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HOUSE FILE 2535

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES

(SUCCESSOR TO HSB 153)

Passed	House,	Date		Passed	Senate,	Date	
Vote:	Ayes		Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays	
	F	Approv	red				

A BILL FOR

1	An	Act relating to public assistance benefits received by persons	
2		who were not entitled or eligible to receive the benefits,	
3		providing criminal and civil penalties, and appropriating	
4		certain penalties received.	
5	BE	IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:	
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1 Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 10A.404 CIVIL PENALTIES AND 2 PAYMENT OF INVESTIGATION COSTS -- PRESUMPTION OF LIABILITY --3 LIMITATION OF ACTIONS.

4 1. For the purposes of this section, unless the context 5 otherwise requires, "benefit" means a service, payment, 6 merchandise, or other assistance. In addition to any other 7 penalty or payment amount under law, a person is liable for 8 the civil penalty and payment of the investigation costs 9 listed in subsection 2 if the person receives a benefit to 10 which the person was not entitled or for which the person was 11 not eligible under any of the following chapters administered 12 by the state:

13 a. Chapter 234, relating to child and family services.

14 b. Chapter 237A, relating to child care.

15 c. Chapter 239B, relating to the family investment 16 program.

d. Chapter 249, relating to the state supplementary18 assistance program.

19 e. Chapter 249A, relating to the medical assistance 20 program.

21 2. a. If the person liable under subsection 1 was the 22 program benefit recipient of the benefit to which the person 23 was not entitled or eligible under any of the chapters listed 24 in subsection 1 and the total dollar amount of such benefit 25 received was proven to be more than one thousand dollars, the 26 person is liable for both of the following amounts:

27 (1) A civil penalty of not more than three times the total
28 dollar amount of the benefit to which the person was not
29 entitled or eligible to receive.

30 (2) Not more than five hundred dollars of the costs 31 incurred by the department in investigating the matter. 32 b. If the person liable under subsection 1 was a provider 33 of service, merchandise, or other assistance under any of the 34 chapters listed in subsection 1, the person is liable for both 35 of the following amounts:

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1 (1) A civil penalty. If a provider received benefits to 2 which the provider was not entitled with a proven dollar 3 amount, the civil penalty shall be at least twenty-five 4 percent of the amount of benefits to which the provider was 5 not entitled. The court ordering payment of this civil 6 penalty may order payment of a maximum penalty not to exceed 7 three times the proven total dollar amount of benefits to 8 which the provider was not entitled.

9 (2) Not more than five thousand dollars of the costs 10 incurred by the department in investigating the matter.

11 3. Liability for the civil penalty and payment of costs of 12 investigation under subsections 1 and 2 is separate from and 13 cumulative with any other administrative, civil, or criminal 14 penalty or payments ordered under federal or state law or 15 regulation. Institution of a criminal proceeding is not a 16 prerequisite or condition for an action to enforce subsections 17 1 and 2.

18 4. Liability for the civil penalty and payment of costs of 19 investigation under subsections 1 and 2 may be established by 20 any of the following means:

21 a. Upon a criminal conviction, entry of a guilty plea, or 22 entry of a finding of guilt in a state or federal prosecution 23 that is directly related to a benefit administered by the 24 state under a chapter listed in subsection 1, the sentencing 25 court may order payment in accordance with subsections 1 and 26 2. However, if the sentencing court fails to order the 27 payment, a civil proceeding to enforce payment may be 28 instituted in accordance with subsection 5.

29 b. Upon entry of a civil judgment or confession of 30 judgment in a state or federal court proceeding that is 31 directly related to a benefit administered by the state under 32 a chapter listed in subsection 1, the court entering judgment 33 may order payment in accordance with subsections 1 and 2. 34 However, if the court ordering judgment fails to order the 35 payment, a civil proceeding to enforce payment may be

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1 instituted in accordance with subsection 5.

2 c. Upon an administrative finding in a state or federal 3 proceeding that is directly related to a benefit administered 4 by the state under a chapter listed in subsection 1, a civil 5 proceeding to enforce payment may be instituted in accordance 6 with subsection 5.

