MAR 4 2003 STATE GOVERNMENT

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HOUSE FILE 415 BY MASCHER

Passed	House,	Date	Passed	Senate,	Date	
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays	
Approved						

A BILL FOR

ı	An Act defining infamous crime as a class "A" felony for purposes	
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4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:	
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1 Section 1. Section 39.3, subsection 8, Code 2003, is
2 amended to read as follows:

3 8. "Infamous crime" means a <u>class "A"</u> felony as defined in 4 section 701.77-or-an-offense-classified-as-a-felony-under 5 federal-law <u>902.1</u>.

6 Sec. 2. Section 39A.1, subsection 2, Code 2003, is amended 7 to read as follows:

The purpose of this chapter is to identify actions 8 2. 9 which threaten the integrity of the election process and to 10 impose significant sanctions upon persons who intentionally 11 commit those acts. It is the intent of the general assembly 12 that offenses with the greatest potential to affect the 13 election process be vigorously prosecuted and strong 14 punishment meted out through the imposition of felony 15 sanctions which;-as-a-consequence;-remove-the-voting-rights-of 16 the-offenders. Other offenses are still considered serious, 17 but based on the factual context in which they arise, they may 18 not rise to the level of offenses to which felony penalties 19 attach. The general assembly also recognizes that instances 20 may arise in which technical infractions of chapters 39 21 through 53 may occur which do not merit any level of criminal 22 sanction. In such instances, administrative notice from the 23 state or county commissioner of elections is sufficient. 24 Mandates or proscriptions in chapters 39 through 53 which are 25 not specifically included in this chapter shall be considered 26 to be directive only, without criminal sanction.

27 Sec. 3. Section 43.18, subsection 9, Code 2003, is amended 28 to read as follows:

9. A statement that the candidate is aware that the andidate is disqualified from holding office if the candidate al has been convicted of a <u>class "A"</u> felony or-other-infamous crime and the candidate's rights have not been restored by the agovernor or-by-the-president-of-the-United-States. Sec. 4. Section 43.67, subsection 9, Code 2003, is amended

35 to read as follows:

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9. A statement that the candidate is aware that the
 2 candidate is disqualified from holding office if the candidate
 3 has been convicted of a <u>class "A"</u> felony or-other-infamous
 4 crime and the candidate's rights have not been restored by the
 5 governor or-by-the-president-of-the-United-States.

6 Sec. 5. Section 44.3, subsection 2, paragraph i, Code 7 2003, is amended to read as follows:

8 i. A statement that the candidate is aware that the 9 candidate is disqualified from holding office if the candidate 10 has been convicted of a <u>class "A"</u> felony or-other-infamous 11 erime and the candidate's rights have not been restored by the 12 governor or-by-the-president-of-the-United-States.

13 Sec. 6. Section 45.3, subsection 9, Code 2003, is amended 14 to read as follows:

9. A statement that the candidate is aware that the candidate is disqualified from holding office if the candidate has been convicted of a <u>class "A"</u> felony or-other-infamous erime and the candidate's rights have not been restored by the governor or-by-the-president-of-the-United-States.

20 Sec. 7. Section 48A.6, subsection 1, Code 2003, is amended 21 to read as follows:

1. A person who has been convicted of a <u>class "A"</u> felony as defined in section 701.77-or-convicted-of-an-offense elassified-as-a-felony-under-federal-law <u>902.1</u>. If the person's rights are later restored by the governor, or-by-the president-of-the-United-States, the person may register to 27 vote.

28 Sec. 8. Section 48A.14, subsection 1, paragraph e, Code 29 2003, is amended to read as follows:

30 e. The challenged registrant has been convicted of a <u>class</u> 31 <u>"A"</u> felony, and the registrant's voting rights have not been 32 restored.

33 Sec. 9. Section 48A.30, subsection 1, paragraph d, Code 34 2003, is amended to read as follows:

35 d. The clerk of the district court₇-or-the-United-States

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1 attorney; or the state registrar sends notice of the 2 registered voter's conviction of a <u>class "A"</u> felony as defined 3 in section 701.7;-or-conviction-of-an-offense-classified-as-a 4 felony-under-federal-law 902.1. The clerk of the district 5 court shall send notice of a <u>class "A"</u> felony conviction to 6 the state registrar of voters. The registrar shall determine 7 in which county the felon is registered to vote, if any, and 8 shall notify the county commissioner of registration for that 9 county of the <u>class "A"</u> felony conviction.

