. Each committee shall have two or more
- 20 directors, who serve at the pleasure of the board.
- 21 2. The creation of a committee and appointment of members
- 22 to it must be approved by the greater of either of the
- 23 following:
- 24 a. A majority of all the directors in office when the
- 25 action is taken.
- 26 b. The number of directors required by the articles or
- 27 bylaws to take action under section 504A.825.
- 3. Sections 504A.821 through 504A.825, which govern
- 29 meetings, action without meetings, notice and waiver of
- 30 notice, and quorum and voting requirements of the board, apply
- 31 to committees of the board and their members as well.
- 32 4. To the extent specified by the board of directors or in
- 33 the articles or bylaws, each committee of the board may
- 34 exercise the board's authority under section 504A.801.
- 35 5. A committee of the board shall not, however, do any of

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- 1 the following:
- 2 a. Authorize distributions.
- 3 b. Approve or recommend to members dissolution, merger, or
- 4 the sale, pledge, or transfer of all or substantially all of
- 5 the corporation's assets.
- 6 c. Elect, appoint, or remove directors or fill vacancies
- 7 on the board or on any of its committees.
- 8 d. Adopt, amend, or repeal the articles or bylaws.
- 9 6. The creation of, delegation of authority to, or action
- 10 by a committee does not alone constitute compliance by a
- 11 director with the standards of conduct described in section
- 12 504A.831.
- 13 PART 3
- 14 STANDARDS OF CONDUCT
- 15 Sec. 92. NEW SECTION. 504A.831 GENERAL STANDARDS FOR
- 16 DIRECTORS.
- 17 l. Each member of the board of directors of a corporation,
- 18 when discharging the duties of a director, shall act in
- 19 conformity with all of the following:
- 20 a. In good faith.
- 21 b. In a manner the director reasonably believes to be in
- 22 the best interests of the corporation.
- 23 2. The members of the board of directors or a committee of
- 24 the board, when becoming informed in connection with their
- 25 decision-making functions, shall discharge their duties with
- 26 the care that a person in a like position would reasonably
- 27 believe appropriate under similar circumstances.
- 28 3. In discharging board or committee duties, a director
- 29 who does not have knowledge that makes reliance unwarranted is
- 30 entitled to rely on the performance by any of the persons
- 31 specified in subsection 5, paragraph "a", to whom the board
- 32 may have delegated, formally or informally by course of
- 33 conduct, the authority or duty to perform one or more of the
- 34 board's functions that are delegable under applicable law.
- 35 4. In discharging board or committee duties, a director is

- 1 entitled to rely on information, opinions, reports, or
- 2 statements, including financial statements and other financial
- 3 data, if prepared or presented by any of the persons specified
- 4 in subsection 5.
- 5. A director is entitled to rely, in accordance with
- 6 subsection 3 or 4, on any of the following:
- 7 a. One or more officers or employees of the corporation
- 8 whom the director reasonably believes to be reliable and
- 9 competent in the functions performed or the information,
- 10 opinions, reports, or statements provided by the officer or
- 11 employee.
- 12 b. Legal counsel, public accountants, or other persons as
- 13 to matters involving skills or expertise the director
- 14 reasonably believes are either of the following:
- 15 (1) Matters within the particular person's professional or
- 16 expert competence.
- 17 (2) Matters as to which the particular person merits
- 18 confidence.
- 19 c. A committee of the board of which the director is not a
- 20 member, as to matters within its jurisdiction, if the director
- 21 reasonably believes the committee merits confidence.
- 22 d. In the case of religious corporations, religious
- 23 authorities and ministers, priests, rabbis, or other persons
- 24 whose position or duties in the religious organization the
- 25 director believes justify reliance and confidence and whom the
- 26 director believes to be reliable and competent in the matters
- 27 presented.
- 28 6. A director shall not be deemed to be a trustee with
- 29 respect to the corporation or with respect to any property
- 30 held or administered by the corporation, including without
- 31 limit, property that may be subject to restrictions imposed by
- 32 the donor or transferor of such property.
- 33 Sec. 93. NEW SECTION. 504A.832 STANDARDS OF LIABILITY
- 34 FOR DIRECTORS.
- 35 1. A director shall not be liable to the corporation or

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- 1 its members for any decision to take or not to take action, or
- 2 any failure to take any action, as director, unless the party
- 3 asserting liability in a proceeding establishes both of the
- 4 following:
- 5 a. That section 504A.901 or the protection afforded by
- 6 section 504A.831, if interposed as a bar to the proceeding by
- 7 the director, does not preclude liability.
- 8 b. That the challenged conduct consisted or was the result
- 9 of one of the following:
- 10 (1) Action not in good faith.
- 11 (2) A decision that satisfies one of the following:
- 12 (a) That the director did not reasonably believe to be in
- 13 the best interests of the corporation.
- 14 (b) As to which the director was not informed to an extent
- 15 the director reasonably believed appropriate in the
- 16 circumstances.
- 17 (3) A lack of objectivity due to the director's familial,
- 18 financial, or business relationship with, or lack of
- 19 independence due to the director's domination or control by,
- 20 another person having a material interest in the challenged
- 21 conduct which also meets both of the following criteria:
- 22 (a) Which relationship or which domination or control
- 23 could reasonably be expected to have affected the director's
- 24 judgment respecting the challenged conduct in a manner adverse
- 25 to the corporation.
- 26 (b) After a reasonable expectation to such effect has been
- 27 established, the director shall not have established that the
- 28 challenged conduct was reasonably believed by the director to
- 29 be in the best interests of the corporation.
- 30 (4) A sustained failure of the director to devote
- 31 attention to ongoing oversight of the business and affairs of
- 32 the corporation, or a failure to devote timely attention, by
- 33 making, or causing to be made, appropriate inquiry, when
- 34 particular facts and circumstances of significant concern
- 35 materialize that would alert a reasonably attentive director

1 to the need therefore.

- 2 (5) Receipt of a financial benefit to which the director
- 3 was not entitled or any other breach of the director's duties
- 4 to deal fairly with the corporation and its members that is
- 5 actionable under applicable law.
- 6 2. a. The party seeking to hold the director liable for
- 7 money damages shall also have the burden of establishing both
- 8 of the following:
- 9 (1) That harm to the corporation or its members has been
- 10 suffered.
- 11 (2) The harm suffered was proximately caused by the
- 12 director's challenged conduct.
- 13 b. A party seeking to hold the director liable for other
- 14 money payment under a legal remedy, such as compensation for
- 15 the unauthorized use of corporate assets, shall also have
- 16 whatever persuasion burden may be called for to establish that
- 17 the payment sought is appropriate in the circumstances.
- 18 c. A party seeking to hold the director liable for other
- 19 money payment under an equitable remedy, such as profit
- 20 recovery by or disgorgement to the corporation, shall also
- 21 have whatever persuasion burden may be called for to establish
- 22 that the equitable remedy sought is appropriate in the
- 23 circumstances.
- 24 3. This section shall not do any of the following:
- 25 a. In any instance where fairness is at issue, such as
- 26 consideration of the fairness of a transaction to the
- 27 corporation under section 504A.833, alter the burden of
- 28 proving the fact or lack of fairness otherwise applicable.
- 29 b. Alter the fact or lack of liability of a director under
- 30 another section of this chapter, such as the provisions
- 31 governing the consequences of a transactional interest under
- 32 section 504A.833 or an unlawful distribution under section
- 33 504A.835.
- 34 c. Affect any rights to which the corporation or a
- 35 shareholder may be entitled under another statute of this

- 1 state or the United States.
- 2 Sec. 94. NEW SECTION. 504A.833 DIRECTOR CONFLICT OF
- 3 INTEREST.
- 4 l. A conflict of interest transaction is a transaction
- 5 with the corporation in which a director of the corporation
- 6 has a direct or indirect interest. A conflict of interest
- 7 transaction is not voidable by the corporation on the basis of
- 8 the director's interest in the transaction if the transaction
- 9 was fair at the time it was entered into or is approved as
- 10 provided in subsection 2 or 3.
- 11 2. A transaction in which a director of a public benefit
- 12 or religious corporation has a conflict of interest may be
- 13 approved in either of the following ways:
- 14 a. In advance by the vote of the board of directors or a
- 15 committee of the board if both of the following occur:
- 16 (1) The material facts of the transaction and the
- 17 director's interest are disclosed or known to the board or
- 18 committee of the board.
- 19 (2) The directors approving the transaction in good faith
- 20 reasonably believe that the transaction is fair to the
- 21 corporation.
- 22 b. Before or after the transaction is consummated by
- 23 obtaining approval of either of the following:
- 24 (1) The attorney general.
- 25 (2) The district court in an action in which the attorney
- 26 general is joined as a party.
- 27 3. A transaction in which a director of a mutual benefit
- 28 corporation has a conflict of interest may be approved if
- 29 either of the following occurs:
- 30 a. The material facts of the transaction and the
- 31 director's interest were disclosed or known to the board of
- 32 directors or a committee of the board and the board or
- 33 committee of the board authorized, approved, or ratified the
- 34 transaction.
- 35 b. The material facts of the transaction and the

1 director's interest were disclosed or known to the members and

- 2 they authorized, approved, or ratified the transaction.
- 3 4. For the purposes of this section, a director of the
- 4 corporation has an indirect interest in a transaction under
- 5 either of the following circumstances:
- 6 a. If another entity in which the director has a material
- 7 interest or in which the director is a general partner is a
- 8 party to the transaction.
- 9 b. If another entity of which the director is a director,
- 10 officer, or trustee is a party to the transaction.
- 11 5. For purposes of subsections 2 and 3, a conflict of
- 12 interest transaction is authorized, approved, or ratified if
- 13 it receives the affirmative vote of a majority of the
- 14 directors on the board or on a committee of the board, who
- 15 have no direct or indirect interest in the transaction, but a
- 16 transaction shall not be authorized, approved, or ratified
- 17 under this section by a single director. If a majority of the
- 18 directors on the board who have no direct or indirect interest
- 19 in the transaction vote to authorize, approve, or ratify the
- 20 transaction, a quorum is present for the purpose of taking
- 21 action under this section. The presence of, or a vote cast
- 22 by, a director with a direct or indirect interest in the
- 23 transaction does not affect the validity of any action taken
- 24 under subsection 2, paragraph "a", or subsection 3, paragraph
- 25 "a", if the transaction is otherwise approved as provided in
- 26 subsection 2 or 3.
- 27 6. For purposes of subsection 3, paragraph "b", a conflict
- 28 of interest transaction is authorized, approved, or ratified
- 29 by the members if it receives a majority of the votes entitled
- 30 to be counted under this subsection. Votes cast by or voted
- 31 under the control of a director who has a direct or indirect
- 32 interest in the transaction, and votes cast by or voted under
- 33 the control of an entity described in subsection 4, paragraph
- 34 "a", shall not be counted in a vote of members to determine
- 35 whether to authorize, approve, or ratify a conflict of

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- 1 interest transaction under subsection 3, paragraph "b". The
- 2 vote of these members, however, is counted in determining
- 3 whether the transaction is approved under other sections of
- 4 this subchapter. A majority of the voting power, whether or
- 5 not present, that is entitled to be counted in a vote on the
- 6 transaction under this subsection constitutes a quorum for the
- 7 purpose of taking action under this section.
- 8 7. The articles, bylaws, or a resolution of the board may
- 9 impose additional requirements on conflict of interest
- 10 transactions.
- 11 Sec. 95. NEW SECTION. 504A.834 LOANS TO OR GUARANTEES
- 12 FOR DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS.
- 13 1. A corporation shall not lend money to or guarantee the
- 14 obligation of a director or officer of the corporation.
- 2. The fact that a loan or guarantee is made in violation
- 16 of this section does not affect the borrower's liability on
- 17 the loan.
- 18 Sec. 96. NEW SECTION. 504A.835 LIABILITY FOR UNLAWFUL
- 19 DISTRIBUTIONS.
- 20 l. Unless a director complies with the applicable
- 21 standards of conduct described in section 504A.831, a director
- 22 who votes for or assents to a distribution made in violation
- 23 of this subchapter is personally liable to the corporation for
- 24 the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have
- 25 been distributed without violating this subchapter.
- 26 2. A director held liable for an unlawful distribution
- 27 under subsection 1 is entitled to contribution from both of
- 28 the following:
- 29 a. Every other director who voted for or assented to the
- 30 distribution without complying with the applicable standards
- 31 of conduct described in section 504A.831.
- 32 b. Each person who received an unlawful distribution for
- 33 the amount of the distribution whether or not the person
- 34 receiving the distribution knew it was made in violation of
- 35 this subchapter.

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PART 4

2 OFFICERS

- 3 Sec. 97. NEW SECTION. 504A.841 REQUIRED OFFICERS.
- 4 l. Unless otherwise provided in the articles or bylaws of
- 5 a corporation, a corporation shall have a president, a
- 6 secretary, a treasurer, and such other officers as are
- 7 appointed by the board. An officer may appoint one or more
- 8 officers if authorized by the bylaws or the board of
- 9 directors.
- 10 2. The bylaws or the board shall delegate to one of the
- ll officers responsibility for preparing minutes of the
- 12 directors' and members' meetings and for authenticating
- 13 records of the corporation.
- 14 3. The same individual may simultaneously hold more than
- 15 one office in a corporation.
- 16 Sec. 98. NEW SECTION. 504A.842 DUTIES AND AUTHORITY OF
- 17 OFFICERS.
- 18 Each officer of a corporation has the authority and shall
- 19 perform the duties set forth in the bylaws or, to the extent
- 20 consistent with the bylaws, the duties and authority
- 21 prescribed in a resolution of the board or by direction of an
- 22 officer authorized by the board to prescribe the duties and
- 23 authority of other officers.
- 24 Sec. 99. NEW SECTION. 504A.843 STANDARDS OF CONDUCT FOR
- 25 OFFICERS.
- 26 l. An officer, when performing in such capacity, shall act
- 27 in conformity with all of the following:
- 28 a. In good faith.
- 29 b. With the care that a person in a like position would
- 30 reasonably exercise under similar circumstances.
- 31 c. In a manner the officer reasonably believes to be in
- 32 the best interests of the corporation and its members, if any.
- 33 2. In discharging the officer's duties, an officer who
- 34 does not have knowledge that makes reliance unwarranted, is
- 35 entitled to rely on any of the following:

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- a. The performance of properly delegated responsibilities
- 2 by one or more employees of the corporation whom the officer
- 3 reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in performing
- 4 the responsibilities delegated.
- 5 b. Information, opinions, reports, or statements,
- 6 including financial statements and other financial data,
- 7 prepared or presented by one or more officers or employees of
- 8 the corporation whom the officer reasonably believes to be
- 9 reliable and competent in the matters presented.
- 10 c. Legal counsel, public accountants, or other persons
- ll retained by the corporation as to matters involving the skills
- 12 or expertise the officer reasonably believes are within the
- 13 person's professional or expert competence, or as to which the
- 14 particular person merits confidence.
- d. In the case of religious corporations, religious
- 16 authorities, and ministers, priests, rabbis, or other persons
- 17 whose position or duties in the religious organization the
- 18 officer believes justify reliance and confidence and whom the
- 19 officer believes to be reliable and competent in the matters
- 20 presented.
- 21 3. An officer shall not be liable as an officer to the
- 22 corporation or its members for any decision to take or not to
- 23 take action, or any failure to take any action, if the duties
- 24 of the officer are performed in compliance with this section.
- 25 Whether an officer who does not comply with this section shall
- 26 have liability will depend in such instance on applicable law,
- 27 including those principles of sections 504A.832 and 504A.901
- 28 that have relevance.
- 29 Sec. 100. NEW SECTION. 504A.844 RESIGNATION AND REMOVAL
- 30 OF OFFICERS.
- 31 1. An officer of a corporation may resign at any time by
- 32 delivering notice to the corporation. A resignation is
- 33 effective when the notice is effective unless the notice
- 34 specifies a future effective time. If a resignation is made
- 35 effective at a future time and the board or appointing officer

- 1 accepts the future effective time, its board or appointing
- 2 officer may fill the pending vacancy before the effective time
- 3 if the board or appointing officer provides that the successor
- 4 does not take office until the effective time.
- 5 2. An officer may be removed at any time with or without
- 6 cause by any of the following:
- 7 a. The board of directors.
- 8 b. The officer who appointed such officer, unless the
- 9 bylaws or the board of directors provide otherwise.
- 10 c. Any other officer if authorized by the bylaws or the
- 11 board of directors.
- 12 d. In this section, "appointing officer" means the
- 13 officer, including any successor to that officer, who
- 14 appointed the officer resigning or being removed.
- 15 Sec. 101. NEW SECTION. 504A.845 CONTRACT RIGHTS OF
- 16 OFFICERS.
- 17 1. The appointment of an officer of a corporation does not
- 18 itself create contract rights.
- 2. An officer's removal does not affect the officer's
- 20 contract rights, if any, with the corporation. An officer's
- 21 resignation does not affect the corporation's contract rights,
- 22 if any, with the officer.
- 23 Sec. 102. NEW SECTION. 504A.846 OFFICERS' AUTHORITY TO
- 24 EXECUTE DOCUMENTS.
- 25 l. A contract or other instrument in writing executed or
- 26 entered into between a corporation and any other person is not
- 27 invalidated as to the corporation by any lack of authority of
- 28 the signing officers in the absence of actual knowledge on the
- 29 part of the other person that the signing officers had no
- 30 authority to execute the contract or other instrument if it is
- 31 signed by any two officers in category 1 or by one officer in
- 32 category 1 and one officer in category 2 as set out in
- 33 subsection 2.
- 34 2. a. Category 1 officers include the presiding officer
- 35 of the board and the president.