7 5. A civil proceeding to enforce payment under this 8 section shall be instituted in the district court of the 9 county in which the person received under a chapter listed in 10 subsection 1 a benefit to which the person was not entitled or 11 for which the person under rule was not eligible. The office 12 of the attorney general or the county attorney may institute 13 the civil proceeding, which may commence after or at the same 14 time as any related state or federal criminal, civil, or 15 administrative proceeding directly related to a benefit under 16 a chapter listed in subsection 1 to which the person was not 17 entitled or eligible to receive.

6. A rebuttable presumption arises that a person is liable for the civil penalty and payment of costs of investigation under subsections 1 and 2. The presumption may only be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence that the person was properly entitled to or eligible to receive such benefit under a chapter listed in subsection 1. The rebuttable presumption arises after any of the following occurs in a state or federal criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding that is directly related to payment or collection of payments received by a person for a service or benefit administered by the state under a chapter listed in subsection 1:

29 a. Entry of a criminal conviction, plea of guilty, or30 finding of guilt.

31 b. Entry of a judgment or confession of judgment in a 32 civil proceeding.

33 c. Entry of an administrative finding adverse to the34 person or establishing the person's liability.

35 7. The departments of human services and inspections and

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1 appeals shall cooperate in adopting rules pursuant to chapter 2 17A as necessary for administration, collection, and 3 allocation of civil penalties described in subsection 2. The 4 department of inspections and appeals shall adopt rules 5 pursuant to chapter 17A as necessary for the administration, 6 collection, and allocation of costs of investigation described 7 in subsection 2.

8 8. An action under this section shall not be instituted 9 more than five years after the date the state discovered that 10 a person received a benefit under a chapter listed in 11 subsection 1 to which the person was not entitled or for which 12 the person under rule was not eligible.

9. a. This section shall be applicable in circumstances when a person receiving the benefit or a portion thereof to which the person was not entitled or eligible for knowingly did any of the following:

17 (1) Presented, caused to be presented, or acquiesced in18 the presentation of false claims or false information.

19 (2) Made or caused to be made, or used false records or 20 statements.

21 (3) Committed fraud or conspired to commit fraud.

(4) Failed to provide information or failed to disclose
23 material facts, including but not limited to property
24 interests and resources.

25 b. This section shall not be applicable in circumstances 26 when a person, through no fault of their own, receives a 27 benefit or a portion thereof to which the person or provider 28 was not entitled or eligible for, and when the benefit or a 29 portion thereof was the result of error, improper application, 30 interpretation, or implementation of the program rules or 31 policies specific to the chapter under which the benefits were 32 received.

33 10. The collection of penalties or investigation costs 34 under this section shall not occur until the person assessed 35 the penalties or investigation costs has exhausted all appeal

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l rights.

2 Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 234.13A CIVIL PENALTIES -- PAYMENT 3 OF INVESTIGATION COSTS.

4 If a person receives under this chapter a service, payment, 5 merchandise, or other assistance to which the person was not 6 entitled or for which the person was not eligible, the 7 person's liability for civil penalties and investigation costs 8 shall be determined in accordance with section 10A.404.

9 Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 237A.14 FRAUDULENT PRACTICES --10 RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENTS.

11 1. An individual who receives, or attempts to receive, or 12 aids or abets an individual in receiving, by means of a 13 willfully false statement or representation, by knowingly 14 failing to disclose a material fact, or by impersonation, or 15 through any fraudulent device, any assistance, payment, or 16 other benefit under this chapter to which the individual is 17 not entitled, commits a fraudulent practice.

18 2. An individual who commits a fraudulent practice under 19 this section is personally liable for the amount of 20 assistance, payment, or other benefit fraudulently received. 21 The amount of the assistance, payment, or other benefit may be 22 recovered from the offender or the offender's estate in an 23 action brought or by claim filed in the name of the state and 24 the recovered funds are appropriated to the department to be 25 used for state child care assistance under section 237A.13. 26 The action or claim filed in the name of the state shall not 27 be considered an election of remedies to the exclusion of 28 other remedies.

3. The department shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter
30 17A as necessary to recover overpayments of assistance,
31 payments, and benefits provided under this chapter. The
32 recovery methods shall include but are not limited to reducing
33 the amount of assistance, payments, or benefits provided.
34 Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 237A.15 CIVIL PENALTIES -- PAYMENT
35 OF INVESTIGATION COSTS.