10 Sec. 11. Section 57.1, subsection 2, paragraph c, Code
11 2003, is amended to read as follows:

12 c. That prior to the election the incumbent had been duly 13 convicted of a <u>class "A"</u> felony, as defined in section 701-714 <u>902.1</u>, and that the judgment had not been reversed, annulled, 15 or set aside, nor the incumbent pardoned or restored to the 16 rights of citizenship by the governor under chapter 914, at 17 the time of the election.

18 Sec. 12. Section 161A.5, subsection 3, unnumbered 19 paragraph 1, Code 2003, is amended to read as follows: At each general election a successor shall be chosen for 20 21 each commissioner whose term will expire in the succeeding 22 January. Nomination of candidates for the office of 23 commissioner shall be made by petition in accordance with 24 chapter 45, except that each candidate's nominating petition 25 shall be signed by at least twenty-five eligible electors of 26 the district. The petition form shall be furnished by the 27 county commissioner of elections. Every candidate shall file 28 with the nomination papers an affidavit stating the 29 candidate's name, the candidate's residence, that the person 30 is a candidate and is eligible for the office of commissioner, 31 and that if elected the candidate will qualify for the office. 32 The affidavit shall also state that the candidate is aware 33 that the candidate is disqualified from holding office if the 34 candidate has been convicted of a class "A" felony or-other 35 infamous-crime and the candidate's rights have not been

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1 restored by the governor or-by-the-president-of-the-United 2 States.

3 Sec. 13. Section 277.4, unnumbered paragraph 3, Code 2003,4 is amended to read as follows:

Signers of nomination petitions shall include their 5 6 addresses and the date of signing, and must reside in the same 7 director district as the candidate if directors are elected by 8 the voters of a director district, rather than at-large. Α 9 person may sign nomination petitions for more than one 10 candidate for the same office, and the signature is not 11 invalid solely because the person signed nomination petitions 12 for one or more other candidates for the office. The petition 13 shall be filed with the affidavit of the candidate being 14 nominated, stating the candidate's name, place of residence, 15 that such person is a candidate and is eligible for the office 16 the candidate seeks, and that if elected the candidate will 17 qualify for the office. The affidavit shall also state that 18 the candidate is aware that the candidate is disqualified from 19 holding office if the candidate has been convicted of a class 20 "A" felony or-other-infamous-crime and the candidate's rights 21 have not been restored by the governor or-by-the-president-of 22 the-United-States.

23 Sec. 14. Section 376.4, unnumbered paragraph 4, Code 2003, 24 is amended to read as follows:

The petition must include the affidavit of the individual for whom it is filed, stating the individual's name, the individual's residence, that the individual is a candidate and eligible for the office, and that if elected the individual will qualify for the office. The affidavit shall also state that the candidate is aware that the candidate is disqualified from holding office if the candidate has been convicted of a <u>class "A"</u> felony or-other-infamous-crime and the candidate's rights have not been restored by the governor or-by-the president-of-the-United-States.

EXPLANATION

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Article II, section 5, of the Constitution of the State of 1 2 Iowa denies the privilege of an elector to any person 3 convicted of an infamous crime. State statute defines 4 infamous crime as a felony conviction under state or federal State law also allows a person who has been discharged 5 law. 6 from parole, probation, or work release, or who has been 7 released from incarceration upon completion of sentence, to 8 apply to the governor for restoration of the rights of 9 citizenship, which include the right to register to vote and 10 to vote. State statute also requires that a candidate for 11 elective office under the laws of the state must be an 12 eligible elector at the time of election. By operation of 13 law, this excludes persons who have been convicted of a state 14 or federal felony and not had their rights of citizenship 15 restored by the governor or the president of the United 16 States.

17 This bill changes the definition of "infamous crime" to 18 conviction of a class "A" felony under state law. The bill 19 removes references to conviction of a felony under federal law 20 and removes references to restoration of rights granted by the 21 president of the United States.

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