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- b. Category 2 officers include a vice president and the
 secretary, treasurer, and executive director.
- PART 5
- 4 INDEMNIFICATION
- 5 Sec. 103. NEW SECTION. 504A.851 DEFINITIONS.
- 6 As used in this part, unless the context otherwise
- 7 requires:
- 8 1. "Corporation" includes any domestic or foreign
- 9 predecessor entity of a corporation in a merger.
- 10 2. "Director" or "officer" means an individual who is or
- ll was a director or officer of a corporation or an individual
- 12 who, while a director or officer of a corporation, is or was
- 13 serving at the corporation's request as a director, officer,
- 14 partner, trustee, employee, or agent of another foreign or
- 15 domestic business or nonprofit corporation, partnership, joint
- 16 venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other entity. A
- 17 "director" or "officer" is considered to be serving an
- 18 employee benefit plan at the corporation's request if the
- 19 director's or officer's duties to the corporation also impose
- 20 duties on, or otherwise involve services by, the director or
- 21 officer to the plan or to participants in or beneficiaries of
- 22 the plan. "Director" or "officer" includes, unless the
- 23 context otherwise requires, the estate or personal
- 24 representative of a director or officer.
- 25 3. "Disinterested director" means a director who at the
- 26 time of a vote referred to in section 504A.854, subsection 3,
- 27 or a vote or selection referred to in section 504A.856,
- 28 subsection 2 or 3, is not either of the following:
- 29 a. A party to the proceeding.
- 30 b. An individual having a familial, financial,
- 31 professional, or employment relationship with the director
- 32 whose indemnification or advance for expenses is the subject
- 33 of the decision being made, which relationship would, in the
- 34 circumstances, reasonably be expected to exert an influence on
- 35 the director's judgment when voting on the decision being

1 made.

- 2 4. "Expenses" includes attorney fees.
- 3 5. "Liability" means the obligation to pay a judgment,
- 4 settlement, penalty, or fine including an excise tax assessed
- 5 with respect to an employee benefit plan, or reasonable
- 6 expenses actually incurred with respect to a proceeding.
- 7 6. "Official capacity" means either of the following:
- 8 a. When used with respect to a director, the office of
- 9 director in a corporation.
- b. When used with respect to an officer, as contemplated
- ll in section 504A.857, the office in a corporation held by the
- 12 officer. "Official capacity" does not include service for any
- 13 other foreign or domestic business or nonprofit corporation or
- 14 any partnership joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan,
- 15 or other entity.
- 16 7. "Party" means an individual who was, is, or is
- 17 threatened to be made a defendant or respondent in a
- 18 proceeding.
- 19 8. "Proceeding" means any threatened, pending, or
- 20 completed action, suit, or proceeding whether civil, criminal,
- 21 administrative, or investigative and whether formal or
- 22 informal.
- 23 Sec. 104. NEW SECTION. 504A.852 PERMISSIBLE
- 24 INDEMNIFICATION.
- 25 l. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
- 26 corporation may indemnify an individual who is a party to a
- 27 proceeding because the individual is a director, against
- 28 liability incurred in the proceeding if all of the following
- 29 apply:
- 30 a. The individual acted in good faith.
- 31 b. The individual reasonably believed either of the
- 32 following:
- 33 (1) In the case of conduct in the individual's official
- 34 capacity, that the individual's conduct was in the best
- 35 interests of the corporation.

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- 1 (2) In all other cases, that the individual's conduct was
- 2 at least not opposed to the best interests of the corporation.
- 3 c. In the case of any criminal proceeding, the individual
- 4 had no reasonable cause to believe the individual's conduct
- 5 was unlawful.
- 6 d. The individual engaged in conduct for which broader
- 7 indemnification has been made permissible or obligatory under
- 8 a provision of the articles of incorporation as authorized by
- 9 section 504A.202, subsection 2, paragraph "d".
- 2. A director's conduct with respect to an employee
- 11 benefit plan for a purpose the director reasonably believed to
- 12 be in the interests of the participants in and beneficiaries
- 13 of the plan is conduct that satisfies the requirements of
- 14 subsection 1, paragraph "b", subparagraph (2).
- 15 3. The termination of a proceeding by judgment, order,
- 16 settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of nolo contendere or
- 17 its equivalent is not, of itself, determinative that the
- 18 director did not meet the relevant standard of conduct
- 19 described in this section.
- Unless ordered by a court under section 504A.855,
- 21 subsection 1, paragraph "b", a corporation shall not indemnify
- 22 a director under this section under either of the following
- 23 circumstances:
- 24 a. In connection with a proceeding by or in the right of
- 25 the corporation, except for reasonable expenses incurred in
- 26 the relevant standard of conduct under subsection 1.
- 27 b. In connection with any proceeding with respect to
- 28 conduct for which the director was adjudged liable on the
- 29 basis that the director received a financial benefit to which
- 30 the director was not entitled, whether or not involving action
- 31 in the director's official capacity.
- 32 Sec. 105. NEW SECTION. 504A.853 MANDATORY
- 33 INDEMNIFICATION.
- 34 A corporation shall indemnify a director who was wholly
- 35 successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of any

- 1 proceeding to which the director was a party because the
- 2 director is or was a director of the corporation against
- 3 reasonable expenses actually incurred by the director in
- 4 connection with the proceeding.
- 5 Sec. 106. NEW SECTION. 504A.854 ADVANCE FOR EXPENSES.
- 6 1. A corporation may, before final disposition of a
- 7 proceeding, advance funds to pay for or reimburse the
- 8 reasonable expenses incurred by a director who is a party to a
- 9 proceeding because the person is a director if the person
- 10 delivers all of the following to the corporation:
 - 11 a. A written affirmation of the director's good faith
 - 12 belief that the director has met the relevant standard of
 - 13 conduct described in section 504A.852 or that the proceeding
 - 14 involved conduct for which liability has been eliminated under
 - 15 a provision of the articles of incorporation as authorized by
 - 16 section 504A.202, subsection 2, paragraph "d".
 - 17 b. The director's written undertaking to repay any funds
- 18 advanced if the director is not entitled to mandatory
- 19 indemnification under section 504A.853 and it is ultimately
- 20 determined under section 504A.855 or 504A.856 that the
- 21 director has not met the relevant standard of conduct
- 22 described in section 504A.852.
- 23 2. The undertaking required by subsection 1, paragraph
- 24 "b", must be an unlimited general obligation of the director
- 25 but need not be secured and may be accepted without reference
- 26 to the financial ability of the director to make repayment.
- 27 3. Authorizations under this section shall be made
- 28 according to one of the following:
- 29 a. By the board of directors as follows:
- 30 (1) If there are two or more disinterested directors, by a
- 31 majority vote of all the disinterested directors, a majority
- 32 of whom shall for such purpose constitute a quorum, or by a
- 33 majority of the members of a committee of two or more
- 34 disinterested directors appointed by such vote.
- 35 (2) If there are fewer than two disinterested directors,

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- 1 by the vote necessary for action by the board in accordance
- 2 with section 504A.825, subsection 2, in which authorization
- 3 directors who do not qualify as disinterested directors may
- 4 participate.
- 5 b. By the members, but the director who, at the time does
- 6 not qualify as a disinterested director, may not vote as a
- 7 member or on behalf of a member.
- 8 Sec. 107. NEW SECTION. 504A.855 COURT-ORDERED
- 9 INDEMNIFICATION.
- 10 1. A director who is a party to a proceeding because the
- 11 person is a director may apply for indemnification or an
- 12 advance for expenses to the court conducting the proceeding or
- 13 to another court of competent jurisdiction. After receipt of
- 14 an application, and after giving any notice the court
- 15 considers necessary, the court shall do one of the following:
- a. Order indemnification if the court determines that the
- 17 director is entitled to mandatory indemnification under
- 18 section 504A.853.
- 19 b. Order indemnification or advance for expenses if the
- 20 court determines that the director is entitled to
- 21 indemnification or advance for expenses pursuant to a
- 22 provision authorized by section 504A.859, subsection 1.
- 23 c. Order indemnification or advance for expenses if the
- 24 court determines, in view of all the relevant circumstances,
- 25 that it is fair and reasonable to do one of the following:
- 26 (1) To indemnify the director.
- 27 (2) To indemnify or advance expenses to the director, even
- 28 if the director has not met the relevant standard of conduct
- 29 set forth in section 504A.852, subsection 1, failed to comply
- 30 with section 504A.854 or was adjudged liable in a proceeding
- 31 referred to in section 504A.852, subsection 4, paragraph "a"
- 32 or "b", but if the director was adjudged so liable the
- 33 director's indemnification shall be limited to reasonable
- 34 expenses incurred in connection with the proceeding.
- 35 2. If the court determines that the director is entitled

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- 1 to indemnification under subsection 1, paragraph "a", or to
- 2 indemnification or advance for expenses under subsection 1,
- 3 paragraph "b", it shall also order the corporation to pay the
- 4 director's reasonable expenses incurred in connection with
- 5 obtaining court-ordered indemnification or advance for
- 6 expenses. If the court determines that the director is
- 7 entitled to indemnification or advance for expenses under
- 8 subsection 1, paragraph "c", it may also order the corporation
- 9 to pay the director's reasonable expenses to obtain court-
- 10 ordered indemnification or advance for expenses.
- 11 Sec. 108. NEW SECTION. 504A.856 DETERMINATION AND
- 12 AUTHORIZATION OF INDEMNIFICATION.
- 13 1. A corporation shall not indemnify a director under
- 14 section 504A.852 unless authorized for a specific proceeding
- 15 after a determination has been made that indemnification of
- 16 the director is permissible because the director has met the
- 17 standard of conduct set forth in section 504A.852.
- 18 2. The determination shall be made by any of the
- 19 following:
- 20 a. If there are two or more disinterested directors, by
- 21 the board of directors by a majority vote of all the
- 22 disinterested directors, a majority of whom shall for such
- 23 purpose constitute a quorum, or by a majority of the members
- 24 of a committee of two or more disinterested directors
- 25 appointed by such vote.
- 26 b. By special legal counsel under one of the following
- 27 circumstances:
- 28 (1) Selected in the manner prescribed in paragraph "a".
- 29 (2) If there are fewer than two disinterested directors
- 30 selected by the board in which selection directors who do not
- 31 qualify as disinterested directors may participate.
- 32 c. By the members of a mutual benefit corporation, but
- 33 directors who are at the time parties to the proceeding shall
- 34 not vote on the determination.
- 35 3. Authorization of indemnification shall be made in the

- 1 same manner as the determination that indemnification is
- 2 permissible, except that if there are fewer than two
- 3 disinterested directors or if the determination is made by
- 4 special legal counsel, authorization of indemnification shall
- 5 be made by those entitled under subsection 2, paragraph "c",
- 6 to select special legal counsel.
- 7 4. A director of a public benefit corporation shall not be
- 8 indemnified until twenty days after the effective date of
- 9 written notice to the attorney general of the proposed
- 10 indemnification.
- 11 Sec. 109. NEW SECTION. 504A.857 INDEMNIFICATION OF
- 12 OFFICERS.
- 13 1. A corporation may indemnify and advance expenses under
- 14 this part to an officer of the corporation who is a party to a
- 15 proceeding because the person is an officer, according to all
- 16 of the following:
- 17 a. To the same extent as to a director.
- 18 b. If the person is an officer but not a director, to such
- 19 further extent as may be provided by the articles of
- 20 incorporation, the bylaws, a resolution of the board of
- 21 directors, or contract, except for either of the following:
- 22 (1) Liability in connection with a proceeding by or in the
- 23 right of the corporation other than for reasonable expenses
- 24 incurred in connection with the proceeding.
- 25 (2) Liability arising out of conduct that constitutes any
- 26 of the following:
- 27 (a) Receipt by the officer of a financial benefit to which
- 28 the officer is not entitled.
- 29 (b) An intentional infliction of harm on the corporation
- 30 or the shareholders.
- 31 (c) An intentional violation of criminal law.
- 32 2. The provisions of subsection 1, paragraph "b", shall
- 33 apply to an officer who is also a director if the basis on
- 34 which the officer is made a party to a proceeding is an act or
- 35 omission solely as an officer.

- 3. An officer of a corporation who is not a director is
- 2 entitled to mandatory indemnification under section 504A.853,
- 3 and may apply to a court under section 504A.855 for
- 4 indemnification or an advance for expenses, in each case to
- 5 the same extent to which a director may be entitled to
- 6 indemnification or advance for expenses under those
- 7 provisions.
- 8 Sec. 110. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.858 INSURANCE.
- 9 A corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf
- 10 of an individual who is a director or officer of the
- 11 corporation, or who, while a director or officer of the
- 12 corporation, serves at the request of the corporation as a
- 13 director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or agent of
- 14 another domestic business or nonprofit corporation,
- 15 partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or
- 16 other entity, against liability asserted against or incurred
- 17 by the individual in that capacity or arising from the
- 18 individual's status as a director, officer, whether or not the
- 19 corporation would have power to indemnify or advance expenses
- 20 to that individual against the same liability under this part.
- 21 Sec. 111. NEW SECTION. 504A.859 APPLICATION OF PART.
- 22 1. A corporation may, by a provision in its articles of
- 23 incorporation or bylaws or in a resolution adopted or a
- 24 contract approved by its board of directors or members,
- 25 obligate itself in advance of the act or omission giving rise
- 26 to a proceeding to provide indemnification in accordance with
- 27 section 504A.852 or advance funds to pay for or reimburse
- 28 expenses in accordance with section 504A.854. Any such
- 29 obligatory provision shall be deemed to satisfy the
- 30 requirements for authorization referred to in section
- 31 504A.854, subsection 3, and in section 504A.856, subsection 2
- 32 or 3. Any such provision that obligates the corporation to
- 33 provide indemnification to the fullest extent permitted by law
- 34 shall be deemed to obligate the corporation to advance funds
- 35 to pay for or reimburse expenses in accordance with section

1 504A.854 to the fullest extent permitted by law, unless the

- 2 provision specifically provides otherwise.
- 3 2. Any provision pursuant to subsection 1 shall not
- 4 obligate the corporation to indemnify or advance expenses to a
- 5 director of a predecessor of the corporation, pertaining to
- 6 conduct with respect to the predecessor, unless otherwise
- 7 specifically provided. Any provision for indemnification or
- 8 advance for expenses in the articles of incorporation, bylaws,
- 9 or a resolution of the board of directors or members of a
- 10 predecessor of the corporation in a merger or in a contract to
- 11 which the predecessor is a party, existing at the time the
- 12 merger takes effect, shall be governed by section 504A.1104.
- 3. A corporation may, by a provision in its articles of
- 14 incorporation, limit any of the rights to indemnification or
- 15 advance for expenses created by or pursuant to this part.
- 16 4. This part does not limit a corporation's power to pay
- 17 or reimburse expenses incurred by a director or an officer in
- 18 connection with the director's or officer's appearance as a
- 19 witness in a proceeding at a time when the director or officer
- 20 is not a party.
- 21 5. This part does not limit a corporation's power to
- 22 indemnify, advance expenses to, or provide or maintain
- 23 insurance on behalf of an employee or agent.
- 24 Sec. 112. NEW SECTION. 504A.860 EXCLUSIVITY OF PART.
- 25 A corporation may provide indemnification or advance
- 26 expenses to a director or an officer only as permitted by this
- 27 part.

28 SUBCHAPTER IX

- 29 PERSONAL LIABILITY
- 30 Sec. 113. NEW SECTION. 504A.901 PERSONAL LIABILITY.
- 31 Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a director,
- 32 officer, employee, or member of a corporation is not liable
- 33 for the corporation's debts or obligations and a director,
- 34 officer, member, or volunteer is not personally liable in that
- 35 capacity, to any person for any action taken or failure to

- 1 take any action except liability for any of the following:
- 2 1. The amount of any financial benefit to which the person
- 3 is entitled.
- 4 2. An intentional infliction of harm on the corporation or
- 5 the members.
- 6 3. A violation of section 504A.834.
- 7 4. An intentional violation of criminal law.
- 8 SUBCHAPTER X
- 9 AMENDMENT OF ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION AND BYLAWS
- 10 PART 1
- 11 ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
- 12 Sec. 114. NEW SECTION. 504A.1001 AUTHORITY TO AMEND.
- 13 A corporation may amend its articles of incorporation at
- 14 any time to add or change a provision that is required or
- 15 permitted in the articles or to delete a provision not
- 16 required in the articles. Whether a provision is required or
- 17 permitted in the articles is determined as of the effective
- 18 date of the amendment.
- 19 Sec. 115. NEW SECTION. 504A.1002 AMENDMENT BY DIRECTORS.
- 20 l. Unless the articles provide otherwise, a corporation's
- 21 board of directors may adopt one or more amendments to the
- 22 corporation's articles without member approval to do any of
- 23 the following:
- 24 a. Extend the duration of the corporation if it was
- 25 incorporated at a time when limited duration was required by
- 26 law.
- 27 b. Delete the names and addresses of the initial
- 28 directors.
- 29 c. Delete the name and address of the initial registered
- 30 agent or registered office, if a statement of change is on
- 31 file with the secretary of state.
- 32 d. Change the corporate name by substituting the word
- 33 "corporation", "incorporated", "company", "limited", or the
- 34 abbreviation "corp.", "inc.", "co.", or "ltd.", for a similar
- 35 word or abbreviation in the name, or by adding, deleting, or

- 1 changing a geographical attribution to the name.
- 2 e. Make any other change expressly permitted by this
- 3 subchapter to be made by director action.
- 4 2. If a corporation has no members, its incorporators,
- 5 until directors have been chosen, and thereafter its board of
- 6 directors, may adopt one or more amendments to the
- 7 corporation's articles subject to any approval required
- 8 pursuant to section 504A.1031. The corporation shall provide
- 9 notice of any meeting at which an amendment is to be voted
- 10 upon. The notice shall be in accordance with section
- 11 504A.823, subsection 3. The notice must also state that the
- 12 purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to consider
- 13 a proposed amendment to the articles and contain or be
- 14 accompanied by a copy or summary of the amendment or state the
- 15 general nature of the amendment. The amendment must be
- 16 approved by a majority of the directors in office at the time
- 17 the amendment is adopted.
- 18 Sec. 116. NEW SECTION. 504A.1003 AMENDMENT BY DIRECTORS
- 19 AND MEMBERS.
- 20 1. Unless this chapter, the articles or bylaws of a
- 21 corporation, the members acting pursuant to subsection 2, or
- 22 the board of directors acting pursuant to subsection 3,
- 23 require a greater vote or voting by class, an amendment to the
- 24 corporation's articles must be approved by all of the
- 25 following to be adopted:
- 26 a. The board if the corporation is a public benefit or
- 27 religious corporation and the amendment does not relate to the
- 28 number of directors, the composition of the board, the term of
- 29 office of directors, or the method or way in which directors
- 30 are elected or selected.
- 31 b. Except as provided in section 504A.1002, subsection 1,
- 32 by the members by two-thirds of the votes cast by the members
- 33 or a majority of the members' voting power that could be cast,
- 34 whichever is less.
- 35 c. In writing by any person or persons whose approval is

1 required by a provision of the articles authorized by section 2 504A.1031.