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1 If a person receives under this chapter assistance, 2 payment, or other benefit to which the person was not entitled 3 or for which the person was not eligible, the person's 4 liability for civil penalties and investigation costs shall be 5 determined in accordance with section 10A.404.

6 Sec. 5. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 239B.14A CIVIL PENALTIES -- PAYMENT 7 OF INVESTIGATION COSTS.

8 If a person receives under this chapter assistance or 9 another benefit to which the person was not entitled or for 10 which the person was not eligible, the person's liability for 11 civil penalties and investigation costs shall be determined in 12 accordance with section 10A.404.

13 Sec. 6. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 249.11A CIVIL PENALTIES -- PAYMENT 14 OF INVESTIGATION COSTS.

15 If a person receives under this chapter payment to which 16 the person was not entitled or for which the person was not 17 eligible, the person's liability for civil penalties and 18 investigation costs shall be determined in accordance with 19 section 10A.404.

20 Sec. 7. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 249A.8A CIVIL PENALTIES -- PAYMENT 21 OF INVESTIGATION COSTS.

If a person receives under this chapter assistance or payment for medical assistance or payment for services or merchandise under this chapter to which the person was not entitled or for which the person was not eligible, the person's liability for civil penalties and investigation costs rosts be determined in accordance with section 10A.404.

## EXPLANATION

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This bill relates to public assistance benefits received by 30 persons who were not entitled or eligible to receive the 31 benefits. The bill includes requirements for establishing 32 liability for civil penalties and recovery of investigation 33 costs from such persons under the following Code chapters: 34 chapter 234, relating to child and family services, including 35 child welfare services and food programs; chapter 237A,

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1 relating to child care services; chapter 239B, relating to the 2 family investment program; chapter 249, relating to state 3 supplementary assistance; and chapter 249A, relating to the 4 medical assistance program.

5 In new Code section 10A.404, the bill provides authority as 6 applicable under each of these chapters to establish liability 7 for a person who receives a benefit, defined as a service, 8 payment, merchandise, or other assistance to which the person 9 was not entitled or for which the person by rule was not 10 eligible, in addition to any other penalty or payment under 11 law. The liability has two components: a civil penalty and 12 the costs of the investigation concerning the matter incurred 13 by the department of inspections and appeals.

14 The threshold for applying this liability to a recipient is 15 whether the recipient received more than \$1,000 of benefits to 16 which the recipient was not entitled or eligible. The civil 17 liability limit for a recipient is three times the value of 18 such benefit and the liability for investigation costs is 19 limited to \$500. If a provider received benefits to which the 20 provider was not entitled with a proven dollar amount, the 21 civil penalty shall be at least 25 percent of the amount of 22 benefits to which the provider was not entitled.

The liability may be established by a state or federal court in a criminal or civil proceeding or pursuant to an administrative finding. Otherwise the office of the attorney general or county attorney is authorized to initiate the proceedings in the county in which the person received the benefit.

If a judgment or finding is issued in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding that involves benefit programs administered by the state, a rebuttable presumption arises that the person is liable for the civil penalties and costs of investigation. The presumption may be rebutted by showing clear and convincing evidence that the person was eligible for swhat was received.

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The departments of human services and inspections and
 appeals are authorized to adopt rules to implement the bill's
 provisions.

In addition, new Code section 237A.14 establishes a 5 fraudulent practice crime involving persons obtaining child 6 care assistance, payments, or benefits. The state is 7 authorized to recover moneys to compensate for the 8 fraudulently obtained assistance, payment, or benefit, and 9 recovered moneys are appropriated to the department of human 10 services for the state child care assistance program. 

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HSB 153 HUMAN RESOURCES

SENATE/HOUSE FILE BY (PROPOSED DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS AND APPEALS BILL)

Passed	Senate,	Date	Passed	House,	Date
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays
	Ar	proved			_

A BILL FOR

1	An	Act relating to public assistance benefits received by persons
2		who were not entitled or eligible to receive the benefits,
3		providing criminal and civil penalties, and appropriating
4		certain penalties received.
5	BE	IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:
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1 Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 10A.404 CIVIL PENALTIES AND 2 PAYMENT OF INVESTIGATION COSTS -- PRESUMPTION OF LIABILITY --3 LIMITATION OF ACTIONS.