- 3 2. The members may condition the adoption of an amendment
- 4 on receipt of a higher percentage of affirmative votes or on
- 5 any other basis.
- 6 3. If the board initiates an amendment to the articles or
- 7 board approval is required by subsection 1 to adopt an
- 8 amendment to the articles, the board may condition the
- 9 amendment's adoption on receipt of a higher percentage of
- 10 affirmative votes or any other basis.
- 11 4. If the board or the members seek to have the amendment
- 12 approved by the members at a membership meeting, the
- 13 corporation shall give notice to its members of the proposed
- 14 membership meeting in writing in accordance with section
- 15 504A.705. The notice must state that the purpose, or one of
- 16 the purposes, of the meeting is to consider the proposed
- 17 amendment and contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary
- 18 of the amendment.
- 19 5. If the board or the members seek to have the amendment
- 20 approved by the members by written consent or written ballot,
- 21 the material soliciting the approval shall contain or be
- 22 accompanied by a copy or summary of the amendment.
- Sec. 117. NEW SECTION. 504A.1004 CLASS VOTING BY MEMBERS
- 24 ON AMENDMENTS.
- 25 1. The members of a class in a public benefit corporation
- 26 are entitled to vote as a class on a proposed amendment to the
- 27 articles if the amendment would change the rights of that
- 28 class as to voting in a manner different than such amendment
- 29 affects another class or members of another class.
- 30 2. The members of a class in a mutual benefit corporation
- 31 are entitled to vote as a class on a proposed amendment to the
- 32 articles if the amendment would do any of the following:
- 33 a. Affect the rights, privileges, preferences,
- 34 restrictions, or conditions of that class as to voting,
- 35 dissolution, redemption, or transfer of memberships in a

- 1 manner different than such amendment would affect another
- 2 class.
- 3 b. Change the rights, privileges, preferences,
- 4 restrictions, or conditions of that class as to voting,
- 5 dissolution, redemption, or transfer by changing the rights,
- 6 privileges, preferences, restrictions, or conditions of
- 7 another class.
- 8 c. Increase or decrease the number of memberships
- 9 authorized for that class.
- d. Increase the number of memberships authorized for
- ll another class.
- 12 e. Effect an exchange, reclassification, or termination of
- 13 the memberships of that class.
- 14 f. Authorize a new class of memberships.
- 15 3. The members of a class of a religious corporation are
- 16 entitled to vote as a class on a proposed amendment to the
- 17 articles only if a class vote is provided for in the articles
- 18 or bylaws.
- 19 4. If a class is to be divided into two or more classes as
- 20 a result of an amendment to the articles of a public benefit
- 21 or mutual benefit corporation, the amendment must be approved
- 22 by the members of each class that would be created by the
- 23 amendment.
- 24 5. Except as provided in the articles or bylaws of a
- 25 religious corporation, if a class vote is required to approve
- 26 an amendment to the articles of the corporation, the amendment
- 27 must be approved by the members of the class by two-thirds of
- 28 the votes cast by the class or a majority of the voting power
- 29 of the class, whichever is less.
- 30 6. A class of members of a public benefit or mutual
- 31 benefit corporation is entitled to the voting rights granted
- 32 by this section even if the public benefit or mutual benefit
- 33 corporation's articles and bylaws provide that the class shall
- 34 not vote on the proposed amendment.
- 35 Sec. 118. NEW SECTION. 504A.1005 ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT.

1 A corporation amending its articles shall deliver to the 2 secretary of state articles of amendment setting forth:

- 3 l. The name of the corporation.
- 4 2. The text of each amendment adopted.
- 5 3. The date of each amendment's adoption.
- 6 4. If approval by members was not required, a statement to
- 7 that effect and a statement that the amendment was approved by
- 8 a sufficient vote of the board of directors or incorporators.
- 9 5. If approval by members was required, both of the
- 10 following:
- 11 a. The designation, number of memberships outstanding,
- 12 number of votes entitled to be cast by each class entitled to
- 13 vote separately on the amendment, and number of votes of each
- 14 class indisputably voting on the amendment.
- b. Either the total number of votes cast for and against
- 16 the amendment by each class entitled to vote separately on the
- 17 amendment or the total number of undisputed votes cast for the
- 18 amendment by each class and a statement that the number of
- 19 votes cast for the amendment by each class was sufficient for
- 20 approval by that class.
- 21 6. If approval of the amendment by some person or persons
- 22 other than the members, the board, or the incorporators is
- 23 required pursuant to section 504A.1031, a statement that the
- 24 approval was obtained.
- 25 Sec. 119. NEW SECTION. 504A.1006 RESTATED ARTICLES OF
- 26 INCORPORATION.
- 27 l. A corporation's board of directors may restate the
- 28 corporation's articles of incorporation at any time with or
- 29 without approval by members or any other person.
- 30 2. The restatement may include one or more amendments to
- 31 the articles. If the restatement includes an amendment
- 32 requiring approval by the members or any other person, it must
- 33 be adopted as provided in section 504A.1003.
- 34 3. If the restatement includes an amendment requiring
- 35 approval by members, the board must submit the restatement to

- 1 the members for their approval.
- 2 4. If the board seeks to have the restatement approved by
- 3 the members at a membership meeting, the corporation shall
- 4 notify each of its members of the proposed membership meeting
- 5 in writing in accordance with section 504A.705. The notice
- 6 must also state that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of
- 7 the meeting is to consider the proposed restatement and must
- 8 contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the
- 9 restatement that identifies any amendments or other changes
- 10 the restatement would make in the articles.
- 11 5. If the board seeks to have the restatement approved by
- 12 the members by written ballot or written consent, the material
- 13 soliciting the approval shall contain or be accompanied by a
- 14 copy or summary of the restatement that identifies any
- 15 amendments or other changes the restatement would make in the
- 16 articles.
- 17 6. A restatement requiring approval by the members must be
- 18 approved by the same vote as an amendment to articles under
- 19 section 504A.1003.
- 20 7. If the restatement includes an amendment requiring
- 21 approval pursuant to section 504A.1031, the board must submit
- 22 the restatement for such approval.
- 23 8. A corporation restating its articles shall deliver to
- 24 the secretary of state articles of restatement setting forth
- 25 the name of the corporation and the text of the restated
- 26 articles of incorporation together with a certificate setting
- 27 forth all of the following:
- 28 a. Whether the restatement contains an amendment to the
- 29 articles requiring approval by the members or any other person
- 30 other than the board of directors and, if it does not, that
- 31 the board of directors adopted the restatement.
- 32 b. If the restatement contains an amendment to the
- 33 articles requiring approval by the members, the information
- 34 required by section 504A.1005.
- 35 c. If the restatement contains an amendment to the

1 articles requiring approval by a person whose approval is

- 2 required pursuant to section 504A.1031, a statement that such
- 3 approval was obtained.
- 9. Duly adopted restated articles of incorporation
- 5 supersede the original articles of incorporation and all
- 6 amendments to the original articles.
- 7 10. The secretary of state may certify restated articles
- 8 of incorporation as the articles of incorporation currently in
- 9 effect without including the certificate information required
- 10 by subsection 8.
- 11 Sec. 120. NEW SECTION. 504A.1007 AMENDMENT PURSUANT TO
- 12 JUDICIAL REORGANIZATION.
- 13 1. A corporation's articles may be amended without board
- 14 approval or approval by the members or approval required
- 15 pursuant to section 504A.1031 to carry out a plan of
- 16 reorganization ordered or decreed by a court of competent
- 17 jurisdiction under federal statute if the articles after
- 18 amendment contain only provisions required or permitted by
- 19 section 504A.202.
- 20 2. An individual or individuals designated by the court
- 21 shall deliver to the secretary of state articles of amendment
- 22 setting forth all of the following:
- 23 a. The name of the corporation.
- 24 b. The text of each amendment approved by the court.
- 25 c. The date of the court's order or decree approving the
- 26 articles of amendment.
- 27 d. The title of the reorganization proceeding in which the
- 28 order or decree was entered.
- 29 e. A statement that the court had jurisdiction of the
- 30 proceeding under federal statute.
- 31 3. This section does not apply after entry of a final
- 32 decree in the reorganization proceeding even though the court
- 33 retains jurisdiction of the proceeding for limited purposes
- 34 unrelated to consummation of the reorganization plan.
- 35 Sec. 121. NEW SECTION. 504A.1008 EFFECT OF AMENDMENT AND

1 RESTATEMENT.

- 2 An amendment to articles of incorporation does not affect a
- 3 cause of action existing against or in favor of the
- 4 corporation, a proceeding to which the corporation is a party,
- 5 any requirement or limitation imposed upon the corporation or
- 6 any property held by it by virtue of any trust upon which such
- 7 property is held by the corporation or the existing rights of
- 8 persons other than members of the corporation. An amendment
- 9 changing a corporation's name does not abate a proceeding
- 10 brought by or against the corporation in its former name.
- 11 PART 2
- 12 BYLAWS
- 13 Sec. 122. NEW SECTION. 504A.1021 AMENDMENT BY DIRECTORS.
- 14 If a corporation has no members, its incorporators, until
- 15 directors have been chosen, and thereafter its board of
- 16 directors, may adopt one or more amendments to the
- 17 corporation's bylaws subject to any approval required pursuant
- 18 to section 504A.1031. The corporation shall provide notice of
- 19 any meeting of directors at which an amendment is to be
- 20 approved. The notice must be given in accordance with section
- 21 504A.823, subsection 3. The notice must also state that the
- 22 purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to consider
- 23 a proposed amendment to the bylaws and contain or be
- 24 accompanied by a copy or summary of the amendment or state the
- 25 general nature of the amendment. The amendment must be
- 26 approved by a majority of the directors in office at the time
- 27 the amendment is adopted.
- 28 Sec. 123. NEW SECTION. 504A.1022 AMENDMENT BY DIRECTORS
- 29 AND MEMBERS.
- 30 l. Unless this chapter, the articles, bylaws, the members
- 31 acting pursuant to subsection 2, or the board of directors
- 32 acting pursuant to subsection 3, require a greater vote or
- 33 voting by class, an amendment to a corporation's bylaws must
- 34 be approved by all of the following to be adopted:
- 35 a. By the board if the corporation is a public benefit or

1 religious corporation and the amendment does not relate to the

- 2 number of directors, the composition of the board, the term of
- 3 office of directors, or the method or way in which directors
- 4 are elected or selected.
- 5 b. By the members by two-thirds of the votes cast or a
- 6 majority of the voting power, whichever is less.
- 7 c. In writing by any person or persons whose approval is
- 8 required by a provision of the articles authorized by section
- 9 504A.1031.
- 10 2. The members may condition the amendment's adoption on
- 11 its receipt of a higher percentage of affirmative votes or on
- 12 any other basis.
- 13 3. If the board initiates an amendment to the bylaws or
- 14 board approval is required by subsection 1 to adopt an
- 15 amendment to the bylaws, the board may condition the
- 16 amendment's adoption on receipt of a higher percentage of
- 17 affirmative votes or on any other basis.
- 18 4. If the board or the members seek to have the amendment
- 19 approved by the members at a membership meeting, the
- 20 corporation shall give notice to its members of the proposed
- 21 membership meeting in writing in accordance with section
- 22 504A.705. The notice must also state that the purpose, or one
- 23 of the purposes, of the meeting is to consider the proposed
- 24 amendment and contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary
- 25 of the amendment.
- 26 5. If the board or the members seek to have the amendment
- 27 approved by the members by written consent or written ballot,
- 28 the material soliciting the approval shall contain or be
- 29 accompanied by a copy or summary of the amendment.
- 30 Sec. 124. NEW SECTION. 504A.1023 CLASS VOTING BY MEMBERS
- 31 ON AMENDMENTS.
- 32 l. The members of a class in a public benefit corporation
- 33 are entitled to vote as a class on a proposed amendment to the
- 34 bylaws if the amendment would change the rights of that class
- 35 as to voting in a manner different than such amendment affects

- 1 another class or members of another class.
- 2 2. The members of a class in a mutual benefit corporation
- 3 are entitled to vote as a class on a proposed amendment to the
- 4 bylaws if the amendment would do any of the following:
- 5 a. Affect the rights, privileges, preferences,
- 6 restrictions, or conditions of that class as to voting,
- 7 dissolution, redemption, or transfer of memberships in a
- 8 manner different than such amendment would affect another
- 9 class.
- b. Change the rights, privileges, preferences,
- 11 restrictions, or conditions of that class as to voting,
- 12 dissolution, redemption, or transfer by changing the rights,
- 13 privileges, preferences, restrictions, or conditions of
- 14 another class.
- 15 c. Increase or decrease the number of memberships
- 16 authorized for that class.
- 17 d. Increase the number of memberships authorized for
- 18 another class.
- 19 e. Effect an exchange, reclassification, or termination of
- 20 all or part of the memberships of that class.
- 21 f. Authorize a new class of memberships.
- 22 3. The members of a class of a religious corporation are
- 23 entitled to vote as a class on a proposed amendment to the
- 24 bylaws only if a class vote is provided for in the articles or
- 25 bylaws.
- 26 4. If a class is to be divided into two or more classes as
- 27 a result of an amendment to the bylaws, the amendment must be
- 28 approved by the members of each class that would be created by
- 29 the amendment.
- 30 5. If a class vote is required to approve an amendment to
- 31 the bylaws, the amendment must be approved by the members of
- 32 the class by two-thirds of the votes cast by the class or a
- 33 majority of the voting power of the class, whichever is less.
- 34 6. A class of members is entitled to the voting rights
- 35 granted by this section even if the articles and bylaws

1 provide that the class may not vote on the proposed amendment.

PART 3

- 3 ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION AND BYLAWS
- 4 Sec. 125. NEW SECTION. 504A.1031 APPROVAL BY THIRD
- 5 PERSONS.
- 6 The articles of a corporation may require that an amendment
- 7 to the articles or bylaws be approved in writing by a
- 8 specified person or persons other than the board. Such a
- 9 provision in the articles may only be amended with the
- 10 approval in writing of the person or persons specified in the
- ll provision.
- 12 Sec. 126. NEW SECTION. 504A.1032 AMENDMENT TERMINATING
- 13 MEMBERS OR REDEEMING OR CANCELING MEMBERSHIPS.
- 14 1. An amendment to the articles or bylaws of a public
- 15 benefit or mutual benefit corporation which would terminate
- 16 all members or any class of members or redeem or cancel all
- 17 memberships or any class of memberships must meet the
- 18 requirements of this chapter and this section.
- 19 2. Before adopting a resolution proposing such an
- 20 amendment, the board of a mutual benefit corporation shall
- 21 give notice of the general nature of the amendment to the
- 22 members.
- 23 3. After adopting a resolution proposing such an
- 24 amendment, the notice to members proposing such amendment
- 25 shall include one statement of up to five hundred words
- 26 opposing the proposed amendment, if such statement is
- 27 submitted by any five members or members having three percent
- 28 or more of the voting power, whichever is less, not later than
- 29 twenty days after the board has voted to submit such amendment
- 30 to the members for their approval. In public benefit
- 31 corporations, the production and mailing costs of the
- 32 statement opposing the proposed amendment shall be paid by the
- 33 requesting members. In mutual benefit corporations, the
- 34 production and mailing costs of the statement opposing the
- 35 proposed amendment shall be paid by the corporation.

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- 1 4. Any such amendment shall be approved by the members by
- 2 two-thirds of the votes cast by each class.
- The provisions of section 504A.622 shall not apply to
- 4 any amendment meeting the requirements of this chapter and
- 5 this section.
- 6 SUBCHAPTER XI
- 7 MERGER
- 8 Sec. 127. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.1101 APPROVAL OF PLAN OF 9 MERGER.
- 10 1. Subject to the limitations set forth in section
- 11 504A.1102, one or more nonprofit corporations may merge with
- 12 or into any one or more corporations or nonprofit corporations
- 13 or limited liability companies, if the plan of merger is
- 14 approved as provided in section 504A.1103.
- 15 2. The plan of merger shall set forth all of the
- 16 following:
- 17 a. The name of each corporation or limited liability
- 18 company planning to merge and the name of the surviving
- 19 corporation into which each plans to merge.
- 20 b. The terms and conditions of the planned merger.
- 21 c. The manner and basis, if any, of converting the
- 22 memberships of each public benefit or religious corporation
- 23 into memberships of the surviving corporation or limited
- 24 liability company.
- 25 d. If the merger involves a mutual benefit corporation,
- 26 the manner and basis, if any, of converting memberships of
- 27 each merging corporation into memberships, obligations, or
- 28 securities of the surviving or any other corporation or
- 29 limited liability company or into cash or other property in
- 30 whole or in part.
- 31 3. The plan of merger may set forth any of the following:
- 32 a. Any amendments to the articles of incorporation or
- 33 bylaws of the surviving corporation or limited liability
- 34 company to be effected by the planned merger.
- 35 b. Other provisions relating to the planned merger.