4 1. For the purposes of this section, unless the context 5 otherwise requires, "benefit" means a service, payment, 6 merchandise, or other assistance. In addition to any other 7 penalty or payment amount under law, a person is liable for 8 the civil penalty and payment of the investigation costs 9 listed in subsection 2 if the person receives a benefit to 10 which the person was not entitled or for which the person was 11 not eligible under any of the following chapters administered 12 by the state:

13 a. Chapter 234, relating to child and family services.

14 b. Chapter 237A, relating to child care.

15 c. Chapter 239B, relating to the family investment 16 program.

17 d. Chapter 249, relating to the state supplementary 18 assistance program.

19 e. Chapter 249A, relating to the medical assistance 20 program.

21 2. a. If the person liable under subsection 1 was the 22 program benefit recipient of the benefit to which the person 23 was not entitled or eligible under any of the chapters listed 24 in subsection 1 and the total dollar amount of such benefit 25 received was proven to be more than one thousand dollars, the 26 person is liable for both of the following amounts:

27 (1) A civil penalty of not more than three times the total
28 dollar amount of the benefit to which the person was not
29 entitled or eligible to receive.

30 (2) Not more than five hundred dollars of the costs
31 incurred by the department in investigating the matter.
32 b. If the person liable under subsection 1 was a provider
33 of service, merchandise, or other assistance under any of the
34 chapters listed in subsection 1, the person is liable for both
35 of the following amounts:

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(1) A civil penalty. If a provider received benefits to which the provider was not entitled with a proven total dollar amount of twenty thousand dollars or less, the minimum civil penalty shall be five thousand dollars. If the provider received benefits to which the provider was not entitled with a proven total dollar amount in excess of twenty thousand dollars, the civil penalty shall be at least twenty-five percent of the amount of the benefits to which the provider was not entitled. Notwithstanding the proven total dollar amount of benefits to which the provider was not entitled, the court ordering payment of this civil penalty may order payment of a maximum penalty not to exceed three times the proven total dollar amount of benefits to which the provider was not entitled.

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15 (2) Not more than five thousand dollars of the costs 16 incurred by the department in investigating the matter. 17 3. Liability for the civil penalty and payment of costs of 18 investigation under subsections 1 and 2 is separate from and 19 cumulative with any other administrative, civil, or criminal 20 penalty or payments ordered under federal or state law or 21 regulation. Institution of a criminal proceeding is not a 22 prerequisite or condition for an action to enforce subsections 23 1 and 2.

4. Liability for the civil penalty and payment of costs of investigation under subsections 1 and 2 may be established by any of the following means:

27 a. Upon a criminal conviction, entry of a guilty plea, or 28 entry of a finding of guilt in a state or federal prosecution 29 that is directly related to a benefit administered by the 30 state under a chapter listed in subsection 1, the sentencing 31 court may order payment in accordance with subsections 1 and 32 2. However, if the sentencing court fails to order the 33 payment, a civil proceeding to enforce payment may be 34 instituted in accordance with subsection 5.

35 b. Upon entry of a civil judgment or confession of

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1 judgment in a state or federal court proceeding that is 2 directly related to a benefit administered by the state under 3 a chapter listed in subsection 1, the court entering judgment 4 may order payment in accordance with subsections 1 and 2. 5 However, if the court ordering judgment fails to order the 6 payment, a civil proceeding to enforce payment may be 7 instituted in accordance with subsection 5.

8 c. Upon an administrative finding in a state or federal 9 proceeding that is directly related to a benefit administered 10 by the state under a chapter listed in subsection 1, a civil 11 proceeding to enforce payment may be instituted in accordance 12 with subsection 5.

5. A civil proceeding to enforce payment under this section shall be instituted in the district court of the subsection 1 a benefit to which the person was not entitled or for which the person under rule was not eligible. The office of the attorney general or the county attorney may institute the civil proceeding, which may commence after or at the same time as any related state or federal criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding directly related to a benefit under a chapter listed in subsection 1 to which the person was not entitled or eligible to receive.

6. A rebuttable presumption arises that a person is liable for the civil penalty and payment of costs of investigation under subsections 1 and 2. The presumption may only be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence that the person was properly entitled to or eligible to receive such benefit under a chapter listed in subsection 1. The rebuttable presumption arises after any of the following occurs in a state or federal criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding that is directly related to payment or collection of payments received by a person for a service or benefit administered by the state under a chapter listed in subsection 1:

35 a. Entry of a criminal conviction, plea of guilty, or

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1 finding of guilt.

2 b. Entry of a judgment or confession of judgment in a3 civil proceeding.

4 c. Entry of an administrative finding adverse to the 5 person or establishing the person's liability.

6 7. The departments of human services and inspections and 7 appeals shall cooperate in adopting rules pursuant to chapter 8 17A as necessary for administration, collection, and 9 allocation of civil penalties described in subsection 2. The 10 department of inspections and appeals shall adopt rules 11 pursuant to chapter 17A as necessary for the administration, 12 collection, and allocation of costs of investigation described 13 in subsection 2.

14 8. An action under this section shall not be instituted 15 more than five years after the date the state discovered that 16 a person received a benefit under a chapter listed in 17 subsection 1 to which the person was not entitled or for which 18 the person under rule was not eligible.

9. This section shall not be applicable in circumstances when a person, through no fault of their own, receives a benefit or a portion thereof to which the person or provider was not entitled or eligible for, and when the benefit or a portion thereof was the result of error, improper application, interpretation, or implementation of the program rules or policies specific to the chapter under which the benefits were received.

27 Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 234.13A CIVIL PENALTIES -- PAYMENT 28 OF INVESTIGATION COSTS.

If a person receives under this chapter a service, payment, merchandise, or other assistance to which the person was not entitled or for which the person was not eligible, the person's liability for civil penalties and investigation costs shall be determined in accordance with section 10A.404. Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 237A.14 FRAUDULENT PRACTICES --35 RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENTS.

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1. An individual who receives, or attempts to receive, or
 2 aids or abets an individual in receiving, by means of a
 3 willfully false statement or representation, by knowingly
 4 failing to disclose a material fact, or by impersonation, or
 5 through any fraudulent device, any assistance, payment, or
 6 other benefit under this chapter to which the individual is
 7 not entitled, commits a fraudulent practice.

8 2. An individual who commits a fraudulent practice under 9 this section is personally liable for the amount of 10 assistance, payment, or other benefit fraudulently received. 11 The amount of the assistance, payment, or other benefit may be 12 recovered from the offender or the offender's estate in an 13 action brought or by claim filed in the name of the state and 14 the recovered funds are appropriated to the department to be 15 used for state child care assistance under section 237A.13. 16 The action or claim filed in the name of the state shall not 17 be considered an election of remedies to the exclusion of 18 other remedies.

The department shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter
 17A as necessary to recover overpayments of assistance,
 payments, and benefits provided under this chapter. The
 recovery methods shall include but are not limited to reducing
 the amount of assistance, payments, or benefits provided.
 Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 237A.15 CIVIL PENALTIES -- PAYMENT
 OF INVESTIGATION COSTS.

If a person receives under this chapter assistance, payment, or other benefit to which the person was not entitled or for which the person was not eligible, the person's pliability for civil penalties and investigation costs shall be determined in accordance with section 10A.404.

31 Sec. 5. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 239B.14A CIVIL PENALTIES -- PAYMENT 32 OF INVESTIGATION COSTS.

33 If a person receives under this chapter assistance or 34 another benefit to which the person was not entitled or for 35 which the person was not eligible, the person's liability for

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1 civil penalties and investigation costs shall be determined in 2 accordance with section 10A.404.

249.11A CIVIL PENALTIES -- PAYMENT Sec. 6. NEW SECTION. 3 4 OF INVESTIGATION COSTS.

If a person receives under this chapter payment to which 5 6 the person was not entitled or for which the person was not 7 eligible, the person's liability for civil penalties and 8 investigation costs shall be determined in accordance with 9 section 10A.404.

NEW SECTION. 249A.8A CIVIL PENALTIES -- PAYMENT 10 Sec. 7. 11 OF INVESTIGATION COSTS.