- 1 Sec. 128. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.1102 LIMITATIONS ON MERGERS
- 2 BY PUBLIC BENEFIT OR RELIGIOUS CORPORATIONS.
- 3 1. Without the prior approval of the district court in a
- 4 proceeding of which the attorney general has been given
- 5 written notice, a public benefit or religious corporation may
- 6 merge only with one of the following:
- 7 a. A public benefit or religious corporation.
- 8 b. A foreign corporation which would qualify under this
- 9 chapter as a public benefit or religious corporation.
- 10 c. A wholly owned foreign or domestic business or mutual
- 11 benefit corporation, provided the public benefit or religious
- 12 corporation is the surviving corporation and continues to be a
- 13 public benefit or religious corporation after the merger.
- 14 d. A business or mutual benefit corporation, provided that
- 15 all of the following apply:
- 16 (1) On or prior to the effective date of the merger,
- 17 assets with a value equal to the greater of the fair market
- 18 value of the net tangible and intangible assets, including
- 19 goodwill, of the public benefit or religious corporation or
- 20 the fair market value of the public benefit or religious
- 21 corporation if it were to be operated as a business concern
- 22 are transferred or conveyed to one or more persons who would
- 23 have received its assets under section 504A.1406, subsection
- 24 l, paragraphs "e" and "f", had it dissolved.
- 25 (2) The business or mutual benefit corporation shall
- 26 return, transfer, or convey any assets held by it upon
- 27 condition requiring return, transfer, or conveyance, which
- 28 condition occurs by reason of the merger, in accordance with
- 29 such condition.
- 30 (3) The merger is approved by a majority of directors of
- 31 the public benefit or religious corporation who are not and
- 32 will not become members or shareholders in or officers,
- 33 employees, agents, or consultants of the surviving
- 34 corporation.
- 35 2. At least twenty days before consummation of any merger

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- 1 of a public benefit corporation or a religious corporation
- 2 pursuant to subsection 1, paragraph "d", notice, including a
- 3 copy of the proposed plan of merger, must be delivered to the
- 4 attorney general.
- 5 3. Without the prior written consent of the attorney
- 6 general or of the district court in a proceeding in which the
- 7 attorney general has been given notice, a member of a public
- 8 benefit or religious corporation shall not receive or keep
- 9 anything as a result of a merger other than a membership in
- 10 the surviving public benefit or religious corporation. The
- 11 court shall approve the transaction if it is in the public
- 12 interest.
- 13 Sec. 129. NEW SECTION. 504A.1103 ACTION ON PLAN BY
- 14 BOARD, MEMBERS, AND THIRD PERSONS.
- 15 l. Unless this chapter, the articles, bylaws, or the board
- 16 of directors or members acting pursuant to subsection 3
- 17 require a greater vote or voting by class, a plan of merger
- 18 for a corporation must be approved by all of the following to
- 19 be adopted:
- 20 a. The board.
- 21 b. The members, if any, by two-thirds of the votes cast or
- 22 a majority of the voting power, whichever is less.
- 23 c. In writing by any person or persons whose approval is
- 24 required by a provision of the articles authorized by section
- 25 504A.1031 for an amendment to the articles or bylaws.
- 26 2. If the corporation does not have members, the merger
- 27 must be approved by a majority of the directors in office at
- 28 the time the merger is approved. In addition, the corporation
- 29 shall provide notice of any directors' meeting at which such
- 30 approval is to be obtained in accordance with section
- 31 504A.823, subsection 3. The notice must also state that the
- 32 purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to consider
- 33 the proposed merger.
- 34 3. The board may condition its submission of the proposed
- 35 merger, and the members may condition their approval of the

1 merger, on receipt of a higher percentage of affirmative votes 2 or on any other basis.

- 4. If the board seeks to have the plan approved by the 4 members at a membership meeting, the corporation shall give 5 notice to its members of the proposed membership meeting in 6 accordance with section 504A.705. The notice must also state 7 that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to 8 consider the plan of merger and contain or be accompanied by a 9 copy or summary of the plan. The copy or summary of the plan 10 for members of the surviving corporation shall include any 11 provision that, if contained in a proposed amendment to the 12 articles of incorporation or bylaws, would entitle members to 13 vote on the provision. The copy or summary of the plan for 14 members of the disappearing corporation shall include a copy 15 or summary of the articles and bylaws which will be in effect
- 17 5. If the board seeks to have the plan approved by the 18 members by written consent or written ballot, the material 19 soliciting the approval shall contain or be accompanied by a 20 copy or summary of the plan. The copy or summary of the plan 21 for members of the surviving corporation shall include any 22 provision that, if contained in a proposed amendment to the 23 articles of incorporation or bylaws, would entitle members to 24 vote on the provision. The copy or summary of the plan for 25 members of the disappearing corporation shall include a copy 26 or summary of the articles and bylaws which will be in effect 27 immediately after the merger takes effect.

16 immediately after the merger takes effect.

6. Voting by a class of members is required on a plan of merger if the plan contains a provision that, if contained in a proposed amendment to articles of incorporation or bylaws, would entitle the class of members to vote as a class on the proposed amendment under section 504A.1004 or 504A.1023. The plan must be approved by a class of members by two-thirds of the votes cast by the class or a majority of the voting power of the class, whichever is less.

- 1 7. After a merger is adopted, and at any time before
- 2 articles of merger are filed, the planned merger may be
- 3 abandoned subject to any contractual rights without further
- 4 action by members or other persons who approved the plan in
- 5 accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of merger
- 6 or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by the
- 7 board of directors.
- 8 Sec. 130. NEW SECTION. 504A.1104 ARTICLES OF MERGER.
- 9 After a plan of merger is approved by the board of
- 10 directors, and if required by section 504A.1103, by the
- 11 members and any other persons, the surviving or acquiring
- 12 corporation shall deliver to the secretary of state articles
- 13 of merger setting forth all of the following, as applicable:
- 14 1. The plan of merger.
- 2. If approval of members was not required, a statement to
- 16 that effect and a statement that the plan was approved by a
- 17 sufficient vote of the board of directors.
- 18 3. If approval by members was required, both of the
- 19 following:
- 20 a. The designation, number of memberships outstanding,
- 21 number of votes entitled to be cast by each class entitled to
- 22 vote separately on the plan, and number of votes of each class
- 23 indisputably voting on the plan.
- 24 b. Either the total number of votes cast for and against
- 25 the plan by each class entitled to vote separately on the plan
- 26 or the total number of undisputed votes cast for the plan by
- 27 each class and a statement that the number of votes cast for
- 28 the plan by each class was sufficient for approval by that
- 29 class.
- 30 4. If approval of the plan by some person or persons other
- 31 than the members of the board is required pursuant to section
- 32 504A.1103, subsection 1, paragraph "c", a statement that the
- 33 approval was obtained.
- 34 Sec. 131. NEW SECTION. 504A.1105 EFFECT OF MERGER.
- When a merger takes effect, all of the following occur:

- 1 l. Every other corporation party to the merger merges into
- 2 the surviving corporation and the separate existence of every
- 3 corporation except the surviving corporation ceases.
- 4 2. The title to all real estate and other property owned
- 5 by each corporation party to the merger is vested in the
- 6 surviving corporation without reversion or impairment subject
- 7 to any and all conditions to which the property was subject
- 8 prior to the merger.
- 9 3. The surviving corporation has all the liabilities and
- 10 obligations of each corporation party to the merger.
- 11 4. A proceeding pending against any corporation party to
- 12 the merger may be continued as if the merger did not occur or
- 13 the surviving corporation may be substituted in the proceeding
- 14 for the corporation whose existence ceased.
- 15 5. The articles of incorporation and bylaws of the
- 16 surviving corporation are amended to the extent provided in
- 17 the plan of merger.
- 18 Sec. 132. NEW SECTION. 504A.1106 MERGER WITH FOREIGN
- 19 CORPORATION.
- 20 1. Except as provided in section 504A.1102, one or more
- 21 foreign business or nonprofit corporations may merge with one
- 22 or more domestic nonprofit corporations if all of the
- 23 following conditions are met:
- 24 a. The merger is permitted by the law of the state or
- 25 country under whose law each foreign corporation is
- 26 incorporated and each foreign corporation complies with that
- 27 law in effecting the merger.
- 28 b. The foreign corporation complies with section 504A.1104
- 29 if it is the surviving corporation of the merger.
- 30 c. Each domestic nonprofit corporation complies with the
- 31 applicable provisions of sections 504A.1101 through 504A.1103
- 32 and, if it is the surviving corporation of the merger, with
- 33 section 504A.1104.
- 34 2. Upon the merger taking effect, the surviving foreign
- 35 business or nonprofit corporation is deemed to have

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- 1 irrevocably appointed the secretary of state as its agent for
- 2 service of process in any proceeding brought against it.
- 3 Sec. 133. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.1107 BEQUESTS, DEVISES, AND 4 GIFTS.
- 5 Any bequest, devise, gift, grant, or promise contained in a
- 6 will or other instrument of donation, subscription, or
- 7 conveyance, that is made to a constituent corporation and
- 8 which takes effect or remains payable after the merger, inures
- 9 to the surviving corporation unless the will or other
- 10 instrument otherwise specifically provides.
- 11 SUBCHAPTER XII
- 12 SALE OF ASSETS
- 13 Sec. 134. NEW SECTION. 504A.1201 SALE OF ASSETS IN
- 14 REGULAR COURSE OF ACTIVITIES AND MORTGAGE OF ASSETS.
- 15 1. A corporation may on the terms and conditions and for
- 16 the consideration determined by the board of directors do
- 17 either of the following:
- 18 a. Sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of all, or
- 19 substantially all, of its property in the usual and regular
- 20 course of its activities.
- 21 b. Mortgage, pledge, dedicate to the repayment of
- 22 indebtedness, whether with or without recourse, or otherwise
- 23 encumber any or all of its property whether or not in the
- 24 usual and regular course of its activities.
- 25 2. Unless the articles require it, approval of the members
- 26 or any other persons of a transaction described in subsection
- 27 1 is not required.
- 28 Sec. 135. NEW SECTION. 504A.1202 SALE OF ASSETS OTHER
- 29 THAN IN REGULAR COURSE OF ACTIVITIES.
- 30 l. A corporation may sell, lease, exchange, or otherwise
- 31 dispose of all, or substantially all, of its property, with or
- 32 without the goodwill, other than in the usual and regular
- 33 course of its activities on the terms and conditions and for
- 34 the consideration determined by the corporation's board if the
- 35 proposed transaction is authorized by subsection 2.

- Unless this chapter, the articles, bylaws, or the board
- 2 of directors or members acting pursuant to subsection 4
- 3 require a greater vote or voting by a class, the proposed
- 4 transaction to be authorized must be approved by all of the
- 5 following:
- 6 a. The board.
- 7 b. The members by two-thirds of the votes cast or a
- 8 majority of the voting power, whichever is less.
- 9 c. In writing by any person or persons whose approval is
- 10 required by a provision of the articles authorized by section
 - 11 504A.1031 for an amendment to the articles or bylaws.
 - 12 3. If the corporation does not have members, the
 - 13 transaction must be approved by a vote of a majority of the
 - 14 directors in office at the time the transaction is approved.
 - 15 In addition, the corporation shall provide notice of any
 - 16 directors' meeting at which such approval is to be obtained in
 - 17 accordance with section 504A.823, subsection 3. The notice
 - 18 shall also state that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of
 - 19 the meeting is to consider the sale, lease, exchange, or other
 - 20 disposition of all, or substantially all, of the property or
 - 21 assets of the corporation and contain or be accompanied by a
 - 22 copy or summary of a description of the transaction.
 - 23 4. The board may condition its submission of the proposed
 - 24 transaction, and the members may condition their approval of
 - 25 the transaction, on receipt of a higher percentage of
 - 26 affirmative votes or on any other basis.
 - 27 5. If the corporation seeks to have the transaction
 - 28 approved by the members at a membership meeting, the
 - 29 corporation shall give notice to its members of the proposed
 - 30 membership meeting in accordance with section 504A.705. The
 - 31 notice must also state that the purpose, or one of the
 - 32 purposes, of the meeting is to consider the sale, lease,
 - 33 exchange, or other disposition of all, or substantially all,
 - 34 of the property or assets of the corporation and contain or be
 - 35 accompanied by a copy or summary of a description of the

1 transaction.

- 2 6. If the board is required to have the transaction
- 3 approved by the members by written consent or written ballot,
- 4 the material soliciting the approval shall contain or be
- 5 accompanied by a copy or summary of a description of the
- 6 transaction.
- 7. A public benefit or religious corporation shall give
- 8 written notice to the attorney general twenty days before it
- 9 sells, leases, exchanges, or otherwise disposes of all, or
- 10 substantially all, of its property if the transaction is not
- 11 in the usual and regular course of its activities unless the
- 12 attorney general has given the corporation a written waiver of
- 13 the requirements of this subsection. The attorney general
- 14 shall be deemed to have consented to the transaction unless
- 15 notice is given to the corporation within the twenty days.
- 16 8. After a sale, lease, exchange, or other disposition of
- 17 property is authorized, the transaction may be abandoned,
- 18 subject to any contractual rights, without further action by
- 19 the members or any other person who approved the transaction
- 20 in accordance with the procedure set forth in the resolution
- 21 proposing the transaction or, if none is set forth, in the
- 22 manner determined by the board of directors.
- 23 SUBCHAPTER XIII
- 24 DISTRIBUTIONS
- 25 Sec. 136. NEW SECTION. 504A.1301 PROHIBITED
- 26 DISTRIBUTIONS.
- 27 Except as authorized by section 504A.1302, a corporation
- 28 shall not make any distributions.
- 29 Sec. 137. NEW SECTION. 504A.1302 AUTHORIZED
- 30 DISTRIBUTIONS.
- 31 1. A mutual benefit corporation may purchase its
- 32 memberships if after the purchase is completed, both of the
- 33 following apply:
- 34 a. The corporation will be able to pay its debts as they
- 35 become due in the usual course of its activities.

- b. The corporation's total assets will at least equal the 2 sum of its total liabilities.
- 2. Corporations may make distributions upon dissolution in 4 conformity with subchapter 14.
- 5 SUBCHAPTER XIV
- 6 DISSOLUTION
- 7 PART 1
- 8 VOLUNTARY DISSOLUTION
- 9 Sec. 138. NEW SECTION. 504A.1401 DISSOLUTION BY
- 10 INCORPORATORS OR DIRECTORS AND THIRD PERSONS.
- 11 1. A majority of the incorporators of a corporation that
- 12 has no directors and no members or a majority of the directors
- 13 of a corporation that has no members may, subject to any
- 14 approval required by the articles or bylaws, dissolve the
- 15 corporation by delivering articles of dissolution to the
- 16 secretary of state.
- 17 2. The corporation shall give notice of any meeting at
- 18 which dissolution will be approved. The notice must be in
- 19 accordance with section 504A.823, subsection 3. The notice
- 20 must also state that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of
- 21 the meeting is to consider dissolution of the corporation.
- 22 3. The incorporators or directors in approving dissolution
- 23 shall adopt a plan of dissolution indicating to whom the
- 24 assets owned or held by the corporation will be distributed
- 25 after all creditors have been paid.
- 26 Sec. 139. NEW SECTION. 504A.1402 DISSOLUTION BY
- 27 DIRECTORS, MEMBERS, AND THIRD PERSONS.
- 28 1. Unless this chapter, the articles, bylaws, or the board
- 29 of directors or members acting pursuant to subsection 3
- 30 require a greater vote or voting by class, dissolution is
- 31 authorized if it is approved by all of the following:
- 32 a. The board.
- 33 b. The members, if any, by two-thirds of the votes cast or
- 34 a majority of the voting power, whichever is less.
- 35 c. In writing by any person or persons whose approval is

- 1 required by a provision of the articles authorized by section
- 2 504A.1031 for an amendment to the articles or bylaws.
- 3 2. If the corporation does not have members, dissolution
- 4 must be approved by a vote of a majority of the directors in
- 5 office at the time the transaction is approved. In addition,
- 6 the corporation shall provide notice of any directors' meeting
- 7 at which such approval is to be obtained in accordance with
- 8 section 504A.823, subsection 3. The notice must also state
- 9 that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to
- 10 consider dissolution of the corporation and contain or be
- 11 accompanied by a copy or summary of the plan of dissolution.
- 12 3. The board may condition its submission of the proposed
- 13 dissolution, and the members may condition their approval of
- 14 the dissolution, on receipt of a higher percentage of
- 15 affirmative votes or on any other basis.
- 16 4. If the board seeks to have dissolution approved by the
- 17 members at a membership meeting, the corporation shall give
- 18 notice to its members of the proposed membership meeting in
- 19 accordance with section 504A.705. The notice must also state
- 20 that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to
- 21 consider dissolving the corporation and must contain or be
- 22 accompanied by a copy or summary of the plan of dissolution.
- 23 5. If the board seeks to have the dissolution approved by
- 24 the members by written consent or written ballot, the material
- 25 soliciting the approval shall contain or be accompanied by a
- 26 copy or summary of the plan of dissolution.
- 27 6. The plan of dissolution shall indicate to whom the
- 28 assets owned or held by the corporation will be distributed
- 29 after all creditors have been paid.
- 30 Sec. 140. NEW SECTION. 504A.1403 NOTICES TO THE ATTORNEY
- 31 GENERAL.
- 32 l. A public benefit or religious corporation shall give
- 33 the attorney general written notice that it intends to
- 34 dissolve at or before the time it delivers articles of
- 35 dissolution to the secretary of state. The notice shall

- 1 include a copy or summary of the plan of dissolution.
- 2 2. Assets shall not be transferred or conveyed by a public
- 3 benefit or religious corporation as part of the dissolution
- 4 process until twenty days after it has given the written
- 5 notice required by subsection 1 to the attorney general or
- 6 until the attorney general has consented in writing to, or
- 7 indicated in writing that, the attorney general will take no
- 8 action in respect to the transfer or conveyance, whichever is
- 9 earlier.
- 10 3. When all or substantially all of the assets of a public
- 11 benefit corporation have been transferred or conveyed
- 12 following approval of dissolution, the board shall deliver to
- 13 the attorney general a list showing to whom, other than
- 14 creditors, the assets were transferred or conveyed. The list
- 15 shall indicate the addresses of each person, other than
- 16 creditors, who received assets and indicate what assets each
- 17 received.
- 18 Sec. 141. NEW SECTION. 504A.1404 ARTICLES OF
- 19 DISSOLUTION.
- 20 l. At any time after dissolution is authorized, a
- 21 corporation may dissolve by delivering articles of dissolution
- 22 to the secretary of state setting forth all of the following:
- 23 a. The name of the corporation.
- 24 b. The date dissolution was authorized.
- 25 c. A statement that dissolution was approved by a
- 26 sufficient vote of the board.
- 27 d. If approval of members was not required, a statement to
- 28 that effect and a statement that dissolution was approved by a
- 29 sufficient vote of the board of directors or incorporators.
- 30 e. If approval by members was required, both of the
- 31 following:
- 32 (1) The designation, number of memberships outstanding,
- 33 number of votes entitled to be cast by each class entitled to
- 34 vote separately on dissolution, and number of votes of each
- 35 class indisputably voting on dissolution.