12 If a person receives under this chapter assistance or 13 payment for medical assistance or payment for services or 14 merchandise under this chapter to which the person was not 15 entitled or for which the person was not eligible, the 16 person's liability for civil penalties and investigation costs 17 shall be determined in accordance with section 10A.404. 18

EXPLANATION

This bill relates to public assistance benefits received by 19 20 persons who were not entitled or eligible to receive the 21 benefits. The bill includes requirements for establishing 22 liability for civil penalties and recovery of investigation 23 costs from such persons under the following Code chapters: 24 chapter 234, relating to child and family services, including 25 child welfare services and food programs; chapter 237A, 26 relating to child care services; chapter 239B, relating to the 27 family investment program; chapter 249, relating to state 28 supplementary assistance; and chapter 249A, relating to the 29 medical assistance program.

30 In new Code section 10A.404, the bill provides authority as 31 applicable under each of these chapters to establish liability 32 for a person who receives a benefit, defined as a service, 33 payment, merchandise, or other assistance to which the person 34 was not entitled or for which the person by rule was not 35 eligible, in addition to any other penalty or payment under

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law. The liability has two components: a civil penalty and
 the costs of the investigation concerning the matter incurred
 by the department of inspections and appeals.

4 The threshold for applying this liability to a recipient is 5 whether the recipient received more than \$1,000 of benefits to 6 which the recipient was not entitled or eligible. The civil 7 liability limit for a recipient is three times the value of 8 such benefit and the liability for investigation costs is 9 limited to \$500. The civil penalty for a provider of service, 10 merchandise, or other assistance who received a benefit to 11 which the provider was not entitled or eligible for is a 12 minimum of \$5,000 for a provider who received unentitled 13 benefits of \$20,000 or less. If the provider received 14 benefits the provider was not entitled to in excess of 15 \$20,000, the civil penalty is at least 25 percent of the 16 amount of the benefits the provider was not entitled to, not 17 to exceed three times the value of such benefit.

18 The liability may be established by a state or federal 19 court in a criminal or civil proceeding or pursuant to an 20 administrative finding. Otherwise the office of the attorney 21 general or county attorney is authorized to initiate the 22 proceedings in the county in which the person received the 23 benefit.

If a judgment or finding is issued in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding that involves benefit programs administered by the state, a rebuttable presumption arises that the person is liable for the civil penalties and costs of investigation. The presumption may be rebutted by showing clear and convincing evidence that the person was eligible for what was received.

31 The departments of human services and inspections and 32 appeals are authorized to adopt rules to implement the bill's 33 provisions.

34 In addition, new Code section 237A.14 establishes a 35 fraudulent practice crime involving persons obtaining child

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1 care assistance, payments, or benefits. The state is 2 authorized to recover moneys to compensate for the 3 fraudulently obtained assistance, payment, or benefit, and 4 recovered moneys are appropriated to the department of human 5 services for the state child care assistance program. 

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IOWA DEPARTMENT OF

INSPECTIONS APPEALS

STEVEN K. YOUNG, DIRECTOR

## Memo

To:	Members of the 80 <sup>th</sup> General Assembly
From:	Steve Young, Director
Date:	December 2, 2002
Re:	Proposed Investigations Division Legislation

The Department of Inspections and Appeals (DIA) proposes legislation to provide for civil penalties and payment of investigation costs in those cases where a person receives a benefit to which the person was not entitled or for which the person was not eligible.

The legislation covers benefits relating to child and family services under Chapter 234, child care under Chapter 237A, the family investment program under chapter 239B, the state supplementary assistance program under chapter 249 and the medical assistance program under chapter 249A.

The legislation provides for the imposition of a civil penalty and the payment of investigative costs in the event of a criminal conviction, civil judgment or administrative finding related to the above-mentioned chapters.

The legislation is not applicable in those circumstances where a person, through no fault of their own, receives benefits and where the benefit was the result of error or improper application, interpretation or implementation of the program rules or policies of the benefit program.

This legislation is intended to address the issue of establishing a civil penalty and establishing responsibility for the costs of investigations in those cases where a person receives benefits to which they are not entitled.

If you have any questions regarding this legislation, please contact Beverly Zylstra, Legislative Liaison, at 515-281-6442 or via e-mail at bzylstra@dia.state.ia.us.