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- 1 (2) Either the total number of votes cast for and against
- 2 dissolution by each class entitled to vote separately on
- 3 dissolution or the total number of undisputed votes cast for
- 4 dissolution by each class and a statement that the number cast
- 5 for dissolution by each class was sufficient for approval by
- 6 that class.
- 7 f. If approval of dissolution by some person or persons
- 8 other than the members, the board, or the incorporators is
- 9 required pursuant to section 504A.1402, subsection 1,
- 10 paragraph "c", a statement that the approval was obtained.
- 11 g. If the corporation is a public benefit or religious
- 12 corporation, that the notice to the attorney general required
- 13 by section 504A.1403, subsection 1, has been given.
- 14 2. A corporation is dissolved upon the effective date of
- 15 its articles of dissolution.
- 16 Sec. 142. NEW SECTION. 504A.1405 REVOCATION OF
- 17 DISSOLUTION.
- 18 1. A corporation may revoke its dissolution within one
- 19 hundred twenty days of its effective date.
- 20 2. Revocation of dissolution must be authorized in the
- 21 same manner as the dissolution was authorized unless that
- 22 authorization permitted revocation by action of the board of
- 23 directors alone, in which event the board of directors may
- 24 revoke the dissolution without action by the members or any
- 25 other person.
- 26 3. After the revocation of dissolution is authorized, the
- 27 corporation may revoke the dissolution by delivering to the
- 28 secretary of state for filing, articles of revocation of
- 29 dissolution, together with a copy of its articles of
- 30 dissolution, that set forth all of the following:
- 31 a. The name of the corporation.
- 32 b. The effective date of the dissolution that was revoked.
- 33 c. The date that the revocation of dissolution was
- 34 authorized.
- 35 d. If the corporation's board of directors or

1 incorporators revoked the dissolution, a statement to that

- 2 effect.
- 3 e. If the corporation's board of directors revoked a
- 4 dissolution authorized by the members alone or in conjunction
- 5 with another person or persons, a statement that revocation
- 6 was permitted by action of the board of directors alone
- 7 pursuant to that authorization.
- 8 f. If member or third person action was required to revoke
- 9 the dissolution, the information required by section
- 10 504A.1404, subsection 1, paragraphs "e" and "f".
- 11 4. Revocation of dissolution is effective upon the
- 12 effective date of the articles of revocation of dissolution.
- 13 5. When the revocation of dissolution is effective, it
- 14 relates back to and takes effect as of the effective date of
- 15 the dissolution and the corporation resumes carrying on its
- 16 activities as if dissolution had never occurred.
- 17 Sec. 143. NEW SECTION. 504A.1406 EFFECT OF DISSOLUTION.
- 18 1. A dissolved corporation continues its corporate
- 19 existence but shall not carry on any activities except those
- 20 appropriate to wind up and liquidate its affairs, including
- 21 all of the following:
- 22 a. Preserving and protecting its assets and minimizing its
- 23 liabilities.
- 24 b. Discharging or making provision for discharging its
- 25 liabilities and obligations.
- 26 c. Disposing of its properties that will not be
- 27 distributed in kind.
- 28 d. Returning, transferring, or conveying assets held by
- 29 the corporation upon a condition requiring return, transfer,
- 30 or conveyance, which condition occurs by reason of the
- 31 dissolution, in accordance with such condition.
- 32 e. Transferring, subject to any contractual or legal
- 33 requirements, its assets as provided in or authorized by its
- 34 articles of incorporation or bylaws.
- 35 f. If the corporation is a public benefit or religious

- 1 corporation, and a provision has not been made in its articles
- 2 or bylaws for distribution of assets on dissolution,
- 3 transferring, subject to any contractual or legal requirement,
- 4 its assets to one or more persons described in section
- 5 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or if the dissolved
- 6 corporation is not described in section 501(c)(3) of the
- 7 Internal Revenue Code, to one or more public benefit or
- 8 religious corporations.
- 9 g. If the corporation is a mutual benefit corporation and
- 10 a provision has not been made in its articles or bylaws for
- 11 distribution of assets on dissolution, transferring its assets
- 12 to its members or, if it has no members, those persons whom
- 13 the corporation holds itself out as benefiting or serving.
- 14 h. Doing every other act necessary to wind up and
- 15 liquidate its assets and affairs.
- 2. Dissolution of a corporation does not do any of the
- 17 following:
- 18 a. Transfer title to the corporation's property.
- 19 b. Subject its directors or officers to standards of
- 20 conduct different from those prescribed in subchapter 8.
- 21 c. Change quorum or voting requirements for its board or
- 22 members; change provisions for selection, resignation, or
- 23 removal of its directors or officers or both; or change
- 24 provisions for amending its bylaws.
- 25 d. Prevent commencement of a proceeding by or against the
- 26 corporation in its corporate name.
- e. Abate or suspend a proceeding pending by or against the
- 28 corporation on the effective date of dissolution.
- 29 f. Terminate the authority of the registered agent.
- 30 Sec. 144. NEW SECTION. 504A.1407 KNOWN CLAIMS AGAINST
- 31 DISSOLVED CORPORATION.
- 32 1. A dissolved corporation may dispose of the known claims
- 33 against it by following the procedure described in this
- 34 section.
- 35 2. The dissolved corporation shall notify its known

1 claimants in writing of the dissolution at any time after the

- 2 effective date of the dissolution. The written notice must do
- 3 all of the following:
- 4 a. Describe information that must be included in a claim.
- 5 b. Provide a mailing address where a claim may be sent.
- 6 c. State the deadline, which shall not be fewer than one
- 7 hundred twenty days from the effective date of the written
- 8 notice, by which the dissolved corporation must receive the
- 9 claim.
- 10 d. State that the claim will be barred if not received by
- ll the deadline.
- 12 3. A claim against the dissolved corporation is barred if
- 13 either of the following occurs:
- 14 a. A claimant who was given written notice under
- 15 subsection 2 does not deliver the claim to the dissolved
- 16 corporation by the deadline.
- 17 b. A claimant whose claim was rejected by the dissolved
- 18 corporation does not commence a proceeding to enforce the
- 19 claim within ninety days from the effective date of the
- 20 rejection notice.
- 21 4. For purposes of this section, "claim" does not include
- 22 a contingent liability or a claim based on an event occurring
- 23 after the effective date of dissolution.
- 24 Sec. 145. NEW SECTION. 504A.1408 UNKNOWN CLAIMS AGAINST
- 25 DISSOLVED CORPORATION.
- 26 1. A dissolved corporation may also publish notice of its
- 27 dissolution and request that persons with claims against the
- 28 corporation present them in accordance with the notice.
- 29 2. The notice must do all of the following:
- 30 a. Be published one time in a newspaper of general
- 31 circulation in the county where the dissolved corporation's
- 32 principal office is located, or, if none is located in this
- 33 state, where its registered office is or was last located.
- 34 b. Describe the information that must be included in a
- 35 claim and provide a mailing address where the claim may be

1 sent.

- 2 c. State that a claim against the corporation will be
- 3 barred unless a proceeding to enforce the claim is commenced
- 4 within five years after publication of the notice.
- 5 3. If the dissolved corporation publishes a newspaper
- 6 notice in accordance with subsection 2, the claim of each of
- 7 the following claimants is barred unless the claimant
- 8 commences a proceeding to enforce the claim against the
- 9 dissolved corporation within five years after the publication
- 10 date of the newspaper notice:
- 11 a. A claimant who did not receive written notice under
- 12 section 504A.1407.
- 13 b. A claimant whose claim was timely sent to the dissolved
- 14 corporation but not acted on.
- 15 c. A claimant whose claim is contingent or based on an
- 16 event occurring after the effective date of dissolution.
- 17 4. A claim may be enforced under this section to the
- 18 following extent, as applicable:
- 19 a. Against the dissolved corporation, to the extent of its
- 20 undistributed assets.
- 21 b. If the assets have been distributed in liquidation,
- 22 against any person, other than a creditor of the corporation,
- 23 to whom the corporation distributed its property to the extent
- 24 of the distributee's pro rata share of the claim or the
- 25 corporate assets distributed to such person in liquidation,
- 26 whichever is less, but the distributee's total liability for
- 27 all claims under this section shall not exceed the total
- 28 amount of assets distributed to the distributee.
- 29 PART 2
- 30 ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION
- 31 Sec. 146. NEW SECTION. 504A.1421 GROUNDS FOR
- 32 ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION.
- 33 The secretary of state may commence a proceeding under
- 34 section 504A.1422 to administratively dissolve a corporation
- 35 if any of the following occurs:

- 1. The corporation does not deliver its biennial report to
- 2 the secretary of state, in a form that meets the requirements
- 3 of section 504A.1613, within sixty days after the report is 4 due.
- 5 2. The corporation is without a registered agent or
- 6 registered office in this state for sixty days or more.
- 7 3. The corporation does not notify the secretary of state
- 8 within sixty days that its registered agent or registered
- 9 office has been changed, that its registered agent has
- 10 resigned, or that its registered office has been discontinued.
- 11 4. The corporation's period of duration, if any, stated in
- 12 its articles of incorporation expires.
- 13 Sec. 147. NEW SECTION. 504A.1422 PROCEDURE FOR AND
- 14 EFFECT OF ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION.
- 15 l. Upon determining that one or more grounds exist under
- 16 section 504A.1421 for dissolving a corporation, the secretary
- 17 of state shall serve the corporation with written notice of
- 18 that determination under section 504A.504, and in the case of
- 19 a public benefit corporation shall notify the attorney general
- 20 in writing of that determination.
- 21 2. If the corporation does not correct each ground for
- 22 dissolution or demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of
- 23 the secretary of state that each ground determined by the
- 24 secretary of state does not exist within at least sixty days
- 25 after service of notice is perfected under section 504A.504,
- 26 the secretary of state may administratively dissolve the
- 27 corporation by signing a certificate of dissolution that
- 28 recites the ground or grounds for dissolution and its
- 29 effective date. The secretary of state shall file the
- 30 original of the certificate of dissolution and serve a copy on
- 31 the corporation under section 504A.504, and in the case of a
- 32 public benefit corporation shall notify the attorney general
- 33 in writing of the dissolution.
- 34 3. A corporation administratively dissolved continues its
- 35 corporate existence but may not carry on any activities except

- 1 those necessary to wind up and liquidate its affairs pursuant
- 2 to section 504A.1406 and notify its claimants pursuant to
- 3 sections 504A.1407 and 504A.1408.
- 4. The administrative dissolution of a corporation does
- 5 not terminate the authority of its registered agent.
- 6 5. The secretary of state's administrative dissolution of
- 7 a corporation pursuant to this section appoints the secretary
- 8 of state as the corporation's agent for service of process in
- 9 any proceeding based on a cause of action which arose during
- 10 the time the corporation was authorized to transact business
- 11 in this state. Service of process on the secretary of state
- 12 under this subsection is service on the corporation. Upon
- 13 receipt of process, the secretary of state shall serve a copy
- 14 of the process on the corporation as provided in section
- 15 504A.504. This subsection does not preclude service on the
- 16 corporation's registered agent, if any.
- 17 Sec. 148. NEW SECTION. 504A.1423 REINSTATEMENT FOLLOWING
- 18 ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION.
- 19 1. A corporation administratively dissolved under section
- 20 504A.1422 may apply to the secretary of state for
- 21 reinstatement within two years after the effective date of
- 22 dissolution. The application must state all of the following:
- 23 a. The name of the corporation and the effective date of
- 24 its administrative dissolution.
- 25 b. That the ground or grounds for dissolution either did
- 26 not exist or have been eliminated.
- 27 c. That the corporation's name satisfies the requirements
- 28 of section 504A.401.
- 29 d. The federal tax identification number of the
- 30 corporation.
- 31 2. a. The secretary of state shall refer the federal tax
- 32 identification number contained in the application for
- 33 reinstatement to the department of revenue and finance. The
- 34 department of revenue and finance shall report to the
- 35 secretary of state the tax status of the corporation. If the

- 1 department reports to the secretary of state that a filing
- 2 delinquency or liability exists against the corporation, the
- 3 secretary of state shall not cancel the certificate of
- 4 dissolution until the filing delinquency or liability is
- 5 satisfied.
- 6 b. If the secretary of state determines that the
- 7 application contains the information required by subsection 1,
- 8 that a delinquency or liability reported pursuant to paragraph
- 9 "a" has been satisfied, and that all of the application
- 10 information is correct, the secretary of state shall cancel
 - 11 the certificate of dissolution and prepare a certificate of
 - 12 reinstatement reciting that determination and the effective
 - 13 date of reinstatement, file the original of the certificate,
 - 14 and serve a copy on the corporation under section 504A.504.
 - 15 If the corporate name in subsection 1, paragraph "c", is
 - 16 different from the corporate name in subsection 1, paragraph
 - 17 "a", the certificate of reinstatement shall constitute an
 - 18 amendment to the articles of incorporation insofar as it
 - 19 pertains to the corporate name.
 - 20 3. When reinstatement is effective, it relates back to and
 - 21 takes effect as of the effective date of the administrative
 - 22 dissolution and the corporation shall resume carrying on its
 - 23 activities as if the administrative dissolution had never
 - 24 occurred.
 - 25 Sec. 149. NEW SECTION. 504A.1424 APPEAL FROM DENIAL OF
 - 26 REINSTATEMENT.
 - 27 1. The secretary of state, upon denying a corporation's
 - 28 application for reinstatement following administrative
 - 29 dissolution, shall serve the corporation under section
 - 30 504A.504 with a written notice that explains the reason or
 - 31 reasons for denial.
 - 32 2. The corporation may appeal the denial of reinstatement
 - 33 to the district court within ninety days after service of the
 - 34 notice of denial is perfected by petitioning to set aside the
 - 35 dissolution and attaching to the petition copies of the

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- 1 secretary of state's certificate of dissolution, the
- 2 corporation's application for reinstatement, and the secretary
- 3 of state's notice of denial of reinstatement.
- 4 3. The court may summarily order the secretary of state to
- 5 reinstate the dissolved corporation or may take other action
- 6 the court considers appropriate.
- 7 4. The court's final decision may be appealed as in other 8 civil proceedings.
- 9 PART 3
- 10 JUDICIAL DISSOLUTION
- 11 Sec. 150. NEW SECTION. 504A.1431 GROUNDS FOR JUDICIAL
- 12 DISSOLUTION.
- 13 l. The district court may dissolve a corporation in any of
- 14 the following ways:
- 15 a. In a proceeding brought by the attorney general, if any
- 16 of the following is established:
- 17 (1) The corporation obtained its articles of incorporation
- 18 through fraud.
- 19 (2) The corporation has continued to exceed or abuse the
- 20 authority conferred upon it by law.
- 21 (3) The corporation is a public benefit corporation and
- 22 the corporate assets are being misapplied or wasted.
- 23 (4) The corporation is a public benefit corporation and is
- 24 no longer able to carry out its purposes.
- 25 b. Except as provided in the articles or bylaws of a
- 26 religious corporation, in a proceeding brought by fifty
- 27 members or members holding five percent of the voting power,
- 28 whichever is less, or by a director or any person specified in
- 29 the articles, if any of the following is established:
- 30 (1) The directors are deadlocked in the management of the
- 31 corporate affairs, and the members, if any, are unable to
- 32 break the deadlock.
- 33 (2) The directors or those in control of the corporation
- 34 have acted, are acting, or will act in a manner that is
- 35 illegal, oppressive, or fraudulent.

- 1 (3) The members are deadlocked in voting power and have
- 2 failed, for a period that includes at least two consecutive
- 3 annual meeting dates, to elect successors to directors whose
- 4 terms have, or would otherwise have, expired.
- 5 (4) The corporate assets are being misapplied or wasted.
- 6 (5) The corporation is a public benefit or religious
- 7 corporation and is no longer able to carry out its purposes.
- 8 c. In a proceeding brought by a creditor, if either of the
- 9 following is established:
- 10 (1) The creditor's claim has been reduced to judgment, the
- 11 execution on the judgment is returned unsatisfied, and the
- 12 corporation is insolvent.
- 13 (2) The corporation has admitted in writing that the
- 14 creditor's claim is due and owing and the corporation is
- 15 insolvent.
- 16 d. In a proceeding brought by the corporation to have its
- 17 voluntary dissolution continued under court supervision.
- 18 2. Prior to dissolving a corporation, the court shall
- 19 consider whether:
- 20 a. There are reasonable alternatives to dissolution.
- 21 b. Dissolution is in the public interest, if the
- 22 corporation is a public benefit corporation.
- 23 c. Dissolution is the best way of protecting the interests
- 24 of members, if the corporation is a mutual benefit
- 25 corporation.
- 26 Sec. 151. NEW SECTION. 504A.1432 PROCEDURE FOR JUDICIAL
- 27 DISSOLUTION.
- 28 1. Venue for a proceeding brought by the attorney general
- 29 to dissolve a corporation lies in Polk county. Venue for a
- 30 proceeding brought by any other party named in section
- 31 504A.1431 lies in the county where a corporation's principal
- 32 office is located or, if none is located in this state, where
- 33 its registered office is or was last located.
- 2. It is not necessary to make directors or members
- 35 parties to a proceeding to dissolve a corporation unless

1 relief is sought against them individually.

- 2 3. A court in a proceeding brought to dissolve a
- 3 corporation may issue injunctions, appoint a receiver or
- 4 custodian pendente lite with all powers and duties the court
- 5 directs, take other action required to preserve the corporate
- 6 assets wherever located, or carry on the activities of the
- 7 corporation until a full hearing can be held.
- 8 4. A person other than the attorney general who brings an
- 9 involuntary dissolution proceeding for a public benefit or
- 10 religious corporation shall immediately give written notice of
- 11 the proceeding to the attorney general who may then intervene.
- 12 Sec. 152. NEW SECTION. 504A.1433 RECEIVERSHIP OR
- 13 CUSTODIANSHIP.
- 14 1. A court in a judicial proceeding brought to dissolve a
- 15 public benefit or mutual benefit corporation may appoint one
- 16 or more receivers to wind up and liquidate, or one or more
- 17 custodians to manage, the affairs of the corporation. The
- 18 court shall hold a hearing, after notifying all parties to the
- 19 proceeding and any interested persons designated by the court,
- 20 before appointing a receiver or custodian. The court
- 21 appointing a receiver or custodian has exclusive jurisdiction
- 22 over the corporation and all of its property wherever located.
- 23 2. The court may appoint an individual, or a domestic or
- 24 foreign business or nonprofit corporation authorized to
- 25 transact business in this state as a receiver or custodian.
- 26 The court may require the receiver or custodian to post bond,
- 27 with or without sureties, in an amount the court directs.
- 28 3. The court shall describe the powers and duties of the
- 29 receiver or custodian in its appointing order, which may be
- 30 amended including the following:
- 31 a. The receiver or custodian may dispose of all or any
- 32 part of the assets of the corporation wherever located, at a
- 33 public or private sale, if authorized by the court. However,
- 34 the receiver's or custodian's power to dispose of the assets
- 35 of the corporation is subject to any trust and other

- 1 restrictions that would be applicable to the corporation. The
- 2 receiver or custodian may sue and defend in the receiver's or
- 3 custodian's name as receiver or custodian of the corporation,
- 4 as applicable, in all courts of this state.
- 5 b. The custodian may exercise all of the powers of the
- 6 corporation, through or in place of its board of directors or
- 7 officers, to the extent necessary to manage the affairs of the
- 8 corporation in the best interests of its members and
- 9 creditors.
- 10 4. The court during a receivership may redesignate the
- 11 receiver a custodian, and during a custodianship may
- 12 redesignate the custodian a receiver, if doing so is in the
- 13 best interests of the corporation, its members, and creditors.
- 14 5. The court during the receivership or custodianship may
- 15 order compensation paid and expense disbursements or
- 16 reimbursements made to the receiver or custodian and to the
- 17 receiver's or custodian's attorney from the assets of the
- 18 corporation or proceeds from the sale of the assets.
- 19 Sec. 153. NEW SECTION. 504A.1434 DECREE OF DISSOLUTION.
- 20 1. If after a hearing the court determines that one or
- 21 more grounds for judicial dissolution described in section
- 22 504A.1431 exist, the court may enter a decree dissolving the
- 23 corporation and specifying the effective date of the
- 24 dissolution, and the clerk of the court shall deliver a
- 25 certified copy of the decree to the secretary of state, who
- 26 shall file it.
- 27 2. After entering the decree of dissolution, the court
- 28 shall direct the winding up of the corporation's affairs and
- 29 liquidation of the corporation in accordance with section
- 30 504A.1406 and the notification of its claimants in accordance
- 31 with sections 504A.1407 and 504A.1408.
- 32 PART 4
- 33 MISCELLANEOUS
- 34 Sec. 154. NEW SECTION. 504A.1441 DEPOSIT WITH STATE
- 35 TREASURER.

- 1 Assets of a dissolved corporation which should be
- 2 transferred to a creditor, claimant, or member of the
- 3 corporation who cannot be found or who is not competent to
- 4 receive them shall be reduced to cash subject to known trust
- 5 restrictions and deposited with the treasurer of state for
- 6 safekeeping. However, in the treasurer of state's discretion,
- 7 property may be received and held in kind. When the creditor,
- 8 claimant, or member furnishes satisfactory proof of
- 9 entitlement to the amount deposited or property held in kind,
- 10 the treasurer of state shall deliver to the creditor, member,
- 11 or other person or to the representative of the creditor,
- 12 member, or other person that amount or property.
- 13 SUBCHAPTER XV
- 14 FOREIGN CORPORATIONS
- 15 PART 1
- 16 CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY
- 17 Sec. 155. NEW SECTION. 504A.1501 AUTHORITY TO TRANSACT
- 18 BUSINESS REQUIRED.
- 19 1. A foreign corporation shall not transact business in
- 20 this state until it obtains a certificate of authority from
- 21 the secretary of state.
- 22 2. The following activities, among others, do not
- 23 constitute transacting business within the meaning of
- 24 subsection 1:
- 25 a. Maintaining, defending, or settling any proceeding.
- 26 b. Holding meetings of the board of directors or members
- 27 or carrying on other activities concerning internal corporate
- 28 affairs.
- 29 c. Maintaining bank accounts.
- 30 d. Maintaining offices or agencies for the transfer,
- 31 exchange, or registration of memberships or securities or
- 32 maintaining trustees or depositaries with respect to those
- 33 securities.
- 34 e. Selling through independent contractors.
- 35 f. Soliciting or obtaining orders, whether by mail or

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- 1 through employees or agents or otherwise, if the orders
- 2 require acceptance outside this state before they become
- 3 contracts.
- 4 g. Creating or acquiring indebtedness, mortgages, or
- 5 security interests in real or personal property.
- 6 h. Securing or collecting debts or enforcing mortgages or
- 7 security interests in property securing the debts.
- 8 i. Owning, without more, real or personal property.
- 9 j. Conducting an isolated transaction that is completed
- 10 within thirty days and that is not one in the course of
- 11 repeated transactions of a like nature.
- 12 k. Transacting business in interstate commerce.
- 13 Sec. 156. NEW SECTION. 504A.1502 CONSEQUENCES OF
- 14 TRANSACTING BUSINESS WITHOUT AUTHORITY.
- 15 1. A foreign corporation transacting business in this
- 16 state without a certificate of authority shall not maintain a
- 17 proceeding in any court in this state until it obtains a
- 18 certificate of authority.
- 19 2. The successor to a foreign corporation that transacted
- 20 business in this state without a certificate of authority and
- 21 the assignee of a cause of action arising out of that business
- 22 shall not maintain a proceeding on that cause of action in any
- 23 court in this state until the foreign corporation or its
- 24 successor obtains a certificate of authority.
- 25 3. A court may stay a proceeding commenced by a foreign
- 26 corporation, its successor, or assignee until the court
- 27 determines whether the foreign corporation or its successor
- 28 requires a certificate of authority. If it so determines, the
- 29 court may further stay the proceeding until the foreign
- 30 corporation or its successor obtains the certificate.
- 31 4. A foreign corporation is liable for a civil penalty of
- 32 an amount not to exceed a total of one thousand dollars if it
- 33 transacts business in this state without a certificate of
- 34 authority. The attorney general may collect all penalties due
- 35 under this subsection.

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- 1 5. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2, the failure of a
- 2 foreign corporation to obtain a certificate of authority does
- 3 not impair the validity of its corporate acts or prevent it
- 4 from defending any proceeding in this state.
- 5 Sec. 157. NEW SECTION. 504A.1503 APPLICATION FOR
- 6 CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY.
- 7 1. A foreign corporation may apply for a certificate of
- 8 authority to transact business in this state by delivering an
- 9 application to the secretary of state. The application must
- 10 set forth all of the following:
- 11 a. The name of the foreign corporation or, if its name is
- 12 unavailable for use in this state, a corporate name that
- 13 satisfies the requirements of section 504A.1506.
- 14 b. The name of the state or country under whose law it is
- 15 incorporated.
- 16 c. The date of incorporation and period of duration.
- 17 d. The address of its principal office.
- 18 e. The address of its registered office in this state and
- 19 the name of its registered agent at that office.
- 20 f. The names and usual business or home addresses of its
- 21 current directors and officers.
- 22 g. Whether the foreign corporation has members.
- 23 h. Whether the corporation, if it had been incorporated in
- 24 this state, would be a public benefit, mutual benefit, or
- 25 religious corporation.
- 26 2. The foreign corporation shall deliver the completed
- 27 application to the secretary of state, and shall also deliver
- 28 to the secretary of state a certificate of existence or a
- 29 document of similar import duly authenticated by the secretary
- 30 of state or other official having custody of corporate records
- 31 in the state or country under whose law it is incorporated
- 32 which is dated no earlier than ninety days prior to the date
- 33 the application is filed with the secretary of state.
- 34 Sec. 158. NEW SECTION. 504A.1504 AMENDED CERTIFICATE OF
- 35 AUTHORITY.

- 1. A foreign corporation authorized to transact business
- 2 in this state shall obtain an amended certificate of authority
- 3 from the secretary of state if it changes any of the
- 4 following:
- 5 a. Its corporate name.
- 6 b. The period of its duration.
- 7 c. The state or country of its incorporation.
- 8 2. The requirements of section 504A.1503 for obtaining an
- 9 original certificate of authority apply to obtaining an
- 10 amended certificate under this section.
- 11 Sec. 159. NEW SECTION. 504A.1505 EFFECT OF CERTIFICATE
- 12 OF AUTHORITY.
- 13 1. A certificate of authority authorizes the foreign
- 14 corporation to which it is issued to transact business in this
- 15 state subject, however, to the right of the state to revoke
- 16 the certificate as provided in this chapter.
- 17 2. A foreign corporation with a valid certificate of
- 18 authority has the same rights and has the same privileges as
- 19 and, except as otherwise provided by this chapter, is subject
- 20 to the same duties, restrictions, penalties, and liabilities
- 21 now or later imposed on a domestic corporation of like
- 22 character.
- 23 3. This chapter does not authorize this state to regulate
- 24 the organization or internal affairs of a foreign corporation
- 25 authorized to transact business in this state.
- 26 Sec. 160. NEW SECTION. 504A.1506 CORPORATE NAME OF
- 27 FOREIGN CORPORATION.
- 28 l. If the corporate name of a foreign corporation does not
- 29 satisfy the requirements of section 504A.401, the foreign
- 30 corporation, to obtain or maintain a certificate of authority
- 31 to transact business in this state, may use a fictitious name
- 32 to transact business in this state if the corporation's real
- 33 name is unavailable and it delivers to the secretary of state
- 34 for filing a copy of the resolution of its board of directors,
- 35 certified by its secretary, adopting the fictitious name.

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- 2. Except as authorized by subsections 3 and 4, the
- 2 corporate name of a foreign corporation, including a
- 3 fictitious name, must be distinguishable upon the records of
- 4 the secretary of state from all of the following:
- 5 a. The corporate name of a nonprofit or business
- 6 corporation incorporated or authorized to transact business in
- 7 this state.
- 8 b. A corporate name reserved or registered under section
- 9 504A.402 or 504A.403 or section 490.402 or 490.403.
- 10 c. The fictitious name of another foreign business or
- 11 nonprofit corporation authorized to transact business in this
- 12 state.
- 3. A foreign corporation may apply to the secretary of
- 14 state for authorization to use in this state the name of
- 15 another corporation incorporated or authorized to transact
- 16 business in this state that is not distinguishable upon the
- 17 records of the secretary of state from the name applied for.
- 18 The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name applied
- 19 for if either of the following applies:
- 20 a. The other corporation consents to the use in writing
- 21 and submits an undertaking in a form satisfactory to the
- 22 secretary of state to change its name to a name that is
- 23 distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state
- 24 from the name of the applying corporation.
- 25 b. The applicant delivers to the secretary of state a
- 26 certified copy of a final judgment of a court of competent
- 27 jurisdiction establishing the applicant's right to use the
- 28 name applied for in this state.
- 29 4. A foreign corporation may use in this state the name,
- 30 including the fictitious name, of another domestic or foreign
- 31 business or nonprofit corporation that is used in this state
- 32 if the other corporation is incorporated or authorized to
- 33 transact business in this state and the foreign corporation
- 34 has filed documentation satisfactory to the secretary of state
- 35 of the occurrence of any of the following:

- 1 a. The foreign corporation has merged with the other
- 2 corporation.
- 3 b. The foreign corporation has been formed by
- 4 reorganization of the other corporation.
- 5 c. The foreign corporation has acquired all or
- 6 substantially all of the assets, including the corporate name,
- 7 of the other corporation.
- 8 5. If a foreign corporation authorized to transact
- 9 business in this state changes its corporate name to one that
- 10 does not satisfy the requirements of section 504A.401, it
- 11 shall not transact business in this state under the changed
- 12 name until it adopts a name satisfying the requirements of
- 13 section 504A.401 and obtains an amended certificate of
- 14 authority under section 504A.1504.
- 15 Sec. 161. NEW SECTION. 504A.1507 REGISTERED OFFICE AND
- 16 REGISTERED AGENT OF FOREIGN CORPORATION.
- 17 Each foreign corporation authorized to transact business in
- 18 this state shall continuously maintain in this state both of
- 19 the following:
- 20 l. A registered office with the same address as that of
- 21 its registered agent.
- 22 2. A registered agent, who may be any of the following:
- 23 a. An individual who resides in this state and whose
- 24 office is identical to the registered office.
- 25 b. A domestic business or nonprofit corporation whose
- 26 office is identical to the registered office.
- 27 c. A foreign business or nonprofit corporation authorized
- 28 to transact business in this state whose office is identical
- 29 to the registered office.
- 30 Sec. 162. NEW SECTION. 504A.1508 CHANGE OF REGISTERED
- 31 OFFICE OR REGISTERED AGENT OF FOREIGN CORPORATION.
- 32 l. A foreign corporation authorized to transact business
- 33 in this state may change its registered office or registered
- 34 agent by delivering to the secretary of state for filing a
- 35 statement of change that sets forth all of the following that

1 apply:

- 2 a. The name of its registered office or registered agent.
- 3 b. If the current registered office is to be changed, the
- 4 address of its new registered office.
- 5 c. If the current registered agent is to be changed, the
- 6 name of its new registered agent and the new agent's written
- 7 consent to the appointment, either on the statement or
- 8 attached to it.
- 9 d. That after the change or changes are made, the
- 10 addresses of its registered office and the office of its
- ll registered agent will be identical.
- 12 2. If a registered agent changes the address of its
- 13 business office, the agent may change the address of the
- 14 registered office of any foreign corporation for which the
- 15 agent is the registered agent by notifying the corporation in
- 16 writing of the change and signing either manually or in
- 17 facsimile and delivering to the secretary of state for filing
- 18 a statement of change that complies with the requirements of
- 19 subsection 1 and recites that the corporation has been
- 20 notified of the change.
- 21 3. If a registered agent changes the registered agent's
- 22 business address to another place, the registered agent may
- 23 change the address of the registered office of any corporation
- 24 for which the registered agent is the registered agent by
- 25 filing a statement as required in subsection 2 for each
- 26 corporation, or by filing a single statement for all
- 27 corporations named in the notice, except that it must be
- 28 signed either manually or in facsimile only by the registered
- 29 agent and must recite that a copy of the statement has been
- 30 mailed to each corporation named in the notice.
- 31 4. A corporation may also change its registered office or
- 32 registered agent in its biennial report as provided in section
- 33 504A.1613.
- 34 Sec. 163. NEW SECTION. 504A.1509 RESIGNATION OF
- 35 REGISTERED AGENT OF FOREIGN CORPORATION.

- 1 1. The registered agent of a foreign corporation may
- 2 resign as agent by signing and delivering to the secretary of
- 3 state for filing the original statement of resignation. The
- 4 statement of resignation may include a statement that the
- 5 registered office is also discontinued.
- 6 The registered agent shall send a copy of the statement of
- 7 resignation by certified mail to the corporation at its
- 8 principal office and to the registered office, if not
- 9 discontinued. The registered agent shall certify to the
- 10 secretary of state that the copies have been sent to the
- 11 corporation, including the date the copies were sent.
- 12 2. The agency appointment is terminated, and the
- 13 registered office discontinued if so provided, on the date on
- 14 which the statement is filed with the secretary of state.
- 15 Sec. 164. NEW SECTION. 504A.1510 SERVICE ON FOREIGN
- 16 CORPORATION.
- 17 l. The registered agent of a foreign corporation
- 18 authorized to transact business in this state is the
- 19 corporation's agent for service of process, notice, or demand
- 20 required or permitted by law to be served on the foreign
- 21 corporation.
- 22 2. A foreign corporation may be served by registered or
- 23 certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the
- 24 secretary of the foreign corporation at its principal office
- 25 shown in its application for a certificate of authority or in
- 26 its most recent biennial report filed under section 504A.1613
- 27 if any of the following conditions apply:
- 28 a. The foreign corporation has no registered agent or its
- 29 registered agent cannot with reasonable diligence be served.
- 30 b. The foreign corporation has withdrawn from transacting
- 31 business in this state under section 504A.1521.
- 32 c. The foreign corporation has had its certificate of
- 33 authority revoked under section 504A.1532.
- 34 3. Service is perfected under subsection 2 at the earliest
- 35 of any of the following:

- 1 a. The date the foreign corporation receives the mail.
- 2 b. The date shown on the return receipt, if signed on
- 3 behalf of the foreign corporation.
- 4 c. Five days after its deposit in the United States mail,
- 5 as evidenced by the postmark, if mailed postpaid and correctly
- 6 addressed.
- 7 4. This section does not prescribe the only means, or
- 8 necessarily the required means, of serving a foreign
- 9 corporation. A foreign corporation may also be served in any
- 10 other manner permitted by law.
- 11 PART 2
- 12 WITHDRAWAL
- 13 Sec. 165. NEW SECTION. 504A.1521 WITHDRAWAL OF FOREIGN
- 14 CORPORATION.
- 15 l. A foreign corporation authorized to transact business
- 16 in this state shall not withdraw from this state until it
- 17 obtains a certificate of withdrawal from the secretary of
- 18 state.
- 19 2. A foreign corporation authorized to transact business
- 20 in this state may apply for a certificate of withdrawal by
- 21 delivering an application to the secretary of state for
- 22 filing. The application shall set forth all of the following:
- 23 a. The name of the foreign corporation and the name of the
- 24 state or country under whose law it is incorporated.
- 25 b. That it is not transacting business in this state and
- 26 that it surrenders its authority to transact business in this
- 27 state.
- 28 c. That it revokes the authority of its registered agent
- 29 to accept service on its behalf and appoints the secretary of
- 30 state as its agent for service of process in any proceeding
- 31 based on a cause of action arising during the time it was
- 32 authorized to do business in this state.
- 33 d. A mailing address to which the secretary of state may
- 34 mail a copy of any process served on the secretary of state
- 35 under paragraph "c".

3. After the withdrawal of the corporation is effective,

2 service of process on the secretary of state under this

3 section is service on the foreign corporation. Upon receipt

4 of process, the secretary of state shall mail a copy of the

5 process to the foreign corporation at the mailing address set

6 forth in its application for withdrawal.

7 PART 3

8 REVOCATION OF CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY

- 9 Sec. 166. NEW SECTION. 504A.1531 GROUNDS FOR REVOCATION.
- 10 1. The secretary of state may commence a proceeding under
- 11 section 504A.1532 to revoke the certificate of authority of a
- 12 foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this
- 13 state if any of the following applies:
- 14 a. The foreign corporation does not deliver the biennial
- 15 report to the secretary of state in a form that meets the
- 16 requirements of section 504A.1613 within sixty days after it
- 17 is due.
- 18 b. The foreign corporation is without a registered agent
- 19 or registered office in this state for sixty days or more.
- 20 c. The foreign corporation does not inform the secretary
- 21 of state under section 504A.1508 or 504A.1509 that its
- 22 registered agent or registered office has changed, that its
- 23 registered agent has resigned, or that its registered office
- 24 has been discontinued within ninety days of the change,
- 25 resignation, or discontinuance.
- 26 d. An incorporator, director, officer, or agent of the
- 27 foreign corporation signed a document that such person knew
- 28 was false in any material respect with intent that the
- 29 document be delivered to the secretary of state for filing.
- 30 e. The secretary of state receives a duly authenticated
- 31 certificate from the secretary of state or other official
- 32 having custody of corporate records in the state or country
- 33 under whose law the foreign corporation is incorporated,
- 34 stating that it has been dissolved or disappeared as the
- 35 result of a merger.

- 1 2. The attorney general may commence a proceeding under
- 2 section 504A.1532 to revoke the certificate of authority of a
- 3 foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this
- 4 state if any of the following applies:
- 5 a. The corporation has continued to exceed or abuse the
- 6 authority conferred upon it by law.
- 7 b. The corporation would have been a public benefit
- 8 corporation had it been incorporated in this state and its
- 9 corporate assets in this state are being misapplied or wasted.
- 10 c. The corporation would have been a public benefit
- 11 corporation had it been incorporated in this state and it is
- 12 no longer able to carry out its purposes.
- 13 Sec. 167. NEW SECTION. 504A.1532 PROCEDURE FOR AND
- 14 EFFECT OF REVOCATION.
- 15 1. The secretary of state, upon determining that one or
- 16 more grounds exist under section 504A.1531 for revocation of a
- 17 certificate of authority, shall serve the foreign corporation
- 18 with written notice of that determination under section
- 19 504A.1510.
- 20 2. The attorney general, upon determining that one or more
- 21 grounds exist under section 504A.1531, subsection 2, for
- 22 revocation of a certificate of authority, shall request the
- 23 secretary of state to serve, and the secretary of state shall
- 24 serve, the foreign corporation with written notice of that
- 25 determination under section 504A.1510.
- 26 3. If the foreign corporation does not correct each ground
- 27 for revocation or demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction
- 28 of the secretary of state or attorney general that each ground
- 29 for revocation determined by the secretary of state or
- 30 attorney general does not exist within sixty days after
- 31 service of the notice is perfected under section 504A.1510,
- 32 the secretary of state may revoke the foreign corporation's
- 33 certificate of authority by signing a certificate of
- 34 revocation that recites the ground or grounds for revocation
- 35 and its effective date. The secretary of state shall file the

1 original of the certificate and serve a copy on the foreign

- 2 corporation under section 504A.1510.
- 3 4. The authority of a foreign corporation to transact
- 4 business in this state ceases on the date shown on the
- 5 certificate revoking its certificate of authority.
- 6 5. The secretary of state's revocation of a foreign
- 7 corporation's certificate of authority appoints the secretary
- 8 of state the foreign corporation's agent for service of
- 9 process in any proceeding based on a cause of action that
- 10 arose during the time the foreign corporation was authorized
- 11 to transact business in this state. Service of process on the
- 12 secretary of state under this subsection is service on the
- 13 foreign corporation. Upon receipt of process, the secretary
- 14 of state shall mail a copy of the process to the secretary of
- 15 the foreign corporation at its principal office shown in its
- 16 most recent biennial report or in any subsequent
- 17 communications received from the corporation stating the
- 18 current mailing address of its principal office, or, if none
- 19 are on file, in its application for a certificate of
- 20 authority.
- 21 6. Revocation of a foreign corporation's certificate of
- 22 authority does not terminate the authority of the registered
- 23 agent of the corporation.
- 24 Sec. 168. NEW SECTION. 504A.1533 APPEAL FROM REVOCATION.
- 25 l. A foreign corporation may appeal the secretary of
- 26 state's revocation of its certificate of authority to the
- 27 district court within thirty days after the service of the
- 28 certificate of revocation is perfected under section 504A.1510
- 29 by petitioning to set aside the revocation and attaching to
- 30 the petition copies of its certificate of authority and the
- 31 secretary of state's certificate of revocation.
- 32 2. The court may summarily order the secretary of state to
- 33 reinstate the certificate of authority or may take any other
- 34 action the court considers appropriate.
- 35 3. The court's final decision may be appealed as in other

1 civil proceedings.

2 SUBCHAPTER XVI

3 RECORDS AND REPORTS

4 PART 1

5 RECORDS

- 6 Sec. 169. NEW SECTION. 504A.1601 CORPORATE RECORDS.
- 7 1. A corporation shall keep as permanent records minutes
- 8 of all meetings of its members and board of directors, a
- 9 record of all actions taken by the members or directors
- 10 without a meeting, and a record of all actions taken by
- 11 committees of the board of directors as authorized by section
- 12 504A.826, subsection 4.
- 2. A corporation shall maintain appropriate accounting
 14 records.
- 15 3. A corporation or its agent shall maintain a record of
- 16 its members in a form that permits preparation of a list of
- 17 the names and addresses of all members, in alphabetical order
- 18 by class, showing the number of votes each member is entitled
- 19 to vote.
- 20 4. A corporation shall maintain its records in written
- 21 form or in another form capable of conversion into written
- 22 form within a reasonable time.
- 23 5. A corporation shall keep a copy of all of the following
- 24 records:
- 25 a. Its articles or restated articles of incorporation and
- 26 all amendments to them currently in effect.
- 27 b. Its bylaws or restated bylaws and all amendments to
- 28 them currently in effect.
- 29 c. Resolutions adopted by its board of directors relating
- 30 to the characteristics, qualifications, rights, limitations,
- 31 and obligations of members or any class or category of
- 32 members.
- 33 d. The minutes of all meetings of members and records of
- 34 all actions approved by the members for the past three years.
- 35 e. All written communications to members generally within

- 1 the past three years, including the financial statements
- 2 furnished for the past three years under section 504A.1611.
- 3 f. A list of the names and business or home addresses of
- 4 its current directors and officers.
- 5 q. Its most recent biennial report delivered to the
- 6 secretary of state under section 504A.1613.
- 7 Sec. 170. NEW SECTION. 504A.1602 INSPECTION OF RECORDS
- 8 BY MEMBERS.
- 9 1. Subject to subsection 5, a member is entitled to
- 10 inspect and copy, at a reasonable time and location specified
- 11 by the corporation, any of the records of the corporation
- 12 described in section 504A.1601, subsection 5, if the member
- 13 gives the corporation written notice or a written demand at
- 14 least five business days before the date on which the member
- 15 wishes to inspect and copy.
- 2. Subject to subsection 5, a member is entitled to
- 17 inspect and copy, at a reasonable time and reasonable location
- 18 specified by the corporation, any of the following records of
- 19 the corporation if the member meets the requirements of
- 20 subsection 3 and gives the corporation written notice at least
- 21 five business days before the date on which the member wishes
- 22 to inspect and copy:
- 23 a. Excerpts from any records required to be maintained
- 24 under section 504A.1601, subsection 1, to the extent not
- 25 subject to inspection under section 504A.1602, subsection 1.
- 26 b. Accounting records of the corporation.
- 27 c. The membership list.
- 28 3. A member may inspect and copy the records identified in
- 29 subsection 2 only if all of the following apply:
- 30 a. The member's demand is made in good faith and for a
- 31 proper purpose.
- 32 b. The member describes with reasonable particularity the
- 33 purpose of the demand and the records the member desires to
- 34 inspect.
- 35 c. The records are directly connected to the purpose

- 1 described.
- 2 d. The board consents, if consent is required by section
- 3 504A.1605.
- 4. This section does not affect either of the following:
- 5 a. The right of a member to inspect records under section
- 6 504A.711 or, if the member is in litigation with the
- 7 corporation, to the same extent as any other litigant.
- 8 b. The power of a court, independently of this chapter, to
- 9 compel the production of corporate records for examination.
- 10 5. The articles or bylaws of a religious corporation may
- 11 limit or abolish the right of a member under this section to
- 12 inspect and copy any corporate record.
- 13 Sec. 171. NEW SECTION. 504A.1603 SCOPE OF INSPECTION
- 14 RIGHT.
- 1. A member's agent or attorney has the same inspection
- 16 and copying rights as the member the agent or attorney
- 17 represents.
- 18 2. The right to copy records under section 504A.1602
- 19 includes, if reasonable, the right to receive copies made by
- 20 photographic, xerographic, or other means.
- 21 3. The corporation may impose a reasonable charge,
- 22 covering the costs of labor and material, for copies of any
- 23 documents provided to the member. The charge shall not exceed
- 24 the estimated cost of production or reproduction of the
- 25 records.
- 26 4. The corporation may comply with a member's demand to
- 27 inspect the record of members under section 504A.1602,
- 28 subsection 2, paragraph "c", by providing the member with a
- 29 list of its members that was compiled no earlier than the date
- 30 of the member's demand.
- 31 Sec. 172. NEW SECTION. 504A.1604 COURT-ORDERED
- 32 INSPECTION.
- 33 l. If a corporation does not allow a member who complies
- 34 with section 504A.1602, subsection 1, to inspect and copy any
- 35 records required by that subsection to be available for

- 1 inspection, the district court in the county where the
- 2 corporation's principal office is located or, if none is
- 3 located in this state, where its registered office is located,
- 4 may summarily order inspection and copying of the records
- 5 demanded at the corporation's expense upon application of the
- 6 member.
- 7 2. If a corporation does not within a reasonable time
- 8 allow a member to inspect and copy any other records, the
- 9 member who complies with section 504A.1602, subsections 2 and
- 10 3, may apply to the district court in the county where the
- ll corporation's principal office is located or, if none is
- 12 located in this state, where its registered office is located,
- 13 for an order to permit inspection and copying of the records
- 14 demanded. The court shall dispose of an application under
- 15 this subsection on an expedited basis.
- 16 3. If the court orders inspection and copying of the
- 17 records demanded, it shall also order the corporation to pay
- 18 the member's costs, including reasonable attorney fees
- 19 incurred, to obtain the order unless the corporation proves
- 20 that it refused inspection in good faith because it had a
- 21 reasonable basis for doubt about the right of the member to
- 22 inspect the records demanded.
- 23 4. If the court orders inspection and copying of the
- 24 records demanded, it may impose reasonable restrictions on the
- 25 use or distribution of the records by the demanding member.
- 26 Sec. 173. NEW SECTION. 504A.1605 LIMITATIONS ON USE OF
- 27 CORPORATE RECORDS.
- 28 Without consent of the board, no corporate record may be
- 29 obtained or used by any person for any purpose unrelated to a
- 30 member's interest as a member. Without limiting the
- 31 generality of the foregoing, without the consent of the board,
- 32 corporate records including, without limitation, a membership
- 33 list or any part thereof, shall not be used for any of the
- 34 following:
- 35 1. To solicit money or property unless such money or

- 1 property will be used solely to solicit the votes of the
- 2 members in an election to be held by the corporation.
- For any commercial purpose.
- 4 3. For sale to or purchase by any person.
- 5 4. For any purpose that is detrimental to the interests of 6 the corporation.
- 7 Sec. 174. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.1606 INSPECTION OF RECORDS 8 BY DIRECTORS.
- 9 1. A director of a corporation is entitled to inspect and
- 10 copy the books, records, and documents of the corporation at
- 11 any reasonable time to the extent reasonably related to the
- 12 performance of the director's duties as a director, including
- 13 duties as a member of a committee, but not for any other
- 14 purpose or in any manner that would violate any duty to the
- 15 corporation.
- 16 2. The district court of the county where the
- 17 corporation's principal office, or if none in this state, its
- 18 registered office, is located may order inspection and copying
- 19 of the books, records, and documents at the corporation's
- 20 expense, upon application of a director who has been refused
- 21 such inspection rights, unless the corporation establishes
- 22 that the director is not entitled to such inspection rights.
- 23 The court shall dispose of an application under this
- 24 subsection on an expedited basis.
- 25 3. If an order is issued, the court may include provisions
- 26 protecting the corporation from undue burden or expense, and
- 27 prohibiting the director from using information obtained upon
- 28 exercise of the inspection rights in a manner that would
- 29 violate a duty to the corporation, and may also order the
- 30 corporation to reimburse the director for the director's
- 31 costs, including reasonable counsel fees, incurred in
- 32 connection with the application.
- 33 PART 2
- 34 REPORTS
- 35 Sec. 175. NEW SECTION. 504A.1611 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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1 FOR MEMBERS.

- 2 l. Except as provided in the articles or bylaws of a
- 3 religious corporation, a corporation upon written demand from
- 4 a member shall furnish that member the corporation's latest
- 5 annual financial statements, which may be consolidated or
- 6 combined statements of the corporation and one or more of its
- 7 subsidiaries or affiliates, as appropriate, that include a
- 8 balance sheet as of the end of the fiscal year and a statement
- 9 of operations for that year.
- 10 2. If annual financial statements are reported upon by a
- 11 public accountant, the accountant's report must accompany
- 12 them.
- 13 Sec. 176. NEW SECTION. 504A.1612 REPORT OF
- 14 INDEMNIFICATION TO MEMBERS.
- 15 If a corporation indemnifies or advances expenses to a
- 16 director under section 504A.852, 504A.853, 504A.854, or
- 17 504A.855 in connection with a proceeding by or in the right of
- 18 the corporation, the corporation shall report the
- 19 indemnification or advance in writing to the members with or
- 20 before the notice of the next meeting of members.
- 21 Sec. 177. NEW SECTION. 504A.1613 BIENNIAL REPORT FOR
- 22 SECRETARY OF STATE.
- 23 1. Each domestic corporation, and each foreign corporation
- 24 authorized to transact business in this state, shall deliver
- 25 to the secretary of state for filing a biennial report on a
- 26 form prescribed and furnished by the secretary of state that
- 27 sets forth all of the following:
- 28 a. The name of the corporation and the state or country
- 29 under whose law it is incorporated.
- 30 b. The address of the corporation's registered office and
- 31 the name of the corporation's registered agent at that office
- 32 in this state, together with the consent of any new registered
- 33 agent.
- 34 c. The address of the corporation's principal office.
- 35 d. The names and addresses of the president, secretary,

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- 1 treasurer, and one member of the board of directors.
- 2 e. A brief description of the nature of the corporation's 3 activities.
- 4 f. Whether or not the corporation has members.
- 5 g. If the corporation is a domestic corporation, whether
- 6 the corporation is a public benefit, mutual benefit, or
- 7 religious corporation.
- 8 h. If the corporation is a foreign corporation, whether
- 9 the corporation would be a public benefit, mutual benefit, or
- 10 religious corporation had the corporation been incorporated in
- ll this state.
- 12 2. The information in the biennial report must be current
- 13 on the date the biennial report is executed on behalf of the
- 14 corporation.
- 15 3. The first biennial report shall be delivered to the
- 16 secretary of state between January 1 and April 1 of the first
- 17 odd-numbered year following the calendar year in which a
- 18 domestic corporation was incorporated or a foreign corporation
- 19 was authorized to transact business. Subsequent biennial
- 20 reports must be delivered to the secretary of state between
- 21 January 1 and April 1 of the following odd-numbered calendar
- 22 years.
- 23 4. a. If a biennial report does not contain the
- 24 information required by this section, the secretary of state
- 25 shall promptly notify the reporting domestic or foreign
- 26 corporation in writing and return the report to the
- 27 corporation for correction.
- 28 b. A filing fee for the biennial report shall be
- 29 determined by the secretary of state.
- 30 c. For purposes of this section, each biennial report
- 31 shall contain information related to the two-year period
- 32 immediately preceding the calendar year in which the report is
- 33 filed.
- 34 5. The secretary of state may provide for the change of
- 35 registered office or registered agent on the form prescribed

- 1 by the secretary of state for the biennial report, provided
- 2 that the form contains the information required in section
- 3 504A.502 or 504A.508. If the secretary of state determines
- 4 that a biennial report does not contain the information
- 5 required by this section but otherwise meets the requirements
- 6 of section 504A.502 or 504A.508 for the purpose of changing
- 7 the registered office or registered agent, the secretary of
- 8 state shall file the statement of change of registered office
- 9 or registered agent, effective as provided in section
- 10 504A.114, before returning the biennial report to the
- 11 corporation as provided in this section. A statement of
- 12 change of registered office or agent pursuant to this
- 13 subsection shall be executed by a person authorized to execute
- 14 the biennial report.
- 15 SUBCHAPTER XVII
- 16 TRANSITION PROVISIONS
- 17 Sec. 178. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 504A.1701 APPLICATION TO EXISTING
- 18 DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS.
- 19 A domestic corporation in existence on April 1, 2005, that
- 20 was incorporated under the statutes of this state as they
- 21 existed prior to July 1, 2004, is subject to this chapter on
- 22 and after April 1, 2005.
- 23 Sec. 179. NEW SECTION. 504A.1702 APPLICATION TO
- 24 OUALIFIED FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.
- 25 A foreign corporation authorized to transact business in
- 26 this state on the effective date of this Act is subject to
- 27 this chapter, but is not required to obtain a new certificate
- 28 of authority to transact business under this chapter.
- 29 Sec. 180. NEW_SECTION. 504A.1703 SAVINGS PROVISIONS.
- 30 1. Except as provided in subsection 2, the repeal of a
- 31 statute by this Act does not affect any of the following:
- 32 a. The operation of the statute or any action taken under
- 33 it before its repeal.
- 34 b. Any ratification, right, remedy, privilege, obligation,
- 35 or liability acquired, accrued, or incurred under the statute

- 1 before its repeal.
- 2 c. Any violation of the statute or any penalty,
- 3 forfeiture, or punishment incurred because of the violation,
- 4 before its repeal.
- 5 d. Any proceeding, reorganization, or dissolution
- 6 commenced under the statute before its repeal, and the
- 7 proceeding, reorganization, or dissolution may be completed in
- 8 accordance with the statute as if it had not been repealed.
- 9 2. If a penalty or punishment imposed for violation of a
- 10 statute repealed by this Act is reduced by this chapter, the
- 11 penalty or punishment, if not already imposed, shall be
- 12 imposed in accordance with this chapter.
- 13 Sec. 181. NEW SECTION. 504A.1704 SEVERABILITY.
- 14 If any provision of this chapter or its application to any
- 15 person or circumstance is held invalid by a court of competent
- 16 jurisdiction, the invalidity does not affect other provisions
- 17 or applications of the chapter that can be given effect
- 18 without the invalid provision or application, and to this end
- 19 the provisions of the chapter are severable.
- 20 Sec. 182. NEW SECTION. 504A.1705 PUBLIC BENEFIT, MUTUAL
- 21 BENEFIT, AND RELIGIOUS CORPORATIONS.
- 22 On April 1, 2005, each domestic corporation existing on
- 23 April 1, 2005, that is or becomes subject to this chapter as
- 24 provided in section 504A.1701, shall be designated as a public
- 25 benefit, mutual benefit, or religious corporation as follows:
- 26 1. A corporation designated by statute as a public benefit
- 27 corporation, a mutual benefit corporation, or a religious
- 28 corporation is deemed to be the type of corporation designated
- 29 by that statute.
- 30 2. A corporation that does not come within subsection 1
- 31 but is organized primarily or exclusively for religious
- 32 purposes is a religious corporation.
- 33 3. A corporation that does not come within subsection 1 or
- 34 2 but which is recognized as exempt under section 501(c)(3) of
- 35 the Internal Revenue Code, or any successor section, is a

1 public benefit corporation.

- A corporation that does not come within subsection 1,
- 3 2, or 3, but which is organized for a public or charitable
- 4 purpose and which upon dissolution must distribute its assets
- 5 to a public benefit corporation, the United States, a state,
- 6 or a person recognized as exempt under section 501(c)(3) of
- 7 the Internal Revenue Code, or any successor section, is a
- 8 public benefit corporation.
- 9 5. A corporation that does not come within subsection 1,
- 10 2, 3, or 4 is a mutual benefit corporation.
- 11 Sec. 183. Section 15E.64, subsection 2, unnumbered
- 12 paragraph 1, Code 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- 13 To facilitate the organization of an Iowa capital
- 14 investment corporation, both of the following persons shall
- 15 serve as incorporators as provided in section 504A-28
- 16 504A.201:
- 17 Sec. 184. Section 230A.12, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code
- 18 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- 19 Each community mental health center established or
- 20 continued in operation pursuant to section 230A.3, shall be
- 21 organized under the-Towa-nonprofit-corporation-Act-appearing
- 22 as chapter 504A, except that a community mental health center
- 23 organized under chapter 504 prior to July 1, 1974, shall not
- 24 be required by this chapter to adopt the Iowa nonprofit
- 25 corporation Act if it is not otherwise required to do so by
- 26 law. The board of directors of each such community mental
- 27 health center shall enter into an agreement with the county or
- 28 affiliated counties which are to be served by the center,
- 29 which agreement shall include but need not be limited to the
- 30 period of time for which the agreement is to be in force, what
- 31 services the center is to provide for residents of the county
- 32 or counties to be served, standards the center is to follow in
- 33 determining whether and to what extent persons seeking
- 34 services from the center shall be considered able to pay the
- 35 cost of the services received, and policies regarding

- 1 availability of the center's services to persons who are not
- 2 residents of the county or counties served by the center. The
- 3 board of directors, in addition to exercising the powers of
- 4 the board of directors of a nonprofit corporation may:
- 5 Sec. 185. Section 490.401, subsection 2, paragraph b, Code
- 6 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- 7 b. A corporate name reserved or registered under section
- 8 490.402, 490.403, or 504A-7 504A.402.
- 9 Sec. 186. Section 497.22, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code
- 10 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- 11 Sections-504A-83-and-504A-84-apply Section 504A.1613
- 12 applies to a cooperative association organized under this
- 13 chapter in the same manner as those-sections-apply that
- 14 section applies to a corporation organized under chapter 504A.
- 15 In addition to the information required to be set forth in the
- 16 biennial report under section 504A-83 504A.1613, the
- 17 cooperative association shall also set forth the total amount
- 18 of business transacted, number of members, total expense of
- 19 operation, total amount of indebtedness, and total profits or
- 20 losses for each calendar or fiscal year of the two-year period
- 21 which ended immediately preceding the first day of January of
- 22 the year in which the report is filed.
- 23 Sec. 187. Section 498.24, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code
- 24 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- 25 Sections-504A-83-and-504A-84-apply Section 504A.1613
- 26 applies to a cooperative association organized under this
- 27 chapter in the same manner as those-sections-apply that
- 28 section applies to a corporation organized under chapter 504A.
- 29 In addition to the information required to be set forth in the
- 30 biennial report under section 504A-83 504A.1613, the
- 31 cooperative association shall also set forth the total amount
- 32 of business transacted, number of members, total expense of
- 33 operation, total amount of indebtedness, and total profits or
- 34 losses for each calendar or fiscal year of the two-year period
- 35 which ended immediately preceding the first day of January of

- 1 the year in which the report is filed.
- 2 Sec. 188. Section 499.49, Code 2003, is amended to read as
- 3 follows:
- 4 499.49 BIENNIAL REPORT.
- 5 Sections-504A-83-and-504A-84-apply Section 504A.1613
- 6 applies to a cooperative organized under this chapter in the
- 7 same manner as those-sections-apply that section applies to a
- 8 corporation organized under chapter 504A. In addition to the
- 9 information required to be set forth in the biennial report
- 10 under section 504A-83 504A.1613, the cooperative shall also
- 11 set forth the number of members of the cooperative, the
- 12 percentage of the cooperative's business done with or for its
- 13 own members during each of the fiscal or calendar years of the
- 14 preceding two-year period, the percentage of the cooperative's
- 15 business done with or for each class of nonmembers specified
- 16 in section 499.3, and any other information deemed necessary
- 17 by the secretary of state to advise the secretary whether the
- 18 cooperative is actually functioning as a cooperative.
- 19 Sec. 189. Section 504A.102, subsection 2, paragraphs a and
- 20 b, Code 2003, are amended to read as follows:
- 21 a. The adoption of a resolution or resolutions at a
- 22 meeting of the board of directors upon receiving the vote of a
- 23 majority of the directors in office and of the members of the
- 24 association in the same manner as provided in section 504A-35
- 25 504A.1003. The resolution or resolutions shall recite that
- 26 the association voluntarily elects to be governed as a
- 27 corporation under this chapter. The resolution must designate
- 28 the address of the association's initial registered office and
- 29 the name of the association's registered agent or agents at
- 30 that office, if any.
- 31 b. The adoption of articles of incorporation in compliance
- 32 with section 504A-29 504A.202 at a meeting of the board of
- 33 directors upon receiving the vote of a majority of the
- 34 directors in office and of the members of the association in
- 35 the same manner as provided in section 504A-35 504A.1003. The

- 1 articles of incorporation may be a restatement, substitution,
- 2 or amendment of articles of incorporation adopted by the
- 3 association pursuant to section 176.3. The articles of
- 4 incorporation may be made part of the resolution or
- 5 resolutions adopted by the association pursuant to paragraph
- 6 "a" of this subsection.
- 7 Sec. 190. Section 504A.102, subsection 2, paragraph c,
- 8 subparagraphs (1) and (3), Code 2003, are amended to read as
- 9 follows:
- 10 (1) The association name as provided in the association's
- 11 articles of incorporation pursuant to section 176.3 and the
- 12 new corporation's corporate name, if different, as provided in
- 13 section 504A-6 504A.401.
- 14 (3) The address of the new corporation's registered office
- 15 and the name of the new corporation's registered agent as
- 16 provided in section 504A-8 504A.501.
- 17 Sec. 191. Section 504A.102, subsection 2, paragraph d,
- 18 unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2003, is amended to read as
- 19 follows:
- 20 All of the following shall be delivered to the office of
- 21 the secretary of state for filing and recording as provided in
- 22 section 504A-30 504A.111:
- 23 Sec. 192. Section 504A.102, subsection 3, Code 2003, is
- 24 amended by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu
- 25 thereof the following:
- 26 3. CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION. Unless a delayed
- 27 effective date is specified, the corporate existence begins
- 28 when the articles of incorporation are filed as provided in
- 29 section 504A.203.
- 30 Sec. 193. Section 504A.102, subsection 4, Code 2003, is
- 31 amended to read as follows:
- 32 4. LIABILITIES AND RIGHTS PRIOR TO THE ELECTION. An
- 33 association's election to be governed as a corporation under
- 34 this chapter does not affect any right accrued or established,
- 35 or any liability or penalty incurred, under the provisions of

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- 1 chapter 176, prior to filing of the resolution or resolutions,
- 2 articles of incorporation, and instrument of verification by
- 3 the association as provided in subsection-2 this chapter.
- 4 Sec. 194. Section 504A.102, subsection 5, Code 2003, is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 5. REPEAL. This-section-is Subsections 1, 2, and 3 of
- 7 this section are repealed on July 1, 2005.
- 8 Sec. 195. Section 534.501, subsection 4, Code 2003, is
- 9 amended to read as follows:
- 10 4. AMENDMENT PROCEDURE. The procedure for amending
- ll articles of incorporation or adopting restated articles for
- 12 mutual associations is that specified in section-504A-35
- 13 chapter 504A, subchapter 10, and for stock associations it is
- 14 that specified in section 490.726 and sections 490.1002
- 15 through 490.1005.
- 16 Sec. 196. Section 602.8102, subsection 70, Code 2003, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 70. Certify a copy of a decree of dissolution of a
- 19 nonprofit corporation to the secretary of state and the
- 20 recorder in the county in which the corporation is located as
- 21 provided in section 504A-62 504A.1434.
- 22 Sec. 197. Sections 504A.1 through 504A.101, Code 2003, are
- 23 repealed.
- 24 Sec. 198. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act takes effect July 1,
- 25 2004.
- 26 EXPLANATION
- 27 This bill repeals Code sections 504A.1 through 504A.101,
- 28 relating to nonprofit corporations, and replaces them with the
- 29 revised model nonprofit corporation Act.
- 30 Subchapter I provides for filing requirements, forms
- 31 prescribed and furnished by the secretary of state, filing,
- 32 service, and copying fees, the effective date of filed
- 33 documents, correcting filed documents, the filing duty of the
- 34 secretary of state, the procedure for appealing from the
- 35 secretary of state's refusal to file a document, evidentiary

- 1 effect of a copy of a filed document, a certificate of
- 2 existence, a penalty for signing a false document, powers of
- 3 the secretary of state, notice requirements, judicial relief,
- 4 the role of the attorney general, and religious corporations.
- 5 Subchapter II provides for incorporators of a nonprofit
- 6 corporation, articles of incorporation, incorporation,
- 7 liability for preincorporation transactions, organization of a
- 8 nonprofit corporation, bylaws, and emergency bylaws and
- 9 powers.
- 10 Subchapter III provides for the general powers of a
- 11 nonprofit corporation, emergency powers of a nonprofit
- 12 corporation, and ultra vires.
- 13 Subchapter IV provides for corporate names, reserved names,
- 14 and registered names.
- 15 Subchapter V provides for registered offices and registered
- 16 agents of the corporation, the method of changing a registered
- 17 office or registered agent, resignation of registered agents,
- 18 and the method of service on the nonprofit corporation.
- 19 Subchapter VI provides for the admission of members,
- 20 consideration for admission, member requirements, differences
- 21 in rights and obligations of members, transfer of memberships,
- 22 a member's liability to third parties, a member's liability
- 23 for dues, assessments, and fees, a creditor's action against
- 24 members, resignation of members, termination, expulsion, or
- 25 suspension of members, purchase of memberships, derivative
- 26 suits, and delegates having some or all of the authority of
- 27 members.
- 28 Subchapter VII provides for annual and regular meetings,
- 29 special meetings, court-ordered meetings, action by written
- 30 consent, notice of meetings, waiver of notice, record dates,
- 31 determination of members entitled to notice and vote, action
- 32 by written ballot, a members' list for a meeting, voting
- 33 entitlement generally, quorum requirements, voting
- 34 requirements, proxies, cumulative voting for directors, other
- 35 methods of electing directors, a corporation's acceptance of

1 votes, and voting agreements.

- 2 Subchapter VIII provides for requirements for and duties of
- 3 the board of directors, qualifications of directors, number of
- 4 directors, election, designation, and appointment of
- 5 directors, terms of directors, staggered terms for directors,
- 6 resignation of directors, removal of directors elected by
- 7 members or directors, removal of designated or appointed
- 8 directors, removal of directors by judicial proceeding,
- 9 vacancy on the board of directors, compensation of directors,
- 10 regular and special meetings of the board, action without a
- ll meeting of the board, call and notice of a meeting of the
- 12 board, waiver of notice of a meeting of the board, quorum and
- 13 voting at a meeting of the board, committees of the board,
- 14 general standards for directors, director conflicts of
- 15 interest, loans to or guarantees for directors and officers,
- 16 liability for unlawful distributions, required officers,
- 17 duties and authority of officers, standards of conduct for
- 18 officers, resignation and removal of officers, contract rights
- 19 of officers, officers' authority to execute documents,
- 20 authority of a nonprofit corporation to indemnify, mandatory
- 21 indemnification, advances for expenses of a director, court-
- 22 ordered indemnification, determination and authorization of
- 23 indemnification, indemnification of officers, employees, and
- 24 agents of the nonprofit corporation, and insurance purchased
- 25 and maintained by the nonprofit corporation.
- 26 Subchapter IX provides for personal liability and
- 27 limitations to the personal liability of a director, officer,
- 28 member, or volunteer of a nonprofit corporation.
- 29 Subchapter X provides for the authority to amend articles
- 30 of incorporation, amendment of the articles of incorporation
- 31 by the directors, amendment of the articles of incorporation
- 32 by directors and members, class voting by members on
- 33 amendments of the articles of incorporation, articles of
- 34 amendment, restated articles of incorporation, amendments of
- 35 the articles of incorporation pursuant to judicial

- 1 reorganization, effect of amendment and restatement, amendment
- 2 of the bylaws by directors, amendment of the bylaws by
- 3 directors and members, class voting by members on amendments
- 4 of the bylaws, approval of amendments of the bylaws and
- 5 articles of incorporation by third persons, and amendments
- 6 terminating members or redeeming or canceling memberships.
- 7 Subchapter XI provides for the approval of a plan of
- 8 merger, limitations on mergers by public benefit or religious
- 9 corporations, action on a merger plan by the board of
- 10 directors, members, and third persons, articles of merger,
- 11 effects of a merger, merger with a foreign corporation, and
- 12 bequests, devises, and gifts to a corporation involved in a
- 13 merger.
- 14 Subchapter XII provides for the sale of assets in the
- 15 regular course of activities and mortgage of assets and the
- 16 sale of assets other than in the regular course of activities
- 17 by nonprofit corporations.
- 18 Subchapter XIII provides for prohibited distributions and
- 19 authorized distributions by nonprofit corporations.
- 20 Subchapter XIV provides for dissolution by incorporators or
- 21 directors and third persons, dissolution by directors,
- 22 members, and third persons, notices to the attorney general,
- 23 articles of dissolution, revocation of dissolution, effects of
- 24 dissolution, known claims against a dissolved corporation,
- 25 unknown claims against a dissolved corporation, grounds for
- 26 administrative dissolution, procedure for and effect of
- 27 administrative dissolution, reinstatement following
- 28 administrative dissolution, appeal from denial of
- 29 reinstatement, grounds for judicial dissolution, procedure for
- 30 judicial dissolution, receivership or custodianship, decrees
- 31 of dissolution, and depositing assets with the treasurer of
- 32 state.
- 33 Subchapter XV provides for requiring an authority to
- 34 transact business, consequences of transacting business
- 35 without authority, an application for a certificate of

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- 1 authority, an amended certificate of authority, the corporate
- 2 name of a foreign corporation, the registered office and
- 3 registered agent of a foreign corporation, change of a
- 4 registered office of a registered agent of a foreign
- 5 corporation, the resignation of a registered agent of a
- 6 foreign corporation, service on a foreign corporation, the
- 7 withdrawal of a foreign corporation, grounds for revocation of
- 8 a certificate of authority, the procedure and effect of
- 9 revocation of a certificate of authority, and appeal from a
- 10 revocation of a certificate of authority.
- Subchapter XVI provides for corporate records, the
- 12 inspection of corporate records by members, the scope of
- 13 inspection rights, court-ordered inspections, financial
- 14 statements of a corporation upon demand by members, and a
- 15 biennial report for the secretary of state.
- 16 Subchapter XVII provides for the application of new Code
- 17 chapter 504A to existing corporations and qualified foreign
- 18 corporations, savings provisions, severability, and the
- 19 designation of public benefit, mutual benefit, and religious
- 20 corporations.
- 21 The bill provides conforming amendments.
- 22 Code section 504A.102 relating to farm aid associations is
- 23 amended to provide that any liabilities or rights of a farm
- 24 aid association that exist prior to the association's election
- 25 to be governed as a corporation under chapter 504A continue
- 26 after the July 1, 2005, repeal of other transition provisions
- 27 relating to farm aid associations.
- The bill takes effect July 1, 2004, and is applicable to
- 29 new corporations incorporated after that date. Corporations
- 30 in existence prior to July 1, 2004, are subject to the bill on
- 31 and after April 1, 2005. All corporations that are or become
- 32 subject to this bill on April 1, 2005, must be designated as a
- 33 public benefit, mutual benefit, or religious corporation on
- 34 April 1, 2005.

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